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Santa Fe New Mexican, 02-19-1900

New Mexican Printing Company

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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 36.

SECOND EDITION

SANTA FE, N. M., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1900.

CITY AND NORTHERN MAIL NO. 304

BULLER REPORTS

It Is Rumored That Dr. Leyds Went to Germany to Ask for a Transvaal Protectorate.

THE BOERS SEEM TO SUFFER

There Is Still a Mystery As to What General Cronje Is Doing With His Army and a Belief That He Is to Protect Mafeking.

New York, February 19.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: A report is current in diplomatic circles in this city that Dr. Leyds had for his sole purpose in going to Germany the establishing of a German protectorate over the Boer republic. The German emperor, it is believed, has been asked to take charge of the Boer republic. Rather than submit to subjection by Great Britain the Boers will voluntarily come under the sovereignty of the German empire under certain stipulations which will guarantee a local self-government.

BOERS RETIRING.
Starkstrom Camp, February 18.—The Boers are retiring, and General Buller's forces are now entering Dorobach.

BULLER CAPTURED CAMPS.
London, February 19.—It is announced that General Buller reports that he captured several camps, a quantity of ammunition and a number of prisoners.

BULLER REPORTS.
London, February 19.—The war office has received the following dispatch from General Buller:

"Chieveley Camp, February 18.—I yesterday moved around the enemy's flank. The Queens, who had bivouacked on the northern slope of Cingolo, crossed the nek, supported by the rest of the second brigade under Hildyard, assaulted and took the southern end of Monte Christo. The fourth brigade on the left or western slope and the Welsh Fusiliers, supported by the rest of the sixth brigade, assaulted the eastern flank of the enemy's position, while the second brigade of the cavalry on the extreme right watched the eastern slopes at Monte Christo and drove back those of the enemy attempting to escape there from our artillery fire. Assaulted by heavy artillery fire on the front and flank, and attacked on their flank and rear, the enemy made but slight resistance, and abandoning their strong position were driven across the Tugela. I have taken several camps, a wagon load of ammunition, several wagons of stores and supplies, with a few prisoners. The weather has been intensely hot and the ground traversed exceedingly difficult. But the energy and dash of the troops has been very pleasant to see. They have all done splendidly. The work of the irregular cavalry, Queens, Scots, Fusiliers and the rifle brigade was perhaps the most noticeable, while the excellent practice of the artillery and naval guns at times a very accurate fire was remarkable. The accurate fire of the naval guns from Chieveley was of great assistance. Our casualties are not, I think, many."

Practically nothing is known of the progress of Lord Roberts' column during the last day or two, and speculation as to the ultimate gain from recent movements is necessarily unsatisfactory when based on belated telegrams evidently vigorously censored. Many important points remain obscure.

What has become of Cronje's heavy artillery? One correspondent says it was left at Magerfontein and Kimberley, but it is difficult to believe Lord Roberts would not have mentioned details of such importance. Again a statement that a large Boer force was massing northward of Kimberley once more raises in the minds of some experts a question as to whether Cronje is really with his force retreating on Bloemfontein. It is suggested that the latter is really a Free State army under General Prinsloo, supplemented by a portion of the Magerfontein command, while the main body of the latter under Cronje is trying to secure the Vaal bridge, at Fourteen Streams, thus barring the way to Mafeking.

It is difficult to measure the full importance of Buller's movements. If he manages to seize Hlangawana hill the way may be cleared for another crossing of the Tugela and another attempt to reach Ladysmith via a direct road north.

PRISONERS EXCHANGED.
Arundel, February 18.—Commandant Pretorius, captured by the British at Blandlaagte, and three other Boer prisoners were handed over to the Boers from Arundel to-day. A messenger under a flag of truce previously arranged the program. The prisoners had a cordial interview with General Clements, and were then taken in an ambulance half way to the Boer camp.

A STEAMER TAKEN.
London, February 19.—No details have been received by the British government in reference to the seizure of the British steamer Sabina from New York with a miscellaneous cargo, which was captured by the British gunboat Thrush and brought to Delagoa bay on suspicion of having contraband of war on board. If no contraband of war was found on her she will be handed back to her owners.

BOMBARDING BOER POSITION.
Durban, February 19.—The bombardment of the Boer position on Hlangawana hill was continuous yesterday, and is still proceeding at 6 o'clock this evening. It is said the British captured 100 prisoners.

ON CRONJE'S TRAIL.
London, February 19, 7:02 p. m.—It is said that the war office has received good news from General Buller with reference to General Cronje.

MAFEEKING MAY BE RELIEVED.
Cape Town, February 19.—Dispatches from Maseru say: Large forces are being sent from the Transvaal to the Free State under prominent generals. It is also said that the Free State is making desperate efforts to collect an army to face the British at Koffyfontein. The official proclamation orders all male inhabitants between the ages of 16 and 60. Enthusiasts declare that every one up to the age of 100 years must go. Typhoid fever is said to be playing havoc among the Boers at Colesburg. At Kimberley the report is current that Mafeking has been relieved, but the Boers are trying to conceal information.

Britain Never Bought Alliance.
London, February 19.—The Associated Press has been officially informed that Great Britain has not at any time made any diplomatic or other advances for alliance with the United States or Germany.

Paper for typewriters in quantities to suit at low prices at the New Mexican printing office.

THE EL PASO TROUBLE.

A Non-Commissioned Officer Convicted At the Crime.
Washington, February 19.—General McKibben, commanding the department of Texas, has forwarded to the adjutant general of the army a copy of the following telegram received from Captain Loughborough, commanding the troops at Fort Bliss, Tex., in regard to the trouble with the local authorities at El Paso: "Through negligence or connivance of non-commissioned officers in charge of the barracks, the arm racks were opened last night and a number of rifles taken out. One soldier was killed, and I learn, one guard at the city jail, where two soldiers were held for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. The arm racks are now locked and the keys in my possession. All ammunition is in place and under lock and key. I have not permitted any one to leave the garrison. I am co-operating with the civil authorities, and will do everything in my power to bring the guilty parties to justice."

General McKibben adds that he has ordered an additional officer to Fort Bliss, and will make a thorough investigation. He says no further trouble is apprehended.

Washington, February 19.—Gen. McKibben, commanding the department of Texas, transmitted to-day the following additional particulars of the trouble that occurred at El Paso Saturday:

"Everything is quiet here, and from what I can learn, also in the city. I believe I have the leader. Investigation is necessarily slow. Every effort is being made to find the guilty party. Civilians are considerably co-operating. I believe the non-commissioned officer in charge of the barracks was one of the party. Keys to the arm racks were found on the soldier killed."

"LOUGHBOROUGH,"
"Commanding."

Kentucky Legislature at Frankfurt.
Frankfort, Ky., February 19.—When the senate convened both Carter and Marshall were present. The Republicans recognized Marshall and adjourned after prayer and left the hall. The Democratic senators, recognizing President Pro Tem. Carter, continued in session. The Democratic senate then adopted a motion, introduced by Mr. Allen, of Lexington, to reaffirm the former action of the senate by which Goebel was declared governor. This prevailed on a viva voce vote. Senator Triplett, anti-Goebel Democrat, voted with the Democrats for the purpose of making a quorum.

The house convened at noon. Speaker Trimble presiding. The Republicans did not answer to their names, and only fifty-three of the sixty Democrats were present.

Federal Courts and State Elections.
Louisville, Ky., February 19.—In the cases of several persons arrested during the recent state election for the alleged intimidation of negro voters, Judge Evans, in the United States court, to-day overruled a demurrer of the defendants which brought into question the jurisdiction of the federal court. He held that the fact that the election was one at which only officers of the state were voted for did not in any wise take away the jurisdiction of the United States court to protect the colored voters, under constitutional amendments and the sections referred to.

"Who Gives to All Denies All."
This is as true of the spend-thrift of health as of the waste of money. Do not waste your health by allowing your blood to continue impure, but purify, vitalize and enrich it by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's Greatest Medicine.

Dyspepsia.—"My husband doctor a long time for dyspepsia with only temporary relief. The first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla helped and the second cured him. I cured my sick headaches." Mrs. Mary A. Clark, Wilmington, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

WAS ONLY JOSHING

Man Who Offered \$100,000 to Montana Judge Did It For a Test.

HE HAD NO AUTHORITY

Senator Clark Bought Republican Caucus Support and Said He Favored Protection for All the Products of Montana.

Washington, February 19.—Senator Clark of Montana gave place at the beginning of to-day's session of the senate committee on elections as a witness to Dr. William Tracey.

Before Tracey proceeded Chairman Chandler produced a copy of a letter sent by Clark to the Republican caucus of the Montana legislature, declaring in favor of a high protective duty on wool, hides and every other product of Montana.

Tracey was questioned by Senator Chandler. He said that after arriving in Washington Saturday he met Senator Faulkner, counsel for Senator Clark. Tracey related all the interviews with Justice Hunt, also with Attorney General Nolan. His statement was practically a repetition of Justice Hunt's testimony, except as to the amount named.

Dr. Tracey said he never had any authority from any one to make the proposition of bribery to Mr. Hunt. His motive in approaching Hunt "was to test his official integrity and find out whether he was all right." Tracey said he was a republican, but favored the election of Clark as senator. His talk with Attorney General Nolan was a pure "josh."

CONGRESSIONAL.
THE HOUSE.
Washington, February 19.—The conference on the financial bill to-day made some progress. Assistant Treasurer Jordan, of New York, was with the conference some time, giving his views upon the administrative features of the bill.

Washington, February 19.—The galleries were well filled to-day in anticipation of the opening debate upon the Porto Rican tariff bill.

Mr. Dooliver of Iowa, from the committee on ways and means, moved the passage, under suspension of the rules, of a bill reported from the committee to amend the law relating to the internal revenue tax on fermented liquors. The purpose, Mr. Dooliver said, was to abolish smaller packages of beer, one-sixth and one-eighth barrels, as asked by the brewing interests. It would in no wise affect the revenue.

Mr. Fletcher (Rep.) of Minnesota offered an amendment providing that the bill shall not go into effect until July 1, 1900. The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Sulzer (Dem.) of New York said he favored the bill, but it was merely a sop to the brewers. What they really wanted was abolition of the war taxes. He thought the Republicans, he said, promised to do that when the war was over, but have made no move in that direction.

Mr. Terry (Dem.) of Arkansas declared the Republicans were using the war taxes to eke out deficiencies caused by the Dingley law, which he said had proven a most lamentable failure. He said the Republicans dare not abolish their policy of criminal aggression in the Philippines, because of a secret understanding with Great Britain, and for the same reason dare not offer sympathy to the two republics struggling for liberty in South Africa. The Republicans jeered at these remarks.

The bill passed without division.

The house adopted the Wheeler resolution calling upon the secretary of state for information regarding the charges of Macrum, ex-consul to Pretoria, and then took up for discussion the Porto Rican tariff bill.

All questions relating to the close of the debate were left open. Mr. Payne, in charge of the bill, opened the debate with a carefully prepared argument in support of the measure.

THE SENATE.
The major portion of the morning in the senate was taken up with a discussion of matters pertaining to the district of Columbia, and relating to telephone charges in the district.

At 2 o'clock the Hawaiian bill was taken up. Mr. Cullom explained its provisions.

The Samoan Treaty.
Washington, February 19.—The president to-day signed a proclamation making public the Samoan treaty.

PAUL WUNSCHMANN.
THE MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO. OF NEW YORK,
Richard A. McCurdy, President.

W. L. Hathaway, General Agent, Albuquerque, N. M.

PAUL WUNSCHMANN & CO
DISTRICT MANAGERS.
SANTA FE, N. M.
Fire, Accident, and Plate Glass Insurance.

THE CERRILLOS SMELTER.

Miners Are At Work Getting Out Ore in the Country Near the Smelter.

Cerrillos, N. M., Feb. 18.—L. S. Austin, superintendent of the Cerrillos smelter, will arrive here Tuesday or Wednesday next and enter upon his duties. By the last of the week he will be ready to receive ores from the miners of this section and pay cash for the same. The smelter will be blown in, says General Manager B. M. Thomas, on March 1 or thereabouts, just as soon as good business methods will permit. Mr. Thomas again expresses to the New Mexican missionary the utmost gratification at the way this enterprise is progressing in all its departments.

"The miners of the Cerrillos and San Pedro districts," said he, "are giving us their heartiest co-operation, and have been at work for three weeks, in fact since the starting of the smelter was assured, opening their mines and preparing to bring in ore. I know of a dozen good properties which are now being worked, and I think it will not be very many months, as things now appear, before we shall have to figure on enlarging our smelter capacity. At our Magdalena mines we have 15,000 tons of ore ready for shipment to Cerrillos; this will commence to come forward next week, just as soon as our tramway can be placed in working order and the railroad spur now under construction can be finished."

Presidential Nominations.
Washington, February 19.—The president to-day sent the following nominations to the senate:

John F. Mulkey of Alabama to be consul at Tuxpan, Mex.; Commander William C. Gibson to be captain; Lieutenant Commander D. G. Davenport to be commander; Medical Inspector J. C. Wise, medical director; Surgeon E. Z. Derr, medical inspector. To be second lieutenants: William C. Harlee, Florida; Richard S. Hooker, Nevada; Hugh L. Matthews, Tennessee.

Macrum's Story Disbelieved.
London, February 19.—No action has been taken by the British government in regard to the allegations made by Charles E. Macrum, former United States consul at Pretoria, nor has Joseph H. Choate, United States ambassador, received any instructions to make inquiries in connection with the matter. The British officials declare it extremely improbable that consular letters were opened at Durban, as alleged by Macrum.

The cable rumors that Choate might be recalled in order to show the United States government's resentment against the treatment received by Consul Macrum at the hands of British officials are declared by the United States embassy to be utterly ridiculous.

Protecting Florida Oranges Trees.
Jacksonville, Fla., February 19.—Fruit men are apprehensive that cold weather has hurt oranges and other fruit trees. Sunday morning in Jacksonville the thermometer was 16 degrees above zero. Thousands of fires were kept burning Saturday night and all day Sunday and last night in groves all over Florida in the effort to save the trees.

Idaho Labor Trouble Investigation.
Washington, February 19.—An investigation of the charges as to the conduct of the United States military forces under General Merriam during the Idaho mining troubles last summer began to-day before the house committee on military affairs. Governor Stenberger of Idaho, State Auditor Sinclair, General Merriam, ex-Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor; E. J. Flannigan, of the Idaho legislature, and magistrate at Mullen, Idaho, and a considerable delegation of miners from the Coeur d'Alene district, were present. The entire time was consumed in discussing the manner of procedure. No action was taken.

An Actor Drops Dead.
Quebec, Feb. 19.—Edwin Mayo, of the "Pudding Head Willson" company, dropped dead at Chateau Frontenac. He was a son of the late Frank Mayo.

Army Reorganization Bill.
Washington, February 19.—Chairman Hull, of the house committee on military affairs, to-day introduced a bill prepared by the war department authorities to improve the efficiency of the army. It practically reorganizes the army.

Populists in Council.
Lincoln, Neb., February 19.—The attendance at the meeting of the Populist national committee this afternoon will fall short of early estimates. The southern delegates, particularly those from Texas, will be satisfied with nothing less than independent action. The forecast of action by the committee is, however, that Chairman Butler will be empowered to call a national convention at the same time and place as the Democrats.

The Bon-Ton is popular "Because" they feed you well.

ANOTHER RAILWAY

Big Line to Reach Mexico Through This Territory and Go to the Pacific Coast.

MUST CROSS PECOS VALLEY

Its Promoter Says It Will Come West Between the Santa Fe and Rock Island Lines and Cross the Rio Grande Near El Paso.

Arthur E. Stilwell, promoter and president of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railroad, contemplates a new international railway system 1,800 miles in length, stretching from Kansas City to the Gulf of California.

The Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company was incorporated in Kansas City to-day with an authorized capital of \$1,000,000. The incorporators include Mr. Stilwell, J. W. Hirst, of Omaha, president of the Linseed Oil trust; Dr. W. S. Woods and W. A. Rule, Kansas City bankers; J. C. Fox and E. W. Snyder, Leavenworth (Kan.) capitalists; S. A. Witherbee, Detroit, Mich.; Herman Kuhn, London, England, and several capitalists of Missouri and Kansas.

Through the corporation thus formed it is hoped to capitalize the scheme. The plan contemplates a railroad from Kansas City through Topeka and Wichita, Kan.; El Reno, I. T., and through northwestern and western Texas between the Santa Fe and Rock Island lines, and to a point on the Rio Grande river about twenty miles south and east of El Paso, thence southwest to Chihuahua, Mex.

At Chihuahua connection is proposed with a line now being built to the southwest, its ultimate terminus to be Topolobampo, on the Gulf of California. Of this line 160 miles is already constructed. Mr. Witherbee, the Detroit member of the corporation formed to-day, holds the concessions from the Mexican government under which the work is progressing.

Mr. Stilwell proposes to incorporate the several lines into one great system. He announces that it is a \$27,000,000 proposition, but in view of his success in promoting the Pittsburg & Gulf during the panicky times of the early 90s he believes it can be done.

In addition to holding the right of way for the Mexican branch of the proposed system, Mr. Witherbee has a concession of \$10,000,000 from the Mexican government to aid in its construction. The Mexican government also agrees to allow all materials used in the construction of the road to come into the country free of duty, and the road is to be exempt from taxation for a liberal number of years.

Mr. Witherbee announces that a new line of Transpacific steamers will be built to run in connection with the road. Topolobampo, which is a fine harbor, will be the connecting point for the steamers. Mr. Witherbee's concession provides that no other road can strike the harbor without a right of way from the new company.

The Shanghai (China) Mercury reports that capitalists and ship owners are discussing a project for the establishing of a rapid communication with Australia and New Zealand, via Mexico. It is urged that Mexico offers the shortest and most direct route to the colonies, and is not very much less advantageous for communication with China and Japan than the lines via Vancouver and San Francisco. The overland journey begins at Vera Cruz on the Atlantic side and ends at Acapulco on the Pacific. The Fiji Islands are in direct line between Acapulco and Sydney.

The railway proposition outlined by a Kansas City dispatch evidently bids for a connection across the Pecos valley with the Rock Island or Pecos valley railway to Captain or El Paso. The statement that the Rio Grande is to be crossed twenty miles from El Paso is doubtless a bluff, intended to bring a bonus from the city or an advantageous deal with some railway. The statement of the Shanghai Mercury comes as a telegram from San Francisco, and indicates that there is some truth in the claim made at Kansas City about a steamship line to Mexico being involved in the railway plan.

Train Robber Caught.
One of the men who held up a Southern Pacific train at Fairbanks, Ariz., has been captured, and proves to be Jack Dunlap, "Three-Fingered Jack," of Colorado. He was wounded by Capt. Milton while robbing the express car. Milton was messenger on the car, and lost an arm in consequence of a wound. The messenger was formerly chief of police at El Paso.

MARKET REPORT.

MONEY AND METAL.

New York, Feb. 19.—Money on call nominally 2 @ 2 1/2 percent. Prime mercantile paper, 4 @ 5. Silver, 59 1/2. Lead, \$4.45.

GRAIN.

Chicago.—Wheat, Feb., 66 1/2; May, 68 1/2 @ 69 1/2. Corn, Feb., 33 1/2; May, 35 1/2 @ 36 1/2. Oats, Feb., 22 1/2; May, 23 1/2 @ 24 1/2.

STOCKS.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 4,000; market steady; native steers, \$3.75 @ \$4.40; Texas steers, \$3.25 @ \$4.70; Texas cows, \$2.75 @ \$4.15; native cows and heifers, \$1.75 @ \$4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$5.00; bulls, \$3.00 @ \$4.00. Sheep, 3,000; strong; lambs, \$4.50 @ \$6.75; muttons, \$3.50 @ \$5.35.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 17,000; nominally steady; beefs, \$4.00 @ \$5.00; cows, \$3.00 @ \$4.40; heifers, \$3.15 @ \$4.75; canners, \$2.25 @ \$3.90; stockers and feeders, \$3.15 @ \$4.75; Texas fed beefs, \$4.00 @ \$5.00. Sheep, 14,000; active, 10 to 15c higher; native wethers, \$4.85 @ \$5.75; western wethers, \$4.80 @ \$5.75; lambs, active, 10 to 15c higher; natives, \$5.00 @ \$7.15; westerns, \$5.75 @ \$7.00.

To Winter in California.

Has become a fad, and never did fashion set so on practice more wholesome, because the South Pacific coast is the most delightful of resorts. The fad of the Santa Fe route is to convince every man, woman and child going to California that it renders the most satisfactory service in every detail. Let us unite our efforts.

H. S. Lutz, Agent,
Santa Fe, N. M.

LECTURE COURSE.

The committee having charge of the course of lectures to be delivered at the court house of this city during the present winter, under the auspices of Carleton Post, G. A. R., take pleasure in announcing to the public the engagement of the following distinguished talent: who will appear at the respective dates named below. It is to be hoped that the citizens of Santa Fe will cordially unite with the committee in making this lecture course an eminent success in every respect.

February 22.

Hon. A. L. Morrison, of Santa Fe, N. M.; subject, "George Washington and His Contemporaries."

March 1.

Hon. J. P. Victory, Subject, "The Bench and Bar; Their Moods—Grave, Gay and Otherwise."

Tickets for the full course, \$1.50; single admissions, 50 cents. Season tickets for pupils of colleges or schools, 75 cents. Tickets may be had and seats secured at Ireland's drug store, at Weltmer's stationery store, from the committee, or comrades of Carleton post.

J. P. Victory, G. W. Knaebel, S. H. Day, committee.

MUST SELL NEWS

The Associated Press Shall Supply Applicants and Can Not Restrict Them.

HAS BECOME PUBLIC AGENT

The Greatest of News Gatherers Can Not Bind Its Patrons By Contract From Securing Reports From Any Other Association.

Springfield, Ill., February 18.—In the appeal of the Inter-Ocean Publishing Company against the Associated Press the supreme court to-day rendered an opinion reversing the decree entered by the Cook county circuit court and appealing to the court of the first district, remanding the cause to the circuit court, with directions to enter the decree as prayed for in the original bill filed by the Inter-Ocean Publishing Company to restrain the Associated Press from sending or expelling the petitioners from membership and from refusing to furnish it news according to contract.

The opinion, written by Justice Phillips, holds that the association has devoted its property to public use, and has in effect granted the public such an interest in its use that it must submit to be controlled by the public for the common good. The sole purposes for which the news was gathered was that the same should be sold, and all newspaper publishers desiring to purchase such news for publication are entitled to purchase the same without discrimination against them. A clause of the contract which sought to restrict the appellant from obtaining news from other sources is declared to be a restriction upon trade and business, such a power creating monopoly, and is therefore void.

The Linotype machine of the New Mexican office is capable of handling any quantity of composition for legal briefs in a short space of time. Printing upon lines from this machine is like that of new type, for every line is specially cast when used. No blurred or indistinct printing comes from Linotype work.

EUGENIO SENA,

Manufacturer of MEXICAN FLUORESCENT JEWELRY

AND STERLING SILVER SOUVENIR SPOONS

All kinds of Jewelry made to order and repaired. Fine stone setting a specialty. Silver sewing machines and supplies.

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The Exchange Hotel,

Best Located Hotel in City.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

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Special rates by the Week or Month for Table Board, with or without room.

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Sell Everything That is Good to Eat!

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GRAIN & HOUSE
IN THE CITY.

Corner 'Frisco and Sandoval Streets
LEO HERSCH.

Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.	
Daily, per week, by carrier.	25
Daily, per month, by carrier.	1.00
Daily, per month, by mail.	1.00
Daily, three months, by mail.	2.50
Daily, six months, by mail.	4.50
Daily, one year, by mail.	7.50
Weekly, per month.	25
Weekly, per quarter.	75
Weekly, six months.	1.50
Weekly, per year.	2.00

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Room—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars a line, single column, per month in advance. One dollar a line, single column, in either English or Spanish a week. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of a copy of matter to be inserted.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19.

Modest Democratic Papers.

Democratic papers in Arizona are optimistic enough to say that the Democracy will carry that territory this year. As this was done at the last election for delegate, the claim may be reasonable. But the Democratic papers of New Mexico have not been hopeful enough to make an assertion of that character with regard to New Mexico. They must be very downcast that they do not even claim that they can accomplish something, for never before were they so modest. The fact is that editors of Democratic papers of New Mexico do not wish to have the people laugh at them in an equine strain because of assertions and political prophecies which not one man in the territory would feel were warranted. So the Democratic papers are filling their columns with yarns about expected quarrels within the ranks of the majority party. The wish is but the sire to the thought in this case, and should the mischief makers succeed in encouraging any Republicans to bolt as independent candidates, then Democratic candidates would take courage and come into the open to claim the support which boaters might be led to expect to fall to them. But as matters stand, there is no encouragement for Democratic aspirants to put in an appearance.

Population of the United States.

The idea that the United States, by counting the censuses that Col. Bryan said were bought for \$2 each, could reach the 100,000,000 mark in the census has been abandoned. The statistician of the treasury department estimates the number of inhabitants of the United States, not including any islands, at 76,148,000. To this perhaps 1,000,000 may be added from Porto Rico. It is largely guess work as to the population of the Philippines, for the natives have not yet stood still long enough to be counted. But when the estimated 10,000,000 are added the United States will still be far behind Russia, which counts 129,271,113 persons under her flag. Great Britain claims that there are 381,037,000 persons in her empire, not including the Boers, who are there with hostile intent. China is swelled like a big balloon in the matter of population, there being, according to Chinese estimates, 402,680,000 people in the empire. But while the United States stands fourth, no country has shown such rapid increase of population. In General Washington's day there were but 3,000,000 inhabitants, not more than there are now in Greater New York. It was twenty years before this number was doubled. In 1830 the number was 12,596,020. Then the rush began from Europe, and each succeeding count showed great gains. Thirty years ago the population of the United States was but 38,555,371, or about half which 1900 is expected to show in the country, not counting the islands. The census of ten years ago gave an enumeration of 62,622,250. But there is no telling how densely populated the country may be within the next century. It has been multiplied by twenty-five in a little over 100 years. Should the southern states be as thickly peopled as Germany there would be a population in those states alone of over 150,000,000.

Arizona and New Mexico Mines.

Arizona is a very rich territory so far as mines are concerned, having some wonderful producers of gold, silver and copper, putting out more of those products than New Mexico, yet in time the latter will lead Arizona. While the population of this territory is nearly two times as great as that of Arizona, the most of the inhabitants here are a pastoral people, coming of a pastoral race. Those of Arizona mostly went there solely for mining. Of strictly mining towns, New Mexico has scarcely any. But the influx of investors and the success lately achieved in many districts bids fair to soon make several mining cities of as much importance as any in Arizona. New Mexico has one very decided advantage over Arizona, in the possession of large coal fields which make smelting cheap. These coal fields are at convenient distances from the districts where gold, silver and copper are found, and in some cases in close proximity to iron and other minerals. From Raton on the east, San Juan on the north to Cerrillos and Gallup on the west and Capitan on the southern border, there is plenty of coal. It was the scarcity of fuel in Arizona that the development of coal at Gallup by Senator Clark was largely due. The development of mines in Arizona will be largely confined to free milling ores and those of high enough grade to warrant shipping to smelters at San Francisco and El Paso. But with smelters at Silver City and Cerrillos in operation, with Pueblo near the northern line of New Mexico, and El Paso at the southern line, low-grade ores can be handled by New Mexico miners, while other smelters will be built in time. Arizona may make a great showing with phenomenal mines, but eventually the hundreds of low-grade producers in New Mexico, with here and there rich deposits, will yield more than the mines of Arizona, and employ more people profitably than are supported by Arizona mines, which may make a few millionaires, but be of less general benefit

to the country than the New Mexico properties.

The Canal Treaty.

The hue and cry against the Hay-Pauncefote canal treaty will probably subside when the conditions that led the American secretary of state to accept the treaty in the way of independence have been fully investigated. The United States is anxious to secure the construction of the canal to make a short route for commerce between the two coasts of the continent and to give the eastern coast a direct route to the Asiatic possessions of this country. It is also very necessary to shorten the distances between the different American ports for naval vessels. England may or may not have forfeited the rights she had under the old Clayton-Bulwer treaty, in which this country and England agreed that a canal should be neutral, open at all times for the passage of the vessels of all countries upon the payment of tolls, and never to be closed to war-ships, though none may within the canal carry on war, nor procure war supplies. The new treaty is but little more than a renewal of the old. It provides that the United States may police the canal to protect the property, but not erect fortifications to menace ships of other countries. The Suez canal is neutral in the way proposed for that of Nicaragua. The time has never been when construction of the canal might not have been prevented by either the United States or England protesting or intriguing with Nicaragua, and insisting that prior rights to the privilege existed in favor of one country or the other. England has waived all rights provided the canal be neutral, and becomes a party to a demand that European nations shall observe such neutrality as to the canal. The United States cannot consider a waterway through two republics as strictly American as a river in the interior of this country. While the treaty authorizes the United States to acquire territory through which the canal will cross Nicaragua and Costa Rica, those countries, under their constitution, cannot alienate land in favor of a foreign government. They may give permission for the canal to cross, or perhaps make a long lease. But to do otherwise would require the constitutions to be changed, or ignored. In this and minor respects the treaty may have to be amended. But to reject the treaty and attempt to secure privileges and construct the canal in defiance of England would probably result in failure. It would be easy to make the isthmian governments believe that the United States desired a free hand to fortify the canal, in order to dominate them and annex Costa Rica and Nicaragua. Even the most inferior government objects to a foreign nation having privileges in a military way that puts the home administration at the mercy of a greater power at all times. The present spirit of acquisition upon the part of this country need only be pointed out by British emissaries to arouse suspicion in the isthmian, which might lead the governments there to evade compliance with the wishes of the Americans, especially should the local governments have the moral support of England. There would appear to be but one course by which to secure early construction of the canal—make the most liberal deal that can be arranged with Great Britain. The cry is always raised in this country when any matter is arranged with Great Britain that the foreign diplomats have secured advantages in excess of those obtained by the United States, but time sometimes disproves the truth of the assertion. A nation, like an individual, sometimes loses all by demanding everything and conceding nothing. No one government can be "the whole thing." Great Britain has sometimes essayed to be, and in the long run lost at one point by sticking for others. Secretary Hay has not in other matters proved too timid, nor yielding, and in this case has probably accomplished the most that could be, under all the circumstances. It should be borne in mind that many individuals and companies are interested in having the Nicaragua canal project defeated. A New York company is trying to promote the choice of the Panama route, and this may account for some of the vigorous editorials in New York papers against the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. But there are many other papers which attack the treaty simply because it is an administration measure. These hunt for arguments to secure the defeat of any proposition that emanates from the administration, regardless of its merits and the interests of the public. And there are politicians who are prejudiced or who pander to popular prejudice by opposing any dealings with Great Britain.

In the Interest of Mining.

The government is at last in a fair way to pay due attention to the mining industry of the country. A house committee has reported favorably upon a bill creating an executive department which shall have charge of all matters relating to mines and mining. The secretary of such a department would have the same rank as other cabinet members, with the same salary, and an assistant who would rank with assistants of other departments. The matter has been before the country for some time as a suggestion of the press, but it was not until recently that miners' organizations took it up and made recommendations to congress. The same committee has recommended another matter which should result in great benefit to the industry throughout the country. The recommendation is that in each mining state and territory there shall be experiment stations conducted like those already provided for agricultural investigations, with a state geologist at a salary of \$3,500 per annum and an assayer at a salary of \$2,500 in each mining territory or state. These experiment stations would make investigations with regard to minerals and the best method of handling ores of different sections and make reports upon the same for the benefit of the people. The stations could be of as much service to miners generally as the agricultural stations are to farmers. They would educate the people and solve many problems which individuals are not able to solve, through lack of time and means to make experiments. The department would not concern itself alone with gold, silver and copper, but would have

charge of matters relating to coal and iron. The bills providing for these measures appear to have been drawn by persons who understand the importance of greater attention upon the part of the government to this growing industry. When such a department of mines is established and geologists and assayers are in the service of the country it will not be long before better mining laws can be secured, for the government employees whose chief aim will be to help mining interests will determine changes that are needed. The secretary of mines will make recommendations for legislation based upon the advice of the specialists of his department, and will construe laws according to the needs of miners generally. Instead of restricting them, as is now done in many instances. It would be well for the people and the press in the mining country to promptly let congressmen know that the bills now before the two houses meet with favor, and that there should be no neglect to enact the proposed laws during this session.

CENSUS DIFFICULTIES.

Census Taking Is By No Means a Political Picnic.

Census taking is not the political picnic that many people imagine. Few appreciate the magnitude of the work; the eleventh census cost more than \$11,000,000, and in the twelfth census an office force of more than 2,000 for about two years, and a field force of over 50,000 for two weeks to a month, will be employed. Then, too, the Hollerith tabulating machines, by which the population is counted and the returns tabulated, make census-taking a huge industrial process. The census office becomes a factory; the director of the census a captain of industry, who, if he is to be successful, must possess all the direct energy and genius for organization which characterize our most successful manufacturers and railroad presidents. Among the troublesome problems which have to be solved by the census office are the legal questions which continually arise. The Indian census, for instance, fairly bristles with legal difficulties. In 1890 the census law provided that a "special report" upon the volume of the census should be made. A volume of 700 odd pages was published, profusely illustrated and touching every point of the Indian problem. For once in history "Poor Lo" was accorded justice. The volume was so pretty that the department of the interior has not even a copy for the census office itself. But the law providing for the twelfth census makes no special provision for an Indian census; nor does it authorize such a special report as was made ten years ago. It is at this point that the real difficulties of the census office regarding the Indians begin. The Indian population, then, cannot be treated by itself and described in a separate report. It also seems illogical to class the Indians among the ordinary population of the United States. The Indian tribe is in many respects a distinct nationality, although since 1871 congress has been doing its best to destroy all traces of tribal independence or self-government. Moreover, the tribal Indians are not citizens of the United States. The reservations upon which they live are not legally parts of the state or territory which surrounds them, and state and territorial laws do not apply to the reservation or to the Indians upon it. Acts of congress do not apply to reservation Indians, unless such application is explicitly authorized in the act. Under such conditions it seems impossible for the census office to class Indians as a part of the ordinary inhabitants of the states and territories. On the other hand, it is equally impossible to ignore them and omit them entirely. For the constitution of the United States says that "representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed." This fastens upon the census office a duty that seems plain enough. But as a matter of fact, it would give the attorney general of the United States some hours of work to explain exactly what is meant by the apparently simple phrase, "Indians not taxed." The uncertainty in the phrase is in the meaning of the word "taxed." The tribal Indians, like other inhabitants of the United States, are subject to the internal revenue duties and the various stamp taxes now imposed by the United States. If he uses a bank check he must stamp it; if he manufactures a box of cigars, he must stamp it. Is he "taxed" thereby? Just what a "tax" is in the meaning of the constitution has never been definitely decided, although the question has been before the supreme court many times. The famous income tax cases hinged upon this very point. Ex-Senator Edmunds and Joseph H. Choate, now ambassador to England, assisted by some of the most eminent lawyers of America, successfully argued that an income tax was a direct tax, within the meaning of the constitution. Attorney General Olney, James C. Carter and other prominent lawyers gravely argued that an income tax was not a "tax," but an excise or duty. At the first hearing of the case the supreme court was evenly divided upon many of the points at issue. At the second hearing the decision was rendered with four dissenting justices against the five who concurred in the opinion of the court that an income tax was a direct tax.

Whether or not a stamp duty is a tax, and if it is, whether it is a direct tax; whether "Indians not taxed" means Indians not directly taxed, or whether it may not mean Indians not taxable, are questions that must be decided by the census office before it can form its plan for the Indian enumeration. The last question has been a subject of debate ever since Indian censuses have been taken. In 1890 there were about 50,000 civilized Indians living among the general population of the United States. Such Indians are citizens of the United States, but many of them are too poor to pay taxes. Are they to be excluded from the population according to which representation in congress is apportioned? Every Chinese and other alien of whatever sort or

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MOKI TEA is a nerve-builder, composed of the harmless roots and herbs used by the Moki Indians. It gives brilliancy to the complexion, is a positive cure for sick headache and constipation, removes pimples, blotches, moth patches, and all rawness of the skin. Cures dyspepsia, malaria, biliousness, dizziness, sour stomach, loss of appetite, and all diseases that are due to a derangement of the stomach and liver. It acts upon the muscles and tissue, giving new life and buoyancy to the frame.

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It is very pleasant to take, and so positive are we of its results that we make the above liberal offer.

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condition is counted. Before the war every negro slave was counted as equivalent to three-fifths of a white man. It seems manifestly absurd to believe that the framers of the constitution meant to exclude a class of citizens, who are also natives, because of their poverty. In other words, the framers of the constitution must have said what they did not mean. What they really meant was to exclude all Indians belonging to a class not subject to taxation.

At these points are subjected to the most careful examination in the census office, and when a decision as to the legal obligation of the office has been reached the statisticians turn their attention to the economic and social aspects of the question in hand. Experts are consulted; the important lines of investigation are mapped out, and inquiries are so framed as to bring out the desired information in a form in which it can be handled with the Hollerith machines. At the same time these questions must be put in such a way that they will neither be misunderstood nor likely to evoke antagonism or false replies. No pains are spared to interest the public in the work and to secure general and hearty co-operation. Without that the most careful work at Washington or by the enumerators must prove fruitless.

THE TERRITORIAL PRESS.

CONVERTS INVITED. (Albuquerque Citizen.) Democratic converts are cordially welcomed into the Republican fold. Now is the accepted time to come in. All are welcome. The Republican in New Mexico is the party of progress.

INSULT TO INTELLIGENT PEOPLE (Chilton Enterprise.) It is quite popular now to be in favor of statehood, because it has come to be realized that a man who opposes it is flinging an insult at the intelligence of its people full in their face.

UNION PARTY GONE (Las Vegas Republican.) The Union party of San Miguel county has moved to El Paso, Tex., for which the county would be thankful were it not for the fact that there were some tax collections, while it was in office, which have never augmented the county treasury.

BUFFALO RESERVE FRAUD. (Roswell Record.) The proposed buffalo reserve, to take up all of Chaves and Eddy counties east of the Pecos river, is evidently one of the biggest frauds that has been placed before congress for many a year.

DEMOCRATS WAITING. (Las Vegas Republican.) If the Democrats wait until that looked-for break in the Republican ranks materializes before beginning to marshal their forces for the year's campaign, there will be only one territorial ticket in the field this fall.

UNION COUNTY COPPER. (Clayton Enterprise.) What is the matter with Union county's mining district? We now have one of the best copper producers in the territory, and in addition to the copper is enough silver and gold to keep them wondering all the time if there will be more.

THE ELIZABETHTOWN MINES. (Elizabethtown Miner.) There is no mining camp or district in the territory of New Mexico that offers better and safer investment to capital than does the Elizabethtown district; neither is there any that promises better or quicker returns, when judiciously invested and properly managed. This district is not in its prospective period, but is a producing mining district, which its large and rich output well proves.

In Sunny California Are islands as charming as Capri, a coast as gay as the Riviera, mountains as wonderful as any in Italy or Spain, hotels as sumptuous as can be desired, outdoor diversions, and a winter climate unrivaled in the world. Thousands of tourists are already there, thousands are on the way. The Santa Fe route will conduct you there at the minimum of cost in time and money, and with the maximum of comfort. H. S. Lutz, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M. Not a Puggist. That man McCoy's no puggist. What? I say he's no puggist. What is he, then? He's a fighter. Why, he'd just as soon fight as talk.—Chicago Post.

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ARE YOUR FEET MATES? If they are I can fit them. I am making special prices on my entire winter stock of Men's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' shoes—and there are many interesting bargains. Men's and boys' Seamless Camp Shoes. A foot of style at bargain price. Repairing. CHAS. HASPELMATH.

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Stock Blanks, Conform to the Regulations Established by Cattle Sanitary Board.

Bill of sale, animals not bearing vendor's recorded brand. Bill of sale, animals bearing vendor's recorded brand. Certificate of brand. Bill of sale, range delivery. Authority to gather, drive and handle animals bearing owner's recorded brand. Authority to gather, drive and handle animals not bearing owner's recorded brand.

Justices of the Peace Blanks.

Auto de arresto. Auto de prision. Appeal bond, criminal. Appearance bond. Bond to keep the peace. Declaracion jurada. Fianza para guardar la paz. Forcible entry and detainer, complaint. Forcible entry and detainer, summons. Bond replevin. Replevin writ. Replevin affidavit. Peace proceedings, complaint. Warrant. Commitment, J. P. Attachment affidavit. Attachment bond. Attachment writ. Attachment, summons as garnishes. Execution. Justices' summons.

Miscellaneous.

Bond for deed. Bond, general form. Bond of indemnity. Notary's record. Promissory notes. Certificate of marriage. Application for bounty for killing wild animals. Official bond. Letters of guardianship. Administrator's bond and oath. Assessor's quarterly reports. Declaration in assumpit. Declaration in assumpit on note. Sheriff's sale. Notice of public sale. Satisfaction of mortgage. Assignment of mortgage. Application for license. Lease. Lease of personal property. Application for license, game and gaming table. Chattel mortgage. Power of attorney. Acknowledgment. Mortgage deeds. Option. Sheriff's flexible cover pocket docket. Notice of protest. Notaries' notice of publication. Guardian's bond and oath. Receipt books. Laws of N. M.—English and Spanish. N. M. Supreme Court Reports. Pattison's Forms of Pleadings and Practice. Warranty deeds. Quit claim deeds.

Spanish Blanks.

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Montezuma Lodge No. 1. A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. W. S. HARBON, W. M. F. P. CRITCHTON, Secretary.

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PARADISE LODGE No. 1. I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers always welcome. L. M. BROWN, N. G. F. C. WESLEY, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3. I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting patriots welcome. W. M. H. WOODWARD, C. P. J. E. HAINES, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE No. 3. I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. MISS SALLIE YARBOROUGH, Noble Grand. MISS TESSIE CARR, Secretary.

AZTLAN LODGE No. 3. I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome. L. M. BROWN, N. G. JOHN C. SHARR, Secretary.

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Santa Fe Lodge No. 480. B. P. O. E. holds its regular sessions on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome. CHAS. E. BARRY, Exalted Ruler. E. S. ANDREWS, Secretary.

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It is rumored that another big ocean liner is to be built, which will rival even the famous Oceanic in size. As usual, American enterprise is at the head of the project. America seems determined to have the greatest, whether it be steamships, art, inventions or medicine. Take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an example of what has been accomplished in medicine. It has proved its worth by over 50 years of cures of stomach diseases. There is nothing like this famous remedy for indigestion, biliousness, constipation and nervousness. It also cures liver and kidney trouble and prevents malaria, fever and ague. Be sure you get the genuine, with Private Revenue Stamp over neck of bottle, or you will not be benefited.

Poor Harold!
Harold, said the dear girl, am I the only girl?
Harold groaned involuntarily.
Am I the only girl you ever told she was the only girl you ever told she was the only girl you loved?—Indianapolis Journal.

A Powder Mill Explosion
Removes everything in sight; so do drastic mineral pills, but both are mighty dangerous. Don't dynamite the delicate machinery of your body with calomel, croton oil or aloes pills, when Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are gentle as summer breeze, do the work perfectly. Cures headache, constipation. Only 25c at Fischer & Co.'s drug store.

A Serious Offense
Gen. Warren's soldiers ought to be arrested for resisting an officer.
How so?
They ran away from a Kop.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

If the reader of this should chance to know of any one who is subject to attacks of bilious colic he can do him no greater favor than to tell him of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It always gives prompt relief. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Unseash.
Father—Look here you gals have got to share that one light between you and your beaus. Can't afford a light in both rooms.
The Gals (in one voice)—She can have it all herself.

The Journey.
Life is a long, hard hill, but then, alack, we make it easier by oft slipping back.

"I think I would go crazy with pain were it not for Chamberlain's Palm Balm," writes Mr. W. H. Stapleton, of Heminle, Pa. "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years and have tried remedies without number, but Palm Balm is the best medicine I have got hold of." One application relieves the pain. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Short All Around.
We're having the shortest days of the year just now, said Tarbox.
You bet we are, said Briggs, as his hands came out of his pockets empty.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

An Editor's Life Saved by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.
During the early part of October, 1896, I contracted a bad cold which settled on my lungs and was neglected until I feared that consumption had appeared in an incipient state. I was constantly coughing and trying to expel something which I could not. I became alarmed and after giving the local doctor a trial bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the result was immediate improvement, and after I had used three bottles my lungs were restored to their healthy state.—B. S. EDWARDS, Publisher of The Review, Wyant, Ill. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

A Veteran Himself.
Willie—Now that sister is going to marry Mr. Jenks, why is it called an engagement, pa?
Mr. Underthump—Probably because the real battle comes later, my son.—Philadelphia Press.

There is no better medicine for the babies than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Its pleasant taste and prompt and effectual cures make it a favorite with mothers and small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds, preventing pneumonia or other serious consequences. It also cures croup and has been used in tens of thousands of cases without a single failure so far as we have been able to learn. Not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. In cases of whooping cough it liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate, and lessens the severity and frequency of the paroxysms of coughing, thus depriving that disease of all dangerous consequences. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

He Never Fails.
It's a great scheme, said Meandering Mike, as he threw away half a turkey sandwich and lit a gold-tipped cigarette. I wonder I never thought of it before. You seem to be livin' mighty fine.
Yes, I never had so much sympathy in my life. Whenever I feel de need of so-far or substantial comfort, I jes' hunts up one of dese anti-expectantists an' tells him I'm a Filipino or a Boer.—Washington Star.

No Right to Ugliness.
The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a fish-down invalid. Only 50 cents at Fischer & Co.'s drug store.

In the Juniate Valley.
Hi—I see that the Boers wuz lickin' the bulls over thar in Afriky somewhat. Si—When never reads the gold-durned papers!—W-a-l, they can't do it here, be gosh! They little brindle spike-borne bull that I traded out lick a five acre lot of boars with th' bows chucked in.—Judge.

Volcanic Eruptions
Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also old, running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains, best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cents a box. Care guaranteed. Sold by Fischer & Co., druggists.

Cause and Effect.
He trod on the corn of the belle of the ball
And then—so the other girls tell—
Slumbering echoes were aroused in the
Because of the bawl of the belle.
—Chicago Record.

Couldn't Be a Craze.
Winks—Your friend Jones is one of the finest pianists I ever heard. Why don't he go on the stage?
Minks—Wouldn't pay. His name is too easy to pronounce.—New York Weekly.

MICKEY FINN ON FISHING.

A Few Waltonese Remarks From an Experienced Angler.

"Speakin' o' fishin'," said Rafferty, "give me the fish that feed on the bottom. To hook an old tin paint pail full o' mud and clam shells and seaweed is almost as much fun as listenin' to a Dutch band play 'Gottedammerung'."

"When you are fishin' for paint pails always try to hook them by the handle. That will give the pail a good chance to monkey wld the tide when you start it from its sulky position on the bottom."

"Paint pails are bottom fish. 'Tis not like the bluish, because it never makes flyin' jumps in the air, but 'tis a gamy old sea dog for all that. 'Twill fight for every lurch o' line. There never was a man that hooked a paint pail but thought he had a codfish weighin' 15 pounds. Codfish are just about as gamy as paint pails."

"When you have the paint pail reeled in, it's all the same whether you use a landing net or a gaff hook. While you have it in the boat, you can call on your imagination and think 'tis a lobster, which it will be, like the Dutch woman kept the hotel out west."

"But paint pails are not the only things that feed on the bottom. There's the old boot. There was a time when Irishmen used to wear boots, but not now. The only place you will find em is in your favorite fishin' spot. The old boot is a gudsend to little eels to hide in. An eel as long as a lead pencil will carry your bait into the boot leg."

"You think you have a bite, and you hook the boot leg through the strap. That's what straps are put there for. There is no danger of the hook tearin' out the bait, but you must handle the boot leg gently, because gentler fishermen is always more successful. The old boot leg will lay quiet in the boat, but if he should get frisky you can drop the anchor on him."

"But if you want real fun fish for toadfish. He has jaws like a rat trap and skin like sole leather. You had better take a vise and a cold chisel along to get the hook out of his mouth, for he will close on a piece of crab like a safe door on a sore finger."

"But what a devil's grin the toadfish wears when you cut off about a yard of leader at a quarter a foot and throw fish and leader overboard because you are afraid to touch the thafe!"—Mickey Finn in New York World.

His Modest Request.
"I am your friend," said the doctor to the sick citizen, "and I must not deceive you. You have only two hours to live."

"Only two hours?"
"Only two."

"An you say you are my friend, doctor?"
"I am—I am!"
"Then do me one last favor."

"Name it."
"Pay off the mortgage on my mule an' hoss an' take care o' my wife an' 13 children."—Atlanta Constitution.

In Germany.
"Oh, George, I'm so frightened. Do send it away!"
"Yes, dear. But—er—fact is I can't for the life of me think what is German for cow."—Moonshine.

Well Seasoned.
The subordinate dashed up to the Filipino commander.
"General, the marines are landing from the enemy's ships."

"All right," responded his commander as he peeled a banana, "get ready and pepper the salts."—Chicago News.

Uncle Bill's Ideas.
It is not the little headed people who make fat remarks.
What a man calls his pleasures are an index to his character.
An employer often values a man by the number of suggestions he doesn't make.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Objectionable Features.
Nagrus—I have read your speech, Boris, and, to tell the truth, I don't like its physiognomy.
Boris—Its physiognomy? What do you mean?
Nagrus—Its I's are too close together.
—Chicago Tribune.

Conclusive Evidence.
Miss Oldgirl—Oh, Mr. Policeman! Save me! A horrid man tried to kiss me.
Officer—That must have been the man that escaped from the lunatic asylum this mornin'.—New York Journal.

Too Good to Lose.
"You seem to have a good deal of faith in doctors," said the friend of the sick man.
"I have," was the reply. "A doctor would be foolish to let a good customer like me die."—Stray Stories.

A Straight Tip.
Long—What's in a name anyway?
Short—Go ask a bank cashier to discount your note and you'll probably find out.—Chicago News.

Takes More Rest.
"Did your office boy's vacation trip do him any good?"
"I think so. He seems lazier than before he went away."—Chicago Record.

Eruptions and skin diseases are a blot upon

Beauty

These blots are actually blood blots. To cure them lotions and outward applications are useless. The blood must be cured, before the skin becomes clean.

That great medicine for the stomach and blood, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, is most effective in cleansing the complexion and healing diseases which defile and deface the skin. It acts directly upon the stomach and the organs of digestion and nutrition. It increases the action of the blood-making glands, and expels from the system the lurking poisons which defile the blood and through it deface the skin.

No alcohol or other intoxicant, no opium or other narcotic is contained in "Golden Medical Discovery."

It may pay a dealer better to sell you a substitute which is less popular but more profitable than "Discovery." It won't pay you to buy it, if you want a reliable remedy.

For about one year and a half my face was very badly broken out," writes Miss Carrie Adams, of 16 West Main St., Baltimore, Md. "I spent a great deal of money with doctors and different kinds of medicine, but received no benefit. At last I read one of your advertisements in a paper, and obtained a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Before I had taken one bottle of this medicine I was entirely cured. I can well recommend Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to any one similarly afflicted."

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, is sent free by the author, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of stamps to cover expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper-bound, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound edition.

Another Fool Question.
Kind Father—What are you crying that way for, little boy?
Little Boy—Cause it's the only way I know how to cry.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A Difference In Fluency.
Do you believe all men are liars?
No; but some men have more elastic vocabularies than others.—Chicago Record.

Verbum Sap.
Little drops of water,
When the wild wind blows,
Somehow like to dangle
From a fellow's nose.
—Chicago Tribune.

His Life Was Saved.
Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he stated: "I was taken with typhoid fever that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise. This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all throat and lung trouble. Regular size 50 cents and \$1. Trial bottles free at Fischer & Co.'s drug store; every bottle guaranteed."

Redemption Call.
To the holders of territorial certificates of indebtedness under the law of 1899: The undersigned, treasurer of the territory of New Mexico, hereby gives notice that twenty per cent of the amount of certificates authorized by chapter 59 of the session laws of the legislative assembly for the year 1899 entitled "An act to provide for the payment of the deficiencies in the territorial appropriations of the various fiscal years up to and including the forty-ninth fiscal year," and the interest thereon will be paid by him on the presentation and surrender of such certificates at his office in the city of Santa Fe, and that interest will cease upon such certificates thirty days from the date of the first publication of this notice. The number and amount of such certificates so to be redeemed has been determined by lot, and are as follows:

In series "A" in denominations of \$1,000 the following numbered certificates: 39, 24, 27, 36, 34, 37, 20, 26, 14, 38, all bearing date the 1st day of March, A. D. 1899.

In series "B" in denominations of \$1,000 certificates numbered: 11, 19, 5, 14, 33, 35, 34, 47, 45, 7.

In the same series in denominations of \$500 certificates numbered: 12, 23, 19, 2, 3.

In the same series in denominations of \$100 certificates numbered: 54, 23, 22, 60, 47, 58, 10, 58 and 51. All of such certificates in series "B" being dated the 1st day of March, A. D. 1899.

This notice being given in pursuance of section 3 of the said act of the legislative assembly.

Dated at Santa Fe, New Mexico, January 29, 1900.

J. H. VARGEN,
Treasurer of New Mexico.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES
Allen's Foot-Powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Powder makes hot or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and tight, red, itching feet. Try it today. Sold by druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, La. Rev. N. Y.

Notice for Publication.
(Homestead Entry No. 1476.)
LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., January 15, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on February 21, 1900, viz: Manuel Madrid for the lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of section 34, n. w. 4 of sec. 3.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land: Estanislao Sandoval, of Galisteo, N. M.; Julian Varela, of Santa Fe, N. M.; Demetrio Leyba and Apolonia Chavez, of Galisteo, N. M.

MANUEL M. MADRID, Register.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS TO THE EAST.
Via the Santa Fe Route.
Three times a week from Santa Fe in improved wide-vestibuled Pullman tourist sleeping cars.

Better rates than ever before, at lowest possible rates.
Experienced excursion conductors. Also daily service between Santa Fe and Kansas City and Chicago. Correspondence solicited.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent,
THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE RY.
SANTA FE, N. M.

Call for Republican County Convention.
A delegate convention of the Republican voters of the county of Santa Fe is hereby called to meet in the city of Santa Fe at 10 o'clock on the morning of Saturday, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1900, for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the territorial convention to be held at Socorro on the 17th day of March, 1900, for the purpose of nominating delegates to the national convention to be held at Philadelphia, Pa., on the 16th day of August, 1900.

The Republican electors of the county and all those who believe in the principles of the Republican party and endorse its policies are cordially invited to unite under this call to take part in the selection of delegates to this convention. The several precincts will be entitled to the following representation:

Delegates
Precinct. Delegates
1. Pajarito..... 3
2. Tesuque..... 2
3. Santa Fe (south side)..... 9
4. Santa Fe (south side)..... 9
5. Agua Fria..... 3
6. Cerrillos..... 2
7. Cerrillos..... 2
8. Galisteo..... 3
9. Galisteo..... 3
10. Dolores..... 1
11. Golden..... 1
12. Canaan..... 1
13. Glorieta..... 1
14. Chimayo..... 1
15. Espanola..... 2
16. Santa Fe (north side)..... 5
17. Santa Fe (north side)..... 5
18. Madrid..... 3
19. San Pedro..... 1

Total delegates..... 66
Alternates will not be recognized if held by citizens of the same precinct from which delegates are elected.

Precinct primaries will be held not later than the 21st day of February, except in Precinct No. 1, if and in which precinct they shall be held on the 24th day of February at 10 o'clock in the afternoon and in precinct No. 1, if and in which precinct they shall be held at 7 o'clock in the evening.

The following precinct chairmen will call their respective meetings as follows:
Precinct. Chairman
1. Polanco, Nicolas Quintana.
2. Tesuque, Hipolito Dominguez.
3. Santa Fe, Albino Alarid.
4. Santa Fe, Canuto de la Cruz.
5. Agua Fria, Felipe Romero.
6. Cerrillos, Trinidad Alarid.
7. Cerrillos, Jose Antonio Sison.
8. Galisteo, Librado Valenciano.
9. San Ildefonso, Pedro A. Lujan.
10. Dolores, G. R. Rodriguez.
11. Golden, R. M. Carley.
12. Canaan, Martin Sandoval.
13. Glorieta, J. W. Harrison.
14. Chimayo, Victor Ortega.
15. Santa Cruz, Donciano Madrid.
16. Espanola, Jose Amado Lucero.
17. Santa Fe, John V. Conway.
18. Santa Fe, Max Frost.
19. Madrid, Frank Bradley.
20. San Pedro, Antonio Nieto.

Chairmen and secretaries of the precinct primaries are directed to forward to the secretary of this committee immediately after holding their meetings a true list of the delegates elected, signed by the chairman and secretary of the meeting.

Alternates, if any, must be filed with this committee not later than 9 o'clock on the day of the convention that this committee may report the same to the territorial convention.

A-TONIO ORTIZ Y SALAZAR,
JOSE D. SENA, Secretary Chairman.

BY THE MEXICAN CENTRAL RAILWAY

you can reach the very heart of Mexico. The Mexican Central Railway is standard gauge throughout and offers all conveniences of modern railway travel. For rates and further information address

B. J. KUHN
Com'l Agt. El Paso, Tex.

PECOS VALLEY & NORTHEASTERN RY

(Central Time)
Train No. 5 leaves Pecos daily at 3:30 p. m. Arrives at Carlsbad at 7:45 p. m.
Train No. 1 leaves Carlsbad at 6:30 a. m. Arrives at Roswell at 9:50 a. m.; Amarillo 9 p. m., connecting with the A., T. & S. F. and the Colorado and Southern.

Train No. 2 leaves Amarillo daily at 5:25 p. m. Arrives at Roswell at 3:45 p. m.; Carlsbad at 7:30 p. m.
Train No. 6 leaves Carlsbad at 7 a. m. Arrives at Pecos at 11:05 a. m.

Train No. 3 (mixed), daily except Sunday, leaves Portales at 7 a. m. Arrives at Amarillo at 4:40 p. m.
Train No. 4 (mixed), daily except Sunday, leaves Amarillo at 9 a. m. Arrives at Portales at 5:40 p. m.

Stages for Lincoln, White Oak and Nopal, N. M., leave Roswell, N. M., daily except Sunday at 7 a. m.
For low rates, for information regarding the resources of this valley, prices of lands, etc., address

D. H. NICHOLS
General Manager,
Carlsbad, N. M.

E. W. MARTINDELL
Gen. Frt. and Pass Agent,
Amarillo, Tex. and Carlsbad, N. M.

The Tribune Almanac.
During the exciting presidential campaign of 1900 the Tribune Almanac will be found a perfect mine of useful information for the guidance of those taking part in or wishing to understand public discussions. It has long been conceded that the next best thing to the actual possession of knowledge is knowing where to procure it on a moment's notice. Indeed, many people are so constituted that they would much prefer the latter method of getting hold of a large share of the information for which they have any use. Hence the need of a volume like the Tribune Almanac, which reduces to the least possible compass a vast and varied amount of valuable information of every-day utility. The Tribune Almanac has been compiled carefully and accurately, without haste, and in a workmanlike manner. Besides every possible variety of public statistics, the political platform, laws of congress and all that the Tribune Almanac prints the names of the executive officers of all the states, presidents of colleges, etc. Several historical events also appear, relating to Cuba, Venezuela, the Philippines, the peace treaty, the Masat committee, the war in the Transvaal, etc. 385 pages. 25 cents a copy. Address The Tribune, New York City.

THE PECOS SYSTEM.
Pecos Valley & Northeastern Ry.
Pecos & Northern Texas Ry.
Pecos River Railroad.

The quick route to market.

This line offers exceptional facilities to stock shippers in the way of rates, time and shipping conveniences. Good water and shipping pens at all principal points.

Excellent pasturage at reasonable rates can be obtained at several points on this line.

Full particulars promptly furnished upon application to—
E. W. MARTINDELL, D. H. NICHOLS,
Actg. G. E. & P. A. General Mgr.
Amarillo, Texas. Carlsbad, N. M.

Santa Fe Route
TIME TABLE.
(Effective, Nov. 5, 1899.)

Going East
Read Down
No. 2, No. 22.
11:50 p. m. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:20 p. m.
12:10 p. m. Las Vegas, Ar. 7:30 p. m.
12:30 p. m. Raton, Ar. 7:40 p. m.
12:50 p. m. Trinidad, Ar. 7:50 p. m.
1:10 p. m. El Moro, Ar. 8:00 p. m.
1:30 p. m. Pueblo, Ar. 8:10 p. m.
1:50 p. m. Ar. Colo. Sprgs. Ar. 8:20 p. m.
2:10 p. m. Ar. Denver, Ar. 8:30 p. m.
2:30 p. m. Ar. La Junta, Ar. 8:40 p. m.
2:50 p. m. Ar. Dodge City, Ar. 8:50 p. m.
3:10 p. m. Ar. Kan. City, Ar. 9:00 p. m.
3:30 p. m. Ar. Chicago, Ar. 9:10 p. m.

Coming West
Read Up
No. 17, No. 1.
4:30 p. m. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:30 a. m.
4:50 p. m. Ar. Las Vegas, Ar. 8:40 a. m.
5:10 p. m. Ar. Raton, Ar. 8:50 a. m.
5:30 p. m. Ar. Trinidad, Ar. 9:00 a. m.
5:50 p. m. Ar. El Moro, Ar. 9:10 a. m.
6:10 p. m. Ar. Pueblo, Ar. 9:20 a. m.
6:30 p. m. Ar. Colo. Sprgs. Ar. 9:30 a. m.
6:50 p. m. Ar. Denver, Ar. 9:40 a. m.
7:10 p. m. Ar. La Junta, Ar. 9:50 a. m.
7:30 p. m. Ar. Dodge City, Ar. 10:00 a. m.
7:50 p. m. Ar. Kan. City, Ar. 10:10 a. m.
8:10 p. m. Ar. Chicago, Ar. 10:20 a. m.

Going West
Read Down
No. 17, No. 1.
4:30 p. m. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:30 a. m.
4:50 p. m. Ar. Las Vegas, Ar. 8:40 a. m.
5:10 p. m. Ar. Raton, Ar. 8:50 a. m.
5:30 p. m. Ar. Trinidad, Ar. 9:00 a. m.
5:50 p. m. Ar. El Moro, Ar. 9:10 a. m.
6:10 p. m. Ar. Pueblo, Ar. 9:20 a. m.
6:30 p. m. Ar. Colo. Sprgs. Ar. 9:30 a. m.
6:50 p. m. Ar. Denver, Ar. 9:40 a. m.
7:10 p. m. Ar. La Junta, Ar. 9:50 a. m.
7:30 p. m. Ar. Dodge City, Ar. 10:00 a. m.
7:50 p. m. Ar. Kan. City, Ar. 10:10 a. m.
8:10 p. m. Ar. Chicago, Ar. 10:20 a. m.

Coming West
Read Up
No. 2, No. 22.
4:30 p. m. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:30 a. m.
4:50 p. m. Ar. Las Vegas, Ar. 8:40 a. m.
5:10 p. m. Ar. Raton, Ar. 8:50 a. m.
5:30 p. m. Ar. Trinidad, Ar. 9:00 a. m.
5:50 p. m. Ar. El Moro, Ar. 9:10 a. m.
6:10 p. m. Ar. Pueblo, Ar. 9:20 a. m.
6:30 p. m. Ar. Colo. Sprgs. Ar. 9:30 a. m.
6:50 p. m. Ar. Denver, Ar. 9:40 a. m.
7:10 p. m. Ar. La Junta, Ar. 9:50 a. m.
7:30 p. m. Ar. Dodge City, Ar. 10:00 a. m.
7:50 p. m. Ar. Kan. City, Ar. 10:10 a. m.
8:10 p. m. Ar. Chicago, Ar. 10:20 a. m.

The CALIFORNIA LIMITED.
No. 3, Westbound.
Lv. Chicago, Ill. Wed. Thu. Sat. 8:00 p.
Lv. St. Louis, Mo. Wed. Fri. Sun. 9:30 a.
Lv. Kansas City, Mo. Wed. Fri. Sun. 11:30 a.
Lv. Colo. Springs, Ar. Wed. Fri. Sun. 1:30 p.
Lv. Pueblo, Ar. Wed. Fri. Sun. 3:30 p.
Lv. Trinidad, Ar. Wed. Fri. Sun. 5:30 p.
Lv. Raton, Ar. Wed. Fri. Sun. 7:30 p.
Lv. Las Vegas, Ar. Wed. Fri. Sun. 9:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Wed. Fri. Sun. 11:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 11:30 p.
Lv. Albuquerque, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 1:30 p.
Lv. Las Vegas, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 3:30 p.
Lv. Raton, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 5:30 p.
Lv. Trinidad, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 7:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 9:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 11:30 p.
Lv. Albuquerque, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 1:30 p.
Lv. Las Vegas, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 3:30 p.
Lv. Raton, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 5:30 p.
Lv. Trinidad, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 7:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 9:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 11:30 p.

THE CALIFORNIA LIMITED.
No. 4, Eastbound.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Sun. Tue. Thu. Sat. 1:40 p.
Lv. Las Vegas, Ar. Sun. Tue. Thu. Sat. 3:40 p.
Lv. Raton, Ar. Sun. Tue. Thu. Sat. 5:40 p.
Lv. Albuquerque, Ar. Sun. Tue. Thu. Sat. 7:40 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Sun. Tue. Thu. Sat. 9:40 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 11:30 p.
Lv. Albuquerque, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 1:30 p.
Lv. Las Vegas, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 3:30 p.
Lv. Raton, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 5:30 p.
Lv. Trinidad, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 7:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 9:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 11:30 p.
Lv. Albuquerque, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 1:30 p.
Lv. Las Vegas, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 3:30 p.
Lv. Raton, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 5:30 p.
Lv. Trinidad, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 7:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 9:30 p.
Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri. Sun. 11:30 p.

Four times a week has Pullmans, dining car, Buffet smoking car (with Barber Shop), Observation car (with ladies' parlor), vestibule and electric lighted throughout. A solid train between Chicago and Los Angeles. Same service eastbound.

CHICAGO, MEXICO & CALIFORNIA LINE
Nos. 1 and 17 carry through Pullman and tourist sleepers between Chicago, Los Angeles and San Francisco.
No. 2, eastbound, carries same equipment, and makes close connection at Trinidad with train for Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver.

No. 22 is a local train between El Paso and Kansas City, carries free chair car and Pullman Palace sleeper through without change.

For time tables, information and literature pertaining to the Santa Fe route, call on or address,
H. S. Lutz, Agent,
Santa Fe, N. M.

W. J. BLACK, G. P. A.,
Topeka, Kas.

RIO GRANDE & SANTA FE AND DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

The Scenic Route of the World.
Time Table No. 49
(Effective November 12, 1899.)

EAST BOUND
No. 425.
11:15 a. m. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:20 p. m.
1:15 p. m. Espanola, Ar. 3:45 p. m.
3:45 p. m. Embudo, Ar. 6:15 p. m.
6:15 p. m

Bain Wagons,

"Best on Earth."

When you talk about there being better wagons than

"THE BAIN,"

W. H. GOEBEL.

Every Potato slyly winks its eye;
Every Cabbage shakes its head;
Every Beet gets red in the face;
Every Onion feels stronger;
Every Oat Field is shocked;
Rye strokes its beard;
Corn sticks up its ear;
Every Foot of Land kicks.

H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

SOUTH
SIDE OF
PLAZA.



GROCERIES
FEED and
CROCKERY.

No. 4
BAKERY

2-oz Packages BULL DURHAM TOBACCO, 15c.
See that you get 2-oz packages; some sell 1 1/2 oz.

1 lb pkg Macaroni 10c
1 lb pkg Vermicelli 10c
1 lb Best N. Y. Cheese 20c
2 lb can Baked Beans 10c

GROUND COFFEE
As good as package coffee.
Per Pound, 10c.

White Nebraska Oats, per cwt., \$1.35.
Kansas Corn, per cwt., \$1.00.
Nebraska Hay, per ton, \$12.50.
Colorado Alfalfa, per ton, \$13.50.

BROOMS AND BRUSHES.
We are still selling a good
Broom for 25c
Better ones 35c
Best you ever saw 45c
Pot or sink brushes 65c

PACKAGE TEA (Tin-foli.)
We recommend Chase &
Sanborn's package Tea to
be the best you can buy for
75c per lb. Three flavors,
English Breakfast, Oolong,
and a blend of India-Ceylon.

50 lbs Whole Wheat Flour, 85c.



CHAS. WAGNER FURNITURE CO.

(Incorporated Feb. 2, 1899.)

TELEPHONE 88.
(Residence Over Store.)

The only house in the city that carries everything in the household line. Sold on easy payments.

CARPETS AND RUGS.

Glassware and Queensware,

Large stock of Tinware.

Woodenware, Hard-
ware, Lamps, etc.

Stoves and Ranges.

Lower Frisco St.

Santa Fe, N. M.

Crescent AND

Columbia Bicycles

Chain and Chainless

1900 Models Just Received

E. S. ANDREWS,

East Side of Plaza, Santa Fe, N. M.

THE NEW MEXICO

MILITARY INSTITUTE

Roswell, New Mexico.

THE MILITARY SCHOOL OF NEW MEXICO ESTABLISHED
AND SUPPORTED BY THE TERRITORY.

Session Begins September, '09, Ends June, 1900.

Five Teachers (Men) and Matron. Accommodations for 200 Students.
New Buildings, all furnishings and equipments modern and complete;
steam-heated, gas-lighted; baths, water-works, all conveniences.

Tuition, board, and laundry, \$200 per session.

Session is three terms, thirteen weeks each. Roswell is a noted health
resort, 3,700 feet above sea level; well-watered; excellent people.

REGENTS
Nathan Jaffa, Roswell,
Charles Wilson, Roswell,
J. O. Cameron, Eddy.

R. S. Hamilton, Roswell
J. C. Lea, Roswell,
J. O. Cameron, Eddy.

particulars address:

JAS. G. MEADORS

Superintendent



AND FANCY GROCERIES

Of all kinds; sauces, relishes and high
class canned goods. Cudahy's Diamond
Chams and bacon. Choice fresh roast
ed coffees. We especially recommend
our Stone Island brand of Hawaiian coffee
Try a can and you will be pleased. In
teas we have only the best.

H. S. KAUNE & CO.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

The superintendent of public instruction
has at his disposal several scholar-
ships at a law school, as explained below:

Santa Fe, N. M., February 17, 1900.
Whereas, The Nashville college at
Nashville, Tenn., has requested the un-
derigned to appoint three worthy
young men from this territory to free
scholarship in the department of law of
the said college, said appointment will
entitle the appointees to regular in-
struction in law until graduation, for
the bachelor of laws degree, and ad-
mission to the bar.

Therefore, I, the undersigned, super-
intendent of public instruction for New
Mexico, do hereby give notice that until
the 15th day of March, A. D. 1900, will
receive applications for such appoint-
ment, from any young man residing in
the territory who wishes to apply for
free admission at said college, and avail
himself of this propitious opportunity.
All newspapers in the territory are
requested to reproduce this notice.

M. C. de BACA.

Superintendent of Public Instruction of
New Mexico.

OF INTEREST TO GAUGERS.

Judge A. L. Morrison this morning re-
ceived a circular from the treasury de-
partment at Washington stating that
the price of Alexander's improved
wrought rod has been increased to \$1.60
on account of increased price of raw
material and labor. The wrought rod
is used in determining how much liquor
or other fluid has been taken out of a
cask.

MINING COMPANY AGENT NAMED
The New Mexico Gold and Copper
Mining Company to-day notified Ter-
ritorial Secretary Wallace that it has
appointed Richard Cole New Mexico
agent to succeed Frank Trumble, with
headquarters at Tres Piedras.

ANOTHER COPPER COMPANY.
The Copper Box Mining Company, op-
erating in Grant county, N. M., and
Pueblo county, Colo., to-day filed in-
corporation papers in the office of Ter-
ritorial Secretary Wallace. The com-
pany is capitalized at \$500,000, divided
into 500,000 shares. Its headquarters are
at Pueblo, Colo., with an office at Sil-
ver City, N. M. The incorporators and
directors are: George H. Hobson, Louis
Florman, J. H. McCorkle, R. J. Bruner
and J. T. McCorkle, of Pueblo, Colo.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.
Governor Otero to-day appointed the
following notaries public: Oscar R.
Tanner, Hagerman, Chaves county;
Rollins H. Ayers, Raton, Colfax county.
Governor Otero to-day appointed
George W. Hunt, of Philadelphia, com-
missioner of deeds for New Mexico in
Pennsylvania.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.

To-night is the regular meeting night
for the city council.

Special meeting of Santa Fe lodge No.
2, K. of P., tonight. Work in degrees.
Afternoon tea and Mexican chocolate.
Tuesday afternoon in the Library rooms:
Republican primaries at precinct No.
4 will be held to-morrow at 4 p. m. at
the house of Evaristo Lucero, near the
capitol building.

In precinct 3 the Republican primar-
ies will be held at the house of Benigno
Muniz, on College street. The meeting
will be called to order at 7 o'clock p. m.
Letters addressed to Mrs. William
Herbert Smith, 52 Morningside Park,
New York City, and to Mrs. Valentine
Lucero, Cabeson, N. M., are held at the
postoffice for postage. A postal card
without address is also held.

Republican primaries in precincts 4,
17 and 18 at 4 p. m. to-morrow, Tues-
day. In precinct 17 the primaries will
be held at fireman's hall; in precinct 18
at the court house.

I. Sparks, manager of the local tele-
phone company, to-day placed tele-
phones in the office of Register of the
Land Office M. R. Otero, and at his res-
idence.

Desiderio Gonzales was arrested this
forenoon by Deputy Sheriff Huber on
the charge of assault and battery pre-
ferred by Albino Garcia. He also ar-
rested Ignacio Garcia this afternoon for
being drunk.

Patronize the W. B. T. & L. A., Tues-
day afternoon in the Library rooms, 3
to 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Steele, the teacher of the Indian
public school at Tesuque, is making
great progress with her pupils. She
lives at the pueblo and her presence has
resulted in the Indian children being
dressed neatly and cleanly and their
homes being beautified in various ways.

Pedro Ortiz was rearrested Saturday
evening by Deputy Sheriff Huber on a
charge of assault and battery with
words, and was lodged in the county
jail. He will be given a hearing this
afternoon before Justice Jose Maria
Garcia.

Several well-known Democrats say
they will participate in Republican
meetings to-morrow in order to stir up
strife and make trouble in Republican
ranks. These men are known, however,
and will not have much to say, as they
will find out when the time comes.

Several malcontents will endeavor to
precipitate rows at the Republican pri-
maries to-morrow, but Sheriff Kinell
proposes to have none of that, and will
have a sufficient force of deputies ready
for any and all emergencies. He be-
lieves that prevention is better than
cure, and has the support of all law-
abiding and good citizens in the matter.
Sheriff Kinell desires it distinctly
understood that the practice of carry-
ing concealed weapons will not be al-
lowed, and that he will arrest every
person found with a pistol. There are
some men who have transgressed the
law and are transgressing it now. These
are well known, and will be searched
and jailed if pistols are found on them.
Special or regular city policemen have
no right whatever to carry pistols. Sev-
eral violators of the law are known
now, and their cases will be brought be-
fore the grand jury that meets next
month in this county.

Mrs. W. S. Goldworthy, who was a
resident of Santa Fe six years ago, died
last week at Prescott, Ariz. Her re-
mains were taken to Goddard, Kan.,
where burial was made. Mrs. Gold-
worthy was a sister of Mrs. John Olin-
ger, also for a number of years a res-
ident in this city. Mrs. Goldworthy
passed through Santa Fe a few months
ago on her way to Prescott.

The Library rooms, centrally located,
are a most convenient place to meet
friends and enjoy a cup of afternoon tea
or pure Mexican chocolate, with cake or
sandwiches, for 15 cents. Tuesday after-
noon.

H. S. Lutz, agent of the Santa Fe rail-
road in this city, to-day received a new
form of ticket which will be used after
March 1 on the Santa Fe railroad. The
tickets are of this paper, almost square,
and have printed on them names of the
stations in the territory. When a ticket
is sold the destination is cut out in an
ingenious way and the main part of the
ticket is given the purchaser, while the
stub is sent to the office of the railroad
auditor.

The lecture Thursday evening at the
court house will be by Judge A. L.
Morrison, who enjoys the reputation of
being an eloquent orator. His subject
will be "George Washington and His
Contemporaries."

William Vaughn returned last even-
ing from Keokuk, Ia., where he attend-
ed the funeral of his mother, who was
fatally burned last Monday in a gaso-
line explosion.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. W. Akers went south yesterday
afternoon on a business trip.
Sister Eulalia, of the sanitarium, will
return this evening from Las Vegas.

J. D. Hughes, business manager of
the New Mexican, is in Albuquerque on
a business trip.
Rev. Lammett, parish priest at Spring-
er, is in the city on a visit to Arch-
bishop Bourgade.

Charles F. Abren of Springer who will
be married Thursday to Miss Carmensita
Sena is in the capital.

Governor Otero has returned to the
capital from trips on official business to
Albuquerque and Las Vegas.

C. H. Elmendorf will leave this even-
ing for Lincoln, Neb., to spend a week
or more at his home.

Mrs. Mooney, mother of Mrs. Brash
at the sanitarium, will arrive this even-
ing on a visit from Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. B. Winn, who has been a res-
ident of this city for about a year, left
this forenoon for her home in Missouri.

H. O. Flipper, special agent of the
department of justice to the court of
private land claims, returned yesterday
afternoon from Tucson.
Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Reynolds, Miss
Marie Smiley and U. S. Hollister, of
Denver, who spent several days in this
city, left this forenoon for Colorado.

Mayor J. W. Fleming of Silver City,
mine inspector of New Mexico, arrived
in the capital Saturday evening and left
again yesterday afternoon.

Miss Mabelle Biggart left yesterday
afternoon for Albuquerque from where
after a few days' stay she will go to
Mexico. She will return to Santa Fe in
about a month.

Henry Dreyfuss, a guard at the peni-
tentiary, went to Socorro last week and
was married to Miss Ramona Torres of
that city. Mr. and Mrs. Dreyfuss have
come to Santa Fe to live.

This morning ex-Governor and Mrs.
L. B. Prince, Mrs. R. S. Turner, Miss
E. W. Baker, Hon. E. L. Bartlett and
Hon. W. H. Pope left on an overland
trip to the turquoise mines in southern
Santa Fe county.

Mr. and Mrs. Stover, Miss Biggart,
Postmaster Simon Neusbaum, H. S.
Lutz and a number of others were the
guests yesterday of Mr. and Mrs. Dock-
weiler at Tesuque. Mrs. Dockweiler in
the afternoon served a splendid repast
to her guests.

"He that seeks find." He that takes
Hood's Sarsaparilla finds in its use
pure, rich blood and consequently good
health.

U. S. Weather Bureau Notes.
Forecast for New Mexico: Partly
cloudy and warmer tonight; cloudy
weather Tuesday.

Saturday the thermometer registered
as follows: Maximum temperature, 38
degrees, at 4:00 p. m.; minimum, 10 de-
grees, at 7:10 a. m. The mean tempera-
ture for the 24 hours was 24 degrees;
mean daily humidity, 42 per cent.

Yesterday the thermometer registered
as follows: Maximum temperature, 44
degrees, at 3:40 p. m.; minimum, 21 de-
grees, at 6:35 a. m. The mean tempera-
ture for the 24 hours was 32 degrees;
mean daily humidity, 32 per cent. Tem-
perature at 6:00 a. m. today, 29.

Engraved cards de visite can be
promptly and cheaply procured in the
very latest and most elegant styles at
the New Mexican printing office.

At the Hotels.

At the Palace: James B. Murphy,
Denver; Edgar L. Street, New York.

At the Exchange: W. G. Ashdown,
Cerrillos; W. F. Killian, Espanola; G. O.
Yeager, California; Thomas Lynch,
Bland; William Arnold, St. Louis; Henry
Farr and wife, Buckman; William P.
Archer, New York; J. E. Kinell, Den-
ver, Colo.; Charles Burnett, Chicago, Ill.;
T. D. Mills, Topeka, Kas.

At the Claire: George O'Neill, New
York City; J. W. Fleming, Silver City;
P. L. McDermott, New York; C. C.
Compton, H. L. Marsh, Frank Helfferich,
F. P. Sauermann, Denver; W. A. Lewis;
St. Louis; R. E. Rogers, Tucson; George
Korner, Golden; John G. Splinters,
Sparksville, Kas.; Rev. C. Lammett,
Springer; Hart E. Harris, Owensboro,
Ky.; A. W. Howig and wife, Manston,
Wis.

All you can eat, and then some. At
the Bon-Ton.

Death of Hon. J. F. Hinkle's Father.
M. P. Hinkle, father of Hon. J. F.
Hinkle, manager of the Penasco Cattle
Company, and of John I. Hinkle, of Co-
lumbia, Mo., died last Friday at his
home at Boles, Mo., at the age of 86
years. He visited his son at Roswell
last summer.

All kinds of typewriter papers for
sale at the New Mexican printing office.

The California Limited

Fast train west of Chicago; 29 hours 50
minutes Santa Fe to Los Angeles. Pull-
man, Dining Car, Buffet-Smoking Car,
(with Barber Shop), Observation Car
(with Ladies' Parlor). Vestibule and
electric-lighted throughout. Four times
a week—Mondays, Thursdays, Fridays
and Saturdays, 8 a. m., from Santa Fe.
Santa Fe route.

H. S. Lutz, Agent,
Santa Fe, N. M.

Those who have poor looking letter
heads should see the engraved and em-
bossed stationery supplied from the New
Mexican office. A thousand sheets cost
but little more than inferior articles.

This paper is for sale at the
drug store of J. Ross Forsyth,
Cerrillos, New Mexico.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

The Grant county Republican con-
vention will be held at Silver City
March 8 to elect four delegates to the
Republican territorial convention at
Socorro.

Gov. M. A. Otero was a welcome call-
er at this office last evening. His friends
are urging him to head the Republican
delegation to Philadelphia, and if he is
elected he will creditably serve the party
at the big convention.—Albuquerque
Citizen.

The Republicans of Taos county will
hold their county convention at Taos
Wednesday, March 21. The convention
will consist of fifty-six delegates, and
among the delegates to the Socorro con-
vention will very likely be Messrs. Juan
Santistevan, Pedro Sanchez, Dr. T. P.
Martin and Hon. Malaquias Martinez.

In the primaries in Bernalillo county,
held on last Saturday, from all reports
the friends of Hon. Frank A. Hubbell,
who is a candidate for one of the dele-
gateships to the Philadelphia Republi-
can national convention, carried the day,
and a majority of the delegates elected
to the county convention favor his can-
didacy before the territorial convention
and an unequivocal endorsement of
President McKinley and the territorial
administration. It looks as if Bernalillo
county would send its fourteen dele-
gates so instructed to Socorro.

"I Wonder Why" every good liver
stops at the Bon-Ton?

Died at Espanola.

Oscar Mallinckrodt, aged 38 years,
died at Espanola yesterday. Undertak-
er S. B. Warner went to Espanola to
embalm the body. The remains will be
shipped to St. Louis to-night by way of
Santa Fe. Mr. Mallinckrodt's mother
died last July a year ago at Santa Fe.
He owned a large ranch near Espanola.
His father was a wealthy drug manu-
facturer of St. Louis.

Oysters fresh from the bay at the
Bon-Ton.

Call for Republican Territorial Convention.

A delegate convention of the Republi-
can voters of the territory of New
Mexico is hereby called to meet in the
city of Socorro at 10 o'clock on the
morning of Saturday, the 17th day of
March, 1900, for the purpose of electing
six delegates and six alternates to rep-
resent the territory at the Republican
national convention, to be held in the
city of Philadelphia on the 19th day of
June, 1900, for the purpose of nominat-
ing candidates for president and vice
president of the United States to be
voted for at the presidential election,
Tuesday, November 6, 1900.

The Republican electors of this terri-
tory and all those who believe in the
principles of the Republican party and
indorse its policies are cordially invited
to unite under this call to take part in
the selection of delegates to this con-
vention. The several counties will be
entitled to representation as follows:

Counties	Delegates
Bernalillo	14
Chaves	2
Colfax	2
Dona Ana	6
Eddy	2
Grant	4
Guadalupe	4
Lincoln	4
Mora	7
Otero	3
Rio Arriba	9
San Juan	2
San Miguel	13
Santa Fe	9
Sierra	3
Socorro	8
Taos	6
Union	4
Valencia	9

Total114
Alternates will not be recognized.

Proxies will only be recognized if held
by citizens of the same county from
which delegates giving the proxy were
elected.

County conventions shall be held on
or before the 10th day of March, 1900.
County committees will take proper
action and call county conventions at
such times and places as they may deem
best before or on that date.

Chairmen and secretaries of the coun-
ty conventions are urgently requested
to forward true copies of the proceed-
ings of such and the names of the dele-
gates elected to the territorial con-
vention to the secretary of this committee
by first mail after the close of such con-
vention.

Where there are no regularly organ-
ized county committees the members of
this committee for such county are au-
thorized and directed to perform the
duties of county committee and act ac-
cordingly.

JOHN S. CLARK,
Chairman.

MAX. FROST, Secretary.
Santa Fe, February 5, 1900.

A Unique Calendar.

New Edition of the Aztec Calendar.
January to June, 1900, now on sale at
A. T. & S. F. Ry. Ticket Office. Con-
tains six separate reproductions in color
(8x11 inches) of Buynak's Pueblo In-
dian portraits—the season's art sensation.
Also engraved cover representing
ancient Aztec calendar stone. A hand-
some and unique souvenir; edition limited;
order early. Price 25 cents.

Don't miss the inducements in our
bargain columns.

The New Mexican job department and
its large force of employees can fill any
order expeditiously.

ALBUQUERQUE STEAM LAUNDRY,

GEO. F. AMERSON, Agt.

Leave orders at Kerr's barber shop.
Basket leaves Tuesday at 3:30 o'clock
and returns on Friday. We pay all
express charges.

Letter List.

List of letters remaining uncalled for
in the postoffice at Santa Fe, N. M., for
the week ending Feb. 17, 1900. If not
called for within two weeks, will be sent
to the dead letter office at Washington.
Apodaca, Marcelino Hall, Charles
Aleyta, Petra Monnet, J. P. S.
Armenta, Manuelita Martinez, Encarnacion
Bergman, Adam Matary, Perkins
Barco, Gabrielita L. Olvera, Aurelia
Chavez, Ignacia D. Robal, Juan Gonz-
lez
Ferraz, Isidore Shai ohan, J. E.
Garcia, Magdalena by the Santa Fe route
Hummer, C. W. Stomil, E.
In calling please say advertised and
give the date.

SIMON NEUSBAUM,
Postmaster.

No Malaria in California

Inspiring air, constant air, constant
sunshine, equable temperature, and out-
door recreation in endless variety. More
delightful than the Mediterranean. The
shortest journey, finest trains and best
meal service are by the Santa Fe route.
H. S. Lutz, Agent,
Santa Fe, N. M.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

We are now prepared to meet
your wants with two car of new
patterns of furniture, the largest
assortment, the latest styles,
the lowest prices and the easiest
terms of any house west of Kan-
sas City. Also we have carpets,
rugs, art squares, linoleum and
floor matting at prices never
heard of in Santa Fe before.
CHARLES WAGNER FURNITURE CO.

Palace Hotel

MRS. R. GREEN, Proprietress.
First Class Accommodations.
Transient Trade Solicited.
Boarding by Week, Day or Meal.
Livery in Connection.

Cerrillos - - - - - New Mexico

JACOB WELTMER Books and Stationery

PERIODICALS:
SCHOOL BOOKS,
SCHOOL SUPPLIES.
Stationery Sundries, Etc.
Books not in stock ordered at eastern
prices, and subscriptions received for
all periodicals.

French Tansy Wafers, the world's fa-
mous remedy for irregular and painful
periods of ladies; are never failing and
safe. Married ladies' friend. French
Tansy Wafers are the only reliable fe-
male remedy in the world; imported
from Paris; take nothing else, but insist
on genuine; in red wrappers with crown
trade mark. La France Drug Company,
importers, 108 Turk st., San Francisco.
For sale by Fischer & Co., sole agents
for Santa Fe.

Read them—our bargain columns.

Best Cigar in Town.

Is to be found at the Arcade. Sole
agents for the peer of all cigars—the
Vera Cruz brand.

PERFECT Laundry Work.

W. J. SLAUGHTER, Agent.
Orders taken at Slaughter's barber
shop, south side of plaza.
Basket leaves at 7 a. m. on Wednes-
days and returns on Friday night; laun-
dry ready for delivery Saturday morning.
No extra freight or delivery charges.
The Las Vegas Steam laundry makes
a specialty of fine laundry work,
and its work is first class in all particu-
lars. PHONE 107

HENRY KRICK,

SOLE AGENT FOR

Lemp's
St. Louis
Beer.

ALL KINDS OF
MINERAL WATER

Guadalupe St. - - - Santa Fe

J. MURALTER, Merchant Tailor.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER—FIT GUARANTEED
Cleaning and Repairing.
East Side of Plaza.
Low Prices. Elegant Work.

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