

Gimp

www.gimp.org

<p>mattdriver.com/opensource.html GIMP JPEG SAMPLE</p>
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Like Photoshop, GIMP can be used to process digital graphics and photographs. Typical uses include creating graphics and logos, resizing and cropping photos, changing colors, combining images using a layer paradigm, removing unwanted image features, and converting between different image formats.

Layers

Layers are interfaces. You use layers to be able to enhance detail ,preserve the original image and to create a more visually in depth work of art.

- Go to Layer on the Tool Bar and select Create a New Layer.
- You are able to title the layer and choose the form.
- Access the layers on the R. Tool Bar.

Abilities: Lock, Unock, Select layer to work on, capacity, mode

Image

Manipulate the photograph/canvas: size, rotation, crop, scale

Tools

Selection Tools: How to select certain parts of your photograph for work with and manipulate.

Color Selection, Free Selection, Rectangle Selection, Ellipse Selection.

(There is also a select section you can refer to. This is also where you can deselect or select all.)

Take the Free Select Tool and click on the point where you would like to begin. You must return to that spot in order to select the area.

Paint Tools: (Can also be found on L. Tool Bar) Changes, clones colors or erases colors. Pencil, Paintbrush, Bucket Eraser

**Color Tools: How to affect the color you are working with. Color balance affects each color in the image
Hue-Saturation intensifies the color
Colorize, Brightness Contrast also affect the colors.**

**Experiment with the Paint Tools as well as the Color Tool
Creates personal designs.**

*** Remember you can always undo by going to edit on the tool bar and undo, or control + z.**

**Zoom and Text are also in the Tools section.
Color manipulation can also be found in the Colors Section**