

1-25-1912

## The New Mexican Review, 01-25-1912

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# THE NEW MEXICAN REVIEW.

FORTY-EIGHTH YEAR

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1912.

NO 47

## EXECUTIVE CALLS ON EXECUTIVE

**Governor McDonald Attends Juan Reyes Martinez' Inauguration**

**TRIP TO SAN ILDEFONSO**

**Resignation of Warden Cleofes Romero of Penitentiary Has Been Sent**

Governor W. C. McDonald left the capital this afternoon in a motor car accompanied by Mrs. McDonald and Miss Frances McDonald for the pueblo of San Ildefonso, where they will witness the "Buffalo" dance. The visit is made on the invitation of the newly elected governor of the pueblo, Juan Rey Martinez who is inaugurated today.

The Indian governor wrote to Governor McDonald a lengthy letter in which he expressed the gratification of the Indians on his inauguration and their hope to see him in their village during the fiesta. The visit will give Governor McDonald the opportunity to observe the Indians and their needs with a view to future legislation.

As the days pass and further invitations to resign have not been sent out from the governor's office, many persons breathe more freely in the offices at the capitol. Although no official action has been taken, it is known that the resignation of Cleofes Romero, superintendent of the state penitentiary, was tendered Governor McDonald this morning. The successor of Mr. Romero will not be made public until the resignation has been officially acted upon, although it is generally understood that J. B. McManus, city clerk of Albuquerque, will be the next superintendent.

Cleofes Romero, the retiring superintendent of the state penitentiary says that he will leave Santa Fe for his ranch, located seventy-five miles southeast of Las Vegas, as soon as his resignation is accepted by Governor McDonald.

**Will Deliver Commencement Address.** Governor McDonald has accepted an invitation to deliver the commencement address at the Normal University at Las Vegas in June.

**Postal Changes.** The two following names appear in the postoffice bulletin in the list of new postmasters: John W. Clifton, Lyons; William S. Clifton, San Antonio; Ramon, Union county, is a newly created postoffice in charge of Benito Cordova.

**Board of Equalization.** The state board of equalization met this forenoon at the capitol but adjourned to February 5, in order to give the parties who desire to appear before it, time to prepare their arguments. The board consists of Governor McDonald, Auditor General Lucero, John Joerns, Auditor General Lucero and Attorney General Clancy.

**Treasurer's Receipts.** The following sums of money were received yesterday in the office of the state treasurer, O. N. Marron: S. S. Roberts, clerk of the fifth judicial district, on account of clerks' fees \$118.20; Jackson Aree, treasurer of Grant county, on account of taxes collected, \$118.20; J. O. Baird, treasurer of Otero county, on account of taxes collected, \$1,470.67; Thomas P. Gable, game and fish warden, on account of game protection fund, \$5.

**Blue Book Needed.** The secretary of state's office is the information bureau of the people and they are taking full advantage of it, according to Antonio Lucero, the new secretary. Every effort is being made in the office to tabulate information making it instantly available. It is hoped that the legislature will authorize the publishing of an official directory and blue book.

**McDonald as a Booster.** The January Red Book published by the Denver & Rio Grande passenger department has a one page article from the pen of Governor McDonald lauding for the new state of New Mexico. A full page portrait of the executive faces the article.

**Sixth Murder This Month.** Other New Mexico articles are: Aztec by C. S. Bailey; Cedar Hill and vicinity by Dr. W. W. McEwen; Espanola Valley by ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince; Farmington and vicinity by Willard Belknap; Santa Fe by W. J. Towne and Taos valley by John G. Thiner.

**Sixth Murder This Month.** According to a dispatch received in the office of the mounted police this morning the body of an unidentified white man was found dead in a creek bed near Cold Springs, Valencia county. The dispatch states that a coroner's jury found that the man had been murdered but further detail was not given. As the wife was signed by the agent of the American Lumber Company it is probable that the body was found by one of the employees of the concern which operates a number of lumber camps in the vicinity. Captain Fred Fornoff of the mounted police is absent in Estancia, but was at once notified and will probably go to the scene of the crime.

The Cloudford Trading Company of North Cloudford, Otero county, filed incorporation papers this morning with state corporation commis-

sion. The new company asks permission to conduct a general wholesale and retail business. The agent is F. S. Riggs of Cloudford. The concern is capitalized at \$20,000, divided into 2,000 shares, worth \$10 a share at par. The paid up capital is given as \$9,200. A certificate of non-liability was filed with the corporation papers. The names, postoffice addresses of the incorporators and subscribers to the capital stock and the number of shares held by each are as follows: H. O. Riggs, Mayhill, 50 shares, \$500; C. E. Smith, Cloudford, 50 shares, \$500; F. S. Riggs, Cloudford, 80 shares, \$800; A. J. Swope, Cloudford, 50 shares, \$500; Mrs. A. J. Swope, Cloudford, 50 shares, \$500; L. L. Goss, Cloudford, 10 shares, \$100; W. E. Merrill, Cloudford, 30 shares, \$300; John Smith, Cloudford, 50 shares, \$500; J. C. Walker, Cloudford, 10 shares, \$100; Lee Walker, Cloudford, 20 shares, \$200; C. E. Bass, Cloudford, 10 shares, \$100; A. C. Bass, Cloudford, 10 shares, \$100; C. F. Bass, Cloudford, 10 shares, \$100; Nadine Riggs, Cloudford, 25 shares, \$250; K. S. Weems, Cloudford, 10 shares, \$100; Elithu Joy, Cloudford, 10 shares, \$100.

**YELLOW PINE TRUST REFUSES STATE'S CHARGES.** It Did Not Foster a System of Stifling Competition, Nor Did It Fix Prices.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 24.—Further testimony designed to refute the state's allegation that the Yellow Pine Manufacturers' Association fosters a system of stifling competition, and fixing the current prices on lumber was introduced by the defense today at the resumption of the hearing of the ouster suit against twenty-six lumber companies transacting business in Missouri.

**Supply and Demand.** Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 24.—W. C. Buell, a retail lumber dealer of Omaha, testified that in 1908, when the suit was brought, he controlled six retail yards in Nebraska and that there was unrestricted competition among dealers in yellow pine at that time. He said he got daily quotations from traveling representatives of lumber companies and prices were absolutely controlled by supply and demand. There was fluctuations in prices from day to day, he said, and there was no discrimination in favor of members of the Yellow Pine Manufacturers' Association. He said the issuance of a price list by the association had no effect upon the market price of pine but that the price list was a convenience and benefit to the wholesaler, retailer, builder and all others interested.

Mr. Buell said the association never tried to coerce wholesalers or retailers and never made any effort to drive any out of business. W. C. Scarritt, representing the lumbermen, protested vigorously when Assistant Attorney General Atkinson cross examined the witness, tried to bring out that a gradual increase in prices was shown by the price lists issued from 1904 to 1908.

"The state by introducing is trying to create a false impression here," he said. "The state has introduced in evidence market reports which show that the market fell five times another different during the period mentioned."

Mr. Atkinson disclaimed any intention to misrepresent the evidence already introduced.

**CANADIAN GOVERNMENT GIVES MEXICO ANOTHER HUNCH**

**Wants Former President of United Banking Company to Be Given Speedy Trial.** Mexico City, Mex., Jan. 23.—Efforts are being made by attorneys representing the Canadian government to expedite the trial of George I. Ham, a Canadian who was formerly president of the United States Banking Company, in Mexico, and who has been in prison since his arrest on February 20, 1910, on a charge of breach of trust. He is alleged to have been responsible for the failure of the bank. Statements that a demand has been made for the release of Ham are denied by the British minister.

**TOMMY MURPHY STARTS TRAINING FOR FIGHT.** The January Red Book published by the Denver & Rio Grande passenger department has a one page article from the pen of Governor McDonald lauding for the new state of New Mexico. A full page portrait of the executive faces the article.

**BANK FAILURE REPORTED AT TUCUMCARI TODAY.** Tucumcari, N. M., Jan. 22.—The International Bank of Commerce failed to open its doors this forenoon. Word has been sent to Bank Examiner John Joerns to come to Tucumcari to take charge. He is expected to arrive here tomorrow. T. H. Sanders is the cashier, and the capitalization is \$50,000. The territory has \$10,300 on deposit amply secured by a Kansas City Surety company bond. It is believed the difficulties of the bank can easily be straightened out and that it will soon resume business, as its assets are supposed to exceed its liabilities by \$40,000.

**HARRY ELGIN WEBSTER TAKEN TO PENITENTIARY.** Sterling, Ill., Jan. 25.—Dr. Harry Elgin Webster, who yesterday was sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of his bigamous wife, Beatie Kent Webster, was taken to the Joliet penitentiary today.

## PENITENTIARY IS INSPECTED

**Governor McDonald and Board in Extraordinary Meeting**

**GAME LICENSES NOW READY**

**W. B. Freeman Has Resigned from Hydrographic Service of U. S. Survey.**

The situation at the capitol is in status quo today. Governor McDonald declares he had not asked for the resignation of Traveling Auditor John Joerns; Traveling Auditor John Joerns admits that the invitation to resign had reached him only in a roundabout and unofficial way; Governor McDonald is disposed to permit Mr. Joerns to retain the office for thirty days and possibly longer, and the report is general, that before the legislature meets, Howell Ernest of Clayton, Union county, will be traveling auditor, although Mr. Ernest will not confirm this, and Governor McDonald says he will announce every appointment as soon as made but not before, evidently acting on the advice that "There's many a slip, twixt the cup and the lip."

This afternoon, the board of penitentiary commissioners met in extraordinary session at the penitentiary. With Governor McDonald, it made an inspection of the institution and current report again has been a request for Warden Cleofes Romero's resignation will be the sequel before the shades of eve have fallen over the picturesque old capital. The only other board resignation thus far received is from the conservation commission, that of Attorney John Morrow of Baten, but the vacancy has not yet been filled. Other officials at the capitol, at the same time, know how Damocles felt when the snickers suspended by a silken thread was hanging over his neck.

**Suit in District Court.** A suit praying judgment against Rafael Chavez for the possession of certain property located in precinct 18, ward 4, and damages to the amount of \$110 was filed yesterday in the district court by August Reinhardt. The property in question is located on Hillside avenue.

**Homestead Entries.** The following homestead entries were recorded in the local land office yesterday: S. L. Baker, Estancia; Millard F. Baker, Estancia; Amadeo Duran, Colmar; Santiago Ulbarri, Columbus; Thomas P. Butler, Levy; Thomas Sibley, Tres Piedras; Luis Montano, Ribera; Frank Martin, Raton.

**Treasurer's Receipts.** The following sum of money was received in the office of the state treasurer O. N. Marron, yesterday: Thomas P. Gable, game and fish warden, on account of game protection fund, \$4.50.

**Mr. Freeman Resigns.** W. B. Freeman, who is well known to Santa Fe and throughout the Southwest, has resigned his post as director of the water resources branch of the U. S. Geological Survey of Wyoming, Colorado, Nebraska, Utah and New Mexico. He is succeeded by Robert Pollansbee.

Mr. Freeman has opened an office in Denver where he will continue work as a hydraulic and consulting engineer.

A native of Bozeman, Montana, Mr. Freeman was graduated from Cornell in 1905. For the past five years he had charge of the work of collecting records of the flow of streams to determine how much water is available for power and irrigation. His work took him all over the southwest and he has been prominently identified with several large irrigation projects in this state. At present he is in the city representing the Costilla Land and Irrigation Company.

**Game Licenses.** The game licenses for 1912 are now ready and can be procured at the office of Thomas P. Gable, game and fish warden, at the capitol; or at Fischer's drug store. Although there is no closed season for ducks, a license to shoot them is necessary. Besides ducks, the season is open for plovers, snipe and curlew at present.

**Resume By Territorial Engineer.** Territorial Engineer has completed a resume of work on reclamation projects and on good roads in New Mexico for tomorrow's edition of the Albuquerque Journal, which makes a very creditable showing for his department.

**Hill Appointed Messenger.** Captain A. P. Hill of Santa Fe was today appointed messenger in the office of Secretary of State Antonio Lucero to succeed Juan J. Ortiz recently chosen messenger by the Corporation Commission.

**Returned Stolen Horses.** Mounted Policeman J. A. Beall arrived in Santa Fe this afternoon from Deming, Luna county. He reports capturing twelve horses along the Mexican border that had been stolen and returning them to their owners.

**HARRY ELGIN WEBSTER TAKEN TO PENITENTIARY.** Sterling, Ill., Jan. 25.—Dr. Harry Elgin Webster, who yesterday was sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of his bigamous wife, Beatie Kent Webster, was taken to the Joliet penitentiary today.

## NEW MEXICO WILL BE THERE

**Militia of Sunshine State to Help in Attack on San Francisco**

**BIG WAR MANEUVER PLANNED**

**Twenty-Five Thousand Men to Take Part Next August in Evolutions.**

Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 23.—Twenty-five thousand men will take part in the annual army maneuvers around San Francisco next August, according to information furnished by the Utah National guard by the War Department. The maneuvers as outlined, will constitute the most comprehensive war game ever attempted in the United States. The main maneuver will be a land attack on San Francisco in which will be involved 7,000 regulars, 8,000 men of the organized militia of California, Utah, New Mexico, and Arizona, ten thousand marines and blue jackets from the Pacific fleet and seven warships.

**SHE DRANK NO BOOZE: SMOKED NO CIGARETTES.**

**This Seemed So Unusual in Society Circles of Pittsburg, That Millionaire Married Her.**

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 23.—If you would wish the hand of a Pittsburg millionaire, young society girls of New York and elsewhere, eschew cocktails and cigarettes and follow the lead of Miss Marguerite Martin, who was married to Henry Phillips Hoffstat. He is the son of Frank N. Hoffstat of Pittsburg, president of the Pressed Steel Car company, of which Miss Martin is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Truman J. Martin, of the Hotel Marie Antoinette of New York. Immediately after the ceremony and reception the couple departed on their honeymoon. They will sail on Saturday for a three months' European trip. They will join Mr. Hoffstat, Sr., in Egypt, later returning to live in the Pittsburg mansion he has given them.

Young Mr. and Mrs. Hoffstat met last Friday of July at a house party at Spring Lake, N. J. There the young woman attracted the millionaire youngster as much as did the fact that she was unique among the young women in that she neither smoked cigarettes nor drank cocktails.

"What a delightful exception," said young Hoffstat is said to have told his friends. "I'll cultivate her. Three days after he met her he proposed and was accepted."

Young Hoffstat then went to Pittsburg and broke the news to his father. Hoffstat senior had his private car hitched to the next train and came to New York to meet the young lady and her family. They held a conference.

"You know I don't pretend to be anything but a good physician," Dr. Martin told him. "I don't care for society and I'm not a man of means, but she's my daughter and I'm proud of her."

"You're too modest," Hoffstat senior chuckled in reply. "Why my dear doctor, if you knew how glad I am that he hasn't married some chorus girl—well, you'd know how glad I am, that's all."

**ROBBED OF HER JEWELS ON A PULLMAN.**

San Francisco, Calif., Jan. 22.—J. C. Miller, a government employee from the Philippine Islands, and his wife, Mrs. Adelaide Miller, brought suit against the Pullman Palace Car Company here today for \$1,165, which they declare represents the value of jewels and money stolen by a Pullman car porter while the plaintiffs were traveling from San Francisco to Waco, Texas. They also ask \$2,000 expenses, incurred by reason of a change of route, necessitated by the theft. They complain that the theft was committed on December 28, near Pueblo, Colo.

**FIFTH MURDER IN NEW MEXICO THIS MONTH.** Socorro, N. M., Jan. 18.—Louis Chavez a well known native rancher living near Polvadera, twelve miles north of here, was shot twice and killed at about 6:30 last evening by a neighbor, a rancher named Garcia, who has disappeared. The sheriff left here immediately to apprehend the murderer.

The killing, it is said, occurred at the home of Garcia and as there were no witnesses to the homicide save the little 12-year-old daughter of Chavez, who ran to a neighbor's house and gave the alarm, the details of the killing may never be known. When help arrived the body of Chavez was lying on the ground pierced by two bullets and he evidently died instantly as either wound was enough to cause death.

**MAN, WIFE AND BABY FOUND DEAD.** Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 23.—William H. McVey, his wife and his baby were found dead today at Taylorville, in a house where they lived in squalor. The screams of a stepdaughter, Gertrude Phelps, 20 years old, attracted the attention of neighbors, who called the police. The girl was hysterical and so far has been unable to throw any light on the deaths.

## OCEAN TO OCEAN HIGHWAY VIA DEMING.

**Socialists Put on Lyceum Course of Five Lectures—Santa Fe Man To Install Picture Show.**

Deming, N. M., Jan. 22.—Representatives of the Deming Chamber of Commerce and of the Douglas Chamber of Commerce met at Lordsburg Sunday, the gentlemen from Douglas having viewed the proposed automobile road from their town to Lordsburg, and the Deming party having viewed the road from here to Lordsburg. The Douglas party did not come on to Deming and El Paso, as previously contemplated, but returned Sunday to Douglas. They have arranged, however, to come to Deming one day this week and meet here representatives from the El Paso Automobile Club. The Chamber of Commerce here have invited representatives of the club and also of the El Paso Chamber of Commerce to meet here one day this week for a conference with the Douglas representatives concerning the proposed link in the "Ocean to Ocean" highway including El Paso, Deming and Douglas. At that time information concerning the proposed road will be available. H. H. Kelly, president of the Deming Chamber of Commerce, was among those who went to Lordsburg Sunday, and reports the road from Deming to the Luna county line to be in excellent condition, but that the road from the Luna county line to Lordsburg needed repairs badly. Mr. B. B. Ownby, commissioner from the Lordsburg district, assured Mr. Kelly that \$1,000.00 would be available from the Grant county road fund for repairing the road between Lordsburg and the Luna county line. The chairman of the good roads committee, Dr. R. C. Hoffman, and N. A. Bolich went in Dr. Hoffman's car, and were not so fortunate as to arrive in Lordsburg. Dr. Hoffman turned the matter of running the car over to Mr. Bolich, and it being Mr. Bolich's first experience as chauffeur, he ran the car about forty miles an hour into a bunch of unfortunate burros. The two leading burros bore the brunt of the onslaught, and one was killed and the other mortally wounded. The engine of the machine went dead, and Dr. Hoffman woke up. After compensating the owner of the burros for their loss, the machine was turned and headed for Deming. The rest of the party returned to Deming Sunday after dark, making the last forty-two miles of the run in two hours. There is much interest in getting the road from Douglas to El Paso in first class condition, so that it will be incorporated in the "Ocean to Ocean" highway, so that these points will catch a larger share of the ocean to ocean traffic, and also bring the places closer together commercially.

The Deming Socialists have arranged to put on a lyceum course of five lectures, the first one of which will be given in the near future. The speakers and subjects are as follows: Eugene Wood, "How We Are Gouged"; N. A. Richardson, "Why Things Happen to Happen"; George Brewer, "The War of the Classes"; Anna Agnes Maley, "The Trust Busters"; George H. Goebel, "Socialists at Work."

E. W. Bauman is building a six-room adobe cottage on his farm two miles southeast of Deming. The cottage has a concrete foundation, and the outside will be plastered over with cement, giving it the appearance of a cement building.

Prudence Stokes Brown, Socialist lecturer, will deliver an address in the city hall in Deming Friday night. Ira Baker has returned from a six weeks' stay at Mineral Wells, Texas. Warren Dudley of Los Angeles, California, is in Deming on business. J. R. Deweller, of Wichita, Kansas, is in Deming on business.

C. J. Laughren has returned from a two weeks' business trip to Los Angeles, California. District Attorney Jas. R. Waddill went to Silver City today on business. W. H. Hobbs of Rochester, Texas, has arrived in Deming, and intends to make this his home. He bought land six miles northeast of Deming last summer, and is here to begin the work of developing the same.

Manuel Pena has taken the following contracts for grubbing in the last three days: Forty acres for C. E. Hicks; eighty acres for L. L. Gaskill; twenty acres for A. D. Paxton; eighty acres for Paul Heermans. Mr. Pena has now 107 men in the field on grubbing contracts, as well as seven well-digging crews at work.

Dr. R. C. Hoffman went to Faywood Springs this morning to spend a few days in recreation.

L. Clement Hanlon, Jr., of Santa Fe, has rented one of the Mahoney buildings on Silver avenue, and will install therein a first class moving picture show. As soon as the building is vacated, Mr. Hanlon will be ready to install his equipment, as he has it already ordered and on the road.

**MAN, WIFE AND BABY FOUND DEAD.** Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 23.—William H. McVey, his wife and his baby were found dead today at Taylorville, in a house where they lived in squalor. The screams of a stepdaughter, Gertrude Phelps, 20 years old, attracted the attention of neighbors, who called the police. The girl was hysterical and so far has been unable to throw any light on the deaths.

No marks of violence are visible on any of the bodies and only discolorations about the mouths, furnish a theory for the deaths. The McVey family had been dependent on charity for weeks.

## GAME OF HIDE AND SEEK

**Governor McDonald Has No Resignations on File as Yet**

**FEDERAL AID FOR GOOD ROADS**

**Ocean to Highway Should Pass Through New Mexico.**

Governor W. C. McDonald spent a pleasant afternoon yesterday as the guest of Juan Rey Martinez, governor of the Indian pueblo of San Ildefonso. In an interview this morning the governor stated that no resignations were on file, but that a number were expected within the next few days.

**District Attorney Qualifies.** Charles W. G. Ward, elected district attorney for the fourth judicial district, filed his oath and bond yesterday with Secretary of State Antonio Lucero. Mr. Ward is a resident of East Las Vegas.

**New Special Agent.** R. W. Dyer, special agent for the general land office, arrived in Santa Fe last night from Denver. Mr. Dyer has been detached from duty at Denver and will be temporarily engaged here.

**School Fund Custodians.** The two following treasurers filed their bonds as custodians of the county school funds of their respective counties with Alvan N. White, superintendent of public instruction yesterday: James A. Baird, \$17,000, Otero county; Lee G. Pearson, \$27,000, Quay county.

**Change of Agent.** The Corporation Trust Company of New Mexico today filed a certificate of change of agent with the Corporation Commission. The former agent was Hanna and Spencer of Santa Fe, now succeeded by Francis Wilson, also of Santa Fe. The company declares that its business is transacted in Santa Fe county.

**Homestead Entries.** The following homestead entries were filed yesterday in the local land office: Jennie Goodwin, Wagon Mound; Jose L. Martinez, La Llerena; Edna Rousseau, Estancia; Mrs. George Blunt, Santa Fe; Frederick C. Wise, Estancia; Jose de la Luz Duran, Cuba; Emilio Gonzales, Pecos; John S. Gregory, Bernardo; Jose Rael, Old Albuquerque.

**Treasurer's Receipts.** The following sums of money were received yesterday in the office of the state treasurer, O. N. Marron: Oscar Lohman, treasurer of Dona Ana county, on account of taxes collected, \$9,494.11; B. J. Reegan, treasurer of Roosevelt county, on account of taxes collected, \$897.91; Cleofes Romero, superintendent of the penitentiary, on account of convicts' earnings, \$354.94; First State Bank and Trust Company of Roswell, five per cent proceeds from United States land sales permanent fund, \$15,083.78.

**Good Roads Matters.** The Federal Good Roads Aid Convention met in Washington, D. C. January 16 and 17. The convention passed a resolution calling on President Taft to appoint five members of a committee which is to consist of fifteen persons. Five additional are to be appointed from the Senate, and five from the House of Representatives. The object of this committee is to inquire into the best methods for federal aid to the building of good roads throughout the country. There are now 100 bills pending before Congress, but none of them are definite enough, the convention decided.

It is hoped that the representatives in Congress of the states through which the Ocean to Ocean highway is planned will organize for the purpose of enlisting federal aid to the project.

**Supreme Court.** The state supreme court, yesterday, disposed of the following cases:

Case No. 141. William Rhodes, appellee vs. Early C. Manfair, appellant, appeal from the district court of Chaves county, judgment of the lower court affirmed with costs. Case No. 143. Eugene F. Hardwick, appellee vs. James W. Rice, appellant, appeal from the district court of Chaves county, reset for March 5. Case No. 142. L. M. Zederman, appellant vs. R. J. Thompson, appellee, appeal from the district court of Quay county, submitted on briefs. Case No. 142. The Knight-Lock Piano Company, appellee vs. P. Worley, appellant, appeal from the district court of Curry county, dismissed on account of non-appearance of appellee or appellant.

The State Supreme Court met at 10 o'clock this morning at the capitol with all judges present. The two following cases were disposed of after which the court took a recess until 10 o'clock next Friday morning. Case No. 1455. Orange Saw Mill Company, appellant, vs. Carmichael Lumber Company, appellee, appeal from the district court of Chaves county, motion to dismiss denied, case submitted on briefs. Case No. 1452. Terriero of New Mexico, appellee, vs. Benito Lohato, appellant, appeal from the district court of Taos county, reset for hearing March 5.

**Postmaster Appointed.** Piedad Medina has been commissioned postmaster at Wagon Mound.

**Postoffice Name Changed.** Wooten, Chaves county, to Valley View, effective April 1. William Bracken postmaster.

Appointed Stenographer.

Mrs. C. L. Castle of Santa Fe, has been appointed the temporary stenographer of the Corporation Commission.

**Deputy Assessor Appointed.** Trinidad Alarid, formerly assessor of Santa Fe county, has been appointed deputy to Assessor Telesforo Rivera.

**Delgado Declines.** Francisco Delgado of Santa Fe, Democratic candidate for state auditor, has declined the tender of the position of assistant secretary of state made him by Secretary of State Antonio Lucero.

**Looking for a Home.** The state corporation commission has authorized George W. Armijo, clerk of the commission, as its agent to secure suitable quarters to be located somewhere in the downtown district. At present, the commission is doing its work in the secretary of state's offices in the capitol.

**State Treasurer's Receipts.** The following sums of money were received yesterday in the office of the state treasurer, O. N. Marron: W. T. Watson, treasurer of Lincoln county, \$8,060.16; Cleofes Romero, superintendent of the state penitentiary, on account of convicts' earnings, \$677.08; Thomas P. Gable, game and fish warden, on account of game protection fund, \$52.

**Notaries Public Appointed.** The following were yesterday commissioned notaries public by Governor W. C. McDonald: Arturo Senecal, Las Vegas; San Miguel county; Cornelius F. Houlihan, Duncan, Ariz., for Grant county; Thomas K. B. Maddison, Albuquerque, Bernalillo county; John W. Wilson, Albuquerque, Bernalillo county; Pitt Ross, Albuquerque, Bernalillo county; L. E. Lumley, West Tularosa, Otero county.

**Supreme Court.** The State Supreme Court met this forenoon and after disposing of two motions adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday morning, January 22. Most of the cases that have come up since the new court began its sessions have been reset on account of the attorneys being unable to prepare their arguments in so short a time. The two cases which came up this morning were: No. 1379. U. S. Bateman, appellee, vs. J. J. Gitz, appellant, motion to remand granted; No. 1426. Territory of New Mexico, appellee, vs. Felix Muniz and Manuel Duran, appellants, appeal from the district court of Taos county, reset for hearing February 7.

**County Court Records.** Upon the completion of the new court house, the county commissioners and the town district clerk Edward L. Safford, upon the suggestion of Judge R. McPhee, installed steel filing cases for the court records and kept the records of each county in the judicial district separate, in anticipation of statehood. How wise this plan, has been demonstrated lately when County Clerks A. A. Rivera of Taos; Walter B. Wagner of San Juan; and M. A. Gonzales of Rio Arriba, called on County Clerk M. A. Ortiz of Santa Fe county, for the court records of their respective counties, and received these intact and without trouble, as each county had already paid for its share of the steel filing cases.

**Hudspeth Appointed.** Governor McDonald today appointed A. H. Hudspeth of White Oaks, a member of the Board of Regents of the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts. Mr. Hudspeth was a member of the constitutional convention. He succeeds George Arnot of Las Vegas, resigned.

**Return Day Monday.** The return day for the writ of Quo Warranto issued out of the state supreme court on petition of O. L. Owen against George H. Van Stone, to have the latter show by what right he holds the position of corporation commissioner, has been set for Monday, January 22, 10 a. m. At the same time the question of whether Geo. W. Armijo likely considered although the petition of intervention has not yet been filed.

**No Other Appointments.** Although rumors were flying thick and fast as to probable appointments by Governor McDonald, the governor had made no other appointment except that of Hudspeth. J. B. McManus is being mentioned as slated for superintendent of the penitentiary. McManus is city clerk at Albuquerque. Report also had it that the place of traveling auditor had been tendered to a prominent Democrat, but the report could not be verified.

**Appointed Chief Clerk.** Secretary of State Antonio Lucero today appointed C. F. Kanen, chief clerk. Mr. Kanen had been corporation clerk in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa, and is well qualified for the position.

**MORMONS ARE NOT OFFICE HOLDERS IN MEXICO.**

Salt Lake City, Utah, Jan. 22.—When shown the announcement from El Paso that Mormon officials of Colonia Juarez, Chihuahua, had been replaced by Mexicans, the first presidency of the Mormon church issued a statement today declaring that no Mormons had held local offices at Colonia Juarez, and that there had been no agreement with regard to local self-government with the Mexican authorities.

**OLDEST SON OF ADMIRAL SEMMES DEAD IN ARKANSAS.** Osceola, Arkansas, Jan. 24.—S. S. Semmes, the eldest son of the late Admiral Raphael Semmes of the Confederate Navy, died here today.



## SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN REVIEW

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY, PUBLISHERS.  
PAUL A. F. WALTER, Editor and President.  
JOHN K. STAUFFER, Secretary-Treasurer.  
FRANK STURGES, Vice President.  
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## OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

## NEW MEXICO'S CLIMATE.

The weather and the climate are always fruitful sources of discussion and conversation, especially in a section which prides itself upon its healthful, sunny climate, in fact, so much so, that the new state has adopted the name of "Sunshine State." Therefore the following summary of last year's meteorological observations over the entire commonwealth by the U. S. observers, as taken by scientifically correct instruments and as compiled by Director C. E. Linney, is of general and of more than passing interest. In fact, every one should read it carefully, paste the statistics in a scrap book and have them handy to controvert the evasions or the thoughtless ones, who on a cloudy or a windy day exclaim: "Why your climate isn't any better than the climate I left behind me in the East." Says Mr. Linney:

The mean temperature of New Mexico, for the year 1911, was 52.8 degrees, which is practically normal, being but 0.1 degree below, as determined from the monthly means and departures. Compared with 1910 the year just closed was considerably colder, for 1910 showed an average of 54.6 degrees. The year began with a sharp cold wave, but it was quickly replaced by warm weather and January averaged much above the normal temperature. An excess also occurred in February, March, April, May, August and September. A deficiency occurred in June, July and the last three months of the year, December going far below the normal; the coldest month within the period covered by our records.

A considerable part of the state showed an excess in temperature, the deficiency being confined to the central and northern counties—western Socorro and Valencia counties eastward to Guadalupe, and from southern Socorro and Lincoln northward to Mora, and thence northward to central Rio Arriba. Slightly more than one-half of the state thus experienced a deficiency in temperature and the remainder was a little above the normal.

The highest annual mean temperature was 64.0 degrees at Carlsbad, and the highest recorded temperature, 106 degrees at the Rio Grande dam on the 8th of August, and at Fort Sumner on the 2d of the same month. Temperatures of 100 degrees, or greater, occurred frequently, at some of the northern stations from May to September, inclusive. August was the warmest month of the year, averaging 70.7 degrees, a fraction higher than July. The lowest mean annual temperature was 38.7 degrees at Elizabethtown, and the lowest recorded temperature was 37 degrees below zero at Dulce on the 26th of December. This is the lowest temperature which has been recorded within the state, so far as records show.

The month of January averaged far above the normal, warmer by several degrees than February, although the latter averaged slightly above the normal. March also greatly exceeded the normal temperature, and damaging frosts generally ceased with this month in southern counties. April and May continued a little above the normal, although killing frosts occurred quite generally in southern counties on the 16th and 17th of April, and over northern counties as late as the 16th to 21st of May, and at a few higher altitude stations in the extreme north until the 27th of May. A general killing frost did not occur in the fall until the 16th or 17th of October in the higher northern districts or until the 20th to 22d of October throughout the central and southern counties, giving a long and generally successful season. Fruits were especially abundant, and of choicest quality.

The average precipitation of the state, as shown by the sums of the monthly averages, was 17.92 inches, or 3.35 inches above the normal, and 5.46 inches greater than 1910. The year 1905 showed a greater average precipitation, amounting to 20.95 inches, but with this exception the year just closed was the wettest since 1895, when sufficient stations were established to afford a fair average. August, November and December were deficient in precipitation, but an excess occurred in each of the other months, reaching a maximum of 19.4 inches in July, which was the wettest month of the year. February and October were also largely in excess of the normal for those months. The excess of precipitation was general over the state, with the exception of small areas in Dona Ana, eastern Otero, central San Miguel and eastern Colfax, where slight deficiencies occurred. The greatest excess occurred along the northern border from San Juan county to Colfax, averaging more than 7 inches. The central Rio Grande valley also had a marked excess, and the far southwest. In lesser degree also, the Espanola valley and much of the eastern plains region had more than normal precipitation. The exception, however, was in central and southern Union, eastern Eddy and eastern Chaves counties.

ties, where about normal or slightly less than normal precipitation occurred.

The greatest amount for the year was 38.09 inches at Harvey's Upper Ranch, and amounts in excess of 30 inches also occurred at Chama and Winsor's. The least amount for the year was 5.89 inches at the Agricultural College; no other station reported less than 10 inches for the year. The greatest monthly amount was 11.54 inches at Torrance in July; 5.30 inches fell within 24 hours on the 9th of that month. The average snowfall for the year was 36.1 inches, averaging 14.6 inches, while December averaged 9.0 inches. Precipitation (0.01 inch or more) occurred on an average of 62 days during the year. The average number of clear days was 183; partly cloudy 121; and cloudy 61. At Santa Fe there was 68 per cent of the total possible sunshine; August had the highest average, 79 per cent, while July only had 43 per cent. Roswell had 67 per cent of the total possible sunshine; October and November had the highest average, 7 per cent, while February fell to 35 per cent. The year, as a whole, averaged considerably below the normal in sunshine and considerably above in the number of days with precipitation.

The mean relative humidity at the Agricultural College averaged 47 per cent, at Roswell 61 per cent, and at Santa Fe 57 per cent. The total wind movement at the Agricultural College was 61,717 miles, or 7.0 miles per hour. The highest velocity was 65 miles per hour, which occurred on the 21st of April. Roswell recorded 49,774 miles of wind, or 5.7 miles per hour, and the highest velocity was 39 miles per hour on the 29th of May and the 27th of November. Santa Fe recorded 73,940 miles, or 8.3 miles per hour, the highest velocity was 45 miles per hour on the 7th of April. The prevailing direction of the wind was from the southwest, and the year, as a whole, was somewhat less windy than 1910.

## REAL PATRIOTS.

The publicity men who are day in and day out advertising the advantages of their particular town or section or of the entire state, seldom receive the recognition that they merit. Men like A. M. Howe at Carlsbad, R. Bedichek at Deming; J. B. Underwood at Willard, and a host of others, for each community has its unofficial booster, give their time, talent and energy to the up-building of their town and state, and that free of charge. Santa Fe has had a long line of writers who have for years filled magazines and papers with articles descriptive of the ancient city, the beauty and interest of its surroundings, and quite a number of them have already gone down to their graves unhalloed and unused, despite what they have achieved toward making Santa Fe prosperous and well known. Says Will Robinson in the Roswell Register Tribune, and Will is a prince of town boosters himself:

"The Carlsbad Argus calls attention to an often, yes, generally overlooked means of publicity that is helping the Beautiful and other towns in the valley, in the work of the newspaper correspondents. Men like A. M. Howe of Carlsbad, with a dozen or so papers on their string, send out hundreds of columns of stuff every year that is priceless in its advertising value. They are being constantly called upon to write special articles, for which they seldom get a cent, and still more seldom any thanks. The year round they are allowed to give their brains and skill in preparing literature of all kinds, with the same recompense. No other class of men in the world would be patriotic enough to meet this constant touch without some return for it. As it is the benefit of the advertising comes mostly to the real estate men, and after that to the whole community. One would naturally think that there would be a very lively appreciation of the local newspaper men and the correspondents, and there is—among some. The rest serenely eat the meat, and think that the brain squad should be satisfied with a little gravy occasionally."

It is a matter of congratulation that Santa Fe, although comparatively small in population, yet, has always been a center of culture, of appreciation for the social graces as well as of art. A concert like that of last evening by home talent, and talent from a neighboring city, is an index that the Capital is not altogether engrossed in petty political squabbles, but also engages in the more satisfying cultivation of the fine arts and intellectual pursuits. Santa Fe owes its popularity as a residence city more to the homogeneity and congeniality of its social and art circles, which here are practically identical, than to any other force or advantage.

There are some parallels between the political situation in China and the political situation in New Mexico.

## THE TRANSFORMATION.

New Mexico will, during the next few years, get away from the "ugly" question of race antagonism. Those who were on the inside of the Republican convention at Las Vegas last year, know full well, that this was the seed out of which grew Republican defeat on November 7, and many of those present vowed at that time, that if they ever had a voice in the deliberations of the Republican party in New Mexico, they would brand as an outcast and traitor the man who feigned again that speaker in a Republican convention.

Many of the leaders determined that it should be the last time that distinction was drawn between so-called American and so-called Spanish-American; that henceforth every one in New Mexico shall be considered American, and only the best man should win, irrespective of race, religion or any other consideration except worth.

The same sentiment was voiced after the election by several speakers at the annual oratorical contest of the Educational Association, notably, by one young Las Vegas orator, who spoke of America as the melting pot of nationalities, and by Miss Aurora Lucero, daughter of the Secretary of Education, whose subject was "New Occasions Teach New Duties."

The Camden, N. J., Telegram, elaborates on the same thought, as it reviews the admission of New Mexico to statehood. It says:

"With the admission of New Mexico as a state comes again the old thought of the power of this republic to absorb different elements. Nearly every citizen of the Revolutionary days was of British or Irish extraction, although the Huguenot and Dutch strains were already in our blood. Van Buren and Roosevelt go back to Holland, but the names of our great leaders and those that follow in its train, proved that the Capital must take measures to increase and improve its hotel facilities, at least, during conventions and the legislative session, or it will receive a setback that will not only hurt such hotels as the city already possesses, but the entire community, and give a pretext for any movement to hold the legislature somewhere else than here. This same point was emphasized at the inauguration, during which, in at least one instance, an attempt was made to hold up visitors to the very limit. At present, some of the new state officials find it difficult to secure suitable homes, and the word has gone out from the hotels that practically every room has been reserved in advance for the legislature, while rooms with baths are priceless. Some of the legislators are clubbing together to rent furnished modern homes but the number of houses available is small. Other legislators will be taken care of by relatives, but the Chamber of Commerce must make systematic efforts to provide agreeable quarters for every legislator as well as for the many visitors who will pass in and out of Santa Fe during the ninety days' session. It is not a theory but a condition that confronts Santa Fe, and hotel owners as well as public spirited citizens should co-operate in seeking to arrive at a satisfactory solution."

The Deming public schools always just a little ahead of the best in New Mexico are the first to have a school farm. Ten acres have been set aside and each of one hundred boys will be given a lot which he is to cultivate under practical and scientific guidance. What such a plan would mean to Santa Fe, the New Mexican has elucidated again and again, especially in view of the fact that there are thousands of acres of land without the city limits that are available for cultivation and that there are a thousand boys growing up in Santa Fe who have no opportunity in sight for steady employment in this vicinity. Connect each of those boys with a new acre of fertile land that they know how to cultivate and it will eventually mean a million dollars a year added to the money in circulation among the businessmen of the capital. It would be worth more to this city than all the officials, federal, state and county are now as far as business is concerned, and Santa Fe could afford losing the capital if it could exchange it for a thousand farmers of that kind.

The dread meningitis, similar to the epidemic form, raging in Texas, has made its appearance in Grant county. The territorial board of health should arouse itself to prompt action, following the example of the Texas board, which is not only enforcing rigid shot gun quarantine but has also summoned expert help from New York and has seen to it that meningitis serum is available in the worst stricken districts. Towns like Santa Fe, which have no complete sewer system, and in which backyards and dark places are the repositories of filth, in which quarantine is difficult to enforce, which have no isolation hospital and in which the habits of many people are not above criticism, are especially subject to attack from such epidemics as smallpox and meningitis which seem to be making headway in other portions of the Southwest.

That the Democratic boast of economy at Washington is all a farce, is demonstrated by the fact that the Democratic House, despite the pleadings of its leader, Congressman Underwood, will report and pass a \$16,000,000 pork barrel or public buildings bill. The Democrats are only economical with those public funds which they cannot use to advantage in their own particular congressional districts.

The fifth case of smallpox this season has been reported at Roswell. Santa Fe is by no means immune and the present time is auspicious for a general cleaning up and preparing for a quarantine that should be, if necessary, not and some of the latter are very, fully as rigid as the meningitis Spanish-Americans. In not one of those 13 counties did it happen that dread disease in the neighboring state all of the county officials elected have of Texas.

## WHO GAVE THE SPANISH AMERICANS THE "SQUARE DEAL?"

The New Mexican is disgusted with the parrot-like repetition of a few Democratic papers, accusing the Republican party of not having given the Spanish-Americans a square deal at the last election.

It is not to be denied, that in every single instance on the state ticket, where a Spanish American was pitted against a candidate not Spanish American, Republican or Democrat, the Spanish American was defeated by a small margin.

But the New Mexican has no patience with the argument that a man should be elected or appointed because he is an Anglo-Saxon, an Irish man, a German, or a Spanish-American and for no other reason. That sort of a thing breeds race antagonism and hatred and is bound to bring disaster to the party or the community or the individual responsible for it.

The New Mexican at the same time maintains that the Republicans have not discriminated against the Spanish-Americans.

Of the county officials elected in thirteen Republican counties, 82 have Spanish-American names and 48 a quarantine that should be, if necessary, not and some of the latter are very, fully as rigid as the meningitis Spanish-Americans. In not one of those 13 counties did it happen that dread disease in the neighboring state all of the county officials elected have of Texas.

so-called "American" names; in only two of those thirteen counties, have the Spanish-Americans fewer offices and in the other eleven they have the majority of the offices.

In thirteen Democratic counties, the Spanish-Americans have thirteen offices; the others have 117 offices. In not one of those thirteen counties have the Spanish-Americans more than three of the ten county offices, in seven of those counties, Chaves, Roosevelt, Quay, Luna, Grant, Eddy and Curry, they have none.

Let the Spanish-Americans put that in their pipes and smoke it. Let them ask the Democrats: "Why?"

Carry this comparison into the legislature. In the state senate, five of the Republicans are Spanish-Americans; one of the Progressive Republicans, Abelino Romero, elected from a Republican county, is; but NOT A SINGLE DEMOCRAT in the state senate is a Spanish American.

In the House, fifteen of the Republicans, or just one-half, are Spanish-Americans; three Progressive Republicans are Spanish-Americans and only three Democrats are Spanish-Americans, and they come from the counties of Mora, Colfax and Union, normally Republican; the Progressive Republicans come from the counties of Bernalillo and Sandoval, normally Republican, while NOT A SINGLE Spanish American comes to the legislature from counties that form the Democratic strongholds.

What more need be said or argued?

## A SERIOUS PROBLEM.

Upon mature reflection, Santa Fe should feel gratified that the legislative assembly will not meet early next month. To tell the truth, the Capital is not quite prepared to take care and to entertain the legislators and those that follow in its train. The educational convention last fall proved that the Capital must take measures to increase and improve its hotel facilities, at least, during conventions and the legislative session, or it will receive a setback that will not only hurt such hotels as the city already possesses, but the entire community, and give a pretext for any movement to hold the legislature somewhere else than here. This same point was emphasized at the inauguration, during which, in at least one instance, an attempt was made to hold up visitors to the very limit. At present, some of the new state officials find it difficult to secure suitable homes, and the word has gone out from the hotels that practically every room has been reserved in advance for the legislature, while rooms with baths are priceless. Some of the legislators are clubbing together to rent furnished modern homes but the number of houses available is small. Other legislators will be taken care of by relatives, but the Chamber of Commerce must make systematic efforts to provide agreeable quarters for every legislator as well as for the many visitors who will pass in and out of Santa Fe during the ninety days' session. It is not a theory but a condition that confronts Santa Fe, and hotel owners as well as public spirited citizens should co-operate in seeking to arrive at a satisfactory solution."

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## CONQUERING NEW MEXICO.

Only one twenty-fifth of New Mexico has been conquered. The Conquistadores did not complete the job, they merely won the first battle in the warfare of hundreds of years. There is abundant scope for conquest in New Mexico today. One sentence in a report of Territorial Engineer Charles D. Miller, shows where even the guerrillas, the skirmish line, can win a magnificent victory. More than 100,000 acres in New Mexico can be reclaimed through small irrigation projects. The average man, when he thinks or speaks about a Reclamation project, has in mind million dollar propositions. But, as the engineer says, his office is encouraging the man who builds small reservoirs that will irrigate anywhere from forty to four hundred acres, because such projects are apt to be bona fide and are certain to result in the cultivation of the soil in the quickest time possible. Thus far, less than half a million acres of the more than 70,000,000 acres of New Mexico are under irrigation; possibly, two million and a half more acres, are under indifferent dry farming cultivation. Many more millions of acres can be reclaimed. There lies the battlefield for the modern Conquistador.

There is a note of triumph in this report of General Miller, who is leading this new army of Conquest. He says:

"Without exception, I might state in the period of two years between March 1, 1910, and the present writing, New Mexico has experienced more irrigation development, more material irrigation development, than it has during any equal period in the past. I might even say, any period of double the length of time. While a large number of applications for water rights have been filed within this time, the permits granted prior to March 1, 1910, have become so financially fixed as to be able to commence construction work at the present time; more actual ditch building is being undertaken than at any time in the history of this office. It has been the aim of this department, within the last year, to encourage and to insist, upon the construction of irrigation ditches as against the speculation with water rights so prevalent in the past. Since March 1, 1910, 226 applications have been filed, of which 181 are being developed for irrigation purposes and cover 1,282,743 acres with an approximate cost of \$13,668,424.00. In addition to this, 45 have been filed for power purposes at an estimated cost of \$3,358,380. Prior to March 1, 1907, three years, there had been filed 407 applications. By comparing the number of applications filed prior to March 1, 1910, and subsequent to March 1, 1910, one can readily see that some very rapid development has taken place within the last mentioned period."

## HOW AMBITIONS DIFFER.

The New Mexican recently referred to the illustrated article in January Harper's describing the Cliff Dwellings of New Mexico and the School of Archaeology. Yesterday it published a syndicate letter from Washington, in which the subjects of Archaeology, and the relation of the School of Archaeology at Santa Fe to the San Diego Exposition, are amplified. Below is given an editorial extract from the New York Times, just to show that there is not a day in a year, that the school, or some one connected with it, does not create public attention, or figure prominently in some great publication. It is advertising that if followed up by this city, would prove of incalculable value. Says the Times:

"Two coloring expeditions just started, both from this city, suggest comparison because their nature is so unlike. Professor E. L. Hewett, of the Archaeological Institute of America, is on his way to Guatemala to have another try at solving the mystery of what he thinks is the oldest city in the western world; Professor H. C. Parker of Columbia University, is again to attempt the ascent of Mount McKinley.

"As 'sporting propositions' the two are approximately on the same level, for both involve hardship and danger to a very considerable degree. Professor Hewett's is probably the more perilous task, for, though one can get killed easily enough in scaling an ice-capped peak in the Alaskan wilderness, there are even more ways of dying in a tropical jungle.

"While wishing all success to Professor Parker, and not denying that it is worth while to climb mountains, one cannot help thinking that it is, on the whole, more profitable to risk valuable lives in digging out a Maya ruin than in jumping glacier crevices and dodging avalanches. If you get to the top of a mountain, you can say you've been there, and that's something, no doubt; but if you decipher the Maya hieroglyphics you open wide windows on ancient history and make an important addition to the stock of human knowledge.

"Of course, not quite everybody is absolutely mad to know who the Mayas were and where they came from, but these would both be highly interesting and far from unimportant pieces of information. If Professor Hewett gets them he will be and, ever remain a very famous man."

The nation is aghast at the tidings of the wreck on the Illinois Central this morning, in which the son of former Secretary of War Wright, former President Stranahan of the road, and three other high railroad officials were killed. One human life is as good as another, but when a hundred of the common herd are killed by recklessness or carelessness, it does not make the people stop and think, as does the slaying of men high in the councils of the nation. There must be a way to prevent the frequent recurrence of the slaughter on the railroads, and the lawmakers could apply themselves with much greater profit to the problem of bringing this about than they do to inventing ways and means of disturbing business.

## CLEOFES ROMERO WILL RESIGN

Declares Willingness to Lay Down Burden Whenever He Is Asked

## BAR EXAMINERS REAPPOINTED

U. S. Weather Observer Charles E. Linney Installs Flood Gauge.

Governor McDonald has asked no one for his resignation thus far. This is not saying that he does not expect resignations. In fact, he rather looks for such a billet-doux from Warden Cleofes Romero during the next few days, and has about made up his mind who shall be the successors of Warden Romero, as well as of Traveling Auditor John Joerns, although great pressure is being brought upon him from very close friends, urging him to change his mind. But Governor McDonald is anything but vacillating and unless very good reasons are advanced, his present determination will stick. Governor McDonald is also likely to announce his choice for adjutant general this week. The fight has narrowed down to the present incumbent, General A. S. Brookes, who has made a splendid record and is a soldier and organizer, every inch of him, and Captain M. S. Murray of Roswell, who has the advantage of being a Democrat and having the strong Pecos valley backing.

Warden Romero declared to the New Mexican that he is ready to resign and will resign as soon as he receives a formal invitation to do so. There is every indication therefore, that there will be soon a meeting of the minds, as the lawyers would say, on this proposition.

"I expect the resignation of Mr. Joerns," said the governor, "because that official must work in close connection with the chief executive and coordination, under the present arrangement, would not be possible. I am not playing politics, but deem a change advisable as a matter of good business policy and for the benefit of New Mexico. As to the matter of a superintendent for the penitentiary, I feel sure that Mr. Romero will see the advantage of tendering his resignation when it is asked for."

"I am not prejudiced against any person for political reasons. Though many have been, to my knowledge, active against me in the last election, yet I propose to lay all partisan matters aside and work with them when that is possible. I shall make no changes on political grounds. The Democratic state central committee has made no recommendations and I have asked none."

"I shall appoint an adjutant general within the next few days, but prefer not to make the appointment public until official action has been taken."

Mr. Joerns is giving the matter of his resignation careful consideration, but in the absence of an official call to vacate the office he refuses to say what action he would take. It is certain, however, that Governor McDonald has given his reason for expecting a resignation in the traveling auditor's office personally to Mr. Joerns, and that an extended delay would mean official action in the matter on the part of the governor. Both Mr. Romero and Mr. Joerns are slated for a conference with the governor today, and it is more than probable that the matter will come to a head at this meeting.

## Homestead Entries.

The following homestead entries were recorded in the local land office Saturday: Eliseo Sanchez, Kelly; John Carlsbad, Monero; Enoch E. May, Aztec; Walter J. Hutchison, Quemado; Henry Coleman, Quemado.

## Divorce Suit.

Petra Valdez de Romero began divorce proceedings against her husband Francisco Romero this morning, in the district court. In her complaint Mrs. Romero alleges desertion. She asks the court for absolute divorce and alimony to the amount of \$20 a month.

## Insurance Examination.

Peter A. M. Lienau deputy superintendent of insurance, returned to Albuquerque last evening where he will continue the examination of the Occidental Fire Insurance Company and the Occidental Life Insurance Company, allied concerns under the same management.

## Bar Examiners Appointed.

Probate Judge Julius Jacob of Albuquerque, and Charles C. Catron, of this city, were appointed members of the State Board of Bar Examiners by the State Supreme Court, according to an announcement made this morning. The meeting of the board is set for February 7.

## Treasurer's Receipts.

The following sums of money were received last Saturday in the office of the state treasurer, O. N. Marron; Jose R. Lucero, clerk of the Third Judicial district, \$42.30, on account of salary fund; R. J. Palmer, treasurer of Union county, \$4,488.53, on account of taxes collected.

## Arrest by Mounted Police.

Mounted Policeman C. F. Lambert of Cimarron last week arrested and procured the conviction of John Lamb, on the latter's own plea of guilty of the charge of grand larceny. The robbery in question occurred on the "Bar-K" ranch in Colfax county, and concerned the personal property of a Mr. Johnson.

## Enough Quail.

The quail trappers employed by the state have been ordered to cease work as the report of the state game and fish warden shows enough on hand to stock those parts of the state that have been in need of the birds. Warden Thomas P. Gable has issued an order forbidding quail to be taken outside the state except in exchange for other game birds.

## Water Gauge Installed.

Charles E. Linney, section director of the United States Weather Bureau, left the city this morning for Espanola, where he will install a floating automatic recording water gauge that will replace the old stationary instrument heretofore in use. Mrs. E. F. McBride, wife of the station agent of that place will be the official observer. Daily reports will be sent to Denver where calculations will be made and warnings of high water sent out.

## Supreme Court.

The State Supreme Court convened today with Chief Justice C. J. Roberts and Associate Justices Frank W. Parker and Richard H. Hanna present, in addition to Attorney General Frank W. Clancy, Supreme Court Clerk Jose D. Sena, and Bailiff John R. McFie, Jr. Interest centered in the Van Stone-Owens contest for one of the three state corporation commissionerships, both principals being present in the court room, as well as their attorneys who are today arguing the jurisdiction of the court to consider the matter at all, Neil B. Field of Albuquerque, and Wilson and Cleveland of Santa Fe, for Van Stone; Thomas B. Catron of Santa Fe, who has been retained by George W. Armijo to look after Armijo's intervening interest, and Judge H. D. Terrell of Clovis, who looks after Owens' interests. It is the attorneys of Van Stone who have raised the question of jurisdiction.

The arguments were confined to preliminary motions.

The arguments in the case were opened by Attorney N. B. Field, of Albuquerque, on behalf of G. H. Van Stone, soon after the court had begun its session.

Attorney H. D. Terrell, of Clovis, appeared for Mr. Owens, but he did not get well into his argument before the court adjourned at noon. This afternoon the court began its session at 2 o'clock and it is expected that the arguments in this case on the preliminary motions will be completed by tonight, and the question of jurisdiction will be submitted.

The ballot boxes in the counties of McKinley and Luna are now in the hands of the secretary of state. This was according to the stipulation of the official canvassing board when it rendered its decision which threw out the votes cast for "Sol" Owen and which gave Mr. Van Stone the office of corporation commissioner.

No. 1439, Territory of New Mexico, appellee, vs. J. L. Harrington, appellant, appeal from the district court of McKinley county, submitted on briefs.

No. 1462, Joyce Fruit Company, appellee, vs. Frank R. Miller, appellant, appeal from the district court of Chaves county, on motion of appellee the judgment of the lower court was affirmed on account of appellant's failure to perfect his appeal. Judgment is for \$189.33 and interest at six per cent.

## Notaries Public Appointed.

The following were granted commissions as notaries public by Governor W. C. McDonald last Saturday: H. G. Chunn, Alamogordo, Otero county; B. F. Adams, Corona, Lincoln county; Charles Neustadt, San Rafael, Valencia county; Francisco D. Crespin, Santa Rosa, Guadalupe county.

Clerk of District Court Qualifies. Charles R. Hughes of Deming, filed his bond and oath with the secretary of state, Antonio Lucero, this morning, thereby qualifying as clerk of the district court for Luna county.

## Incorporation.

The Continental Beneficial Association of Phoenixville, Pa., today filed its charter with Secretary of State Antonio Lucero. The Pennsylvania corporation maintains an association providing sick, accident, death and other benefits for its members from whom funds are collected according to law. Santa Fe is named as the headquarters of the association in New Mexico, and Jacobo Chaves, superintendent of insurance, its agent. The stockholders of the company are Charles Roberts, Warren Tavern, Pa.; Jacob Snell, Pottstown, Pa.; Harry A. Kulp, Phoenixville, Pa.; David Rix-tine, Pa.; William Laporte, Phoenixville, Pa.

The officers of the company are: Edward F. Greiner, president, Roysford, Pa.; Edward Tany Plush, secretary and Christian T. Berkhardt, treasurer, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Los Angeles Times prints on its first page three pictures of the inauguration of Governor McDonald and devotes several columns to a description of the Palace of the Governors and the splendor of the inaugural exercises. This is only one of many metropolitan papers that have deemed it worth while featuring the inauguration. The illustrated magazines will follow in due time and the territorial press has already given columns of space to the brilliant affair. Viewed, therefore, from the purely commercial side, the trouble and expense of preparing for festivities to mark the inauguration of the first state governor, has been repaid the people of Santa Fe many times already in the course of the past seven days.

Again, the New Mexican wishes to reiterate, that the appointment of William H. Pope to be federal judge, and of S. B. Davis to be U. S. attorney, reflects credit on President Taft, on the new state, and on the Republican organization which heartily endorsed both candidates. There is a new zest to life in the Sunshine State with men of that probity, sound senses and caliber holding these all important positions.

It is characteristic of the almost breathless progress of the times that the Chinese Republic today makes an appeal to the United States and the rest of the world through the Associated Press. When even China recognizes the value of publicity, how far behind the age must be such public officials, or such businessmen, as are still holding out against taking the public into their confidence through the columns of the newspapers.



## IRRIGATION MAKES HOMES

Not a Source of Wealth Acquired Suddenly and Without Labor

### BUT IT HAS ITS REWARDS

Policy of the Government Under Reclamation Works is Conservative.

Approximately sixty-seven million dollars have been spent by the government in reclamation work, and this vast sum is less than half of the amount that will have been expended when Uncle Sam's engineers have completed the present program of reclamation. In nearly every western state the flood waters of the streams are being impounded and already thousands of families are benefitting by this stored water. The activities of the federal government in reclamation work have resulted in awakening a widespread interest in irrigation, which is no longer a local question confined to the rainless country. Experience has shown that a more general application of its principles throughout the whole country would result in material benefit, especially in intensive agriculture such as truck farming and small fruit growing.

The farmer in the East and middle west is subject to large measure to the whim of an uncertain rainfall. What would it have been to him during twenty years' farming experience if he could have turned on the rain whenever his crops needed moisture? His half crops would have been full ones, his occasional total failures would have been successes, and the money actually saved would amount to a sum which might well make him thoughtful. The western man realizes these things. A man who has practiced farming by irrigation, or who has carefully studied its advantages rarely reverts to either the theory or practice of rainfall farming. The farmer in humid regions realizes clearly the handicaps under which he works, he hesitates to change because he has not had the object lessons or experience of the westerner, or has not given consideration to the matter of applying irrigation to his own fields.

Many eastern farmers have the idea that the irrigation farmer is a chronic state of water shortage, or has to fight excess of alkali in the soil, or is so far from market that profits are eaten up by transportation charges. These things are sometimes true, but it is a grave mistake to believe that they are unavoidable defects or that they apply to all irrigated districts. In building its irrigation projects the government selects only fertile soil; then it gauges the size of the area to fit the available water supply. The reservoirs and canals are built as substantially as engineering skill can devise and when the farms have been laid out and water is running in the canals, then and not till then, settlers are invited to use their homestead rights on the land. The money actually spent in building the irrigation works is prorated against each acre of land and is repaid by the settlers in ten equal, annual payments, without interest. Call it paternalism if you like—it is making homes by the thousand every year.

The settlement agent of the Reclamation Service whose office is in the Federal Building in Chicago, states that success can not be attained without water—either in the West or anywhere else, and the man who expects to farm an irrigated homestead without hard work will be grievously disappointed. Neither will he get rich overnight. The government holds out no promises of fabulous profits per acre or of land values increasing like a snowball rolling down hill. The simple facts are these: Tracts of first class farming land varying from 40 to 160 acres are now open to entry; in their raw condition they produce nothing and are worth very little. When properly irrigated they produce large crops of alfalfa, grain vegetables, and fruit; in fact, all the crops common to the region in which they are located, but in greater abundance and more surely than in states where farmers must depend on the rainfall. Cultivated land with an assured water supply is worth from \$100 an acre upward and in some of the older and more highly developed fruit districts prices of \$2,000 or \$3,000 per acre have been frequently recorded. These high figures are due to the fruit being scientifically packed and prepared for market by well organized selling associations.

### COAL MINERS' WAGE CONFERENCE IS POSTPONED.

Scale Committee Will Meet With Bituminous Operators on January Thirtieth.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 22.—At the request of the scale committee of the United Mine Workers of America, the organization's convention today decided to ask postponement of the wage conference with the bituminous coal operators from next Thursday until January 30, in this city.

The convention appropriated \$500 for relief of the families of miners killed in an explosion at Susie, Wyo., on Jan. 19.

Mrs. A. R. Tabor, of Cribed Mo., had been troubled with sick headache for about five years when she began taking Chamberlain's Tablets. She has taken two bottles of them and they have cured her. Sick headache is caused by a disordered stomach for which these tablets are especially intended. Try them, get well and stay well. For sale by all dealers.

### HERE IS IDEA FOR SANTA FE TO ADOPT.

Exhibit of Farm Products and Display of Advertising Booklets, a Drawing Card.

Deming, N. M., Jan. 17.—The exhibit case displaying products of the Mimbres valley is now installed at the Union Station in Deming. When the first train pulled in, the value of this case as an advertising proposition at once became apparent. Passengers left the train and crowded about the case, reading the labels and taking notes. There were many inquiries for booklets and further information. The arrangements for distribution of booklets has been made with the Southern Pacific ticket agent. The booklets are displayed in the case, tacked open at various pages, and a large placard indicates that the booklets may be obtained of the ticket agent. Large jars of fruit preserved in a formaldehyde solution, bunches of grain, a bale of Mimbres Valley alfalfa, containing the legend \$75 per acre, various specimens of garden truck—in short the case contains behind its large glass doors a thoroughly representative collection of Mimbres Valley produce. Eleven passenger trains pass this station in full view of the case, so that from 300 to 1000 strangers will daily have the opportunity of catching a glimpse of the agricultural possibilities of the Mimbres Valley. The case is lighted with incandescent lights on the inside of the case, giving the stranger an opportunity to examine them at every hour of the night.

The following farmers have ordered International Engines through C. B. Welch: Carpenter Bros., 2 20 horsepower engines; J. W. Bradshaw, 35 horsepower; M. A. Chamberlain, 25 horsepower; G. P. Asmus, 25 horsepower; C. L. Beard, 20 horsepower; Geo. Ramsay, 20 horsepower; J. B. Anderson, 20 horsepower; Sam Schwing, 2 horsepower. These two car loads of engines are now on the road, and will be installed on the various farms for pumping water for irrigation before the beginning of the irrigation season.

Sloss Case Land Co. sold to Morris Wilson 3 lots in the southwestern portion of town Saturday, consideration \$500; and two lots to W. W. Kinslow, consideration \$165 per lot.

The market and rates committee, A. A. Tempke chairman, met at the rooms of the chamber of commerce last night. The meeting was well attended by the substantial business men of the town, and the matter of discriminating rates into and out of Deming was discussed at length, various instances of such rates being brought up. The committee instructed the chairman to correspond with an expert rate man and find out what it will cost to have the statistics on this matter gotten into shape. When this information is received, the matter will be laid down before the chamber of commerce for action.

Guy Tidmore, son of M. C. Tidmore, died last night and will be interred tomorrow at the Deming cemetery. Miss Leona Walker and Mrs. S. E. Peltz left Deming today for El Paso, Mexico, where they will spend some time visiting relatives.

J. A. Mahoney returned from a business trip to Chicago today.

Walter Burns of Albuquerque, and Fritz Richter of this place went to Paywood to spend a few days.

### THE DANGER OF LA GRIPPE.

Is its fatal tendency to pneumonia. To cure you of la grippe the coughs take Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. R. E. Fisher, Washington, Kas., says: "I was troubled with a severe attack of la grippe that threatened pneumonia. A friend advised Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and I got relief after taking the first few doses. I took three bottles and my la grippe was cured." Get the genuine, in the yellow package. For sale by all druggists.

### FIRST ROYAL VISIT IN TEN YEARS.

New York, Jan. 22.—The Duke of Connaught, uncle of King George of England; the Duchess of Connaught and their daughter, Princess Patricia, and their suite, reached here from Ottawa today for a social visit of four days in New York City.

The vice-regal party are the guests of Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid. The visit marks the first of royalty to this country since the tour nearly ten years ago of Prince Henry of Prussia. The Duke and Ambassador Reid have left it become known that the visit is a purely personal one and there is nothing even semi-official about it.

The governor general and family were welcomed at the Grand Central station by Ambassador and Mrs. Reid after which the party motored to the home of Mr. Reid on Madison avenue. The vice-regal party breakfasted at the home of Ambassador Reid immediately on their arrival. The only guest at this breakfast was Ogden Mills Reid, son of the ambassador.

### Dinner and Musicals.

Tonight there will be a dinner at the Reid house, at which Cardinal Farley, Bishop and Mrs. David H. Greer, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lincoln, Major and Mrs. Frederick D. Grant, and others are invited. A musical will follow.

### Will Call on Taft.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 22.—The Duke of Connaught will make a flying visit to Washington and pay his respects to President Taft. It was learned here today. His original plans did not include a call on the President, which fact provoked considerable comment.

### BUTTER DROPS TO 37 CENTS A POUND.

Elgin, Ill., Jan. 22.—Butter firm 37c; a drop of 3 cents; output 617,500 pounds. Resolutions were introduced to increase the board membership so as to cover six states, Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan and Iowa.

## WILLARD VALLEY VS. CALIFORNIA

People Can Do Much Better in New Mexico Than on Pacific Coast

### COST OF IRRIGATION LOWER

Santa Fe May Some Day Be as Large as Los Angeles Is Today.

Willard, N. M., January 20. S. Spore, a gentleman who owns about 800 acres of land two miles east of Estancia, was in Willard last Friday morning, just returning from California, where he had been for some time visiting a cousin and investigating irrigation, especially irrigation by pumping water from wells. He is very much interested in this matter of water supply for irrigation and has contributed liberally towards demonstrating that there is an ample supply of underground water in this valley for the process of irrigation. From his personal observation of the well sunk east of Estancia near his land in an attempt to develop artesian water, he firmly believes that a few feet deeper would have developed an artesian flow; in fact, at a depth of about 570 feet, there was a flow of water but not sufficient in quantity for irrigation.

On this trip, he visited Los Angeles, San Diego, Fresno, San Bernardino, Santa Ana, Long Beach, Anaheim and other places. Mr. Spore is a close observer, a good thinker, and an interesting conversationalist, and being directly interested, his observations are valuable to the people interested in the development of this valley as well as interesting. In a conversation with the writer he said he had no objection to the use of his name or the publication of his observations, or ideas of irrigation, or other information that he had gained. If it would be beneficial to the people, or contribute, in any way, to the development of this valley.

The larger portion of the water supply for irrigation in the district visited by him is furnished by companies, or capitalists who have installed power plants and sell the water to the farmers. The soil in this district is generally very sandy with a large proportion of gravel and absorbs so much water that their canals, or main ditches, are either concrete or made of the earth. It would be very difficult and expensive to secure a water supply for irrigation otherwise.

While here in our valley the sandy soil contains an element that cements or glazes as soon as the water is turned into them, as was demonstrated last year on the Peter McKissor farm just west of Willard. This portion of the McKissor farm is one of the most sandy tracts of land in this valley, yet in a few minutes after the pumping was started there was no apparent loss of water by sinking, or seepage. The lands there are much more rolling and uneven than they are here, so that the primary cost of preparing the land for irrigation will be much less here than in California.

In the shallow wells, investigated by Mr. Spore the lift was 80 feet; in the deepest the lift was from 410 to 415 feet, while the lift here in this valley is from 40 to 60 feet, according to the tests so far made.

Mr. Spore's cousin has installed on his farm, his own power plant and his own well. His power is a 15 horsepower gasoline engine with pump regulated to the power of the engine. He has four acres for residence, barn, yard, lots, etc. Twenty-six acres in alfalfa and ten acres in field crops, all of which he cultivates and irrigates himself. The cost to him for irrigating his alfalfa is two dollars per acre. It is more expensive to the farmer who buys his water of a company. The cost of irrigation is according to the kind of crop or purpose for which the water is used. Orange orchards require the most water of any of the crops under irrigation and cost about \$4.50 per acre per year. Other crops cost less.

The irrigation companies also furnish electricity for lighting, towns, villages, farm residences and for all domestic purposes.

Raw land there is worth \$50 per acre and when under irrigation with some trees on it is worth from one to two thousand dollars per acre.

Mr. Spore expressed himself as being confident from the investigation made that the central power plant is the best method for securing the power for the people of our valley; but they should guard well their interests in any franchise granted, or contracts entered into. He has no doubt but much land will be under irrigation in our valley in a few years. The people here have many advantages over the people of California. California land is owned very largely by the wealthy, many of whom are non-residents, and are not directly interested in the personnel of the producer. They have no manufacturing industries of any importance and Los Angeles with a population of over three hundred thousand has not an established manufacturing industry of great size. According to his observation, it is supported almost entirely by the local trade and the traveling public. J. W. UNDERWOOD.

### KENT COPPER APPOINTED TRAFFIC SUPERINTENDENT

Former Associated Press Correspondent at Denver is Advanced to High Place.

New York, Jan. 23.—Kent Cooper was today appointed traffic superintendent of the Associated Press, with immediate jurisdiction over all leased wires in the service and with headquarters in New York, to be effective on February 1.

## ARCHAEOLOGY IS NOT A DRY STUDY

San Diego Exposition Will Give Space and Time to Fascinating Subject

### WASHINGTON BEHIND TIMES

The Snow Covered Pavements Caused Many a Fall the Past Few Days.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—Archaeology looks like a pretty hard word, and the science to which it refers usually is looked on as a very dry, uninteresting and useless branch of study. But the fact is that Archaeology is one of the most interesting, one of the most intensely fascinating studies one could think of. An archaeologist will take a few bits of pottery, some stone or bronze articles from the bed of a lake or a burial place, perhaps a few scraps of writing on a wall or a monument or some sketches drawn on the walls of a dwelling or roughly chiseled in a cavern or perched on a lofty rock marking a desert water hole, and he will construct for you the story of a vanished race. Give him a little more to work with and he will construct the romance of the rise and downfall of a nation, he will tell you of invasions and of invaders repulsed, of famines and big hunts and of plenteous harvests; of dynasties crumbled and of victorious wars against hereditary enemies.

What the students of nations, races and civilizations which have flourished and then faded from existence leaving no literature, no recorded history, no open book in which their exploits were recorded, have succeeded in learning about such peoples, seems more like wizardry than like plodding work of the scientist who is usually looked on as a man devoid of imagination, and merely a plodder in the dryer, than dusty realms of the unknown and almost unknowable.

The American continent is full of traces of vanished races. It is the study of these forgotten peoples that occupies the attention of the School of American Archaeology, in which President D. C. Collier, of the Panama-California International Exposition, is so deeply interested that he has induced the directors of it to order the next meeting, beginning on September 1st, to be held in San Diego. These meetings will be public, and the discussions and lectures will be of a popular character and will treat of excavations and discoveries in Mexico and Central America, and also in Cyrene, in Africa.

This meeting will give the public a small taste of what will be in store in San Diego. There will be an anthropological and archaeological exhibit or combination of exhibits at the Exposition that will be of greater interest than anything in that line ever before seen in one place. Moreover, the exhibits, and what lectures may be arranged for, will be designed to interest and instruct the public, and will not be merely of scientific interest. They will be in charge of Dr. Edgar L. Hewett of Santa Fe, director, and who with his bride has gone to Guatemala for research work.

### Date Culture.

The government is looking for a shipment of date suckers from Algeria, where agents of the Department of Agriculture have been busy selecting the finest varieties of dates for importation into the United States. Already the Bureau of Plant and Seed Introduction has made such headway with date culture in the Southwest that ranchers there are raising dates which are declared to be superior to the imported, partly because of the great care to secure only the best varieties and partly because of the favorable natural conditions.

When the Panama-California International Exposition is held in San Diego in 1915, there will be a growing grove of these dates for people to see, and they will then be able to know just how the date grows, what the fruit looks like, and how it must be handled, to make it merchantable.

### Ice in Washington.

The cold snap brought snow and later sleet to the Capital. It was rather trying to most people, for the Washingtonians have a happy way of waiting for the sun to clean the sidewalks. There was not a sidewalk in the business quarter of Washington cleaned of the snow and ice, although some benevolent storekeepers and householders put ashes and cinders on the sidewalks. Many persons were badly hurt by falls, in spite of this precaution. Many Washingtonians believe that Congress should make an appropriation and have all the sidewalks cleaned.

### Teaching Domestic Economy.

The latest consular advice state that in view of the fact that at least 100,000 railway employees in England get less than twenty shillings, or \$4.87 per week, much interest is shown in the efforts to teach domestic economy in the public schools. The South Shields Education Committee is trying, through its teachers, to show how a man, wife, and two children can best live on an income of 21 shillings, or \$5.11 per week. That would purchase many a family in the United States.

### FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS.

Always give satisfaction because they always do the work. J. T. Shielt, Bremen, Ga., says: "I have used Foley Kidney Pills with great satisfaction and found more relief from their use than from any other kidney medicine, and I've tried almost all kinds. I can cheerfully recommend them to all who suffer from kidney and bladder trouble." For sale by all druggists.

## BUYING LAND NEAR WILLARD

Investors from the East and Middle West Eager to Purchase

### RUMOR OF PUMPING PLANT

Judge E. L. Medler and District Attorney Hamilton Are Making Good.

Willard, N. M., Jan. 18.—It was stated in a previous article that something would be written of the future prospects. This will also show the faith of those who investigate this valley. A Mr. Curtin, a man who has made a success financially and is reputed to be a multi-millionaire, though only in middle life, came here and after spending some days investigating the valley, authorized a friend to purchase 1,000 acres of farm land near Willard, in what has been demonstrated to be the shallow water belt. In a few months he returned and authorized his friend and agent to purchase another 1,000 acres. It is not known by those who are not directly interested how many acres this gentleman and his co-investors now own; but it is understood to be some where up in four figures. Neither does the public know what they are going to do with it. There is good reason for the rumor that they intend to establish a central power plant in or near Willard, and furnish power to pump water to irrigate these lands, and for other purposes. There is no doubt that this has been discussed by Mr. Curtin, his co-investors and his friend and agent. They now own one tract adjoining the town site on the East, and in speaking of this tract, Mr. Curtin's representative said they intended to sub-divide it in suburban tracts in from one to five acres, develop water on it to irrigate it, and plant trees around the tracts. And then a tract of this land would cost a purchaser some money as compared with the present prices of lots and tracts.

A Mr. Holland from New York came here to spend his summer vacation with his relative, Dr. V. S. Cheyne; became interested, and before returning invested about \$5,000 in Willard property.

A Kansas City capitalist has within the last few days purchased the A. C. George homestead adjoining the town site on the West. A part of this 160 acres had been sub-divided and sold as suburban tracts of one acre or more. It is expected that the purchaser of this tract will also put it under irrigation and prepare it for market in small tracts.

One of our local businessmen is the authority for the statement that Dr. Schweitzer of Albuquerque has invested in a number of sections in the valley recently.

Another capitalist of Albuquerque, whose name I am requested not to use, with some associates are now negotiating for several thousand dollars worth of Willard property.

While every thing seems dull, and no great activity is apparent these investments indicate that something may be doing in and around Willard very soon. It is not probable that these men who have been successful in the past are faulty in their judgment this time as to the future of Willard and this valley.

J. W. Rochester has just concluded a deal for his homestead east of Willard to Rev. E. W. Fleckinger of Whitings, Kansas, for a good price.

Because of the heavy snows on the Santa Fe's Colorado and Kansas line, the passenger trains from that division have been coming through this way. The cut-off appears to be always open, and as it is said to be a much shorter route, it seems that it would be better to route them this way all the time. It may be that they intend to do so, as there is a rumor of a Harvey House at Willard.

### JOHNNY COULON AND FORBES FIGHT TONIGHT.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 22.—Johnny Coulon, the bantam weight champion of the world, and Harry Forbes, former holder of the title, will fight ten rounds at Kenosha, Wis., tonight. The men will weigh in at 116 pounds at 6 o'clock. Eddie Santry, former featherweight champion will referee.

### MORE OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS RECEIVED.

Roosevelt County.—County Commissioners, First District: Charles V. Harris 722; John D. Wagner 359; Brook Smith 259; S. E. Johnson 2. Second District: S. E. Johnson 847; P. C. Ruckman 277; P. E. Wikel 233. Third District: S. K. Smith 813; T. C. Forrest 305; W. A. Sifton 236. Probate Judge—J. C. Compton 584; George P. Smith 553; S. M. Brown 231.

County Clerk—C. P. Mitchell 850; L. E. Forbes 259; J. C. Davis 244. Sheriff—George C. Deen 658; Joseph Lang 465; H. N. Easterling 219. Assessor—J. E. McCall 795; Oscar G. Ghan 318; H. J. Nelson 245. Treasurer—Moses B. Jones 541; A. B. Austin 277; J. R. Sanders 239. Superintendent of Schools—Mrs. S. P. Culbertson 702; Charles E. Tombs 355; Edwin G. Taylor 240.

San Juan County.—County Commissioners, First District: Juan Dominguez 794; Reyes Lucero 476. Second District: Roman Garcia 798; Candido G. Gonzales 476. Third District: Cirilo Lobato 784; P. C. de Baca 488.

Probate Judge—J. Felipe Silva 719; Preciliano Ortiz 546. County Clerk—Abel E. Perea 706; Alfredo Montoya 554. Sheriff—Emiliano Lucero 834; C. M. Sandoval 439.

Assessor—Manuel Martinez 827; Delina Baca 544. Treasurer—Julius Seligman 718; Alejandro Sandoval 432. Superintendent of Schools—Donato Montoya 823; Eduardo D. Salazar 460.

San Juan County.—County Commissioners, First District: Jose T. Jaques 724; Simon Martinez 614. Second District: J. P. Atteberry 621; A. H. Masters 607; Fred Skrifvars 832. Third District: Wayne Walling 736; George E. Allen 518; Samuel Rush 77.

Probate Judge—W. A. Palmer 629; David Trujillo 607; S. O. Kinegray 52. County Clerk—W. B. Wagner 636; John Graham 566; A. J. Fritz 78.

Sheriff—William T. Dufur 648; L. H. Miller 597; Hector Merthea 99. Assessor—A. G. McCoy 684; Willett Brown 564; J. L. Hill 76.

Treasurer—R. W. Hella 725; W. W. Otteal 522; C. R. Cutting 78.

Superintendent of Schools—J. L. G. Swinney 743; M. P. Fifeild 507; Lizzy M. Holmes 86. Sheriff—G. S. Wilhoite 660; Charles P. Holly 590; H. B. Long 81.

San Miguel County.—County Commissioners, First District: Fidel Ortiz 2774; Atanacio Sena 2396. Second District: A. A. Gallegos 3062; Julian Sandoval 2011. Third District: John H. York 3206; O. G. Schafer 1880.

Probate Judge—Adelaido Tafuya 2943; Antonio Solano 2113. County Clerk—Lorenzo Delgado 3197; Miguel A. Baca 1885.

Sheriff—Roman Gallegos 3044; Clemente Padilla 2025. Assessor—Manuel A. Sanchez 3202; C. E. Gehring 1944.

Treasurer—Eugenio Romero 2154; N. B. Fontaine 1911. Superintendent of Schools—M. P. Desmarais 2845; Eleuterio Baca 2189.

San Fe County.—County Commissioners, First District: George M. Kinsell 1776; James L. Seligman 1352. Second District: Jose Ortiz y Pino 1787; Apolonio Rael 1372. Third District: Esquipulon Jiron 1741; Samuel Romero 1873.

Probate Judge—Canuto Alarid 1739; Nicolas Montoya 1372. County Clerk—Marcelino A. Ortiz 1669; Manuel Delgado 1464.

Sheriff—Charles Clossen 1649; Alfredo Delgado 1464. Assessor—Telforo Rivera 1772; David Gonzalez 1337.

Treasurer—Celo Lopez 1736; William E. Griffin 1376. Superintendent of Schools—John V. Conway 1750; H. L. Pollard 1344.

Sierra County.—County Commissioners, First District: F. M. Bogan 592; Abran Gonzales 475. Second District: Cornelius Sullivan 715; Tom Wedgewood 359. Third District: J. L. Montoya 552; V. G. Trujillo 514.

Probate Judge—Teofilo Garcia 566; Francisco Apodaca 508. County Clerk—Amado Gonzales 512; Andrew Kelly 540.

Sheriff—W. C. Kendall 605; J. B. Richardson 470. Assessor—Max L. Kahler 544; Ben A. Luchini 530.

Treasurer—W. M. Robbins 579; G. F. Worden 495. Superintendent of Schools—F. J. Gwin 544; J. P. Parker 532.

Surveyor—Charles H. Laidlaw 551; Diego Montoya 514.

### OIL IS GETTING DEARER RIGHT ALONG.

Smashing of Standard Trust Proving to Be an Expensive Proposition for People.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 22.—Oil men were surprised today when announcement was made by the Seep Purchasing Agency that the price of Pennsylvania crude had been advanced to \$1.45 a barrel, an increase of five cents over the close of the market on Saturday. This is the third advance since the day following Christmas, each being of five cents. Other grades were announced as follows: Corning 62; Newcastle 99; Cabell 109; Somerset 81; Ragland 48. The Seep Purchasing Agency was formerly by the buying section of the Standard Oil Company.

### FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND.

Is a reliable family medicine. Give it to your children and take it yourself when you feel a cold coming on. It checks and cures coughs and colds and croup and prevents bronchitis and pneumonia. For sale by all druggists.

## NATIONAL FOREST OF THE JEMEZ

Few People Recognize What a Source of Wealth It Is to the People

### TIMBER RESOURCES ARE VAST

Homesteads Are Being Taken Up in Valleys of Streams and Parks.

Few people, even right here in Santa Fe, realize that in the Jemez National Forest, just across the Rio Grande, is found one of the richest grazing and timbered sections of the Southwest. The Forest proper embraces an area of 889,000 acres. Within its boundaries is located the Baca Location No. 1 Grant, and adjoining it are the Canyon de San Diego, the Polvadera, the Juan Jose Lobato, and the Ramon Vigil Grants, the timbered and mountain portions of which increase the area of forest country by about 250,000 acres.

The Secretary of Agriculture has authorized the grazing of 80,000 head of sheep and goats, and 8,200 head of cattle and horses within the forest during the coming year. The grazing fee for sheep and goats has been, during past years, ten cents per head; thirty-five cents for cattle, and forty-five cents for horses. The House Committee on Agriculture is at present considering a general raise of grazing fees, so the rates for the coming year have not been announced.

Preliminary estimates of the timber resources of the Forest place the amount of commercial timber at 1,200,000,000 feet. Basing the amount which may be safely cut annually on a one hundred year rotation the forest is capable of producing a sustained annual yield of 12,000,000 feet. The timber for the most part is, because of inadequate road facilities, accessible only for strictly local demand. However, sales to the amount of 14,000,000 feet have been made within the past year from that portion of the Forest on the east slope of the mountain lying southwest of Espanola. About one-fourth of this amount will be hewn into ties to supply the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, the balance being manufactured into lumber and loaded at Buckman for the general market. Three smaller mills are operating in the western portion of the forest, supplying exclusive local demands of the settlers in the forest. It is only by the construction of railroads that the bulk of the timber will be made available. This condition is common to most of the National Forests of the country.

Timber is supplied free to settlers living within and adjacent to the forest for fuel and constructive purposes. The value of timber taken annually from this forest in this way amounts to approximately \$25,000.00.

Since the passage of the Act of June 11, 1906, which provided for the restoration to entry of lands within the National forests found to be chiefly valuable for agriculture, about 250 homestead entries have been made. These tracts are situated for the most part along narrow valleys, and in mountain meadows or parks. They vary in size from 29 to 169 acres. Many of them are suitable for growing only the hardier cereals and root crops, and are uninhabitable in winter because of deep snow, which effectively closes all mountain roads. Ninety per cent of the homestead entries are made by the native people of the region.

The supervisor's office at Santa Fe is connected with the forest by about 125 miles of telephone line, owned and constructed by the government. Eleven ranger stations, ranches and settlements within the forest are connected. It is proposed to extend this system to include all occupied ranger stations, and to all important settlements within or adjacent to the forest, thus expediting the transaction of forest business, and making possible the more prompt mustering of crews for fire fighting. Limited use of these lines is allowed settlers, restrictions being necessary to prevent official business being crowded from the line.

Do not allow your kidney and bladder trouble to develop beyond the reach of medicine. Take Foley Kidney Pills. They give quick results and stop irregularities with surprising promptness. For sale by all druggists.

### ATTEMPTS TO BLOW UP SALT LAKE CITY HOTEL.

Indianapolis Grand Jury Hears From Witnesses Who Implicate McNamara.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 22.—Attempts to blow up a hotel in Salt Lake City, Utah, in 1909 and 1910, were described before today in the federal grand jury today in its investigation of the dynamite conspiracy. The witnesses included two police officials of Salt Lake City, who were on duty when the attempts were made, a former guard at the Utah state prison, and a tailor who sold clothing to one of the McNamaras. McNaminal Confession Corroborated. Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 22.—"Ortie McNaminal's confession concerning the widespread dynamite plots has been more than corroborated and we have unearthed things which McNaminal knew nothing about."

James W. Noel, special assistant to the United States district attorney, so stated today, in reference to the government's investigation of the dynamite conspiracy. Mr. Noel had just come from a conference at which was prepared a long list of witnesses to be called.



## SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN REVIEW

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## OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

## SUICIDE.

In New Mexico, during the first fifteen days of January two suicides were reported in the local papers. As a matter of fact, many a case of suicide is never reported or even investigated. There is no doubt that there is a frightful increase of late years of those who take their own life. A census bulletin issued today says:

The number of deaths from suicide recorded in the Census Bureau's entire death registration area was \$390 for 1910, as against \$402 for 1909, but the death rate per 100,000 of population, was but 16.0 for 1910 as compared with 16.5 for 1909.

It is stated in the bulletin that although the death rates for suicide increased up to 1905, those since that time do not indicate increased precision in the manner of reporting. The rate in 1906 was 12.9 in 1907, 15.7 and in 1908, 17.5. Unless certificate of death from violence states that the case was suicide or homicide, the death is compiled under accidental causes. Since there are doubtless many such cases in which the death was in fact due to suicide, it is probable that with increased precision of reporting the number compiled under suicide would increase from year to year.

Of the various means employed for purpose of suicide the most important with the number of deaths for each, were: Firearms, 2,561; poison, 2,456; and hanging or strangulation, 1,345. Others were: Asphyxia, 941; drowning, 517; cutting or piercing instruments, 544; jumping from high places, 137; crushing, 88, and other means, 81.

Suicide by firearms is the only one of the various specified methods of self-destruction which shows an increased death rate in 1910 over 1909. In the latter year the number of deaths per 100,000 population was 4.7 as against 4.8 in 1910.

The number of suicides and the rate per 100,000 population in the death registration states separately were: California, 696 deaths, or 29.0 per 100,000 population, in 1910, as compared with 706, or 30.6 in 1909, Colorado, 167, or 29.8 in 1910, and 177, or 22.7 in 1909; Connecticut, 200, or 17.9 in 1910, and 232, or 21.1 in 1909; Indiana, 381, or 14.1 in 1910, and 414, or 15.4 in 1909; Maine, 85, or 11.4 in 1910, and 97, or 13.1 in 1909; Maryland, 134, or 10.3 in 1910, and 172, or 12.4 in 1909; Massachusetts, 427, or 12.6 in 1910, and 429, or 13.0 in 1909; Michigan, 356, or 13.7 in 1910, and 313, or 11.3 in 1909; Minnesota, 242, or 11.6 in 1910, non-registration in 1909; Montana, 81, or 21.4 in 1910, non-registration in 1909; New Hampshire, 54, or 12.5 in 1910, and 60, or 14.0 in 1909; New Jersey, 436, or 17.1 in 1910, and 425, or 17.2 in 1909; New York, 1,532, or 16.7 in 1910, and 1,569, or 17.5 in 1909; North Carolina, (only municipalities having a population of 1,000 or over in 1909), 26, or 7.2, non-registration in 1909; Ohio, 679, or 14.3 in 1910, and 689, or 14.6 in 1909; Pennsylvania, 975, or 12.7 in 1910, and 951, or 12.6 in 1909; Rhode Island, 80, or 14.7 in 1910, and 76, or 14.3 in 1909; South Dakota was non-registration in 1910, but there were 52, or 9.2 in 1909; Utah, 40, or 10.7 in 1910, non-registration in 1909; Vermont, 47, or 13.2 in 1910, and 57, or 16.1 in 1909; Washington, 250, or 19.9 in 1910, and 243, or 22.3 in 1909; and Wisconsin, 237, or 14.2 in 1910, and 304, or 13.1 in 1909.

Among those states the highest death rate from suicide in 1910 was shown by California, followed by Montana, Colorado and Washington. The lowest rate, North Carolina excluded, was shown by Maryland. Other states with lower rates were, Utah, Maine, and Minnesota. In 1910, the rate increased in Michigan, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Wisconsin. Decreases occurred in 1910 in the rates in 13 of the other states involved.

For the cities the highest rates were those of, first, San Francisco, Cal., next, Kansas City, Mo., Oakland, Cal., Seattle, Wash., Bridgeport, Conn. and Denver, Colo.

## DECENCY IS NEVER A HANDICAP.

A certain class of men make it their business to iterate and reiterate that no man can expect to succeed in politics, or in business, or in his profession, unless he "mixes." By "mixing," they mean lining up against some bar, or standing at a street corner in picturesque attitude discussing wine, women and politics; or lounging in a club room setting them up to the few regular stragglers in the place. One of the charges filed against Judge W. H. Pope last week to prevent his being appointed federal judge by President Taft, was that he spent too much time in church and Sunday school but did not "mix" with men; that only six persons in the Pecos valley knew what manner of man he was, just as if going to Sunday school and church, attending Masonic lodge, attending to business in the court room, was not "mixing" with people. The trouble with his accusers is that they never "mix," that most of them only "mix" with their own peculiar class of human beings,

who never are seen in Sunday school, church and other places of assembly where liquid refreshments are not served, and by the long habit of talking among themselves about themselves get the idea that they, like the tailors of Tooley street, are the people with whom one must mix in their particular place of loafing, in order to be a "mixer" and therefore fit for success as an official, in business or in politics.

Fortunately, Young America is being taught new ideals; is having its eyes opened to the fact that decency always pays; that one can "mix" with men in church, Sunday school, lodge rooms where no booze is handed out, just as well as in saloons or booze clubs. It should be the privilege of every man to live his life as he chooses as long as he does not trespass on the rights of others or make a spectacle of himself by his debauchery and drunkenness. If a man chooses to do his "mixing" with humanity in the saloon, the club, at the street corner, that is his business; if he decides to do it in the homes, the church, the Sunday school, the lodge room, that is his business; if he chooses to spend his spare time "chewing" the rag with those idling in public places, that is his lookout; if he chooses to spend some time in studious retirement, in the company of his family and his books, that is his privilege. As long as he is square, upright and performs his duty as an official or a businessman, as a man to man, that long he is deserving of success and is apt to win success. But you know, and I know, that for my boy and your boy, and for your girl and my girl, we would prefer that they do their mixing in the places that the so-called "good mixer" does not often visit if he visits them at all. Decency is never a handicap!

## GOOD ADVERTISEMENT.

Santa Fe seems much nearer and closer to Central America than it did before the establishment of the School of American Archaeology. The old city's intellectual and human horizon has widened very much since the creation of that school by Dr. Edgar L. Hewett and the outside world is recognizing this. Hardly a day elapses but that some newspaper of consequence does not have an editorial after the manner of the following clipped from the South Bethlehem, Pa., Daily Globe:

The expedition of Edgar L. Hewett of Santa Fe to Guatemala in behalf of the Archaeological Institute and School of American Archaeology at Santa Fe, reminds one of the archaeological treasures still awaiting the determined investigator between the Rio Grande and Panama. At the place where Mr. Hewett is excavating—60 miles inland, in the valley of the Mayaguez—are relics of the Maya civilization similar to those hidden away in the jungles of Yucatan, and there are the same obstacles of luxuriant tropical vegetation and malignant tropical fever in the way of the research. Mr. Hewett thinks that the very palace he is uncovering may hold the key to the mystery of a dead and buried civilization, and it is part of his task to impart to those who work with him the same inspiring expectation.

The more we probe into the relics of the Aztecs in Mexico and the Incas in Peru, the greater is our admiration of what the aboriginal American was, and what he accomplished. It becomes increasingly apparent that he had won his upward way to a high degree of civilization. He was in his best estate no rude and uncouth savage for no mere barbarian out of sloth and savagery could have evolved and notable architectural monuments as are found today where the jaguar watches and the felines are bred in the tropic morass, as though nature herself indignantly sought to repel the profanation of alien hands.

## TAKE THE GOOD THERE IS IN SOCIALISM.

President Taft declared last week that he "is not afraid of the specter of Socialism; that he has faith in the good horse sense of the majority of the American people. He is right. The American people have picked and are keeping the good things that there are in Socialism and adapting them to local and to national conditions. The Post Office Department is Socialism put into practice; the public schools are a bit of pure Socialism. So is Prohibition wherever it is enforced and many other things that are today regarded as the functions of government.

In the minds of many conservative thinking men, especially those of wealth and property, the phenomenal growth of Socialism in this country is both a menace and a portent. They regard its teachings as being identical with anarchy, and having for their main purpose the spoliation of the few who have, by the many who have not. Whenever any doctrine or belief has taken a strong hold upon our people it is well to examine fairly and impartially the causes which give it

its real life and vigor, whether they be those of mere emotionalism to which all people are temporarily subject, or whether they contain the germs of some new and vital factor in modern progress.

Despite that rosewater optimism which proclaims that all things are for the best, it is a somewhat unpalatable fact of observation and of history that dangerous and pernicious error sometimes obtains a strong hold upon the imagination and feelings of a people. Few things are more tenuous of life than half-truths and those erroneous doctrines that are the distortion of a great truth.

In such cases mere denunciation is of small avail. What is needed is the exposition and the proper application of the elementary truth that gives life to the movement. There are extremists among Socialists, but in this country at least they are in a comparatively small minority, and the general desire seems to be for readjustment rather than destruction. It is difficult to define the creed of Socialism within any definite limits, for there are nearly as many beliefs as there are believers. The one ground on which all unite is the desire to improve the welfare of the masses. Socialism cries out against those numerous inequalities and injustices in social, business and political life, with which we are all so familiar, but which we accept with complacency as being in the natural order of things, and incapable of remedy. The existence of an evil or an institution or a law or a custom for hundreds of years offers no reason to socialistic logic for its continuance. Its remedies are often impracticable and sometimes mere dreams, but they evince at least a desire for betterment. Nature's laws are not always just and Nature's ways are usually that the strong prey on the weak.

So Socialism claims that man's mission is to overcome nature, and that our code of life must not be that of the brute creation. The work of the Federal and State Agricultural Departments is essentially socialistic, and fifty years ago would have been denounced as rank paternalism, yet it not only grows daily in popularity, but is unquestionably of more real value, so far as material results are concerned, than that of any other department. In business life the various profit sharing and co-operative systems, employers' liability laws, and the like, show the same general socialistic tendency. We may try, and afterwards discard, some theoretical systems, especially in politics, that will fail to make good, but it is quite sure that in the long run we shall gain more than we lose, and that our greatest gain will be in consideration and broadened human sympathy. We shall certainly not make this gain by mere unreasoning hostility to untried plans, nor by fomenting class antagonism. Our best hope will be found in an effort to get the other fellow's point of view, which is always illuminating, and to take for our motto that utterance of Jehovah in the Old Testament, "Come, let us reason together."

## THE DESIRE TO BE RICH.

At the bottom of the present day unrest is the dissatisfaction of the masses with their lot. Every man would like to own an automobile, a mansion, and have his work done by servants, although it is difficult to see where the servants would come from if every one had a fortune. The people have slowly learned that riches cannot be accumulated by gambling, by chance, by plunging, but are the result of certain definite economic laws, conditions and circumstances. One man who deems himself just as brainy, as hardworking and as skillful as another, finds he has much less to live on and he blames the government, the law, the existing political conditions, rather than the real causes for existing economic differences.

Everybody would like to be rich, if only for a day or two. To most people riches prove a burden or a temptation.

The New York papers were filled the other day with foolish talk about a vagrant character in Pennsylvania, who, having suddenly received \$2,500, determined to spend it "like a millionaire." He hired a special train to take him to New York, scattered his money as if he were a prince, and in two days went home penniless. While this foolish fellow was throwing away his cash in this way, Andrew Carnegie was testifying in Washington before a congressional committee. He told how, with \$1,500 of borrowed money, he laid the foundation of his colossal fortune.

Suppose that a Carnegie, a Rockefeller, an Armour, a Morgan, a Frick or a Schwab had suddenly found himself possessed of \$2,500 in the days of his early business struggles. Would he have wasted it in riotous living and retired to the obscurity to which the spendthrift naturally drifts and to which he properly belongs?

Which is more commendable—the spendthrift scattering his money in the red-light district, or the young man establishing himself in business with his hard-earned savings, building up a fortune and setting an example of thrift, industry and success to the rising generation?

## AN OPPORTUNITY FOR STATESMANSHIP.

If the Democrats really are gasping for an opportunity to display their statesmanship, the opportunity is present in Congress at this time, not in tariff tinkering or in making campaign speeches on economy and then spending the money by the shovelful, but in aiding President Taft to establish two policies for which he is working might and main.

There are two policies proposed by President Taft which ought to pass Congress, both Houses, by a unanimous vote. There is absolutely nothing of party politics in either of them, and they concern the whole country because they make for the welfare of us all. The President asks for the establishment of a board composed of

able men to study the whole question of official appointments and work out some method by which the employees of the government shall be selected for ability, promoted for merit, and kept in office during good behavior. President Taft says, and we fully believe he is right, that millions of the public money may be saved in this way.

Another matter of still broader scope proposed by the President is the peace treaties negotiated between our country, Great Britain and France. Every one of intelligence knows that these treaties will not absolutely guarantee perpetual peace between the three countries, but we think that every unprejudiced person of broad intelligence who gives the question attention must see that they make for peace and will tend to protect us from destructive and horrible wars. Those treaties, we are glad to say, have passed the House of Representatives and now await the action of the Senate.

## BETTER DAY COMING.

Why should we call an unfortunate woman a "fallen" woman any more than referring to the men responsible for their downfall as "fallen" men? asks the El Paso Herald. "Rather than refer to the poor, unfortunate women as 'fallen women' it would be better to brand the men who have placed them there as 'fallen men,' and let it be known at the banks and the stores and in society and in the churches what they are. The fact is that this double standard is embedded in the custom of ages and that in years gone by there were economic, political, historical, business and legal reasons for it, but the day has dawned when the man who debauches has unconsciously received a black mark against him in the banks, in society, in church, when his crime is judged almost as severely as the fault in the woman, and better still, the day is almost here when there will be only one standard of morals for both men and women.

## THE HOTEL PROBLEM.

The problem of taking adequate care of the stranger within the gates of the city, is an important one and will be discussed at a mass meeting tonight which every citizen should attend. The question should be one largely of demand and supply. There is no doubt that the demand exists, but it is impossible to regulate the demand so that the visitors be equally distributed over the entire year. There are days when all of the hotels, boarding houses and private rooms available cannot accommodate the city's guests and then there are days when they can all be comfortably housed in one hotel. It is this uncertainty that prevents capitalists from rushing into the hotel business in the Capital City, recognizing as they do that under average conditions the hotel facilities of Santa Fe are fairly good enough. But there is this fact also, that skillful advertising of Santa Fe's climate and other attractions, would bring sufficient patronage to a large modern tourist hotel to make it pay dividends to the right sort of a manager, and at the same time add rather than take from the business that the other hotels and boarding houses already existing enjoy. No one as yet has accumulated wealth in the hotel business at Santa Fe and there have been 300 years in which to try it. It is this phase, as much as any other, that should be discussed at tonight's meeting of businessmen. It is not sufficient to induce people to come to Santa Fe, but to take care of them, to find work and opportunities for them, and especially to give visitors of means the highest grade accommodations, are absolute prerequisites for Santa Fe's future growth and development.

## TREE PLANTING.

Tree planting time is here again, and property owners as well as civic bodies, and the municipality, should make plans to do more effective tree planting. The Board of Trade for several years in succession followed a systematic plan, the value of which is more apparent every year, but should be followed up by replacing dead or stunted trees, and taking better care of those trees which are growing. The plan was a comprehensive one and included boulevards to Fairview and the National cemeteries, and a boulevard following the Santa Fe river from city limit to city limit. Mayor Seligman and the city authorities last year entered into the spirit of tree planting and distributed free of charge a large number of trees, many of which are now growing, although in several instances, vandals have been permitted to destroy tree boxes and trees. The time is ripe for the city authorities, instead of distributing shade trees to every one who asks for them, to do the planting themselves, following up the systematic plan of the former Board of Trade, and looking after the care of the trees. Santa Fe, already a city of shade trees and orchards, has justifiable ambitions of becoming the most beautiful city in the West, and no better start can be made than by systematic tree planting.

A dispatch from the Lowell Observatory at Flagstaff declares that in some remote portions of the heavens a world of worlds is in the making. There, in a vortex of nebula, stars are being born that in size compare with the solar system as the earth compares with a pin point. The spectacle as it is being recorded on sensitive photographic plates is overwhelming in its grandeur, its mystery, in its display of cosmic forces. Tonight, turn your face upwards, and watch the silent march of Orion across the skies, and then let your vision sweep to the gigantic star clusters and nebulae of the Milky Way, especially if you have been an applicant for some political job and have been turned down. It will bring a realization that the biggest political job does not amount to a piffle after one has attempted to measure the extent of eternity and infinity.

In order to extend the usefulness of the public library, the committee of the Woman's Board of Trade in charge, has arranged for a "Children's Story Telling Hour," tomorrow afternoon. To form a taste for good literature, to plant a desire to enter the land of lofty imagination, to inculcate the thirst for knowledge is to do more for the happiness of humanity than to discover new gold mines or to create new industries. This Children's Hour is another step toward the Civic Center idea; the logical consummation that schools, churches, all public buildings should be available to the public all hours of the day for any civic purpose from holding a primary to a neighborhood dance, and that to close them half or three-quarters of the time is an inexcusable waste of public money that some day will be regarded as great a crime as embezzlement. The Children's Hour should prove very attractive to the young folk and should receive the intelligent co-operation of the older people.

passengers each week after it had been demonstrated that the auto will make regular trips without serious mishaps. It would take some road fixing but it would pay Santa Fe big to install such a line. Between Santa Fe and Taos, there are a score of populous and prosperous settlements, many fertile river valleys, much scenery of stupendous magnificence, while the road of about equal length from Carlsbad to the Plains country passes entirely over barren sands. The opportunity is one that some live man should grasp and which Santa Fe should follow up with its characteristic energy.

A bill has been introduced in Congress to repay the state of Arizona for the furnishing of the Capitol at Phoenix, using for that purpose the unused balance of \$100,000 appropriated for holding the constitutional convention and elections. Here is a chance for New Mexico to get a hold of some \$150,000 it might use in running the new state, for that is the sum covered into the federal treasury by Territorial Secretary Jaffa as the unused balance from the constitutional convention. New Mexico, too, furnished a Capitol for the use of officials appointed and employed by the federal government.

The New Mexico Journal of Education for January, Rupert F. Asplund of Santa Fe, publisher and editor, is a double number of 72 pages that should prove a delight and a mine of professional information to the 1,500 teachers of New Mexico. It contains the complete minutes and the addresses made at the annual session of the New Mexico Educational Association at Santa Fe as well as a complete list of officers and members of this important body. The issue is therefore an official one and should be given the widest circulation possible.

Santa Fe is the place above all others for the Republican state convention that will meet during the legislative session to select eight delegates to the national convention at Chicago. Many of the legislators will be delegates to the state meeting and so will several of the state officials and others who will be in the Capital while the legislature is in session. It will save expense and simplify matters very much to hold the convention here.

The United States will sooner or later have to take possession of Cuba, of Mexico and everything else as far down as the Isthmus of Panama. Statesmen may proclaim and work to halt the hands of destiny, but the supreme moment may come sooner than expected, when the United States must take over the entire North American Continent and weld it into one great republic, that will be as effective a barrier against the yellow peril as it will be an example to Europe.

Every man to his own liking. Governor Hunt of Arizona is boasting that his inauguration will be one of Jeffersonian simplicity and that he will not permit the fuss and feathers with which Governor McDonald was inducted into office. With some people, simplicity is merely a cover for laziness, stungness and lack of civic pride. True simplicity is never boastful.

The Clovis Journal complains that the bad, wicked Republicans will not permit a senatorial primary in New Mexico. What is to hinder Governor McDonald from issuing a proclamation for such a primary? Or why do not the Democrats hold such a primary among themselves to determine whom they will vote for in the legislature? Surely there is as much war in law for one course as for the other—and as much benefit.

President Taft has measurably strengthened the Republican organization in New Mexico by accepting its recommendations for federal judge and federal district attorney. Both recommendations had undeniable merit to them and indicate that the organization as such is ready to do what is right by the party and the people.

The auto mail line running from Carlsbad to the Plains country carried 150 passengers during the month of December. There is no reason in the world why an auto line from Santa Fe to Taos would not carry that many.

## HAYWOOD TAKES CHARGE OF STRIKE AT LAWRENCE.

Radical Western Labor Leader Invades Heart of Massachusetts Textile Industry. Lawrence, Mass., Jan. 24.—W. D. Haywood, the western labor leader, arrived here today to assist in conducting the strike of the 20,000 textile workers. He was met at the railroad station by a large crowd, and a procession, estimated to contain 5,000 persons, escorted him to the headquarters of the strike committee. The proceedings were orderly.

## PERSONAL MENTION

Mrs. E. R. Wright will not be at home tomorrow.

Frank Bond, the Espanola merchant is a visitor in Santa Fe.

Attorney Charles F. Easley was in Estancia yesterday on court business.

U. S. Marshal Charles M. Foraker has returned to Albuquerque from Washington, D. C.

Judge M. C. Mechem is up from Socorro to attend the Republican Executive Committee meeting tonight.

J. E. Torres, a prominent citizen of Socorro, is in the capital to attend the Republican central committee meeting.

Squire Harit, Ranches of Taos, state Senator-elect from Taos county, is expected to arrive in Santa Fe today.

Former Traveling Auditor Charles V. Safford came up from Albuquerque yesterday where he is cashier of the Bank of Commerce.

Edward Mechem, of Alamogordo, brother of Judge M. C. Mechem is in the Capital to attend the Republican central committee meeting.

Judge A. B. Fall of Three Rivers, passed through Lamy yesterday on his way to Albuquerque. He will be in Santa Fe today.

O. A. Larrazolo the prominent Republican leader and attorney of Las Vegas, is expected to arrive in the Capital today.

County School Superintendent John V. Conway has returned from an official visit to Madrid, where he says 150 men are at present employed in the coal mines.

Henry Baldrey of Baltimore, Maryland, who has been in Santa Fe gathering material for a business directory and gazetteer, left this afternoon for Albuquerque.

National Committeeman Solomon Luna of Los Lunas, arrived last evening from Albuquerque to spend a day or two in the Capital on political matters.

H. W. Clark, secretary of the Republican central committee, will arrive in the city tonight from his home in East Las Vegas to attend the session of the committee tomorrow.

David Hersch, a prominent merchant of Pagosa Springs, Colo., is visiting his mother, Mrs. Joseph Hersch and his brother Leo Hersch of this city.

N. B. Stern, a capitalist of New York City, arrived in Santa Fe last night. Mr. Stern is here to see the country and with a view to locating permanently in the Capital.

The Rev. John R. Gass, superintendent of Presbyterian missions, whose home is in Albuquerque, is a visitor in the city and a guest at the Montezuma.

R. A. Robertson, a ranchman from Rifle, Colorado, arrived in the city last evening and registered at the Montezuma.

Judge O. T. Toombs of Clayton, newly elected to the state legislature, is in the city looking up quarters for the meeting of the legislature next March. He is stopping at the Palace.

Frank Bond, the merchant of Espanola, who owns a number of general merchandise stores in New Mexico, arrived in the capital last evening and registered at the Palace.

W. C. Black of Denver, superintendent of the Seventh Division of the Postal Telegraph and Cable Company, arrived in the city last night from Las Vegas on one of his periodical visits.

Miss Lou Hughes, who holds a responsible position in the government patent office in Washington, is in Albuquerque, visiting her mother, Mrs. Thomas Hughes, of 204 South Walter street—Albuquerque Herald.

Miss Rebecca Enriquez left last evening for her home in Fort Sumner after spending several days in Albuquerque the guest of Miss Grace Borradale. Miss Enriquez came to Albuquerque from Santa Fe where she attended the inauguration.—Albuquerque Herald.

Charles Mitchell, manager of the publishing firm of Crane and Company of Topeka, Kansas, arrived in Santa Fe last night from his home in Kansas. He is the guest of B. F. Pankey, state senator, who was the founder of the Independent Telephone Company of Topeka. New Mexico is a very desirable place to live, according to Mr. Mitchell who has spent several years in the state looking for and finding health among its mountains. Mr. Mitchell is the exalted ruler of the B. P. O. E. lodge of Topeka and will visit with the local brethren tonight.

## DENVER HIGHWAYMAN OUT-SPRINTS MOTORCYCLE.

Made Dash of Hundred Yards, Vaulted Five Foot Hedge and Disappeared in Dark.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 24.—A highwayman was believed to be a record breaker for a 100 yards sprint early today, when in the glare of the headlights of a pursuing motor cycle, he sprinted the distance along a residence thoroughfare, hurled a five foot hedge and disappeared.

George Lowther, a drug clerk, was riding a motorcycle home, and as he swung around a corner, the light fell directly on two men, one with his hands high in the air, and the other holding a huge revolver.

The glare of the light seemed temporarily to dazzle the highwayman, and his victim, Alfred Lamfure, suddenly made a grab for the weapon, knocking it from the highwayman's hand. The robber then fled, Lowther pursuing him, all the while yelling for the police. The highwayman escaped.

## IN THE SOCIAL WHIRL IN NEW YORK CITY.

Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia at Dinners and Receptions.

New York, Jan. 24.—The vice regal visitors, the Duke and the Duchess of Connaught, and their daughter, the Princess Patricia, and their suite

facied again today a varied program of social engagements interspersed with sightseeing trips about the city. Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt will give a luncheon to the royal party today, and tonight Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills have arranged a dinner to be followed by music. Tomorrow night, the visitors, except the Duke, will go to the opera. The Duke will leave for Washington tomorrow morning to visit President Taft. Shortly before noon the Duke, the Duchess and the Princess visited the stock exchange where they were received by President Thomas, Secretary Ely and a committee of members.

## TRAINMEN HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR KINNUNDAY WRECK.

Engineer Stuart, Conductor Brainard and Flagman Becker Singled Out for Censure.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 24.—Negligence on the part of three trainmen contributed to the Illinois Central wreck at Kinnunday, Ill., on Sunday night in which J. T. Harahan, former president of that line, and three other railroad officials were killed. It was held by an investigating committee here today. The trainmen are: Engineer R. J. Stuart, who was running train No. 25; John H. Brainard, conductor of train No. 25, and Harry J. Becker, a flagman on train No. 25.

**Board of Inquiry.** Chicago, Ill., Jan. 24.—Just what steps will be taken in the trainmen's cases has not been determined, said W. L. Park, vice president of the Illinois Central and a member of the investigating committee.

Regarding the alleged negligence of the trainmen, the committee said: "The board of inquiry finds that the conductor and the flagman of train No. 25, knowing that train No. 3 was following closely, were negligent in not using the means they had in protecting their train."

"The board also finds that the engineer of train No. 3 was negligent in not discovering earlier his proximity to train No. 25."

**Bank Carelessness.** Chicago, Ill., Jan. 24.—Other paragraphs of the finding follow: "The testimony showed that the rules of the company governing the movement of these trains were clear and definite and thoroughly understood by the crews of the respective trains."

"The crew of No. 25 were provided with both caution (yellow) and stop (red) fuses, neither of which was used to stop the following train. The conductor, flagman and baggage men of No. 25 all testified that it would have been easy for them to have used a fuse and had one been used it would have been seen by the engineer of the train following. The conductor testified he had instructed the flagman to 'look out' for No. 3, but his testimony showed that he did not follow this up to see that his instructions were carried out. It was only after the train stopped that any member of the crew concerned themselves with No. 3."

## URBAN WALTER GETS HIS WORK AT LAST.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—Charges that the Postmaster General and other postal officials suppress facts and misinform Congress, as to the safety of the lives of clerks in the railway mail service, were made before the House committee on post-offices today by Urban A. Walter of Denver, Colo., formerly a railway mail clerk, editor of a postal journal.

Specific regulations of the postoffice service, he said, forbid clerks to discuss wrecks. He charged that "the postmaster general has not stopped short of misinforming the committee and the public" as to conditions under which clerks work.

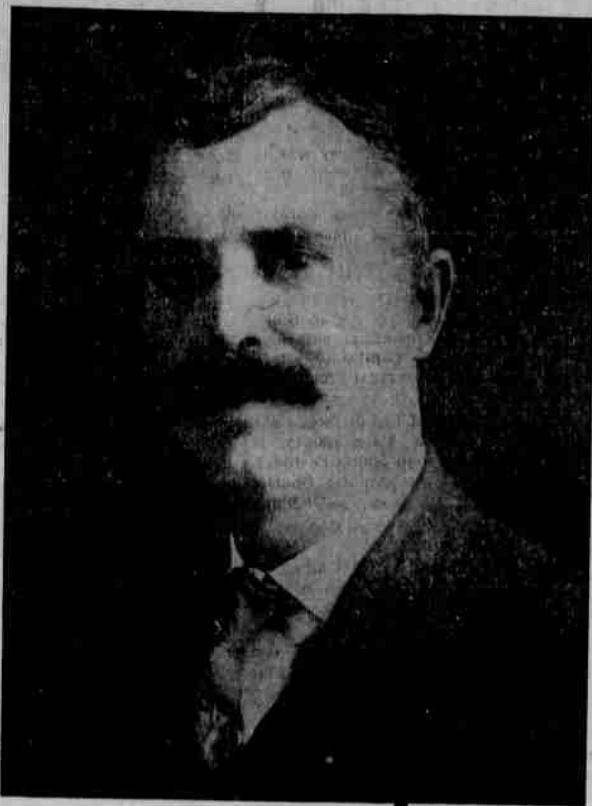
Mr. Walter exhibited a letter file in which he said he had five hundred letters from mail clerks reporting unsanitary and unsafe mail cars and said the positions of the authors would be jeopardized if the names were published.

"It is a remarkable situation that this rag law of the department should keep Congress from getting at the facts," said Chairman Moon. "We can subpoena these men but we cannot protect their jobs if they testify."

**GAS CITY CITIZENS SHOW GAS COMPANY.** Gas City, Kans., Jan. 24.—Hundreds of men and women cheered Underhill Edward Bunfee here today when he served an order on C. E. Carman, manager of the local gas company, compelling him to turn on the gas which the company ordered off yesterday.

The company's action came after a controversy with consumers over





HUGH H. WILLIAMS,  
Of Deming, President of Corporation Commission.

her quartet of little ones to work out their own destiny. With the true spirit of heroism the noble mother went to work, doing more than her full share in the pioneer development of the town, working far beyond her strength to perform the duties of homemaker, church worker and community aid. Her death in 1898 caused general mourning.

The three brothers commenced railroading at the bottom of the ladder and have worked up to conductorship. Hugh and Ellis on the Santa Fe and Ed on the S. P. The daughter, Mary, married Charlie Lee, an engineer on the S. P. at Tucson. In 1899 Hugh was married to Miss Mamie Hudson, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Richard Hudson, three children being born to this union, all passing away in infancy. Hugh started on the bottom round of the ladder and has climbed his way to his present honorable position in the new state. He served in various railroad capacities at Deming, Lordsburg, Clifton and Guthrie culminating in a main line passenger run on the Santa Fe. His school has been the school of experience and his college the college of hard knocks, but he has won out. He has just closed a term as grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of New Mexico and has been elected supreme representative for four years. He is also a Mason.

"Our Hughie," is surely "in good."

#### STRIKE BREAKERS IN TURN BECOME STRIKERS.

Harriman Officials to Meet at Salt Lake City on Thursday to Consider Difficulty.

Houston, Texas, Jan. 23.—So-called strike breakers, numbering 150, employed in the Harriman line shops walked out shortly after noon today. They declared they had declined to assent to a charge of fifty cents per day for meals, beginning yesterday. It is said the company had been giving them free board since the inauguration of the strike here October 19.

Meeting of Railroad Officials.  
Salt Lake City, Utah, Jan. 23.—A meeting of Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Oregon Short Line officials is scheduled to take place here Thursday ostensibly to arrange a revision of train schedules between Omaha and San Francisco. It is thought here that the meeting will have an important bearing on strike situation on the Harriman lines. Among the officials who will attend are President A. L. Mohler, Vice Presidents W. P. Scott and E. E. Calvin.

#### FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COM- POUND "CURES IN EVERY CASE."

Mr. Jas. McCaffery, Mgr. of the Schlitz Hotel, Omaha, Neb., recommends Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, because it cures in every case. "I have used it myself and I have recommended it to many others who have since told me of its great curative power in diseases of the throat and lungs." For all coughs and colds it is speedily effective. For sale by all druggists.

#### LOUISIANA DEMOCRATS HOLD THEIR PRIMARIES TODAY.

Three Candidates for Governor, and Five for Two Future Senatorial Vacancies.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 23.—Louisiana Democrats today are voting in a primary to determine on the next candidate for governor and to settle aspirations among five men who claim to be prospective candidates in the United States Senate, one beginning March, 1913, and the other 1915.

Success at the Democratic primaries is virtually election. The three candidates for governor are J. B. Aswell, J. T. Mitchell, and L. E. Hall.

For the Senatorial term beginning in 1913, there are two candidates: Congressman J. E. Ransdell, and Murphy J. Foster, now in office. There are three candidates for the term beginning in 1915: Governor Sanders, Congressman Robert F. Broussard, and Congressman A. P. Pulo.

#### HIGH RA-LROAD OFFICIALS INVESTIGATE WRECK.

Champaign, Ill., Jan. 24.—A committee headed by W. L. Park, vice president and general manager of the Illinois Central, convened here today to

investigate the wreck at Kimmund, Ill., which resulted in the deaths of J. T. Hanchan, F. O. Melcher, E. B. Peirce, and E. E. Wright.

#### UNITED MINE WORKERS HAVE BRIGHT IDEA.

Amend Constitution So That None But Veteran Laborers Can Be Elected to Office.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 23.—"To keep the Orville McManigals employed by the capitalists, from destroying the Miner's union," R. M. Roll of Henderson, Ky., today offered in the United Mine Workers convention, an amendment to the constitution providing that no man should be eligible to office in the national union unless he had been at work in or around a coal mine five years and been a member of the organization three years. The amendment was adopted amid cheers.

"The capitalists employed McManigal to destroy the Structural Iron Workers Union, and a man as shrewd might get at the head of the Miners' union for the same purpose," said Roll. "We know the manufacturers have paid emissaries in the unions and we must take time to become well acquainted with the character of members before we elect them to office and give them dangerous power."

#### EXECUTIVE SESSION OF BROTHERHOOD OF CARMEN.

No Strike Contemplated on Rock Island System for Present, Says Chairman McGuire.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 23.—Forty members of the Central Protective Committee of the Brotherhood of Carmen in America met in executive session here today. The committee represents all the carmen on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific lines. Despite repeated reports that the Rock Island carmen are to join the strike, now in progress on the Harriman lines, J. K. McGuire of Valley Junction, Iowa, chairman of the committee, said, i. e., possibility of strike would not be discussed.

#### BATH TUB TRUST MUST STAND TRIAL.

Judge Angell in United States Court, Refuses to Quash the Indictments.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 23.—Judge Angell in the United States Court refused today to quash the indictments against the so-called bath tub trust. The motion to quash was made in behalf of the Colwell Lead Company of New York. The decision reinstates the case, which is scheduled to come up for trial here Tuesday, January 30. There are about two score defendants.

## TAFT'S FRIENDS ARE SURPRISED

Had Not Expected Governor Hadley to Join the Roosevelt Forces

## FILIPINOS MUST BE SORE

First Provincial Republican Convention Instructs Against President

Manila, Jan. 24.—The first provincial convention in the Philippines has instructed the Republican delegates of the Pangasinan province to vote against the endorsement of President Taft at the Territorial convention.

Hadley's Position a Surprise.  
Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—Friends of the administration were surprised today at the announcement that Governor Hadley of Missouri had come out in support of the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt. Governor Hadley's support had been expected upon by political advisers of President Taft.

Hadley Broke Promise to Seemu.  
When the Missouri governor was in Washington several weeks ago, it was announced that he had practically pledged himself to support Mr. Taft for re-nomination. So confident were the political advisers of the President that Governor Hadley was working in his interest, that Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, who comes from St. Louis, practically surrendered state leadership to the governor.

Hadley Blames the Reporter.  
Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 24.—Governor Hadley today stated he had made no statement in Washington or elsewhere, that he favored the re-nomination of Mr. Taft.

The governor said the story to the effect that he was favorable to Mr. Taft was printed during the Washington visit referred to by the correspondent of a St. Louis paper, whom he took to task over the matter before leaving the National capital. The correspondent, he said, defended his action by saying he had not quoted Governor Hadley, but had credited him with being out for Mr. Taft's re-nomination, under the belief that such was the case.

## ROOSEVELT MAINTAINS SILENCE.

New York, Jan. 24.—The silence which Colonel Theodore Roosevelt has maintained regarding the discussion of his possible re-nomination was unbroken today. He declined to comment on the declaration of Governor Hadley of Missouri except to state he had read what the governor had said.

Senator Kenyon is for Cummins.  
Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—Senator William S. Kenyon of Iowa, it is said, will make public today a statement supporting the presidential candidacy of Senator Albert B. Cummins, his colleague.

Kenyon Also Likes Taft.  
Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—Senator Kenyon of Iowa, issued a statement announcing his endorsement of the Presidential candidacy of his colleague, Senator Albert B. Cummins. He said he had been earnestly for President Taft and would continue to support him if a suitable candidate had not appeared from his own state.

## LUNA COUNTY NOW HAS FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

Deming Chamber of Commerce Met With Representatives of Boards of Trade.

Deming, N. M., Jan. 23.—Representatives of the Deming Chamber of Commerce met Sunday representatives of the Douglas Chamber of Commerce at Lordsburg. The two parties proceeded in their automobiles to Deming and on the west for fifty-five miles along the south side of the Southern Pacific to Afton, where the El Paso road crosses the track, following the regular El Paso and Deming road to El Paso. The purpose is to view the road for the purpose of ascertaining its availability as a link in the ocean to ocean automobile highway. It is the plan to secure the co-operation of the three points, El Paso, Deming and Douglas to the end that this road may be made a link in this great highway, and upon report of the viewing parties as to just what is needed to be done in order to make this road available for the transcontinental automobile traffic, measures will be taken to so perfect the road.

At a recent meeting of the newly elected board of county commissioners, John Hund was elected chairman. The recently organized Luna county farmers' institute met in the Crystal theater Saturday afternoon at three o'clock, President P. K. Conaway presiding. The president announced that he would defer appointing various committees until the next meeting of the institute. A report from the committee on horticulture was presented by R. H. Case, and a lively discussion of the report followed. It dealt mainly with the varieties of apples which are best suited to conditions in this valley. The institute will meet next Saturday at the Crystal theater at two o'clock, and the regular meeting for the institute was set for the same hour the last Saturday in each month.

Rex E. Willard, soil physicist of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of New Mexico, arrived in Deming Saturday and will spend several days examining the various soils of the Mimbres valley, and collecting samples for future analyses. Saturday afternoon he went in company with Superintendent Taylor of the public schools, and R. C. Ely, to the tract of land which these gentlemen propose for a school farm, and took samples of the soil with a view to determining the products for which it is best suited.

While not having as yet made an analysis of this soil, he stated that the general character of it is excellent and that better soil for the purpose could not be desired.

Asked concerning the character of cañal which occurs in some portions of the Mimbres valley, Mr. Willard stated that the samples of cañal which he had analyzed contained nothing detrimental to plant life and on the contrary contains certain elements which are very beneficial. It also, Mr. Willard stated, made an excellent subsoil where irrigation is practiced, if it occurs at depths of from 18 inches to three or four feet.

At the quarterly conference of the Methodist church, the following building committee was appointed: Dr. P. M. Steed, J. B. Taylor, F. C. Peterson, Sam Schwing, W. P. Tossell, John M. McTeer, J. F. Dodderer and W. R. Bilbro. This committee met Saturday at the Bank hotel for the purpose of considering the erection of a new Methodist church in Deming. The unanimous sentiment of the committee as expressed is for the erection of a \$15,000 church in Deming. An executive committee will be appointed to carry out the wishes of the committee in this regard.

William H. Young, better known as "Apache Bill," arrived in Deming Saturday, his first visit to this place in sixteen years. Bill has been in this section off and on since 1852, coming here from Pennsylvania. He served in the Civil War with the 18th Pennsylvania Volunteer regiment of heavy artillery, and fought at Gold Harbor, Spottsylvania, and the Wilderness. He derives his sobriquet "Apache Bill" from the fact that he spent six years in the captivity of the Apache Indians. He also served as international collector of stolen stock in this section in the eighties. His duties then took him back and forth across the Mexican border in search of stolen stock. Bill states that he has heard so much of Deming lately that he decided to come, and if possible, remain in Deming. He said that the last time he was here, the present site of the Deckert building was a corral, and that there was a little broken down saloon on the site now occupied by the Deming National bank.

Captain Parker of Silver City is in Deming for a few days. He contemplates going into the fruit business here in the valley.

Loyd Bigler of Mesilla Park, is here on business.

L. W. Underwood and wife of Phoenix, Ariz., are here and expect to make this their future home.

## MODERN WOODMEN WILL REVISE INSURANCE RATES.

Twelve Hundred Delegates Attend Annual National Convention at Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 25.—The National Convention of the Modern Woodmen of America, was called to order today with twelve hundred delegates in attendance.

Head Consul A. R. Talbot, presided and in a welcoming address Governor Deneen lauded the insurance laws of the state of Illinois as being the best in the nation.

The program calls for the consideration of the proposed revision of the insurance rates of the order and it is expected this feature will be taken up later in the day.

## IRISH UNIONISTS TO FIGHT IRISH NATIONALISTS

Difference of Opinion Over Home Rule Compels English to Mobilize Its Troops.

Belfast, Ireland, Jan. 23.—Several regiments of cavalry and infantry today were ordered to hold themselves in readiness to come to Belfast at short notice, in consequence of the inflamed stage of passion awakened among both Nationalists and Unionists by the announcement of the coming demonstrations concerning home rule.

The maneuver of the Unionists in threatening to blockade Ulster Hall, where the home rule demonstration is to take place, has incensed the Liberals and Nationalists and trouble looms up distinctly.

## MODERATE VOLUME OF BUSINESS IN WOOL.

Values Are Advancing But Trading is Considerably Below That of Last Month.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 23.—A moderate volume of business is being transacted in domestic wool, although the trading is considerably below that of last month. Prices hold firm and holders say there will be no shading. Fine wools are in moderate demand but the values are advancing to equalize the rise in coarser grades.

Territory in original bags sells from 13 to 21c. Scoured, fine staple territory brings 61 to 62c. Texas wool steady.

## RESULT OF RACES ON JUAREZ TRACK TODAY.

Juarez, Mex., Jan. 23.—Weather clear, track fast. First race, one mile Don Diego, 112; Taplin 7 to 1, first. Onatansa, 115; Estep 6 to 1, second. Mamac, 107; Gross 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:40. Skilute, Dottle B. Velin, Heretic, Judith Page, Sam Barber, Lombard, ran.

## CABINET OF PREMIER CANALEJAS HAS RESIGNED.

Coolness With King Alfonso Over Pardon of Revolutionists is the Cause.

Madrid, Jan. 23.—Premier Canalejas' cabinet virtually has resigned. It is understood that the contemplated retirement of the ministry is due to the coolness of King Alfonso in his audience with Premier Canalejas in regard to the commutation of the death sentences pronounced on the revolutionists involved in the murder of a judge and the wounding of several court officials at Cullera, in the province of Valencia, last September.

## DISAPPEARED AT ALBUQUERQUE

Twenty-Four Years Old Armenian Was Lost From Santa Fe Train

## DETECTIVES ON THE SEARCH

Traced Across Continent From Boston to Depot in Duke City.

Albuquerque, N. M., Jan. 24.—That Samen Safer, 24 years old, a well-to-do Armenian of Boston, en route to his brother's home in San Francisco disappeared from a Santa Fe train here on November 12, and has never been seen since despite a search by Santa Fe officials, and detectives that extended across the country was learned here today.

A Santa Fe conductor made a record of the ticket into this city but no further record of it has been found by the Santa Fe.

A search of the hospitals, hotels and rooming houses here was without result. Foul play is feared.

## ALL EXPLOSIONS TOOK PLACE NORTH OF OHIO.

Yet, C. M. Bobo of Tennessee, Was Important Witness Before the Dynamite Grand Jury.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 1.—C. M. Bobo, of Tallahoma, Tenn., testified in the Federal investigation of the dynamite conspiracy today after he had volunteered his presence. Although it was pointed out that none of the 100 explosions under investigation occurred south of the Ohio river, Bobo was said to have given important evidence. Orville McManigal, the confessed dynamiter, later again testified. It was decided today not to return McManigal to Los Angeles until after the work here is completed.

## FORT PASSES FROM MILITARY TO MEDICAL USE.

Twenty-third Infantry Leaves and State of Texas Will Establish Tuberculosis Sanatorium.

Brackettsville, Texas, Jan. 23.—The passing of Fort Clarke, Texas, from military to medical uses, began today when the last company of infantry stationed there, the Twenty-third, left for Indianapolis. It is proposed to establish a state tuberculosis sanatorium on the fort's site.

One company of cavalry, the Third, is still quartered at the fort but it is expected to leave for the Philippines next June.

## MADE NO ALLOWANCE FOR HIDES IN 1909.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 24.—Although no allowance was made for hides in 1909, and during a part of 1910, in figuring the test cost of beef, the books of the National Packing Company, show that in that period the corporation received from the sale of hides \$3,669,050.67.

The sales by months were given by William E. Webster, general auditor of the National Packing Company, who began his fourth day on the witness stand, in the packers' trial today.

The government contends that by not allowing credits on hides in this period, the packers materially increased their test cost on beef and were enabled to raise the price to consumers without showing an excessive profit on their books.

Webster admitted that the value of hides during this period, varied from two to four cents a pound, according to quality.

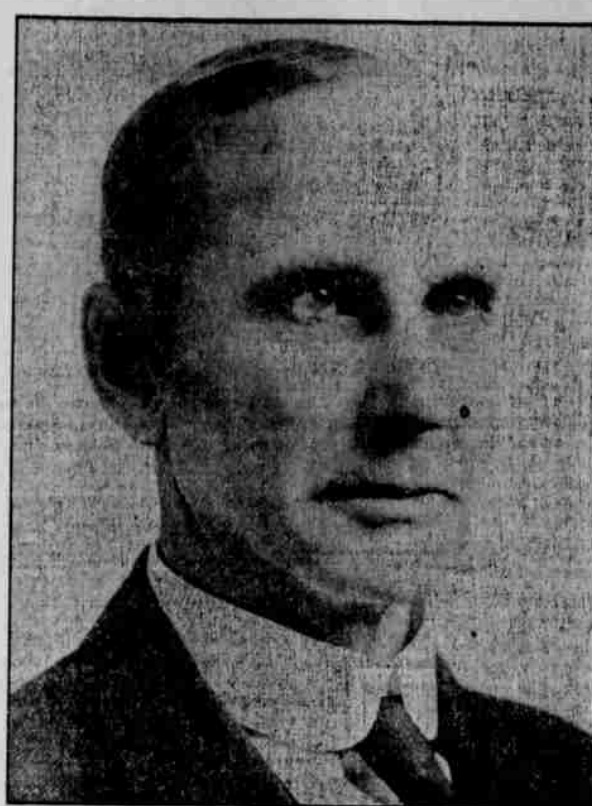
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Chicago, Jan. 24.—Weber said the plant of Ruddy Bros., at Kansas City, had been continuously operated from the time of its purchase by the National Packing Company in 1905 until thirty days ago when it was closed for repairs. The Viles and Robbins plant at St. Joseph was a subsidiary of the Omaha Packing Company and had not been in operation for several years at the time the National Packing Company was organized, he said. The Northwestern Glue Company was organized by the National Packing Company and had been engaged in the manufacture of glue for several years, according to Weber. The \$2,000,000 charged against the New York Butcher's Dressed Beef Association was not all for the purchase of the company, the witness testified. About half the amount was for the development of the corporation's business.

Before entering the employ of the National Packing Company, Weber said he was part owner of the Peoria Packing Company, an independent concern in 1883. At that time his company used a test cost of beef and made a killing charge of \$1.75 a head.

Weber said he believed it would be impracticable to conduct a dressed beef business without using a test cost.

Charles Durham, Lovington, Ill., has succeeded in finding a positive cure for bed wetting. "My little boy wet the bed every night clear thro' on the floor. I tried several kinds of kidney medicine and I was in the drug store looking for something different to help him when I heard of Foley Kidney Pills. After he had taken them two days we could see a change and when he had taken two-thirds of a bottle he was cured. That is about six weeks ago and he has not wet in bed since." For sale by all druggists.



WILLIAM HERRING CHRISTMAN,  
Who Will Represent San Juan County in the House.

this time he came to Mapleton, Iowa,

and entered into a law firm with his brother, Charles, and his father, who was then county attorney. He also bought large tracts of land and engaged in stock raising.

He was married to Carlotta C. Downs in 1895. They have one child, Roswell, given the name of his great grandfather, after whom the town of Roswell, New Mexico, was named.

Mr. Christman spent some time at Des Moines, Iowa, helping get laws passed at the state legislature; and this experience, coupled with his legal ability will be valuable to him in the legislature of New Mexico.

In 1907, he came to New Mexico for his son's health. As the climate was beneficial and Mr. Christman liked the country, he bought the Philip Nelson ranch, below Aztec. Later he invested in eighty acres of new land and built a comfortable home upon it a mile west of Aztec, where he now lives. The past summer he also bought a residence property at Aztec.

He is a thorough farmer and stockman. His enterprise is shown by his work on improvements, as he has spent about \$3,000 on his home place. Besides this he has built roads, a stone barn 18 by 60 feet; a reservoir, ten miles of fence on some desert land, and cleared and grubbed timber land that will come under the high-line ditch on the west side of the Animas. From his Iowa farm he has imported some of the finest registered Percheron horses in this country, that took six prizes at the latest Farmington fair.

In business he is level-headed and thoroughly reliable, and has never made an unsuccessful business venture in his life. It will be a pleasure to the people of the state to know he will use the same carefulness and honesty in expending the public funds.

In politics Mr. Christman has always been a Republican.

He has always taken an active interest in Sunday school work, having been superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal Sunday school of Mapleton, Iowa, for about fifteen years and president of the Monona County Sunday School Association in Iowa for several years. At this time he is president of the San Juan County Sunday School Association and an active worker in church circles.

In short, the people of San Juan county have reason to place great confidence in Mr. Christman as a gentleman of practical business ability and broad progressive ideas, with a clean, upright Christian character worthy of their respect and support.

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Chicago, Jan. 24.—Weber said the plant of Ruddy Bros., at Kansas City, had been continuously operated from the time of its purchase by the National Packing Company in 1905 until thirty days ago when it was closed for repairs. The Viles and Robbins plant at St. Joseph was a subsidiary of the Omaha Packing Company and had not been in operation for several years at the time the National Packing Company was organized, he said. The Northwestern Glue Company was organized by the National Packing Company and had been engaged in the manufacture of glue for several years, according to Weber. The \$2,000,000 charged against the New York Butcher's Dressed Beef Association was not all for the purchase of the company, the witness testified. About half the amount was for the development of the corporation's business.

Before entering the employ of the National Packing Company, Weber said he was part owner of the Peoria Packing Company, an independent concern in 1883. At that time his company used a test cost of beef and made a killing charge of \$1.75 a head.

Weber said he believed it would be impracticable to conduct a dressed beef business without using a test cost.

Charles Durham, Lovington, Ill., has succeeded in finding a positive cure for bed wetting. "My little boy wet the bed every night clear thro' on the floor. I tried several kinds of kidney medicine and I was in the drug store looking for something different to help him when I heard of Foley Kidney Pills. After he had taken them two days we could see a change and when he had taken two-thirds of a bottle he was cured. That is about six weeks ago and he has not wet in bed since." For sale by all druggists.

Charles Durham, Lovington, Ill., has succeeded in finding a positive cure for bed wetting. "My little boy wet the bed every night clear thro' on the floor. I tried several kinds of kidney medicine and I was in the drug store looking for something different to help him when I heard of Foley Kidney Pills. After he had taken them two days we could see a change and when he had taken two-thirds of a bottle he was cured. That is about six weeks ago and he has not wet in bed since." For sale by all druggists.

## SEVERAL TEXAS TOWNS LIFT MENINGITIS QUARANTINE.

Fifty Places Had Raised Embargo Against Northern and Central Portions of State.

Dallas, Texas, Jan. 3.—Of the fifty or more Texas towns that established rigid quarantine against the meningitis epidemic that centered in the northern and central part of the state, several today announced the embargo has been lifted. The largest of these towns—Bryan, abandoned the quarantine last night.

## JOHNNY COULON AND SID SMITH ARE MATCHED.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—T. S. Andrews, the Milwaukee promoter, today obtained the agreement of Johnny Coulon, bantamweight champion of the world, to fight Sid Smith, the flyweight, 112 pound champion of England. The contest will be for twenty rounds before the club offering the best prize.

## ARTICLES OF PEACE SIGNED IN ECUADOR.

This Ends Revolution That Caused Much Loss of Life and Property.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—Articles of peace, bringing to an end the revolution in Ecuador, have been signed by the leaders of the federal troops and revolutionists at Guayaquil. It was officially reported to the state department today from the American consul there.

When you want a reliable medicine for a cough or cold take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all dealers.



## Personal Mention.

**THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1912.**  
R. M. Carmon of Colorado Springs, is an arrival at the Sanitarium.

M. A. Gonzales, Republican leader at Abiquiu, is a guest at the Palace.

He is the new clerk of Rio Arriba county.

W. M. Taber of Glorieta, is a visitor to the capital and a guest at the Palace.

Frank Murray, a ranchman of Moriarty, Torrance county, is in the city on business.

W. D. Waltman of San Acacio, Colo., is in the city in the interest of an irrigation project.

Eptimeno Romero, a ranchman of Numbé, was in the city yesterday disposing of some fine alfalfa in the local market.

B. Carner, of the Santa Barbara Pole and Tie Company of Hodges, Taos county, is a late arrival at the Montezuma.

L. O. Fuller of Roswell, formerly district attorney, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and registered at the Palace. He came on irrigation and land business and left for home tonight.

County School Superintendent John V. Conway left the city today for an inspection tour of the southern school districts.

Judge J. B. McManus, of Albuquerque, who was here to attend the inauguration of Governor McDonald, departed last night for his home.

Miss Rebecca Enriques of Fort Sumner, returned to her home last evening after attending the social functions incident to the inauguration.

A. J. Luna and M. A. Otero, Jr., cadets of the Military Institute of Roswell, returned to their studies after attending the inauguration ceremonies.

Juan Florencio de Ortiz, southern Santa Fe county, who was injured in a rock crusher there some time ago, is in the city receiving treatment for his injuries.

Thomas Romero of Abiquiu, Rio Arriba county, a ranchman, arrived in Santa Fe yesterday and transacted business. He will return to his home today.

Judge A. B. Fall of Three Rivers, changed his plans at the last moment and accompanied his family to Pueblo, Colo., where they will visit Mrs. Everhart. His secretary, Harry G. Clunn, remained in Santa Fe.

Mr. and Mrs. Trinidad C. de Baca of Wagon Mound, are guests in Santa Fe. Mr. de Baca is an applicant for the position of superintendent of the state penitentiary.

J. D. Hand of Los Alamos, San Miguel county, a Democratic leader, left for home last evening. He was here with Mrs. Hand to view the inauguration ceremonies.

R. Unes, a prominent merchant of Bernalillo, formerly of Santa Fe, and a partner of N. Salmon, is in the city, visiting friends. He will depart for his home tomorrow.

Dr. D. McGilvery and his family of Crown Point, McKinley county, were arrivals last night at the Montezuma. Mr. McGilvery is a member of the state legislature.

Corporation Commissioner M. S. Groves, who drew the long term as a member of the commission, returned to his home in Carlsbad today. He will return next week and his family will follow later in spring.

The Rev. A. Rabeyrolle of East Las Vegas, and the Rev. C. Plantard of Chaperito, are priests visiting the city. They are guests at the Palace. Father Rabeyrolle was formerly parish priest of Guadalupe church in this city.

State Treasurer and Mrs. O. N. Marron left last evening for Albuquerque. Mr. Marron will make his headquarters at the Sanitarium and local society will be pleased to learn that Mrs. Marron will be a frequent visitor in the capital.

Deputy Insurance Commissioner Peter A. M. Lienau left last evening for Albuquerque, where he will meet Insurance Commissioner John P. Roche of New York and with him examine the books of the Occidental Insurance Company.

Superintendent of Public Instruction and Mrs. Alvan N. White left for Silver City last evening. Mr. White will return in a few days. He has rented the cottage that is being built by J. Sparks on Sholly street, and will occupy it with his family by February 1.

N. Salmon, the merchant of this city, will depart February 1 for New York City, St. Louis, Washington, D. C., Philadelphia, and other eastern points. Mr. Salmon, whose store is now a very large one, will put in one of the largest stocks of ladies' furnishings in the southwest. In addition he will replenish his general stock by the addition of summer goods.

**FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1912.**  
Dr. W. J. Brown, the ranchman from Espanola, is a guest at the Montezuma.

Architect I. H. Rapp will leave this evening for Trinidad, Colorado, to spend several days.

C. N. Blackwell, the banker of Raton, arrived in the city last night and registered at the Palace.

F. W. Drake, of the Santa Barbara Pole and Tie Company, arrived in the city from Tres Piedras yesterday.

J. H. Crist has gone to Lumberton, Rio Arriba county, to attend to legal business. He will be gone several days.

Teodoro Ortiz, clerk of the school district of Numbé, is in the city on business connected with the schools of that town.

Henry Pollard, who ran for county superintendent of schools on the Democratic ticket, has just returned from a visit to his home in Santa Cruz.

Probate Judge Julius Staub, returned last night from Santa Fe, where he went to witness the inauguration of Governor McDonald.—Albuquerque Herald.

A. A. Jones, chairman of the Democratic central committee, who has been in the city for the past few days, returned to his home in Las Vegas last evening.

Melton Torres, chairman of the Democratic Central committee for Socorro county, was in the city yesterday, returning home from Santa Fe.—Albuquerque Herald.

Howell Ernest of Clayton, Union county, has been the guest of Commissioner of Public Lands and Mrs. R. P. Ervlen, the latter his sister, over the inauguration.

Mrs. C. Malette, who has been in the city for some time, departed last evening for Los Angeles, Cal., to join her husband who is in the automobile business there.

James A. French, government engineer whose headquarters are in El Paso, returned to that place last evening. Mr. French has been in the city looking up records.

Good Roads Engineer W. R. Smythe returned last night from a short business trip to Santa Fe. Mr. Smythe was a visitor in Santa Fe during the inauguration.—Las Vegas Optic.

Judge and Mrs. Frank W. Parker left the city yesterday for their home in Las Cruces. Judge Parker will return to the Capital Monday for the meeting of the State Supreme Court.

Mrs. Ralph Henderson, the well known violinist of Albuquerque, who will assist Miss Mary McFie at her recital tonight at the Elks' theatre, arrived in the city on the noon train.

Antonio Rivera, clerk of Taos county, left the city yesterday with the court records and court funds of the county. The accounts of Taos county were checked by John Joerns, traveling auditor.

William Johnson, special agent for the Denver & Rio Grande railroad with headquarters in Alamosa, is in the city looking for some box car thieves who broke jail after he had rounded them up.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Blunt came down from Santa Fe Friday. Mrs. Blunt submitted five year proof on claim south of town filed on by her mother, Mrs. Petra Duran, deceased.—Morning Messenger.

Harvey B. Ferguson, Jr., son of Congressman Ferguson, left last night for Washington, where he will spend the winter with his father. While there he will study law in Columbia University.—Albuquerque Herald.

J. I. Cusack, who is getting out a special edition for the Albuquerque Morning Journal, and who has been in the city the past week, soliciting advertisements for the edition, returned to his home in Albuquerque last night.

J. J. Luke, superintendent of the fourth division of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, arrived in the city last night from Alamosa in his private car. He is here on business connected with the road and will return to his home today.

Nathan Jaffa, former secretary of New Mexico, and family will, if their plans do not miscarry, return to their former home in Roswell early next week. Mr. Jaffa intends to devote his time for the present to his private banking and other business interests.

James O'Byrne, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Sadie O'Byrne, returned last night from Santa Fe after spending several days in the Capital City. Mr. and Miss O'Byrne were among the Las Vegas delegation who went to Santa Fe Sunday to attend the inaugural of the first state officers.—Las Vegas Optic.

Arthur Everett spent yesterday in Santa Fe. Attorney C. D. Cleveland of Santa Fe, is registered at the Alvarado. Thomas R. Catron of Santa Fe, candidate for the U. S. Senate, was a visitor in Albuquerque yesterday and attended the banquet last night at the Alvarado in honor of Judge Ira Abbott. Ralph Easley of Santa Fe, came down yesterday.—Albuquerque Journal.

**SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1912.**  
Antonio C. de Baca of Santa Rosa, is a visitor in the Capital.

Ramon, Boston, ranchman from Santa Cruz, is in the city on business. Joann V. Mayes made a trip to the Mealls Valley the latter part of this week.

The Rev. L. Delaville, a priest of Penasco, Taos county, is a guest at the Palace.

J. H. O'Reilly, a prominent insurance man of Albuquerque, is a Santa Fe visitor.

State Senator Squire Hart, Jr., will arrive from Taos next Wednesday evening.

An automobile party is planned to leave Santa Fe next Wednesday morning for Taos.

County Clerk M. A. Gonzales of Rio Arriba county, left this forenoon for his home at Abiquiu.

Tom Burch, a ranchman of Alamogordo, is in the city disposing of produce in the local market.

E. C. Pegg, of the forest service, arrived in the Capital last evening from his headquarters near Espanola.

Register M. R. Otero, convalescing from a severe illness, left for Albuquerque to spend several weeks.

A. W. McDermid, an employee of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad, arrived in the city yesterday from St. Louis.

D. B. Clark, of the Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company, returned to his home in El Paso last evening.

Captain J. S. Lea, a member of the penitentiary board, arrived in Santa Fe last night from his home in Roswell.

Mrs. Henry Essinger left this afternoon for El Paso to visit with her daughter. She expects to return in a week.

Atocha Romero, ranchman of Numbé, arrived in the Capital last night, and is paying taxes today at the county court house.

Pedro Ortiz y Pino of Gallisteo, arrived in the city yesterday for the christening of his daughter who was born in Santa Fe.

The Guild of the Church of the Holy Faith met with Mrs. N. B. Laughlin yesterday afternoon at her home on Don Gaspar avenue.

George Davis, a ranchman living near Gallisteo, arrived in the city this morning and is transacting business with the local merchants.

Dr. Israel J. Blankard, a well known surgeon, and his wife, from Cleveland, Ohio, are now making their home at the Summit Sanatorium.

The younger set of Las Vegas will give a leap year ball February 14 next at which a number of the same set of this city will be present.

A Staab will return to his home here today from Albuquerque, where he has been on business and visiting his son, Probate Judge Julius Staub.

Mrs. J. Frank Curran returned from Tempe, Ariz., Saturday night, where she has been for several weeks visiting her father.—Wagon Mound Post-Dispatch.

Former Delegate to Congress W. H. Andrews was last heard from in New York a few days ago, but is expected to drop in sometime next week, at Santa Fe and at Albuquerque.

J. C. Kaufman, the motor car man of Alamosa, returned to Santa Fe last night and registered at the Montezuma. Mr. Kaufman has a large garage in this city under construction.

Jose Ortiz y Pino of Gallisteo, of the board of county commissioners, and a member of the penitentiary board, arrived in the Capital late last night and was a guest at the Montezuma.

Rev. S. Alonso Bright of Albuquerque, superintendent of Methodist Episcopal missions, is a guest of Rev. J. H. Shiner and will preach tomorrow in St. John's Methodist Episcopal church.

County School Superintendent John V. Conway returned yesterday afternoon from an inspection trip to the southern school districts of Santa Fe county. He qualified for his new term this afternoon.

The Choral Society will meet next Monday evening at the residence of Simon Nushbaum. The time of meeting was changed from Tuesday on account of the several other meetings that will be held that night.

The Joy Club was delightfully entertained Monday evening at the home of Miss Helen Winter at cards. The club attended the official reception at the Palace of the Governor's after which they spent a most enjoyable evening with Miss Winter.

The executive committee in charge of the inaugural exercises, Mayor Arthur Seligman, acting chairman, take this means to thank the members of all other committees, and all others, who assisted in making the inauguration exercises so brilliant a success.

Mrs. Antonio Lucero and Miss Lucero, who are already social favorites in Santa Fe, have returned to their present home in Las Vegas, but expect to return to the Capital in the near future to make their permanent residence.

Juan Ortiz, father of Jose Ortiz y Pino, the present chairman of the board of county commissioners, and of Pedro Ortiz y Pino, a prominent merchant and stockman of Gallisteo, arrived in the city yesterday. He was present at the christening of his grandchild at the Cathedral.

Miss Massie gave a tea on Friday afternoon to some of the out-of-town visitors who came to see the inauguration of Governor McDonald and to attend the social functions incident to it. The guests numbered many and the affair was as delightful as it was elegant.

Mrs. H. R. Phillips, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Walker of Grant avenue, for the past week, will leave the city Monday for Raton where she will spend a few days with relatives. From Raton Mrs. Phillips will return to her home in Denver.

Attorneys Charles Springer of Cimarron, and Charles A. Spies of Las Vegas, State Senator L. C. Hild of Las Vegas and several others are negotiating for the McFie residence near the Capitol, which they will occupy during the legislative session.

The Misses Pearl and Lola Galleher of Johnson Street gave a tea this afternoon to a few of their friends. The following were invited: Miss Genevieve Morrison, Miss Sylvia Morrison, Miss Anna Baca of Albuquerque, Miss Dorothy Griffin, Miss Edith Marmon and Mrs. Frank Kiefe.

Mrs. F. J. Lavan entertained the Thirteen club at cards this afternoon at her home on Grant avenue. Besides the members of the club the following guests were present: Mrs. Carlos Creamer, Mrs. W. G. Sargent and Miss Florence Spitz.

W. B. Freeman, former district engineer of the water resources of the Geological Survey, left the city this morning for Tucuman, where he will look after private irrigation projects. Mr. Freeman will engage in the future in general engineering practice with offices in Denver.

Attorney and Mrs. Llewellyn C. Hall of Virginia, are recent arrivals in Santa Fe, coming to join Mr. Hall's brother and family who have been guests of Rev. and Mrs. B. Z. McCullough. Messrs. Hall have leased the Grimshaw cottage on Grant avenue and will open a law office on the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Howell Ervlen of Clayton, Union county, who have been the guests of Commissioner of Public Lands and Mrs. Ervlen all this week, expect to return to Clayton early next week. They made many new friends during their stay in this city, who hope that Mr. and Mrs. Ervlen will soon make their home in the Capital.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hand, after attending the inauguration exercises, have returned to their home at Los Alamos. Mr. Hand has just had seven unique Chimayo blankets woven at Chimayo, northern Santa Fe county, the design including the American flag, the "Blue Ball" and the Indians "J. D." in white and blue. One blanket will be retained by Mr. Hand and the others presented to Congress-

man Henry D. Flood, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Senator Owen and Senator Reed.

An affair which rarely occurs, was the celebration of the Golden Wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Smith which took place Tuesday at the home of their granddaughter, Mrs. F. E. Nuding of Lincoln avenue.

Throughout the day there were many callers to extend congratulations to the happy couple who stood under a large bell of smilax and violets as they shook hands with each well-wisher. The house was tastefully decorated with smilax and bridal roses.

The next day, Mr. and Mrs. Smith departed for Albuquerque traveling overland in a motor car to make a "Golden Wedding" journey.

It is many years since Santa Fe has felt so keenly the departure of a family as it does the going away of former Territorial Secretary and Mrs. Nathan Jaffa, their daughters, the Misses Julia and Eleanor, and son Benhur.

Mr. and Mrs. Jaffa who came here from Roswell, more than four years ago, entered into the activities of the capital with such zest and loyalty to their new home, that they became immediate favorites, socially, in business, politically and in every circle with which they came in contact. It seems a shame that Santa Fe permits their return to Roswell.

The new State certainly is a loser by not retaining Mr. Jaffa in some official position or other. Here's hoping for an early return to Santa Fe of Mr. Jaffa and family!

The reception given in honor of Mrs. H. S. Bowman by Mrs. M. T. Dunlavy on Capitol Heights was one of the most elaborate of the present social season. Some 125 guests were present.

The dining room was decorated in pink, roses filling the vases placed on the table and about the room, pink ribbons swaying from the chandeliers, while the same material was used to trim the dining table.

Pink candles and shades completed the color scheme. The reception room, which opens immediately on the dining room, was tastefully decorated after the same scheme with the addition of festoons of smilax and banks of the same delicate green which turned the room into a veritable bower.

Mrs. N. B. Laughlin poured cream in the dining room and Mrs. A. M. Berger presided at the percolator. They were assisted by Miss Florence Spitz, Miss Stella Berger, Miss May Berger, Miss Julia Jaffa and Mrs. Creamer. Mrs. John R. McFie, Mrs. E. P. Davies, Mrs. F. E. Nuding, Mrs. T. Z. Winter, Mrs. C. O. Harrison and Miss Ruth Laughlin assisted the hostess in the reception room.

Father Julius Harman has returned from a trip through the Estancia Valley.

D. T. Hoskins, the Las Vegas banker, arrived this afternoon to attend the penitentiary board meeting, he being a member of the board.

Mrs. S. Spitz entertained the Saturday Card Club this afternoon at her home on Palace avenue in honor of Mrs. Nathan Jaffa. As this was the last of the social functions at which Mrs. Jaffa was able to be present before leaving the city, the club invited a number of guests, all of whom are close friends of the wife of the retiring secretary of New Mexico.

Besides the members of the club the following were present: Mrs. Howell Ervlen, of Clayton; Mrs. J. J. Palen, Mrs. J. A. Rolis, Mrs. E. R. Wright of Alamogordo, and Mrs. N. B. Laughlin. After bridge had been played the members and guests sat down to a dainty luncheon.

The Wallace club met this afternoon at the home of Miss McGibben on Palace avenue. Besides the members of the club the Misses Huston, March, Schuler, Grygala and Laughlin were present as guests.

On the east wall of the reception room of the Old Palace are hung a new group of Indian paintings by Gerald Cassidy, a well known artist of Denver. The largest canvases, and the one which immediately attracts attention, is a life size figure of a Pueblo Indian, painted as Taos, which the artist has named "Que Bueno."

In the belief of the Indian destiny has set the fate of the red man, so why struggle against fate? It is wonderfully striking in conception and execution, and faithful in color. Mr. Cassidy has already received an offer of \$5,000 for this picture.

The "Indian and his Altar," a water color, shows a typical Navajo in his red blanket, standing beside his altar in the brilliant sunshine. "A Street Scene in Laguna," is an oil painting, giving a faithful reproduction of every day life in this Indian village. Besides these are several water color sketches of Indians in characteristic poses; one showing the oldest inhabitant of Isleta. Indians are a specialty with Mr. Cassidy and he is making a particular study of them from a scientific and historical standpoint.

He and Mrs. Cassidy, who is a well known writer of western short stories, under the pen name of Perlyna Sizer, and special correspondent of the Northern Press Syndicate to New York, have come to Santa Fe to spend several months for the purpose of painting the ruins and Indians, and writing up the special points of interest about here, after which they will make an extended trip overland through New Mexico, Arizona and into Old Mexico for the purpose of visiting and studying the different tribes of Indians.

Mrs. Cassidy is vice president of the National Alliance of Unitarian Women, whose headquarters are in Boston, with branch societies in nearly every state, and in Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy were but recently married, and are now at home at 602 Gallisteo Street.

Edward Spitz and P. McFarland are visitors in Santa Fe.

City Attorney Hugh J. Collins of Albuquerque, is in the Capital.

State Treasurer O. N. Marron came down from Albuquerque yesterday.

Attorney R. P. Barnes of Silver City, former district attorney is in the Capital.

S. Spitz went to Albuquerque this morning on Grand Lodge Masonic business.

Attorney Francis C. Wilson has re-

**Send for the KC COOK'S BOOK—its FREE.**

Every Housewife Should Have a Copy

By Mrs. Janet McKenzie Hill, Editor of the Boston Cooking School Magazine

The Cook's Book has been prepared at a cost of many thousands of dollars, in the interest of better and healthier cooking. It shows the way to reduce the cost of living, containing as it does over 90 thoroughly tested, tried and proven recipes that will be successful every time, if the few simple directions are followed.

This is truly a wonderful book, showing as it does in hundreds of ways how to lighten the good housewife's burdens and solving life's problems successfully. It really must be seen to be appreciated, for the recipes are illustrated in natural colors. Those who have seen it, immediately say: "It's the best Cook Book I've ever seen"—and you will too.

You can secure a copy of this valuable book absolutely free by attaching the colored certificate packed in 2-cent cans of K.C. Baking Powder to this advertisement, sending them to the JACQUES MFG. CO., Chicago, Ill. Write your name and address plainly.

turned from an official trip to Albuquerque.

Captain Fred Hoffman of the mounted police, has gone to Estancia on court business.

Judge Frank W. Parker has returned from Las Cruces to attend the supreme court session.

U. S. Mine Inspector Jo E. Sheridan of Silver City is a visitor in Santa Fe on official business.

Former Attorney General W. C. Reid of Roswell is in Santa Fe on supreme court business.

G. F. Murray, of the Santa Barbara Pole and Tie Company at Hodges, is a guest at the Montezuma.

Higinio Martinez of Truchas, Rio Arriba county, at one time a member of the legislature, is in Santa Fe.

J. F. Hutchinson, editor of the Colfax County Stockman at Springer, is in Santa Fe and called on Governor McDonald today.

C. E. Doll, a traveling salesman, who makes his home here, arrived this morning, and will remain for several days.

State Senator and Mrs. B. F. Pankey returned last evening from an outing to their ranch on the Eaton grant in southern Santa Fe county.

Douglas Walker is expected home tomorrow from an overland business trip, which he is making in a motor car to Taos.

Leroy O. Moore, chief of the field division of the general land office, leaves the city tonight for Washington, D. C., where he is called on official business. Mr. Moore will be absent from his duties here a week.

R. L. Baca, state senator and candidate for the speakership of the Senate, and George W. Armijo, clerk of the corporation commission, were the guests at dinner yesterday of Antonio Lucero, Secretary of State.

C. J. Roberts, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New Mexico, arrived in the city yesterday from his home in Raton. He will preside at the sessions of the Supreme Court which began today.

Among the attorneys who were at Estancia last week were Judge Edward R. Wright and Assistant District Attorney E. P. Davies.

T. J. Guilford, an expert accountant of Albuquerque, and Mrs. Guilford, are guests at the Montezuma. Mr. Guilford is a candidate for traveling auditor.

Carl Young, is a Japanese salesman working out of Ann Arbor, who is in Santa Fe. He speaks English with ease and has all the characteristics of the "drummer."

Deputy Superintendent of Insurance Peter A. M. Lienau returned to Albuquerque this morning to complete the official investigation of the Occidental Insurance companies.

Judge and Mrs. W. H. Pope and Mrs. Pope's sisters, the Misses Hull, expect to take possession of their Santa Fe residence, 397 East Palace avenue, by February 1.

Attorney Summers Burkhardt, who was a candidate for the supreme bench of the State on the Democratic ticket, arrived in Santa Fe yesterday and registered at the Montezuma.

Miss DeHoff, Miss Ledyard and Mrs. Hosmer, are teachers in the public schools of New York who are making a western sight-seeing tour. They were in Santa Fe yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Jaffa, Miss Jaffa and Master Jaffa left this morning for Roswell, their former and their future home. They went by way of Albuquerque and the Belen cutoff. A party of friends saw them off this morning at the Santa Fe depot.

E. D. Fowler, who conducts a garage in Las Vegas, and H. B. Hubbard, the owner of a restaurant in the same city, stopped over in Santa Fe yesterday on their way home from Albuquerque, making the trip overland in a motor car.

Bird S. Coler of New York, who has been on the Pacific coast, is a guest of Mrs. and Mrs. Charles A. Spies at Las Vegas and may visit Santa Fe before going East. Mr. Coler stands high in the councils of the Democratic party in New York and has held high official positions. He has always been greatly interested in New Mexican affairs.

Judge and Mrs. Florin Collins of Illinois are guests at the Sanitarium since Friday and will become permanent residents of Santa Fe, Mr. Collins expecting to open a law office here, as he has property interests in this section. He was for nine years a judge of the circuit court, for six years an associate justice of the su-

preme court in the Canal Zone and speaker of the House of Representatives of the Illinois legislature at the same time that Judge John R. McFie sat in the same body.

**TUESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1912.**  
District Judge E. C. Abbott is expected home from Denver today.

John Stafford and M. E. Dodge, livermen of Espanola, are guests at the Coronado.

W. D. Shea of the D. & R. G., returned this afternoon from a business trip to El Paso, Texas.

Attorney Ildefonso Baca, of Albuquerque, arrived in Santa Fe last evening and registered at the Palace.

W. C. Black, division superintendent of the Postal Telegraph Company, will arrive tonight from Las Vegas.

Mrs. R. S. Garcia, who conducts the general store and post office at Pinos Wells, Torrance county, is a visitor in the city and a guest at the Coronado.

I. Sparks, former manager of the local telephone plant, left the city yesterday for Denver where he will spend the next few days transacting business.

Theodore Espe, special land agent with headquarters at Santa Fe, was in the city last Saturday in the interest of the government.—Roy Spanish-American.

James Handless, the advance agent for the "Missouri Girl," a comedy that will be seen next Monday night at the Elks' theatre, is a guest at the Coronado.

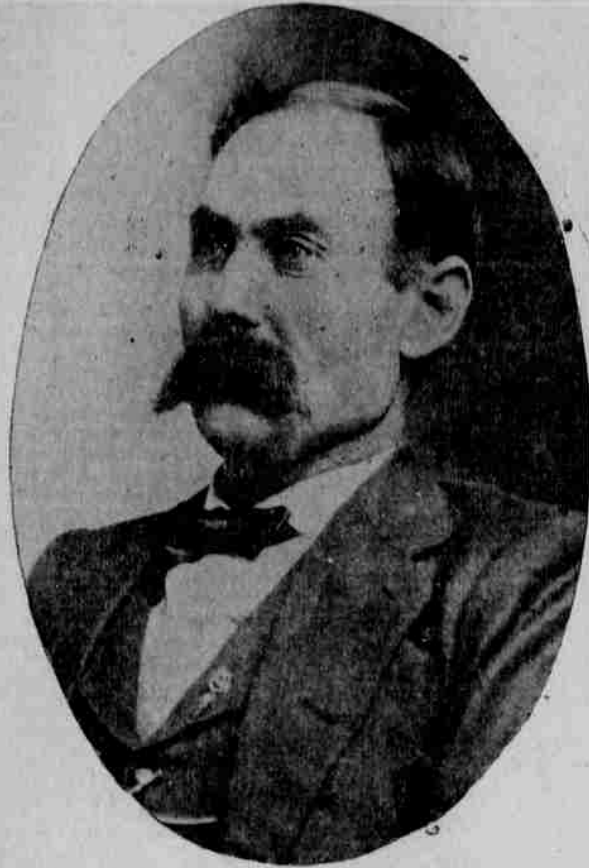
Ed Lujan, formerly of Las Vegas, now a resident of Santa Fe, passed through Las Vegas this afternoon on his way from Denver to the Capital City.—Las Vegas Optic.

Professor Harrington, K. M. Chapman, Artist Fleischer of the School of American Archaeology, left for El Estancia this morning to make records of the Buffalo Dance.

C. B. Barker, mineral inspector for the general land office, departed last night for Gallup where he will spend several weeks inspecting the coal fields of that section.

B. F. Pankey, state senator-elect, and Mrs. Pankey, left the city this morning in their motor car for San Ildefonso where they will witness the dance





JAMES W. MULLENS.  
Of Roswell, Who Will Represent Chaves County in the House.

Age 43 years.  
Native of Texas.  
Grandson and son of Farmers.  
Public schools and Baylor University.  
Cowboy, Printer, Journalist, Teacher, Official, Legislator, Businessman.  
County School Superintendent three terms.  
Alderman.  
Fireman, Odd Fellow, Knight of Pythias.  
Bachelor.

James W. Mullens is a character. He ought to be a gold mine for some lobbyist. He would also make a good understudy for one of the candidates for the U. S. Senate, even though it were only to teach how to be elected to the legislature for \$5.00 and without electioneering.

But here is the story of Mullens' life and if you did not make his intimate acquaintance at the last legislative session, in which he was one of the most active members, you can judge the man from what he has lived and achieved.

Mullens comes from a family of fighters. His grandfather, Major N. J. Mullens of the Fifth Alabama, fought in the Mexican war. His father, Captain James Mullens, belonged to Stonewall Jackson's Artillery. Mullens who styles himself a "Plain Democrat," was born at Little River, Bell county, Texas, May 20, 1868. His career proves his versatility, for from cowboy to printer and editor is quite a leap, especially if in the gaps between the two, time was spent in teaching, translating from English into Spanish and vice-versa, playing politics, holding office and doing a few other stunts on the side.

The boy accompanied his grandfather, who was a Masonic instructor, over the greater part of North America, from Canada to the Isthmus. At intervals, he attended the public schools and Baylor University where his course was terminated when he was sixteen years old by the death of his stepfather.

Mullens then went to work on a farm and still has a hankering some day to own a farm of his own. He took to the range and punched cows accompanying Zach Light in 1884 to New Mexico as a cowboy, bringing saddle horses for the Jinglebob (Chisum) ranch at Roswell.

He was apprenticed to a printer and worked on the old Nopal Nugget in the mining camp of Nogal, Lincoln county. This was from 1886 to 1887. In 1888 he moved his mother and family to Roswell and worked on the old Chaves County Herald, edited by L. O. Fullen and J. A. Ir-

win, and later for James Kibbee on the Lincoln Independent and Roswell Register.

Was elected the first school superintendent of the new county of Chaves in 1890, and was re-elected in 1894 and 1896. Served four years as an alderman of the town of Roswell in that time, and also as assistant chief of the Roswell fire department. Bought the Roswell Register in 1896 and sold it on account of ill health. In 1899, returning to Nogal to teach school. From there he went to Folsom, Union county, as manager for the Jarrell Mercantile Company. After that, two more years as teacher in Lincoln county and then return to the first love, Roswell.

Two terms in the legislature, the 27th and 28th sessions, followed. It was in the House of the latter that he effected a compromise that smoothed the sea of troubled waters after he had been offered the speakership. Mullens has several other distinctions to his credit in the field of statesmanship. He is an ardent woman's suffragist and yet, defeated a woman opponent for county school superintendent in a Democratic primary, and again at the general election in 1896. He was defeated for probate clerk in 1908, but the friends of the victorious candidate then forced his nomination to the legislature.

Mullens was nominated for the state legislature without publicly announcing his candidacy; he spent only \$2.25 besides his assessment for the primary, and \$3.15 during the election, not leaving his desk during the two campaigns for the purpose of electioneering, just to show that a man can be elected to office in New Mexico without spending time or money. He favors election reforms, and made his "moneyless" race to show that "an honest man does not require a bundle fund."

Mr. Mullens is a past Noble Grand of the Order of Odd Fellows, a past Chief Patriarch of the Endowment branch of that order; a member of the Rebekah lodge, a member of Canton Wildy No. 1, the only company of the militant branch in New Mexico. He is also a past chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, holding membership in Damon lodge, No. 15, of Roswell, and being a fellow member with Congressman Curry. It might be mentioned that Mullens was a census enumerator in 1910, and it was because he counted so well, that Chaves county has three representatives instead of only two in the House. At present, Mr. Mullens writes for the Roswell Morning News and Register Tribune, making his home at Roswell. He is a bachelor from "singles" choice, at least, he says so. But this is leap year and there is no telling what may happen in Santa Fe during the legislative session.

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## MANY GREAT WATER PROJECTS

Glimpse of Important Work of Territorial Engineer's Office

### INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Small Propositions Encouraged by Which 100,000 Acres May Be Reclaimed.

During the past several weeks the Department of Territorial Engineer has taken action on a large number of matters pertaining to water right applications in different sections of the state. So much work of this character has been in progress that the Department has not been able to furnish the New Mexican with data regarding same up to the present time. Several large applications have been acted upon, which have been in the office for some considerable time, being held up for different reasons and have finally received action when same complied with the law and were made without danger to the rights which had been previously acquired in the different portions of the same stream system. The adjustment of an irrigation project to its neighbors is somewhat difficult at times, and requires a close and careful study of the physical features of the country and personal knowledge of the ground involved, and points of irrigation law which may be raised by protesting parties.

**Red River Valley Project.**  
One of the largest projects approved in the office covered by application No. 521, by the Red River Valley company, of East Las Vegas, filed on December 29, 1910. This project is located in the eastern portion of New Mexico on the Canadian river some miles above the town of Logan on the Rock Island Railroad, and covers an acreage of approximately 101,000 acres of land. The water supply approved in connection with this application is on the basis of 1 second foot for 100 acres. The character of the Canadian river is extremely torrential and storage of flood waters in large reservoir capacities will be necessary. The water supply for this project is apparently ample if sufficiently stored, inasmuch as records collected at Logan indicate a minimum of about 800,000 acre feet per annum, of which it is estimated that Ute creek, a tributary above the point of measurement adds 100,000 feet annually. The land is located almost entirely in the Montoya Land Grant, which in itself consists of some seven or eight hundred thousand acres, a great portion of which is irrigable after adequate construction and storage has been taken care of. It is estimated that the cost will aggregate \$2,500,000. One portion of the construction work requires a dam 125 feet high and 2900 feet long and of a capacity of 50,500 acre feet at each filling. Being an exceptionally large project the times for portions of the work to be completed were made liberal by the engineer.

**Springer Project.**  
No. 22. Extension of time on the old project partially built, by the Springer Land & Irrigation company. The Engineer rejected the application by this company for extension of time. The Board of Water Commissioners, however, sustained such decision in the part pertaining to the proposed project for 15 acre feet, but allowing an extension on the old ditch which had been partially completed. No appeal was taken from this decision, and the extension was granted.

**Eden Canal.**  
No. 40. Change of point of diversion for the Eden Canal proposition, San Juan county. Approved in conformity to opinion from the Attorney General on the 15th day of December. This project covers 25,000 acres on the east side of the Animas river, of which several miles of canal have already been built and contracts let for the remainder.

**Other Reclamation Undertaking.**  
No. 371. Black & Ponsford, 10,000 acres on the San Juan river, appealed to the Board of Water Commissioners where it is now pending, by Jay Turley of San Juan county.

No. 372. Duval & Norment, Santa Fe, 30 second feet of water of Nambé river for power purposes. Rejected.

No. 412. J. P. Van Houten, Shoemaker, for waters of Mora river, 7,000 acres, estimated cost \$1,350,000. Reservoir capacity 20,000 acre feet in one filling. Private proposition in connection with a large sheep proposition in eastern Mora county.

No. 413. Cherry Valley Ditch company, J. P. Van Houten, for waters to irrigate 1,000 acres. Returned and rejected. Covered by old appropriation under previous laws.

No. 414. McLaughlin & Stauffer, Watrous, 190 acres. Returned and rejected. Covered by old appropriation under previous laws. Project built in 1865 and without the jurisdiction of the 1907 law.

**On the Lower Pecos.**  
Application No. 439 covers one of the most important approvals made recently by the Engineer's office. An application for waters of the Pecos river in its extreme southern portion of New Mexico, was made by T. A. Ezell of Carlsbad. This project is for storage, forming one of the largest storage reservoirs in the state, having a capacity of 190,000 acre feet at each filling. The application is amendatory of 319, which specified a capacity of 110,000, but by raising the dam height, etc., to 339 ft added an additional capacity of 80,000 acre feet. The maximum dam height is 85 feet; estimated cost of project is \$535,000. The estimated run off of the Pecos river at Carlsbad has been made aggregating 500,000 thousand feet per annum. While a large portion of this is appropriated by the Carlsbad project, it is be-

lieved considerable flood water will be available for this Ezell project, inasmuch as the reservoir is located directly in the stream bed and will catch such floods as occurred last spring, washing out power dams, etc., some considerable portion coming in from Rocky arroyo below the Carlsbad project. The applicant was required to file a stipulation agreeing to irrigate a certain acreage in New Mexico. Considerable power is to be utilized for pumping purposes.

No. 450. Floyd Thomas, Artesia. Granted a certificate of construction, project having been constructed as per application.

No. 466. Baldwin & Gibbonny, Roswell. Acreage 600 acres. Cost \$3,000.

No. 478. Thomas H. Malone, Roswell. Waters of the Feltz river. Certificate of construction granted, project having been completed and license to appropriate granted, land specified in application having been irrigated and waters put to beneficial use.

**In Other Parts of New Mexico.**  
No. 480. James G. Kerr, Deming. Construction project, project having been completed and license to appropriate granted, waters having been put to beneficial use.

No. 493. Geo. Douk, Farmington. Water of the Animas river for power purposes. Extension of time granted.

No. 499. Joseph Daggett, Raton. Small irrigation project. Approved.

No. 500. Tomer W. Schofield, Alamogordo. For waters of Tulare river. Irrigation project. Rejected.

No. 519. W. C. Barnhill. Change of point of diversion. Approved.

No. 533. R. G. Smith, Farmington. For waters of Animas river. Rejected.

No. 538. Herman Gerhart, Tucuman. Waters of Pajarito for 30,000 acres. Cost \$750,000. Approved. Cut down to 20,000 from Pajarito and possible use of 5,000 acres from Vigil.

No. 543. David C. Johnson, Johnson. N. M. Small irrigation project from Dry Cimarron. Approved.

No. 544. Murdo Mackenzie, Kenton, Oklahoma. A few hundred acres for irrigation approved.

No. 547. J. P. Van Houten, Shoemaker. Irrigation of 400 acres. Approved.

No. 549. J. L. Lawson, Alamogordo. Small irrigation project. Approved.

No. 553. H. M. Foster, Barney, N. M. Small irrigation project. Approved.

No. 554. Cosme Martinez, Vallecitos. For waters of Vallecitos. Small irrigation project. Approved.

No. 561. Rafael Otero, et al. Hillsboro. For water from Las Animas creek. Small acreage. Approved with proviso.

No. 564. Samuel Gillespie, Kenton, Oklahoma. Small irrigation project, Carrizozo arroyo. Approved.

No. 565. A. L. Taylor, Artesia. Cotton Wood Draw for small acreage; pumping plant. Approved.

No. 567. Chas. A. Johnson, Cedar Hill. For waters of Animas river for 25,000 acres. Rejected.

No. 572. Chas. De Foresta, Cliff. Permit to enlarge old existing irrigation ditch for the purpose of increasing irrigable acreage for slight appropriation of water from the Gila river. Approved.

No. 579. J. E. Moore, Alamogordo. Appropriation of flood waters from Secundo arroyo. Small irrigation project. Approved.

No. 582. C. E. Hartley, Springer. Small appropriation from Cimarron by means of pumping. Approved.

No. 585. Frank W. Broad, Chama. Application covering three ditches. Two being old appropriations. Application was approved for one; others being without jurisdiction of this office. Small irrigation project.

No. 589. James A. Lafferty, Capitán. Small irrigation project. Approved from Buena Vista canyon.

No. 590. I. E. Shahan, Springer. Waters tributary to Cimarron. Small acreage. Approved. Pumping plant.

No. 591. Lucas Gallegos, Vallecitos. Waters of Cebolla creek. Small acreage. Approved.

**Applications Recently Filed.**  
Applications filed since December, and pending, December being low month in the year. As follows:

No. 617. E. F. Jenkins, Carlsbad. Blue river. For 1700 acres.

No. 618. Cimarron Valley Land Co. For waters of Cimarron river for the irrigation of 12,000 acres.

No. 619. Cimarron Valley Land Company. For waters of Cimarron river to irrigate 30,000 acres.

No. 620. W. James, Hagerman. Felix river. 100 acres. Pumping plant.

No. 621. James M. Cowles, Hagerman. Felix river. 240 acres.

## GIVEN HINT TO RESIGN

John Joerns, Traveling Auditor, to Be First Victim of Change

### CLEOFES ROMERO TO FOLLOW

The Territorial Engineer Rejects Two Water Applications in San Juan.

Territorial Engineer Charles D. Miller today rejected application No. 539 of Samuel L. Johnson, and No. 567, of Charles A. Johnson, both of Farmington, for the waters of Las Animas river in San Juan county, to reclaim 25,000 acres on the east side of the river. As these lands are already covered by the prior applications of W. Goff Black and others, who have in part constructed the Inca canal and are pushing their works to completion to cover the same land and the rejection of the Johnson applications, merely clears away applications that would otherwise stack up and retard development.

**Official Changes.**  
An intimation conveyed to Traveling Auditor John Joerns today unofficially, that his resignation would be agreeable to Governor McDonald met with refusal, because the traveling auditor felt that he had rights which he desired to preserve. It was understood at the same time, that when Mr. Joerns resigns, or his office becomes vacant otherwise, Howell Ernest of Clayton, Union county, will be appointed to the place. Both Governor McDonald and Traveling Auditor Joerns are consulting legal authority and further developments are awaited with much interest. It is also reported that Governor McDonald desires to appoint a superintendent of the penitentiary of his own choosing but that Superintendent Cleofes Romero had not been asked to resign thus far. It is understood that Mr. Romero will also refuse to relinquish the place voluntarily. The capitol is filled with all sorts of rumors but Governor McDonald declares he has not made any removals nor any appointments except such as have been officially announced, and that he does not care to discuss rumors.

**Mounted Police Appointed.**  
W. C. Smith was yesterday commissioned a temporary mounted policeman by Governor W. C. McDonald. Mr. Smith is located in Torrance county.

**Florencio Pfeiffer Did Not Escape.**  
Rafael G. Lucero, a penitentiary guard, writes the New Mexican from Chapelle saying that the report that Florencio Pfeiffer of Albuquerque, had escaped from the convict roads camp at Chapelle, San Miguel county is erroneous and that Pfeiffer is there and behaving well.

**Homestead Entries.**  
The following homestead entries were recorded in the local land office yesterday: John A. Laws, Farmington; Eligio Sanchez, Gallina; Hatlie V. Denniston, Cuervo; William R. Zule, Liberty; Dionicio Maestas, Santa Rosa; Benjamin Fielder, Estancia; Joseph T. Meek, Santa Rosa; Virginio Quintana, Rowe; Julian Lucero, Buxton.

**Treasurer's Receipts.**  
The following sums of money were received yesterday in the office of the state treasurer, O. N. Marron: Thomas P. Gable, game and fish warden, on account of game protection fund, \$1.25; Jose Lucero, clerk of the third judicial district, \$541.35; Dr. T. W. Watson, treasurer of Lincoln county, \$5,069.16.

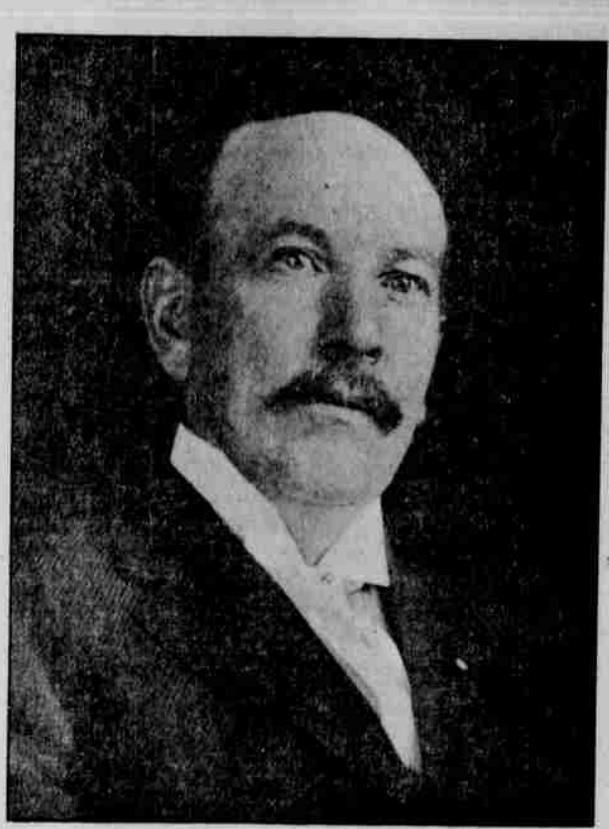
**EDMONDA CAROBILLI SHOT AND KILLED LAST NIGHT.**

Murder Interrupts Search for Head of Salvatore Leonni Whose Body Was Found in Ash Pit.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 22.—The search for the head of Salvatore Leonni, whose body was found in an ash pit Friday was interrupted today by the hunt for the slayer of Edmonda Carobilli who was shot and killed last night. The police claim they see an Italian feud in the killing of Carobilli.

fillings, but in the increase of actual construction work covered by filings which have been filed in the engineer's office in previous years. Irrigation conditions, as a rule, are much better. Finances do not seem to be so bad in this state as they are in other sections.

**Bona Fide Propositions.**  
It is noticeable from the filings above mentioned which have been approved within the last few weeks, that a great many are for small water supplies. The office has been encouraging the filing for water on projects which will irrigate probably as low as 40 acres and which will run up as high as one, two, three or four hundred acres, and thereby afford a fine means of livelihood for one or two water supply and the government and management of their own projects within their control. It has been estimated by the department in connection with irrigation resources of New Mexico, that 100,000 acres of land could be reclaimed by such small filings spread throughout the immense area of New Mexico, storing small floods for the irrigation of small acreages, of which there are innumerable quantities. These small projects also, are of the most bona fide character, a great many of them having been constructed. In fact, the certificates of construction and license to appropriation granted within the last five or six weeks have been on small projects and which have hastened their work to completion and secured final papers, declaring to them a water right sufficient for their small acreages.



C. H. ALLDREDGE,  
Of Tucuman, State Senator From Quay County.

former school teachers in the New Mexico legislature. C. H. Alldredge, state Senator from Quay county, is another statesman who at one time in his life taught school. He comes from the state of Senator Beveridge, Indiana, where he was born 41 years ago. He was raised on a farm and taught school. He is a graduate of the University of Indiana and was admitted to the Bar at Indianapolis, where he practiced in the state supreme court and also in the federal courts. In 1900, Mr. Alldredge located at Mangum, Oklahoma, and thence came to Tucuman, in March 1906, where he formed a partnership with E. F. Saxon, member of the state constitutional convention and also a Democratic candidate for district attorney. Senator Alldredge is a confirmed New Mexico booster. He is married and has two children.

### THIRTY MEN AT WORK ON CARLSBAD POWER DAM.

Cotton Picking Still in Progress in Lower Pecos Valley—Tree Planting is Begun.

Carlsbad, N. M., Jan. 20.—The Public Utilities Company has at present a force of thirty men at work on the lower power dam, getting things in shape to lay concrete. The big flood last August was heard around the north end of this dam and put it out of commission. The repair work is now well under way and in a few days a concrete wing will be thrown across the new channel. This wing will be about four hundred feet long. For the last two months the company has been handicapped, the upper dam being unable to supply the power needed for the city pump plant, the cotton gin, and the numerous patrons in Carlsbad and the country around Otis.

Electric power has come into common use the last year and the demand is growing. With the lower plant repaired and much improved, the company will be ready to supply plenty of juice. **Director of Water Users' Association.**  
Pecos Water Users' Association of the Carlsbad Project held its annual election of directors yesterday. James E. Wallace, I. S. Osborne, Scott Etter, and C. R. Helm were elected without opposition, only one ticket being placed in the field. The new board will organize February 1st.

**Auto for Reclamation Service.**  
The Reclamation Service has furnished the local management of the Carlsbad project with a new thirty horse power Buick auto. The new machine has just arrived and been given a trial run through the project. The distance from the upper reservoir at McMillan to the lower end of the project is about forty miles, and it has taken much horse flesh to cover the field. The machine will save time and add much to the efficiency of the service. Motor cycles were tried some years back but did not prove satisfactory for the work.

**Picking Cotton.**  
The banana belt weather prevailing in the Carlsbad project for some time, has given the cotton grower a chance to push the picking. A considerable number of farmers finished picking last week, and the rest expect to clean up this week. The gins have been crowded with work for some time.

**Planting Trees.**  
Tree planting is progressing. Several ten and twenty-acre peach orchards have been set out the last week or two. On the whole more trees, including shade trees will be set out this winter and spring than for two years or more.

**W. F. BUCK IS ILL WITH TONSILLITIS.**  
Albuquerque, N. M., Jan. 22.—W. F. Buck, superintendent of motive power for the Santa Fe, with headquarters in Chicago, was removed to the railway hospital here this morning, suffering from a severe cold and tonsillitis contracted while aiding in keeping the line open in western Kansas during the blizzard. His condition is not serious.

If your children are subject to attacks of croup, watch for the first symptom, hoarseness. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse and the attack may be warded off. For sale by all dealers.

### IMPROVEMENTS BY POSTAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Operator to Assist Manager DeArcy on Account of Great Increase in Business.

The Postal Telegraph Company, who recently moved its office into the new building of the New Mexican Printing Company, owing to a steady increase in business, will hereafter employ two men to handle its business in Santa Fe. J. P. Smith of Raton, who for the past eight months has been Associated Press Operator for the Raton family, arrived last night with his family to accept the position of operator for the Postal Telegraph Company under Manager DeArcy. Mr. Smith will enter upon his duties Saturday, and the office of the Postal will be kept open continuously from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., instead of closing during meal hours, as has been the case heretofore. Sunday hours will be maintained as usual, 8 a. m. to 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. to 6 p. m. Manager DeArcy has a branch telegraph office at his residence and may be reached there by telephone after the downtown office has been closed at night or on Sundays, and will transmit promptly any telegrams telephoned him.

**BERT CONNER IS TAKEN ILL SUDDENLY.**  
Trial May Be Indefinitely Postponed by Judge Willis Because of Sickness.

Los Angeles, Calif., Jan. 22.—While on his way to the court room, Bert Conner, who was to have testified in his own behalf in the Hall of Records dynamiting trial today, was suddenly stricken with some undefined malady and the case was postponed. The prison physician, after a hasty examination, said the man was suffering either from ptomaine poisoning or appendicitis.

Judge Willis delayed the trial until this afternoon and said if the prisoner was seriously ill it would be postponed indefinitely.

Here is a remedy that will cure your cold. Why waste time and money experimenting when you can get a preparation that has won a world-wide reputation by its cures of this disease and can always be depended upon? It is known everywhere as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and is a medicine of real merit. For sale by all dealers.

**JOHNSON TO FIGURE IN BOXING BOUT.**  
To Fight Jim Flynn and Al. Palzer, Fifteen Rounds Each on July Fourth.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 22.—Local sporting promoters have asked the police here for a "tentative sanction" for a boxing bout in which Jack Johnson, the champion, will meet Jim Flynn and Al. Palzer on the same afternoon, each bout to be fifteen rounds. It is proposed to hold the sessions at a nearby summer resort on July 4. The promoters say they have offered Johnson as his share a guarantee of \$50,000.

**FIRST CALIFORNIA WOMAN TO REGISTER IS 101 YEARS.**  
Whittier, Calif., Jan. 22.—The first woman to register here for the next election is Mrs. Lydia Heald Sharpless, who is 101 years old.

### DEMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO HAVE A FARM.

Ten Acres Set Aside on Which Pupils May Receive Instruction in Practical Agriculture.

Deming, N. M., Jan. 22.—W. R. Lovelace of El Paso, has bought of Dr. J. M. Williams and Joe Young a section of land adjoining the A. L. Taylor farm eight miles southwest of Deming. The consideration was \$10,000. This tract of land joins one of the best farms, and the largest orchard in the entire valley. Mr. Taylor has now 76 acres in young orchard, and will ultimately put his whole tract of 320 acres into fruit. It is understood that Mr. Lovelace sold a twenty-five foot lot on Gold avenue to W. E. Holt for \$2,450. This lot was sold four months ago for \$1100. R. C. Ely and Superintendent J. B. Taylor of the city schools, have arranged for the school children of Deming who desire to do so to get some actual experience in farming in the Mimbre valley. Ten acres has been set apart by the Little Vineyards Company, of which Mr. Ely is manager, for the free use of students in the public schools. It is believed that 100 boys will take up this proposition, which will give each a garden about the size of a city lot. Water will be furnished them free, the land plowed, the seed furnished, and the rest will be up to the boys. Each boy is to receive all the produce which he raises and market the same. Suitable prizes will be offered for the best kept garden, also prizes on indi-

vidual products. An effort will be made to have the U. S. Department of Agriculture detail a man to oversee the work, visiting the same at stated intervals. Incidentally, the work in botany in the schools will find practical applications in this school garden, insofar as such applications are possible.

The Agricultural and Mechanic College girls' and boys' basket ball teams passed through Deming this morning enroute to Silver City where they will play the teams of the Silver City normal tonight. The teams promenade over Deming during the time the train stopped, and gave lusty cheers for their college and for Deming. Arthur Badenoch, coach for the boys, S. R. Mitchell, coach for the girls, and Mrs. Wingham dean of the women of the college, accompanied the teams.

### AD. WOLGAST AGAIN ARRESTED FOR SPEEDING.

Santa Monica, Calif., Jan. 22.—Ad. Wolgast, the light weight champion, who has just recovered from an operation for appendicitis, and as a lack of pneumonia, was arrested today for breaching the automobile speed laws at Venice. The charge placed against him at the Venice police station was reckless driving. He was released on bail.

Persons troubled with partial paralysis are often very much benefited by massaging the affected parts thoroughly when applying Chamberlain's Liniment. This Liniment also relieves rheumatic pains. For sale by all dealers.



