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Santa Fe New Mexican, 03-02-1900

New Mexican Printing Company

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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 37.

SECOND EDITION

SANTA FE, N. M., FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1900.

CITY AND NORTHERN MAIL

NO. 10

BUT BEGUN TO FIGHT

The British War Department Estimates For Funds Is Up to \$300,000,000.

ENDLESS STREAM OF MEN

London Is Feeling So Happy Over the Relief of Ladysmith, But the Mortality From Disease Was Very Heavy At the Garrison.

London, March 2, 2 p. m.—With no prospect of any exciting news from Ladysmith in the near future, all eyes turn toward Field Marshal Lord Roberts' advance into the Orange Free State. Critics of the afternoon newspapers are almost unanimous in expecting the main stand of the Boers to occur at Wyndburg or in that vicinity. Before the advance on Bloemfontein can become effective, a strong force of Boers already gathered southwest of Paardeberg must be dispersed. The British lack reinforcements, and the necessity of thorough transport organization may delay decisive action in this quarter several days and perhaps weeks. Making alone now awaits relief. A force to accomplish this is probably already on the way. It is believed that Colonel Baden-Powell's gallant little band will be able to hold out until succor arrives. In northern Cape Colony the British campaign progresses well. The whole line of the Orange river should shortly be in their possession.

EXCHANGED EXPERIENCES.

Paardeberg, February 28.—All prisoners were paraded yesterday afternoon. The look upon the faces of the men as they passed showed they were all overjoyed at release from a daily hell of shell and shot. They chattered freely with the British, discussing the different battles in which they fought. All the prisoners have intense admiration for the bravery and pluck of the Highlanders. Some sick prisoners have given a vivid description of Cronje's night march. It began in a panic. Terrible confusion prevailed. Huge wagons crowded a narrow road. Desertions were numerous. The Boer rations consisted of a pound and a half of fresh meat daily, a pound and a half of coffee, three pounds of sugar, and five pounds of flour per man weekly.

Every man off duty visited the Boer larger yesterday. The soldiers were allowed to take whatever they liked. They carried off clothing, kettles, cups, and even umbrellas. The last reports announce that a large force of Boers is operating ten miles away, on the British right front.

SUPPLIES FOR LADYSMITH.

London, March 2.—A dispatch from General Buller was received at the war office this morning announcing that twenty-three wagon loads of supplies are now entering Ladysmith, the first eleven wagons containing hospital comforts.

GENERAL CRONJE IN PRAYER.

Orange River, March 2.—Gen. Cronje and his wife passed here last night, en route to Cape Town. Cronje looks miserable. He entered a refreshment room, accompanied by his wife, grandson, interpreter, and General Pretorius and staff. Taking a seat at a table, Cronje covered his face with his hands a few moments as he engaged in prayer.

DID THEY GET AWAY?

London, March 2.—The Boers did not lose a gun nor any baggage in leaving Ladysmith. There is much mystery as to why the big guns and the larger force Cronje had were not found. How they got away is unknown.

LOTS OF BOERS YET.

London, March 2.—Dr. Leyds says Joubert is assembling 60,000 men at Welburg, seventy miles northeast of Bloemfontein. Colonel Albrecht, according to a dispatch from Paardeberg, affirms that the Boers have 75,000 men left.

CRONJE JOURNEYS ALONG.

Cape Town, March 2.—General Cronje and his party arrived at Simonstown today. Cronje was received by Gen. Sir Frederick Forester-Walker and a representative of Sir Alfred Milner, governor of Cape Colony.

COST OF WAR.

London, March 2, 4:30 a. m.—The government seized the opportunity which general enthusiasm yesterday afforded for announcing estimates to exceed £60,000,000, and startled the public by unfolding the program of the war office to send out, in addition to the 30,000 troops now afloat, 60,000 fresh soldiers. Lord Roberts will ultimately have a force of 250,000. An order reached Woolwich for the construction of 224 new guns, from 3-pounder to 12-inch guns. Of these 140 are to be naval guns. Already 25,000 workmen are employed at the arsenal, and 3,000 more will be engaged. These decisions to send out more troops and to increase the home armament meet with universal approval. Britons feel that they are living in the presence of momentous events. Tornadoes of patriotic excitement are whirling through the country. Even the dullest soul must have been stirred by emotions yesterday, and London's 6,000,000 were raised to a high pitch of patriotic exultation. It was a wonderful sight. Old men have nothing in memory with which to compare the day. Some likened it to Lucknow, others talked of the fall of Sebastopol. It was a time of singular abandon. The usual conventions of society ceased to control, and every one knew everybody else, all joining in smiles or howlings, as their dispositions moved them.

The proposed expenditure of £61,448,400 is accounted for as follows: Normal estimate, £21,777,000; permanent addition to the army, £1,625,000; temporary home defense, £6,228,000; war charges, £21,618,400. Army estimates show a total expenditure of £61,448,400, an increase over last year of £40,882,200. The total number of officers and men is

placed at 430,000, an increase over last year of 245,147. New estimates include the sums of £10,000,000 and £13,000,000 already voted for the war.

MORE MEN AND SHIPS.

London, March 2.—In the week ending March 3 eight ships will leave England, carrying 4,700 men; during the week ending March 10 fifteen ships, carrying 11,800 men, will leave for South Africa. During the week ending March 13 eleven ships, with 9,900 men, will sail; and during the week ending March 24, nine ships, with 8,900 men, are to sail. Finally, during the week ending March 31, six ships, carrying 3,200 men, will sail, totalling about 38,800; and during the following month 17,800 men will be ready, for whom ships have not yet been allotted.

DUTCH CITIZENS ARRESTED.

Rensburg, March 2.—The greater part of the Dutch residents of Colesburg have been arrested as rebels. The Boers yesterday were in full retreat northward, with the British force following.

A CASUALTY LIST.

London, March 2.—General Buller's casualties among the officers during the fighting February 27 were: Killed—Col. O'Leary, Lancashire; Major Lewis, Captain Sykes, Lieut. Simpson, Scots fusiliers; Lieutenant Morley, Warwicks; Lieutenant Daly, Irish fusiliers. Wounded—Gen. Barton, Colonel Carr, Scots fusiliers, and twenty-three others.

HEAVY MORTALITY AT LADYSMITH.

London, March 2.—There were in Ladysmith at the beginning of the siege 12,000 troops, 2,000 civilians and 4,000 natives. Between casualties and sickness, 8,000 soldiers passed through the hospital. The total casualties were: Killed or died of wounds, 14 officers and 235 men; died of disease, 6 officers and 340 men; wounded, 70 officers and 520 men, exclusive of white civilians and natives.

Death of a Conductor.

St. Paul, Minn., March 2.—Rt. Rev. Mahlon N. Gilbert, bishop's coadjutor of the diocese of Minnesota, Episcopalian, died here today.

Cleveland Needs to Go a Fishing.

New York, March 2.—The Journal says ex-President Cleveland is seriously ill at his home at Princeton. He is not confined to bed, but seldom leaves a room on the upper floor. He rarely sees visitors, and takes practically no interest in any events of the world at large.

Princeton, N. J., March 2.—The ex-president, according to his physician, has an attack of rheumatism. It is said he is not seriously ill.

Recommendations for Porto Rico.

Washington, March 2.—The president will send a message to congress today recommending the appropriation of money received from customs through Porto Rican systems since the United States occupation for the general relief of Porto Ricans. The sum approximately amounts to \$2,000,000.

MACHINISTS TO STRIKE.

May Be a Very Serious Matter in Chicago.

Chicago, March 2.—Having failed to reach an agreement with the manufacturers' executive committee, the machinists' association has decided to call a general strike of the machinists of Chicago. By to-night practically every union and many non-union machinists in this city will have laid down their tools, the only exceptions being at the shops which signed the agreement. President O'Connell said the trouble has developed into a life and death struggle for the union, and there were possibilities of the strike including all machinists and extending to all metalworkers' organizations in the country, which would affect nearly 600,000 men. Representatives of other organizations of Chicago have decided to order sympathetic strikes wherever that action is found necessary. This may involve nearly 50,000 men in this city alone.

President Goes to New York.

Washington, March 2.—President McKinley left Washington today for New York, where he will to-morrow night attend the annual dinner of the Ohio society.

PLAYED THEIR OWN GAME UPON 'EM.

Americans Ambush Insurgents and Topple Over Two Dozen.

Manila, March 2.—Colonel Anderson with the 38th infantry ambushed the enemy near Batangas. The Americans volleyed unexpectedly, killing 24 insurgents, wounding 30 and capturing several.

The Kentucky Contests.

Louisville, Ky., March 2.—Argument in the cases involving the title to the offices of governor and lieutenant governor was begun before Judge Fields in the circuit court today.

Secretary Root Goes to Cuba.

Washington, March 2.—Secretary Root left Washington today for a flying trip to Cuba, to confer with General Wood.

Utah Republicans.

Salt Lake, March 2.—The Republican state convention met today to nominate a candidate for representative in congress. Reed Smoot, of Utah county, was made temporary chairman. A recess was taken until the afternoon.

Editors in Council.

New Orleans, Mar. 2.—The principal occurrence at today's session of the national editorial convention was a speech made by Thomas M. Patterson, of the Rocky Mountain News, Denver, on the subject of the paper trust. Mr. Patterson said the protective tariff system made it possible for a few manufacturing concerns to get control of the entire white paper supply of this country. Editor J. E. Lanning, of the Legal News, Norwalk, Ohio, disputed the statement that wood pulp was protected by tariff.

Several delegates denounced Lanning, saying his methods were those of a politician.

CONGRESSIONAL.

THE SENATE.

Mr. Pettigrew secured the adoption of a resolution requesting information from the president regarding saloons at Manila and the sale of liquor to soldiers.

The message of the president concerning the revenue collected on Porto Rican products was referred to the committee on appropriations.

Mr. Hoar spoke in support of Quay's right to a seat.

In closing the argument in the Quay case Mr. Hoar said that senators knew that the three seats claimed by Senator Mantle, Senator Allen and Senator Beckwith were decided against these men because they were silver men, and the senate was about to enter upon consideration of the repeal of the Sherman law.

Senator Carter of Montana presented a memorial from the governors of western states protesting against the bill introduced in congress providing for the leasing of the public lands for grazing purposes. Mr. Carter said there was no probability of any such bill passing, and in order to prevent further agitation he hoped the bill would find eternal sleep.

Mr. Teller said such legislation was contrary to the policy of the government, and would never be enacted.

Mr. Foster, of Washington, who introduced the bill, says he has no intention of pressing it if it meets the opposition of the people.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 2.—A special message from the president was received recommending that all revenue collected on importations from Porto Rico since the evacuation of the island by Spain, now over \$2,000,000, should be placed at the disposal of the president for the relief of the island. The reading of the message was greeted with Republican applause. Mr. Cannon asked for unanimous consent for the immediate passage of the bill to carry out the recommendation. There was no objection. It was agreed that there should be twenty minutes' debate on each side. Mr. Cannon's Porto Rico bill passed the house by 162 to 107.

ANTI-TRUST SUGGESTIONS.

What the Industrial Commission Says for a Starter.

Washington, March 2.—The industrial commission's report, submitted to congress, regarding trusts, is but a preliminary report, intended to lead to legislation. It says:

"Promoters and organizers of corporations or industrial combinations, which look to the public to purchase or use in their stocks or securities should be required to furnish full details in regard to their business necessary for safe and intelligent investments. Any prospectus which fails to give this information should be held legally responsible. The nature of the business, together with the powers of the various officers, should be expressed in the certificates of incorporation, which should be open to inspection.

"Directors or members should be required to report to members of such corporations its financial conditions in reasonable detail; to give members access to the records of directors' meetings or otherwise, and furnish them before the annual meeting with lists of members with their addresses and their several holdings, and to provide in several other ways may be named in certificate of incorporation means whereby members may prevent or misuse their property by directors or trustees."

It is recommended that larger corporations should be required to publish annually a properly audited report, showing in reasonable detail their assets and liabilities, with profit or loss; such report and audit to be under oath and be subject to government inspection.

With regard to the commerce commission, it is recommended that it be given authority not only to prescribe methods of keeping the accounts of railroads and demand reports in such detail as it may require, but also to inspect and audit such accounts; that the decisions of the commission be made operative at the day fixed in decisions and remain so unless reversed by the United States courts on appeal; that the commission be authorized to prescribe classifications of freight articles and make rules and regulations for freight transportation throughout the United States, and penalties for violations of the interstate commerce act; that the commission be authorized to make the appropriate fines against the carrier and not imprisonment of officials.

Case Against Troopers.

Washington, March 2.—The following telegram was received by the war department today:

"Fort Bliss, Tex., March 2.—Have all the guilty and evidence to convict them except McElroy, who deserted. Corp. Powell confessed."

"LOUGHBOROUGH,"

"Commanding."

This refers to the recent riot at El Paso.

Work of the Galisteo Company.

J. P. Delgado, time keeper for the Galisteo Mining company at Dolores, is in the city on a visit to his friends. Mr. Delgado says that the building for the experimental Edison plant will be finished by the middle of April. E. P. Cribben and his five carpenters are making good progress on the building. The Galisteo company at present employs 25 men who are kept busy sinking trial shafts and clearing sites for buildings.

Albuquerque Notes.

Mrs. Harry Lockhart has been granted a divorce.

The youngest daughter of C. F. Meyers died Wednesday.

P. J. McCanna has been elected secretary of the Commercial Club.

The Journal-Democrat has been reorganizing its staff. George F. Albright is to be managing editor; W. S. Burke will do editorial work, and E. D. Carlson is to be business manager.

INTERESTING RUINS

Ancient Structure Near Aztec, San Juan County, Described In Numerous Details.

PREHISTORIC BUILDINGS

One of the Large Houses Contained Hundreds of Rooms—Thousands of Tons of Rock Used In Their Construction.

It is not only in Santa Fe county where the ancient dwellings are found, but also in San Juan there exist wonderful remains of the early dwellers. About a mile west of the county town of Aztec, on a mesa now under cultivation, are found the fallen or partially standing walls of a structure which presents features of unusual interest. The mound of debris which has been made from the fallen walls is quite 25 feet above the general level, and out of this heap walls yet standing rise in their original position to a further height of 30 feet.

The lower rooms can now be reached only through a passageway that has been cut through the second story, and can be examined only by the aid of artificial light. They vary from 6x10 to 10x16 feet at the base and are 10 feet in height. The ground walls are three and one-half feet in thickness, and the facings of all outer and inner walls are made of dressed stone of uniform thickness. While shaped without the aid of metal tools, they present a very uniform appearance, and the amount of labor required to dress them with implements of stone attest the skill and patience of the builders. The many thousands of tons of rock were brought to human labor from a quarry two miles distant. Some attempt was made to break joints in the different courses, and, doubtless for artistic effect, alternate layers of stone, not more than one inch in thickness, were frequently used in the walls. The builders evidently knew the use of the plumb line, for the standing walls are vertical, but were ignorant of the principles of bonding at point of wall intersections, for each cross wall is built to, but not into, the wall it meets at the true right angle. They evidently were not familiar with the use of lime, for all mortar was made from a deposit of red clay, about one-half mile distant, which contains a large amount of pyroxene of iron and minute infusoriae of marine deposit, which furnishes a mortar, when protected from the weather, almost as hard as cement. In these dry and now underground rooms this mortar has become almost as hard as the stone itself, but in the outer walls the centuries of storms and sand laden winds have worn it away to a depth of about two inches.

Passage to the several rooms was made through doorways of uniform width of three feet, varying from four to five feet in height, and so far as known all entrances was first made from the court of quadrangular area embraced within the outer walls. Light and ventilation were secured to the outer tier of rooms by openings, usually 8 by 12 in size which are located at a uniform distance of six feet from the clay floors.

In all places where irregular joints occur the mortar is filled with countless numbers of flakes of stone, perhaps not more than one-eighth of an inch in thickness. The mortar was placed with the hand, as is apparent from the palm and finger prints. All dividing walls were carried from the base through the upper stories, thus making rooms in tiers of uniform size. As the several stories were completed an offset of about four inches was made and from the receding thickness of the three stories now standing the building was evidently seven stories in made by the fallen walls would warrant this conclusion.

MARKET REPORT.

MONEY AND METAL.

New York, March 2.—Money on call nominally 2 3/4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4 1/2 @ 5 1/2. Silver, 59 1/2. Lead, 44 1/2.

GRAIN.

Chicago.—Wheat, March, 64 1/2; May, 65 1/2. Corn, March, 33 1/2; May, 34 1/2. Oats, March 22; May, 23 1/2 @ 23 3/4. STOCKS.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 5,000; steady to lower; native steers, \$3.65 @ \$5.50; Texas steers, \$3.25 @ \$4.50; Texas cows, \$2.50 @ \$3.50; native cows and heifers, \$2.25 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.25 @ \$5.25; bulls, \$2.85 @ \$4.00. Sheep, 2,000; strong; lambs, \$6.00 @ \$7.00; muttons, \$3.75 @ \$6.15.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 5,000; generally steady; good to prime steers, \$5.10 @ \$6.00; poor to medium, \$4.10 @ \$4.80; stockers and feeders, \$3.40 @ \$4.75; cows, \$3.00 @ \$4.20; heifers, \$3.25 @ \$4.60; canners, \$2.40 @ \$3.00; bulls, \$2.75 @ \$4.25; calves, \$5.00 @ \$8.00; Texas fed steers, \$3.00 @ \$5.00; Texas bulls, \$3.20 @ \$3.75. Sheep, 11,000; generally steady; good to choice wethers, \$5.50 @ \$6.00; fair to choice mixed, \$4.50 @ \$5.40; western sheep, \$5.35 @ \$5.90; yearlings, \$5.75 @ \$6.50; native lambs, \$5.00 @ \$7.40; western lambs, \$6.00 @ \$7.40.

MAY BE REINSTATED.

Ex-Lieutenant Flipper May See Military Service After All.

A recent Washington press dispatch announced that in the case of the bill pending in the United States senate restoring to the army with full rank ex-Lieut. H. O. Flipper, who is now a special agent of the court of private land claims in this city, an adverse report had been made by Senator Harris of Kansas. Information received by the New Mexican to-day is to the effect that Senator Hawley, chairman of the committee, for the majority, made a report in favor of Mr. Flipper, recommending his restoration to the military service. The many friends of Mr. Flipper in this city expect and hope favorable action by congress pending the bill.

Those who have poor looking letter heads should see the engraved and embossed stationery supplied from the New Mexican office. A thousand sheets cost but little more than inferior articles.

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Cerrillos New Mexico

AROUND CERRILLOS.

Miners Are Busy Piling Up Ore for the Smelter.

A. A. Newberry, who returned yesterday from Cerrillos, makes a very favorable report of activities in that section. Among other things, R. B. Thomas, manager of the Cerrillos smelter, told him that the smelter will start March 10. The ore bins are being filled, and this week shipments from the Hard-scrabble dumps near Magdalena to the smelter commenced. Mr. Thomas said there is 15,000 tons of ore on the Hard-scrabble dumps ready for shipment.

A night shift has been put on the Albany, a lead-silver proposition near Cerrillos, in which ex-Governor Prince, R. B. Thomas and Michael O'Neill are interested. It is also reported that Michael O'Neill has commenced work on his Tom Payne to produce ore for the smelter. There is 400 tons of dry ore at the smelter, and iron ore for fluxing is being brought from Gilelete.

Mr. Austen, the assayer of the smelter, is kept busy these days, and by all appearances Cerrillos will enjoy uneventful prosperity this summer.

F. B. Thirkfield, Health Inspector of Chicago, says, "Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cured me of severe dyspepsia. It digests what you eat and cures indigestion, heartburn and all forms of dyspepsia. Ireland's Pharmacy."

The Bon-Ton is popular "Because" they feed you well.

In Sunny California.

Are islands as charming as Capri, a coast as gay as the Riviera, mountains as wonderful as any in Italy or Spain, hotels as sumptuous as can be desired, out-door diversions, and a winter climate unrivaled in the world. Thousands of tourists are already there, thousands are on the way. The Santa Fe route will conduct you there at the minimum of cost in time and money, and with the maximum of comfort.

H. S. Lutz, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

To Winter in California.

Has become a fad, and never did fashion set so on practice more wholesome, because the South Pacific coast is the most delightful of resorts. The fad of the Santa Fe route is to convince every man, woman and child going to California that it renders the most satisfactory service in every detail. Let us unite our fads.

H. S. Lutz, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code)

Pattison's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale.

A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adapted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico.

Part I. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part II. Attachments (Certiorari, Garnishment, Habeas Corpus, Injunction, Mandamus, Mechanic's Lien, Prohibition, Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part III. Miscellaneous. Covering Adversements, Affidavits, Arbitration, Assignments, Depositions, Naturalizations, etc., etc. Bound in full law sheep. Delivered at any post office in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price, \$5.00. Purchaser's name printed on the book free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

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SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

Stationery Sundries, Etc.

Books not in stock ordered at eastern prices, and subscriptions received for all periodicals.

NEWSPAPER PICNIC

Daly Had Not Contributed Money to Beat Clark—He Had Loaned It.

NEWSPAPERS GOT FUNDS

Since the Election the Cost of Disbarring Lawyer Welcome and Doing Up Clark in Washington Has Been Paid By Daly.

Washington, March 2.—When the senate committee on elections resumed its sitting today Mr. Campbell made a general statement of expenditures in connection with the prosecution of the case against Senator Clark. The statement showed the following items: Establishing and purchasing newspapers, \$12,550; expenses of the present investigation and the Welcome disbarment proceedings, \$21,704. Mr. Campbell said that \$19,550 had been expended on the Livingstone Enterprise, the Bostman Chronicle and the Carbon County Democrat. The money had only been loaned.

Engraved cards de visite can be promptly and cheaply procured in the very latest and most elegant styles at the New Mexican printing office.

Stockholders' Annual Meeting.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mutual Building and Loan Association of Santa Fe, N. M. for the election of a board of directors for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may legally come before it, will be held at the office of the secretary on Wednesday, March 7, 1900, at 8 o'clock p. m.

A. A. ATKINSON, Secretary, Santa Fe, N. M., March 1, 1900.

J. MURALTER,

Merchant Tailor.

SPRING & SUMMER PATTERNS FOR 1900

SUITS MADE TO ORDER—FIT GUARANTEED

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Low Prices. Elegant Work.

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STEAM LAUNDRY,

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Leave orders at Kerr's barber shop.

Basket leaves Tuesday at 2:30 o'clock

and returns on Friday. We pay all

express charges.

JACOB WELTMER

Books and Stationery

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SCHOOL BOOKS,

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Stationery Sundries, Etc.

Books not in stock ordered at eastern

prices, and subscriptions received for

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Sell

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Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.	
Daily, per week, by carrier	1.00
Daily, per month, by mail	2.50
Daily, three months, by mail	7.50
Daily, six months, by mail	12.50
Daily, one year, by mail	22.50
Weekly, per month	1.00
Weekly, per quarter	2.50
Weekly, per year	10.00

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of a copy of matter to be inserted.

FRIDAY, MARCH 2.

Perhaps Aguinaldo is not where he can touch a wire to make his monkeys in this country dance. At any rate they have been very still, for them, during the last few weeks. And on the islands about the only thing they have done in the last few days has been to try to pot ten men who were escorting a provision train.

There is going to be trouble in the ranks of the woman suffragists. The followers of Mrs. Lillie Devereux Blake, who was defeated by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt for president to succeed Susan B. Anthony, threaten to secede and start another association. If the worst comes to the worst there must be no scratching in this contest.

Roswell will this year team with busy men engaged in making public improvements, such as the \$60,000 water works, \$25,000 public school building, \$25,000 sewer system, two electric light plants now in construction, with about sixty dwelling and business houses, for which contracts have already been let. Verily, Roswell is becoming a young place of metropolitan pretensions and rapid growth.

When General Cronje came into camp the British dandies did not smile at the appearance of the general, although he wore a short rough farm overcoat, a pair of cowskin "stogies," an old pair of tweed trousers, much abbreviated and bagging at the knees, and a weather-beaten sombrero above his rough beard and tanned face. The British sticklers for "sojers" trappings have found out that it is not the uniform behind the gun that does the business.

The house and senate are doing business with dispatch. The Democrats have lost their ability to keep the country from securing legislation except after months of wrangling in the legislative bodies. The minority is given a few days to talk, and advance notice that there is a limit on the speech-making, and they come to time. Every man who wishes to make a speech is given an opportunity to do so, but he cannot talk indefinitely to kill time and delay a vote, for when the day set for a showdown comes the ballot is taken, and those who have not relieved their minds must let it go at that.

General Wheeler is bound to run for something. He went on a run for Aguinaldo, but was not elected; for that passing show, so he is coming home to make a race for the governorship of Alabama; that is, if the susceptible soldier does not get tangled up in widow's weeds at the national capital like Admiral Dewey did. The wealthy and well-known widow who was not for Joseph when he came back from Cuba and paid court to said to have been for Joseph after all, but did not know it until he rushed off to the wars again. This time he may make a triumphant march from martial to marital scenes.

There is so much smallpox scattered over the eastern states that it would be prudent for New Mexico people not to travel in that direction during the coming summer; and if they must, they should by all means be vaccinated before starting upon a journey. Should cases of the disease be contracted, the victims returning should be quarantined when they reach the territorial line when convalescent, until danger of carrying infection is passed. Last year an editor residing in the southern portion of the territory visited his old home in an eastern town and had the smallpox while there. About the safest part of the country at present is New Mexico.

Senator Depew attended a meeting of Daughters of the American Revolution on Washington day, and declared to the assembled that "anything a man can do, a woman can do equally as well." They can do a great many things many times better than men. But how about a little thing like going up San Juan hill? It is all very well to be gallant, but it is of no use to be silly. Every woman knows that there are oodles of things men do which women cannot and do not wish to, and few women are foolish enough to believe what the New York senator so flippantly asserted. There are many women who can make brighter speeches than the senator, though none who can succeed in getting the reputation of the Jolly Depew in this line.

The Flowing Well Fad.

Down at Roswell the farmers who live in town do not rival each other in seeking to grow the earliest garden truck or the fattest pig, so much as they do to see which can secure the artesian well with the greatest flow. The primitive method was to put the wells down but a few feet, poke into the hole a few stove pipe joints and let it go at that; but now the wells are made deep enough and all those sort of luxuries. The man who does not have his own well in Roswell is poor indeed in the eyes of those who make ownership of

such gushers the test of prosperity. But, on the other hand, the dwellers up on the heights, a new portion of the city, will soon be boasting that the portion of the municipality supplied with water works is the real modern locality.

For the Convention to Consider.

There is a matter, not one of politics at least as yet, which the Republican convention at Socorro this month should consider. It is the proposed leasing of the public domain. The convention will be composed of representative men from all parts of the territory, many of them engaged in the stock industry, owners of cattle and sheep alike, or who are in business which is dependent upon the prosperity of stock growers. Indeed there can be scarcely a citizen in the territory whose interests are not affected by whatever affects the live stock men. No body of men better able to voice the opinion of the people generally to the scheme to set aside the established order of things on the range could be found. It will be a composite gathering of the representatives of classes interested in preserving the public domain for the uses allowed by the Spanish and Mexican governments to citizens who wrested the range from savages and made it serviceable; and later used under the beneficent laws of the United States for the cattle of the later era as well as the flocks of the people.

The fact that New Mexico is barred from having any vote in matters that concern her should not make any one indifferent about giving expression to congress of what is thought of the selfish measure. The Republican convention should emphatically condemn it and let congress know the effect leasing would have. Resolutions can then be placed in the hands of the Colorado congressmen to strengthen the protest made from that state.

The cattle owners and the sheep growers in New Mexico have scarcely come in conflict, though in many localities both kinds of stock have contributed to the support of the people. That there has been no friction is largely due to the fact that cattle corporations under alien ownership and management have been few and have mostly operated in the portion of the territory not settled early by the sheep growers. Such harmony and tacit observance of the priority of occupation may reasonably be expected to continue under present conditions. The cattlemen of the territory have their fixed locations, owning homesteads and patented land here and there with water, which commands the range. They are not on the move. Each has a practical monopoly of a fair share of the range, as was contemplated when homesteading was encouraged by the government, which knew that in the majority of cases free range and not agriculture must support the settler. The boundaries of the sheep range are also pretty well defined.

Both the cattle and sheep owners of New Mexico are interested in preventing an era of fencing. Should the range be offered to lease many cattle owners will be compelled to lease the land they use to prevent others getting it and fencing; or else must go out of the business and leave the country. In many instances the cost of fencing would overtax the resources of the stock owners. Some who found themselves excluded from the range would be tempted to cut fences and cause trouble in their desperation and needs. Such an era of conflict might be precipitated as once prevailed between settlers and outside corporations in Wyoming, where the "push" of this lease proposition largely monopolizes the country. New Mexico wants none of that.

That the big cattle corporations of western Texas are eager to advance their holdings to cover the range in much of New Mexico is only too evident from the attempt to grab 4,000,000 acres of cattle range in Eddy and Chaves county under the guise of a blason range; by the syndicate being organized to buy ranches just this side the line; and lastly by the solid vote of 150 Texas delegates in support of a resolution that the government should lease lands. Texas kept her lands when she came into the Union. The range country there has all been purchased at nominal figures or leased by the big companies that have strung wires across the plains.

Most of the cattlemen of southern New Mexico came from Texas. They were crowded out. A lease law would again make many of them move, for the same cause would produce the same result. If alive to the danger they are against the leasing proposition. There is no indication that any cattlemen in New Mexico wish the government to enact a lease law.

All over Colorado the associations of cattle owners have met and petitioned congress not to pass a lease bill. Some great cattle corporations there are working by other methods to influence congress favorably toward the proposition. It is not a question between sheep owners and cattlemen any longer. The vast majority of herd owners know now that they as well as the sheep men will suffer if the range be wired.

Who is American?

An Indiana speaker who addressed an audience recently said that Washington was not an American, but an English squire. A running fire of comment has since been aimed at the speaker by the Hoosier press. If Washington were not an American, then the people who followed him did not know an American, for he was first in their hearts. His ancestors not far back were English, but so were the ancestors of a great many Americans of to-day. The fact that Washington lived in Virginia the life of a country squire, just as his ancestors did in England, was referred to by the hypercritical orator as an indication that Washington, whose aristocratic tendencies did not keep him from being a colonial patriot, was not American. Until the war between the states came country squires, much like Washington in their tastes and mode of life, were to be found in Virginia, and even now may be found in secluded localities men who live as much in that manner as is possible. But they are American thoroughly, and were so when local pride and traditions caused them to join in the war of the rebellion. They have been good enough Americans to accept the decision gained by force of arms, and are now as firm in their alle-

giance to greater America as they ever were to their attempted local government. That is the sort of an American Washington was. He may not have liked the ways of Boston men, but he was none the less an American, and his regard for the country of his ancestors was but traditional, not a controlling influence.

THE TERRITORIAL PRESS.

READY FOR BUSINESS.

(Albuquerque Citizen.)
Never before in the history of New Mexico was the Republican party so united and confident of success in the territory as just now.

VITUPERATION DOES NOT PAY.

(Las Vegas Republican.)
The voting people of New Mexico are not to be hoodwinked into believing in vituperative newspaper articles which have no foundation of fact, and such tactics by Democratic editors will only return to help down them when election day rolls round.

SOMEWHAT DAZED 'EM.

(Raton Range.)
The smooth, harmonious manner in which the Republican primaries of New Mexico have been conducted has sort of knocked the cussedness of the Democrats out of that organization. The wish was father to the thought that the Republicans had a family row brewing, but the results indicated otherwise.

GRANT AND SOCORRO

The Mineral Regions There Described By a Denver Mining Expert Who Was Surprised.

SILVER CITY IS THE HUB

Hanover, Santa Rita, Pinos Altos, Cook's Peak, Lone Mountain, Moccilons and Other Camps Constitute a Great Mineral Country.

J. S. Given, of Denver, a well-known mining expert, has been visiting Grant county to inspect the mineral districts there. Like most of the Colorado people who go there, he was amazed by what he saw, and is now one of the prophets who expects great things for New Mexico. Speaking of the people of Grant county, he says: "Besides silver and gold they have almost every other mineral value known to our country that nature has so lavishly bestowed upon them. Even now, judging from their indifferent development work, they have but a slight realization of their great wealth plainly exposed to their sight. The entire country is clearly of volcanic origin, and with the exceptions of localities where basins have been filled with porphyry and immense cappings of iron ore have accumulated, there is practically no wash cover the country rock of granite, making it exceptionally easy to prospect."

"At Pinos Altos, nine miles from Silver City, gold predominates. The principal mines are owned and operated by the Hearst estate, which owns and operates a fine matte plant at Silver City, running at full capacity of 300 tons per twenty-four hours. These mines are well-equipped with large ore reserves blocked out, the deepest workings being 700 feet.

"Sixteen miles northeast is the Hanover district, celebrated as a copper camp, which also produces gold, silver, lead and zinc. The Colorado Fuel and Iron Company has built a railroad into the camp, nine miles long, connecting with the Santa Rita branch. This company is shipping daily from 250 to 300 tons of iron to the works at Pueblo.

"Nine miles from Silver City is the Central district, with gold, copper, lead and zinc. Eighteen miles from Silver City is the old Santa Rita district, founded in 1810 by the Mexican government as a penal colony, celebrated for its immense production of native oxides of copper. Five miles beyond you have the San Juan district, with silver and lead in lime formation. Twenty miles still further is the Carpenter district, with lead and zinc. Forty miles due east are located the large Cook's peak deposits of lead. But eight miles slightly south of east, Lone Mountain has silver and lead mines; twenty-eight miles southeast, gold and silver. In Gold gulch, with good placer ground, and Big and Little Burro mountains, with immense veins of concentrating gold, silver and lead ores. But nine miles further on is Little Baldy camp, with its gold and silver mines. Twenty-five miles due south is White Signal, with its gold and copper mines; eighteen miles south, Ballard's peak, with native and sulphates of silver. Thirty miles due southwest, the Telegraph district, with silver and lead mines. Eight miles due west is the Fleming district, with its silver mines. Nine miles northwest is Jupiter, a silver and lead camp."

Of the Mogollon district, Mr. Given says: "The veins there are very large and perfectly defined between porphyry and quartzite walls. The ores carry gold, silver and copper, some native, but principally as sulphides. The mother vein has a northerly by southerly trend and is very large. It is easily traceable by the eye for miles from any elevated point. The greater values are found in a number of veins which have an easterly and westerly trend, intersecting and merging into the queen vein on the west side. These veins are very strong, and as a rule pitch south from 30 to 60 degrees. Considerable profitable work was done in this district in the past, and at the present time there is quite a movement toward a revival in mining. On the most northerly vein is located the Cooney copper mine, owned by H. C. McCreery, formerly of Colorado Springs. His ore is principally a peacock glance of very high per cent copper. He has a good concentrating plant convenient to his mine, concentrating his low grades, the product being shipped, together with his selected high-grade ore, to Silver City for treatment. This property is proving a veritable prize.

"On the next developed vein is located the Little Fanny, with a long and

wide ore shoot of gold and silver. The mine is well equipped, and they are now making extensive improvements. They are remodeling their old amalgamation mill, blocking out large reserves, and will soon be in a position to turn out immense values, as they have the highest grade ores so far produced in the district.

"On the next vein is located the old Maud S. mine and mill, both of which have been idle for over three years. This property has produced 65,000 tons of ore, with a value of \$850,000. They claim to have 11,000 tons blocked out that will average \$25 per ton. The property is well equipped with steam hoist and a fifteen-stamp amalgamating plant, all kept in first-class condition. Through bad management and on account of their ore turning more refractory with depth they found their percentage of loss by amalgamation was too great, which caused them to shut down. A few thousand feet south and parallel to this vein is the group of Confidence mines, owned and operated by D. H. Moffat, of Denver. He has just completed the erection of a fine electric hoisting plant, utilizing the waters of the White Water creek to generate his electricity and operate his thirty-five-stamp amalgamation mill and concentrators, which are located a few miles further down the mountain.

"In that district are needed a few practical mill men and miners, with a reasonable amount of capital. The present system of treating their ore by amalgamation is wrong, as the ore is clearly a sulphide, growing more pronounced with depth. There are no custom mills, and the ores are too low grade to stand the cost of freight to Silver City for treatment, consequently no incentive for the miners to push developments on their locations and take out ore, many of which show but a few feet beneath the surface from one to four feet of \$18 to \$25 values.

"Southwest New Mexico has been but slightly prospected, but already shows up such immense bodies of gold, silver, lead, zinc and iron that it must soon attract the attention of the mining world and capital."

MINING AS A BUSINESS.

It Pays When Capital and Good Sense Are Used.

Ninety-five per cent of those who engage in so-called legitimate commercial pursuits, such as banking, storekeeping, merchandising and general manufacturing, but omitting steel, sugar, oil and such like wealthy trusts, fail, or in other and plainer words, become bankrupt; not alone do they fail, but during their period of existence most of them live and prey upon other members of the same great community, known as the population, not themselves producing or helping to produce any raw material, by simply adding to the cost to the consumer by percentages, commissions, etc., as pay for the distribution.

In contradistinction to this, mining produces and adds to the permanent wealth of any country or people by bringing into use that which was previously buried in the bowels of the earth, and of use neither to the gods nor man, until the hardy and patient prospector discovered its possibly low grade croppings, and in due course capital came to his aid to develop what in later days became a valuable mine, turning out its millions of dollars.

Iron, coal, clay, marble, zinc, lead, etc., are all mining ventures, but they have made thousands of men wealthy. Look at the individual fortunes of \$100,000 to \$1,000,000, the result of investment in mines and mining prospects, and who can say that mining does not pay.

Undoubtedly it takes money to make a mine. Very few mines pay from the mine roots down. Some will pay from the surface to shallow depths, but the time comes when money is required to mine to the best advantage. We could multiply instances to prove that "the significant fact is taught by the history of mining in all countries that well-defined, metalliferous veins are continuous in depth, and that they are productive as long as machinery and appliances of the requisite power can be obtained for moving ore and water. Barren masses of ground may be encountered, but the vein matter is never permanently lost. No true veins have been known to give out for any great length of time, and when work has ceased on once largely productive mines it has almost invariably been brought about by other causes than the complete exhaustion of the lodes. It may have been from inadequate drainage facilities or hoisting machinery, or from caving of ground or from unforeseen disasters, but rarely from long-continued poverty of ground."

What can be a greater tribute to the security and profitability of mining investments judiciously made than this. Many have made hundreds of thousands, some millions, of dollars from small investments, and still they come. —New Mexico Mining Record.

G. H. Appleton, Justice of Peace, Clarkeburg, N. J., says, "DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills made for constipation. We use no others." Quickly cure all liver and bowel troubles. Ireland's Pharmacy.

The Burlington Route Changes Time. On and after Sunday, February 25, the Burlington's Chicago Special leaves Denver 9:00 a. m. arriving Chicago and St. Louis 1:15 p. m.

NEXT DAY. The service is as good as the time is fast—sleepers, diner, library and chair cars. One of the sleepers comes through from San Francisco. You can get aboard it in Colorado—AT YOUR OWN HOME—and go right through to Chicago without a single change of cars. G. W. Vallier, Gen'l Agent, 1039 Seventeenth St., Denver, Colo.

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J. V. Conway, Mgr.

A DAMP PROPOSITION—For family and medicinal purposes use the celebrated LEMP'S keg and bottled beer, sold by all saloons on drought or bottle. The doctors recommend it. Phone any saloon for small orders and Phone No. 38. HENRY KRICK, Wholesale Dealer.

LOOKING FOR FILIGREE? We extend a cordial and welcome invitation to all to visit and examine this beautiful and popular style of jewelry manufactured by the Santa Fe Filigree & Jewelry Manufacturing Co. Parties anticipating buying filigree jewelry should call at our store and inspect before purchasing. N. MONDRAGON, Manager.

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FREE SILVER Has no novelties, but I have novelties in all kinds of Sterling Silver. Sterling Silver tableware; Sterling Silver toilet sets; Sterling Silver manure sets; Roger Bros. spoons for souvenir gifts. Everything in Silver. Pop her the question and buy her the ring at S. SPITZ, The Jeweler.

ARE YOUR FEET MATES? If they are I can fit them. I am making special prices on my entire winter stock of Men's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' shoes—and there are many interesting bargains. Men's and boys' Seamless Camp Shoes. A foot of style at bargain price. Repairing. CHAS. HASPELMATH.

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That makes the man, it's the whole suit, it's material, style, cut and general workmanship. We will insure you all these essentials. New goods arriving daily. Tailor made garments, just bought, \$11.25. SALMON & ABOUSLEMAN, The Gents' Furnishers.

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On this space. C. W. DUDROW.

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At Denver prices. Crescent, \$35, \$35, \$50 and \$60. Columbia, \$35, \$50, \$60 and \$75. Renting. E. S. ANDREWS.

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That small stores often have large bargains. We have just opened one of these small stores with a complete line of Clean Fresh Groceries. The price as well as quality will please you. Shady Grove Creamery Butter, 30c. CELESTINO ORTIZ & CO.

ENGAGED IN A GOOD CAUSE Of putting down drink of standard brands. Come in and help us along. Fancy mixtures a specialty. Try the New Orleans Fix. It will appeal to your better taste.

Green River whisky. THE OXFORD CLUB, J. E. LACOME, Prop.

THE CLAIRE HOTEL, In the heart of the city; elegantly furnished; brick building; nice large office; electric lights; the only hotel heated by steam; first-class in every respect.

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The California Limited. Finest train west of Chicago; 29 hours 50 minutes Santa Fe to Los Angeles. Pullman, Dining Car, Buffet-Smoking Car, (with Barber Shop), Observation Car (with Ladies' Parlor). Vestibuled and electric-lighted throughout. Four times a week—Mondays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays, 8 a. m. from Santa Fe. Santa Fe route. H. S. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

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Situated in New Mexico and Colorado, on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, and Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf Roads.

1,500,000 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.

Farming Lands Under Irrigation System.

In tracts 20 acres and upward, with perpetual water rights—cheap and on easy terms of 10 annual payments with 7 per cent interest—Alfalfa, Grain and Fruit of all kinds grow to perfection.

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LARGER PASTURES FOR LEASE, for long terms of years, fenced or unfenced; shipping facilities over two railroads.

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On this Grant near its western boundary are situated the Gold Mining Districts of Elizabethtown and Baldy, where mines have been successfully operated for 25 years, and new rich discoveries were made in 1895 in the vicinity of the new camps of Hematite and Harry Bluff as rich as any camp in Colorado, but with lots of as yet unlocated ground open to prospectors on terms similar to, and as favorable as, the United States Government Laws and Regulations.

Stage leaves every morning, except Sundays, from Spring for these camps.

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A. O. U. W.

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Train No. 1 leaves El Paso.. 10:30 a. m.
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ALAMOGORDO & SACRAMENTO MOUNTAIN RAILWAY.

—THAT FAMOUS—

"CLOUD CLIMBING ROUTE"

—And Cool Off At—

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The American Flag.

The American flag now floats over a land of barbarity. If any one had prophesied this four years ago he would have been laughed to scorn. Yet change is constantly taking place. Nature is merciless. So soon as she discovers an improvement in the old, whatever it may be, she is doomed. The fact that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the famous cure for dyspepsia, has remained unchanged for half a century, proves its value. Try it for indigestion, biliousness, constipation or malaria, fever and ague, and be convinced. Your case is not incurable. You simply have not used the right remedy. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is what you need—the sooner the better. It is particularly valuable at this season of the year.

A Correction.

"I simply had to do it," said Mr. Erasmus Pinkley in an apologetic tone, "I had to draw my razor so as to hold up my character."

"Did he slander you behind your back?"

"No, sir. 'Twas to my face. He asked me what business I was in, and I says 'raisin' chickens.' Den he looked at me solemn an' says, 'You don't mean 'raisin' you mean 'liftin'.'"—Washington Star.

If the reader of this should chance to know of any one who is subject to attacks of bilious colic he can do him no greater favor than to tell him of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It always gives prompt relief. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

A Change of Program.

Chairman (at a concert)—Ladies and gentlemen, Miss Discordant will now sing "Only Once More."

Sarcastic Critic—Thank Heaven for that!

Chairman (coming forward again)—Ladies and gentlemen, instead of singing "Only Once More" Miss Discordant will sing "Forever and Ever."

Collapse of S. C.—Till-Bits.

An Editor's Life Saved by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

During the early part of October, 1899, I contracted a bad cold which settled on my lungs and was neglected until I feared that consumption had appeared in an incipient state. I was constantly coughing and trying to expel something which I could not. I became alarmed and after giving the local doctor a trial bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the result was immediate improvement, and after I had used three bottles my lungs were restored to their healthy state.—B. S. EDWARDS, Publisher of The Review, Wyand, Ill. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Romance Superseded.

In other days I did not fall betimes with hope galore. To greet late missives which the mail delivered at my door.

New, I at later hour awake—my heart it is not late; My dearest joy's the buckwheat-cake Ann slides upon my plate.

—Detroit Free Press.

There is no better medicine for the babies than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Its pleasant taste and prompt and effectual cures make it a favorite with mothers and small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds, preventing pneumonia or other serious consequences. It also cures croup and has been used in tens of thousands of cases without a single failure so far as we have been able to learn. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. In cases of whooping cough it liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate, and lessens the severity and frequency of the paroxysms of coughing, thus depriving that disease of all dangerous consequences. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

A Man's Actual Course.

William—Pete doesn't call his girl a corker any more.

Sam—No; she puts the labels on the bottles now.—Chicago News.

"I think I would go crazy with the pain were it not for Chamberlain's Palm Balm," writes Mr. W. H. Stapleton, Hernimie, Pa. "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years and have tried remedies without number, but Palm Balm is the best medicine I have got hold of." One application relieves the pain. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

An Improvment.

Drummer (in Dinkeyville)—Our village band seems to be better than it was when I heard it last.

Tavern Landlord—Yes, there ain't so many of em now.—Pudge.

DYSPEPSIA CAN BE CURED BY USING ACKER'S

Dyspepsia Tablets. One Little Tablet will give immediate relief or money refunded. Sold in handsome tin boxes at 25 cts.

For sale at Fischer's drug store.

A Strange Fad.

Gimp's funeral took place today. remarked Barlow to his wife.

Dear me! Is Mr. Gimp dead? said Mrs. Barlow.

No, replied Mr. Barlow savagely; it is merely a fad of Gimp's to be buried alive.—Judge.

SICK HEADACHE ABSOLUTELY AND PERMANENTLY cured by using Moki Tea. A pleasant herb drink. Cures constipation and indigestion, makes you eat, sleep, work and happy. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. 35 cts. and 50 cts. For sale at Fischer's drug store.

A Promotion.

He (musingly)—Well, man proposes but she (meaningly)—No, he don't; he just keeps making one think he is going to.—Puck.

"I am indebted to One Minute Cough Cure for my health and life. It cured me of lung trouble following grippe." Thousands owe their lives to the prompt action of this never failing remedy. It cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, pneumonia, grippe and throat and lung troubles. Its early use prevents consumption. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Ireland's Pharmacy.

What Experience Will Do.

Edith—He no longer turns down the gas before kissing me.

Edith—He has probably gotten used to you.—Puck.

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

The Heron.

The heron is one of the handsomest and largest of British birds and was once very numerous in the country, but since the fens and other similar swampy districts have been drained it has become less common. In districts which offer a supply of suitable food and an undisturbed retreat the heron may still be found in small numbers. Even in the neighborhood of London one may now and again be seen wading its way to some secluded spot where it may feed in security. When flying, the bird is easily known by those with good eyesight, as the long bill and legs project in a straight line behind.



A Heronry.

from between the large waving wings which carry it swiftly along. Not more than two or three herons are generally seen together except in the breeding season, when many assemble and build their large untidy nests close to one another on the tops of some high trees forming what is known as a heronry. There are many of these scattered through the country to which the birds resort yearly.—Chatterbox.

Modest Bravery.

There is a fascination about a modest brave man that appeals strongly to all of us who like brave deeds and brave doers. The man who does a courageous thing and tells about it afterward deserves and secures our applause, no doubt, but the one who does not know that he has done anything extraordinary makes us feel like shaking his hand very hard indeed. An exchange tells of a brave Frenchman who is of this class. A reporter for a Paris paper encountered him in a little village in the south of France. He was a gardener, but wore, pinned on his clean Sunday blouse, the ribbon of the Legion of Honor. Naturally the newspaper man desired to know how he got it. The gardener, who, like many of his trade, seemed to be a silent man, was averse to meeting an old and wearisome demand, but said:

"Oh, I don't know how I did get it! I was at Baselles with the rest of the battery. All the officers were killed; then down went all the noncommissioned officers. Bang, bang, bang! By and by all the soldiers were down but me. I had fired the last shot and naturally was doing what I could to stand off the Bavarians. Well, a general came, and says he:

"Where's your officers?"

"All down," says I.

"Where's your gunners?" says he.

"All down but one," says I.

"And you've been fighting here all alone?" says he.

"I couldn't let 'em come and get the guns, could I? I says, and then he put and put this ribbon on me, probably because there was nobody else there to put it on."

Elephantine Mischief.

Five of the elephants attached to the circus of Lord George Sanger escaped from the large tent in which they had been housed for the night at Dartford, England. They were found devouring the contents of a baker's shop, having smashed a large plate glass window in the shop front and eaten all the bread and pastry they could find and then beginning to destroy some bags of flour.

Four of the elephants—Charlie, Edgar, H. R. H. and Mary—were escorted back to the tent, but Minnie could not be found anywhere.

She subsequently was discovered a mile and a half away quietly sleeping near a conservatory in a market garden. She had amused herself by smashing the windows of the conservatory, destroying a quantity of valuable flowers and eating a big lot of vegetables.

A King.

We talked of kings, Ned and I, As we sat in the twilight glow; Of Alfred the Great, in days gone by, And his kingdom of long ago.

Of Norman William, who, brave and stern, His armies to victory led, Then, after a pause, "At school we learn Of another great man," said Ned.

"And this one was good to the oppressed, He was gentle and brave, and so, Wasn't he greater than all the rest?" "Was Abraham Lincoln, you know."

"Was Lincoln a king?" I asked him then, And in waiting for his reply A long procession of noble men Seemed to pass in the twilight by.

When "No" came slowly from little Ned, And thoughtfully then, with a start, "He wasn't a king—outside," he said, "But I think he was in his heart."

Youngest Officer in the World.

What doubt the youngest officer in the world is the son of the Turkish consul general in Taurus, Persia. He is only 2½ years old. A short time ago the wife of the Turkish plenipotentiary obtained an audience with the crown princess of Persia and, as is the custom of the country, brought along her youngest son. The princess and her spouse busied themselves with the little boy, and the prince took such an interest in him that he made him an officer in the Persian army and himself fastened the insignia of the rank on the boy's breast.

To Winter in California.

Has become a fad, and never did fashion set seal on practice more wholesome, because the South Pacific coast is the most delightful of resorts. The fad of the Santa Fe route is to convince every man, woman and child going to California that it renders the most satisfactory service in every detail. Let us unite our fads.

H. S. Lutz, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.



above every other medicine stands the record of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery as a remedy for diseases of the blood, stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. The claim is made that the "Discovery" will cure ninety-eight persons in every hundred who are suffering from the diseases for which it is prescribed. That claim is based upon the actual record that it has cured ninety-eight per cent. of those who have used it, and the number of letters reaches to the hundreds of thousands. Will it cure you? Try it. It is a wonderful medicine and has worked wonderful cures.

Let no dealer sell you a medicine said to be "just as good." Just as good medicines don't cure.

"About ten years ago I began to have trouble with my stomach," writes Mr. Wm. Connolly, of Walnut St., Lorain, Ohio. "It got so bad that I had to lay off quite often two and three days a week, my stomach would bloat, and I would belch up gas, and was in awful distress at such times. I have been treated by the best doctors in this city but got no help whatever. I wrote to you for advice. You told me that by my symptoms you thought I had liver complaint and advised the use of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets' in connection. These medicines I have taken as directed, and am very happy to state that I commenced to get better from the start and have not lost a day this summer on account of my stomach. I feel up to date and better than I have for ten years."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

Little Johnnie's Remark.

Children make the most startling remarks, said one.

I know a little fellow who is ill—not very ill, however—with typhoid fever. He has two twin brothers four years of age. One of the twins, named Jobie is an observant child beyond his years. The other day he noticed one of his aunts approaching the house, with a bouquet in her hands whereupon he exclaimed, "Here comes Aunt Jess with flowers to bury 'Gene'."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

The modern and most effective cure for constipation and all liver troubles—the famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Ireland's Pharmacy.

A Great Following.

I suppose Hogg of Texas thinks his candidacy would effectually control the nation's enthusiasm.

How so?

He'd naturally expect all the rooters to be on his side.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

WORKING NIGHT AND DAY.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globe of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by Fischer & Co.

Crushed.

Sir, said the irate individual with a wicked eye as he entered the editorial sanctum of a rural weekly, I am told you called me a loafer in your last issue.

You have been misinformed, replied the editor calmly. We print only the very latest news.—Chicago News.

RED HOT FROM THE GUN.

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible Ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Fischer & Co., druggists.

Fortunate Baby.

Mrs. Lash—What did you get baby for a birthday present?

Mrs. Rask—A \$4.90 out of the little darling's bank and bought him this lovely lamp for the drawing-room.—Boston Beacon.

BRAVE MEN FALL.

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles, as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything, and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cts. at Fischer & Co.'s drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

Training or Bel-Skin.

I cannot stoop so low! cried the adventurer quivering with rage or remorse or something.

While yet it is doubtful whether she is thus constrained by her early physical training or by her selfish, who shall have the hardihood to repeat that there is no relation between garb and ethics?—Detroit Journal.

J. I. Bevery, Loganton, Pa., writes, "I am willing to take my oath that I was cured of pneumonia entirely by the use of One Minute Cough Cure after doctors failed. It also cured my children of whooping cough." Quickly relieves and cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe and throat and lung troubles. Children all like it. Mothers endorse it. Ireland's Pharmacy.

Hops Deferred.

Husband—Yes, it would make a nice addition to our income; but the old fellow is good for a dozen years at least, I'm afraid.

Wife—That's so like you, Paul dear, you have no faith! I have been taught to believe in a Providence.—Brooklyn Life.

PLAYED OUT.

Dull Headache, Pains in various parts of the body, Sinking at the pit of the stomach, Loss of appetite, Feverishness, Pimples or Sores are all positive evidences of impure blood. No matter how it became so, it must be purified in order to obtain good health. Ackers' Blood Elixir has never failed to cure Scrofulous or Syphilitic poisons or any other blood diseases. It is certainly a wonderful remedy, and we sell every bottle on a positive guarantee.

For sale at Fischer's drug store.

Official Proceedings

Of the County Commissioners of Santa Fe County.

January 2, A. D. 1900.

The honorable board of county commissioners met at 2 o'clock p. m., this being regular session of the board.

Present, Hon. C. W. Budrow, chairman, and Hons. J. T. McLaughlin and Augustin Maestas, commissioners, and Atanasio Romero, clerk.

The minutes of December 30, 1899, were read and approved.

In accordance with the law the period of two days was fixed as the time for work on the public roads in the county by all persons required to do so and to furnish teams for such purpose during the year 1900.

The county collector was directed by the board to pay to the county assessor his commission of 4 per cent according to law at the end of each month of the year.

money collected by him and to report each month the payment of said commission.

The collector also was directed and authorized to cancel and correct on his books any double assessment made by the county assessor, and to correct any erroneous assessment, and to report to this board any correction made by him in said assessment books in his quarterly report so that he could be credited with the amounts of said correction.

The following bonds were duly approved:

H. W. Schroeder as constable of precinct No. 30.

C. H. Wright for carrying on the trade of butcher, etc., at Golden.

William Hunter for carrying on the trade of butcher, etc., at Cerrillos.

Report of Fred Muller, collector of Santa Fe county, of all territorial, county, school, city of Santa Fe, town of Cerrillos funds, licenses, commissions, discounts, and rebates for the year ending December 31st, 1899:

Territorial taxes	Paid to			
1898 and prior.	Treas.	Com.	Disct.	Rebates
Territorial purposes	\$ 7,303 87	\$ 308 10		\$10,081 87
Inst.	2,104 91	90 19		2,951 73
Special Tax	1,239 20	51 63		1,715 52
Cattle Indemnity	23 95	97		06
Cap. Cont'g. Fund	495 30	20 59		685 91
Sheep Sanitary	58 26	2 42		
Totals	11,375 49	473 90		15,435 08
Territorial taxes				
1899.				
Territorial purposes	12,184 03	507 66	\$ 294 90	105 35
Cattle Indemnity	18 82	77	46	19
Sheep Sanitary	44 29	1 84	1 05	
Totals	12,247 14	510 27	296 41	106 04

County taxes				
1898 and prior.				
Delinquent	4,077 37	169 88		17,109 30
Gen'l. County, 1897	11,030 01	529 95		6,637 81
County School	10,270 03	470 69		3,438 70
Court Fund	6,927 17	307 14		9,599 37
Judgment Fund	430 43	19 24		263 83
Bonds 1882-3-5	2,129 44	100 17		2,742 96
" 1890	55 90	3 04		171 99
" 1891-2	2,090 21	115 54		6,878 04
" 1893	55 87	3 04		171 99
" 1897	301 47	13 26		1,031 90
Road Taxes	496 76	22 00		685 75
School Dts	450 89	18 81		2,042 45
License County	390 20	11 05		
" School	1,874 30	77 05		
Taxes of 1895	1,356 10	57 11		1,800 01

H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

GROCERIES No. 4 **BAKERY**

FEED and CROCKERY.

CHASE & SANBORN'S SEAL BRAND COFFEE.
for quality. Sold only in one and two pound tin cans.

FROZEN CREAMS.
A dairy confection.
Large Boxes - .35
Small Boxes - .10

LAMPS, LAMPS, LAMPS.
A large assortment
and prices to suit.
25c each, and up.

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.
Auto Sliced Plug Smoking Tobacco, Tin Box, 5c.

Two Cakes White Cocoa
Toilet Soap - .05
Box of dozen cakes - .25

Garden Seeds, Flower Seeds.
We have them in packages
and by the ounce and pound.

LOUWELSA art pottery is in the same rich shadings of
Brown, Buff and Olive Green that have made the Rook-
wood pottery so famous. See our exhibit of vases and
jardiniere in the west window. We also have a full line
of jardiniere, flower pots and cuspoiders in the less ex-
pensive wares. Always pleased to show them.

CHAS. WAGNER FURNITURE CO.

(Incorporated Feb. 2, 1899.)

TELEPHONE 88.
(Residence Over Store.)

Practical Embalmer and
Funeral Director.

The only house in the city that carries everything in the
household line. Sold on easy payments.

CARPETS AND RUGS.

Glassware and Queensware,
Large stock of Tinware,
Woodenware, Hard-
ware, Lamps, etc.

Lower Frisco St. Santa Fe, N. M.

THE NEW MEXICO

MILITARY INSTITUTE

'Roswell, New Mexico.

THE MILITARY SCHOOL OF NEW MEXICO ESTABLISHED
AND SUPPORTED BY THE TERRITORY.

Session Begins September, '99, Ends June, 1900.

Five Teachers (Men), and Matron. Accommodations for 200 Students.
New Buildings, all furnishings and equipments modern and complete;
steam-heated, gas-lighted; baths, water-works, all conveniences.

Tuition, board, and laundry, \$200 per session.

Session is three terms, thirteen weeks each. Roswell is a noted health
spot, 3,700 feet above sea level; well-watered; excellent people.

RECENTS: Nathan Jatta, Roswell, R. S. Hamilton, Roswell,
Charles Wilson, Roswell, J. C. Lea, Roswell,
J. O. Cameron, Eddy.

particulars address:
JAS. G. MEADORS,
Superintendent

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)

THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient
Chiricahua Desert, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north
of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver
& Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to
the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 125°. The gases
are carbonic. Altitude 5,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year
round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids
and tourists. These waters contain 1,680 grains of alkaline salts to the
gallon; being the richest alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy
of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the numerous cures at-
tested to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia,
Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and
Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all female Com-
plaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced
rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is
open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:30
a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round
trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

NEW YORK LIFE

INSURANCE CO.

JOHN A. McCALL, President.

January 1, 1900.

ASSETS, as per certificate of New York Insurance Department... \$236,450,348
Liabilities, as per certificate of New York Insurance Department... 195,014,864
Additional Policy Reserve

Voluntary set aside by the Company... \$3,507,699
Accumulated Surplus Funds
voluntary set aside by the company... 28,862,362
Other funds for all other Contingencies... 9,065,433

Income, 1899... 41,435,494
New Insurance paid in 1899... 52,371,263
Insurance in force... 202,309,080
1,061,871,985

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION,
For the Year Ending December 31st, 1900.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO,
Auditor's Office, Insurance Department,
Office of Auditor of Public Accounts.

Santa Fe New Mexico, January 29th, 1900.

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED, That the New York Life Insurance Company,
a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, whose prin-
cipal office is located at New York, has complied with all the requirements of the
laws of New Mexico, so far as said laws are applicable to said company, for the
year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred.

In Testimony Whereof, I, L. M. Ortiz, Auditor of Public Accounts
for the Territory of New Mexico, have hereto set my hand and
affixed my seal of office, at the city of Santa Fe, the day and year
first above written.

NEW MEXICO BRANCH OFFICE,
Ralph Halloran, Mgr. M. Kellogg, Cashier.
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

CAPITOL MAINTENANCE FUND.
Upon the advice of Solicitor General
E. L. Bartlett, Territorial Treasurer J.
H. Vaughn now sets aside all receipts
from interest on territorial deposits for the
capitol maintenance fund. The last
legislature, while it provided for the re-
moval of all territorial offices to the new
capitol, made no provision for a main-
tenance fund for those offices, and
therefore the interest on deposits is be-
ing set aside for that purpose, as it is
unappropriated to any other fund.

IMMIGRATION BUREAU WORK.
The bureau of Immigration is doing
its work for the good of the territory si-
lently but effectually. Every day in-
quiries about the resources and climate
of the territory come pouring in, and
are promptly answered by letter; pam-
phlets and copies of the governor's re-
port are also being sent out where they
will do the most good. For instance, to-
day letters and pamphlets were sent to
the following towns and cities: Fitz-
gerald, Ga.; San Bernardino, Cal.; New
York City; Bee, I. T.; Chicago, Omaha;
Protem, Mo.; Fairbury, Neb.; Camp-
bell, Mo.; Oak Park, Ill.; Rochester, N.
Y.; Wyconda, Mo.; Allendorf, Ia.; El
Paso, Tex.; Auburn, Neb.; Dallas, Tex.
and Washington, D. C.

BENCH AND BAR.

Hon. J. P. Victory Told Much That Was
Instructive and Amusing.

The lecture by Hon. J. P. Victory last
evening at the court house was well at-
tended, and was such a literary treat
that he was given a hearty vote of
thanks at its conclusion. The subject,
"The Bench and the Bar; Its Moods—
Gay, Grave and Otherwise," was ad-
mirably handled. The speaker reviewed
briefly the progress of legal institutions
since the earliest times, and alluded to
the great lawyers of antiquity. He
dwelt more fully upon the characteris-
tics of the lord chancellors of Great
Britain, and then took up the history of
judges and lawyers in the United
States, illustrating what otherwise
would be a dry subject to the average
audience with anecdotes that were both
pathetic and laughable. The latter part
of the lecture was devoted to stories
and incidents of the lives of the great
and brilliant lawyers which
adorned and still adorn the New Mexico
bench and bar were reviewed. Many
of the anecdotes told were of local in-
terest. The speaker is evidently widely
read upon the subject, and during his
life has met many attorneys whose
names have become historic. He is a
fluent speaker, who has great command
of metaphor and poetic expressions, and
although his lecture lasted almost two
and a half hours, the interest was sus-
tained to the end.

The lecture was the last of a series
given under the auspices of Carleton
Post, G. A. R. The course proved to be
successful, although the proceeds mere-
ly covered the general expense. The
committee in charge consisted of Hon.
J. P. Victory, Col. George W. Knaebel
and Capt. S. H. Day, who were given
much encouragement by the members
of the Woman's Board of Trade.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.

Hotel accommodations in the capital
of New Mexico could be better.

J. B. Lamy yesterday withdrew from
the firm of Celestino Ortiz & Co., and
the business will in the future be car-
ried on by Mr. Ortiz alone.

Rev. Paul Gilbertson this week at the
Guadalupe church united in marriage
Felipe Gonzales and Pilar Garcia. The
witnesses were Damacio Gonzales and
Florentino Lovato.

Probate Clerk Romero to-day record-
ed a mortgage deed of Mr. and Mrs.
Enos Andrews to the Santa Fe Mutual
Building and Loan Association on a
property on the south side. Amount of
mortgage, \$800.

Assessor Telesforo Rivera and Deput-
y J. R. Ortiz yesterday commenced the
assessment work for 1900. The deputy
assessor has taught school during the
past four months at Pojoaque.

Lambs sell in Kansas City today for 6
and 7 cents per pound, but just wait
until the garden crop of spring peas and
new mint comes and the frisky critters
from New Mexico will be in demand at
even better prices.

The official proceedings of the county
commissioners of their January meeting
are published today on the third page of
the New Mexican. The proceedings
contain the report of Collector Fred
Muller for the year 1899.

District Clerk A. M. Bergere is kept
very busy preparing for the session of
the district court commencing next
Monday. The number of cases is not
unusually large but many witnesses have
been summoned and Santa Fe will
present quite an animated appearance
next week.

The concert at the court house Mon-
day evening by local talent for the bene-
fit of St. John's Methodist church
promises to be very interesting and every-
one should make an effort to be in at-
tendance, not only because it is in aid
of a worthy cause but because it will be
a musical and literary treat.

To-day was the warmest day of the
year thus far. This afternoon the ther-
mometer registered a little over 59 de-
grees in the shade, and in the sun it
was up to 100. In consequence, over-
coats and wraps disappeared, and the
plaza was crowded with people who en-
joyed the sunshine.

A. J. Loomis denies the rumor that
the Silver City Eagle is to be moved to
Santa Fe and to be printed here as a
Democratic organ. Mr. Loomis has
leased the paper for a number of years,
and a clause in the contract prohibits
the plant being moved away from Silver
City. Besides, said Mr. Loomis, Silver
City is a far better newspaper town
than Santa Fe.

Las Vegas Notes.

Florencia Aragon, of Puerto de Luna,
has been placed in the insane asylum.

Hartman & Well have secured judg-
ment for \$575 against J. W. Brady, of
El Paso.

Mrs. Amantea Olguin de Guillen,
who killed her husband in Mora county
with an ax, has been sentenced to ten
years in the penitentiary, but will be
taken to the Mora county jail pending
an appeal. The evidence against her
was circumstantial.

Paper for typewriters in quantities to
suit at low prices at the New Mexican
printing office.

MORE CONVENTIONS.

Mora, Rio Arriba and San Juan Counties
Elect Administration Delegates.

The Republican convention of Mora
county was called to order at the court
house at the town of Mora at 10 o'clock
a. m. February 28 by E. H. Biernbaum,
chairman of the county committee.

Hon. Frank Vigil was elected tempo-
rary chairman.

Committees on credentials and perma-
nent organizations were appointed,
and made reports. Twenty-three pre-
cincts out of the twenty-six in the county
were represented by seventy-seven
delegates.

The committee on permanent organi-
zation reported, recommending that
Hon. E. H. Biernbaum be permanent
chairman. Hon. Tito Melendrez and
Blas Sanchez vice chairmen, and Emi-
lio Ortiz and Charles Holman secreta-
ries. The report was adopted. A com-
mittee on resolutions was then appoint-
ed by the chair. On motion a commit-
tee of five to select seven delegates to
the Socorro convention was appointed;
this committee reported as follows:
Juan Navarro, Teodoro Roybol, Gabi-
no Rivers, Emilio Ortiz, Cristobal San-
chez, Esteban H. Biernbaum and Tito
Melendrez, which recommendation was
approved by the convention, and these
gentlemen were declared duly elected
delegates.

Resolutions strongly indorsing the ad-
ministration of president McKinley and
the territorial administration of Gov-
ernor Otero were adopted unanimously
and amongst great enthusiasm.

The convention then adjourned.

A special to the New Mexican from
Española states that the Republican
convention of Rio Arriba county was
held at El Rito on yesterday; that nine
convention was harmonious; that nine
administration Republican delegates
were elected, and resolutions passed in-
dorsing the national and territorial ad-
ministrations.

Nearly all precincts were represented.
The delegates are: L. Bradford Prince,
Alexander Road, W. G. Sargent, Ven-
ceslao Jaramillo, L. M. Ortiz, Perfecto
Esquibel, Elias Clark, Tomas Gonzales
and John H. Burns.

The Republican county convention of
San Juan county was held on the Feb-
ruary 28 at Aztec. Dr. McEwin and C.
F. Safford were elected delegates to the
Socorro convention. President McKin-
ley was strongly indorsed for renoma-
ination, and Governor Otero's territorial
administration received unqualified in-
dorsement.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Rev. Paul Gilbertson has returned
from a trip to Madrid.

Governor Otero left last evening on
a visit to Los Angeles.

Captain and Mrs. Strover moved to
the Sena ranch at Tesuque yesterday.

Sheriff H. C. Kinsell went to Rio
Grande this forenoon on court business.

T. J. Curran, the Albuquerque mining
man, arrived this noon on a business
visit.

Gerson Gusdorf came over from
Bland yesterday to spend a day in the
capital.

Hon. J. and Mrs. J. Francisco Chavez
and son arrived in the capital last night
from Progreso, Valencia county.

J. K. Russell, of Masillon, O., brother
of Mrs. Wallace, who had been the
guest of Secretary and Mrs. Wallace,
left this morning for Los Angeles.

Prof. T. D. A. Cockerell, of the agri-
cultural college at Mesilla Park, arrived
in the capital this noon to deliver a lec-
ture at the high school this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Cribbs and Miss O'Neill,
of Birmingham, Ala., and Mrs. Babcock
and two daughters, of Chicago, were
taken to the turquoise mines yesterday
in Lowitzki's handsome three-seated
carriage by Louis Lowitzki.

J. A. Fowler, Mrs. Clara Branson,
Mrs. Penfield, Mrs. McConnell, Samuel
Lattin and wife, of Buckman's, were in
the city to-day to attend the funeral of
James Lattin.

Rev. W. Hayes Moore went to Denver
this morning. It is reported that one of
the wealthiest Presbyterian churches in
Denver, whose pulpit was recently vac-
ated, is about to extend a call to Mr.
Moore.

MINERS SHOULD SECURE TITLE.

Many of Them Have Trouble Because
of Their Negligence.

The mining operator of today is an-
xious to secure government title to his
claim or group of claims, and doubtless
realizes the importance of so doing to a
much greater extent than did mine own-
ers of fifteen or twenty years ago. With
his property surveyed and patented the
claim-owner need have no restless mo-
ments through fear that someone will
jump his claim or cloud his title, for,
with his deed from Uncle Sam on file in
the recorder's office, he can go away and
be absent for years with the knowledge
that upon his return he can find his
own as he left it, even though big and
paying mines have been found at both
of his end lines. There are thousands
of cases on record where a claim-holder
has done more than enough upon his
holdings to entitle him to a government
title to the piece of ground embraced by
his end and side lines, and yet he has
lost his property merely because of the
fact that for one year he failed to per-
form his annual labor as by law re-
quired and his claim had therefore
been re-located or jumped by some en-
terprising or unscrupulous person who
can claim all previous work done in its
development, which goes to show that
the miner and claim-holder should ob-
tain a patent to his ground as soon as
possible.—Mining Review.

JAILED A DOZEN.

Railway Riders Said to Have Help Up An
Engineer.

The county jail population was more
than doubled yesterday by the arrest
of twelve men by Deputy Sheriff Huber.
Eight of the men, Joseph Knisler, Kob-
ert Hamilton, E. Cox, J. Hartung,
Louis Richow, T. J. Allen, George
Moore and Will Burke are accused of
highway robbery. It is asserted that
they stopped an engineer named Mur-
phy, who is in charge of the pump at
Lamy, near the Lamy depot, and re-
lieved him of a gold watch. The eight
tramps then entered a freight car, but
were discovered two miles from Lamy
by train hands, who locked the car and
sidetracked it. Deputy Sheriff Huber
went to Lamy last evening, there
boarded a special engine, which took
him to the siding where the car stood
and arrested the octette. They will be
given a hearing to-morrow.

Three prisoners were brought in yester-
day from Chienquilla by the deputy
sheriff and charged with trespassing
upon the land of Jose Francisco Ro-
mero. They are John Block, Leo Hol-
man and Fred Bauer. They were given
a hearing this forenoon before Justice
of the Peace Canuto Alarid, and all but
Block were discharged. Block was held
under \$200 bail.

Felipe Trujillo was arrested last
evening on the charge of assault and
battery and lodged in the county jail.
The charge was preferred by Dolores
Monclova. To-day Justice of the Peace
Canuto Alarid sentenced Trujillo to fif-
teen days in the county jail.

THAT THE PEOPLE MAY KNOW.

Information Again Given For Benefit of
Tax Payers.

Many taxpayers continue to misun-
derstand the tax law which went into
effect over a year ago, and are contin-
ually trying to get abatements and re-
bates of taxes and penalties at the
hands of the county commissioners. The
commissioners, after their work as a
board of equalization, which is conclud-
ed in July of each year, have no more
to do with taxes than any other citizen
of the county. On the first day of Janu-
ary one-half of all the taxes for the
preceding year become delinquent, and
1 per cent penalty is added, and if still
unpaid by the first day of February an
additional penalty of 4 per cent is added;
the other half become delinquent on
the first day of July, and 1 per cent pen-
alty is added, and if still unpaid by the
first day of August an additional pen-
alty of 4 per cent is added. The collector
has no option about the penalties, but
must collect them the same as any other
portion of the tax, and commissioners
have no power to abate or reduce it.
The only recourse for those deeming
themselves unjustly taxed or assessed
is in the district court.—Taos Cresset.

CHAVES COUNTY.

News From a Very Busy Part of New
Mexico.

J. D. Hart has erected a neat cottage
at Roswell.

Joseph Bradford will erect a residence
at Portales.

Lem Carlisle, of New York, a health-
seeker, has located at Roswell.

George Chapman and family, of Mus-
cogee, I. T., have located at Roswell.

J. D. Cooley has succeeded Mrs. Ur-
ton, resigned, as postmaster at Glen.

C. H. Gilbert obtained a fine flow of
water at a depth of 568 feet at Roswell.

E. L. Smith has commenced the erec-
tion of a six-room dwelling house at
Roswell.

District court will convene at Roswell
March 12, with Judge F. W. Parker on
the bench.

W. D. R. McConnell is building a re-
sidence on a ten-acre tract of land he
bought at Roswell.

John C. Burnay, a broker of Brown-
wood, Tex., has decided to take up his
residence at Roswell.

W. G. Urton is building a stable, gran-
ary, carriage house and other build-
ings on the Riverside stock farm.

Dennis Lattin, the 15-year-old brother
of Eugene Lattin, of Hagerman, had
his middle finger shot off by the acci-
dental discharge of a shotgun.

The Burton-Lingo Lumber Company
has erected a large saw house, two
large lumber sheds, and a barn at Ros-
well.

Charles Vetter, a German, died at
Roswell after an illness of two years.
He was aged 61 years. His wife, a son
and a daughter survive him.

A party of railway engineers made a
survey of the mountain passes south-
west of Hagerman for the extension of
the Pecon Valley line to El Paso.

H. R. Morrow, of Roswell, has dis-
posed of his interest in the hardware
firm of Morrow & Tannhill to R. L.
Stringfellow, of Amarillo, and pur-
chased an interest in the business of
Seay, Gill & Co.

The carpenters and joiners of Ros-
well have established a union of the
United Brotherhood of Carpenters and
Joiners of America. It will be known as
the Fountain City lodge, and already
has twenty-four members.

M. A. Rolfe.

Expert tailor of Chicago, will be at the
store of Sol Spiegelberg Friday and
Saturday, March 3 and 4. Call and see
the display of woolsens. Suits to order,
\$12 up; pants to order, \$3.50 up. Perfect
fit guaranteed.

Notice

Is hereby given that James L. Van Ar-
sdel is no longer in our employ. Any
calls will be promptly attended to by
calling telephones 57 or 59. Lowitzki's
Livery Stable.

GREAT VARIETY OF NEW MEXICO VIEWS
—GO TO—
Kaadt's
FOR ALL KINDS OF
PHOTOS.
West Side of Plaza.

TO BUILD A WOOLEN MILL.

The Beginning of An Industry That Is of
Importance.

O. B. Steen was in Las Vegas this
week and bought a site for a woolen mill
which a New York syndicate of wool
manufacturers will erect this summer
Las Vegas. The concern will employ
200 men and manufacture blankets and
other woolen articles of that nature.
The firm will employ native labor, which
is 25 per cent cheaper than New York
labor; it will save the freight rates on
the raw material and endeavor to dispose
of its manufactured product in the west.
The plant will undoubtedly pay and be
the forerunner of other woolen mills at
Las Vegas, which is destined to be not
only the woolen mart of New Mexico,
Hon. F. A. Manzanares is interested in
the project. While Mr. Steen was at
Las Vegas the machinery of a modern
wool scouring plant was also being put
up. This is the fourth wool scouring
plant established at Las Vegas.

At the Hotels.

At the Palace: A. F. Gamble, Phila-
delphia; G. W. King, M. Gordon, Chi-
cago.

At the Exchange: J. A. Fowler, Mrs.
Clara Branson, Mrs. Penfield, Mrs. Mc-
Connell, Samuel Lattin and wife, Buck-
man; J. Francisco Chavez, wife and
child, Progreso; Mrs. H. W. Beers,
Clifton, Ariz.

At the Claire: John J. Breen, Glen-
wood; J. E. O'Brien, Salt Lake; O. H.
Stanley, Colorado Springs; O. D. Bent-
ley, Houghton, Mich.; A. B. Bush,
Washington; A. L. Reed, New York;
Charles W. Hansen, wife and child,
Santa Ana, Cal.; M. A. Rolfe, Chicago;
Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Willits, Glen Cove,
N. Y.; T. D. A. Cockerell, Mesilla Park.

Lewis Dennis, Salem, Ind., says, "Kod-
ol Dyspepsia Cure did me more good
than anything I ever took." It digests
what you eat and can not help but cure
dyspepsia and stomach troubles. Ire-
land's Pharmacy.

Burlington Railway Appointment.

George F. Barker has been appointed
traveling freight and passenger agent
with headquarters at Denver, for the
Burlington route.

Accidentally Killed.

James, the 17-year-old son of Samuel
Lattin, was killed yesterday at Buck-
man's by a large log falling on him and
crushing his chest. Death was instan-
taneous. The remains were brought to
Wagner's undertaking establishment
last night. This morning funeral ser-
vices were held at Wagner's morgue by
Rev. A. A. Hyde. Interment was in
Fairview cemetery.

French Tansy Wafers, the world's fa-
mous remedy for irregular and painful
periods of ladies; are never failing and
safe. Married ladies' friend. French
Tansy Wafers are the only reliable fe-
male remedy in the world; imported
from Paris; take nothing else, but insist
on genuine; in red wrappers with crown
trade mark. La France Drug Company,
importers, 108 Turk st., San Francisco.
For sale by Fischer & Co., sole agents
for Santa Fe.

All you can eat, and then some. At
the Bon-Ton.

This paper is for sale at the
drug store of J. Ross Forsyth,
Cerrillos, New Mexico.

Best Cigar in Town.

Is to be found at the Arcade. Sole
agents for the peer of all cigars—the
Vera Cruz brand.

"I Wonder Why" every good liver
stops at the Bon-Ton?

EUGENIO SENA,
Manufacturer of
MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELRY
AND STERLING SILVER SOUVENIR SPOONS

All kinds of Jewelry made to order
and repaired. Fine stone setting a spe-
cialty. Singer sewing machines and sup-
plies.

San Francisco 21. Santa Fe, N. M.
Guadalupe St. Santa Fe

GRANT COUNTY.

Mining Items From Various Parts of the
County.

The Ivanhoe at Hanover, which was
recently purchased by J. W. Bible, is
making a good showing in copper and
lead, and is to be equipped with a new
plant of machinery. The Clara Barton,
adjoining the Ivanhoe, had been bond-
ed for \$15,000 by S. D. Gardner. But
yesterday it changed hands again.
Heath Bros. paying \$3,000 bonus for the
bond and lease. Heath Bros. also own
the lead properties adjoining the fa-
mous San Jose.

P. T. McGrath, of Denver, has added
three more claims by purchase to his
Ellis-McGrath group at Hanover. His
property now covers 465 acres, covering
the entire contact from the Brockman
patented group to and across Shingle
canyon. Water rights have been secured
and rich ore has been uncovered in two
places, while prospecting by a force of
ten men is being continued.

The new concentrating plant and wa-
ter supply system of the Hearst estate
at Pinos Altos is now complete and in
operation. Two years were spent in de-
veloping the property, and a large pro-
duction is now assured.

Johnson & Earnest have made a rich
strike on the ground they are working
near the Anson S at Hanover.

Leon Pelland, of Aspen and Cripple
Creek, has taken a lease on the Iron Hat
at Hanover.

John C. Hay, Jr., an assayer of Pueb-
lo, Colo., has opened an assay office at
Silver City.

OPENING Mrs. Belle Madden Kraus
will open up her millinery
parlors on or about March
15. A cordial invitation is extended to
the ladies of Santa Fe to call and inspect
the newest things in spring millinery
for the season of 1900; years of expe-
rience in largest cities in U. S., prove her
work unequalled and unexcelled; a trial
order will satisfy most skeptics. Has-
pelm Building, Lower Frisco Street.

The Exchange Hotel,
Best Located Hotel in City.
J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$1.50 PER DAY.
Special rates by the Week or Month
for Table Board, with or without
room.
Southeast Corner of Plaza.

PERFECT
Laundry
Work.

W. J. SLAUGHTER, Agent.
Orders taken at Slaughter's barber
shop, south side of plaza.
Basket leaves at 7 a. m. on Wednes-
days and returns on Friday night; lau-
dry ready for delivery Saturday morning.
No extra freight or delivery charges.
The Las Vegas Steam Laundry makes
a specialty of fine laundry work,
and its work is first class in all particu-
lars. **PHONE 107**

HENRY KRICK,
SOLE AGENT FOR
Lemp's
St. Louis
Beer.

ALL KINDS OF
MINERAL WATER
The trade supplied
from one bottle to a
cartload. Mail orders
promptly filled.
Guadalupe St. Santa Fe

THE
First National Bank
OF
Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN President.
J. H. VAUGHN Cashier.

Table Wines!
AT
"OUR PLACE"
Will be found a full line of
Imported wines for family trade.
Orders by telephone will be promptly filled.

W. B. Price, Prop.

CHAS. W. DUDROW, Prop
COAL & TRANSFER,
LUMBER AND FEED.

All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Tensie Flooring at
the lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also, carry on a
general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain