

12-9-1909

## The New Mexican Review, 12-09-1909

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# THE NEW MEXICAN REVIEW.

FORTY-SIXTH YEAR

SANTA FE, N. M., THURSDAY DECEMBER 9, 1909

NO 39

## FIVE SMALL PROJECTS

**Engineer V. L. Sullivan Grants Permits for Diverting Waters**

## GOYOTE PEOPLE REMONSTRATE

**Mounted Policemen Arrests Man for Flourishing Deadly Weapon.**

Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan today granted the applications for the diversion of waters of five applicants who intend to build irrigation works. No. 289, Nicolas Rodriguez and Benigno A. Rodriguez of Arboles, Colo., for 1.6 second feet out of the San Juan to irrigate 160 acres.

No. 321, Jackley and Kimple of Alamogordo, for 6 second feet out of Dog Canyon, Otero county, of flood waters, 300 second feet, to reclaim 640 acres at a cost of \$5,000.

No. 224, J. L. Torres of Alamogordo, six second feet out of Preston and Barrow canons, 78 second feet during flood season, to reclaim 640 acres at a cost of \$1,500.

No. 325, Olaf Strand of Lake Arthur, Eddy county, to divert one second foot, and 2.33 second feet of flood waters, to reclaim 100 acres out of Cottonwood Arroyo.

Crescencio Salazar, one half second foot out of Ofito de la Alameda, to reclaim 50 acres in Rio Arriba county. The people of Coyote community remonstrated, but as the land at the point of diversion is six miles below the settlement, the application was granted.

## Township Plans Filed.

Register of the Land Office Manuel R. Otero announces officially that the following plans of townships in Torrance and Santa Fe counties have been filed in his office and will be open for entry on or after January 18: Township 5 North, R. 10 East, Townships 5 and 6 North, Range 11 East, in Torrance county just east and southeast of Estancia; and Township 10 North, Range 7 East, in southern Santa Fe county just west of Stanley.

## Notaries Public Appointed.

Governor Curry today appointed John McElroy of Grant county, and Charles S. Worley of Colfax county, notaries public.

## Arrested for Flourishing a Weapon.

Mounted Policemen beat at Deming arrested Diego Caballero for flourishing a deadly weapon.

## Life Certificate.

Governor Curry today signed a life teacher's certificate for Arthur Ralph Kent.

## SPEAKER CANNON IN A BUNCH OF TROUBLE.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Speaker Cannon in his desire to have some member of his family represented among the visitors in the House galleries at the opening of the session of Congress nearly got himself into trouble yesterday. As his daughter, Miss Helen Cannon, was not in town, "Uncle Joe" thought of calling up his granddaughter, Miss Virginia Lousure, who is a pupil at the Cathedral school for girls. "Want to come down and see the House convene?" asked Uncle Joe. "You bet," responded Miss Virginia, who is in the vicinity of sweet but slangy sixteen. "And I'll bring the bunch." She did. Not only that, but she gave the Speaker the full strength of her class to take care of. He did it, but it was somewhat of a strain.

## WEALTHY SEA CAPTAIN DIES AT EL PASO.

El Paso, Texas, Dec. 8.—Captain Joe Burich of New York, a wealthy retired sea captain, died suddenly at the St. Regis hotel here at 6:30 last night. Mrs. Cassidy, the houseman, occupying an adjoining room, heard his labored breathing and summoned a physician who pronounced the trouble paralysis. He never regained consciousness. He was married and lived on Long Island. He was a member of the Sheephead Jockey Club and several other sporting clubs and leaves a large estate. He was a Mason of high degree. One brother is a member of Congress from Illinois and another a prominent business man in New York.

## GIRL STUDENT WAS PAINTED CRIMSON COLOR.

Charleston, W. Va., Dec. 8.—Miss Mattie Taylor, student in the state normal school at Fairmont, W. Va., was indiscreet enough to "root" for the wrong football team recently. The result was that she was taken in hand by the other girl students, given an ice bath and also given a beautiful coat of red paint. The state board of regents are investigating the hazing and state that vigorous action will be taken.

## WESTERN UNION DECLARES DIVIDEND.

New York, Dec. 8.—A large part of the Gould interests in the Western Union Telegraph Company were retired today at a meeting of the board of directors and they and others affiliated with the Goulds were succeeded by men representing the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and the Harriman and Moore interests. The usual quarterly dividend of three quarters per cent was declared.

## HUSBAND'S DRINKING DRIVES WIFE TO SUICIDE.

**Roswell Woman Drains Bottle of Carbolic Acid and Died Two Hours Afterwards.**

Roswell, N. M., Dec. 8.—Dependent because of continual drinking of her husband, Mrs. J. D. Doering of this city, drank a large quantity of carbolic acid last night. She died two hours later.

The husband or the dead woman has little means and the problem of supporting the family, it is said, reached a crisis when the husband reached home at four o'clock yesterday afternoon. After a heated quarrel with Deary the wife decided to end it as far as she was concerned and without warning swallowed the fiery draught before anyone could take steps to prevent her.

## WITH TERRIFIC FORCE ENGINE BOILER LETS GO.

**Fireman on the Denver and Rio Grande is Badly Scalded By Blowing Steam.**

Yesterday the residents in and around Buckman were startled by a detonation which shook everything around Buckman were startled by a fact that the boiler of a Denver and Rio Grande freight engine had exploded. The engine was standing at the watering place taking water when the accident occurred. H. H. Kinkadee, the fireman, was standing about fifteen feet away busily engaged with some work. The force of the explosion threw him considerable distance while the escaping steam which enveloped his body scalded him badly. The unfortunate man was taken as quickly as possible to a sanitarium where his burns received proper treatment. Though seriously injured he is expected to live.

## TAFT ELECTED PRESIDENT OF RED CROSS.

Washington, Dec. 8.—President Taft was elected president of the American Red Cross last night and presided for a time over the fiftieth annual meeting of the association.

The President made a brief address in which he expressed the hope that someone might present the Red Cross with an endowment fund of \$5,000,000 to place its beneficial work on a more permanent basis. Mr. Taft also presented in his name a gold medal voted by the association to Lloyd C. Griscom, former American ambassador to Italy for his work in the recent Messina earthquake, and silver medals to Miss Katherine B. Davis and Samuel L. Parrish, who assisted in the Italian relief work.

Among the other officers reelected in addition to President Taft, were Robert W. de Forest, vice president; Beckman Winthrop, treasurer, and Henry M. Hoyt, editor of "The Red Cross Society."

## GOOD GOVERNMENT FORCES WIN.

Los Angeles, Dec. 8.—Returns from a hundred and eighty-two precincts out of two hundred and seven, give George Alexander, incumbent, a lead of seven hundred and thirty-seven votes over George A. Smith for the majority. The missing precincts probably will increase Alexander's majority. The returns indicate the election of the entire good government ticket with the possible exception of one place in the city council.

## NINETEEN LIVES LOST IN HAMBURG EXPLOSION.

Hamburg, Dec. 8.—Nineteen lives are known to have been lost, while fourteen other workmen are missing as the result of an explosion and the burning of a big gas tank here yesterday. The search for the bodies continued today, but none were discovered. All are supposed to have been incinerated.

## STATEHOOD BILL IS INTRODUCED

**Capitals to Remain at Santa Fe and Phoenix Until 1915**

**\$100,000 FOR EXPENSES**

**Chief Justice Mills at White House and Consults With Wickersham.**

Special to the New Mexican.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Chairman Hamilton introduced the separate New Mexico-Arizona statehood bill. The general provisions are the same as those of the Hamilton bill of last Congress. The governor 30 days after approval, orders an election 60 days after approval. The constitutional convention is to meet at the capital on the fourth Monday after election. The President proclaims an election for state officers twenty days after the ratification of the constitution. One hundred thousand dollars are appropriated for the election expenses in each territory. The capitals are to be at Santa Fe and Phoenix until 1915. Andrews and Cameron, were both present in the House.

Chief Justice Mills is conferring with Attorney General Wickersham and at the White House is consulting on the President's New Mexico policies and on appointments to New Mexico bench. The U. S. marshals office is still up in the air. Several federal appointments in New Mexico are expected soon.

## PRESIDENT RECOMMENDS STATEHOOD FOR NEW MEXICO

**His Message Read to Both Houses Today--Takes Stand for Postal Saving Banks and for Economy.**

Washington, D. C., Dec. 7.—President Taft today sent his annual message to Congress. The tariff, the Nicaragua question, sugar frauds and "white slavery" are among the questions discussed.

"Perhaps the most important question presented to the administration is that of economy in expenditure and sufficiency of revenue," says the President, who discusses the methods taken to meet the deficiency. The President declares it unwise to attempt further revision of the tariff until the facts are at hand upon which such revision can properly be undertaken.

Speaking generally he says the country is in a high state of prosperity. He notes the increase in the cost of living, but says the tariff is not the cause. In these products of the factory and farm there has been no increase in the tariff and in many instances a very considerable reduction, the President declares.

In beginning the President says: "The relations of the United States with all foreign governments have continued the normal basis of amity and good understanding and are very generally satisfactory."

President Taft says the Yeliza government of Nicaragua has kept Central America in constant turmoil. It is unnecessary, he says, "to rehearse here the sad tale of unspeakable barbarities and oppression alleged to have been committed by the Yeliza government. Recently two Americans were put to death by order of President Yeliza himself. They were officers in the organized forces of a revolution, and as such, according to the modern enlightened practice of civilized nations, they were entitled to be dealt with as prisoners of war." He continues:

"At the date when this message is printed this government has terminated diplomatic relations with the Yeliza government for reasons made public in a communication to the former Nicaraguan charge d'affaires and is intending to take such further steps as may be found most consistent with its dignity, its duty to American interests and its moral obligations to Central America and to the civilization. It may be necessary for me to bring this subject to the attention of the Congress in a special message."

Concerning the far east, the President says this government preserves unchanged its policy of supporting the "open door" and adds:

"Our traditional relations with the Japanese empire continues cordial as usual. The arrangement of 1908 for a co-operative control of the coming of laborers to the United States has proved to work satisfactorily."

Reorganization of the department of state upon modern lines in furtherance of our foreign trade and interests abroad is recommended.

"Perhaps," continues the message, "the most important question presented to this administration is that of economy in expenditures and sufficiency of revenue."

The report of the secretary shows that the ordinary expenditures for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, will exceed the receipts by \$34,075,620. If to this deficit is added the sum to be disbursed for the Panama canal amounting to \$38,000,000 and \$1,000,000 to be paid on the public debt the deficit of ordinary receipts and expenditures will be increased to a total deficit of \$73,075,620. This deficit the secretary proposes to meet by the proceeds of bonds issued to pay the cost of constructing the Panama canal. I approve this proposal."

The President says the cost of engineering and construction of the canal, which will be completed, January 1, 1915, will be \$295,766,000. Instead of \$139,705,200, as originally estimated. Other expenses increase the cost by \$75,435,900 to a total of \$371,201,900.

"In order to avoid a deficit for the ensuing fiscal year I directed the heads of departments in the preparation of their estimates to make them as low as possible consistent with imperative governmental necessity. The result has been as I am advised by the secretary of the treasury, that the estimates for the expenses of the government for the next fiscal year ending June 30, 1911 are less than the appropriations for this current fiscal year by \$32,818,000. So far as the secretary of the treasury is able to form a judgment as to future income and compare it with the expenditures for the next fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, and excluding payments on account of the Panama canal, which will doubtless be taken by bonds, there will be a surplus of \$55,931,000."

"In the present estimates the needs of the departments and of the government have been cut to the quick, so to speak, and any assumption by Congress, so often made in times past that estimates have been prepared with the expectation that they may be reduced, will result in seriously hampering proper administration."

President Taft refers with regret to the sugar frauds recently discovered, saying that the settlement made with the so-called trust, will not interfere with, or prevent the criminal prosecution of every one who was found to be subject to the same. He believes that an investigation of the frauds by Congress at present would be inadvisable.

President Taft earnestly recommends the passage of a ship subsidy bill. In recommending separate statehood for New Mexico and Arizona, President Taft advises that after the adoption of a constitution, it be submitted to the people for approval. State officers should not be elected until after the constitution has been settled upon.

"With respect to Alaska," said the President, "I recommend legislation which shall provide for the appointment by the President of a governor and also of an executive council, the members of which shall, during their term of office, reside in the territory and which shall have legislative powers sufficient to enable it to give the territory local laws adapted to its present growth. I strongly deprecate legislation looking to the election of a territorial legislature in the vast district."

The President mentions the necessity for legislation looking to the further conservation of natural resources and announces that a special message on this subject including that of waterways, reclamation, irrigation, reforestation, etc., will be sent to Congress early.

Transfer of control over the light-houses to a suitable civilian bureau is recommended, because of frequent friction due to the absence of any central independent authority.

White slavery is discussed, the view being that there is urgent necessity for addition legislation and greater executive activity to suppress it. "I believe it to be constitutional," the President says, "to forbid under penalty the transportation of persons for purposes of prostitution across national and state lines; and by appropriating a fund of \$50,000 to be used by the secretary of commerce and labor for the employment of special inspectors, it will be possible to bring those responsible for this trade to indictment and conviction under a federal law."

The President says that while the medical departments of the army and navy must be kept separate there seems no reason why all the other bureaus and offices in the general government which have to do with the public health should not be united in a bureau to be called the "bureau of public health."

In conclusion the President says: "Speaking generally the country is in a high state of prosperity. There is every reason to believe that we are on the eve of a substantial business expansion and we have just garnered a harvest unexampled in the market value of our agricultural products. The high prices which such products bring mean great prosperity for the farming community, but, on the other hand, they mean a very considerably increased burden upon those classes in the community whose yearly compensation does not expand with the improvement in business and general prosperity. Various reasons are given for the high prices. The proportionate increase in the output of gold which today is the chief medium of exchange and is in some respects a measure of values, furnishes a substantial explanation of at least part of the increase in prices. The increase in population and more expensive modern living of the people, which have not been accompanied by a proportionate increase in acreage production may furnish a further reason. It is well to note that the increase in the cost of living is not confined to this country, but prevails the world over and that those who would charge increases in prices to the existing protective tariff must meet the fact that the rise in prices has taken place almost wholly in those products of factory and farm in respect to which there has been either no increase in the tariff or in many instances a very considerable reduction."

## SENATOR DIERICH OF NEBRASKA IS DYING.

Omaha, Dec. 8.—Physicians attending former United States Senator Charles H. Dietrich reported late last night that their patient was very low and that his life was despaired of. Senator Dietrich was placed in a local hospital several days ago suffering with an affection of the heart.

## MESSAGE WAS WELL RECEIVED

**Reading Followed With Interest by Republicans and Democrats**

## HOUSE ADJOURNS TO FRIDAY

**Phrase Referring to Yeliza and Nicaragua Causes Mild Sensation**

Washington, D. C., Dec. 7.—The first annual message of President Taft was read before both houses of Congress today. The reading was followed with great interest both by Republicans and Democrats. The message generally was favorably commented upon. The phrase which attracted most attention was the referring to the Yeliza incident of which he spoke. "As a sad tale of unspeakable barbarities," when the reading concluded the House adjourned until Friday.

## Bill to Investigate General Land Office

Washington, Dec. 7.—An echo of the differences between Secretary of the Interior Ballinger and Chief Forester Pinchot, without any specific mention of either, is discovered in a bill introduced in the House today by Representative Hittcock of Nebraska, Democrat. The bill directs Speaker Cannon to appoint a committee of seven members with full power to make a complete investigation of the condition of the general land office in recent years in regard to coal lands and other public domain in Alaska.

## BIG CAREY ACT PROJECT

**More Than Thirty Acres to Be Reclaimed in Otero County**

## DELEGATES TO BIG CONGRESS

**Santa Fe Abstract, Realty and Insurance Agency Incorporates.**

A certified check for \$2,878 accompanied the application of the Oasis Development Company to the Carey act board today for the segregation of 30,180 acres for one of the most feasible irrigation projects thus far launched in Otero county. Clarence T. O'Leary is the president and John C. Enfield, the secretary of the company, which proposes to turn the flood waters of the Sacramento river, some sixty miles south of Alamogordo into a natural reservoir site that covers 4540 acres and will hold of only 2,000 feet length needs to be dug to carry the water into an arroyo which would sweep the flood waters into the reservoir which would be created by the construction of an earth embankment 8,810 feet long. The diversion dam in the Sacramento as proposed would be only thirty feet wide. The estimated cost of the project is about \$175,000.

## Must File Proof of Publication.

Many applicants for water rights are losing their priority rights by failing to file in the office of the territorial engineer the proof of publication required by the law. It may some day prove a serious matter to the water user, who imagines he is secure in his water right because of having made prior application, but who failed to file the required proof of publication.

## Water Applications Rejected.

Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan today rejected the applications of Mrs. Caesaria A. Lewis and C. H. McLenathan of Carlsbad, Eddy county, for waste waters that had accumulated in the shape of a lake on the ground that these waters are not subject to appropriation.

## Quarterly Report.

The New Mexican today publishes the quarterly report of Territorial Treasurer M. A. Otero and wishes to draw attention to the snug balances that remain at the end of the fiscal year after all debts of the Territory had been paid. The total is much larger than it was a year ago and proves that the commonwealth is exceedingly well off in a financial way, thanks to the Republican administration of the past year.

## Notary Public Appointed.

Governor Curry today appointed Clara M. Fulghum of Raton, Colfax county, a notary public.

## Delegates to Rivers and Harbors Congress.

Governor Curry today appointed the following delegates to the National Rivers and Harbors Congress which will meet at Washington, D. C. on December 8: M. A. Otero of Santa Fe; W. H. Andrews of Albuquerque; W. A. Fleming Jones of Las Cruces, and Charles A. Spies of Las Vegas.

## Incorporation.

Incorporation papers were filed today in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa by the Santa Fe Abstract, Realty and Insurance Company agency with headquarters in Room 13, Catron block, Santa Fe. A. B. Renehan is named as the New Mexico agent. The capitalization is \$15,000 divided into 150 shares. The company will commence business with \$10,000. The incorporators and directors are: A. B. Renehan, 44 shares, E. P. Davies 44 shares, George M. Kinsell 4 shares, Paul Butt 5 shares.

## H. CLAY PIERCE HAS BEEN ACQUITTED.

**The Jury This Morning Returned a Verdict of Not Guilty of the Charge.**

Austin, Tex., Dec. 7.—The jury in the case of H. Clay Pierce, president of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, charged with false swearing, this morning returned a verdict of not guilty.

Judge Calhoun, in a special charge to the jury sustained the contention of Mr. Pierce's lawyers that he is immune from trial under the laws of Texas, as the counsel for the state sought to use the testimony given by Mr. Pierce on the witness stand in Missouri with the intention of possibly securing his conviction. The sale of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company property was postponed by Judge Wilcox until his today. This was done, it is stated, in order to permit Pierce's lawyers to intervene in his behalf.

## COMMERCIAL CLUB BELIEVES IN ADVERTISING SANTA FE.

The Commercial Club, last evening, discussed the special edition of the New Mexican to be issued on or soon after New Year to set forth the advantages of Santa Fe as a climatic, tourist and industrial center. It was decided to take a page in the edition which will be descriptive of Santa Fe's attractions and a committee was appointed to prepare the matter for this page. Bryan Born Dummie, who is getting up the special edition for the New Mexican is meeting with much encouragement and has already secured sufficient advertising from large advertisers, none of them less than half a page, to assure the success of the edition.

## MILLS LEAVES FOR NEW YORK

**His Nomination Will Go in Friday and Will Be Promptly Confirmed**

## ANDREWS AT WHITE HOUSE

**President Consults With Him on Appointments in New Mexico.**

Washington, D. C., Dec. 8.—Chief Justice William J. Mills left last evening for New York on business matters. He is much pleased with the situation here and is confident that the statehood bill will pass as drafted. The nomination of Mills for governor is to go to the Senate on Friday and no trouble is anticipated over confirmation, which is expected to be prompt. Delegate Andrews was today in conference with the President at the White House over pending New Mexico appointments. W. A. Fleming Jones, of Las Cruces, delegate to the Rivers and Harbors Congress, was also a caller at the White House. E. W. Fox of Clayton, who is here, is confident of appointment to a third term as register of the land office at Clayton.

## New Bills By Andrews.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 8.—Delegates Andrews of New Mexico, and Cameron of Arizona, expressed themselves greatly pleased with the President's message and think that it assures the passage at this session of the enabling act. Slight amendments will be made to sections six, seven and twelve to conform with the President's message. Chief Justice Mills, Delegate Andrews, Representative Hamilton, Senator Borah, Secretary of the Interior Ballinger were in consultation yesterday afternoon over the statehood bill. Delegate Andrews introduced a bill to limit the territorial indebtedness; to build a home for disabled volunteer soldiers; to eradicate the grama grass caterpillar in the states and territories of the southwest and fifteen private pension bills.

## Delegate Cameron Has Introduced a Desert Land Bill.

U. S. Marshal C. M. Foraker is here from New Mexico consulting the attorney general. There is a rumor that the marshalship is still up in the air.

## Several New Mexico and Arizona federal appointments are expected soon.

## Taft Has Bad Cold.

Washington, Dec. 8.—Visitors to the White House today found President Taft suffering from a cold which he contracted Saturday or Sunday. The chimneys in the President's room at the new executive offices have been drawing very badly and wood fires have been depended on for heat. Secretary Carpenter also has a cold.

## Taft Loosens Gags.

Washington, Dec. 8.—Secretary Dickinson loosened the gag which President Taft put on the mouths of chiefs of bureaus last week.

## Message Pleased Both Parties.

Washington, Dec. 8.—Having assembled and received the President's message, Congress yesterday found itself literally "out of work" and in consequence both Houses adjourned over until Friday when if some of the various committee fail to provide something to do, adjournment will be taken until Monday next.

The formality of reading the message aloud consumed about an hour and a half in each House. When the conclusion was reached the House immediately adjourned, but the Senate went into executive session. Little talk was found with the message among the Republicans who seemed to agree that it was as satisfactory a document as the President could prepare and remain consistent with the party's campaign pledges. The Democrats approved the President's effort to economize, but deprecated his suggestion that the Monroe doctrine had practically become obsolete.

"The message is written in the President's customary terse, vigorous style," commented Representative Payne, majority leader in the House, while Representative Clark, the minority leader, thought about all that could be said about the message was that it was comparatively brief "as discussion of almost all important matters is relegated to special messages."

In both Houses the message was subject to most careful scrutiny.

Following the custom the message was referred to the committee of the whole to be prepared for "civil section" by the various committees whose business it is to deal with the subject discussed by the President in his message.

The Senate adjourned at 2:30 out of respect to the memory of Representative De Armond, of Missouri, and of Representative Lassiter, of Virginia.

The House adjourned at 1:45 o'clock.

## COLORADO LAW PROVIDES FOR MEDICAL SUPERVISION.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 2.—Students of the East Denver High School are being examined this week for defects of sight, hearing and breathing, in accordance with an act passed by the last legislature. Yesterday about two hundred of the students were examined. The students of most of the other schools in the city have been examined.



# The New Mexican Review

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Vice-President.

JOHN K. STAUFFER,  
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The Weekly New Mexican Review is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1909.



## FORESTRY IN SWITZERLAND.

Switzerland recognized the benefits of forest protection and development 600 years ago when the forest ordinance of Bern was issued. The Sihlwald of Zurich, one of the most perfectly managed and most profitable forests in the world, has been handled under a working plan since 1680. The little Alpine republic still reports progress in forest work, and the American consul writing from St. Gall says:

"The government of Switzerland has so carefully regulated the timber output that it has never been permitted to exceed the natural growth. The thick growth of timber on the mountain sides, purposely allowed to become dense, has perceptibly lessened the danger and frequency of avalanches and landslides, which in former times were so frightfully destructive. To control the spring floods in the rivers and streams, massive dams, fortified by thickly planted trees, have been erected at exposed places. In the extraordinary attention paid to its timber lands, the government has taken into account also the necessity for sheltering and pasturing cattle, the maintenance of the soil, the roads, and the natural springs, climate, and the control of mountain streams.

"The actual forest area of Switzerland comprises 2,265,598 acres, 21.48 per cent of the entire surface of the country, 77,004 of which belong to the state and 2,188,594 to the cantons, communes, municipalities, and private corporations. Seven hundred and eighty-one acres of the state forest are set aside as a nursery. From this nursery in 1908 over 22,000,000 young trees were taken and transplanted in the various forests. In New Mexico the proportion of national forest to area is only about ten per cent.

"Swiss forests are classed as 'protected' and 'non-protected.' The former are those which are situated on mountain slopes where the imminence of washouts, stone and ice chutes, landslides and avalanches calls for the constant exercise of extraordinary care and attention. The 'non-protected' are those on comparatively level ground requiring only ordinary attention to keep them in good condition. Because of the character of the country, the great majority of the forests are 'protected.'

"The law provides that 'the forest area shall not be diminished' and that all forests shall be maintained in a fairly dense condition. Even in private forests close cutting or clearing up is strictly forbidden, especially in exposed places, without the consent of the federal authorities, and then only in small areas and when prompt reforestation is guaranteed. Trees for cutting are carefully selected by forestry experts.

"Through the forests there are excellent roads, made largely by the cantonal authorities. The year 1908 was marked by such activity in road construction that the state, which bears a proportion of the expense, paid to the cantons the sum of \$16,524.00 on their account alone.

"Spruce is the most important tree in the Swiss forests, and then in order of their importance come the white fir, beech, larch, pine, cypress and a few other varieties.

"The principal revenue derived from the Swiss forests is from the lumber output, there being no manufacturers of resin, turpentine and similar by-products. To offset the cutting, there were planted in 1908 23,006,225 trees, of which 18,031,350 were conifer and 5,064,875 deciduous, and no less than seven tons of seed were sown.

"Statistics of the receipts and expenditures of all forestry work in the country are not available, but a couple of cases may be cited which show gratifying returns. The total receipts from the sale of wood in 1908 from 2,421 acres of state forests in the canton of St. Gall are given as \$24,457.37 and the expenditures as \$17,452.56. In the forests of the town of Winterthur, amounting to 2,833 acres, the receipts were \$51,174.63 and the expenses \$21,634.50, leaving a net profit of \$29,540.13, or an average profit of about \$10.42 per acre.

"It is not to be presumed that the revenue from the entire Swiss forest area can be approximated by taking as a basis the earnings of the St. Gall or Winterthur forests, which have been for many years under most intelligent and excellent management, but the universal opinion among forestry

officials is that the jealous care with which the Swiss timber lands have been guarded has vastly benefited both national and cantonal treasuries from the financial point of view."

## WHERE IS THE CAUSE?

According to the Albuquerque Morning Journal, after a long and busy term of the district court at Albuquerque during which Judge Ira A. Abbott even held night sessions to clear the docket, one hundred and twenty-five criminal cases remain on the docket to be tried at the next term. Considering that Bernalillo is the smallest among New Mexico counties and spends more money than any other county in the Territory for the trial of criminal cases, there should be some desire on part of the law-abiding citizens to seek the cause for such great criminal business. If not as a matter of economy than for the protection of their life and property, for it is reported every once in a while that citizens are held up, that business places and residences are robbed, that men and women are assaulted if not killed. Is it because of the wide-open policy which has prevailed in Albuquerque, because of the many saloons, more than in any other three towns of the Territory taken altogether, because of the \$40,000 or more collected each year in liquor licenses not to speak of the tribute levied on red light dens and the toleration of evasions of the anti-gambling laws? The New Mexican is not so blind as to urge that all of the crime reported from the Duke City is due to these causes, but it has followed in denial so many cases reported from there as to know positively that in at least one out of every two, it is stated as a matter of course, that the perpetrator was drunk, or that the forger or embezzler gambled or spent his money in the red light district, or passed the bad check in a saloon. There are other causes, for Albuquerque is the meeting place of the Pacific Coast and Rocky Mountain regions, through it flows the stream and jettison of transcontinental traffic.

After all, considering circumstances, Albuquerque is a law abiding, peaceful town in which life and property are as safe as in any other place similarly situated. Yet, it dare be said that with the saloons closed, the red light district banished, the gambling resorts raided rigorously, there would be no 125 cases on the criminal docket when a long term of court adjourns after an exceedingly busy session.

## INDUSTRIAL TRAINING.

Considerable space is given today by the New Mexican to addresses on industrial education. It is a subject that has awakened widespread interest all over the country and that is a vital topic in every community but especially such as Santa Fe which has a population of almost a thousand boys and girls growing into manhood and womanhood with opportunities for employment exceedingly slight. Santa Fe having no factories or mills in which employment is given or in which a trade can be learned, the majority of its boys and girls are doomed to a precarious sort of life for lack of industrial education. Yet, there are thousands of acres of fertile lands in this vicinity that might be farmed and would be farmed, if boys and girls were given an education in the rudiments of agriculture and had their interest awakened in the cultivation of the soil or to the possibilities that cheap and fertile soil offer to the industrious and thrifty. Along other lines too, the trades and household work, so much that would be of incalculable advantage not only to the boys and girls but to the future of the community as a whole, could be taught in the public schools that it is a wonder that Santa Fe is not blind to its own interests as to introduce manual training and industrial education as part of its public school work. If any community ever stood in need of such innovation, it is Santa Fe.

The New Mexican today publishes the delinquent tax list for 1907. It covers more than twenty columns of small type and isn't exactly an honor roll. There are no doubt, mitigating circumstances in some instances, and in others there may be defenses against the taxes levied, but there are also cases where the non-payment of taxes is plain tax dodging and as such, the brother to graft. After all, as far as the public is concerned, it makes little difference whether a man steals or withholds a dollar which is justly due the public. The man who steals, is not likely to have many imitators for the penitentiary yawns for him, but the man who withholds successfully that which is due will be an example to others who will argue, that "since Mr. So-and-So does not pay any taxes it is an inequality against me to pay taxes." The New Mexican's advice to the delinquents is to pay up and thus clear their property from clouds that may affect its value vitally at some future day and before the title at a time when a sale is pending.

One of the most pleasing signs of the "new" New Mexico is the practical unanimity with which its one hundred and twenty-five newspapers speak out in favor of the observance of Sunday laws, saloon regulation, the suppression of vice and in more than three fourths of the cases in favor of local option or prohibition. These are not political questions although in each locality law breakers seek to make them political. The New Mexican knows that it costs each newspaper a certain kind of patronage in each community to stand up for that which is right, that which is moral, that which is decent, that which is for the protection of home and womanhood. But just as there are men in New Mexico who would not compromise their principles on these questions even for a governorship or other high office, so there is hardly a newspaper whose silence could be bought on these same subjects. As long as these conditions prevail, all is well with the commonwealth.

## NEW MEXICO MUST FIGHT.

Washington dispatches throwing out hints that statehood is to be sidetracked are getting to be so frequent and so broad that New Mexico must begin to sit up and take notice. The people of the Territory, evidently, must fight for every bit of consideration they will get. The New Mexican, of course, takes President Taft at his word, in his promise for support of statehood, but there are other factors besides the President to be considered. Says the Albuquerque Journal:

"It is generally believed by members of both the House and the Senate, that the large number of so-called administration measures will require for their proper consideration more time than Congress will be able to give to them at this session, and therefore, members say, some of the president's measures which will not suffer by waiting, will have to go over to the next session, and it so happens, unfortunately for the territories, that the statehood bill seems to be reckoned by common consent, in the list of those that can afford to wait.

"And it is further reported that the chairman of the senate committee will oppose the bill on other grounds than that of time. It is said that he has put on his war paint, and makes no secret of the fact that he will fight the bill to the last ditch. The New York Herald correspondent reports the statehood situation as follows:

"Against the proposal of statehood for Arizona and New Mexico, which President Taft has promised to recommend, will be advanced the argument which put that demand to sleep last year. It is the belief held by some legislators that the transfer of the territories or one of them to the list of states will perfect a plan to obtain enormous special privileges, repugnant to those who have investigated them.

"Statesmen returning to Washington report that so wrought upon the situation is Senator A. J. Beveridge, the chairman of the senate committee on territories, that he can scarcely restrain himself when the subject is broached. This does not promise well for statehood, even with the weight of presidential recommendation which it will have behind it."

However, the New Mexican is more optimistic and is firmly convinced that the Republican party will keep its emphatic platform pledge and that even Senator Beveridge will withdraw serious opposition to statehood at this time.

## DEMOCRATIC EXTRAVAGANCE.

When the Secretary of the Interior speaks of New Mexico expending about a million dollars the past year for its government he includes in that sum more than a quarter million dollars of bonded indebtedness paid or refunded, indebtedness that was a relic of a Democratic administration, an indebtedness assumed by the Republican administration after the wild extravagance of Governor Thornton's days when the expenditures exceeded the income by about a hundred per cent. It also includes large sums paid for the building of armories, executive mansion and other structures now public assets. The annual expenditures of the territory of Arizona last year, although that territory has but one-half the population and maintains but one-half of the institutions, were almost as high as those of New Mexico and that without refunding or paying the indebtedness left by previous administrations. Compared with the expenditures of adjoining states and Arizona, or compared with the expenditures of any other commonwealth, it is apparent at a glance that New Mexico is economical almost to stinginess. It is different with its Democratic municipalities, such as Albuquerque and Roswell, where one-half of the entire taxes collected and all the incidental revenues, go to the city government to be shovelled out by Democratic officials. In Albuquerque, for instance, under a Democratic municipal administration, the money expended for current local purposes exceeded ten per cent of all the moneys expended by the Territory, while the indebtedness incurred the past year or two equals one-third of the entire bonded indebtedness of the Territory today. Yet, the city of Albuquerque has only about one-twenty-fifth of the population of the Territory and only about one-twentieth of its assessed wealth. When it comes to public extravagance, just glance at the budget of this year for the city of Albuquerque and compare it with an itemized budget of the territorial government, and compare its surplus with the half million dollars balance in the territorial treasury and almost a million dollars in the county treasuries.

## FATHER.

A Kansas man offers a nice prize to the person that will write the best essay on father. It evidently takes a good-sized bribe to have any one say anything pleasant about the old man.

Literature keeps pretty quiet about him. But father is to blame. He has been a careless, negligent cuss in too many instances, who has the habit of acquiring a family and thinking he has done his duty to it, if he supplies the daily bread and a roof, and he sometimes doesn't do that. To any one who has seen father come out of a saloon on a Saturday night, or sneaking down the back alleys in pursuit of the high lights; or sitting till the wee hours of the morn over a poker game; or standing at a street corner spitting tobacco juice over the pavement; or scolding the long suffering wife because the baby cries or the soup is too hot; does not feel like writing a sonnet to him. Not every father is of that kind, but enough of them are to bring the entire tribe into disrepute; just as they are so many faithful, self-sacrificing, long-suffering, devoted mothers to bring the entire sex into approbation. If father doesn't get as much praise as mother from poets and composers, there is a reason.

## DEMOCRATIC PAPER PLEASED.

The Silver City Independent, among the leading Democratic papers of the Territory, expresses satisfaction over the appointment of Chief Justice Mills to be governor of New Mexico and that on broad patriotic grounds. It says among other things:

"The question of a successor to Governor George Curry was settled last week when it was decided at Washington to appoint Chief Justice William J. Mills of Las Vegas to such position. It was also announced that Associate Justice William H. Pope of Roswell will be named to succeed Judge Mills as chief justice.

"The appointment of Judge Mills appears to meet with general satisfaction throughout the Territory, and he will enter upon his duties on March 1st under most favorable circumstances. Judge Mills has been a resident of New Mexico for the past twenty-four years, and is, therefore, thoroughly familiar with local conditions. The new governor is of southern birth, having been born January 11, 1849, in Yazoo City, Mississippi. He finished his education in Yale law school in 1877. After the death of his father, while he was yet young, William J. Mills moved with his mother to Connecticut, and before coming to the southwest he practiced law in New Haven. While a resident of Connecticut he was a member of both branches of the legislature of that state. In January, 1898, President McKinley appointed him chief justice to succeed Thomas Smith, and he was twice reappointed to that important position by President Roosevelt.

"Judge Mills unquestionably has the ability to give the people of New Mexico a clean, honest and business-like administration, and it is believed that he will do so. He is thoroughly acquainted with the people and their needs and in as much as the appointment came unsolicited, he will be in a position to materially advance the interests of New Mexico."

## A JUST JUDGE.

The New Mexican is pleased to learn from Washington, D. C., that despite the frantic efforts of the liquor interests, Judge John R. McFie will be reappointed to the New Mexico supreme bench next January. Judge McFie has made a fair and honest judge, to whom more than to any one else is due the fact that the first judicial district is one of the most law abiding sections of the west, where law and order prevail, where law is enforced. Judge McFie is not a fanatic, he is not narrow, he is broad and liberal in his views and while his conduct is above reproach he is not a Pharisee and the unfairness of the liquor interests in opposing him is therefore the more apparent. It would have been a distinct misfortune for the community and for the district, if Judge McFie had been displaced at this time, after so many years upon the bench, in which he has demonstrated his fitness and learning. The court is held in the highest respect by the people and the bar has no reason to complain of its judgments. There are some who undoubtedly remember, that it was not always thus, that there have been political judges, and narrow and fanatical judges, ignorant judges and unfair judges, and that it has been a decidedly good fortune that the first judicial district has had for so many years a just judge, one who seeks to do right under all circumstances.

The San Marcel Standard remarks that Mr. Boose saw a rainbow by moonlight last week. A man with such a name is apt to see star showers at high noon.

It is rather unfortunate that the secretary of the Interior saw fit to recommend only \$25,000 for the Engle irrigation project during the calendar year of 1910, only \$6,000 for the Hondo and about \$17,000 for the Carlsbad projects. At least a million dollars or more should be expended at the Elephant Buttes during the next twelve months. For the Hondo, a twenty mile canal should be built to carry water into it from the point where the Hondo seeps into the sand. The latter project has been completed two years, but thus far no water has accumulated in its basin because of the absence of customary floods. The building of a twenty mile canal, it is believed, would carry the waters of the Hondo now lost into the reservoir and would help to fill the reservoir. Many people bought land under the project with the expectation of having water before this for the irrigation of their land and have been put to straits because such water has not been furnished. Similarly, \$100,000 or more, should be expended to extend the Carlsbad project, which is in successful operation and under which as far as constructed most of the land has been taken up. The government is under contract to extend the system and should be expected to live up to its contract just as the water users are asked to live up to their end of the bargain. Evidently, the forty million bond issue proposed by Senator Borah to complete irrigation projects now under way would not come amiss.

The rivalry for the approaching oratorical contest at Roswell is keen. This is a good sign of advancement among the public schools and the solidarity of ambition of their teachers and pupils. While rivalry on the gridiron and the diamond is praiseworthy, rivalry in scholarship, in the forum, are much more to be desired. The prizes offered for the oratorical contests and for historical essays in the past few years have had such a good effect that it is desirable that other prizes should be made available for winners in scholarship contests.

It is apparent from recent reports that the New Mexico Military Institute is keeping well to the front as one of the best educational institutions in the Southwest. It is prosperous in a material way, is adding to its splendid buildings built on the finest campus in New Mexico and is achieving noteworthy results in discipline and scholarship.

## NO COMPLAINT AGAINST JUDGE MILLS.

In far southwestern New Mexico, near the Arizona boundary the appointment of Chief Justice Mills to be governor, evidently meets with as much applause as it did in other portions of the Territory. Says Editor Don Kedzie of the Western Liberal at Lordsburg:

"Ever since Governor Curry resigned there has been a chase for the appointment. More than thirty candidates for the office made known their desires. Last week the President announced that he intended to appoint a lawyer, as a man wise in the law was needed during the time that the Territory was changing into state. This cut out a large number of candidates, and finally the list was reduced to ex-Judge Mann. The President remembered some of the things that had been said about this candidate when he was an applicant for reappointment as judge, and began inquiring about other judges. Finally a telegram was sent to Chief Justice Mills, asking him if he would accept the position. The judge immediately accepted, and was appointed. Judge Mills has been a resident of the territory for some twenty years, and is no tenderfoot. For twelve years he has been chief justice of the supreme court, and presiding judge of the Las Vegas district. The best compliment that can be given a judge is to say that no complaints have been made against him. Governor Mills has held the office of judge for nearly twelve years, and the Liberal has yet to hear the first complaint against him. The people of the Territory seem to be well satisfied with the appointment, and it is probable that he will make a successful administration during the trying period of transition from territory to statehood."

Colorado now has a law that requires medical supervision of the public schools and the pupils of the Denver schools were examined this week for defects of eyesight or hearing. It is certain that the children of Santa Fe are every whit as deserving of care in that respect as those of Denver and there are reasons to suppose that medical supervision of local schools would be productive of more good even than in Denver.

Prof. T. W. Conway, superintendent of the Raton schools, says on this subject in the New Mexico Journal of Education:

"Not one subject is more vital to the best interests of our schools than medical supervision and inspection. The old proverb, 'an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure,' has a tenfold importance to the public school children of our Territory. When the children in our schools can have a thorough medical inspection and examination, and the teachers of these children know of their organic troubles, then and not until then, will it be possible to render unto the child all the help and sympathy to which he is entitled. What a revelation to the average teacher does a thorough inspection and examination reveal! As a direct result of this, a far better understanding of a child and his capabilities, as well as, of his future possibilities, is obtained."

The New Mexican agrees in this instance with the Albuquerque Citizen-Tribune when it says in comment on the fact that the Territory will be disappointed in the census returns if it expects them to show that the Territory has a population of 400,000. "If we haven't 400,000, and we probably haven't, it is time we were hustling about to get them. New Mexico is one of the most attractive places of residence in the United States. Her soil is the most fertile her climate best adapted to vegetation and physical health, her land is still in a measure free, at least the price is not prohibitive—and her people are the best neighbors in the world. What we must do is to boost and keep on boosting. We need a live commercial club or chamber of commerce in every town and district and these organizations should be liberally supported by not only the townspeople but the ranchmen as well. By all means let us have 500,000 people—and have them soon."

Sixty-eight thousand girls furnish the recruits for the white slave traffic each year in the United States. There are today 200,000 women in the United States in bondage, and the lasciviousness of men contributes \$30,000,000 each year to their income. The facts are almost too nasty to speak of in a public print but so highly respectable a magazine as McClure's exposes this evidence of human nastiness in detail. And why be squeamish about those things? Santa Fe tolerates them. Santa Fe furnishes recruits, Santa Fe men, some of them with home and families, contribute to making the white slave traffic a profitable one and Santa Fe womanhood tolerates silently the evil that wrecks not only homes but makes lepers of sons in respectable families and breaks the health and hearts of daughters and wives and mothers in places where one would not look for sorrow. To keep quiet about it is not merely prudish, it is criminal! What awful tales local physicians could tell if they only would and even they do not know the worst of it or even a fraction of the misery caused by the different toleration of vice at our very doors.

Considering the great increase in the price of living, the New Mexican believes that the railroad employees are entitled to that ten per cent increase in wages they would like to have for none of them are paid too much for their services. But if it is shown that it is impossible for the railroads to grant it at this time, it is to be hoped that the men will not precipitate disaster by going out on a general strike from which it would take months to recover and which would inflict such incalculable harm that wage increases may be out of question for a long time.

The farm products for 1909 in the United States are the greatest on record in the history of the nation or any other nation. The total estimated value is \$8,760,000,000. Corn smashes all precedents and cotton and wheat come second and third. The total cereal crop reaches a value of three billion dollars. The livestock values for the year also foot up another three billion dollars, the highest ever known. The increase alone over last year would equip six million farms and all the gold in the world could not buy the product of Uncle Sam's farms this year. Here are some of the figures in brief:

Total	\$8,760,000,000
Corn over 1908	869,000,000
Corn	1,720,000,000
Cotton	850,000,000
Wheat	725,000,000
Hay	665,000,000
Oats	400,000,000
Potatoes	212,000,000
Tobacco	100,000,000
Sugar products	95,000,000
Barley	88,000,000
Flax seed	36,000,000
Rice	25,000,000
Rye	23,000,000
Hops	8,000,000
Live stock	3,000,000,000
Other products	827,000,000

The Secretary of War in his annual report published today recommends a comprehensive and complete reorganization of the army establishment of the United States, which is outlining a big job in a few words and will not be as easy as it sounds, for it will mean the destruction of traditions, the ignoring of precedents, the cutting of yards and yards of red tape and of incurring the animosity of a number of old mossbacks. More officers, closer co-operation with the militia of the various states and territories and a general readjustment of the locations of the various army posts are some of the reforms that are of considerable interest to New Mexico and which are urged by the Secretary, who is convinced that the present distribution of the troops of the regular army is not only illogical but offers a serious menace. For instance, Santa Fe, from a strategical, climatic and geographical standpoint is a much more logical location for a big army post than are places now occupied much further away from the boundaries and suffering from climatic drawbacks that must seriously impair the health of the men.

The boy scout idea has spread like wildfire throughout the British empire. In the Tilt Little Isle, as well as in Australia, in India, in Canada, companies, battalions and regiments of boy scouts are being organized. It is an idea that ought to spread to the United States including New Mexico. It is better to drill the boys of the public schools in the manual of arms, to teach them how to shoot straight, how to march and maneuver, how to camp and how to obey military commands, than to wait until the youth have grown up in the hope that they will join some National Guard company. In New Mexico, only one of every two hundred men ever joins the National Guard and receives any inkling of military training, while such training should become the part of every boy's life.

President Taft is still working on his message and the newspapers are compelled to do without the advance copy which the thoughtfulness of President Roosevelt and his predecessors would have placed in the editorial hands long before this. Since the Taft regime, advance copy from the White House has become scarce and it is found that the successor of the "Strenuous One" is not near as loquacious when journalists are around as was his predecessor. It is hard on the newspapers, but as they get the news anyway, even if it is a little late and not quite as it would be if they received it first hand, the public does not lose anything. But it is cutting deep into the President's popularity in more than one editorial sanctum that had been spoiled by the free and easy way in which President Roosevelt took newspapermen into his confidence.

"The State and the Death Roll" is the striking title of an instructive pamphlet written and sent out by E. E. Rittenhouse, president of a large life insurance company. He makes a plea for medical supervision by saying that 600,000 human lives are needlessly sacrificed in the United States every year. He estimates that there are constantly about 5,000,000 persons seriously ill in the United States, more than one-half of which illness is preventable. He then proceeds with graphic diagrams to show the frightful increase in the death rate from preventable diseases such as kidney troubles which if diagnosed in time may either be cured or greatly mitigated. The increase in deaths from heart disease, from apoplexy, from cancer and from pneumonia is frightful although there has been a significant decrease from typhoid, tuberculosis and other infectious and contagious diseases towards the prevention of which much effort has been expended.

A Democratic exchange remarks that it is sickening to notice the unanimity with which the New Mexican grows gloomier over the appointment of Chief Justice Mills to be governor. No doubt, it is sickening to the Democrats to notice the unanimity of the good will which will accompany the appointee into office. It is a bad omen for the Democracy and so utterly different from what they had hoped for.

The Albuquerque Citizen-Tribune advocates manual training for the public schools in Albuquerque. Santa Fe needs the innovation even more than does Albuquerque for the opportunities of employment or learning a trade are decidedly fewer in Santa Fe than they are at Albuquerque, where shops and mills and large offices offer at least some advantages in that line to young men and young women.

The Philistine for December makes this point that although the Seattle Yukon-Pacific Exposition was the first great exposition ever held where no beer, wine or other intoxicants were sold, it was the only Exposition that ever made money for its stockholders even though it did turn down \$200,000 offered it by one firm of brewers alone who asked for permission to sell intoxicants on the grounds. It is marvelous how the prohibition sentiment is spreading. With President Taft as a total abstainer, with Colonel Bryan openly advocating prohibition, with Kaiser Wilhelm and King Edward on the water wagon, and even Governor Curry and Ex-Governor Otero declaring for local option, it is certain that prohibition cannot be made a political issue between the two great parties. In Roswell, for instance, the Democratic Daily Record and the Republican Register-Tribune are advocating the abolishment of the saloon, about the only question on which the two can and do agree.

Such enterprises as the National Stock Show and Livestock convention at Denver next month should be given all the encouragement possible. The livestock industry is not only of tremendous importance to the nation in general but to New Mexico in particular. Something like \$500,000,000 are invested in it in this Territory, and it gives employment to many thousands of people. In some respects it has been the steadiest source of wealth in the Territory and each year adds to the coffers of territorial residents from \$7,000,000 to \$10,000,000 in wealth and that mostly cash. It is no small factor therefore in the development of the southwest and organizations that seek to protect it and strengthen it should have the most liberal support and the closest attention from local stock growers as well as the public at large.

The plan to place recruits from the same section of country with the same regiments is such a good one that it is strange that the army has not adhered to it since the Civil War. In Germany, Great Britain and other countries, the regiments are designated by the locality from which they are recruited. More than once in the past, it has been found that petty jealousies among privates and even officers were due to sectional differences among the component parts of each regiment. The rivalry, on the other hand, between Texas and Pennsylvania regiments or New Mexico and Arizona regiments would be productive of much good in maintaining the desirable esprit d'corps or making a record in time of peril. The idea is too good to be lost sight of until another war forces it to the front.

It is a beautiful thought that though one has been laid away in the grave, that once a year the brethren gather in solemn convocation to recall the name and the good deeds of the brother who has departed. The great order of Elks all over the United States yesterday observed its Memorial Day, not merely in a perfunctory manner, but with loving thoughtfulness, recalling specifically the name of each member who has gone to the great bourne whence no traveler returns. It is a practice that must appeal to the great multitude and in itself win many recruits for an order that is as thoughtful of the living as it is mindful of the dead and death. As was said last evening at Santa Fe, at the service, no man can be the worse for being an Elk and that none but a good citizen can be a good Elk.

Las Vegas is to have another daily newspaper. R. A. Kistler, formerly of the Optic, will be the man at the helm. The Homesteader, now published weekly, is to become a daily on January 15, and it is to be independent enough to speak out its sentiments in open meeting. Unfortunately, as long as Las Vegas is a divided community, it will be unable to maintain two daily newspapers. It will mean a financial struggle in which the paper with the longest purse and the largest amount of money to blow in, will win but the winnings will be so small as not to be worth the struggle. But there may be other objects than financial success. In that field, of course, the Homesteader has unlimited opportunities for success.

The esteemed contemporary of the New Mexican, the Optic, last evening, devoted two columns of its editorial space to the subject: "Winning a woman." And why not? After all, nine-tenths of men's achievements, of men's activity, have been for the sake of woman and if the Optic really knows something about winning her, it is doing well to spread the information which has been sought ever since Eve tempted Adam.

As between the Turk who keeps a harem, the Mormon who believes in multiple marriage and the American who leads the double life as to his home, the frankness and openness of the Turk and the conscientious convictions of the Mormons make their bestiality to be preferred to the lawlessness and detestable hypocrisy of the American and his unlawful raffinity.

The reform school at Springer now has thirteen inmates, Bernalillo county having furnished the largest quota. The reform school had become a necessity and while its establishment entailed some expense the average taxpayer does not complain about the additional burden as long as it is put to so good a purpose.

The scientific farmer who will garner a big crop next fall is he who in anticipation of the twenty inches of snow which have fallen the past week, plowed and prepared his soil to drink in the moisture and who will, as soon as the ground permits, create a dust mulch that will seal the underground reservoir and retain the gathered moisture until next growing season.



## WILL BUILD BIG RESERVOIR

Territory Considering Project to Construct Such Near Tularosa

## PUSH GOOD ROADS WORK

Several National Guard Promotions Announced by Adjutant General.

The Good Roads Commission and the Carey Act Board met this forenoon in the office of Governor Curry, who together with Land Commissioner R. P. Ervin and Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan constitute both bodies. It was decided by the Good Roads Commission to leave on next Wednesday for Otero county to take up with the board of county commissioners the building of good roads. From Alamogordo, Messrs. Ervin and Sullivan will go to Silver City to look over the Mogollon road. It was reported that the Albuquerque-Santa Fe road has been completed from Thornton to La Bajada hill and that on Monday the convicts would begin working from Thornton southward.

The Carey Act Board ordered the payment of the bill of \$1,100 of the reclamation service for the maps, plats, etc., of the Lake Upton project which had been turned over to the Territory. The members of the board also discussed the proposition to build a territorial reservoir in the Tularosa valley, Otero county, for which funds to the amount of \$50,000 will be available and which is to cost eventually \$150,000.

As soon as Notary Sobers Up, Game and Fish Warden Thomas P. Gable today received a communication from up-country, from a deputy, who said he would forward a certificate as soon as the only notary public in the place sobers up sufficiently to enable him to put his seal to the document.

**Notary Public Appointed.** Governor Curry today appointed Edmund Thurmond of Fruitland, San Juan county, a notary public.

**National Guard Orders.** Office of the Adjutant General, Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 4, 1909. General Orders No. 20.

First Sergeant Albert E. Haywood, Company H, 1st Infantry, is promoted to 1st Lieutenant to date from December 1st, 1909.

Sergeant De Soto H. Grant, Company H, 1st Infantry, is promoted to 2nd Lieutenant to date from December 1st, 1909.

Lieutenants Haywood and Grant are assigned to Company H, 1st Infantry and will report in person to Captain George E. Morrison for duty with that company.

By command of the Governor, A. S. BROOKES, Acting Adjutant General.

**Normal School Trustees.** Owing to the presence at that time in Santa Fe of several members of the board, there will be a meeting of the trustees of the Spanish-American Normal school in this city on Tuesday evening next. The school is meeting with very gratifying success and is doing a most excellent work.

**Governor Curry's Report.** An Associated Press dispatch from Washington says:

"Recalling the fact that the leading political parties during their last national conventions pledged themselves to the passage of statehood bills, Governor Curry, who recently resigned the governorship of New Mexico in his annual report to Secretary Hallinger, again urges that the secretary of the interior use his influence toward obtaining statehood for the Territory at the coming session of Congress.

"We have," says the report, "a population of nearly half a million, the majority of whom are descendants of the Anglo-Saxon race, the balance are Spanish-American citizens who are as law-abiding and as good a people as ever lived in any state or territory. They have always been loyal to our country and to our flag."

"Recommendation is made for the creation of another judicial district in the northern part of the Territory. The criminal laws, it is declared, are being as vigorously enforced as those in any state."

"Conditions in the Territory, says the governor, have been as good as during the previous year. The immigration, while somewhat diminished, has been of a more substantial character, and in no public interest has there been a greater advance than in education."

**SANTA FE ENGINE BLOWN UP.** Engineer Hurler Three Hundred Feet and Fireman Also Killed By Explosion.

Amarillo, Tex., Dec. 6.—An engine hauling the fast freight train on the Santa Fe railroad exploded under full speed at Gerloch, Okla., yesterday, killing Engineer H. F. Ellis and Fireman A. J. Saunders, east of Amarillo. The body of the engineer was blown three hundred feet.

The old fashioned way of dosing a weak stomach, or stimulating the heart or kidneys is all wrong. Dr. Shoop's first pointed out this error. This is why his prescription—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is directed entirely to the cause of these ailments—the weak inside or controlling nerves. It isn't so difficult, says Dr. Shoop, to strengthen a weak stomach, heart or kidneys, if one goes at it correctly. Each inside organ has its controlling or inside nerve. When these nerves fall, then these organs must surely fail. These vital truths are leading druggists everywhere to dispense and recommend Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Test it a few days, and see! Improvement will promptly and surely follow. Sold by Stripling-Burrows Co.

## SOLDIERS PUSHED SANTA FE TRAIN.

Reminiscence of Early Days of Railroading in Northern New Mexico by Avery Turner.

(From El Paso Herald.)

United States soldiers once pushed a Santa Fe train over the hills in New Mexico to get to an Indian fight. It was long ago, when railroading was "railroading in the good old days," and not such as it is now. Avery Turner, who now rides in a private car over the Santa Fe lines, was the conductor of the train and vouches for the story. It was away back in the early eighties, just after the Santa Fe had built into New Mexico, and grizzled old General Forsyth was in command of the troops in northern New Mexico. The Santa Fe in those days was not the wealthy corporation that it is now, and it did not have the powerful locomotives that now draw its trains over the steepest grades without difficulty. It had only a few wheezy little old locomotives out on its frontier lines and sometimes they pulled and sometimes they didn't. General Forsyth got a dispatch that the Indians were raising trouble up in southern Colorado and he wanted to move his troops at once to the scene. Avery Turner was trainmaster at the time, and he told the general that with the motive power at his command it would be impossible to move the number of men desired. In true soldier language, more picturesque than polite, the general ordered the train to be made up. "Your road has a contract to transport soldiers and by the gods you will transport us or I will know why," was the final order of the old fighter.

**Soldiers Push Train.**

"They meant get busy," said Mr. Turner, in relating the story, "and I did the best I could. I hitched the little locomotive at my command to the troop train and we started. The first big hill we encountered, the very thing I knew would happen, occurred to us. We stalled. I asked the general if he would place 250 men at my command. He replied that he would place the whole bunch at my command if I would only get him to the scene of the fight instead of stopping on a mountain side to rest."

"When the men were ordered out, I ordered them to get on either side of the train and push. Well, you ought to have seen the expression on the faces of those soldiers. They say I meant—and the train went up the hill. They all got on again and things went well till we came to another hill. I repeated my request to the general and got some more real soldier language for my trouble, but I got the men and over we went again. Next time we slowed down, and the engineer actually turned out to the brakes to keep that train from getting hot boxes making the ascent. We had no more trouble. The soldiers were ready every time we got to a hill, and we reached the scene of debarkation ahead of time. Old General Forsyth smiled as he said farewell and said if we needed any more United States assistance in the operation of the Santa Fe, to call on him, but we didn't need it. Headquarters soon sent out some better locomotives, and after that we transported soldiers over any hills in New Mexico, and they rode all the way."

**A Truthful Man.**

Colonel Turner is one of the picturesque characters in the western railroad world of today. Truthful to a fault, he is admired and loved by the people throughout the section where he travels as vice-president of the Eastern Railroad of New Mexico, which means practically all of the Santa Fe's New Mexico lines. His truthfulness saved him from a serious prosecution once. He was going before the commission for a hearing, and stopped off in Fort Worth. He gave an interview to a Fort Worth paper on the live-stock situation and went on to Austin. Next day, when he appeared before the commission for a hearing, as he describes it himself "A cold storage plant is hauled compared to the atmosphere that greeted me in that room." Colonel Turner did not know what the trouble was about and finally asked. One of the commissioners produced a copy of the Fort Worth paper, "and of all the roastings a body of men ever got, I was quoted in that paper as giving it to the railroad commission," said he in relating the incident. "I read it over carefully and then addressed the commission."

"Honestly, gentlemen, I did not give the latter part of this interview," I said. "I admit telling the reporter about the livestock situation, but I did not say a word about the railroad commission. He must have been a mind reader, for he expressed my sentiments exactly, however."

The commissioners broke into laughter, and Turner got more respectful attention from that body than he had ever received before. They liked a truthful man.

**The Old Army.**

Colonel Turner recalls many stories of "the old west," when the railroad first came to the country and the soldiers formed the principal population of whites. He remembers an army officer at Fort Trinidad, Colo., who, as most old time army officers often did, imbibed freely. The boys had a habit of saying "Captain, you're drunk," just to see his actions. The captain was a great billiard player, and he always stood on his hands on the table to prove that he was sober. When some of the jolly spirits of the camp got into the pool room at night, they often kept the captain standing on his hands most of the time.

Colonel Turner calls the time when he had all the money in Trinidad. Trinidad then consisted of a saloon, a dance hall and a supply store, with gambling tables in all of them, and soldiers, miners and railroad construction men as the principal patrons. Money was scarce and the men running the town hit upon the idea of issuing money of their own and they had a lot of metal checks struck off. One night there was a big game on and

Colonel Turner before the morning sun began to smile down upon the little village in the mountains, found himself in possession of all the loose checks in town. For a week every man man who wanted a drink had to negotiate on future pay checks with the colonel for a supply of the metal discs.

**Army Red Tape.**

Talking of army matters in the good old days, Colonel Turner recalled a captain who had a lonely station in New Mexico and happened to be the only officer in the garrison. He was post commander, troop commander, quartermaster and several other things. As troop commander, he had to make a requisition on the commanding officer for some supplies he needed and as commanding officer he had to refer it to the quartermaster for approval, then get it back and approve it as commanding officer. By the time it had gone the rounds—all the time lying before him on his desk as he wrote, a smile overspread his countenance at the ludicrousness of the situation, and he wrote across the bottom a "fourth endorsement": "This damn rot is according to army red tape. Approved."

**A Policeman's Testimony.**

J. N. Patterson, night policeman of Nashua, Iowa, writes: "Last winter I had a bad cold on my lungs and tried at least half a dozen advertised cough medicines and had treatment from two physicians without getting any benefit. A friend recommended Foley's Honey and Tar and two-thirds of a bottle cured me. I consider it the greatest cough and lung medicine in the world." Sold by all druggists.

**BUSY DAYS IN COURT AT ALBUQUERQUE.**

**Verdict of Not Guilty Returned in Case Against Frank Arias and Jose Chaves.**

Albuquerque, N. M., Dec. 3.—The first verdict of not guilty to be returned in a criminal case during the present term of court was presented in the district court yesterday morning by the jury which sat in the case of the Territory versus Frank Arias and Jose Chaves. The men were indicted a year ago on a charge of larceny from Santa Fe box cars in the lower Santa Fe yards, it being alleged that they broke the seal on merchandise cars and extracted therefrom numerous articles and goods, including cases of brandy, whiskey, boxes of cigars and cases of butter. Portions of the goods were shipped by the Meyers Lumber Company of this city to a firm in Mountainair. Evidence was found strong enough to indict Arias and Chaves, both of whom reside in San Jose, south of Albuquerque, and they were tried at a last term of court, the trial resulting in a "hung" jury. They were brought to trial again this term, with the result that they were acquitted yesterday morning. The case was begun Monday afternoon and was not completed until late Wednesday night. District Attorney G. S. Klock prosecuted the case for the territory and defendants were represented by Attorney W. C. Heacock of Heacock and Longhary.

The case of the Territory versus John L. Lasater, of Los Lunas, charged with the murder of Nicolas Sanchez, at Tome, N. M., on September 8, 1908, was taken up in the district court here yesterday morning. Judge A. Abbott sitting on the bench. Lasater was indicted for murder by a Valencia county grand jury two days after the affair happened. A change of venue was secured from Valencia county to Bernalillo county because of alleged local feeling existing in the lower county regarding the matter. The case is being prosecuted by the Territory by Attorney General Frank W. Clancy, formerly district attorney, who is familiar with the details. E. W. Dobson is defending Lasater.

According to Constable Duran, one of the principal witnesses for the territory yesterday, Lasater was attending a fiesta at Tome, together with his wife, his son and small daughter. A dance was in progress in a tent. Lasater and a man named Lucian Argon became involved in a quarrel and went out to settle their differences. An officer, however, broke up the scrap, arresting Lasater, who was released upon his promise to furnish bond. Lasater started towards a place where he had hitched his wagon, being followed, according to Duran, by six or eight men, the crowd later growing to fifty persons. Evidently believing that his father was in danger young Lasater secured an axe and made his way through the crowd to a point nearby the elder Lasater. Duran placed Lasater, Sr., under arrest and started to take him to jail. During the excitement Nicolas Sanchez was stabbed, dying in a short time and Lasater was charged with his murder.

It is likely that the case will not be completed before Monday.

**TUSKS AND BONES OF PREHISTORIC ANIMAL.**

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 7.—Tusks and bones of what appear to be the skull of a prehistoric animal were unearthed by laborers on Joseph Geiger's ranch on Dutch flat in the Palouse wheat belt in southeastern Washington, two and a half miles northwest of Pomeroy. One of the tusks is 10 inches in length and measures 18 inches at the base and weighs 45 pounds. The other is broken. The tusks were about 20 inches apart on the skull and spread 36 inches between the tips. Efforts will be made to exhume the rest of the skeleton. It is believed this is the remains of an animal of the mastodon type, but of an age preceding by centuries to that to which the bones of mammoths found heretofore in other parts of the inland Empire belonged. A portion of the broken tusk was found on Geiger's farm about six years ago, but little attention was paid to it until the discovery of the skull and the long ivory a few days ago. If the skeleton can be recovered it will be sent to one of the institutions to be mounted for exhibition purposes.

## ELKS REMEMBER THE DEPARTED

Solemnly Beautiful Services in Their Theater Last Evening

ORATORS DELIVER EULOGIES

Splendid Musical Program Rendered—Large Audience Present.

In the beautiful theatre that the Elks built, not for themselves, but for the community, they gathered last evening in solemn convocation to remember the brothers that have departed to the realm of the spirits, as well as those that are away on earthly journeys. It is a beautiful custom that was observed yesterday wherever Elksdom has a lodge or a member. It answered the great craving of every human being not to be forgotten, to live in the memory of those who were beloved and friends on earth.

The large stage was set for the occasion with the altar of the lodge room, around which were placed in a semicircle the chairs occupied by the speakers of the evening and officers of the lodge. A monster American flag fell from the ceiling to the floor, and with it as a back ground, were suspended the emblems of the order, the elk's head with majestic antlers, and the clock with its hands pointing to the mystic hour of eleven when every Elk is supposed to drink a silent toast to the absent brother. The emblem was magnificently illuminated with various-colored lights. From it, were draped the purple of the Elks colors. At other vantage points, the American flag was displayed, and bouquets of superb carnations graced the stations of the officers which were placed as they are in the lodge room during the secret rites of the order, a large Bible being part of the equipment of one station and antlers of another.

Rev. F. W. Pratt, of the Church of the Holy Faith, pronounced the invocation after the lodge of sorrow had been opened in due form with the significant words of the ritual, and at the end of the services he also pronounced the benediction.

The orators of the evening were Colonel George W. Frichard, who explained the object, the nature of the order of Elks, dwelling upon its cardinal principles and upon the fact that no one can be the worse for being an Elk, and that unless one is a good citizen and a believer in God one cannot be a good Elk. Attorney A. B. Renchen pronounced the eulogy upon the departed brethren both those who have departed to another world, and those who were merely absent in other fields. It was an eloquent effort and many were the touching and telling allusions that were made to the charity, the faith, and the other virtues of a true Elk.

The musical program in which Mrs. Bean, Miss Bean, Mrs. J. E. Clark, Morrison's orchestra and the choir of the First Presbyterian church participated, added much to the impressiveness of the services. Dr. David Knapp presided, and the other principal chairs were occupied by A. J. Fischer, Frank P. Sturges and Carl A. Bishop. Secretary Joe D. Sena called the roll of the absent brethren. There is no need to reiterate that the Elks are doing a good work, not only among themselves but for the community, and last evening's services demonstrated that the order appeals also to a side of human nature that is placed above the material, that is sentimental and esthetic.

After exposure, and when you feel a cold coming on, take Foley's Honey and Tar, the great throat and lung remedy. It stops the cough, relieves the congestion and expels the cold from your system. Is mildly laxative. Refuse substitutes. Sold by all druggists.

**STRICTER ENFORCEMENT OF LIQUOR LAWS.**

Topeka, Kans., Dec. 6.—Governor Stubbs sent out letters to governors of all prohibition and local option states initiating a movement for stricter enforcement of federal revenue laws applying to liquor. Stubbs' plan is for the governors to unite in a protest to Congress. He calls attention to conditions which he alleged in a former letter to the president exists in Kansas—failure of the collectors to post revenue tax licenses in conspicuous places and failure to prosecute "bootleggers," who pay their licenses when apprehended, and he asks that investigations be made in the various states. The states included are Maine, Texas, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Illinois, Tennessee and Georgia.

**Omaha Officials Must Enforce Law.**

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 6.—Governor Shallenberger issued an order citing Mayor James Dabman and the other members of the Omaha fire and police commission to appear before him December 11, and show cause why the attorney general should not begin court proceedings in the supreme court on the charge of non-enforcement of the law, particularly the laws against gambling and illegal sale of intoxicating liquors.

**Bryan for Prohibition.**

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 6.—It is confirmed here that Colonel W. J. Bryan is not only a total abstainer himself but is heartily in favor of prohibition for Nebraska and the entire nation.

A sprained ankle will usually disable the injured person for three or four weeks. This is due to lack of proper treatment. When Chamberlain's Liniment is applied a cure may be effected in three or four days. This liniment is one of the best and most remarkable preparations in use. Sold by all druggists.

## BRIDESMAID DIES OF HEART FAILURE

Found Dead in Bath Tub at Fall Home in El Paso, Texas

Private Ceremony in Place of Splendid Festivities Planned.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 2.—Miss Margaret Bacon, who was to have been bridesmaid for Miss Carolyn Fall, at the latter's marriage yesterday to Marion Thatcher Everhart, of Pueblo, was found dead in a bath tub at the Fall home Tuesday night and the wedding has been postponed. Miss Bacon is from Evansville, Ind., and was a schoolmate of Miss Fall, and the latter is a daughter of Judge A. B. Fall, former attorney general of New Mexico. A rehearsal for the wedding had been held only an hour before Miss Bacon's body was found.

**Private Weddings.**

The following account of the sad incident from last evening's El Paso Herald:

Death, suddenly visiting a bride's maid, has turned song to dirge, and merry laughter to sorrowful quiet, ending all the gay preparations for what was to have been one of El Paso's most brilliant weddings. On the very day of the wedding, Miss Margaret Bacon, visiting bride's maid, of Evansville, Ind., early this morning died from heart failure. And today Miss Carolyn Fall, the bride to be, daughter of Judge A. B. Fall, of this city, mourns the loss of a friend and schoolmate—and that on her wedding day.

Decorations are being torn down from the auditorium of the First Presbyterian church. Potted plants and mammoth ferns and soft treading carpets are being loaded away, and the church dismantled of its timely decorations. The flowers will adorn the bier of the dead girl. There will be no wedding at the church tonight.

Instead, a grief stricken bride, bereaved of a friend beloved, will wed at the home of her parents on Golden Hill, the groom, Marion Thatcher Everhart, of Pueblo, Colo., with none but immediate relatives and intimate friends of the family to witness the union. And after the knot is tied, the newly made husband and wife will take the train to New Orleans for a stay in Cuba. And while they are spending on their honeymoon, a grief stricken father, Hillary E. Bacon, an Evansville merchant, will be on his way to El Paso, where he comes to claim the corpse of his dear daughter, while a mother and three children await his sad return.

**Sudden End of Dinner Party.**

At the St. Regis hotel last night the happy groom and a company of friends sat at a stag dinner and joked as only young men can on the eve of the wedding of a friend.

Their laughter was broken by the arrival of a messenger shortly after 10 o'clock, and one of their number, a doctor, hurried from the table.

While retiring for the night one of the bride's maids had been stricken with heart failure, the messenger said, and she was not expected to live the night through.

**Doctor's Efforts Useless.**

At the home of the bride, a home calmed by the presence of a house party of relatives and friends, five doctors worked over the unconscious form of the young woman from that hour until shortly after midnight, and then she died, despite the artificial respiration produced by the men of medicine.

During the day Miss Bacon had complained of an old heart malady, apparently made greater by the change of altitude during her two weeks' visit here. But in the afternoon she had taken part in the mock wedding at the church—a rehearsal of merriment and good cheer.

The attack came that night suddenly and unexpectedly, rendering her unable even to send a parting message to far distant relatives and friends. And so the two friends of girlhood days—classmates at Mt. Vernon seminary in Washington, D. C.—have been separated, and the wedding day is darkened, while the heart of a bride is wrung with woe.

Served as coffee, the new coffee substitute known to grocers everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee, will trick even a coffee expert. Not a grain of real coffee in it either. Pure healthful roasted grains, malt, nuts, etc., have been so cleverly blended as to give a wonderfully satisfying coffee taste and flavor. And it is "made in a minute." Too. No tedious 20 to 30 minutes boiling. Frank Andrews.

**EL PASO BUSINESS MEN ARE AROUSED.**

**Held Mass Meeting to Protest Against Horse Racing and Gambling at Juarez.**

El Paso, Texas, Dec. 4.—The crusade against the race track at Juarez, Mexico, opposite El Paso, has barely got under way, has already started. At a mass meeting of interested and business men last night at the Chamber of Commerce it was decided to ask the state department to make an effort to have the concession for the race track revoked if possible.

**BURIED DEAD BABY IN ADobe WALL OF HOUSE.**

Mexico City, Dec. 4.—Because her first born was not a boy, Maria Isabel Hernandez, aided by two other women, is charged, buried her baby alive in the walls of an adobe house a few minutes after its birth last Monday. The three women were arrested.

## MEMORIAL SERVICES OF ELKS AT ALBUQUERQUE.

Judge Edward A. Mann Pronounced an Eloquent Eulogy to the Departed Brethren of Lodge No. 461.

Albuquerque, N. M., Dec. 6.—In accordance with the custom general throughout the United States by the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, to meet on the first Sunday in December in memory of their absent brothers, the members of Albuquerque Lodge No. 461 gathered in the Elks' theatre yesterday afternoon to hallow the names of those who have gone to join the great grand lodge.

The services began at 2:30 and were impressive throughout. The officers of the lodge were seated in a semicircle on the stage, the furnishings of the lodge room having been transferred for the occasion. The stage itself was beautifully and artistically decorated. The floor was covered with autumn leaves and bows of cedar made a fitting background. The Elks' clock, with its hands indicating the mysterious hour of eleven, occupied a conspicuous place in the ornamentation scheme. A large American flag was tastefully draped over the salutation table, and the patriotic emblem also appeared in other places throughout the theatre.

The Elks occupied the front rows of the parquet in the theatre and the audience, which was indeed a representative one, packed the remaining seats downstairs and in the balcony.

Promptly at 2:30, attired in the conventional silk hat and frock coat, a large number of Elks entered the theatre from the lodge rooms, where they had gathered before hand. A funeral march from Chopin was played by the Cavanaugh orchestra as the Elks entered and took their proper places.

The salutation was delivered in an impressive manner by Exalted Ruler McLandress. The roll call of the deceased members, which followed the salutation, was one of the most emotional and touching features of the entire program. The names of twenty-one absent members were called, that many having passed away since the institution of Albuquerque lodge.

"Nearer My God to Thee," by the lodge and audience was rendered in a splendid manner. "The Better Land," a vocal solo by Forest S. Cartwright, touched a sympathetic chord, being sung with good effect.

The responses by the officers, being declarations by each officer in turn that it was their belief that they had discharged their duty towards their departed brothers, a charge by the exalted ruler dand a Sign of Grief by the lodge, all indicated the broad sympathy and the tender feeling of brotherly love existing in the brotherhood of Elksdom.

Judge Edward A. Mann delivered the eulogy for the occasion, his address being scholarly and eloquent, replete with sympathetic and benevolent utterances. Mr. Mann made many beautiful and touching references during his eulogy, to his absent brothers, and also gave words of help and encouragement to those who must remain on earth and bear the pang of grief and separation.

Mrs. Frederic Winn, of Magdalena, rendered in a beautiful manner the touching solo, "Show Me Thy Way." Possessing a rich and cultivated voice, full of depth and volume, Mrs. Winn made a deep impression on the audience.

The meeting was brought to a close by Exalted Ruler McLandress, following which the lodge and audience joined in the doxology. In the absence of the chaplain, Mr. J. W. Anderson recited the benediction.

The Elks then retired in a body, followed by the audience, the orchestra playing "Resignation," from Carmina, during the exit.

The absent brothers in commemoration of whom the services were held yesterday followed: Ferdinand Levi, Edwin D. Harper, M. E. Otero, J. Freudenberg, Charles F. Myers, A. W. Cavanaugh, D. J. Abel, Thomas Hughes, Abraham Kempenich, J. F. Cook, A. V. Tegner, Carl A. Dailies, W. B. Childers, A. D. Coleman, H. J. Rowell, J. P. Goodlander, J. V. Key, Charles Q. Goodman, J. L. Klum, J. H. Stingle, Wm. P. Gelford.

The officers of the lodge, who participated in the services were Dr. G. S. Landress, exalted ruler; John Lee Clarke, esteemed leading knight; O. A. Matson, esteemed loyal knight; Roy A. Stamm, esteemed lecturing knight; Roy McDonald, secretary; C. A. Hawke, treasurer; Ralph S. Danbar, esquire; J. W. Anderson, chaplain; F. H. Harris, inner guard; Jos. Miller, tier; Ernest F. Landolf, organist.

The committee to which the credit for the successful memorial is due, was composed of the following members: J. W. Colbert, chairman; F. B. Schwenker, J. W. Anderson, E. W. Roberts, B. Jacobson, W. C. Robertson.

**FRANK BELL BITTEN BY HORSE.**

Silver City, S. M., Dec. 4.—Frank Bell, a well known mining man of Pine Alto, who recently sold the Philadelphia mine at Hanover for \$75,000, is speeding on his way to the Pasteur Institute at Austin, Texas, to receive treatment for a bite by a mad horse received last Monday morning.

Bell was preparing to go overland on a prospecting trip to Mexico, when he went to the corral to hitch up the horse attacked him biting him on the hand. The horse was bitten by a mad fox three weeks ago and has been acting strangely ever since. Bell, as soon as he ascertained these facts, left at once for Austin.

## TAX COMMISSION APPOINTED

It Will Study Assessment Methods in the Territory

BOARD MEETINGS TODAY

Governor and Associates in Good Roads Work Leave for Otero County

Governor Curry, Land Commissioner R. P. Ervin and Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan, comprising the Good Roads Commission and the Carey Act Board, left over the New Mexico Central railroad this afternoon for Three Rivers, Tularosa and Alamogordo on good roads and reservoir business. The Governor's private secretary, Miss Olson accompanied him as far as Estancia so as to enable the Governor to catch up with his correspondence. She will return tomorrow. Governor Curry expects to be home the latter part of the week. Messrs. Ervin and Sullivan will go on to Silver City on good roads matters.

**Water Commissioners Meet.**

The territorial board of water commissioners met today in the office of Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan. There were present Charles Springer, the president, Member Venceslao Jaramillo and Clerk C. D. Miller. The appeal of J. L. Lawson, of Alamogordo, from the action of the territorial engineer was taken up.

**Annual Burning of Vouchers.**

The annual burning of cancelled territorial vouchers which was to have taken place today has been postponed until next Monday on account of the illness of Territorial Treasurer M. A. Otero and the absence of Governor Curry.

**Appointed Commissioner of Deeds.**

Governor Curry today appointed Edward F. Corey, 56 Wall Street, New York, commissioner of deeds for New Mexico in the state of New York.

**Notaries Public Appointed.**

Governor Curry today appointed Charles Blanchard, of Fruitland, San Juan county, and Martin A. Maloney, of Lucia, Torrance county, notaries public.

**Normal School Board Meeting.**

The board of trustees of the Spanish-American Normal School at El Rito met in Santa Fe today, there being present ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince, Colonel Venceslao Jaramillo and Hon. Malaquias Martinez.

**Inspection of Schools in Torrance County.**

Assistant Superintendent of Public Instruction Acasio Gallegos has returned from an inspection of the public schools in western Torrance county. He found that on account of the compulsory vaccination law, the attendance of the schools was very light and that some parents had made up their mind to send their children to private schools. Mr. Gallegos explained to the parents the intent of the vaccination law and the provisions of the compulsory attendance law and in consequence received their promise to send the children to the public schools.

**Tax Commission Appointed.**

Governor Curry today appointed a territorial tax commission to investigate assessments and tax matters as follows: J. S. Lea of Roswell, H. B. Henning of Albuquerque and Mr. Gonzales of Rio Arriba county. Attorney General Frank W. Clancy and Traveling Auditor Charles V. Safford are to be ex-officio members of the commission. The commission will meet with Governor Curry on December 15.

**November Land Office Business.**

During November 11,016 acres were filed upon in the federal land office at Las Cruces. There were 32 homestead entries covering 4250 acres; 18 desert land entries covering 3123 acres; seven scrip locations, five small holding claims, eleven final proofs, nine commutations and five mineral entries.

**Monthly Report of Land Office.**

The November report of the local land office just completed shows the following entries: 77 original homestead applications for 17,751.37 acres; 44 original homestead applications under the act of February 19th for 10,461.78 acres; one final desert proof for 320 acres; one soldier's additional homestead application for 80 acres; 11 original desert land entries for 1,919.37 acres; 28 final homestead proofs for 4,241.31 acres; 54 commuted homestead proofs for 8,454.04 acres.

**Hexamethylenetetramine**

The above is the name of a German chemical, which is one of the many valuable ingredients of Foley's Kidney Remedy. Hexamethylenetetramine is recognized by medical text books and authorities as a uric acid solvent and antiseptic for the urine. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy as soon as you notice any irregularities and avoid a serious malady. Sold by all druggists.

**JOHNSON SURELY MUST BE A WONDER.**

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Tom McCarey of Los Angeles, one of the unsuccessful bidders for the big fight passed through Chicago yesterday on his way to the coast. "I consider Johnson one of the most wonderful men who ever stepped into the ring," said McCarey, "and any one who thinks he is just going into the arena to take the count may have to revise his opinion. Not that I say Jeffries is going to lose and Johnson to win. I am not picking a winner but am just giving my opinion of Jack as a fighter. I don't think I ever saw a swifter man in the ring. He is the most wonderful blocker in the world and therein lies his strength and it is next to impossible to hit him."



# The New Mexican Review

NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY.

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Editor and President.  
FRANK P. STURGES,  
Vice-President.

JOHN K. STAUFFER,  
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The Weekly New Mexican Review is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1920.



## THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

President Taft is too much possessed of the judicial temperament to write a message that will set the nation afire with the boldness of its statements or that will present radical departures from accepted policies. It does not lack positiveness and yet it breathes a conciliatory spirit, the result of weighing both sides of a question. It is difficult for a man of that character to say to another: "You are entirely wrong, I alone am right."

The United States has abandoned its isolated position as far as international affairs are concerned and almost one half of the message is devoted to reviewing the relations of the United States with other nations.

Of much importance to New Mexico, of course, is the declaration as to statehood. This makes it plain, while an enabling act may be passed at this session of Congress, yet, there will be no hurry to rush the Territory into statehood. The constitution must be formulated, adopted and ratified before there will be an election of state officers. It will be January 1, 1921, therefore, before New Mexico becomes a state at the earliest calculation and it may be January 1, 1922, before the matter is consummated. Of course, all this time might have been saved, if the last legislature had done, as the New Mexican advocated, authorized the holding of a constitutional convention during the summer just past. The President says on the subject in his message:

"The successful party in the last election in its national platform declared in favor of the admission as separate states of New Mexico and Arizona, and I recommend that legislation appropriate to this end be adopted. I urge, however, that care be exercised in the preparation of the legislation affecting each territory to secure deliberation in the selection of persons as members of the convention to draft a constitution for the incoming state, and I earnestly advise that such constitution after adoption by the convention shall be submitted to the people of the territory for their approval at an election in which the sole issue shall be the merits of the proposed constitution, and if the constitution is defeated by popular vote means shall be provided in the enabling act for a new convention and the drafting of a new constitution. I think it vital that the issue as to the merits of the constitution should not be mixed up with the selection of state officers, and that no election of state officers should be had until after constitution has been fully approved and finally settled upon."

Naturally, the message devotes much thought to the finances of the nation and the tariff. In fact, President Taft says that perhaps, the most important question presented to the administration is that of economy in expenditures. This declaration reveals what will be the main claim to recognition on part of the tax payers, of the Taft policies, that of economy. A deficit of almost \$35,000,000 is anticipated by June 30, 1921, not to speak of the sum of \$38,000,000 which is expected will be disbursed by that date on the Panama canal. This double deficit is to be met by the issue of Panama canal bonds already authorized. If the President's plans for economy are adopted, instead of a deficit by June 30, 1921, there will be a surplus of \$712,000. The economies are to be of two kinds: A saving in the permanent administration of the department, bureaus and offices of the government; and a postponement of projects and improvements such as those perhaps of the reclamation service and on rivers and harbors.

The President speaks very thoughtfully on the subject of greater efficiency among government employees and the encouragement and rewarding of superior ability. He advocates a reclassification of the civil service that will purpose in view and also that superannuated public servants be granted a pension.

An important recommendation, in fact, more important than will be apparent to the layman, is the recommendation for a change in judicial procedure so as to prevent delays in the administration of justice and to reduce the cost to litigants. The message says:

"The expedition with which business is disposed of both on the civil and the criminal side of English courts under modern rules of procedure makes the

delays in our courts seem archaic and barbarous. The procedure in the federal courts should furnish an example for the state courts. I presume it is impossible, without an amendment to the constitution, to unite under one form of action the proceedings at common law and proceedings in equity in the federal courts, but it is certainly not impossible by a statute to simplify and make short and direct the procedure both at law and equity in those courts. It is not impossible to cut down still more than it is cut down, the jurisdiction of the supreme court so as to confine it almost wholly to statutory and constitutional questions. Under the present statutes the equity and admiralty procedure in the federal courts is under the control of the supreme court, but in the pressure of business to which that court is subjected, it is impossible to hope that a radical and proper reform of the federal equity procedure can be brought about. I therefore recommend legislation providing for the appointment by the President of a commission with authority to examine the law and equity procedure of the federal courts of first instance, the law of appeals from those courts to the courts of appeals and to the supreme court, and the costs imposed in such procedure upon the private litigants and upon the public treasury and make recommendations with a view to simplifying and expediting the procedure as far as possible and making it as inexpensive as may be to the litigant of little means."

The President recommends the enactment of a statute forbidding hereafter the issuing of any injunction or restraining order, whether temporary or permanent, by any federal court, without a previous notice and a reasonable opportunity to be heard on behalf of the parties to be enjoined. It shall appear to the satisfaction of the court that the delay necessary to give such notice and hearing would result in irreparable injury to the complainant and unless also the court shall from the evidence make a written finding, which shall be spread upon the court minutes, that immediate and irreparable injury is likely to ensue to the complainant, and shall define the injury, state why it is irreparable, and shall also endorse on the order issued the date and the hour of the issuance of the order.

The President recommends postal savings banks. He can see no reason for delaying action on this subject. Following the example by President Roosevelt, the chief executive recommends a ship subsidy act. He recommends special legislation for the government of Alaska, an executive council to be appointed by the President. Instead of an elective legislature, he advocates the conservation of national resources and the enactment of legislation which he promises to discuss in more detail in a special message.

Although the message advocates no startling and new policies it will probably arouse more difference in opinion than any of the messages of President Taft's predecessors, for after all, Taft touches upon subjects of most vital nature and upon which there is great difference of opinion among the thinking people of the United States.

## STUDY THE STATEHOOD BILL.

From what the New Mexican learns from the terms of the Hamilton Enabling Act introduced in the House yesterday are not near as liberal to New Mexico as have been previous measures for the Territory passed by the House. Several of its clauses should be actively discussed and if found detrimental to the future of the Territory should be changed. Delegate Andrews can help much in this and so can the Republican organization. Inviting a fight for the capital as nearly as 1915 can have no good effect. The date should be 1920, are even later, as no public good can be served at all by contentions over the location of the capital. For the present New Mexico will have its hands full without such fight.

The clause providing for the payment of the indebtedness of the Territory and its counties from the proceeds of a three million acre land grant should also be worded carefully so as to include the railroad bond indebtedness of Santa Fe and Grant counties. The word "valid" is used in the Hamilton bill, and while it is a good limitation, it should be followed by a definition of "valid" so that the argument that the greater part of the Santa Fe county debt is "invalid" can not be used.

The bill ostensibly wants to prevent a vote on the constitution at the same time as state officers are elected, but nevertheless provides for a vote on it at the time of the territorial election when it will be tied up in the choice for Delegate to Congress, the members of the legislature and county officers.

It is reasonable to suppose that candidates for Delegate to Congress and the candidates for the legislature, would expend time, energy and means to be elected and at the same time urge the acceptance of an instrument which would result in their never taking office? It is expecting too much from human nature to suppose that a vigorous campaign would be waged for the acceptance of the constitution at the same time as the election of officers that would be for naught in case the constitution is approved. The tendency would be otherwise, and even if the document provided a proper fundamental law, it is very likely that it would be defeated by the efforts of the candidates of both parties who would be engaged in a strenuous campaign for office.

If the common good will not unite Santa Fe, perhaps, a common danger will. The statehood bill that will be passed by Congress at this session provides that the capital shall remain at Santa Fe until 1925, after that date it goes to the city that makes the best showing and puts up the best fight. It's high time, is it not for property owners and for business men to get together in one strong, hustling commercial organization?

## NOW IS THE TIME TO BOOST.

From Willard Belknap, Naravisa, Quay county, comes the suggestion for the territorial newspapers to engage in a concerted campaign to set New Mexico aright before the world. He advocates that each newspaper, dailies, semi-weeklies and weeklies, make a special short term subscription rate for people living outside of the Territory; that public spirited citizens in each community pay for several such subscriptions to names they will designate. During the time that these extra subscriptions are running, each editor should see to it that each issue contains at least one article boosting his town and section and one or more cuts illustrating its advancement. If possible, these should also be sketches of some leading citizen or citizens, possibly his picture, if for no other reason than to show that to be a dweller in New Mexico is not necessarily a sign that one is a Hottentot. There should be accounts of crops, of industries and of progress. One copy of each paper should be sent to each member of the House and Senate committees on territories. In this connection, there could be subscription price contests by each paper.

The plan is a feasible and a good one. Mr. Belknap is known as the king of boosters in his section and has done, perhaps, more than any other individual to bring settlers to eastern New Mexico. He says that with such co-operation by the newspapers, the advantages of the Territory can be more widely advertised than by the expenditure of thousands of dollars and the expense will be distributed so widely and equitably that it will be no burden on any individual. Naravisa is about to adopt the plan and the New Mexican is at work on it, with a Capital Statehood edition as a starter. Let other towns and papers also take it up!

## UNREASONING PREJUDICE.

There is no denying that there is current in the east and especially at the national capital, an impression that New Mexico is frightfully corrupt. Of course, in many respects, people of New Mexico are to blame for this impression for they have carefully fostered it, but part of the impression is also due to misunderstanding and ignorance. There is a deeprooted prejudice, for instance, against Spanish speaking races, a prejudice that crops out again and again. There is a prejudice caused by the employment of interpreters in the courts and in public assemblies. No amount of argument and demonstration of the injustice of such prejudice seems to mend the impression. Even in the statehood bill this prejudice against the native born people has crept in, for it provides that the constitution must make provision that only those who are able to speak and write fluently the English language shall be eligible to any office in the state, be it executive or legislative. Such restriction in the enabling act for any Territory is unprecedented and points to the unhappy prejudice that is hurting this Territory. It is true that such a limitation would not disqualify a single territorial officer today for they all are able to speak and write English fluently; it would not disqualify any legislator, for of late years, practically every member of the legislature had command of the English tongue. But it demonstrates the more forcibly how unjust, how undeserved, the censures upon the people of New Mexico, and how careful New Mexico must be in every step it takes to live down the "black eye" given it by malicious or uninformed agitators.

## TENDS STRICTLY TO BUSINESS.

The Commercial Club of El Paso evidently attends strictly to business. It achieves results therefore. It lets civic righteousness to its members individually or to other organizations and devotes its time entirely to the promotion of the material rather than the moral side of the industrial and business interests of the Pass City. Says the El Paso Herald:

"The El Paso chamber of commerce is nearing the close of the most successful year in its history. Three conspicuous achievements stand out boldly on the record. First is the financing and completion of the new building; second, the successful work of the freight bureau of the chamber in securing rate adjustments; third, the unprecedented amount of publicity work that has been done."

"Never before has the chamber of commerce represented so actively so many different and varying interests. The membership of nearly every line of business. In times past the work of the chamber has often been criticized by one section or another of the membership because of alleged failure to take a broad view of the diverse needs of the city and an alleged disposition to favor certain branches of business activity at the expense of others. This year under the present administration of the chamber of commerce, all branches of business have received due consideration. Never before has the mercantile membership, both wholesale and retail, been so large, and never before have the merchants paid their dues so willingly. The manufacturers, agriculturists, stock growers, and representatives of other occupations have seen tangible results from the work of the chamber."

It is rather remarkable that the telegraph should report a minimum of one degree lower at the Agricultural College in the Mesilla valley than the weather bureau observed at Santa Fe, but it has been recognized for many years that owing to the sheltered position of Santa Fe, it is never so cold here in winter as it gets to be two hundred miles further south and from 2,000 to 4,000 feet lower. Even Roswell reported only a few years ago, the extreme of 29 below zero, or 18 degrees below the very coldest ever recorded in Santa Fe. In summer, it is cooler at Santa Fe than at Denver, Colorado Springs or other favored summer resorts and in winter, the extremes of cold are less than they are at towns much farther south and lower in altitude.

President Taft has been so aroused by the iniquity and the damage done by the White Slave Traffic that he goes out of his way in his message to denounce it and to favor the appropriation of \$50,000 by Congress to help in suppressing it. And what the nation ought to do should be supplemented by the states in passing proper laws and by communities in enforcing them. No city government should countenance it for a moment, no sheriff, no police force, no district attorney, no judge should show it any mercy. It is the most insidious evil that confronts the nation today. No nation can endure, the strength of whose manhood is sapped by immorality. Even a people soaked in whiskey and wine may retain some strength that will enable it to withstand decay but no tribe or people have ever survived debauchery such as President Taft seeks to suppress by destroying the trade in white slaves, a trade which is more contemptible, more savage, more cruel than was the trade in black slaves at any time.

In view of the vigorous prosecution of the good roads movement by Governor Curry's administration, it is significant to note what another western state is doing in that direction. Two systems of highways are being built in Washington, one by the state alone, the other by the state and counties. The state has 1081 miles of highways surveyed and it is estimated that 10 years will be required to complete the work. The average cost per mile is \$6,000. Where the counties and state join in building a road each pays half the expense. There is twice as much of this class of work contemplated as of the state work.

The Santa Fe system has put twenty-five more men to work in its roundhouse at Albuquerque, which indicates that the building of the Belen cut-off has not hurt Albuquerque from a railroad standpoint. It has been the experience of New Mexico that communities who feared to lose trade because of the building of railroads into their trade territory, have gained by the development of the tributary country, especially where the community pulled together for the common good. Las Vegas seems to be the only exception and that is caused by the bickering of the two towns which instead of consolidating into one large, prosperous, progressive city, prefer to remain divided and at loggerheads.

Of thirteen millions of young men in the United States between the ages of 21 and 35, only five per cent receive in the schools any direct preparation for their vocations and of every one hundred graduates of our elementary schools, only eight obtain their livelihood by means of the professions and commercial pursuits while the remaining ninety-two support themselves and their families by their hands. These were the statistics quoted by a speaker yesterday at Milwaukee, Wis., in speaking of the colossal waste of our public school systems, which though they cost millions upon millions of dollars annually, do so little to fit the boy and girl to earn their own living, which after all is the most important practical aim of any schooling.

That high altitude is in itself a factor in the cure of tuberculosis or wasting diseases is forcibly brought to mind by the decision of the specialists who were called in consultation to save the life of Lord Ivor Churchill, second son of the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, nee Consuelo Vanderbilt. They told the parents that the only hope for the boy was residence in a high altitude and while Santa Fe can hardly expect a visit from the Marlboroughs, yet, the publication of the decision of the specialists is in itself a good advertisement for every health resort perched as high in the hills as is Santa Fe.

For the first time in several years the penitentiary closes the fiscal year without a deficit. Although about \$25,000 of the \$30,000 available for the management of the institution had been expended when Superintendent J. W. Reynolds took hold of the institution five months ago, he has made ends meet by increasing the earnings and giving the place a clean-cut business management. Governor Curry certainly made no mistake when he persuaded Mr. Reynolds, against Mr. Reynolds' inclination, to accept the responsible but inglorious post.

Listen to the coyotes howling! The Democratic hammer chorns is tuning up to pitch into Chief Justice Mills, J. E. Curran, the elder, now in Texas, because it became too uncomfortable for him in New Mexico, has sounded the tocsin in the Widorado Progress, and it echoes like the wail of a lost soul; the Roswell Daily Record has taken up the chorus with a high quavering note and the Albuquerque Citizen-Tribune jumps in with a grunt. It seemed too good to believe that the anvil chorus would cease long enough to let the new governor take his chair.

The treasurer of the county is preparing for the printer, the delinquent tax list for 1920. It is as long, if not longer, than that of 1907, published yesterday, and will be printed in the course of a few days. Those who would rather not have their names appear, should see the collector with the ready coin in their hand and thus be performing a duty to the commonwealth that every good citizen delights to perform, and will also do service to themselves and their good name.

President Taft's message was well received by Congress said the Associated Press yesterday. It will also be well received by thoughtful men of both parties throughout the country. There is room for difference on some points that the President makes, but he hardly expects an unqualified approval even within his own party on every question he discussed.

Governor Curry is right when he says that Albuquerque, the largest city in the Territory, ought to have the largest and most prosperous National Guard organization in the Territory. Santa Fe has three National Guard organizations. Albuquerque none. It is well for Santa Fe to be ahead of Albuquerque in one particular, but looking at it from the larger standpoint, it is deplorable that thus far the efforts to organize a National Guard company in Albuquerque have not been successful.

A balance of more than \$181,000 in the territorial treasury at the end of the fiscal year after all bills are paid and all obligations met, is an unprecedented happening in New Mexico. It is no wonder that securities of New Mexico, its counties and its towns as a rule fetch a higher premium than in New York than do the securities of New York City itself. The financial management of New Mexico under Republican administrations has been such that the people have every reason to be proud of it.

The Bernalillo County Improvement Association will ask Congress to appropriate \$25,000 to pay for a survey of the county by miles and bounds. Here's hoping they will get it and that every one of the other twenty-five counties will make a similar effort, for, to say the least, there has been no official survey of any county by miles, bounds, precinct and school district lines, and though it may seem incredible, there are large stretches of land in some counties that are apparently, or at least not officially, located, in any precinct or school district at all.

The avidity with which every available inch of water is being filed upon in the Territory and the eagerness with which applicants ask for the segregation of lands under the Carey Act for the purpose of reclaiming them, argues well for the prosperity and stability of conditions in New Mexico. If the Territory were misgoverned or if there were any doubt as to its future, investors would be careful to keep away instead of falling over each other in their anxiety to get hold of lands and waters.

Las Cruces, which has laid some twenty miles of cement walks the past two years, is not going to stop and intends to continue the work until every street is paved. In consequence of this spirit, Las Cruces is growing and real estate values with it. Many a property that was worth only a thousand dollars before the sidewalks were laid is now worth two to three thousand dollars.

For three days past, the highest temperature at Denver, Colo., was five degrees above zero, or the very lowest to which it fell in Santa Fe last night, the coldest of the winter. Yet, Denver attracts many times the tourists and healthseekers that Santa Fe does with its much milder winter and cooler summer weather. There is a reason, and it is up to Santa Fe to find it.

"The financial condition of the Territory is a matter of congratulation to the people. The fiscal year has closed with a large surplus in many funds and the revenues that will be derived from all sources during the coming year will not only be ample to meet all ordinary expenses but will place the treasury in such shape that next year the territorial tax rate can be reduced to 1. If not 10 mills on the dollar."

When one considers the negligence of the New York insurance department which had not examined the books of one great fire insurance company for more than twenty years, one wonders how any man can have the temerity to speak of New Mexico being corrupt in comparison with the states.

A significant dispatch from Colorado Springs says: "El Paso county will turn over to the state treasurer this month about \$75,000 in inheritance taxes." Quite a neat sum that would run the municipality of Santa Fe for more than five years on its present basis of expenditures.

The warning issued to the officers of the National Guard not to incur debts in the management of armories unless such are authorized, is a timely one. It is to be hoped that no deficiencies of any kind will need to be presented to the next legislative assembly.

Gallup is making a success of municipal ownership of its water plant, says District Attorney Ruiz. The town makes a profit of \$700 a month and has a better supply than it ever enjoyed under private ownership of the plant, which it appears, had been giving a poor service at high prices.

A greater Santa Fe will be hard to beat in 1921. A divided Santa Fe will have to spend money like water each legislative year to keep the capital from being removed. Why not have a greater Santa Fe before the census is taken?

Carlsbad is to the front with the first candidate for the Democratic nomination for Delegate to Congress next November in the person of its mayor, James M. Dye, who is a lawyer and a member of the Democratic territorial central committee.

Sent to Penitentiary—Vicente Carro pleaded guilty to stealing a mare, in district court at Albuquerque yesterday, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for one to two years.

Death of Healthseeker at Las Vegas—Miss Helen Donnelly, aged 37 years, died yesterday at Las Vegas after nine years' struggle with ill health. She came to New Mexico nine years ago from Kansas City.

Died Suddenly—E. K. Lankford, who came to Albuquerque six months ago from Adrian, Mo., for his health, died suddenly yesterday. He is survived by his wife who came to Albuquerque as a bride.

## PROHIBITION FRIEND OF LABOR

Biennial Address of Superintendent P. A. Baker of Anti-Saloon League

## CONVENTION HELD AT CHICAGO

Remarkable Victories Gained During the Past Two Years.

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 8.—Last evening, at the National Convention of the Anti-Saloon League of America, General Superintendent P. A. Baker made his biennial address, remarkable in that it showed that Prohibition is the friend of Union Labor. Among other things, Superintendent Baker said:

"There is no class that suffers so much from the drink traffic as do those who perform manual labor, and there is no class so much exploited by saloon and brewery element as they. In every legislative and local option contest brewery interests begin at once to work upon the prejudices of our wage-earners, to induce them to pass resolutions and vote against everything that has the appearance of restrictive, prohibitory or local option legislation, and too often they have succeeded in using that class of our citizenship to pull their chestnuts out of the fire. They falsely tell them that temperance advocates are trying to destroy their livelihood and take from them their personal liberty, thereby turning them against their own best interests and their best friends. This, however, should not be accounted strange or discouraging. No great moral reform in history but has been compelled, in the beginning, to make its way in the face of the opposition of the very people it was intended to benefit and who should have been its friends from the beginning."

"The great labor movement of this country and the world is yet to become a great spiritual and religious movement. Organized labor is fundamentally a holy crusade. In many instances it is busily conducted and sometimes it is at war with its best friends, but it is a struggle toward light and justice and a square deal. It seeks to correct a great wrong and it is not strange that it often blunders in the effort. It is striving for a principle of right and righteousness, but all the while, as a body, refusing to give due recognition to the source of all righteousness. The forces with which it grapples are so gigantic and far reaching that the struggle is an unequal one without the aid of the Christ life and the Christ spirit. They will come to see this—come to see it now, and with a fuller comprehension of it they will turn to the Carpenter's Son and to His church for assistance, without which no cause can ever succeed finally. We must not permit the liquor interests of the country to capture those, our natural friends, and turn them against us and against themselves as well."

"We are creating a new band of politics and politicians; we are making it safe for public officials to do right; we are magnifying the oath of office; we are teaching men that public office is a public trust; that there is no political future for the man who abandons conscience when he enters the public service; that the laws represent the combined average public sentiment of the people, which cannot be ignored without peril to the one who does it. Our movement is doing more to usher in the new patriotism than any other agency aside from the church itself."

"It is difficult to measure the work of the past two years. How much of hope inspired, courage kindled and conviction established, none can tell. The concrete results of two years of this Holy Crusade may be estimated with reasonable correctness: That during the year 1920, more than eleven thousand saloons were voted out of existence, and through restrictive measures and better law enforcement more than four thousand more were forced to close their doors; that since January 1st, 1920, saloons have been closed at the rate of forty per day; that forty-one millions of the people of the United States are now living in prohibition territory; that seventy per cent of the area of the United States forbids the licensed liquor traffic, tells only a part of the visible results. New and powerful friends are everywhere gathering to the Anti-Saloon League standard. From a few struggling agitators, of sixteen years ago, hammering at the church doors in Ohio, seeking admission and a chance to be heard, it is becoming a well-drilled, compact army, with brains and ballads and conscience to use both for the speedy coming of the Master's Kingdom."

"We are just beginning to learn how to direct the battle—to wisely handle our resources, to make every dollar of money, and every ounce of energy, count the most. Even in the best organized state much time must be given to the training of new recruits, or what is more perplexing, the restraining of some who are pleased to call themselves veterans, who insist upon rushing into battle with the old fashioned blunderbuss, when only the modern Krag Jargon can do execution."

## WOOL VALUES ARE FULLY MAINTAINED.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 7.—Fair trade still continues in the local wool market, although the transactions are moderate in amounts. The chief demand is from the woolen mills, as the worsted mills are well stocked up. Values are being fully maintained. Fine staple Idaho has sold at 25 cents and medium clothing territory at 23 cents. There is very little demand for Ohio fleeces, although a few transactions in quarter blood have been made at 35 cents.

## HAD TOO MANY SWEET HEARTS

Mounted Police Take Charge of Silverton Telephone Manager.

## CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT

Time Given for Filing of Briefs in the Ruidoso Power Proposition.

The mounted police night before last took from the Santa Fe train near Lamy, R. S. Rankin, manager of a telephone company office at Silverton, Colo., who was on his way south. This morning Mounted Policeman W. E. Dudley left for Silverton to deliver Rankin to the Colorado authorities who charge him with embezzlement. Rankin made no resistance and waived requisition proceedings, saying that his downfall was due to having too many sweethearts and now that he was in for it, the sooner he was over it the better. Rankin is a practical telephone man. He is twenty-two years old and prepossessing in appearance.

Arrested for Carrying Gun. Mounted Policeman Rafael Gomez last evening arrested a man at Cerrillos for carrying a gun.

District Court. In the district court for Santa Fe county, suit was filed today by Zepora G. Rencach of Los Angeles, Calif., versus Aloys B. Rencach of Santa Fe, for a readjustment of alimony and division of community property alleged to be worth \$30,000, while the annual income of defendant is given at \$12,000. The plaintiff asserts that after divorce from defendant she married R. C. Gortner, whose present income from his law practice is only \$125 a month and his property worth only \$14,000, and that defendant had ceased paying her \$150 alimony upon her remarriage. She also asks to be awarded various articles which she claims are her personal property, but remained in the custody of her former husband.

Time Given for Briefs. The territorial board of water commissioners, in the appeal of J. L. Lawson of Alamogordo against the action of Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan in the Ruidoso power proposition, gave thirty days to applicants for power rights to file briefs and thirty days subsequent to Lawson to reply. The matter will be disposed of at the February meeting of the board.

Inmate Asylum Board. The board of trustees of the territorial asylum for the insane, met at Las Vegas yesterday and transacted routine business.

Insurance Department Makes Inquiry. Superintendent of Insurance Jacobo Craves yesterday made telegraphic inquiry of the insurance commissioner of New York as to the exact status of the Phenix Insurance Company, whose president was indicted today for larceny.

## PERSONAL MENTION

L. C. Fralick, a Chicago traveling salesman, is a guest at the Palace.

C. Bernhardt, a Minneapolis traveling man, is registered at the Palace.

Judge H. L. Waldo, who had been visiting his family at Kansas City, has returned to Las Vegas.

Hugh Calkins, assistant supervisor of the Pecos forest, left this morning on a trip to Albuquerque.

Deputy Traveling Auditor John Joerns will leave this evening for Raton to visit his family.

Attorney George B. Paxton of Taos is here from Kansas City, Mo., looking after irrigation matters.

Frank E. Andrews, supervisor of the Jemez forest, has returned from an inspection trip throughout his district.

Miss Massie has returned home from a sojourn of several months at Toronto, Canada, and visit to other eastern points.

F. W. Drake, of the Santa Barbara Tle and Pole Company, is in town from Hodges, Taos county. He is stopping at the Palace.

Mrs. L. C. Armitz and Mrs. Anita Chapman left this forenoon for Espanola, where Mrs. Chapman will inspect a shipment of coal oil.

"Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Luna are planning to entertain at the Alvarado during the holiday season, dancing and cards to be the features of the event."—Albuquerque Morning Journal.

Traveling Auditor Charles V. Sanford returned yesterday from Clovis, Curry county, where he transacted successfully a difficult item of official business. He left last evening for Sierra county.

O. C. Watson, formerly of this city, now the leading insurance manager at Pueblo, Colorado, and an all-around good fellow, is in Santa Fe for several days shaking hands with old friends.

Oscar C. Snow of Mesilla Park, was among last night's arrivals taking quarters at the Claire. He came to attend a meeting of the territorial board of water commissioners of which he is a member.

Alex. S. Bushkevitz, representative from Mora county in the last legislature, has shaken the dust of New Mexico from his shoes and taken up his residence in Chicago which offers a wider field for his versatility.

W. E. Smith of La Veta, conductor on the Denver and Rio Grande, arrived yesterday on his last trip of the year as on next Sunday he leaves on a month's vacation trip. He intends visiting a daughter at Decatur, Ill., and will visit other eastern points.



## OUTLINE FOR EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM AT ROSWELL.

Meeting Will Be Held Between Christmas and New Year and Should Be Largely Attended.

The New Mexico Journal of Education prints the following general outline of the program for the New Mexico Educational meeting at Roswell December 28 to 30:

**Tuesday Session, December 28.**  
Evening—Eight o'clock.

General Session—President's Address, Announcements, Social Hour.

**Wednesday Session, December 29.**  
Morning—Nine-thirty o'clock.

General Session.

1. The Debt of the Public to the Schools, Hon. Hiram Hadley, Mesilla Park.

2. The Most Vital Needs of the New Mexico Public Schools, Hon. G. A. Richardson, Roswell.

3. The Education of An Educator, Dr. E. McQueen Gray, Albuquerque.

4. Waste in School Management, Supt. J. E. Clark, Santa Fe.

Afternoon—Two o'clock.

General Session.

Institute Section, 2 to 4.

County Superintendent's Section, 2 to 3.

High School and College Section.

Elementary Schools Section.

Evening—Eight o'clock.

General Session.

Lecture—Hon. Alexander Hogg, Fort Worth, Texas.

**Thursday Session, December 30.**  
Morning—Eight-thirty o'clock.

Council Meeting.

Conference Music and Drawing Supervisors, 9:45 o'clock.

Lecture—Hon. Alexander Hogg, 10:50 o'clock.

The Peace Movement in the Schools, Prof. J. H. Vaughan, Agricultural College, 11 o'clock.

Business Session.

Afternoon:

Sight-Seeing—Valley Trips.

Evening—Eight o'clock.

Oratorical Contest.

Program of the County Superintendent's Section.

A. B. Stroup, Chairman.

1. What Policies Should Be Adopted in the Enforcement of the Vaccination Law?

C. C. Hill, Roswell, N. M., Supt. Chaves county.

Collin Noblitt, Silver City, N. M., Supt. Grant county.

Mrs. Josie Lockhart, Raton, N. M., Supt. Colfax county.

J. A. Torres, Socorro, N. M., Supt. Socorro county.

2. Plans for the Enforcement of the Compulsory Attendance Law and the Results of the Same.

A. A. Kaiser, Carlsbad, N. M., Supt. Eddy county.

John H. Haley, Carrizozo, N. M., Supt. Lincoln county.

May Vincent, Las Cruces, N. M., Supt. Dona Ana county.

Isaac W. Dwyer, Taos, N. M., Supt. Taos county.

3. The Legal and Moral Duties of the County Superintendent in the Administration of School Affairs in the County.

George Burch, Santa Rosa, N. M., Supt. Guadalupe county.

M. Pikard, Gallup, N. M., Supt. McKinley county.

Ney P. Gorman, Deming, N. M., Supt. Luna county.

4. Items That Should Be Given Attention by the County Superintendent on His Visit to Schools.

Mrs. S. F. Culbertson, Portales, N. M., Supt. Roosevelt county.

C. S. Grammer, Tucuman, N. M., Supt. Quay county.

Blaas Sanchez, Wagon Mound, N. M., Supt. Mora county.

Chas. Bart, Mountainair, N. M., Supt. Torrance county.

5. The Greatest Needs of Our Rural Schools.

L. Simms, Alamogordo, N. M., Supt. Otero county.

Bonifacio Montoya, Bernalillo, N. M., Supt. Sandoval county.

J. M. C. Chavez, Abiquiu, N. M., Supt. Rio Arriba county.

Jos. Gill, Amistad, N. M., Supt. Union county.

6. The Common School Course of Study, Its Advantages and Disadvantages.

Supt. J. E. Clark, Santa Fe, N. M.

S. J. M. Fife, Aztec, N. M., Supt. San Juan county.

M. F. Desmarais, Las Vegas, N. M., Supt. San Miguel county.

L. C. Mersfelder, Clovis, N. M., Supt. Curry county.

7. Recommendations as to the Items for University Blanks.

Jesus C. Sanchez, Tome, N. M., Supt. Valencia county.

John V. Conway, Santa Fe, N. M., Supt. Santa Fe county.

J. P. Parker, Hillsboro, N. M., Supt. Sierra county.

The New Mexico Intercollegiate Oratorical Association.

The fifth annual contest of the New Mexico Oratorical Association will be held at Roswell, Thursday evening, December 30th. It is our hope to see this the best in a series of contests which have shown steady improvement from year to year. As usual two contests will be held, one for higher institutions and one for high schools. Each will have its own set of judges. The higher institutions which may send representatives are the University, College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts, School of Mines, Normal University, and the Military Institute. All high schools in the territory are considered members of the association. Any school in either division which sends a representative is required to pay the membership fee of two dollars. The officers of the Association are: President, Supt. J. A. Wood, Santa Fe; vice-president, Supt. M. H. Brasher, Roswell. Owing to the resignation of Prof. J. H. Crum as secretary and treasurer, and the fact that several who have been asked to take the office made vacant found it impossible to assume its duties, all business of the Association is being attended to by the president of the Association.

In the higher institutions division, the University and the Agricultural College have reported that contestants are ready, while in the high schools

division, Santa Fe, Albuquerque, Deming, Gallup, Roswell and Carlsbad are prepared for the contest. A successful meeting of the Oratorical Association is therefore assured.

## Railroad Rates.

The railroad secretary, Mr. R. R. Larkin, reports that the A. T. & S. F. will grant a round trip rate for the Roswell meeting of one and one-fifth fare. The New Mexico Central has made a very generous rate of one fare. Special arrangements have been made whereby teachers may leave Santa Fe at 8 o'clock in the morning, arrive at Torrance at 12 o'clock, connect with the automobile line and reach Roswell at 6 o'clock in the evening, just one day being consumed in the trip. The round trip will cost only \$20.50 (Santa Fe to Roswell), provided fifty tickets are sold. This special train will connect at Kennedy, at 9 o'clock in the morning, with No. 19 from the west.

## Officers of the Association.

President, Dr. W. E. Garrison, president Agricultural College, Agricultural College, N. M.

Vice-President, D. A. Paddock, principal schools, Hagerman, N. M.

Secretary, Mrs. S. F. Culbertson, superintendent Roosevelt county schools, Portales, N. M.

Treasurer, Prof. D. C. Taylor, principal ward school, Albuquerque, N. M.

County Superintendent's Section: President, A. B. Stroup, superintendent Bernalillo county schools, Albuquerque, N. M.

High School and College Section: President, Dr. B. S. Gowen, president Normal University, E. Las Vegas, N. M.

Elementary Section: President, W. D. Sterling, superintendent of city schools, Albuquerque, N. M.

Executive Committee—Supt. J. E. Clark, Santa Fe; Dr. T. W. Conway, Raton; R. R. Larkin, E. Las Vegas, N. M.

Railroad Secretary: R. R. Larkin, E. Las Vegas, N. M.

Local Secretary and Manager of the Roswell Meeting: M. H. Brasher, superintendent of city schools, Roswell, N. M.

## REGULAR MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

Regular meeting of the City Council called to order by Mayor Sena, there being present Councilmen Armijo, Baca, Moya, Ortiz, Quintana, and Wheldon. The minutes of the previous meeting were affirmed.

By motion of Councilman Baca, seconded by Councilman Armijo, the city marshal was authorized to arrange headquarters for policemen.

A special levy was made for the construction of sidewalks upon the property of the following persons:

Mrs. Cora L. S. Connawood, Agustín Salcedo, Lorenzo Gutierrez, Celestino Ortiz, Chas. Parson, Mrs. Maria Parson, N. B. Laughlin, Mrs. L. A. Harvey.

A communication from Flavio Silva was read asking the council to place a quarterly license on a merry go round.

The following amendments were made on occupation licenses and adopted by unanimous vote.

Merry go round run by hand per month \$2.00.

Merry go round run by steam per month \$15.

Merry go round run by steam, per week, \$5.

Also adding thereto after the words "Itinerant tailors" the following words, "Itinerant merchants \$25 per annum payable quarterly."

An amendment reducing license on automobiles was presented by Councilman Baca, Councilman Armijo then moved that the amendment be laid on the table indefinitely, vote was taken and was as follows: Ayes, Councilman Armijo, Moya, Ortiz, Quintana, Wheldon. 5 Nays, Councilman Baca, 1. The mayor declared the motion of Councilman Armijo adopted.

The council then adjourned to meet again Monday Dec. 13, 1909, at Mayor Sena's office.

## SKELETON IN EX-GOVERNOR'S FAMILY.

First Wife of the Late M. H. McCord of Arizona Brings Contest Against Will.

Phoenix, Ariz., Dec. 8.—In the fight begun in the district court by Anna McCord, his first wife, for her share of his estate, the family skeleton of Ex-Governor W. H. McCord, who was also United States marshal for this territory, is being brought to light in all its startling nakedness.

McCord's first wife and his son, C. J. McCord, testified on the stand that McCord was never married to the woman with whom he lived in Wisconsin as his second wife, Sarah Rita McCord.

C. J. McCord testified that he had searched the marriage license records of Wisconsin, and nowhere was he able to find any trace of a marriage license having been issued or a marriage performed.

McCord was married three times during his lifetime, so he asserted while living, twice in Wisconsin and once in Arizona. His first wife now claims that he was married but twice, the first time to her in Wisconsin and the second to Mary Emma McCord in Phoenix.

In the present litigation the first wife seeks to have the will of McCord set aside and a judgment granting her one-half of his property in Phoenix, which is valued at about \$10,000. Later she will make a fight for half of his ranch property here.

## RAILROADS WILL NOT ADVANCE RATES.

San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 7.—According to Roy Campbell, secretary and sales manager of the South Texas Truck Growers' Association, the proposed advance in onion freight rates of 5 cents per 100 pounds will not be made by the railroads. It is understood that his organization objected strenuously to the threatened increase, and that the railroads yielded to the pressure exerted. It is stated that the increase would have meant over \$10,000 or next season's crop.

## FEAST OF MUSIC AT LORETTO.

Large Audience of Music Lovers Hears Last Night's Concert

## VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL.

Pupils Acquitted Themselves Well in Rendering Difficult Selections.

A music feast, both dainty and substantial, was given last night by the pupils of Loretto academy in the Loretto auditorium where a good sized audience of music lovers gathered despite the cold weather and snow covered streets. The entertainment reflected credit on the pupils, many of whom are quite young and on the good sisters whose painstaking care has made the academy so successful for the past half century or more.

The program, like a well arranged menu, was a varied one and there were numbers in it to appeal to the lovers of classic music as well as to those who appreciate merely simple melodies.

It was opened with a selection, "Calm is the Sea" for the chorus of a hundred or more voices. The sixteenth or final number of the program was also sung by the chorus, "Sing On," by Victor Hammer, being the name of the piece. In both selections the chorus displayed a precision of attack and a richness of tone that showed it had been well selected and well drilled. The youthful voices of the singers lent a freshness to the chorus that was peculiarly agreeable as the applause testified.

## Vocalists Score.

The lovers of vocal music found several gems to arouse their enthusiasm. One of the singers was Miss Margaret McGinnis of El Paso. Her rich mezzo-soprano voice was heard to advantage in the song "Star of Bethlehem." Although she has been studying singing only a few months her voice seemed well developed in all its registers and she sang with ease and showed good breath control. Her piano accompanist, Miss Elizabeth Marks, also of El Paso, lent sympathetic support. In another number, a duet, Miss McGinnis and Miss Mary Beatrice McEniry of El Paso, merited the applause they received. Miss McEniry has a rich contralto voice which she knows how to use remarkably well for a girl who is just in her teens.

## Pianists of Ability.

One of the pleasing features of the program was the talent displayed by the pianists. For years the piano has been recognized as the sign of culture and refinement and nearly every cultured household has such an instrument. Hence the importance that is attached to it. All of the pianists heard last night displayed fine technique, and a musical understanding that proclaimed the artistic temperament. Five of the pianists hail from El Paso. They are Misses Margaret McGinnis, Elizabeth Marks, Virginia Ryan, Rose Mary Bennett and Mary Beatrice McEniry. Three are from this city: Misses Edith Hampe, Frances Anya and Lena Lorenzo. Miss Mary Murphy, another pianist is from Denver. Only the student of the piano knows the tasks that have to be mastered to play well enough to be heard in concerts and the ease with which these young ladies last night ran over scores bristling with technical difficulties must have been gratifying to their teachers.

The lovers of the violin, considered by many the "king of instruments" gave Miss Katherine McGinnis who played "Le Reve d'un Ange" on this instrument, a warm reception. Miss McGinnis displayed graceful bowing and a sympathetic tone. She was accompanied on the piano by Miss Margaret McGinnis, one of the best pianists at the academy.

There were two recitations. The first was by Miss Eva Kitchen of Gallup. She recited "Minnie's Christmas Party." Her enunciation was good and her voice well trained. The second was by Miss Rose Mary Bennett of El Paso. She recited "Our Guide in Genoa and Rome." Her delivery was good and her case of manner added to her charm as a speaker.

## WILL GIVE LUCKY HOLDERS AN ESTIMATE.

Uncle Sam is Accommodating to Those Who Draw Prizes in Northwest Drawings.

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 8.—Official announcement is made by Superintendent Witten, who had charge of the drawings for Indian reservation lands in eastern Washington, northern Idaho and western Montana last August, that those who hold numbers for homesteads will be aided in selecting land by estimates of values to be furnished by the department of the Interior. Mr. Witten says in a letter to L. G. Monroe, secretary of the Spokane Chamber of Commerce, that, although persons holding numbers are at liberty to inspect and examine the lands in the reservations for which their numbers are assigned, not reserved or allotted to the Indians, this will not be necessary before they present their filings, as they may with reasonable safety be guided by the estimates of the three commissioners, who have classified and appraised the land. Secretary Monroe says that more than 75 per cent of those who secured numbers for homesteads of 160 acres each at the drawings last summer will make filings. Some of the homesteads are worth from \$5,000 to \$10,000 for their timber alone.

## REDUCTION IN CATTLE SUPPLY AT KANSAS CITY.

Still, Considering the Season, It Was Fairly Good and Prices Have Upward Tendency.

Kansas City Stock Yards, Dec. 8.—Cattle supply last week showed some reduction from recent weeks, but was still fairly good for the season. Range offerings embraced cattle from all over the range country, and shipments this week will be liberal from those sections also. The market was higher first of last week, but there was a decline after Tuesday, which applied mostly to fed cattle from native territory, westerners holding nearly steady during the week. The run today is 12,000 head, market on westerners strong to 19 higher, although fed steers are up to 19 to 20 cents today, cows also strong to 10 higher, stockers and feeders firm. Colder weather last few days, together with prospects of a moderate run balance of this week, has stimulated the market on killing grades. Colorado beef steers selling at \$1.75 to \$1.85, cows and heifers \$1.75 to \$1.85; canners \$1.30 to \$1.35; feeders up to \$4.90; stockers \$1.75 to \$1.70. Texas and New Mexico cows well around \$2.50, and one of the features last week was the sale Friday of nine cars of Old Mexico cows here direct from El Paso at \$1.50 straight. Texas and New Mexico canners sell at \$2.75 to \$2.85; bulls around \$2.25; stock steers \$2.50 to \$4.50; veals up to \$7.50; heavy calves \$4 to \$5.50. Cattle on feed in native territory around this market are short this season, and prospects favor light receipts here during the winter, with strong prices.

Sheep and lambs are coming in moderate numbers, run today 7,000 head. The market advanced 15 to 25 cents last week, and sales today are higher, again, top on lambs today \$7.85, best yearlings today at \$6.85, new high price records for the winter in each case. Some yearlings weighing 110 pounds sold at \$6.85 Friday, considered a very strong price for animals of that weight. Wethers are worth up to \$5.75, ewes \$5.25. Some fat goats sold here last week at \$4 and a few shipments of feeding lambs from the range territory arrived and sold at \$5.75 to \$6.75. Fed stock is scant in the feeding area this season and it seems that buyers will have to go hungry most of the time this winter, insuring a high range of values, particularly as there does not seem anywhere for consumers to turn to secure a cheaper meat.

## SWITCHMEN'S STRIKE WILL CAUSE SUFFERING.

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 8.—Wholesale merchants in Spokane report to the local Chamber of Commerce that many of the towns in the Inland Empire will suffer for food and fuel supplies if the switchmen's strike on the Hill lines continues till the middle of the month, adding also that stocks in Spokane will be depleted before that time. Heavy shipments in transit for the holiday trade were caught when the strike order was given and cannot be delivered. Call boys and office men have been pressed into service in the Spokane yards, but little or no headway is being made, while more than 200 switchmen are idle. There is no trouble, nor is there likely to be. The men are keeping away from the yards, many of them having gone on vacations into the country. It is given out by the local union that its members are in excellent condition financially and will be able to stand a siege without calling for strike benefits, if necessary. Commission men report severe losses on perishable freight, while others are handling cars in the choked yards and unloading them at their own expense.

## MINERAL APPLICATION NO. 61948

United States Land Office, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Notice is hereby given that Oro Quay Gold Mining and Reduction Company, a corporation created, existing and organized under the laws of the Territory of New Mexico for mining purposes, and whose postoffice address is Santa Fe, New Mexico, has made application for a patent for the Oro Quay group of lode mining claims, consisting of the Oro Quay, Iron Chief, Success, Portland, Hazel, Gleason, Iron Band, Long Chance, Bob Ingersoll, Iron Reef, Iron Prince, Iron Princess, Iron King, and Erie Southwestern No. 7, lode mining claims, situated in the New Placers Mining District and Territory of New Mexico, in township 12 N., R. 7 E., mineral survey No. 1361 as to the said lode, Hazel, Portland, Success, said lodes, Hazel, Portland, Success, Bob Ingersoll, Oro Quay, Iron Chief, Iron Band, Erie Southwestern No. 7, Long Chance, Iron Reef and Gleason lode claims, and as to the Iron King lode survey No. 887-a, and as to the Iron Prince lode survey No. 887-b, and as to the Iron Princess lode survey No. 887-c, to-wit:

**THE HAZEL LODGE:** Covering 1499 feet thereof, through the center, between end lines; beginning at corner No. 1, a porphyry stone 24x16x6 ins., chiseled H-1361, whence a plon tree 8 ins. in diameter bears north 42 degrees W., 20 feet, scribed 1-1361 BT; the corner of sections 13, 18, 19 and 24, on the east boundary of twp. 12 N., R. 7 E., bears north 82 degrees 09 minutes E., 412.69 feet distant; thence south 42 degrees 12 minutes W., 902.4 feet to corner No. 2; thence north 45 degrees 15 minutes W., 532 feet to corner No. 3; thence north 44 degrees 35 minutes E., 301.6 feet, to corner No. 4; thence south 45 degrees 15 minutes E., 547 feet to corner No. 1, the place of beginning.

This claim conflicts with the Bob Ingersoll and the Gleason of this survey, and disregarding conflicts, contains 11,682 acres. It is bounded on the northwest by the Oro Quay and Iron Chief of this survey, on the north east by the Portland and Hazel of this survey, on the south by the Bob Ingersoll and Gleason aforesaid. It was located on the 3d of May, 1907, and the certificate of its location was duly recorded on the 30th of August, 1907, in book 4, at page 340, of the Mining Records of the said County of Santa Fe, and on June 9, 1908, the location thereof was amended, and on the 27th of August, 1908, the certificate of amended location was duly recorded in book 4 at page 426 of the said Mining Records.

**THE ORO QUAY LODGE:** Covering 1500 feet thereof, through the center, between end lines; beginning at corner No. 1, a porphyry stone, 24x16x6 ins., chiseled IR-1361; whence a plon tree, 8 ins. in diameter bears north 82 degrees 17 minutes E., 554.75 feet distant, thence south 15 degrees 51 minutes E., 596.2 feet to corner No. 2; thence south 72 degrees 30 minutes W., 1330 feet to corner No. 3; thence north 15 degrees 51 minutes W., 596.2 feet to corner No. 4; thence north 72 degrees 30 minutes E., 1330 feet to the point for corner No. 1, the place of beginning. On a line south 15 degrees 51 minutes E., 5.3 feet distant from the point for corner No. 1, is a porphyry stone 24x12x6 ins. set 12 ins. in the ground, chiseled WC E-1361, for witness corner to corner No. 1.

This claim is bounded on the north by the Iron Chief, on the south by the Iron Queen, patented, survey No. 605, and on the east by the Iron Chief and the Bob Ingersoll, and conflicts with the said Iron Chief and Bob Ingersoll. It contains, disregarding conflicts, 19,958 acres, and was located on the 1st of January, 1897, and the certificate of its location was recorded on the 18th of January, 1897, in book 3, at page 88, of the Mining Records of the said County of Santa Fe. Its true name is the Erie Southwestern No. 7 lode, and is so-called in the application for survey, but on the plat and field notes is called simply Erie Southwestern.

**THE IRON REEF LODGE:** Covering 1019.2 feet thereof, through the center, between end lines; beginning at corner No. 1, a porphyry stone, 24x16x6 ins., chiseled IR-1361; whence the corner of sections 13, 18, 19 and 24 on the east boundary of twp. 12 N., R. 7 E., bears north 82 degrees 17 minutes E., 554.75 feet distant, thence south 15 degrees 51 minutes E., 596.2 feet to corner No. 2; thence south 72 degrees 30 minutes W., 1330 feet to corner No. 3; thence north 15 degrees 51 minutes W., 596.2 feet to corner No. 4; thence north 72 degrees 30 minutes E., 1330 feet to the point for corner No. 1, the place of beginning. On a line south 15 degrees 51 minutes E., 5.3 feet distant from the point for corner No. 1, is a porphyry stone 24x12x6 ins. set 12 ins. in the ground, chiseled WC E-1361, for witness corner to corner No. 1.

This claim is bounded on the north by the Iron Chief, on the south by the Iron Queen, patented, survey No. 605, and on the east by the Iron Chief and the Bob Ingersoll, and conflicts with the said Iron Chief and Bob Ingersoll. It contains, disregarding conflicts, 19,958 acres, and was located on the 1st of January, 1897, and the certificate of its location was recorded on the 18th of January, 1897, in book 3, at page 88, of the Mining Records of the said County of Santa Fe. Its true name is the Erie Southwestern No. 7 lode, and is so-called in the application for survey, but on the plat and field notes is called simply Erie Southwestern.

**THE IRON BAND LODGE:** Covering 902.4 feet thereof, through the center, between end lines; beginning at corner No. 1, a porphyry stone, 24x16x6 ins., chiseled H-1361, whence a plon tree 8 ins. in diameter bears north 42 degrees W., 20 feet, scribed 1-1361 BT; the corner of sections 13, 18, 19 and 24, on the east boundary of twp. 12 N., R. 7 E., bears north 82 degrees 09 minutes E., 412.69 feet distant; thence south 42 degrees 12 minutes W., 902.4 feet to corner No. 2; thence north 45 degrees 15 minutes W., 532 feet to corner No. 3; thence north 44 degrees 35 minutes E., 301.6 feet, to corner No. 4; thence south 45 degrees 15 minutes E., 547 feet to corner No. 1, the place of beginning.

This claim conflicts with the Hazel on the northeast, the Iron Band on the northwest, and the Long Chance on the south, and the Bob Ingersoll on the west and contains, disregarding conflicts, 17,812 acres.

It is bounded on the north, northwest and southwest by the Iron Band and Hazel of this survey, and on the south by the Long Chance, and on the west by the Bob Ingersoll. It was located on the first of January, 1902, and the certificate of its location was recorded on the 25th of February, 1902, in book 3, at page 663, of the Mining Records of said Santa Fe County.

**THE IRON BAND LODGE:** Covering 902.4 feet thereof, through the center, between end lines; beginning at corner No. 1, a porphyry stone, 24x16x6 ins., chiseled H-1361, whence a plon tree 8 ins. in diameter bears north 42 degrees W., 20 feet, scribed 1-1361 BT; the corner of sections 13, 18, 19 and 24, on the east boundary of twp. 12 N., R. 7 E., bears north 82 degrees 09 minutes E., 412.69 feet distant; thence south 42 degrees 12 minutes W., 902.4 feet to corner No. 2; thence north 45 degrees 15 minutes W., 532 feet to corner No. 3; thence north 44 degrees 35 minutes E., 301.6 feet, to corner No. 4; thence south 45 degrees 15 minutes E., 547 feet to corner No. 1, the place of beginning.

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This claim conflicts with the Hazel on the northeast, the Iron Band on the northwest, and the Long Chance on the south, and the Bob



## Personal Mention.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1909. Hilario Valencia and wife of Rowe, San Miguel county, were among the arrivals at Coronado last night.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hayward were in Las Vegas yesterday to attend the wedding of Mr. Hayward's sister.

District Attorney Toombs has returned to Clayton after several days spent in Las Vegas on legal business.

B. F. Pankey of the Eaton grant, near Gallisteo, southern Santa Fe county, is a business visitor in Santa Fe.

National Committeeman Solomon Luna is expected to visit Santa Fe tomorrow or on Saturday from Los Lunas.

Judge John R. McPhee left this forenoon for Las Vegas to hold court for Chief Justice William J. Mills who has some east.

Judge and Mrs. W. H. Pope are expected home in Roswell tomorrow from their trip to their former home in Georgia.

J. M. Chavez, Jr., of Abiquiu, Rio Arriba county, who spent several days in Santa Fe, returned to his home this forenoon.

Traveling Auditor Charles V. Sanford has gone to Clovis, Curry county, on official business relative to the issuing of bonds by the county.

Captain and Mrs. William Strover who spent the past few weeks in Santa Fe left last evening for Parker, Ariz., where Captain Strover is examining surveys for the federal government.

Mounted Policeman J. W. Collier arrived last night from Estancia. He is on his way to the Pecos, where he will investigate the recent death of O. Johnson of St. Louis.

Earl H. Clapp, assistant United States forester of the third district, United States forest service has returned to Albuquerque from a month's official trip to Alamogordo.

Miss Nervine and Miss Ruth Merline of Kansas City, Mo., will arrive in Santa Fe tonight, to visit their mother and sister who have been here for the past four months for the health of Miss Helen.

"S. B. Davis, Jr. and wife departed last night for an extended trip to eastern points. During their stay, Mr. and Mrs. Davis will visit for a time at Middletown, Conn., the former home of Mr. Davis, where they will spend Christmas."—Las Vegas Optic.

George H. Ross, vice-president of the Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad, the Chicago & Alton Railroad, the Iowa Central Railroad and the Minneapolis and St. Louis Railway, passed Las Vegas yesterday on his way east from Hollywood, Calif.

The following Catholic priests were among the arrivals at the Palace last night: Rev. O. F. Ballard of Mora, Rev. Paul Gilbertson of Las Vegas, Rev. A. Rabeyrolle of Las Vegas, Rev. Antonio Celler of Springer and Rev. Jules Collins of San Miguel. The last three named were formerly stationed at Santa Fe.

Former Adjutant General A. P. Tarkington writes from Evanston, Wyo., where he is a railroad dispatcher, that he is desirous of returning to New Mexico. It is believed that he will be a candidate for adjutant general to succeed General R. A. Ford who has been on a leave of absence for some weeks on account of serious illness and who is in the hospital at Fort Bayard, Grant county, recovering from an operation.

F. R. Bothwell, who has been bookkeeper for the New Mexico Central, has been appointed cashier and paymaster, the office of assistant treasurer being abolished. Bothwell is one of the popular young men of Santa Fe who came here for his health and has worked his way from minor positions towards the top of the ladder.

Mrs. Morgan O. Llewellyn of Las Cruces and her mother, Mrs. John Atkinson of Fairfield, Ia., are guests until Monday evening next with Mrs. A. B. Renshaw on East Palace avenue.

Mrs. A. C. Ogden and Mrs. H. C. Buffat of Knoxville, Tenn., arrived in the city yesterday and are visiting Mrs. and Miss Chavannes, 239 Manhattan avenue. They expect to remain in the city for a week. They are on their way to California.

Rev. J. Mills Kendrick, bishop of New Mexico and Arizona, left Silver City Wednesday for El Paso, after spending several days in the city, during which he held services at the Episcopal church and presided at the ordination of Rev. Leonidas W. Smith which occurred at the Episcopal church last Wednesday morning.

Arthur C. Ringland, United States forester of the third district, leaves Albuquerque tonight for Washington where he will attend a conference of the district foresters. Mr. Ringland will be accompanied by James T. Jardine, a grazing expert who has spent some time in the third district on business connected with the department of grazing.

Miss Inez Barnes, daughter of Hon. and Mrs. R. P. Barnes, returned Tuesday to Silver City from Tien Tsin, China, after an absence in the Orient of a year and a half. When she left for China she went across the Pacific ocean and on her return she came by way of the Suez canal and across the Atlantic thus completing a trip entirely around the world.

"Frank J. Lavan, special federal agent, with headquarters at Santa Fe, was in the city yesterday afternoon and this morning, interesting local Republican leaders in behalf of his candidacy for the position of register of the U. S. land office at Santa Fe, now held by M. B. Otero. Lavan's home, previous to coming to New Mexico, was in Cleveland, Ohio. He believes his chances for securing the position are good, providing he can get the endorsement of party leaders in the territory."—Las Vegas Optic.

Chief Justice William J. Mills, recently appointed governor of New Mexico by President Taft, leaves on the Chicago Limited tonight for New York, Boston and New Haven, Conn., on important personal business. Judge Mills has been contemplating this trip for several months, he having business interests in the east which demand his attention. In the course of his trip he will visit Washington and pay his respects to the President. Judge Mills stated emphatically today that he had not been summoned to Washington for a conference on territorial matters and that his trip had no political significance."—Las Vegas Optic.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1909. A. A. Vickers, the oil man from Las Vegas, is stopping at the Modern.

J. F. McGraw, a railroad man from Alamosa, Colorado, is a guest at the Palace.

A. H. Pierick, a Milwaukee traveling man, is among the guests at the Palace.

E. W. Tice, a Kansas City traveling man, registered today at noon at the Palace.

Mrs. Rupert G. Asplund went to Albuquerque today on a visit with friends.

Miles Norton, a Denver traveling man, was among the noon arrivals at the Palace.

W. A. Strasser, a mining man from Cerrillos was among the noon arrivals at the Palace.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Esinger of this city, have taken up quarters at the Palace hotel.

A. C. Burrows, a traveling man from Denver, came at noon today registering at the Palace.

J. A. Manning and G. B. Armstrong of Roswell, are business visitors, stopping at the Palace.

David McKnight, a traveling man from El Paso, was among last night's arrivals at the Palace.

Mrs. C. L. Groat, of Pasadena, California, is among the sightseers registered at the Palace.

Enno Brocklein, the druggist from Moriarty, arrived last night taking quarters at the Coronado.

M. L. English, a mining man from Dolores, southern Santa Fe county, is a guest at the Palace.

County Treasurer Eugenio Romero arrived from Las Vegas yesterday evening registering at the Palace.

Colonel William M. Berger of Belen, formerly of Santa Fe, was at Raton this week on legal business.

Athol A. Wynne, a forest man from Albuquerque, is here on official business. He is stopping at the Palace.

A. S. Smith, a traveling man from Denver, is in town selling rubber goods. He is stopping at the Palace.

Attorney Michael B. Hurley of Colorado Springs, is here on legal business. He is quartered at the Palace.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hayward and daughter have returned to Santa Fe from a visit with relatives in Las Vegas.

B. C. Hoselkos, a stockman from Creede, Colorado, is in town on business. He is registered at the Palace.

J. A. Wood, a mining man from Kansas City, was among the noon arrivals today, taking quarters at the Palace.

A. C. Voorhees, an attorney from Raton, is in Santa Fe looking after legal matters. He is a guest at the Palace.

P. Rodgers, a traveling man from Fort Worth, Tex., is in town selling adding machines. He is stopping at the Palace.

George E. Fischer, traveling man from Milwaukee, is in town selling a line of shoes. He is quartered at the Palace.

Assistant U. S. Attorney Herbert W. Clark has returned home to Las Vegas after attending federal court at Alamogordo.

Enrico Aragon and Dolores Casasa, of Raton, are in town having some legal matters adjusted. They are quartered at the Palace.

C. C. Murray of Pittsburg, treasurer of the New Mexico Central railroad, arrived today at noon accompanied by his wife. They are quartered at the Palace.

Attorney Franklin E. Brooks of Colorado Springs, arrived last evening accompanied by his wife, taking quarters at the Palace. He is here on legal business.

Word from Fort Bayard has it that Adjutant General R. A. Ford is improving rapidly and expects to be in about a month. His ill health resulted from an injury to a vertebra of his spine by a horse stepping on it while he was playing polo several years ago. The report that he underwent an operation is erroneous.

"Carlos and Herman Spleen, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Spleen, left this afternoon for Los Angeles, Calif. They were accompanied as far as Albuquerque by Mrs. Spleen. On their arrival in Los Angeles, they will be met by Mrs. Lynch, grandmother of the two young heirs of the Spleen estate and will spend the winter in southern California's sunny clime."—Las Vegas Optic.

"Judge John R. McPhee, associate justice of the New Mexico supreme court, and presiding judge of the First judicial district with headquarters at Santa Fe, arrived in Las Vegas this afternoon to preside over the local district court in the absence of Chief Justice W. J. Mills, who has gone east on urgent business. Judge Frank W. Parker of Las Cruces, arrived here last night to preside over the court, but this morning received a telegram calling him to Alamogordo, to preside over the federal court there in place of Judge Alfred W. Cooley, who was taken suddenly ill yesterday. This necessitated the calling of Judge McPhee to Las Vegas."—Las Vegas Optic.

D. B. Simon, a salesman from Denver, is stopping at the Palace. David McKnight, chief clerk of the

railway mail service at El Paso, Texas, who has jurisdiction over the service in part of New Mexico, was in Santa Fe today on an official trip. Mr. McKnight is an old newspaper man and somehow could not help wandering into the New Mexican office just to get a whiff of printers' ink and make the acquaintance of the printer folk.

Former Congressman Franklin Brooks of Colorado Springs, Colorado, is in Santa Fe accompanied by Mrs. Brooks. Mr. Brooks came on legal business involving the Costilla grant in Taos county. He expressed himself much pleased with the improvements he noticed in Santa Fe. He visited here the first time some sixteen years ago and the progress since then has been great indeed.

"Dr. W. R. Tipton is in receipt of a letter from his son, Tom Tipton, dated Manila, P. I., stating that he arrived there all O. K. Tom Tipton is now serving on board the U. S. S. Pennsylvania, as a midshipman and is making the cruise with the cruiser squadron which numbers twelve of the largest and fastest of modern cruisers in Uncle Sam's navy. Other parts of interest that Mr. Tipton will visit on this cruise will be Hong Kong, China and Yokohama, Japan."—Las Vegas Optic.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1909. Archbishop J. B. Pitaval will spend tomorrow in Albuquerque.

Hon. Charles A. Spleen of Las Vegas, spent yesterday at Raton.

Col. W. S. Hopewell of Albuquerque, was a visitor in the capital yesterday.

U. S. District Attorney David J. Leahy has returned to Las Vegas from Alamogordo.

Deputy Sheriff Joseph H. Swire of Artee, San Juan county, is stopping at the Palace.

Former District Clerk W. E. Martin of Socorro, is on a hunting trip in western Socorro county.

C. A. Thomas, a civil engineer of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad is stopping at the Palace.

Mounted Policeman J. A. Beal of Deming is a visitor in the capital, coming on official business.

Ammon Dibert and family of Estancia, but formerly of this city, will leave for California next week.

Attorney Charles R. Essley of Estancia, this week visited his parents, General and Mrs. Charles F. Essley.

Mrs. C. H. Mallison of Brooklyn, N. Y., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. R. J. Palen, with whom she will spend the winter.

Editor M. M. Padgett of the Las Vegas Optic, arrived last night taking quarters at the Palace. He visited at the Capitol today.

Hon. Jefferson Reynolds has returned to Las Vegas from an eastern trip which included visits to New York, Washington and Chicago.

L. O. Scott and wife of Denver, were noon arrivals at the Palace today coming to see the sights. They are quartered at the Palace.

Mrs. M. T. Hudgings and daughter, Mary, are in town visiting friends, having arrived from Kennedy last night. They are guests at the Palace.

Governor Curry intends to go to Albuquerque this evening to consult with National Committeeman Solomon Luna and others on important matters.

Hon. H. O. Bursum left Socorro this week for his ranch at Olanne. He will be at Carthage tomorrow and Monday and home in Socorro next Wednesday.

Sheep Inspector E. O. Spaenke returned yesterday from an official trip to Quemada, Rio Arriba county. Tomorrow he leaves for Canon Blanco on official business.

Banker D. T. Hoskins of Las Vegas, is in town having arrived yesterday to attend the meeting of the penitentiary board of commissioners of which he is a member.

Judge John R. McPhee will return this evening from Las Vegas where he held court for Chief Justice Mills. He will go to Estancia in the near future to hold court.

Attorney G. Volney Howard, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. G. Hill Howard, will leave this evening on a week's trip to Colorado Springs and Denver on legal business.

National Committeeman Solomon Luna is in Las Lunas today. He found it impossible to come to Santa Fe as he had intended and will be at Albuquerque tomorrow.

The Misses Massie will not be formally at home to visitors till they move into their residence on Lincoln avenue, when they will receive on the first Saturday of each month.

On last Thursday at noon Mrs. Dr. J. H. Sloan entertained informally with a luncheon in honor of Mrs. Morgan Llewellyn and Mrs. John Atkinson, who are the guests of Mrs. A. B. Renshaw.

Miss L. A. Cheshire of Washington, D. C., who has been employed in the Albuquerque forest bureau, has been transferred to Santa Fe as stenographer at Elks lodge forest. She began her duties today.

On Thursday night Mrs. A. B. Renshaw entertained informally at her home on Palace avenue in honor of her guests Mrs. Morgan O. Llewellyn of Las Cruces and the latter's mother, Mrs. John Atkinson, of Fairfield, Ia.

Miss Massie who has been east for four months and a half, is expected to return next week. While in Toronto she attended the studio of the distinguished Canadian artist F. McMillan Knowles and the government art school.

Rev. J. I. Seder of Albuquerque, who is territorial superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League in New Mexico, will deliver a stereoscopic lecture at Elks opera house Monday, December 6th at 8 p. m. Admission will be 25 cents.

On last Tuesday Mrs. J. A. Rolls entertained the Saturday Bridge Club. In addition to the members of the club there were present Mrs. J. W. Ray, Mrs. George H. VanStone, Mrs. J. H. Sloan, Mrs. C. H. Mallison, Mrs. G. F. Flick and Mrs. V. L. Bean.

Mrs. W. D. Kelly, mother of Harry W. Kelly of this city, arrived in the city this afternoon from Sawtelle, Calif., where she has been visiting for some time past. Mrs. Kelly will

## Rheumatism

I have found a tried and tested cure for Rheumatism. Not a remedy that will straighten the distorted limbs of chronic cripples, nor turn forty growing old to fifty again. That is impossible. But I can now surely kill the pains and stages of this deplorable disease. In Germany a Chemist in the City of Darmstadt found the last ingredient with which Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy was perfected. Dependable prescription. Without that last ingredient, I necessarily treated many, many cases of Rheumatism; but now, at last, I have found a cure for all cases of this horrible disease. These hand-like granular wastes, found in Rheumatic Blood seem to dissolve and pass away under the action of this remedy as freely as does sugar when added to pure water. And thus, when dissolved, these poisonous wastes freely pass from the system, and the cause of Rheumatism is gone forever. There is now no real need of actual exercise to suffer longer with out help. We sell, and in confidence recommend to all.

**Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy**  
STRIPLING BURROWS CO.

remain in the city for some time as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Kelly, after which she will return to her home in Leavenworth, Kan."—Las Vegas Optic.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Lamy who have been visiting in the east for the past few months, will spend the Christmas holidays in Rome, Italy. While in Paris, Mr. and Mrs. Lamy were sponsors at the baptism of the little daughter of the Chilean consul. The ceremonies were observed in the famous church of the Madeleine and were very impressive.

At the National Rivers and Harbors Congress soon to meet in Washington, D. C., Hon. L. B. Prince, who is the New Mexico vice-president of the congress, will be unable to attend, having returned from the east so recently; and he has sent a note of regret in response to the invitation to the opening dinner which is given by Congressman Randall, of Louisiana, who is the father and president of the congress.

President G. Franklin Flick of the United States Bank and Trust Company returned from the east this morning. While away he visited the Chicago Land and Irrigation Exhibition. He reports that the New Mexico display at the exhibition is attracting much attention and that it is a splendid advertisement for the territory.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Bark Garrington, of 6326 Baynton street, Germantown, Pa., have favored friend in Santa Fe with cards for an At Home on December 15, in their fine new home in the beautiful suburb of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Garrington was formerly Mrs. Clarence O. Luckenbach of this city.

Mrs. Virginia White of 214 South Calistate street will leave for Mexico next week going to Mexico City, where she will visit relatives. She will then visit Vera Cruz, Mexico, Havana, Cuba, and New York City. After a short stay in New York she will return to Havana where she will spend the winter. Mrs. Virginia Kessler has leased Mrs. White's house during the latter's absence.

Morris Gomez returned today from his ranch near Moriarty.

Today is the fifth anniversary of the Card Club and the event will be celebrated this evening when the club will meet with Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Ervin at the occasion every member will be permitted to bring her husband.

Abe Spiegleberg, who recently went to Las Vegas because of illness and who is being cared for by his sister, Mrs. H. H. Hild, is reported as being in a rather serious condition.

"Judge Alfred W. Cooley was forced to his bed at Alamogordo by illness just before the closing session and as a consequence was not able to preside in court. Judge Frank W. Parker at Las Cruces, was telegraphed to come to Alamogordo to preside until Judge Cooley recovered."

The exact nature of Judge Cooley's illness is not known, but it is not thought to be in any way serious. For the past few months Judge Cooley has been laboring under a strain peculiarly trying. The sessions of court at Tucuman, Carrizozo, and the two at Alamogordo have been practically a continuous performance, with little or no time to rest and recuperate. Then there occurred the sad death of Mrs. Cooley's sister, Miss Dalton, after a long, hard siege of typhoid fever. Judge Cooley was presiding at Carrizozo at the time, and could not possibly leave his post. Mrs. Cooley accompanied her sister's remains to Boston, and has not yet returned to Alamogordo. Judge Cooley is serving his first term upon the bench."—El Paso Herald.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1909. Territorial Treasurer M. A. Otero is confined to his home with illness.

Surveyor General John W. March has gone to Denver on a vacation trip.

Mrs. Rebecca Clarke of Santa Cruz, is in town the guest of her sister, Mrs. Leo Hersh.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Burlington of San Pedro, are in town visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Sturges.

Attorney A. C. Voorhees of Raton, is in the city on legal business. He is a guest at the Palace.

Governor Curry spent yesterday at Albuquerque and is expected home on train No. 2 this evening.

Mounted Policeman W. E. Dudley of Alamogordo, arrived last night, taking quarters at the Modern.

Miner Engineer H. A. Judd of London, arrived in town last night taking quarters at the Palace.

Attorney A. H. Hudspeth of White Oaks, is in town on legal business. He is a guest at the Palace.

L. G. Eblen, the efficient probate clerk of San Juan county, was on his way home this forenoon to Artee.

Rev. John R. Gnan of Albuquerque, synodical missionary, spent yesterday in the city a guest at the Palace.

G. A. Franz, a brother of Mrs. E. A. Fluke, arrived last night from Clifton, Ariz., taking quarters at the Palace.

Maude F. Dodge, federal sheep inspector, came in from Espanola on Saturday to secure a marriage license.

Manuel B. Otero is home from Albuquerque after attendance for several months at the University of New Mexico.

Ranger T. N. Reynolds of the forest service arrived today from his station at Cordova coming in on official business.

Superintendent of Public Instruction James E. Clark was at Belen, Valencia county, today, visiting the public schools.

Rev. T. M. Harwood, grand chaplain of the New Mexico Department, G. A. R., of Albuquerque, is a guest at the Palace.

J. I. Seder, of Albuquerque, superintendent of the New Mexico Anti-Saloon League, is in town registered at the Palace.

Edward G. Bennett attorney to the Colorado state bank examiner, is in town on official business. He is a guest at the Palace.

Game Warden Thomas R. Gable and A. J. Fischer left this forenoon for Espanola, from where they went to Abiquiu, Rio Arriba county.

Technical assistant of the forest department W. Bradford has returned from a trip to the Pecos, where he went on official business.

Mounted Policeman J. W. Collier, has returned from the upper Pecos where he went on official business. He is registered at the Palace.

J. S. Hatcher of Pecos Springs, was in the city yesterday visiting his brother-in-law Leo Hersh. He was on his way home from Grants, N. M.

Jasper Asplund of Little Indian, Illinois, arrived last night, coming on a visit to his brother, Professor R. E. Asplund of the office of superintendent of public instruction.

E. C. Van Diest, an irrigation engineer of Colorado Springs, Colo., is in Santa Fe today on matters appertaining to the Sangre de Cristo grant and on business in the office of Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan.

Mrs. M. O. Llewellyn and mother, Mrs. Atkinson, who have been guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Renshaw, will leave this evening for Mrs. Llewellyn's home at Las Cruces.

Miss L. E. Cheshire who came here last week from Washington to accept a position in the forest service has taken up her residence with Mrs. Charles Haynes on Johnson street.

Rev. E. P. Aldredge, who is also a newspaper man of Fortale, Roosevelt county, is a visitor in Santa Fe on his way home from the Baptist church convention at Las Vegas. He preached yesterday in the First Presbyterian church.

C. Wallich, banker and lumberman of Alamosa, Colo., arrived Saturday, accompanying his wife and daughter, who are on their way to the Grand Canon and California. The latter two left on their western trip this morning while Mr. Wallich returned to his home.

"Judge Wm. H. Pope arrived last night from Athens, Ga., where he was called three weeks ago by the death of his father-in-law, the late A. L. Hull. Judge Pope will resume charging of the district court Monday morning, being occupied today with the work that has piled up in his office. Judge Merritt C. Mechem, who has been presiding over district court for two weeks, will render all his decisions this afternoon and close up his work preparatory to leaving tomorrow morning for his home in Ohio."

Mrs. Wm. H. Pope is expected from Georgia in about two weeks, or just before Christmas."—Saturday's Roswell Daily Record.

"United States Attorney D. J. Leahy left this afternoon for Kansas City, at which place he will join his family who are now enroute home from an extended visit to Caldonia, Mich., where Mrs. Leahy was called some time ago on account of the death of her father. Attorney Leahy and family expect to arrive in Las Vegas about December 10th."—Las Vegas Optic.

Hon. Solomon Luna was among the visitors in Socorro Thursday evening. Mr. Luna thinks that the prospect for statehood for New Mexico was never before as good as now, and he has just returned from Washington, where he had several interviews with President Taft and influential members of Congress on this identical subject. But it appears that Mr. Luna does not allow his interest in matters of great pith and moment to New Mexico to interfere with his own private affairs to any great extent. For his trip down here was for the purpose of attending to the shipment of 13,000 lambs, two trainloads, from his Socorro county ranges to eastern markets. The lambs brought a good price and Mr. Luna appeared to be quite well satisfied with the results of his trip down here as well as of that down to Washington."—Socorro Chieftain.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1909. E. H. Apge, a traveling man from New York, is among the guests at the Palace.

O. C. Watson, formerly of Santa Fe, now of Pueblo, Colo., spent yesterday at Albuquerque.

Charles B. Kehrmann, the hat salesman from St. Louis, is in town a guest at the Palace.

Attorney J. L. Lawson, of Alamogordo, arrived last evening, registering at the Palace.

A. G. Cheney, a stockman from Casper, Wyoming, is in town a guest at the Modern.

A. W. Pullen, a traveling man from Denver, was among last night's arrivals at the Palace.

Charles Springer, of Cimarron, Colfax county, was an arrival at the Palace last night.

W. H. Jack, a stockman from Silver City, is in town on business, stopping at the Palace.

Hon. Charles A. Spleen has returned to Las Vegas from Raton, and Mrs. Spleen from Albuquerque.

P. Hunt, a traveling man from Racine, Wisconsin, was among last night's arrivals at the Palace.

E. E. Ford, a St. Louis traveling man, is in town selling a line of dry goods. He is stopping at the Palace.

M. A. Haynes, an inspector of the revenue service, arrived from Denver last night. He is quartered at the Palace.

Charles Neustadt, a merchant of San Rafael, Valencia county, is in town on a business visit. He is registered at the Palace.

## BECOMING A MOTHER

Thousands of women have found the use of **Mother's Friend** robs confinement of much pain and insures safety to life of mother and child. This liniment is a God-send to women at the critical time. Not only does **Mother's Friend** carry women safely through the perils of child-birth, but it prepares the system for the coming event, relieves "morning sickness," and other discomforts. Sold by druggists at \$1.00. Book of valuable information mailed free. **THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.** Atlanta, Ga.

## Is an ordeal which all women approach with dread, for nothing compares to the pain of child-birth. The thought of the suffering in store for her robs the expectant mother of pleasant anticipations.

## MOTHER'S FRIEND

Deputy Revenue Collector T. C. McConnel and wife, arrived last night from Phoenix, Arizona, taking quarters at the Modern.

P. J. Coleman and family of Albuquerque, passed through the city yesterday being on their way home from guests at the Palace.

R. S. Herbert, packing house representative from Las Vegas, is here on one of his weekly visits. He is making headquarters at the Palace.



## NOTES FROM THE MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Visit to School By Senatorial Committee. The New Academic Building to Cost \$60,000.

(From the Maverick.)

The contract for the new academic building was let to the firm of Lyons & Axtell, the contract price being in the neighborhood of \$60,000. It is expected that the structure will be completed on or about March 1st, and the graduating exercises this year will, in all probability, be held in its assembly hall.

The academic building will conform in material and general treatment to the Hagerman barracks, as it will be erected on a concrete foundation, faced with the buff brick and all its trimmings will be of cement. It will be heated by steam, connection to be made with the plant of the Hagerman barracks. The problem of ventilating the building has been carefully worked out, and the many sections rooms will be supplied with an ample amount of pure air, constantly renewed.

The dimensions of the building are 162 feet 9 inches, by 131 feet 7 inches. In the basement will be storage rooms, the physical and chemical laboratories, and toilet rooms for the cadets. The first floor will contain nine section rooms, (one of them being the drawing academy), and the assembly room. This latter will be 62x50 feet, with a seating capacity for about 500. It will have an inclined floor, a stage and dressing rooms, and is to be used as a place of meeting and amusement, the design being to have weekly entertainments for the cadets, such as moving picture shows, lectures, and so forth.

The second floor will have ten section rooms, and a toilet for the instructors. The library will be in the tower.

The entire equipment of the building will be modern and adequate to all needs, and when completed the cadets will have their recitations in well-lighted, well-ventilated and convenient rooms, contained in a building which would be a credit to any institution of learning in the country.

It is to be remembered that these two structures—the Hagerman barracks and the academic building—are but two units of a scheme of buildings which, for beauty and completeness, unquestionably surpasses that of any other military institution, in the country, with the exception only of the National Naval and Military Academies at Annapolis and West Point. We are "on our way" to better things, and that they are no idle dreams the sound of the hammer and the clatter of the concrete mixer in the northwest corner of the grounds, most abundantly testify.

**Big Guns Visit N. M. M. I.**  
With cannon booming, the band playing, and the throbbing of a dozen or more automobiles adding to the excitement, the cadet battalion at 11 o'clock on Friday morning, the 9th instant, passed in review before the following distinguished gentlemen:

Senator Warren of Wyoming; Senator Carter of Montana, and Senator Jones, of Washington; Governor Curry, ex-Governor Hagerman, Colonel R. E. Twitcheil, N. M. M. I., president of regents, N. M. M. I.; and many other men well-known in railroad, commercial and political life.

The occasion was the visit of Senators Warren, Carter and Jones, who constitute the Senatorial Irrigation Committee, to the west, in connection with the work of this important committee. This visit to Roswell naturally included an inspection of the Institute, and the cadets put up an excellent review for the members of the distinguished party.

Senator Warren is also chairman of the Senate committee on military affairs, and is, of course, very conversant with military matters. He expressed himself as being surprised that a school of the high standard of the N. M. M. I. had been developed in the west, and was very complimentary in his remarks. Coming from the source that it does this appreciation is very gratifying to both officers and cadets of the corps.

It behooves us to "keep our lamps trimmed and burning," for governors, U. S. Senators, and other big game are liable to drop in at any time, to see if the N. M. M. I. really deserves its high reputation.

Many persons find themselves affected with a persistent cough after an attack of influenza. As this cough can be promptly cured by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it should not be allowed to run on until it becomes troublesome. Sold by all druggists.

## TREMENDOUS AMOUNT OF CRIMINAL BUSINESS.

One Hundred and Twenty-five Cases Remain on the Docket at Albuquerque.

Albuquerque, N. M., Dec. 3.—One hundred and twenty-five criminal cases still remain on the docket in the second judicial district court according to a summing up of untitled criminal cases yesterday. These cases are against various persons who have been indicted for different violations of the law from murder to refusing to send children to school, and include cases alleging mayhem, cruelty to animals, violating the Sunday law, larceny, selling liquor to minors and other transgressions of a more or less serious nature. But very few of these cases will be reached during the present term, however. The number of cases on the docket are about the average number left over from term to term. Most of the persons charged with the various crimes are out on bond.

## IDEAL LOCATION FOR FISH HATCHERY

Colorado Expert Says Conditions Could Not Be More Suitable

WILL MEAN MUCH TO TERRITORY

Everything Can Be Placed in Readiness Within Sixty Days.

Santa Fe is to have a territorial fish hatchery. This much has been decided upon by Territorial Game Warden Thomas P. Gable, and the exact location will be made public just as soon as the title to the land can be obtained. The location selected is an ideal one and within a very reasonable distance of the center of the city. As quickly as clear title is secured, work will be commenced on the building of a hatchery. For the purpose of having everything exact and in proper working order, the game warden has brought to Santa Fe an expert fish hatchery man in the person of B. C. Hosselkus of Creede, Colo.

Hosselkus is president of the Lost Lake Fish Hatchery Company at Creede. He has had fifteen years experience in his line of business and is regarded as one of the best experts in the country, having received high recognition from the United States government. Before engaging in private business he was in the employ of the bureau of fisheries of the United States and also of the state of Colorado. His high standing with the United States government is attested by the fact that whenever the government receives queries from foreign countries regarding certain kinds of fish, the matter is referred to Hosselkus. All shipments of trout, bass, etc., to foreign countries are made from the hatchery at Creede. The principal countries to which the fish are shipped are Germany, France and Japan.

The hatchery at Creede is a very large affair. There are five natural lakes covering six hundred acres and one natural lake covering 1,120 acres of ground. The fish raised are rainbow trout, mountain trout, eastern brook trout, steel head trout, black bass, croppies and ring perch. Annually, ten million trout eggs are hatched by artificial means. The trout generally do not reproduce until it is three years old, except that the brook trout reproduces in eighteen months. During the spawning season, if the spawn is left to itself, only about one percent of the eggs hatch out. By artificial means, the percentage of eggs hatched is increased to 97 per cent. The trout produces 1000 eggs to the pound of fish.

The bass, croppies and perch do not need the attention given the trout, but nests are built for them and their eggs are hatched out naturally. These fish produce about 200,000 eggs to the pound of fish and about ten per cent of the eggs hatch. At the Creede hatchery, 2,500,000 eggs are successfully hatched annually. It can thus be gleaned from the above statements what tremendous increases in the matter of reproduction can be obtained.

The Lost Lake hatchery is, of course, a private commercial enterprise, but from its hatchery are shipped any amount of fish to the state hatcheries and to the U. S. government for the purpose of stocking streams. The state of Colorado has at present seven state hatcheries. These are located at Hot Sulphur Springs, Glenwood Springs, Steamboat Springs, Durango, Del Norte, Leadville and Denver, the main hatchery being at the latter city.

Last year, the hatchery at Creede shipped 600,000 trout to be used by the state in stocking Colorado streams. The demand is so great that Colorado with its seven hatcheries assisted by the Creede hatchery is unable to meet it. At the last legislature every county in the state was crying for the establishment of a hatchery. The state hatcheries have been in existence for twenty-four years and have meant much to Colorado, having prevented the extinction of fish in the state's streams. In fact, the streams of Colorado have been so well taken care of that there is no longer a closed trout season, but trout can be had at any time and can even be served by hotels and restaurants.

The hatcheries are looked after by the state fish commissioner, he being assisted by about twenty employees, and in busy times also by the thirty game wardens of the state. The annual capacity of the seven hatcheries is 28 million.

Hosselkus has just finished superintending the construction of a hatchery on the ranch of Norman W. Bartlett at Vermelo Park, in Colfax county, this being the first hatchery ever built in New Mexico. It will be for private purposes only and will be completed on January 1. It has a capacity of 1,500,000 fish annually. Hosselkus has also constructed a number of private hatcheries in Colorado and Utah.

After looking over the local location, Hosselkus declared it to be an ideal one and stated that if the territory of New Mexico failed to grasp the opportunity, private enterprise certainly would, as the place is just right for commercial purposes. In fact, he said that he has never come across a more suitable location with all conditions so nearly perfect. The site viewed, has a lake covering forty acres. Near

it, will be secured a plot of five acres on which will be erected the hatchery and small ponds. The capacity planned is 1,000,000 fish annually, but this capacity can be easily increased as seen fit, there being no limit. After the work of construction is started, it can be completed within sixty days. The lake selected is already well and sufficiently stocked with mature trout and all that is necessary is the gathering of spawn for hatching purposes. This is done in the spring, the hatching time beginning May the first and lasting through June. The hatching of trout only will be attempted at first, though later black bass may be tried. Black bass hatch in five days and mature in fifteen days; trout hatch and mature in from 30 to 120 days according to the temperature of the water.

Hosselkus besides being delighted with the location inspected, was enthusiastic over the results which he asserts can be obtained. He says that the establishing of a hatchery will be of inestimable value to New Mexico and will certainly prevent the streams from becoming troutless, which will certainly be the case in a very short time if not looked after. As trout do not reproduce until after eighteen months or three years, he says, it can be readily seen what little chance there is for successful natural propagation, while people are constantly fishing and taking everything in sight. The establishment of a fish hatchery here will lead later to the establishment of supplementary ones elsewhere throughout the territory and this as soon as the results are made manifest. Even the railroads, he states, realize the great advantage of artificial propagation of fish by means of a hatchery and willingly make shipments of fish, free of any charge, when to be used for stocking streams along their lines of travel. They realize that to have streams with plenty of fish, attracts the tourist, and the more tourists the more profit for them. This is true not only with the railroad, but with the territory itself. The more tourists that can be induced to come here the greater opportunity for growth and progress.

It is believed that the title to the property wanted can easily be secured and the work of constructing the hatchery will in all probability start within the very near future.

Coughs that are tight, or tickling, get quick and certain help from Dr. Shoop's Remedy. On this account Druggists everywhere are favoring Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. The tender leaves of a harmless lung-healing mountainous shrub give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy its curative properties. Those leaves have the power to calm the most distressing cough, and to soothe and heal the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Mothers should, for safety's sake, always demand Dr. Shoop's. It can with perfect freedom be given to even the youngest babies. Test it once yourself, and see! Sold by Stripling-Burrows Co.

## FEDERAL JURY BLAMES LAND OFFICES.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 2.—The federal grand jury after in session three weeks, made its final report, returning ten indictments and severely criticizing the employees of the land office of the federal government for alleged "disrespect for the rulings or laws of the United States" in connection with taking acknowledgments from applicants for public lands.

The report regarding the land office was directed to Judge Robert E. Lewis and urged that employees in the local offices be instructed to use greater care in taking acknowledgments, with a view of putting an end to the "dummy entrymen" system and other methods that have been employed by capitalists and corporations to obtain control of valuable timber, stone and mineral lands in the state. It was signed by twenty of the twenty-two members of the jury, John M. Kuykendall and William S. Hunsell being the two who did not sign. The report follows: "During the three weeks of duty as United States grand jurors for your court, in which time many witnesses have given testimony, we have been so strongly impressed by the evidence, we would call your attention to some of the conditions.

"Most of the irregularities in the homestead entries, and many of the other land entries which have caused heavy expense, much uneasiness and endangered the personal liberties of the locators, we believe could have been avoided, and can be almost entirely avoided in the future, by instructions to the local United States land offices to question all applicants for lands, explaining to the applicant the importance of keeping honesty and good faith to the government, and the punishment that may be inflicted on them should the locators enter into or make any agreement to rent, sell or dispose of any of the lands contrary to the United States land laws, and explain to each applicant the meaning of the law in these cases, and require each person to read the application, or the United States official should read the same to the applicant before taking his or her acknowledgment.

"If proper precautions are taken, there will be little land taken illegally. If any should, after such instructions, be secured wrongfully, then it would be an easy matter to secure convictions.

"We have found that the slackness in, or disrespect for the rulings or laws of the United States by the local land offices has endangered the liberties as well as the property rights of many of the applicants, and has also hampered the government in its prosecution."

First—That the holder of a permit to receive salary in excess of fifty dollars per month, provided he secures a regular teachers license at some time during the term for which he is engaged.

Fifth—That a teacher is entitled to full pay for a period not to exceed one month during which school may be closed for reasons specified.

## RECEIVER FOR GOLD BULLION

James A. Wood Named to Untangle the Company's Affairs

WORK ON GOOD ROADS

Report on Carey Act Project—The Hondo Hydrographic Survey.

Judge John R. McFie today appointed James A. Wood, the Kansas City mining man, receiver of the Gold Bullion Company operating near Golden, southern Santa Fe county. This upon petition presented by Attorneys Renahan and Davis, who filed suit for A. L. Harrison, Martin H. Wood, McIntosh Hardware Company, Nicholas Montoya, Friend Palmer, the Bernalillo Mercantile Company, the New Mexico Fuel and Iron Company, the Wesco Supply Company, Morse Brothers Machine and Supply Company. The petition asserts that the total indebtedness of the company outside that incurred under recent receivership is \$160,000. The company has 500 acres of ground of which 150 acres are sold to be mineralized, has done extensive development work, and has a plant and works, which are declared to be inadequate.

**Suit for Divorce.**  
Suit for divorce was filed today in the district court for Rio Arriba county, by Jose Pablo Quintana vs. Virginia La Rivas de Quintana. The couple were married in 1901 and the plaintiff asserts grounds for asking for the dissolution of the marital bonds, two specific acts committed this year with one Teofilo Lopez, at Rosa and at the Arcade hotel, Lumberton. There are three children for whose custody the plaintiff asks: Asaphia, aged 7 years, Juan Andrews aged 5 years, and Josefa, aged 3 years.

**Important Land Suit.**  
Before Judge John R. McFie in chambers today, a hearing was had of a petition for an injunction by the Costilla Land and Investment Company, et al., vs. Robert Allen and other settlers, to restrain them from trespassing on the lands of the plaintiffs. A formidable array of legal talent, including former Congressman Frank Brooks of Colorado Springs, presented the case.

**Work on Power Plant.**  
M. H. Fisher, civil engineer, reports that a considerable force of men is at work on the power plant on Frescal Creek, Otero county, which to furnish power for pumping water for irrigation on a large tract of land.

**Only One Team to the Family.**  
As long as there are so many worthy applicants, the territorial good roads commission has made it a rule to employ only one team from a family on the Santa Fe-Albuquerque Scenic Highway on which work south of Thornton will be begun this week, the road from Thornton to La Bajada hill having been completed.

**Report to Carey Act Board.**  
Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan has completed his report on the Carey Act application of the Oasis Development Company for 34,000 acres in Otero county. A copy of the report will be filed in the U. S. land office.

**Hondo Hydrographic Survey.**  
Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan is rushing to completion the important hydrographic survey of the Hondo river system in Lincoln and Chaves counties and expects to have it completed by Christmas.

**Must Publish Annual Statement.**  
The annual financial and tax statement blanks are being forwarded today by Superintendent of Insurance Jacobo Chaves to 35 fire, 28 life, and 18 miscellaneous insurance companies and about 20 fraternal benefit associations doing business in New Mexico. The attention of the companies is called to the law that the taxes are payable on or before February 1; that financial statements must be filed on or before March 1, and that the publication law requires the publication of an annual statement in each county in which each company does business in a daily paper in counties in which such paper is published.

**Asks to Do Business in New Mexico.**  
The Beneficial Insurance Company of Salt Lake City, Utah, has applied to Superintendent of Insurance Jacobo Chaves, for the necessary blanks to apply for admission to do business in New Mexico.

**Vacation Salaries.**  
Superintendent of Public Instruction J. E. Clark has sent out the following circular:

Gentlemen:  
On account of the fact that there is a great deal of misunderstanding concerning vacation salaries I would ask that you read very carefully Section 26, Chapter 97, Laws of 1907, found on Page 215 of the Compilation of School Laws for 1909, and note that this chapter was amended by Section 10, Chapter 121 of the Laws of 1909. On careful reading you will note that:

First—The holder of a permit of third grade certificate may not receive salary in excess of fifty dollars per month.

Second—The holder of a second grade certificate may not receive a salary in excess of seventy-five dollars per month.

Third—There is no limit placed upon the salary that may be paid a holder of a first grade certificate or any higher form of teachers license.

Fourth—That a holder of a permit may receive back pay in excess of fifty dollars per month, provided he secures a regular teachers license at some time during the term for which he is engaged.

Fifth—That a teacher is entitled to full pay for a period not to exceed one month during which school may be closed for reasons specified.

Sixth—That the original provision of the law of 1907 giving a teacher the regular salary during the holiday vacation for a period not to exceed fifteen days has been repealed. It is the last item in the foregoing that has been misunderstood in particular. Some teachers are of the opinion that they are to receive pay for the holiday vacation.

The length of the holiday vacation is fixed by the board of school directors and it may be made one day or one month, whatever the board may decide.

Holders of third grade certificates who advance their licenses during the term for which they are elected may not legally receive back salary in excess of fifty dollars, but they may receive advanced salary from the date of issue of the advanced grade of license. This is true also of holders of second grade licenses.

The matter of payment for certain holidays and the matter of making up certain days lost during the term is wholly a local one which the board of directors and the teacher together with the county superintendent should decide.

Mrs. S. Joyce, Claremont, N. H., writes: "About a year ago I bought two bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy. It cured me of a severe case of kidney trouble of several years standing. It certainly is a grand, good medicine, and I heartily recommend it." Sold by all druggists.

## SENTENCE DAY IN COURT AT LAS VEGAS.

Chief Justice William J. Mills before leaving for the east last evening imposed sentence upon those convicted at the present session of court at Las Vegas:

Candido Maes, larceny of a horse, which he sold at Upper Las Vegas and who was caught twelve days later in Guadalupe county, was given not less than eighteen months or more than two years in the penitentiary.

Francisco Martinez, found guilty of forgery, having forged an order for twelve dollars on the Romero Mercantile Company was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Cipriano Martinez who burglarized the barber shop of W. T. Reed was sentenced to serve not less than one year and not more than eighteen months in the penitentiary.

Margarito Romero, tried for the larceny of a horse from Marcel Baula, was sentenced to serve not less than eighteen months and not more than two years in the penitentiary.

Vidal Martinez, who pleaded guilty to sodomy, was sentenced to serve not less than three years nor more than five years in the penitentiary.

Julio Chavez, who set fire to the warehouse of Albino Salazar at Chapelle, the fire causing a loss of \$1,000, was sentenced to serve not less than fifteen months nor more than eighteen months in the penitentiary.

John Callaway, colored, charged with having obtained money under false pretenses, having passed a worthless check in the sum of sixteen dollars on T. F. Cameron, of the Optima bar, was sentenced to serve sixty days in the county jail.

Cipriano Martinez y Hernandez, found guilty of assault on a woman with a deadly weapon, was fined twenty-five dollars and costs.

Virginia V. de Teillebaum who was brought into court under writ of attachment for not responding to a subpoena before the grand jury, and who has caused the court more or less trouble from time to time, was given a sentence this morning but was severely reprimanded by Chief Justice Mills, who informed Mrs. Teillebaum that in the future it would be necessary for her to appear in court when summoned.

Paucando Medina, tried for the larceny of a horse from Mrs. Fannie Jones was sentenced to serve not less than two years nor more than two and one-half years in the penitentiary.

Benericia Padilla was given sixty days in the county jail for assault. Joaquin Labrado and Geromimo Ascarate, charged with having broken a seal on a Santa Fe car, were sentenced to serve one year each but the sentence was suspended by the judge pending the good behavior of these two men and providing they return to Mexico where they reside.

Atanacio Chavez, aged fourteen years, charged with having burglarized several houses on the east side was sentenced to serve three years in the reform school at Springer.

A. Frank Ackerman, charged with having forged certain Santa Fe checks was sentenced to serve not less than one year or more than fifteen months in the penitentiary. The sentence in this case was suspended by the judge pending the good behavior of Ackerman.

Edward Rice, charged with forging certain Santa Fe checks was sentenced to serve not less than eighteen months or more than two years in the penitentiary. As soon as Rice has served his sentence at the Santa Fe penitentiary he will be taken to San Bernardino, Calif., where he is wanted for attempted murder.

Lucio Jaramillo found guilty of uttering a forged check in the sum of thirty-five dollars, was sentenced to serve not less than one year or more than eighteen months in the penitentiary. The sentence in this case was also suspended on a plea made by the district attorney, pending the good behavior of Jaramillo.

The case of Julio Montano charged with having received stolen property and who pleaded not guilty has had his case set for trial for tomorrow morning.

The prisoners sentenced to serve time in Santa Fe will probably be taken over Sunday afternoon.

## S.S.S. NATURE'S CURE FOR BLOOD POISON

Not only its proven ability to cure, but its absolute safety as a remedy has made S.S.S. the most desirable of all medicines for the treatment of Contagious Blood Poison. S.S.S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks of the forests and fields. It does not contain a particle of mercury, potash or any other harmful mineral to injure the delicate parts of the system, impair the digestion, corrode and irritate the lining of the stomach, or in any other way injure the health. It is Nature's blood purifier, harmless in its action and certain in its good results. S.S.S. removes the poison from the circulation, enriches the blood, and safely and surely cures Contagious Blood Poison. It builds up and strengthens the system by its fine tonic effects and leaves the patient not only cured of the disease, but stronger and in better health in every way. If you are suffering with Contagious Blood Poison S.S.S. is your most certain reliance; an honest medicine, and because of its vegetable purity, a safe treatment for any one. We have a special book on home treatment which explains fully the different stages of the disease, also suggestions that will be helpful to you in the treatment of your case. We will be glad to send this book together with any medical advice desired, free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

## FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH ELECTS PASTOR.

At a well attended meeting of the congregation of the First Presbyterian church last evening, a call was extended to Rev. Charles T. Weith of Ardmore, Oklahoma, who seeks a better climate on account of the ill health of his wife. The call was made unanimous after the first ballot, on which Mr. Weith received all but one vote, which were given to the only other nominee, although it was understood that a third candidate was available. Alan R. McCord acted as moderator of the meeting and E. F. Crichton as stated clerk. Mr. Crichton and C. E. Loney were elected commissioners to look after the transfer of Mr. Weith, should he accept, from the Presbytery in Oklahoma to Santa Fe Presbytery. The call offers Mr. Weith an annual salary of \$1,400, or possibly \$1,500, the parsonage free of rent and four weeks annual vacation and although Mr. Weith receives much greater remuneration at Ardmore, it is believed that he will accept. He preached at Santa Fe two weeks ago and made a very favorable impression and reports from Ardmore are that he is one of the leaders there not only in Presbyterian church circles but in the entire community. He is of middle age, has served as home missionary, has been in Ardmore the past nine or ten years during which time his congregation increased from 50 to nearly 300 members, is a typical western man, an eloquent pulpit orator. He has a son seventeen years of age.

The interior, a church paper of Chicago, says: "Dr. Weith was born in Germany and came to this country at the age of nine years. During his nine years in Ardmore the church has made much progress. A fine nine room manse was built in 1904, having all modern conveniences including natural gas for light and heat. Dr. Weith has been chairman of the Presbyterian home mission committee for the past nine years, has been moderator of the Ardmore Presbytery and also of the Synod of Oklahoma. He is an untiring worker and is constantly busy with plans for the betterment of the church and town."

Besides being a preacher of ability, Dr. Weith is a member of the bar having been admitted to practice both in Kansas and Oklahoma.

If you are suffering from biliousness, constipation, indigestion, chronic headache, invest one cent in a postal card, send to Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa, your name and address plainly on the back, and they will forward you a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Sold by all druggists.

## NOVEMBER WAS SUNNY AND MILD.

Section Director C. E. Loney of the U. S. weather bureau has furnished the New Mexican a meteorological summary for the month of November, which shows that the month was milder than the average and was also quite sunny, the sunshine average for the month having been 70 per cent and excepting the last five days, which were quite cloudy, the average was 80 per cent. There were nine days with 100 per cent of sunshine, the first 24 days of the month. The mean temperature was 41 degrees, two degrees above the normal. The average maximum temperature was 52.5 degrees and the average minimum 29.3 degrees. The mean relative humidity at six o'clock p. m. each day was 43 per cent. The mean atmospheric pressure was 30.07, the highest 30.50 on November 8, the lowest 29.68 on November 27. The highest temperature was 66 degrees on November 30. The greatest daily range was 33 degrees on November 28, and the least 8 degrees on November 2. There has been a deficiency from the average in temperature of 172 degrees. The precipitation was 1.02 inches, the snowfall 13.7 inches. The greatest precipitation for any 24 consecutive hours was .94 of an inch on November 28. Since New Year there has been a deficiency from the average in precipitation of 2.14 inches. The prevailing direction of the wind was from the northeast, the total movement having been 7117 miles, an average hourly velocity of 9.9 miles and a maximum velocity of 32 miles per hour from the west on November 15. The number of cloudy days was 2, of partly cloudy days 11, number of clear days 17.

## JURY QUITS AFTER FORTY-EIGHT HOURS.

Could Not Reach Agreement in Trial of John Williams for Murder of John Armstrong.

Roswell, N. M., Dec. 3.—After having been out more than forty-eight hours the jury in the case of John Williams, the well known stock man charged with the murder of John Armstrong, the manager of the XIT ranch, reported last night: "Was utterly unable to agree," and was discharged. It is understood that the jury stood nine for acquittal and three for conviction. The trial took place at Canon City, Texas.

## MINES AND MINING

**El Porvenir Copper Mining Company.**—Six more miners have been put to work by Margarito Romero on the properties of the El Porvenir Copper Mining Company near Las Vegas, making in all eighteen men employed.

**At Magdalena.**—The Tri-Ballion Company at Magdalena, Socorro county, has its hoist in running order at the Traylor shaft and the water has been pumped out of the shaft. Crosscutting north from the 400 foot level has commenced. The company will also prospect the Kit claim with the diamond drill. The Kelly lease is working steadily day and night.

**Reliance Group at Columbine.**—F. H. Blackman, a mining expert, has made a comprehensive report on the Reliance group at junction of Columbine creek and the Rio Colorado, seven miles northeast of Questa, Taos county, being located in the Red River mining district. There is a fissure vein of considerable size on the property, carrying silver, lead and zinc.

**Another Strike at Cap Rock.**—Another strike of gold ore is reported by the Grady Mining Company at Cap Rock, Quay county.

**Lordsburg Mines.**—The Bonny Mining Company, whose property is in the Virgin district, about five and one-half miles south of Lordsburg, Grant county, has purchased a 10-ton Partridge hot-blast smelter and it is the expectation to have it in operation in another month. The Bonny is surrounded by a large number of claims, the majority of which are in full blast and shipping ores daily to Douglas. The ores are mostly siliceous, but plenty of ores carrying iron and good values are available in the district as well as lime rock. The ores are all high in copper as well as gold and silver, the gold runs high in most of the claims. A main shaft is down 90 feet with three levels and development is being pushed. Sinking, as well as lateral drifting on all three levels, has been resumed. The shaft shows at least five parallel veins, while the surface shows seven more running at irregular angles. Considerable surface work has been done on most of them and they all pan out well. The company is installing a 10-ton unit at present to help the heavy expenses of the development it has already begun. The ore that is being stacked for the smelter averages 14 per cent copper with high gold and silver values.

**Silver City Smelter.**—E. A. Wayne of the Savanna Copper Company, owning the Silver City concentrator and smelter, also mines in the Burro mountain and Pinos Altos mining districts states that, within all probability the Silver City smelter will be opened on a large scale as soon as the Burro Mountain railroad is completed. There seems to be no doubt but what the Black Warrior ores from the Globe, Ariz., district will be brought to the Silver City smelter instead of being shipped to El Paso as negotiations for satisfactory transportation charges of the ore are now being conducted.

**Hanover, Grant County.**—The installation of a large double steam hoist and two 100 horse power boilers was recently completed at the property of the Philadelphia Mining Company and it is expected that the mine will soon be in operation. Three air drills will be put to work in the main shaft, and it is the intention to sink this shaft to a depth of from 800 to 1,000 feet. Buildings are now being built.

## NEEDFUL KNOWLEDGE.

Santa Fe People Should Learn to Detect the Approach of Kidney Disease.

The symptoms of kidney trouble are so unmistakable that they leave no ground for doubt. Sick kidneys excrete a thick, cloudy, offensive urine, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scaling. The back aches constantly, headaches and dizzy spells may occur and the victim is often weighed down by a feeling of languor and fatigue. Neglect these warnings and there is danger of dropsy, Bright's disease, or diabetes. Any one of these symptoms is warning enough to begin treating the kidneys at once. Delay often proves fatal.

You can use no better remedy than Doan's Kidney Pills. Here's Santa Fe proof:

Hyman Lowitzki, 115 Guadalupe Street, Santa Fe, N. M., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills, as they have been used by myself and other members of my family with splendid results. The value of Doan's Kidney Pills for relieving pain in the back and other kidney difficulties has been thoroughly proven to me. I take pleasure in making the merit of this remedy known to other kidney sufferers."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

# FOLEY'S KIDNEY REMEDY

For Backache, Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Disorders. Do not risk having Bright's Disease and Diabetes. Commence today and be well.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



# Wayside Jottings.

**Death of Pennsylvanian**—Andrew Shaffer, aged 49 years, died at Albuquerque. He came to New Mexico for his health four years ago from Pittsburg, Pa.

**Broke Arm for the Fourth Time**—Robert Coons of Albuquerque, has broken his right arm for the fourth time in his fourteen years of life. The latest fracture was caused by a fall from his bicycle.

**Engineer Painfully Injured**—Lee Wright, a Santa Fe engineer, while taking a train from Las Vegas to Lamy was painfully burned in his cab while passing Homerville, by the explosion of a lubricator which threw the oil in his face.

**Stones Thrown at Trains**—While passenger train No. 7, westbound on the Santa Fe, was passing Watrous, Mora county, yesterday, it was made the target for a volley of stones. Fortunately, no damage was done and no one was hurt.

**Increase in Land Values**—At Roswell, a parcel from the C. P. Sherman orchard sold for \$750 an acre, and part of the Hagerman orchard for \$700 an acre. The L. F. D. stock farm sold the apples from the sixty acre orchard for \$12,000.

**Masked Highwaymen at Albuquerque**—Two masked highwaymen Tuesday night held up Lee Zanone, a bartender in an Albuquerque saloon and secured \$10. The rascals who blow up a safe and secured \$29 the other night have not been apprehended.

**H. B. Holt Chosen Special Attorney**—The Elephant Butte Water Users' Association has elected H. B. Holt of Las Cruces, special attorney to assist the federal attorneys in the prosecution of the right of way condemnation proceedings for the Eagle project.

**Pretty Home Wedding**—At noon yesterday, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Hayward at Las Vegas, James Frederick Anton and Miss Charlotte Josephine Hayward were married by Rev. J. S. Moren, rector of St. Paul's Memorial church. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hayward of Santa Fe.

**More Snow Predicted**—The cloudy sky today seems to bear out the prediction of the weather bureau for snow and colder weather tonight and tomorrow in northern New Mexico, although the indications for southern New Mexico are fair and warmer weather. Last night the minimum temperature was 30 degrees and the maximum yesterday was 44 degrees. The relative humidity was 75 per cent last evening at six o'clock.

**No Water in Hondo Reservoir**—There is only one reclamation project in the United States that has been completed and is not in use. That is the Hondo project 13 miles from Roswell. It has been completed for two seasons, yet has not been of value to the farmers for it has not caught a drop of water. Rains that formerly fell upon the Hondo watershed and kept the Hondo river running a good part of the year, have not fallen at all the last two seasons since the completion of this \$330,000 project, and the farmers are suffering. "It rained the year we were building the dam and kept the water so high that we had a great deal of trouble," said Louis C. Hill, supervising engineer for the government, "but since its completion, there has not been enough rain to draw a flea."

**New Station on Santa Fe**—Fort Fillmore is a new station on the Santa Fe, seven miles south of Las Cruces.

**Holding Night Sessions**—Judge Ira A. Abbott in district court at Albuquerque is holding night sessions in the effort to finish up the pending criminal cases.

**Two Divorce Suits at Roswell**—Two divorce suits were filed in district court at Roswell. Etta Stanfield against H. T. Stanfield and Andrew D. Dameron vs. Sarah Dameron.

**Licensed to Wed**—This morning the probate clerk issued a marriage license to Jose de la Luz Martinez and Teresita Cordova, both of Cordova.

**Burglars Have Wagon**—Burglars who broke into the Klier bakery at Silver City recently carried off 400 pounds of flour in a wagon.

**Young Man Disappears**—Bad Grind staff, a young man living in the mountains sixty miles west of Roswell, disappeared mysteriously after a visit to the city.

**Took Wife to Escape Jail**—Benigno Alvarado and Florencio Rodriguez who recently slashed the woman with a knife, while in a jealous rage, were married yesterday at Albuquerque by Justice of the Peace David Perea. This released Rodriguez from jail and from prosecution for assault.

**Silver City Organizes W. C. T. U.**—A Women's Christian Temperance Union has been organized at Silver City with Mrs. A. D. Selitzer as president; Mrs. Elizabeth S. Barton as vice president; Miss Blanche Harsch, secretary; Mrs. Smith, treasurer, and Mrs. E. R. Jackson, superintendent of the Loyal Temperance League.

**Society Wedding at Albuquerque**—Yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. Dieckman, Rev. A. M. Mandalari united in marriage Miss Lisa Dieckman and Thomas Denney. Mrs. Mabel Mimms played the wedding march; Miss Margaret Kohler was bridesmaid and Master Russell Edgar ring bearer.

**Albuquerque W. C. T. U. Elects Officers**—The W. C. T. U. at Albuquerque yesterday elected the following officers: Mrs. Morley, Mrs. Kappeler, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. J. S. Easterday, Mrs. J. V. Pattenick and Mrs. I. P. Keeping. Five vice presidents were chosen as follows: Mrs. J. H. Heald, Mrs. W. J. Marsh, Mrs. E. A. Field, Mrs. I. F. Keeping and Mrs. J. S. Easterday. Mrs. E. A. Field was also elected treasurer, Mrs. Carrie Bro. is secretary.

**Sued for Small Sums**—H. K. Leonard at Las Vegas, yesterday sued

Filomen Sanchez for \$38 on an open account and Pedro Sanchez for \$15 for breach of contract.

**Knew the Season Was Closed**—A black tail deer passed through Estancia yesterday on its way to the Manzano mountains. It evidently knew the season was closed, remarks the Estancia Daily Herald.

**Fire at the Duncan Home**—Former Coal Oil Inspector James S. Duncan, at his home at Las Vegas, on Wednesday, discovered a fire that was burning the woodwork of a mantle but through prompt action extinguished it.

**Freight Wreck on Colorado and Southern**—A freight wreck on the Colorado and Southern at Garcia, near the New Mexico line, tied up the road so that it had to detour its trains from Des Moines to Raton over the Rocky Mountain, St. Louis and Pacific railroad.

**Death at Insane Asylum**—Mrs. Kate Seela, admitted to the territorial asylum for the insane at Las Vegas in the spring of last year, has died at that institution.

**Given Marriage License**—Catarina Tafaya, aged 25, of Socorro, and Juan Baca y Lobato, aged 49, of Las Vegas, were given a marriage license at Las Vegas yesterday.

**University Defeats Aggies**—At Albuquerque yesterday the University of New Mexico eleven defeated the Agricultural College eleven of Mesilla Park by a score of 51 to 0.

**Ranch House Destroyed by Fire**—The fine residence of Arthur Nesbitt, east of Estancia, was destroyed by fire Thursday afternoon. It was a large frame building.

**Injured by Explosion**—Pablo Giron had his left arm torn off near the elbow and several fingers blown from his right hand by the explosion of dynamite caps at Magdalena, Socorro county.

**Ten Men Found Guilty**—With Judge John R. McFie on the bench in district court at Las Vegas, the territorial petit jury yesterday found Julian Montano and Facundo Medina guilty of larceny.

**Married in Manzano Church**—Regina Torres and Federico Velasquez of Progreso, Torrance county, were married Thursday morning in the Catholic church at Manzano by Rev. Joseph Gauthier.

**Crushed Between Falling Walls**—At Tucuman, the roofs of two livery stables were crushed in by the weight of snow. One horse was killed and several bugles and carriages were smashed, the damage being \$1,200.

**Santa Fe Architect's Plans Adopted**—The board of county commissioners of Chaves county has adopted from among six architects submitting plans, those of I. H. Rapp, the Santa Fe architect, for the new \$120,000 Chaves county court house.

**Physicians Elect Officers**—The Bernalillo County Medical Association has elected the following officers: President, Dr. L. G. Rice; first vice-president, Dr. H. B. Kaufman; second vice-president, Dr. C. A. Frank; secretary, Dr. F. E. Tall; treasurer, Dr. E. O. Gonsu; censor, Dr. Walter G. Hope.

**Old Timer Dies at Las Cruces**—Gregorio Garcia, an old timer at Las Cruces died at a ripe old age. He leaves a wife and daughter, Mrs. Robert Nietzsche. He was a brother of the wife of Perfecto Armijo, sheriff of Bernalillo county, and an uncle of Mrs. Theodore Rouault at Las Cruces. He served as captain in the New Mexico militia.

**Too Much Whisky Caused Two Murders**—A man named Crozier, who in a quarrel which started as the result of too much liquor, is accused of killing a native of Mexico at Winkelman, Ariz. Later in the day, another native of Mexico was killed by an officer in the town. The last named foreigner while in a saloon flourishing a gun and as the officer tried to take it away from him the weapon was discharged killing the Mexican.

**Fatal Fight in Quay County**—As the result of a fight at Barrancos, Quay county, Charles W. Edwards, a former law-dyer, and William Gore, his neighbor, is in the county jail at Tucuman. The dispute arose over the putting up of a fence.

**Confirmation at Albuquerque**—Tomorrow in the Church of the Sacred Heart at Albuquerque, Archbishop J. B. Pitaval will confirm a large class.

**Portales Man Commits Suicide**—Wood McGin, aged nineteen years, committed suicide at Portales, Roosevelt county, because refused aims by the residents.

**Sea Gulls Near Carlsbad**—Over a thousand miles from the nearest ocean, several hundred sea gulls make their home on Lake McMillan and Lake Avalon of the Carlsbad irrigation project.

**It Will Remain Morlarty**—The effort to change the name of the town and postoffice of Morlarty, Torrance county, to Carson, has failed, the postoffice department having revoked its recent order.

**Died From Typhoid Fever at Albuquerque**—Mrs. Clayton, wife of Dr. E. M. Clayton, died yesterday from typhoid fever at Albuquerque. Besides the husband, four small children survive.

**Baptist Convention at Las Vegas**—The New Mexico Baptist convention at Las Vegas has re-elected B. T. Luk of Silver City president. It elected Marcus E. S. Atwood, secretary, E. P. Aldredge of Portales delivered the convention sermon.

**Time Extended for Water Users**—A telegram from Washington brings the welcome news that the time for paying the first installment under the Carlsbad project has been extended from December 1 to March 1 by the reclamation service.

Oratorical Contest at Albuquerque

—The oratorical contest at Albuquerque last evening resulted in Miss Helen Heacock receiving the first prize for her oration: "Industrial Education in the Public Schools." David Rosenwald received second prize for "The Conservation of Our National Resources." Fred Calkins was given third prize, Edgar Jaffa fourth, prize and Ralph Gibson fifth prize.

**TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1909.**  
**Will Grade New Park**—The Albuquerque Park Commission has awarded the contract for grading the new Highland Park.

**Wedding at Las Vegas**—Reyes Segura and Guadalupe Otero were married at Las Vegas yesterday. The groom is a printer.

**Two Fires at Deming**—Fire on Sunday destroyed the barn and automobile of Dr. J. G. Moir at Deming. A second fire damaged the home of A. Schultz.

**Fined for Carrying Gun**—Charles Rodbell, a Las Vegas business man, was arrested and fined yesterday in the Meadow City for carrying a gun.

**Lasater Acquitted**—John L. Lasater was acquitted in district court at Albuquerque yesterday of the charge of murder, resulting from the stabbing of Nicolas Sanchez at Tome, Valencia county. Lasater acted in self-defense.

**In Pursuit of Horse Thieves**—Mounted Policeman Fred Higgins and Deputy Sheriff O. Z. Finley of Roswell, are in pursuit of a thief who stole three thoroughbred horses belonging to Roy and Jaffa Miller.

**Stubborn Fire at Las Vegas**—A defective fuse yesterday morning set fire to the Center Block Pharmacy at Las Vegas, and it took the fire department three hours to extinguish the blaze, although the damage was comparatively slight. Sunday a fire occurred at the residence of Dr. M. M. Miller, but was extinguished by the firemen before much damage was done.

**Albuquerque Firm Fails**—The Paris Fashion Specialty Company, B. Segel, proprietor, Albuquerque, closed its doors yesterday, according to the Albuquerque Journal with liabilities of \$5,000 and assets of \$1,000.

**Railroad Officials at Albuquerque**—Second Vice-President J. W. Kendrick, Chief Engineer Charles A. Morse, General Manager C. W. Round and other Santa Fe officials were in Albuquerque yesterday on their way to the Pacific coast.

**Will Rebuild Hotel at Cloudcroft**—General Manager H. J. Simmons of the El Paso and Southwestern Railroad announced today that the Lodge at Cloudcroft, which burned to the ground several months ago, would be rebuilt by the company but would not be ready for occupancy until 1911.

**Masons Elect Officers**—Last night Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M., held its annual election with the following results: F. B. Crichton, W. M.; H. H. Dorman, S. W.; S. B. Grimshaw, J. W.; H. B. Cartwright, treasurer; Alan McCord, secretary; R. J. Crichton, Tyler.

**Society Elects Officers**—The Mutual Protective Society on Sunday afternoon elected the following officers: President, Canuto Alarid; vice-president, Telesforo Rivera; secretary, Pablo Griego; treasurer, Jesus Ortiz y Tafaya; marshal, Higinio Pacheco; stewards, Emilio Rivera, Sarpio Romero and Antonio T. de Becker; janitor, Nicolas Rodriguez.

**Costly Fire at Raton Today**—At Raton at six o'clock this morning, the Pacific saloon and the headquarters of the Social Club of Raton, suffered a fire loss of \$7,000.

**Grand Jury After Gamblers**—The grand jury at Alamogordo, among the fifty-two indictments returned by it, ranging from murder to horse stealing, included wholesale indictments for violation of the anti-gambling law.

**Phenomenal Gold Discovery**—Leonard Smith, who recently bought the Allison ranch near Pine Chisago, Grant county, has made a phenomenal gold discovery on his place, a fissure vein that has been traced for three miles and is six feet wide. It carries from \$9 to \$48 per ton in gold and some samples assayed \$127 per ton.

**Attorneys Confer on Condemnation**—When the condemnation suit of the government is taken up at Socorro by United States Attorney David J. Leahy, of Las Vegas, he will be assisted by Attorney Richard F. Burgess of El Paso, and H. B. Holt of Las Cruces. The three attorneys were in conference at El Paso on Thursday regarding the suit.

**Light Sentence for Thief**—The case of the United States vs. John Williams, for breaking into and pilfering a car of merchandise at Carrizozo, ended at Alamogordo, in a verdict of guilty for Williams and a sentence of six months in the penitentiary. Williams is only 19 years of age and was brought to the penitentiary today by Deputy U. S. Marshal J. H. Smith.

**Accept Steam Heating Plant**—The board of regents of the American School of Archaeology have examined and passed upon the steam heating plant installed in the Old Palace building by the engineering firm of Berry and Elliott of St. Louis. The plant was found to be in satisfactory condition and was accepted by the board. Work on other improvements is still being continued in the building which promises to soon be one of the most delightfully attractive features in the Capital City.

**Succumbed to Pneumonia**—On last Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock, T. H. Butman, a construction engineer in the employ of the Santa Fe Water and Light Company, succumbed to the effects of pneumonia at St. Vincent's Sanitarium. Butman came to Santa Fe only recently and took charge of the improvements which were being made at the plant of the water and light company. He was an indefatigable worker and it is believed that he overexerted himself. This, together with exposure and the fact that he had not become acclimated, brought on an attack of pneumonia. He was ill but three days and though everything possible was done to bring about recovery, the dread disease soon gained the upper hand. He was a man of

forty and unmarried. His home was Toledo, Ohio, but his parents live in Chicago, where the remains will ship.

**Heart Trouble Claims Young Girl**—On last Saturday, Miss Josefita Lucero, daughter of Obedo Lucero of East Palace avenue, died from the effects of rheumatism of the heart. The deceased was sixteen years of age. The funeral took place this morning at seven o'clock from the Cathedral, interment being at Rosario.

**Typographical Union Elects Officers**—Santa Fe Typographical Union No. 405, on Saturday evening elected the following officers: President, F. P. Sturges; vice president, Canuto Alarid; secretary-treasurer, Pedro G. Ortiz; executive committee, C. W. Coombs, Benigno Muniz and John G. Howland; sergeant at arms, Gregorio Rael. Union men should remember that the New Mexican Printing Company is the only union shop in Santa Fe county.

**Died of Scarlet Fever**—Ignacio, the nine year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Attillano Baca died on Saturday at Las Vegas of scarlet fever.

**La Lande Couple Married**—G. W. Priehard and Miss Bernice Womanoff of La Lande, Roosevelt county, were married last week at Sandy Hook, Kentucky.

**In Jail for Embezzlement**—Lon Gleas is in jail at Las Vegas in default of \$200 bail on the charge of embezzling funds belonging to the East Las Vegas fire department.

**No Holiday Vacation at Las Vegas**—The public schools of Las Vegas reopened after closing down several weeks on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever. There will be no holiday vacation over Christmas.

**Held for Embezzlement**—Santiago Alvarado was arrested at Fort Sumner on the complaint of Nicolas Madrid, who charged Alvarado with embezzlement. Alvarado was bound over to the district court under \$500 bail.

**Melancholy Causes Suicide**—Henry Nichols, an aged man living at Lone Tree, seven miles east of Carlsbad, Eddy county, shot himself with a 22 caliber rifle last Thursday and died on Friday. He leaves a wife and three daughters.

**Sentenced to Penitentiary**—Judge John R. McFie at Las Vegas on Saturday sentenced Facundo Medina and Julio Montano to two and a half years to three years in the penitentiary for having in their possession stolen property.

**Married to Escape Punishment**—Alonso Montoya, charged with seduction by Clotilde Washington, a colored woman, at Las Vegas, consented to marry her to escape prosecution and the knot was tied by Justice of the Peace Sena.

**Will Move Texico Depot**—In order to conform with the Texas law, the Santa Fe will move its depot to the state line, so that the east end of the depot will be in Texas and the west end in New Mexico. The structure will have to be moved about a hundred yards for the purpose.

**Death of Former Resident**—C. C. Sroufe, who last year spent several months in Santa Fe, died at Gallup last week at the age of 43 years. He was a native of Kentucky and held several responsible positions with the Southern Pacific Railroad. His funeral will take place at Cincinnati, O.

**Cattle in Good Condition**—Dr. T. A. McCarthy and E. Van Horn on Saturday inspected the cows of the Andrews dairy, the Sanitarium, the Indian dairy and those of Luis Moya, and found all of the cows to be in a healthy condition. The places visited were commended for cleanliness and good sanitary conditions.

**Issued Marriage Licenses**—On Saturday the probate clerk issued the following marriage licenses: Anita Barbero, aged 18 years, and Guadalupe Archuleta, aged 19 years; Josefita Quintana, aged 22 years, and John S. Williams, aged 29 years; Edna R. White, aged 18 years, of Espanola, and Maurice E. Dodge, aged 36 years, of Espanola.

**WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1909.**  
**South Side Elects Commissioners**—On last Monday the district of Santa Fe, lying south of the river, elected the following district commissioners: Camilo Padilla, overseer; Jose Dolores Garcia; Canuto Alarid, Accension Romero. The election was held in the office of Justice of the Peace Richard Alarid.

**Candidate for Rhodes Scholarship**—On December 15, a special meeting of the faculty of the University of New Mexico, will be held at Albuquerque to select a duly qualified candidate for the Rhodes scholarship at Oxford University which is worth \$1,500 a year.

**Died at Miners' Hospital**—Thomas

Lester, for the past few years a resident of New Mexico, died at the Miners' Hospital at Raton of gangrene. Among his daughters are Mrs. Frank Jelfs of Raton, and Mrs. Katie W. Demsteln of Las Vegas.

**Elected Chief of Las Vegas Fire Department**—The East Side Fire Department of Las Vegas has re-elected Charles O'Malley chief. Fred Phillips was elected assistant chief; L. E. Crites, first captain; R. W. Smith, second captain; J. R. Lowe, secretary and treasurer; C. W. Barnes, collector.

**Passenger Throws a Fit**—I. M. Davis, a recruit of the U. S. marine corps, was found yesterday near Las Vegas, hanging half way out of the window of his berth on a tourist sleeper of train No. 5 of the Santa Fe. Davis was rescued from his perilous position and said that he wasn't drunk, that he was merely throwing an epileptic fit. Strange though that Uncle Sam should accept apologies for his naval service.

**Death of Old Timer**—Marcel Trujillo, an old time resident of Las Vegas, died at Cimarron, Colfax county, at the age of 78 years. He was a bachelor.

**El Paso Team Defeated**—The basketball team of the Agricultural College at Mesilla Park defeated the La Mesa school team of El Paso by a score of 24 to 5.

**In Jail a Second Time**—Three days after being released from a thirty days sentence in jail, Andrew Brown was re-arrested at Albuquerque yesterday on the charge of attempted burglary.

**Will Inspect Nursery Stock**—Prof. Fabian Garcia of the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts has been designated to inspect all nursery stock imported into Texas from Mexico.

**Ditch Commissioners Elected**—At the annual election at Las Cruces, this week, M. E. Peterson, Catarino Armijo and James Queensberry were elected ditch commissioners and Manuel Lopez mayor domo.

**Honor for Albuquerque Veteran**—Joseph Phillips of Albuquerque has been appointed an aide-de-camp on the staff of the commander in chief of Grand Army of the Republic, Samuel R. Van Sant of Minnesota.

**Arrested For Horse Stealing**—Tomás Martinez, Marcos Corona and Seforino Cornelius, have been lodged in jail at Roswell for stealing five horses, the arrest being made by Mounted Policeman Fred Higgins.

**Died at Tent City**—This morning death claimed J. Lee Minette, who was a patient suffering with tuberculosis at the Summit sanitarium. The deceased was a resident of Petersburg, Virginia, where the remains will be shipped.

**Tularosa Ditch Commissioners**—The ditch election at Tularosa, Otero county, resulted in the election of W. D. Tipton, J. J. Dale and Eli Knight as ditch commissioners and E. H. Simmons as mayor domo.

**E. J. Sued for \$20,000 Damages**—E. J. Hunter, former freight conductor on the Santa Fe, has sued the Santa Fe for \$20,000 damages, which he alleges resulted from the loss of sight on one eye, caused by an accident on the railroad.

**Sues Albuquerque Park Commission**—M. P. Stamm at Albuquerque has brought suit against Berthold Spitz, R. W. D. Bryan and S. L. Burton, park commissioners of Albuquerque, for \$250, alleged to be due on the Highland Park purchase.

**Convicted a Second Time for Illegal Sale of Liquor**—For the second time in two years, John Cornetto was convicted in the district court at Albuquerque for the illegal sale of liquor, this time for failing to take out a license, the last time for selling liquor to an Indian. This time his wife, Mrs. Mary Cornetto was convicted with him.

**A Costly Jag**—Clon Cutler, who gave eight days on the chain gang at Las Vegas for having a jag.

**Appointed Janitor**—Cruz Segura has been appointed janitor of the San Miguel county court house at Las Vegas.

**Appointed Indian Teacher**—Miss Lillian Sutherland of Cleveland, Ohio, has been appointed a teacher in the Indian day school at Pueblo de Taos.

**One Above Zero at Las Vegas**—The minimum temperature at Las Vegas yesterday was one degree above zero, or considerably colder than at Santa Fe.

**Will Move to Taos**—Rev. John A. Cutler of Raton, prominent in Masonic circles, will move to Taos with his family, having accepted the position of bookkeeper with a Taos firm and also the pastorate of the Baptist church at Taos.

## How's This?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnam & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

**SANTA FE, N. M., OCT. 26, 1909, NO. 012008.**  
**NOTICE OF THE APPLICATION OF**  
EVALINE M. BENNETT, ALBERT I. BENNETT, CLARENCE C. BENNETT, JOHN W. BENNETT, ARTHUR M. BENNETT, ED. C. BENNETT AND DON A. E. BENNETT FOR A UNITED STATES PATENT.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of Chapter Six of Title Thirty-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, Evaline M. Bennett, Albert I. Bennett, Clarence C. Bennett, John W. Bennett, Arthur M. Bennett, Ed. C. Bennett and Don A. E. Bennett, in fact for claimants, have made application to the United States for a patent for the Vera M. lode mining claim, lying and being situated within the Los Cerrillos Mining District, county of Santa Fe, Territory of New Mexico, which is more fully described as to metes and bounds by the official plat herewith posted and by the field notes of survey thereof, now filed in the office of the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface, with magnetic variation at as follows, to-wit: Survey No. 1402.

September 19, 1909. At the W. end center, Astor lode, which is a porphyry stone, 18x18x4 ins. set in a mound of stones marked W. and Mid. Astor, in latitude 33 deg. 20' N. longitude 100 deg. 7' W. at 7h 23m. 6s. o. m. 1. I observe Polaris at eastern elongation, in accordance with the Manual, and mark a point in the line thus determined on a peg, driven in the ground, 250 ft. N. of my station. Sept. 20, 1909, at 7h. 25m. a. m. I lay off the azimuth of Polaris 1 deg. 27' to the west and mark a point in the meridian thus established by a pencil dot on a wooden stake, firmly set in the ground, 250 ft. N. of my station. Beginning at cor. No. 1. Identical with the S.W. cor. of the location and with cor. No. 1 Sur. No. 1401, Vera M. lode. A porphyry stone 24x14x4 ins. set in a mound of stones on stony ground, with a mound of stones 11-2 ft. high, 2 ft. base alongside, chiseled 1401-1; whence, a plon 7 ins. diam. bears S. 61 deg. 22 minutes 8 ft. dist. and a plon 7 ins. diam. bears 37 degrees, 22 minutes E. 15.5 ft. dist. each blazed and scribered BT 1401-1. The Cor. of Secs. 19, 20, 29 and 30, T. 15 N. R. 8 E. N. M. P. M. bears S. O. deg. 13 minutes W. 33.08 ft. dist., which is a porphyry stone 18x15x5 ins. set in a mound of stones, marked with 2 grooves on E. face. Thence S. O. deg. 13 min W. Va. 12 deg. 41 E. O. line bet. Secs. 19 and 20, a flag on the 1-4 Sec. Cor. being visible. 33.68 ft. The cor. of Secs. 19, 20, 29 & 30, previously described, 1327.00. Junction of arroyo 10 ft. wide, course E. SE, road bears E. SE and W. NW. 1402.00. Arroyo 5 ft. wide, course E. 1497.24. To Cor. No. 2. A granite stone 24x19x9 ins. set in the ground with a mound of stone 1-2 ft. high, 2 ft. base, alongside, chiseled 1401-2; whence, a plon 4 ins. diam. bears N. 48 deg. 46 minutes E. 53.4 ft. dist. and a cedar 4 ins. diam. bears N. 11 deg. 50 min. E. 59.8 ft. dist. each blazed and scribered BT 1401-2. The S.W. location Cor. bears S. 51 deg. 53 minutes W. 11.8 ft. dist. A plon stump 6 ins. diam. surrounded by a mound of stones marked SW. Cor. Vera M. Thence N. 51 deg. 53 minutes E. Va. 10 deg. 31 min. E. 101.00. Arroyo 5 ft. wide, course E. NE. 290.00. Road bears E. and W. 245.48; the S. end center, whence, the S. end center of the location, bears S. 64 deg. 15 min. E. 49.1 ft. dist. a porphyry stone 18x10x5 ins. set in a mound of stones marked S. and Mid. Vera M. 727.93 to Cor. No. 3. A granite stone 24x15x7 ins. set in the ground with a mound of stones 1-2 ft. high, 2 ft. base alongside, chiseled 1401-3; whence, a plon 5 ins. diam. bears N. 45 deg. 35 min. W. 88 ft. dist. and a plon 4 ins. diam. bears S. 68 deg. 55' W. 61 ft. dist. each blazed and scribered BT 1401-3. The SE location cor. bears S. 65 deg. 18' E. 93 ft. dist., a plon post 4 ins. square, set in a mound of stones, marked SE. Cor. Vera M. Thence N. O. deg. 13 min. E. Va. 9 deg. 54 min. E. 1017.00. Intersect line bet. Secs. 20 and 29, 572.7 ft. N. 89 deg. 47 min. E. of the cor. of Secs. 19, 20, 29 and 30, previously described, and 2960.7 ft. S. 89 deg. 47 min. W. of the 1-4 sec. cor. which is a porphyry stone, 18x10x3 ins. set in a mound of stones marked 1-4 on N. face 1497.24. To cor. No. 4, on line 1-2 Astor lode. Survey No. 1402, identical with the NE location cor., a porphyry stone 24x 18x8 ins. set in a mound of stones, on stony ground, with a mound of stones 1-2 ft. high, 2 ft. base alongside, chiseled 1401-4. Thence S 51 deg. 53 min. W. Va. 9 deg. 42 min. E. 382.45; the N. end center. 727.95, to cor. No. 1, the place of beginning. Total area Vera M. lode 19.62 acres. Location: This claim is located in the SW. 1-4 of Sec. 20 and the NW. 1-4 of Sec. 29, T. 15 N. R. 8 E. N. M. P. M. The said mining claim being of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds at Santa Fe, in the county and territory aforesaid, the premises hereby sought to be patented being bounded on the north by the Montezuma Gold and Copper Mine, on the west