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The New Mexican Review, 10-12-1911

New Mexican Printing Co.

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THE NEW MEXICAN REVIEW.

FORTY-EIGHTH YEAR

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO THURSDAY OCTOBER 12, 1911.

NO 32.

NEW STATE IS WELL ADVERTISED

Thousands Will Hear, Through C. D. Miller, of Its Irrigation Resources

HOMESEEKERS STILL COMING

Receiver Muller's Report Shows a Fairly Good Business in September.

Thousands of people desirous of finding the ideal state in which to live will hear of New Mexico within a few days, thanks to the territorial engineer's office, which today is sending out an immense number of copies of Territorial Engineer C. D. Miller's address on "The Irrigation Resources of New Mexico."

This is printed in a neat booklet of 35 pages by the New Mexican Printing Company, the cover being in red and white. It is profusely illustrated and comprises the entire speech delivered by Mr. Miller at the New Mexico Chautauqua Association on New Mexico Resources Day, August 5, 1911. In it Mr. Miller declares he believes the estimate that there are four million acres of possible irrigated area in New Mexico is ultra-conservative.

The pamphlets are being mailed in a neat envelope on which are the words, in the left hand upper corner: "The Irrigation Resources of New Mexico, Department of Territorial Engineer, Santa Fe, New Mexico," and in the lower left hand corner: "Ask About New Mexico, the New State."

Contract for Wood.
Yesterday, proposals for furnishing fifty cords of wood for the Spanish-American normal school, were opened by President Prince and Secretary Jaramilla. There were four bids, ranging from \$3 to \$4 per cord, the lowest bidder being Adelardo Baca at \$3 per cord. The contract was awarded accordingly.

Has New Name.
An amendment to the articles of incorporation of the Futrele Furniture Company changing the name to the Kappie Furniture Company, was filed in the territorial secretary's office today. The company is in business in Albuquerque and Robert A. Kistler is its agent.

For the Treasury.
Territorial Treasurer M. A. Otero has received the following sums for the treasury: Jackson Agre, treasurer of Grant county, \$112.33; B. C. Hernandez, of Rio Arriba county, \$3,205.75; Vincent B. May, treasurer of the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts, refund of territorial students, \$9,86.31; W. D. Newcomb, clerk of the seventh judicial district clerk's fee, \$323.05; Game and Fish ward Thomas P. Gable, \$33.50. Total \$5,733.90.

Law Business.
Major Fred Muller, receiver of the land office at Santa Fe, has made out his monthly report for September and it shows good business.

There were fifty-one original homestead applications amounting to an acreage of 6,914.66; fees of \$460 and commissions of \$259.32. There were nineteen homestead applications under the act of February 19, 1909 and they showed an acreage of 4,592.63 and commissions of \$172.20.

There were forty-six final homestead proofs, aggregating an acreage of 7,388.34 and fees and commissions of \$282.90. Indemnity school land selections of which there were three, aggregated 1,200 acres. There were also three railroad lieu selections of 480 acres and the purchase money amounted to \$2,096. There were four homestead entries under the act of June 22, 1910 comprising 640 acres.

There was one final desert land proof of eighty acres and eight original desert applications of 1,059.55 acres and bringing in \$1,010.85 in money.

There were two isolated tract sales of 80.18 acres and one mineral entry of 105.83 acres.

The total receipts for the quarter are \$23,032.71.

Important Decision.

The land office has received from the department of the interior the decision on the appeal filed by Archbishop J. B. Pitaval from the decision February 27, 1911, of the commissioner of the general land office requiring reparation for and a supplemental proof under the said J. B. Pitaval's cemetery application filed under the act of March 1, 1907 (34 Stat., 1052) for two disconnected tracts known as lots 1 and 2, Sec. 31 T. 29 N. R. 13 E. N. M. of Santa Fe, N. M. land district, containing .33 and 1.15 acres, respectively.

The decision covers six typewritten pages, reviewing as it does the appeal. The lots in question are in Quasta, Rio Arriba county and it was the desire of the church to use one for a cemetery and the other for a church site.

The local office recommended that these be given for those purposes, but the land commissioner decided that this could not be done according to law. Now comes the secretary of the interior with the decision that it is perfectly legal to purchase same as an isolated tract.

This is considered an important decision as there are a number of other

similar cases dependent on this decision.

Civil Service Examination.
A civil service examination will be held November 8 to 9, at the State Law Library in the Capitol building, to secure eligibles from which to make certification to fill vacancies in the position of law examiner in the Solicitor's office, department of agriculture at an entrance salary of \$1,900 per annum, and vacancies requiring similar qualifications as they may occur unless it shall be decided in the interest of the service to fill such vacancies by reinstatement, transfer, or promotion.

FLOOD IN THE UPPER ESPANOLA VALLEY.

All Streams From Tesuque to Chama Were Running Bank Full Last Week.

The first details of the flood damage in the Espanola and Chama valleys was received this morning in a letter to ex-Governor L. J. Prince from his son, William B. Prince, who left here on horseback last Thursday at noon. He relates the following interesting story of the trip to the Sunshine ranch, three miles above Espanola.

"The entire road was washed out the very worst I ever saw it. There were several wagons at the side of the road between Tesuque and Pojuaque. The people just had to stop and camp. In many places you could not see where the road had been, there was only a gully left. Of course, this made no difference to one on horseback. The Nambu was quite high; the Arroyo Seco had been four feet high, and the Santa Cruz was actually like the Chama. All fences were torn down and washed away on the south bank.

Bridge Gone.
"When I reached the Rio Grande I was much disappointed to find the middle of the bridge gone. I tied the horse to the bridge and walked across a beam to the other side so as to get the mail, but even then I had to wade through water up to my knees at the other side of the bridge in order to get to Espanola, after getting the mail. I returned the same way and rode to San Juan where I crossed the railroad bridge.

"The Chama was much higher than I have ever seen it in all the years I have been here. All those low meadows were under water. But I led the horse over the railroad bridge and got here all right.

"Tell me, Stevenson that she can not come by wagon. Yesterday, a wagon could not even cross the Santa Cruz.

"After reaching the ranch, I went directly down to see the Rio Grande and it is the highest I have ever known it.

"The fish pond is a river. It is too bad, as I have seen many fish in there which were ten inches long and now they will have to learn how to get along in salt water. The water now is flowing right over the dike. The packing house is full of water. Instead of opening the lower aqueduct, I keep a man going along the banks to prevent it from breaking through, it is so full."

CATHOLIC ELECTORS MUST DROP DE LA BARRA.

He Is Eliminated as Candidate for Vice Presidency by Action of Congress.

Mexico City, Mex., Oct. 10.—The Catholic electors face the probability of being forced to relinquish the candidacy of President de la Barra, for the vice-presidency, because of ineligibility. They have refused to regard his repeated declaration that he would not accept the post and appeared determined to elect him, if possible, in spite of himself.

By the action of congress, however, de la Barra will doubtless be eliminated. The senate yesterday approved an amendment to the constitution making it illegal for a president or vice president to be re-elected or chosen for other high office. According to the announcement of the Catholic party's central committee, the result will be to throw their support in the electoral college to Francisco Vasquez Gomez.

CHINESE SOLDIERS DESERT TO REBEL ARMY.

Execution of Four Conspirators Seems to Have Turned Tide Against Government.

Hankow, China, Oct. 10.—Much firing can be heard this afternoon in the direction of Wu Chang. Communication with that city has been cut off. Several large fires are seen. It is evident that the soldiers have gone over to the revolutionaries, following the execution of four conspirators at Wu Chang today.

COLD BLOODED MURDER IN ROOSEVELT COUNTY.

The mounted police today received a telegram stating that Henry Daniels, colored, aged 50 to 55, is wanted on the charge of killing Luciano Duran, at Mogollon, Saturday night. The murder is said to have been cold blooded. Further details are not known.

Daniels is well known, how-to death in 1897 for killing two negroes while disputing over some money matters. He was committed to life imprisonment and last year was paroled.

SO CALLED "PROGRESSIVES" LAND TWO OUT OF 16 NOMINATIONS

Democratic State Convention, After Three Days Deliberations, Puts Complete Ticket in Field—Santa Fe to Be Campaign Headquarters.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.
Governor: W. C. McDonald, Carrizozo, Lincoln County.
Lieutenant Governor: E. C. de Baca, Las Vegas, San Miguel County.
Secretary of State: Antonio J. Lucero, Las Vegas, San Miguel County.
Attorney General: W. R. McGill, La Jara, Roosevelt County.
State Treasurer: O. N. Marron, Albuquerque, Bernalillo County.
State Auditor: Francisco Manzanera, Fort Sumner, Guadalupe County.
Superintendent of Public Instruction: Alvan N. White, Silver City, Grant County.
Land Commissioner: J. L. Emerson, Carlsbad, Eddy County.
Corporation Commissioner: O. L. Owen, Clovis, Curry County.
Serrano Martinez, Black Lake, Colfax County; George H. Van Stone, Estancia, Torrance County.
Supreme Court: Summers Burkhardt, Albuquerque, Bernalillo County; W. A. Dunn, Roswell, Chaves County; Richard H. Hanna, Santa Fe, Santa Fe County.
Congress: H. B. Ferguson, Albuquerque, Bernalillo County; Pas Valverde, Clayton, Union County.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES IN EDDY COUNTY.

They Are Being Fiercely Contested By Candidates For Various Offices.

Carlsbad, N. M., Oct. 7.—The Democratic primaries for county officers will be held throughout Eddy county next Saturday. The fight for many of these is fierce as the nomination in this intensely Democratic county is equal to an election. The further indorsement to fight hard is the fact that it means a five year term. By much wire pulling a few candidates have succeeded in keeping opponents from entering the race. The majority, however, are having the fight of their life. Dr. F. F. Doepp is opposed by J. G. Osborne for senator from the 20th district. Indications are that Dr. Doepp will win in a walk. The Doctor has lived here a long time and is well and favorably known. M. C. Stewart and P. E. Turner are making the race for sheriff with the odds in favor of Stewart. But the real race is for county commissioners. The first district comes up with three candidates: E. P. Dulac, W. H. Woodwell and T. E. Jones. Second district: Whit Wright and J. H. Graham. Third district: L. G. Ryan, C. W. Beeman, and J. O. McKee. At present it looks like Dulac, Wright and Ryan. The race between J. D. McBride of the Dayton Echo, and J. W. Pierce for assessor, is close. But every candidate is still full of hope and will work with a vim and a rush the last week of the campaign. Methods have changed. No longer does the candidate travel on the hurricane deck of the broncho with the demijohn for ballast. He skims over the plains and hills in gasoline cars. Even the balast of former days is discarded.

Busy Day at Carlsbad.
This has been a busy week in Carlsbad. The attendance of court has been large. Many witnesses from all parts of the county are on hand to appear before the grand jury. It is also an excursion week and many prospectors have come in from the north. On Thursday the El Paso boosters came in on a special and kept everything moving while they were here. The cotton gin is running full capacity and the strings of wagons loaded with seed cotton going to the gin has added to the general activity of the town. But above all has the candidate added color to the scene. The Democratic primaries are only one week away and every one is on the anxious seat. The modesty that the average candidate displays in the beginning has worn out; he goes after the votes with grim determination and directness.

Roswell to Malaga Road.
The Roswell to Malaga road had a big boost this week when the roads convention at Roswell yesterday took the matter in hand. The committee of representatives from every town through which the road will go, is composed of energetic men that will keep things moving in their localities. Among the men named in Eddy county are: W. S. Gilbert, Artesia; W. F. Daugherty, Dayton; Banker Peerman, Lakewood; R. M. Thorne, Carlsbad; W. W. Galton, Otis; P. J. McShane, Lovins; and J. Hae Myers, Malaga. W. M. Atkinson of Roswell, is chairman.

When completed this road will be one of the finest drives in the state. It will pass through orchards and alfalfa fields, where every form of irrigation may be seen, from the government project at Carlsbad using water from the Pecos river; artesian wells, pumping plants, and gravity systems from Lakewood to Roswell.

GOVERNMENT PUTS BAN ON UNRIPE ORANGES.

Will Confiscate Any Shipments and Prosecute Those Who Would Process Fruit.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 9.—The department of agriculture is prepared for the confiscation of any shipments of unripe oranges or other unripe fruit from Florida. Secretary Wilson, who has been in communication with the Florida agricultural authorities, announced today that any attempts to ship artificially ripened fruit out of Florida or to "process" unripe fruit on its journey to the north would be the signal for government action.

STOCK MARKET CLOSED STEADY THIS AFTERNOON.

Leading Stocks However, Showed No Material Advances After Day's Trading.

New York, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The market closed steady.

Closing Quotations.
New York, Oct. 9.—Spot copper weak, 11.75@11.85; lead quiet, 4.30@4.40; bar silver, 52.38; call money steady, 2 1/4; prime paper, 4 3/4 per cent; Mexican dollars, 45; amalgamated, 49 1/4; sugar, 110 1/2; Atchafalaya, 104 1/4; Great Northern, 124 1/2; New York Central, 104; Northern Pacific, 114 1/4; Reading, 136 1/2; Southern Pacific, 106 3/4; Union Pacific, 159; steel, 59 1/8; steel pld., 109.

REPUBLICAN ENTHUSIASM IN UNION COUNTY.

Clayton, N. M., Oct. 11.—After a day pleasantly spent at Clayton, H. O. Bursum, Jose D. Sena and campaign party arrived in Clayton yesterday. They made a stop at Des Moines and were given an enthusiastic reception. At Clayton they were met by a large delegation of citizens and escorted to the Elkhorn Hotel. The county convention was in progress and reports from every part of the county given by the delegates showed that the party is united, and enthusiastic and will roll up a big majority on election day. Last night a mass meeting was addressed by H. O. Bursum and others.

Democrats Will Vote for Bursum.

Many Democrats declared that they will vote for Bursum and the rest of the Republican ticket in the interests of a business administration and the development of the state. The county convention declared against the Blue Ballot. Last evening the Bursum campaign party was escorted to the courthouse by a band and citizens in carriages and autos. Land Commissioner R. P. Ervin made a brief but earnest speech and introduced Bursum who was cheered loudly. All the issues were well and clearly explained by the speakers, and all were applauded. Bursum challenged any person to substantiate the charges made against him. He urged all citizens to unite in creating greater New Mexico. He advocated manual training schools, more mechanics and fewer lawyers. Upon conclusion of his speech, he was given a tremendous ovation, which shook the courthouse which was packed to the doors.

WHAT ARE SOFT DRINKS? WHAT IS VINEGAR?

Question Pending Past Two Years to Be Answered by Wiley and His Board.
Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—"What is vinegar?" and "What are soft drinks?" questions pending for over two years, will be decided soon by the reconstructed Board of Food and Drug Inspection which considered these matters today. Dr. Wiley, in control of the board, proposes to do away with soda fountain sales of soft drinks containing artificial sweeteners, synthetic flavors, etc.

ACCIDENT TO FRANK HENNING AT THE GATE CITY

Frank Henning, one of the forgers in the Santa Fe blacksmith shop at Raton, met with a painful accident which resulted in a compound fracture of the clavicle in the left shoulder. A flying piece of steel, not more than an inch and a half in size, was driven by a glance blow from the sledge at one of the anvils fifteen or twenty feet away, striking Mr. Henning in the left shoulder.

BIG RALLY AT WAGON MOUND

A Republican Campaigning Party Given Ovation by Voters

BURSUM FOR GOOD SCHOOLS

Manual Training and Industrial Instruction for the Boys and Girls.

Special to the New Mexican.
Wagon Mound, N. M., Oct. 9.—An enthusiastic Republican rally was held at Wagon Mound, Mora county. An immense gathering greeted the automobile party which included H. O. Bursum, Jose D. Sena, Dr. M. F. Desmarais, Secundino Romero and Frank W. Clancy. The band was out and the people cheered lustily for Bursum.

Over three hundred people gathered at the public school house. The ladies of the Catholic Society at Wagon Mound presented the Republican nominee for governor with a huge bouquet of flowers. Bursum in a fine address advocated manual training and industrial schools and good roads and paid a high compliment to the character and history of the Spanish-American people. He scored the unholy alliance of the Democratic and Mugwump bosses. Secundino Romero, Frank W. Clancy and Jose D. Sena made forcible addresses and advised the voters to defeat the blue ballot.

Meeting at Tucumcari.

Republican mass meetings will be held at Tucumcari on Thursday afternoon and evening. There will be addresses by H. O. Bursum, Frank W. Clancy, E. A. Mann, Jose D. Sena, M. C. Mechem and Ralph C. Ely.

CALIFORNIA SETS TERRIBLE EXAMPLE TO NEW MEXICO.

Twenty-three Amendments to Constitution Are Being Voted Upon Today.

San Francisco, Calif., Oct. 10.—California today is voting on 23 proposed amendments to the state constitution, three of which provides for a radical change in the method of state government. These three, if successful, will give women the right of suffrage, will provide for the recall of all state, county, or city officials, including the judiciary, and will establish the initiative and referendum. In each case, it requires a two-thirds majority to make the proposed amendment effective.

The spectacular feature of the day at the polls is the effort of the women to gain the right of suffrage.

Women Suffragists Militant.

Los Angeles, Calif., Oct. 10.—Women suffragists became so militant in their electioneering methods in the fashionable west end and university districts of the city today that Captain J. J. Bradish, commanding the University police station, sent out squads of patrolmen with instructions to arrest the women poll workers.

DIRECT PRIMARY BLAMED FOR HEAVY EXPENSE.

Source of Corruption in Progressive Wisconsin Laid Bare By Investigation.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 10.—How \$25,000 was paid to State Game Warden J. W. Stone out of the campaign fund of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson, and how Stone, to "cover up" what was done with the money, got his deputies to "pretend" to having received portions of it, whereas in fact, the money was paid to others, was told today before the United States Senate committee which is investigating charges that bribery and corruption contributed to Senator Stephenson's election.

Only Hearsay.

State Senator John G. Blaine of Boscebel, Wis., admitted that practically all of the first six of the charges made by him against Senator Stephenson were based on hearsay in information. He said he practically had received no information first hand and he had brought the charges without a thorough investigation on his part. The committee brought out that direct primary law is responsible for the heavy campaign expenditures.

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DR. NATHAN BOYD MAKES STARTLING ASSERTION.

Fears That Engle Dam Would Be Split in Two Should an Earthquake Happen.

Dr. Nathan Boyd of near Las Cruces, identified for many years with the project for storing the waters of the Rio Grande in the lower valley of New Mexico was in the city yesterday. Dr. Boyd is engaged at this time, persistently and determinedly in a remarkable fight, a fight to induce the reclamation service to change its plans for the construction of the immense Engle dam and reservoir for what he regards the protection of the settlers and residents under the project.

On a Fault Line.

Dr. Boyd's idea is in brief, that the valley of the Rio Grande lies along a "fault line"; a break in the strata where earthquakes are likely to be particularly severe. The immense government dam as planned, will be an immense mass of masonry, 265 feet high, lying at right angles to the fault line. Dr. Boyd believes that it is the slipping of faulted strata that is chiefly remarkable for the earthquake which has occurred from time to time in the lower Rio Grande valley. He points to the experience of the big San Mateo dam in California to show that a dam is safe only when it is built parallel with the fault line.

Slip Causes Earthquake.

The earthquake at San Francisco is admitted to have been the result of a slip in such a geological fault, said Dr. Boyd yesterday. "In that quake the San Mateo dam, much thicker in proportion to its height and width than the one planned at Engle, was rocked violently back and forth from front to back. It stood the shock and did not break."

Split in Two.

"That dam was built parallel with the fault line; had it been built athwart the fault line there is no doubt that one side would have been thrust up and the other dropped down, splitting it in two and releasing the waters behind. The dam being built on the Rio Grande is built athwart the fault line. It is not nearly so heavy in proportion to its height and width as the one at San Mateo; and I contend that there will be no reasonable assurance of its safety in the event of an earthquake unless it is built relatively as thick as the one at San Mateo. If it should break and that 45 mile lake of water with a head at the front, of 265 feet, should sweep down the valley the consequences stagger the imagination."

Three Dams.

Dr. Boyd's scheme all along has been to construct three dams, the highest only 96 feet in height, building one to supply the present demand and the other as needed, thus doing away with the tremendous initial cost imposed on the beneficiaries of the project. He has fought steadily against the present plan being carried out by the government; has gathered his statistics carefully and large sums of money have been paid experts to substantiate his theory of a safe dam for the Rio Grande. He has carried the fight to Washington and says he intends to keep it until something is accomplished. Dr. Boyd believes that the dam now being built if made relatively as strong as the San Mateo structure, would cost \$12,000,000 and does not believe that the present estimates of the reclamation service will nearly cover the cost of the dam as planned.

BALLOON TEARS OFF ROOF IN TOPEKA

Is Badly Damaged But Occupants Signal That They Were Not Injured.

Topeka, Kans., Oct. 10.—Tearing off part of the roof of a house and later crashing into a tree, the balloon Topeka II, which took part in the race for the Lahm cup from Kansas City last week, was badly damaged here today.

W. K. Leighty, E. W. Benedict, A. W. Whitford and James Johnson were in the basket when, just after the balloon rose, it was struck by a gust of wind, sending it into a tree. Part of the basket was torn away, before the balloon was freed from the tree. Next the corner of a house roof was caught and lifted off. The balloon arose and the occupants signalled they were unhurt.

REPUBLICANS KEEP JUDICIARY OUT OF POLITICS.

Santa Fe, Oct. 6, 1911.
Hon. A. A. Jones, Palace Hotel, Santa Fe, N. M.

Dear Sir:—Appreciating fully the desirability of eliminating the state judiciary from politics, I, as chairman of the Republican state central committee, having charge of the campaign of the nominees on the state ticket, suggest, on behalf of the Republican party, the propriety of keeping the nominees for justices of the supreme court from engaging in public political speaking and active political work during this campaign. The nominees for justices of the supreme court on the Republican ticket will not speak from the political platform and will not engage actively in this campaign and it is my earnest hope that the nominees of your party for the same positions will pursue a like policy.

Respectfully,

VENCESLAO JARAMILLO,

Chairman, Republican State Central Committee.

CRANDALL ASKS \$100,000 DAMAGES

Says W. E. Johnson Libeled Him in Denver and Chicago Papers

REFLECTED ON OTHERS, TOO

Foreman of Grand Jury Is Mentioned as a Partner of Mr. Crandall

Clinton J. Crandall, superintendent of the U. S. Indian Industrial School, has filed in the district clerk's office for Santa Fe county, two suits against William E. Johnson of Denver, asking damages in the sum of \$50,000 in each suit.

The complaints are lengthy. The first states, among other things, that the defendant printed in a daily newspaper in Denver a "certain false, malicious and defamatory libel" of the plaintiff for the purpose of bringing him "in reproach" among the people of Santa Fe, in Denver and with the secretary of the Department of the Interior.

For a second cause of complaint, Mr. Crandall states that the defendant printed and published in a weekly paper of Chicago, a certain false, malicious and defamatory libel concerning the plaintiff under the heading "Johnson Quoted As Purchase Price of Brewer's Favor."

In this cause of complaint, Mr. Crandall prays damages for \$50,000.

The suits were filed by Renehan and Davies, attorneys for Mr. Crandall.

"HOPKINS DID NOT COME ACROSS."

Therefore Charles Luke Decided to Deliver Ten Votes to Senator Lorimer.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 10.—State Senator Frank A. Landoe, of Moline, was the first witness called by the United States Senate committee which is investigating the election of Senator William Lorimer, here today.

Attorney Healy, for the committee, interrogated him regarding the senatorial deadlock at Springfield, and he told of an alleged conversation with Charles Luke, since deceased, in which he said Luke told him he could "deliver ten votes provided conditions were right."

He continued: "I said to him, I thought you were going to vote for Hopkins." "He said, No, I am not. Hopkins won't come across."

Senator Landoe then testified regarding a visit to his home at Moline in 1909, of John L. Hughes, of Chicago a friend of Mr. Lorimer, as follows: "Hopkins, the man you are voting for," Hughes said to me, "is an impossibility. Vote for Lorimer and it will be to your advantage."

MAINE NOT BLOWN UP BY HER BOILERS.

But One Had Been Driven Bodily Asparten By Force of Explosion of Magazines.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—At least one fact has developed beyond controversy in connection with the excavation going on inside the cofferdam enclosing the wreck of the Maine in Havana harbor—that is that the ship was not blown up by her boilers.

Some persons have contended that the explosion of the boilers caused the magazine to explode in turn. But a report from the army engineers shows the workmen have uncovered the tops of the boilers which were intact, with one exception. That was in the case of one of the forward boilers, which was not burst but which had been driven bodily astern by the blast from the magazines.

SLATE FOR MADERO'S CABINET ANNOUNCED.

His Evident Intention Is to Reconcile All Parties and Factions in Mexico.

Mexico City, Oct. 11.—It was unofficially stated today that President-elect Madero, had planned his cabinet as follows:

Foreign relations—President De la Barra, or Ignacio Fernandez Calderon, Interior—Jose Pino Suarez, Finance—Ernesto Madero, Communications—Manuel Bonilla, War—General Gonzales Salas, Formento—Rafael Hernandez, Justice—Francisco Diaz Lombardo, Salas is acting minister of war with the title of sub-secretary. The departments of finance, communications, and formento are now headed by the nominees above. It is probable that Hernandez will decline to enter the cabinet and de la Barra is reluctant to accept a post.

Calderon was the candidate of the Liberals in the Progressive convention for the nomination for the vice-presidency against Pino Suarez.

SMUGGLERS PLEAD GUILTY AT LAS CRUCES.

Guy L. Lemens and Frank J. Pasage of El Paso, plead guilty at Las Cruces to the charge of smuggling Chinamen into the United States. They were sentenced to nine months in the county jail and the costs of the suit. These men were caught near the San Augustin ranch with six Chinamen in a covered wagon. The Chinamen share of the fun will be free passage to China.

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN REVIEW.

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY, PUBLISHERS.
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JOHN K. STAUFFER, Secretary-Treasurer
FRANK STURGES, Vice President
CHAS. M. STAUFFER, General Manager.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

SPECIAL INTERESTS, CORPORATIONS, LAND GRABBERS AND BOSSES.

The unconscious humor of the Albuquerque Morning Journal is delicious. Its nerve is refreshing. Its logic is irresistible.

"H. O. Bursum," it shrieks editorially, is the representative of the "special interests, corporations, land grabbers and bosses."

Of course, W. C. McDonald is not. These assertions of the Albuquerque Journal should settle the matter; the subject should now be dismissed with a wave of the hand. But it will not.

Let us see! McDonald is and has been for twenty years, the president of the Carrizozo Cattle Ranch Company of Lincoln county. Is that a corporation? Is that a special interest?

Are they land grabbers? Is Felix Martinez of Texas, a boss? On the answer to these questions depends whether H. O. Bursum or W. C. McDonald is a representative of the "special interests, corporations, land grabbers and bosses."

The New Mexican is informed that the Carrizozo company is owned by British stockholders; that it has been absorbing water rights and with them lands, until the small cattleman has been practically driven out of Lincoln county; until it is impracticable for a homesteader, or a sheepman, or a small cattleman to exist on the domain pre-empted by that company. Is that land grabbing? May Providence deliver New Mexico from such special interests, corporations and land grabbers. If they had their way, New Mexico would be turned into one vast cattle ranch with a drift fence around it, and shares regularly sold on the London stock exchange.

Then as to bosses. Was ever a neater job of bossism performed than the nomination of the ticket of which W. C. McDonald is the head? The Democrats made no bones about it. A number of the younger element rebelled against it; exposed it openly; circulated printed appeals to the delegates to break away from boss domination. Was ever boss more powerful, more thorough in his domination than Felix Martinez? Has any boss ever dared to give the two principal places on a first state ticket to two of his employees working in the same printing office in the same town? Surely not.

But Mr. McDonald "has grown up" with New Mexico, declares the Journal. Of course, that is a virtue that entitles a man to be elected governor, even if he has no other qualifications. It is to be feared that W. C. McDonald "grew" up with the English corporation, however, rather than with New Mexico, and whenever the interests of the British stockholders conflicted with those of the public, the stockholders were served, or McDonald would not have held his job for twenty years. But McDonald "never sought" public office, announces the Albuquerque Morning Journal. That too, may be a virtue, but it is a negative one. British stockholders are not in the habit of permitting their employees to run for public office, to embarrass them by being too active politically, except it is to have a representative in the legislature at a time when they need special legislation. W. C. McDonald may hear at any time from London that he has to get off the Democratic ticket and settle down to the work that he is being paid for, unless the British stockholders have designs, ulterior designs, which will make it convenient for them to have an employee of theirs in the gubernatorial chair.

On the other hand, H. O. Bursum is the employee of no corporation, he owes allegiance to no British or any other kind of land grabbers, he is tied to no special interests, he is free to serve all the people and he will.

THE UNKNOWN MAN.

W. C. McDonald's best recommendation is that he is practically unknown, declares the Albuquerque Morning Journal. That argument should prove a drawing card with the voters, it ought to make a tremendous hit. It must appeal to the common voter, for there are some 25,000 other people in New Mexico who are practically unknown and who, therefore, in the course of time, should be in line for a gubernatorial nomination. Here is a hint to the big parties for the national conventions next year. Let them nominate "unknowns!" The less known the better! A man without a record has no record to defend; a man who has never done or accomplished anything has nothing to explain. The ancient Greeks erected an altar to the unknown gods. Let New Mexico erect a triumphal arch to the unknown man.

The Progressives took another whack at their patron saint. It was President Roosevelt who kindly invited Herbert J. Hagerman to resign as governor of New Mexico. It is that same Roosevelt who is lauded in the Progressive resolutions. The inference is obvious. It was the most cruel cut of all.

SHALL NEW MEXICO PROSPER?

The issue is up to the people, and they will decide on November 7. Against the party of progressive construction, of protection, of safe and sane government, are arrayed the revolutionary forces that seek to tear down. Under which is New Mexico most likely to gain capital, population? Under the forces that build up, symbolized by the Republican party, or under the forces that tear down, as symbolized by the Demo-insurgent fusion? Are not the following words of the Chicago Inter-Ocean applicable at this very moment in New Mexico?

"The prices of bonds and stocks do not make or unmake a nation's welfare. They are merely symptoms or signs of that welfare. But as symptoms or signs they are sure and exact."

"It is for these reasons that every man, with ten thousand or ten hundred thousand dollars to his name, has fixed his eyes for the last few days on the market lists of his morning newspaper and has observed with keen attention the downward course of investment securities."

This downward course has been steady rather than precipitous, but it has gone on until securities that yielded five per cent have gone to a six per cent basis, six per cent securities have been obtainable on a basis of seven or seven and one-half per cent return, and some stocks that formerly paid seven or seven and one-half per cent to investors have been purchasable at prices that would yield, at present dividend rates, eight or even nine per cent interest. And yet purchasers are reluctant and the banks are filled with idle money.

"Why is this? The United States long ago passed out the seven, eight or nine per cent period of its development. Why then are the banks bursting with idle money while investment securities seek purchasers on the basis of these flattering returns?"

"Many answers are given by men who are supposed to know or ought to know. It's the danger of war in Europe. It's the fear of a general strike in Europe. It's the prospect of a railway strike in the United States. It's this or that decision of the interstate commerce commission. It's the wool bill. It's the cotton tariff. It's Congress."

"Yet Congress adjourns, the English strike is settled, the Morocco question is let drift into the tranquil fields of diplomacy, and still the signs and symptoms remain the same where they do not grow worse."

"What then is the trouble? It seems as if a child should see, and yet the explanations that do not explain continue to fill the financial pages of the daily press. What is the trouble? Why, simply this:

"You cannot have the principal men, or the most conspicuous men, or the most noteworthy men, or the most notorious men, in the public life of a nation, go about trying to tear out the foundations of that country without paying the price."

"You and your neighbors and your neighbors' neighbors cannot pick and snud to the great lawmaking offices of the state and nation the men who would rend the foundations of the government, tear the beams from the structure, knock out the walls, smash down the supports—and still have confidence, and have your neighbors have confidence, that the roof will still stand sound and steady over your head and theirs."

"These things are so plain that, though often withheld from the wise, it seems as if they must be revealed to babes. These things are so plain that it seems almost wasteful to mention them. But they—even they—are not all. To them must be added the countless examples and instances that have come day by day, month by month, with ever increasing force and number, to drive home the lesson. Just look back a few weeks or months and consider!"

The Republican central committee did the respectable and logical thing in proposing to the Democratic central committee that the supreme court candidates do not engage actively in the political campaign. Both parties have declared in favor of keeping the supreme bench out of politics, and the Republicans will make good their pledges. The ermine should be kept spotless.

"The Las Vegas hand-out ran out of Mexicans and were forced to name a couple of white men," declares the Democratic Roswell Record. That is in reality the attitude of the Democracy toward the Spanish-American people. It does not consider them "white" men although bidding for their ballots on election day.

The first duty of the Democratic central committee is to buy clothespins for those who have a sensitive olfactory nerve and yet, despite unselfish warnings, insist on voting their ticket on November 7.

THE TRUTH.

The animus and actuating motives for the vicious and unwarranted attacks upon Honorable Holm O. Bursum, Republican candidate for governor, by a few discredited and thoroughly discredited political "boxers" are so palpable as to require no elucidation and is of such a disreputable character as to be repudiated by all right minded individuals.

The puerile attempt, by wilful distortion and misrepresentation of the facts, to besmirch the character of the Republican standard bearer, merits, and cannot fail to evoke, the condemnation of every fair minded, self respecting citizen of the state, regardless of political affiliations.

The falsity of the charges made against Holm O. Bursum relative to his administration of the affairs of the penitentiary has been fully and conclusively established by adjudication in a court of competent jurisdiction, under authority conferred upon it by an act of the legislature of New Mexico, approved by former Governor Hagerman, who now sees fit to criticize and condemn the legislative enactment which could not have become law had he chosen to exercise the veto power vested in him.

After the institution of the suit brought for the purpose of adjudicating the matters in controversy between the territory and Mr. Bursum, the court appointed as referee, Mr. C. V. Safford, traveling auditor of the territory, who, shortly prior thereto, had been reappointed by Governor Hagerman, and who was, and is, universally, recognized throughout the territory as one of its most competent accountants.

In that suit the territory was represented by able counsel and the government, having been permitted to intervene, was represented by a special assistant attorney general of the United States and by a special agent of the Interior Department.

Mr. Safford proceeded to make a thorough and exhaustive examination and audit of Mr. Bursum's accounts, including the books now on file in the office of the clerk of the district court as exhibits to referee Safford's report.

During the progress of the hearing the expert accountant from Colorado Springs, employed by Governor Hagerman to audit the penitentiary accounts, was requested to appear before Mr. Safford and present facts and figures in substantiation of the charges theretofore made; he refused to do so, whereupon he was subpoenaed, but upon being placed upon the witness stand refused to attempt to substantiate the charges. His testimony is likewise of record.

Upon the filing of the referee's report the matter was regularly heard before the trial court, when the fullest opportunity was afforded for the presentation of facts tending to disprove the correctness of the report, but no such attempt was made.

At the conclusion of the hearing, after the trial court in response to an inquiry had been assured by counsel that they had no objection whatever to offer against the approval of the report, the court made its findings based upon the facts and figures adduced before it, and rendered its decree in accordance therewith, whereby Mr. Bursum was fully and completely exonerated. The terms and provisions of the decree, as well as the facts and figures referred to, are matter of record.

From the court's decree as rendered, the right of appeal existed, not only to the supreme court of the territory, but to the supreme court of the United States from the latter tribunal. No appeal was taken.

These are simple unvarnished facts. The charges made against Mr. Bursum are merely a reiteration of statements made prior to the institution of the suit referred to, the falsity of which has been conclusively established by the solemn adjudication of the judicial branch of our government.

They present no live issue in this campaign and should not further engage the attention of the intelligent voters of the state or divert their attention from the real issues involved, and particularly the paramount issue of protecting their important and material interests at the coming election by placing New Mexico solidly in the Republican column.

With this brief statement of incontrovertible facts, the issues thus sought to be injected into the campaign should be eliminated from further discussion.

New Mexico has had some real bosses in its time, but the worst and most unscrupulous boss it ever had, was Felix Martinez. Old timers will remember the reign of terror in San Miguel county that prevailed when he had his clutches on offices and public affairs and what a sick of relief went up not only from Republicans but from his own followers, when after repeated valiant and daring efforts, he was deposed. But this boss, although he lives in El Paso, Texas, has been figuring on a U. S. Senatorship, on returning to power not only in San Miguel county but as the boss of the new state. He has owned and subsidized newspapers, he still owns and controls a newspaper in New Mexico, not as a matter of business, but as a means of getting back into power. He nominated for the Democratic party its ticket this week, and if it wins, it will be a long and decisive step toward making Felix Martinez the dictator not only of the Democratic party but of the people of New Mexico. If he succeeds in his selfish ambition may Providence pity the people of this commonwealth!

The Democrats are making much of the assertion that W. C. McDonald has never been an officeholder. But their memories are short. Before he became an employee of a British corporation, he was assessor of Lincoln county, and also served in the legislature. It is true, that his record then was not of such brilliant character as to merit any distinction or comment, but that is hardly a recommendation for entrusting him with the first governorship of the state of New Mexico.

PROTECTING ORCHARDS.

Holm O. Bursum had the right idea when he declared in his speech of acceptance, that the horticultural interests of New Mexico should be given the same attention and protection that is extended to the cattle and sheep men. The Sheep and Cattle Sanitary Boards have important duties in protecting those two great industries, but fruit trees need as much protection against the spread of disease as do sheep and cattle.

That his declaration was well received, appears from the following editorial on this subject in the El Paso Herald:

"He suggests that the people of the territory pledge their representatives in the next legislature to enact such a law and he has taken up a subject that should meet with the hearty support of every resident in the new state."

"Spraying is necessary to kill the moths and worms that destroy orchards. There are certain orchardists who are active and energetic in all such work and who need no such law to compel them to take care of their fruit trees, but there are others, indolent ones, who every year raise poor crops of fruit and big crops of dangerous insects. The insects from these poorly cared for, unsprayed orchards, scatter to the orchards of the men who spend money to take care of their crops and the result is that it is impossible for anybody to keep a clean orchard. It should be made compulsory on the part of every orchard owner in the state to spray his orchard whenever necessary to prevent the breeding of these pests."

"Mr. Evans says he knows of fruit men from Grand Junction, Colorado, who came to New Mexico to invest in orchards and then refused to put a cent in them because New Mexico had no compulsory spraying law. They did not care to hazard their money in an orchard that might be ruined at any time through the neglect of a neighbor, so returned to Colorado with their money."

REAL DANGER.

If there is any danger of New Mexico public lands being grabbed under the new state government, it is from large corporations owned by foreign stockholders who have absolutely no interest in New Mexico, except to draw dividends from the natural wealth of this domain, and which control the ranges in such counties as Lincoln. These corporations have been the enemy all over the West of the homesteader, of the sheepman, of the small cattleman, of the farmer and they have not stopped at bloodshed to maintain control of the public range. They have illegally put up drift fences and they have made it impossible for the small man to establish himself. There was a time when Lincoln county had scores of small cattle owners, when sheep and goats gave a livelihood to hundreds of herders and sheepmen, but that day has passed, the big corporations have driven off the small cattle and sheepmen, and have the waters and the range in their iron grasp. Why is it that Lincoln county has not settled up with farmers as Quay and Roosevelt counties have done the past few years? Why is the small cattleman disappearing? Is it not because of the carism of the foreign corporations?

The Democrats have nominated for governor, the manager of the biggest English corporation operating in Lincoln county and probably in the United States. He has been the servant of the British stockholders for the past twenty years. The New Mexican does not question his ability or his integrity as a faithful servant of his British overlords, but is he the kind of a man who is to be the first governor of New Mexico? Is it really true that New Mexico is owned and controlled by foreign corporations as the enemies of the commonwealth have so persistently asserted?

The answer will be given by the people of New Mexico on November 7, and the New Mexican does not fear that the answer will be in the affirmative.

WHAT DOES HIS NEIGHBOR THINK OF HIM?

It is a political lie in shaping a political ticket, to select men who will add strength to the ticket in the particular locality where they live. Is it not significant, that the Democratic nominations, will weaken the ticket in the particular locality where each candidate lives? Will not E. C. de Baca, candidate for Lieutenant governor, and Antonio J. Lucero, candidate for secretary of state, be snowed under in San Miguel county, where both live, where both are employed in the same office, where both have been employed by Felix Martinez? Will not Harvey B. Ferguson, be scratched unmercifully in Bernalillo county? Will not Francisco Manzanares weaken his own ticket in Guadalupe county, and especially at Fort Sumner?

On the other hand, Holm O. Bursum will run strongest in Socorro county; Segundo Romero will sweep San Miguel county; Malaquias Martinez will lead in Taos county; George Curry in Lincoln county; R. P. Ervin in Union county; W. G. Sargent in Rio Arriba county; Sylvester Mirabal in Valencia county; Frank W. Clancy in Bernalillo county; Frank W. Parker in Dona Ana county, and other candidates in their own particular bailiwicks. A man who is not popular among his neighbors, in his own community, lacks something that unites him for being a servant of the people in state office. There is a streak in his makeup that must be watched.

The Albuquerque Journal which swallows a man like Summers Burkhardt for the Supreme Court, tells the barefaced lie that Holm O. Bursum promised that New Mexico should be wide open in case he is elected. It is to laugh, and such mendacity should be rewarded. Those who know Holm O. Bursum, and fortunately, thousands know him personally, are certain that Holm O. Bursum will enforce the statutes of the territory as he finds them, even though he must order sheriffs to swear in every reputable citizen as a deputy.

TART'S IDEA OF HEAVEN.

Last week, President Taft, in a splendid address in defense of the U. S. Supreme court, gave his idea of heaven. It is a heaven, the foundation of which is justice, and where there is justice there is mercy, for real justice takes all, even remote circumstances, and causes into consideration, makes allowances for motives, balances the right and wrong so accurately that but few are utterly condemned for their wrong doing.

But President Taft had in mind abstract justice administered under fixed rules of procedure and evidence. He declared the Supreme Court of the United States to be the highest exemplification of a tribunal in which abstract justice is done, unswayed by political, material or other considerations. He considers it the greatest court on earth, the ideal apex of a government such as the founders of the republic had in mind when they adopted the Constitution of the United States. A court of that kind must be above partisanship, above politics, above the fanfare on the streets.

Such a court, the Republican party has in mind for New Mexico, and it, therefore, nominated for Justices of the supreme bench men tried and true, men who have the judicial mind and training, men whose character, personal conduct and judicial record have been above reproach. For that reason, the Republican Central Committee will not permit the candidates for the supreme bench to go on the stump or to make an active campaign, no matter what the Democratic State Central Committee may reply to the proposition.

The Republican party will not permit the judicial ermine to be dragged through political mud. How much confidence does a litigant have in a judge or in a court which he has heard maligning officials or candidates of political parties from the stump or from the street corner? Will it not be with reluctance that the man with a grievance or with a property or personal right to defend or to maintain, approaches a judge or a court whose personal conduct has been questionable; a judge who has been known to be drunk or who has taken a bitter part in partisan strife or in personal muckraking? Surely, the people of New Mexico want their highest tribunal to be above reproach, to be above any political, partisan or personal taint, and they will, therefore, almost unanimously place the ermine on the shoulders of the men selected by the Republican party for its candidates.

A MIDNIGHT BARGAIN.

It was not for thirty pieces of silver but it was for an office, an office that should be above bargaining, it was for a seat on the supreme bench of New Mexico.

It was midnight. The Democratic bosses were in session, unknown to the rank and file. It was the day before the putting through of the state.

They were haggling over the price to be paid the so-called Progressive Republicans for deserting their party, for betraying the principles of Lincoln, of Grant, of McKinley, of Roosevelt, of Taft. Levi A. Hughes and Richard H. Hanna were sent for, and both appeared before the bosses.

Richard H. Hanna named his own price. He admitted that he had first thought of running for district judge in the district composed of Santa Fe, Rio Arriba and San Juan counties, but he found that \$5,000 would be spent to defeat him, that though he split even in Santa Fe county, he would lose Rio Arriba by a thousand votes and San Juan also, because he had been interested there in land and irrigation litigation.

Oh, how the word "land" struck all over the Democratic ticket! From top to bottom, from left to right and back again, it consists of men interested directly or indirectly in lands, lands, lands; in water, water, water; in water for irrigation and water to control the range.

It was evident to the bosses that this was not a stand for principle but a bid for office. Afraid he might be defeated for district judge in the district in which he lives—and therefore grasping at the Supreme Court judgeship. What a spectacle! It disgusts even the bosses, and after three hours of bitter personalities, they voted down the bargain at three o'clock in the morning.

But the hunger for office when it once seizes a man, is so insatiable, that the issue was forced before the convention. At the last moment of the state convention, the nomination of Richard H. Hanna was forced, Jeremiah Leahy of the Progressives was thrown overboard, so worthy a man as Judge N. B. Laughlin was sidetracked and given a consolation lemon in the shape of the secretaryship of the state central committee.

What will the answer be on November 7?

There is much that is alike in the platforms of the Republicans, the Democrats and the so-called Progressive League. They all declare for efficient government, for honest officials and against corrupt practices. In a few respects the platforms, however, are widely divergent. The Republican platform, for instance, insists on protection to American industries, especially such industries as that of wool production. The Democrats declare for a tariff for revenue only, and the Progressives say that while protection is all right, Schedule K is all wrong. The Progressive plank is a straddle, the other two are direct and to the point, and the voter has no difficulty in making his choice. That one plank is characteristic of the attitude of the three conventions. The New Mexican is willing to rest the case of the Republican party with the people of New Mexico on that issue.

Let's see! One Felix Martinez started a fusion or a union movement once before, didn't he? In San Miguel county they remember all that and there are quite a few people in Santa Fe county who have bitter recollections of that movement. But this time the fusion-union will not stick.

WHICH DO YOU CHOOSE?

Businessmen, land owners, working men, sheep and cattle men, all expected that the moment that statehood was granted to New Mexico, great prosperity, a tremendous revival of trade.

They had a right to look for it, and keen has been their disappointment. Business is moving along as slowly as it had before, capital is no easier to get, railroad construction has not been resumed, land is not in greater demand. Why?

Capital and enterprise are timid. Capital and enterprise have heard it whispered by Democrats in the east that the Democrats have a fighting chance to carry New Mexico on November 7. Of course, no such chance exists, but capital and enterprise are holding off until after the election.

If the Republican ticket is elected, capital and enterprise will take it as a guarantee that for five years, New Mexico will build up instead of tear down; that property and personal rights will be protected; that every one will be given the square deal, and capital and enterprise will pour into the State by New Year in an overwhelming avalanche.

But if the Democrats should win? Capital and enterprise will go elsewhere. There are other fields for it than new states, states in which demagoguery makes uncertain the future. Even Mexico and South America are preferred by capital to such a state.

What do you want, Mr. Voter? What do you favor? Prosperity, good times, development, increase in wealth and population, or do you prefer retrogression, sloth and uncertainty?

PERIL FOR NEW MEXICO.

The Democratic idea of a tariff, as approved in the New Mexico Democratic platform, would not only ruin the wool industry in this Territory, but it would bring disaster to business in general. There are five million sheep in New Mexico; the annual wool production is 20,000,000 pounds, and thirty thousand men with their families depend upon it for sustenance and it would be bad enough if this industry were wiped out, even if this destruction had no effect on other occupations and trades.

But business prosperity is so interwoven with the prosperity of every established industry, that the elimination of the revenue derived from the sheep industry would mean bankruptcy to merchants, would imperil the solidity of many banks, would be felt in practically every town and village of New Mexico. Take out of circulation \$3,000,000 derived annually from the sale of wool, \$5,000,000 received in the Territory each year from the sale of sheep and lambs, and business and real estate values would not recover from the blow for many years. There are other industries threatened by the Democratic idea of tariff for revenue only, and certainly, no sane businessman, no workingman, no one interested directly or indirectly in such great industries as that of the production of wool in New Mexico could justify voting for the Democratic ticket.

The Democratic state committee has not yet answered the Republican proposal that the candidates for the supreme bench make no political campaign tours. Yet the Democratic platform unciously and blatantly declared for a non-partisan judiciary. To prove their consistency, the Democrats immediately nominated on their supreme court ticket, the former secretary of their state committee, a political partisan of the worst type, and a demagogue who has disgusted even those who have been his friends, with the intensity of his partisanship.

No wonder the Democrats do not want to listen to any suggestion of a non-political judiciary. They placed two mud volcanoes on their supreme court ticket and those mud-volcanoes can earn their keep only by spouting. A mud volcano is not an attractive feature in the landscape; it adds nothing to the value of adjacent real estate; it never produces ore or shelters fruit trees. Its only function is to spout mud. And when two such mud volcanoes are nominated for the supreme court, it is positive cruelty to suggest that they should keep from spouting mud during an exciting political campaign.

The Republicans of eastern New Mexico have honored two of their most brilliant newspapermen with nominations to the legislature and the people of Quay and Chaves counties would not only honor them, but also themselves, by sending them to Santa Fe to help in the making of the first state laws. L. C. Kleinfelter of Obar Progress, Quay county, and Will Robinson of the Roswell Register Tribune of Chaves county, are known to fame outside of this commonwealth. Only a few weeks ago, Colliers devoted an editorial to Kleinfelter, his pluck, his originality, his cosmopolitanism. The writings of Tenderfoot Robinson are known and admired in homes the country over. Both are men of practical ideas, they have done more to mould public opinion, to help in the march of progress than many a man lauded as a statesman and legislator. With men of that kind in the first state assembly, there would be something doing that would startle the old timers.

Felix Martinez of El Paso, Texas, it now appears is the real boss behind the Democratic bosses. The Democratic nominees for Lieutenant governor and secretary of state, are his creatures, and are both associated in running Felix Martinez's La Voz del Pueblo at Las Vegas. Oh, ye, Progressives, what do you know about that?

The people have a right to know all about the personality, the record and character of the men nominated by the Republican party on the state ticket, and with tomorrow, the New Mexican will shortly publish the biography of each candidate.

WHO OWNS THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY?

"Who owns the Democratic party?" A. A. Jones, National Committee man.

A. A. Jones, State Chairman.
A. A. Jones, Candidate for the U. S. Senate.

A. A. Jones, who has his eyes on the waters of the Pecos and its tributaries, on the lands that might be irrigated by those waters.

Who owns the Democratic party? H. B. Ferguson, who is a candidate for Congress.

H. B. Ferguson, who is a candidate, by his own admission, for the U. S. Senate.

H. B. Ferguson, who admitted in the Constitutional Convention that he had been attorney for a railroad, for corporations, for men who wanted lands and lots of them.

Who owns the Democratic party? Felix Martinez, of El Paso, of the state of Texas.

Felix Martinez who owns and controls the major portion of the Democratic press.

Felix Martinez, whose editor and whose newspaper manager, have been nominated for Lieutenant governor and secretary of state, so that if, by chance, the candidate for governor should be removed, that Felix Martinez might still retain his grasp on the state, providing it goes Democratic.

Truly a great, a selfish, a powerful triumvirate. What chance has a young man in the Democratic party? What reward is there for the faithful and patriotic worker? The best things grabbed, clinched, by three men who have ruled with iron hand, who have ruined the Democratic party in past two decades.

Talk about bossism! Is there any state, is there any party, in which it is so brazen, so flagrant, so defiant of public opinion, as in the Democratic party of New Mexico?

Who owns the Democratic party?

THE REPUBLICANS AND GOOD ROADS.

The Republican platform declares for good roads. But Republican activity is not confined merely to platform declarations. The Republicans have been building good roads. The Republican candidate for governor is a good roads builder. He was the first to utilize convict labor on the construction of mountain roads and scenic highways, but even before that he built good roads in the Mogollons. The Democratic administration never thought of such a thing as good roads. They were too busy looking after the bundle and the office.

It was the Republican legislature who placed good roads laws on the statute books, who provided for El Camino Real, the Scenic Highway, the Good Roads Commission and made a systematic effort to place New Mexico in line with modern ideas on road building. Their platform makes certain that they will continue this policy.

Lord Macaulay, in the opening page of his description of the difficulty of traveling in England in 1865, remarks that "every improvement of the means of locomotion benefits mankind morally and intellectually as well as materially; and not only facilitates the interchange of the various productions of nature and art, but tends to remove national and provincial antipathies and to bind together all the branches of the great human family." Henry Clay had the same thought in mind when he urged to completion the national road over the Alleghenies.

TICKET FOR TICKET.

Let the voters compare the Republican and the Democratic state nominations, ticket with ticket, name with name, reputation with reputation and character with character. Let them make this comparison beginning with the governor and ending with the corporation commission. Let them delve into the records and examine the standing of each man. There can be but one result—as to personality each Republican nominee towers high in ability above his Democratic opponent.

Then compare platform with platform, plank with plank, and here again it is certain that real statesmanship, real solicitude for the welfare of New Mexico, are dictating Republican policies, while the Democrats resort to buncombe where they do not advocate policies that would do New Mexico irreparable harm. It has always been thus, it is that way now and will probably be the same in years to come. The Republican party is the party of principles, of prosperity, of equal rights; the Democratic party is the party of opportunists that grasps at any evanescent issue on which to ride into office.

UNFAIR DISTRIBUTION.

The large group of eleven counties in western and northwestern New Mexico, comprising almost one-half the area and having one-half the population of New Mexico, was utterly ignored by the Democratic bosses who formulated the Democratic state ticket, probably, because they have 80,000 Spanish Americans. These eleven counties consisting of San Juan, Rio Arriba, Taos, Santa Fe, Sandoval, McKinley, Valencia, Socorro, Sierra, Otero, Luna and Dona Ana, all adjoining each other, were given not a single Democratic candidate. As a sop to them, one progressive, the most unpopular man on the ticket, was thrown to them like a bone to a dog. Can and do the Democrats expect to get any votes from those eleven counties? The Republicans, on the other hand, distributed much more evenly geographically, for from the eleven counties come six of their candidates, including the governor, lieutenant governor, state treasurer, state auditor, a railroad commissioner and a judge of the supreme court.

The Albuquerque Journal is trying hard to make the Progressives believe that W. C. McDonald is opposed to the wide open policy and the auction. This will even make the cowboys on the range of Mr. McDonald's British bosses grin with unholly joy.

W. C. McDONALD FOR GOVERNOR

Democratic State Convention Names Him, Cheering His Name Wildly

J. A. HALY MAKES A SPEECH

But Principal Address Is Delivered by H. B. Ferguson in Seconding.

Scenes of wild enthusiasm William C. McDonald of Carrizozo, Lincoln county, was nominated by acclamation yesterday evening by the Democratic state convention.

The delegates rose to their feet, grabbed the standards which designated the counties and marched around the hall of representatives for several minutes, cheering wildly as the First Regiment Band struck up a national air.

It was several minutes before order was restored.

The afternoon session began at 4 p. m. Isaac Barth arising to make the motion that all nominating speeches be limited to ten minutes and seconding speeches to five, except the seconding of the nomination for governor. The motion was temporarily withdrawn and then made later by Mr. Barth and it was carried.

Former Governor W. T. Thornton arose and said that it would be a good thing to ascertain what that resolution committee was doing and he would like to hear from it. He added: "It is now four o'clock, and gentlemen we are on time once." (A voice: "Well, we will be in time on election day, too.") This was greeted by laughter.

The resolution committee was brought in and Judge Byron O. Sherry of Alamogordo, its former mayor, read the resolutions in a loud voice. There was much enthusiasm when the clause about the election of the U. S. Senators by popular vote was read. There was much applause throughout the reading, so much that a delegate from Torrance county asked that applause be withheld until the interpreter had finished translating each phrase. The reading of the resolutions was over at 4:25 p. m. and Governor Thornton moved the adoption of the platform which, he said, he hoped would be adopted by the people November 7.

He added: "I am certain not a man in this convention can object to any thing in these resolutions."

Democratic Platform.

We, the Democrats of New Mexico, in convention assembled at Santa Fe, publish the following declaration of principles in this campaign:

We reaffirm our devotion to the principles of our political faith as announced in our last national and territorial platforms, believing that their execution makes for the highest and best interests of the people and will secure a government of pure Democracy—a Jeffersonian government of equal rights to all, special privileges to none.

We rejoice with and congratulate the people on the final attainment of statehood which secures the opportunity for a measure of home rule and self-government in the conduct of our local affairs.

We further rejoice and congratulate the people as a whole that in the crisis of the statehood battle we had a Democratic House of Representatives, true to the time-honored Democratic declaration and effort in behalf of statehood that dragged from a reluctant Republican Senate and President their consent to the Flood Resolution, which not only won for us the battle of sixty years but gave us also this opportunity to secure the advantages of self-government so dear to the people of a sovereign state in this great Union, and we express our heartfelt gratitude to the Democratic majority in Congress for securing to us immediate statehood under the terms of the Flood resolution, all of which had been denied to us by a Republican Congress and President for fifteen years.

We further congratulate the people that the Flood Resolution repeals the provision of the Enabling Act under which a Republican President and a Republican Congress compelled us to place in our Constitution a provision disqualifying all of our citizens to hold State office or become members of the Legislature, who cannot "read, write, speak and understand the English language" sufficiently well to conduct the duties of the office without the aid of an interpreter, and we call the especial attention of the people to the fact that this unmerited, discriminating and un-American provision is in our Constitution today, and that the adoption of the Flood substitute for Article 19 provides a simple way to take out this unjust provision, while at the same time it guarantees to all citizens forever the full right of elective franchise, the benefit of the public school system and the enjoyment of their ancient rights and customs.

In this connection we desire to pronounce and declare that the Flood Resolution offers to the people of New Mexico the most beneficent opportunity to secure a fuller measure of self-government ever offered to a free people in a sovereign state and we recommend to and urge upon them to vote the "Blue Ballot" by marking the cross in the square opposite the words "For Constitutional Amendment."

We record our adherence to the time-honored doctrine of tariff reform—a tariff graduated to the revenue needs of government, condemning the tariff policy and legislation of the Republican party under which the masses of the people are being taxed for the benefit of a few; under which vast combinations of wealth have accrued, and oppressive monopolies have come into existence, and under which even the necessities of life for the masses have become the play-

thing of speculation and the profitable subjects of corporate greed and monopolistic robbery under the sanction of unholy law.

We favor the direct primaries for the nomination of all officers wherever practicable and we especially favor the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people.

We favor the passage of a law by our first State Legislature which will provide all necessary school books at the expense of the state, free of charge to all school children up to and including the eighth grade, under wise regulations and restrictions, and a uniform system of school books in all the common schools of the state.

We are not an anti-corporation party, but as corporations are creatures of the state, we believe in corporation regulation by the state under just laws, so that the well known corporate tendency to monopoly and oppression may be justly and beneficially restrained.

We believe the corporation commission should be non-partisan, should be composed of experienced business men, and we favor the enlargement of the powers and a clearer definition of the duties of that commission as created by our constitution.

We favor a non-partisan judiciary and the amendment of the constitution providing for the election of the members of the Supreme and District Courts at a separate election, so that the courts may be removed from political influence as far as possible.

We demand a speedy survey and subdivision of all unsurveyed public lands in our state, to the end that settlement and development of the same may not be retarded and that the many settlers now located thereupon may be enabled to procure titles to their homes, and that the state may be able to make its selection of the lands granted to it by the Act of Congress from as early a date as possible.

We favor a stringent and operative corrupt practice law.

We favor a fair and honest election, a free ballot and an honest count.

We favor the enactment of a well-defined and effective public road law, and the expenditure of all moneys collected for such purposes in an intelligent and wise manner.

We favor the enactment of an effective drainage law.

We reaffirm our belief in the principles of direct legislation as embodied in the initiative and referendum because those principles bring the government nearer to the people, and reserve the powers thereof in their hands where those powers justly belong.

We favor a just workingmen's compensation law for injuries arising in hazardous occupations, and also a wise method of industrial insurance so that all questions between employers and employees, arising thereunder, may have a plain, speedy and adequate adjustment.

We stand not only for material and intellectual progress, but also for moral advancement in public life, and we declare the paramount issue before the people of New Mexico to be "GOOD GOVERNMENT," and the eradication of graft and bribery from public life in this state.

We believe that the only way to put into effect these patriotic principles and the accomplishment of these desired results is by nominating and electing men of clean public record, and we appeal to all patriotic citizens regardless of past or present party affiliations to join us in our effort to start the new state of New Mexico aright on the road to her manifest destiny.

With our faces turned toward the rising sun we submit our cause to the patriotic consideration of all the people of New Mexico.

Democratic Central Committee.
Bernillo—A. B. McGaffey, Fred P. Kahnt.
Chaves—C. L. Ballard, John L. Hinkle.
Colfax—Dr. C. B. Kohlhausen and W. C. Brown.
Curry—C. E. Denny, S. A. Jones.
Doña Ana—N. C. Frenger, J. H. Paxton.
Eddy—M. C. Stewart, G. U. McCreary.
Grant—John L. Burnside, Jackson Agee.
Guadalupe—J. P. Williams, M. C. Baca.
Lincoln—G. Greeninger, O. Mera.
Luna—J. A. Mahoney, James N. Upton.
McKinley—F. C. Swartz, R. F. Beddow.
Mora—T. C. deBaca, M. F. Gallegos.
Otero—H. M. Denny, H. S. Holway.
Quay—R. P. Donohoe, Max. Tafona.
Rio Arriba—F. Lopez, Henry Grant.
Roosevelt—H. B. Raiter, A. A. Bee-man.
San Juan—J. A. Hartman, W. M. Danburg.
San Miguel—E. E. Veeder, J. D. Hand.
Santa Fe—Arthur Seligman, Marcelino A. Garcia.
Sandoval—J. W. Sullivan and Luciano Mondragon.
Sierra—Guy McPherson, J. H. Latham.
Socorro—John Greenwald, A. C. Torres.
Torrance—E. W. Robertson, R. L. Hitt.
Union—W. H. Laud, J. M. Gonzales.
Valencia—Samuel A. Wilkinson, M. N. Williams.

James C. Dahlman, "Cowboy" Mayor of Omaha, "Throws the Lariat."
Mayor Jas. C. Dahlman started his career as a cowboy, and is at present Mayor of Omaha, and has the following record: Sheriff of Dawes Co., Neb., three terms; mayor of Chadron, Neb., six years; and in 1910 Candidate for Governor of Nebraska. Writing to Foley & Co., Chicago, he says: "I have taken Foley Kidney Pills and they have given me a great deal of relief so I cheerfully recommend them."

Yours truly,
(Signed) JAMES C. DAHLMAN.

BOTH ARMIES ARE HARD AT WORK

Democrats on West Side and Republicans East Side of the Plaza

EACH HAS A PRESS BUREAU

Democrats Select Judge Laughlin, Secretary, and Governor Thornton, Treasurer.

Democratic Headquarters on the west side; Republican headquarters on the east side. That is the political "layout" of the armies, and reminds one of the lines:

"Cannon to the right of us,
Cannon to the left of us."

The Democratic camp showed more signs of activity today than Saturday. The offices were heated with roaring fires, and desks had been put in place and the click of typewriters told that the generals were mapping out their campaign.

There was a look of gladness on the faces of the "workers" as politicians arrived and sought the secretary, the newly elected secretary, Napoleon Bonaparte Laughlin.

Said one Democrat, "That's a name to conjure with, eh my boy, in a campaign."

Judge Laughlin smiled as he met everyone, and so did the newly elected treasurer, former Governor W. T. Thornton. Chairman of the Central Committee A. A. Jones was not seen at the offices this morning but it is said he is very much "on deck" and has thoroughly recovered from his toothache which kept him from addressing the Democratic convention.

The executive committee is preparing for a whirlwind tour of noted campaign orators. Among these will be Henry D. Flood of Virginia, with a bent up flood of remarks.

Mr. Flood will leave his home at Appomattox Courthouse, Va., and will reach Raton Wednesday. In the evening, in company with a number of local speakers, he will address the Democratic voters of Colfax county. On Thursday Mr. Flood will make an address at Las Vegas and on Friday at Santa Fe, reaching Albuquerque in time for a meeting Saturday night. Mr. Flood's itinerary after reaching Albuquerque, has not been definitely arranged as yet, but it is understood that he has placed himself at the disposition of the committee for ten days.

K. W. Greene on the Job.
And not to leave it all to the spellbinders, the speechifiers, the men who deliver left shift blows and the sleepmaking upper cuts, the Democrats are going to work through the press. K. W. Greene, a well known newspaperman has been made general isore of this department.

Mr. Greene was formerly on the El Paso Herald and last winter was the Washington correspondent of the Albuquerque Journal and the El Paso Herald. He will hand out the news as seen through Democratic spectacles.

Thirty Mail Bags.
A casual look showed that the Democratic camp has no less than THIRTY sacks of literature to sling into the campaign from the jump. What all the sacks contain, is difficult to say, but it is said they have speeches of some fervent orators who discuss Schedule K.

And the Republicans!
And the Republican camp, is also an imposing one. As for number of workers, they seemed to have the Democrats "beat" just at present. Room after room in the Catron block shows activity and there are some brainy men up there who are poring over letters and dictating to stenographers. It does look as though "the battle is on." Herbert W. Clark, the secretary of the Democratic Central Committee, and Chairman Veneciano Jarraillio were two of the busiest men. But the mail bags with speeches on the tariff were conspicuous by their absence. The Republicans do not seem to be burdening the mail cars with such literature.

Captain Brogan on Deck.
Carrying no field glasses but looking every inch a captain which he is, "Bill" Brogan arrived at headquarters today. He is to be in command of the press division of the Republican army at headquarters.

Captain Brogan is managing editor of the Albuquerque Herald, formerly city editor of the Santa Fe New Mexican and formerly "bright line" writer on the Kansas City Star before he came to the Sunshine State for his health. Brogan knows the New Mexican newspaper game and will be a great help to the Republican army.

Don't trifle with a cold is good advice for prudent men and women. It may be vital in case of a child. There is nothing better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs and colds in children. It is safe and sure. For sale by all dealers.

COLIN NEBLETT FOR JUDGE, J. R. WADDELL FOR ATTORNEY.
Silver City, N. M., Oct. 9.—The judicial convention for the Sixth judicial district met Saturday and elected John Corbett of Luna county chairman and Jim Blair of Grant county secretary. The name of Major J. R. Waddell of Luna county as a Democratic candidate for district judge was withdrawn and Colin Neblett of Grant county was unanimously nominated. Friday after the news was received in Deming of the nomination of Alvan White, of Grant county, for the office of state superintendent of schools, he having withdrawn from the race as district attorney of the Sixth judicial district, Major Waddell announced for the place, and he was nominated today over Attorney J. D. Felder of Deming by a vote of 12 to 6. The convention then adjourned.

JOHNSON IS HELD FOR LIBEL

Arrested at Breakfast This Morning on Warrant of C. J. Crandall

HE MUST GIVE \$3,000 BAIL

Dramatic Sequel of Fight Waged Against Certain Indian Officials.

While at breakfast at a local hotel this morning a warrant was served on William E. Johnson, well known as "Pugfoot" Johnson, former chief special officer of the interior department, for the suppression of the liquor traffic among the Indians. Mr. Johnson recently resigned.

The warrant was sworn out by Clinton J. Crandall, superintendent of the U. S. Indian Industrial School, and was signed by Justice of the Peace J. M. Garcia. It was served by Deputy Sheriff Seferino Baca. It charges Mr. Johnson with criminal libel and quotes a Denver paper as stating that "Johnson admits that the direct cause of his resignation was the trouble in New Mexico where he charges the Indians with the connivance and consent of Superintendent C. J. Crandall, have been robbed and plundered of their lands."

The news of the arrest caused a good deal of comment as it was known there was alleged bad feeling between Johnson and a number of Indian officials, of more or less prominence.

Johnson gave \$500 bail and his case came up before Justice J. M. Garcia at 11:30 o'clock this morning.

Held to the Grand Jury.
Justice of the Peace Jose Maria Garcia held Johnson to the grand jury under \$3,000 bail in default of which he was remanded to jail until the bond is made out.

Deputy State Attorney E. P. Davies represented the territory.

The statute for criminal libel in New Mexico provides for a fine or a penitentiary sentence in case of conviction.

Mr. Johnson also accuses Assistant Secretary of the Interior Samuel Adams and Assistant Commissioners of Indian Affairs Fred H. Abbott of being in a cabal with the liquor interests and booze sellers to hamper the work of suppression of the liquor traffic among the Indians.

It is charged that one of ex-Chief Johnson's deputies in New Mexico, who was recently let out by the department, has been engaged in acquiring lands from the Indians of San Ildefonso and Santa Clara pueblos and that the government attorneys have been investigating this matter and have instituted proceedings to eject this ex-deputy from Indian lands which are being wrongfully withheld from the Indians.

Mr. Crandall has always been known as a vigorous defender of the rights of the Indians in New Mexico, and has taken the initiative in having the government attorneys institute many suits to recover Indian lands from those who were trying to fraudulently acquire the same.

It is thought by many of Mr. Crandall's friends that the bitterness of the attack made upon him in press articles not signed by the name of the author were instigated by those who have been trying to acquire Indian lands in New Mexico but were headed off in doing so by Mr. Crandall's efforts.

HEAVY RAINS PLAY HAVOC WITH SCHEDULES.

No Trains on the D. & R. G. Since Thursday and Santa Fe Trains Are Late, Too.

The heavy rains of Tuesday and Wednesday have swollen the Rio Grande and have left demolished bridges and washouts of track, tying up the Denver & Rio Grande trains since Thursday with no prospect of relief until Monday and also delaying the Santa Fe's. "Because of the delay to Santa Fe train No. 10 this morning, a stub local was sent north from there."

The biggest washout on the D. & R. G. was its bridge at Chama where the Chama river went on a rampage. There was much damage done this side of Espanola, it is stated.

On the Santa Fe, train 8 was fifteen hours late, arriving at 2 o'clock this afternoon instead of 10:50 o'clock last night.

The Santa Fe officials received word that there were heavy washouts on the coast line. But the Albuquerque papers state that there was much trouble at Bernalillo, between here and Albuquerque where the water has risen 15 and 20 inches in ten hours the greatest rise in 20 years with indications of still higher water. It is feared that the water will change the course of the river and injure the town.

16,000 Ties Are Loosened.
The tremendous rains in northern New Mexico and Colorado made the Rio Grande so fierce that the big log boom owned by the Santa Barbara Pole and Tie Company, at Domingo forty miles north of Albuquerque, gave away shortly after noon yesterday, loosening between fifteen and sixteen thousand ties. At last reports, the ties were whirling down the river to Bernalillo and a telephone message from that town, sixteen miles north of Albuquerque at 5 o'clock yesterday was to the effect that there is little doubt but that the Bernalillo bridge will give away when the ties hit that structure.

After exposure and when you feel a cold coming on, take Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It checks and relieves. Use no substitute. The genuine in a yellow package always. For sale by all druggists.

TAX ROLLS OF SEVEN COUNTIES

Union Shows the Magnificent Gain This Year Over Last of \$212,807

NEW COMPANY INCORPORATED

Nabor Lopez Arrested On Charge of Getting Money Under False Pretenses.

Governor William J. Mills has appointed Cleon B. Holmes of Albuquerque, Bernalillo county, a notary public.

Goes to Albuquerque.
Governor Mills will leave tomorrow for Albuquerque to attend the state fair which opens there Monday.

Arrested in Union County.
Sheriff Silviano Robal, who now is in the city, arrested Nabor Lopez in Union county on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Lopez was put under bond.

For the Treasury.
Territorial Treasurer M. A. Otero has received the following sums for the treasury: Cleofes Romero, convict's earnings, \$698.22; Alejandro Sandoval county, \$5.68; C. Sanchez of Guadalupe county, \$224; Game and Fish Warden Thomas F. Gable, \$50.75.

New Company Incorporated.
Articles of incorporation were filed today in the territorial secretary's office by Rogers Whitman and Company, to do a general real estate business with office at Cimarron, Colfax county, and James O. Rogers as the statutory agent. The company is incorporated at \$12,000 consisting of 120 shares at \$100 each. The incorporators are James O. Rogers, seven shares; William E. Whitman, seven shares; and George Crocker, six shares.

Tax Rolls for 1911.
Traveling Auditor John Joerns has received the tax rolls for all of the counties for the year 1911. Those not published already are the following:

Sandoval.
Sandoval county shows a net loss of \$43,309. The tax roll for 1910 was \$913,664 and for 1911 \$855,355. In the increase column are coal lands, \$8,860; improvements on same, \$2,900; horses, \$1,245; mules, \$900. In the decrease column are agricultural lands, \$1,412; improvements on city lots, \$1,675; mineral lands other than coal, \$24,660; cattle, \$12,969; merchandise, \$4,645.

San Juan.
San Juan county shows a net gain of \$49,291. The tax roll of 1910 was \$1,256,444 and in 1911 it was \$1,267,153. In the increase column are agricultural lands, \$26,555; improvements on same, \$10,249; improvements on grazing lands, \$4,166; improvements on city lots, \$11,685; ditches for irrigation, \$13,500 sheep, \$17,411; carriages, \$1,925; saddles and harness, \$1,220; merchandise, \$3,103; farming implements, \$2,052; shares of stocks in banks, \$12,575; lumber, \$1,095; and blacksmith tools, etc., \$1,320. In the decrease column are grazing lands, \$9,479; electric light plants, \$2,000; flouring mills, \$5,700; cattle, \$11,585; goats, \$3,388; money, \$3,420.

San Miguel.
San Miguel county shows a net gain of \$15,643. Last year the tax roll was \$1,004,720 and this year it is \$1,020,263. Among the items of increase are agricultural lands, \$428,394; improvements on same, \$15,633; improvements on city lots, \$8,708; electric light plants, \$6,205 saw mills, \$2,250; merchandise, \$31,835; shares of stocks in banks, \$3,043. In the decrease are grazing lands, \$376,425; railroads, standard, mileage, \$103,000; cattle, \$1,274.

Socorro.
Socorro shows a net loss of \$9,604. In 1910 it was \$2,423,246; in 1911, \$2,412,642. In the increase column are grazing lands, \$5,028,500; city or town lots, \$13,655,500; improvements on same, \$24,162; telegraph and telephone lines, \$8,062; flouring mills, \$1,000; books, law and medical, \$680; shares of stocks in banks, \$2,380; smelter, \$4,425; axes, \$2,545.

In the decrease column are agricultural lands, \$941; coal lands, \$14,175; improvements on same, \$9,025; mineral lands, \$1,538; electric light plants, \$2,000; mines, surface improvement, \$2,000 horses, \$1,682; cattle, \$13,693; sheep, \$14,220; household goods, \$7,009; tools, blacksmith and carpenter, \$1,875.

Taos.
Taos county shows a net gain of \$63,678. In 1910 the tax roll was \$741,473 and in 1911 it was \$808,151. In the increase column are agricultural lands, improvements, \$17,350; grazing lands, \$5,000; city or town lots, \$1,000; mineral lands other than coal, \$51,669; flouring mills, \$1,200; carriages, wagons of all kinds, \$15,760; saddles and harness, \$1,282. In the decrease column are agricultural lands, \$57,168; city or town lots improvements, \$6,510; mines, surface improvement, \$2,100; cattle, \$2,040; sheep, \$20,399; merchandise, \$14,182; household goods, \$2,148; shares of stocks in banks, \$4,000.

Union.
Union county shows a net gain of \$212,807. In 1910 it was \$2,355,710, and in 1911 it was \$2,568,517. In the increase column are agricultural lands \$19,733; improvements, \$6,080; grazing lands, \$101,221; improvements on same, \$49,121; improvements on city or town lots, \$15,660; horses, \$29,156; mules, \$6,473; merchandise, \$31,201; household goods, \$8,553.

Valencia.
Valencia county shows a net loss of \$60,061.20. In 1910 it was \$1,486,235.50, and this year it is \$1,426,174.75. In the increase column are agricultural lands, \$4,683.62; improvements on city lots, \$3,702.50; telegraph and telephone lines, \$1,834.12; railroads, \$23,

131.45. In the decrease column grazing lands, \$23,627.61; timberlands, \$10, 929.57; horses, \$15,549.50; sheep, \$25,541.25; merchandise, \$18,715; shares of stocks in banks, \$6,085.60.

Postal Matters.
A postoffice has been established at Selden, Dona Ana county, with Kathleen Patterson as postmistress.

Medical Board Meets.
The Board of Health and Medical Examiners is meeting today at the Capitol. The members of the board are J. F. Pearce, W. E. Kaser, J. A. Masad, W. D. Radcliffe, J. G. Molt, Fred F. Doessp and Robert Smart. Most of the members arrived here yesterday.

Postoffice Established.
A postoffice has been established at Selden, Dona Ana county, with Kathleen Patterson as postmistress.

Five Postoffices Discontinued.
The following New Mexico postoffices have been ordered discontinued: Belcher, Roosevelt county, special, mail to Inez, (23 Oct.) Harence, Sandoval county, special, mail to Sonotito (28 Sept.) Lewiston, Roosevelt county, 67246. Mail to Elida, (28 Sept.) Putnam, San Juan county, 67192. Mail to Thoreau, (28 Sept.) Scholle, Valencia county, 167027. Mail to Mountainair, (28 Sept.)

Special Fares.
Secretary Rupert F. Asplund of the New Mexico Educational Association, has received word that the railroads will offer special rates to bring the teachers to the educational convention here November 16. The New Mexico Central and the Denver & Rio Grande will give a one fare for the return trip and the Santa Fe will give one and one-half fare rate. There will be special speakers here then. Among them will be Professor J. W. Searson of the Kansas State Agricultural College who will talk on "Conservation of the Child's Energy, or Giving the Boy a Square Deal."

New Company.
Articles of incorporation were filed in the territorial secretary's office today by the American Sugar Manufacturing and Refining Company, with office at Portales, N. M., and A. B. Seay, as agent. The company is incorporated at \$6,000,000, consisting of 6,000,000 shares at \$1 each, half of the stock to be common and the other preferred. The stockholders are Charles Curtis, Abran W. Smith, Charles H. Sessions, each 250,000 shares, and all of Topeka, Kas.; Don A. Morin Day, 500,000 shares; Alfred B. Quinta, 500,000 shares; treasury, common stock 1,450,000 shares, and treasury, preferred stock, 3,000,000 shares. The new company will purchase large tracts of land in Roosevelt county and expects to erect a beet sugar factory at Portales and grow beets to feed it.

Embezzlement Case.
Mounted Policeman J. B. Rusk has arrested Leandro Maestas, aged 22, at Alamogordo, Colorado, on the charge of embezzlement.

County Superintendents.
The department of education is sending out to the newspapers of New Mexico a circular letter on the qualifications of county school superintendents which embraces a resolution passed by the board of education at its meeting September 15. It cites Section 18, Chapter 97, Laws of 1907, which states:

"County superintendent's election qualifications. A county superintendent of schools for each county shall be elected at each general election and shall enter upon the duties of his office on the first day of January following his election. Said county superintendent shall hold office for two years or until his successor shall have been duly elected and has qualified, unless sooner removed for cause."

"From and after the date of passage of this act, no person shall be eligible to the office of county superintendent of schools who is not a person of culture and practical experience and learning in those branches of education taught in public schools, as provided by law, and a person of good moral character, such qualifications to be passed upon and approved by the board of examiners of each county. Provided, This section shall not take effect until January 1st, 1909."

The school board desiring to prevent any complications that might arise if the people should elect a disqualified person to that office makes the following statement as to eligibility:

"That any person to be eligible under said act for the office of county school superintendent must show that he or she has been educated in the following branches, reading, penmanship, orthography, English (grammar and composition), geography, arithmetic, physiology, and United States History. "Practical experience in these branches taught in the public schools" is interpreted to mean a person must have had experience in teaching in the public schools or have had experience in supervising the public schools."

Leave for Buffalo.
Adjutant General A. S. Brookes of the New Mexico National Guard, and Captain E. P. Buice of Carlsbad, will leave Santa Fe this evening for Buffalo, N. Y., where they will attend the convention of the National Guard of the United States of America. This convention is a very important one and it is every effort will be made to outline arrangements for getting congress to appropriate enough money to pay the guardmen throughout the land at other times during the year than at maneuvers, and encampments.

Executive Order.
Executive order of December 13, 1906, withdrawing township 16, north of range 1 east, Jemez Meridian, and be the benefit of the Indians of the Jemez Pueblo, is hereby amended to read as follows: "It is hereby ordered that the following described lands in New Mexico, namely, township 16, north, range 1 east, New Mexico Principal Meridian, excepting any tract or tracts the title to which has passed out of the United States government, or to which valid legal rights have been attached, be, and the same are, hereafter, withdrawn from sale and settlement, and set apart as a reservation for the use and benefit of the Indians of the Jemez Pueblo."

WM. H. TAFT.

HIGHWAY FROM ROSWELL TO MALAGA TO BE BUILT.

District Court is Now Hard at Work at Carlsbad—Addition to School Building at Loving.

Carlsbad, N. M., Oct. 6.—The Commercial Club held a rousing meeting last night to consider matters of interest to the town. The first matter taken up was the highway from Roswell to Malaga. The committee reported good progress and that the farmers have come to the front and agreed to build the road through the farming districts. It remains to find means to build through the desert between the farming sections.

The meeting also arranged for getting the people to come out on Saturday to the Roswell exposition. The special train is already arranged for and it remains now to get out the largest crowd possible.

The excursion of business men from El Paso will arrive tomorrow evening and remain till Thursday. Proper committees were selected to entertain the visitors.

The district court is now hard at work. William T. Reed of the Argus was selected as foreman of the Grand Jury. This body has much work before it and is likely to be in session for ten days. During the week, court cases will occupy the attention of the court, as the district attorney will be busy in the Grand Jury room.

The addition to the school building at Loving is nearing completion. Last year the work was hampered for lack of room, but with three rooms the accommodations will meet the needs for the present.

EXTENSION WORK OF SCHOOL OF ARCHAEOLOGY.
Director Edgar L. Hewett Conducting Sessions at Los Angeles and San Diego.

As provided for by the managing board at its annual session in Santa Fe in August, the School of American Archaeology has already inaugurated its system of extension work. The first session of the school to be held outside of New Mexico is now in progress in southern California under the direction of Edgar L. Hewett. The following was the program:

Saturday, Sept. 30.
8:15 p. m.—Arrow Theater—Lecture: "Palestine in the Time of Herod." Prof. Benj. W. Bacon, Yale University.

Sunday, Oct. 1.
8:00 p. m.—Home of Chas. F. Lumis—Spanish dinner in honor of visiting lecturers.

Monday, Oct. 2.
8:15 p. m.—Arrow Theater—Lecture: "The Elements of Form in Art." Prof. Geo. L. Raymond, Princeton University.

Tuesday, Oct. 3.
9:30 a. m.—Los Angeles High School—Lecture: "Aztec Mexico." Director Edgar L. Hewett.
8:15 p. m.—Arrow Theater—Lecture: "Prehistoric Guatemala." Director Hewett.

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN REVIEW.

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY, PUBLISHERS.
PAUL A. F. WALTER, Editor and President.
JOHN K. STAUFFER, Secretary-Treasurer.
FRANK STURGES, Vice President.
CHAS. M. STAUFFER, General Manager.

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Daily, per month, by carrier.....	75	Weekly, six months.....	1.00
Daily, per month, by mail.....	65	Weekly, per year.....	2.00
Daily, per year, by mail.....	7.00	Weekly, per quarter.....	.50

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

CONFIDENCE OR DISTRUST?

After all the arguments have been examined and all the statements sifted, this fact stands out above all others: "The businessmen, and the workmen, the stockmen and the farmers, the railroaders and the miners want to see the state of New Mexico prosper; they would like to have more railroad building, more construction work, new industries, more extensive investments in mines, greater opportunities for everyone, and especially the laboring man. The real question, which lies at the foundation of New Mexico's future advancement and prosperity is: Who is more likely to give New Mexico that stability for the next five years, that wise and firm government, that must be assured before capital and enterprise will invest—the Republicans or the Democrats?"

The answer might be difficult, if there were no precedents. But National as well as state history furnishes them, and every New Mexican businessman knows in his heart and every stockman, every farmer, every railroader, every miner, every workman, should know that the Nation is now watching New Mexico, is expecting it to be Republican on November 7, and will turn away from it with distrust and disgust should it place the Democrats in office and in power to give free reign to their vagaries, their revolutionary ideas, with the distrust and uncertainty they would imply, for the next five years. No one expressed this better than did Hon. Frank Springer in his address on Saturday evening at Las Vegas, when he said:

"The Republican party invites the confidence and the votes of the people now, because it stands as it always has done, for the vital interests of New Mexico. It stands for those policies under which the state can flourish and remain prosperous, and without which, if overturned, it is bound to suffer from depression, diminished returns from her existing industries, and discouragement of new ones. It stands uncompromisingly for the protection of American industries, so long as they need protection. It insists that the American laborer shall not be deprived of his work at good wages, to increase the trade of importers of foreign goods. It insists that American producers shall continue to utilize the natural resources of the country and give employment to its labor, at a fair profit when measured by the cost of production elsewhere. When tariff duties go beyond this, and afford unreasonable profits or monopolies, it wants them reduced; but it does not want them reduced by wholesale, simply because somebody calls it reform, and where the people benefit from the competitive producers of other countries. It does not see any good in free hides, when our shoes cost as much as before, and the price of hides is not materially reduced, but the amount of the duty which has been removed goes into the pockets of the foreign producers instead of into the United States treasury. It makes a serious difference to the ranchman, the laborer and the merchants of New Mexico whether the fifteen million pounds of wool she produces shall bring twenty cents a pound, or five cents, as it did under the 'Tariff Reform' policies of the Cleveland administration. And the Republicans of New Mexico do not believe in such 'reform' at the expense of our own people, and for the benefit chiefly of foreign wool growers and eastern manufacturers. They remember the empty dinner pail of the American workman all over this country in 1893, and they are not pining for any more reform' of that kind."

"These are national issues, as well as local, and they are of double importance to us now, because in our new capacity of sovereign state, it may fall to the lot of New Mexico to decide the next presidential election or to determine the policies of congress in regard to these matters which are so vital to our welfare and prosperity."

WHERE DO THEY GET THE MONEY?

That the Democratic state committee has secured a fairly large slush fund and that it is concentrating its expenditure on one man, Capt. W. C. McDonald, its candidate for governor, in an effort to defeat Holm O. Bursum, is no longer a secret. Neither is it a secret that the source of the money is such as to make the honest man of the Democracy ashamed of its use.

The money by which it is hoped to elect McDonald comes from a foreign syndicate!

Why does it come from a foreign syndicate? Because that syndicate needs the public lands of New Mexico—not for the homesteader, not for the settler and farmer, not for the small cattleman or sheepman—but for its great droves of cattle.

It has sought to hide behind the fact that a few leaders of the Republican party have leased about 7,000 acres of grazing land, some of which

could not be titled under any conditions. It has sought to defeat Holm O. Bursum by charging that he was making a land grab.

The facts are that the cattle barons now have leased from the public, something like 25,000 acres of public land or more than three times as much as all the Republicans who are charged with pulling off a land grab.

The Republicans are well known; they live here in New Mexico, and their interests will always be in New Mexico. Not so the cattle barons. They live in a foreign land, their interests are in foreign speculations. They will keep their money in New Mexico only so long as they can get big profits and cheap land. They do not build up New Mexico, they care nothing how New Mexico affairs may be conducted. All they care is to get cheap grazing land and they don't care how they get it.

Yes, the Democratic party has a slush fund. Likewise it has the paid agent of the foreign cattle interests as its candidate for governor. Also it is spending the bulk of its money to defeat Holm O. Bursum and elect W. C. McDonald and it is not greatly interested in the balance of its ticket because it has no special interest in their election, such as it has in the election of Mr. McDonald.

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The Albuquerque Morning Journal implies that the Republicans at Las Vegas were not sincere when they drafted their platform; that the three hundred and more businessmen, bankers, stockmen, professional men, leaders in their communities did not mean it, when they said unanimously: "These are the principles, this is the platform of the Republican party of New Mexico to which our candidates subscribe and to which they will adhere if elected." The Journal declares it is too good a platform for Republicans to have formulated, but that on the other hand, the Democrats and Progressives really meant what they said in the planks out of which they fashioned their declaration of principles.

It is such a beautifully consistent view to take, but quite characteristic of the Albuquerque Morning Journal to say that the Republican platform is too progressive to have been presented by "Honorable Thomas Benton Catron," although he was only spokesman for the sentiment of 302 other delegates from every county in the territory and representing every shade of opinion in the Republican party. It is only natural for the Albuquerque Morning Journal to assert that the platform was 'adopted in the effort to flim flam the confiding voter.' That is the Journal's idea of a platform anyway, something for Democrats and mugwumps to get into office on.

For the past twelve years, the Journal has consistently censured every act of the Republican party, denounced the officials that are Republican, and slandered the leaders of the Republican party. It is about the only policy in which it has been consistent and it is no wonder therefore, that it now says that the Republican platform is too good to have been written by the 303 men who met in convention at Las Vegas.

NOW IS THE TIME TO REGISTER.

Every voter should see to it that he is registered and now is the time to do it. There will be trouble enough at the polls on election day on account of the cumbersome of the "Blue Ballot," without squabbles over the right of a man to cast his ballot, or taking his affidavit. The law for the qualification of voters has not been changed by the enabling act or statehood legislation and remains the same as it was at the last election. Section 1703, Compiled Laws, 1897, prescribes the qualification of a voter to be: "He shall be a citizen of the United States of the age of 21 years, shall have resided in the territory six months, in the county wherein he offers to vote, three months, and in the precinct 30 days, immediately preceding the election." The registration boards must begin their sessions 30 days before election, shall meet at least three days after the first session and thereafter every Saturday until ten days before election between the hours of 9 a. m. and noon and 2 to 4 p. m. The board shall be in session on the tenth day before election and close the registration lists at 5 p. m. Such are the simple provisions for registration and the qualifications for voting.

The state of Washington in the census year raised more than \$65,000,000 worth of field crops, or more than enough to buy up everything in New Mexico including railroads, mills, factories, mines, farms, livestock, banks, real estate, if the assessment returns represent the wealth of this state. Of the total \$65,000,000 is credited to cereals, more than \$17,000,000 to forage, \$23,000,000 to potatoes, and \$65,000 to hops.

A LAWYER'S TICKET.

The law is an honorable profession. The bar is an essential institution. But the Democratic ticket is just a trifle overloaded with it in both senses of the word.

W. C. McDonald, the candidate for governor, is a lawyer,—a corporation lawyer.

O. N. Marron, the candidate for treasurer, is a lawyer—a corporation lawyer.

W. R. McGill, the candidate for attorney general, of course, is a lawyer, and his own party followers have accused him of being unduly friendly to corporations.

Alvan N. White, candidate for superintendent of public instruction, is a lawyer.

Summers Burkhart, candidate for supreme judge, is a lawyer. And so are Richard H. Hanna and W. A. Dunn, of course, and they have represented corporations.

Harvey B. Ferguson, candidate for Congress, is a lawyer, and he admitted in the Constitutional Convention that he represented corporations and railroads.

Eight places, as far as known, out of sixteen have been handed to lawyers. Surely, if elected, their clients, the corporations and the special interests, will be in clover, when it is remembered that several other of the candidates besides the lawyers, are corporation employees and officers of corporations.

But it does not end there. The two men slated for the U. S. Senate by the Democratic bosses, Jones and Ferguson, are lawyers. The state chairman and National committeeman of the party is a lawyer. The secretary of the state committee is a lawyer and the treasurer of the state committee is a lawyer. Three of the four executive members are lawyers.

The boss of the whole shooting match who lives at El Paso in the state of Texas, is a lawyer—not much of a lawyer, it is true, but a lawyer, nevertheless, and a corporation man.

It may be all right, but it is hard to see where the people are being given a chance or where they would get a chance, if that sort of a ticket is elected.

UP AGAINST IT.

The Democratic-Progressive combine is up against the real thing. Instead of there being a real progressive move in New Mexico it has become only too apparent at this early stage of the campaign that there is no progressive move outside of the Republican party.

The few bolters, soreheads and Democratic sympathizers who headed the so-called Progressives stand alone. A few honest and well meaning Republicans who at first sought to aid such a move have seen the error of their ways and are back in the fold.

After handing out a couple of places on their state ticket the Democratic bosses have suddenly discovered that not only did they not get any votes but they actually have hurt their chances of success. The old line Democrats who believed in a straight ticket and who believed that the party should fight its own fight as in the past are not pleased over the new deal and they are letting it be known. The Democratic press and the Journal Democrat dare not publish now and at this time, the names of some of the men who have quit them and why. They are up against it and they know it.

THE VENOM OF IT.

A few years ago, A. B. Stroup, the Republican nominee for state school superintendent, was the little tin god of the Journal Democrat. It held him up as the savior of the schools of Bernalillo county and it had no praise too great to sing for him. Now it turns upon him like a wolf and tries to lasso him, to harm him. But the Journal Democrat can do no harm to Mr. Stroup or the state ticket because of him. Mr. Stroup need only turn to the files of the Journal-Democrat to make it crawl into its hole and pull the hole in after.

Moreover, Mr. Stroup has but to tell of the demands and threats made against him by that paper and its glib, stricken little gang, to show the deep and underlying animus of the whole deal.

Mr. Stroup declined to be bossed by the Journal-Democrat and its gang. He had the nerve to stand up openly and defy it. He refused to be frightened by its howls and he now has the Journal-Democrat against him.

The Journal-Democrat has made the mistake of misjudging its thunder. Every charge, every statement and every slander, the Journal-Democrat offers during this campaign can be disproven and made ridiculous by simply re-copying from its own files, the inconsistencies of the past.

Even the casual reader has discovered by this time, that as long as a man is with the Journal, he is a saint, the moment he utters an opinion of his own, he is a gangster.

PRACTICAL STATESMANSHIP.

Probably, because Holm O. Bursum had so hard a time to make his own way in the world, that he believes that the children of New Mexico should have the best there is to be had in the way of schools and education. Through the efforts of Delegate W. H. Andrews, the Republican Congress that passed the Enabling Act and President Taft who signed it, endowed this commonwealth with a magnificent domain of school lands, which the Republican party has pledged itself to hold inviolate to the uses for which it is granted. In his address at Wagon Mound, Mr. Bursum dwelt especially on the need of manual training schools and the need of teaching boys the rudiments of scientific farming. There is constructive statesmanship in his ideas. The New Mexican knows, for instance, that one of the fondest dreams of Archbishop Pitalva is to establish an industrial school in Santa Fe. There are thoughtful men elsewhere, all over the territory, who believe that New Mexico's greatest employment is to train its young men and its young women to maintain themselves at the highest point of efficiency. With a school policy that has this practical

idea in view, New Mexico would go forward by leaps and bounds in a few years. Would it not be well to elect to the governorship a man who will put these ideals into effect?

COSTS TO BE PROGRESSIVE.

In the progressive state of Wisconsin it costs \$200,000 to make an adequate campaign for nomination to the U. S. Senate. A poor man has as little chance for office there, it seems, as the common peeper who is not a lawyer or interested in lands or waters, had a chance to get on the state Democratic ticket in New Mexico. Here is an extract from the hearings before the Congressional committee investigating the election of Senator Stephen in Wisconsin:

"The statement from Rodney Sackett, one of the Stephenson campaign managers, that \$150,000 or \$200,000 might legitimately have been spent for the senatorial nomination, brought forth comment from Senator Atlee Pomeroy of Ohio, a member of the committee."

"If \$107,000 is not enough to nominate a United States senator in Wisconsin, how much is it? And what could you do with \$200,000 legitimately to secure for a man a position with a \$7,500 annual salary?" asked Pomeroy.

"We could have been more systematic," answered Sackett. "There are approximately 400,000 Republicans in the state. Had we the money we could have personally canvassed each voter. This, I estimate, would have cost from \$150,000 to \$200,000. As it was, with our means limited to a little over \$100,000, we could not see each voter and had to get along the best we could."

LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY IN THE WEST.

The tariff policy of the Democrats would ruin the livestock industry of the west. What that would mean, is indicated by a bulletin of the census bureau issued yesterday and which shows that livestock of the Rocky Mountains and Pacific Coast states represents an inventory of \$612,188,159, or more than \$100 for each man and woman and child. When it is remembered that the per capita circulation in the United States is less than \$40, the relative importance of this great industry to western prosperity, will appear self-evident.

Nor is New Mexico, the least among the states, as far as value of livestock is concerned. The census inventory places the value for this state at \$42,972,887, or only \$15,000,000 less than the assessed valuation of all the wealth in the territory. New Mexico's increase the past ten years has been 35.4 per cent in this industry alone.

There are over 9,000,000 head of cattle in this group of states, almost 20,000,000 head of sheep, two and a half million horses; 139,000 and more mules, 26,000 and more burros, almost 2,000,000 swine, goats over a million, 16,000,000 fowls, and \$1,800,000 worth of bees, not counting the political bees. It must be admitted even by Democrats, that the stamping out of the sheep industry, for instance, would mean disaster not only to New Mexico but to the entire West.

A CORPORATION TICKET.

The head of the Democratic ticket is the manager of a British corporation, and the tail, the last of the corporation commission candidates to be named, is the servant and employee of a corporation. The lawyers on the ticket, and there are some "dandies" on it, have represented or do represent anything from the whiskey trust to railroad corporations, greedy for lands and special favors. It is certainly a "special interests" ticket. One needs but to take the docket of the district courts and the Supreme Court to find the clients of the lawyers which have packed the Democratic ticket from top to bottom. One finds there the men who have tied up the waters and lands of San Juan county for several years; the men who represent Westheimer and others of the same ilk; men who covet lands and waters, franchises and special privileges. It is a sweet bunch that the Democracy offers to the voters. Special privilege and corporation domination are written all over it.

THE DEMOCRATS AND WOOL.

Harpers Weekly, too, remembers, that it was the wool schedule of the Wilson bill that put the Democrats out of office after Grover Cleveland's second term. It is Democratic, and yet, it says: "So far as the president's personal popularity is concerned, he gained more by his resolute and successful fight for reciprocity, by his policy with Mexico, by his stand on the recall of judges, and by the arbitration treaties than he lost by his veto of the wool and woollen bill."

However, the president has lost no popularity in New Mexico by vetoing the woolen bill, for New Mexico will stand by the party and the man who helps and protects its industries. Continue Harpers: "That is still their greatest danger. They (the Democrats) cannot too often repeat to themselves: 'Remember what happened to the Wilson bill!'"

Who is J. L. Emerson, Democratic candidate for land commissioner? The general like silence which even the Democratic papers observe about his pedigree, is ominous. "It has not been established yet whether he is from Eddy or Curry county. Can it be that he too is a lawyer, or that he too is connected with lands, that perhaps, he is the president or secretary of some towns company or of some other concern interested in lands and waters? Perish the thought, there ought to be one man on the Democratic ticket who is free from these influences. The commissioner of public lands, of all officials, should keep himself clear of those entangling alliances, those special interests that loom so large on the Democratic ticket."

The Journal Democrat, let us remember, also made a few remarks about Felix and the Trib-Clt., when Felix ran the prize yellow Journal of them all.

A BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

New Mexico during the next five years should have a firm, stable government; its courts should be of the highest character; its financial administration should be a continuation of the present policy which have given financial circles confidence in its securities during the past ten years, and have reduced the tax rate in two years from 14.5 to 10 mills.

New Mexico expects a revival of business and of prosperity during the first five years under statehood and there is only one way to assure it, that is by placing the territory's affairs in Republican hands. Then upon so solid and safe a foundation as to make certain the investment of capital, the development of natural resources, the activity of enterprise, the influx of immigration will follow as inevitably as the day the night.

Otherwise, with Democratic victory and all the distrust would create on the outside and also within the territory.

WHAT WAS THE PRICE?

The public is a curious crowd. It is wondering what was the price that caused the Albuquerque Journal to desert the Republican party for a mongrel crowd that is neither fish nor fowl, that is neither Democratic nor Republican, that is betwixt and between, that is as spongy and wobbly as a jellyfish. But that is really of little importance. Perhaps, the Journal has no price at all, and its policy is dictated only by the groinch of one man; perhaps, there have been promises of flesh pots, or it may be only chagrin because the Republican party did not come across. A paper that only a few weeks ago lauded Attorney Frank W. Clancy to the skies for his probity, sincerity and clean political record, and today denounces him as the member of a gang who should be defeated by a creature like W. R. McGill, lives on the swill barrel and delights in ear-splitting, and really can not be of much consequence in a political battle, except to sway the weak-minded and those who are not able to think for themselves.

Democratic incompetency was graphically illustrated in the Democratic House during the recent special session of congress. Said Mr. Mann, the Republican floor leader, "The Democrats in the House would have been wise if they had confined the special session to the consideration of the reciprocity bill only. Instead of that, they set out to show how they could bungle without knowledge either of form or substance. They brought in tariff bills in grotesque form with a plain avowal that they neither knew nor cared what the effect might be on the industries of the country, and planted themselves squarely upon the platform against protection and in favor of a tariff for revenue only without even knowing what the effect on the revenue would be."

George H. Van Stone is a nice young man. At heart, he is really a good Republican, but he is in the employ of a corporation at the head of which is Levi A. Hughes. Now corporation men have a right to exist, but they have no business or place on a corporation commission, especially if that corporation has had large dealings with construction and railroad companies and has claims upon them that are in the courts. The corporation commission is to be a citadel for the people, out of which the employees and minions of the enemy must be kept. This is not the year of Our Lord, that the people of New Mexico elect an officer of a corporation to the governorship or on the corporation commission. Nay, nay, Pauline. The people of New Mexico are not as easy as all that.

"Democrats delay nomination of judge," declares the Albuquerque Journal in big headlines and in speaking of the Democratic Judicial convention at Bernalillo county. It is the same in this district and was the same in the state convention. Some one is waiting for a bargain offer, and the delay is caused by haggling over the price. The way that the New Mexico Democracy has been and is juggling with the judicial nominations is a disgrace, not only to the party but to the commonwealth. Good citizens bow their heads in shame, when they reflect that such haggling for judicial office is openly practiced in the new state.

"The Growth of the Protest," is the ingratiating title of a characteristic Albuquerque Journal editorial today. It says that "one by one, Republican weekly newspapers are coming out in opposition," which, of course, is a lie. The Journal carefully refrains from giving the name of one Republican newspaper that is not supporting the Republican ticket. But there are some Democratic newspapers as the Otero County Advertiser, that have come over to the Republican side. Yes, the growth of the protest against Democratic boss rule is widespread, but it is not remarkable, it is quite natural, taking everything into consideration.

Greenville, S. C., Oct. 10.—Somewhere between this place and Spartanburg, S. C., an automobile chase is in progress with the life of a negro at stake.

The negro is being taken to Spartanburg to escape ten automobiles full of men who will undoubtedly lynch him if caught. He was rushed from Anderson by officers after being arrested for an attack on a little girl.

They beat the mob back into this town by ten minutes, transferred their prisoner to another machine and departed.

DISMISSAL OF INDIAN AGENT IS ASKED.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 9.—The immediate dismissal from the government service of James B. Alexander, of the Pima Indian agency near Phoenix, Ariz., has been asked of Secretary of the Interior Fisher by the Indian Rights Association.

The Journal Democrat, let us remember, also made a few remarks about Felix and the Trib-Clt., when Felix ran the prize yellow Journal of them all.

ILLUMINATED AUTOMOBILE PARADE TONIGHT.

Over One Hundred Machines Will Be in Line in Great Pageant at Albuquerque.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 10.—An illuminated automobile parade, with over 100 machines in line, has been announced for Thursday evening. It will be one of the most gorgeous spectacles of the fair. Mr. Nash and Noa Hild have been named as the committee in charge of this event and no local or outside automobile owner should be left out of the procession.

President D. K. B. Sellers of the New Mexico Automobile Association announced yesterday that the gasoline pageant was to be held Thursday night and there is no doubt it will be the most elaborate and brilliant thing of the kind ever attempted here. The parade will form around Robinson Park and start moving at 8 o'clock Thursday evening. The line of march will be down Central avenue to First street, down First to Gold, Gold to Second, Second to Central, out Central and around Robinson Park and back down town again. Arrangements are being made with the mayor and street commissioner to have the sunken street or tracks at the corner of Central and Second repaired so that there will be no danger of broken springs. Every automobile owner in the city should take part in the parade. Decorations will consist chiefly of Japanese and Chinese lanterns with variations which in the ingenuity of the individual may suggest.

First Day's Attendance. The thirtieth annual New Mexico carnival and First State Fair was formally opened by Governor William J. Mills at Traction Park yesterday afternoon, with a few brief and appropriate remarks in the presence of a large and enthusiastic crowd; one of the best opening day crowds in the history of the famous festa of the southwest and a crowd which indicates that the succeeding days' attendance will be above the average, and enough to insure that the fair is a great success. Perfect weather, following a week of very imperfect weather, augured well on the opening day as the turquoise sky never smiled more brightly and it was just cool enough not to be hot.

Things looked pretty busy at Traction Park yesterday, for in addition to the throngs of visitors, exhibitors were getting the final displays in place in the exposition halls and there was something doing every minute. Buffalo Jones' wonderful Persian sheep and the big buffalo and cattle arrived yesterday morning, attracting much attention as they were driven over from the Santa Fe station. The poultry show and the women's department of the exposition did fair to be the pre-eminent successful features, rivaling the machinery and agricultural displays, the pumping demonstration also being one of the most interesting on the grounds.

The amusement program got well under way yesterday when the immense Nat Reiss Carnival outfit got all its tents, housing varied and innumerable attractions at the corner place and started the ball rolling. It is about the largest and best carnival aggregation ever brought here and will do a big business all the week. The "death-defying" free acts which started last night being unusually thrilling and spectacular. The Albuquerque-El Paso baseball game started the tournament off with a big noise and the fans alone will crowd the grandstand and bleachers every day of the week.

Today's Program.

Today's program was one that ought to give the crowds first class entertainment, as the racing program starts and there is a bunch of event in this division which promises to be as exciting as could be desired. Today is "Northern New Mexico Day" when the crowd from Las Vegas and Raton and Santa Fe and all intermediate points is supposed to have things all its own way.

The fair will strike its lick tomorrow with the initial flights of Aviator Walsh in his Curtiss Biplane, the first successful aviation exhibition to be seen in Albuquerque, for which thousands of aviators have made it a point to come to the fair. There is no better thriller in the world than a bird man and big crowds are here to take advantage of the first opportunity to see an aviator soar at the New Mexico fair. It is far and away the strongest drawing crowd of the whole event.

The conventions of Red Men, Knights of Pythias and other organizations, as well as the meetings of the Dental and Pharmacy Boards, with other state gatherings to come later in the week have brought large additional numbers of visitors to the fair and there is good reason to believe that the attendance record will be at least strained badly before the week is over.

RACE BETWEEN MOB AND THEIR INTENDED VICTIM.

Ten Autos Chasing Buzz Wagon in Which Sheriff Is Taking Negro to Jail.

Greenville, S. C., Oct. 10.—Somewhere between this place and Spartanburg, S. C., an automobile chase is in progress with the life of a negro at stake.

The negro is being taken to Spartanburg to escape ten automobiles full of men who will undoubtedly lynch him if caught. He was rushed from Anderson by officers after being arrested for an attack on a little girl.

They beat the mob back into this town by ten minutes, transferred their prisoner to another machine and departed.

BORDEN MINISTRY TAKES CHARGE OF CANADA.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 10.—The Borden ministry was sworn in today by the governor general and the first sitting of the cabinet is being held this afternoon.

POLITICS AND POLITICIANS.

Where They Will Speak. At Republican headquarters it was stated today that H. O. Bursum and Col. J. D. Sosa, left Clayton today and that Mr. Bursum will speak at Narayana tonight and Tucumcari tomorrow night.

O. A. Larrasolo will be at Raton tomorrow night.

Mr. Jones is Back. Looking in first rate health, Chairman A. A. Jones of the Democratic Central Committee, was at Democratic headquarters this morning, having spent two or three days in Las Vegas in consultation with a dentist. Mr. Jones, by the way, is in tip-top shape again and is ready to get down to hard work.

Where Are You, Mr. Flood? At Democratic headquarters it was stated this morning that a telegram is hourly awaited from Representative Flood of Virginia telling of his plans for a whirlwind tour of New Mexico. Mr. Flood was due to speak at Raton today but it is not thought he has yet entered the southwest. He is expected this week, however.

Curry County Socialists.

The Socialist party nominated a ticket in Curry county as follows: State Senator, Ellah H. Bruce, Black-tower; Representative, Felix B. Payne, Clovis; Treasurer, Willis M. Echols, Clovis; assessor Edward F. Booker, St. Vrain; sheriff, Charles B. Harvey, Blacktower; probate judge, Jim Wallace, Clovis; county clerk, Sam C. Skidmore, Clovis; superintendent of schools, J. H. Kelso, Melrose; commissioner, fifth district, James A. Wallace, Clovis; second district, Robert D. O. Dickinson, Field; third district, Robert L. Keithley, Grady.

Verdict in Damage Suit.

The damage suit case of R. B. Spencer against the Mora Timber Company, a copartnership in which were interested the Gross Kelly Co., Richard Dunn and E. B. Wheeler, was ended at Albuquerque where the jury after being out for two hours returned a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of \$2,932.08, and for the defendant in the sum of \$2,339.85, leaving a balance in favor of the plaintiff in the sum of \$592.23, being just about the sum, with interest tendered by the defendants to the plaintiff prior to the trial of the case. The case was originally brought for an alleged violation of contract and for damages in the sum of \$12,093.95, but this was increased to \$15,000 by a supplemental petition just before the defense witnesses were taking the stand.

Owen.

From Democratic headquarters comes the pleasing announcement that among the orators of national reputation who will be imported during the present campaign for the purpose of telling the voters why they should vote the hybrid ticket nominated last week is Senator Owen of Oklahoma.

Yes, good friends, this is the same Owen who, no longer ago than the third day of March last, started and maintained a lone filibuster for the express purpose of keeping New Mexico out of the union until after the expiration of the fast dying session of Congress. This is the same Owen whose cunningly shiftness tied us up with Arizona and her everlasting problem of recall of the judiciary, so that our admission to the union was made absolutely dependent upon issues with which we were not concerned and with which we had nothing to do. This is the same Owen whose unaided act delayed our admission for more than six months. This is the same Owen who so muddled the waters that we were extremely fortunate to be admitted at all.

Also, this is the same Owen whose connection with Indian land transactions in Oklahoma has been the subject of the gravest suspicion, and who is reliably reported to have used all the machinery of his high office to prevent the light being thrown into that dark corner of his career. This is the same Owen who is a political bedfellow of the maldororous Haskell, whose activity in corrupt politics was so notorious that he was forced from the office of treasurer of the national Democratic committee in the midst of a heated campaign for the Presidency.

Again, this is the same Owen who stands for everything that is radical, extreme and demagogical in public life. The wilder and more chimerical a doctrine is, the more certain it is to secure Owen's approval; the more it looks towards Socialism and chaos, the more enthusiastic is Owen's endorsement of it.

By all means, let us have Owen, to tell us how much we owe to the Democratic party for the blessings of statehood. Let us have Owen, to enlighten our heathen minds on the incomparable beauties of political purity in Oklahoma. Let us have Owen, to expound to us from his wonderful store of knowledge and wisdom the abstruse doctrines of Republican government in which we are so vitally interested.

Sure! Hurry up with Owen—Albuquerque Herald.

SHOT TRYING TO KIDNAP BEAUTY FROM HAREM.

General Rize Pasha Killed Instantly By Palace Guard at Constantinople.

LEADER AMONG HIS PEOPLE

Character Sketch of Naranjo, Now Governor of the Santa Clara

VISIT ON ANNUAL FEAST DAY

Glory and Romance Are Passing Away Among the Pueblos of the Rio Grande

(By Olive Ennis Hill, in Los Angeles Times)

Don Francisco Naranjo, ex-governor of Santa Clara pueblo, an Indian village on the upper Rio Grande of New Mexico, is a gentleman of the old school. For many years he has been one of the head men of the tribe; a wise lawyer, a disinterested judge and a loyal citizen of his pueblo. He is the exponent of a type fast disappearing in the New Mexican Indian communities, before the "civilizing" process that has been going on for years. When but a lad—while yet bearing his family name—he was placed by a long-haired "papa" in the keeping of Don Pedro Delgado of Santa Fe, a rich merchant in the plaza, whose long wagon trains cranked over the old trail a long time before the Santa Fe banded it with ribbons of steel. From the City of Holy Faith to Kansas City, Leavenworth, the little brown boy tramped the weary miles time unnumbered. On the desert he learned the ways of the Mexican; in the cities of the "Gringos" he learned some other things—not all good, nor wholly bad, as his exemplary life gives witness. When grown to man's estate the pueblo called him, and among its dusky maidens he found a mate. The establishment of a home among his people, taking his place in the estufa and speaking as the needs of the village moved him, he soon became a leader and a leader he has continued to be through almost a half century. "Before the railroad came" pueblo government and pueblo justice were administered strictly according to the views of the people themselves; with changed conditions and new ideas creeping in, the office of the governor became no more than a name. Schisms developed, dissensions arose and the juntas in the estufas degenerated into unseemly brawls. Governor Naranjo guided with a firm hand and good judgment until peace fell among the councilors, then he resigned his staff of office, forsook pueblo politics, and another Cincinnati, retired to his fields and flocks. As the years passed on, the people realized more and more that they had lost "a wise one" and more and more his neighbors sought his assistance to unsmile the tangles of "progressive government." And Naranjo would sit down on his plover handle, or leave his flock to his small pastures and, by some subtle appeal, sympathetic advice, or stern upbraiding straighten out the snarl.

So, when I made the acquaintance of the ex-governor and his family, he was a retired magnate and the most influential citizen of the village. And this first acquaintance was my introduction to a genuine pueblo gentleman of the old school. It was in the matchless town of Santa Fe; in the perfect month of July, and the "rainy season" was on. There were days of divine sunshine splashed with glorious showers, fierce lightning, and thunders that shook the very dome of heaven and other days when the sapphire bowl that cupped the frame of hills around the winding Rio Santa Fe was so cloudless and radiant that the face of all the smiling gods seemed to shine out of the luminous depths. Santa Fe is always alluring, entrancing, but never quite so exquisitely beautiful as when the rain clouds come and go and the blue arch of heaven bends over it in the mystical "rainy season." Corpus Christi in early July was celebrated by the church in the usual pathetically solemn way; fiestas were observed in neighboring "placitas" and the pueblos of Tesuque and Santo Domingo had given their annual patron-saint dances. So, when the twelfth of August was drawing nigh, and the rains grew to be a daily event, I found that nobody cared to go to the little Indian pueblo of Santa Clara on the upper Rio Grande. And I, I was drawn to that one fiesta as I had never, before, been drawn to any. August 12 was the anniversary of a great tragedy in my life over thirty years before, and I had been told that a remnant of the fierce Apaches—who had brought me my sorrow in the old days—came down to the peaceful village and were a menace and a danger. But Santa Clara drew me.

One of the sapphire July days when I was sitting on the portals of Dona Candelaria's home thinking of the days when old Fort Marcy, across the way, was alive with bugle call, music and martial music, and how the glory there had departed forever, a comfort table farm wagon, drawn by two fat sleek "state horses" and filled with all the colors of a rainbow bobbing around in a funny irresponsible way, came over the rise in front of the Federal building. A dignified, well-set-up Indian held the lines over the horses and by his side a white, lace-trimmed parasol was held over a shawl-draped woman. As the wagon came nearer the little girls with the laughing, blackest eyes, shining white teeth and round dimpled faces. It was Don Francisco Naranjo and a part of his family, bringing me one of the lovely black albas—for which the village is famed and invited me to the Feast of Santa Clara. Down in the plaza, Severiano Naranjo—in his half holiday from the government school—heard some one say there was "a writer lady" at the house of Senora Candelaria. Gallegos who desired greatly to see the fiesta. Straight-

way went young Severiano to his "papa," told him of the stranger and then climbed into the wagon to assist at the call and make any explanations, should the benighted Gringo lady not be able to grasp the situation.

A most delightful hour passed, in which I learned how delicate a courtesy could be conveyed without a suggestion of obligation accompanying it. The Mexican will offer you his house. "In casa es suya Senora," but there is in the proffered hospitality a shadow of a suggestion that you are especially honored; Don Francisco's bidding to the coming feast had none of that; enough for him, and his quiet little wife, Catalina, that a stranger wished to witness their patron-saint dance. I understood that I was to be an inmate of their home; much was my surprise when Severiano came in from the school; a few days later and made me a visit, during which he told me of a solemnity that made of the telling a ceremony, that his "papa" and his brother Desiderio, were very busy putting up a casa for me. It about took my breath and I said so. "Oh no, it was nothing," and the papa and the mama would soon be coming to Santa Fe to buy the furnishings! And it happened just that way. Could mortal man show a finer hospitality than that? On the morning of the 11th Severiano, resplendent in fine raiment presented himself at Dona Candelaria's to act as my knight for the ensuing three days. The train that pulled itself horse as it climbed the rocky sides of the canyons that led to the green valleys of San Juan, Santa Clara and Espanola, finally losing itself somewhere in the stretches of the Great River that wandered off into Colorado, stopped among the sage brush long enough to let us out. It was but a few hundred yards to the outskirts of the pueblo, but I gasped again when Severiano pointed to a newly built adobe on the very fringe of the outermost garden of the settlement and proudly announced: "Those are your house." He did not offer to show me my new house, that was to be the pleasant duty of his father and mother.

It was midday when we stepped into the green-branched inclosure that fronted the low, brown adobe of the Naranjos. Smiling Catalina met me at the door of a long room the walls of which were hung with well-executed engravings and lithographs, all of them religious in their nature and all in good taste. Two tables, the length of the sala, were spread with snowy cloth and laid with silver, glass and china, all of excellent quality and shining bright. A tiny door—or oblong hole—led into another chamber, from which came forth most savory smells. But the diminutive hostess took my hand and led me through another opening into a spacious apartment, the walls freshly washed with gypsum and the immaculate floor covered with Navajo blankets and skins (laid out beautifully than any I had ever seen; later, during my stay in the pueblo I learned that my host was famed throughout the territory as a wonderful curer of all sorts of ills). The heavy beams overhead shone with a soft, yellow splendor like old, old ivory, and the two flat inviting beds were as luxurious as any would find in any Kentucky farmhouse. In this room the ex-governor afterwards graciously stood for a picture, which does not do him justice, but which gives an idea of the man's dignity and benevolent countenance. In one corner was a washstand, matching the carved bedstead, and on it a toilet set of English ware. Here, Catalina handed my towels, poured water, smiled and wept through a delicious pantomime, which I interpreted to mean, "Freshen up and come to dinner," and with a thoughtfulness that some Americans might emulate, noiselessly disappeared into the dining-hall where many gurgling sounds bespoke the arrival of visiting tribes. When I went out a strange sight greeted me. The doorway leading into the placita was crowded with Apaches. The dreaded annual visitation had begun. Don Francisco stood just within the entrance and graciously welcomed each rascally "brave" as he put out a dirty hand and said "How? Got whiskey?" To the latter question Naranjo shook his head good-naturedly and invited his unbidden guests to one of the tables now piled with great platters of mutton, pig and goat. Ponderous bowls held beans, chili, squash and every other vegetable and fruit of the season, but at its best, I, too, was hungry and I was wondering how my host would so arrange my sitting at meat as not to offend his wild guests.

Don Francisco placed me near the door. He knew nothing of my life, nor that a Jicarilla Apache meant anything more to me than a greasy, loud smelling "ward of the nation," but I think he read something in my eyes that was almost terror, for he stepped to the kitchen and in a moment came back with his wife at his heels. She paid no attention to the noisy crowd at the table, nor they to her. Again taking my hand she passed into the room I had just left. This time she quietly closed the door and ran out leaving me to study the situation as best I might. Evidently things had not worked as they were expected to and host and hostess were plainly distressed. I found out later the trouble—the Apaches were expected, they always were. They were generally drunk and trouble makers, but they had always, before, camped at Espanola on the eleventh where they would beg, or steal, enough liquor to last them over the day of the feast. On the morning of the twelfth they were always looked for—not with rapture—and treated with consideration, both because they were the guests of the pueblo and because they were Apaches. This year they found the stores at Espanola closed against them and government police on guard. Somewhere, however, they had gotten enough liquor to make them anxious to reach Santa Clara, in the hope that they would find fewer police and enough renegade Indians of the pueblo or from the plains who had been more fortunate. Hence the decent upon

Francisco was not looked for. While I was wondering what would happen, and half wishing I had stayed in Santa Fe, the outer door was opened by one of the rainbows—I had seen none of them as yet—and following her came the "papa," the "mama" and some more of the rainbows, each bearing a smoking dish which she solemnly placed on a little parlor table over which was thrown a strip of fine linen. In a few words the ex-governor made apology for the affront put upon me and said it would not happen again. Once the tribal hospitality was observed he was under no further obligation to entertain the gang that was that very moment yelling for "tata" to bring "whiskey." Not obtaining any they gorged themselves with food, leaving the table only when every plate was licked, literally, clean. In explanation I will say I had eaten my young chicken, and rice, had recovered from my terror, and ventured into the sala grange where I was completely ignored and where I watched the creatures feed, speculating whether they were an improvement over their forefathers and mothers whom I had often seen tearing the warm meat from fresh killed carcasses and bolting it raw. I saw no improvement.

In the afternoon the rainbows Lolita, Lupita, Josephita and some others, took me visiting. We made, presumably, calls of ceremony, but they were silent ones, only so far as smiles and low speech to each other might mean welcome. The men would talk to me in hesitating Mexican but the women and children simply would not utter a word, although they could speak the language well, and showed by their bright eyes, gay laughter and general friendliness that they understood me—and my Spanish was not above reproach either. Evening drew nigh. I sat down to a bountiful supper with the family, just as I might have done in any well-order household in the "States" and Don Francisco told me something of the Apaches who so fearfully harried them in the old days and were such a nuisance in later years. And I told him of the young soldier who with a handful of men was placed in charge of the tribe, how trouble arose and how he was found one day, dying by the roadside, and Pedro, the son of the great war chief "Old Kaniche" flying to the inaccessible canons of the mountains. "I fear them now," I said, "as much as I did when they left me alone in the world with my baby boy." "You need have no fear in Santa Clara," Naranjo proudly said; "none of the boys who are here dare do more than fight among themselves, or with some of our young men who get liquor from some of the Americans who hide it out in the canon and run the risk of being caught 'bootlegging'."

As yet not a word had been said about my new casa and I began to think I was to sink to rest in the depths of one of the fat beds in the "best room." But at 9 o'clock my host went into the mysterious hole in the wall and soon returned with a lantern and candle. Catalina picked up the coal oil lamp, an imposing affair of colored glass globe and highly polished brass; Lolita and Lupita gathered up various other impediments, including my small suitcase, and all, one following another with a gravity that made me want to shriek with impolite laughter, sallied forth into the night. I knew that I was in for it, Apaches and all. From the vegas that stretched toward the river and my resting place came fierce whoops and sinister cries. It was not far to the new adobe and when Francisco opened the door, while the wife and children awaited my entrance I realized that some beautiful ceremonial was silently being enacted. And it was so. A friend, a stranger, and an American, was to be their guest in the little home to which their oldest son was to bring his bride in the autumn. For this omen of good luck they had hurried to complete the two prettily furnished rooms into which I was ushered. Taking my hands in his Francisco gently said: "God guard you and my little ones this night. Have no fear. I would not place you and my children here did I not know all is safe. Good night."

Catalina patted my hands and shoulders in the most reassuring way and the small daughters set about rearranging their personal belongings, while the mother opened my bag and busied herself, much as any comfort hostess might do for the comfort of a visitor. I was to lie on a handsome brass bed, the rainbows on blankets and skins on the floor. They slept, I did not. All through that night I sat by the window and watched the camp fires of the Apaches; listened to their voices as they rose and fell and finally died away. When they were quietest I was most frightened, for in the gray of dawn was when we, in the old days knew danger and torture and death creeped slowly over the ground. With the first, bright light of dawn, worn and aching in every bone, I cuddled up under the blankets and went sound asleep, while the happy little girls awoke, tiptoed out of doors, never knowing I had stood guard all night. Early in the morning my enemies came riding by at full gallop, filling the air with noise and stench, but my fears were gone. I went to a dainty breakfast—served in the State room—and then placed myself under the guidance of the children. By this time I understood that neither my host nor hostess would leave the house until sunset that evening. Hospitality demanded that the tables be spread, the range fires be burning and each dish replenished as the hungry guests filed in and out. There was no feast day for Santa Clara; it was hard work and self-denial, and many a poor family had scant fare for months after the dance was but a memory in the heedless, ravenous hundred who were fed from door to door. During the day the Apaches again swarmed into Francisco's dining hall and impudently ordered "whiskey." Again he pleasantly said "No." One young, fat greasy, buck with naked thigh and bare arms, glee string, army coat and fashionable

little straw hat, gay with a red, white and blue ribbon, threateningly attempted to pull a gun from some part of his sweating body. Then something happened so quickly that my head fairly spun. Don Francisco said not a word nor did he lay his hand on the burly ruffian but he slowly walked toward the door and before he was half way across the space that divided them the Apache was out through the patio, on his horse and over the meadows toward his reservation. The remaining braves guttured and tittered and that was the last of Apache insolence. It was a meek and chastened bevy of braves who accepted Francisco's invitation to sit at meat again. Hungry as ever, apparently, they observed a decorum in marked contrast to their warlike antics on the day before.

While they were eating a curious thing happened. Several women of the tribe appeared at the door. Francisco invited them in and pointed to the unoccupied table for them to sit and be waited upon. Suddenly one of the noisiest of the young men threw his arm upward covering his eyes and rising from the table, rushed frantically from the room. At the same moment one of the women gave a low cry of dismay and bolted for the kitchen. "What on earth is the matter?" I asked Francisco. His broad, honest face was a study. He hesitated for a moment, and then said in a whisper: "That man pretty near saw his mother-in-law and she must have gotten a glimpse of him as he shot out of the door. 'Mala suerte! mala suerte!' About the worst luck that can come to a family to have a son-in-law and his wife's mother meet face to face. Not the Apaches alone have this superstition; the Navajos, also, fear the evil eye of the woman, while she, poor soul, is terrified lest she bring disaster upon her daughter's family. The Santa Clara dances—such as the case in all the pueblos—have deteriorated in character since the days when the 'Gringos' were few in the land; they are tainted with commercialism, and terminate in drunken orgies, unless the government police are vigilant. At this one the pueblo was well looked after and the young men and maidens made a pretty picture as they wove a fantastic pattern back and forth over the burning sands of the plaza. No photograph that I have seen gives an adequate idea of the grace of their slow stepping to the rhythm of the Indian drum nor the beauty of the dancers. A few years more and the pueblo will have ceased to embody any tribal mystery in his public ceremonials but he will, probably, continue to paint his body and caper around the plaza so long as the American and his money are in evidence. Men such as Naranjo are quietly working upon the young men in a hope that the old-time religious obligations will be observed; whether they will succeed, quiescence?

STAGNATION CHARACTERIZED WALL STREET TODAY.

Bonds Were Quiet and Active Issues Gave Way Half to One.

New York, Oct. 10.—Speculative interests in stocks was at a low ebb today and in the absence of new influences, the market became stagnant.

An attempt to drive the short interest produced no decided result and during most of the morning session, prices were held firmly.

The market was unable to absorb the volume of resulting sales and prices eased off slightly by noon.

Bonds were quiet, with some of the southern issues reflecting the recent rise in stocks.

Trading continued featureless except for activity in secondary industrial issues.

After 1 o'clock all of the active issues gave way from half a point to a point below their high figures.

The close was steady.

SIX MEN BLOWN INTO ETERNITY BY EXPLOSIONS.

Black Hand Outrage at Wheeling, West Virginia, and Accident at Kansas City.

Wheeling, W. Va., Oct. 10.—Four persons are believed to have perished at Benwood, a suburb, today as the result of a black hand outrage, when a big frame, tenement, housing forty persons was blown up and, taking fire, was consumed.

Fatal Explosion at Kansas City. Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 10.—Two men were killed and five others were injured by the premature explosion of 30 pounds of dynamite today in the excavation for the new union station. The victims were blown 150 feet in the air and their bodies, terribly mangled, fell twenty feet away.

TWO ASSAULT CASES AT ALBUQUERQUE.

Within twenty minutes of each other yesterday at Albuquerque, Miss Amelia Gonzales reported to the police that Fidel Cervantes had insulted her, and Mrs. J. M. Brault, complained that he had been knocked down by Herbert Hall, a negro porter. Both men were arrested.

W. E. LINDSEY IS NAMED FOR STATE SENATOR.

Portales, N. M., Oct. 10.—The Republican county convention put out the following county ticket: State senator, W. E. Lindsey; state representative, F. M. Smith; sheriff, George Deen; county clerk, L. E. Forbes; treasurer, A. B. Austin; assessor, O. G. Gann; superintendent of public instruction, C. V. Toombs; surveyor, George E. Scott; judge, G. P. Smith; commissioner precinct No. 1, J. D. Wagner; commissioner precinct No. 2, F. C. Ruckman; commissioner precinct No. 3, F. P. Forrest; weights and measures, T. N. Christie.

SEPTEMBER WAS WARM AND FAIRLY WET.

Excess of Temperature Generally—Winds Were Light and Sunshine Below the Normal.

September, 1911, was a warm and fairly wet month, notable for the lack of marked variations in temperature, and for the general absence of damaging frosts. Temperatures remained comparatively even from day to day, and most of the stations had a comparatively small range in temperature for the month. A slight cool period, which was, however, not general, occurred on the 9th, a second one from the 18th to the 20th, and the month ended with cooler weather, but in no case was the coolness marked, nor the period prolonged. There was an excess of temperature generally, with the exception of a narrow strip along the Continental Divide from northern Rio Arriba county southwestward to northern Valencia, where a slight deficiency occurred. The excess in the central, the southern and the eastern counties amounted to a degree or more a day, reaching a maximum of three to five degrees a day in the lower Pecos and the lower Rio Grande valleys, and in the eastern portion of Col. The 11th was probably the warmest day of the month, although the highest recorded occurred variously from the 4th to the 8th, 11th to 16th, and 22d to the 24th, and even on other dates in parts of the territory. On the other hand, the lowest temperature most commonly occurred on the 21st, although a few localities recorded the lowest locally on the 11th, 15th to the 20th, 23rd and 29th.

The rainfall of the month averaged slightly above normal. Four rather distinct shower periods occurred; the first, from the 3rd to the 5th; the second, from the 8th to the 10th; the third, from the 14th to the 20th, and the last, from the 25th to the close of the month. The central and the northern counties quite generally had an excess in precipitation, while the extreme southern, the northeastern and the southeastern showed a slight deficiency, greatest in the lower Rio Grande valley, and in localities in Col. and northern Union, Guadalupe, Roosevelt and Chavez counties. The greatest excess occurred in San Juan and Rio Arriba counties, where the month is usually comparatively dry. Nearby stations in all parts of the territory showed marked variation in precipitation, indicating the local character of the showers.

The sunshine of the month was below the normal, although generally large in the southern and the eastern counties. Roswell had 73 per cent of the total possible amount, while Santa Fe had but 70 per cent. For the territory as a whole the average number of clear days was but 14, partly cloudy 12, and cloudy 4. The winds of the month was light and prevailing southwesterly. The humidity was comparatively high, especially in central and northern counties. The rivers of the territory were generally low, but there was little need of irrigation water by the close of the month, as the season was far advanced.

The mean temperature for the territory, determined from the records of 72 stations, having a mean altitude of about 5,000 ft., was 67.2 degrees, or 2.2 degrees above the normal, and 0.6 degrees above September, 1910. Only twice during the last 16 years has the mean for September exceeded the month just closed. The highest local monthly mean was 77.7 degrees at Carlsbad, and the lowest 52.2 degrees at Elizabethtown. The highest temperature recorded was 100 degrees at Carlsbad on the 14th, 16th and 17th, and at Deming on the 8th and 10th; the lowest recorded was 24 degrees at Elizabethtown on the 21st. The greatest local monthly range in temperature was 55 degrees at Springer, and the least 33 degrees at Rosedale, while the greatest local daily range at a few of the higher stations on the 17th to 21st, 26th to 29th.

The district averages were as follows: No. 7 (Canadian and North-east), 67.8; No. 8 (Pecos and Rio Grande), 66.7; No. 9 (western), 67.4 degrees.

The average precipitation for the territory, determined from the records of 146 stations, was 1.78 inches, or 0.14 inch above the normal for the month, and 1.19 inches above the rainfall of September, 1910. The greatest amount was 3.59 inches at Cloudcroft and the least 0.27 inch at Newnam, southern Oregon county; while the greatest in any 24 hours was 3.53 inches at Logan on the 9th. Heavy local downpours also occurred at Mountair, Tucumcari and Vermilion Park on this day. The average number of days with .01 inch or more precipitation was seven. The district averages were as follows: No. 7, 1.52 inches; No. 8, 1.85 inches; No. 9, 2.08 inches.

CHARLES E. LINNEY, Section Director.

ANGEL OF DEATH CALLS HOME YOUNG MOTHER.

Mrs. E. E. Epperson, nee Sadie Nutt, died this forenoon at 11:30 o'clock at her home on the south side. The immediate cause of death was milk fever. Besides her husband, an infant daughter, 10 days old, survives. Mrs. Epperson was married about a year ago, coming from Ottawa, Kansas, where she had been employed as a stenographer. Mr. Epperson was at that time a clerk in the census bureau and liked Santa Fe so well that he made this the home for himself and wife.

W. K. VANDERBILT'S HORSE WINS PRIX DE SEINE.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The Prix de Seine, Etolisee of \$4,000, distance, seven furlongs, run at Maisons Laiffite today, was won by W. K. Vanderbilt's Monroville. Frank J. Gould's Jarrett came in second.

BANNER WEEK OF SEASON IN CATTLE RECEIPTS.

Thirty-One Thousand Head Arrived at Kansas City Stockyards on Monday.

Kansas City Stock Yards, Oct. 11.—Last week was the banner week of the season in cattle receipts here, \$3,000 head, including 10,000 calves, but the present week promises to eclipse it. The run today is 31,000 head, including 2,000 show cattle to be exhibited at the Royal. Prices eased off a little last week after the early season on Wednesday, and good beef steers came in for as much as 15 cents, 15 to 25 cents. Enough buyers from the country came in to hold stockers and feeders nearly steady to weak for day, some sales 10 lower. Bulk of the supply today is from distant ranges. Seventy-five cars of Old Mexico steers are on sale, mostly direct from the Republic, some from Kansas. They sell at \$3.80 to 4.35. Old Mexicos from Eastern Colorado sold at \$4.15. Panhandle two year olds of good breeding sold at \$5.25 today, to feeder buyers. A shipment of Akard feeders, from Montrose, Colorado, sold today at \$5.10 and \$4.75. Top natives are still eligible in the \$8.00 figure, but only a few cattle get up to \$7.50, bulk of the fed steers stop at \$7.00. Top native grassers \$7.10, bulk \$6.50 to \$6.50. Quarantine receipts are heavier than a week or two ago, but a good many will be carried on to feed, and runs from that source are not threatening. Steers sell at \$4.00 to \$4.75, a few up to \$5.25, which is the top today. Panhandle cows bring \$3.50 to \$4.30, and are coming freely. Calves are 50 cents lower than a week ago, top veals \$7.25, heavy calves around \$5.44. The expected shortage in cattle next spring is apt to be discounted by an extra number of cattle being carried over this fall, a practice that is more or less general.

The hog market acted more creditably last week than for a long time, but it declined a little at that. The battle between sellers and buyers is not all one-sided, as it has been for two or three months, but salesmen often gain a victory. Prices are up 5 to 10 cents above the low time last week, and the market quit with a little bloom left on it. Fewer pigs are coming than a short time ago, and they are 50 cents higher than a week ago, selling at \$4.25 to \$5.50. Sheep and lambs were uneven last week, but in the end were not changed any to mention. The run is 18,000 today; market steady. Top lambs brought \$6.15 today, from Utah, Arizona at \$5.85, feeding lambs, \$4.90 to \$5.25, fat wethers up to \$4.10, ewes \$3.75. Feeding yearlings sell at \$4.00 to \$4.40. Dealers do not expect much change in prices for the next week or two.

ORIGIN OF CERTAIN NAMES IN UNITED STATES.

Front Royal: town in Warren county, Va., first known as Royal Oak, named for an immense tree growing in the common. Front Royal originated from the circumstance of a colonel who, becoming confused in his commands, ordered his regiment to "front the royal."

Norwalk: city in Fairfield county, Conn., said to have been so named because, when purchased from the Indians, the northern boundary was to extend northward from the sea one day's walk, according to the Indian marking of the distance. According to another authority it is derived from "nawang," meaning "point of land."

Sing Sing: creek in Chemung county, New York. Indian words meaning "place of stones." Another authority states that it was named for John Sing Sing, a friendly Indian.

Siskiyou: county in California and mountains in Oregon. By some authorities it is said to be a corruption of the original name given the district in California by the French—"six calloux," meaning "six boulders," the mountains between California and Oregon having been so named because a famous bottled race horse was lost on the trail.

(From Bulletin 197, United States Geological Survey.)

PURSUING ABSCONDER WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAM.

Clerk to Paymaster on Board of Flagship California Disappears at Santa Monica.

Los Angeles, Calif., Oct. 10.—A message from the flagship California, of the Pacific squadron, received today via the naval wireless station at Point Arguello, requested the police to hunt for Charles Aurelius Gibbons, paymaster's clerk of the flagship. The message read: "Clerk to paymaster wanted for considerable shortage in accounts of government funds." According to the message, Gibbons left the flagship while it was anchored with other cruisers at Santa Monica two days ago.

EARTHQUAKE ONLY THOUSAND MILES AWAY.

It Was of Considerable Magnitude and Kept Seismograph Trembling.

New York, Oct. 10.—An earthquake probably not more than 1,000 miles distant and of considerable magnitude was recorded today on the seismograph at Brooklyn college. The record began at 8:19 and continued until 8:53, with the maximum disturbance at 8:32. The strongest movement was in the north-south direction.

HOGAN'S SALOON AT CERRILLOS BURGLARIZED.

Special to the New Mexican. Cerrillos, N. M., Oct. 9.—Pat Hogan's saloon was burglarized last night. Sixty-seven dollars were taken out of the cash drawer. Mr. Hogan fired a shot at the man who escaped through the rear fence, tearing a hole in it to get away.

STATEHOOD CELEBRATION

El Paso Sends Personal Representative to Invite Santa Fe

GOV. MILLS WILL ATTEND

Albuquerque and Las Vegas Will Each Send a Float for Parade.

Santa Fe and the state of New Mexico will be officially represented at the statehood celebration to be held in El Paso on October 19, 20, and 21 by Governor William J. Mills, Adjutant General A. S. Brookes and Colonel W. A. Fleming Jones of the governor's staff. Governor Mills will go to El Paso on Thursday, the 18th, and will participate in the governor's day parade, review and grand ball which are to be given in his honor and in honor of the visiting executives from Chihuahua, Sonora and other states of Mexico. With Governor Richard Sloan of Arizona, Governor Mills will be the guest of honor and will head the civic parade which is to be the feature of governors' day.

Invitations have been sent to all of the state officials and a large number of the leading business and professional men of Santa Fe and the other cities of the state to attend the celebration and jubilee which is being given by El Paso as a coming out party for New Mexico and Arizona. Albuquerque is planning to send a symbolic float from the Montezuma parade for the Os-Aple pageant which will close the statehood celebration on Saturday, Oct. 21. The Santa Fe railroad is also contemplating the shipment of the statehood float from Albuquerque for this parade. Las Vegas, through its Commercial Club, is arranging for an agricultural and resources float which will be made a part of the permanent exhibit of the El Paso Chamber of Commerce at the close of the celebration. Santa Fe is also being urged to send a representative float to the jubilee and the matter has been taken up with the Chamber of Commerce with this in view.

Norman M. Walker, of the El Paso Herald and a member of the Statehood Celebration Executive committee, is in Santa Fe gathering data for a special statehood celebration of the Herald and also in the interest of the Santa Fe display and representation in the jubilee parade.

A Permanent Souvenir.

The state of New Mexico is to have a permanent souvenir of the statehood celebration to be held in El Paso next week. Two official regimental flags, of pure silk and containing the requisite forty-eight stars are now being made under instruction from the war department. These are to be presented to Governor William J. Mills and Governor Richard E. Sloan on the afternoon of governor's day, Friday, Oct. 20. The flags will be given to the two chief executives to be hung in the capitols here and at Phoenix and to be appropriately marked as the permanent remembrance of the celebration which El Paso is preparing in honor of the two new states upon whom she depends so largely for her progress.

Governor's day will be the biggest military event since the Taft-Diaz day in El Paso. The governors are to be received by escorts from the Fourth United States cavalry and the two for John Sing Sing, a friendly Indian. Siskiyou: county in California and mountains in Oregon. By some authorities it is said to be a corruption of the original name given the district in California by the French—"six calloux," meaning "six boulders," the mountains between California and Oregon having been so named because a famous bottled race horse was lost on the trail.

Proceeding the military review the governors, their staffs and official families will be welcomed to Texas by Governor O. B. Colquett of Texas who will attend the celebration accompanied by his entire staff. Governor Abraham Gonzales of Chihuahua, hero of the Mexican revolution, will be accompanied by his staff of revolutionary officers and by the state band.

Governors' day will close with a grand reception and ball in the chamber of commerce building in El Paso at which the governors, their staffs and the prominent visitors from Arizona and New Mexico will be in the receiving line. Open house will be kept in all of the clubs and lodges and carnival parades, baseball and football games and illuminated pageants will be held during the three days of the big statehood jubilee.

Tong War.

Chinatown, El Paso's oriental quarter, has a full fledged tong war in progress. It is a bloodless war as yet but the feeling among the two tongs of the celestial section south of Oregon street is growing more bitter and threats of importing hatchet men from Frisco are being made by the rival tong members.

The trouble among the residents of the local Chinatown had its beginning when the arrangements were first made for the statehood celebration, October 19, 20 and 21. In honor of the two new states of New Mexico and Arizona. It was decided by the executive committee to invite the dignitaries of Chinatown to participate in the big Os-Aple parade which is to be the closing event of the jubilee. Mar Chew, mayor of Chinatown was invited to assist. He assisted to the extent of raising \$2,000 to stage the Oriental section of the Os-Aple parade.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

Personal Mention.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1911.

Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince returned this noon from Denver where he attended the Public Lands Convention.

Sheriff J. M. Casaus of Santa Rosa, and County Commissioner W. P. Morrison of Cuervo are in the capital from Guadalupe county.

Rev. O. P. Mills, D. D., pastor of the Baptist church at Las Vegas, is attending the convention. He said today that he is not a politician but that he has been in the state only a short time and expects to make it his home. He attended the Republican state convention at Las Vegas last week and was so much interested that he determined to come to Santa Fe to see the Democratic State Convention at work, and to gauge its personnel and sentiments.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1911.

Polonio Casaus of Guadalupe, Guadalupe county, left for his home today after attending the Democratic state convention.

U. S. Mine Inspector Jo E. Sheridan of Silver City, arrived in the capital last night. He came here on official business with Governor Mills.

Henry Grant, the well known Abilene merchant, returned to his Rio Arriba county home today, after attending the Democratic state convention as a delegate.

Attorney and Mrs. Isaac Barth of Albuquerque, while in the city during the convention were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Hersh at their home on Washington avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Barnes came down from Santa Fe Saturday, returning Sunday. While here they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Fincke—Mortuary Messenger.

J. N. Upton, the well known legislator, cattleman and member of the constitutional convention, left for home today after taking active part in the Democratic state convention.

Secondino Romero returned last night from a short business trip to Santa Fe. He attended a meeting of the Republican state central committee of which he is a member.—Las Vegas Optic.

William F. Brogan, managing editor of the Albuquerque Herald, who covered the convention for his paper, left today for Albuquerque. "Bill" Brogan formerly resided in Santa Fe and is well known here and will return to take charge of the Republican press bureau.

H. B. Ferguson, nominee of the Democrats for Congress, was still in the city this morning, but will likely leave this afternoon for his home in the Duke City. Like many other Democrats, Mr. Ferguson is tired out from the long sessions, committee meetings and the strain of speaking.

William Butler, editor of the Farmington Times-Herald of San Juan county, left today for his home, having attended the Democratic State Convention, both as a newspaper writer and as delegate from San Juan. Mr. Butler frequently addressed the convention and when he talked he said something. He is a member of the new Democratic Press Club and of the Democratic state central committee.

Tony A. Ferlet, a St. Louis and Texas journalist, who with his wife, has spent the past two years on a farm near Anthony, Dona Ana county, in retirement from newspaper work, left for his home this afternoon after attending the Democratic state convention to which he was a delegate. Mr. Ferlet is much interested in the propagation of game, and sought Game Warden T. P. Gable today to discuss with him co-operation for the introduction of Bob-White quail in the Mesilla Valley.

W. H. Andrews, delegate to congress from New Mexico, is a visitor in Silver City. He spent Sunday in Santa Rita and Central, coming to this point yesterday morning. While in town he is the guest of W. D. Murray. Mr. Andrews is frequently mentioned as one of the first senators from this state—Silver City Independent.

A. L. Fales, of Roswell, general missionary of the American Sunday School Union, spent the past few days in Santa Fe, looking on at the Democratic state convention.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1911.

Sheriff Silviano Robal of Chama, Rio Arriba county, is at the Coronado hotel.

Attorney A. C. Vorhees, of Raton, Colfax county, is at the Montezuma hotel.

Rev. Lansing Bloom of Jemez, Sandoval county, spent a few days this week as the guest of his parents-in-law, Judge and Mrs. John R. McFie.

Attorney William McKean of Taos, a member of the constitutional convention, arrived last evening, coming in an auto.

Tom LaRue, who accompanied Herbert Clark, secretary of the state

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D., 1911.

A. W. GLEASON,

Notary Public.

Halls Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., TOLEDO, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

publican committee, to Santa Fe Sunday, returned to Las Vegas last night.—Las Vegas Optic.

Former Mayor Jose D. Sena left today to join H. O. Bursum and campaigning party which opens the campaign at Las Vegas tonight and then proceeds to Raton.

Report comes from Three Rivers, Otero county, that Judge A. B. Fall is seriously ill. Mrs. Fall has hurried to his bedside from El Paso.

District Attorney Charles W. G. Ward returned last night from a trip to Santa Fe and Taos county. He and Charles Catron were caught in a rain storm and got a severe soaking. Mr. Ward says he never saw rain fall more persistently than it did during the past three days.—Las Vegas Optic.

Former Governor and Mrs. L. Bradford Prince held an informal reception Tuesday evening at their Palace avenue home in honor of Representative William Sulzer of New York. Mr. Sulzer was much interested in Santa Fe and especially the mission style house and a beautiful type of which is the Prince residence.

Mrs. J. White Goodings, who has been visiting at Romeo, Michigan, returned today and was a guest at the Palace.

Mr. Giddings, who is the editor of the Taos Valley News, had returned from Taos to meet her but was stalled at Embudo by a washout. She left today in a party with A. C. Probert, the Taos banker in an attempt to reach Taos overland.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1911.

Ex-Delegate to Congress T. B. Catron returned Saturday from a trip to Raton.

Supervisor Thomas R. Stewart is in town from Pecos on the Pecos National forest.

M. W. Thompson, a fruitgrower in the Espanola valley, spent yesterday in Santa Fe.

Mrs. Wientge and Miss Wientge left yesterday for Albuquerque to attend the fair.

Governor William J. Mills left last night for Albuquerque where he opens the state fair today.

Dr. W. E. Kaser of Las Vegas, is in Santa Fe to attend the meeting of the territorial board of health.

George H. Van Stone, Democratic candidate for corporations commissioner, came up from Estancia yesterday.

Dr. Robert Smart of Albuquerque, is here to attend a meeting of the medical board of which he is a member.

Secretary Herbert W. Clark of the Republican State Central Committee returned yesterday afternoon from Las Vegas.

General Charles F. Easley left yesterday for Albuquerque to attend the meeting of the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias.

W. E. Johnson, the former chief special agent for the suppression of the liquor traffic among the Indians, of the department of the interior, arrived in the city yesterday and registered at the Montezuma. He registered at the Montezuma.

Dr. Robert Smart of Albuquerque, is here to attend a meeting of the medical board of which he is a member.

Charles Springer, of Cimarron, member of the executive committee of eight of the Republican party, is registered at the Palace.

Dr. John S. Pearce of Albuquerque, president of the board of health and medical examiners, is here to attend a meeting of the board.

Dr. Nathan Boyd of Las Cruces, and Mr. and Mrs. John R. Callaway of Mesalero, Otero county, registered at the Montezuma yesterday.

Dr. J. G. Moir, of Deming is at the Montezuma. He came yesterday to attend the meeting of the medical board of which he is a member.

A. J. Fischer, the well known pharmacist, has gone to Albuquerque to attend the meeting of the pharmacy board of which he is a member.

Charles A. Spies returned home to Las Vegas on Saturday. National Committeeman Solomon Luna, Judge M. C. Meek and H. B. Holt were bound for Albuquerque on Saturday.

John K. Stauffer, secretary and treasurer of the New Mexican Printing Company, went to Albuquerque this morning to attend the meeting of the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias.

Edward Stephens left last night for Albuquerque to attend the meeting of the territorial pharmacy board which convenes there today and tomorrow after having been in session in Roswell Friday and Saturday.

Nathan Salmon, the well known merchant, leaves today for Albuquerque to address the Syrian merchants there in behalf of the Republican state ticket. Mr. Salmon will later visit Gallup, Las Vegas, Raton and other cities.

Bernard S. Rodey, United States district attorney in Alaska, left yesterday on the long return trip to Nome, Alaska, to attend the Republican convention. Mr. Rodey expects to return to Albuquerque in a year or so.—Albuquerque Morning Journal.

County School Superintendent John V. Conway left this morning on a school inspection trip to the southern school districts. He will visit Cerrillos, Madrid, Golden, San Pedro, Heyer, Venus, Bachelor, Cedar Grove, Otto, Stanley and Galisteo. He will be gone several days.

Sheriff and Mrs. Charles Closson and daughter, May, and Mrs. F. P. Sturges left this morning in automobile for Albuquerque to attend the fair. Mrs. Sturges will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hall in the Duke City.

Will C. Barnes, former New Mexico legislator and secretary of the Cattle Sanitary Board, has just returned to Washington, D. C., from his western trip. He spent the past few months gathering wool statistics for the Tariff Commission, by which he is employed as an expert.

Delegate William H. Andrews paid a flying visit to the city yesterday, arriving at 2:30 p. m. on the belated Santa Fe train No. 10 and leaving at 7:20 p. m. for Albuquerque. Mr. Andrews was looking well and was enthusiastic over the progress made by Santa Fe in the past year.

Mrs. Carrie Reeves, formerly of Calumet, Mich., arrived in Santa Fe and hereafter will make her home with her brother, F. W. Farmer. Mrs. Reeves has been appointed assistant state manager of the Brotherhood of American Yeomen of New Mexico and will assist her brother in prosecuting the work here.

William F. Brogan, managing editor of the Albuquerque Evening Herald, has arrived in the city to take charge of the press bureau of the Republican Central Committee, at Republican headquarters in the Catron Block. Mr. Brogan was formerly city editor of the New Mexican and covering Republican as well as Democratic conventions for years has given him a wide knowledge of political affairs and politicians of both parties. Mr. Brogan is accompanied by his wife and daughter. They are registered at the Palace Hotel.

Judge William H. Pope passed through Roswell this morning en route from Carlsbad to Atlanta, Ga., having received three telegrams relative to the illness of Mrs. A. L. Hull, mother of Mrs. Pope. The last telegram stated that the lady is in a dangerous condition and that all relatives had been summoned. Thus will be prevented the opening of court at Clovis Monday morning—Roswell Daily Record.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1911.

Mrs. A. R. Smith of Louisville, Miss., is visiting her husband at Summit Sanitarium.

John and Amelia McFie left yesterday for Albuquerque. Judge and Mrs. McFie will follow tomorrow.

R. L. Hicke, of Bainbridge, Ga., has arrived in the city and is spending a few weeks at Summit Sanitarium.

Mrs. W. D. Coleman of El Paso, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. D. Miller, at her home on Washington avenue.

Governor William J. Mills opened the state fair at Albuquerque yesterday, and left last night for Santa Rosa.

W. D. Shea, district passenger and freight agent of the Santa Fe, left this forenoon for the San Luis valley Colorado.

Dr. A. E. Gregg of Aguilar, Colorado is at the Palace. He came here to take the examination before the medical board.

First Lieutenant M. C. Browne of Company G, Second Battalion, New Mexico National Guard, is here from Albuquerque.

H. F. Myers, the special representative of the Armour Packing Company, and who travels out of Denver, is at the Palace hotel.

Mrs. F. E. Nuding has gone to Albuquerque to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hahn. She will remain during the fair.

Miss Head of Indianapolis, is a guest at St. Vincent's Sanitarium. She has come out to enjoy Santa Fe's superb winter climate.

Miss Julia Jaffe left yesterday for Albuquerque. Her parents, Territorial Secretary and Mrs. Jaffe will go to the Duke City later in the week.

Louis M. Ortiz, a well known rancher of Chama, Rio Arriba county, is in the city visiting Juan J. Ortiz, clerk of the territorial secretary's office.

"John H. McFie, Jr., son of Associate Justice McFie of the supreme court, is among those Santa Feans taking in the big fair."—Albuquerque Journal.

Mrs. W. J. Brogan, mother of William F. Brogan, left this afternoon to visit at Emporia, Kansas, before returning to her home in San Antonio, Texas.

Former Territorial Auditor Luis M. Ortiz, and census enumerator of the last census, came in from Chama, Rio Arriba county, last evening on a business visit.

National Committeeman Solomon Luna, who had been ill at Albuquerque since Saturday, has practically recovered and expects to be in Santa Fe in a few days.

"A. J. Fischer of Santa Fe, secretary of the state board of pharmacy, is acting in his official capacity during the board's sessions here this week."—Albuquerque Journal.

Dr. Frederick H. Bishop is expected to arrive in New York on Friday from a two months tour of Europe, and will probably be in Santa Fe Monday, to be the guest of Bronson M. Cutting at his home on the Loma.

"John K. Stauffer, secretary and treasurer of the New Mexican Printing Company at Santa Fe, is here attending the grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias and incidentally viewing the fair. He will return home this evening."—Albuquerque Journal.

Miss Stephanie Frager of Roswell, who has been the guest of Miss Helen Kelly for the past two weeks, left this afternoon for Albuquerque where she will attend the state fair after which she will leave for an extended trip in the east.—Las Vegas Optic.

Max Nordhaus, manager for the Charles H. Hild company, is back at his desk in the office of that enterprising firm. Mr. Nordhaus has spent a month at his summer home at Trout Springs recuperating from the effects of an operation for appendicitis at Santa Fe. His friends are glad to learn that he has completely recovered his health.—Las Vegas Optic.

John A. Laughlin, the Trinidad contractor, is at the Palace.

Dr. and Mrs. Reber were passengers this morning for Albuquerque. Captain Fred Farnoff of the Mounted Police, is in Albuquerque for fair time.

A. R. Lambert, an automobile salesman of Anderson, Indiana, is at the Palace hotel.

Charles W. Fairfield, assistant territorial auditor, is ill at his home on College Avenue.

Miss Anne Walker of Alhambra, Calif., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank P. Newhall.

Postmaster E. C. Burke has gone to Albuquerque to attend the postmaster's reunion there.

BLESSED IS THE MAN WHO TILLS THE SOIL

Address of Holm O. Bursum, Candidate of Republican Party for Governor—Election Settles Future Policy of State.

At Las Vegas, on Monday evening, the following "straight from the heart" address of Holm O. Bursum, the Republican candidate for governor, aroused enthusiasm and was frequently interrupted by applause:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen and Fellow Citizens: Your distinguished chairman has said that I will be the next governor of New Mexico. You have my consent.

Seeing so many substantial citizens throughout this gathering and so many beautiful and intelligent ladies, makes it indeed a great pleasure for me to have this opportunity of being with you here this evening.

I visited today your horticultural and agricultural fair, also witnessed some wrestling matches, and a tug of war. I saw your exhibits and I congratulate you upon the splendid showing that San Miguel county has made of the products of the farm.

I was impressed at seeing wheat three feet high well filled with grain, heavy and sound; the finest oats that I have ever seen; pumpkins and beets and most every other thing that is raised on a farm on fertile soil; indeed, I thought for a while that I was not in Las Vegas, but that I had come to the state of Iowa where land is worth \$150 per acre. And they tell me that these products have been raised by the dry farm process. I say, blessed is the man that tills the soil. He is doing more for your country than anyone else in the shape of developing its resources, and it is from this source that you may expect in the future a greater Las Vegas and San Miguel county.

Honor has been conferred upon me by being chosen as the Republican nominee for governor.

Setting New Mexico's Future.

The importance of this campaign is not confined to the immediate result of this election. The outcome of this election to a great degree will settle the future policies of this state.

Measures, not men, are the vital questions. Men come and go, but measures and principles are ever living issues. Mud slinging, personal abuse and vilification are not argument, and whenever restored to it is prima facie evidence of weakness.

The party, or set of men, who seek to set up as their paramount claim for recognition a "holier than thou" cry, their white winged, angelic qualities testified to and admitted by themselves, can only be accepted as conclusive evidence that the unholy alliance of the little coterie of disaffected office seekers, calling themselves Republicans and Democrats have sacrificed principle for place like Benedict Arnold, who sold his soul for a commission in the British army and then failed to receive it, they have betrayed the party to which they pretended allegiance, in consideration of a petty mess of potage.

The Penitentiary.

In an attempt to justify this unholy harter which has brought forth the birth of a mongrel ticket—a little clique, a few sore heads, disappointed in their past and present political fortunes, have attempted to cast odium on the Republican nominee for governor. They say that he has been a bad superintendent of the penitentiary and by innuendo, seek to intimate that the records of that institution have been destroyed; that he is seeking this election as a vindication.

Now, my fellow citizens, these charges were made several years ago. I answered them through the only tribunal through which all such controversies are settled, by bringing suit for an adjudication of the affairs of the penitentiary under my tenure of office, before the district court of this territory. The decision is a matter of public record on file at the office of the clerk of the district court. There were no records destroyed. There was no evidence of graft or extravagance, and I challenge any proof to the contrary. The territory was represented by its attorney general. The United States government was represented by special counsel. Before a decision was rendered, the presiding judge asked in open court, if any person within the hearing of the court had any objection to offer why judgment should not be rendered in my behalf to state them. The decision was subject to appeal. No appeal was taken. The investigation was carried on in public at the capital building in Santa Fe for six months or more.

Hired for a Price.

If these industrious angels were as disappointed then as they are now and will be after November 7, were they in possession of any proof, why did they not present it? They didn't have it, they can't produce it, because there was nothing to produce, unless manufactured by drunken bum experts hired for a price. I have nothing to defend. No apologies to make for my administration of the penitentiary nor in any other public or private capacity, and I do not intend to permit that the real issues of this campaign shall be blinded by a lot of concocted slush, hatched up by a little coterie of disappointed political hypocrites to cover up the unholy alliance in seeking to justify a sacrifice of principle for potage.

Misnamed.

The opposition ticket has been misnamed. I understand it is to be officially known as the Democratic ticket and its platform is all "holier than thou" men. Now, it seems to me that the proper name for the ticket should have been the "Ticket of Angels." Imagine the presentation by the archangel for classification of such angelic characters as Burkhardt, E. C. de Baca, Frank Manzanera, Jr., and the most glorious of them all Paz Valverde. What would Saint Peter say? I will not under-

take to answer. Let us leave it to the people to decide.

Republican Ideals.

The Republican party in the state and in the nation as exemplified by that great statesman, William H. Taft, stands for the ideals that are conducted to happiness, prosperity and progress. It is the party that keeps peace with the spirit of the times; that believes in the expansion of territory, ideas, industry and homes. It is the party which believes in a stable, conservative government. It is the party that framed the constitution, pronounced by no less a critic than William H. Taft, as one of the documents adopted by any one of the states of the union. The party responsible for the framing of that constitution can well be trusted with the reins of the new states. The people will not reverse their verdict of 18,000 majority.

Blue Ballot.

They say we should have an easily amended constitution. The blue ballot, as drafted, means that the constitution may not only be amended but abolished.

The new state needs capital for the development of its resources. Capital is naturally timid. Men will not invest money unless a stable government is guaranteed. They must know at the time of the investment that the conditions then prevailing are likely to continue.

Stability as Against Unrest.

If our constitution should be amended, let the people of New Mexico prepare one suitable to their needs without the assistance of congress. Let us not encourage as a part of our governmental system a doctrine of agitation and unrest, but rather of stability, industry and thrift.

I feel that I am talking to an audience here tonight that represents the substantial business interests of New Mexico. Las Vegas has long been noted for its energy and thrift. For years it has been the distributing point for all eastern New Mexico between the Santa Fe railroad and the Texas line. A few years ago the Rock Island system was built through eastern New Mexico, which has cut off the advantages which formerly belonged to Las Vegas of being the distributing center of all that territory, but Las Vegas rallied to the necessity of the occasion and through the Las Vegas Grant board, a contract has been made with the Camfield dam, which will irrigate 18,000 acres of land, and provide 900 twenty-acre farms which will add that many additional homes. This is only a starter. Let the world know that we are a thrifty, honest, energetic, conservative people, and you will have no trouble in securing aid to develop your marvelous resources.

There is now projected a railroad from Kansas to Colmar, Mora county, via Las Vegas to Fort Sumner, which would again make Las Vegas the distributing center for eastern New Mexico. It would make it the natural headquarters for shops. To bring this project to an actual realization, capital is necessary, confidence in the stability of the state government is an essential necessity, in order to permit the securing of funds upon the securities.

Not a Party Question.

I concede that the blue ballot is not a partisan question and must be determined by each individual voter for himself, but yet, I cannot refrain from warning your people who would desire to see New Mexico develop her resources to the greatest state of efficiency, of the danger of adopting the blue ballot. Let us not adopt any measure calculated to create distrust as to the permanency of our governmental policy. The Republican party looks with a spirit of friendship toward the interests of both capital and labor.

I believe their interests are identical and mutual. The prosperity of both depends upon an equitable deal between them as co-partners in the great industrial life of the country.

I believe in the square deal between the public and the corporations. A policy which will permit both to live and transact business.

Soldiers of Industry.

I believe in the policy of protecting those employees who are engaged in hazardous occupations, those men who are the soldiers of industry; the men behind the gun; the men who make it possible for the public to ride in Pullman cars with ease and comfort; the men who make it possible to carry on the gigantic traffic and commerce all over this broad land, should and ought to be protected by a law which will guarantee to those dependent upon them, and their children, that they may be enabled to live, educate and school their children without being dependent upon the charity of the public in case of accident or injury to the head of the family. To do this, we should have an insurance law, compulsory insurance. Place the burden where it belongs. Let it be a part of the fixed charges of the corporation. Provide that recovery can be made without the necessity of employing counsel and without delay.

Providing Homes.

I believe that the land of the country is here to be utilized to provide homes and create taxable wealth—more homes, more children, more happiness and more prosperity.

I think the policy of the state in dealing with public lands should be most liberal toward the homeseeker and homemaker. While reckless statements have been made that there is danger of a Republican clique grabbing all of the lands for their own personal benefit, this proposition is as ab-

When You Think

Of the pain which many women experience with every month it makes the gentleness and kindness always associated with womanhood seem to be almost a miracle. While in general no woman rebels against what she regards as a natural necessity there is no woman who would not gladly be free from this recurring period of pain.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well, and gives them freedom from pain. It establishes regularity, subdues inflammation, heals ulceration and cures female weakness.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, free. All correspondence strictly private and absolutely confidential. Write without fear and without fee to World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you want a book that tells all about women's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing only, and he will send you a free copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to-date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 31 stamps.



22d as it is ridiculous. Have they not been under the management of a Republican administration? Have any restrictions placed by the federal government been taken away from the government? Absolutely none, nor can they be. No lands can be sold or leased except to the highest bidder, after advertising for at least four weeks in a public newspaper. No land can be sold under the limit placed by congress.

The administration and policy of the public lands not in conflict with the constitution will be outlined by the state legislature. Do the people of New Mexico believe that the whole legislature of New Mexico is likely to be engaged in a land grabbing scheme? They could not do it if they would, and they would not do it if they could.

More Homes, Better Schools.

The Republican party favors the encouragement of the cultivation of the soil, either by the dry or wet process. They favor more homes and better schools. We should have a state industrial school. Give us more blacksmiths, more carpenters, more machinists, more tradesmen. Every youth, whether the child of the rich or the poor, should be taught the art of manual training; should be taught a trade which will make him independent if need be, to meet the problems of life without being dependent upon public charity. The girls should be taught domestic life, so that if they happen to catch a poor wage earner for a husband they will be equipped with the necessary training to co-operate and make life pleasant in accordance with the station of life that fate may extend.

You will make no mistake if you will cast your ballot for the party that will protect New Mexico's industries, her wool, her sheep, and her cattle, lumber, coal and iron, the party that has given you a clean, economical administration of the affairs in your territory, the party that believes in a Greater New Mexico.

A. H. HUDSPETH IS ELECTED GRAND TRIBUNE.

At the session of the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias, held at Albuquerque yesterday the following grand officers were elected: George Bradford of Dawson, grand chancellor; Walter D. Fawcett of Roswell, vice grand chancellor; Howell Ernest of Clayton, Grand prelate; C. M. Bernhard of East Las Vegas, grand keeper of records and seal; R. P. Donohoo of Tucumcari, grand master of exchequer; J. I. Zimmerman of East Las Vegas, grand master of arms; M. McCrory of Magdalena Grand inner guard; R. D. Smythe of Lordsburg, grand outer

guard; A. H. Hudspeth of White Oaks, grand tribune.

The session was by far the largest ever held and the representatives of the different lodges located throughout the territory took a great interest in the proceedings. The representative to the supreme lodge will be elected today.

Dental Board and Society.

The New Mexico Dental Board, Dr. F. E. Olney of Las Vegas, president; Dr. M. Moran of Deming, secretary; and Dr. E. N. Brown of Roswell, treasurer, convened in Albuquerque yesterday in regular session and will continue its work for four days. The last two days of the week will be devoted to the annual convention of the New Mexico Dental Society so that Albuquerque will entertain a large number of the leading dentists of the state all the week. Yesterday there were reported three candidates for licenses to practice dentistry in New Mexico and theoretical and practical work will keep the board busy the first half of the week, the practical work being in progress in the office of Dr. E. J. Alger.

NEW MEXICO POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

Otero County Republicans.
Otero county Republicans will meet at Alamogordo on October 7 to nominate a county ticket.

The Klink of the Dollars.
The press dispatches from Santa Fe say that Ferguson's speech indicated an invitation to the "progressives" to join with the Democratic party in making a ticket. "Ferguson" has heard that the "surgeons" have money. Welcome, thrice welcome are dollars to the leaders of the un-terrified hosts.—Raton Range.

District Conventions.
Dr. G. Henniger of Oscura, has been nominated for the House by the Democrats for the counties of Socorro, Otero and Lincoln. The district convention for Sandoval, McKinley and Bernalillo counties, and for Sandoval, San Juan and Bernalillo counties will meet at Albuquerque on Monday forenoon.

In Charge of Press Bureau.
The executive committee of the Republican party has chosen W. F. Brogan of the Albuquerque Herald to take charge of the Press Bureau. He was formerly on the New Mexican, has been on the Albuquerque Journal and was chief clerk of the Legislative Council. He is a Jim-dandy and a general favorite among newspaper men.

Fifth Judicial District Primaries.
The vote cast in the judicial primaries of the Democrats in Eddy, Chaves, Curry and Roosevelt counties, was as follows: For Judge, John T. McClure, of Roswell, anti-Prohibitionist, 2869; George L. Reese of Portales, Prohibitionist, 2377; McClure's majority, 492. For district attorney, Kenneth K. Scott of Roswell, anti-Prohibitionist, 2735; H. M. Dow of Roswell Prohibitionist, 2347; Scott's majority, 388.

Pulled Off Torres.
The Democratic steam roller received another jolt yesterday, and the proceedings had to be halted once more and go over until today. A. C. Torres of Socorro county had been slated by the bosses for lieutenant governor. But the superintendent of the Anti-saloon league appeared upon the scene and declared that his information is to the effect that Torres has, or has had, an interest in a saloon at Magdalena and that he is therefore not a man whom the prohibitionists could support. As a consequence, the convention had to adjourn last evening after W. C. McDonald, candidate for governor, had made his speech of acceptance, and the bosses had to make a new diagram.

A Campaign of Fakes.
The Democrats have started out nobly following their usual fake tactics. First the Colfax county bunch announced that Champ Clark and Folk of St. Louis would speak at the County Convention in Springer, well knowing that neither of these orators could be there owing to previous engagements. (This is another Thornton boomerang.) Mr. H. D. Flood and "Billy" Sulzer of New York were to enchant their hearers at the state convention in Santa Fe. "Billy" showed up and made a spiel before the state central committee and "whom it may concern," but had to leave for Denver before the show began in the big tent—so he did not address the convention. As to Harry D. He thought and then again he thought. If this program gets any more such jolts, and they did not connect with the "blunder-barrel" any more successfully than they did with their orators, considerable ginger will be extracted from the campaign.—Raton Range.

He is a Republican Running for the Legislature.

There is in Obar, Quay County, New Mexico, a little paper called "Progress." It is set up, edited, printed and mailed by L. L. Klinefelter, who went to Obar long after he was 60 years old. The town has few inhabitants aside from the editor, who is known all over New Mexico as "Kline," and sometimes even as "Col. Kline." Obar has what "Kline" calls a "union depot," a term which is strictly justified by the fact that the station consists of two abandoned freight cars, placed end to end. Some people maintain with a show of reason that in relation to the community in which he works the editor is about the biggest editor in the United States. We understand that when he started another paper in Oklahoma, when he was over 55 years old, his capital consisted of \$2.26 in cash and a lead pencil. Now that he is comfortably settled in New Mexico he cheers people up in the dry times and crows over the rest of the world when it rains, and lives in his homestead shack "near the city limits"—an easy thing, as the city is nearly all limits. This shack he calls "The Dove House" and every week he brings to the individuals who exist in his territory something to cheer and fortify.—Collier's.

Wanted to Get On—Was Left Off.
You can't blame Barney Rodey for feeling sore after coming 6,000 miles to see that ticket nominated.—Albuquerque Morning Journal.

Judicial District Convention.
The judicial district convention for the counties of Quay, Colfax Union and Taos met last evening and nominated T. B. Lieb of Raton for district judge, and E. F. Saxon of Tucuman, who was a member of the constitutional convention, to be district attorney. E. F. SAXON.

Conceding Early in the Game.
We concede the election of Land Commissioner R. P. Ervlen and of Attorney General Frank W. Clancy, declared three of the Democratic leaders

in the New Mexican office last evening, in the presence of several gentlemen. That is beginning rather early in the game and indicates that before November 7, the election of the entire Republican ticket will be conceded.

Democratic Central Committee.
The Democratic Central Committee organized last evening by electing A. Jones of Las Vegas chairman for the territory. An executive committee of four was named to consist of Arthur Seligman, of Santa Fe; W. B. Walton of Silver City; Granville A. Richardson of Roswell, and Isaac Barth of Albuquerque. This committee will select a secretary and headquarters and is empowered to fill any vacancies that may occur on the ticket. Each member of the executive committee is to reside at headquarters and give his entire time to the work, a particular department of the work to be assigned to each member.

Fort Sumner Republican Club.
Resolution passed by Fort Sumner Republican Club at its meeting on October 3.

We, the members of the Fort Sumner Republican Club, do hereby reaffirm our allegiance and devotion to the principles of the great Republican party, through whose administration of affairs this nation has attained unbounded prosperity.

We denounce the Democrats, party as an exponent of false promises and tendencies toward the demoralization of stable government, as it has developed at the present day principles, which, if effective, would disrupt the great business institutions of the country and bring about general dissatisfaction and panic.

We desire to thank the loyal, patriotic citizens of New Mexico, in public life who assisted in bringing about statehood, and we especially thank our esteemed president, William H. Taft, without whose aid and determination, statehood would have been impossible, and we desire further to express our gratitude and admiration for our worthy delegate in Congress, Hon. William H. Andrews, whose devotion to the cause of the people of this territory ultimately resulted in success, and that it is the sentiment of this club that he be rewarded by election to one of the highest offices within the gift of the people of New Mexico, in token of his faithful services in Washington.

That we are also unanimous in our choice of Governor William J. Mills for United States senator from New Mexico, as his keen legal acumen, profound learning and far-sighted executive ability has demonstrated his fitness for a position in the higher branch of Congress.

That we especially commend the successful leadership and party loyalty of our chairman of the state Republican central committee, Hon. Holm O. Bursum, and that we exert our best efforts in his support as the Republican candidate for governor in the coming election.

Be it resolved that a copy of these resolutions be furnished to each senator and representative elected to the state legislature, and further that copies of these resolutions be sent to President Taft, Delegate Andrews, Governor Mills and Hon. Holm O. Bursum.

Be it further resolved that the copies of these resolutions which are sent to the members of the state legislature be accompanied with the request that the sentiments herein expressed be given due consideration.

Torrance County Convention.
The Republican primaries of Torrance county will be held October 13 and the county convention October 16.

They Are Not All Disgruntled.
Looks like a third ticket would be put in the field, made up of those who failed to have their names placed on either of the old party tickets.—Raton Range.

No Ticket Yet.
The Democratic judicial convention of the first district was called to meet in Santa Fe but it was stated at Democratic headquarters this morning that no ticket has yet been put in the field but will likely be named Monday.

Progressive Democrats Endorse Republican Nominations.
Oscar Asken, of Roswell, has been nominated by the Progressives as a candidate for judge in this district, and Q. A. Kaune as their candidate for prosecuting attorney.—Artesia Advocate.

Socialists of Lincoln County.
Lincoln county Socialists held their county convention at Carrizozo and nominated the following ticket: Sheriff, Rufus Chase, Ancho; treasurer, Eugene F. Jones, Oscura; probate clerk, C. B. Lane, Alto; assessor, Walter Keller, Nogal; superintendent of schools, Florence M. Goddard, Carrizozo; probate judge, M. B. Foreman, Carrizozo; commissioners, J. E. West, Capitán; J. M. Markley, Carrizozo; and James Beaver, Corona.

Democrats Are Organizing.
The Democratic Central Committee and Executive Committee are fitting up their offices on the west side of the plaza and will probably have arrangements completed next week to start

an energetic campaign. Chairman A. Jones of the central committee, former Governor W. T. Thornton and other well known Democrats were at the headquarters this morning. Mr. Jones said that as soon as the committee gets down to work a reply to Colonel Veneciano Jaramillo's letter of appeal to keep the judiciary of both parties out of politics and off the stump will be made.

Poor Little Orphan.
The spectacle of the little band of self-styled "Progressives" going valiantly up to Santa Fe and holding a "convention" while the Democratic convention is in session in the same city, hearing a speech from High Priest Hagerman, passing a few resolutions and then sitting back to wait for the Democratic lightning to strike them is perhaps the most humorous feature so far of a campaign which has furnished many ludicrous incidents.

Even the industrious press agent of the "Progressives" working overtime to fill the columns of their organ, the Journal-Democrat, with something that will make their little fiasco look like a dignified gathering, can not obscure the irrepressible humor of the situation.—Albuquerque Herald.

Pecos Valley Pleased With Ticket.
The delegates to the Republican convention at Las Vegas returned Sunday night and have been giving the side lights of the big pow wow today. George Friedebloom, who has developed into one of the ranker Republicans in town, was in the bunch. Today, he said:

"It was the largest and most enthusiastic as well as the most harmonious convention in the history of New Mexico. All the former governors of the territory who are now alive, except Mr. Ferguson, the Democrat, as were all the former delegates except Mr. Ferguson, the Democrat. All supreme justices of the territory were there except Judge Pope, who sent a telegram of regret. Delegate Andrews received the heartiest applause of anyone and it took seven minutes to restore order after his appearance. Mr. Bursum was a popular man with the convention, also. It is the strongest ticket the Republicans have ever put out and is made up of the best vote getters in New Mexico.

"Everything was peace and harmony from start to finish. The Pecos valley had 31 delegates and they were given every consideration and courtesy and were consulted on every move. Nathan Jafa requested that his name be not allowed to come before the convention. M. S. Groves, of Carlsbad, was the only man the Pecos valley asked to have on the ticket and the request was granted."—Roswell Daily Record (Democratic).

The Winning Ticket.
The Republican state convention, held at Las Vegas last week, nominated a winning ticket as given above.

The Republican county convention, to be held in this city tomorrow, will name another.

The Register-Tribune is well pleased with the result of the state convention. To be sure we believed and still believe, that Nathan Jafa would have polled a larger vote for governor than any other man in New Mexico, but that was our judgment alone, and the convention was, of course, better able to judge on that point than an isolated Republican editor. Mr. Bursum will be especially strong in the valley of the Rio Grande, where the Republican party must expect to cast its greatest vote. No man in the territory is better acquainted with territorial affairs. The better part of his life has been spent in New Mexico. He will make a splendid governor in every particular. A business man of splendid attainments, level-headed and strong, little fault can be justly found with him as the Republican standard-bearer. He will win on his merits, and it will be for the good of New Mexico. All of the rest of the ticket is of the very highest merit, but we confess that three of them give us especial pleasure.

The first is that of M. S. Groves of Carlsbad as corporation commissioner. Mr. Groves is perfectly fitted for this important job, and will be a tower of strength on behalf of the people from the day he qualifies.

Another is George Curry for Congress. Mr. Curry is an old citizen of Roswell, made one of the best governors New Mexico ever had, has a close acquaintance with the national administration and will be a strong advocate for the new state.

The wisest of all the selections, perhaps, was that of Robert P. Ervlen for land commissioner. Mr. Ervlen has been far and away the most efficient commissioner we have ever had, and is in such perfect touch with conditions that his services will be invaluable in adjusting the landed matters of the new state. With the vast amount of business that will come through this office in the next five years, it is fortunate, indeed, that a man so well equipped will be in charge of the commissioner's office. The interests of the people will be safe with him.

All in all it is a winning ticket, and the Register-Tribune pledges its strongest effort in making the majority for every man on it as large as possible.—Roswell Register-Tribune.

The Truth of the Matter.
The truth of the matter seems to be that we have a Republican ticket made up of strong and able men. Men that should and will receive a full merited and complete support.—Fort Sumner Review.

The Democratic Way.
To say that Melrose was completely surprised and hopelessly disappointed over the result of the recent Democratic primary held in Curry county, the 23rd of last month would be a mild way of putting it. In view of the fact that Melrose is the second largest voting precinct in the county, together with the fact that Melrose was so modest in her demands in asking for only two offices on the ticket, would seem of little consequence to the hungry board of aspirants in Clovis. The often repeated pledges for support by the Clovis political bosses was broken like

pie crust, and the hungry scramble for office knew no limit or no friends in Melrose, when once the polls were open.—Melrose Enterprise.

Democratic Judicial Ticket.
The Democrats of Santa Fe, San Juan and Rio Arriba counties, have not yet gotten together on a judicial ticket for the district. E. S. Whitehead, a Baptist preacher and lawyer of San Juan county had been slated for the judgeship, but several Democrats who class themselves as Progressive Republicans, objected and desired to endorse the Republican nominee. Pressure is being brought upon J. H. Crist to accept the nomination for district attorney.

Favors Andrews' Plan.
"I really would like to see the Republicans of New Mexico submit the Senatorship to a primary," said Mr. Andrews, "for that would be the nearest approach to election by the people, a reform that is being widely demanded. No Republican should object to going before the people of his party and letting them make the choice at the polls. This can be done if the Republican Territorial Central Committee will order it. Then New Mexico will be right in line with the other states that have recognized the rights of the people to select Senators."—Quay County Times.

Hagerman's Port is Misrepresentation.
When Ex-Governor Hagerman in his speech at Albuquerque grossly and rankly abused District Attorney John E. Griffith, "chosen as the one man out of 393 delegates to present the name of H. O. Bursum in nomination for the governorship," he should have remembered that he himself while governor urged Mr. Griffith to accept an appointment as district attorney of this judicial district. The ex-governor showed good judgment when he offered Mr. Griffith the appointment but he shows unpardonable poor taste in misrepresenting and abusing him now.—Socorro Chief.

Merely Another Democratic Lie.
It has been stated by Captain Bujac in his speeches throughout the county that the five counties of Bernalillo, Chaves, Eddy, Grant and San Miguel pay three-fourths of the territorial taxes. This is as much error as many other statements emanating from the Captain, for the last report of the Travelling Auditor shows that those five counties pay only one third of this amount. The figures for those five counties are as follows: Bernalillo, \$45,449.52; Chaves, \$52,161.83; Eddy, \$23,477.48; Grant, \$53,823.64; San Miguel \$46,488.78. The total tax received by the territory is \$684,072.91. This shows that the five counties quoted by the Captain pay only one-third of the tax instead of three-fourths. As noted, Eddy county pays only one-nineteenth the total territorial tax, or about its fair proportion. If Eddy county got its share of the road funds it would get one-nineteenth, so we have but little to complain of at present.—Carlsbad Current. (Democratic).

Rodey Has Senatorial Ambitions.
"Tell all my friends good-bye and farewell through the paper," said Bernard Shannon Rodey, former delegate in Congress for New Mexico, before leaving on the California Limited at noon today for Nome, Alaska, where he will resume his duties as special federal attorney for the government. Mr. Rodey resided for many years in Albuquerque, having a large law practice here. After retiring from congress he was sent to Porto Rico as a federal judge, and a year and a half ago was appointed by President Taft to his present position in Alaska. Mr. Rodey came from Alaska to spend a few days in New Mexico after it had been admitted to the Union, for which he worked so diligently, and to attend the first State Republican Convention.

"I hate to leave New Mexico," said Mr. Rodey today, "New Mexico is my home and will always be my home. I love New Mexico better than any other land. If the legislature considers me for the United States Senate I will come across the ice fields of Alaska to answer the call. I hope the Republican ticket will win in New Mexico. Tell all my friends good-bye. God bless them all, I have no enemies in New Mexico.—Albuquerque Evening Herald.

Andrews Was Cheered.
As a delegate to the convention, the editor of the Times will say that it was one of the most interesting events that a person could witness in a life time. Here we had the pleasure of meeting and seeing men who have been prominent and influential in this territory for the last several decades, and have had more or less national reputation. Probably the most prominent of these is Hon. Solomon Luna of Valencia county, who is the most influential man in the Republican party at the present time and probably will be for some time to come. He is a small man, not much past the prime of life, not much of an orator, but for keen perception and force of character there are few men his equal. Then, there is Hon. Tom Catron of Santa Fe, who is an old warhorse of the Republican ranks, who years ago was a delegate in Congress, and is yet an active and influential worker. These men and many other of our prominent citizens have a history that if written would read like romance, being a struggle from poverty through the strutting times of frontier life up to positions of wealth and influence. Delegate W. H. Andrews was there and his appearance in the hall and the mention of his name always received applause. All the former governors of New Mexico who are now alive were there except Mr. Hagerman. All the chief justices of the supreme court were there except Judge Pope, who was holding court at Clovis and sent a telegram of regret.—Portales Times.

An Apology Due.
We are just a little suspicious that the Albuquerque Journal is trying to be severe with the three hundred and more delegates in the Las Vegas con-

vention when it calls them "a motley crowd of bosses, under-bosses, and sub-bosses; spokesmen for corporations and land grabbers; county politicians on sale for the highest bidder; and office seekers from every part of New Mexico." Now, we don't know just what sort of men the two factions in Bernalillo county sent up to Las Vegas, but if we are to be guided in our own judgment by the sweet epithets the members of those factions are in the habit of applying to each other then every mother's son of them deserves to be visited with the Journal's severest displeasure. But we are loth to believe that the members of either delegation are as black as they are painted.

At any rate the delegates elected to represent Socorro county at the Republican convention really don't deserve the almost unkind things the Journal has said about them in its sweeping assertion. Let us see. Of the seventeen delegates from this county, five were office holders, to be sure, but they are gentlemen concerning whose official conduct no breath of suspicion, to our knowledge, ever has been uttered. Of the rest of the delegates, six were prosperous stockmen of excellent standing in their respective communities, three were miners, and three were successful business men. If this is a fair sample of the delegations from the various counties of New Mexico then the Journal owes an immediate apology to a very large majority of the members of the Las Vegas convention and to an equally large majority of the "decent" voters of New Mexico who elected them.

The language quoted from the columns of the Journal is picturesque, pyrotechnic, in fact—but it is too extravagant to produce any conviction except the conviction that it is insincere. There is a limit to which a newspaper may rightfully go in display of its rhetorical fireworks, and the Journal certainly "far overstepped the limit," when it applied the language quoted without discrimination to a body of men the large majority of whom were fully as honest, fully as intelligent, fully as decent, and fully as patriotic as any equal number of men in any other political party in New Mexico or anywhere else. The very extravagance and recklessness of the language quoted betrays a consciousness that the cause in which it is used is a forlorn and a hopeless cause.—Socorro Chief.

MAKING ONLY TWENTY MILES EACH DAY.

Roads in Iowa and Nebraska Appear to Be Worse Than Those in New Mexico.

Making the phenomenal speed of some twenty miles a day, Harry Drumm, advance agent of the Transcontinental Touring Club of America, escorted by a delegation of the River to River Good Roads Association, is having some strenuous going across the state of Iowa in the course of his Sunset Trail trip for highway improvement with the object of having the route through New Mexico maintained and established by Congress. Colonel Sellers, president of the New Mexico Automobile Association, received a message from Drumm yesterday to the effect that he was met at Davenport by the escort and the party had started out in mud axle deep in a drenching pouring rain for Omaha. When Drumm sent his message they were making fifteen to twenty miles a day and having all kinds of grief. The delay in the middle west means that Drumm will not reach Albuquerque probably until a week from next Friday, when he had planned to arrive in time for the state fair.

PUMPING IN RIO GRANDE VALLEY A SUCCESS.

O. B. Clark is Setting Out More Trees on His Ranch Near Albuquerque.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 5.—O. B. Clark, the well known ranchman who was the first to install a medium pumping system for irrigating an orchard in this valley, and who has watered several acres of fruit trees successfully during the past season on his property south of the city, has been in Roswell for several days past buying trees from the Roswell Nursery Company to increase his orchard acreage here. This is taken to mean that Mr. Clark has found his gasoline pumping system of irrigation a complete success and is going to spread out considerably more next year. Clark has been making a careful study of the pumping methods in the Pecos valley and is proceeding along the most scientific and practical lines in his project in the Rio Grande valley.

OTERO COUNTY REPUBLICANS NOMINATE STRONG TICKET

The Republicans of Otero county, in Convention at Alamogordo, on Saturday, nominated the following ticket:

Representative, Charles P. Downs. Sheriff, W. D. Tipton. Treasurer, James A. Beard. Clerk, Charles A. Thomas. Assessor, Frank Maxwell. Superintendent of Schools, John H. Murray.

Probate Judge, Clovis Aguilier. Surveyor, L. M. Jones. County Commissioners, J. T. Held, and J. E. Gregg, and H. M. Sutherland. Judge E. L. Medler, candidate for the district judgeship, was present and addressed the convention. He was endorsed for the judgeship. H. R. Hamilton was endorsed for the district attorneyship. Charles P. Downs was chosen county chairman and H. H. Kellogg, secretary.

Take Your Common Colds Seriously.
Common colds, severe and frequent, lay the foundation of chronic diseased conditions of the nose and throat, and may develop into bronchitis, pneumonia and consumption. For all coughs and colds in children and in grown persons, take Foley's Honey and Tar Compound promptly. For sale by all druggists.

A pleasant and easy way to
Make Some MONEY!
Thousands of people are doing this work profitably.
For full particulars of very liberal cash commissions, extra cash prizes, free samples, etc., address Desk 90
SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE
155 Fifth Ave. New York City
A special offer open to those who write at once.

ALARMED BY DIVERSION TO CANADIAN PORTS.

ASTONISHING FIGURES OF WAREHOUSING CAPACITY FOR THE 1911 CROP.

The report of Consul General John E. Jones at Winnipeg which has alarmed the Chicago Board of Trade shows the astounding rate at which grain crops of the northwest are being diverted to Canadian elevators, houses of enormous capacity designed to meet the big demand caused by the increasing crops of Canada's western provinces. His report was brought out by an announcement that the Canadian Northern railway will shortly increase the storage plant of its elevators at Port Arthur.

"The Canadian Northern elevators at Port Arthur are already the largest in the world and have a total storage capacity of 7,000,000 bushels," said Consul General Jones in his special report to Washington. "They consist of an original structure and two annexes. The receiving capacity is 40 cars, shipping capacity 120 cars, and cleaning capacity 15 cars per hour. Each house has 80 circular tanks and 68 intermediate spaces, and the grain storage construction is of fireproof tile.

"The Canadian Northern railway handled, in 1910, 32 per cent of Western Canada's crop. This shows a 12 per cent increase in five years as compared with 1905, when the company only handled 20 per cent. This year the Canadian Northern expects to handle 40 per cent of the yield.

"In Manitoba, there is an elevator capacity of 22,000,000 bushels, an increase of 772,000 bushels over the year 1908. The number of elevators erected in Saskatchewan in 1909, was 219, while the storage capacity was increased from 17,924,500 to 24,279,000 bushels. In Alberta, the elevator capacity has almost doubled, it being at present 8,050,400 bushels, as against 4,092,400 bushels in 1908. In the western provinces, west of Winnipeg, there are approximately 1,763 elevators in active operation, with a storage capacity of 54,234,900 bushels, an increase of 11,197,500 bushels.

"It is probable that a yearly increase of storage capacity will be part of the elevator program for a considerable time henceforward."

INJUNCTION CONTINUED IN FRASER-PROBERT CASE.

In the case of William Fraser vs. A. Clarence Probert, et al., which came on for hearing today before Judge M. C. Mechem, the defendants consented to the continuing of the injunction and the receiver, and the cause was set down for trial on the merits for November 14, next, probably before Judge Edward R. Wright.

You are not experimenting on yourself when you take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a cold as that preparation has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of colds, and can always be depended upon. It is equally valuable for adults and children and may be given to young children with implicit confidence as it contains no harmful drug. Sold by all dealers.

MOTORMAN WITH REVOLVER IS PROMPTLY ARRESTED.

Charged with carrying a pistol, D. E. McNall, a street car motorman at El Paso was arrested by patrolmen. McNall was motorman of a Fort Bliss car which was held up by a lone robber on the outskirts of the city a week ago.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS.

Supply just the ingredients needed to build up, strengthen and restore the natural action of the kidneys and bladder. Specially prepared for backache, headache, nervousness, rheumatism and all kidney, bladder and urinary irregularities. For sale by all druggists.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT
IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Hedgehorn" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once.
NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone anywhere in the U. S. subject to a cash deposit in advance, freight prepaid, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL, during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle, ship it back to us at our expense and you will be sent our money.
FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles at actual factory cost. You save \$10 to \$15 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your purchase. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone but us until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard-of factory prices and our terms of sale to rider agents.
We have a beautiful catalogue of our bicycles and tires, and a list of our agents in every town and district. Write for it at once. We will send you a copy of our catalogue and a list of our agents in every town and district. Write for it at once. We will send you a copy of our catalogue and a list of our agents in every town and district. Write for it at once.
COASTER-BRAKES \$10.00 Hedgehorn Puncture-Proof \$4.80
Self-healing Tires A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY
The regular retail price of these tires is \$10.00 per pair, but to introduce our new self-healing tires we are giving away a sample pair of these tires free of charge. Write for it at once. We will send you a copy of our catalogue and a list of our agents in every town and district. Write for it at once.
NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES NAILS, Tacks, or Glass will not hurt the tire. A hundred thousand pairs sold last year. Made in all sizes.
DESCRIPTION: It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$10.00 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only \$4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day after receipt. We ship C. O. D. on approval. Have examined and found them strictly as represented.
We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thirty days) making the price \$4.65 per pair if you send PULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in making us so order as the time may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory in examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as a rock. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and break less than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be well pleased. When you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a total order at once, hence this remarkable time offer.
IF YOU NEED TIRES Don't buy any kind of tire until you send for a copy of Hedgehorn's new catalogue. It contains full details of our tires and shows you how to get the best value for your money. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.
J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Wayside Jottings.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1911.

Indicted for Forgery.
Julius Chavez was indicted at Albuquerque for passing a forged check for \$12.50 in an Albuquerque saloon.

Abandoned His Family.
Juan E. Gabaldon was indicted at Albuquerque for abandoning his wife and four children and was held in \$500 bond.

Is a Gun Toter.
Celso Smeltzer, under indictment at Albuquerque, for discharging a weapon in Martinestown, gave \$500 bail and was released.

A Terrible Crime.
Paul Ross was indicted at Albuquerque for criminal assault on fourteen year old Josefa Gutierrez. He is a married man.

Lieutenant-Governor Indicted.
Antonio Chiquique, lieutenant-governor of the Pueblo of Isleta, was indicted at Albuquerque for a criminal assault upon a woman a month ago.

Ellego Baca Takes Judgment.
Ellego Baca took judgment against the city of Albuquerque by default for \$5,000 damages for being hurt in a collision with a fire wagon.

Fiendish Assault.
Eighty year old Mrs. Socorro Chavez of Pajarito, Bernalillo county, was criminally assaulted, Juan Munoz was indicted and held in \$3,000 bail for the crime. He is 20 years old.

Leased for \$10,000.
The lot on which the Commercial Hotel stood at Deming before it was burned down recently, has been leased for 99 years by A. H. Thompson to Leyden Haynes of Jacksonville, Florida, for \$10,000. Haynes will put up a \$10,000 building on the premises.

Plaintiff Defaulted.
Default judgment was given at Albuquerque in the case of J. S. Newman for \$2,500 damages, against Jesus M. Sandoval, based on a sheep contract. The defendant brought counter suit for \$2,000. The plaintiff defaulted.

New Mexico's Biggest Boy.
Lester Blair of Mountainair, claims to be the biggest boy for his age in the new state. He is 9 years old and weighs 176 pounds, his height being exactly five feet. Lester came here several months ago from Weatherford, Texas, with his father to Mountainair, where Mr. Blair is now section foreman for the Santa Fe railroad.

Both of Lester's parents are large, but he was only a good, fair sized baby when born, weighing 11 pounds. He started to grow right off, however, and weighed 25 pounds when two months of age. He has continued his rapid growth ever since. At present his chest measurement is 42 inches.

Dead Man Identified.
Arthur Barila, resident consul for the Austrian government at Raton, has just received information from the old country confirming the identification of the miner who was killed three months ago by the engine of train No. 7 on the bridge near the pumping station at Otero, Colfax county. The man's name is Martinez who has a wife and family living in Austria. A Greek coin for computing the days of the month and year, was found on his person, and this was the chief clue leading to his identification. The man had been a miner at one of the camps up Blossburg canon and was known to be mentally deranged.

Sentenced by Judge Abbott.
William Stevens, aged 30 years, a morphia fiend, who escaped from Bernalillo county jail and helped eight others to escape, was sentenced to six months in jail yesterday by Judge Ira A. Abbott, but sentence was suspended. Ezequiel Archuleta was given six months for abandoning his family, but in this case, too, sentence was suspended. Florencio Montano and William Henry Harrison were given six months for larceny of a bicycle. Sentence was suspended. Fred Ritter was given one year in the county jail for burglary. Sentence suspended. Abel Molina pleaded guilty to stealing a check. Emiliano Callegas pleaded guilty to larceny of a horse and buggy.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1911.
Jo E. Sheridan Poisoned.
Jo E. Sheridan was severely poisoned by the bite of an insect of some unknown species last week. The results of the sting were so alarming that medical treatment had to be secured in haste. The poison was apparently almost as dangerous as a heart depressant as that of the rattlesnake. Silver City Independent.

Has a Long Wait Before Him.
J. N. Upton, of Deming, one of the seven delegates, whose name does not appear under the constitution of New Mexico, declares that he will sign the document when the blue ballot, providing for easier amendment carries. Until then, he declares, that his picture should not appear in any newspapers. Uncle Upton has a long and weary wait before him.

M. B. Scott Dead of Pneumonia.
M. B. Scott of Aztec, San Juan county, died at Durango of pneumonia on his way home from the Republican convention at Las Vegas, where he was a delegate from San Juan county. He had been at Aztec about ten years; was one of the leading Republicans, and ran for county clerk in 1904. He was originally from Ohio and for many years held a high position with the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company. He leaves no relatives. Scott was taken ill on the special Pullman car of the Santa Fe delegation on his way home from Las Vegas.

Flood Turns Back Auto Party.
Six or eight feet of water in the Rio Puerco with a rising tide turned back George K. Kinkaburk of Salina, Kans., and his family of five after they left Albuquerque on Tuesday on the way in an auto overland to Los Angeles. They returned south by the route over the high mesa to Carthage and thence west via Magdalena.

Jaffa Gives Prize for Bread.
Mrs. B. S. Rodey, in charge of the ordinance, Abel Lopez was arrested at El Paso by sanitary inspector S. Pepper. He was fined \$25. The complaint against Lopez was made by City Chemist Lamb.

A Slight Landslide.
A small landslide occurred in Cimarron canon between Cimarron and Ute Park, Colfax county, which caused some slight damage to railroad and telephone property. The slide was caused by the heavy rains of the past few days, which had loosened heavy boulders on the canon sides.

Hitchcock Passed It Up.
The case of a man who went into bankruptcy after making deposits in the postal savings bank in the name of his wife, daughter and self, is now before the courts of New Mexico. Postmaster General Hitchcock declined to pass on the question of the liability of such deposits to attachment or other legal process.

Driven Crazy by Fire.
Ernest Harrison, aged 17, lost his mind during a fire which destroyed the Harrison home near Carlsbad, Eddy county, and has been committed to the Asylum for the Insane at Las Vegas. At Albuquerque, the boy became so violent that assistance had to be summoned to quiet him.

Injured by an Eagle.
Charles Stewart, the aged Civil War veteran of Albuquerque, was slashed and bitten by an eagle he sought to remove from his cage. It severed one of the veteran's arteries in the wrist and lacerated his right leg. Stewart is now in the hospital in a precarious condition.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1911.
Judge Lindsey Makes a Swap.
W. E. Lindsey has sold forty acres of his home place at Portales, Roosevelt county, to Thos. P. Turner of Amarillo and took an automobile on the deal.

Fell From Apple Tree.
Matt Gilmore sustained a very painful injury by falling from the top of an apple tree at Rindoso, Lincoln county, while picking apples, and is now confined to his bed with a severely sprained back.

Judge Wright Holds Court at Raton.
Judge E. R. Wright of Socorro, opened the second week of Colfax court at Raton in the absence of Judge Clarence J. Roberts who is in Carlsbad this week conducting a short term of court for Judge Pope.

Twelve-Year-Old Boy Drunk.
On Wednesday a most humiliating scene to our good people was witnessed on Front street. It consisted of a young lad of not to exceed twelve years in a high state of ebriation—Questa Gazette.

Methodist Church in Espanola Valley.
Rev. C. F. Lucas, who has been pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Tucuman and well known in Santa Fe, has been appointed to organize the work in Espanola Valley and expects to leave Tucuman about next Wednesday.

Two Weddings.
Miss Lena Ordis of Estancia, formerly of Santa Fe, was married at the Catholic church at Albuquerque to Roy Woods of Gallup. Miss Elizabeth Garvin and Neal Jensen, both of Estancia, were married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Mineran at Albuquerque.

Contains Alcohol.
The United States Department of Agriculture has issued a bulletin showing an indictment against Benigno Romero of Las Vegas, New Mexico, trading as the "Romero Drug Company." A fine of \$50 was fixed on May 9 in the Fourth judicial district court of New Mexico, for shipping by said company of a product called "La Sanadora," which the bureau of chemistry showed to contain a hydro-alcoholic solution of opium and chloroform. Misbranding was alleged because the "Sanadora" labels contained no statement of the presence of a quantity of alcohol, opium or chloroform, and further that the mixtures contained no properties adequate to cure rheumatism or other complaints as claimed on the label.

Baby Girl Drowned in Cistern.
The six-year-old daughter of James Carden of Duran, Quay county, fell into their cistern and was drowned.

HOLT AND LLEWELLYN ARE NOMINATED.
The Dona Ana County Republican convention at Las Cruces yesterday nominated Herbert B. Holt of Las Cruces for the state senate and W. H. Llewellyn for the house.

WHEN HER BACK ACHES.
A Woman Finds All Her Energy and Ambition Slipping Away.
Santa Fe women know how the aches and pains that come when the kidneys fail make life a burden. Backache, hip pains, headaches, dizzy spells, distressing urinary troubles, all tell of sick kidneys and warn you of the stealthy approach of dropsy or Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys only. They attack kidney diseases by striking at the cause. Here's proof of it in a Santa Fe woman's words:

"Mrs. Desideria J. de Quintana, College St., Santa Fe, N. Mex., says: 'Several years ago I used Doan's Kidney Pills and I was cured of a bad attack of kidney complaint. At that time a statement appeared in the local papers, telling of my experience and I now take pleasure in confirming all that was then said in their praise. I had pains in my back that made it difficult for me to stoop and there were other troubles which plainly showed that my kidneys were at fault. Soon after I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, improvement was noticeable and the contents of two boxes, not only restored my kidneys to their normal condition but also removed the pain from my back. I am glad to say that during the time that has since passed, my cure has been permanent.'

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

GREAT DAMAGE BY FLOODS

San Juan and Las Animas Valleys Devastated by Storm

HEAVY LOSS IN NEW MEXICO

Five Buildings at Shiprock Agency Swept Away—Two Men Drowned.

Last evening just before midnight, the first Denver & Rio Grande train since last Thursday afternoon, arrived in Santa Fe from Antonio, Colorado. Washouts all along the line, had tied up the road. The principal damage was the carrying away of the bridge over the Chama at Chamita, forty miles north of Santa Fe. The work of constructing a temporary bridge was completed yesterday afternoon, and W. D. Shea, the district passenger and freight agent of the Denver and Rio Grande left this morning for the San Luis valley this forenoon to view the damage all along the line, for heavy was the loss between Antonio and Santa Fe. It was much greater west of Antonio, and especially in San Juan county, New Mexico, as the following dispatch from Durango indicates:

The receding of the deluge that inundated towns, valleys and almost entire counties in southwestern Colorado and northwestern New Mexico, from Thursday until last night, reveals devastation in every direction from Durango.

The loss of life is not yet known, as two sections hit hardest by the floods are still out of communication. These sections are the ones which contained the village of Arboles and the district south of the San Juan river in the vicinity of Farmington, San Juan county, N. M.

The news that Arboles was entirely swept away has been confirmed. The south bank of the San Juan and the country in that section is inhabited by many native families; and it is feared that these have been drowned.

Meager reports from every section of the inundated country, with the exception of these two districts total the actual known deaths at two. J. Rice, an attaché of the Methodist mission school, four miles west of Farmington, on the San Juan river, was swept away with one of the buildings, when he refused to flee for his life with the students and professors, and was drowned. His body was found eight miles farther down the river in the Jewett valley.

John Weston, a rancher living between here and Farmington, was swept down with the flood. It is certain that he has been drowned but his body has not been found.

Arboles People Were Warned.
Whether or not the inhabitants of Arboles and the families on the south bank of the San Juan have been drowned will not be known until communication is re-established with these places. The feeling here, however, is not one of apprehension over the fate of the people of Arboles. Every rancher in the Animas valley and the population of Durango were warned of the impending floods several hours before the raging waves of water rushed upon them. It is thought here that the same condition must have prevailed on the San Juan.

The loss of property throughout the flooded area cannot yet be even estimated, but the guesses of prominent Durango men who know southwestern Colorado place the probable damage at from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000.

Famous Orchards Ruined.
Wherever the deluge touched is destruction. The far-famed orchards of the upper Animas valley are a waste of sand, boulders and debris gnawed from the mountain gulches by the torrents and deposited in the fertile valley; the irrigated grain lands of the valley have been swept over and a barren sandy alluvium remains. Livestock by the hundreds are dead and the carcasses can be seen on every bar and wherever they could lodge for miles down the river.

A number of houses and some business blocks in the bottoms of Durango were swept away, splintered and crushed before the mighty power of the first rushes of the water. In other towns, Dolores, Mancos, Silverton and Ignacio, where the water was high, some buildings were swept away and the destruction to furniture and merchandise was large.

Loss to Railroad Millions.
The destruction to railroad property will equal if not exceed that of the towns and agricultural lands devastated. The first reports of bridge and track destruction have been proven to be accurate. All but a small portion of the Denver & Rio Grande track between Durango and Silverton will have to be reconstructed anew. The damage to this stretch alone, or the amount that will have to be expended to construct a new road is a million dollars.

The prospect of death from starvation to livestock is alarming. Everywhere hay racks, grain in stack and other provender were destroyed. It will be impossible to transport forage over the mountains.

At 1 o'clock Friday morning warning reached the Methodist mission school outside of Farmington. The students, professors and attaches, with the exception of J. Rice and Superintendent Simmons, fled to the hills. Simmons and Rice were carried away with one of the three buildings of the mission which were destroyed. Rice was drowned. Simmons was rescued from an island miles down the San Juan Saturday afternoon, more dead than alive.

Shiprock Agency Devastated.
The government Navajo agency at Shiprock, where a score of Indians

MODERN LAUNDRY FOR SANTA FE

Is Capitalized at \$5,000 and Will Be Run Entirely by Electricity

LAS VEGAS MAN'S INVENTION

Makes An Egg Tester, Patents It and Now Forms a \$40,000 Company.

Governor William J. Mills opened the state fair at Albuquerque yesterday in the presence of thousands, and with weather conditions which were ideal.

The governor left last night for Santa Rosa, and is expected back here tomorrow or the next day.

Postal Matters.
Mary F. Harris of Gladstone, Union county, has been commissioned fourth class postmaster.

Pharmacy Board.
The New Mexico Board of Pharmacy opened its sessions yesterday morning in the Commercial Club at Albuquerque and will be at work for three days, the following members being present: E. G. Murphy of Las Vegas, president; P. Moreno of Las Cruces, vice president; A. J. Fischer of Santa Fe, secretary, and B. Ruppe, of Albuquerque, inspector. So far there are five candidates who have appeared for examination before the board.

New Incorporations.
Articles of incorporation were filed today in the office of the territorial secretary by the Davis Rapid Egg-Tester Company, which is incorporated at \$40,000, consisting of 4,000 shares at \$10 each.

The place of business is Las Vegas and the agent is Robert L. M. Ross. The object of the company is to manufacture and sell an egg testing device patented by Isaac Davis of Las Vegas. The stockholders are Isaac Davis, 2,500 shares; William E. Gortner, 25 shares; William H. Springer, 25 shares; William P. Southard, 25 shares; Robert L. M. Ross, 25 shares.

Electric Laundry.
Articles of incorporation were also filed by the Santa Fe Electric Laundry Company, which will do business in Santa Fe and which names H. S. Clancy as its agent. The company is capitalized at \$5,000, consisting of 50 shares at \$100 each. The incorporators are: William G. Sargent, 10 shares; Fred Fornoff 10 shares; J. W. Fairfield 5 shares; Frank Owen 5 shares; Thomas Doran 5 shares; Arthur Griffin 5 shares; A. C. Pollock 5 shares; Charles W. Fairfield 1 share. It is said the laundry will be of the most modern type and will be run entirely by electricity.

At present Santa Fe, although it is the capital of a vast territory, has no large laundry, though there are many private laundries where the work is done by hand.

The erection of an electric laundry it is assumed, will mean doing a large amount of work which is now done in Albuquerque.

Medical Board Meeting.
The board of Health and Medical Examiners adjourned their meeting. There were eighteen applicants for admission to practice medicine in New Mexico.

Foley's Kidney Remedy vs. a Hopeless Case.
Hon. Ark. J. E. Freeman says: "I had a severe case of kidney trouble and could not work and my case seemed hopeless. One large bottle of Foley's Kidney Remedy cured me and I have never been bothered since. I always recommended it." For sale by all druggists.

make their homes, was almost completely destroyed. Five buildings were swept away. The reports from Shiprock are extremely meager and later reports may show that some of the Indians have been drowned. A steel government bridge was carried out. W. T. Shelton, formerly of Santa Fe, is in charge of the agency.

The orchards in San Juan county, N. M., on the peninsula between the San Juan and Animas rivers, have been nearly wiped out, causing a loss of thousands of dollars.

J. A. Bondurant narrowly escaped drowning in the Animas river Thursday night. His barn was built on the bank of the river. He was inside when the bank gave away. He ran to the door and jumped, but the portion of earth he landed on also gave away under the impact and he fell into the waters that were carrying away the barn. In some manner he managed to grab hold of a bush and crawl back up the bank, a distance of twenty-five feet.

Chickens Take Ride on Flood.
At the height of the flood a chicken coop was seen floating down the broad expanse of water, a bedraggled rooster and hen perched disconsolately on top.

The railroad from Durango to La Boca is in good enough condition to run trains over and the Rio Grande will start a combination freight and passenger train for that point Tuesday. On the other side of La Boca, however, the rails are gone and bridges are washed out. Connection cannot be made in this direction with the east for perhaps a week.

Settlement Is Wiped Out.
A settlement near Blanco, N. M., consisting of a few adobe huts, was obliterated. From here again may come news that there has been loss of life.

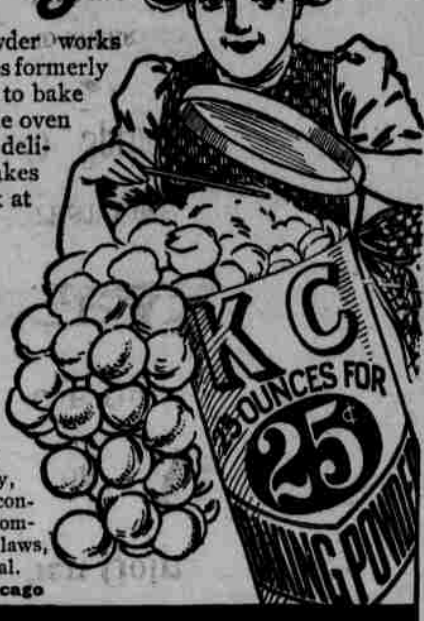
Arboles was a prosperous village of between fifty and seventy-five inhabitants. It was the center of trade for a considerable section, rich in irrigated land and agricultural products.

A party on horseback reached Durango from Farmington, having come across country, in many places making long detours to get over still swollen streams on account of bridges having been swept away.

Like Magic

K C Baking Powder works like magic. Recipes formerly considered difficult to bake now come out of the oven light, dainty and delicious. It fairly makes you hungry to look at them.

KC BAKING POWDER
Is the housewife's best friend, lightening her burdens as well as the food. Wherever K C is used you will find healthy, happy families and a contented housewife. Complicates with all pure food laws, both State and National. **Jaques Mfg. Co., Chicago**



STATEHOOD CELEBRATION.

(Continued from Page Five.)

Members of the Chew tong were sent to San Francisco for costumes and the divine dragon which is the center of all Chinese parades.

Enter Mar Wing Lee, ex-officio mayor of Chinatown. As the head of the Kee Tong he demanded recognition. He was told to go to it and his tongue likewise dispatched a delegation to San Francisco for costumes and dragons. There are to be two dragons, two Chinese floats and two slant-eyed delegations in the big night pageant in honor of the new states. There will be, if the diplomats on the celebration committee can prevent open war before the night of the parade.

The parade in which the Chinese are to appear will be more than five miles in length. All of the United States cavalry and infantry stationed on the border will participate, the insurrecto garrison in Juarez will appear for the first time, the champion steer ropers from Arizona and New Mexico and Mexico will ride their roping ponies, the bull fighters from Juarez will appear in carriages and historical and symbolic divisions will give the history of the two new states from their inception to the present time. Cash prizes have been offered for the best floats and decorated automobiles in this big parade and entries are being received from all parts of the southwest.

Baseball Championship.
The informal championship of New Mexico, Arizona and Texas in baseball and football will be decided at El Paso during the statehood celebration. Tournaments have been arranged between the baseball teams from Albuquerque, Phoenix, El Paso and other cities of the three states to determine the supremacy in the national game. A purse of \$1,500 has been offered to the winner of this tournament and the teams are being recruited with professional players from the big leagues for the jubilee series.

The football teams from the University of New Mexico, the New Mexico Agricultural college and the Roswell military institute have been entered for the football contest. Matched against these teams will be the strong University of Arizona team, the El Paso Military Institute and El Paso high school teams. Caps and trophies are being offered for the winners in these tournaments.

In addition to the baseball and football contests, there will be a tri-state roping contest in Ciudad Juarez. Also daily bull fights.

SURVEY OF MISSIONS AT ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 11.—"The Annual Survey of the Missions," was presented at today's session of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, which is holding its annual meeting here, by Rev. James L. Barton, D. D., of Boston, the foreign secretary of the board.

GOMPERS ET AL CONTEMPT CASES COME UP.

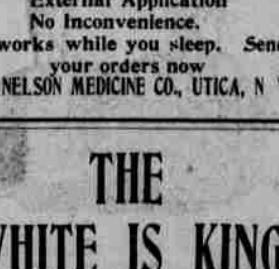
Committee of Prosecutors Have Filed Answers and Chancery Examiner Is to Be Named. Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—The contempt proceedings against President Gompers, Vice President Mitchell and Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor for alleged violation of an order of the District of Columbia supreme court, were begun today.

Chancery Examiner.
The committee of prosecutors appointed to examine into the case joined issues with the labor leaders and answers were filed several weeks ago. Justice Wright, of that court, is expected to appoint a chancery examiner on Friday to take testimony of both sides.

RUPTURE CURE.

Reliable, Safe, Sure. \$1 per bottle, prepaid. External Application. No inconvenience. It works while you sleep. Send your orders now. **DR. NELSON MEDICINE CO., UTICA, N. Y.**

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The rotary makes both LOCK and CHAIN stitch. The latest up to the minute steel attachments with each machine. Sold on easy payments. Send name and address for our beautiful H. T. catalogue free.

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