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New Mexican Printing Co.

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THE NEW MEXICAN REVIEW.

FORTY-EIGHTH YEAR

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1912

NO. 52

JOHN JOERNS EXONERATED

His Resignation Accepted and Howell Ernest Is Named as Successor

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

New Mexico's Executive Also Announces Several Other Appointments.

Governor W. C. McDonald this afternoon appointed a state board of education as follows:

F. H. H. Roberts of East Las Vegas, president of the Normal University.

C. M. Light of Silver City, president of the New Mexico Normal School.

Bonifacio Montoya of Berna-lillo.

Rev. C. C. Hill of Roswell.

M. D. Taylor, of Aztec.

The ex-officio members are Governor McDonald and Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White.

Governor McDonald also announced the following other appointments: J. D. W. Veeder of Las Vegas, to be a member of the board of regents of the Normal University vice F. H. Pierce, deceased.

Rosalio Lopez of Tularosa, to be a member of the board of trustees of the New Mexico Blind Asylum at Alamogordo, vice C. Meyer, resigned.

Joerns Is Exonerated.

In an agreement reached late this afternoon between Governor W. C. McDonald and Traveling Auditor John Joerns, the former exonerated the latter from all the charges which were preferred some days ago against Mr. Joerns. The compromise does not come as a surprise. There was no question of pressing the charges from the first if an amicable agreement could be reached and the two sides of conferences between the two officials was consumed in talking terms rather than in belligerent argument. Renehan & Wright, local attorneys, represented Mr. Joerns.

How well the traveling auditor and bank examiner has fulfilled his trust and under what difficulties is well set forth in the letter of the governor accepting his resignation. The letter follows:

Dear Sir:—

I am in receipt of the answer to the charges filed in the governor's office, as also your letter tendering your resignation as traveling auditor.

In accepting your resignation I desire to assure you that in the filing of the charges I had nothing personally against you. Your answer is satisfactory to me and is accepted as a reasonable explanation of the matter complained of so far as you are concerned. I am satisfied that there is too much work for the traveling auditor with only one assistant.

Your resignation is accepted to take effect March 2, 1912.

Very truly yours,
W. C. McDONALD, Governor.

Ernest Is Joerns' Successor.

As announced in the New Mexican some weeks ago, Howell Ernest of Clayton, Union county, a brother of Mrs. R. P. Ervlen of this city, has been selected to succeed Mr. Joerns and the appointment has been formally made. Mr. Ernest will take charge of the office on Saturday and will at once appoint an assistant.

Arrest by Mounted Police.

Ramon Lucero was arrested recently at Esquibosa by Mounted Policemen Rafael Gomez of Santa Fe and charged with horse theft. Lucero was bound over to the grand jury.

Normal School Regents Appointed.

Van T. Manville, of Grant county, and Jackson Arce, of Grant county, vice W. B. Walton, resigned, were this morning appointed regents for the New Mexico Normal school at Silver City by Governor W. C. McDonald.

Arthur Seligman Files Oath.

Mayor Arthur Seligman yesterday filed his oath as a member of the National Resources Commission with Antonio Lucero, secretary of state. The other members are National Committee Solomon Luna and Attorney W. Fleming Jones.

The following were named by Governor W. C. McDonald this morning as delegates to the National Child Welfare Conference which will be held under the auspices of the National Congress of Mothers in St. Louis, Mo., beginning March 20: Mrs. R. F. Asplund, Santa Fe; Mrs. N. B. Laughlin, Santa Fe; Mrs. J. H. Hicks, Santa Rosa; Mrs. W. S. Prager, Roswell; Mrs. R. P. Donohoo, Tucuman.

The Mesquero sands road in Chaves county will likely be started in the next three weeks; soon as J. W. Lewis, the Carlsbad assistant engineer can get to Roswell to supervise or the state good roads commission can go another man there. The money is now on deposit in the banks at Roswell. The state has deposited \$1,500 and Chaves county the same amount. Both will put up an equal amount from time to time. It is likely the road will be built by force account.

Incorporation.

The Capital Ice and Storage Com-

DISTRICT COURT IN SESSION

Grand Jury Is Empaneled and Judge Abbott Charges Law Enforcement

LARGE DOCKET THIS TERM

Liquor Violations, Guntoting, Gambling and Homicides Receive Attention.

The docket for the regular March term of the district court was called this morning by Judge E. C. Abbott at the county court house. The grand jury was impaneled yesterday and charged by Judge Abbott. It is not likely that indictments will be announced today as Judge Abbott is sitting on the supreme bench in a case in which Judge Parker is disqualified. The civil docket for this term is especially large. The criminal docket has its full quota of petty crimes, but none of a sensational nature.

Judge Abbott's Charge.

"The grand jury is also instructed that the sale of intoxicating liquors at any house or place without license as provided by law is a crime and must be inquired into and indictments returned in case of violations," was one of the significant charges made by District Judge E. C. Abbott yesterday to the grand jury.

Murders.

He continued: "You are instructed that in any case of murder in which indictments have not been heretofore returned by former grand juries, and in which such murders have been committed within ten years, that the grand jury has power and the court instructs you to inquire into any and all such cases."

Saloon Regulation.

The charge to the grand jury was concise, yet comprehensive to the point, and indicates that as far as it lies in the power of District Judge Abbott, the law will be enforced without fear or favor, without subterfuge or vindictiveness. The duties and rights of the grand jury were thoroughly explained from legal standpoint. Special emphasis was laid on the enforcement of the law forbidding the sale of intoxicants to persons who are under the influence of liquor, the sale of intoxicants, cigars and cigarettes to minors, the necessity of keeping posted in each saloon and shop selling tobacco in any form a copy of chapter 2, Laws of 1901 and section 1276 of the Compiled Laws. The charge as to the enforcement of the law forbidding the carrying of deadly weapons was made especially explicit.

Sabbath observance, gambling including the running of poker games and the duties of the district attorney to report all violations of the gambling laws to the grand jury, were also emphasized. Altogether, the charge was an admirable summing up of the law appertaining to the duties of the grand jury and as to such common transgressions of the law, which the grand jury should of its own volition and also at the district attorney's direction investigate thoroughly.

pany of Santa Fe yesterday afternoon filed papers of incorporation with the state corporation commission. The new concern expects to manufacture and sell ice. The company is capitalized at \$15,000 divided into the same number of shares. The subscribers to the capital stock, all of whom live in the city of Santa Fe, follow: C. J. Bacon, 180 shares; William Gregg, 100 shares; Ruth Bacon, 20 shares. C. J. Bacon is named statutory agent. A certificate of non-liability was filed.

Forest Reserve Earnings Are Distributed Among Counties.

In accordance with Chapter 119, Laws of 1909, referring to the distribution of the income from the United States forest reserves of New Mexico, O. N. Marron, state treasurer, has set aside the following amounts for the several counties, one-half to go to the general county school fund and one-half to the county road fund: Berna-lillo county, \$127.66; Chaves county, \$115.05; Colfax county, \$28.66; Eddy county, \$36.43; Grant county, \$5,927.27; Lincoln county, \$1,054.40; Mora county, \$264.42; McKinley county, \$291.02; Otero county, \$1,978.98; Rio Arriba county, \$5,325.62; Santa Fe county, \$427.95; Sandoval county, \$758.19; San Miguel county, \$1,112.94; Socorro county, \$10,370.89; Sierra county, \$1,703.32; Taos county, \$1,534.63; Torrance county, \$465.53; Valencia county, \$318.38.

Reception for McDonald Next Week.

The reception to be given Governor McDonald on March 4 in Las Cruces has been arranged by a committee of five, who were appointed to have charge of the preparations. The committee consists of Mayor Young, chairman, assisted by Hugh Clark, R. H. Sims, Morris Frendenthal, Numa Prenger and Henry Stoes. The work of the committee was divided along three lines. Clark, Frendenthal and Sims were delegated to raise the necessary funds for the reception, and in less than three hours \$150 was secured to pay the expenses of hall and music. Numa Prenger was delegated to arrange for a hall and Henry Stoes was given charge of the musical program. It is expected to give the governor a rousing reception as the first state executive and the demonstration will be independent of party lines or affiliations.

HARRY LEE FEDERAL CLERK

Wise and Popular Appointment Made by Judge W. H. Pope

RECEIVER FOR TULAROSA BANK

Governor McDonald Given Cordial Reception at Las Cruces.

Federal Judge William H. Pope today appointed Harry F. Lee of Albuquerque, clerk of the federal court. Mr. Lee was highly recommended for the place by members of the bar and citizens of the new state generally and is especially qualified by experience and temperament for the responsible position.

The new federal clerk is a son of the late Judge Lee who was on the New Mexico supreme bench for five years with headquarters at Albuquerque. The family came to New Mexico in 1876, moved to Las Vegas in 1880 and to Albuquerque in 1890. Mr. Lee has been clerk of the board of regents of the University of New Mexico the past ten or twelve years, and will resign that position immediately. He has also served that long as clerk of the Sheep Sanitary Board, a position he expects to relinquish after the legislative session. He was also clerk of Albuquerque for six years, and deputy district clerk for three years. Mr. Lee is married and after the legislative session expects to go to housekeeping in the capital.

Supreme Court.

The state supreme court will not meet today. The sessions tomorrow will be at the usual hour.

Treasurer's Receipts.

On account of taxes collected the state treasurer, O. N. Marron received \$222.64 yesterday from V. Jaramillo, treasurer of Rio Arriba county.

Davies Files Oath.

E. P. Davies, appointed assistant district attorney District Attorney Alexander Read, this morning filed his oath of office with the clerk of the court, Marcelino A. Ortiz.

Receiver for Tularosa Bank.

Jean Baird of Alamogordo has been appointed a receiver of the State Citizens' bank of Tularosa, which was closed some time ago by the state bank examiner.

H. G. Vaughn Gets One Year.

H. G. Vaughn was yesterday sentenced by Judge Abbott in the district court on his own plea to one year in the state penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$100 for passing worthless checks.

John Walker Appeals.

In the case of P. E. Gilbert versus the firm of John H. Walker and Son, in which Gilbert was given a judgment for \$83.10 for labor performed, by a city magistrate, an appeal was filed in the district court denying all allegations.

Filed Oaths.

Van T. Manville of Silver City, Grant county, and Rosalio Lopez, of Tularosa, Otero county, yesterday filed oaths with Secretary of State, Antonio Lucero. Mr. Manville is a member of the board of regents of the New Mexico State Normal School, and Mr. Lopez a trustee of the New Mexico Institute for the Blind.

Governor at Las Cruces.

Governor W. C. McDonald attended the meeting of the board of regents of the Agricultural College at Las Cruces Monday and was the guest at a luncheon given in his honor at Mesilla Park, and at a dinner given in the evening by Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Young. In the evening a reception was held at the armory. The train bearing the governor was over one hour late and was met by an enthusiastic gathering of the residents accompanied by the militia, to greet the first executive of the new state. Many automobiles were in the line of procession, and accompanied the governor to his stopping place, after which the governor and party proceeded to the college.

FATAL SHOOTING REPORTED FROM LORDSBURG.

Deputy Sheriff Meets Resistance From Juan Urez Who Drew a Knife.

Nick Hughes, constable at Lordsburg, passed through Deming yesterday en route to Silver City. Mr. Hughes gave an account of his shooting Juan Urez at the Superior mine a week ago. He said that the superintendent of the mine called him up over the phone and asked him to come out and arrest several men who were shooting up the camp. He successfully arrested three of the men, but the fourth drew a large knife and resisted arrest. Hughes then shot Urez in the breast and through the abdomen severing one of the intestines. It is likely that Urez will die.

JOHNNY KILBANE TO MEET ABE ATTELL.

San Francisco, March 6.—Johnny Kilbane, the new featherweight champion filling a vaudeville engagement here, announced last night his willingness to give his defeated rival, Abe Attell, an opportunity to regain the title, suggesting Labor Day as a convenient date. Meantime, he said, he intended to give himself a much needed rest.

STEEL TARIFF HEARING ENDED

Senate In Final Debate On British and French Arbitration Treaties

LEGAL MACHINE FOR CANAL

Strike Hearing Before Rules Committee Is Center of Interest.

Senate.

In session, 1:30 p. m.

Resumed final debate on the British and French arbitration treaties which may be voted on before adjournment.

Game preservation societies advocated federal protection of migratory game birds before forest reservations committee.

Finance Committee concluded its hearings on steel tariff revision bill.

House.

Met at noon.

With Mrs. Taft again present, Lawrence strike hearing was continued before the Rules Committee, with city officials testifying.

Governor Gilchrist of Florida at Everglades investigation, told committee he desired Representative Clark's position in controversy brought out.

Representative Kent protested against "fraud and misrepresentation" of liquor interests at hearing on bill prohibiting liquor shipment from wet into dry states.

Interstate Commerce Committee practically completed its bill providing legal machinery for Panama Canal and will vote on its report Thursday.

WIFE CHARGED WITH SHOOTING HER HUSBAND.

Police Believe That Motive Was Collection of \$25,000 Insurance.

Atlanta, Ga., March 6.—After spending the night in a police station, where she was held on the charge of shooting her husband yesterday, Mrs. Daisy Ulrich Oble Grace, was released today on \$7,500 bond. Her preliminary hearing was set for next Wednesday afternoon. Grace lies gravely wounded at St. Joseph's hospital, and is conscious only at intervals. He is 28 years old, she is 40.

The police are alleged to have discovered that Grace recently had his life insured for \$25,000, making his wife the beneficiary. Grace himself has charged his wife with the shooting. His mother stands by her daughter-in-law, and says she believes her son is "out of his head." Yesterday afternoon the police were called to a residence in the most exclusive home district of Atlanta. Arriving there were compelled to break down the door. They found Grace, a bullet in his side. He told a rambling story in which his wife figured. Mrs. Grace is said to have been the widow of a Philadelphia millionaire.

CURRY COUNTY FAMILY WAS BURIED IN SNOW.

J. W. Roe, who recently came to Melrose, Curry county, with his family from Oglesby, Texas, had a trying experience during the blizzard when drifting snow made him and his family prisoners in their dugout and kept them there while their young stock was covered up, unfed, in the stable. The storm raged all of one day and though he kept the doors closed, Roe found that the snow accumulated too rapidly for him. On one of his attempts to clear the doors he found that he could not open them and that he did not have tools with which to cut his way out. That was early in the afternoon. All that day, the following night, and well into the next day, he waited for some neighbor to discover his plight. When William Glenn, attracted by the neglected appearance of things at Roe's finally got him dug out, the two men dug out the young stock and found that all were safe but one young calf.

MAN FROZEN TO DEATH NEAR WAGON MOUND.

The body of a man whose identity has not been learned was found in Carrizo canyon near Wagon Mound, Mora county. The body was sitting upright in a wagon, to which the horses, both frozen to death, were still attached. It is believed that the man, a native freighter or farmer, was overtaken by the storm Saturday night and perished while attempting to find shelter. Late this afternoon a handcar was sent to the scene and will bring in the body.

Gratifying reports have been brought here by the ranchers concerning the condition of cattle and sheep. It has been estimated that the sheep loss is only about 6 per cent. Cattle losses will be about 20 per cent.

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ARBOR DAY PROCLAMATION

Friday to Be Devoted to Tree Planting and Garden Making

FORESTS OF INDIANS RESTORED

President Taft Issues Proclamations Which Affect New Mexico Areas.

Governor McDonald has issued the following proclamation:

Arbor Day Proclamation.

Whereas, Section 1625 of the Compiled Laws of New Mexico provides that the second Friday in March of each year shall be set apart and known as ARBOR DAY, and that day shall be a holiday in all the public schools of New Mexico; provided, that the actual planting of trees may be done on the day designated or at such other times to be designated by the County School Superintendent of the respective counties:

Now, therefore, I, WILLIAM C. McDONALD, Governor of the State of New Mexico, in pursuance of the law, and by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby designate and proclaim, Friday the 8th day of March, A. D. 1912, as

ARBOR DAY.

The said 8th day of March shall be observed as a holiday by all the public schools of the State of New Mexico.

The School Superintendents of the respective counties are hereby directed to give the proper notice of the particular day in such county when the people and school children shall actually plant trees.

The importance of tree planting must be apparent to all good citizens. The day can and should be made one of pleasure as a holiday, as well as profitable for this and coming generations.

Done at the Executive Office this the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1912. Witness my hand and the great seal of the State of New Mexico.

WILLIAM C. McDONALD.

By the Governor:

ANTONIO LUCERO,

Secretary of New Mexico.

Inspection Instructor Leaves.

Lieutenant A. W. Barrows, who spent three weeks at Roswell inspecting Battery A and its equipment, has left Roswell for Dallas, Texas, and St. Louis, thence returning to his headquarters at Kansas City.

Indian Forests Restored.

President Taft has issued proclamations which restore to the Zuni, Navajo, Mesquero and Jicarilla reservations forest areas included erroneously by former President Roosevelt in the Alamo, Carson and Zuni national forests.

Chaves County Helps on Roads.

The board of county commissioners of Chaves county has ordered a warrant for \$1,500 to be drawn to be added to the \$1,500 given by the Good Roads Commission of New Mexico toward constructing a road over the Mesquero lands in Chaves county.

Lambert Arrests Three Brothers.

Max Uwan and Julian Uwan brothers, were taken in charge and received four months each in the county jail at Raton for trespassing. Felix Uwan a third brother, was also jailed, charged with assault with a deadly weapon. The arrests were made by Mounted Policeman C. F. Lambert of Cimarron.

Treasurer's Receipts.

The following sums of money were received yesterday in the office of the state treasurer, O. N. Marron: Thomas McBride, treasurer of Colfax county, on account of taxes, \$329.55; C. E. Amble, treasurer of Torrance county, on account of taxes, \$234.53; W. W. Cox, treasurer of Dona Ana county, \$680.73; John R. Strong, treasurer of Mora county, \$6,168; United States Bank and Trust Company, bank examination fees, \$25.

Out of the Pen.

Federico Moncada, who was serving four years for larceny from Silver City, at the penitentiary and was employed on the road at Chapelle, has been released, having served his time. He went home to Silver City. Murdock Kelly serving two to three years from Lincoln county for obtaining goods under false pretenses was also released, having served twenty-one months, and being the first convict to be paroled by Governor McDonald.

Larson Succeeds Johnson.

The Secretary of the Interior has just appointed Henry A. Larson, of Wisconsin, as chief special officer in charge of the suppression of the liquor traffic among Indians. This appointment is made to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of William E. Johnson, who formerly filled that place. Upon the resignation of Johnson, October 1 last, Assistant Chief Harold F. Coggeshall was promoted to the post of Indian superintendent at Santa Fe. C. C. Brannon, a special officer, was made acting chief in place of Coggeshall. The appointment of Larson is regarded as a permanent one. Larson is already an officer with a record of efficient and faithful work in the service. He has been for years prominent in Good Templar and Prohibition circles and has the confidence of the friends of the Indians as well.

Supreme Court.

The state supreme court met at 10 o'clock this morning at the Capitol

GEORGE CURRY IN SANTA FE

New Mexico, Congressman Returned from Washington Yesterday Afternoon

IS BOOSTER FOR ROOSEVELT

Believes the Former Commander Is the Strongest Man in the Republican Ranks.

Congressman George Curry returned from Washington, D. C., yesterday afternoon and will remain in the city until next Tuesday or Wednesday.

"I have come only to attend the state convention next Friday," the Congressman said last night in an interview with a New Mexican reporter. "I am for Roosevelt for President and I am here to do all I can to secure a delegation to Chicago that will vote for his nomination."

"I would have no hesitancy in endorsing the Taft administration, but I do not think the present chief executive is the strongest man in the party and I feel sure that the Chicago convention will not nominate him. It is for the Republican party to say who the standard bearer will be and Roosevelt seems to be the man."

New Mexico does not owe its admission to the sisterhood of states to any President or administration, but only to the persistent efforts of her citizens. In the East the fight will be a close one, because both presidential possibilities have strong support."

Since going to Washington Mr. Curry has introduced twelve bills one of which, relative to federal property in New Mexico, has been passed. The Congressman is sure that his bill authorizing the holding of the federal court in four cities, Santa Fe, Las Vegas, Albuquerque and Roswell, will be made a law in due time. It is possible, however, he says, that the number of places may be cut down to two, but he did not indicate what two might be chosen, although it is understood it would be Las Cruces and Roswell. While in the city Congressman Curry will be a guest at the Palace Hotel.

with all judges present. The following cases were disposed of: No. 1474, M. C. Foster, appellee, vs. J. G. Daley et al, appellant, motion to be allowed to argue case on the printed transcript of No. 1441 was denied.

No. 1148, Peter Ross, Jr., appellant, vs. Patrick Berry, Jr., Adm. et al, appellee, appeal from the district court of Colfax county, motion for rehearing denied.

No. 1436, Territory of New Mexico, appellee, vs. Felix Muniz and Manuel Duran, appellant, submitted on briefs.

No. 1452, Territory of New Mexico, appellee, vs. Benito Lobato, appellant, continued until May session.

Case No. 1290, which was argued yesterday has been submitted.

Complicated Litigation.

District Judge E. C. Abbott yesterday overruled the demurrer of Thomas P. Gable and W. S. Hopewell, to the answer of the Pittsburg, Pa., Trust Company mortgagees of the New Mexico Central Railroad Company, the answer to a petition of Gable and Roswell to be made preferred creditors superior to the mortgagees for liabilities assumed as sureties on a superadeas bond in the damage suit of Harry Slocum Friday. Friday had sued the New Mexico Central Railroad Company for damages incurred while employed as brakeman the accident having occurred in Santa Fe county. Friday was awarded \$7,500 damages and the company appealed to the New Mexico Supreme Court which affirmed the lower court's decision. Gable and Hopewell went as sureties upon the superadeas bond which stayed execution so that an appeal could be perfected and therefore demanded that in equity they should be preferred creditors. The court directed the receiver, Murray, to appeal the Friday case to the United States Supreme Court, providing sureties on the superadeas bond would go on the bond to take the case up to the higher tribunal.

Incorporations.

The Crown Milling Company of Socorro, Socorro county, a general milling concern yesterday filed papers of incorporation with the state corporation commission. The capital stock of the company is given as \$50,000, divided into 500 shares worth \$100 each at par. Two thousand four hundred dollars worth of the capital stock has been subscribed by the following: John Greenwald, Sr., Socorro, 100 shares; Harry M. Dougherty, Socorro, 120 shares; John Greenwald, Jr., Socorro, 20 shares.

The J. D. Culley Company of 221 North Main Street, Roswell, yesterday filed articles of incorporation with the state corporation commission. The object of the concern is a general plumbing and steam fitting business. The capital stock is placed at \$10,000, divided into 100 shares worth \$100 each at par. The incorporators, their post office addresses and the amount of stock held by each follow: H. H. Hendrick, Roswell, ten shares; J. D. Culley, Roswell, ten shares; J. S. Cooper, Roswell, eighty shares.

COMMITTEE CALLS ON M'DONALD

Wants Bureau of Immigration to Have Offices at Capitol

ALSO ASKS CONVICT LABOR

Urges That Scenic Highway and Other Roads Be Completed.

A committee of the Chamber of Commerce, consisting of W. N. Townsend, R. L. Baca, M. A. Otero, H. H. Dorman and J. W. Norment this afternoon called on Governor McDonald relative to putting convict labor on the roads to Taos, the Cliff Dwellings and the scenic highway and also as to having the Bureau of Immigration keep its headquarters at the capital.

Bond Filed.

John G. Krammer of Gallup, McKinley county, yesterday filed a bond of \$10,000 with Superintendent Alvan N. White, as custodian of the school fund for McKinley county.

Looking for Headquarters.

U. S. Marshal Charles M. Foraker has been in the city looking up suitable quarters for the federal court. The court room in the federal building is occupied by the U. S. land office. The need of a federal building in Santa Fe is very apparent.

O. L. Owen Qualifies.

O. L. Owen of Clovis this morning qualified as a member of the state corporation commission, in the place left vacant by the ousting of G. H. Van Stone, taking the oath before Secretary of State Antonio Lucero.

Another Murder.

Mounted Policeman Rafael Gomez left the city last night for San Rafael, Valencia county, at the call of Sergeant J. W. Collier of Estancia, now Belen, who reports another murder at San Rafael. Policeman Gomez was on a robbery case here, but left on receiving the orders.

Suits Filed.

The estate of Robert H. Longwell, deceased, is the defendant in a suit instituted by the state of New Mexico yesterday for the collection of \$140 in taxes which has not been paid by the heirs.

The E. W. Manning Company yesterday filed a suit in the district court to collect \$50 for goods delivered to H. De Yapp of Chama, Rio Arriba county.

Cleaning Up Deming.

Mounted Policeman J. W. Beal recently arrested four persons at Deming in a campaign to clean up the town. F. F. Daniels, a repaired bad man, was jailed for totting a gun. F. Stephens was

SANTA FE WEEKLY MEXICAN REVIEW

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY, PUBLISHERS.

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

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FRANK STURGES, Vice President.

JOHN K. STAUFFER, Secretary-Treasurer.

CHAS. M. STAUFFER, General Manager.

Entered at Second Class Matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

Daily, per week, by carrier.....	.25	Daily, six months, by mail.....	\$2.50
Daily, per month, by carrier.....	.75	Weekly, six months.....	1.00
Daily, per month, by mail.....	.65	Weekly, per year.....	2.00
Daily, per year, by mail.....	7.00	Weekly, per quarter.....	.50

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

A DIFFICULT QUESTION.

What to do with the immense grant of public lands, how to administer these so as to obtain the greatest permanent revenue from them for the public schools, is a most difficult question to answer.

On one hand, the example of states is given who held on to their lands for years and years, and are now deriving from them good revenues. On the other hand, the example of a state like Texas is pointed out which has frittered away its lands without having suffered in prosperity or progress. As a medium course, a compromise between the two opposing policies states are cited that disposed of their lands wisely.

Yet, for New Mexico, no practical lesson can be drawn from those examples. New Mexico public lands are different from those of Wisconsin, or Ohio, or even those of Texas. The best lands, naturally, were picked out by the Spanish settlers hundreds of years ago; the remaining lands that promised well without much effort, have been gobbled up in the shape of land grants or otherwise by American settlers. The residue of better grade of lands has been included in national forests, Indian reservations and under reclamation projects.

For the lands that remained, the Territory has been running a race with the homesteaders to segregate what is worth while. Here and there, a tract of good land remains in the public domain, grazing land purely, however, that is still to be had, but certainly not in large enough areas to make up the five million and more acres that the state will have to select. As to school lands, the state is restricted to certain definite sections, four in each township, whether the land is utterly worthless or in the category of grazing lands.

New Mexico will eventually select the lands, however, and they will be the best of what remains. They will not be agricultural or mineral lands, but grazing lands purely and simply. Despite the diligent efforts of the land commissioner, and Republicans and Democrats alike acknowledge that R. P. Ervies is the most competent and efficient land commissioner who could have been elected, more than two million acres of the lands already selected by the territory, cannot be leased, are idle, are bringing in no revenue whatever. With five or six million acres added to these, the glut of lands to be leased by the state will not be broken for many years to come. Even the lands that are leased to the highest bidders, and these are the pick of the lands, bring only a few cents an acre each year.

Would it therefore not be wise to sell a certain quantity of the lands, which according to human calculation will not be worth more tomorrow than they are today? The New Mexican can cite land grants in New Mexico that ten years ago would have brought five dollars an acre and for which today the owners would be glad to take two dollars an acre. The state lands are of that nature but include hardly any agricultural lands. The minimum price fixed by enabling act and constitution is high, very high, and if the lands can be disposed of at that figure now it would be good business to do it. Of course the land barons of today are opposed for their own holdings increase in value, as eleven million acres are cornered by the territory and kept from the market.

The proceeds from land sales would be invested in a permanent fund. That fund would bring more interest than the leasing of the land brings today even if all of the lands could be leased. The purchase price, with the interest added each year and compounded, would eventually amount to far more than the land could possibly ever be worth. To sell the land would mean its improvement, would mean that taxes would be paid on it, while lands in the possession of the state remain unimproved, would never bring in any taxes or create any homes.

To give a concrete example. Uncle Sam, who is very particular of late years about his lands, is anxious to dispose of them; he believes it better policy to have a home and a farm on each quarter section than to hold the lands for a rise of the land market. True, Uncle Sam might today derive all the revenues he needs had he held on to his lands, but there would be today no great western states, no big cities, no teeming population west of the Alleghenies. That population can easily support Uncle Sam in luxury, and a man and a woman and well educated children, and a home, are at that New Mexico's unimproved state

er all worth more to a nation and to a state and a community than all the revenues that might be derived by hoarding unimproved lands. In countries like Germany they are taxing unimproved lands out of existence for statesmen realize that unimproved lands are a detriment to national progress. There need be no fear or hope lands will ever be worth much more than the minimum price set on them by law, except in isolated instances. The report of State Treasurer O. N. Marron today shows that New Mexico land sales has in its permanent school fund, \$110,453.49, and that from this sum an income of more than five per cent, annually is received, or \$5,678.58 a year. Add this to the principal each year, and compound the interest, and to this the revenues from new land sales as they are received, and an immense fund would soon be at the disposal of the state which would make taxation for school purposes even with free text books, entirely unnecessary. Surely, New Mexico would be better off today with a permanent school fund of five million dollars drawing five per cent interest each year and permanent taxable improvements on six thousand quarter sections, than it is with a grant of three million acres of grazing lands, that no one wants to lease, even at three cents an acre. The children of today stand as much in need of an education as the children a hundred years hence, and there is always the possibility that five million dollars, held for a hundred years at five per cent interest with the taxes derived from the lands sold to those making their home on them added, would mean more even then, than the same lands unimproved and still looking vainly for leasers.

SANTA FE IS BEING AROUSED. Arrangements have been perfected, so it is reported, to make Santa Fe a wide-open town during the legislative session. It is the blackest eye the Capital could give itself at such a time. It would disgust all decent legislators and all respectable visitors. It would not pay in dollars and cents. It would rob the merchants of what is due them at the end of each month. It would make the new state a by-word throughout the East, so that people who have been brought up in decency and hold high moral standards would taboo New Mexico as they would a commonwealth where bubonic plague or yellow fever are rampant.

But all that is insignificant, when compared with the physical and moral disease that it would spread among our own population; the poverty and crime and the heartbreaks of the wide-open policy and that would handicap Santa Fe for another generation, and all know that Santa Fe has handicaps enough already. The New Mexican hopes that these rumors are unfounded, that city and county authorities, police, sheriff and district attorney as well as mounted police, will work together and prove to the world that regulation regulates, that the capital city can be decent without being narrow and Pharisaical, that the law can be obeyed and enforced in spirit and in letter, that the standard of morals is high and the spirit of law observance is strong among the people of this ancient and historic capital of the Sunshine State, and that there are even saloonkeepers who will voluntarily obey the laws.

Every decent official, every decent man, every woman, should help, and stand together in this cause, if not because of the present, then for the sake of the coming generation. The New Mexican does not believe a man can be made decent by law, but it does believe that boys and girls can be kept from being trapped in traps that the law forbids.

It is truly an inspired song from the gifted pen of Dr. E. McQueen Gray and dedicated to the New Mexican, that is printed on another page. It should be learned by heart in every school house. Perhaps, among the native sons of New Mexico there may be found one who will set it to music that will make it the accepted song of the new state. There is no other state in the Union that can boast so beautiful, so sublime a hymn to its greatness as this one, which the New Mexican is privileged to publish to the commonwealth this day.

Considering that three men, two boys, one woman and a child are reported to have frozen to death in New Mexico, the Sunshine State, the past few days, even the skeptic must admit that there was something to the groundhog superstition this year.

FARMING IN NEW MEXICO.

New Mexico farms are worth \$159,447,990, says a census bulletin just issued, the most important as to New Mexico, ever published, for it goes into every detail, county by county, of the farming industry of the new state. Accompanied by two graphic outline maps which show farm areas by counties and farm values per acre in each county, the bulletin is a mine of information for those who make a study of industrial conditions in the commonwealth.

The counties of Colfax, Curry and Roosevelt, are the only counties in which the area in farms reaches from 40 to 60 per cent of the total area. Of course, only a fraction of this is improved, in the counties of Union, Mora, San Miguel, Quay and Sierra, the area in farms is 20 to 40 per cent. With the exception of Sierra, the counties named formed a compact portion of northeastern New Mexico. In the remainder of the state, the farms comprise less than 20 per cent of the area.

As to farm values, the highest average per acre is in Dona Ana and San Juan counties, \$25 to \$50 per acre. Then follow Taos, Bernalillo, Grant, Luna, Otero, Lincoln, Chaves and Eddy counties with an average of \$10 to \$25 per acre. With the exception of San Juan, Taos and Bernalillo, these counties comprise the southern tier of New Mexico. In the remainder of the counties, the average value of lands within farms is less than \$10 per acre. About one-seventh of the entire area of the state is in farms, and the average value of farm lands is \$8.77 per acre.

While New Mexico's population increased 67.5 per cent in the past decade, the number of farms has increased 19.5 per cent, the land in farms 19.7 per cent, the improved land in farms 34.9 per cent, the value of farm property 19.6 per cent, the value of the improved land 47.6 per cent, of farm buildings 26.3 per cent, of implements and machinery 25.1 per cent, of domestic animals 37.3 per cent. It must be remembered that ranches using the public domain for grazing purposes are included in these statistics. The average value of each farm is given as \$4,469. All these figures are truly significant and give excuse for the greatest optimism as to the future of the commonwealth.

Of the 35,676 farms reporting, 12,795 or 35.9 per cent, are irrigated; the area irrigated is given as 461,718 or 31.5 per cent, of the total improved farm areas. The total area under irrigation projects, however, is 1,102,291 acres, and water is available now for the irrigation of 444,970 acres. When it is remembered, that in 1880, the total area in farms was only 631,131 acres and today it is 11,270,021 acres, and that in 1870, the improved farm lands covered only 149,007 acres, while today they cover 1,467,191 acres, and that forty years ago less than 140,000 acres were under irrigation, while today the area is more than three times as much, one must truly wonder at what has been accomplished under adverse circumstances, and at the same time marvel at the possibilities the next few decades may develop. That these possibilities are immense is indicated by the fact, that despite the stupendous increase in farms and farm areas less than two per cent of the entire area of the state is under cultivation.

Most significant of prosperity is the fact that of the 33,398 farms reporting, 31,382 are free from mortgage, and only about 2,000 farms are not occupied by their owners but are tenants' farms. The entire mortgage debt is only \$2,590,281, as against a total value of almost \$160,000,000, or about three times the entire assessed valuation of New Mexico. In ten years, the value of mortgaged farms increased 76 per cent, while mortgages in ten years increased only 24.7 per cent in value.

More than two-fifths of all the farms in New Mexico are from 100 to 174 acres in size and over one-sixth from 260 to 499 acres. The value of the hay \$4,470,000, the corn \$584,000, the wheat \$509,000, the oats \$429,000, the milo maize \$392,000, and potatoes, \$235,000, together, is more each year than all of the product of all of the coal, gold, silver, zinc, lead, turquoise and other mines of New Mexico. Yet, the orchards, the truck gardens, the bean patches, doubled the crop production of the six leading classes above enumerated.

To sum up, New Mexico is an agricultural commonwealth. It has the most solid foundation possible for its prosperity although it has only started to farm.

The fact that the majority of Republican voters were not at the primaries last evening and that the majority of Democratic voters will not be at their primaries next month, merely indicates that the burning desire of New Mexico citizens to participate in a presidential election does not go far enough. Last evening's primaries were the only place where the people really had any say as to who is to be the President of the United States until March 4, 1917. There it was that the individual voter expressed his choice. From now on, he can merely ratify the choice made for him by his delegates and on election day he chooses among less than half a dozen men, which one he prefers, although not one of those six men may be the candidate whom he really favored. Until the people all flock to the primaries and there make themselves heard, that long popular government is incomplete and imperfect.

THE FINANCES OF NEW MEXICO.

The past three fiscal years, the income of the Territory, now the State of New Mexico, was \$3,073,575.85. The expenditures amounted to \$2,632,318.58. The balance in the treasury at the beginning of the present fiscal year was \$568,199.02. The bonded debt was \$946,500.

These figures are from the Report of State Treasurer O. N. Marron to Governor McDonald, which reviews in detail the finances of the commonwealth for the past three years and embodies a number of recommendations for improvement.

the latter should heed and act upon. One of these recommendations is to make only sure company bonds acceptable from depositories of state money, as the mutations of time make personal bonds insecure. However, in requiring the penalty to be double the amount of funds asked for by a depository, the banks must pay over one per cent on the deposits received to the bonding companies as fees. Treasurer Marron recommends that the penalty be reduced to actual amount applied for plus one thousand dollars which would be sufficient security. There are applications on file for the deposit of \$700,000 of state funds.

The treasurer calls attention to the fact that Torrance county has defaulted in paying back the loan of \$5,000 made it by the Legislature, having thus far paid only \$800. There are also due the Treasury \$540.32 from the defunct New Mexico Savings Bank and Trust Company, which ought to be canceled as an asset, and \$3,341.54 from the Taos county Bank of Taos, which the Territory still has prospects of recovering from the bondsmen.

One gratifying note of the report is the fact that the State has derived the past three years the neat sum of \$45,798.98 from interest on daily balances with depositories.

Equally pleasing is the fact that the permanent common school fund derived from the proceeds of United States Land Sales is \$110,453.49, on which an average of more than five per cent interest is being received, or to be exact \$5,678.58 yearly, the deposit going to the bank making the best bid. Under the law, this fund is to be invested eventually in United States or territorial bonds, but by the present arrangement, much greater interest rate is being paid than could possibly be derived from the investment contemplated by law. A proviso permits the legislature by three-fourths vote of each house to suspend the law as far as investment in bonds is concerned. Tomorrow, \$5,600 of the \$25,000 certificates of indebtedness authorized by the last legislative assembly will be wiped out by payment; and on April 1, an issue of \$10,000 of certificates of indebtedness will be paid, the funds for that purpose being in hand at this time.

The treasurer also advises legislation to supersede the law that requires the burning of warrants at the end of each fiscal year, he deeming it advisable that these evidences of indebtedness be preserved for a longer period and that for obvious reasons.

BOY SCOUT POSSIBILITIES.

It is to be hoped that the visit to America of General Baden-Powell, father of the Boy Scouts movement, will result in putting an end to certain misconceptions which have existed relative to the movement in question.

It would be hazardous to assert that the theories of the famous British soldier will achieve all that he has in mind. "The things a scout is taught," he says, "are those which will bring out the individualism he possesses, for it is to the individual rather than to the troop that the scout movement is adverse to military tactics."

What the casual observer, free from bugbears and special attitudes, sees in the scout movement is a hope of giving a right start to thousands of boys who, unassisted, appear to die fearfully easy to get a wrong start. In the cities, parents and teachers alike fail to reach the obscure avenues of the boy's nature. The exercises of the school and the playground leave certain needs unconsidered. This is clearly seen in the fact that an army of young men growing up in the cities every year are manifesting delinquencies which are a menace as a tragedy.

There is comparatively little hope of saving a weak or an evil man; but it ought to be possible to save every boy in the land, when the right method of helping the stragglers is determined.

The Boy Scout movement contemplates the development of the genuinely manly qualities in the boy. Its theories seem plausible. It is, therefore, worthy of the most thorough test and the most general approval possible.

FAIR PLAY FOR THE RETAILER.

People who talk about high prices abuse the middleman, says Leslie. They think the grocer, the butcher and the baker make too much profit. Consider the case of the New York minister who undertook to demonstrate that the popular notion is right by opening a grocery. His first day's trade showed a profit of forty-eight cents. To be sure, he sold at slight advances on "cost"; but he paid no rent—using a room in a benevolent institution—he employed no clerks, no delivery wagon and his motto was, "No trust." Thus he eliminated the principal items of expense inevitable to the regular dealer. If he had to meet all these, his profit would have changed into a serious loss. Consumers who complain of prices should be reasonable. Live and let live! And give the grocer, the butcher and the baker a chance.

The New Era, is the name of the new Democratic weekly, eventually to be a daily, published at Albuquerque by W. C. Liller, who was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Congress at the last territorial convention at Santa Fe. Colonel Liller is president of the national Democratic League of Clubs, and is an experienced journalist, who stands high in the councils of his party. The editor promises that the new paper will not be the organ of any man or faction, or of any corporation or interest, and that its columns shall never be prostituted by scurrilous, personal invective or calumny of any kind, which is a high stand to take for any newspaper that essays to be purely political.

REPORT OF STATE AUDITOR.

The report of Auditor of State William G. Sargent, for the three years 1909 to 1911, just made to Governor McDonald, dovetails into the report of State Treasurer O. N. Marron commented on last week. However, Mr. Sargent's report makes no recommendations, but is a mass of well classified financial statistics that give much information about the revenues of the commonwealth and their expenditure. Last fiscal year, for instance, the receipts of the territory from direct general taxation were \$545,817.01 and more than \$365,000 came from other sources. The greatest single item of income was \$50,000 from the United States for the Agricultural College. Then came \$40,578 collected in fees by the Department of Insurance. Third was the common school income from lease of public lands, \$34,246.86. Convicts' earnings were fourth with \$33,076.65; fifth, proceeds from national forests \$28,529.53, then \$24,049.24 from district clerk fees sixth, although the road fund had \$27,304.02 income outside of the road tax. The one other single item above \$15,000 was from the five per cent of the U. S. land sales, \$15,082.76.

Of expenditures, the largest item is not salaries, but maintenance of educational institutions toward which \$180,822.25, or one-fifth of the total expenditures, were disbursed. The item of salaries and contingent expenses, \$137,119.16, or one-seventh of the total looms up second, with \$99,015.90 for penal institutions, or one-ninth of the total, third. For good roads \$90,381.29 was expended; for interest, \$75,135; for public schools \$63,375.01; for the care of the insane \$60,000; for Las Vegas grant and other trust funds \$52,298.50; for charitable institutions \$46,124.18; for protection of livestock industry \$32,357.31; for maintenance of public buildings \$18,679.38; fire departments \$14,750; mounted police \$14,231.69; administration of public lands \$14,183.84; militia \$13,196.97; conservation of natural resources \$13,122.62; protection of game \$5,501.01; miscellaneous \$4,051.60, a total of \$837,355.71. It will take at least a round million to run the new state this year and \$1,250,000 would not be too much if the main needs of many worthy institutions and causes are to be considered.

It is publicity in financial affairs, such as the reports of the state treasurer and state auditor afford, that should also be had from the counties and municipalities, so that the taxpayers would really understand how the public funds are expended and whence they are derived. Certainly, the tax payer ought to know, and when he does know, many of the foolish charges and criticisms about graft and extravagance, where there is an honest administration of the public funds, fall to the ground of their own weight.

ENDORSE TAFT.

It is unmanly to beat around the bush when vital issues are at stake. If New Mexico Republicans favor Roosevelt for the Presidency, they should say so. If they are for Taft, do not let them act as if they were ashamed of it.

Either the Republican party has failed to make good nationally the past three years, or it has not. If it has failed, it will acknowledge it by dropping Taft. It is never cowardly to admit a mistake. If the party is not ashamed of its record, it will endorse Taft, renominate and re-elect him.

The time is past when New Mexico had to sit on the fence because it feared to offend some one in case its people took a decided stand. New Mexico is in position to assert itself. The support of its two Senators and two Congressmen will be welcome at the White House next year, no matter who the next President will be, or who was favored by the Republicans at their state convention at Santa Fe this week. But let New Mexico speak up; let the Nation know that its electorate has spine. Let it be either for Taft or against him.

That weakish, sickish, "don't know where we are at" band wagon passers, policy is driving voters away from the party. Let there be principles and leaders, and let them be such that the party need not be ashamed of them. Taft is good enough for the New Mexicans. He is more than good enough, he is the best man for New Mexico's interests. He gave New Mexico statehood while Roosevelt merely promised it and then ignored it, and finally sought to add insult and injury by seeking to force New Mexico and Arizona to become one commonwealth. Taft stands for protection and New Mexico needs protection. Taft has made good. More reforms have been brought about, more trusts and illegal combinations punished during the three years that he has been President than during any ten years preceding. More legislation of benefit to the poor man, to the workingman, has become law through his signature than during the seven years of his predecessor.

What does New Mexico want? Does the Republican party occupy such wobbly ground that it must hesitate to endorse its choice for the Presidency? Are the delegates to the Republican state convention this week, men, or are they old women?

A REAL DIFFERENCE. Those partisan organs that have been making a campaign issue out of a passage in Taft's Lincoln Day address in New York appear to have resorted to an ancient and familiar trick in omitting something from the original text—something altogether essential to a just and full interpretation of the President's meaning.

"There are those of us who do not believe that all peoples are fitted for popular government," was the way the President put it. But his enemies told the liberty of making him say "there are those of us who do not believe the people are fitted for popular government." A difference with a very marked distinction.

It is no heresy for an American to believe that all peoples are not fitted for popular government. We have

been governing the Indians a long time. We are still governing the Filipinos to a considerable extent. We have nearly arrived at the conclusion that we inflicted an injury upon the people of Cuba in partially severing the ties that bound them to us as soon as we did.

The President not only quietly and untruthfully which was being effectually used against him, but he recalls attention to words which constitute real statesmanship: "The question whether a people is fitted for self-government so as to make the government for that people is determined by the ability of the majority of that people to place upon itself the restraints of justice for the majority. It is the question of self-imposed restraint by which the minority shall be determined whether a people is fit to govern itself."

There is nothing in this that any good man need wish to retract, or which he need fear to entrust to the use of any honorable enemy.

FARM VALUES BY COUNTIES.

The Census Bulletin referred to at length on Saturday in an editorial on the state of agriculture in New Mexico, gives statistics for every county in the state and in addition to the significant figures published Saturday, it is of interest to know how the various counties compare as to the number of farms and area under cultivation, and also as to other statistical items to be touched upon later. The figures should be of especial interest to the board of equalization, for in such counties as Chaves, the richest agricultural county of the twenty-six, the farm value alone is four times the total assessed valuation of all classes of property. The counties line up as follows as to farm values:

Chaves	\$20,526,083
Eddy	13,592,391
Colfax	13,455,410
San Miguel	9,078,198
Union	7,582,782
Roosevelt	7,534,274
Quay	6,945,028
Grant	6,912,000
Curry	6,129,581
Mora	6,775,306
San Juan	5,419,899
Guadalupe	5,322,589
Socorro	5,066,157
Dona Ana	4,846,477
Lincoln	4,516,675
Torrance	4,323,173
Rio Arriba	4,308,645
Otero	3,906,300
Valencia	3,771,183
Santa Fe	3,509,872
Sandoval	3,469,940
Bernalillo	3,247,937
Sierra	3,225,108
Taos	2,745,157
Luna	2,099,061
McKinley	1,338,165

The total for New Mexico is \$159,447,990, or three times the total valuation of all classes of property.

WHY NOT?

An old timer in New Mexico writes the New Mexican as follows: "There will be a 'chief among ye taking notes' during senatorial election, and 'faith he'll prent them.' If any candidate for the United States Senate opens a 'bar', such men as William Allen White and Lincoln Steffens will write a story. Look out for a dictagraph. There is going to be a finish fight against any one who tries or does use money. The legislature is in the limelight. I am for Roosevelt but there are limitations. If he gets too radical his best friends will quit him."

And why not? The honest candidate for the United States Senate need fear no muckrakers and no dictagraphs. The more money a candidate must spend to attain the senatorship, the less worthy he is of it. An honor bought with gold is no honor at all. But why these intimations, these veiled threats, that reflect more or less upon every candidate as long as they are not definite and specific. And as to Roosevelt's radicalism, even his friends wonder whether any other man would dare go the limit as the Rough Rider has done.

CLEAN UP DAY AND SCHOOL GARDENS.

Why these two ideas together? Because where there is a flower garden there is no need to send a garbage wagon. The New Mexican is pleased to note that the Mothers' Club of Santa Fe has taken hold vigorously of the school garden idea and will at the same time co-operate with the city authorities, the Woman's Board of Trade and other civic bodies to give Santa Fe a cleaning up and to keep it clean. It has been often the case in Santa Fe that the men would talk about civic improvements for years, shake their heads solemnly and say: "Is no use, it can not be done, and then their wives go at it some sunny morning, and do it. Santa Fe has waited long for this cleanup idea, for this sentiment in favor of thorough sanitation. The papers have advocated and preached it with fervor and persistence, now the agitation and education are about to bring results and every one should turn in and help. "Clean Up Day", March 7, should make this town spick and span to receive the Republican state convention on March 8, and the legislature on March 11. Followed up on April 10 with another scrubbing and every kind of germ will pack its grip and emigrate to Albuquerque, especially if back yards and cess pools are cleaned, and the city enforces a proposed ordinance that compels livery stables to gather their manure in closely covered bins and to cart it out of town or to the fields in covered wagons, for it is manure that breeds flies and flies breed typhoid, scarlet, smallpox and have been found of late years, responsible for almost every kind of contagious and epidemic disease.

AND THEY WOULDN'T KEEP THE PENNY LONG.

One thousand two hundred and forty-seven Socialists in Arizona have issued their "def" to 11,123 Democrats and 9,166 Republicans and challenged them to "combat for the right."

"The right," as interpreted by the Socialistic leaders, is the organization

by the government at once, in connection with the postoffice department, of "financial exchanges, safe deposits and facilities for deposits of the savings of the people in small sums, and that the national banking system be abolished."

One of the attractive features of Socialism is that in its declaration of principles it follows the Scotchman's definition of metaphysics: "When the man that is talking dinna ken what he is talking about, and when the man that is listening dinna ken what is said—that's metaphysics."

What is meant by "organizing financial exchanges" is not easily understood. Surely it cannot be intended to organize government bucketshops, where the adventurous clerk can buck off his employer's money without interruption from the local myrmidons of the law. What does it mean, anyhow?

It seems to have escaped the observation of the representatives of the 1247 Socialists of Arizona that postal savings banks have been in operation for some time.

The demand for the abolition of the national banking system is the one clear, clean-cut demand of the Arizona Socialists, which everybody can comprehend and which Congress will do well to heed lest evil befall it. When one remembers the injustice, the oppression, the blood that has been spilled, the widespread desolation that has been inflicted, the women and children that have been rendered homeless and hungry, and the stalwart men who have fled in their agony to the nearest saloon because of the measly national banking system one is tempted to go with a shotgun to the nearest national bank and abolish it after first negotiating a short-time loan on the security of the word of honor of a man and a brother.

After this prelude of assault upon the national banking system the representatives of the 1247 Socialists of Arizona in convention assembled give voice to a grander lay. They "demand the enactment of laws establishing the collective ownership by the people of all means of production and distribution."

There you have it, you 20,283 Arizona voters—Democrats and Republicans—who were stupidly blind to the beauties of the doctrines which were espoused by 1247 intelligent Socialists. The patriotic men whose motto is, "All within reach, and what is reached for all," demand collective ownership of all property and a distribution among all when collected. A practical application of this doctrine was given years ago by Baron James Rothschild, who was approached by a wild-eyed Socialist, who managed to gain access to him. "Sure," said the baron, after listening to the follower of Prudhomme. "You are right. Property ought to be equally divided. My individual fortune is seven million pounds. There are 1,555,000,000 people in the world. That would be a penny each. Here is your penny. Send the others around to see me. Good day."

A QUIET BUT IRRESISTIBLE FORCE.

Even clever politicians lose sight of the fact, and so do some utility corporations, that every newspaper, no matter how insignificant its appearance and pretensions, is daily making public sentiment, if it expresses any opinion at all on current events, and even if it does not make such comments, and merely publishes the news to let it speak for itself. This influence may be imperceptible, it may be defeated again and again when it comes to a test, but lo, and behold, some day, there is a revolution of sentiment, there is the bursting forth of unexpected public opinion and a tremendous change comes to pass in the twinkling of an eye. Then the politicians and the public utility corporations who have been bragging that the voters and the newspapers and publicity can be moulded like dough to do their bidding, wonder why and wherefore and whence comes this sudden revolution. They overlook the fact that each hour and each day, a little item here and a little item there, an editorial comment on this question and another on that question, have crystallized public opinion. Then, like out of a clear sky comes the bolt that smites those who have that far insolently defied the people and public opinion. An idea planted today may bear fruit ten years hence. It is like the water, drop by drop seeping and trickling through the apparently impregnable walls of a dam. The little rivulet seems harmless, powerless, and yet, there comes a moment when the dam breaks and the flood tears down the valley with irresistible force and fury against which naught can stand.

Mounted Policeman John W. Collier last week drove over a hundred undesirable characters, men and women, out of Belen. He has established law and order in a community that was losing prestige and prosperity because the income of its inhabitants and surroundings went to hell-holes instead of to the grocer, butcher and baker. Belen will not suffer in prosperity because of this cleanup, and the New Mexican has to praise Governor McDonald for

Politics and Politicians

Fall for Senator.

The Otero County Republican convention adopted a resolution urging the election of Judge A. B. Fall to the United States Senate.

Otero County's New Chairman.

J. D. Taylor has been elected chairman of the Otero county Republican central committee to succeed Charles P. Downs who has taken up his residence in Santa Fe.

Andrews on the Ground.

Ex-Del. Andrews is expected back in New Mexico next week, and danger to some political fences constructed during his absence is anticipated. Mr. Andrews is skilled somewhat in political warfare.—Pecos Valley News.

Roswell Prohibition Ticket.

The Prohibition wing of the Democrats at Roswell have nominated the following municipal ticket: For mayor, George T. Veal; for treasurer, R. H. McCune; for city clerk, Fred J. Beck; aldermen, J. A. Cottingham, J. C. Cummins, J. F. Patterson, Dr. H. H. Keith, J. E. Rhea, Dr. R. H. Stetson.

New Mexico is for Taft.

The Guadalupe county convention instructed its delegates to the state convention for Taft. The Chavez county delegation is for Roosevelt. The Grant county delegation is not averse to instructions for Taft. The Bernalillo county convention like the Santa Fe convention lauded Taft. The Valencia county delegation is unopposed but is for Taft.

Taft is All Right.

President Taft has certainly made a capable, wise, patriotic president. He has never flinched from his duty as he saw it for political cunning. He headed the movement for a worldwide peace, he appointed the non-partisan tariff board, he favored the Canadian reciprocity plan, he is for the parcels post. He is for the highest welfare of the American people, and deserves more credit than he receives from the majority of his countrymen. Taft is all right.—San Juan County Index.

Democrat Club Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Santa Fe county Democratic club will be held tomorrow, Tuesday, evening at 8 o'clock in Delgado hall. A very interesting meeting is promised as there will be a report from the committee having in charge the Jefferson day celebration, April 12th, an extended discussion of the coming city campaign, besides the regular business meeting. All Democrats not members are invited to join at once. Adolph Hill is chairman of the membership committee and will take the names of all applicants.

New Mexico for Taft and Wilson.

A straw vote taken by a New York paper, in which 8,000 ballots were cast by the leading men in each of the states, shows that New Mexico is in the Taft column together with Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, South Carolina, and Idaho. La Follette had a majority only in Wisconsin. On the Democratic side, Wilson led by far, New Mexico being in the Wilson column, while Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Louisiana, Illinois, Minnesota, North Dakota, Iowa, Kansas, California, Utah, Idaho and Washington Democrats want Bryan, New York, West Virginia, Arkansas, Ohio and Washington favor Harmon; Alabama, Underwood; and Missouri, Clark.

Delegates to Republican State Convention.

Bernalillo County.
E. S. Stover, Francis E. Wood, J. E. Saint, Nestor Montoya, F. A. Hubbard, Francisco Lucero y Montoya, P. Hanley, D. M. Perea, John W. Wilson, A. A. Sedillo, Thomas R. Duran, John Lee Clark, J. R. Salazar, T. O. Mason, George R. Craig, S. Sanchez, W. S. Strickler, Edward A. Mann, Luis Galles, O. C. Hudson, Seferino Crollott, Charles Mellini, R. R. Pollock, M. E. Hickey, W. R. Martin, Thomas Hughes, A. C. Culver.

Chaves County.

Dr. C. L. Parsons, Will Robinson, E. S. Mundy, A. D. Grile, E. A. Cahoon, Nathan Jaffa, Howard Russell.

Eddy County.

C. M. Richards, W. T. Reed, Frank Hadley, T. J. Sanford, Melaga: Frank Newkirk, J. W. Turnkett, Artesia.

Grant County.

W. D. Murray, M. W. Porterfield, W. D. Belden, W. H. Newcomb, L. H. Bartlett, John T. McCabe, Dr. L. D. Robinson, W. H. Cox, Tom Lowe, R. W. Golding, and Fred Bush.

Guadalupe County.

A. E. Curran, M. G. Manzanarez, W. Edwards, Camillo Sanchez, Tres Baco, Esteban Gallegos, H. V. Smith, Ben Jaramillo, Ben Hardy, S. D. Crespin and Dr. Smith.

Lincoln County.

Jas. V. Tully, Ruidoso: W. E. Blanchard, Richardson; O. T. Nye, and Henry Lutz, Lincoln; C. Hightower and J. R. Coleman, Capitan; H. B. Hamilton, Carrizozo and Fred Pilkington Angus.

Otero County.

John M. Bowman, Chas. P. Downs, Jas. A. Baird, of Alamogordo; J. O. Canares, of Tularosa; Jack M. Fall, of Three Rivers; J. Irving Bailey, of Cloudercroft.

Santa Fe County.

Equilpula Jiron, George W. Armijo, Jose D. Sena, Marcelino A. Ortiz, Seferino Baco, Ricardo Alarid, Apolonio Chavez, Ramon Bustos, Alfredo Lucero, Thomas B. Catron, E. H. Baco, Charles C. Clouston, J. W. Akers, Celso Lopez, R. L. Baco, Frank Owen and A. B. Renehan.

Torrance County.

Macario Torres, Candido Padilla.

E. D. Lopez, Fred Chavez, Modesto Ullbarri, Ramon Romero, Perfecto Jaramillo, Fred Hayers and William McIntosh.

Valencia County.

Solomon Luna, Carlos Baco, Paul Kempnick, E. Curley, Manuel Sedillo, Jesus C. Sanchez, M. E. Baco, J. S. Eldridge, Ruperto Jaramillo, Sylvestre Mirabal, S. Padia, Boleslo Romero, Saturnino Baco, Perfecto Gabaldon, Eliseo Barea, Fernin Marquez, Abelio Pena and J. M. Lana.

Delegates to Progressive State Convention.

Bernalillo County.

Jesus Romero, W. H. Gillenwater, Alfred Grunfeld, J. E. Sulzer, Frank Ackerman, B. Ruppe, M. L. Fox, J. B. Burg, Al Coleman, Policarpo Armijo, D. A. Macpherson, T. A. Gurule, J. Felipe Armijo, D. H. Boatright, Alessandro Matteucci, Atanesio Montoya, Jose E. Romero, Rafael Sena, Justiano Gutierrez, M. C. Ortiz, Maximo A. Perea, Luis Tafaya, C. D. Murphy, A. E. Walker, Henry Bramlet.

Santa Fe County.

Ursulo Borrego, of Santa Cruz; Miguel Herrera, of Nambé; Gregorio Herrera, of Santa Cruz; Jose La Cruz Fresquez, of Santa Fe; Colonel Geo. W. Prichard, Levi A. Hughes, Francis C. Wilson, Sam. G. Cartwright, Former Governor M. A. Otero, David Gonzales, Manuel E. Ortiz, Jesus Ortiz Tafaya, all of Santa Fe; Santos Ortiz, of Chiriquito; Alfonso Dockweiler, of Tesuque; Nicolas Montoya, of Golden; and Thomas Hanna, of Lamy.

Alternates.

Antonio Valdez, Santiago Baco, F. Jones, H. H. Dorman, W. E. Griffin, B. F. Morris, E. R. Paul, E. E. Meier, Albino Ortega, and Dr. James A. Masie, all of Santa Fe; Alcario Lopez, Santa Cruz; Candelario Romero, Agua Fria; Dr. F. Palmer, Cerrillos; Lucas Chavez, Tesuque; Pedro Bustos, Santa Cruz, and Canuto Madrid, Santa Cruz.

Torrance County.

A. T. Blaney, Angus McDillivray, Earl Moulton, Julius Meyers, Lorenzo Zamora, Alberto Chavez and G. H. Van Stone.

Valencia County.

T. W. Campbell, H. V. Mather, John W. Craig, L. B. Becker, W. M. Berger, Dr. J. W. Beardsley, William E. Le Brun, F. L. Walrath, Ignacio Chavez, J. L. Hecker, C. C. Stubbs, H. L. Abell, C. A. Moore and Desiderio Garcia.

Rio Arriba Republicans for Taft.

At the primary meeting of Republicans in precinct No. 7 of Rio Arriba county, held on Friday last, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we recognize in President Taft one of our greatest Presidents, who has given to the country an eminently wise, prudent and patriotic administration, and has won the confidence and regard of the whole people; and we are earnestly in favor of his re-election.

Resolution of respect and condolence were passed on the death of Hon. Francisco A. Luna, for many years a leader in the county.

L. B. Prince, Damacio Garcia and Eloy Garcia were elected delegates to the county convention which meets on Wednesday.

Andrews and Catron.

The Roswell Morning News boldly proclaims its preference for Andrews and Catron for United States senators.

Farmington for Taft.

The Republicans of Farmington, the metropolis of San Juan county, instructed their delegates to the county convention for Taft.

Prohibitionists Active.

The petition of the Prohibitionists for a constitutional amendment to the New Mexico constitution is receiving thousands of signatures in all parts of the state.

Indiana Weakest Point.

Both Theodore Roosevelt and former Senator Beveridge declare that Indiana presents the weakest point in the Roosevelt campaign and they have admitted that the state is for Taft.

Prominent Recruit for Party.

N. C. de Baco, a prominent Democratic leader in San Miguel county for years, yesterday at the San Miguel county Republican convention, announced that henceforth he would be a Republican, being convinced that Republican principles are best for New Mexico.

Clark Draws the Color Line.

Speaker Champ Clark has drawn the color line at a banquet to be given on Thursday evening at Washington in honor of his sixty-second birthday. The advertisement inviting people read: "Every man, woman and child, without regard to color," but when Speaker Clark's attention was called to it, he withdrew it immediately.

Campaign Against the Red Light.

A state-wide campaign for social purity and against the red light has been opened at Albuquerque by John B. Hammond, who cleaned up Iowa. He addressed 700 Albuquerqueans in the Presbyterian church and will visit every important town in New Mexico. He will address the legislature at Santa Fe some time next month.

Women Are for Wilson.

The million women who are to cast their ballots for President next November in the women's suffrage states, are for Wilson, declares Mrs. Sibree Bernerman of Chicago. He is such a nice, clean polished college man, you know, she says that the ladies simply wouldn't have the heart to vote against him.

Pie Counter Democrats.

These are anxious days for the pie counter patriots of the state of New

Mexico. However, it is evident that Governor McDonald is not going to be in any hurry about selecting timber for the various offices to be filled.—Sierra County Advocate.

It's Fierce.

There is much danger that the Roswell News' threat to beat Taft for the Republican nomination for president may be carried out. No one knows what a great Democratic newspaper may accomplish, especially when its advice and counsel is ignored in Republican councils.—Pecos Valley News.

Plenty of Work.

The first legislature has its work cut out for it alright, alright. Two U. S. Senators to elect; county and district officers' salaries to fix; a new banking law; new revenue law; new school law and new probate law to enact; and in short, the whole statute law to revise and harmonize with the constitution. And only ninety days to do it in.—Taos Valley News.

It Isn't Meant That Way.

Just what we should have a state committee to pass upon all candidates for appointment is beyond our comprehension. A San Juan man might be able to determine the fitness of an Eddy county candidate, but few Eddy county men would care to take the responsibility of deciding as to the worthiness or unworthiness of a northern county deputy game warden.—Pecos Valley News.

Direct Primary in San Juan.

The suggestion made in last week's paper for a nominating primary has met with general approval in the main and such a primary will be called at a date to be named a little later. If you have any suggestions to make in regard to the improvement of the plan suggested they will be gladly received. The aim is to give the whole people the opportunity of controlling their own business.—Farmington Times Rustler.

Bran New Candidate for Senator.

The Santa Fe New Mexican says the New Mexico Legislature will be dead locked on the election of United States Senator. If the New Mexican's prediction proves true that will give Joe Holbrook an opportunity to win a seat in the national Senate. Joe could find jobs for many of his friends here at home and give him a chance to prevail on the national weather clerk to give more rain during crop season. Lets all pull for Joe Holbrook for U. S. Senator.—Cuervo Clipper.

Partisanship.

That extreme partisanship which says, "My party right or wrong, but always my party," belongs to a former generation and has no legitimate place in this enlightened age. It was a sentiment which the old bosses used to work to the limit, and do yet to some extent, and by it they carried out their selfish aims and fastened corruption upon political parties. But conditions are now better and will continue to improve as the public puts principle above policy and the good of a nation above the success of a party.—San Juan County Democrat.

Keeping Close to the People.

State Senator H. B. Holt of Dona Ana county, has sent out the following letter to his constituents: Having been honored by the citizens of Dona Ana county by election as State Senator, it is my desire to serve their interests at all times to the best of my ability.

In order that I may become familiar with the necessities and desires of my constituents I respectfully ask that you write me, or call in person and inform me as to any legislation which in your opinion would be beneficial to the people.

The Legislature will convene on March 11th next and will probably be in session for ninety days. During that time it will be my endeavor to keep in touch with my constituents as closely as possible and I desire that you freely communicate with me at Santa Fe as to any legislative matters in which you are interested, and favor me with a full and free expression of your views concerning same.

Very respectfully yours,

H. B. HOLT.

A Stormy Convention.

The well owners of the lower Pecos Valley had a two days' convention at Roswell that was stormy and indicated that another split along another cleavage is about to occur among the Pecos Valley Democrats. Says one of the Roswell dealers:

"After a two days' stormy session the argument sometimes ending in a nasty mud slinging at the board and supervisor, the Artesian well owners of Chaves county attended by many representatives of the Eddy county well owners, who after being invited to take part in the framing of a new proposed law were not allowed a vote in the meeting by a trick of a frame-up which would not allow any proxies recognized, closed a practically worthless meeting here late yesterday evening to meet again next Saturday at the Commercial club rooms at 9 a. m. when the drainage law will be discussed. The owners were called to consider a proposed new Artesian well law. A bunch of the lower valley well owners, representing forty wells against 1,046 in the valley, led by Dr. C. H. Calacoe of near Cumberland, took the first part of the convention by storm, Friday at the beginning and appointing a credential committee of their own crowd before the majority owners arrived, made their report and refused the proxies a voice in the meeting. Many of the well owners think that the amended law which will be forwarded to the first state legislature for passage will not be considered on account of the proxies being denied a vote, which left only 148 votes in the meeting where in there are 1,046 wells in the valley—including Chaves and Eddy county." Quoting well supervisor Byron O. Beall, the law as amended is a worse one than the original.

A Business Administration.

Every passing day sees a new re-

crut added to the ranks of the business men of Albuquerque, the men who have made the city and are working for her future, who are determined that politics shall be eliminated from the conduct of the city's affairs. This movement, the outcome of the general restlessness arising from an unbusinesslike administration and too much petty municipal politics, is growing steadily and is calling the support of the most prominent citizens.

An interesting suggestion as to the proper way to go about it was made yesterday by a leader in the business life of the city and a man now taking a prominent part in pushing the development of Albuquerque. His idea is to call a general mass meeting of the citizens of Albuquerque and appoint a committee to select a business men's ticket of city officers, to be presented to the people. Subsequently another mass meeting would be called at which the candidates offered would be taken up for ratification. It is believed by this man and many others that the vast majority of the people are in favor of such a movement, whether it is made possible to inaugurate the commission form of government or not; and there is no doubt that, properly carried out, some such plan will result in placing the administration of affairs in the hands of competent business men who will do their work regardless of political preferences or inclinations of any kind. Efficiency is the watchword, city departments conducted solely in the interest of the man who pays the taxes whatever his politics; money saved for the people, the greatest good for the greatest number and prosperity and growth for Albuquerque. No one, be he a Democrat or Republican, will deny that there have been less politics, the progress of this city in the past four years would have been much more rapid and we would have received much more for our money.—Albuquerque Journal.

United States Senators.

There seems to be quite an active effort in some quarters to create a sentiment in favor of O. A. Larrazolo for United States Senator from New Mexico, and his claims are urged largely upon the fact that he is of the Spanish speaking race. The effort and the basis of the claim are ill-advised, and the object sought.—Mr. Larrazolo's election to the U. S. Senate, is preposterous. No question of race should enter into the discussion of the qualifications of any candidate, and in Mr. Larrazolo's case, no question of individual ability or fitness need be discussed or thought of at the present time. For the present we need consider his candidacy from no other standpoint than that of party politics and party expediency.

Ever since his arrival in the United States, Mr. Larrazolo has been actively identified with the Democratic party until a few weeks ago when he left the party that had twice honored him as its standard bearer and proclaimed himself to be a Republican. While we recognize that a man may see the error of his way, have an honest conviction of his political sins, may seek to flee the wrath to come and sincerely strive henceforth to follow the true political faith, and while we welcome him into the fold, yet there is still enough of Methodist Church policy left in us to take such penitents only upon probation, requiring them to do works more for repentance before we receive them into full connection and give them United States Senatorships.

There are enough old wheel-horses, tried and true and able, like Solomon Luna, from whom to choose our Senators, and other officers, without picking out the recently penitent raw recruit and bestowing upon him the honors that may be claimed only after years of efficient and loyal party service. The raw recruit should be left to drill in the ranks until he has caught the step of his comrades, and learned the new manual of arms. Mr. Larrazolo is young in years and in his affiliations, and can afford to wait.—Taos Valley News.

Roosevelt Not the Man.

Aside from the fact that the National Republican party is not so radically inclined as it was three or six months ago, there is a further reason why Theodore Roosevelt will not be nominated at Chicago: the second reason is the stronger of the two, namely, the fixed and unchangeable sentiment of the people of the United States against any man holding the office of president more than eight years. The Republican national convention will act in accordance with this fixed national sentiment; but even if there should be some slip here, the people would take care of it at the polls.

If any chance—now exceedingly remote—Theodore Roosevelt should be nominated by the Republicans, the Democrats would not need to bring up any argument but one: "No third term." Colonel Roosevelt's attempt to explain away his own inconsistency is clever but ineffectual. In a century and a quarter of American nationality we have had 27 presidents and not one of them has served over eight years. There have been many times when it seemed to a large part of the American people as if a crisis demanded a longer term of some able leader, but few presidents have been tempted by the call, and not one has ever succeeded in overcoming the fixed opposition that is so much a part of the national tradition as to constitute a section of the "unwritten constitution."

There is, of course, no law against Colonel Roosevelt again filling the presidential office. But American custom is unbroken against a term exceeding eight years. Roosevelt served within a few months of the maximum period. The American people cannot be induced now by any political party or by any individual to vary from the precedent that, set by Washington himself, has stood for more than a century.—El Paso Herald.

Henry Watterson on Roosevelt.

Theodore Roosevelt was born with a golden spoon in his mouth, and when

in his babyhood, he wanted the moon, it may be conjectured that he pounded his nurse until she gave it him. He is the very child of good fortune. But no one ever more disdained the idea of letting well enough alone. From the day of his exit from Harvard College to the hour which sees him taking a moment's rest upon his armor at Oyster Bay he has suffered little grass to grow beneath his feet.

He resolved upon a political career—perhaps in the nursery, for he came of stock both ambitious and dominating, and to the core politician—and thenceforward he pursued the objects he had set before his future with rare intelligence, as well as with aggressive and steadfast confidence. He believed in himself no less than in his star; but he was guided by a thrifty modesty till the crucial time had arrived, content with such minor places as the practical politicians could afford to give him, while appearing as a civil service reformer inside the lines of his own party—an undoubted, undeviating Republican. He studied and learned equally under George William Curtis and Roscoe Conkling—Curtis the poseur in moral philosophy, the gentleman in politics; Conkling, the poseur in oratory, the master of political organization and craft. He came out of the opposing schools far to surpass his teachers in the arts of impressing the public and handling the party machinery, far to exceed them in fortuitous opportunity. Rising to power, on the crutches of civil service reform, no sooner did he find himself in the White House than he threw them out of the window. Ever since he has furnished examples of "how to do it" which shame the living Platt and quite overshadow the memory of the dead Quay. Neither, in the high noon of his audacity, would he have dared attempt what Theodore Roosevelt has achieved. Neither could he have survived what contributes to Theodore Roosevelt's popularity and renown.—Henry Watterson in the Reader.

Raton Delegates.

At the precinct convention held at Raton, the following delegates were elected to the Colfax county convention: Precinct No. 6, T. F. McAdillie, Thomas McBride, W. S. Connett, A. R. Streicher, E. C. Crampton, Hugo Seaberg, E. G. Twitty, John Davis, Homer Hobbs, James K. Hunt, L. S. Wilson and John Boyle. From precinct No. 25, W. J. Linwood, Ernest Ruth, J. E. Hunt and Frank Henning.

Of Course, He Will.

"Do you intend to support the Republican nominee, whoever he may be?" was asked Roosevelt yesterday. "Of course I shall," he replied with emphasis.

Teddy Will Not Get New York Delegates.

Republican politicians in New York, as a rule, refrain from making any comment on Colonel Roosevelt's candidacy. Those that did so predicted that it would not result in his securing the ninety delegates from this state to Chicago.

Iowa's Governor For Taft.

Declaring that he was surprised that Colonel Theodore Roosevelt "did not long ago announce his adherence to his oft repeated doctrine of 'square deal,' recognize the justice of the candidacy of President Taft for re-nomination and give him the same loyal support that President Taft as secretary of war gave to the Roosevelt administration," Governor B. F. Carroll of Iowa, in a statement announced his support for Taft for the presidency. The Iowa executive broadly intimates that Wall street influences are responsible for the opposition to President Taft.

Ward Nails Democratic Lie.

"Absolutely false" is the brand W. G. Ward upon the statements regarding alleged misappropriation of school funds in Mora county, which have been made by various persons for various motives and have been sent to several of the newspapers of the state by industrious, if misguided, correspondents. Mr. Ward said that he has attended every meeting of board of commissioners of Mora county at which money has been paid out, with the exception of the last meeting of the board which retired with the coming of statehood. Because of bad roads it was impossible for him to be present at that meeting but he acquainted himself thoroughly with the action taken at that time by the commissioners and learned that there had been nothing done that could be construed as misappropriation of funds. In regard to the Roy district, from whence has come the complaint, Mr. Ward says that the school house there is being enlarged and the corps of teachers has been increased from two to five, within the past two years. Despite the fact that the school money received from the territorial levy last year was less than the year before, the number of teachers has been increased throughout the county and more money has been spent upon the education of the children. Mr. Ward has investigated thoroughly the accusation of misappropriation of school funds and has found it to be untrue.—Las Vegas Optic.

Andrews.

The time has now come to discuss the matter of United States Senators. This paper favors the candidacy of William H. Andrews.

We believe that Andrews is the candidate of the people.

Andrews today, as a candidate, is in the lead and it is admitted that he will have the largest number of votes on the first joint ballot.

Why? Because Andrews does not represent any special interest. He is not the candidate of the coal camps. He is not favored by the Rock Island railroad. He is not the favorite of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad.

In the legislature you will find the railroad and corporation attorneys are not for Andrews. Admitting that he has strength, it

must be the people, just the common people, are for him; the corporations and interests are not.

Andrews knew who his friends were when he advocated and endeavored to bring about an advisory primary for selection of the Senators. This would have left it to the people.

We have no argument to make with those of our contemporaries who are publishing the fact that "Andrews is politically dead," and that "the people do not want Andrews." If they believed this they would not devote from two to four columns to telling it, reiterating it, and hysterically shrieking it.

The people of Dona Ana County want Andrews. Not one of the elected members of the legislature could have been elected in the last election if he had openly declared against Andrews before the election.

Why? Because our people knew Andrews. There are probably five hundred people in this county alone for whom he has done more than his duty. Ask your neighbor if he has not, at some time, needed the services of Andrews as delegate to Congress. How many letters asking help or attention or work of some kind have gone out from Las Cruces alone? Ask if a letter has remained unanswered, or if everything possible was not performed.

Ask the common people of Chavez county whether or not they are for Andrews. They will look at their magnificent public building and tell you yes.

Ask the people of Bernalillo county if they are for Andrews. They will remember the \$30,000 for the Irrigation Congress, the \$200,000 public building, and the numerous things Congress has done for them, and will say yes.

We have told only the truth about Mr. Andrews and believe that the truths that others have told will not injure him with those who know him, and all New Mexico knows him, and his true service, always in their interest.

His party fealty is above question. He has always been a Republican and this is recorded by his credit even among Democratic friends, for all men respect a man's belief in his own party principles, and he has treated men of all political beliefs fairly and many men in other parties would vote for Andrews today, if they had the privilege, for the very reason that there is no question as to his staunch belief in his own party—people like that.

New Mexico as a state needs the services of a man who can obtain for her all that is due. Andrews can do that—he has done it in the past.

Now, of course, those who have axes to grind for themselves through some other candidate, and who are foolish enough to believe that they can help their special friends by attacking Andrews, will tell you that any delegate in Congress would have done the same—that Andrews should not have the credit.

Perhaps any other General who happened to be at the head of the Union Army would have won the Civil War—but we honor Grant and give him the credit. Any man might have sailed on the Santa Teresa and discovered America—but we honor Columbus. Any president elected in Lincoln's place might have abolished slavery, out Lincoln did it, and we honor and revere Lincoln.

We do not class Andrews with Lincoln or Grant or Columbus. Andrews has simply been a delegate to Congress for a number of years and he has performed his work well and faithfully. He has delivered the goods, and he deserves reward.

He should be elected to the United States Senate.—Rio Grande Republican.

HERE'S ANOTHER MURDER FOR SHORTEST MONTH.

A quarrel over two cigar checks in a pool game at the New State Pool hall of Burton & Montgomery, 208 North Third street, resulted at 8:15 last night in a most cold blooded and deliberate murder when Sam Lyle, blacksmith for T. J. Shink, at 219 West Copper avenue, put a bullet from a .41 caliber double-action old-fashioned Colt's revolver through the heart of Ira Carr, also colored. Lyle made no resistance when placed under arrest by Chief of Police McMullin and Police man J. C. Martin, a few minutes after the murder. "I'm the man," he said, nonchalantly, as he stood smoking a cigarette, while watching Carr breathe his last in the pool hall. "He insulted me and drew a knife on me," said the slayer, "and I just went and got my gun and shot him. Dr. Pearce was hurriedly summoned to attend the dying man, but the bullet, which entered the left breast, ranged downward through the heart and Carr expired about ten minutes after the officers arrived.

From all the evidence at hand it appears that Lyle and Carr met in the pool hall and were having a quiet game, when a dispute arose as to which lost the cigar checks.

Lyle says that Carr applied several vile epithets to him and drew a knife in a menacing manner, Lyle saying, "I'll see about it," or words to that effect, went out of the hall, entered the room of James Henry, a colored porter, rooming in the house of Marie Cochran, at 317 West Copper, picked up the gun which lay on Henry's dresser, stepped back into the pool hall and without a word took aim at Carr and fired.—Albuquerque Journal.

Backache Almost Unbearable.

Is an almost certain result of kidney trouble. D. Toomey, 803 E. Olive St., Bloomington, Ill., says: "I suffered with backache and pains in my kidneys which were almost unbearable. I gave Foley Kidney Pills a good trial, and they done wonders for me. Today I can do a hard day's work and not feel the effects." For sale by all druggists.

FULLGROWN BLIZZARD PAYS CARLSBAD A BRIEF VISIT.

F. G. Tracy Returns From New York to Look After His Fine Peach Orchard—Revivals Close.

Carlsbad, N. M., Feb. 29.—A full grown blizzard had Carlsbad in its grip yesterday morning for an hour or two. It blew a strong gale from Northwest and the air was full of snow. In an hour the snow was over. Today the sun smiles as if nothing had ever happened. It rained Saturday night about a third of an inch. The moisture will help the stockmen and the farmers.

Tracy Returns to Carlsbad.

F. G. Tracy returned Saturday night from New York, where he has spent the winter. Mr. Tracy is the big peach grower in the Carlsbad project and comes back at this time to superintend personally the orchards through the spring season. The outlook is most flattering for a bumper peach crop this year. The winter has been cool and the trees will bloom late. Mr. Tracy reports that the commission firm that handled his crop last year is anxious to have the entire crop this season for their New York trade. No contract has been made so far, but it is likely that Mr. Tracy will do his own packing and that the commission house will have two experts at their own expense to superintend the shipments.

SANTA FE WEEKLY MEXICAN REVIEW

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

MORE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Perhaps figures are dry, but when they appertain to state boosting and to measuring the march of progress, citizens should pay more attention to them, especially, if they are authentic and official, as are the statistics of the Census Bureau.

Who knew, for instance, that Roosevelt and Quay counties head the list of twenty-six counties as to the number of farms. They do! Each has more than twice as many farms as Santa Fe county, and together they have five times as many. This is the way that the twenty-six counties compare as to the number of farms, there being altogether in the state, 35,676 farms valued at \$159,447,990, and including 1,467,191 acres of improved land:

Roosevelt	2,200
Quay	2,117
Chaves	2,487
Curry	2,134
Torrance	2,069
Mora	1,988
Union	1,923
Guadalupe	1,760
Rio Arriba	1,542
San Miguel	1,468
Eddy	1,411
Santa Fe	1,297
Valencia	1,292
Sandoval	1,237
Socorro	1,122
Taos	986
Bernalillo	925
San Juan	924
Donna Ana	851
Otero	705
Colfax	693
Lincoln	641
Grant	21,169
Taos	21,038
McKinley	674
Sierra	363
Luna	240

As to the area cultivated, the counties, however, range differently, although here too, the dry farming counties lead as will be seen from the following:

Acres	
Roosevelt	200,121
Curry	175,891
Quay	173,344
Chaves	138,703
Eddy	92,094
Torrance	74,025
Union	72,630
Mora	66,702
Colfax	56,368
San Miguel	51,141
Guadalupe	46,186
Sandoval	39,700
Donna Ana	32,195
Santa Fe	32,741
San Juan	26,350
Rio Arriba	25,550
Socorro	23,409
Bernalillo	22,836
Grant	21,038
Valencia	20,098
Otero	16,664
Lincoln	15,492
Luna	11,958
McKinley	5,215
Sierra	4,220

Livestock is included in the total farm valuations, the value of all domestic animals in New Mexico being given by the Census Bureau as \$43,191,913, or two-thirds the entire taxable assessment including railroads, banks, mines, real estate, money, factories and every other class of taxable. By counties, the livestock valuations range as follows:

Chaves	\$4,144,994
Grant	3,901,492
Eddy	3,871,475
Union	3,429,314
Socorro	2,938,225
Lincoln	2,517,051
Colfax	2,468,149
Rio Arriba	1,812,048
Valencia	1,741,858
San Miguel	1,629,705
Quay	1,187,222
Mora	1,186,670
Otero	1,142,166
Guadalupe	1,126,552
Sierra	1,123,621
Sandoval	1,009,954
Roosevelt	992,484
Torrance	988,742
McKinley	938,224
San Juan	884,720
Bernalillo	842,218
Luna	729,453
Curry	726,197
Santa Fe	631,938
Donna Ana	632,014
Taos	545,430

A PAIR.

The yoking of Roosevelt with Beveridge, which has been suggested, ought to satisfy the friends of each of the gentlemen named. There is a good deal of resemblance between the two, inasmuch as both have passed their day of greatest usefulness, and

er with Congressman Curry, stood for the Blue Ballot, who opposed to the last minute the convention's plank against it, who were most progressive and radical in their utterances. If there is any criticism that the Republicans make of these two leaders, it is that they are away too much by passing popular fancy, that both of them have always been free lances, and that both have lacked conservatism. That may be a virtue or it may be a fault, but certainly the Roosevelt should not be perverted history as recent as the Las Vegas convention, and facts that have been recorded in black and white, such as that the New Mexican, Curry and Fall advised against making a campaign issue and a party test of the Blue Ballot, and that all three up to the last moment fought the resolution of the convention committing the Republican party to opposition to the Blue Ballot.

NEW MEXICO'S TALENTS.

In the Good Book there is the parable of the talents which tells of the trust imposed in certain servants, and how one servant was found unfaithful because he buried the talent entrusted to him under the specious plea that he was afraid of losing it, while the other servants who doubled their talents through wise investment and good business methods, were rewarded.

New Mexico has in its immense land grant a magnificent talent. There are some who advocate that the state should bury it for fear that a hundred years hence it might not be found. There are others again, who want the commonwealth to make the best use possible of that talent.

Suppose New Mexico has a section of grazing land in Quay county that could be scientifically methods, through pumping from wells and hard work, be converted into farms. If the Territory refuses to sell that land, it will always remain grazing land, bringing three cents an acre each year, in leasing fees, or perhaps, lying idle altogether. But suppose, New Mexico decides to sell a quarter section of that land, and an enterprising homesteader acquires it at the minimum price of \$800, builds a home on it, digs wells, gradually brings the entire area under successful cultivation, puts livestock in his stables and becomes a prosperous land owner.

The other three quarter sections would double in value through the enterprise of that one farmer, because the state was willing to sell him the quarter section he wants. The three remaining quarter sections are now worth \$4,800 while the entire section before wasn't worth \$2,400.

Suppose, another quarter section is sold at \$1,600 and is similarly improved, and the half section remaining as the State property, again doubles in value because of the enterprise of the two farmers, and can then be sold for \$6,400, so that the total proceeds from that section of land would be \$8,800, of which \$5,600 would be unearned increment for the state, the total sum to be placed in the permanent fund bearing more than five per cent interest, or fully \$450 a year, while from the leasing of the same land, the State would probably derive only \$20 a year, and after a hundred years, the land would still be naught else but grazing land.

But the profit to the State from selling that section of land does not stop there. The four farmers on those four sections pay taxes on an assessment, probably of \$10,000, taxes of which the state gets \$100 a year, the county \$300, the school district \$50 and special funds \$50 more, altogether \$500. Those four families contribute to traffic and tonnage for railroads, are advocates of good roads and good government, buy their supplies at the nearest store, support churches and lodges and altogether are worth more to any commonwealth as citizens and builders, than any measly section or sections of grazing lands still to be had on the public domain would ever be worth.

Which is the better policy for the state therefore? To hold that section indefinitely or to sell it to home makers?

THE MEN WHO KILL.

The Albuquerque Morning Journal that has repeatedly scoffed because of the publicity given the many killings in New Mexico, read an editorial lesson last week to the commonwealth, the occasion being another murder in the Duke City, the second of third this year. The fact, that during February, New Mexico, according to the official statistics of the state mounted police, had five times as many killings than the average as shown by the census bureau for the United States, is a matter for serious consideration, and editorials like the following from the Carlsbad Current are not at all amusing, for publicity will lead to more certain punishment of the men who kill:

"Another killing has stained the name of Eddy county, and this time it is in the peaceful neighborhood of Lovine. It is a pity that differences cannot be settled by legal means and that such a horrible thing as the taking of human life cannot be stopped. Certain it is there will always be killings as long as murderers are acquitted. Some punishment should follow in most cases, for it is seldom that such work is justifiable."

THE NEED OF TODAY.

"Our rural population is not being educated. Last year 81 school districts had no school at all." That is the startling statement made by C. M. Light, president of the Normal school at Silver City and chairman of the legislative committee of the New Mexico Educational Association.

The 81 school districts without any school do not tell the whole story. To it must be added 449 districts that had less than five months of school and some of these held school in tumble-down adobe houses with inferior teachers on a starvation salary.

co's school system is the peer of any, and even Dr. Light says: "As it now stands in comparison with other states, our school system seems a fairly good one." Perhaps, the system is, although Dr. Light in his little pamphlet indirectly denies this, and suggests a new system: "The County Unit Bill," he calls it. But the truth of the matter is, the present generation for purely selfish reasons is handicapping the next generation and condemning it to inefficiency and backwardness, is cursing its own offspring with ignorance, depriving them of the advantages that children in other commonwealths are being given by state and school authorities.

The miserable poverty of many of the school districts is to blame, the universal desire to "escape" taxation which is implanted in poor and rich, in ignorant and cultured citizens alike, the political farming out of the miserable little perquisites that loom so big in poverty-stricken communities, are all contributing causes.

Dr. Light, in his address to the legislature suggests a remedy and the address itself furnishes the best arguments in its favor. The remedy is along lines that the New Mexican has suggested from time to time, revenue reform, a more equal distribution of taxation, consolidation of school districts, a county unit rather than the independent district, and central county high schools with free conveyance for children living at a distance. Dr. Light makes a strong case for his plan and it should receive the thought and study of the legislators.

KEEPING DOWN THE LID.

Only four persons refused to sign the petition to the city council to keep the lid on in Santa Fe. Among the 145 signers were some of the principal taxpayers, some of the men known to be most liberal in their thought and action. The citizenship of Santa Fe is almost unanimously enforcing the laws as they are on the statute books—not fanatically, but with sensible agitation, but quietly and firmly. Laws are an expression of the will of the majority of a community and those who disobey them, defy the majority, defy the government, are traitors to the nation and the people, and must be held to account, punished and rooted out. The foundation has been laid for a law and order league: conditions will be closely watched, detectives will be engaged, if found necessary, funds are available, and the strong arm of the law will be appealed to, whenever there is evidence of the lid being lifted and of conditions becoming a public scandal. Much can be done by calm, determined men and women who want to demonstrate that the capital of the state is law-abiding and decent. Certainly, no man or woman can object to the prevalence of such a spirit.

Rev. Madison C. Peters, a more or less sensational preacher in New York, some time ago thundered from the pulpit that the high cost of living must be blamed on the retailers who charge exorbitant profits and to prove it, went into the grocery business. He has returned to the pulpit, however, after discovering that it is much easier to earn his subsistence preaching sensational sermons than it is selling sugar at "enormous" profit to quarrelsome customers over the counter, even when those customers settle promptly at the end of the month. The high cost of living is the consequence of extravagance, not always paid by the one who is extravagant, but paid by the aid of machinery, and with every one working, there is a limit to average production of the individual, and whoever spends above that limit saddles a burden upon some one else.

The state commissioner of Horticulture of California is addressing western governors on the advisability of concerted action to bring about the passage by Congress of a national quarantine law that will keep out insect pests harmful to crops. New Mexico's congressmen, no doubt, will vote for such a measure for New Mexico's fruit interests are of growing importance. Two pests, especially, the California state commissioner calls attention to: "The Mediterranean Fly, close to the west of us, well colonized on the Hawaiian Islands, if once introduced, would do us millions of dollars of damage. The Alfalfa Weevil in Utah is spreading fast, we need and must have stringent quarantine resolutions preventing its spread into other states. We understand that it has already invaded Idaho."

Governor McDonald today issued his arbor day proclamation. If there is any holiday that lends itself to a practical, useful observance, it is the day set aside for the planting of trees. In Santa Fe, tree planting will be given another impetus this year by the free distribution of a thousand trees by the municipality, and the creation of school and home gardens by the school children. To make Santa Fe a city of trees and flowers, and the surrounding country a district of orchards, would be doing more for the Capital in a practical way than all the political wirepulling has done for the city the past hundred years. If you can't afford to give the city a hospital, a park or a library, you can at least plant a tree and seed a flower bed.

The New Mexico State Democrat is correct when it says that the publicity given applications for parole at the penitentiary is commendable, but is mistaken when it announces that this is an innovation just introduced last month. Warden Cleofes Romero and his chief clerk, W. A. Bayer, inaugurated the practice of sending typewritten copies of lists of prisoners asking for parole to New Mexico newspapers, regularly, preceding each meeting of the board that passes on the paroles. Publicity is a good thing in the prison affairs. The people have a right to know, and have a right to know, what their officials are planning and doing.

NEW MEXICO'S BIG INDUSTRY.

No specific industry gives employment to so many men, sustenance to so many families and puts so much money in general circulation in New Mexico as sheep and wool growing. Yet, it is this very industry above all other industries that the Democrats have set out to destroy. Steel mills and cotton mills, and even the sugar cane industry would survive free trade after a period of depression, wage reductions, strikes and panic, but the wool growing industry would be killed inevitably by free trade, for the report of the experts on the tariff board, shows conclusively that wool cannot be grown in the United States in competition with Australia, South America and Africa under free trade.

The census enumerators found 3,346,884 sheep in the state valued at \$12,072,037, and it is quite certain that from one to two million sheep they did not find. But taking even the census figures, some idea may be gained of the tremendous importance of this industry to New Mexico, especially, when it is remembered that some 22,000 people are dependent upon it for work, that \$3,000,000 worth of wool and more than \$5,000,000 worth of lambs are marketed annually and that the industry is capable of great expansion and improvement. The number of sheep, range as follows by counties, Valencia and Rio Arriba counties alone having more than one-fifth of the sheep in the state, and the counties of Rio Arriba, Valencia, Union, Socorro, Lincoln and Chaves, having more than one-half of all of the sheep in the commonwealth:

Rio Arriba	358,294
Valencia	310,791
Socorro	294,108
Union	290,847
Lincoln	287,365
Chaves	228,146
McKinley	204,223
Bernalillo	157,567
Sandoval	149,408
Guadalupe	132,701
Colfax	132,691
Torrance	130,956
Eddy	129,628
San Miguel	106,820
Santa Fe	92,897
Mora	89,879
Taos	86,870
San Juan	77,755
Quay	34,229
Otero	22,457
Sierra	20,486
Curry	9,364
Roosevelt	1,916
Donna Ana	875
Grant	625
Luna	256

GOOD ADVERTISING.

That the School of American Archeology at Santa Fe, is a never-ending source of effective advertising for New Mexico through the best publicity mediums of the United States, is manifest again from the following editorial, under the heading in "Our Strangest Homes," which will appear in Leslie's Weekly tomorrow: "The American School of Archeology, at Santa Fe, N. M., is doing a great work uncovering and restoring the prehistoric homes of the canyons and hills of that section. A large party of students of Western universities have been engaged in this work for three years, and they are finding a marvelous showing of reminders of a race that built extensive villages, with great communal houses and ceremonial places. Some of the houses had over a thousand rooms each, and were built with great solidity. The cave homes were inaccessible to the enemy and were dug out of the steep sides of the canyons. In an old palace of Santa Fe, a great museum of the relics of these people, who built the strangest homes in America, is being made."

The New Mexican regrets that Congressman Curry will not be a candidate for re-election to Congress this fall. Every report from Washington indicates that Curry has been making good. Said a high official to the editor of the New Mexican upon his return from Washington: "There is no congressman as popular at the War Department as Governor Curry. In the other departments too, every one knows him, and his acquaintanceship among Senators and Representatives is not only general but intimate. He is a hard worker, busy all the time for his constituents and he will in time accomplish great results." That is the kind of Congressman New Mexico needs and wants. Another factor is, that George Curry would have the best chance of being elected this fall, of any man the Republicans could name. It must be remembered, that under the recent apportionment, New Mexico will have only one congressman, instead of two as at present.

While every day in the year should be cleanup day for Santa Fe, yet, such a co-operative movement as that planned for tomorrow, when every householder is expected to make a special effort to have his premises sparkling and clean, serves as an incentive and inspiration for the remainder of the year. This is something that a householder does not only for himself and his own comfort and health, but also for the entire community. It is a matter of pride when patriotism is aroused in time of war or when the flag goes by but through a man or woman is ready to sacrifice life in battle, and yet keeps his premises in unsanitary condition unmindful of his own and the community's welfare, he is still some distance from being a patriot.

The national Roosevelt committee sends out to all newspapers the tidings that "chances are that Roosevelt will get an 'instructed' delegation at large from Oklahoma." In other words, wherever the Roosevelt advocates are in the majority, they insist on an "instructed" delegation; wherever they are in the minority, they play for an uninstructed delegation. That is good politics, but the Taft adherents who fall into the trap, are either not loyal or they are poor politicians.

CAREER OF THE LATE WM. BAYARD CUTTING.

New York Sun Tells of a Life of Large Usefulness in Many Spheres of Business. (New York Sun.)

Fulton Cutting received a telegram late last night saying that his brother, William Bayard Cutting, had died on a special train on his way from Santa Fe, N. M., to this city. Mr. Cutting left Kansas City at 10 o'clock yesterday morning in a dying condition.

Mr. Cutting suffered from an attack of indigestion on Thursday of last week in Santa Fe. The illness affected his heart and his condition grew worse. The physicians thought that the high altitude of Santa Fe was an unfavorable factor and it was finally decided to bring Mr. Cutting east.

He started from Santa Fe in a special train on Wednesday and arrived in Kansas City over the Rock Island road at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The physicians then decided that Mr. Cutting could be taken to Chicago safely. It was expected that the train would reach Chicago between 10 and 11 o'clock last night and that Mr. Cutting would be removed to a hotel for the night.

The special train in which Mr. Cutting was traveling consisted of a locomotive, a baggage car and a Pullman car. With him were his wife and daughter Miss Olivia, two physicians and a trained nurse. He was unconscious when the train reached Kansas City.

William Bayard Cutting was born in New York January 12, 1850. He was a descendant of the Rev. Leonard Cutting, clergyman of the Church of England, who brought the family name to this country and after having charge of parishes at New Brunswick, N. J., Hempstead and Oyster Bay, taught in Columbia College, then King's College, and in 1766 established a school at Hempstead. His wife was a daughter of John Pintard, a member of a Huguenot family.

William Cutting, the only son of the Rev. Leonard Cutting, was a successful lawyer, was sheriff of New York county in 1807 and 1808 and was interested with his brother-in-law, Robert Fulton, in the development of steam navigation. He held a franchise for the ferry between the foot of what is now Fulton street and Brooklyn. His wife was Gertrude Livingston, daughter of Walter Livingston and Cornelia Schuyler, daughter of Peter Schuyler. She was a niece of Chancellor Livingston.

William Bayard Cutting was the son of Fulton Cutting, fifth son of William Cutting and Cornelia Schuyler. His mother was Justine Bayard, daughter of Robert Bayard and Elizabeth McEvers. He was graduated from Columbia college in 1869 and from the Columbia Law School in 1871. He was associated with his brother, R. Fulton Cutting, in the practice of law at 22 Nassau street and was active in reform politics. He was a civil service commissioner under Mayor Low and also was president of the tenement house commission. He also was active in the affairs of the Episcopal church of this diocese.

Mr. Cutting was a director of the Metropolitan Opera House and a trustee of Columbia College, and of the New York Botanical Gardens. The directorates of which he was a member included those of the American Exchange National Bank, the City and Suburban Homes Company, the Commercial Union Assurance Company, Ltd., of London; the Commercial Union Fire Insurance Company of New York, the Southern Pacific Company, the Tropical Land Company, Ltd., and the United States Trust Company. His clubs included the Union, Century, Tuxedo, University, Metropolitan, Groller, Church and Jekyll and. He was also a member of the Huguenot Society.

Mr. Cutting's wife was Olivia Murray, daughter of Bronson Murray and Anne E. Peyton. Their children were William Bayard, Jr., Justine Bayard, Bronson Murray and Olivia. William Bayard Cutting, Jr., died on March 10, 1910, at Assouan, Egypt, after resigning from the diplomatic service because of ill health. His wife was Lady Sybil Curzon, second daughter of the Earl of Desart. Justine Bayard Cutting married George Cabot Ward.

Mr. Cutting's town residence was at 24 East Seventy-second street.

R. L. HITT TAKES CHARGE OF WILLARD RECORD AGAIN.

Representative James W. Chaves Takes Up His Residence at Santa Fe.

Willard, N. M., March 5.—Hon. Jas. W. Chaves, Torrance county's representative in the state legislature, left for Santa Fe by way of Albuquerque on Sunday evening.

Burwell and Burwell have surrendered possession of the Willard Record, to the owner, and R. L. Hitt takes charge as editor and manager. Fred A. Boxley of Kansas City, Mo., and Harry S. Truman of Fairview, Mo., are here visiting John Lobb, and looking at the valley and investigating its resources and future prospects. It is raining this morning and the Estancia valley is rejoicing.

FATHER OF SECRETARY OF STATE IS DEAD.

Pablo Lucero, aged 76 years, father of Secretary of State Antonio Lucero, died yesterday at Las Vegas after an illness of several months. Up to the time he was taken ill he lived on a ranch near Chapelle, San Miguel county. He was one of the old time freighters of the southwest. His wife and three sons and two daughters survive him. The sons are Secretary of State Antonio Lucero, Bonifacio Lucero of Santa Rosa; Eloy Lucero of Albuquerque, while the daughters are Miss Frances Lucero of Las Vegas, and Mrs. M. Delgado of Las Vegas. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows at Las Vegas. Interment was made in Mount Cavalry cemetery.

You can say goodbye to constipation with a clear conscience if you use Chamberlain's Tablets. Many have been permanently cured by their use. For sale by all dealers.

GOOD ROADS ENTHUSIASM IN WINDMILL CITY.

Deming Automobile Club Organized—Trans-Continental Route Via Roswell and Lordsburg.

Deming, N. M., March 6.—The newly organized Deming Automobile Club met at the Adelphi club rooms last evening. There was a full attendance at the meeting and good roads enthusiasm received another long push ahead. The chairman, Dr. R. C. Hoffmann, presented a letter from Harry C. Drum, chairman of tours, in charge of routing members of the American Automobile Association, on transcontinental runs. This letter states that Mr. Drum's representative, Z. E. Black will leave Chicago on or about March 16th for the purpose of viewing the All Year Borderland Route. He will come from Chicago to Dodge City, Kans., thence to Plainview, Texas, thence to Roswell, El Paso, Deming, Lordsburg, Douglas and Phoenix. Mr. Drum states also that the officials of his organization are favorable to this route, and he is especially impressed by the enterprise of the towns along this route for good roads. The towns along the route will take care of Mr. Black, and pilot cars will meet him at various points and conduct him over succeeding sections of the road. Mr. Drum will later communicate a plan of organization for the towns along the way, which plan will be fulfilled to the letter. He estimates that 10,000 cars will make the trip across the continent between now and the end of the California expositions in 1915, and says "There is no reason why this southern route, with its untold natural attractions, should not draw more than its share of this travel and all the attendant benefits."

The Deming Automobile club at this meeting arranged for its first official run next Sunday afternoon to Payson Springs, and an invitation is extended to the Silver City club to meet the Deming club there at that time. It is expected that a large number of cars will participate in this run.

W. L. Balentine, of Las Cruces, is here conferring with the officials of the Christian churches concerning plans for their new church building. J. F. Heatley, of Dwyer, N. M., is in Deming this week on business.

SON OF WEALTHY PHILADELPHIAN ARRESTED.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 6.—William Van Buren Bradley, son of a well to do Philadelphia man, who was arrested here last night, left today for Philadelphia in company with a detective. He is said to be wanted in Philadelphia on charges of grand larceny, wife desertion, failure to provide and obtaining money under false pretenses. He waived extradition. Accompanying him to Philadelphia, was Mrs. Estelle Wright Johnston, a young girl. No warrant has been issued for her arrest, but the police say a search for her has been in progress for the last six weeks.

GIRL FRIENDS 'EEK DEATH IN EACH OTHER'S ARMS.

Mrs. Sabina Bornefield Herck, bride of a few weeks, and her girl chum, Miss Lillian Walker, are at the St. Louis, Mo., city hospital recovering from an attempt to end their lives with gas. Each is 16 years old. In notes written before they made the suicide attempt they explained they wished to die because they were unhappy, and declared they were "leaving hell." With their arms wrapped around each other's necks, they were found unconscious lying in front of a gas grate.

FRANCE AND SPAIN QUARREL OVER MOROCCO.

Paris, March 6.—A rupture between France and Spain is imminent unless Spain shows a more conciliatory disposition in the negotiations on the subject of Morocco, according to Paris newspapers.

CHARLES DICKENS ACQUITTED.

Judge W. S. Morey of the district court at Colorado Springs, instructed the jury to find for the defendant in the suit of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Long against Charles Dickens for \$10,500 damages for alleged malicious prosecution.

Woman Was Robbed—Jose Moreno and Manuela Ruiz are held by the El Paso police on a complaint made by Atanacia Nieto, that they had taken \$100 Mexican money and \$10 American money from her. When arrested, Moreno had \$85 Mexican money on his person.

A NEW CREATION WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY.

THE MERRIAM WEBSTER The Only New unabridged dictionary in many years. Contains the plain and essence of an authoritative library. Covers every field of knowledge. An Encyclopedia in a single book. The Only Dictionary with the New Divided Page. 400,000 Words. 2700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations. Cost nearly half a million dollars. Let us tell you about this most remarkable single volume.

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G. & C. Merriam Co. Springfield, Mass.

INTERESTING OPINION IN QUO WARRANTO CASE.

Judge E. C. Abbott Lays Down the
Law as it Has Developed in
This Jurisdiction.

The following is the opinion of
Judge E. C. Abbott in the case of the
Territory ex rel. O. L. Owen, vs.
George H. Van Stone, involving the
position of state corporation commis-
sioner:

Opinion.

This is an information in the nature
of a quo warranto by the State of
New Mexico on the relation of O. L.
Owen, Relator, and directed to George
H. Van Stone, Respondent.

It is alleged in the information that
at a Democratic convention held in
Santa Fe on October 3rd, 1911, the re-
lator, O. L. Owen, the respondent, G.
H. Van Stone, and S. Martinez were
chosen and nominated as the Demo-
cratic candidates for the offices of
State Corporation Commissioners, the
same being offices required by the
constitution in the State of New Mex-
ico to be elected at an election held
November 7th, 1911, and that the Re-
publican and Socialist parties at their
conventions regularly held for the
purpose also, nominated certain can-
didates, mentioned in the information,
for such offices.

That at the time of such nomina-
tions all of the said nominees were
qualified to hold such offices and were
so qualified at the time of the elec-
tion.

That after such Democratic conven-
tion was held the permanent chairman
and secretary thereof, in accordance
with law, over their official signatures
certified to the various Probate Clerks
of New Mexico the names of all the
Democratic nominees selected and
nominated by such convention and in
each one of such certificates the
name of the relator, O. L. Owen, ap-
peared as one of the Democratic no-
minees for the office of Corporation
Commissioner and upon no one of
such certificates did the name of "Sol
Owen" appear.

That such certificates of nomina-
tion were delivered to such Probate
Clerks by special postoffice delivery
and, more particularly, did the Probate
Clerks of Luna and McKinley coun-
ties receive such certificates on the
23rd day of October, 1911, a date
more than ten days prior to the elec-
tion.

That the Probate Clerks of the var-
ious counties within New Mexico
were required by law to have pre-
pared and printed all of the ballots
of the various political parties with-
in New Mexico, who had lawfully cer-
tified their nominees to such clerks.

That within the counties of Luna
and McKinley the Probate Clerks of
such counties, without the knowledge
or consent of relator, O. L. Owen, and
against his will, and contrary to law,
wholly failed to have placed and
printed upon the Democratic ticket
within their respective counties,
which were used at such election, the
name of O. L. Owen, but, on the con-
trary, wrongfully and unlawfully in-
serted the name of "Sol Owen" to be
printed thereupon and did distribute
such ballots so printed by them im-
mediately before the date of such
election as the official Democratic
ballots or tickets of their respective
counties.

That all of said ballots were regular
and lawful in form and contents with
the exception of the omission of the
name "O. L. Owen" and the insertion
in place thereof of the name "Sol
Owen."

That relator had no knowledge or
information that such ballots had
been so wrongfully printed and dis-
tributed until a date long subsequent
to the election and that O. L. Owen
had a right to believe, and did be-
lieve, that the Probate Clerks of Luna
and McKinley counties would carry
out and perform their duties relative
to the printing of such tickets and en-
joyed upon them by the laws of New
Mexico then in force and effect, and
that they would place his name as
certified to them, as set forth in the
information, upon each of the Demo-
cratic ballots prepared and printed
by them as it was their duty to do.

That there was no person by the
name of Owen, or any name idem
sonant therewith nominated by any
political party for any office at said
election and that no one of such name
or any similar name, excepting relator,
O. L. Owen, was certified as a
candidate or made any canvass or so-
licited any votes for said office.

That within the county of Luna
there were cast at said election 601
of said ballots upon which appeared
printed the name of "Sol Owen," and
that in McKinley county there were
cast 359 ballots so printed by the
Probate Clerk of that county, upon
which there appeared the name of
"Sol Owen."

That all of these ballots so cast in
Luna and McKinley counties, to-wit,
960 ballots, were counted and return-
ed by the respective Judges and clerks
of election for "Sol Owen," and none
of them were returned for "O. L.
Owen."

That the said Board of election of-
ficers have made their returns of their
canvass of said election, to the au-
thority provided by law as to the
votes cast for the offices of State Cor-
poration Commissioners, as follows:
to-wit: that G. H. Van Stone received
29451 votes; that O. L. Owen re-
ceived 28509 votes; that S. Martinez
received 28577 votes; that G. W. Ar-
rango received 29108 votes; that H. H.
Williams received 29835 votes; that
M. S. Groves received 29706 votes;
that Holmes received 1820 votes; that
Metzger received 1818 votes; that
Stagg received 1806 votes and that
"Sol Owen" received 1032 votes, and
that certificates of election have been
issued to said H. H. Williams, M. S.
Groves and the respondent, G. H.
Van Stone.

The above are substantially the
facts admitted by the pleadings. The
information also alleges that it was
the desire, wish and intent of the re-

electors casting ballots for Sol Owen
to vote for and have their votes
counted and canvassed for O. L. Owen
and that if the 1032 votes mentioned
are so counted relator is in fact a
plurality of 90 votes more than re-
spondent and more votes than any per-
son other than H. H. Williams and
M. S. Groves for said offices of State
Corporation Commissioners.

The respondent in his answer de-
clares that, in law, it was his wish, will
and intent of the voters casting such
ballots to vote for "O. L. Owen," and
alleges that the ballot is the only evi-
dence of their intent. Respondent al-
leges certain frauds as having been
committed within certain counties
which would, if corrected, change
the result of the election so that re-
lator, respondent and S. Martinez
would prove to have been elected. No
proof was offered by respondent in
support of such allegations and in
the absence of proof the same must
be disregarded. The informa-
tion also alleges that 12 votes were
returned for "Sol Owen," in precinct
24 of Santa Fe county, which were
in fact cast for "O. L. Owen," and
that such return was an error of the
officers of election. The informa-
tion also alleges that 60 votes were
returned for "Sol Owen," in precinct
7 of Sandoval county which were in
fact cast for O. L. Owen and errone-
ously counted and canvassed for
"Sol Owen."

The cause proceeded to a hearing
upon the information, the answer
and the reply. The respondent in-
troduced in evidence his certificate
of election and rested. The relator
produced witnesses who were pre-
sent at the election in precinct 24 of
Santa Fe county who swore that the
Democratic ballots used in that pre-
dict on election day had printed upon
them the name "O. L. Owen," and
that none of them had printed there-
on the name "Sol Owen." It was
also testified that the votes that were
taken from the ballot box and counted
by the judges of election immediately
after the closing of the polls contain-
ed the name "O. L. Owen," and that
none of the ballots so cast and count-
ed contained the name "Sol Owen,"
and it was also testified that there
were 12 Democratic ballots for "O. L.
Owen" and no ballots for "Sol Owen."

The ballot box of precinct 24 Santa
Fe county was also introduced, iden-
tified and opened by order of the
court and there were found to be 12
Democratic ballots containing the
name of "O. L. Owen" therein and no
ballots containing the name of "Sol
Owen."

A witness was produced by the re-
lator who was present at the election
in precinct 7 of Sandoval county and
who distributed the Democratic
ballots on said day, who testified that
the Democratic ballots so distributed
had printed thereon the name of "O.
L. Owen," and that none of said bal-
lots had printed thereon the name
"Sol Owen;" this witness also testi-
fied that he was present when the
ballots that were cast at said election
in said precinct were counted by the
judges of election and that said bal-
lots had printed thereon the name
of "O. L. Owen" and that none of
said ballots had printed thereon the
name of "Sol Owen." The ballot
box of precinct 7 of Sandoval county
was also introduced, identified and
opened by order of the court and the
contents thereof were introduced in
evidence. It was found that there
were 60 Democratic ballots having
printed thereon the name "O. L.
Owen" and that no ballots in said
box had printed thereon the name of
"Sol Owen" and that there were no
ballots in said box for "Sol Owen."

The relator also produced as a wit-
ness the former probate clerk and ex-
officio Recorder of Luna county, Leo
O. Lester, who swore that he received
and had filed and recorded, accord-
ing to law, the certificate of nomination
of the Democratic party, which cer-
tificate of nomination contained the
name "O. L. Owen" as one of the
candidates for Corporation Commis-
sioner and that he also received an
election proclamation, which election
proclamation contained the name of
"Sol Owen" and that he erroneously
and unintentionally had the Demo-
cratic ballots printed from the elec-
tion proclamation instead of from the
certificate of nomination and that the
name "Sol Owen" was printed upon
the Democratic ballots by his order
and that it was his intention to print
the names of the Democratic candi-
dates upon the Democratic ballot as
they were certified to him.

The relator also produced as a wit-
ness the former Probate Clerk and
Ex-Officio Recorder of McKinley coun-
ty, who testified that he received the
certificate of nomination of the Demo-
cratic candidates. The certificate
of nomination received by him was
introduced in evidence and contained
the name of O. L. Owen as one of the
Democratic candidates for State Cor-
poration Commissioner and did not
contain the name of "Sol Owen."

This witness also testified that he re-
ceived an election proclamation from
the Secretary of the Republican Cen-
tral Committee at about the same
time that he received the certificate
of nomination and that the Demo-
cratic ballots were by his order printed
from the election proclamation rather
than from the certificate of nomina-
tion and that the election proclama-
tion contained the name "Sol Owen"
in place of the name "O. L. Owen"
and that it was his intention to print
the Democratic ballots with the
names of the Democratic candidates
thereon as they were certified to him
and that the name "Sol Owen" as one
of the Democratic candidates for
State Corporation Commissioner upon
the Democratic ballots was a mistake
and should have been "O. L. Owen."

The court has held throughout the
formation of the issues in this case
and throughout the taking of proof,
that the respondent must show that
he was one of the three candidates
receiving the highest number of votes
and that if he did so he was entitled
to the office to which he was award-
ed a certificate of election by the

State Canvassing Board. Inasmuch as
the respondent did not see fit to offer
any proof with respect to the allega-
tions of fraud contained in his an-
swer, the issues for decision by the
court have become restricted to the
question whether the 1032 votes al-
leged to have been returned and can-
vassed for "Sol Owen" should be cre-
dited to the relator, "O. L. Owen."

Upon this question the court there-
fore finds:

1st. That the 601 ballots cast in
Luna county returned for "Sol Owen"
were intended by the electors casting
the same for "O. L. Owen" and that
said ballots must be counted for "O.
L. Owen" and not for "Sol Owen."

2nd. That the 359 ballots return-
ed from McKinley county as having
been cast for "Sol Owen" were in-
tended for "O. L. Owen" by these
electors casting the same and that
said ballots must be counted for "O.
L. Owen" and not for "Sol Owen."

3rd. That 60 ballots were cast in
precinct 7 of Sandoval county for "O.
L. Owen" but by mistake of the
judges of election returned for "Sol
Owen" and must be counted for "O.
L. Owen."

4th. That 12 ballots cast in pre-
dict 24 of Santa Fe county were in
fact cast for "O. L. Owen" but wrong-
fully returned as cast for "Sol Owen"
and must be counted for "O. L.
Owen."

5th. That said 1032 ballots so cast
must be counted and credited for "O.
L. Owen" and that the said "O. L.
Owen" would therefore have a plu-
rality of 90 votes more than the re-
spondent, G. H. Van Stone and that
the relator, O. L. Owen was in fact
elected to the office of State Corpora-
tion Commissioner instead of G. H.
Van Stone, thus that the relator, O.
L. Owen is one of the three candi-
dates having received the greatest
number of votes for the office of State
Corporation Commissioner.

Judgment of oster may be pre-
pared by counsel against the respon-
dent, G. H. Van Stone, and for relator
for costs.

E. C. ABBOTT,
Judge.

Dated at Santa Fe, N. M., February
29th, 1912.

Order and Judgment.

This cause coming on regularly to
be heard before me upon the informa-
tion filed by the plaintiff, the answer
filed by the defendant, and the reply
of the plaintiff, the defendant being
present in person and accompanied
by his counsel, Neil B. Field, Fran-
cis C. Wilson and C. D. Cleveland,
and the relator being present in per-
son accompanied by his counsel H. D.
Terrell and J. H. Crist, and the court
having heard the evidence submitted
and the argument of counsel, and
being fully advised in the premises,
and having heretofore rendered his
opinion herein;

It is therefore Ordered, Considered
and Adjudged that the said G. H. Van
Stone be and he hereby is ousted and
excluded from the office of State Cor-
poration Commissioner of the State
of New Mexico, and from exercising
any of the duties and functions there-
of, and from enjoying any of the priv-
ileges, emoluments and franchises
thereunto appertaining, and that he
pay the costs of this proceeding, to be
taxed, and that execution may issue
therefor.

E. C. ABBOTT,
Judge.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has
won its great reputation and extensive
sale by its remarkable cures of
coughs, colds and croup. It can be
depended upon. Try it. Sold by
all dealers.

STRIKERS MAKE THINGS WARM FOR JOHN BULL.

London, March 5.—Railroad work-
ers throughout the United Kingdom
continue to be discharged from their
employment owing to the shortage of
coal, necessitating the restriction of
train service. At New Castle this
morning, another 1,000 men were ad-
ded to those who have been thrown
out on account of the coal strike. The
train services are being further cur-
tailed in all directions.

The cross channel service between
France and England has been reduced
to one steamer daily on the line be-
tween Folkestone and Boulogne.

Trans-Atlantic Ships Stalled.
Southampton, England, March 5.—
The sailings of the American line
steamship Philadelphia and New York
from this port to New York scheduled
for March 13 and March 20 respec-
tively, have been cancelled in conse-
quence of the coal strike.

ANSWERS THE CALL

Santa Fe People Have Found That
This Is True.

A cold, a strain, a sudden wrench,
A little cause may hurt the kidneys.
Spells of backache often follow.
Or some irregularity of the urine.
A splendid remedy for such attacks,
A medicine that has cured thou-

Is Doan's Kidney Pills, a true kid-
ney remedy.
Many Santa Fe people rely on it.

Here is Santa Fe proof.
Albino Ortega, College St., Santa
Fe, N. M., says: "For several years
I had trouble from my back and kid-
neys. It was hard for me to work,
owing to pains in my joints and my
sudden movement aggravated my
trouble. My rest was disturbed by a
too frequent desire to void the kid-
ney secretions and the passages were
scanty and painful. Public state-
ments given by local people who had
used Doan's Kidney Pills with benefit,
induced me to try them. I found re-
lief at once and after I had used the
contents of one box, my back was free
from pain. My kidneys are now nor-
mal and I feel better in every day."
For sale by all dealers. Price 10
cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo,
New York, sole agents for the United
States. Remember the name—Doan's—and
take no other.

THE FORUM

The Race Issue—Opportunities for Native New Mexicans.

To the Editor of the New Mexican.

I happened to be absent in New
York, at the time, a couple of months
ago, when the subject of "Race Is-
sue" was somewhat discussed in the
New Mexican Press; but as the echoes
of that discussion are still heard and
the subject is one which involves so
much danger to the future of our new
State, I feel to submit a few thoughts,
frankly as to such "race issue" being
all wrong in principle and leading to
nothing but evil, and secondly as to
the lack of reason for any such race
feeling among our own population.

From the very beginning of its his-
tory as a part of the United States,
New Mexico has been peculiarly free
from race prejudice or race divisions.
Of nineteen persons elected as Dele-
gates to Congress, ten were born in
New Mexico, seven in "the States,"
one in Germany and one in Ireland.
In the popular branch of the Legisla-
ture, though the membership for half
a century was very largely made up
of native New Mexicans, yet fourteen
times out of thirty-eight they elected
a Speaker from the Anglo-American
members.

Among those who have achieved
prominence and held official positions
here, there have been natives of Ger-
many, France, England, Scotland,
Wales, Spain, Portugal, Holland, Scan-
dinavia, Poland, Switzerland, Italy,
and Turkey, besides Mexico and Can-
ada, as well as those born in New
Mexico and those from "the States";
and it has been a very rare occurrence
that the nativity of a candidate was
used for or against him in a campaign.
This, of course, was right. All who
were eligible to election were citizens
of the United States, and every citi-
zen of the American Republic
stands on an equal footing, where-
ever he was born and whatever his
language.

No country in the world is nearly
so cosmopolitan as the United States.
The original settlement of the Atlan-
tic Colonies was Dutch on the Hud-
son, Swedish on the Delaware, and
French on the coast of Maine, as well
as English in other sections; after-
wards came the vast immigration of
Irish, of Germans, and of Scandina-
vians, followed by the influx from
southern and eastern Europe of Ital-
ians, Greeks, Poles, Russians, Hun-
garians, and kindred people. Nearly
every native of New Mexico, including
all up to sixty-five years of age, was
born under the American flag, while
over ten millions of the inhabitants
in the older States are of foreign
birth.

It would be absolutely absurd,
therefore, even if it were not wrong on
principle, to have any feeling exist be-
tween one class of Americans and an-
other, simply on account of parentage
and descent. It would be fully as sen-
sible to try to array the descendants
of the old Dutch settlers of New York
against the descendants of their Eng-
lish successors, or vice versa, as to
stir up and create a feeling of antag-
onism between the older and the new-
comers in the history of New Mex-
ico.

In selecting officers, the one im-
portant point is to obtain the most
efficient and honorable men with the
special qualifications required by the
office; and without any regard to
other matters.

I remember a very good illustration
of this principle, in my own experi-
ence, which I think has never been
printed.

In 1889, when the Republicans were
returned to power under President
Harrison, there was a very large num-
ber of candidates for different positions
in New Mexico. I was inaugurated
as Governor on April 17th. One by
one the other officials were appoint-
ed; the Secretary, the Surveyor Gen-
eral, the Judges, the U. S. Attorney,
four Registers of the Land Office, and
four Receivers, every one in fact
but the Marshal; and not a single
native New Mexican had been named.
Very naturally there was considerable
feeling about this and it was plain
that this omission, if not remedied,
would be used effectively against us
in the Fall election campaign. The
situation seemed so critical that I
went to Washington to speak to the
President about it. There was a
fierce contest for the Marshalship, no
less than nine prominent Republicans
being candidates, and two or three
had such powerful influence that each
thought himself sure of success. Of
the entire nine only one was a native
of New Mexico, Hon. Trinidad Rome-
ro. I presented the subject to the
President as strongly as I could. I
reminded him that a majority of our
people were Spanish-Americans, that
they were largely Republicans, that
thus far among a dozen important ap-
pointments they had not received the
slightest recognition, and that such
neglect was liable to bring disastrous
results; and I asked the appointment
of Trinidad Romero as a worthy re-
presentative of this unrepresented po-
pulation. The President answered
instantly in his brief, decisive way:
"This administration is not appointing
officials on the ground of nationality.
I am often asked to appoint some one
because he is a German, or an Irish-
man, or a Swede. But that has no
weight here. We wish to appoint the
very best men to every office to be
filled, the man who is best adapted to
it, and that is the only matter to be
considered." Any discussion was evi-
dently useless, and in a moment I
changed the base of appreciation.
"Very well, Mr. President," I said, "no
doubt that is right; and I now ask the
appointment of Mr. Romero because
he is the best man for the position."
And then I rapidly told him of his
high character as a man, and his
strong principles as a Republican; of

his triumphant election to Congress
and good record in office; of his
energy and progressiveness as shown
by the erection of the finest residence
in the Territory before the coming of
the railroads, and the finest solid busi-
ness block in Las Vegas after that
event; and of his public spirit as
shown on many occasions. And then
the President said, "Now, you are
giving real reasons; he seems to be
the right man; go to the Attorney
General and tell him these same
things and say I sent you." And that
afternoon Mr. Romero was appointed.

Now that little piece of history il-
lustrates the whole matter. The Pres-
ident was right. The only real cri-
terion is character and adaptation to
the place. Certain positions require
technical professional knowledge; a
District Attorney should certainly be
a lawyer; a Surveyor General or
State Engineer a surveyor; but that
comes under the head of adaptation.
no one would think of having a Sec-
retary who could not write nor a Treas-
urer who could not keep accounts.
But the fact that the man was born
in one place or another, or that his
parents spoke some other language
than English, cuts no figure whatever.
It is the glory of the American Re-
public that it affords to every citizen
an equal opportunity for prosperity
and success; and this without regard
to his parentage or place of birth. A
man's character and qualifications are
the sole subjects for inquiry.

It has often been said that a larger
proportion of Spanish-American offi-
cials were appointed during my admin-
istration as governor than in any
other four years; and I believe that
this is true. But they were not se-
lected because they were Spanish-
Americans, but because we thought
them the best adapted to the positions
to be filled. Does anyone suppose that
Amado Chavez was selected to in-
augurate the modern school system, as
Territorial Superintendent, simply be-
cause he was born in New Mexico;
or that Demetrio Perez was chosen
as Auditor for a similar reason? Not
at all, but because after long consid-
eration, each seemed to be the ideal
person for the particular place to be
filled. And so, of many others.

It is not to be supposed, however,
that anyone will arise to oppose the
fundamental principle that all Ameri-
can citizens stand on an equality and
that the only proper matters for con-
sideration in the selection of officials
are character and fitness. It would be
a most unfortunate and dangerous
thing if bad feeling was to be stirred
up between the two great component
parts of the population of New Mex-
ico,—the Spanish-American and the
Anglo-American,—on any such false
issue. Each has qualities of excel-
lence a little different from the other,
each supplements that in which the
other is deficient, and the two work-
ing together, and in the end welded
together, will produce greater and
better results than either would do by
itself.

And now I wish to add a few prac-
tical words as to the particularly for-
tunate position in which the Spanish-
speaking half of our population is
placed by the coming of Statehood;
for if we are to look at this matter
from the standpoint of direct political
benefit they have much the advantage
of the English-speaking half.

As a state, New Mexico will be en-
titled to its full proportion of the vast
number of appointments that exist un-
der the National government. We
have been a Territory so long that
this comes as a novelty, and it re-
quires a careful study of the Blue
Book to ascertain what we will really
be entitled to. Of course, as to what
we actually get, that will depend lar-
gely on the activity and tact of our
members of Congress and especially
our Senators. Wyoming is a bright
and shining example in that respect;
for that little State with less than
200,000 inhabitants, through the inces-
sant work of its two Senators, has
more people holding United States
offices than the great State of New
York.

But at any rate New Mexico will be
entitled to its quota; and with proper
exertion will get it; and this will
place quite a number of capable men
in very comfortable positions. In that
distribution all classes of population
will naturally stand an equal chance.
But now we come to the remarkable
advantage of the Spanish-American;
and I ask special attention to these
facts.

There are forty-five countries, with
which the United States has diploma-
tic relations. Of these forty-five, no
less than twenty-one are Spanish-
speaking countries, (including Portu-
guese), and all the rest together are
but twenty-four. This really seems
startling. The great French language
is only used in two countries, France
and Belgium. The German language
is only used in Germany, Austria and
Switzerland; and all other languages
are confined to but one country. Ital-
ian is only in Italy, Russian in Rus-
sia, Japanese in Japan, etc. But
Spanish is the language of twenty-one.

There are thirty ministers plenipo-
tentiary sent out by the United States
Of these no less than sixteen go to
Spanish-speaking lands. Look at the
list of them. Argentina, Bolivia, Chile,
Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador,
Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Pa-
nama, Paraguay, Peru, Salvador,
Spain, and Venezuela. It is true that
many of these are small countries;
but the salaries of the ministers are
all uniformly \$10,000 per year, in
gold; except in Argentina, Chile, Cu-
ba and Spain, where it is \$12,000.
Then, in these Spanish-speaking coun-
tries there are seventy-five regular
consulates with fixed salaries running
from \$2,000, to \$6,000.

It has never been the custom to ap-

point representatives to foreign coun-
tries from Territories, so New Mexico
now enters for the first time into this
rich field. Heretofore, the U. S. gov-
ernment has had to work at a great
disadvantage in these Spanish-speak-
ing countries, because it did not have
any population from which to obtain
representatives to whom Spanish is
the natural tongue and who are thor-
oughly at home in every Spanish-
speaking country. But now, the gov-
ernment can take advantage of its
good fortune in having hundreds of
excellent men, perfectly adapted to
the work, here in New Mexico. It is
a noble object of ambition to repre-
sent the great Republic in a foreign
land; and every intelligent, bright
New Mexican is by birth and education
ready to render splendid service to
his country by taking one of these
positions.

The argument in favor of sending
men of Spanish descent, perfectly fa-
miliar with the language and at home
among the people of any of the South
or Central American countries, as
ministers and consuls, is so plain
and strong, that with Senators who
will make a business of these matters,
we ought to have a large fraction of
all of these positions held from New
Mexico. Thus, so far as official op-
portunities go, our Spanish-American
friends are in much the best posi-
tion of any set of men in the United
States. They certainly have no reason
to wish to draw lines of division
and raise "race issues." With proper
activity and tact on the part of our
Senators, every ambitious young man,
in whom Spanish is the native lan-
guage, can obtain a position where
the salary is excellent, where he will
enjoy the interest and variety of for-
eign life, and will find opportunities
for success such as his less fortunate
Anglo-American brother cannot hope
to attain, without great labor and al-
most a lifetime of effort.

L. BRADFORD PRINCE.
Dated Feb. 26, 1912.

No Third Term for Anyone.

Santa Fe, N. M., March 6, 1912.

Mr. Editor:

I have read, with great pleasure,
your many, outspoken article, under
the caption, "Endorse Taft," and will
be obliged if you will permit me to
add a few words thereto. After wait-
ing for over half a century, for ad-
mission to the glorious Sisterhood of
the States of the Union, after being
subjected to flagrant insults by blas-
phemous demagogues like Beveridge,
Indiana, and Owen of Oklahoma, af-
ter waiting (I will not say patiently, for
that would not be true) for almost two
generations, at last our Star is added
to the luminous American Constella-
tion, and the poorest shepherd in the
mountains is the equal, on election
day, to the multimillionaire and as the
good old Quaker Poet Whittier says
in his poem, "The Poor Voter on Elec-
tion Day":

"The proudest now is but my peer,
The highest not more high;
Today, of all the weary year,
A king of men am I."

Today, alike are great and small,
The nameless and the known;
My palace is the people's hall,
The ballot-box, my throne."

If the question should be asked, to
whom (more than to any other man
or set of men) do we owe this price-
less privilege? Only one reply could
be given and that would be "William
Howard Taft, President of the United
States." As you have put it, "Taft
is good enough for the New Mexicans.
He is more than good enough, he is
the best man for New Mexico's inter-
ests. He gave New Mexico statehood
while Roosevelt merely promised it
and then ignored it, and finally sought
to add insult to injury by seeking to
force New Mexico and Arizona to be-
come one commonwealth." Very true,
and he used all the power which he
then possessed to consummate this
"insult and injury," and might have
succeeded, were it not for the Foraker
amendment which provided that if
either of the territories voted against
the union of the two territories, the
question as then submitted, would be
defeated. That saved us from what
would have been a most unfortunate
union. But there is another reason
why Roosevelt should not be re-elected
to the Presidency, and that is the third
term; and that reason should be abso-
lutely conclusive to every citizen who
believes that "Eternal vigilance is the
price of Liberty." It is pitiful to hear
good men resorting to all kinds of
subterfuges to justify Roosevelt in
violating his own pledged promise,
when he solemnly said:

"On the 4th of March next I will
have served three and a half years,
and this three and a half years consti-
tutes my first term. The wise cus-
tom which limits the President to two
terms regards the substance and not
the form, and under no circumstances
will I be again a candidate for or ac-
cept another nomination for Presi-
dent."—Theodore Roosevelt, Nov. 8,
1904.

Commenting on this promise, that
should be as sacred as if he had sworn
to it; the Inter-Ocean very pertinently
says:

"No one asked Mr. Roosevelt to
make that declaration. No one had ac-
cused him of seeking to play the part
of a South American dictator. No one
then even suspected Mr. Roosevelt of
such a hypocrisy.

"He had no need to defend himself
against any such charge. His decla-
ration was, in fact, regarded as rather
superfluous—as being almost on a par
with the recurrent efforts of some
legislators to enact the Ten Com-
mandments as a part of the statute
law. The Third Term question was
supposed to have been answered fore-
ver in 1880.

"How did the whole world under-
stand Mr. Roosevelt? As it had un-
derstood Thomas Jefferson just 100
years before, when, after referring to
the example of Washington, he said:
'I shall follow it.'"

And Jefferson said more than the

Personal Mention.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1912.

O. M. Dolan, a businessman of Taos, is a Santa Fe visitor.

United States Marshal Charles M. Foraker of Albuquerque, is in the capital.

Former Adjutant General A. P. Tarkington of Raton, is a visitor in the capital.

George H. Hunter, attorney of Las Vegas, is a visitor in Santa Fe and a guest at the Montezuma.

T. J. Martinez, civil engineer of Arroyo Hondo, returned here after transacting business here.

George Remley, an attorney of Cimarron, returned to his home after transacting legal business here.

W. R. Smythe, the good roads engineer is in the city for a conference with State Engineer Charles D. Miller.

Silviano Roybal, former sheriff of Rio Arriba county, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon from his home in Chamita.

Attorney E. C. Wade, Jr., is planning to erect a handsome residence on the Alameda Boulevard this spring—Rio Grande Republican.

C. M. Foraker, United States marshal, whose home is in Albuquerque, arrived in the city last evening and is stopping at the Montezuma.

Chief Justice Clarence J. Roberts has returned from Raton to attend the session of the state supreme court which convenes next Monday.

W. R. Smythe, good roads engineer, whose headquarters are near Las Vegas, arrived in the city last evening and registered at the Montezuma.

C. W. Ward, district attorney for the fourth judicial district, returned to his home in Las Vegas last evening after spending the day in Santa Fe.

Dr. J. A. Massie accompanied W. Bayard Cutting to New York yesterday. Bronson Cutting did not accompany his father but remains in Santa Fe.

Representative W. W. Nichols writes the New Mexican from Clovis that he will arrive in Santa Fe tomorrow to secure quarters for his legislative stay.

Arthur C. Ringland, United States forester, has returned to Albuquerque from Phoenix, Arizona, where he went to confer with sheep growers regarding a reduction of grazing fees.—Albuquerque Herald.

Hon. Thomas B. Catron of Santa Fe, former delegate in Congress and Republican candidate before the legislature for United States Senator, was an arrival last night from the state capital.—Albuquerque Journal.

Governor and Mrs. W. T. Thornton who are in Los Angeles, expect to be home in Santa Fe late in March. Mrs. Thornton has been ill the past six weeks and had both ears operated on at a Los Angeles hospital. She is at present convalescent.

Harold B. Jamison, one of the most prominent of the younger attorneys of Albuquerque, has filed his commission and taken the oath of office as assistant district attorney of Bernalillo, Sandoval and McKinley counties. Mr. Jamison was appointed to the position some time ago by District Attorney M. U. Vigil but did not qualify until yesterday.—Albuquerque Herald.

General Superintendent E. Jones of Los Angeles, and District Superintendent H. T. Payne of Denver, of the Wells-Fargo Express Company, are in Santa Fe to view the improvements that the company is making in its new offices in the Catron block. They called at the New Mexican office and inspected the plant, expressing themselves astonished at finding so complete and modern a printing office in the southwest.

Miss Mary McFie left the city yesterday for Albuquerque where she will prepare to accompany the Girls' Glee Club of the University of New Mexico to San Francisco next week.

Federal Judge William H. Pope arrived in Albuquerque this noon over the Belen cut-off from Washington, D. C., after having been tied up in the snow blockade in Kansas for three days. He will arrive in Santa Fe tonight on Santa Fe train No. 2.

Mrs. Pope and Miss Hull went to Lamy to meet him.

Harry G. Clunn, private secretary to Judge Albert B. Fall, of Three Rivers, one of the most prominent candidates for election as United States Senator from New Mexico, by the incoming legislature, accompanied by his bride, arrived in the city yesterday from El Paso, where the marriage took place Tuesday, and left last night for Santa Fe, where they will reside temporarily. Mrs. Clunn was Miss Frances Woodward, a popular society girl of Kaufman, Texas.—Albuquerque Morning Journal.

FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1912.

Santiago Urioste, a farmer of Pena Blanca, is in the city on business.

J. E. Davenport, a business man of

Espanola, is a visitor in the city.

J. Morley and Frank Murney, farmers of Stanley, are in the city paying taxes.

Theodore Chacon and Peter D. Chacon of Albuquerque are guests at the Palace.

Thomas Medina, a coal freighter of Cuba, Sandoval county, is in the city on business.

Probate Judge Julius Staab arrived last evening from Albuquerque in an automobile.

Alfredo Moya, a farmer of Rowe, San Miguel county, is in the city visiting relatives.

E. W. Dobson, a well known attorney of Albuquerque is in the city on legal business.

Mrs. M. H. Byrd, who has been visiting in Oklahoma, returned to her home here last evening.

Judge Edward A. Mann, of Albuquerque, left the city last evening for his home in Albuquerque.

Felix Lujan, a farmer of San Ildefonso, who has been visiting relatives in the city, left for his home.

Attorney General Frank W. Clancy left the city last night for Albuquerque where he will transact business.

Tom Burke, a business man of Folsom, Union county, is in the city and will remain until the legislature meets.

J. C. Garrison, a ranchman of Espanola, is a visitor in the city.

A. Dockweiler is in town from his mining claims on the upper efpos.

Harry Wheeler, a carpenter living on Manhattan avenue, was removed yesterday to the St. Vincent's hospital, where he is reported seriously ill.

F. R. Jones of Las Vegas, general superintendent of the Wells Fargo Express Company, left the city last evening after inspecting the local office.

W. H. Chrisman, San Juan county's representative in the House, who has been visiting at his old home in Iowa, will arrive in Santa Fe in time for the Republican state convention.

Senator W. H. Andrews telegraphs the New Mexican that he will arrive in Albuquerque tomorrow forenoon on the Santa Fe flyer and will get to Santa Fe early next week.

W. R. Smythe, good roads engineer, went to Albuquerque yesterday afternoon to inspect the scenic highway with a view of placing more men on that road. Mr. Smythe's headquarters are at Las Vegas.

Mrs. Hugh Gilmore, returned to the city after a visit with relatives in Owensboro, Kentucky, last evening. Mrs. Gilmore, Mrs. Bird and Mr. Pankey returning from diverging quarters met at Belen and entered the city on the same train.

Federal Judge William H. Pope returned last evening from Washington, D. C., after a strenuous trip. A snow blockade in Kansas delayed the Santa Fe flyer due on Monday forenoon until 10 o'clock last evening, the train being more than three days behind schedule.

B. F. Pankey, state senator, arrived in the capital from his ranch near Topeka, Kansas, last evening. Mr. Pankey reports many adventures with the snow having lost four days en route, struggling with the big drifts. He will visit his ranch near Lamy tomorrow and will be on hand promptly when the legislature meets.

A. H. Hudspeth, of White Oaks, newly elected chairman of the Democratic Central Committee in the place made vacant by the resignation of A. A. Jones, arrived in the city last night. He will confer with Governor McDonald and colleagues today at the Democratic headquarters in the Laughlin building.

T. J. Guilfoill, accountant, who investigated the International Bank of Commerce of Tucuman, at the instance of Governor McDonald, departed last evening for Albuquerque. Mr. Guilfoill is recently from Oklahoma and will be the probable successor of R. C. Rankin of East Las Vegas, as assistant traveling auditor and bank examiner.

Attorney Ralph Easley is a visitor in Albuquerque.

J. D. Walker and Theodore C. Asplund of Santa Fe arrived in the city last night in an automobile and will return home today.—Albuquerque Journal.

State Engineer C. D. Miller, accompanied by Good Roads Engineer W. R. Smythe, arrived in Albuquerque last night from Santa Fe, making the trip in an automobile. Mr. Miller left at midnight for Socorro. Today he will go to Magdalena and start on an overland trip to Springville, Ariz., for the purpose of inspecting that link of the Ocean-to-Ocean highway. After inspecting the Camino Real in the vicinity of Albuquerque with a view to making repairs, Engineer Smythe will go to Las Vegas, where he is directing the operations of a convict gang working on the scenic highway.—Albuquerque Journal.

State Senator William McCoy and family, and Mrs. J. P. Dunlavy and son of Mountbair arrived in Santa Fe this afternoon for the legislative session.

W. A. Cameron, district passenger and freight agent for the Santa Fe, left this afternoon for his home at El Paso.

SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1912.

National Committeeman Solomon Luna has returned to Albuquerque from a visit to Magdalena, Socorro county.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Fall entertained informally for a few guests last evening at their home on Buena Vista Loma.

Senator William H. Andrews arrived this forenoon at Albuquerque after a lengthy visit to Washington, New York and Chicago. He will be in Santa Fe by Monday.

The Saturday Card Club met this afternoon with Mrs. J. G. Schuman at her home on Washington avenue. No guests were present.

The Guild of the Church of the Holy Faith met with Mrs. James L. Seligman at her home on Upper Palace avenue yesterday afternoon.

The Wallace Club held a business meeting this afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. H. Dorman on Buena Vista Loma. No guests were present.

Dr. J. A. Massie, who accompanied W. Bayard Cutting, whose death is announced today, to New York, will return to Santa Fe on Thursday of next week.

The Thirteen Club met this afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. C. Thomas on Buena Vista Loma. The guests present besides the club members were: Mrs. W. G. Sargent, Mrs. E. R. Wright and Mrs. T. A. McCarthy.

There will be an important meeting of Stephen Watts Kearny Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, at the residence of Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, on Monday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

The members of the choir of the Presbyterian church were joyfully entertained last Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Teare. The choir sang songs and played games after which they were served with delectable refreshments.

Congressman George Curry writes the New Mexican that he will leave Washington for Santa Fe on the night of March 4, expecting to arrive here on the day before the state convention, that is Friday. He returned to Washington from New York on February 23, after having had lunch with ex-President Roosevelt and dinner with a number of Rough Rider friends.

Violet Luncheon.

An elaborate seven-course violet luncheon was given yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss Irene Hunter, the guest of Miss Ruth Laughlin, by Miss Juliet Fall at her home on Buena Vista Loma. The dining room was lighted by violet color shaded candles which harmonized well with the violets and jonquils that formed the centerpiece of the luncheon table. The favors were bon-bons in violet colored baskets. The guests present were: Miss Irene Hunter, Miss Ruth Laughlin, Miss Frances McDonald, Miss May Borgere, Miss Florence Spitz, Miss Stella Bergere, Miss Anita Bergere, Miss Amelia McFie, Miss Mary McFie, Miss Lucy Grylla, Mrs. J. M. Fall and Mrs. C. C. Chase.

Clunn-Woodard.

Last Tuesday Miss Frances L. Woodard of Kaufman, Texas, and Harry G. Clunn, of Three Rivers, were united in marriage at the home of Mrs. Iva Woodard, 508 Mesa avenue, El Paso. Only a few friends of the couple were invited to the quiet home ceremony which was performed by the Rev. Charles J. Dickey of the Methodist Episcopal church of El Paso.

The bride is the daughter of W. S. Woodard of Kaufman, a retired contractor. She taught music in the public schools of her native city and was a graduate of the Chicago National School of Music. The groom is well known in New Mexico as the clever secretary to A. B. Fall, candidate for the United States Senate. The marriage followed a courtship of four years.

After the ceremony in El Paso, the newlyweds took the train for Santa Fe, stopping over in Albuquerque Wednesday. They will make their home at the Palace hotel during the legislature after which they will go to Three Rivers. Mrs. Clunn will be at home to her friends here next Tuesday.

J. E. Davenport, a business man of Espanola, left the city yesterday morning for his home.

I. Sparks, former head of the local telephone system, arrived yesterday from a business trip to Denver.

D. T. Hoskins, member of the state penitentiary board, arrived in the city last evening and is a guest at the Palace.

A. E. P. Robinson was expected here this afternoon from Deming, Luna county, where he had gone in the interests of the Yeomen.

E. W. Dobson, the attorney who has been in the city on legal business for the past few days, returned to his home in Albuquerque last evening.

Jose Ortiz y Pino, chairman of the board of county commissioners, arrived in the city last evening from his home in Gallisteo. He is stopping at the Montezuma.

Fladelfo Baca, newly appointed assistant superintendent of public instruction, arrived from his home in Las Vegas yesterday and is stopping at the Coronado.

C. M. Foraker, United States marshal, who has been in the city several days looking for quarters for the U. S. Court, left the city this morning for his home in Albuquerque.

T. J. Guilfoill, who has been suggested as a possible assistant traveling auditor and bank examiner, and Mrs. Guilfoill arrived in the city last evening from Albuquerque.

B. C. Hosseklus and Harry G. Baker, who propose to establish a motor bus line to Taos, arrived from their home in Creede, Colo., last evening and are registered at the Palace.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ervion of Philadelphia are the guests of Land Commission and Mrs. R. P. Ervion. The Ervions are brothers. Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ervion are on their way to the Pacific coast.

Judge A. B. Fall, candidate for the United States Senate, and W. W. Cox tax collector of Dona Ana county, went to Las Cruces last evening on the 8:15 train. Judge Fall will return to Santa Fe within the next few days.

Traveling Auditor Howell Ervion, arrived today from Clayton to make arrangements to take over the office from John Joerns, resigned. Mr. Ervion reports that the storm in Union county caused fearful havoc and was of greater intensity than had been experienced for years. Mr. Ervion returns to Clayton tonight to close some legal matters before taking up his residence here.

MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1912.

Bishop Cameron Mann will be at Roswell next Sunday.

Federal Judge William H. Pope was at Albuquerque on Saturday.

New Brown Bread Recipe

Never soggy—Easily made

By Mrs. Janet McKenzie Hill, Editor of the Boston Cooking School Magazine

Nearly everybody likes Boston brown bread, but so many have experienced trouble with its being soggy, they have become discouraged. Here is a new recipe that cannot fail if the few simple directions are carefully followed. You will be delighted with the results.

One and one-half cup yellow cornmeal; 1/2 cup entire wheat flour; 1/2 cup molasses; 1/2 cup sweet milk; 1/2 cup salt; 5 level teaspoonsful K C Baking Powder.

Sift together, three times, meal, flour, salt and baking powder. Mix molasses and sweet milk and stir into dry ingredients to make a smooth batter. Turn into two empty K C Baking Powder boxes, thoroughly buttered, and let steam three hours. This bread is particularly good to serve with salads or raw oysters; also at breakfast, as toast of all kinds.

Raisins or currants may be added, though some prefer it without.

Readers of this paper may obtain The Cook's Book containing this and 89 other delicious recipes free by sending the colored certificate packed in every 25-cent can of K C Baking Powder to the Jagers Mfg. Co., Chicago. Send for The Cook's Book today.

J. B. Hayward went to Espanola this forenoon on insurance business.

Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince has returned from a trip to Espanola.

Mrs. Agnes Penaster, of Albuquerque, left the city yesterday for her home.

Former Attorney General W. C. Reid is in Santa Fe to attend the supreme court session.

Congressman George Curry arrived in Santa Fe on the noon train from Washington, D. C.

A. A. Wynne, of the forest service, whose headquarters are in Albuquerque, spent Saturday in the capital.

Captain E. P. Bujac of Carlsbad, mentioned for the position of adjutant general, is in Santa Fe from Carlsbad.

M. A. Gonvalves, the rancher of Abiqui, and clerk of Rio Arriba county, left Santa Fe yesterday for Albuquerque.

R. C. Rankin, Mrs. Rankin and their daughter arrived from Las Vegas yesterday afternoon and are guests at the Palace.

W. F. Reed of Albuquerque, formerly of Santa Fe, arrived in Santa Fe last evening and registered at the Palace.

Colonel W. H. H. Llewellyn went to Albuquerque to meet Governor McDonald and party and to escort them to Las Cruces.

Policaprio Valencia and his son J. D. C. Valencia of Santa Cruz were pleasant callers at the New Mexican office today.

Dr. and Mrs. Luckly will pass through here tomorrow from Santa Fe to El Paso, going for Mrs. Luckly's health.—Espanola News.

A. A. Jones, national Democratic committeeman, spent Saturday in the capital and returned to his home in Las Vegas yesterday afternoon.

Congressman Curry who is on his way to Santa Fe, is writing a book on the Philippines. The manuscript is almost ready for the publisher.

George W. Armijo of the corporation commission, who has had a round or two with the rheumatism, is able to be about with the aid of a cane.

Former Traveling Auditor John Joerns is going to Alamogordo on district court matters and from there may go to Tucuman or the Buchanan area.

D. T. Hoskins, a member of the state penitentiary board left the city last evening for his home in Las Vegas after attending the session of the board last Saturday.

Dr. A. J. Casner returned Saturday evening from a two weeks' trip to Chicago and other eastern points, most of the time of which he was on the road fighting blizzards.

Judge Edward A. Mann, of Albuquerque, arrived in the capital last night and registered at the Palace. Judge Mann is here on business before the supreme court.

Fidel Ortiz, chairman of the board of county commissioners of San Miguel county, arrived in the city Saturday afternoon from his home in Las Vegas and is visiting his brother.

Attorney Francis E. Wood of the firm of Marron and Wood, of Albuquerque, is in the city to attend the session of the supreme court that convenes at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Superintendent Alvan N. White, returned last evening from St. Louis where he attended the superintendent's department of the National Educational Association which met last week.

Rev. Father A. Cellier was in Santa Fe the first of this week a day or so. While in the capital city he called on Governor McDonald, Secretary of State Lucero and other state officials.—Sierra County Advocate.

Mrs. Orrin A. Foster, who, with her husband, owns and publishes the Las Cruces Citizen, was in Albuquerque yesterday to confer with W. H. Andrews, one of the aspirants for United States Senator from New Mexico.—Albuquerque Journal.

A. H. Long left this afternoon for Santa Fe, from which place he will go to Ros, Rio Arriba county, where he will locate permanently. Mr. Long has been in Las Vegas several days, visiting his father, Judge E. V. Long.—Las Vegas Optic.

J. S. Macavish was in Socorro yesterday morning between trains on his way home from a trip up the road. He was accompanied to Magdalena by State Engineer Charles D. Miller and Engineer Merriweather. The party expected to go on at once over the route of the proposed extension of the good road from Magdalena to the Arizona line near Springville.—Socorro Chieftain.

Senator W. H. Andrews will arrive

in Santa Fe on Thursday being unavoidably detained in Albuquerque.

Mayor H. O. Bursum of Socorro, will arrive in Santa Fe on Thursday, to attend the state convention.

TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1912.

J. H. McHughes is up from Cerrillos.

Mrs. R. J. Palen is confined to her home with illness.

Miss Juliet Fall is reported on the sick list this week.

George H. Van Stone of Espanola, is a visitor in Santa Fe.

H. H. Dorman went to Taos this forenoon on a business matter.

Mrs. Frank Andrews is able to be out again after a spell of illness.

Judge and Mrs. Frank W. Parker and son are guests at the Sanitarium.

M. L. English, a mining man of Dolores, southern Santa Fe county, is in the capital.

Representative Jose P. Lucero of Lumberton, Rio Arriba county, has arrived for the legislative session.

Rafael Romero, a merchant of Mora, arrived in the city last evening and registered at the Montezuma.

Alex. Bowie, of Bowie, Colorado, formerly of Gallup and a member of the state legislature, is a visitor in the capital.

M. A. Ross, the well known lumberman of Albuquerque, arrived in Santa Fe last evening and is a guest at the Montezuma.

Judge A. B. Fall left the city last evening over the New Mexico Central for his ranch at Three Rivers, Otero county.

Dr. J. A. Massie returned to Santa Fe on the flyer this forenoon after accompanying the late W. Bayard Cutting to New York.

Malaguas Martinez, state oil inspector, arrived in the city from his home in Taos last evening and registered at the Coronado.

Judge Edward A. Mann left the city yesterday for his home in Albuquerque. Judge Mann was in the city on legal business before the supreme court.

State Senator J. T. Mabry and family of Clovis, will arrive in Santa Fe on Saturday. They would like to have rooms and board with a private family.

Dr. T. C. Rivera who was the Socialist candidate for governor in the state election, arrived from Chamita and will go to Willard today to look over his ranch.

Dr. T. G. Brown and Mrs. Brown of Los Angeles, left the city yesterday for Espanola where they will visit Dr. Brown's father, the well known physician of that town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Chavez of Willard, N. M., are visitors in this city today. Mr. Chavez is a member of the legislature from Torrance county.—Albuquerque Herald.

Superintendent Alvan N. White will go to Silver City this afternoon and will visit a number of places on school business before returning. He will be gone several days.

Sam L. Jones is back from Santa Fe where he was engaged in plastering the new First National bank building in that city for Lyon and Axtell, the contractors.—Roswell Morning News.

J. Wright Gladings of this city, formerly lieutenant governor of Michigan and then editor of the Taos Valley News, will represent the Albuquerque Morning Journal at Santa Fe during the legislative session.

N. Salmon, the San Francisco merchant, has completed his buying tour in the east, during which he laid in a magnificent stock for his dry goods and furnishings emporium on San Francisco street, and will be back in Santa Fe this week.

Antonio Lucero, secretary of the state, arrived last night from Santa Fe. Mr. Lucero was called to Las Vegas by the death of his father, Pablo Lucero. Eloy Lucero, brother of Mr. Lucero, also arrived last night from Albuquerque.—Las Vegas Optic.

John Becker expects to leave next week for a trip to New Orleans where he will visit his brother, Rev. Herman Becker for a short time, then going with his brother Gustave Becker for a visit to the Panama canal. They expect to be gone about a month.—Belen Tribune.

Mrs. C. C. Chase, who has been a guest in the Fall home on Buena Vista Loma for the past two weeks, will leave the city tomorrow for El Paso, where she will meet her husband who is coming from Chihuahua in a motor car. Mr. and Mrs. Chase will then go either to Cananea, Sonora, or to Santa Fe.

SETTLEMENT OF LAWRENCE STRIKE SEEMS REMOTE.

Lawrence, Mass., March 4.—The striking textile workers maintained most of their strength when the mills opened today, despite the overtures of the manufacturers in the form of a five per cent increase in wages. There still are more operatives out of work than there are in the mills.

Picket lines totalling more than 5,000, paraded Essex street and the approaches to the mill gates for an hour and a half but there was no conflict with the police.

Unless there is a great response within a few days to the mill owners' offers, it is thought by city officials and others that the mills will have to shut down.

LIFE INSURANCE PAID IN NEW MEXICO.

The New York Mutual Life has recently made the following payments on account of insurance in New Mexico: Beal D. Calvin, Roswell, \$3,000; Lorine L. Coen, Las Vegas, \$1,000; Arthur R. Kingsbury, East Las Vegas, \$2,000; Charles G. Richie, Santa Fe, \$2,000; Franklin A. White, Clovis, \$5,015.57; Wilson T. Berger, Artesia, \$5,000.

How Cold Causes Kidney Disease.

Partly by driving blood from the surface and congesting the kidneys, and partly by throwing too much work upon them. Foley Kidney Pills strengthen the kidneys, give tone to the urinary organs and restore the normal action of the bladder. They are tonic in action, quick in results. Try them. For sale by all druggists.

A WOMAN'S WISDOM.

The worried mother wakes up to hear her baby's heavy breathing—a little cough—perhaps the croup or whooping cough. She does not want to send for the doctor when perhaps the trouble does not amount to much. Finally she thinks of that medical book her father gave her, The Common Sense Medical Adviser, by R. V. Pierce, M. D. She says "I wish to find out what is the matter with the little dear." Two million households in this country own one—and it's to be had for only 31c. In a space of 1,000 pages in splendid cloth binding. A good family adviser in any emergency. It is for *either sex*. This is what many women write Dr. Pierce—in respect to his "Favorite Prescription," a remedy which has made thousands of melancholy and miserable women cheerful and happy, by curing the painful womanly diseases which undermine a woman's health and strength.



Mrs. ROBERT AND DAIR.

"My desire is to write a few lines to let you know what your valuable medicine has done for me," writes Mrs. MARGARET ZERNER, of 323 S. Bond Street, Baltimore, Md. "Before the storm came to our house I was a very sick woman. I wrote you for advice which was kindly given and which made me a different woman in a short time. After taking the first bottle of 'Favorite Prescription' I began improving so that I hardly knew I was in such a condition. I did my own housework—washing and ironing, cooking, sewing, and the worst of all nursed three children who had the whooping cough. I hardly know of the advent of winter before—so easy was

ON CATTLE SANITARY BOARD

Governor McDonald Names
Cole Ralston to Succeed
Pankey.

CLERK OF THE FEDERAL COURT

Three Leading Candidates for
Among Whom Judge Pope
Will Choose.

Governor McDonald today appointed Cole Ralston of Socorro county, a member of the Cattle Sanitary Board, vice, B. F. Pankey of Santa Fe county, resigned.

Governor Goes to Las Cruces Tomorrow.

Governor McDonald and A. H. Hudspeth will leave tomorrow afternoon for Las Cruces where both will attend a meeting of the board of regents of the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts.

Planted More Fish.
Game and Fish Warden Thomas P. Gable has returned from a trip up the Denver & Rio Grande as far as Anthonio, during which he planted fish fry in various streams. This morning he went to the upper Pecos on a similar mission.

Took Oath on Historic Bible.
Federal Judge W. H. Pope had his oath administered by Chief Justice of the United States Court White on a Bible upon which the justices of the supreme court of the United States took their oath since 1803, over a hundred years ago.

May Hold U. S. Circuit Court Here.
In speaking with Circuit Judge Sanborn at St. Louis, Federal Judge W. H. Pope learned that there is a likelihood of the U. S. circuit court of appeals holding an occasional session at Santa Fe, and arrangements will be inaugurated to have the session here in summer, when sojourn in Santa Fe is most delightful.

Clerk of Federal Court.
Federal Judge W. H. Pope will announce his appointee for clerk of the federal court early next week, three names being under consideration for the place. The court will be organized immediately. Quite a number of U. S. commissioners and a referee in bankruptcy cases are among the other appointments to be made at an early date.

Divorce Suit Filed.
Alleging cruel treatment and unfaithfulness, Mrs. Mae Lopez filed a complaint yesterday in the district court asking an absolute divorce from her husband Romulo Lopez. Both are residents of Santa Fe. The court issued an injunction preventing Lopez from selling his saloon business which his wife alleges was purchased with her funds. Seventy-five dollars a month alimony and court costs were ordered paid Mrs. Lopez while the suit is pending.

Treasurer's Receipts.
The following sums of money were received yesterday in the office of the state treasurer, O. N. Marron: Jacobo Chavez, superintendent of insurance, license fees, \$26,950; Thomas P. Gable, game and fish warden, game protection fund, \$37.25; Charles P. Downs, clerk of the sixth judicial district, salary fund, \$408.90; John Stein, for A. T. & S. F. railway, common school fund, \$200; Eugenio Romero, treasurer of San Miguel county, taxes, \$1,304; R. P. Ervin, land commissioner, \$4,377.99.

Road to Taos.
A committee of the Chamber of Commerce had an interview with Governor McDonald, yesterday, in relation to the repairing of the road to Taos by way of Santa Cruz and Embudo. The governor was much interested in the subject and at once consulted with Robert P. Ervin, commissioner of public lands, and after thorough discussion, the governor proposed that if the counties of Taos, Santa Fe and Rio Arriba would contribute one-half of the total cost that the state would contribute the balance. The committee will act on the governor's suggestion promptly and take the matter up with the authorities of the three counties.

MEETING OF LABOR LEADERS IS POSTPONED.

Kansas City, Mo., March 4.—A meeting of labor leaders, which, according to reports from Chicago early in February, was to have been held here today, has been postponed indefinitely, officials of the shopmen said today. It was announced on February 9, that such a meeting would be held to perfect a territorial organization of railroad shopmen on all lines west of the Mississippi river with the object of obtaining a general advance in wages.

"Such an organization still is under discussion," said J. A. Franklin, international president of the Boiler-makers' Union. "But no definite plans for completing it have been made. The meeting has been postponed indefinitely."

M. F. Ryan, international president of the Carpenters' Union, corroborated Mr. Franklin's statement.

FREIGHTER FROZEN TO DEATH NEAR LAS VEGAS.

Report from Las Vegas has it that the remains of Dionicio Sanchez, a freighter, who was frozen to death were found near Sapello, San Miguel county.

More Snow Predicted.—Snow is predicted for tonight by the Weather Bureau although today was sunny and mild. Yesterday, one-eighth of an inch of rain fell. The maximum shade temperature was 50 and the maximum sun temperature 76 degrees. The minimum temperature was 34 degrees. A brisk thunderstorm passed over the city in the evening.

WHITE OAKS OVERWHELMED BY HONORS OF STATEHOOD.

Pretty Little Mining Town Produces Democratic Statesmen and Charming Society Leaders.

White Oaks, N. M., Feb. 29, 1912.
Editor Santa Fe New Mexican:—It is a long time since a letter from White Oaks appeared in your paper. But White Oaks is a right and has been feeling jubilant ever since the first state election held in New Mexico, because so many of her citizens were honored by the popular ballot at that time.

First and foremost was W. C. McDonald, chosen to be first governor of the grand new State of New Mexico, the highest honor which the electors of the young commonwealth could bestow.

Hon. John Y. Hewitt should and would have been elected judge of this third judicial district had the entire district known his sterling worth as well as do the people in this, his home precinct, where he received all the votes cast but one.

Mrs. Wallace Gumm, who was elected our county school superintendent, was for a number of years a resident of White Oaks. Mrs. Gumm is one of the best teachers in the state, her social and moral qualities are of the highest order and she has the rare faculty of radiating mental sunshine. She will be an inspiration to the teachers and patrons of our schools.

Then there is W. E. Blanchard, chosen to represent this district in the state legislature, he was an original White Oaks denizen. He received his early education in the New West Academy of this hamlet. His teacher, who was from Boston, was heard to say "Why, Will Blanchard and his sister are remarkable, they know the Latin conjugations and declensions perfectly and translate as well as I. Where did they learn it?" It was only a result of the home environment. His parents, both, were highly educated, and his mother comes of a fine New England type of womanhood.

And the women folks of our governor's family? They are all right too! Mrs. McDonald is beautiful and lovely, and an ideal home-maker and mother, than which there is no higher, holier sphere for womanhood, according to the theories and teachings of Mrs. McDonald's distinguished kinswoman, Ida M. Tarbell. She believes in the supremacy of the three K's as devoutly as does her Royal Highness the empress of Germany.

Those of us who have known Mrs. McDonald for the last twenty-five years have not the least fear that she will fall to fill the difficult position of governor's wife with honor to herself and to the ladies of the state.

An item was published recently to the effect that our governor McDonald bears a most striking resemblance to a former governor McDonald of Colorado. Nothing strange about that for our governor is a scion of the original McDonald lineage.

Appropos to this it may be of interest to the younger social set to know that when the governor's daughter was a little heavier than she is at present, she could easily have been taken for the model for Flora McDonald in the famous painting, "Prince Charlie's Farewell to Flora McDonald," so highly prized by the killed Highlander.

The story of the friendship and aid given the unfortunate prince, Charlie Stuart, by Flora McDonald, during his distress and destitution after the decisive battle of Culloden, is most charming as preserved in history, tradition and song.

Still other honors have come to White Oaks, and these last have fallen upon our worthy townsman, Hon. A. H. Hudspeth. He was appointed a member of the board of regents for our state college of agriculture and mechanic arts. Close upon the heels of this he was made chairman of the State Democratic Central Committee. No more suitable person could have been selected for either place.

As chairman of the State Central Committee he will have an opportunity to exercise the political ability—not chicanery, mind you—which his friends know him to possess.

A new enterprise for the material benefit of White Oaks is ready to be pushed to completion as soon as the snows of winter have ceased and the weather becomes settled. But that belongs to another story and will be communicated later.

ELLIS IDUR.

JURY DECIDES CLAIMANT IS NOT KIMMEL.

But it Could Not Agree That the Missing Man Was Dead in 1904.

St. Louis, Mo., March 4.—The jury in the Kimmel case reported to Federal Judge Amidon today that it had agreed that the claimant is not George A. Kimmel, but that it had not agreed that Kimmel was dead in 1904 when the present suit was filed. Judge Amidon then began instructing the jury anew.

WEALTHY BUSINESSMAN KILLS HIMSELF AT SILVERTON.

Henry X. Gonner, a prominent and wealthy business man of Durango, Colorado, committed suicide in Silverton Monday morning. He was past exalted ruler of the Elks, a member of the Mystic Circle and the Woodmen of the World. The body was found in a box car this morning with the jugular vein severed and with the hands, feet, face and other portions of the body frozen. A pocket knife, with a three and a half inch blade, with which Gonner had slashed his throat, was beside the body. A doctor, after examination, stated that the wound had bled for an hour before Gonner had lost consciousness. One hand, sticking from the box car, was seen by a passing milk man, and this led to the discovery of the body. Gonner formerly lived at Santa Fe.

REAL ESTATE DEALS IN WINDMILL CITY.

State Senator Laughren Has Sold More Lots First Two Months Than All of Last Year.

Deming, N. M., March 4.—Real estate and the building trades in Deming are showing increasing activity. C. J. Laughren, one of the largest holders of city real estate, states that he has sold more city lots since the first of the year than he sold during the entire year of 1911. Other dealers in real estate make similar statements. One firm interested in renting residences state that they could rent forty cottages within a week if they had them to rent.

H. G. Bush will begin the erection of a \$7,000 residence upon lots 13 and 14, block 23, Pacific Improvement addition, within the next few weeks. He lately purchased these lots from A. W. Pollard. H. H. Kelly, cashier of the Deming National bank, has bought lots 11 and 12, in the same block and addition, and will begin the erection of a home thereon within a short time. Mrs. Harper, of Silver City, purchased Friday, through the Blevins-Maynard-Childs Co., lots 21 to 24 inclusive block N, Pacific Improvement Company addition, from H. G. Bush, and will begin the erection thereof of two bungalows within sixty days, for rent. The Herald News Company sold Friday through A. W. Pollard to Ira O. Wetmore, 14 blocks in the Deming Land and Water Company addition, receiving for the same \$7,500. O. H. Cooper sold Friday to C. F. Berry lots 16 and 17, block 48, consideration \$600. J. M. Cobb, formerly of Midland, Texas, bought Friday, through Rogers and White, 10 acres from San Schwing one mile east of town, consideration \$750. G. M. Sadler, who has been a steady investor in Mimbres Valley land for the last three years, has just purchased through R. L. Miller, 560 acres of deeded land from Dr. Darracott eleven miles east of Deming in Lewis Flat. This deal is the largest one so far recorded this month. Robert A. Crawford, of Coshocton, Ohio, took an option on several lots before leaving here for California Friday, and Mrs. Crawford filed on 320 acres of land in the neighborhood of Carne. The Crawford's expect to return here shortly and enter into business in Deming.

Mrs. Ed Wheelock who came here a year ago died Friday morning. Her husband was communicated with by wire, and is now on his way here. The remains are being prepared for shipment to Hot Springs, Ark. The funeral services will take place at the undertaking parlors Sunday morning.

R. E. Cameron and wife have returned from an extended trip through the east. J. H. Montgomery and A. T. Montgomery of Pittsburgh, Pa., are in Deming prospecting. J. L. Wright of Silver City, is here on business. D. W. Yarbrough, of Bakersfield, Calif., is here on business.

BANQUET TENDERED EDDY COUNTY DELEGATION.

Memorable Non-Political Gathering—Real Estate Men of Carlsbad Formed Organization.

A banquet was tendered the Eddy county delegation to the legislature at the Schlitz hotel last night, covers being laid for 125. Thomas J. Sanford was toastmaster. Senator F. F. Dopp, Representatives Hugh M. Gage and Florence Love were the guests of honor. Judge A. A. Freeman, the pastor of Eddy county, who has been in Victoria for a number of years, was also included. Addresses were made by Judge Freeman, Captain E. P. Bujac, F. G. Tracy, D. G. Grantham, A. N. Pratt, and a number of others. The occasion was a memorable one. There were representative citizens from every part of the county present to do honor to the men they send to the first state legislature. The gathering was non-partisan, many of the leading Republicans of the county being present.

Real Estate Men Organize.
The real estate men met yesterday and made a temporary organization with F. G. Tracy as president, and F. A. Wright as secretary. A committee was appointed to draft articles for a permanent organization. It was agreed to raise \$500 towards the general boosting fund now being raised by Pecos Water Users' Association and the Commercial Club. The plan now is for the association to list all lands and that the real estate men shall handle the lands on a commission basis for the association. The plan for settling the Carlsbad project now taking form is comprehensive and practical. Every one in the community is connected with it either as a landowner or business man and is therefore true community work. The details will be arranged for actual work in a few days.

HEROIC LAD DIED OF HIS TERRIBLE INJURIES.

Took Shoe From His Severed Foot and Crawled Quarter of a Mile Through Snow.

Marysville, Kans., March 4.—His left foot torn off by the accidental discharge of his shotgun while hunting, Henry Schwarz, 13 years old, picked up the severed member, took the lace out of his shoe and used it to bind up his leg in an effort to check the flow of blood. He then crawled a quarter of a mile to the highway, where his cries brought help. Physicians from Hanover and Marysville were unable to reach the lad's home, several miles from town, because of the heavy snow, and he died today.

A Cold, La Grippe, Then Pneumonia too often the fatal sequence, and coughs that hang on weaken the system and lower the vital resistance. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is a reliable medicine that stops the cough promptly by healing the cause, soothes the inflamed air passages, and checks the cold. Keep always on hand. Refuse substitutes. For sale by all druggists.

GOVERNOR TO THE BORDER

Will See for Himself About the Neutrality Law Violations

COMMITTEE MEETING MONDAY

Democratic Leaders Line Up Party for Legislative Session.

Governor W. C. McDonald accompanied by Adjutant General A. S. Brookes and A. H. Hudspeth, left the city last evening for Las Cruces where the board of regents of the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts will convene today. A. A. Jones, national Democratic committee man, went with the party as far as Albuquerque, thence on to El Paso where he will attend the cattlemen's convention which meets today, tomorrow and the next day. O. N. Marron, state treasurer, now in Albuquerque, will join the governor's party tonight when the citizens of Las Cruces will tender the chief executive a reception. Tomorrow, the governor will go to El Paso to attend the cattlemen's convention. General Brookes will investigate the reported violation of the neutrality laws along the Mexican border in this state before returning to the capital and will consult with Colonel Stever and also the adjutant general of Texas.

Democratic Leaders Consult.
Following a conference of A. H. Hudspeth, the new Democratic state committee man, with Governor W. C. McDonald and A. A. Jones, national committee man, a meeting of the executive committee of the state Democratic central committee is announced for next Monday when the leaders will discuss party welfare and proposed legislation with the Democratic members of the legislature. Chairman Hudspeth declined to accept the resignation of the executive committee formally tendered him.

Appointed Customs Inspector.
Ashley T. Reed, for several years a letter carrier at Santa Fe, has been appointed customs inspector at El Paso. The grand jury was impaneled this morning at the county court house and will be in session two weeks. Indictments are not expected today. The petit jury will convene March 18.

Regular Term of Federal Court.

The regular term of federal court will convene at Santa Fe on the first Monday of April. The enabling act provides that regular terms shall be held on the first Mondays in April and October.

Rusk Makes Arrests.
Mounted Policemen Rusk arrested Richard McCarthy and Joe King Saturday at Chama and charged them with burglary. They were released on preliminary hearing.

Receiver Appointed.
S. B. Whitlow has been appointed receiver of the Fort Sumner Land and Canal Company, by Judge David J. Leahy, upon refusal of O. B. Earickson to take the receivership.

Military Institute Inspected.
Representatives Evans, Rogers, and Mullins of Chaves county and Love of Eddy county, together with the Board of Regents inspected the New Mexico Military Institute at Roswell in order to determine the institution's needs from a legislative and financial standpoint.

Attempted Killing.

Cattle Inspector Will Simpson was shot in the chin Friday at Deming by an unknown assassin according to meager reports that have reached the mounted police office here. It is thought that Mr. Simpson will die. Simpson also is constable and was endeavoring to arrest a trespasser.

Treasurer's Receipts.
The following sums of money were received Saturday in the office of State Treasurer O. N. Marron: Thos. P. Gable, game and fish warden, on account of game protection fund, \$36.50; Eugenio Romero, treasurer of San Miguel county, on account of taxes, \$1,304.50; W. G. Sargent, state auditor, on account of common school fund, \$200.

Divorce Petition.
William Broome this morning filed a petition in the district court for an absolute divorce from Willie D. Broome, his wife. The Broomes were married in 1909 in Henderson county, Texas. The complaint alleges desertion and unfaithfulness and asks that the plaintiff be given the custody of Viceroy, their minor child. Broome was for a time in the forest service.

New Traveling Auditor.
W. H. Ernest of Clayton, and T. J. Guilfof of Albuquerque, qualified for the positions of traveling auditor and bank examiner, and assistant, respectively last Saturday afternoon before Secretary of State Antonio Lucero and took over the work of the office this morning. W. L. Kiegle of Raton, was appointed chief clerk to succeed A. L. Morrison, Jr. Ernest succeeds R. C. Rankin.

Another San Juan County Water Suit.
Jay Turley of San Juan county, formerly of Santa Fe, has asked for an injunction against the Citizens' ditch in San Juan county, to prevent a change in location of a ditch heading, which he claims would injure a power project in which he is interested. He has applied in the office of State Engineer Charles D. Miller for waters to irrigate 2,500 acres. The hearing on this application will come up before Engineer Miller on April 22.

W. F. Buchanan Returned.
W. F. Buchanan former vice president of the defunct International Bank of Tucuman, was yesterday returned to Tucuman by Sheriff Ward of Quay county to face a charge of embezzlement in connection with the failure of the bank which he sold shortly before its failure. Captain Fred Fornoff accompanied Sheriff Ward as far as Torrance, arriving in Santa Fe last night. Captain Fornoff reports that they had no trouble in securing their prisoner after arriving at Seattle with the requisition papers and that Buchanan seemed willing to face the charges placed against him. Buchanan asserts that the failure of the bank was due to mismanagement after it was sold.

Supreme Court.

The state supreme court convened at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the Capitol with Chief Justice Roberts and Associate Justices Hanna and Parker present. Arguments were heard on case No. 1390, Department Store Company, a corporation, plaintiff in error, vs. Gauss-Langenberg Hat Company, a corporation, defendant in error, when the New Mexican went to press.

Penitentiary Board Meets.

The New Mexico commissioners for the state penitentiary met last Saturday and a number of paroles were granted.

Requisition Issued.
A requisition was issued Saturday by Governor W. C. McDonald on the governor of Oklahoma for the return to New Mexico of Ward Leslie, now in Oklahoma, who is wanted in Lincoln county on a charge of larceny and receiving stolen goods. A. T. Roberts, deputy sheriff of Lincoln county, who lives at Carrizozo, was appointed agent to present the requisition and take charge of the prisoner.

Notaries Appointed.
The following were appointed notaries public by Governor W. C. McDonald: Esteban H. Bierbaum, Mora, Mora county; Max P. Kempenich, Peralta, Valencia county; Evelyn Castle, Santa Fe, Santa Fe county; Camilo Sanchez, Santa Rosa, Guadalupe county; John F. Winkenson, Mesilla, Dona Ana county; K. W. Edwards, Fort Sumner, Guadalupe county.

Incorporation.

The Collier and Dunn Company of Roswell, filed articles of incorporation with the state corporation commission this morning. The new concern expects to conduct a general mercantile business. The capital is given as \$10,000 divided into 100 shares valued at \$100 each at par. The names of the incorporators, all of whom live in Roswell, Chaves county, with the amount of capital stock subscribed by each follows: Howard Collier, 60 shares; Joshua A. Dunn, 20 shares; Rebecca Dunn, 1 share.

Amended Articles Filed.
The Bank of Springer this morning filed an amendment to its charter changing the character of its business from a so-called bank of discount and deposit to a savings bank and trust association. The bank also was granted permission to reduce its capital stock from \$30,000 to \$15,000 which is divided into 150 shares worth \$100 each. The president of the Springer Bank is C. N. Blackwell and the cashier, C. R. Brown.

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ALVAN N. WHITE WOULD ENFORCE SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

Says Pupils Should Complete Eighth Grade—Would Raise Standard.

In a letter to the county school superintendents of the state Alvan N. White, state superintendent of public instruction calls attention to the need of a more rigid enforcement of the compulsory school law. The weakness of the present law compelling the attendance of the children of the state during the school year and the need of an amendment or additional legislation by the coming legislature are also pointed out. In part the letter reads:

"I hope that you are making special efforts to enforce the compulsory school attendance law. On this subject allow me to refer you to the abstract of provisions touching compulsory school attendance found on pages 11 and 12 of the School Directors Guide. See also, pages 30 and 31 of the School Directors Guide. On page 33 of the same publication, will be found form of notice both English and Spanish which should be posted in all school districts so as to secure the fullest compliance with the compulsory school law. In this connection it might be well for us to amend our law so as to provide for the compulsory attendance of all children between the ages of seven and fourteen, and provide further, that unless a child has finished the eighth grammar grade or reached some other standard he should attend until he has reached the age of sixteen. Undoubtedly also, there should be some different arrangement made for the enforcement of the law. I shall greatly appreciate suggestions with reference to needed changes in the law so as to reach the desired end of having all the children of the state in school."

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE LEOPOLD ROTHSCHILD.

Banker Was Attacked as He Entered a Motor Car in Front of a Bank at London.

London, March 4.—An attempt to shoot Leopold Rothschild was made by a man today as Mr. Rothschild was entering a motor car in front of the bank in Saint Swithin's lane. Mr. Rothschild was not hurt. The man apparently had been waiting for a chance to murder Mr. Rothschild. As soon as he saw the banker, he whipped out a revolver and fired three times. A detective standing on the opposite side of the lane was struck in the mouth, neck and chest, and the windows of the automobile were smashed. The assailant was arrested.

R. G. Collins, Postmaster, Bernagat, N. J., was troubled with a severe la grippe cough. He says: "I would be completely exhausted after each fit of violent coughing. I bought a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and before I had taken it all the coughing spells had entirely ceased. It can't be beat." For sale by all druggists.

J. B. UNDERWOOD PRESIDED OVER WILLARD CONVENTION.

Makes Eloquent Address Advising Harmony Among Republicans—C. L. Burt Secretary.

Willard, N. M., March 2, 1912.
Editor New Mexican, Santa Fe, New Mexico:—

The Republicans of Torrance county in delegate convention in Willard today named ten delegates to the State Republican Convention in Santa Fe, March 8, 1912. The convention was called to order by County Chairman Fred Chavez, and after temporary organization and appointment of committees on credentials and permanent organization and order of business took a recess for thirty minutes. On reassembling the committee on credentials reported the names of the delegates present and entitled to seats from the various precincts and that there were no contests. On recommendation of the committee on permanent organization, J. B. Underwood was elected permanent chairman, and C. L. Burt, secretary. The vote in both cases being unanimous. The speech of Mr. Underwood upon accepting the chairmanship of the convention was a masterpiece of oratory and one which every delegate present pronounced as the keynote of our Presidential campaign and ought to be given note in our state papers. Mr. Underwood spoke of what the party has accomplished, praised the good work of Roosevelt, and the necessity of the conservative policies of President Taft prevailing in order to prevent the radical tendencies of the moment, carrying the party into a storm of disruption and defeat. It was a talk for harmony without sacrifice of principle. Mr. Underwood declared the best parliamentary we have had to preside over our convention for many years, he having at one time been a member of the Missouri legislature and has always been ready to help in any matter that might come before the Republicans in our state. It would be a good idea for the Central Committee of New Mexico to call on Mr. Underwood for his aid. The names of the delegates chosen appear in another column. Representative James W. Chavez took a leading part in the convention.

B. S. Jackson has sold his residence property and furniture to Mr. J. H. Perrin. Mr. Perrin will open a hotel soon, and thus supply one of the needs of Willard.

W. A. WOOD RESIGNS AS POSTMASTER AT LOVING.

He is Accused of Shooting and Killing James W. Donaldson, Jr., a Young Farmer.

Carlsbad, N. M., March 3.—James W. Donaldson, Jr., was shot and killed late last night at Loving by W. A. Wood. No details are obtainable as Wood will not talk. There has been bad blood between the two men for some time, but no one expected serious trouble. Donaldson was shot in the breast with a shot gun. W. A. Wood has been postmaster at Loving, but resigned two days ago. Donaldson was a farmer just east of town, where he resided with his father.

Ralph Grandi has bought forty acres of land near Otis and began at once to improve it. He intends to build a substantial residence and make the place a permanent home.

The rain and snow last Sunday though not heavy, put the lands in fair condition to plow and the farmers are busy all over the Carlsbad project. Water will be turned into the canals in the near future.

The land agents are organizing an exchange and will join the Pecos Water Users' Association and the Commercial Club in the big boosting movement now being started. The water users are paying in their assessment levied for publicity and the club is circulating subscription lists to raise their part of the boosting fund.

HOW BEEF TRUST FIXED PRICES IN EAST.

Information Concerning Margins Was Sent Over Private Wires By Packers.

Chicago, Ill., March 4.—Charles E. Barry, manager of the dressed beef department of the National Packing Company, testified today in the packer's trial that he had received information concerning the margins of Armour, Swift & Morris in the eastern territory between 1903 and 1906, over the private wire of the National Packing Company.

Information from Boston was sent by R. A. Perkins and Perry N. Waterhouse and from New York by Everett B. Dill, he said. Figures for other eastern cities for Armour, Swift and Morris were given him by E. A. Allen, assistant to the president of the National Packing Company.

Barry said he did not know how the figures were obtained. The name of the companies were never used in the memorandum but the figures were written down in a certain order which identified the companies.

The National Packing Company, he said, was first on the list, Armour second, Morris third, and Swift last.

Barry denied ever having heard the expression "noon figures" applied to margins telegraphed to Chicago from the east.

LAS VEGAS JAIL RECORD FOR FEBRUARY.

Of twenty arrests made in Las Vegas, during February, fourteen were for drunkenness, two for fighting, one for vagrancy, one for not tying a horse, and two for hauling without an expressman's license. Frank Day was the first man arrested in March for drunkenness.

DEATH OF TWO YEAR OLD CHILD.

Tonita, the two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Vallejos, died at Las Vegas.

13 KILLINGS IN FEBRUARY

Official Record of Mounted Police Shows a Frightful Murder List

BEATS ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS

Average Is Five Times As Great As for the Entire United States.

The homicide record in the office of the mounted police shows a grand total of thirteen killings for the short month of the year, February. As usual a large number are due directly to intoxication, immorality or gambling. The sordid details of most of the killings are remarkable for nothing so much as their uniformity and the side-lights they throw on law enforcement in New Mexico. If the causes other than those apparent on the face of things could be disclosed they would demonstrate the need of vigorous treatment.

Tab Kept By Mounted Police.

The entries of the homicides with the data on each, as given by the record book in the mounted police office follows in this order, person charged with killing, cause, place, date, name of deceased, manner accomplished, disposition of case:

Ramon Flores and Abel Flores, jealousy, Roy, Mora county, February 1, Potter, throat cut, arrested made; Riley, Lucas Vigil, rifle shot, confessed; Jose Fernandez, drunkenness, Silver City, Grant county, February 6, Mrs. Bessie drunkenness, Deming, Luna county, February 10, E. V. McDonalds, pistol shot, arrested made, Grant county, February 12, Joseph Williams, gun shot, arrested made, unknown, saloon fight, Gibson, McKinley county, February 17, Tanka Scheel, blow on skull with ax, no arrest made; Harry Steen, drunkenness, near Aragon, Socorro county, February 17, Pat Gann, rifle shot, surrendered to sheriff, Gregorio Toranzo and Francisco Rodriguez, robbery, Mogollon, Socorro county, February 19, C. A. Freeman and William Clark, gun shot, Toranzo killed by sheriff and Rodriguez under arrest; Sheriff Emil James and posse, resisting arrest, Gila Farms, Grant county, February 23, Gregorio Toranzo, gun shot; Mrs. Salcido Trujillo, self-defense against rape, Benham, Union county, February 19, Luis Garcia, gun shot, no arrest made; W. W. Wood, family feud, Loving, Eddy county, James Donaldson, gun shot, surrendered to sheriff; Sam Lyle, gambling, Albuquerque, Bernalillo county, February

Wayside Jottings.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1912.

90 Days for Sowing Nickels.

Herbert Miller, who robbed the telephone box in Frickey's saloon, at Seventeenth and Stout streets, Denver, last week, and scattered nickels along the street in his flight from the place, was sentenced to ninety days in the county jail on a charge of vagrancy.

Miserable Miser Leaves Big Fortune.

Thought for years to be poverty stricken, alone, friendless and waiting for death to release him from a miserable existence, Leon Le Fevre, 84, reclusive, died at Denver, possessed of real estate and mining claims worth nearly \$100,000. There is no will and no known heirs.

Charged With Poisoning Husband.

Mrs. Marion B. Gilbert was placed on trial in the district court here today on the charge of poisoning her husband, William Gilbert, August 20, 1910. Gilbert, who was a Rio Grande conductor, came in from his run and, going to his room in the Mechanics building, took some medicine for biliousness. He died an hour later.

Enticing Girls.

Antonio Bonelli, who lives at the Belmont hotel, 2953 Larimer street, Denver, was arrested by Officer Phillips of the juvenile court, charged with attempting to entice Julia Toombs, 15, and Mary Kosch, her friend, who had been entrusted to his care by a fellow countryman. The girls have been working at a coffee house.

Adrift in the Storm.

H. C. Abbott returned to his home in Springfield after spending several days on business in Raton. During the severe snowstorm of the past week a large herd of 1,500 sheep belonging to Mr. Abbott's ranch got away and drifted with the storm for several miles, finally being corralled and later returned after much difficulty and some loss.

Girl Settles \$10,000 Suit for \$500.

The \$10,000 breach of promise suit brought against Lewis A. Lasco, 1863 Larimer street, Denver, by 18-year-old Irene Snider, a year ago, has been settled out of court and was dismissed by District Judge Allen last week. Miss Snider's attorneys refused to make public the amount of the settlement, but it is reported that she received less than \$500.

Arrested for Dodging Alimony.

William A. Lawson, mining man in the Clear Creek district, was arrested at Georgetown, Colorado, by Deputy Sheriff Reid on a citation issued by District Judge Shattuck, before whom Lawson will be tried on March 17 for contempt of court in failing to obey its orders relative to the payment of alimony to Midge Kanoff Lawson, who obtained a divorce on July 7, 1911.

Indian Wizard Is Fined.

It cost Dr. J. Oscar Martin of Denver \$20 and costs to be an Indian wizard and tease the dimes from the pockets of the credulous. Dr. Martin, who calls himself, was arrested by the federal authorities on a charge of using the mails to defraud. He advertised the Academy of Science and Western club, and under the name of J. M. Le Zare, claiming that he would make the future clear to anyone who sent him a dime. His clairvoyant powers, however, brought the same future for practically all who applied. Circular letters were sent out in reply. The doctor had two postoffice addresses, one at Edgewater and one at Englewood. Postoffice Inspector O'Brien investigated the case, and stopped the Indian wizard's operations. Dr. Martin pleaded guilty before Judge R. M. Lewis.

Gave His Wife to Affinity.

Asa Holbrook, who lives at the Plaza hotel, Denver, gave his wife to her affinity, J. C. Holmes, of 921 East Twenty-fifth avenue, he told the police last night, and then used a pistol to recover two three-diamond rings belonging to his wife, which he declares Holmes had appropriated to himself. The "hold-up" occurred at 9 o'clock at Seventeenth and California streets in the presence of Holbrook's wife. It attracted a crowd that surged around them and finally drove the two men to the Equitable building, where Patrolman Chris Madden arrested the three and sent them to police headquarters.

Tough Luck for Young Couple.

Frank Ellis, 18, and his wife, 16, were arrested at Colorado Springs as they were about to leave for Wichita, Kan., with their 6-month-old babe. They are charged with selling mortgaged property and with securing goods under false pretenses. The child-wife wept bitterly when the couple were confronted with the evidence against them. It is charged that they bought \$87 worth of furniture on the installment plan, and sold it to another party for \$50. They are also accused of having secured a dress and overcoat on the installment plan and trying to leave town after a small payment had been made on each. Their tickets to Wichita were found in Ellis' pocket.

Indiana Town Is Rotten.

The vain search for ten righteous men in Sodom has been repeated in Gary, Indiana, with almost the same results. Rev. Nelson H. Trimble, who has just completed his quest in the steel city, hasn't the power to destroy Gary by fire, so he has done the next best thing. He has resigned his post as pastor of the Church of Christ and moved away.

Here is a portion of his resignation:

"It was not until I arrived in Gary and was actually at work on the field that I learned of the attitude of the steel companies toward non-churches. It did not take long to discover that it was almost impossible to secure property in Gary for a church. There were between 200 and 300 saloons in Gary, several of these run under the supervision of the steel company and one, at least, in one of their buildings. I soon learned that there was a red light district in Gary which

was as well known as the mills and ran openly, a red light district that was as defiant and as rotten in its putrefaction as any in America, not excluding New Orleans, where sugar, cotton and lost women are openly advertised as staples."

FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1912.

Appointed Deputy District Attorney.

Harold B. Jamison, formerly in the forest service, has qualified as assistant district attorney for Bernalillo county.

Fell Twenty Feet.

E. Romero, Jr., of Albuquerque, sustained a broken arm and severe cuts and bruises, through a twenty foot fall from a swinging platform, on which he was standing while painting a sign.

He Must Pay Alimony.

Because he failed to pay \$20 a month alimony and costs of suit to Maria Catalano, his divorced wife, V. G. Catalano was arrested at Albuquerque and hauled before Judge Reynolds.

Searching for His Father.

Floyd E. Robertson, a young Pennsylvanian, has arrived in Albuquerque in search of his father, James E. Robertson, who came to New Mexico four years ago and who disappeared about two years ago.

Witness for Defense Under Cloud.

Samuel Lyle, held for the murder of Ira Carr at Albuquerque, was to have been the chief witness for the defense in the murder case against Theodore Goulet, accused of killing Policeman Alexander Knapp.

Drunkness Leads to Divorce.

Mrs. Aloche Romero filed suit for divorce at Albuquerque against her husband, Jose Romero, charging habitual drunkenness. Romero is said to be at Magdalena. The woman asks for custody of a seventeen year old daughter.

Masonic Lodges at Fort Sumner.

At Fort Sumner, Guadalupe county, temporary organization has been effected of a Masonic lodge with Arthur E. Curran as worshipful master; J. G. Burnham, senior warden; J. P. Lovelace, junior warden; and R. P. Brooks, secretary.

Sixth Victim of Scholle Wreck.

The sixth victim of the fatal Scholle wreck on the Belen cut-off on November 21st last—Fireman Charles M. Schmidt—died yesterday morning at St. Joseph's hospital, Albuquerque, where he had been a patient since the accident.

Mrs. C. H. Woodford.

Mrs. C. H. Woodford, aged 45 years, wife of Captain C. H. Woodford, master of a vessel on the Great Lakes, and who came to Albuquerque last November from Cleveland, Ohio, passed away at 9 a. m. yesterday, at her Albuquerque residence, death being due to a complication of diseases. The husband and daughter, Miss Ruth, a university student, were with her at the end. A son, Roy, lives in Los Angeles.

Sunday Closing at Belen.

For the first time in months, the saloons at Belen are closed on Sundays and Sheriff Ruperto Jaramillo is making special efforts to enforce the law, being assisted by Mounted Policeman J. W. Collier who has been stationed at Belen for the time being on account of the crime wave brought on by the settlement being run wide-open.

Prize Fight at Belen.

Belen fight fans are comforting themselves with the thought of an interesting bout to a finish which will be held in Belen on Thursday evening of this week, when Comer Walsh, of Chicago, will meet Cyclone Clyde Day of St. Joseph, Mo. The combatants will weigh in at the ringside at 142 pounds or under.

Artesia Girl Drives Away Burglar.

Burglary at the residence of S. S. Ward, at Artesia, Eddy county, who was absent from home, was frustrated by the brave efforts of his 14 year old daughter, Irene. About 2 o'clock she awoke and found a burglar in her bedroom. She screamed and rushing to her dresser, secured a revolver and fired four shots at the burglar as he descended the stairs. In his hurried flight he knocked over the stove.

Would Be Good Scheme Here.

A sanitary lodging house or dormitory with a well stocked kitchen, yard attached, and a reading and rest room for the unemployed where persons with work to be done can always reach them by telephone, is the unique and thoroughly practical scheme proposed by Captain George B. Seeds of the Salvation Army as a solution of the problem of taking care of the homeless and persons out of work in Albuquerque.

Prohibition Decreases Insanity.

The superintendents of the insane hospitals and asylums in Kansas report that the enforcement of prohibition has brought about a remarkable reduction in insanity. In 1904, the number of commitments for insanity numbered 64 for each hundred thousand persons, while last year it was only 52.4 for each hundred thousand persons. In other words, through prohibition, some two hundred persons a year in Kansas escape the dreadful living death of insanity.

SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1912.

Kid Day, winner of the Day-Walsh.

Signed for Bout in Santa Fe. Bout, and "Soldier" Hunt of Albuquerque have agreed to go twenty rounds before the Santa Fe Athletic Club in the Ancient City next Wednesday night.

Texico Men Buy Clovis Bank.

An important business transaction was closed by the controlling stock of the Clovis National bank, passed into the hands of Alex and J. T. Shipley, bankers of Texico, N. M. Mr. Henry J. Coors, president, sold all his stock and retired from the bank.

Court at Raton and Clayton.

John Rogers of Las Vegas has been appointed court stenographer for the Eighth Judicial district. Court in Raton, in session today and tomorrow, and in Union county Monday and Tuesday. Rogers will return to Las

How to be Certain of Curing Constipation

Prejudice is a hard thing to overcome, but where health is at stake and the opinion of thousands of reliable people differs from yours, prejudice then becomes your menace and you ought to lay it aside. This is said in the interest of people suffering from chronic constipation, and it is worthy of their attention.

In the opinion of legions of reliable American people the most stubborn constipation imaginable can be cured by a brief use of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. You may not have heard of it before, but do not doubt its merits on that account, or because it has not been blatantly advertised. It has sold very successfully on word of mouth recommendation. Parents are giving it to their children today who were given it by their parents, and it has been truthfully said that more druggists use it personally in their families than any other laxative.

Letters recently received from Mr. Wm. Dehlin, 324 Coeur d'Alene St., Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, and Miss Lina Beues, Sebastopol, Calif., are but a few of thousands showing the esteem in which Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is held. It is mild, gentle, non-gripping—not violent, like salts or cathartics. It cures gradually and pleasantly so that in time nature again does its own work without outside aid. Constipated people owe it to themselves to use this grand bowel specific.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 405 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

Vegas after these sessions about the middle of next week, and will make plans to move to Raton permanently.

King of Bootleggers is Under Arrest.

"King of the Bootleggers" Nicholas Archuleta and his "pal," Henry Schriener, were brought to Denver from Fort Collins by Deputy United States Marshal Jefferts, and arraigned before United States Commissioner Hinsdale, charged with selling whisky without licenses. After the examination Hinsdale remanded Archuleta to the county jail for a further hearing, in default of \$200 bonds, and Schriener was discharged on his plea of innocence and on his companion's statement that he was not implicated in the traffic.

Army Deserter Arrested.

Accused of being a deserter from the United States army, Paul Zamora, also known as Porfirio Zamora, was arrested in his home in Old Albuquerque by Policeman Pablo Lujan, acting under instructions of Chief of Police, McMillin. Chief McMillin received a description of the lad several days ago from the recruiting office in El Paso and immediately laid plans to round the lad up. It is claimed by the government that Zamora enlisted in El Paso and accepted transportation from that city to Denver, where he was to have reported for service at Fort Logan.

Had High Balls and Then Kissed.

Ethel Croker Breen, daughter of Richard Croker, was given a divorce this week from the young riding master with whom she eloped in April, 1910.

She asked that her hasty marriage be dissolved because of Breen's alleged misconduct in the Grand Union hotel in Toronto on the night of September 5, last. The "other woman" is Miss Maud Diehl, a plump brunette of 22. She was in the court room, having come from Toronto voluntarily with her fiancé to testify that the charge against Breen was false. She admits that she accompanied Breen to his room, indulged in a "little flirtation" with him and that he even "took one kiss," but she denies all graver charges. Under the cross-examination of Francis L. Wellman she denied emphatically that there was any basis in fact for a divorce because of her friendship for the riding master. Under the guidance of Breen's counsel, W. M. A. Olcott, Miss Diehl explained that she had "picked up" an acquaintance with Breen at the telephone switchboard and on September 5, last, did accept his invitation to dinner at the Grand Union hotel and later accompanied him to his room to have a drink out of view of possible friends. "Did you know that he was a married man?" asked Mr. Wellman. "No," "What kind of whiskey do you drink—Scotch or American?" "Oh, I have no preference," Miss Diehl replied. "He admitted having had a high ball, a rye whiskey and a slice gin rickey with Breen. Wellman read from an affidavit that Miss Diehl signed two or three days after the date at the room where she and Breen were discovered together. "He hugged and kissed me," he read. "Is that so?" "No, not exactly," Miss Diehl replied. "He only put one arm around my waist and kissed me once. I got right up from where we were sitting and sat down in a rocking chair. Then came a knock at the door of Mr. Breen's room. He opened the door and in walked two detectives."

MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1912.

Smallpox Epidemic in Arizona.

Eleven cases of smallpox and two deaths are reported from Douglas, Arizona.

Gun Toter Hauled Up.

Frank Lee was fined \$50 and costs at Old Albuquerque by Justice of the Peace Jose Romero, for carrying a revolver.

Snowstorm Tied Up Trains.

Santa Fe trains from the East were again tied up in Kansas and Colorado on Saturday and Sunday on account of a snowstorm.

Arrested for Carrying Six Shooter.

Robert Latham and Albert Mayes were arrested at Nogal, Lincoln county, for carrying six shooters. Mayes was fined \$50 and costs.

Detective Had to Shoot.

shot down Jose Gonzales because Gonzales drew a butcher knife when the detective tried to arrest him.

Hearing for Deserter.

Pablo Zamora will be given a hearing on Wednesday at Albuquerque before U. S. Commissioner H. R. Whitcomb for deserting the U. S. army.

Gun Toter Fined.

Ignacio Gutierrez was arrested at Fort Sumner for totting a gun and in default of \$50 fine and costs, was taken to jail at Santa Rosa.

Bank for Columbus.

Columbus, Luna county, is to have a \$15,000 bank, organized by W. C. Hoover, A. J. Boyd, S. S. Waterbury, P. C. Hoover and L. M. Hoover.

New Mexico Man Heads Bank.

Frank P. Jones of Silver City, a former member of the board of equal-

ization, has been elected president of the El Paso Bank & Trust Company.

Death of Will Porterfield.

Will I. Porterfield, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Porterfield, died at Albuquerque on Saturday. He was 29 years old, and a devout church worker. He was in the real estate business.

Drank Poison in the Dark.

George Pearson, formerly of Santa Fe, while at Taos last week, took a tablespoonful of carbolic acid in the dark, thinking it was paregoric. Heroic efforts of the attending physician, saved his life.

Caught With the Goods.

Francisco Torres, Clemente Torres and Marino Torres were arrested at White Oaks, Lincoln county in the act of killing beef of the Bar W Cattle Company. They admitted their guilt and were held in \$2,000 bail for the grand jury.

Two Deaths.

Mrs. P. B. Deatmore, formerly of Clayton, Union county, mother of George Deatmore, the Rough Rider, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. L. Calloway at Boulder, Colorado. Charles Howard, a businessman at Clayton, died suddenly.

Cleaned Up Belen.

John W. Collier, a most efficient member of the mounted police force gave Belen, Valencia county, a much needed clean-up, and as a result a hundred men and women of more or less shady reputation and shadler doings hiked to more congenial places.

Sue Against Chief of Police.

W. T. Wolverton, president and manager of a business college at Roswell, has sued Chief of Police W. D. Allison at Roswell, and his two bondsmen A. D. Garrett and J. A. Browning for \$2,500. W. T. Wolverton had been arrested for alleged drunkenness.

Death of Two Old Timers.

Abel V. Chavez of Hillsboro, and Major M. H. Day of Fairview, old timers in Sierra county, died recently. Chavez died of tuberculosis. He was an ardent Methodist, was born in Spicero 51 years ago, and leaves a wife and two daughters and one son. Major Day was found unconscious on the floor at his house and died soon after. He was a major in a cavalry regiment of the Union army in the Civil War and had been prospecting and mining in the Black Range the past 25 years.

More Trouble for Canavan.

Stephen Canavan, the wealthy McKinley county coal operator, who already is up for contempt for failing to pay alimony, has been served with another warrant at Albuquerque charging contempt because he disposed of personal property in violation of the court order forbidding him to do so while the divorce suit of his wife was pending. Canavan was arrested while passing through New Mexico on a train.

An Archaeological Problem.

T. J. Thompson, in clearing off a piece of sage brush land on his ranch, formerly the Ke-o place, San Juan county, found some ancient skeletons, pottery and what looks like an attempt to carve a horse's head out of a piece of rock. It is said that horses were first brought to America by the Spanish explorers and that the ancient races that once filled these valleys had no beasts of burden. Then how did this carved head get in an old Aztec grave?

H. O. Bursum Elected President.

A commercial club has been organized at Socorro. Mayor H. O. Bursum was elected president; A. B. Baca, vice-president; J. A. Lowe, secretary; and J. A. Torres, treasurer.

Newspaper Changes.

E. D. McAdams has taken charge of the Magdalena News in Socorro county, and J. V. Stearns has become manager and editor of the Fort Sumner Review.

TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1912.

Scarlet Fever at Belen.

Several cases of scarlet fever are reported at Belen.

Another Newspaper Change.

F. C. Stevens, formerly of the Red River Prospector, will take editorial charge of the Taos Valley News.

Attorneys Go to Los Angeles.

Attorneys J. M. O'Brien of Roswell and Luther B. Spaulding of Texico have gone to Los Angeles, California, to open a law office.

Child Scalded to Death.

The three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bona at Leadville, Colorado, fell into a tub of boiling water and was scalded to death.

Suits Filed at Albuquerque.

In district court at Albuquerque suits on notes were filed against Simon Bilbo and Nathan Bilbo for \$11,747.95 by Gross, Kelly & Co., and against H. A. Brachvogel for \$130 by the State National Bank.

Mandamus Case Against Roswell Dismissed.

The mandamus case of James W. Stockard against the city authorities of Roswell to compel them to submit the question of a commission form of

government to the people, has been dismissed by Judge John T. McClure at Roswell. The case had been remanded by the supreme court of New Mexico.

Dexter Church Census.

That in the smaller towns of New Mexico a greater proportion of people are church members is shown by a census taken at Dexter, Chaves county. Out of a total of 348 people, only 68 non-church members were found. The Methodists led with 47 people, then Christians 35, Baptists 31, Presbyterians 23, Brethren and Evangelical Association 4 each, Lutherans 2, Quakers and Christian Science 1 each.

Deaths.

Della Amanda Peppard, wife of A. J. Peppard, aged 34 years, a native of Arkansas, died yesterday at Las Vegas. She came to Las Vegas eight years ago from Stuttgart, Arkansas. Morgan Jefferson, for twenty-five years a resident of Las Vegas, died Saturday. He was born at Galveston, in 1865. Dr. John Harvey Noble, formerly of Eau Claire, Wisconsin, died at his place of residence two miles north of Roswell. He was aged 61 years. Tuberculosis was the cause of death.

Collier Presents Evidence.

John W. Collier of the mounted police force is presenting evidence to the grand jury at Los Lunas of law violations, it being asserted that at Belen at several of the saloons gambling games including poker are carried on.

Killed By Bad News.

William C. Kendrick, aged 50, dropped dead at Greeley, Colorado, when he read of his brother's death at New York.

Wept for Weeks, Then Confessed.

Edward Hewitt, aged 19, after weeping for weeks, in his cell, at the Bakersville, Calif., jail, confessed that with three other boys he murdered Peter Roberts, a rancher, whose body was found in the ashes of his burned cabin.

Millionaire Leaves \$7,500.

Elijah Marshall, reputed to be a millionaire, and who recently, although 72 years old, married pretty Mattie Laura Walker of Georgia, aged 20 years, left an estate that instead of being worth millions, at the most will bring only \$7,500. The girl wife is prostrated.

Killed By His Pack.

Louis Josef, a Syrian peddler, walking along the Copper Belt railroad near Blumham, Utah, stepped aside to let a train pass, but his pack was so large that it was caught between the cars and the mountain wall and dragged him to death under the car wheels.

Boys Told the Truth.

After having impressed upon them the truth telling qualities of George Washington by Rev. M. Weems, 106 high school boys at Hoboken, New Jersey, confessed to smoking cigars and gave the names of eighteen dealers who had sold them tobacco. The dealers were each fined \$10.

Priests Lay Down Law.

Father Hugh L. McMannin of Logan Avenue Chapel at Denver, promulgated marriage rules, which included that the priests expected to have carriages or automobiles sent the same as for invited guests, if they are expected to perform the ceremony. Father McMannin also announced that the priests of the parish will not go in the future to the homes of either of the contracting parties to perform the marriage ceremony when one of them is a non-Catholic. In such cases the wedding will have to take place in the rectory. The priests of the Logan Avenue parish will also refuse to perform marriages in the afternoon or evening.

Held for Investigation.

Jose Montoya is held by the El Paso Police on a charge of attempting to break into a house at 500 South Ochoa street.

Petty Theft Charges.

Gregorio Gonzales is held at the El Paso police station on a charge of taking a pocketbook from the Emporium store on Overland street and Kathryn Graham, is held on a charge of taking a pair of trousers from Rosling's store on San Antonio street.

Two Up for Drunkenness.

Lorenzo Sena and Jose Gonzales were arraigned before Judge D. R. Murray at Las Vegas on the charge of drunkenness. Both pleaded guilty. Sena was sentenced to 10 days in the city cooler and Gonzales, whose first offense it was, got five days.

Special Grand Jury to Put on Lid.

A special grand jury, the first in Mesa county in twenty years, was sworn in at Grand Junction, Colorado, at the opening session of the district court. Judge Shackelford charged the jury to investigate alleged illegal sale of liquor in all parts of the county and the county officers.

Girl Died of Hydrophobia.

Following the death of six-year-old Mary Glass from a disease believed to be hydrophobia, Marshalls Earle and Schreiner, armed with revolvers, started out to shoot and kill every dog in East Alton, Ill., a town of 700 population. Mary Glass died in convulsions two days after she was bitten.

Sentence Suspended.

In the district court at Albuquerque Judge Herbert Reynolds sentenced Ruben Lopez and Solomon Lopez, two small boys, to serve a year each in the reform school at Springer. Sentence was suspended during good behavior. The boys were accused of entering Santa Fe box cars on November 27, 1911, with intent to commit larceny.

Another Jail Escape at Albuquerque.

Matt Cronin and Carlos Valenzuela, two county jail prisoners at Old Albuquerque, escaped from Abran Gutierrez.

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ARTHUR WEEKS AND ALICE CANDELARIO ARE MARRIED.

Ceremony Last Evening By the Rev. J. W. Heal in Presence of Few Friends.

The rectory of the Church of the Holy Faith was last evening at 8:30 o'clock, the scene of the quiet wedding of Miss Alice Candelario and Arthur Weeks. The ceremony performed by the Rev. J. W. Heal was the result of a romance that began a year ago when the popular young Santa Fe girl was a student of Alma college at Alma, Michigan. Besides the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Candelario, a few of the intimate friends of the family were present. The bride, born and raised in the Ancient City, is pretty and accomplished and her host of friends here wish her happiness in her new home.

The bridegroom is connected with Double Fabric Tire Company of Wyoming, N. Y., and it is there that the newlyweds will make their home. Mr. Weeks has been in Santa Fe on various occasions during the courtship that ended so happily and is favorably known to friends here. Before starting on their honeymoon the young couple will spend several days in Santa Fe.