

2-2-1900

## Santa Fe New Mexican, 02-02-1900

New Mexican Printing Company

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# SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 36.

SECOND EDITION

SANTA FE, N. M., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1900.

CITY AND NORTHERN MAIL NO. 290

## WANTS MORE TROOPS

General Buller Is Said to Have Made a Call for Additional Soldiers.

## NEARLY ALL VOTERS LIABLE

The Ballot Service Law May Be Enforced and Compel Citizens to Go to the Polls Whether Willing or Not—No Definite News Received.

London, February 2, 2:37 p. m.—There is no official news from General Buller's headquarters, and the only information which reached London in any way supporting the reports that he recrossed the Tugela river is found in the Associated Press dispatches announcing Lord Dundonald's reconnaissance, which is taken to indicate a prelude to a renewed drive. As the dispatch is three days old, and Lord Dundonald found no difficulty in crossing the river, it is not impossible that Buller may have moved in the interim, and public anxiety is again concentrated upon the upper Tugela. The dispatches from elsewhere in South Africa merely tell of desultory shell firing and the movements of patrols, though Cape Town mentions the rumor that Gen. French has captured 800 Boers.

Cape Town, February 2.—The prize court has decided to make no order of confiscation in the case of the steamship Mashona, at present, in order to give her owners an opportunity to show within three weeks that she had no intention to trade with the enemy. The Mashona sailed from New York November 2 for Delagoa bay with a cargo of general merchandise, including flour. She was seized December 8 by the British war-ship Partridge.

London, February 2.—Sensational rumors are current that the militia ballot act is to be put in force February 14, and General Lord Roberts, commander-in-chief of the British forces in South Africa, has called for 50,000 additional men, which, it is added, the government promised to give him, sending 50,000 militia volunteers and 40,000 militia reserves. It is also said that the volunteers will be mobilized forthwith. It is even asserted to-day that the cabinet especially dealt with these matters. The militia ballot act makes every unmarried man between 18 and 30 years of age liable to serve five years.

Lorenzo Marques, February 1.—A dispatch from Gaberones, dated January 23, describing the reconnaissance of some of Colonel Plumer's forces around the Boer laager to the southward, seems to dispose of the story that Mafeking has been relieved. On that date the Rhodesians captured two Transvaal flags and drove off a Boer outpost before returning to Gaberones.

## Turks Threaten Trouble.

New York, February 2.—Fears have been repeatedly expressed during the last few months that the Turks are planning another general massacre of Christians in the interior of Turkey. The Kurds, particularly in Kurdistan, are much excited, and it needs only a spark to start them upon their awful work. The World has information which indicates that at Mardin (Bittlis), Diarbekir and Harput, the principal cities of central and eastern Turkey, the Muslims are only awaiting a favorable opportunity to repeat the horrible work of rapine and murder of the fall of 1895 and the spring of 1896.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

### THE HOUSE.

Washington, February 2.—At a special meeting of the ways and means committee to-day it was decided to report a bill establishing a tariff system for Puerto Rico on the basis of 25 per cent of the rates of the regular tariff law.

The bill giving Cuban vessels the most favored nation treatment at American ports was passed. After the reception of the president's message transmitting the Philippine commission's report and its reference to the insular committee the house resumed consideration of the Indian appropriation bill.

### THE SENATE.

Senator Allen to-day offered a resolution that a committee of nine members of the senate be appointed to make an investigation of transactions between the treasury department and the National City and Hanover National Bank, and other banks, since March 4, 1897; also to investigate the sale of old custom house property in New York City.

Mr. Aldrich objected, and the resolution went over. Mr. Pettigrew called up his resolution to print as a public document a compilation of matter known as "the Philippine commission." He said the proposed document was a compilation of articles written by the executive committee of the anti-imperialistic league of Washington, D. C., in comment upon the report of the Philippine commission. He declared it was impossible to reach the public on this subject through the large daily newspapers, and said he wanted to do so through printing the document.

Objection was made, and the resolution went over. At 2:40 the senate went into executive session, and The Hague peace treaty was taken up.

## England May Have Trouble in Egypt.

Paris, February 2.—A dispatch from the Havas news agency from Cairo confirms the report that a rebellion occurred among the Sudanese troops at Khartoum. It says: "The government is alarmed at the attitude of the black troops, and has asked the khedive to intervene. The latter sent a letter urging obedience, but the anxiety, nevertheless, continues. Egypt is almost denuded of European soldiers."

## Bryan's Mutual Admiration Society.

New York, February 2.—A special to the World from Concord, N. H., says: At an informal conference held at Portland between William Jennings Bryan and his prominent supporters, it was decided that his eastern trip had proved a great success, and it was resolved that the trip be considered as opening the great campaign of 1900. The campaign will be renewed immediately in the western and northwestern states. As soon as Bryan ends his present eastern trip in New Jersey next week he will start for Texas and rejoin his wife and children.

## Railway Labor Trouble.

St. Paul, Minn., February 2.—The Great Northern's labor situation is critical. A conference will be held late this afternoon, but neither side seems to hope for a peaceable settlement, though they propose to do all that is possible to save yielding. The railroad officials continue preparations to fill the places of those who may strike. During the night 200 men came in from Chicago, and there were along the road 150 who are expected to-day.

Pleading and Practice, publisher's price, at New Mexican.

## WILL NOT INTERFERE

President McKinley and the Cabinet Decide There Is Yet No Cause for Intervention.

## DEMOCRATS ASK INJUNCTION

Governor Taylor Will Not Allow Members of the Legislature to Enter the Grounds of the State House to Hold a Session.

Frankfort, Ky., February 2.—Governor Taylor this morning ordered that nobody should be admitted to the grounds of the capitol under any circumstances. Passes were taken up when presented. The object of the new order is to prevent any civilian serving any legal papers upon him.

It is the intention of the Democrats to secure an injunction at 10 o'clock restraining Governor Taylor from interfering in any way with the meetings of the legislature, and enjoining him and Lieutenant Governor Marshall from exercising the functions of state officers. There is no chance whatever that service can be secured on Governor Taylor, as the executive building is circled by sentries, and an entire company posted outside his office. Every civilian who could possibly be the bearer of legal documents will be turned back by the soldiers.

No attempt has been made to enforce the pardon of Douglas Hayes. Governor Taylor, by his refusal to recognize the state courts, placed himself in such a position that he cannot make legal process against the warden. The one thing left for him to do is to liberate Hayes by force, and he has evinced no disposition as yet to employ this means.

The Democrats' plan is to make a formal demand for admission to the legislative halls of the state house every day. They will be denied admittance by the militia, all of which, with the exception of two companies from Barboursville, will remain here. These two companies have been ordered to London for the meeting of the legislature there next Tuesday. Governor Taylor is making all arrangements for the session there. Many Republicans went home last night and this morning, all as are intending to go to London Monday.

"It is probable a quorum will not be present at the opening session of the legislature," said Representative Yarbrough, "but there will be before Tuesday night, of that you can rest assured."

Constable Harrod, who took Harland Whitaker, the alleged assassin, to Louisville, has given out what is regarded as evidence pointing to the accused man's guilt. Harrod says Whitaker, while en route to Louisville, told him he had some \$3,000 at home and \$1 in his pocket which he would give to be allowed to escape. The officer also said that Whitaker contradicted the statement of Captain Davis, in whose company he was found when arrested. Davis insists that Whitaker was sitting in a room adjoining Governor Taylor's office when the shot that killed Goebel was fired. Harrod claims that Whitaker says he was on the third floor of the building.

Frankfort, February 2.—A petition was filed in the circuit court to-day for an injunction against Taylor. It is signed by all the Democratic members of the legislature. After reciting the events of the past few days, the petition closes as follows: "They therefore ask for an immediate injunction enjoining and restraining the defendants and all others from removing or attempting to remove this legislative body to the city of London or elsewhere than the capitol at Frankfort; that, furthermore, the defendants and all others be enjoined and restrained from preventing by force of the military or otherwise, the plaintiffs from entering into the public building known as the state house, in order that they may discharge their official duties to their constituents and to the state. They assert upon the facts of this case they are entitled to immediate relief, restraining the commission or continuance of these usurped powers by the defendants and those who claim to act under his orders."

Washington, February 2.—The Kentucky delegation, consisting of Senators Blackburn and Representatives Rhea, Smith, Allen, Gilbert and ex-Representative Thompson, called upon President McKinley to protest against federal interference in that state. Senator Lindsay was also present. The Kentuckians said federal interference would cause an uprising that could not be easily quelled. They expressed an opinion that the difficulties would be adjusted without further violence if the people of Kentucky were allowed to settle the matter themselves. Mr. Blackburn said his interview was altogether pleasant and satisfactory. The president assured the delegation that he deplored the situation, and federal

interference would come only as a last resort, after having been invoked by the proper authorities under the law and constitution.

Blackburn leaves this afternoon for Kentucky. Representative Rhea will follow him to-night. They will use their utmost endeavors to prevent a collision, and, at the same time, act as advisers of Goebel in the legal proceedings to be instituted.

Washington, February 2.—After the cabinet meeting to-day the following statement was made: "The president and cabinet have decided that no cause has yet arisen to justify intervention by the national government in Kentucky, and so informed the governor."

Some significance may attach to the use of the word "governor" in this statement, inasmuch as the reply was directed to Taylor.

Frankfort, Ky., February 2.—Governor Taylor has been served with a notice of the suit for an injunction to restrain him from interfering with the action of the legislature and preventing him from holding a session of the legislature at London. The orders to the sentries to allow nobody to pass in or out of the capitol grounds, given early this morning, were revoked later. As soon as the word was brought to Governor Taylor that a petition for injunction had been filed the orders were renewed, but not quick enough.

Alonso Walker, a stenographer for the Democratic attorneys, gained entrance to the grounds before the renewal of the order and pinned a copy of the notice on the door of the executive mansion, which action constitutes a legal notice to Taylor. Walker was placed under arrest, and is now in the guard house.

It is announced that a special session of the legislature will be held at 2 o'clock at the capitol hotel, and there are rumors that all those who take part in the meeting will be placed under arrest and taken to London.

Frankfort, Ky., February 2.—Captain Edward Parker, commander of the London militia company, said to-day: "There will be a quorum of the legislature in London; you may be sure of that. Of course, we are not making any threats, but enough members will go to London in one way or another to constitute working quorum."

Frankfort, February 2.—The Democratic members of the legislature met in secret caucus this afternoon at the capitol hotel and re-elected William E. Goebel governor of Kentucky. This action was first taken by the houses in separate session, and immediately afterward in a joint session.

Frankfort, February 2, 1:55 p. m.—Governor Goebel's condition was considered by his physicians as showing slight improvement, but he is a very sick man.

## THE FIRE RECORD.

Several Conflagrations Today in Ohio Kansas and Illinois.

Chicago, February 2.—Fire Chief Swenke had a narrow escape from death to-day in the burning factory of the Rauch Furniture Manufacturing Company. The veteran head of the department was overcome by smoke and fell unconscious in the rear of the office on the first floor. Members of engine company No. 3 bore Chief Swenke from the building just in time to save his life. After a few minutes the chief was partly revived. A physician who was called said the marshal's condition was not serious. This is the first time in over half a century of fire fighting that Swenke has been compelled to retreat before his foe. The damage to the Rauch company will reach \$75,000.

Youngstown, O., February 2.—A fire at midnight completely gutted the three-story brick buildings occupied by the J. N. Euwer Sons' Company, dry goods, and McElroy & Co., furniture dealers. The large department store of Euwer's store, was badly damaged by water. The loss is estimated at \$400,000. John Mills, a spectator, dropped dead of heart disease. The firemen suffered severely from the cold weather, the mercury being 5 degrees below zero.

Little Rock, Ark., February 2.—A loss of \$150,000 was caused to-day by a fire that destroyed nine stories. Dynamite in a building occupied by the Dickinson Arms Company exploded with tremendous force, breaking at least \$15,000 worth of window glass.

Chicago, February 2.—A great fire occurred this afternoon at Sprague, Warner & Co.'s wholesale grocery building. Two firemen were seriously injured by a falling wall. Mr. Sprague, the senior member of the firm, estimated the loss at \$250,000 on stock alone.

Kentuckian Reported Assassinated. Middleboro, Ky., February 2.—It is reported that William Wright, ex-member of the Kentucky legislature, a prominent Democrat, has been assassinated at Boone's Fork.

## The Clark Bribery Case.

Washington, February 2.—The senate committee on elections heard further testimony to-day for the prosecution in the case against Senator Clark of Montana.

## FROM FAR LUZON

Letter From Commander of a Battalion Telling of the Death of Lieutenant Luna.

## HAD BUT LITTLE FIGHTING

The Philippines a Rich Group of Islands That Will Be Very Valuable to the United States With Honest Administration.

Maj. Julius A. Penn, of the 34th infantry, wrote a very interesting letter from Dagupan, Philippine Islands, under date of November 25, 1899, to Governor Otero. Lieut. Maximiliano Luna belonged to Major Penn's battalion, and the major wrote in glowing terms of the ability and courage of Lieutenant Luna, who was given the responsible position of chief of the intelligence office on General Lawton's staff soon after landing at Manila. Major Penn saw Lieutenant Luna last at Cabanatuan, November 9. He seemed very well pleased with his duties, and spoke of the valuable information he had gathered for General Lawton, and seemed in the best of spirits. General Lawton's staff reached the Agno river, near Tayug. The river was high, with a strong current, but had to be crossed. General Lawton started in on his horse, his son riding behind him, and the staff following. The horses were soon swimming. One of the staff officers noticed that Lieutenant Luna's horse was in trouble. He called to him to head his horse for a certain point on the shore. This was the last seen of Lieutenant Luna. Two or three cavalymen were drowned at the same time and place. This was November 15.



Lieutenant Maximiliano Luna.

Major Penn gives a graphic description of his marches in northern Luzon. At one time, in a distance of three and a half miles, twenty-nine streams had to be forded. There was very little fighting, but any amount of marching through mud knee deep, and occupation of towns evacuated by the insurgents the day before. Major Penn writes that his orderly trumpeter is a Santa Fe boy named Nicholas W. Campagnoli, and that Sergeant Mennet, of Las Vegas, has been advanced to first sergeant of his company.

In conclusion, Major Penn says: "The country is one that is exceedingly rich, and under honest, fair administration will prove to be of great value to the United States. I believe the insurrection is practically over. Our work will continue until every part of the islands is visited and civil government established. Our men, I think, enjoy their experience, but I think would like to see the chips they have been carrying on their shoulders knocked off by a few armed insurgents. They are disappointed in not finding the fight they have been hunting for so persistently. One only grief, and it is one that affects both officers and men, is poor Lieutenant Luna's death. He was beloved by all, and we all felt that no officer or man in the command had a brighter future before him."

Headquarters for engraved calling cards at the New Mexican printing office.

## Tragedy Near Deming.

Joseph W. Taylor, a prominent cattle raiser of Grant county, shot and instantly killed his brother, James W., at their ranch, eighteen miles from Deming, Wednesday. The brothers had a misunderstanding over business matters. James made an assault with a knife, and Joseph acted in self-defense. Taylor surrendered to the officers at Deming.

Paper for typewriters in quantities to suit at low prices at the New Mexican printing office.

## GOVERNMENT FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

The Recommendations Made By the Commission.

New York, February 2.—A survey of the first half of the report of the Philippine commission, as submitted to the president, is published here. The commission believes it to be safe, expedient and desirable to grant the inhabitants of the archipelago home rule in local affairs. The towns should enjoy the rights and privileges of towns in the territories of the United States. The suffrage should be restricted by educational or property qualifications, or both. A small body of American officials of great ability and integrity should be appointed to advise the town and county officials. The commission advocates a second-class territorial government for the archipelago, in which only a portion of the legislative body should be chosen by the Filipinos. The Filipinos should be given preference in office, and the merit system adopted. The finances should be managed for the benefit of the islands. The scheme of government should be put into effect as soon as possible.

## MARKET REPORT.

### MONEY AND METAL.

New York, Feb. 2.—Money on call nominally 2 1/2% @ 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4 @ 5. Silver, 60. Lead, 84.45.

### GRAIN.

Chicago—Wheat, Feb., 65 1/2; May, 67 1/2. Corn, Feb., 30 1/2; May, 32 1/2. Oats, Feb., 23 1/2; May, 25 1/2 @ 23 1/2.

### STOCKS.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 4,000; market steady; native steers, \$4.25 @ \$5.00; Texas steers, \$3.60 @ \$4.70; Texas cows, \$3.50 @ \$3.40; native cows and heifers, \$2.40 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.20 @ \$5.35; bulls, \$3.20 @ \$5.00. Sheep, 2,000; steady; lambs, \$5.00 @ \$6.00; muttons, \$3.50 @ \$5.20.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 2,500; steady; beefs, \$4.00 @ \$6.25; cows, \$3.00 @ \$4.50; heifers, \$3.25 @ \$5.00; canners, \$3.25 @ \$2.90; stockers and feeders, \$3.25 @ \$4.85; Texas fed beefs, \$1.00 @ \$5.20. Sheep, 7,000; strong; native wethers, \$4.05 @ \$5.40; western wethers, \$4.75 @ \$5.30; lambs, strong; natives, \$5.00 @ \$7.25; westerns, \$6.00 @ \$7.15.

## The Dead Brought Home.

San Francisco, February 2.—The United States transport Ohio, twenty-seven days from Manila, arrived to-day. The Ohio brought 150 bodies.

## RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

Knights of Pythias Pay Tribute to Memory of Mrs. Twitcheil.

Santa Fe lodge, No. 2, Knights of Pythias, at its last meeting, appointed a committee, consisting of Messrs. E. L. Bartlett, Evaristo Lucero and R. C. Gortner, to prepare resolutions concerning the death of Mrs. Twitcheil. The committee has prepared the following:

Your committee to whom it was referred to draft resolutions in respect to the memory of Mrs. Margaret Olivia Twitcheil, wife of our brother, Hon. Ralph E. Twitcheil, who departed this life January 29, 1900, at her home in Las Vegas, respectfully submit the following for approval and adoption, to-wit:

Almighty God, in infinite wisdom and merciful consideration, has found it to be well to call from this valley of tears to the tearless realms of the blest Mrs. Margaret Olivia Twitcheil, the generous, noble-hearted and long-suffering helpmeet of our brother, Ralph E. Twitcheil. We bow in humble obedience and content to the beneficent behest of his overruling providence, which has soothed the anguish of the mortal body which will no more be the medium of sorrow. Not questioning the eternal design, we participate fraternally in our brother's bereavement, and as best we may we shall endeavor that he understand that the father of all does all things well, although our finite minds, at first, fail to comprehend the full significance of the deliverance effected.

Mrs. Twitcheil fulfilled the highest ideal of woman, wife and mother, and her temporal mission was bright with every Christian virtue, sanctified by the patiently borne pangs of a remorseless illness. Her invitation to sit at the feet of the Heavenly Father afforded her an escape from earth's weary and painful pilgrimage.

May he who knows best what his children need, who understands their capacity to bear suffering, grant our brother his hour of greatest trial. May his eyes ever be intent upon that past which has bloomed and been fragrant because his consort has lived so that, while darkness now seems to gather over this vista between two eternities, the light of the life which has been translated to the other where may never swim beyond his ken, but may be for him a guidance through the troublous and uncertain paths of time.

The motherless son who remains behind will find in a retrospect of his mother's life stimulation to worthy effort both as a Christian and as a man. Be it resolved, That Santa Fe lodge, No. 2, Knights of Pythias, of New Mexico, extend to our brother, Ralph E. Twitcheil, to the son of the deceased, and to her parents and other relatives, our deepest sympathy in their great grief, and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions, properly engrossed, be sent to our brother, Ralph E. Twitcheil, as expressive of our brotherly feeling, and that these resolutions be spread upon the records of this lodge.

## Pecos Valley Railway Extension.

A press telegram from Carlsbad says the Pecos Valley & Northern railway road has run a preliminary survey from Roswell to connect with the El Paso & Northern railway between Alamogordo and El Paso, with the result that it has found a practical and easy route into El Paso. It has organized a surveying corps, and will start out at once upon the final survey. This route will shorten the distance between Kansas City and El Paso about 250 miles.

## FINE BLUE GEMS

Turquoise Comes High to Buyers in New York—Best of It From New Mexico.

## NEWS FROM CERRILLOS

Hotel to Be Opened—Buildings in Town Being Made Ready for Occupants and the Indications Are That the Town Will Soon Be Lively.

Special Cor. New Mexican.

Cerrillos, N. M., February 1.—A former citizen of this town, who is now in New York, writes that he dropped in at Tiffany's recently just to see how the eastern prices of turquoise compare with prices prevailing here, where the beautiful raw product is taken from its natural haunts in the rocks. He found that "a stick pin, just a plain gold setting of rather light-colored stone, was valued at \$55. A set of link cuff buttons, four stones, rather dark, not well matched, and small, really imperfect stones, showing the matrix rock, were marked \$65. One set of sleeve links, lighter color, not matched in size nor shade, mounted in a very plain gold setting, was offered for sale by Tiffany at \$50. Tiffany's clerk," he added, "said that New Mexico turquoise is the best in the world. He also said that imperfect stones are now the raging fad of fashion—they must not be dark, nor yet too light."

With the largest and most ancient turquoise mines in the new world at her very door, and with ample and cheap electric power now assured, it would seem that Cerrillos offers extraordinary inducements for the establishment here of a gem-cutting plant.

Tom Bailett, of Glorieta, arrived to-night, and will go to work in the Newberry & Steen silver-lead mines along with W. N. Lamberson, Al Stewart and others.

An old-time hotel stand, the Cerrillos house, changed hands a few days ago. It was traded by M. Weil, of Las Vegas, for land near that city. The new owner is Mr. Myers, a Las Vegas, who will move his family here soon and open a new hotel.

The Monte Cristo Placer Company is arranging to receive its coal supply from R. M. Carley's pits over in the Tuerto. Enoch Rogers is at Golden to-day to figure on the freight contract. R. B. Thomas, general manager of the smelter company, is expected back from the south to-morrow. He has been at El Paso to engage a competent metallurgist to go to work here, and also made a visit to the mines near Magdalena, where some forty miners are now at work extracting ore for treatment at the Cerrillos plant.

The venerable W. H. Harkness came down from Las Vegas last night to look after the repairs on four dwellings which he owns here. He hauled the lumber from Santa Fe by team, and erected the first house in Cerrillos just twenty years ago this month. Judge Harkness has never lost faith in the ultimate outcome of his investments here. Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Newberry made a horseback trip from Santa Fe to Cerrillos yesterday, returning home this forenoon, after visiting several mines in the McKenzie hill locality.

The indefatigable Ed Bennett is steadily developing his several silver-lead properties in the Vallecitos gulch, preparatory to making regular shipments to the smelter.

Mr. Wightman, of Denver, assistant electrician in charge at the great power plant, is seeking a suitable dwelling, and will bring his parents and sister here to pass the summer.

W. P. Burn, brother of the manager of the Galisteo company, was called to Lyman, N. H., last night by a telegram which stated that his wife had died suddenly of pneumonia.

The tubular well now being sunk here has reached a depth of 450 feet, and the drill has been caught at the bottom by a cave-in. Superintendent Canfield has sent for a "fishing outfit," and will have the drills going again in a few days. He knows his business.

A large number of faces and design for office stationery, as well as some 50 different styles of paper, can be seen at the New Mexican. Delivered at eastern prices.

## Alleged Thief Arrested, But Escaped.

Claude Doane, an ex-convict, who is said to have stolen a horse in Albuquerque on Tuesday, was captured at Albemarle, in the Cochiti district, Wednesday night by Deputy Sheriff Joseph Overhulth. The prisoner was locked in the station house at Bland, but at midnight, assisted by outsiders, made his escape. Edward Duggan, said to have belonged to Tom Ketchum's gang, is reported to have been seen in Peralta canon, near Bland.

## Industries at Carlsbad.

The sugar refinery at Carlsbad closed down on January 24 after a very fair run. It has used about 5,000 tons of beets this season.

Carlsbad is to have a wool-scouring plant. The machinery is on the ground and the buildings are completed. The owners will place the machinery and be ready for business when the first clipping comes in.

## Changing a Railway Grade.

Chief Engineer Dun, of the Santa Fe railroad, has been in Springer making surveys with reference to lessening the grade in and out of that town. It is learned that he will report favorably to the company to run its line to the east part of the city. This will give much higher ground and easier access in and out of Springer both north and south.

The New Mexican job department and its large force of employes can fill any order expeditiously.

A. Walker Co

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DISTRICT MANAGERS.

SANTA FE, N. M.

Fire, Accident, and Plate Glass Insurance.



# Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

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Daily, six months, by mail	4.00
Daily, one year, by mail	7.50
Weekly, per month, by mail	1.00
Weekly, per quarter, by mail	2.50
Weekly, per six months, by mail	4.00
Weekly, per year, by mail	7.50

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2.

Santa Fe cannot score with Raton in the matter of cheap coal. For Raton people secure it for \$2.50 per ton because they have mines at their very doors. Yet the capital city is supplied for a lower figure than Albuquerque, Las Vegas, El Paso and other southwestern points.

Cotton is now hitting the high places and southern planters are experiencing McKinley prosperity, although they voted in 1896 to stave it off, and probably will do so this year. But the Republicans will win again because they should and because the majority of the people are not of the politically blind variety, that compose the majority in the south.

The thorough showing made by Secretary Gage that the treasury department had not been engaged in a conspiracy to enrich any bank nor to favor any friends, has had the effect of shutting up the barking of most of those who were on his trail. After a few final yelps the pack of hungry fault finders have turned their noses in other directions.

The Chinaman who, while digging an irrigation ditch near the town of Lincoln, uncovered a vein of ore running \$2,000 in silver to the ton, and having enough gold in every ton to coin a \$20 piece, may be able to mill a few train loads and then go back to China and wear a yellow jacket all the same. Li Hung Chang, if the Roswell Register is not too visionary with regard to the richness of the strike.

In dealings in mining stocks the exchanges of Colorado Springs lead all in the country. The principal one at the Colorado town increased business in 1896 over that of 1895 nearly 200 per cent, with total sales for the year of \$28,319,221 shares, having a cash value of \$34,527,469. This is an average of 19,859,935 shares and \$2,877,289 a month. The highest figures reported for one month were 25,449,569 shares, having a cash value of \$4,628,864, in November.

The east has not had much cold weather this winter, but the cold wave which began a few days ago and put the mercury away below zero at Chicago must have extended over a large section of the country. A few weeks of such weather will result in thousands of cases of pneumonia, consumption and other diseases, and will make the small-pox epidemic in the states more fatal. And all the time that this suffering is being experienced the sun will shine and shine in New Mexico.

When Brigham H. Roberts of Utah was not allowed to take a seat in the house of representatives he put in a claim for mileage like witnesses who testified before the inquiry committee, but the claim was disallowed because he was not a witness, fearing to take the stand. As everybody knows that he has three wives, there would appear to have been no reason why he should not have made a clean confession and secured mileage, unless it be that he has more than three of the kind, and wishes to keep from showing his hand.

Queen Victoria was certainly lacking in sense of humor when she prepared an address to parliament in which she spoke of the invasion of her colonies by the Dutch of the Transvaal. Certainly her colonies were invaded, but it was because the Boers chose to have their battles in the hills of Natal instead of in their own country, and to keep the British from despoiling the homes of the people of the Transvaal. The British have been treated as one who starts to the hen house of a neighbor and finds the owner with his dog and gun ready to do him up as he leaves his own front yard.

The truth of the assertion that satan finds mischief for idle hands to do can be proved from the recent report of the prison commission of the state of New York, which agrees with one from New Hampshire. The number of inmates in all the prisons of the state of New York has fallen during the last four years from 12,861 to 10,350, a decrease in number of more than 18 per cent. During this period the population, according to a safe estimate, has increased by at least half a million. The real decrease in crime was greater than 18 per cent. During the last three years there has been plenty of work for those willing to do it, and as a result of busy times and contentment there has been less crime.

If the contestants and their crowd of partisans in Kentucky succeed in taking the offices away from the men who were elected by the people, then next fall will see such a rebuke administered to the party in the way of a big majority for President McKinley in Kentucky as the Republicans could not hope for under any other circumstances. The people of Kentucky revolted at the leadership of the Goebelites, and will revolt again if the honestly earned victory is taken away from them by legislative juggling and by partisan judges. And if the Republicans secure a majority in the national campaign the federal government will defeat any attempt to overthrow results in a general election. But Kentuckians are not likely to try the trick as to a presidential election.

## Change for More Publication.

Representative Republicans from over the territory are going to have a nice little love feast in this city tomorrow when the central committee meets to decide the time and place for holding the territorial convention to select delegates to the national convention at Philadelphia. But next week the few papers over the territory, which would appear to know more than residents of Santa Fe of what occurs in this city, will team with wild and woolly stories about things which will not have happened. But the papers which get their copy from the Santa Fe fiction bureau will not care. And perhaps nobody will care, as life is too short for anybody to waste in worrying over riotous stories which carry upon their face the evidences of intemperance in use of the imagination.

## Help for Discharged Convicts.

Prison officials of the United States generally favor some legislation which will set apart a portion of the earnings of convicts for a fund to assist in the maintenance of discharged men until they secure employment. If those anxious to lead honest lives were given a chance to live free until work could be had, many who now drift back to prison would become useful men, and the public would not have to pay the cost of prosecution and of confinement. To turn a man loose from a penitentiary with a new suit of clothes and \$5 in cash is a poor way of getting rid of him. Before he can travel far or secure work he is apt to be lodged in some jail on suspicion of any offense that may have been committed, for his identity is generally known to officers, and his individual rights are not respected. As a matter of justice, economy and self-defense, the public can well afford to have a percentage of the earnings of convicts applied to helping discharged men for awhile until they can have an opportunity to become self-sustaining.

## The Shipping Bill.

The shipping bill which is before congress provides compensation for American vessels engaged in carrying foreign commerce just about sufficient to enable them to compete with foreign ships, which now monopolize all but 8 per cent of American foreign carrying. These foreign ships earn, it is computed, between \$175,000,000 and \$200,000,000 a year in freight and passenger charges, which sum, or its equivalent in the products of the United States, must be shipped abroad to defray the cost of American ocean transportation. The shipping bill has been indorsed by some 200 commercial and agricultural organizations, in all parts of the country. Several state legislatures have petitioned congress in behalf of its passage. It has been before the people for over a year, has been widely discussed in the press, and comment is largely favorable.

The shipping of foreign nations that is in competition with American shipping, in the foreign trade, receives from foreign governments, as subsidies, subventions, naval reserve retainers, bounties and the like, a sum exceeding \$26,000,000 annually.

## Where Smallpox Prevails.

Press dispatches from Indiana say there are one thousand cases of smallpox in that state, and the board of health is alarmed at the spread of the disease. A New Orleans dispatch says there are 170 cases in that city. Oklahoma, Kansas and Illinois report many cases. Yet because the Colorado board of health has heard that there are fifteen cases at Folsom, N. M., which is probably not true, a foolish letter has been written to the chief surgeon of the marine corps, officially asking that the United States government undertake the suppression of the disease in New Mexico upon the ground that the territorial authorities are careless in the matter of allowing exposed persons to go to that state. There is absolutely no excuse for the courtesy of the Colorado officials. Last spring there were many cases of the disease in Colorado. Several persons came to this city who had been exposed at the railway camps at La Veta pass, and suffered from the disease here, which was contracted in Colorado. There are few if any cases of smallpox in the territory at present, and if the towns near the state line have any people sick with the disease, investigation would show that it is not limited to either side of the boundary. The board of health of New Mexico has, during the past year, done all within its power to secure immunity for the people, and is doubtless doing as effective work as the Colorado health authorities, who rush into print to declare that New Mexico is a pest hole. The board secretary at Denver is evidently seeking to make a show of earning his salary.

## Windmills for Irrigation.

Good work is being done by F. H. Newell, chief hydrographer of the department of the interior, in preparing information for the farmers of the west, and particularly of the arid region. Instead of annually printing a bulky volume which cannot be circulated among the people who need the information and knowledge of experiments and instructions of the scientists and students engaged in the work which Chief Newell orders, he sends out frequent bulletins detailing the results of labor of his forces in the field. In one of these bulletins it is shown that irrigation in Kansas has become more extensively practiced than in generally known, as there are 1,500 prosperous farms in that state where windmills furnish the water supply. In the county of Finney alone are over 100 homes where farmers are well fixed, and where the windmill is the cause of their success. Of course, there are also many places irrigated from streams, in the western part of the state. It is not likely that ever again will the country hear of distress in Kansas from failure of crops, nor be called upon to send provisions to keep settlers from starving. The example set by Kansas farmers in farming by the aid of windmills, when made familiar to people in other parts of the country through these bulletins and the newspapers, should lead to many small farms and orchards being established where ditches from streams cannot be provided. There will in time be many more than 1,500 homes in New Mexico where windmills and pumps will furnish water for fields and orchards.

All kinds of typewriter papers for sale at the New Mexican printing office.

## THE TERRITORIAL PRESS.

**FOOLISH PAPERS.**  
(San Marcial Bee.)  
The Democratic press of the territory is making a political issue of the statehood question, against the wishes of the leaders of that party.

**SCITS LINCOLN COUNTY.**  
(White Oaks Eagle.)  
Mr. John H. Canning received a telegram Tuesday morning conveying the welcome information that the governor had appointed E. W. Hulbert commissioner for the first district of the county, vice M. Cronin, deceased.

The governor's prompt action in this matter is appreciated by the taxpaying portion of Lincoln county, and dispels the horrible nightmare that overhung the people the past three weeks. The Eagle congratulates Mr. Hulbert on his appointment, and feels that the county's interests will be properly guarded.

## IN SEVERAL COUNTIES.

News of a Varied Nature From Over the Territory.  
**EDDY COUNTY.**

The machinery for the wool-scouring plant has arrived at Carlsbad. The best sugar factory has finished its run, but in three-fourths the time usually occupied. There was a shortage of beets.

**LINCOLN COUNTY.**  
W. E. Campbell and C. A. Duncan, of Iowa, fine breeders of horses and cattle, intend to locate near Picacho.

Martin Chavez is making considerable improvements to his buildings on his sheep and goat ranch near Picacho.

**COLFAX COUNTY.**  
A son of Mr. Caldwell near Cimarron was thrown from a horse and had a leg broken.

It is reported at Springer that Juan Antonio Valerio was waylaid and killed on the road between Springer and Gladstone. The body has not yet been found.

**SOCORRO COUNTY.**  
Desiderio Lopez and Rosa Gallegos were married at the Catholic church at Socorro.

W. H. Barnett and I. Rosebrook have put on a six-mile freight outfit between Rosedale and Magdalena.

A new school house has been completed at Magdalena. The Knights of Pythias occupy the upper story of the building as a hall.

**SIERRA COUNTY.**  
E. H. Bickford has started a wholesale flour and feed store at Hillsboro.

Mrs. E. D. Ludlow and daughter-in-law, of Chicago, have settled at Lake Valley.

George W. Ellis sold his ranches and cattle to Fred Shaw for \$4,000, and moved to Lake Valley.

G. M. Renner killed a mountain lion at Lake Valley measuring 10 feet from head to the tip of his tail.

In a snow storm at Lake Valley Cavin & Hannell lost sixty head of goats that had just been sheared.

**OTERO COUNTY.**  
I. M. Warnock bought a lot at Alamogordo, and will erect a brick business block thereon at once.

The extension of the Alamogordo & Sacramento mountain railway from Tobjogan to Cloudcroft is completed. Thomas Gray died at Presnal. Mrs. Gray, who is an actress, came in from New York, but too late to see her husband alive.

The board of county commissioners accepted the resignations of Robert White, justice of precinct No. 1; John C. Tucker, justice of precinct No. 2; C. Beeley, constable of precinct No. 2. The following appointments were made: Arthur C. Good, justice of the peace of precinct No. 1; William O'Reilly, justice of precinct No. 6; G. E. Moffett, justice of precinct No. 9; James V. Batham, constable of precinct No. 1; B. F. Wooten, constable of precinct No. 6. The commissioners also ordered a census to be taken of precinct No. 7.

**GRANT COUNTY.**  
William Taylor has let the contract for the building of a large store building at Allison.

Willie, the son of T. J. Grover, died at Cook's.

A fire destroyed the store of A. J. Deemer at Cook's. The building was owned by A. J. Clark, of Hillsboro.

Stanford B. Biddle, who four years ago disposed of his ranch in Grant county, was married recently in the American chapel at Dresden, Germany, to Miss Marguerite Heyerman, daughter of the late commander Heyerman, of the ill-fated Kearsarge.

Belle Borse, formerly of Deming, died at Nashville, Tenn. Mrs. Borse was arranging to return to Deming when death overtook her.

Henry Lowell, of El Paso, was arrested at Deming on the charge of passing forged checks and orders.

A movement has been set on foot to build an opera house at Deming. Deputy Sheriff George Scarborough arrested Thomas Bennett in the Playas valley on a charge of stealing cattle. Justice Louis I. Marshall, of Deming, put Bennett under \$300 bail to await the action of the grand jury.

Mrs. Marguerite Van Antwerp, of Cherryvale, Kan., and W. E. Wood, of Fiero, N. M., were married at the depot parlors at Deming by Rev. T. W. Houston.

## THE WOOL MARKET.

Holders Do Not Concede to Buyers and the Market Is Steady.

The American Wool and Cotton Reporter of Boston yesterday said: Several of the large consumers of wool have been in the market during the past week, and they have purchased about all the medium and low wools, especially quarter bloods, which they could get at reasonable prices. As a result of this almost unprecedented demand for such wools, the stocks of that grade in this market must be reduced to a pretty low point, but there are foreign wools of the same grade on the way to this country which will fill up the gap, and it is needless to say they are more obtainable, as outside of the United States the supplies of such wools are plentiful. Fine wools are firm, but quiet. Prices generally are steady and as high as they have been at any time, and the prevailing feeling in trade is one of confidence and strength. The holders of wool will not concede, and consumers have to pay full prices when they purchase.

## REQUIRED BY DESERT ACT.

Proof of Expenditures Under the Law Must Be Made Annually.

In a desert land contest in Idaho, a woman who expended the necessary \$1 per acre per year for improvements failed to make annual proof of such expenditure. The local land office officials ruled that she could not hold the land, but Commissioner Hermann reversed the ruling and allowed her to keep the land. But he now announces that he has by this action established no precedent, and says:

"The law which requires the expenditure, and the making of proof thereof, of \$1 per acre each year in desert land entries, is to be found in section 5 of the act above referred to.

"It seems hardly necessary to remark that it is not within the province of the department of the interior to set aside a plain provision of the law, and it is obviously not the intention to try to do so by the decision in the case of Thornton vs. Hellewell.

"To comply with this act, it cannot be doubted there are two things to be done: To make expenditure to the amount of \$1 per year for every acre sought to be reclaimed, and to make yearly proof of such expenditure.

"I do not hesitate to advise entrymen under the desert land act to take care to comply fully with each and every requirement of the law under which they seek to obtain their titles, and I am of the opinion that failure, without sufficient excuse, to make yearly proof of expenditures is not less apt to be fatal than is failure to comply with the law in any other respect."

## THE BIG TIMBER CUTTING CONTRACT.

Lumber Enough to Keep the Alamogordo Mills Running Night and Day.

The Alamogordo Lumber Company has closed a contract with Moore & McDonald, a big lumber contracting firm of Michigan, for 200,000,000 feet of lumber.

They are to go to work at once. The logs, scaled, are to be delivered on the lumber company's road. They will be brought down to the company's mills at Alamogordo and sawed up there.

It will take two years at least to get out the number of feet contracted for. The new firm will bring at once from Michigan 150 men, in addition to the ones now at work, and even this force may be increased later. These new men will in all probability bring their families, and it will mean a sensible addition to the population, and a consequent building up of the country.

The lumber company has even now more contracts on hand for its lumber than it can conveniently fill.

It handles all its own lumber over its own road, and delivers it to the White Oaks at this place—Alamogordo News.

## Truth About Storm in Lincoln County.

Erroneous reports have been going the rounds of the press, particularly the eastern press, that hundreds of head of cattle have been frozen to death in this immediate vicinity. On the contrary, stock of all kinds passed through the storm in excellent condition. Cattle are in fine shape, sheep were never better, and the only serious loss of any nature was in the flock of goats owned by the Tatti Bros., which was occasioned by the flood drifting into a deep canon, pilging in on top of one another, thus being trampled rather than frozen to death. These heavy snows produce a good feeling among stockmen; for it presages early spring ranges.

## An Editor's Life Saved by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

During the early part of October, 1896, I contracted a bad cold which settled on my lungs and was neglected until I feared that consumption had appeared in an incipient stage. I was constantly coughing and trying to expel something which I could not. I became alarmed and after giving the local doctor a trial bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the result was immediate improvement, and after I had used three bottles my lungs were restored to their healthy state.—B. S. EDWARDS, Publisher of The Review, Wyant, Ill. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

The Linotype machine of the New Mexican office is capable of handling any quantity of composition for legal briefs in a short space of time. Printing upon lines from this machine is like that of new type, for every line is specially cast when used. No blurred or indistinct printing comes from Linotype work.

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All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Texas Flooring at the lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also, carry on a general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain.

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Amended location notice. Agreement of publisher. Proof of labor. Lode mining location. Placer mining location. Title bond to mining property. Mining deed. Mining lease. Coal declaratory statement. Notice of right to water. Forfeiture notices or publishing out notice.

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Bill of sale, animals not bearing vendor's recorded brand. Bill of sale, animals bearing vendor's recorded brand. Certificate of brand. Bill of sale, range delivery. Authority to gather, drive and handle animals bearing owner's recorded brand.

Authority to gather, drive and handle animals not bearing owner's recorded brand. Justices of the Peace Blanks. Auto de arresto. Auto de prison. Appeal bond. Appeal bond, criminal. Appearance bond. Bond to keep the peace. Declaration jurada. Planza para guardar la pas. Forcible entry and detainer, complaint. Forcible entry and detainer, summons. Bond replevin. Replevin writ. Replevin affidavit. Peace proceedings, complaint. Warrant. Commitment, J. P. Attachment affidavit. Attachment bond. Attachment writ. Attachment, summons as garnishee. Execution. Justices' summons.

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## SOCIETIES.

**MASONIC.**

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. W. S. HARRISON, W. M. F. P. CROUGHTON, Secretary.

**Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.** Regular convocations second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. ADDISON WALKER, H. P. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

**Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T.** Regular convocations fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. S. G. CARTWRIGHT, R. E. C.

**I. O. O. F.**

**PARADISE LODGE** No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers always welcome. ALAN READ, N. G. J. L. ZIMMERMAN, Recording Secretary.

**CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 1, I. O. O. F.** Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting patriots welcome. JOHN L. ZIMMERMAN, Secy.

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**AZULAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F.** meets every Friday evening at 7:30 p. m. at San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. JOHN C. SHANE, Secretary.

**K. OF P.**

**SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. of P.** Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Santa Fe hall. Visiting brothers given a cordial welcome. DAVID M. WHITE, Chancellor Commander. W. N. TOWNSEND, K. of R. and S.

**A. O. U. W.**

**GOLDEN LODGE No. 3, A. O. U. W.** meets every second and fourth Wednesday, 8 p. m. W. L. JONES, Master Workman. JOHN C. SHANE, Recorder.

**B. P. O. ELKS.**

**Santa Fe Lodge No. 40, B. P. O. E.** holds its regular sessions on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome. CHAS. F. BASLEY, Exalted Ruler. E. S. ANDERSON, Secretary.

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**A. A. FISKE,** Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 97, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

**A.**



**Man in the Future.**  
Many men of learning devote much time to the study of the man of the future. They all agree that he is to be very superior to the present generation. Great physical strength is prophesied, but this at least is within the reach of everybody. Hosts of stomach bitters will bring health and strength to anyone who uses it faithfully. It cures constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, fever and ague, and liver and kidney troubles. It makes rich red blood, and with pure blood comes health. It builds up the whole system, putting vigor into the nerves and blood, firmness into the muscles and health into the bowels. Give it a trial, and see that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

**No Call for Oil.**  
Now it chanced that the kerosene king was a very pious person. I shall put my trust in heaven! he exclaimed. But he urged with all the kindness at our command, no night is there! The kerosene king smiled wanly, but vouchsafed no further remark.—Detroit Journal.

**DISCOVERED BY A WOMAN.**  
Another great discovery has been made, and that too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose, that she slept all night; and with two bottles, has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz. Thus writes W. C. Hamrick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. At Fischer & Co's drug store; regular size 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

**Agriculture.**  
His enemies were accusing him of being a merely theoretical farmer. For they argued, you once came back from a visit to New York City with a dollar in your pocket! It was a counterflet dollar! shrieked the man desperately. How was the candid mind to decide?—Detroit Journal.

There is no better medicine for the babies than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Its pleasant taste and prompt and effective cures make it a favorite with mothers and small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds, preventing pneumonia or other serious consequences. It also cures croup and has been used in tons of thousands of cases without a single failure so far as we have been able to learn. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. In cases of whooping cough it liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate, and lessens the severity and frequency of the paroxysms of coughing, thus depriving that disease of all dangerous consequences. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

**A Training School.**  
Meeks—Stone always speaks well of everybody.  
Weeks—Merely a force of habit.  
Meeks—How so?  
Weeks—He's a marble cutter, and his specialty is cutting epitaphs on grave-stones.—Chicago News.

**SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES**  
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. For 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**As to a Client.**  
He is the most obstinate man I ever saw, said the first lawyer.  
Yes! said his friend.  
Yes! he hates to take advice even when he pays for it.—Puck.

If the reader of this should chance to know of any one who is subject to attacks of bilious colic he can do him no greater favor than to tell him of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It always gives prompt relief. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

**A Record Holder.**  
I take it, said the tourist, that this is a strictly agricultural country.  
Yes indeed, replied the local statistician. I figure that our people have bought more gold brick per capita than the people of any other country in the state.—Puck.

**THE APPETITE OF A GOAT.**  
Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose stomach and liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful stomach and liver remedy, gives splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25 cents at Fischer & Co's drug store.

**The Savage Bachelor.**  
I hardly approve these mothers' congresses, said the youngest bachelors. They're a good thing, said the Savage Bachelor. A mother's congress gives their poor young ones a chance to rest.—Indianapolis Press.

"I think I would go crazy with pain were it not for Chamberlain's Palm Balm," writes Mr. W. H. Stapleton, Hermitage, Pa. "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years and have tried remedies without number, but Palm Balm is the best medicine I have got hold of." One application relieves the pain. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

**Hasly Explained.**  
She—It is said that one woman and a sewing machine will do the work of a dozen women.  
He—I can readily understand why that is possible.  
She—Why is it?  
He—A woman doesn't waste any time talking to a sewing machine.—Chicago News.

**HE FOOLED THE SURGEONS.**  
All doctors told Benick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 13 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the purest Pile cure on earth, and the best Salve in the World; 25 cents a box. Sold by Fischer & Co., druggists.

**Tragedy.**  
Heaven's moaned the heroine. It is awful to die alone here in the dark! But what could be done? The time-light man at that moment was engaged in so fierce an argument with the neighboring barkeeper over the short champagne question that he had forgotten the lapse of time.—Indianapolis Press.

**Decidedly.**  
The Boers, I understand, are members of the Dutch Reformed church.  
Yes. It would be much more convenient for John Bull if they were Quakers.—Puck.

**HOPE ON.**  
Though black and angry clouds may rise To hide the blue of summer skies From stricken and weary waiting eyes, The sun will shine when clouds are gone, And when God's hand dispels the gloom, The birds will sing, the flowers bloom— Cheer up, faint heart, hope on!

Though steep the way and dark the night, With ne'er a friendly ray of light, And dim and feeble be the sight, Still happiness waits in the dawn; There, just beyond the darkness, lies Love's sweet, unlighted paradise— Be brave, poor heart, hope on!

For every heartache, every tear, For every patient, struggling year, For every sacrifice made here, When heaven's mystic veil is drawn, A rich reward, ten thousandfold, Will come, with happiness untold— Hope on, dear heart, hope on!

—Memphis Scimitar.

## The Parson's Salary.

The Church Was Too Poor to Pay It, and He Went Without It.

The Rev. John Sopor tried hard to do his duty when he became pastor of a church at Windport, down on Long Island. It was his first charge, and he soon began to think that, when he was called to the ministry, either the wrong John Sopor answered the telephone or the message was a fake one. One of the first things he found out was that the church was in debt and willing to become more so. For a month or two he got the whole of his miserably small salary. Then he got only part of it, and finally he found it necessary to speak about the condition of things. Deacon Sifter was the chief man in the church. He had the reputation of being well to do. He was the principal storekeeper in the village and lived away from his business in an old-fashioned dwelling, facing on the main street. His daughter Rachel was a very charming girl of 19 or 20. All the young men around were anxious for her acquaintance. But Rachel had received a good education and was, moreover, sincerely pious and had no taste for the boisterous manners, uncouth speech and careless habits of most of the young men around. The new pastor was a very different man from the natives in all respects. He was tall, strong and erect, with a manly face and gentle methods. He was well informed and knew how to talk and did not assume an air of superiority, as some young pastors do. I think that it is best to say at once that he fell in love with Rachel and that she was willing and glad. Neither is it necessary to say that he visited the deacon's house oftener than any other in Windport.

I have said that the pastor's salary was miserably small. So when it came in regularly it was barely enough to pay his living expenses. When it ceased to come in, he was taken aback. So he went to the deacon and had a long talk with him, and the deacon said he would see about it.

"I hope you will as speedily as possible," said the pastor, "for, you see, I am a poor man and possess no other income."

The deacon and his wife after this laid their heads together. They had noticed the pastor's liking for Rachel and felt rather flattered, taking it for granted that a young man who had spent years at college, always dressed well and had accepted the charge of so poor a church must have a good income apart from his profession. The result was that husband and wife agreed that the pastor's visits must be discouraged, as they expected their daughter to marry a man of means and not a pauper, no matter how good he might be. Of course it devolved on Mrs. Sifter to let the pastor understand in an offhand way the views of herself and her husband as to their expectations about Rachel.

So when the pastor called soon afterward and was having a pleasant conversation with Rachel in the parlor her mother bustled in and greeted Mr. Sopor with much fervor. She sat down and talked about the weather and the crops and the Sunday school and the hard times. Then she suddenly remembered that she wanted something from the store and supposed that Rachel would mind fetching it. Rachel at once rose, excused herself and departed on her mission.

"See how readily she goes," said her mother. "She's a real good girl, and I'm so thankful that, in spite of her fine education, she is always ready to help me. You see, some people thought we was splitting her when we sent her to college, but she was our only one, and we were anxious that she should be a fit wife for a good man, no matter how high up he might be. We've seen a many nice girls make up with young men and marry them, though they hadn't more than \$10 or \$12 a week, and in most cases when anything out of the way happened they had to fall back on their parents for help. Of course we've got a little something laid by, but don't intend our daughter to depend on that when she gets married. Better stay single and bide at home than do that."

There was only one interpretation which Mr. Sopor could find for this speech, including the \$10 or \$12 a week allusion, and that was that the deacon and his wife had seen his liking for Rachel and wanted it understood that they would strenuously object to him as a son-in-law.

A few days later in the evening a church meeting was held, and the pastor spoke very plainly about his salary and the failure of the members to attend the services and subscribe. He was always a plain speaker. In the pulpit he used simple language and homely illustrations and never talked politics or lectured on novels, but kept close to his text.

"I won't be in debt for the food I eat," he said, "and so you must either

pay me the salary agreed on or release me and let me go elsewhere."

"Ye see, pastor," said one of the deacons, "we thought ye'd gathered in some of the worldly minded people around, but ye don't seem to take. I see the young men come along and listen for a minute at the church door and then go. Now if ye'd had a rouser in way with ye and made things hot they'd ha' come right in and might ha' blu' converted."

"I am quite aware of my imperfections," Mr. Sopor said, "and am ready to remove them and myself out of your sight and hearing, but I want it understood that you have covenanted with me to pay me so much a month and you haven't done it, and I must either live on credit or starve."

"I've lived on credit and traded on credit," said Deacon Sifter, "and no-body thinks the worse of me, but then I never was a confessed pauper."

"You are at liberty to live on credit again," Mr. Sopor said, "but as a Christian you are not at liberty to force your salary on me. It would be a disgrace to the Christian name."

The meeting grew stormy and adjourned without any attempt to pay the pastor's salary. The very next day, however, something happened to render the pastor less anxious about his salary. He received a letter, informing him that an uncle had died, leaving him an estate of over \$200,000. Just as it was growing dark he started for the deacon's store, intending to smooth things over about the salary. The deacon, however, had gone home to supper and Mr. Sopor directed his steps toward his dwelling. He found with his knuckles on the panel when the door opened and a small parcel was thrust into his hand, and he heard the stern voice of the deacon's wife:

"There! Take that and be off with you. And don't you come loafing around here again."

The door was banged in his face. He stood dumfounded. Then he turned away with a sigh and went toward his boarding house, still holding the parcel. When he reached his apartment, he struck a match and lighted his lamp. Then he looked down at the parcel which he had laid on the table. It was covered with a piece of brown paper. He took it up, felt the weight of it and wondered what it could be. He had once lent a lamp to Rachel for her bicycle, but it didn't feel like that. So he slowly removed the wrapper and found within two slices of stale bread with a slice of cold meat between them!

His heart sank. This was indeed a wicked act, a most unprovoked insult. It was throwing the dog a bone and then kicking him out.

Next Sunday after the preaching Mr. Sopor told the congregation that he was going to leave.

"You owe me four or five months' salary, but I'll make a present of it to the church," he said. "I am sorry I've had to complain of poverty because of your failure to pay me what you covenanted. Still I am grateful that at least one among you showed a disposition to help me. I went to the door of one of the members the other night, and the lady of the house kindly thrust this parcel into my hand."

He held up the parcel, opened it and exhibited the two slices of bread and the slice of meat. There was consternation all around, but most of all in Deacon Sifter's pew, as the pastor held up the sandwich and turned it in different directions so that all might see. Then he pronounced the benediction.

I am not informed what the congregation said or thought. I only know that while the people in the village were at dinner Deacon Sifter went round to the pastor and carried him away to the Sifter dwelling. Mrs. Sifter had recovered sufficiently from hysterics to talk between sobs and spasms. This was the explanation she gave:

Just at dusk a tramp came to the house and asked for something to eat. Mrs. Sifter put up a big, substantial sandwich and handed it out at the door to the tramp, as she supposed, for it was pretty dark, and she saw only the outline of a man. She accompanied the gift with the admonitions already recorded. Afterward she was sorry she had given the rogue anything, for she found that her husband's overcoat was gone and was sure that while she was getting the sandwich the tramp had entered through the unclosed door and stolen the garment.

So it turned out that just after the tramp had absconded with the coat the pastor came up to the door, and hence this story.

Mr. Sopor didn't leave the church, and he did marry Rachel, and I am going down next week, if all be well, to see the baby.—Brooklyn Citizen.

**Mirrors in Show Windows.**  
Effective results in show windows are often produced by the aid of mirrors, doubling the exhibit, or even seeming indefinitely to extend it. A curious illustration of the effectiveness of mirrors in such use was shown in a window of a big toy store. Banged in companies and battalions, following one another upon a foot wide strip of glass raised above the floor of the window and extending along close to the window in front and along the entire width of it, was a long column of toy soldiers, marching, or seeming to march, the figures being all in marching attitudes. At the side of the window was a mirror standing vertically, but running back from the front at an angle slightly acute. Seen from the sidewalk and at a little distance from the window, the reflection in the mirror of the marching column of soldiers had the appearance of a continuation of it, the column turning at the mirror at a right angle from the course of its march along the glass, the effect being produced by the angle at which the mirror was set.—New York Sun.

**Notice for Publication.**  
(Homestead Entry No. 4470.)  
LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M.  
January 15, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on February 22, 1900, viz: Manuel Madrid, who has filed his claim for 160 acres of land, to-wit: 1/2 Sec. 34, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 35, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 36, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 37, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 38, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 39, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 40, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 41, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 42, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 43, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 44, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 45, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 46, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 47, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 48, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 Sec. 49, T. 1 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 N., 1/2 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#### CAPTAIN DAME'S WORK.

He Participated in the Capture of Aguin-  
aldo's Camp and Property.  
H. O. Flipper, special agent of the  
court of private land claims, received a  
letter to-day from Lieut. Sherrard Cole-  
man at San Jose, Philippine Islands,  
dated December 19. The letter was writ-  
ten on an official letter head captured  
from Aguinaldo's headquarters by Cap-  
tain W. E. Dame. Lieutenant Coleman  
writes that Captain Dame made an im-  
portant capture, and was then in a fair  
way to capture his "royal ribs." Agui-  
naldo, Captain Dame and a force of 100  
men came upon Aguinaldo's camp only  
a few hours after the Filipino chief left  
it. They seized Aguinaldo's throne, an  
immense sunburst of gold, and captured  
the gold and silver chalices taken from  
Catholic churches by Aguinaldo, a sec-  
ter of gold and an immense amount of  
official correspondence, including a let-  
ter from some one signing as "Gen. C.  
A. Whittier, of the United States army,"  
to Aguinaldo, addressing him as "Pres-  
ident of the Filipino Republic." Lieut-  
enant Coleman inclosed in his letter a  
commission signed by Aguinaldo to a  
young Filipino, as first lieutenant. The  
commission was captured before it was  
delivered.

#### PERSONAL MENTION.

Sheriff T. S. Hubbell of Albuquerque,  
is in the capital on a business trip.  
Deputy Sheriff Huber went to Galisteo  
this forenoon to serve legal papers.  
Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Newberry returned  
last evening from a business trip to Cer-  
rillos.  
Gerson Gusdorf has returned to the  
city after an absence of several months  
at Taos.  
Jose Nemecio Lucero, of Rio Arriba  
county, is in the capital on business and  
visiting friends.  
Hon. F. W. Clancy has returned to  
Albuquerque after spending a week in  
the capital on supreme court business.  
District Court Clerk Harry P. Owen  
has returned to Albuquerque after being  
admitted to practice before the supreme  
court.

Willi Spiegelberg, a former resident  
of this city, expects to be here from New  
York on his way to California in a week  
or two.  
Hon. Estevan Baca of Socorro, mem-  
ber of the Republican central committee,  
is the guest of Hon. H. O. Bursum and  
Hon. W. E. Martin at the penitentiary.  
J. W. Akers is at Algodones, Bernal-  
illo county, where he is one of a com-  
mission of three to appraise the value of  
lands over which the Low Line canal is  
to pass.

Colonel Eugene Van Patten was an  
arrival from Las Cruces this forenoon.  
Donna Ana county will be represented by  
him in the Republican central committee  
tomorrow.

Rocco Emilillo, member of the Repub-  
lican central committee from Lincoln  
county, arrived in the capital this fore-  
noon and will attend the Republican  
central committee meeting tomorrow.

W. H. Jack, Esq., president of the ter-  
ritorial cattle sanitary commission,  
came in from the south this morning and  
will remain to represent Grant county at  
the meeting of the Republican central  
committee tomorrow.

Hon. Charles F. Basley went to Bland  
this forenoon.

B. Gallegos, of Union county, is in the  
capital on business.

Agustin Easton, of Abiquiu, is in the  
capital on business.

Judge Crumpacker returned to Albu-  
querque last evening.

F. Bond, of Bond Bros., Espanola, is  
in the capital on business.

Ed Peirce, an attorney of Taos, has  
arrived in the capital on legal business.

Hon. G. A. Richardson, of Roswell,  
returned this noon from a business trip  
to Albuquerque.

Hon. Malaquias Martinez, a resident  
of Taos, who made an excellent record  
in the thirty-third assembly, is in the  
capital on a business visit.

Hon. Solomon Luna, of Los Lunas,  
Valencia county, is in the capital to at-  
tend the meeting of the Republican cen-  
tral committee tomorrow.

Bonifacio Gallegos, a rising young  
man of Clayton, is in the capital as a  
proxy for one of the members of the  
Republican central committee from  
Union county.

Sheriff Max L. Kahler, of Hillsboro,  
is in the capital, and will attend the  
Republican central committee meeting  
tomorrow as a proxy for the Sierra  
county members of the committee.

Hon. John S. Clark, coal oil inspector  
of the territory, arrived from Las Ve-  
gas last evening. He came upon official  
business, and also to attend the Re-  
publican central committee meeting.

Col. G. Coleman, surveyor for the  
court of private land claims, returned  
last evening from the southern part of  
the territory, where he had been en-  
gaged in surveying several land grants.

Dr. T. P. Martin, of Taos, secretary  
of the territorial board of health, and  
a physician of excellent reputation, ar-  
rived in the capital last evening to at-  
tend a meeting of the board tomorrow.

Hon. Juan Santistevan, the well-  
known and respected Taos banker, ar-  
rived in the capital last evening, and  
will remain over Saturday to attend the  
meeting of the Republican central com-  
mittee.

W. J. McPherson, stenographer of the  
court of private land claims, and H. O.  
Flipper, special agent of the department  
of justice to the court, left this after-  
noon for Tucson, where the court will  
convene next Tuesday.

C. I. Chester, a civil engineer from Il-  
linois, who was connected with the con-  
struction of the water works in this  
city, has been appointed a United States  
deputy mineral surveyor for this dis-  
trict, and will locate in Silver City.

"THE LOSS OF GOLD IS GREAT;  
The loss of health is more." Health is  
lost by neglecting to keep the blood  
pure, but it is regained by purifying,  
enriching and vitalizing the blood with  
the great health restorer, Hood's Sarsa-  
parilla. Thousands who thought  
health had been permanently lost have  
been made perfectly well by taking this  
great medicine. Your experience may  
be the same.

HOOD'S PILLS are gentle, yet always  
effective.

U. S. Weather Bureau Notes.

Forecast for New Mexico: Fair to-  
night and Saturday.

Yesterday the thermometer registered  
as follows: Maximum temperature, 45  
degrees, at 3:30 p. m.; minimum, 23 de-  
grees, at 6:00 a. m. The mean tempera-  
ture for the 24 hours was 33 degrees;  
mean daily humidity, 25 per cent. Tem-  
perature at 6:00 a. m. today, 26.

#### THE SUPREME COURT.

Two Bernalillo County Cases Up—Socorro  
County Mine Case Submitted.  
The supreme court met this forenoon  
with Chief Justice Mills and Associate  
Justices McPhee and Parker on the bench.

Yesterday afternoon case No. 884, Ever-  
ett T. Fleming et al., appellants, vs.  
Robert H. Hots, appellee, appeal from  
Bernalillo county, was argued and sub-  
mitted.

Case No. 865, Everett T. Fleming et  
al., appellants, vs. Egbert Post, appel-  
lee, which is practically the same case,  
was argued and submitted at the same  
time. The action was brought to fore-  
close a laborer's lien amounting to  
\$130.75, for work and labor performed  
upon three mining claims known and  
called the Slice, Hyde Bar and King  
placer claims, and also upon two Edison  
gold-saving machines. Fleming had a  
part interest in the claims and machin-  
ery, and the lower court gave judgment  
against him.

Case No. 846, Jose M. Cevada, plaintiff  
in error, vs. Epimelia Miera et al.,  
defendants, appeal from Bernalillo  
county, was argued and submitted. This  
is a case in trespass and judgment was  
given in favor of Miera for a debt of \$32  
that Jose Jesus Archibeque owed Miera  
and which he promised to pay with wool.  
But Archibeque, instead of the wool to  
Jose M. Cevada, Cevada started with  
the wool for Albuquerque but before he  
reached the city a writ of attachment  
was served on him and the wool sold.

Case No. 825, James Deeney et al.,  
plaintiffs in error, vs. Mineral Creek  
Milling company, defendants in error,  
from Socorro county, was argued and  
submitted. The litigation involves the  
right to the possession of certain mining  
property located at the Gray Hawk in  
the Cooney mining district. The Mineral  
Creek Milling company secured control  
of the property. The plaintiff is ac-  
cused of unlawfully entering upon  
and with holding the property from the  
defendants in error and they prayed  
judgment for possession and damages in  
the sum of \$25,000. The lower court  
decided in favor of the Mineral Creek  
Milling company.

The court adjourned this afternoon  
until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.  
When it will immediately adjourn to  
Monday forenoon.

#### MINOR CITY TOPICS.

Probate court will not meet next Mon-  
day owing to the illness of Mrs. Lucero,  
wife of Probate Judge J. A. Lucero,  
which will prevent him coming down  
from Espanola until Monday evening.  
The probate court will, therefore, meet  
Tuesday forenoon.

The feast of the purification of the  
Virgin Mary was celebrated this morn-  
ing by mass in the cathedral. The day  
is also known as candlesmas day, be-  
cause to-day candles are blessed in Ro-  
man Catholic churches the world over.

In popular parlance this is known as  
groundhog day, because tradition has  
it that to-day the groundhog awakens  
from winter slumbers to take a peep at  
his surroundings. If he finds the sun-  
light so strong as to cast his shadow he  
returns to his hole for another six weeks  
during which severe winter weather is  
supposed to continue.

There was born to Mr. and Mrs.  
George Anton, at their residence in this  
city, last evening, a fine 10-pound boy.  
All are well.

E. S. Andrews, proprietor of the Plaza  
bicycle shop, has received a fine line of  
Crescent bicycles 1900 model. He also  
received a Columbia, chainless, pattern  
of 1900, that is a beauty for strength,  
speed and simplicity. Dr. Massie has  
purchased the wheel.

Deaf and Dumb People in Court.

Pedro R. Sandoval, arrested this week  
at the deaf and dumb asylum for dis-  
turbance the peace and carrying a deadly  
weapon, was placed under \$200 bond to  
appear before the next grand jury and  
under \$300 to keep the peace.

William Hearn, a deaf mute, one of  
the witnesses for the prosecution, was  
also held in \$200 bail to appear before  
the grand jury. Not being able to fur-  
nish the bond he was lodged in the  
county jail. The case was unique on  
account of the number of deaf mute wit-  
nesses, and District Attorney R. C. Gon-  
zalez, who conducted the prosecution for  
the territory states that the hearing was  
one of the most remarkable he ever wit-  
nessed.

At the Hotels.

At the Palace: Fred Ortiz, J. Andres  
Gallegos, Ortiz, Colo.; John S. Clarke,  
Las Vegas; F. Bond, Espanola; G. A.  
Richardson, Roswell; H. M. Cory,  
Denver.

At the Claire: T. P. Martin, E. Peirce  
Taos; W. R. Goebel, Hooper, Colo.; J. P.  
Barickson, Las Vegas; B. Gallegos,  
Clayton; T. S. Hubbell, Charles K. New-  
hall, Albuquerque; W. H. Jack, Silver  
City; E. W. Crop, Pueblo; John C. Bur-  
nam, Omaha; Henry C. Ide, Vermont.

At the Exchange: W. K. Foster, and  
wife, El Paso; Juan Santistevan, Mala-  
quias Martinez, Taos; Fred Ortiz, J.  
Andres Gallegos, Ortiz, Colo.; W. H.  
DeCoster, Belding, Mich.; F. A. De-  
Coster, Lily, S. D.; B. H. Eldridge, wife  
and son, Chicago; Max L. Kahler, R.  
Emilio, Lincoln; Eugene Van Patten,  
Las Cruces.

Redemption Call.

To the holders of territorial certificates  
of indebtedness under the law of 1899:  
The undersigned, treasurer of the ter-  
ritory of New Mexico, hereby gives  
notice that twenty per cent of the  
amount of certificates authorized by  
chapter 59 of the session laws of the  
legislative assembly for the year 1899  
entitled "An act to provide for the pay-  
ment of the deficiencies in the territorial  
appropriations of the various fiscal years  
up to and including the forty-ninth fiscal  
year," and the interest thereon will be  
paid by him on the presentation and  
surrender of such certificates at his office  
in the city of Santa Fe, and that inter-  
est will cease upon such certificates  
thirty days from the date of the first  
publication of this notice. The number  
and amount of such certificates so to be  
redeemed has been determined by lot,  
and are as follows:

In series "A" in denominations of  
\$1,000 the following numbered certifi-  
cates: 39, 34, 27, 36, 34, 37, 30, 26, 14,  
8, 28, all bearing date the 1st day of  
March, A. D. 1899.

In series "B" in denominations of \$1,000  
certificates numbered: 11, 19, 5, 14, 33,  
35, 34, 47, 45, 7.

In the same series in denominations of  
\$500 certificates numbered: 12, 23, 19,  
2, 3.

In the same series in denominations of  
\$100 certificates numbered: 54, 23,  
22, 66, 40, 57, 68, 10, 58 and 51. All of  
such certificates in series "B" being  
dated the 1st day of March, A. D. 1899.

This notice being given in pursuance  
of section 3 of the said act of the legis-  
lative assembly.

Dated at Santa Fe, New Mexico, Jan-  
uary 29, 1900.

J. H. VAUGHN,  
Treasurer of New Mexico.

#### "STORY OF MAN."

The Ruins Around Santa Fe Form a Link  
In History.

The lecture by Prof. E. L. Hewett, of  
the Normal University of New Mexico  
at Las Vegas, at the court house last  
evening, was intensely interesting. The  
speaker was introduced by Hon. J. P.  
Victory and greeted with applause. His  
topic was the "Story of Man," and the  
lecture was illustrated with stereopti-  
con views, which added greatly to its  
interest. Professor Hewett spoke about  
the man of prehistoric times, and  
brought out the fact that as old as  
Santa Fe is in a historic sense, it is in  
a geological and ethnological sense that  
it is far, far older; in fact, so old that  
it cannot be expressed in years, but  
only in geologic ages. The region of the  
Rio Grande valley above White Rock  
canyon was a vast lake in the tertiary  
period, which finally broke through the  
great thicknesses of volcanic tuff at  
White Rock canyon. The region above  
was well watered before this break oc-  
curred and very fertile. It gave sus-  
tenance to hundreds of thousands of  
human beings, who lived closely together  
in the cliff dwellings, which now abound  
in that section. Professor Hewett then  
described these dwellings, of which  
there are five varieties, forming a pro-  
gression upward. Some of the immense  
stone structures, the ruins of which  
are found within twenty to thirty miles  
of Santa Fe, contained from 1,500 to 2,000  
rooms. The speaker mentioned the pre-  
valent opinion that the cliff dwellings  
were built 300 or 400 years ago by the  
ancestors of the present Pueblo Indians,  
and asserted that the Indians in those  
days merely recaptured them and plas-  
tered over some of the inscriptions made  
by the original cliff dwellers. One path  
in sandstone on a volcanic cliff near  
Santa Clara had been worn hip deep by  
the cliff dwellers in going to and fro  
from one village to another. The en-  
trance to the temple of Mecca, trod ev-  
ery year by millions of pilgrims, has  
been worn down only 6 inches in about  
a thousand years, and this will give  
some idea of the length of time that the  
path was used. Professor Hewett de-  
scribed the fossils of prehistoric animals  
like the mastodon and others which  
have been found as late as this winter  
at Tesuque, at San Ildefonso and other  
places herabouts. By the relics found in  
the cliff and cave dwellers' homes  
with those animals, and that would  
mean that right in this vicinity are evi-  
dences that man existed in the tertiary  
period, millions of years ago, a scientific  
opinion that in recent years has been  
hotly debated by scientists.

Professor Hewett expressed the hope  
that explorations in this region will in  
the near future decide the question of  
"How Old Is Man?"

The speaker, upon motion of Judge A.  
L. Morrison and Capt. S. H. Day, was  
tendered a rising vote of thanks for his  
splendid lecture, and in conclusion was  
warmly congratulated upon the scien-  
tific discoveries he has made upon New  
Mexico soil. He exhibited a number of  
fossils of prehistoric animals found in  
this vicinity, and some of which are  
now on exhibition in H. S. Kaune &  
Co.'s store.

The audience last evening was larger  
than at the previous lecture, and ten-  
dered Professor Hewett an impromptu  
reception after the lecture. The next  
lecture of the course will be given next  
Thursday, and will also be of great lo-  
cal interest, as Prof. C. L. Herrick,  
president of the university of Albuquer-  
que, will speak on "The Geological  
Foundations for New Mexico's Great-  
ness," a subject of which he has made a  
special study. This lecture will also be  
illustrated.

Meals at all hours at the Bon-Ton.

LECTURE COURSE.

The committee having charge of the  
course of lectures to be delivered at the  
court house of this city during the pre-  
sent winter, under the auspices of Carle-  
ton Post, G. A. E., take pleasure in an-  
nouncing to the public the engagement  
of the following distinguished talent,  
who will appear at the respective dates  
named below. It is to be hoped that  
the citizens of Santa Fe will cordially  
unite with the committee in making this  
lecture course an eminent success in ev-  
ery respect.

February 8.

Prof. C. L. Herrick, president of New  
Mexico University; subject, "Geologi-  
cal Foundations for New Mexico's Great-  
ness."

February 15.

Miss Eleanor M. Hill, professor of  
elocution at Normal University; sub-  
ject, readings and recitations.

February 22.

Hon. A. L. Morrison, of Santa Fe, N.  
M.; subject, "George Washington and  
His Contemporaries."

Tickets for the full course, \$1.50; single  
admissions, 50 cents. Season tickets for  
pupils of colleges or schools, 75  
cents. Tickets may be had and seats se-  
cured at Ireland's drug store, at Wel-  
mer's stationery store, from the com-  
mittee, or from Carleton Post.

J. P. Victory, G. W. Knaebel, S. H.  
Day, committee.

The Claire is the only brick hotel  
new building, elegantly  
furnished, in the  
heart of the city, electric lights, fine of-  
fice on ground floor, free sample rooms  
first-class dining room, special rates and  
attention to commercial men.

FRED D. MICHAEL,  
Proprietor.

Santa Fe, N. M.

ALBUQUERQUE  
STEAM LAUNDRY.

GEO. F. AMBROSE, Agt.

Leave orders at Kerr's barber shop.  
Basket leaves Tuesday at 2:30 o'clock  
and returns on Friday. We pay all  
express charges.

EUGENIO SENA,

Manufacturer of

MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELRY

AND STERLING SILVER SOUVENIR SPOONS

All kinds of Jewels made to order  
and repaired. Fine stone setting a spe-  
cialty. Singer sewing machines and sup-  
plies.

J. H. VAUGHN,  
Treasurer of New Mexico.

Santa Fe, N. M.

Gold bracelet. Finder will be reward-  
ed by returning to Mrs. Geo. H. Kraus,  
lower San Francisco street.

The best 25 cent meal in the city at the  
Bon-Ton.

Palace Hotel

MRS. R. GREEN, Proprietress.

First Class Accommodations.  
Transient Trade Solicited.  
Boarding by Week, Day or Meal.  
Livery in Connection.

Cerrillos - - - New Mexico.

PERFECT  
Laundry  
Work.

W. J. SLAUGHTER, Agent.

Orders taken at Slaughter's barber  
shop, south side of plaza.

Basket leaves at 7 a. m. on Wednes-  
days and returns on Friday night; laun-  
dry ready for delivery Saturday morning.  
No extra freight or delivery charges.

The Las Vegas Steam Laundry makes  
a specialty of the laundry work,  
and its work is first class in all particu-  
lars.

The Exchange Hotel,

Best Located Hotel in City.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$1.50 PER DAY. \$2

Special rates by the Week or Month  
for Table Board, with or without  
room.

Southeast Corner of Plaza.

—ESTABLISHED 1862—  
(Sign of the Old Cart.)

GOLD'S OLD

Q-Rosity Shop

Opposite Lowitzki's Livery Stable.

Hyman Lowitzki, Prop.

INDIAN AND MEXICAN POT-  
TERY & CURIOSITIES.

Feather and Wax Work. Fine Opals,  
Indian and Spanish Relics, Buckskin  
Suits, Bows, Arrows, Shields, Moccas-  
ins, Stone Vessels from the Cliff  
Dwellers, Garnets and Turquois.

LARGEST COLLECTION IN UNITED STATES  
P. O. BOX 153.  
Santa Fe. - - - New Mexico

GREAT VARIETY OF NEW MEXICO VIEWS  
—GO TO—

Kaadt's

FOR ALL KINDS OF

PHOTOS.

West Side of Plaza.

HENRY KRICK,

SOLE AGENT FOR

Lemp's

St. Louis

Beer.

ALL KINDS OF  
MINERAL WATER

The trade supplied  
from one bottle to a  
carload. Mail orders  
promptly filled.

Guadalupe St. - - - Santa Fe

Crescent

AND

Columbia

Bicycles

Chain and Chainless.

1900 Models Just Received

E. S. ANDREWS,

East Side of Plaza, Santa Fe, N. M.

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)

THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the ancient  
Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of  
Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver  
and Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages run to the  
springs. The temperature of these waters is from 80 to 125. The gases  
are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year  
around. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids  
and tourists. These waters contain 100.54 grains of alkaline salts to the  
gallon; being the richest alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy  
of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the most eminent medical  
men in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia,  
Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and  
General Affections. Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Com-  
plaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced  
rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is  
open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:30  
a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 3 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round  
trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, 75c. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,

Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico