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## AUDITOR UNEARTHED GRAVE FRAUDS IN SOCORRO COUNTY SAYS ACCOUNT TO GOVERNOR

LAW VIOLATED OPENLY IN TRANSFER OF FUNDS AND IN ACCOUNTING FOR  
EXPENDITURES—UNITED STATES COURT MONIES NEVER EVEN GOT TO  
TREASURER, ACCORDING TO HIS BOOKS—OFFICIALS INVOLVED

## \$25,000 WILD ANIMAL BOUNTY CLAIMS ON G VISIBLE ASSETS ON HAND THREE

Frauds of the gravest nature, petty grafts and wild animal bounty claims totalling the amazing proportions of \$25,000 in four years are among the disclosures made in a report to Governor W. C. McDonald by T. J. Guilfoill, an expert of the traveling auditor's office following a thorough investigation of the county offices of Socorro.

Some of the disclosures made by the state official almost pass belief and show a condition of corruption, wilful disregard for the law and apparent theft and graft that are almost past belief.

The report covers thirty-seven pages and is filled with figures and tabulations but it clearly shows the political work of the Old Guard republican machine at every turn in the affairs of Socorro county.

The complete text of the report will be dealt with from day to day in the New Mexican as it would be impossible to give a complete resume of the conditions unearthed in one edition. The report is supplemented by county warrants and portions of the county records which absolutely bear out the statements of the expert accountant.

The misappropriation of not absolute theft of \$800 paid by the United States for the use of the court house for a federal court and the terrific slaughter of ferocious wild animals will be dealt with in today's issue, although among the items to be canvassed is the complete disappearance of a carload of cement, the payment for furniture by county warrant sent to the residence of E. H. Sweet, formerly county clerk, the purchase of furniture paid with checks with county warrants and a loan of \$6,000 from the Magdalena bank which was disbursed by private check or otherwise.

"The disclosures made in this report are amazing," said Governor McDonald. "I am compelled to take the matter up with the legal officials of the state and it is probable that criminal action may follow."

### WILD ANIMALS WERE SLAUGHTERED IN DROVES.

The most amazing part of the report, as showing how badly the operations in Socorro county were carried on, is that portion dealing with the wild animal bounty fund. Prominent among those who were on the preferred list, it seems, was Mrs. L. M. Bursum, wife of Holm O. Bursum, defeated Old Guard candidate for governor. Mrs. Bursum, as assignee, so the report states, received the pleasing sum of \$1,129 for wild animal bounties. There is apparently nothing to show who assigned these claims and as there were many prior claims, the auditor was unable to discover by what divine right, the Bursum claims were paid first since the law distinctly provides that these claims must be paid in the order in which they are filed. The payment of the claim by Mrs. Bursum was made possible by a transfer of \$1,000 from the road fund of Socorro county to the wild animal bounty fund, another glaring disregard for the law. The warrant which was given Mrs. Bursum in payment for her wild animals was endorsed by herself and by Mr. Bursum and is now in the possession of the governor.

That portion of the report also states that while the auditor was at work on the books in the clerk's office, an applicant arrived with a list of wild animals which he said he had killed and on which he desired to file claims. The auditor demanded that he certify that he had killed the animals, but the applicant refused and decided then and there that he had no desire to file a claim. He left the office with his list.

The auditor found that the \$25,000 unpaid wild animal bounty claims extended as far back as 1907 and as nearly as he could determine, there was a preferred list of claimants. In other words, some slayers of ferocious beasts of prey could get their claims cashed in for real money while others could not. Mrs. Bursum, it appears from the records was on the preferred list.

In discussing this matter, the auditor says:

Attention is directed to warrants No. 202 and 205 payable to L. M. Bursum, assignee. Warrants totalling \$1,129.00 (payment of which being made from assessor's fund) showing treasurer's stamp as paid January 30 and January 6th, 1912. The payment of these warrants is subject to question because of the fact that at the date these warrants were issued and paid, many other claims of considerable amount should have been taken care of instead of these. The claim of said L. M. Bursum, assignee, was

made a prior claim, when at the date of payment, many other claims of longer standing were filed and these should be taken care of and paid in the order which they were filed. There can be no question that favoritism was shown in the disbursement of wild animal bounty fund and the above instance is one of the most notable wherein favoritism is apparent. As a general proposition those who should be benefited by the payment of wild animal bounty claims are a class of citizenship that badly need the funds due them for the claims filed, and as a legal proposition it is believed that the statute intends that claims be paid in rotation, preference being given to claims in the order in which they are filed. It appears that the transfer of \$1,000 to the wild animal bounty fund was made primarily to take care of favored claims and not to relieve the county or wild animal bounty fund of its congested condition. Attention is also called to the certificate that must be executed by the applicant in making application for bounty on wild animals. The certificate provides that the applicant certify that the animals described and for which bounty is claimed, were killed by him in certain described localities. Applications and warrants returned with this report are prima facie that these requirements were disregarded (at least as applies to the applications herewith returned.)

As a sidelight on the wild animal bounty business as among the infant industries of the state, is the report of the traveling auditor on wild animal bounties in the state covering the year of 1911. It appears that more than \$25,000 worth of wild animals were ruthlessly cut down during that year in the various counties of the state. In fact, Taos county, it seems, was the only county where the wild animal as a financial proposition, has become almost extinct. This is a list of where the money went by counties:

Bernalillo .....\$144.00  
Chaves ..... 397.00  
Colfax ..... 400.37  
Curry ..... 153.46  
Dona Ana ..... 6.00  
Edwy ..... 2397.00  
Grant ..... 1205.00  
Guadalupe ..... 1435.00  
Lincoln ..... 1660.00  
Luna ..... 2127.00  
McKinley ..... 480.00  
Mora ..... 1034.59  
Otero ..... 1513.00  
Quesada ..... 1538.57  
Rio Arriba ..... 756.37  
Roosevelt ..... 1028.58  
Sandoval ..... 709.00  
San Juan ..... 1225.00  
San Miguel ..... 1521.95  
Santa Fe ..... 2030.80  
Sierra ..... 675.00  
Socorro ..... 1727.00  
Taos ..... 9090.00  
Torrance ..... 750.00  
Union ..... 1735.00  
Valencia ..... 1126.00

Total .....\$36,079.37

### WHAT BECAME OF COURT FUNDS?

Eight hundred dollars, according to the Guilfoill report, which was paid by the United States to Socorro county, never reached the county treasurer. The report likewise says that the auditor could not even find who got the money. He was told that it was expended in buying furniture for the court house, but after a diligent search, he reports that he could not even find the furniture. That portion of his report dealing with the alleged theft of this sum, needs no explanation. It says:

Your auditor is advised that under date of October 1, 1909, the county commissioners entered into an agreement with the United States government, whereby the county will receive \$400 per annum from the government for the use of the court house for the United States court purposes. The records of the department of justice show the following payments:

May 24, 1910 .....\$200  
August 10, 1910 ..... 100  
December 23, 1910 ..... 100  
December 31, 1910 ..... 100  
November 31, 1910 ..... 100  
June 30, 1910 ..... 100  
December 20, 1911 ..... 100

Total .....\$800  
No record is found of the payment of any of these amounts to the treasurer of Socorro county. The books of the treasurer do not show the receipt of any funds from the United States government for rent of court house. The warrants, as executed by the government, were made payable to the chairman of the board of county commissioners. A statement that was possibly intended as an explanation

for the failure of the books of the treasurer to show the receipt of any funds from the government on this transaction does not merit any consideration and is not reported by the records. It was said that funds were received from the government but that they were expended to furnishing and outfitting the court chambers, etc. Your auditor made an investigation in an endeavor to support this statement. An inventory was taken of the books, furniture and equipment that was purchased and every substantial item was verified by the invoices on file, and it is submitted that no additions to the equipment of the court chambers, or other offices of the court house of any substantial amount could be found that were paid other than on county warrants through the treasurer's office, which would not be the case if the explanation that "the funds that were received from the government were disbursed for equipment for court chambers by the probate clerk direct," could be supported. The original vouchers from the treasury department are in your possession and show where the ultimate liability for this irregularity rests.

## LITTLE GIRLS IN DEMAND IN DIVES OF NEW YORK

New York, Aug. 28.—Searching a long trail of police blackmail that led up to the murder of the gambler, Herman Rosenthal, the state's attorney now reports a form of social evil from which colossal graft is included. This blackmail, he says, was obtained from about a dozen houses in this city, each of which paid from \$1,500 to \$2,000 a month for police protection. These houses were expensively furnished. Only the proprietor and a few servants lived in them. Callers were shown a list of names of girls who it is believed were called upon to come to the house when wanted. Opposite the names of these girls were their ages, which ranged anywhere from 15 to 18 years.

The results of the investigation probably will produce a sensation. Assistant District Attorney Rubin received a message today from Postmaster Frederick E. Johnson of Hot Springs, Ark., who took Sam Scheppe into custody, stating that he had under arrest there two men whose description generally fits that sent out for "Gyp" and "Lefty" "Louie" wanted by the New York police.

Lieutenant Becker created a bit of excitement in the corridors of the Tombs while taking his exercise, by heaping vituperation on the head of James D. Hallen, a convicted lawyer, who told the district attorney yesterday that he had overheard a conversation in the prison between Becker and Policeman White. "You are a liar," shouted Becker, when accosted by the lawyer.

Hallen turned away and said nothing.

## IMPOSING ARRAY OF BULL MOOSES WILL GO ON THE STUMP.

Prominent Senators and Editors Among the List of Speakers Designated by Senator Dixon to Orate, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—Senator Dixon, of Montana, today made public a partial list of speakers who will carry the progressive party's propaganda through the country on extended stumping tours. It was said that the progressive campaign will be one of the most extensive undertaken in American political annals.

The names of progressive speakers announced today were: Former Senator Beveridge, of Indiana; Senator Clapp, of Minnesota; Senator Polinder, of Washington; Senator Crawford, of South Dakota; Senator Bristow, of Kansas; Congressman Norris, of Nebraska; Hamlin Garland, the writer, and William Allen White, Kansas editor.

Among former Democrats who will take the stump for the progressive cause are Bourke Cockran, of New York and former Governor Garvin, of Rhode Island.

## SENATE PASSES NEW BILLS OF LADING MEASURE.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 28.—Senator Pomeroy's bill providing a uniform system of bills of lading, and regulating the transfer of such bills, was passed by the senate without a dissenting vote. It contains a complete code of laws governing the issue and use of bills of lading.

## MORE CHRISTIANS ARE MASSACRED.

Cettinje, Montenegro, Aug. 28.—Further massacres of Christians by Turkish troops on the Albanian frontier continue to be reported, but the Montenegrin government is striving its utmost to give effect to the peaceful consuls of the representatives of the European powers.

## COUGHED UP TOOTH NOW HE IS WELL.

Oakland, Calif., Aug. 26.—Supposedly dying of tuberculosis, E. P. Baldes, a business man of Salt Lake City, has coughed up a tooth and is now on the high road to recovery. Baldes had his teeth removed several months ago, taking an anesthetic, and soon afterward developed a bad cough. Physicians advised him that he had tuberculosis and must seek another climate. He brought his family here but grew worse and was supposed to be practically upon his deathbed when he ejected the tooth.



HON. GEORGE W. ARMJO,  
Who Declares That Ninety-Nine Percent of the People He Has Met Are  
for the New Party and Especially the Younger Voters.

## GEORGE ARMJO TELLEZ VISITS IS LATEST MOOSE STEEVER IN TEXAS

CHIEF CLERK OF STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION RESIGNS JOB  
AND WILL TAKE THE STUMP FOR  
NEW PARTY

## PEOPLE DEMAND IT AND RIGHT WILL WIN

George W. Armijo, chief clerk of the state corporation commission, today handed in his resignation to take effect September 1 and immediately stated that he would take the stump for the progressive party. Edwin F. Coard, the popular assistant chief clerk was elected by the commission to succeed Mr. Armijo. Mr. Armijo's letter of resignation was just a brief statement to the effect that he would surrender the position after the first of next month. He was given a strong letter of recommendation by the commission which stated that it regretted to have him resign and wished him well in any new position he might enter.

"I have received an offer of a better position," said Mr. Armijo, "and I felt that in justice to myself, I ought to accept it. I am also entirely out of sympathy with both old parties and do not believe that I should hold a position under the republican party when I could not conscientiously support its candidates and principles."

"I have not taken this step hastily. I have considered it for months. Ninety per cent of the people with whom I have talked, are at heart in favor of a change from both old parties. I do not make the broad assertion that the new party will sweep this state in its first election although I consider that it has a most excellent chance. I do say positively however, that the new party will win out eventually and that it will dominate New Mexico. I have talked with a large number of the Spanish speaking people and I was surprised to find the sentiment that exists among them for the change. Their vote is going to be a surprise to the men who have tried to control them in the past. They are wide awake, progressive citizens and they have seen that the old order could not endure without wiping them off the slate as a political force. They are for a square deal and they realize that they have not received it in the republican party nor can they expect it from the democratic party. I desire to thank my many friends in the republican party for the favors and confidence shown me in the past and I wish to assure them that there is no malice in my heart. I am taking a step that I believe it is my duty to take and I am taking it without rancor or a desire for revenge. I shall make this clear in the speeches I will make on the stump. The time for a change simply has arrived and especially must we younger men stand together with our ballots in the interests of the people as a whole. Santa Fe county, in my estimation, will give a substantial majority for the new party. I shall send in my resignation as a member of the Santa Fe county republican committee and desire that my friends be fully advised that I am no longer connected in any way with the republican party or state organization."

Washington, D. C., Aug. 28.—General Walter Schuyler, commanding the department of California, was directed today by General Wood to proceed immediately to the southern boundary of his department and take personal charge of the disposition of the troops there.

Increased activity of rebel bands on the border as the result of the breaking up of the main army of Orozco, is creating a grave situation on the American side of the line, it is said. General Wood, chief of staff, today wired General Steever at Fort Bliss, asking whether he wished further reinforcements for the border patrol.

The war department, to be ready for further calls for troops, has taken steps to send troops from the Pacific division within a few hours after receipt of a request from General Steever.

Toluca, Mexico, Aug. 28.—News has reached here that Zaulpam, a mining town, had been attacked on Sunday by a band of rebels which was repulsed after a few hours fighting. Today a larger band returned and renewed the attack. As the telephone and telegraph wires are out of commission, the outcome of the assault cannot be learned. Many mills owned by American and other foreign companies are located in Zaulpam.

Mexico City, Mex., Aug. 28.—Jose Maria Mayeren, governor of the state of Sonora, is authorized by the central government to use all means at his disposal to crush the revolution in his state. In yesterday's cabinet meeting an attempt was made to disguise the disappointment of the government that the revolutionary forces had been

## MORRIS CHAIR FOR SWEET AMONG ITEMS PAID WITH WARRANTS IN SOCORRO

THE DAY BEFORE CHRISTMAS SEVENTY DOLLARS WORTH OF FURNITURE  
FROM A. FABER'S STORE IN ALBUQUERQUE WAS DELIVERED AT RESI-  
DENCE OF THEN COUNTY CLERK SAYS REPORT.

## MONEY FOR CONSTABLES WHO KNEW NOTHING ABOUT IT SAYS GUILFOILL

CHAPTER THREE.  
That a morris chair, one arm chair and a rocker, purchased by the Hon. E. Howard Sweet, then clerk of Socorro county, from A. Faber, a furniture dealer of Albuquerque, N. M., was delivered at the Sweet mansion in Socorro on Christmas eve, 1911, and paid for by county warrant to the amount of \$70 is a small but quite interesting little item in the report on county affairs submitted to Governor McDonald by T. J. Guilfoill, an expert of the traveling auditor's office.

The item is scarcely worth commenting upon in comparison with other items in which Mr. Sweet appears as chief figure, except for the fact that it demonstrates more forcibly than anything else, the way in which the affairs of Socorro county were run under the old regime. In the same connection, the auditor reports to the governor that he found five warrants varying in amounts from \$25 to \$85 which purported to have been issued to certain residents of Socorro county as pay for their services as "Constables" or "Emisaries." All of these "Emisaries" were formerly or at present are employed by the Santa Fe Railway company, asserts Mr. Guilfoill in his report.

Such of these parties as Mr. Guilfoill was able to find, he reports, denied ever having received any money from Socorro county or of having acted as constables, etc. Mr. Guilfoill was unsuccessful in finding just who got the money. The portion of Mr. Guilfoill's report with which the New Mexican is dealing today, needs no elucidation, it is so plain that it is published in full for the information of the public.

First comes the accounts of G. E. Sanchez, sheriff. Then Mr. Sweet's financial gyrations with a brief resume of the accounts of M. Baca, the report says:

Warrant No. 127, drawn on general fund, \$38.95.  
Payment covered in subsequent warrant.

Warrant No. 95, drawn on general fund, \$133.00.  
Represents 50 per cent fees of last quarter, 1909. Total fees for this quarter, \$266.00, were assigned by Sanchez to J. A. Torres and paid to him.

Warrant No. 87, drawn on general fund, \$111.72.  
This amount covered in No. 88, issued G. E. Sanchez. Error in extending amount rendered, and for which warrant given to cover, \$60.00.

Total, \$243.67.  
These items were taken up with Mr. Sanchez and fully explained and he agrees to an over-payment of this amount. Mr. Sanchez is in no way responsible for these errors as he kept no complete set of records and had no accurate method of rendering accounts, simply accepting what warrants were tendered him.

Liquor license of Adolpho Torres, No. 321, check dated June 11, 1909, shows endorsement of G. E. Sanchez. No record of payment of this item is found in treasurer's records, \$201.

Liquor license of Mogollon Mercantile Co., No. 46, check dated September 15th, 1910, shows endorsement of G. E. Sanchez. No record of payment of this item is found in treasurer's record, \$101.00.

ACCOUNTS OF M. BACA.  
Total, \$202.00.  
Warrant No. 91 over-payment, \$75. Issued to apply on salary when full amount of salary due, was assigned and paid J. A. Torres.

Warrants covering over-payments are primarily the result of carelessness on the part of Clerk E. H. Sweet and are properly his liability.

E. H. SWEET—ADJUSTMENT ACCOUNT.

Item No. 1—Warrant No. 150, Wm. Barrowdale, \$12.10.  
Warrant No. 151, Wm. Barrowdale, \$12.10.

Above warrants issued June 22, 1910, noted "In lieu of Warrant No. 60." Warrants carry an endorsement which is evidently not the bonafide endorsement of payee. The warrants themselves clearly show the responsibility for the endorsement. No approval or authority is found for the issuance of these duplicate warrants.

Item No. 2—Warrant No. 526, C. L. Lindsey, agent A. T. & S. F. railway, \$30.30.

This warrant given as payment to the A. T. & S. F. railway for material and labor by them in connection with the installation of a public crossing at Lemitar, which work was duly authorized by the board of county commissioners. Attached hereto A. T. & S. F. railway bill No. 8202 for \$15.30, being their amount in full for labor and material used in the installation of a public crossing at Lemitar. Upon investigation it was found that the A. T.

& S. F. railway received only \$15.30, (the amount of the bill rendered by them) which fact is supported by agent's records at Socorro, which show \$15.30 received from the county of Socorro, Oct. 11, 1911, being in full payment of company's account. It will be noted that the same form of endorsement obtains in this as in Item No. 1.  
Item No. 3—Warrant No. 191, A. Faber, \$70.00.  
Investigation shows this to be in payment for one Morris chair, one arm chair and one rocker bought by E. H. Sweet and delivered at his residence Dec. 24th, 1911. Freight charges on this shipment covered under Pro. No. 409 and was paid by E. H. Sweet.  
Item No. 4—Warrant No. 223, L. P. Gifford, \$85.00.  
Warrant No. 239, C. Lamb, \$85.00.  
Warrant No. 247, W. Taylor, \$25.00.  
Warrant No. 248, E. Hunter, \$25.00.  
Warrant No. 255, J. M. Harrison, \$25.00.  
Warrants issued purport to cover services rendered by the above as "Constable" or "Emisary." Investigation fails to show authority for the employing or delegating any special "Constables" or "Emisaries" for service in Socorro county. All of the above parties are at present or were formerly in the employ of the A. T. & S. F. railway. It is represented that these parties were employed at San Marcial during the November election; but as previously stated, no authority is found. None of the above warrants, except No. 255, are recorded as "approved" or "allowed" in the form prescribed by law. Such of the above parties as were located deny ever receiving any funds from Socorro county as is represented, and further deny that they were employed at the time represented as "Constable" or in any capacity by the county of Socorro. At least three of the above parties were not residents of Socorro county at the date the services were represented as being performed. The same form of endorsement as is noted in "Item 1" applies in this item (No. 4) also.  
Item No. 5—Warrant No. 328, P. P. Kealer, \$50.00.  
Warrant No. 354, P. P. Kealer, \$50.00.  
Warrant No. 355, P. P. Kealer, \$106.40.  
Warrant No. 497, P. P. Kealer, \$50.00.  
Warrant No. 256, D. L. Harris, \$70.00.  
Warrant No. 498, D. L. Harris, \$50.00.  
The above parties were employed as clerical assistants by E. H. Sweet, and these warrants were given in payment of salary of such assistants. These parties when interviewed advised that at all times prior to the receiving of these above warrants they received the personal check of E. H. Sweet in payment of their salary. The attorney general in substance advises that if the clerical assistance is for the purpose of enabling the probate clerk to perform his ordinary duties as clerk for which he received salary or fees, that expense for such assistants must be borne by the clerk himself. There can be no question as to the fact that the services rendered by these parties were "regular" and "ordinary" services necessarily incumbent upon the office and should be paid for by the clerk as was the practice at all times before issuance of these warrants.

Item No. 6—Warrant No. 90, E. H. Sweet, \$107.45.  
Being for stamps, telephone and other expenses quarter ending September 30, 1909.  
Warrant No. 93, E. H. Sweet, \$205.  
Being for stamps, telephone and other expenses and 50 per cent of last quarter's salary (for quarter ending 12-31-1909).  
The claim of E. H. Sweet for salary for quarter ended September 30, 1909, would be \$150, for expenses same quarter \$107.45; total \$257.45. For quarter ended December 31, 1909, salary \$150, expenses \$130; total \$280. Claims covering salary and expenses for the above period were "approved" and "allowed" but ordered not paid for lack of funds, (folio 79 and 84, Record of Commissioners' Proceedings. Subsequent to the approval referred to, warrants Nos. 90 and 93 were issued Mr. Sweet applying on the above accounts. In this connection it is noted that warrant No. 212 payable J. A. Torres, assignee, amount \$1,324.50, which purports to be an assignment of item as follows:  
G. E. Sanchez .....\$266.35  
G. E. Sanchez ..... 361.00  
E. H. Sweet (salary only) ..... 150.00  
E. H. Sweet ..... 257.45  
M. Baca ..... 150.00  
M. Baca ..... 150.00  
Total .....\$1384.80  
It will be noted that the above cov-

Continued on Page Four.







# GRANDALL VINDICATED

## W. C. T. U. FINDS IN HIS FAVOR

A complete and compensating vindication for Clinton J. Grandall, former superintendent of the Indian school in Santa Fe, has been the result of an exhaustive investigation, by the state W. C. T. U. of South Dakota, of the charges made against him last fall, resulting in his transfer to the South Dakota station.

So important is this finding and so gratifying to Mr. Grandall's host of friends in Santa Fe and throughout the state, that it is given herewith, in full, opening with the statement of the president of the state union of the South Dakota W. C. T. U.

As president of the South Dakota Woman's Christian Temperance Union, I made a statement in my monthly letter in July number of the White Ribbon Journal regarding the dismissal from the government service of Mr. Grandall as superintendent of the Indian school at Santa Fe, N. M., (now superintendent of the Indian school at Pierre), on what I believed to be authenticated facts.

Since that time the members of the Pierre union and some of the leading citizens of Pierre have investigated the affidavits regarding his removal and reinstatement to the government service, and they believe he has been misrepresented.

Desiring to be fair in this matter and just to Mr. Grandall, the vice president, Mrs. Alice M. A. Pickler, and corresponding secretary, Mrs. Anna Rice, of Aberdeen, who, with myself, constitute the program committee, have ordered the findings of the Pierre investigation printed in the August number of the White Ribbon Journal, and have held the paper from going to press until this has been done.

(Signed) ANNA R. SIMMONS, State President of the W. C. T. U.

### FINDING OF THE PIERRE COMMITTEE OF THE W. C. T. U.

Sensational insinuations, with all the coloring of yellow journalism, may be considered just means to employ by William E. Johnson (recently a special officer in the Indian service) in his misleading and unwarranted attacks upon Clinton J. Grandall (a superintendent in the Indian service), but it is our judgment, as members of the W. C. T. U. and friends of the temperance cause, that our noble organization is not to be used as a tool by Mr. Johnson in his untruthful and unsuccessful attacks to further his craving for personal revenge on an innocent man of high reputation and splendid service in the temperance cause.

Because our state organ, the White Ribbon Journal, and some members of our state organization were imposed upon by the specious letter of Mr. Johnson, published in the July issue, we earnestly urge our members everywhere to hear the other side of the story and render justice to Mr. Grandall.

Clinton J. Grandall is now the energetic and efficient superintendent of the Pierre Indian school, with an enviable record of twenty-one years in the U. S. Indian service. For the months he was in Pierre as superintendent of the Indian school, he has made a most favorable impression upon the citizens of the capital city. Among other things that have speedily proven the character of the man, he has been for more zealous in looking after the educational and spiritual uplift of the Indian children than any other superintendent of late years. The Indian children have been sent regularly to the morning services of the church of their family and given opportunity to attend important public functions, like the Fourth of July and Memorial day exercises, to quicken their sense of patriotism and Christian citizenship.

Only recently, while the parents of pupils were camping near the Indian school in Pierre, preparing to take their children home for vacation after the closing exercises, Mr. Grandall led his employees for a number of nights in an effort to detect persons selling liquor to the Indians.

Knowing these facts we greatly regret the one-sided attack on Mr. Grandall in the July issue.

Seeking as far as is possible now, to right the wrong done Mr. Grandall, and to save the W. C. T. U. from further exploitation by William E. Johnson, we asked for and received voluminous reports, letters and legal exhibits, all official documents sent to the Indian bureau, and entering into the so-called "Story of Juan Cruz."

As the originals would fill many issues of the Journal, we have made the following digest of facts for the information of temperance workers throughout the land:

### FINDINGS.

1st. We find that throughout his career of 21 years in the U. S. Indian service, Clinton J. Grandall has been a zealous and persistent temperance worker, industriously seeking to prohibit the sale and use of all liquor among the Indians and active in apprehending and prosecuting all cases of sale of liquor, etc., among the Indians.

2nd. We find, as part proof of this, that Mr. Grandall induced Judge A. J. Abbott, a prominent jurist of New Mexico, to draft with him a bill making it a crime to sell liquor, etc., to Indians, and, by his energy and zeal in securing influential backing, secured the passage of large sums of money by the liquor interests to defeat it. This bill is now the territorial law, the first of its kind in the state, and is known as the Abbott-Grandall law.

3rd. We find, by ample testimony, that Mr. Grandall has labored to fulfill his whole duty by the Indians, working at all times for their interest, education and general uplift, and for the protection of their property, water, grazing and other rights.

In this respect he has naturally won the bitter enmity of land grabbers, cattle thieves, water-right thieves, illegal liquor sellers and occasion-

ally, by the Sister Superior of the hospital at Santa Fe for the Sisters of Charity and by other citizens of the highest standing in church and commercial circles in the capital city.

We think it is evident to all who read these findings, as it has been evident to us who have read and reviewed thoroughly all the documents, letters and exhibits in this case, that great wrong has been done Clinton J. Grandall. Enemies, made in the earnest effort to save the Indians from exploitation by the various selfish interest, combined with the hatred of liquor sellers and bootleggers whom he was always after, were persistent in their endeavors to bring false insinuations and dishonest charges against Mr. Grandall, in a determined effort to have him removed if possible and thus leave the way open to achieve their ends.

After the careful investigation of three inspectors of the Indian bureau and personal hearings between the chief officials of both the interior department and the Indian bureau, we find that all charges against Clinton J. Grandall were discredited and he was continued in his work in the Indian service.

We find, also, that the resignation of William E. Johnson was requested by him, and he is out of the service. Apart from the reports, etc., in this case, the work of Clinton J. Grandall in the Indian service, and its value, has been readily established by the volume of letters from leading officials in the Indian service and from the most prominent men in official, professional and commercial circles in the state of New Mexico, and likewise from the Indians of the various pueblos.

The following letter is a fair expression of the esteem of the Indians for Mr. Grandall:

Pueblo of Taos, Taos, N. M., January 11, 1911.

The Honorable Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

We, the officers and principals of the Pueblo of Taos, will now make this statement in regard to our agent who is Mr. C. J. Grandall, and as we will say who is the best agent we ever had.

Lately we had been invited by the Santa Clara Pueblo Indians to join with them in taking some kind of charge against our agent who as we stated before is the best agent we have.

We ask you to keep Mr. C. J. Grandall where he is as our agent or as Pueblo Indian agent. We heard from the same Santa Clara Indians that a woman by the name of Clara D. True was going to help the Indians in making a charge.

We want to explain to you here. We are in trouble here for some time in a land case which our agent is making a strong fight for us to win. In this case there is a land company which is against us. In this lawsuit, we learn last year or more ago by one of the Santa Clara Indians, that a woman by the name of Clara D. True was interested in this company and we think and are sure that this is the same woman who is mentioned by the Santa Clara Indians.

We want to tell your honor that we want you to keep Mr. Grandall as our agent or Pueblo Indian agent for he is the only man we ever had that could look after our affairs as good as it could be done. We cannot spare Mr. Grandall now or at any time while he is doing all he can for us; not only for Taos Pueblo Indians, but as well with other Pueblo Indians.

Yours respectfully,

Cruz Suazo, Governor.  
Thomas Lujan, Lt. Governor.  
Segundo Romero, War Capt.  
Lorenzo Martinez, Lt. War Capt.  
Antonio Concha, Casquis.  
Ventura Romero.  
Manuel Geronzo.  
Domingo Gonzalez.  
Juan de Jesus Martinez.  
Manuel Pacheco.  
Santiago Suazo.  
Manuel Castellano.  
Jose Ignacio Romero.  
Marino Mirabal.  
Pedro Samora.  
Lorenzo C. Martinez.  
Pablo Suazo.  
Pedro Samora.  
Antonio Romero.  
Domingo Bernal.  
Juan Estan Martinez.  
Santana Sandoval.  
Jose Maria Martinez.  
Marino Romero.  
Jose La Cruz Reyna.  
Manuel Mondragon.

Signed by mark,  
Jose Santo X Lujan.  
Pablo X Trujillo.  
Joan Jose X Archuleta.  
Santiago X Espinoza.  
Rev. Antonio Romero.

The undersigned urge all members of the union who have prejudged Mr. Grandall without a hearing, and especially those who have acted hastily on Mr. Johnson's vindictive suggestion, that, if they have written to the Indian bureau of affairs in any way detrimental to Mr. Grandall, they, in the spirit of Christian fairness, will hasten letters to these same officials acknowledging their hasty judgment and thus right the real wrong done Mr. Grandall.

With all zeal for the good cause when fought for honestly and with justice, we are  
With respectful greetings,  
Mary A. Mundt,  
President W. C. T. U. of Pierre, S. D.  
John H. Russell,  
Secretary W. C. T. U. of Pierre.  
Gunda J. Lawrence,  
Treasurer W. C. T. U. of Pierre.  
Committee of Investigation for Pierre Union:  
Dr. Mary Noyes Farr,  
Member of the Pierre Union.  
Elmer H. Whiting,  
Member of the Pierre Union.  
Dr. O. O. Smith,  
Pastor of the Congregational Church.  
R. D. Dextelmer,  
Pastor of the Evangelical Church.

Mr. Grandall, while being in no way involved in this case, as our findings prove, despite Mr. Johnson's untruthful claims, was still sympathetic to Cruz in his trouble and took no part in his prosecution.

5th. We find that the "whiskey drug store at Santa Fe" charge, was the final trumped up claim to enlist the sympathies of the women of the Union and other temperance friends.

Mr. Grandall did own a few shares in the leading drug store at Santa Fe, purchased at the urgent solicitation of a number of leading business men in the New Mexico capital. At the first meeting of the directors of the drug store, Mr. Grandall moved and had adopted the rule that no liquor of any kind should be sold from that drug store except such as was dispensed in prescriptions of reputable physicians, and that NO LIQUOR SHOULD BE SOLD TO INDIANS. The clerks of this store while Mr. Grandall was a stockholder (for he has disposed of his stock) swore to affidavits that they never violated this rule and never sold or dispensed in any way liquor to Indians.

The reputable character of this drug store has been attested to by letters from the Very Rev. Anthony Pourchey, vicar general of the diocese of New Mexico, by the Rev. Jules Deraches of St. Vincent's Semi-

Hanford L. Russell,  
Rector of the Episcopal Church.

## MINING IN NEW MEXICO

### SANTA FE COUNTY.

This county, long neglected by the prospector, is now showing marked signs of a new activity, which, if followed up systematically, will add much to the mineral output of the state. The mountains northeast and west of Santa Fe, the capital city, are heavily mineralized, but very little prospecting has ever been done except by representatives of museums or historical societies who have extensively explored the ancient ruins of the cliff dwellers, Indians and the old prehistoric races. Some remarkable discoveries have been made in these ruins, showing conclusively that those people secured iron, copper and other metals from these hills and that they understood the use of the metals. Many pieces of pottery of a peculiar character have been found, as well as spear heads, arrow points and other implements made of metal which have withstood the action of the elements for ages. On the side of one mountain in Box canyon, about 12 miles from Santa Fe, many different kinds of mineral are found in close proximity. A. B. Craycraft and W. W. Ingersoll have three claims on this mountain. In one claim they have a well defined vein 10 to 12 feet wide carrying gold values of \$10 per ton. A large dyke runs through one side of this claim, from which have been taken some exceptionally fine samples of peacock copper ore. The claim adjoining this on the east shows a vein carrying both gold and silver. Three assays from this ore have averaged close to \$400 per ton. The third claim shows copper in the volcanic rock and specimens carrying values in tungsten have been discovered. Mr. Craycraft is well posted on the geological formations of the district and has great faith in its future possibilities as a practical mining district.

John Jones is working two claims in the same section of the country. The ore runs well in copper and carries considerable gold. The largest turquoise mines in the United States are located about 15 miles from Santa Fe. These mines are owned by Tiffany & Co., of New York. Work is going ahead constantly with a good force of men under the direction of Mr. McNulty, superintendent. Levi Hughes and J. W. Akers of Santa Fe have been doing some work on what is known as the old Lucas property, near Golden, in the Ortiz mining district south of Santa Fe. They have an immense body of low grade copper ore, and with proper smelting facilities this property would undoubtedly become a producer. By far the most important thing which has occurred in this district is the operations of the Santa Fe Gold & Copper Co., at San Pedro. The 300-ton smelter was blown in the latter part of July and the property is now working steadily employing about 300 men. The equipment of this plant is first class and living conditions at the mine are exceptionally good. A large body of ore has recently been opened up running much higher in copper than any ore heretofore discovered in the mine. The mine and smelter are located about 18 miles from the railroad and it is said that traction haulage is being successfully used.

**PINO ALTO.**  
A full force of men is employed at the Uttewinc mine and it is anticipated that 1,000,000 pounds of zinc concentrates will be shipped this month, all to Bartlettville, Okla.

**MOGOLLON.**  
Water troubles continue at the Fannie mine. Two bulkheads have been put in but will not withstand the pressure. The water is coming in at the rate of 200 gallons a minute. The company has stopped hoisting ore and is bailing water. It is gaining on the water at the rate of 2 inches per hour. When it reaches the 700-foot level it will be able to start the pump that is now covered. The mill is shut down for the want of ore.

A new strike of hematite carrying considerable free gold has been made adjoining the Buffalo group on the independent property. The ore body is 5 ft. wide.

**LORDSBURG.**  
Some good ore is being shipped from the property of the Battell Mining company in the Shapere district two and one-half miles from Lordsburg. The ore is being shipped to the El Paso smelter.

**CARRIZO.**  
A rich gold strike is reported three miles south of Jicorilla, near White Oaks.

## PUMPKIN PIE AT MAXWELL

Maxwell, N. M., Aug. 26.—On last Friday evening the executive committee for the Pumpkin Pie and Baking Squash Day got together and finished appointing the sub-committees. The committees are now all complete and with the people who are on these committees it is expected to have a big time on that day, September 28.

Each member of the committees are boosting and hustling and we know that the celebration will not be a failure on their account.

The executive committee in their last session decided to give premiums for the best exhibits, which will of course, include the best pumpkin and the best pie, and then too there will be prizes in the baking contest, which will probably be the best feature of the day.

Enthusiasm over this day with every one is at the boiling point and if the governor accepts the invitation tendered him it will surely boil over.

One of the most common ailments that hard working people are afflicted with is lame back. Apply Chamberlain's Liniment twice a day and massage the parts thoroughly at each application, and you will get quick relief. For sale by all dealers.

Hanford L. Russell,  
Rector of the Episcopal Church.

## ALAMOGORDO HAS SUB-IRRIGATION

### CONCERNING OUR SCHOOLS

Alamogordo, Aug. 22.—L. N. Jones deserves credit for being the first truck farmer in this section to put in a sub-irrigating system. Mr. Jones has already won fame as a successful truck grower on a small scale. He has grown a great quantity of celery, cabbage, onions, lettuce, turnips and the like this season. In the mean time he has been studying the science of sub-irrigation. Now he is busily putting in a system, using the regular sub-irrigation tiling. Mr. Jones figures that with the system of sub-irrigation he can irrigate five to ten times as much land with the same water that he now uses on surface irrigation. At the same time sub-irrigation never interferes with cultivation nor harvesting, therefore by the system of irrigating under the ground instead of on top of the ground, requires less water and allows greater returns. Mr. Jones is the first man to put in a sub-irrigating system in this vicinity, and as George Carl was the first to successfully put down a shallow well pumping system, demonstrating the practicability of pumping water for small tracts of land, so also will L. N. Jones be the pioneer in the way of inaugurating a campaign of putting in sub-irrigating systems.

## A PLEASANT TRIP THROUGH COUNTY

County School Superintendent John V. Conway, accompanied by Mrs. Conway, returned last evening from a four days' trip in the northern Santa Fe county school districts, where they went to confer with school directors and look after school affairs in general. The superintendent states that all the schools will be in session by the first Monday in October, and no school will have less than five months' term, and every school will be supplied with a legally qualified school teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. Conway report having had a delightful trip and say they have never seen the Rio Grande, Santa Cruz and Pajarito valleys in such a prosperous condition. Nearly all the extensive farmers have modern equipment, and the old fashioned mode of threshing wheat, oats, barley, and frijoles through the aid of the goat herds is a thing of the past, for the modern steam thrasher has taken their place and with the other up to date implements is gradually bringing farming in this section right up to the standard. It is estimated that the crop of frijoles and chile will be increased at least fifty per cent this year, and a bumper crop of alfalfa is also expected.

The superintendent states that the county schools under his supervision will be of a higher standard this year, and that a rigid enforcement of the compulsory school attendance law will be had throughout the county. Every school district will own its school house, and they will be kept in excellent condition. An order has been issued to all school directors prohibiting the use of school houses for dancing purposes, and this will tend to save school property from destruction through vandalism.

Mr. and Mrs. Conway will leave the first part of next week for an extensive visit through the southern school districts.

## INTEREST ALIVE FOR BIG FAIR

That the management of the first state fair in New Mexico to be held in Albuquerque October 7th to 12th did wisely in increasing the appropriation for the products exposition to \$3,000 has been plainly shown by the vastly increased interests in the agricultural, horticultural and live stock end of the big annual carnival which is being shown in the various counties of the state. In practically every county the farmers and business men are working harder than ever before for the county fair, with the plan of sending the pick of the county exhibits to the state fair. Prof. J. D. Tinsley, agricultural demonstrator for the Santa Fe, who has been placed in full charge of the plans for the products exposition, is highly enthusiastic over the prospects for big attendance from the various counties. Torrance county is giving a good example of the right way to do it. Various farmers' institutes are being held or planned at various towns in the county and at each institute the farmers of that district will bring the best samples of their products. These will be taken to the county fair at Willard, and will be in shape to be sent directly from Willard to Albuquerque for the state fair. A similar plan is being followed in other counties, and the live, active interest being shown by the farmers everywhere assures that the first state fair held under the state government will be a fair in every sense of the word; a comprehensive and statewide display of the best products of the Sunshine state.

Mr. W. S. Gualanis, a farmer living near Fleming, Pa., says he has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for fourteen years, and that he has found it to be an excellent remedy, and takes pleasure in recommending it. For sale by all dealers.

## GOVERNOR JOHNSON.

### STARTS CAMPAIGN.

San Francisco, Calif., Aug. 24.—Governor Hiram W. Johnson, candidate for vice president on the progressive ticket, arrived here today from Sacramento to open his campaign. While Theodore Roosevelt is speaking in the west, Johnson will speak in the east.

His first speech today was a luncheon given in his honor here by the Roosevelt republican campaign committee. Tonight he was scheduled to speak in Oakland and next Monday in Los Angeles—his last speech before leaving the state for a month's speaking tour in the east.

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## CONCERNING OUR SCHOOLS

According to past custom, school will open for the ensuing year one week from next Monday, which will be the second of September. Only a short session will be held on that day, just long enough to assign lessons and text books.

All the teachers are expected to meet at the superintendent's office on Saturday, August 31st, at two o'clock to make out their programs and to arrange for the opening on Monday. All parents should take note of this and see that their children are ready to start in school the very first day, if possible. The corps of teachers as now elected is as follows, beginning with the kindergarten and following along in order of grades: Miss Clara Palm, Miss Marie Green, Miss Ada Harvey, Miss Helen Harrison, Miss Frances Abbott, Miss Alberta Smith and Miss Helen J. Barton. These are for the grades in the high school building. High school teachers as follows: Miss Mary Sena, Miss Elsie Staley, Miss Stella Hutson, (the principal of the high school whose name is not yet known), and Superintendent Wagner. In first ward: Miss Helen Gildersleeve, principal. In the second ward: Miss Louisa Schnepf, principal, Miss Minnie Laws, assistant. Music, Miss Marion Bishop, Art, Miss Lucy Grygla.

A few items of statistics may be of interest to the general public as follows:

RESOURCES.	
May 1st, 1911, balance on hand	\$5,888.96
Received from city taxes during the year	5,992.95
Received from liquor licenses	2,336.66
Received from J. P. fines	86.40
Received from school appropriations	2,874.00
Received from poll taxes	324.10
Received from school bond interest fund	1,378.99
Received from rent	381.50
Received from interest on building and loan notes	259.00
Received from tuition from outside pupils	67.15
Received from tapping school sewer	25.00
Total amount of receipts for the year	\$19,609.71
Expenditures from May 1st, 1911, to May 1st, 1912:	
Teachers' salaries	\$10,208.29
Janitors' salaries	893.00
Treasurer's salaries	50.04
Coal	428.40
Wood for kindling	34.75
School supplies	463.21
Interest on bonds, and commission	1,402.50
Water and light	270.43
Permanent improvements	869.91
Repairs	70.13
Telephone service	22.00
Printing	17.70
Freight on supplies	170.48
Manual training and domestic economy supplies	384.46
Insurance on school property	332.75
Miscellaneous	282.95
Books for library	62.40
Postage	2.80
Total expenditures for the year	\$15,907.12

## DAILY DOINGS AT DEMING

Deming, N. M., Aug. 22.—A. R. Warner, of the Warner Instrument company, and R. A. Von Oven, president of the Beloit State bank, Beloit, Wis., are in Deming investigating the agricultural resources of this region. These gentlemen are owners of the 85 mine near Lordsburg, and they will visit this mine before returning home.

The funeral of Mrs. S. J. Cresap took place yesterday afternoon at the Mahoney undertaking parlors. The remains were interred in the Deming cemetery.

Daniel Bowers, foreman of the water works plant, was arrested about four o'clock yesterday morning by Mounted Policemen Beal and put in jail. He was released in a couple of hours on \$100 dollar bond. The charge appears to be that the water works engine, which Mr. Bowers was operating, was disturbing the peace.

The real estate firm of Smith and Wells has dissolved. B. C. Wells has formed partnership with Lee Russell. Both in the new firm will engage in the real estate business.

R. E. Long, of Mooreboro, N. C., after looking over the valley for a few days, has purchased a ten acre tract of land near town which he will begin improving at once. He also purchased a 320-acre relinquishment near Hondale.

Prof. W. T. Conway, of Mesilla Park; Dr. David R. Boyd, president of the University of New Mexico, and Dr. F. H. H. Roberts, of Las Vegas, are in Deming and lectured today before the Luna county institute. These gentlemen will lecture tonight at the Methodist church on educational subjects.

Miss Jessie Lawrence, of Las Cruces, is visiting the family of Jas. R. Waddell.

H. R. Simpson left yesterday for Seattle, Wash. He will spend several months in Seattle on business.

There was born to E. C. Wells and wife yesterday morning a 9-pound girl.

## FOREST FIRE RAGES IN CALIFORNIA RESERVE.

Pasadena, Calif., Aug. 24.—The forest fire which started yesterday afternoon in Devil's canyon, thirty miles from Sierra Madre, and which last night had spread through an area of more than 1200 acres, is creeping steadily northward and spreading with great rapidity.

According to authentic reports from the vicinity of the fire the area now covered by the fire is about 2500 acres.

The fire is said to have started from camp fire left by hunters.

## CLOUDCROFT'S CONTRIBUTION

Cloudcroft, N. M., Aug. 21.—There have been heavy rains in this section during the past week or ten days which makes it very cool. The rainfall here this summer has been unusually large.

Dr. T. A. Haxby was recently called to Weed to see the little son of Jas. Brubaker, who broke his arm. Mr. Brubaker is in the forestry service.

The Otero County Teachers' institute is in session here and many prominent men connected with the various schools and universities throughout the state will lecture during this week. There are also many visiting teachers here from other counties.

G. M. Hanson, of the Alamogordo Lumber company, with headquarters at Dawson, N. M., was a recent Cloudcroft visitor. Mr. Hanson was inspecting the properties of his company.

Zack T. White and family are guests at the Lodge from El Paso. Mr. White is republican candidate for congressman at large in Texas.

R. E. Watson, of Houston, Texas, is visiting his wife and her sister, Miss Jeannet Barton, who are spending the summer months here.

Misses Edith and Emily Giddings arrived in Cloudcroft Wednesday from Corpus Christi, Texas, and will spend several days here before returning to El Paso for the winter.

Horace A. Lay, manager of the Capital Life Insurance company at El Paso, Texas, is in the city in the interest of his company. Mr. Lay is accompanied by his son, Horace, who will spend several days here.

Dr. and Mrs. John T. Moore, of Houston, Texas, have a cottage here and will remain until the middle of September.

Dr. M. A. Wood, Miss Wood, and Miss Mary Wood, of Houston, Texas, are here for the remainder of the summer season.

Thos. Kelch, of the Cloudcroft Amusement company, is in El Paso on business.

Mrs. E. H. Gresham, Mrs. Maverick and Miss Maverick, of San Antonio, Texas, are here for the remainder of the summer season.

The Orndorff Hotel company, operating the Hotel Sheldon and Orndorff at El Paso, has had charge of the El Paso & Southwestern railway's beautiful summer resort, at Cloudcroft, N. M., since June 1st, 1912. The golf course, tennis courts, bowling alleys, skating rink, dancing pavilion, and all places of amusement are in charge of competent and obliging employees. Service and accommodations are maintained at that high standard for which the Orndorff Hotel company is noted.

**THE "PROGRESSIVE" PARTY.**  
In the individual, man or woman, who uses Foley Kidney Pills for backache, rheumatism, weak back, and other kidney and bladder irregularities, Foley Kidney Pills are healing, strengthening, tonic, and quick to produce beneficial results. Contain no harmful drugs. Never sold in bulk. Put up in two sizes in sealed bottles



# NEW MEXICAN REVIEW

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY, PUBLISHERS.  
SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.  
Oldest Daily in the Southwest and Only Daily at State Capital.  
NEW MEXICAN REVIEW.  
Makes Specialty of Mining, Political and Industrial News. Goes to Every  
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EL NUEVO MEXICANO.  
Larger Circulation Than Any Other Spanish Paper in United States, \$2.50  
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BRONSON CUTTING ..... President  
J. WIGHT GIDDINGS ..... Editor  
WILLIAM F. BROGAN ..... Associate Editor  
CHARLES M. STAUFFER ..... General Manager

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year, by mail.....\$5.00 Daily, per quarter, by mail.....\$1.25  
Daily, six months, by mail.....\$2.50 Daily, per quarter, by carrier.....\$1.50  
Weekly, per year ..... 2.00 Weekly, six months ..... 1.00  
Weekly, per quarter ..... .50

## OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

## A NEEDED REFORM.

The progressive party has declared for an easier way of amending the constitution of the United States.

This one of the greatest progressive measures advocated by the new party. In this pledge it touches bedrock. The greatest defect in our institutions lies in the fact that under Article V of the constitution the people are bound hand and foot by the old constitution of 1787.

We try and try to amend, but we cannot, even when we are almost unanimous, as we have been for generations in the matter of the direct election of senators, the income tax and some other measures. It is too hard. Selfish interests keep us from getting two-thirds in both houses of congress, and when that is obtained from securing affirmative action in three-fourths of the states. The fight is so hard that we give up in despair.

So long as the present method of amending the constitution remains in effect such successful democracy as we have in the United States is confined to the narrow limits of the states. In the federal field the democratic aspirations of the people may be represented by a status of democracy in letters.

The Gateway amendment plank is an Iowa idea. In 1899 the democrats of Iowa declared for the amendment of the constitution of the United States by referendum vote after submission by a majority vote of both houses of congress. And two days before the adoption of the Roosevelt platform, Senator LaFollette introduced in the senate a joint resolution proposing in concrete terms the idea adopted by the new party on general terms. LaFollette proposes to amend Article V so that amendments may be submitted by a majority vote in congress and adopted by a national referendum vote, provided that such vote includes a majority in a majority of the states.

The Gateway amendment issue is before the people. Its importance is not yet fully realized. It is one of the greatest things in the campaign. Its injection into the field of national politics starts a battle which will rage until the old constitution becomes, instead of a shelter to plutocracy, a tool of democracy.

## THE GREATEST THING.

"What is the greatest thing in the world?" It was asked the scholar, and he gravely answered that learning is, for it comprehends all and promotes all.

It was asked the artist, and he cried: "Art, for it combines matter and spirit, both at their best."

The preacher solemnly declared: "Religion, because it is a light from heaven."

The lawyer argued: "Justice, for it is the soul of peace and progress."

"Money," said the banker. "It is the spring of all action."

The young man, full of hope and spirit, cried: "Ambition."

Out of his garnered wisdom the weary old toiler answered: "Content."

The pair of lovers, hand in hand, looked together: "Love."

The mother with her baby at her breast smiled: "Sacrifice."

The wild roysterer cried: "Pleasure."

The waspish old miser whispered: "Health."

To a shuffling, grinning fool was put the question. He simpered and said: "I don't know."

And which, after all, is really the wiser of them all—from the scholar to the fool?

## NOT PROTEST BUT PARTY.

There seems to be an erroneous idea prevalent in the minds of some people regarding the progressive movement, and many political leaders do not seem yet to quite understand just how much it means.

The progressive party is not a protest.

It is a permanent organization.

It will not be found alone fighting in this campaign but in the years to come.

It is not a one man party. Otherwise it would not have among its membership, not only men of prominence, but an army of followers composed of men and women who have never before been seen as active workers in the political field, and so great a number of young men, whose interest and activity presages the continued life and virile growth of the new organization. All this was clearly foreshadowed by the truly remarkable convention which assembled in Chicago last month.

While protesting against the methods of the two old organizations it is a regularly organized political party and a factor in the future. It is not a sudden movement, but the outgrowth of a sentiment that has been developing for years, a restiveness against unrepresented rule. It is a movement and a protest by the people, but it has assumed the proportions of a great political party.

## ANOTHER REASON.

"Convinced that the men who have seized control of the republican party, by reason of their brutal disregard of public sentiment and popular rights, have permanently destroyed that party's usefulness in Ohio as well as in the country at large, I have determined to enlist in the ranks of the progressive party, in the belief that it is destined to be an effective instrument in solving the social, industrial and political problems of our times."

Above are the reasons given by Walter F. Brown, chairman of the republican state central committee for leaving the old, sinking political hulk, known as the republican party. Brown's withdrawal was followed by that of Arthur L. Garford, who has, for years, been a supporter of the old organization and has given time and money to its support.

The progressive party is no longer in the joke class. It is proving a serious consideration for the two long established organizations, and the desertions are beyond what they dreamed could occur. They are totally at sea as to results, and even Mr. Hilles' and Mr. Watterston's estimate fall to inspire courage.

With all the animal bounties that have been paid in the various counties of New Mexico, it is a wonder that there is a mountain lion left in the state, nor a coyote, nor a wolf nor a bob cat, and yet we do hear of colts being killed by them and cattle and sheep. In some of the counties where investigation has unearthed the amounts paid for wild animal bounties one would think that the fierce creatures of the mountain and the plain would have crowded a traveller off the road or driven the stockraiser out of business. How any sheep man ever kept his sheep away from such a horde of destroyers long enough to raise them, is a mystery. It looks, however, as if all that was raised in these counties was the vouchers for bounty payment.

Mayor Gaynor has come to the tardy conclusion that the New York police force needs to be investigated and he says so, right out plain. The mayor's belief coincides with the ideas of a good many people who live farther away from New York than the chief city official does, and they seem to know more about it too.

Governor Wilson says the liquor question is a local issue. General Hancock said that about the tariff and we all know what happened to him. There is no use trying to localize a national issue, Governor. The people understand about it, and why candidates want to confine big issues to a small field. These questions are pretty hot to handle, but when a man runs for office, he has to take the chance of getting burned.

"I will not endure it lightly. I am not a liar," said John D. Archibald, Saturday, when speaking of his assignment to the Annanias club. Just as he said this, John D. sailed away for Europe. He was evidently not anxious to get what was coming next and took the occasion to dodge first.

Sardines are going up, they say. That is probably because they have gone down, becoming shy, as it were.

## A NEW IMPETUS.

Locally, no impetus given to the progressive movement, since the opening of the campaign is of so great importance as the decision of George W. Armijo to ally himself with the new party. He has long been recognized as not only an active figure in the political field but his influence is widespread and his popularity universal. The growth of progressivism is as spreading as the old liners and they are simply bewildered at it, realizing that it cannot be stopped by the old star chamber and steam roller methods, which are the only methods they know how to use. But they might as well attempt to protect themselves from a cloudburst by standing under a sieve as to attempt to stay the storm of protest against boss rule and political intrigue for personal gain, which has broken, and which is sweeping aside the armaments erected by the old organizations. Day by day new recruits are added to the ranks of the progressives, which means an assured and substantial growth for progressive principles in the near future.

## THE STRAW VOTE.

The straw vote season is on and the harvest is being gathered. It is not discouraging to the Roosevelt party. Perhaps no class of men can more correctly gauge public opinion than the knights of the grip, and their judgment of the situation is usually considered of value. The traveling man who writes from Iowa, therefore, telling of conditions there brings cheer to the progressive headquarters in various states. He declares that out of a poll of six hundred farmers four hundred were for Roosevelt and at a Davonport hotel the other evening, out of forty-eight traveling men twenty-eight were for the Colonel, eleven for Wilson and one for Taft. Were there no straws there would not be any wheat and the straws furnish an indication of what the grain may be. "Iowa will be for Roosevelt," is the traveling man's verdict, and indeed the expressed sentiment would seem to carry this opinion out. Young Mr. Hilles will have to revise his count.

The further exposures brought out in the Socorro investigation add only stronger evidence of the loose and criminal methods of conducting the public business in this state. The juggling of accounts, the illegal transfer of funds, the taking of money for government rental and making no account of it, together with other astounding irregularities call for a quick and radical change. It will not be done by the old parties. To accomplish the necessary reformation and to establish honest methods, a new deal is essential. The avenue is open now for this change through the progressive party, pledged to the people's interest, to square dealing, to official probity. This opportunity is being forced upon the attention of New Mexico citizenship by the recurring evidence of results under the manipulation of the old guard. It is up to the people themselves if they want a change.

"The conditions, the times, the great changes going on in this country demand a new party. Knowing, as I do, that the democratic party is no freer from the yoke of privilege than the republican party, I count it my duty as an American citizen to enlist under the banner of the new party of progress, and to follow the leadership of the greatest champion of popular rights since Abraham Lincoln."

The above is not revolutionary nor demagogic, but a call for a needed change. The words are from the lips of one of America's strong men who has done things and who has become recognized as a believer in justice and in the upbuilding of characters. The quotation is from the speech of Judge Ben B. Lindsey, delivered at Chicago.

Even the Boston Journal, one of the substantial papers of the east, has come to admit the progress of the Roosevelt movement, and its remarkable growth. It has outstayed the old conservative element and they do not know how to meet it.

"The uprising that swept Roosevelt into control of every primary was not the incident of a moment. It was the first rolling wave in a great demonstration of the people."

"The second enormous breaker has begun to rise to a crest. It has the tremendous dynamic power of a contest for living principles. This is why, like the movement of the spring, it constantly gathers new and greater force."

"In accordance with our understanding, I am enclosing \$25,000," has not been explained by Senator Penrose, to the satisfaction of the American people. The discredited Pennsylvania leader scoffs at the documentary evidence of the order of the return of Standard Oil money for Roosevelt, but the documentary evidence, "in accordance with our understanding," involves Mr. Penrose in such a manner that it will be difficult to laugh it out of the court of the American people.

A California man lived two months without a stomach and didn't know it. Well, he was saved a lot of aches that come with the summer season, and it was not so bad as being without a heart, as is the case of thousands of men who live right along.

Some druggists are demanding that the prescriptions of physicians be written legibly. That would take a lot of the mystery out of medicine, and the worst of it all is that we would occasionally know what they were giving us.

That Austrian artist who says there are no longer any beautiful women, better travel in a steel car, hereafter, and devote his artistic energies to painting beautiful things like rail fences, cow pastures or hen roosts.

Another text in our creed: Protective tariff to equalize conditions of competition here and abroad; no protection for industries unfair to labor; present tariff unjust; "non-partisan, scientific tariff commission."

A scientist says that twenty-five per cent of deaths in aviation are due to poor construction. We thought they were caused by falling from the machine.

It has not been revealed whether any of the money that was illegally diverted in Socorro county, changed hands in a hotel bath room.

The Standard Oil company tried to get Theodore Roosevelt. They admit they did not get him. Whom are they supporting now?

These men and women wish to better the living conditions of those among us who have been hardly treated in the battle of life. They think of others rather than of themselves, and ever before their eyes burns the radiant vision of a giant republic, throne on the seats of righteousness, where the voice of the people strives to utter the biddings of divine right, and where the soul of the people is bent on realizing the brotherhood of man."

The words of the above helpful and patriotic quotation are from the speech delivered in Boston by Theodore Roosevelt August 16.

"We are endeavoring to do the bidding of men and women who want better conditions; we, who, for the moment, are their leaders, when we strive, as we are striving, to make politics a method of realizing ideals of service and of high morality, to enlist politics in the service of humanity and of right men, to make our whole movement one of quickening the conscience of our people and making it the master principle of our national life."

There is nothing in those words to indicate a desire for dictatorship, nor a frenzy for office, nor an intent to cause disruption, is there? The quotation is from a speech delivered in Boston on the 16th day of this month by Roosevelt.

A Michigan lady quoting from a remark of Governor Osborn of that state who spoke of the cry of a dead duck, naively asks: "What kind of a noise does a dead duck make?" It will be easy enough to tell, after election. There will be a plenty around Salt river.

Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel believes that a family of six can be comfortably supported on twenty-five dollars a week. But he never tried it. One of the easiest things in life is for one fellow to tell the other fellow how easy he can do it.

An elephant escaped and ran wild in Chicago the other day. Was it the republican elephant, grown frightened at the political situation which is just now confronting him? He must be seeing things that are unwanted and gruesome.

May young John Jacob Astor, the three million dollar baby inherit some of the heroic blood which flowed in the veins of his father, whose action in the crisis of the great Titanic disaster, entitles him to a position among the heroes of America.

As a genuine blown in the bottle claimer, young Mr. Hilles, makes Charlie Grosvenor, and General Manager McKinley look like cheap false alarms.

The national association of laundrymen is to meet in Detroit. They will find plenty of dirty aldermanic linen to be washed there.

Taft declares that bolters must leave the party. They seem to be doing it all right, William.

It is some time since any one has heard anything from Nicholas Longworth on the political situation.

Texts in our creed: Quick development of coal lands under federal ownership and supervision.

Development of large rivers and lake-to-the-gulf plan by cooperation between nation, states and cities and utilization of Panama canal organizations.

Would slugging a baseball player be considered as a base hit?

## PENROSE OUGHT TO BE EXPELLED SAYS ROOSEVELT

Oyster Bay, Aug. 28.—Colonel Roosevelt declared today that Senator Penrose, on his own testimony, should be expelled from the senate.

Colonel Roosevelt had taken this position, he said, in the letter to Senator Chapp, chairman of the senate committee, investigating campaign contributions which he is preparing. The Colonel made this statement this afternoon after he had read from what purported to be an extract from Mr. Penrose's testimony before the senate committee to the effect that he advised John D. Archibald of the Standard Oil company, to make a second contribution to the 1904 campaign, lest the company encounter difficulties in certain quarters. Colonel Roosevelt said that in his opinion this was an offer of protection from the government in return for a contribution and that it did not differ essentially from the sale of police protection in New York.

### AD PENROSE

The real fight in the coming campaign, Colonel Roosevelt, declared would be between himself and Governor Wilson. He expressed the belief that President Taft's supporters did not expect to elect him. The Colonel made this statement in discussing the situation in Pennsylvania. "We will beat Mr. Taft in Pennsylvania a good deal worse than we beat him in the primary," said Colonel Roosevelt, "and personally I am convinced that we will carry Pennsylvania without difficulty for the progressive ticket. There, as everywhere else, the fight is between Mr. Wilson and myself. The Taft supporters, as shown by the action of Messrs. Penrose and Archibald have not the slightest idea of electing Mr. Taft. Moreover, they care little about it."

Colonel Roosevelt said his controversy with Senator Penrose was furnishing capital campaign material for him, such as the Lorimer affair gave him in the spring campaign. "Lorimer is done for now," he said, "and I am indebted to Senator Penrose for filling the war chest with ammunition again."

In reply to the inquiries as to why William Loeb, Jr., of New York, had kept silent so long regarding campaign contributions, Mr. Roosevelt answered by saying that he had been reluctant to summon his private secretary into a controversy, but that when Mr. Loeb offered his aid, he felt the time had come for Loeb to tell everything he knew about the matter.

Colonel Roosevelt said that his files of letters bearing on the whole matter had been removed to "a safe place," and that there was no danger of their being stolen or being mislaid.

## MOORS REFUSE EVEN TO TELL FATE OF MANY FRENCH OFFICERS TAKEN.

Citizens Are Indignant Over Reports That Spaniards Are Furnishing Munitions of War to Dusky Warriors.

Paris, Aug. 28.—Public anxiety was intensified today over the fate of the French officers held as hostages by the Moors under El Hiba at Marrakech, Morocco. Enlistments have been dispatched to Marrakech by the French commander, but have obtained no information.

General Lyautey, the French resident governor, reported to the foreign office today that volunteers who had undertaken the dangerous duty had returned from El Hiba's headquarters where they had vainly tried to effect a ransom and could not ascertain the lot of the prisoners.

The French column commanded by Colonel Mangin has been given full liberty of action to proceed to the sector of the hostages if such a step should be thought advisable.

The French troops, however, are too fully occupied to do anything in that way, having their hands full in blocking the progress of the Moorish pretenders forces towards Fez and Magasin.

Profound indignation has been aroused throughout France by the report that the Spaniards had given assistance to El Hiba, whom it was alleged they had supplied with arms.

## DID MILL OFFICIAL SUICIDE BECAUSE OF ANTI-UNION PLOTTING?

During Textile Strike in Massachusetts, Labor Leader Avers That Capitalists Shipped in Dynamite to Try and Discredit Union.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 28.—Interest in the investigation of an alleged conspiracy by mill officials to secure dynamite in Lawrence, Mass., during the general strike last winter, centered today in the report of the Suffolk County grand jury which is expected within a short time.

District Attorney Polletier questioned a number of mill officials. Opinions differ as to whether the investigation influenced Ernest W. Pittman of Andover, a prominent contractor, to commit suicide yesterday.

Pittman erected two of the largest mills in Lawrence and was questioned recently by Mr. Polletier regarding any knowledge he might have had of the distribution of dynamite in that city.

The investigation by the grand jury was based on allegations that dynamite was purchased in or near Boston and sent to Lawrence for distribution in certain places. It has been further alleged that an attempt was made to lead the public to believe that the explosive was to be used by strikers to damage mill property and thus cast odium upon the unions.

### KANSAS MANIA

Now seeks mercy. Wellington, Kan., Aug. 24.—Samuel W. Wood, who shot James Thompson and injured the girl's father and brother while trying to kidnap Ethel Manahan, near Belle Plaine, Kan., Tuesday night, said today after a conference with his mother in the jail here, that he would plead guilty to manslaughter and ask for the mercy of the court. Wood shot him self before he was captured, but is recovering.

## ITALIAN FLEET MAY BOMBARD BEIRUT IF TURKS SHOW FIGHT.

Civilians in Ill Fated Town Are Highly Nervous Because Many Were Killed in Previous Encounter.

Beirut, Syria, Aug. 28.—A squadron of Italian warships comprising six vessels anchored off this port this morning. Their object is unknown.

The city is well patrolled by the Turkish garrison and all is quiet.

The war vessels had previously reconnoitered the port of Jaffa, in Palestine, and also the Syrian sea ports of Haifa Acre but had not attempted a landing nor fired any shots.

The populations of the coast towns, however, show signs of nervous tension, fearing a repetition of the bombardment of last February when sixty non-combatants were killed and many wounded in the streets of Beirut by the Italian fire.

At that time a number of old Turkish gunboats, as well as cruisers and a torpedo boat were sunk while lying at anchor in the ports.

### VICKSBURG IS SAFE.

San Diego, Calif., Aug. 27.—Wireless advices from Magdalena bay today said the disabled gunboat Vicksburg had arrived there. The supply ship Glacier responded to the distress call of the gunboat and is standing by.

The collier Saturn, loaded to capacity with coal, arrived here from Mare Island last night. The vessel is believed to be en route to Central America to relieve the collier Justin.

### AVAILANCE BURLIES MEN.

Valparaiso, Aug. 23.—A tremendous avalanche has buried several gangs of workmen employed on the Andean railway. Eight men were killed and forty others wounded. It will take four months to repair the damaged railroad.

### TELLEZ VISITS STEEVER IN TEXAS.

(Continued from Page One.)

able to invade the Pacific coast states. Reports from the south are more encouraging.

Juarez, Mex., Aug. 28.—Rebels, operating about 100 miles south of Juarez, are preventing the repair of the Mexico Northwestern railway on which they burned bridges yesterday. A force of unknown strength has held up a railway work train moving south. Another work train which left here is guarded by 300 federal troops with artillery.

Reason for the destruction of the road as well as the prevention of its repair baffles authorities here as it is not believed that many rebels invest the country southwest of Juarez. The Northwestern, a Canadian and American owned road, has suffered great losses during the various revolutions. It was opened early this week over its entire length from the city of Chihuahua to the border, only to be cut again by rebels.

San Diego, Calif., Aug. 28.—The Mexican steamer Benito Juarez, reported captured by the revolutionists at Mazatlan several days ago, arrived today and reports great activity along the Mexican coast. Captain Miranda said the gunboats Guerrero and Tampico, were guarding the port of Mazatlan when the Juarez cleared.

The Mexican government, he said, was exerting every effort to prevent the smuggling of arms and ammunition to the rebels and the gunboats were constantly employed transporting troops to strategic points.

(Continued from page one.)

and the letter from the state commission are as follows: Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 22nd, 1912. Honorable State Corporation Commission, Santa Fe, N. M.

Gentlemen: I hereby resign the position of chief clerk of your body to take effect on the 1st day of September, 1912.

Yours very respectfully, GEO. W. ARMIJO.

Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 27th, 1912. Mr. George W. Armijo, Santa Fe, N. M.

Dear Sir:

The corporation commission of the state of New Mexico is in receipt of your resignation as its chief clerk, bearing date August 22nd, 1912, and the commission has learned of your determination to close your services with it with much regret.

You have been of great assistance to the commission, not only in the organization of the work of the commission itself, but ever since the commission was organized. During that time your work has been faithful, efficient and of invaluable assistance to us. Your resignation comes as a voluntary act on your part and, as we are advised by you, to better your own condition.

We accept your resignation with much reluctance and trust that whatever position you may hereafter engage in that your relations with your associates will be as pleasant and as satisfactory to them as it has been to us.

Very respectfully, HUGH H. WILLIAMS, Chairman.

M. S. GROVES.

## MORRIS CHAIR FOR SWEET AMONG ITEMS PAID WITH WARRANTS IN SOCORRO.

(Continued from Page one)

ers the assignment of the full claims of E. H. Sweet for quarters ended 9-30-09, \$257.45, and salary quarter ended 12-31-09, \$150.00. Warrant No. 90 is an overpayment in its entirety

and warrant No. 93 an overpayment of \$75.00, (being 50 per cent of one quarter's salary). The full claim of E. H. Sweet for quarters ended Sept. 30, 1909, \$257.45 being assigned when Warrant No. 90, \$107.45 had been issued to apply on this claim. The full claim of E. H. Sweet for quarter ended Dec. 31, 1909, \$280.00 (of which \$150.00 was for salary), which latter total amount was assigned, when Warrant No. 93, \$75.00 covered 50 per cent of salary this quarter. The full salary being assigned, Warrant No. 93 should not have been issued for but \$130.00, the amount of claim filed for expenses.

Item No. 7—Warrant No. 340, E. H. Sweet, \$473.00

Approved and allowed. Record of commissioners' proceedings, folio 139 for \$273.00.

Overpayment, \$100.00. Item No. 8.—Oct. 1909, E. H. Sweet, Account rendered ..... \$231.45 Amount paid ..... 257.45

Overpayment ..... \$ 26.00 Item No. 9.—Oct. 1908, E. H. Sweet, Account rendered ..... \$279.80 Amount paid ..... 289.80

Overpayment ..... \$ 10.00 Items 8 and 9 as per vouchers, payable E. H. Sweet and as per approval of vouchers on record of commissioners' proceedings.

Item No. 10—Amount paid Socorro Telephone Co., January, 1912, includes items as follows that were for the personal account of E. H. Sweet: Magdalena call ..... .25 Magdalena call ..... .25 Las Vegas call ..... \$3.95 Las Vegas call ..... 2.90 Las Vegas call ..... 2.55

Total ..... \$9.90

The toll tickets fully explain that the above were personal calls of E. H. Sweet. The toll tickets covering this month phone charges are the only ones found in the files.

Item 11—in verifying licenses issued for which funds for same have not been reported to the treasurer (see Schedule "A") the following checks were obtained, said checks are made payable to E. H. Sweet and endorsed by him:

6-25-10, Becker Mactovich ..... \$50.50 4-7-09, Carthage Merc. Co. .... 10.50 6-28-10, Coates & Moore ..... 10.50 4-7-11, Coates & Moore ..... 10.50 5-25-09, Mogollon Merc. Co. .... 10.50 5-2-11, E. M. Parham ..... 5.50 6-8-10, E. M. Parham ..... 5.50 4-29-11, E. D. McIntosh ..... 10.50 11-9-09, Reserve Grocery Co., ..... 10.50 2-18-08, Reserve Grocery Co., ..... 11.00 5-13-09, Reserve Grocery Co., ..... 10.50 4-28-11, Reserve Grocery Co., ..... 10.50

Clerk's fees ..... 6.00

Balance due county ..... \$150.50

The treasurer's records do not show the receipt of any of the above amounts, nor do they show the receipt of any of the items listed "Schedule A" this report. All checks listed under Item 11 bear endorsement of E. H. Sweet as payee and so far as the county is concerned are unaccounted for in their entirety.

Item No. 12—W. A. Warrant No. 168, Henry Stein, \$245.00.

Reference is made on this warrant showing that it covers wild animal bounty application No. 64 which application is hereto attached. No authority is shown on said application transferring or assigning same from P. H. Geesling (in whose favor application made) to Henry Stein; nor does the warrant bear the bonafide signature of Henry Stein. Another small item in connection with this warrant is the fact that it carries Jan. 24, 1911, as a date of issue and a treasurer's cancellation date of Dec. 24, 1910.



## LIVE NEWS FROM COWLES

Cowles, N. M., Aug. 28.—A prophet is not without honor save in his own country. For that reason, maybe the writer's words, taken with a grain of salt may be acceptable to the good people of New Mexico, seeing that he comes from Texas.

We have been visiting New Mexico and the Pecos national region for three summers, and we beg to call the attention of the authorities, to the rain problem. We thought here to find an overabundance of sunshine and for three years we have lived half the time in rubber coats. Send your surplus to Texas, as for three years we have suffered unusual drouths. This ozone laden air, coming first hand unbreathed through other lungs, is the greatest tonic in the world. While the altitude is over 8,000 feet and the air dry, there is sufficient moisture due to the many streams, the near by snows and the damp spongy mat of the forests, to give an exhilarating vine flavor to this wonderful air. This is no doubt the "Happy Valley" that Ranssels sought. It is strange that the people of Santa Fe do not complete the "Scenic Road", part way finished, into this valley. We have had poor fishing this summer, as the Pecos and other streams have been muddy frequently. Everyone here fishes, and they even say that the bears are expert at catching big trout. Your state game and fish department had several thousand dollars in the treasury. This was a sacred fund paid in by the sportsmen and the money should have been used for the protection and propagation of fish, birds and animals. Your last legislature "swiped" all the funds belonging to this account, placing same in the general fund. Now our Texas legislature has done some queer things but nothing as unjust as this. It is like robbing the baby's bank. New Mexico should learn to throw the alluring fly that catches the tourist with the thick wad, California and Florida have learned this and their tourist trade bring in almost as much money as the crops. Every city in Texas is now bidding for this winter travel. Of all the tourists, none are so liberal at spending money as the hunter and fisherman. Any man bogot of Adam, and whose ancestors lived by fishing and hunting over his "Kitchen middles" has the fishing instinct in him. Statesmen, bankers, lawyers and business men are never so busy that they cannot go fishing. Your hunter will spend 75 cents for a box of smokeless cartridges, just to bring in two or three little doves or a quail or two.

Your fisherman will spend \$200 or more to visit a region where he can spend a week or two striving to catch a basket full of trout that might cost the state a dollar a plant. Next year he brings his entire family and friends, and later he buys some property in New Mexico. He goes home and brags about these few trout and does the state more advertising than a high salaried officer could do. Now this is no joke. We could cite fishing lore from many states in the Union, also tell of the fishing in Canada and the well stocked streams in Europe that pay the government handsomely.

In the first place New Mexico should have a state hatchery, also breeding farms or reservations for game and game birds.

Next every native should pay a fishing license. Charge the outsider double this fee if necessary. Put these funds in trust, hands off, except for the restocking of the streams and the woods. New Mexico's forests and rivers are her greatest asset. In the future they will bring many thousands of visitors within her gates. These forests also give you the most wonderful climate in the United States. There is ozone in the air, and a Martian buoyancy to one's feet. You good people of New Mexico, stand up for the forest service and the game and fish department. Every tree has a diamond at its root, and every stream of clear cold sparkling water runs over pearls.

Texas, God bless her 276,000 square miles, would be a desert without the New Mexico forest water sheds that send their life-giving waters a thousand miles from west to east down the rumbling gulf. For one thousand miles from the Rio Grande on the south to the Red River on the north we raise our hands and wave you welcome for this unceasing water. From Ft. Worth down through central Texas, Waco, Temple, Austin, San Antonio and further south, we have a great artesian belt. In several places such as San Angelo, San Marcos, New Braunfels, Austin, San Antonio and elsewhere, there burst from the ground springs that are full grown rivers, like Minerva sprung from the head of Jupiter. This great underground sea has its origin in the forests of New Mexico.

The Persians worshipped the sun. The Egyptians would not kill a cat. In Siam there were the sacred monkeys, and on the Nile the sacred crocodiles. The peacocks personified deity, as also the sacred bulls of India, Assyria, Babylon, China and fair Arabia, all held in veneration some bird or beast. Even Jonah knelt in prayer inside of a whale. We of Texas make our deities to water, running sparkling, life-giving water. Talk not of beer. Mention not honey in the honeycomb. Forget the sweet theme on high Olympus. What makes the world go round? "Wein, Weib, und wasung" as the Germans say? No. Love say some and money say others. None of these. The water—clear, sparkling, diamond, glinting water. Water cold from the snows, water gleaming with the rainbow flash of trout; water that carries life, happiness, health and fertility to us millions of dependents. "Awanyu," the ancient Pueblos, or Tewas, called this emblem of a mythic power. "Awanyu," the preserver of water, the guardian of springs and streams. Like the ancient Hindu—"Shiva," Awanyu was the preserver of life. Without water—crops, feed, birds, fish, animals, trees and life itself must fail.

Some people are continually disparaging the forest service. This is only natural as there is not a line of government work that has not its detractors. The Panama canal was fought most bitterly.

The pure food law lay on the shelves of congress for 20 years until Roosevelt jacked it out with his big stick. Every good law and great enterprise and forward step in human progress in the world has had to fight inch by inch its way upward and onward.

This is not only right but proper. Mistakes, inexperience and costly errors are gradually eliminated through opposition. Here in this Pecos valley from one end to the other we recognize the value of the New Mexican forests and streams. Following is a petition which is now being circulated and signed as rapidly as the people can be seen. No one so far has refused to sign same, over 100 names already appear.

We, the undersigned citizens of Cowles, New Mexico, and visitors from abroad to the Pecos national forest, hereby wish to testify to the efficiency, capability and gentlemanly accommodation as shown by Thomas A. Stuart, chief of this forest division, both in the management of this Pecos forest, and as shown to the many visitors in this section. This unsolicited testimonial we tender Mr. Stuart in appreciation for what he has done and is doing under discouraging and adverse circumstances, for this section and New Mexico, and for this division of our great American national forest area. We believe the holding, sacred and inviolate, of our national forests, to be of incalculable benefit, to the future growth, extension, happiness and wealth producing ability of our American nation, and we urge upon congress a more liberal appropriation for the forest service, as we see its great need in this division. We believe this department to be hampered by lack of sufficient funds to bring this wonderful and unending watershed of our western and southern territory, and this immeasurably rich mine of our fast disappearing timber supply, to their best and fullest development.

W. GOODRICH JONES,  
Temple, Texas

## SUNDAY MAIL IS DISCONTINUED

The following order which has been received by Postmaster Pfeiffer, discontinues the Sunday mail service except where ten cents extra is paid to insure special delivery. While the general public will feel injured by this order and will fall slowly into the custom of being without Sunday mail, it will be a great relief to the office force and will give them the day off which has come to be recognized in all branches of service. The order follows:

August 24, 1912.  
Postmaster,  
Santa Fe, N. M.  
Sir:  
The postoffice appropriation act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, provides:  
"That hereafter postoffices of the first and second classes shall not be open on Sundays for the purpose of delivering mail to the general public, but this provision shall not prevent the prompt delivery of special delivery mail."

Under this law you will close the general delivery, carriers' windows and lock boxes and discontinue all deliveries by carriers on Sunday. You will note, however, that special delivery mail is excepted and you will thereafter arrange to have on duty a sufficient force to handle this mail matter promptly.

The department desires to reduce Sunday work to the minimum so that as many of the employees as possible may enjoy a complete day of rest on Sunday. You should, therefore, require only a sufficient number of clerks to report for duty on that day in order that transit mail and the mail collected for dispatch may be handled without delay. If no mail is dispatched on Sunday a very early collection should be made on Monday morning and the mail for local delivery distributed before the carriers leave for their first trip.

Respectfully,  
(Signed) C. P. GRANDFIELD,  
First Assistant Postmaster General.

GERMAN KAISER BETTER.  
Cassel, Hesse, Nassau, Germany.  
Aug. 27.—The condition of Emperor William continued to improve today. The swellings of the glands and muscles of his majesty's neck have almost disappeared. He arose from bed where he has been suffering from muscular rheumatism and cold.

## KNOW IT WELL.

Familiar Features Well Known to Hundreds of Santa Fe Citizens.

A familiar burden in many homes. The burden of a "bad back." A lame, a weak or an aching back. Often tells you of kidney ills. Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Here is Santa Fe testimony. J. T. Sandoval, 115 Ortiz St., Santa Fe, N. Mex., says: "A dull pain in the small of my back, sometimes extending into my bladder, caused me a great deal of suffering, particularly when I took cold. I was bothered mostly in the winter, and in addition to the pain in my back, there were symptoms of inflammation of the bladder. The kidney secretions were highly colored and when passed were attended with a scalding pain. I never used another remedy that acted as satisfactorily as Doan's Kidney Pills. They proved to be the kidney medicine my case required and the complete cure they brought me, has led me to recommend them on more than one occasion."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

## MABRY ASKED TO GET OUT

Recently, a petition signed by a number of late residents of Curry county was sent to the district attorney, asking him to bring impeachment proceedings against Ben Crawford and Roy D. Elder, county commissioners, on the grounds that they had allotted to State Senator T. J. Mabry and the alleged owners of the Clovis Journal, the printing of the delinquent tax lists for \$2,150. The petition avers that it is an exorbitant and unjust charge and holds Mabry up to scorn as a grafter, calling upon him to resign from the legislature. The petition says:

We the undersigned citizens of McRae and Curry county, denounce the acts of Ben Crawford and Roy D. Elder, two of our county commissioners, in letting the advertising of the delinquent tax list to T. J. Mabry for the sum of \$2,150, the same being extortionate, unlawful for and an imposition upon the tax payers of the county.

And whereas, they having shown themselves wholly incompetent or dishonest, and having betrayed the trust placed in them by the people, we demand that they resign at once, and we further ask our county and district attorney to bring impeachment proceedings against them, and to bring suit against them and their bondsmen for the recovery of the money, as we believe it to be without warrant of law.

And whereas, we believe our representative in the state senate, T. J. Mabry, has conspired to graft on the tax payers of this county, we demand that he resign, and we hold him up to the scorn and contempt of all honest men.

Wm. T. Atchear, N. T. Earnest, Mike Darley, L. Sollman, Jerry Roberts, C. S. Young, Joe Randolph, Lamas Smith, L. M. McMillon, W. M. Hamilton, W. P. Stochard, F. W. Barlow, A. J. Conley, J. A. LaRue, C. P. Dougherty, J. W. Davis, John Gray, T. M. Ferrell, J. L. Smith, Frank Ritter, T. E. Jolley, M. Crowther, H. P. Sebastian, J. M. D. Burton, J. E. Lunney, T. S. Jamerson, J. Barlow, W. C. Walker, B. W. Viles, L. H. Most, C. R. Perkins, E. L. Hyerick, W. L. McCain, Ed Watson, H. S. Banister, A. A. Shaffer, W. Y. Saxton, H. P. Knight, A. Shaley, H. W. Watson, J. J. Leary, Chas. E. Hooper, John E. Grove, M. H. McCarty, T. B. Battelfield, U. S. Corns, T. N. Clayton, C. S. Barlow, C. W. Moore, W. H. Rowland, O. H. Hillingsworth, Jake Brochard, M. L. Labarrows, J. D. Glemis, A. J. Barlow, H. T. Bowen, Fred Wilburn, J. Dewitt, J. M. Holland, F. A. Stockard, Norman Smith, J. R. Supes, J. W. Anderson, G. W. Parrish, A. Sweet, W. F. Newbill, C. C. Mann.

M. L. Littlejohn, T. Smith, J. A. Watson, S. M. King, J. Douglas, A. D. Siles, C. F. Frazier, M. L. Singleton, E. T. Walker, M. C. Ehrigle, K. C. Kirby, Frank Knight, A. G. Walker, B. Degrootenred, W. W. Post, L. T. Bern, J. W. Morris, H. S. Easton, J. E. Hepler, D. Sinks, C. Sinks, J. E. Love, E. I. Walker, H. W. Austin, F. M. Knight, J. H. Kelso, J. A. Wilson, R. Bonavette, R. C. Hunsinger, W. H. Cole, W. H. Elenburg, E. A. Burch, J. H. Browning

A. S. Jones of the Leo Pharmacy, Chico, Cal., who has handled Foley & Co.'s medicines for many years says: "I consider that Foley's Honey and Tar Compound has no equal, and is the one cough medicine I can recommend as containing no narcotics or other harmful properties." The genuine is in a yellow package. For sale by all druggists.

## CHRISTIANS DEMAND TURKS PROTECT THEM.

Constantinople, Aug. 27.—The panic among the Christians in the vicinity of the Montenegrin frontier was today brought officially to the attention of the Ottoman government by the Serbian legation.

A Serbian diplomat informed the Turkish ministers that owing to the possession of arms by the Mohammedan armaments many of the Christian population of Sinitza and Bile Polish in the vicinity of Novi-pazar are seeking refuge in Serbia. At the same time the Serbian government admitted that it had no confirmation of the reports of massacres.

The Porte replied with assurances that order would be maintained by Turkey in the district. A denial was given to the reports that arms had been distributed to the Albanian Mohammedans, who it was declared, had been pillaging the arms depots.

## TO BE PUBLISHED IN EUROPE.

The Illustrated History of New Mexico by Attorney Benjamin M. Read, of this city, is now being translated into the German language to be published in Germany. This German edition will be published in two volumes by Rev. Peter Kruppner, a German priest, scholar, lecturer and writer; the author, Mr. Read, getting the usual royalty from this first and subsequent German editions. Our state history is thus securing a broad and international circulation. Mr. Read is also working on a second English edition which, when ready for the printer will be published in two volumes instead of one, as was the case with the first Spanish and English editions. The price of the second English edition will be made, if possible, not to exceed six dollars per volume.

## FORT BENJAMIN TO BE ENLARGED ALSO.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 27.—Plans for the enlargement of Fort Benjamin Harrison were considered at a conference today, attended by Secretary of War Stimson, Brigadier General Crozier, Major William Lancaster of the general army staff.

The secretary and his party will leave tomorrow to inspect Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming.

## NEW YORK LETTER

New York, Aug. 27.—Mrs. Percy Proctor, formerly the Baroness von Klitffus, and until last June the wife of Percy Proctor, wealthy soap manufacturer, arrived yesterday afternoon on board the President Lincoln with her menagerie. In Mrs. Proctor's stateroom was a parrot, a monkey and a guinea pig, while in the crates in the hold of the steamship were no fewer than ninety-five cats and dogs.

On the voyage the baroness played frequently on her harp, and the passengers said they had been entertained at intervals by music from the harp and antics by the pet monkey, which Mrs. Proctor kept in her stateroom. Proctor obtained a divorce in Cincinnati from the Baroness von Klitffus Proctor last June.

One of her statements, according to the passengers, was that her former husband, by a provision in his will, had directed that \$100,000 in cash be placed in his coffin and buried with him.

Geroldine Farrar, who was to make a concert tour of this country, has notified her manager from Munich that she will be unable to fulfill her contract. Her physician has advised her to rest until the time for her engagements at the opera house. She has several new parts to learn and has been singing this summer at the Royal opera house in Berlin. Miss Farrar returned to the Metropolitan opera house last season in such poor voice that Signor Gatti-Casazza expressed his opinion freely as to the inadvisability of allowing the singers of the company to make concert tours before the beginning of their seasons at the Metropolitan.

The Carola arrived yesterday from Liverpool bringing R. Woodman Burbridge, manager for Harrods, the largest English department store in London. He is just full of ideas as to how an American should not conduct a department store in England. He had in mind Mr. Selfridge, the Chicago merchant, who went to London several years ago, and by his aggressive methods, compelled the English merchants to tear down the slightly shutters that guarded their windows at night, put in big plate glass fronts and burn a candle or two in them at night.

"We don't care for our American bargain sales," he said. "The English people like to have the best there is and are willing to pay a fair price for it. Our women can't stand the scrambling attendant on these sales. We have such things twice a year and can't bring our people to believe they are necessary."

Col. Joseph F. Scott, superintendent of state prisons, said today that there is a steady increase in the cost of maintaining the institutions because of high prices. The state hospital commission will award contracts next month for furnishing food supplies to state hospitals, involving an expenditure of more than \$2,000,000. Last year the commission spent \$1,555,955.

The threatened general strike of capmakers has been averted through the granting of all the employees' demands by the manufacturers' association. The workmen asked for a Saturday half-holiday all the year round, the furnishing of sewing machines by the employers and payment for the following national holidays: New Year's Day, Washington's Birthday, Decoration Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas.

The settlement will go into effect on October 1. It affects twenty-five hundred workers in this and other cities.

Hope of saving the life of Albert C. Pach, district attorney of Richmond county, who was shot at Stapleton Monday by Mrs. Elizabeth M. Edmunds, was practically abandoned today by the physicians. Both lungs were torn by the bullet and are affected by pneumonia. Mrs. Edmunds is believed to be insane.

The wide sale of David Graham Phillips' novels would have led the average observer to believe, before Phillips' death, that he must be a very rich man. His output was prolific, and few writers have produced fiction that was more talked about than his.

Yet, when the appraisal of his estate was filed, a few days ago, the total assets were placed at a little less than \$48,000, consisting almost entirely of royalty rights in novels and short stories.

The amount of royalty that "The Grain of Dust" has yielded since the author's death, and will yield, is estimated at \$12,544. "The Price She Paid" is figured at \$7,000, "The Confession" at \$5,583, "George Helm" \$5,000, "The Hungry Heart" \$4,500, and so on down to "Old Wives for New" \$69.90, and "Light-Fingered Gentry" \$13.26.

A publisher's statement filed with the appraisal gave a clue to the reason why Phillips left so little, despite his hard work and his apparent success. The statement said that the sale of much of that he wrote was very short-lived.

For instance, the royalties on "Light-Fingered Gentry" was \$125 during the first six months of its sale; \$11.25 in the next six months. "White Magic" brought royalties of \$5,500 in the first six months and \$136 the second six months.

The traveling man who told this story says he will make oath that it actually happened, right in Stamford, Conn., where he was sitting in front of his hotel, waiting for train time.

A young chap and his best girl drove along the street in a top buggy, all dolled up for a merry afternoon. There was a pop corn stand in front of the hotel.

"My, don't that corn smell good!" cried the young lady.

"It sure does," replied the Confectioner youth. "I'll drive up closer, and you can smell it better."

New York, Aug. 28.—Because the city of New York does not pay living

wages, 160 employees of the tenement house department, which is one-third of the entire force, has quit the service.

In a letter requesting salary increases to keep his force, John J. Murphy, commissioner of the department, admitted that the department efficiency had been impaired by this exodus.

"The increase asked for is in order that the department may make advances of salary necessary to retain employees, who have been in the department for a number of years, and who have had slight if any increase in salary during their term of service."

New York Bid's society reports for July show 100 per cent increase in distribution. The total exceeded fifty thousand volumes. This is more than twice the number of volumes ever given out before.

Parline Hall, the actress, obtained an order yesterday from Supreme Court Justice McCall for the arrest of her ex-husband, George R. McLellan, manager of "The Pink Lady" company. Mrs. McLellan obtained a divorce in 1904 and her husband was directed to pay her \$10 a week for the support of their daughter, Pauline. Mrs. McLellan alleges he has failed to make the payments. She wants him to furnish a bond for the support of her daughter.

The plan for appraising the estate of Col. John Jacob Astor was decided on yesterday afternoon in the office of Transfer Tax Appraiser John V. Cogger, when John Quinn, special counsel for State Comptroller Somner, and Lewis Cass Lybrand, Jr., in behalf of the Astor executors, came to an agreement under which there will be only one appraisal of the vast realty holdings and personal estate.

Ethel Barrymore, who, off the stage, is Mrs. Russell G. Colt, is to have a town house. Mrs. Colt, with her husband, has leased a factory dwelling at 28 West Sixty-first street.

Asked by visitors to Wilson headquarters if society women had rallied to the appeals on her campaign committee working for Governor Wilson, Mrs. J. Borden Herriman said: "As a segregated class there is no such thing in this country as a society class."

Mrs. Mary Frel sat on Joseph Labarola in a downtown crowded street. Then she yelled "police" and said her victim had robbed her house.

Dr. Otto H. Schultze today obtained District Attorney Whitman's promise to investigate the mysterious death of Julia M. Curran. The physician says she was murdered. He said Miss Curran was beaten to death. Schultze charged that the police physician deliberately falsified his report. The physician also said that the hotel attaches told the police that the young woman's man companion left the hotel some time before her body was discovered.

## CLOUDCROFT CULLINGS

Cloudcroft, N. M., Aug. 28.—Alamogordo is never behind. When there is anything doing you can count on Alamogordo being well represented. This season larger crowds than ever before have been coming up from Alamogordo to Cloudcroft to enjoy the cool air and Saturday night dance at the Lodge there were more people from Alamogordo than any other place.

F. C. Polak, assistant cashier of the First National bank at Alamogordo, was one of the party who attended the dance at the Lodge.

C. M. Hunter, a well known business man of Alamogordo, spent Saturday and Sunday in Cloudcroft.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Morgan, of Alamogordo, were visitors here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. W. E. Warren, wife of W. E. Warren, the Alamogordo druggist, was one of the party attending the dance at the Lodge Saturday night.

Miss Ella Jackson, daughter of Mrs. Rue Jackson, of Alamogordo, came up Saturday night to attend the dance at the Lodge.

Marshall Parker, a well known insurance man of Alamogordo, visited Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Parker here Saturday and Sunday.

Emmett Hancock, of Warren's drug store at Alamogordo, visited his brother J. Ben Hancock of Bailey's pharmacy Sunday.

Miss Vera Warren, of Alamogordo, was a Saturday and Sunday visitor from Alamogordo.

H. H. Major, attorney-at-law from Alamogordo, visited Cloudcroft Saturday and Sunday night.

Mrs. H. A. Hansen and Miss Hazel Hansen attended the dance at the Lodge Saturday night.

Miss Treasure Hartman was a Saturday and Sunday visitor in the city from Alamogordo.

Judge A. M. Major came up Saturday night from Alamogordo.

Mrs. R. H. Burk, of Alamogordo, was a member of the excursion party Saturday night.

W. A. Hansen arrived here from Alamogordo Sunday.

Miss Nino Warnock, of Alamogordo, is visiting Miss Hazel Shelton. Howard Beecher, of Alamogordo, is visiting in Cloudcroft.

Rev. M. P. Egan returned to Alamogordo Sunday night.

Miss Sutherland, who has been visiting in Cloudcroft, has returned to Alamogordo.

Thos. A. Hunt, of the U. S. army at Ft. Bliss, is a Cloudcroft visitor.

Lieutenant Nicholson, from Ft. Bliss, attended the dance at the Lodge Saturday night.

Geo. R. LeBaron, who came up for a week end visit with his family, returned to El Paso Sunday night.

H. W. Broadus, of El Paso, is paying his family a week end visit.

Hal Christie came up Saturday night from El Paso.

Eugene L. Harris, a young El Paso attorney, attended the dance at the Lodge Saturday night.

G. R. Knight, of El Paso, is a guest at the Lodge.

Lee Orndorff is visiting Mrs. Orndorff in Cloudcroft.

Hiram Jones, of Mesalero, N. M., is a recent Cloudcroft visitor.

Mrs. Jao. L. Dyer, T. H. Dyer and Mrs. E. W. Kayer, of El Paso, are guests at the Lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Primus, of El Paso, are visiting in Cloudcroft.

Mrs. Cora Patterson and Mrs. Mabel Jones, of Fort Worth, Texas, are visiting in Cloudcroft.

Frank J. Turner, of El Paso, who is with Hixon & Co., is visiting his family here.

O. J. Hinford, of El Paso, is visiting Mrs. Hinford this week.

Mrs. Laura N. Washburn is a guest at the Lodge.

I. L. Tello, of Alamogordo, who has given several concerts in Cloudcroft, is visiting here.

The "Even So Theatre" closed Saturday night for the season. Manager Lee Davis will remain here several days before returning to El Paso and Tom Carraway, who has been here during the summer season, will go to California during the next few days.

Mrs. D. B. Mauldin, of Valentine, Texas, is a guest at the Lodge.

J. A. Krakauer, of the firm of Krakauer, Zorke & Moyer, El Paso, is visiting his family this week. Mr. Krakauer is a member of the Cloudcroft directory.

Edwin Chase, of Alamogordo, is visiting in Cloudcroft.

Miss Wood, of Alamogordo, is visiting in Cloudcroft.

Sunday was the prettiest day in Cloudcroft this season. There was not a drop of rain, the sun was out very bright all day and it was very cool. Many took advantage of the pretty weather to enjoy horseback riding, golf, tennis and kodaking.

## CHAFIN DISCUSSES HIGH COST OF LIVING.

St. Albans, Vt., Aug. 27.—Continuing his discussion of the high cost of living, which has been his subject since he entered Vermont five days ago, Eugene W. Chafin, prohibition candidate for president, said in an address here today that no less than 10,000,000 persons in the United States have by reason of the liquor traffic ceased to be producers and have become consumers only.

"This," he said, "is the explanation of the increasing cost of living. It can only be reduced by transforming this army of consumers into careful productive citizens."

## U. S. TRANSPORT SINKS.

Shanghai, China, Aug. 27.—The United States transport Liscom sank here today alongside the wharf where she is lying, in forty feet of water. The cause of the accident has not been ascertained. She was undergoing repairs and the captain as well as the ship builders are of the opinion that she can be raised with ease.

## PROGRESSIVES NOT GRAFTERS

Some of the stand-patters who see the handwriting on the wall, are seeking to discredit the progressive move by indulging in personal reflections on the motives of those who are proposing to conduct a vigorous campaign in this state. Honorable M. A. Otero and George W. Prichard are receiving the largest share of censure only because one is chairman and the other the secretary of the progressive central committee of the state. Every motive, but the right one, is assigned as the reason why these gentlemen are taking so active a part in the progressive cause.

The gang cannot understand that there is such a thing as honesty and decency in politics, and when men will no longer stand for the disreputable methods of the Bureau and Luna crowd, then these men in the eyes of this crowd are actuated by unworthy motives. Otero owes nothing to them. Not one of them was responsible for his appointment as governor of New Mexico, which office he filled with credit for about nine years. On the other hand nearly every one of them have been recipients of political favors at his hands. As one of his friends recently declared, about the only mistake that Otero made while he was in office, was the prominence he gave to some of these gentlemen by appointing them to office. After he left the office of governor, political conditions under the leadership of Luna and others became intolerable, and like thousands of others, Otero could see no remedy for the evil of bossism, except to engage in an effort to drive it out of existence in New Mexico.

The Las Vegas convention which nominated H. O. Bursum for governor, at the instance of a self constituted clique, was the turning point with hundreds of good men throughout New Mexico. It was there the progressive move in this state was started as a state-wide proposition and both Otero and Prichard became active workers in that move. In fact it may be said that the latter has been the principal stay of the move ever since. It began as a state. Through his energy and persistence he has succeeded, in connection with friends, in organizing and building up a progressive organization in this state.

These men are doing a good work. They are operating in unison with many others in the interest of a good cause. They are faithfully carrying out the duties assigned them by the progressives of the state, with no ambition for office, and with no purpose of bossing anybody or anything. Their place is open at any time to those who may wish to relieve them, and who will go ahead with the good work which they are performing. The progressives of the state are satisfied, so as well as they are satisfied, let the reactionaries complain, for all they desire is to promote discord in the progressive ranks; but in this they will fail utterly.

## MRS. BELMONT WILL HAVE LITTLE CONEY ISLAND ALL HER OWN.

She is Entertaining the Four Hundred Set and Plans Unique Stunt That Involves Considerable Expense.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 27.—The dance to be given by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont tonight will be one of the unique events of the season. For the entertainment of the 400 guests, a ten acre slice of the beach will be fenced off as a miniature Coney Island. Society will find itself face to face with a merry-go-round, with prizes for those getting the brass ring; a shooting gallery with prizes for the best shot and an electric studio, where the guests may have small photographic groups taken.

## GOVERNOR JOHNSON WILL SPEAK NEXT SATURDAY IN DENVER.

Immense Crowd Will Be Addressed in Auditorium Where Bryan Was Nominated—He Will Also Be Feature on Pickle Day.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 27.—In the Auditorium where William Jennings Bryan was nominated in 1908, the call of the Bull Moose will be sounded next Saturday night by Governor Johnson of California, running mate of Roosevelt. On his way here from Cheyenne where he speaks Friday night, he will address one meeting Saturday afternoon, possibly at Platteville, Colo., as a feature of "Pickle day."

## HEAT OFTEN TENDS TO MAKE WOMEN PALE AND WEAK.

They Neglect Their Bowels and the Poisons Vitalize the Blood.

Hot weather has a very weakening effect on women. They become too languid to exercise and have appetite for light, tasty food, like salads and other cold concoctions, which do not digest readily and tend to increase their natural tendency to constipation.

At this season women, especially, need all their strength to resist the enervating effect of the heat. Good digestion and regularity of the bowels are essential. Some fruits have laxative properties, but they are uncertain in their effect and are not generally advised. A mild bowel stimulant and Syrup Pepsin, is preferable because it is certain in its effect, natural in its action and wholly safe. Take a dose of Syrup of Pepsin at night and by morning the sick headache and indigestion will be gone.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold in drug stores everywhere, and costs fifty cents a bottle; a larger size, in tended for family use, costs one dollar. If you have never used Syrup Pepsin and would like a free trial bottle, postpaid, write Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 406 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.



## Personal Mention.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1912.

D. Robinson, from Estancia, is a business visitor in Santa Fe. Alberto Trujillo is here on business from Elencio, a guest at the Coronado. Elias Clark, of Alameda, arrived yesterday and is a guest at the Palace hotel.

T. B. Querey, from Carlsbad in the Pecos valley, is in town registered at the Montezuma.

A. Menet, who has been up in the northern parts, came in last night. He is stopping at the Palace.

M. C. Hogshead, of Albuquerque, came up to spend a week in Santa Fe. He is registered at the Coronado.

W. W. Burden, the head of the Pecos company, of Albuquerque, is in the city stopping at the Montezuma.

P. E. Merzoff, from Domingo, is stopping at the Montezuma. He came in from his home last night on business.

E. L. Medler, of Las Cruces, is up to spend a few days in the capital. While in town he will be at the Montezuma hotel.

Hon. J. M. Hawkins, the prominent railroad man of Alamogordo, arrived last night and is registered at the Montezuma.

H. L. Bickley came down from Raton last night to be in the Capital City for a few days, attending to business interests.

Captain Fred Fornoff and Sergeant John Collier, N. M. M. P., returned yesterday from Estancia where they went to attend court.

Among those who arrived from the Duke City yesterday were H. R. Whitling and W. W. Burden. Both are registered at the Montezuma hotel.

Mrs. L. C. Collins and Mrs. J. W. Reynolds and children, returned to Santa Fe last evening after spending several days in the Rito de los Frijoles canon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wood have leased the house 101 South College street formerly occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Fairfield and have taken up their residence there.

J. P. McNulty, of Cerrillos, who is connected with the Tiffany turquoise mines, came into town yesterday to look after some land matters. He expects to leave for home tonight.

The Misses Kaster, of Topeka, the charming daughters of Chief Surgeon Kaster, of the Santa Fe railway, are visiting this week in this city, the guest of Mrs. Diaz.

A. A. Keen, Dr. Wroth and Paul Teutach, who came up from Albuquerque to be present at the banquet given in honor of Senator Castellot, left for home yesterday evening.

Miss Gladys Mandell, one of the Duke City's most popular belles, who has been the guest of Miss Salome Salmon of this city for the past few days, returned to her home yesterday.

Charles E. Linney, section director of the local weather bureau office left last evening for Denver, Salt Lake City and Grand Junction to be absent ten days or two weeks. He is on a pleasure and business trip combined. His son Edward will remain in Denver with friends until his father's return.

Rev. C. B. Stephens, of Chadron, Neb., who has been spending a couple of weeks in the Ancient City with his brother, H. F. Stephens, returned home this morning. While out here, Mr. Stephens visited several places of historical interest, including the Pure excavations in the Rito de los Frijoles canon.

M. S. Groves, member of the state corporation commission, returned from a trip to Carlsbad.

Mrs. A. C. McElvane, her daughter Helen and W. C. Hately left this morning for their home in Chicago. They expect to stop over a couple of days in Colorado Springs and in Denver. While in town, they were the guests of Mrs. A. M. Bergere.

Mrs. J. B. Hayward who has been visiting in Ohio for the last three months returned to Santa Fe today.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1912.

W. C. Beall came up from Albuquerque yesterday on a business visit to the Capital City.

Mrs. Edward Otero came up from Albuquerque to visit her sisters the Misses Manderfield.

C. W. Eaton from Espanola, is spending a few days in Santa Fe. He is a guest at the Palace hotel.

G. H. Van Stone of Estancia, passed through the city today on his way home after a trip to Denver.

Judge John R. McFie came in yesterday from the Rito where he attended the Archaeological lectures.

State Senator Eufrazio Gallegos, of Gallegos, N. M., is in the city to spend a few days, a guest at the Montezuma.

Miss Josephine Parsons of the Duke City, is spending a few days in the capital the guest of Mrs. Frank Chaney.

J. M. C. Chavez, Jr., of Abiquiu, came in town yesterday on business. He is registered at the Montezuma hotel.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh, that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O., Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Nestor C. de Baca, treasurer of Union county, is here from his home in Leon. He is stopping at the Montezuma.

Miss Mary McFie is expected home this evening from Albuquerque where she has been the guest of Miss Lillian Hesseiden.

Mrs. A. B. Renehan and the boys, returned on Wednesday evening from an outing of a few days in the Frijoles canon.

Dr. Wilson of Johns Hopkins University, who came out here to lecture for the School of American Archaeology, came back from the Rito de los Frijoles canon last night.

Superintendent John V. Conway and Mrs. Conway have returned from a school trip in the northern school districts, and the superintendent will be at his office in the court house until Monday next. All those having business with the office will please call at that time.

Levi A. Hughes returned to Santa Fe last night from Stanford, Calif., where he participated in a family reunion which marked the 90th birthday of his mother, who, Mr. Hughes says, is as hale and hearty as can be. His aunt who is eighty-four years old is just as spry and full of life as a woman of forty.

The family of M. S. Groves will leave the first of next week, for Denver, Colorado, where Douglas and Francis will attend school the coming winter. Their going is regretted by all, as they are prominent in social and church circles. They will live in Denver until school closes next summer, when they will return to Carlsbad—Carlsbad Argus.

Captain E. P. Bujac of Carlsbad, who is prominently mentioned as the progressive candidate for congress, is in the city conferring with progressive leaders.

W. H. Merchant, collector and treasurer of Eddy county came in today from his home in Carlsbad.

Mrs. Nemecio Lucero and two daughters, Mrs. Ismael Ulliani and Miss Adela Lucero, arrived from Las Vegas yesterday en route to their home at Tirra Amarilla. They are visiting friends and relatives in the capital today and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Juan J. Ortiz.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1912.

The dance at the Archaeological rooms last night was a great success, about twenty couples being present.

These consisted chiefly of the young married people of the town. Professor Bistoff's orchestra, which had been prevailed upon to stay over another day, furnished the music. During the evening some excellent punch was served and everyone present voted the affair "some class."

A very enjoyable dance was the one given by Miss Salome Salmon in honor of her guests Miss Gladys Mandell of Albuquerque, and Miss Margaret Bernard of Las Vegas.

The beautiful Salmon home on Don Gaspar avenue was a blazing mass of electric lights and the hardwood floors in splendid condition for dancing. The whole of the down stairs part of the house was tastefully decorated with smilax and a profusion of red sweet peas. Brick ice cream in the shape of a heart, which matched the color scheme, together with assorted cakes were served. The music was furnished by Morrison's orchestra. One of the special features of the evening was a moonlight dance which everyone liked "extra well." The guests were the Misses Lelia and Pearl Gallaher, Shea, Marmon, Genevieve and Silvia Morrison, Harrison, Zisa and Stella Hutson, Closson, Barton, Smith, Spitz, McFie, Jacobs, Sparks, Bernard and Mandell, and Messrs. Vickroy, Kaune, Evans, Kirkpatrick, Farrel, Clancy, Gregg, Hampel, Wilson, Franklin, Koch, Otero, Manley, Nussbaum, McFie, Collins, Stanton, Boyle, Ervin, Garrett, Grimshaw, Closson and Hudson.

MONDAY, AUGUST 26, 1912.

C. P. Williams, of San Pedro, is in Santa Fe on business.

Mrs. Carl Bishop returned to Santa Fe after several months' absence.

C. H. Wilson went over on the Pecos Sunday to spend the day.

Jake Stein, of Abiquiu, is spending a few days in the city, the guest of Leo Hersch.

W. H. Morris, of Gallup, is spending a few days in the capital, a guest at the Montezuma hotel.

Morgan H. Lloyd came down from Taos on a business visit and is registered at the Palace hotel.

J. H. Toulouse returned to Santa Fe yesterday after a week's sojourn in the southern part of the state.

Miss Elsie Barton arrived in town Sunday to visit her sister, Miss Esther Barton, of this city.

O. F. Arthur, of Las Vegas, came over on a business visit to the city and is stopping at the Montezuma.

T. P. Gable, who has been on a business trip through the northern counties, returned to the city yesterday.

T. B. Barber, a prominent progressive of New York, is out here spending a few days with Bronson Cutting.

Jose Madrid, of Galisteo, is in town for the purpose of laying in a store of supplies. He is stopping at the Coronado.

L. C. de Baca, of Buckman, and Pedro A. Sanchez, of Diamante, are among those who are registered at the Coronado hotel.

Mrs. B. M. McCabe and Miss Anna Ames, of Cerrillos, are in the city. They are guests at the European hotel.

D. D. Draper, of Albuquerque, who is connected with the Armour company, is in the city taking orders. He is stopping at the Montezuma.

Ruth A. Winsor, of the Winsor ranch on the upper Pecos, came in town last night and is staying at the Montezuma.

Lieut. Governor E. C. de Baca came over from his home in Las Vegas yesterday to spend a couple of days in the capital.

George E. Ellis, of the Duke City, and a former resident of Santa Fe, is up from his home to spend a few days. He is stopping at the European.

Mrs. J. W. Reynolds and children, who have been spending several

weeks in Santa Fe, their old home, left this morning for Omaha, Neb.

State Land Commissioner R. P. Ervin, who has been motoring up through the northern part of the state on official business, returned yesterday to Santa Fe.

Miss Gladys Rushworth, who has been spending the last six weeks with Mrs. Boyle, left last week for her home in Toronto, Canada. On her way she expects to stop over in the San Luis valley for a short visit.

Judge L. C. Collins, of this city, returned from a camping trip on the Rio Pecos last evening. The judge, who is quite a fisherman, brought back a large mess of trout. He reports everything in fine condition up there and says that outside of a couple of cloudy days the fishing was excellent.

George Armiño, clerk of the state corporation commission, returned today from Kansas City, where he went as a delegate to the Moose convention. However, George wants it distinctly understood that it was not a Bull Moose convention he attended.

Miss L. M. Dent of Rochester, N. Y., arrived in the city yesterday and has accepted a position as operator for the Postal Telegraph Company here. Her sister, Laura, accompanied her and will probably remain during the winter.

J. W. Fairfield of Los Angeles, a mining engineer of long experience, has gone to the La Tir peak locality in Taos county to investigate the gold strike said to have been made there.

County School Superintendent John V. Conway, accompanied by Mrs. Conway, will leave in the morning for a tour of inspection throughout the southern school districts. Mr. Fred Lopez will have charge of the office during their absence from the city. All those having business with Superintendent Conway are requested to call on him.

Mrs. W. Lindhardt, the Palace avenue milliner, who has been spending several weeks in the east, returned to Santa Fe today. Mrs. Lindhardt visited all the leading Chicago millinery establishments and made a very thorough study of the latest creations making her selections therefrom.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1912.

H. A. Martin, from Silver City, is a business visitor in Santa Fe.

Nina L. White, of Farmington, is in town stopping at the Montezuma.

G. Garcia and wife are in town for a few days, guests at the Coronado.

Jose L. Samora is down from his home in Tierra Amarilla on business.

Rev. C. A. Schlotterbeck came back from the Rito yesterday. He is on his way to his home in Amlstad.

Alfred Herrera, who has been over in the Meadow City attending a baseball game, returned to Santa Fe last night.

W. C. Enright and Gus Mulholland, from Gallup, are business visitors in the city. They are stopping at the Palace hotel.

W. H. Hardeman, of St. Louis, who is representing a large hardware company of that place, is in town taking orders for his house.

W. J. Stehle, of Albuquerque, representing the Morris Packing company, is in town on business. He is registered at the Montezuma.

C. J. Crandall, Jr., connected with the Santa Barbara Pole and Tie company, is here to spend some time. He is a guest at the Montezuma.

Judge E. V. Long, former chief justice of the supreme court under territorial rule, is over from his home in Las Vegas to spend a few days in the capital.

Mrs. Ramon Rodriguez, accompanied by her daughter and son, left yesterday for the Pecos, where they will visit relatives and friends for several days.

George Mignardot returned yesterday from Kansas City, where he has been for the past ten days in attendance at the summer lodge of the Royal Order of Moose.

Lee S. Miller, United States surveyor, has returned to Santa Fe after an extensive trip on field examination work. He was accompanied by his typewriter, L. C. Smith.

The Misses Craig, of Taos, are in the city attending the Inter-Denominational Conference of the Methodist, Congregational and Presbyterian Mission teachers in New Mexico.

Miss Alvie Hyson, of Taos, is in the city in attendance at the Inter-Denominational Conference of Mission teachers. Miss Hyson has taught the Presbyterian mission school at Taos for twenty-eight years.

John G. Tinker, editor of the Taos Recorder, paid a very pleasant visit at the New Mexican office this morning. Mr. Tinker expects to remain in Santa Fe only a few days. He is registered at the Montezuma.

Miss Annie Graeme McKenzie who came to Santa Fe in her girlhood, is leaving this afternoon to make her future home with her relatives at Maquon, Ill. All who know Miss McKenzie love her and feel that her worth is above rubies. They are only reconciled to her going by knowing that she will be surrounded in her new home by those who are near and dear to her.

Helping a Woman

Generally means helping an entire family. Her back aches so she can hardly drag round. Her nerves are on edge and she is nearly wild. Headache and Sleeplessness unfit her for the care of her family. Rheumatic Pains and Lumbago rack her body. But, let her take

Foley's Kidney Pills

and all these ailments will disappear. She will soon recover her strength and healthy activity for

Foley's Kidney Pills are

healing, curative, strengthening and tonic, a medicine for all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases that always cures.

For sale by all druggists.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are for liver ills.

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## AS THE BYSTANDER SEES IT

### CITY PLANNING.

The meeting tonight will be both important and interesting. The City Planning movement ought to be encouraged at every angle of the road.

H. H. Dorman, of the city planning board, has handed to the Bylander some suggestions by John Nolen, a landscape artist, which seem to me valuable just at this time, and which I herewith reproduce.

The subject touches a country town of Wayland, Mass. It speaks of the necessity of pleasing approaches to the town, by intelligent tree planting, the character of buildings, and orderliness of private grounds; also the beautifying of triangles where roads meet, planting them to shrubs and flowers.

Mr. Nolen mentions the matter of play grounds as follows:

"One of the chief fallacies concerning play and recreation is that it is only necessary for the public to provide for it in slum districts or, at least, in closely built-up sections where there are no private yards. Even superficial observation of the way children use their time after school hours and during the summer vacations ought to convince one of the error of this view."

Mr. Nolen speaks then, of the architectural side, saying:

"Much of the charm of Wayland is due to its private places. From the point of view of architecture and fitness the old houses are nearly all good and their surroundings are simple and unaffected and inconspicuously beautiful. Many of the modern houses with their large grounds seem to insure an open and country-like character to the town. So far as private developments go, Wayland is as yet largely unspoiled. The question is with regard to the future. Will it suffer as other towns have suffered through the construction of buildings quite out of keeping with its present character? Will it gradually deteriorate until it becomes commonplace like other towns which might easily be mentioned, and thus lose part of its present peculiar appeal? Unquestionably there is a tendency for all towns to become 'cliffed' and to lose their old-fashioned and quaint appearance. If this is an undesirable form of development—and I believe the citizens of Wayland are generally agreed that it is—what can be done to prevent it?"

"The town itself can do something officially by adopting suitable building regulations. At the present time building in Wayland is entirely unrestricted, so that virtually anything can be built anywhere. Under these circumstances it is an evidence of widespread good taste and pride in the town that worse things have not happened. But the present method is an unsafe one. Wayland should adopt building regulations that would reduce the fire risk, insure sanitary homes, and, so far as possible, encourage the construction of homes that would enhance and not diminish the beauty of the town."

"It is simply to recognize that the townspeople have certain ideals, and that by co-operation these ideals may be more fully realized."

"In the long history of Wayland there are many examples of her citizens acting unselfishly for the public good."

"Modern times do not make demands in the same direction as earlier times, but they do call for the same sort of leadership and the same sort of co-operation in carrying through movements in which the common good is the dominant purpose. This movement for bettering Wayland is a call for such leadership and co-operation, and it affords an opportunity for the townspeople as a whole to insure durable satisfactions and benefits to present and future generations."

The beautifying of Santa Fe, and making it one of the most attractive cities in the country is the desire of the city planning board. In this endeavor they should have the active co-operation of every citizen.

### EXQUISITE TERROR.

We read constantly of the city bloods in our great centers, going slumming. It is often rather out of curiosity than with an idea of being of service to anybody. To help those who deserve help is one of the big things in life, but I fall to see what is gained by dipping into the underworld just to see what it looks like.

I read the other day of a young lady who went with some companions and escorts into an opium joint to hit the pipe and see what the sensation was. To her friends afterward she described her feelings as "exquisite terror."

It may be that a trip of that kind was worth while to experience that kind of sensation. It must be novel. I have heard of terror taking possession of people a good many times, but never have I heard it designated "exquisite." In the common use and acceptance of that term, ordinarily a person does not go about seeking terror, and when one does meet it, the sensation never seemed to be in the exquisite class. It always approached in the garb of something that was horrible, but the silly girls who have found life rather stale from over indulgence of the gay things in it, the "exquisite terror" of an opium pipe dream, appears to have been a new and luxurious sensation.

When life has become so rapid and hackneyed that those jaded with it, have to seek the opium den or the low down gambling halls of the great cities for something new or novel, they have about reached the limit of usefulness and demerit. When they go about looking for sensations such as "exquisite terror" and feelings akin to it, they need an infusion of some sort of elixir that will give them a new outlook on life, that may enable them to be of some service to others, rather than searching alone for that which may interest or amuse themselves, alone.

Selfish pleasure seeking does not mould useful men and women, but selfish consideration, does.

## GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

Rubbing with liniments, blistering the affected parts, the application of plasters, and other means of external treatment, are usually helpful in relieving the pains and aches of Rheumatism. But such treatment does not get rid of the disease, because it does not reach its source. Rheumatism comes from an excess of uric acid in the blood. This acid acts as an irritant to the nerves, muscles and joints, and produces the inflammation and swelling, and sharp cutting pains characteristic of the trouble.

When the blood is overburdened with uric acid it grows thinner and poorer in nourishing qualities. Then Rheumatism becomes chronic and not only a painful but a dangerous disease. You can get rid of Rheumatism by purifying the blood with S. S. S. This vegetable remedy goes into the circulation, neutralizes and removes the uric acid, and by building up the thin, sour blood, safely and surely cures the disease. S. S. S. makes rich, nourishing blood, which quiets excited nerves, eases the painful muscles and joints and filters out every particle of irritating uric acid from the system. Book on Rheumatism and advice free.



THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

### WELL DESERVED.

I read the other day of a burial ceremony held over a little dog, in New York City. There was an elaborate casket, flowers and a string of mourners and I thought, as we all think when we read items of that kind, that it was silly and shallow and ridiculous. Then I read a little further along and found that the little dog that was being buried with so much pomp had saved the lives of more than a dozen people by running to the doors of rooms in a hotel and scratching on the door until it was opened, when the hotel was on fire.

What a thing like that happens, we wonder just where the dividing line is between the human and the brute, as we distinguish them.

The intelligence of the little dog was equal in one respect to that of the human, and he deserved the burial he had and he deserves a monument. There were a lot of people in that hotel who did not think of going from room to room, awakening guests. They were looking out for self, and it is a fact, recognized everywhere that there are more than a few cases where a dog is superior to his master. Then why the ceremony over the one when he dies?

The dog seems to possess the qualities of faithfulness and intelligence superior to any animal and almost human. Where is the line that separates the two? Just how far is one above the



## Forty-one Amendments to Ohio Constitution

Columbus, O., Aug. 27.—Woman's suffrage, the initiative and referendum, good roads, taxation, the minimum wage, and a change in the judicial system, are among the things that have been incorporated in proposed amendments to Ohio's constitution, and which will be voted upon by the people of the state at a special election on September 3.

The 41 amendments which will be presented for ratification, deal with a variety of problems from the regulation of bill board advertising to municipal home rule, and were framed by a constitutional convention, which worked six months at an expense of more than \$200,000.

Ohio's present constitution was framed in 1852. In the winter of 1873-4, a constitutional convention was held, but its work was rejected at the polls.

Nightly meetings are being held over the state by ministers, professors, lawyers, business men and politicians, who are debating the effects which the various proposals would have upon the welfare of the state.

The initiative and referendum proposal, as adopted by the constitution convention, will go into effect on October 1 of this year if ratified, while the other proposals would not be effective until January 1.

The proposed initiative and referendum provided for the direct initiative upon petition of 10 per cent of the state's voters on amendments to the constitution, and the indirect initiative upon legislative questions.

Should three per cent of the electors petition the secretary of state for a law, the secretary of state must refer the petition to the general assembly. If the legislature should pass the law petitioned for, it would then become subject to the referendum, which would require the signatures of an additional three per cent of the voters to become effective.

If the general assembly should fail to pass the law, or pass it in amended form, the original bill and the substitute could be presented to the people for a referendum vote upon petition of an additional three per cent of the voters.

Any law passed by the general assembly could, under the proposed amendment, be voted upon by the people, upon petition of six per cent of the electors. The proposal places an inhibition upon the use of the initiative and referendum for the passage of laws for the classification of property for taxation or for the single tax.

Another proposed amendment provides for limiting the power of the supreme court, by making the circuit courts the court of last resort in the majority of cases. The name of the circuit court would be changed to the court of appeals. The supreme court would then be the last court in constitutional cases, and cases where the life of a prisoner was at stake.

The woman's suffrage proposal would eliminate the word "male" from the present constitution, and give votes to women. Suffragists are making a state-wide campaign for the passage of this amendment.

Those opposed to equal suffrage are making an equally strong campaign against its passage.

The proposed good roads amendment provides for a state bond issue of \$50,000,000 for the building and maintenance of good inter-county wagon roads.

Labor leaders of the state secured the passage by the convention of a proposed amendment providing for the welfare of employees and for the enactment of a minimum wage.

Under the proposed home rule for cities proposal, municipalities could adopt any one of the three following forms of government:

1. They might, upon the vote of the electors, elect fifteen citizens to frame a charter, which would then have to be submitted to the voters for approval.

2. They might adopt, by a majority vote, a form of government provided for by the legislature.

3. They might decide to be governed as at present, by a municipal code framed by the legislature.

The removal of all public officials, including the judiciary, upon complaint and hearing, is provided for in an amendment, which was passed by the convention after the recall, as in effect in the western states, had been defeated.

Another proposal which is causing much campaigning throughout the state, is the one providing for a liquor license. The proposal provides for limiting the number of saloons, one to every 500 population. In the larger cities, it would decrease the number of saloons from two-thirds to one-half.

Other proposals which will be voted upon, provide:

Reform in civil jury system—provides for a verdict in a civil case, upon a vote of three-fourths of the jury.

Abolition of capital punishment—provides for life imprisonment at hard labor as punishment for first degree murder, instead of electrocution.

Depositions by state—provides that the state may have the right to take depositions in criminal cases. Also provides that the judge shall take notice of the failure of the accused to testify.

men's compensation law be placed in the state's charter.

Conservation—provides for the conservation of forestry, water power, and for state regulation of the mining, weighing and marketing of all minerals.

Public works—provides for an eight hour working day for laborers engaged on public works.

Criminal testimony—would regulate the use of expert witnesses and expert testimony in criminal trials.

Land titles—would provide for the Torrens system of registering and classifying land titles.

Prison contract labor—provides against the sale of prison made goods on the open market, unless marked "prison made."

Extra legislative sessions—would restrict the general assembly in special session to the consideration of only such matters as stated in the governor's call for the extra session.

Common pleas courts—provides for a common pleas court in each county, and gives the people the right to combine the common pleas judgeship with the probate judgeship.

Justices of the peace—would abolish justices of the peace courts in cities having police courts.

Anti-injunction—provides against injunctions in labor disputes except to protect physical property.

Voting machines—authorizes the use of the voting machine.

Bill of rights—provides for eliminating the word "white" from the clause giving "white male persons" the right of suffrage.

Primary elections—provides for primary election of delegates to national conventions, and for primary nomination of state, municipal and county officials. Also provides for a primary vote on choice for United States senators.

Boards of education—provides that city school districts may determine the size and organization of their boards of education.

Superintendent of public instruction—provides for the election of a state school commissioner for a term of four years. The school commissioner is now an appointive position and for only two years.

Insurance—provides for the state regulation of insurance—will permit public property to be insured in mutual insurance companies.

Board of public works—would abolish the board of public works and provide a superintendent of public works, to be appointed by the governor for a term of one year.

Taxation—would abolish the poll tax, and make state, municipal and school bonds taxable. Raises personal property, exemption from \$300 to \$500. Provides for the uniform rule, and authorizes the income, inheritance, franchise and a tax on oil, gas, coal and other minerals produced in the state.

Corporations—provides for the regulation of corporations and the sale of personal property.

Liability—provides for the placing of a double liability upon bank stockholders, and for the state inspection of private banks.

State printing—provides for the building of a state printery.

Eligibility of women to offices—provides that women may hold positions in state institutions where women or children are cared for.

Civil service—would place all appointive state officials under civil service.

Advertising—would give the state power to regulate bill board advertising.

Constitutional amendments—would provide for the placing of proposed amendments to the constitution upon separate ballots without party designation.

Schedule—provides that all amendments ratified at the special election on September 3, go into effect on January 1, with the exception of the initiative and referendum.

D. C. Bybee, teaming contractor living at 609 Keeling Court, Canton, Ill., is now well rid of severe and annoying case of kidney trouble. His back pained and he was bothered with headaches and dizzy spells. "I took Foley Kidney Pills just as directed and in a few days I felt much better. My life and strength seemed to come back, and I sleep well. I am now all over my trouble and glad to recommend Foley Kidney Pills." Try them. For sale by all druggists.

HE GOT A LESSON. A very amusing incident, but one that might have proven quite the contrary, took place the other day in one of the principle places of business in the city. A certain young man who is employed there has been in the habit of waiting out to converse with members of the fair sex, whenever one appeared who, in his judgment, looked lonely. During one of the assignments the young man's boss came in, and finding the office vacant, stepped over to the cash drawer and "lifted" six ten dollar bills. He then went up town leaving the drawer open. Upon returning from his cruising trip the young man discovered that his neat had been robbed. He beheld visions of his month's salary going up in smoke—possibly his job too. Being completely "up in the air" he was undecided whether to commit suicide or employ a Burns detective. As either of these courses would prove equally fatal, he was at a loss to know just what to do when the "boss" stepped in and solved the problem for him. The scare that he received, however, ought to prove good dope in the way of a lesson to "stay far away from the beautiful girls"—while on the job.

"Were all medicines as mercurious as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the world would be much better off and the percentage of suffering greatly decreased," writes Lindsay Scott, of Temple, Ind.

For sale by all dealers.

## Big Land Deal Carlsbad Project

Carlsbad, N. M., Aug. 27.—A \$52,000 land deal in the Carlsbad project has just been closed. S. Webster of El Campo, Texas, buying all lands owned by Edward J. Bolles. The well known Bolles farm, half a mile south of Otis, is included in the sale. This is one of the well improved sections, being one of the first to be developed.

Over twenty years ago Mr. Bolles, of Colorado Springs, Colo., stocked the farm with fine horses and cattle. A fine residence, big barns and other buildings were erected. An orange grove surrounded the farm and broad drives, lined with mulberry trees, divided the places into quarters. Mr. Bolles took much pride in the farm and spent much money in its development. At one time several thousand lambs were fattened on the farm under the direction of F. E. Bryant, who managed the farm up to a year ago. For three years lambs from the farm won prizes at the International Stock Show in Chicago.

Mr. Webster, the new owner, is getting ready to move here and will occupy the farm by the middle of September. He will develop the farm further.

A number of other sales of land have been closed up this week. Lee Holland sold his farm below Otis to a Mr. Donnelly, of Oklahoma. This place has 131 acres of watered land and was bought by Mr. Holland about four years ago. It was then unimproved, but most of the land has since been planted to alfalfa and otherwise developed. Mr. Holland will remain in the project.

Among other sales this week may be mentioned that of W. W. Hall, of Loving, to Harlan G. Hedrick. W. L. Freeman has bought 80 acres about three miles south of town.

R. L. Halley is home after a three weeks' trip east. He attended the progressive convention in Chicago and just as an enthusiastic as ever for the third party. While in New York he bought a liberal stock of goods for winter for his store.

Mrs. Harry L. Braden and children have gone to Des Moines, Ia., for a visit. From there she will go to Nebraska. She will return in October.

E. E. Hackett has just received another new car, a Flanders No. 20. It is a handy runabout that will be used around the big farm.

The third cutting of alfalfa is about completed. The greater part of this cutting will be stored to wait the higher prices in the early winter. The first crop is being harvested and some is already finding its way to town.

KANSAS CITY TOT FOUND WITH SKULL CRUSHED WITH STONE.

Playmates of Four Year Old Joseph Timmerman May Have Killed Him and Placed His Body Under Bush Heap.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 22.—With his skull crushed, the body of four year old Joseph Timmerman, who disappeared last Sunday while at play near his home here with a number of companions, was found today in a gully off the Park boulevard in the Northeastern part of the city. The body, half covered with brush, evidently had been dragged to the spot and the police believe the boy was murdered. Since the boy disappeared his companions, who range in age from 4 to 7, told conflicting stories regarding him. The coroner will investigate.

"I was cured of diarrhoea by one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes M. E. Gebhardt, Oriskany, Pa. There is nothing better. For sale by all dealers.

A WEEK WITH A "PROTECTED" AMERICAN FAMILY SHOWS HOW BEAUTIFULLY OUR TARIFF PROTECTS FOREIGNERS

(BY BYRON W. HOLT.) Chairman Tariff Reform Committee of Reform Club.

There are about 22,000,000 households in the United States, all very thoroughly "protected" by the Payne-Aldrich bill. Nearly all manufactured articles are sold cheaper abroad than they are here in the United States. Here is a glimpse of the way this protection works, in the course of a week's experience in an American family.

MONDAY. The family is waded up by an alarm clock made in New Haven, which is sold in America for 68 cents wholesale, but is sold abroad for 55 cents. It is protected by 40 per cent duty.

Mother uses a coffee mill to grind the coffee for breakfast. It cost the retailer, from whom she bought it, \$1.13, and of course cost her more than that. It is sold to the foreign dealer for 90 cents.

The coffee is made in an aluminum coffee pot which the American manufacturer sells in foreign lands for \$2.20, and at home for \$3.08.

Mother puts the washbowl on the tariff-taxed cook stove. A Peckskill, N. Y., manufacturer quotes \$15 as the foreign price for the stove he charges \$20 for in this country because the government has decreed a tax of 45 per cent on cook stoves.

For her "Anchor Brand" wringer she is charged one-fifth more, the export price being \$31.65 a dozen and the domestic price \$38.

TUESDAY. Tuesday is ironing day. Mother pays nearly a third more for her

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## Thirty-Nine to Go Out of Prison

SUPERINTENDENT MC MANUS RECEIVES A LIST OF REQUESTS FROM MINIMUM SENTENCE MEN FOR PAROLE BOARD

Thirty-nine convicts in the state prison, who have served their minimum sentence under the indeterminate sentence law, have applied to Superintendent John McManus for parole and their cases will be placed before the parole board September 5th, at which time the board will meet here. Only those convicts with good prison records can benefit by the law. The men who seek freedom are:

Vencesado Gallegos, McKinley county; Manuel Chavez, Socorro county; Severino Mireles, Valencia county; Frank L. Edwards, Grant county; Jim Moore, Eddy county; Severino Morales, Dona Ana county; John Ragler, Bernalillo county; Manuel Maes, Union county; John Smith, Colfax county; Dan Riley, Quay county; Genaro Merila, Eddy county; Ramon Martinez, Union county; L. S. Stephens, Socorro county; Andrew Miller, Grant county; Juan Chavez, Santa Fe county; Edward Foley, Colfax county; J. W. Wooten, Chavez county; Frank Mitchell, San Miguel county; Fred Ritter, Bernalillo county; Manuel Chavez, Guadalupe county; John Joseph Melloy, Grant county; Luz Bernadina, Grant county; Francisco Valdez, Grant county; Jesus M. Miera, Colfax county; A. L. Lone, Dona Ana county; Pedro Martinez, Sierra county; Severino Ornelas, Chavez county; Walter Scott, Colfax county; Groves Clark, Colfax county; Santiago Garcia, Colfax county; Francisco Garcia, McKinley county; Francisco Gallegos, Union county; C. T. Hill, Curry county; Bruno Pena, Grant county; Agapito Calles, Dona Ana county; H. D. Simmons, Eddy county; Carl La Ranch, Quay county; John Haskley, San Miguel county; Manuel Mendez, Dona Ana county.

Dr. C. H. Ellsworth, Dentist, 16 Baldwin St., Rochester, N. Y., says Foley Kidney Pills gave him immediate relief and strengthened him wonderfully. "I have been bothered with weak kidneys and bladder trouble and suffered much pain. Foley Kidney Pills gave me immediate relief and strengthened me wonderfully. I am pleased to recommend their use." For sale by all druggists.

ORVILLE WRIGHT FALLS. Dayton, Ohio, Aug. 22.—Orville Wright, flying a hydroplane in an experimental flight south of the city late yesterday took an unexpected plunge into the Miami river when making a turn and was only saved from a perilous experience by the shallowness of the stream. He received slight injuries in the fall. The hydroplane had to be returned to the factory for repairs.

TURKS DEFEAT ALBANIAN. Saloniki, Aug. 22.—Turkish troops from Ipek have relieved Berana, a district of Albania close to the Montenegrin frontier, which was besieged by Montenegrins and Malissori tribesmen. Fighting on the Montenegrin frontier continues.

TO FOREIGNERS—\$1.04  
TO AMERICANS—\$1.50

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$2.64  
TO AMERICANS—\$3.17

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$3.93  
TO AMERICANS—\$4.23

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$4.23  
TO AMERICANS—\$4.73

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$4.73  
TO AMERICANS—\$5.23

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$5.23  
TO AMERICANS—\$5.73

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$5.73  
TO AMERICANS—\$6.23

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$6.23  
TO AMERICANS—\$6.73

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$6.73  
TO AMERICANS—\$7.23

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

TO FOREIGNERS—\$7.23  
TO AMERICANS—\$7.73

"PROTECTIVE" DUTY—45%

## Daily Movements at Cloudcroft

Cloudcroft, N. M., Aug. 27.—Friday was the first day in several without some rain. The sun was out bright nearly all day. Part of the day was cloudy. Thursday there was a very light shower.

Returning to Alamogordo today were Miss Beecher and her brother, Clyde.

Walter Knight, brother of C. F. Knight of the Cleve & Knight Mercantile company left Cloudcroft today after having spent most of the summer season here visiting his brother. Mr. Knight is a traveling man and left here to resume his position on the road.

Mr. Knight of El Paso and his sisters, the Misses Bessie and Mary Brown of Abilene, Texas, will leave Cloudcroft next week.

Mrs. Payne who has been spending the summer months here will return to El Paso the first of September.

Misses Edith and Emily Giddings, will return to El Paso Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Watson of Houston, Texas, and Mrs. Watson's sister, Miss Jannette Barton will return to Houston, Texas, next week.

Carl Goodman who has been spending the summer here returned to El Paso, Friday.

Mrs. Guy Hammett of El Paso is still visiting in Cloudcroft.

Miss Celeste Lewis of Alamogordo, is visiting here.

R. P. Balthis, supervisor of the Alamo National forest is confined to his bed on account of sickness.

Mr. Hannah of Elk, N. M., is in the city on business.

Thomas F. Keish of the Cloudcroft Amusement company, returned to El Paso, Friday where he has been on business.

Miss Isabel Gibson will return to El Paso about September 1st, in time for the opening of the schools there.

Miss Estelle Levy will return to El Paso Sunday night. Miss Levy is visiting Mrs. A. Goodman at her summer home.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Martin of Santa Fe, N. M., are paying Cloudcroft a visit.

Mrs. Dan C. Smith, Jr., and Master Dan Smith of Houston, Texas, are guests at the Lodge.

Dr. George R. Taber, wife and son arrived in Cloudcroft Thursday on the excursion from East Texas, and will spend a short vacation here.

Mrs. J. G. Flynn is a visitor here from east Texas, from Galveston.

C. B. Jones of Hamilton, Texas, is a recent arrival at the lodge.

A. L. Evans of Gue, Texas, is at the Lodge.

George S. Anderson and wife of Abilene, Texas, are here for a short visit.

Among the arrivals from Galveston are H. B. Goodman, and C. S. Wright. Ed. B. Carruth of San Antonio, Tex., is a guest at the Lodge.

Dr. Warren of High Rolls was a recent visitor here.

E. T. Baird is in the city today from his ranch near Cloudcroft.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Beacham who have had charge of the Pavilion Cafe this season will not return to Alamogordo at the close of the season but will spend the winter on their ranch near Cloudcroft. This ranch is one of the prettiest in this section of the country.

C. G. Crow, section foreman for the El Paso & Southwestern system, until recently stationed here is in the city on business.

Edgar Williamson of Bailey's pharmacy will return to Artesia, N. M., at the close of the season where he has accepted a position for the winter months.

Thomas Slade who has been assisting Scott B. Williams with his real

estate and insurance work during the summer season will go to El Paso about September 1st where he will remain this winter.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Holden spent Saturday in Cloudcroft on business.

Frank Danley came in from his ranch Saturday on business.

C. A. Redic arrived in Cloudcroft Saturday from his ranch near here to attend the meeting of democratic voters of precinct No. 16. This meeting was for the purpose of electing delegates to the county convention at Alamogordo.

Mrs. Geo. McCormick of El Paso is visiting in Cloudcroft.

## Rousing Appeal is Made to Grant Voters

Silver City, N. M., Aug. 26.—The Progressive party in this county is gaining strength daily and it is organizing in every precinct. Last week the following rousing appeal was circulated in Grant county among all of the voters:

The constant effort of crooked bosses, in unholy alliance with crooked judges, to usurp the power of government through control of party machinery, constitutes the greatest menace to real popular rule and makes necessary the formation of a new party, which shall be free of all entangling alliances to battle for the common good. The machinery of the republican party is in the hands of such men as Penrose, Guggenheim, Ballinger, Crane, etc., whose sole ambition is to serve the special interests which have placed them in power.

The democratic party is no better off with the Murphys and Sullivans in New York, the Taggarts in Indiana, Guffey in Pennsylvania. The trusts and all other interests they prey on the public use these so-called leaders to get through the democratic party what they fail to accomplish by aid of the republican party. Both ends are played against the middle and the people of this country always foot the bill.

Against these things we, the progressive, independent citizens of Grant county voice our earnest protest and ask all citizens, no matter what their past party affiliation may have been, to join us in this honorable warfare for the good of mankind. Here and now, in mass convention assembled, we dedicate our efforts to the maintenance and perpetuation of these principles of social and industrial justice and equality of opportunity upon which the republic was founded, and which must endure and be transmitted into a rule of political conduct if the nation is to survive.

All citizens who believe with Lincoln and are in sympathy with this movement to redeem the people's government from the hands of vested privilege and predatory wealth are cordially invited to enlist under the banner of the progressive party in the battle that shall not end until victory crowns our banners.

"We fight in honorable fashion for the good of mankind; fearless of the future, unheeding of our individual fates, with unflinching hearts and undimmed eyes, we stand at Armageddon, and we battle for the Lord."

"Freedom's battle once begun, Bequeathed by bleeding sire and son, Tho' baffled off, is ever won."

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS TO BE HANGED BECAUSE THEY WERE IN MUTINY.

Two Hundred and Twenty-eight Were Mixed Up in Rebellion Against Their Officers and Fifteen of Them Will Die.

Taskent, Asiatic Russia, Aug. 22.—Two hundred and twenty-eight Russian non-commissioned officers and soldiers were tried by court martial in the Sappers camp here today on the charge of mutiny. Fifteen of them were sentenced to be hanged, seven acquitted and 206 sent to jail for varying terms.

WHY I AM A BULL MOOSE  
BY ONE OF THE BULLIEST OF THEM

The plain fact is—and it sums up the whole matter—the plain fact is that neither the republican nor the democratic party can be trusted! And the great American people have suddenly waked up to the fact!

And that is why the national progressive party is now in the field! The republican platform is excellent. Oh, most excellent! The democratic platform is equally excellent, if not more so. But which of these great historic parties can be trusted to carry their platforms into effect and do all these excellent things after they get into office? Neither of them, and you all know it just as well as I do.

Here, in fact, is the whole situation in a nutshell.

The republican party, as now constituted, with the progressives leaving it in droves and bolted—the Grand Old Party is today an out-and-out reactionary party.

The democratic party, as now constituted, is the grandest satire of radicals and reactionaries the world has ever seen, with a radical candidate, a radical platform and a flock of reactionary interests patiently waiting until after the election to get in their fine work at Washington!

The national progressive party is the only out-and-out, true blue, dependable radical party in the field, and its candidate for president could not be elected official s-s-watter to the Wall street stock exchange! (They know him, you see.)

So here are the three parties. Which will you, the American people, choose? Do you want a completely radical party, a half-and-half affair or the reactionary ruins of what was once a real elephant?

If you want progress, with a capital P, why dilly with Taft, Penrose, Crane, Aldrich, Cannon, and so on?

If you want progress, why waste time on Wilson, Murphy, Taggart, Sullivan et al.? Did the reactionaries in the democratic party—the Ryan and Belmont clique—did they take Wilson because they wanted him? Not a bit of it. They didn't want him. They wanted Harmon first; when they couldn't name him they turned to Underwood, and then to Clark, and it was only as a last resort that they took Wilson. But why did they take him at all? Because they were determined to beat Roosevelt at all hazards, and they knew Taft couldn't do it, and they thought Wilson might stand some chance. That's why Wilson is the Democratic nominee today.

And why were the republican reactionaries at Chicago and the democratic reactionaries at Baltimore so overwhelmingly anxious to beat Roosevelt? Because the reactionaries in both parties know that Theodore Roosevelt is the head and front of the progressive movement in this country; that he can't be intimidated by the interests; and that he is in close touch with and faithful to the common people; and that the new party, of which he is the head and front, will carry forward the banner of progress, and will keep faith with us Americans, and will do what it promises to do!

EXPRESS COMPANIES MUST FACE TRIAL.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 24.—The Adams and American Express companies, indicted for violations of the interstate commerce act, must face trial.

There is no escape through pleadings that they are not corporations or companies within the meaning of the law. That in effect, was the decision of Federal Judge Hazel at Buffalo in an opinion today in the case begun by the interstate commerce commission against the two companies allegation of overcharge and granting unlawful concessions.

Very recently Judge Hollister in the United States district court at Cincinnati, ordered a similar indictment against the Adams company quashed, because he held, the company being merely a stock association, and not a corporation, could not be indicted.

A vast amount of ill health is due to impaired digestion. When the stomach fails to perform its functions properly the whole system becomes deranged. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets is all you need. They will strengthen your digestion, invigorate your liver, and regulate your bowels, entirely doing away with that miserable feeling due to faulty digestion. Try it. Many others have been permanently cured—why not you? For sale by all dealers.

CHINESE TROOPS TO VACATE TIBET.

Simla,



## Wayside Jottings.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1912.  
OVER-HEATED.

The little girl of Mr. Ingram became over-heated while on her way to Nara Vista, from their place about two miles out. Mr. Cisco on coming to town from his house found her lying on the roads and got a rig and brought her to town where she soon recovered—Nara Vista New Mexican.

### LOOKING FINE NOW.

Wednesday's rain has, undoubtedly, placed us in such condition that all growing crops will grow mature. The grass will now replenish our pastures and the cows will pour their golden stream into the pockets of the wise farmer. While everything is so favorable let me beseech our home-builders to not forget that order for trees this fall. Begin right now to get your ground in condition for them. Not a few planted trees last spring and they have made an unusually good growth, so let us keep the good work going.—La Lande Leader.

### PAINFUL ACCIDENT.

Albert Kroenig, son of A. A. Kroenig, of Optimo, met with a painful accident while hunting in the mountains Monday. It appears that he stepped on some cactus, which caused some pain and he requested his cousin to hold his gun, a 44 Winchester. The cousin in an endeavor to assist in removing the cactus thorns slipped and caused the gun to go off, shooting Albert in the abdomen. He is now in the hospital at Las Vegas and the last report received was that he would recover.—Wagon Mound Pantograph.

### ABOUT THE BURRO.

The burro is strictly a Mexico product, and he has to be dealt with in many diverse ways, as is demonstrated in the method Jim Hines uses to prevent them assuming the right of eminent domain. A piece of wire is made very, very sharp. The thick and seemingly impenetrable hide of said burro is yanked up from his back; the wire is thrust through and a tin can tied thereto and thereby. The can, though ornamental, loses all of its efficiency in preventing his crawling through wire fences, a favorite diversion of his. The can is useful also, as a roost for owls and to catch rainwater.—Havener Gazette.

### KEPT EXPLAINING.

When McSmith, the popular brakeman on the E. P. & S. W., got back last Sunday evening from a short hunting trip at Red Lake he concluded to give his rusty shot gun a good cleaning up. Some way in the operation the hammers were raised and both barrels were discharged, the shot flying through the side of the house and making a noise like one of Orozco's red flagger snails holding up the Madero army. In fact some of the neighbors got the idea that the Mexicans had crossed the line and were bombarding that section of the village. It kept Mack pretty busy explaining the occurrence for an hour or so. Fortunately no one was hurt and little damage was done, but Mack says the next time he'll draw the shells before cleaning his gun.—Carrizozo News.

### HURT THE MELONS.

Monday afternoon the farmers enjoyed one of the best rains that has fallen in this vicinity in some time. A heavy hail storm prevailed for a short while on the irrigated farms west of town and demolished most of the cantaloupe and watermelon crops on the places belonging to Messrs. Pittman and Kilman. Other farmers in that neighborhood will loose part of their crops on account of the hail. Most of the melon vines were stripped of leaves altogether, and the melons are pretty badly bruised up by the particles of ice. It is very seldom that hail is heavy enough in this country to materially damage crops and it is time and damaged the earliest crops. To be regretted that it came at this time. However, the rain fall has been pretty general this year and where the hail has hurt a few crops it has benefited others to a greater extent than the hail did damage.—Portales Herald.

### GREAT WHEAT IN CURRY.

"There is going to be more wheat sowed this year than ever known in the history of New Mexico," remarked a prominent farmer of Curry county this week with the information that in his section of the country wheat had proved a great success and pointing to the fact that Cyclone Jones has made twenty-three and one-half bushels per acre, all as evidence that the crop is a sure one if properly planted and ground properly cared for.

At prevailing prices, wheat is certainly a splendid money crop and there is little chance for any great decrease in price for another two years at least.

A conservative estimate is placed at 3,000 acres for Curry county the coming year, which if true, is no great thing in wheat, but is a start that will test out the proposition to the satisfaction of all. The majority of people living in the country are of the belief that this is a small grain country and they certainly have sufficient conditions coming about that will give it a complete tryout.—Clovis Journal.

### ABOUT THE ELEPHANT BUTTE.

Engineer W. M. Reed of the reclamation service was here Thursday. He says that work on the big dam on the Elephant Butte dam is progressing at the rate of thirty cubic yards of rock and earth excavated per day. At this rate it is expected that the dam will be completed and the whole river diverted through it by October 1. With the completion of the dam just 5 per cent of the work on the Elephant Butte dam will have been completed. As soon as the dam is in operation and the water has been diverted, work will begin on the main part of the dam. Machinery of various kinds has been arriving and everything will be ready

for the beginning of work on the dam proper. Excellent views of the dam have recently been obtained by a moving picture company. The moving picture man got very good views from all points where he could stand the machine on the solid ground but when he and his machine were given a ride across one of the steel cable ways, which are more than 200 feet above the ground, the height and the swaying motion of the "boat" combined to make the "movie" man forget to turn the crank.—Las Cruces Citizen.

### SAD ACCIDENT.

There was a sad accident in the upper Antena last Saturday afternoon that resulted in the instant death of Marvin Dunagan, the third son of S. R. Dunagan. There was a picnic at the Eades place at which there were most of the young people of the valley. There were a number of horse races, the last of which was between Marvin and Fred Arnold, a boy of about the same age as Marvin. Marvin beat the other boy to the mark, and just as he passed the mark his horse turned to the right, directly in front of the other horse. Arnold could not turn, and his horse struck Marvin's horse while it was in the air, knocking him down, with Marvin underneath. The Arnold horse did not fall, but jumped over the other horse. The pommel of the saddle struck Marvin in the neck, breaking it, and the cattle crushed in his chest. He was dead instantly, never so much as a tremble. The horse had tender mouth and swerved as Marvin was trying to keep him from running into the people who had gathered on the track. Mr. and Mrs. Dunagan were in Douglas, where they had gone with a younger son who had broken his leg, and Mrs. Dunagan was sick in the hospital. The funeral was held Sunday, and was largely attended.—Lordsburg Liberal.

### PULLED BY THE MUZZLE.

Royal Nixon, son of S. F. Nixon, near Potrillo shot himself in the right arm last Friday by pulling a gun by the muzzle. We understand that he had climbed up on a rock and had reached down and caught the gun by the muzzle and was pulling it up when the gun in some way was fired and the load of shot tore the flesh off his arm.

S. F. Nixon was in Cuervo when he received a phone message that his son had shot himself. He soon found Dr. Stone and started for home. Next day Dr. Woodburn was called out to see the boy, and on Sunday the two doctors amputated the arm. The last account we had about his condition he was getting along very well.

He was about seventeen years old. Boys should remember that the shooting was the result of pulling the gun by the muzzle. Royal Nixon is not the first boy we have published an account of shooting himself by pulling a gun by the muzzle and as long as boys continue to pull guns around by the muzzle other boys will have the same fate that Royal Nixon has had. It is sure a great pity for the boy to lose his arm. It was his right arm and he will never have the pleasure of joining right hands with his best girl. He cannot even tie his own shoestrings any more like he used to do and if he lives he will be forced to try to make a living some other way besides manual labor.—Cuervo Clipper.

### FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1912.

#### HORSE STEALERS OUT.

E. J. Bates, living thirty miles north, reported Wednesday to the sheriff's office here that on Sunday night there had been stolen from his place four head of mules, three mares and two mule colts. No trace of the missing stock had been found up to last night, and a reward of \$100 has been offered for any clue that will lead to the recovery of the stock.—Roswell News.

#### PEACH \*HIPMENT.

Shipments of peaches from the Carlsbad district have gone forward daily for over a month, by the daily local freight when possible, and by special train when the local could not be utilized, as on Saturday last, when the Santa Fe took a car of peaches to Roswell as "special."

Now that the cantaloupe season has opened, the Santa Fe will run a "fruit special" daily, beginning at Carlsbad and picking up cars as far north as Roswell.—Carlsbad Argus.

#### BROKE HIS LEG.

A wheelman awning in front of the Dexter Drug company's store, fell yesterday morning, catching Earl Wheeler beneath it. The boy, who is the twelve year old son of Rev. and Mrs. Wheeler, was taken out from beneath the awning with a broken leg. The injured limb was set by Dr. Walker and Moore of this city, and Dr. Beeson, of Roswell, who happened to be nearby when the accident happened. The boy was getting along nicely at last report.—Roswell News.

#### TOO MUCH MARRIED.

D. E. Bruce, a deputy sheriff from Leedy, Oklahoma, was in the city Monday of this week trying to locate two men and a woman who had escaped from there where the older man was wanted for bigamy as he had several wives in Oklahoma and was not divorced from any of them. The young lady was only eighteen years old and was rather pretty. He had word of them at Pueblo and he left here on the five o'clock train.—Clayton Citizen.

#### MAY HAVE RAILROAD.

The sale of the Pueblo Bonita property, formerly owned by Richard Wetherill, purchased after his death by Senator Miera, who sold it a few days ago to Frank McGee, of Leavenworth, Kan., coal operator, has again aroused the railroad talk in the San Juan country and this section also. The preliminaries for a railroad to Los Angeles by connecting with the Santa Fe near Gallup are progressing rapidly and that means like Jim Smith and Judge Bayne, for

that we are to enjoy a connection with what will soon be the principal and largest shipping point on the west coast of America.—Gallup Independent.

#### MAY HAVE BROOM FACTORY.

G. L. Schenck was a business caller at Grady Monday and informed us that he would commence pulling his broom corn Tuesday, so we know by this time that G. L. is busy as can be, in the harvest of the best crop he has ever raised, so he says. He intends curing his broom corn in sheds, thereby assuring the highest market price for his product. He is talking some of installing a broom factory in order that all may receive the highest market prices for their corn, and should he decide to make this movement, we are satisfied the broom corn farmers will be with him, and help make the improvement a success in every way.—Grady Record.

#### WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH DEMING?

"What is it that makes the Deming country so much better than any other part of the world," remarked an eastern gentleman to W. S. Clark, who recently returned from an extended trip to the Atlantic coast, and of course it was up to W. S. to "deliver the goods," which he proceeded to do in his usual proper manner. The same or similar questions have been asked other residents of Deming or Luna county, or people who have recently been here, in every section of the country, and to go outside of the U. S. the Graphic has received inquiries from Italy and Germany and the secretary of the chamber of commerce refers to an inquiry he has just received from France, in his column this week.

Guess Deming is on the map, sure enough.—Deming Graphic.

#### PLEASED WITH IT.

Photographer D. C. White, of the Durango Democrat staff, made a collection of 54 views and photographs of ranch and town property and developments in this county last week, all of which will be used to accompany the report and statistics which Mr. Reagan and others are compiling to send to the Los Angeles chamber of commerce. From a report of this trip to this section we clip the following comment:

"Mr. White was enthused over the coming prosperity of San Juan county. He found the residents united in the attempt to get the southern out. In relating of what condition he found the fruit crop words failed him. He found the orchards loaded down with fruit almost beyond estimation and predicted prosperity in that section this fall. The fruit crop will be the largest in the history of the southwest and satisfaction and joy ruled in every household."—Farmington Enterprise.

#### GOING TO THE FAIR?

Do not forget the dates. It will be the biggest and best district fair in New Mexico.

Fair committees are busily engaged in soliciting contributions and making all necessary arrangements to make it a complete success.

A general mass meeting will be called by the president with the purpose to interest all of the farmers of the Roy mesa asking their earnest cooperation in making proper preparations to make this a real exhibit of crops that can be grown in this dry farming district so that we can demonstrate to the world that good crops can be grown if proper methods are used.

The farmers will be asked to lend their assistance in every way possible; the bringing in of good exhibition; and to help to make this fair grander and better than the last one.—Roy Spanish American.

#### ANOTHER ONE.

Last week mention was made of the new Artesian well drilled by Taylor Ross for B. F. St. John on Sunny Slope, one and a half miles west of town, which at that time had a flow of one and one-half inches over an eight inch casing. Saturday, the day following our announcement, another and a stronger flow was struck, and it is now estimated that the well is flowing nearly or quite eight hundred gallons per minute. The well is a splendid one, and being secured at an unprecedented dry time, insures a permanent and increasing flow under favorable conditions.

The securing of this splendid well means much to every property owner in this part of the valley, as it proves conclusively that there is no decrease in the water supply, and hence it inspires confidence for further development.—Lakewood Progress.

#### DROWNING ACCIDENT.

James C. Davis, aged 45 years, minister, attorney and poet, was drowned yesterday afternoon in the Clark lake, a small body of water about six miles north of Artesia. Up to a late hour last night the body had not been recovered.

Mr. Davis had gone to the lake on a fishing trip, accompanied by Dr. P. M. Baker, also of Artesia. After they had fished awhile, Dr. Baker left Mr. Davis on shore, stating he was going to a neighboring house for a few minutes. While he was gone, Mr. Davis went in swimming, and it is believed got into deep water, being unable to again secure a foothold.

Dr. Baker had been gone only a few minutes when cries for help were heard from the lake. Dr. Baker rushed to the assistance of the drowning man, but just as he came in view, Mr. Davis struggled his last and sank.

A rescue party was immediately formed, but efforts to locate the body proved fruitless, the body having sunk in twenty feet of water. The Artesia authorities were notified and in a short time a large crowd had gathered on the shore of the lake. Again and again efforts to locate the body were made, but proved unavailing.—Roswell News.

#### NEW ATHLETIC CLUB.

On Tuesday evening last 47 young men of Raton met over The Range of

instance, nevertheless there was a deep interest manifested in the proceedings of the evening. It was quite evident that the promoters of the proposition had struck a responsive chord in almost every manly bosom, for the boys just like hungry trout after a month's vacation in muddy waters. Mr. John Majors was unanimously chosen president, as were R. C. Alford and F. E. VanDusen vice-president and secretary-treasurer, respectively. A committee was appointed to solicit equipment. At the meeting this evening the club will vote upon the applications of 30 more enthusiasts. That its membership will increase to 100 in the next few weeks, is the confident expectation of its president and members, who are here reminded of the important meeting at quarters this evening.—Raton Range.

#### SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1912.

##### PREMIUM MELONS.

Wash Williams arrived in the city last March and secured forty acres of irrigated land on which he has been farming this year. This farm is located about three and one-half miles from town and has the premium cantaloupes of the valley. He made the first shipment of the season on Monday of this week. Tuesday and Wednesday he made shipments also. The melons were sold to the Harvey house at Clovis and Amarillo.—Portales Herald.

##### FOR BETTER STREETS.

Work continues on the streets, and although the rains during the past two weeks done a little damage, all has been put in good shape again. The work is being done properly and will stand, as shown by the test and during the past rain storms. All citizens should help out in this work and receive a receipt for their road tax required by our law. Let none shrink in this duty; it is a duty of you as a good citizen and good roads always improve the country and attract attention of the visitors.—Wagon Mound Pantograph.

##### SNAKES OUT.

Last Friday was a good day for snakes out near the mountains according to J. L. Mayo, who gives the information. On that day Joseph D. Aguilar killed a rattler on Mr. Mayo's place that was five and a half feet long, at least four inches through and the proud possessor of sixteen rattles. Will Simpson also killed one near the same place that had twelve rattles. B. J. Lynn one with ten rattles, and Ed Sims one while going home last Friday that had ten.

It seems to have been an extraordinary good day for snakes and a record breaker for snake killing in that particular neighborhood.—Vaughn Reporter.

##### THEY PROTEST.

Estancia citizens are somewhat worked up and well they might be over the reduction in taxes allowed the New Mexico Fuel & Iron company. The following resolution was adopted at a meeting held last Saturday:

"Be it resolved by this meeting of citizens and taxpayers of Torrance county, that we are unalterably opposed to a reduction or scaling down of delinquent taxes of the New Mexico Fuel & Iron company, or any other company, corporation or individual, and we shall use all means in our power to prevent such reduction."

A committee of representative taxpayers was appointed to wait on the county commissioners and impress upon them the determination of the citizens to fight any contemplated reduction of delinquent taxes.—Mortuary Messenger.

##### THEY GROW SOME.

Such a profusion of succulent vegetables, melons and green crops as there is in the Mesilla valley cannot be exceeded anywhere. The writer has castor beans 15 feet high, and combs 10 to 12 feet in height, young trees that have made two years ordinary growth in the season from April to August 15th, with three growing months to come. Privet hedge that has grown three foot stalks since being set out last spring. All this with six irrigations one week apart, since when none has been necessary on account of the rain.

No soil on earth can do more under regular watering than the soil in this valley, and no man should be ever accused of asking too much for this land for it is seldom true when the real worth of it is considered. Let us hear from our farmers what their crops are and how prolific.—Las Cruces Republican.

##### SOME PEAR.

One of the largest Bartlett pears ever grown in the valley or elsewhere is claiming attention at the Carrington orchard this week. The monster pear measures some 11 1/2 inches in circumference, and weighed a pound and a half. Four pears picked this week aggregate four pounds, which is thought a record for this early in the season.

The Carrington place was formerly known as the Parker Earle place, just at the eastern edge of the city. The fact that this is the first year Mr. Carrington has had control of the place shows his adaptability to the growing of fine fruits, and he claims that no small amount of his success is due to systematic spraying and liberal use of orchard heaters, not alone to keep the frost from doing damage, but to maintain a high normal temperature in the orchard.

A large force is employed at the orchard these days, getting the pears picked and packed for eastern markets, shipments being made in cars with apples and peaches.—Roswell Record.

##### THAT PUMPKIN PIE.

The Santa Fe New Mexican was kind enough to make a complimentary mention of our Pumpkin Pie and Squash day. They made a little mistake in the date though, which should have been September 25. You see, as each day goes by that pie grows bigger and how our mouth does water for some of that old fashioned New England pumpkin pie. We want to urge on our Santa Fe friends that if they want to spend a day that they will always look back to as the best day in their lives, they will come over and eat pumpkin pie.

Some of our good friends of Raton say that we don't know how to eat pumpkin pie and they are going to come down and show us. Well, we are willing to be "showed" and we will be right there doing our share too.

As the time gets nearer for the big event we would impress it on your minds to not overlook the date. Better mark your calendar. The committee on arrangements have promised us a big day and as we know what they can do, we know that our visitors will not go home after the day is over one bit disappointed.—Maxwell Mail.

##### IT LOOKS GOOD.

Interest in local mining circles received a good bit of a jolt this week on the return to Carrizozo of Messrs. Richardson and Callahan, the Canadian mine owners and capitalists who were here some time since looking over the Franklin properties near Jicarilla. A representative of the News in a brief talk with the gentlemen this week learned that they were to spend a week or more here—"looking over the country and enjoying the splendid climate and scenery," as Mr. Richardson put it. "Yes," added Mr. Callahan, "we are certainly interested and we would not be here. We know nothing definitely yet that we care to give out for publication. We hope to find something that will be of interest to our people, and that is about all I can say about that at the present time."

"In a general way it strikes me that New Mexico mining conditions are a good deal in the same condition as were Canadian and northwestern mining matters before the transition period. Too many men were trying to get something out of five-dollar mineral that cost ten dollars for treatment. It simply cannot be done. Our people are not in the least interested in that sort of propositions."

"It is my opinion that there is a substantial foundation for mining in your district, and that a new era of development of your mining interests is about to dawn. The old records of production and rumors, however, are not a safe basis for investment."—Carrizozo News.

##### MONDAY, AUGUST 26, 1912.

##### APPLES FINE.

Apples are said to be almost entirely free from worms this year. This is the result of applied determination and concerted action on the part of the fruit growers of the country. Relentless war has been waged upon the coddling moth, which goes to prove that by united action things can be done.—Farmington Enterprise.

##### THAT NEW BANK.

The new bank will soon be doing business. The building is nearly completed, the vault and safety deposit boxes in position and the finishing work is progressing as fast as the workmen can do it. Magdalena will soon be in possession of two first-class banking institutions which speak volumes for the prosperous condition of this community.—Magdalena News.

##### UNERRING INSTINCT.

A band of Indians led by a venerable chief camped on the mesa for some days gathering herbs. About a half a century ago the old man crossed the valley at the Gap and remembered this particular medicinal herb growing over a very limited area on the slope of the Tres Hermanas. With the instinct of his race he led the band to the identical spot where they gathered the treasure and moved on.—Columbus Courier.

##### A CLOSE CALL.

The east-bound passenger, No. 115, was delayed here several hours Monday morning on the account of the sudden break of a heavy cross bar holding up the tender. The engineer happened to notice it at once and shut down sliding the engine for several rods. The break was of such a nature that had the train gone on much farther at the speed it was then making it might have caused a very serious wreck indeed.—La Lande Leader.

##### RED RIVER LOOKS UP.

Carroll R. Dwire, the popular proprietor of the Tios livery and feed stable, made a trip to Red River and Elizabethtown last week. He reports the Red River section going along at a rapid rate toward prosperity, a number of the mines being developed by their owners and good ore being extracted; also that the Pratt mill had an accident, part of it caving in on account of defective timbers, but that the owners were bending every energy to repair it, and it was only a matter of a few days before it would be running full blast.—Taos Recorder.

##### BEGUN TO SHIP.

Frank Hamm, Sr., was a guest in Questa Tuesday, arriving from the north. Mr. Hamm has all arrangements made to commence shipping ore from the Hamm Mining and Manufacturing company's property on the Honda via Questa to Jarvis. This ore has been going via Servietta at a cost of \$8 per ton for the wagon haul. The saving made via Questa justifies the change. This is good news, as Questa will be the division point both coming and going. Mr. Hamm left for the mines Wednesday. We were shown the latest assay returns and they run well, enough to cause considerable surprise.—Questa Gazette.

##### GOOD NEWS FOR DEMING.

It is stated on good authority that an offer of \$1,300,000, made by the Phelps-Dodge people for the Chemung mines at Tyrone, in the Burro mountains, has been accepted and the final papers transferring the property were made at a meeting held in Pittsburgh the 15th of this month. It is said, the Phelps-Dodge people will at once begin mining operations at both Tyrone and Leonard, and to facilitate transportation of ore will construct a railroad from Tyrone to Deming, there to connect with the El Paso and Southwestern, which is owned by the Phelps-Dodge syndicate.—Deming Graphic.

##### CARELESS SHOOTING.

While playing in the back yard of the Wells residence yesterday afternoon about four o'clock, Jas. Wells, Jr., accidentally shot and painfully wounded Elliott Wigglesworth, son of Dr. Wigglesworth of Ft. Defiance. Some of the older boys had been out hunting with a 22 calibre rifle and upon their return left it laying where the smaller boys could get it. The ball entered the body to the right of

the stomach in front, and coming out at the back. It is not known yet just how seriously he was wounded, but it is not thought that the wound will prove fatal. A telephone message was sent to Dr. Wigglesworth immediately after the accident and he is now in Gallup attending to his son.—McKinley County Republican.

##### CARELESS WORK.

The ore shipping business as practiced here is a queer proposition. The ore is in the ground, many feet from the surface. The owner has it broken loose by dynamite, loaded into a car, taken to the surface, dumped on the ore pile, loaded into a wagon, hauled to the railroad, unloaded from the wagon, loaded on a car, shipped to the smelter, where it is handled several times, and makes money at it. However, if a chunk of the ore falls off the wagon, while on the road, or on the approach to the platform is allowed to stay, and becomes of no value at all, it only serves as a bump in the road for passing vehicles to go over. To an ordinary man it would seem that it was worth as much work in the first place to get it on a wagon, it was surely worth the price it would cost to pick it up, but the miner is not an ordinary man, for he figures differently.—Lordsburg Liberal.

##### EARTHQUAKE HITS GALLUP.

Sunday afternoon shortly after two o'clock a distinct earthquake shock was felt in three successive waves at intervals of about one and two seconds, each shock lasting about two seconds. The first wave of the disturbance was severe enough to give the building of a less firm foundation a decided lurch, rattling doors and windows quite severely. This was immediately followed by a more severe shock which caused considerable alarm, shaking ornaments from their position on shelves and throwing other light things that had been placed about carelessly. A third shock less severe than the second followed. Many of the second floor occupants of the two story buildings became frightened and rushed to the streets. The occupants of adobe and brick buildings were hardly aware that any unusual disturbance had occurred. The disturbance wave seemed to be traveling in a southwest, northeast to east direction. The shock was also distinctly felt at Holbrook and Winslow.

##### LISTEN TO DEMING.

If the most skeptical outsider, who reads these farm stories from week to week, could take a run out to our Little Vineyard tract today, he would be an owner of a 5 or 10 acre tract in less than 24 hours.

Here, crowded on ten acres, is as much produce as a back east farmer would put on 40 acres. Why? Because this is an intensive farming proposition. You don't wait for winter, your crops are never at a standstill because of drought, one of our big wells will produce one and one-half million gallons in 24 hours, and we have three of them, doesn't look much like failure, does it?

Some of these small farms are never planted to fruit and nothing ever looked more promising. Acres upon acres of fine crops—maize, oats, alfalfa, kaffir corn are growing beyond belief. And why not—perfect climatic conditions, rich alluvial soil, pure water and plenty of it, are bound to produce wonderful results.

Very soon the last small farm in the Little Vineyards tract will be sold and then you'll wish that you had made your investigations earlier. Our tract of land is only a mile from town, giving your children the advantage of Deming's schools (the very best in the state).—Deming Graphic.

##### AFTER JACKIES.

"There are too many Jack rabbits," is the way Ed Homan, one of the oldest residents of the county put it and accordingly, he starts a Rabbit club with the subscription list as given below and the Jack rabbits are beginning to get scarce.

The plan is that every man, woman or child who desires to enter the contest pay a fee of \$2.00 and the one who kills the greatest number of rabbits from this date until September 20th is to get one half of the amount subscribed for the first prize, the remaining half to be divided into three prizes proportionately.

There is still plenty of room for contestants and all those who feel lucky with a gun are requested to pay the entrance fee of \$2.00 to Mr. A. W. Skarda, at the First National bank and go to shooting. There are no regulations as to what gun you shoot, the idea is to get the ears and bring them in at the end of the contest to the Chamber of Commerce and get your money; providing you are the winner.

## Motherhood

The highest point of woman's happiness is reached only through motherhood, in the clasping of her child within her arms. Yet the mother-to-be is often fearful of nature's ordeal and shirks from the suffering incident to its consummation. But for nature's ills and discomforts nature provides remedies, and in Mother's Friend is to be found a medicine of great value to every expectant mother. It is an emulsion for external application, composed of ingredients which act with beneficial and soothing effect on those portions of the system involved. It is intended to prepare the system for the crisis, and thus relieve, in great part, the suffering through which the mother usually passes. The regular use of Mother's Friend will repay any mother in the comfort it affords before, and the helpful restoration to health and strength it brings about after baby comes. Mother's Friend is for sale at drug stores. Write for our free book for expectant mothers which contains much valuable information, and many suggestions of a helpful nature.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The contest is a free for all and a fair proposition and no one is barred, no matter how good a shot you are. Also, the contest will be the means of ridding part of Curry county of a good share of a pest that has been giving the farmers a great amount of trouble and we trust that the "shooters" will make the jackies hard to find.—Clovis Journal.

##### MAKE GREAT MUMMIES.

If all the New Mexico towns that have succumbed by the non-advertising route are to be excavated as buried cities, a thousand years from now the Smithsonian Institute will have to be enlarged. What handsome mummies some fellows we know will make if they have not peremptorily dried up and been blown away before the earth covers over them.—Rio Grande Republican.

##### DIED DEFENDING.

"Eph" the pet dog of Mrs. Philip Kelley met an untimely death sometime last Tuesday night. Wednesday morning he was found dead near the chicken house in the back yard of the Kelley residence. It is evident that some prowler intended raiding the chicken house and that "Eph" met his death while defending the place. His death was evidently due to having been hit on the head by a stone thrown by the would-be chicken thief.—Hillsboro Advocate.

##### BRAKE GAVE WAY.