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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 36. SECOND EDITION

SANTA FE, N. M., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1899.

CITY AND NORTHERN MAIL NO. 218

AFTER AGUINALDO

Three Fighting Generals and 30,000 Men Closing In On His Army.

HE MAY BE TRAPPED

There Was Skirmish In Which a Company Of Insurgents Surrendered—The Insurgent Leader May Be Hemmed In Now.

Manila, November 6.—Magalang was taken yesterday by two columns of General MacArthur's division under Colonel Smith and Major O'Brien. It is a strong town, situated midway between Angeles and Arayat. This movement is part of a plan for the Americans to possess all the country south of Tarlac, as the troops close in on the capital, cutting the line of the enemy's retreat in that direction. The insurgent force is estimated at 1,000. Colonel Smith first encountered a small force entrenched a quarter of a mile beyond Angeles, which soon retreated, leaving two dead. The enemy made a short stand at the outskirts of Barrio and San Francisco, briskly shooting at the advancing Americans. Captain Brush deployed with an advance guard battalion and charged the Filipinos, who took to flight. Seven Americans were wounded. The Americans almost surrounded the insurgents, who resisted stubbornly, but Lieutenant Hamilton's artillery cut them up. Lieutenant Slavin's troops captured a company of the enemy with arms during the advance. General Wheeler's brigade is formed at Angeles in order to be prepared for a general engagement.

New York, November 6.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: With forces aggregating more than 30,000, fighting Generals Lawton, MacArthur and Wheaton are now closing in on Aguinaldo's army. General Otis set November 5 as a date for commencing the campaign all along the line, and the war department has information that the program is being carried out. "Unless Aguinaldo has escaped to the eastward through Rio Agno valley," said an official, "he ought to be caught between General Wheaton's forces from the north, and General MacArthur's from the south within the next forty-eight hours, as Bayambang, where he is supposed to be located, is less than twenty miles from Dagupan and about forty miles from Angeles."

Admiral Schley Hounded. Birmingham, Ala., November 6.—Birmingham is crowded to-day with visitors from all over Alabama, who have come to pay homage to Admiral and Mrs. Winfield Scott Schley. When the train bearing the party reached the outskirts of the city every engine in the city blew a shrill blast, and all the bells added to the clamor. The military formed an escort for the admiral from the depot to the Morris hotel. The streets were gay with bunting and pictures of Schley, and with those of Wheeler and Dewey, were prominent everywhere.

Vice President Cannot Recover. Paterson, N. J., November 6.—The condition of Vice President Hobart was but little changed to-day, except he was slightly weaker. Dr. Newton says that the patient cannot recover, but may survive several days.

Louisville May Have War. Louisville, Ky., November 6.—The campaign which closes to-night has been one of the most exciting ever known in this state. It has been bitterly personal, and aroused intense feeling. While an outbreak of violence to-morrow would surprise no one, the likelihood of such occurrence is believed to be slight. The state militia are in readiness for a call in case their services are needed.

THE OHIO OUTLOOK.

Independent Vote For Jones May Defeat Republicans.

Cincinnati, O., November 6.—Arguments in the exciting Ohio campaign are closed, and the day is used to put the last touches to the work of getting out a full vote. The indications are now for a vote next in volume to that of the presidential election. The election of appraisers of real estate for the purpose of fixing tax valuation for the next ten years is relied on to bring out all the farmers. Ex-Governor James E. Campbell says McLean's plurality will be 40,000 if the Democrats keep united. The claims made for Nash vary from 20,000 to 80,000 plurality, with a difference being caused by the uncertainty about how the Jones vote, now conceded to be well over 100,000, will affect the Republican vote.

"The Mill Cannot Grind with Water That's Past."

A fagged out, tearful little woman said this in telling her cares and weaknesses. Her friend encouraged by telling of a relative who was cured of just such troubles by Hood's Sarsaparilla. The little woman now has tears of joy, for she took Hood's, which put her blood in prime order, and she lives on the strength of the present instead of worrying about it of the past. Told Her Friend—"After having gotten on my neck 42 years Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured me. I was so glad I told friends about it and a lady in Wisconsin who read of my cure told me she also took Hood's for the same trouble and was cured. She thanked me." Mrs. Anna Sutherland, Kalamazoo, Mich.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappears

Hood's Pills save lives; the non-drying and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WAR IN AFRICA

The Boer General Sends Prisoners Into The English Lines For Exchange.

BOMBARDMENT GOES ON

Apparently General White Is Not In So Bad a Box as Feared—Boers Drop Shells Into Ladysmith At Live Rate.

New York, November 6.—A dispatch to the Herald from London says: The Telegraph's Cape Town correspondent, under date of November 1, cables: "A correspondent of the Times telegraphs that a large command of Cape Boers attacked Norvalspont at 5 o'clock this morning, and then surrounded the Cape police, who, being greatly outnumbered by the enemy, were obliged to yield to a demand for surrender. The telegraph station at the bridge is in the hands of the enemy."

London, November 6.—The war office issued the following from General Buller yesterday:

Cape Town, November 5.—The commandant at Durban sends the following, received from Ladysmith, dated November 3: "Yesterday General French went out with the cavalry and field artillery and effectively shelled the Boer laager without loss on our side. Lieutenant Egerton, of the Powerful, is dead. General Joubert has sent in Major C. S. Kincaid, of the Royal Irish Fusiliers, and nine wounded prisoners. Eight Boers were sent out in exchange, no others being fit to travel. Colonel Brecklehurst, with the cavalry and field artillery, and the imperial light horse and the Natal mounted volunteers, was engaged to-day with the enemy to the southwest of Ladysmith. The fighting lasted several hours. Our loss was very small. The bombardment of Ladysmith continued yesterday and to-day, many Boer shells being pitched into town. Our troops are in good health and spirits, the wounded doing well." (The message ends: "I think General French's name is given by mistake for Brecklehurst's.")

The beleaguered White is able to take the offensive and shell the Boer camp, and it seems Ladysmith is not so closely besieged as was supposed. The movement of Boers into Cape Colony is beginning to awaken a British fear that they greatly underestimated the forces they will have to meet, and General Buller's task may not be so easy as anticipated. It is becoming apparent that the British calculations based on the loyalty of the population are hopelessly at sea, or there has been a serious leakage of Dutch sympathizers from Natal and Cape Colony. Otherwise there is no accounting for the large forces of burghers reported in all directions. The war office consequently is being urged to have more troops in readiness for all possible demands.

Advices from Cape Town, under date of November 5, say martial law has been proclaimed in the districts occupied by British troops between the Orange river and Deaar. Premier Schreiner sent a circular to the magistrates and others, warning all persons against statements to the effect that parliamentary institutions and constitutional government will be lost or detrimentally affected. He adds that the proclamation of martial law is only a matter of temporary urgency in some districts, and does not compel the burghers to participate in the deplorable hostilities. Prince Christian Victor, of Schleswig-Holstein, grandson of Queen Victoria, and captain of the King's Royal Rifles, and other officers have left Cape Town for Ladysmith to replace the dead and wounded.

Cape Town, November 6.—A dispatch from Maseru, Basutoland, dated Friday evening, says: "Since Magistrate Lagden's warning that their interference with the Basutos would cause an uprising, the Boers have been letting the Basutos cross the river into Basutoland. The natives, however, continued to complain of being robbed of their savings by the authorities. There is no disguising from the natives that the British suffered a reverse at Ladysmith. The repulse of the Free State forces October 27 is claimed by the Boers to have been a brilliant Boer victory, and they say that at Elandslaagte the British fled, and at Ladysmith the Boers retired because they expended their ammunition. The Boers also assert that General White was killed, and that certain documents were found on his body. Certain residents of Colesburg are freely communicating with the Boer force across the river.

Pietermaritzburg, November 6.—The governor of this place, replying to-day to a deputation from the town council, which called upon him to make inquiries regarding the defense of the city, said everything possible will be done. It was decided to form an emergency mounted corps, composed of gentlemen residing in the district. A proclamation has been issued declaring the Orange Free State proclamation announcing the annexation of the upper Tugela district of Natal, null and void. The rifle associations of Durban, Isipingo, Krontakiof, Malvern and the Natal coast have been called out.

Durban, Natal, November 3.—(Delayed.)—It is said that the Colenso garrison saved all stores, tents, kits, etc. The Boers numbered about 5,000 men, comprising a fresh corps of Orange Free Staters. The armored train did splendid service, taking a detachment of Dublin Fusiliers to relieve the outlying fort garrisoned by volunteers. Reassuring reports have been received regarding the position at Pietermaritzburg.

London, November 6.—The officials of the British war office, when shown the dispatch from Durban of November 3, said that they had no further news regarding the military situation in Natal, but thought no undue significance

should be attached to the concluding phrase. They could not say whether the railroad to Ladysmith is intact, but admitted that Ladysmith is completely surrounded.

FRAUDULENT STAMPS.

Messenger Boys Who Cheat The United States Government.

New York, November 6.—Frank G. Thompson, chief of the internal revenue bureau, this city, declared that at least 10 per cent of the revenue stamps used daily in the Wall street district were fraudulent. Chief Thompson arrested in Newark Saturday Caleb L. Crockett and C. J. Lee, charged with restoring canceled revenue stamps and selling them for use the second time. It is estimated by Chief Thompson that the government is defrauded of at least \$5,000 a day by the use of second-hand stamps in the section of the city south of Fulton street. "I will venture to assert," he said, "that I can go through New or Broad street and take into custody the first fifty messenger boys indiscriminately, and by searching these fifty boys find at least twenty-five with washed or restored revenue stamps. Some houses allow the messenger boys and clerks to affix and cancel stamps, and even if the boys receive good stamps they often substitute washed stamps and sell the good ones at a discount."

A Freight Wreck.

Pueblo, Colo., November 6.—The north-bound freight on the Colorado and Southern was wrecked last evening near Graneros. The track had been tampered with. It is believed that the wreckers intended to wreck the south-bound passenger train, due at that point ten minutes later, for the purpose of robbery.

Expecting Trouble.

Newport, Ky., November 6.—Governor Bradley ordered company H, Kentucky national guard, to report at Newport armory at 7 o'clock to-night, fully equipped with ammunition and travel rations. It is thought that the troops are to serve at the polls to-morrow.

Political Prospects in Maryland.

Baltimore, November 6.—The day before election finds the leaders of both parties apparently confident, and making rather extravagant claims as to the result. Conservative estimates concede the eastern shore to the Democrats by 1,200, southern Maryland to the Republicans by 1,000, west Maryland to the Republicans by about the same plurality, leaving Baltimore city, with 110,000 voters, as debatable ground.

SAMOA QUESTION.

It Seems to Be Settled Now By Division Of The Group.

London, November 6.—Although the exact terms of the agreement are still carefully guarded, the Associated Press is able to say that the Samoan question is practically settled, and that the finalities will take place within a few days unless some most unexpected hitch occurs.

The American control of Tutuila island is confirmed and agreed to, while the United States has, it is understood, signified its approval of the projected arrangements between Germany and Great Britain. Regarding the details of the latter, the British foreign office remains mute, except authorizing the statement that none of the recent surmises of the German press correctly outlined the plan which now seems sure of acceptance.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, Nov. 6.—Money on call firm 8 @ 10 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5 @ 5 1/2. Silver, 58 1/2. Lead, \$4.40.

Chicago.—Wheat, Dec., 69; May, 72 1/2 @ 73. Corn, Dec., 31 1/2 @ 31 3/4; Oats, Nov., 22 1/2 @ 22 3/4; Dec., 22 1/2 @ 22 3/4.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 8,000; best steady; native steers, \$4.25 @ \$5.00; Texas steers, \$3.25 @ \$4.00; Texas cows, \$2.00 @ \$3.10; native cows and heifers, \$1.75 @ \$2.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 @ \$2.40; bulls, \$3.25 @ \$3.50. Sheep 2,000, steady; lambs, \$4.10 @ \$5.40; muttons, \$3.00 @ \$4.25.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 15,500; strong; beefs, \$4.50 @ \$6.00; cows and heifers, \$1.75 @ \$3.10; Texas steers, \$3.50 @ \$4.10; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 @ \$2.40. Sheep, 24,000; steady; sheep, \$4.00 @ \$4.50; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$5.35.

Insurgent Steamers Captured.

Kington, Jamaica, November 6.—Reliable Colombian advices received here describe the engagement with insurgent convoy steamers by the Colombian cruiser Hercules, under the command of General Rodriguez, accompanied by the steamer Columbia, having troops on board. One insurgent steamer was rammed and sunk, and four smaller ones were captured after a sanguinary fight. Then the Cisneros, with the surviving insurgents, escaped into the Rio Blanco. The insurgents lost 250 men. The loss of the steamers is regarded as a severe blow to the insurgent cause.

Hanna Predicts Republican Victory.

Cleveland, O., November 6.—Senator Hanna to-day declared that Nash will be elected governor to-morrow. He declined, however, to make any estimates, saying that any plurality received by Nash would be a great victory for the Republican party in Ohio, under existing circumstances.

Shooting at Las Cruces.

Last Saturday at Las Cruces a man named Castaneda, an employee of a circus was shot in the shoulder by another named Trujillo. Jealousy was the cause of the attempt to kill.

Big Mill For The Lone Star.

O. P. Posey, one of the purchasers of the Lone Star group in the Cochiti district, says the property will be worked by the Navajo Company, which will within two weeks begin the erection of a 100-stamp mill.

Valises, traveling bags, suit cases from the very cheapest to the very best grade of leather can only be found in great variety at deifying competitive prices at Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

LAS CRUCES LETTER

Activity in Mining in The Mountains Of Dona County Reported.

TRAINS OF CANNED STUFF

Items Of A Social Character—The First Term Of Court To Be Held In The New County Of Otero This Week.

Special Correspondence.

Las Cruces, N. M., November 4.—Col. G. E. Dunbar, a veteran of the civil war, who marched with Sherman from Atlanta to Savannah in the 60s, is in from the Organ mountains. His mine, the Excelsior, is located seventeen miles northeast of Las Cruces. He tells our correspondent his company has sunk an incline to the depth of 170 feet, and has struck very high-grade copper ore, estimated at over 50 per cent by William B. Haden, superintendent of the Modoc mine. This mine is a constant shipper. The Torpedo mine, near by, was recently stocked at \$1,000,000, and is shipping three car loads of ore a week, raised by hand. Within a few days they expect to receive a twelve-horse-power gasoline hoist, which is on the road, when the output will be largely increased. The showing of ore in the mine is remarkable. The Modoc Mining Company has ordered a twenty-two horse-power gasoline hoist, air compressors and power drivers, which are expected in the near future. They are now sinking a shaft on one of their mines, and will erect concentrating works as soon as the material can be secured. The same parties are interested in all three of these properties.

One of the large and growing industries of Las Cruces is the canning factory owned and operated by Theodore Rowault, who, about six years ago, entered into the canning business here, and has been remarkably successful in his undertaking. The first year he put up 250 cases of tomatoes, and fruits enough to make half a car load. The second year he canned 500 cases. The third year he canned 3,000 cases, and his business has kept on growing until last year it required cars to move his product to the number of sixty-five, and this year, nearly at the close of business, he estimates his output at 7,500 cases, 180,000 cans of tomatoes, chili, apples, peaches, pears and grapes. He does not find it necessary to go out of the territory for a market, but sells the product at home, the most of it being sold readily at Albuquerque.

Las Cruces can boast of a real live prodigy. It is a Dona Ana county cowboy, 11 years of age, who is, and has been for three years, buying, herding and driving beef cattle to this and to the Deming market, doing all by himself. His name is Edward Hall. He was born in this county.

Daniel A. Creamer is our newly appointed railroad and express agent at this place, and is proving himself, by his courtesy and strict attention to business, to be the right man in the right place. He is popular, and the same can be said of O. F. Van Wye, the new telegraph operator.

Mrs. Hadley, wife of Prof. Hiram Hadley, of the agricultural college, entertained a few of her lady friends at luncheon Thursday in honor of Mrs. Hostetter, of Las Cruces, and her sister, Mrs. Coldwater, who is visiting here, from Omaha, Neb. Among the ladies present were Mrs. S. B. Newcomb, Mrs. W. E. Baker, Mrs. F. W. Barker, Mrs. Carroll and Mrs. E. C. Wade, the names of the others not being learned.

Mrs. Hagerty, the wife of Professor Hagerty, of the agricultural college, entertained a few intimate friends at what at their residence last Friday evening, and all were pleased and enjoyed the occasion very much.

Hon. Numa Raymond has his hospitable mansion well filled this week with visitors, relatives and friends from St. Louis.

Cool weather is bringing in many persons from the east who come on account of our magnificent climate and sunshine.

Almer N. Blazer, son of Dr. J. F. Blazer, lately deceased, one of the oldest of the old timers, has brought suit against Walker McM. Luttrell, United States Indian agent at the Mesquero Indian agency, to recover damages and to restrain the agent from interfering with the complainant in his possession of certain lands on the Indian reservation. It appears that there are a number of settlers, of whom Mr. Blazer is one, who located lands in that section before the reservation was established, but who, while tolerated by the Indian officer, have not heretofore been able to secure title; and that the Indian agent, whether or not by the sanction of his superiors at Washington remains to be seen, has undertaken to remove these settlers from the reservation. This suit will determine the status of the lands in question, and is of great importance. Messrs. Wade & Llewellyn represent the settler, and it is presumed that the United States district attorney for New Mexico will appear for the defendant.

The district court, Judge Parker presiding, will open its session at Alamogordo Monday. This will prove to be an important term of the court, as it will be the first court held in Otero county since its organization, and it is reported that there is a considerable amount of criminal business to be disposed of. Among the cases are two murder trials and an ugly case of incest. Attorney E. C. Wade will represent the territory in the absence of Major Llewellyn, the district attorney, who is still sick and confined to his bed.

The board of regents of the agricultural college will be in session Monday and it is expected that some very important business affecting the college will be disposed of. There will be a full attendance of the regents for the first time in several months. Speaking of

the college reminds me of the claims set up by the late president of the college, Professor Jordan, that he is de jure, if not de facto, president of that institution. It appears that some time last summer the board of regents passed a resolution providing for the reappointment of Professor Jordan for the ensuing year; but that before the resolution was officially communicated the board took a recess and reconsidered the resolution, and that at a subsequent meeting the professor was dropped from the faculty. These are the facts in a nutshell. Professor Jordan has ever since been claiming to be the president of the college, and threatening to bring suit for his salary. It is to be hoped that he will do so soon, and once for all put an end to the controversy.

Deputy Sheriff Williams has brought to jail here, in default of \$1,000 bond to await the action of the grand jury, a man named Hiram Acord, charged with assault with a deadly weapon, and the further crime of attempting to abduct a woman by force and make her run away with him. Acord hails from the town of Colorado, this county.

E. C. WADE, SR.

Marriage In Mora County.

Invitations have been issued to the wedding of Miss Rohal, a daughter of Romaldo Rohal of Wagon Mound, Mora county, and George King.

A Newspaper Change.

The moon has changed again and so has the ownership of the Las Cruces Democrat. The events do not always occur simultaneously, but the paper changes owners after a lunar eclipse occurs. C. E. Stivers is the latest owner.

Texas Man Invests In New Mexico.

Travis James, a cattleman of Waco, Texas, has bought the Mahlon Harold ranch at Los Alamos, San Miguel county, and will stock it with fine cattle.

Albuquerque Items.

A wood-hauler named Alvarez died of heart disease while at work Saturday.

Albuquerque boasts of forty new houses erected in the past year.

J. C. Flourney and Samuel Picard will remove to Bland, having bought the store of A. L. Finch.

W. S. Williamson, an embezzler who escaped from jail has been caught at El Paso.

TOMORROW'S MIX UP.

Many Tickets of Many Kinds For Tomorrow.

Chicago, November 6.—Elections will be held in twelve states to-morrow. Ohio, Iowa, Kentucky, Mississippi, Maryland and Massachusetts will elect governors and other state officers; Nebraska, judges of the supreme court and two regents of the state university; Pennsylvania, a treasurer and judges of the supreme and superior courts; New York, New Jersey and Virginia, legislators. There are five tickets in Ohio, five in Iowa, six in Kentucky, two in Mississippi, three in Nebraska, two in South Dakota, three in Maryland, five in Pennsylvania, and five in Massachusetts. In Kansas and Colorado county officers are to be elected. Municipal elections will be held in San Francisco, Salt Lake, New Orleans and Detroit. In New York state, members of the lower branch of the legislature are to be chosen. County and judicial officers are to be elected in four counties of Greater New York.

HOT FIGHT IN NEW YORK.

A Combination to Defeat The Tammany Leaders.

New York, November 6.—The political campaign ended to-day was one of the hardest fought struggles ever known in this city in an off year. The Republicans, to strengthen themselves in their fight against Tammany Hall, entered into a fusion arrangement on the county ticket with the Citizens' Union and Independent labor party, and gave the shrewdly nomination, the most valuable place financially on the ticket, to W. B. O'Brien, representative of the labor party. To oppose O'Brien, Tammany Hall nominated William F. Grell, at present tax commissioner.

Interest centers in the fight for assemblyman in the nineteenth district. Tammany Hall set out early to defeat Assemblyman Robert Maset as a protest against the appointment of an investigating committee known by his name. Maset's defeat would make it impossible for him to present his committee's report at the next assembly.

A Letter to Mrs. Pinkham Brought Health to Mrs. Archambo.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 43,951]

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—For two years I felt tired and so weak and dizzy that some days I could hardly go around the house. Backache and headache all the time and my food would not digest and had such pains in the womb and troubled with leucorrhoea and kidneys were affected. "After birth of each child I grew weaker, and hearing so much of the good you had done, I wrote to you and have taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one box of Lonzenges, one box of Liver Pills, one package of Sanative Wash, and to-day I am feeling as well as I ever did. When I get up in the morning I feel as fresh as I did when a girl and eat and sleep well and do all of my work. If ever I feel weak again shall know where to get my strength. I know your medicine cured me."—MRS. SARINA ARCHAMBO, CHARLEMONT, MASS.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled; for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women a year. All women who suffer are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice, which will be promptly given without charge.

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DIAMONDS, WATCHES, SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS, DECORATED CHINA.

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Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

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Daily, three months, by mail.	2.50
Daily, six months, by mail.	4.00
Daily, one year, by mail.	7.50
Weekly, per month.	25
Weekly, per quarter.	75
Weekly, six months.	1.20
Weekly, per year.	2.00

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

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Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Room—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars a line, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar a line, single column, in either English or Spanish weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of a copy of matter to be inserted.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6.

The flag of the United States now floats over the Sulu archipelago, garrisons of troops are being placed upon the islands where there is danger of raids from other tribes, and the people will soon know the value of Americans as protectors and learn to follow American customs and improve in the ways of civilization.

When David Livingstone was in Africa as a missionary and explorer he labored to break up the slave trade of the Mohammedan raiders. Their best customers, the Boers, burned his home and drove him from their land because of his opposition to their practice of slavery. Great Britain freed the slaves by purchase from the Boers, but the latter are as cruel as ever to the blacks, who are dependent upon them, away from the settlements where the English show more humanity to the tribesmen.

The President to Virginians.

In a speech last week at Richmond, Va., President McKinley said: "What can be more gratifying to us than the present conditions of the country? A universal love of country and a noble national spirit animate all the people. We are on the best of terms with each other, and on most cordial relations with every power on earth. We have ample revenues with which to conduct the government. No deficit menaces our credit. Money is abundant in volume and unquestioned in value. "Confidence in the present and faith in the future are firm and strong, and should not be shaken or unsettled. The people are doing business on both principles, and should be let alone, encouraged rather than hindered in their efforts to increase the trade of the country and find new and profitable markets for their products.

"Manufacturing was never so active and so universally enjoyed throughout all the states. Work was never so abundant. The transportation companies were never so taxed to handle the freight offered by the people for distribution. The home and foreign markets contribute to our prosperity. Happily, the latter have increased without any diminution of the former. Your locomotives go to Russia; the watch cases, from my little city of Canton, to Geneva; the bridges of Philadelphia span the Nile, and the products of the American farm and factory are carried on every sea and find welcome in most of the ports of the world.

"In what respect would we change these happy conditions, with the promise they give of the future? The business activity in every part of the country, the better rewards to labor, the wider markets for the yield of the soil and the shop, the increase of our ship building not only for government, but for purposes of commerce, the enormous increase of our export trade in manufactures and agriculture, the greater comforts of the home and the happiness of the people, the wonderful uplifting of the business conditions of Virginia and the south and of the whole country, make this not only an era of good will, but an era of good times.

"It is a great pleasure to me to stand in this historic capital and to look into the faces of my assembled countrymen and to feel and know that we are all Americans, standing as one for the government we love and mean to uphold, united for the honor of the American nation and for the faithful fulfillment of every obligation which duty requires."

Coercion in Insurance.

An anti-trust law against insurance combinations will go into effect in Texas next January, and the corporations that are in combinations to maintain certain rates for insurance will have to go out of business, dissolve their agreement or have the law declared unconstitutional. The courts of Texas as well as the people are disposed to enforce any law that is meant to restrain business by preventing legitimate competition. The companies which belong to such combinations all over the country make it a practice to refuse to take a risk upon any property insured by a company not in the pool and which chooses to allow a lower rate for insurance. In fact, the board companies refuse such risk even when the non-board company maintains the regular rate. The prime object is of course to prevent a lowering of rates. There is about as much justice in this course as there would be for a majority of the people who have money to lend to get together and agree to loan no money to anybody who also borrowed from any one not in the combination, at any rate of interest. The purpose would be to monopolize the money-lending business and also to maintain a high rate. Such a course is impossible so long as wealth is widely distributed. It is every man's privilege to lend his money as he pleases, provided he does not practice usury nor extortion, in which case some penalty or remedy for the debtor can be enforced in many states. The money lender is often but an individual citizen. The insurance companies are incorporations under obligations to state governments for charters and privilege to do business, and should certainly be under more restraint than the individual money lender. And when such com-

panies undertake to maintain higher rates for insurance than other chartered companies are willing to accept, they should have no right to attempt to coerce competitors and the public; they should have no right to refuse insurance to any one on the ground that some company with which they would not affiliate was getting part of the business. Express and railway companies are not allowed to refuse to accept shipments when the character of the freight and the rates offered are those prescribed by the company. For a common carrier to refuse to accept a shipment because some rival company was getting part of the business of the shippers would subject the corporation to heavy penalties. A corporation owing its existence to the consent of the public cannot discriminate unjustly against the people nor dictate how they may divide patronage. Texas is right in declaring that the insurance companies must stand each by itself in securing business, just as a merchant does, and any company going into a combination must forfeit its charter and go out of business in the Lone Star state.

The Pension Rolls.

The decrease in expenditures last year by the pension department was a little over \$9,000,000. The total expense for pensions was \$138,253,922. There are ever new claimants, soldiers or their widows. And applicants for increase constantly appear. The child is not born who will live to see the pension list discontinued. The government does not forget what is due its soldiers, nor would the people have it forget. There are perhaps 80,000,000 people in the United States. Of these, one in eighty actually receives a pension, averaging perhaps \$13 per month. But the majority who receive this stipend need it, and many would become public charges as paupers but for the pension, as most of the old soldiers are unable to labor in competition with the younger men. Many are incapacitated by wounds or ill-health, and many of the pensioners are women and minor children who have no one to support them. The pension money, in ninety-nine cases in 100, is immediately expended, and this goes back to the public, who supply the funds for paying pensions.

Polygamy on the Sulu Islands.

Much comment has been made concerning the conditions upon which the Sulu archipelago and the people have come under the control of the United States, because the practice of polygamy was not forbidden. The claim is made that the United States has thus sanctioned a foreign land what is forbidden at home. The explanation of the facts made by President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, should satisfy all except those who believe in attempting to do impracticable things. President Schurman says that he visited the islands before an arrangement was made with the sultan to yield to the control of the Americans without fighting. He found that Spain never had complete sovereignty over the Sulu islands, and had only exercised an external protectorate, with the right to prevent piracy and stop the periodical excursions of Sulus, oath-bound Mohammedans, to the north to kill Spanish and other Christians, as a method of earning the right to go to heaven. To this day some of the sect believe that to die fighting Christians will enable a man to go to heaven, and the fanatics are hard fighters. But while the Spanish soldiers were never permitted to go to the interior of the islands, American troops and officers already go without fear of molestation. Spain, in her agreement with the island ruler, promised not to interfere with any of the religious customs of the Moros, and as polygamy is part of their religious belief, and a mild form of slavery or peonage also exists, these customs were not disturbed by Spain. The United States acquired from Spain no greater rights than she possessed, and had to be bound by the existing agreement or go in to suppress polygamy with armed forces and conquer the savages, who would have regarded a war for the suppression of polygamy as a religious war and fought to the death. There are about 100,000 inhabitants of the many islands composing the group. President Schurman says that it would have been most unwise to have undertaken to accomplish a reform by force, which would have brought on a religious war, when the result can be accomplished by the slower method of civilization and education, and thus a bloody and wholly unnecessary war be avoided. It is believed that the sultan will have attached to his staff some American officers to aid him in the work of material development of the beautiful and valuable islands, which is bound to come when progress is inaugurated on the islands close by which were acquired in fee simple from Spain by the United States. President Schurman thinks that it would be well to remember what the English have accomplished in many regions, and the Dutch in Java, by leading savage races away from barbaric religious customs when they could not be driven. In due time civilization will change conditions among the Moros, and the religious belief in the wisdom and duty of polygamy will pass away, just as the Mormon church no longer teaches it, although the Mormons were formerly ready to die in fighting for the maintenance of the privilege.

As to the slavery feature of the agreement with the sultan, he has consented that every bondman, even his own servants, must secure perpetual freedom upon the payment of \$20. With American prosperity in the islands, it will not be long before the people are all free. The agreement is merely a military expedient to prevent hostilities and the necessity of the use of force. The military governor may cancel it, or the end of military rule may terminate the agreement. A salary is paid to the sultan and some of his assistants to preserve order, and his servants are merely retained officers. The agreement is not a treaty, for a treaty can only be made with an independent nation and by consent of the senate. It is no more of a treaty than the payment of \$3,000,000 by General Brooke to the Cubans to lay down their arms was a treaty. It does not bind the United States to recognize slavery nor polygamy for a day nor a year. Polygamy is permitted temporarily because it is not the way to win the friendship of people by beginning with reforms in the family and the social customs. When General Guy Henry became the governor of Porto Rico he deemed it unwise to suppress the cock-fighting sport of the natives. To have begun in that manner would have

caused trouble and made it difficult to secure any influence over the people, except at the point of a bayonet. Regulation is often a better method of preventing an evil than attempted prohibition. Intolerance must not be prematurely arrayed against religious beliefs and customs if harmonious success is to be finally obtained. The Philippine commission, including Admiral Dewey, approves of the smooth manner in which peaceable possession was obtained by General Bate of the Sulu islands and submission by the Moros, who might have become dangerous allies of Aguinaldo.

The carping moralists should await results and rest assured that the administration and its representatives have sacrificed no moral principle in letting things go on for awhile that could not very well be prevented at this stage of affairs.

THE TERRITORIAL PRESS.

GRANT COUNTY O. K. (Sully City Independent.) Grant county is entering upon a period of prosperity which betokens good times for years to come.

LARGER HERDS.

(Colfax County Stockman.) The ranges of Colfax county contain more cattle to-day than has the same area in ten years. It is also true that this section of the territory is the best naturally adapted to the business.

WHITE OAKS PROSPERITY.

(White Oaks Eagle.) Many of the old shacks and landmarks of that character are disappearing here now. Even the old Lea hotel, which was the scene of a battle with Billy the Kid, has been attacked, and a part of the pine logs that composed it taken away. With another good business year new buildings will take the place of many of these ancient structures, and the town will begin to show great evidences of growth and prosperity.

PRESS COMMENT.

NOT WELL POSTED.

(Philadelphia Record.) Those anti-expansionists who declare that the acquisition of Hawaii and of the islands ceded to us by Spain constitutes a practical abandonment of the Monroe doctrine are strongly oblivious to the real scope of that declaration of American policy, which was the extension of a practical protectorate over all that part of the Americas not in the possession of European powers.

NO CHANCE OF SUCCESS.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat.) Aguinaldo's envoy may get to the United States just about the time that congress meets. He will see in Washington many members of that great party which, as he has been telling his dupes, is working for the interest of himself and the rest of the rebels. He is timing the visit of his emissary well. Last February he timed his attack on the United States troops with considerable adroitness, too. He made the attack a day or two before the time set for final action on the treaty. He failed in his purpose then, however, and he will fail now.

HESSIAN LOGIC.

(Indianapolis News.) The Hon. Carl Schurz is sure that imperialism "means the ruin of our free institutions." What a familiar sound that has! The Knownothings were sure that only the prevalence of their idea would preserve our free institutions; the fanatical anti-Masons were equally positive that our national salvation depended on them; the pro-slavery men of the south knew the heritage bequeathed us of our fathers would be utterly ruined unless the "peculiar institution" could be preserved, and so on to the end of the chapter. Men that feel their convictions strongly always exaggerate the importance of their own particular views; they are sure they must be right, and that if other men's views prevail our common welfare will be wrecked.

THE SHEEP INTERESTS.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat.) A few figures on wool show the difference between Republican and Democratic industrial policies. Under the McKinley tariff the American wool clip increased from 307,000,000 pounds in 1891 to 348,000,000 in 1893. Then the Wilson law came in, and by 1897 there was a decline to 339,000,000. The Dingley law turned the tide again. The wool clip last year increased, and the number of sheep increased by 2,121,000. In addition to this, the demand for goods is so great that most of the woolen mills have consumed their accumulations.

SMALL LOSSES IN WAR.

(Kansas City Star.) The telegraph and cable and the newspapers have tremendously magnified the disasters of war and enhanced the value of human life. England is wrapped in gloom over the losses in the campaign in Natal, which, 100 years ago, would have been rated a mere bagatelle. The losses at the siege of Plevna alone, on both sides, were probably more than the entire losses will amount to in the Boer war from now until it comes to an end. In the Franco-Prussian war there were several battles in which the losses amounted to as high as 25,000 men on a side. In the United States, not longer ago than the year 1865, the army of the Potomac lost from 5,000 to 10,000 men, every day, for several days, in the last campaign against Richmond. To-day there are deep-drawn sighs over the terrible losses of the British in South Africa. Yet the battles on the land, of the recent American war with Spain and in the Philippines, and the Boer war, thus far, are mere skirmishes compared with Plevna, Sedan, Sadowa, Gettysburg, the siege of Sebastopol, Waterloo and Eylau. The loss of two regiments and a battery is regarded as seriously as would be the loss of ten regiments fifty years ago, were the opposing armies five times larger than they are. The horror manifested over the loss of life is highly significant. It may be asked if the value of human life has not tremendously increased, and the reply may be made, without hesitation, that it has.

LIFE INSURANCE AND SUICIDE.

(New York World.) The decision of the United States court of appeals that suicide does not

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invalidate a life insurance policy unless it can be proved that the insurer contemplated suicide at the time of taking out the policy is sound sense, as well as sound law. The lower courts have often held that the suicide clause is void, because suicide is presumably an insane act, and no man can by contract make himself responsible for acts that he may commit when insane. Moreover, nearly all the policies in which suicide is made a cause for refusal to pay were taken out long years ago, for the reason that of late years this provision has not usually been included in life insurance contracts. On these policies of long standing the insurance companies have been receiving premiums for many years past. In perhaps a majority of cases the premiums, with accumulated interest, amount to as much as the face of the policy, and in all cases to a considerable part of the indemnity promised. To refuse any return in such cases merely because under some mad impulse the policy holder has committed suicide would be most unjust. Fortunately, the point is now settled, and settled right.

PROSPERITY HARMFUL TO DEMOCRATS.

(Burlington Hawkeye.) It is not to be supposed that this generation will buy any more gold bricks; it will rather realize that the Republican policy is the source of present prosperity and continue that policy. To self-respecting Democrats it must be humiliating, however, to hear confessions from authoritative sources that it is harmful to their party prospects that times are good and that laborers are able to procure work at good wages. To them it cannot be a gratifying thought that the Democratic party is in high feather and may win victories when masses of men are unemployed, and the police have to be brought into requisition to beat them back with clubs. The workmen ought to see the point clearly. If they are foolish enough to vote the Democratic party back into power they will very soon be again as hard up as ever. But it is not likely that they will vote themselves out of employment. They know that the return of the Republican party to power brought the good times, and they will vote to keep it in power.

THEY ARE WAKING UP.

Manufacturers Favor National Aid to Irrigation. The manufacturers of the East are beginning to see what a National benefit it would be if the West could be well populated and thickly interspersed with productive irrigated farms. At a meeting of the St. Louis Manufacturer's Association, on October 12, it was urged that the farm and stock interests of the West and the interests of the Missouri and Mississippi Valleys, which are subject to floods, demand the construction of storage reservoirs, to prevent such floods and to provide irrigation, and it was proposed to urge upon congress the building of these great works under the river and harbor bill as a system of internal improvement and development. Eastern manufacturers, of course, see the opportunity for vast expansion of trade with the opening and settlement of Western irrigated lands, and the fact that they are showing direct interest in the problem should cause Western advocates no little satisfaction.

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Mining Blanks, in Conformity to the United States and Territorial Laws.

Amended location notice. Agreement of publisher. Proof of labor. Lode mining location. Placer mining location. Bond to mining property. Mining deed. Location certificate. Bond for deed. Coal declaration statement. Notice of right to water.

Stock Blanks, Conform to the Regulations Established by Cattle Sanitary Board.

Bill of sale, animals not bearing vendor's recorded brand. Bill of sale, animals bearing vendor's recorded brand. Certificate of brand. Bill of sale, range delivery. Authority to gather, drive and handle animals bearing owner's recorded brand. Authority to gather, drive and handle animals not bearing owner's recorded brand.

Bond.

Bond to keep the peace. Bond, general form. Bond of indemnity. Bond replevin. Replevin writ. Replevin affidavit. Peace proceedings, complaint. Warrant. Commitment, J. P. Attachment affidavit. Attachment bond. Attachment writ. Attachment, summons as garnishee. Execution. Justices' summons. Execution, forcible entry and detainer. Subpoena. Capias complaint. Official bond. Letters of guardianship. Administrator's bond and oath.

Notice of protest. Notaries' notice of publication. Guardian's bond and oath.

Justices of the Peace Blanks.

Appeal bond. Appeal bond, criminal. Appearance bond. Forcible entry and detainer, complaint. Forcible entry and detainer, summons.

Miscellaneous.

Notary's record. Promissory notes. Certificate of marriage. Application for bounty for killing wild animals. Assessor's quarterly reports. Declaration in assumpsit. Declaration in assumpsit on note. Sheriff's sale. Notice of public sale. Satisfaction of mortgage. Assignment of mortgage. Application for license. Lease. Lease of personal property. Application for license, game and gaming table. Chattel mortgage. Power of attorney. Search warrant. Acknowledgment. Option.

Deeds.

Warranty deeds. Quit claim deeds. Mortgage deeds.

Spanish Blanks.

Contrato de partido. Notas obligaciones. Declaracion jurada. Aviso de venta publica. Documento garantizado, extensa forma. Documento de hipoteca. Fianza para guardar la paz. Documento Garantizado. Hipoteca de bienes muebles. Auto de arresto, J. P. Prices made known on application.

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Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M., Regular communication second Monday in each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m. ADDISON WALKER, H. P. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

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I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers always welcome. ALEX. READ, N. G. J. L. ZIMMERMAN, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 1, I. O. O. F., Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting brothers and sisters welcome. NATE GOLDOFT, C. P. JOHN L. ZIMMERMAN, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 9, I. O. O. F., Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. MISS SALLIE VANANDERLIE, Noble Grand. MISS TRUITT CALLE, Secretary.

AZULAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. L. M. BROWN, N. G. JOHN C. SHANE, Secretary.

K. O. F.

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A. O. U. W.

GOLDEN LODGE No. 3, A. O. U. W., meets every second and fourth Wednesday, 8 p. m. W. L. JONES, Master Workman. JOHN C. SHANE, Recorder.

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RUSSIA'S POWER.
The recent peace conference brings the power of the czar of Russia forcibly to mind. His subjects look to him for food, shelter, raiment, even life itself. In no country is a monarch's power more absolute. But far reaching as its influence is it cannot be compared to that which the human stomach has over the morals and health of the average mortal. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters cures constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, nervousness and all diseases arising from an inactive liver or weak kidneys. Try it if you have stomach trouble of any sort, and see for yourself. It will bring you back to health and happiness. It will make you strong by making your stomach strong. A private Revenue Stamp should cover the neck of the bottle.

Distinctly Awkward.
Another cause for sorrow on the part of the Bryans is the entire iron product of the country for next year has been contracted for already. Such prosperity coming in a Presidential year is distinctly awkward for those who love to howl about bad times.—New York Sun.

Football.
They were at a ball, and her dress was not sufficient to reach to her shoulders. They were talking of sport.
I wish women could play football, she said. I can see myself scoring a goal.
Yes it is, he murmured. I think I see you half back now.
Oh, you're forward! she retorted. Pick-me-up.

A NARROW ESCAPE.
Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Fischer & Co.'s drug store. Regular size, 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

He Found It.
Did you ever know your husband to find anything where you told him to look for it? said Mrs. Dimpleton to Mrs. Witherby.
Never but once, said Mrs. Witherby. But I don't consider it was a fair trial.
Oh, do tell me.
I told him to look in one of my pockets in my wardrobe for a smelling bottle that was wrapped up in a hundred-dollar bill papa had given me for my birthday, and he found it in three minutes.—Life.

THAT THROBBING HEADACHE.
Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Fischer & Co., druggists.

How Wow.
I asked ze butcher what become of ze stray dog. He say ze stray dog is terra firma.
Terra firma, Count?
I am ze stupide foreigner again, monsieur. Perhaps he say ze stray dog is earth?
How could a stray dog be on earth, Count? He might.
Monsieur, I beg ze pardon! Ze butcher say ze stray dog is ground. He show me ze mill; sausage mill, I think.—Chicago News.

A FRIGHTFUL BLUNDER.
Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Bolls, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Guaranteed. Sold by Fischer & Co., druggists.

What Should We Do?
Sunday School Superintendent (pointing a moral)—Yes scholars, the great thing is to know one's duty, and then do it. Admiral Dewey knew his duty when he entered Manila bay and saw the Spanish ships, and the world has seen how he performed it. Now children, what is our duty in this bright holiday season? How may we emulate the great Admiral? What should we do when we see about us the poor, the sick, and the suffering?
Small-Boy Class (in concert)—Lick 'em!—Harper's Bazar.

SPAIN'S GREATEST NEED.
Mr. R. P. Oliva, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Alken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. It weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by Fischer & Co., druggists.

Taking no Chances.
Darling he murmured, pilloving her golden head upon his manly bosom, darling, we will soon be wed—bound together by the indissoluble ties of holy matrimony.
But she was a new woman and knew a good thing when she saw it. He was worth \$100,000.
Yes, a church ceremony will do for a starter she murmured, but this corporation will be organized under the laws of New Jersey.
Yet there are those who imagine that women have no business acumen.—Omaha World-Herald.

It will not be a surprise to any who are as familiar with the good quality of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to know that people everywhere take pleasure in relating their experience in the use of that splendid medicine and in telling of the benefit they have received from it, of bad colds that have been averted, of the children that have been saved from attacks of croup and whooping cough. It is a grand, good medicine. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Preparing the Way.
Sympathizing Friend (to bereaved widow)—Well, though he is gone, I hope you will not give yourself up to a lonely life.
Bereaved Young Widow—Oh, sir! this is so sudden!—Tribune.

A CONSUMPTION WAR

Congress May Be Asked to Enact Necessary Legislation.

THE SPREAD OF THE DISEASE

A Sanitarium Under the Marine Hospital Authorities is Suggested.

There is a strong probability that congress will be called upon this winter to enact suitable legislation for the prevention and spread of consumption. It is said that a bill will be introduced in the house for the erection of a national sanitarium to be under the immediate supervision of the marine hospital service, and in view of the contagious character of the disease it is not improbable that some vigorous action will be taken looking toward stamping out the plague—for it is fast becoming a plague, as statistics of the large cities show. The fact that the United States government is deeply interested in the matter is shown by instructions recently sent our consuls abroad ordering them to obtain data on the subject. In accordance with instructions, Consul Covert, at Lyons, has transmitted the following from the league for the prevention of tuberculosis:

"For every six persons in this country at least one dies of consumption. Of the 850,000 deaths that occur every year in France, over 140,000 are caused by pulmonary tuberculosis or phthisis, and this number, instead of decreasing, goes on augmenting every year. Hardly a family but pays to it a sad tribute. No disease, no scourge, can be compared to tuberculosis, so far as the number of the victims is concerned. All epidemics and contagious diseases combined—typhoid, varioloid, scarlatina, measles, diphtheria, cholera, etc., do not cause half as many deaths.

"The parasite of this disease may also be found in beef (above all, cow beef), poultry, rabbits and milk. The latter should be boiled, or, better still, sterilized. Milk is sterilized by placing the vessel containing it in a tin full of water and letting it boil forty-five minutes. The habit of drinking blood at slaughter houses is dangerous, and without any salutary results.

"Some persons have a tendency to consumption, and should be especially careful; for instance, those whose relatives have died from consumption or who are feeble from privations. The abuse of alcoholic liquors is particularly favorable to consumption. Over 2,000 infants under 2 years of age die annually of consumption in Paris. This disease is curable, where it has not advanced too far, for those who are willing to submit to long months and sometimes years of treatment and repose in special sanitariums."

The time is fast approaching when states will quarantine against consumptives. California, it is said, has already started such a movement.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM CURES OTHERS, WHY NOT YOU?
My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm, with good results, for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We have tried all kinds of medicines and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of results. She has used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well.—Adolph L. Millett, Manchester, N. H. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

THE CATTLE INDUSTRY.

A Writer Explains Present Condition of the Business.

Many important changes have taken place in the cattle industry during the past few years. About ten years ago the price of cattle began to decline. Up to that time most if not all of the herds roaming over the vast plains and uplands of the range states had been kept as breeding herds, and the result was that they accumulated in such numbers that there was an overproduction and the slump in prices came. Owners became panic-stricken and began reducing their herds by slaughtering and shipping more cows and calves to market. This system was adhered to until 1893, when suddenly it dawned upon the minds of many of the largest owners that there was danger of a cattle famine in the future unless the reduction was checked. The checking process really commenced in 1894, but was confined principally to a gradual cessation of slaughtering.

In Colorado a few years ago, until the heavy decline in prices, every herd was a producing herd, but after the decline they all merged into steer herds. The return of better prices prompted the "cattle barons," as well as the small owners, to convert their steer herds into producing herds, as is evidenced by the non-slaughtering of heifers and the unprecedented small shipment of calves. The universal opinion seems to be that after the present year there will be a tremendous falling off in the shipping of cows to market, as they will be held for breeding purposes. So it would seem that the fear of a cattle famine, indulged in a year or so ago, may be considered as dispelled.

It is true there is still a shortage, and there will be in all probability for some time to come; but it will steadily grow less as the process of converting the herds into producing herds go on, and when the conversion becomes absolute, say in three or four years—the shortage if any, will hardly be perceptible. Then the question naturally arises, when that time comes, when every available cow is held for breeding, and the great bulk of calves held for beef or breeding, will there not soon again be an overproduction, followed by another decline in prices? I have given this question a great deal of attention, discussing it personally and by correspondence with cattlemen far and wide, and there seems to be but one sentiment expressed. Many of the old cattle ranges are things of the past. Lands over which immense herds of cattle roamed ten years ago have been taken up by homesteaders, pre-emptioners, and desert land claimants.
As an example, but a few years ago more than a dozen individuals in the state of Colorado, and perhaps three times as many in Wyoming, counted their herds in numbers from 5,000 up-

ward, while in the state of Colorado today there is probably only one herd of more than 5,000, and in Wyoming not more than ten herds of more than 5,000 each. As the settlers have taken up and fenced large tracts of government land the cattle ranges have been lessened, and in many instances but a few ranches fenced on each side of a mountain stream has rendered thousands of acres of vacant land worthless as a cattle range on account of the absence of water. Before these lands were taken up and fenced by settlers the great herds had unlimited government range to feed upon and unlimited territory over which to drift with the storms.

But these conditions have changed, especially in Colorado and Wyoming; and as the progress of immigration continues to march westward the same conditions will prevail in the territory lying to the west and northwest of these states, where the largest herds are now concentrated. So, for the lack of room, it will be impossible for herds to accumulate in numbers as they did in the years gone by; and as a natural consequence it can hardly be anticipated that with the constant increase in consumption making the demand greater each succeeding year, there can be a decline in prices, but rather higher prices will follow, which will stimulate the farmers in the range and feeding states to increase their male herds in numbers to suit the exigencies of the times, thereby guarding against future shortage.—John T. McNeely, in Harper's Weekly.

Down in the Swamp.

Ho—Say Mame, I've had me life insured, and if I dies you'll git two bananas and a bag of peanuts from de dago on de corner.—Brooklyn Life.

Sage of Sawhaw Ways.

Broad assertions are apt to fall flat. A flat is always to be pooled at. There are all manner of men with all manner of manners.
Pride and poverty are often seen together, but they can hardly be called birds of a feather.
There are numerous men with alleged characters and unmistakable reputations—Chicago Democrat.

Equality.

Forward! cries Advanced Womankind, vehemently. Equality! Let us not pause while yet one sex is more likely to be bald than is the other!—Detroit Journal.

NERVITA Restores VITALITY, LOST VIGOR, AND MANHOOD
Cures Impotency, Night Emissions, and all diseases of the male sex. A nerve tonic and blood-builder. Brings the weak back to health and restores the life of youth. By mail \$5.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$25.00; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money.
Sole Agent: Dr. J. C. Ireland, 110 N. 3rd St., Chicago, Ill.
Ireland's Pharmacy sole agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code)
Partion's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale.
A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adopted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico.
Part 1. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part 2. Attachment, Certiorari, Habeas Corpus, Injunction, Mandamus, Mechanic's Lien, Prohibition, Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part 3. Miscellaneous, Covering Advertisements, Affidavits, Arbitrations, Assignments, Depositions, Naturalizations, etc., etc.
Bound in full law sheep. Delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price, \$5.00. Purchaser's name printed on the book free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

Curious Pets of Women.

Some minds are strikingly original, even in the choice of pets. Certainly this was the case with the wife of a gentleman farmer who made a pet of a pig. The animal lost its mother early, and the lady, taking pity on the little orphan, bore it off to the kitchen, where she succeeded, by the aid of a feeding bottle, in rearing it.

The pig became a great pet and used to follow its owner like a dog. It could hardly have been its outward attraction that won her heart. It must have been its qualities which endeared it to her.

Another very singular pet was that of a frog, which was tamed by a young girl in the country and would come from under the leaves at her approach to be fed with a strawberry.

A lady who was confined to her room had a fowl which, before her illness, was a constant companion. It used to be regularly brought to her room every morning to see her and be fed by her own hands and allowed to take a short walk about her room.

Another member of the feminine gender actually made a pet of a turkey and declared it should "never be eaten, but die in its own good time," which it did, of old age.

A still more extraordinary instance of a strange pet, for a woman at any rate, was where an old lady so far overcame the natural repugnance of her sex as to tame a mouse which had been caught in her store cupboard. So successful was her treatment that at last the tiny animal would take crumbs from its mistress's fingers.—Woman's Life.

Chance For a New Hero.

It is my opinion that the bankrupt courts would have less to record did a man have the nerve, for it requires nerve and a good deal of it sometimes to let his wife know the exact state of his business, says the Chicago Times-Herald.
More women than most people have any idea of are as ignorant as strangers concerning the financial standing of their husbands. Indeed, it is probable that his business associates know a dollar almost the income of a man who keeps all knowledge of his standing from the one who should know it as well as he does himself. To the right kind of a woman, and the majority of wives belong to the right kind, the greatest consideration is to give her a specific understanding of how the bank account stands and what

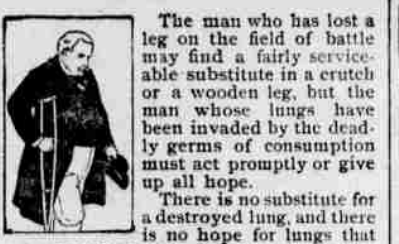
LET YOUR NEXT TRIP BE SOUTHWARD! Via the WABASH

THE saving of \$2.00 on each ticket. WAY up service. TO New York and Boston. GO ask your Ticket Agent. EAST means where the Wabash runs. IS there free Chair Cars? Yes, sir! VIA Niagara Falls at same price. THE shortest and best to St. Louis. WABASH F. F. HITCHCOCK, General Agent, Pass. Dept., Denver, Colo.

you can reach the very heart of Mexico. The Mexican Central Railway is standard gauge throughout and offers all conveniences for modern rail-way travel. For rates and further information address
E. J. KUHN
Com'l Agent, El Paso, Tex.

BY THE Mexican Central Railway

As an example, but a few years ago more than a dozen individuals in the state of Colorado, and perhaps three times as many in Wyoming, counted their herds in numbers from 5,000 up-



The man who has lost a leg on the field of battle may find a fairly serviceable substitute in a crutch or a wooden leg, but the man whose lungs have been invaded by the deadly germs of consumption must act promptly or give up all hope.
There is no substitute for a destroyed lung, and there is no hope for lungs that are so often diseased with the dyspeptic stomach. It contains no alcohol to inebriate or create morbid craving for stimulants. It is the only known medicine that, acting through the blood, will build new and healthy lung tissues. It builds up the lungs because it builds up the whole body. It endows a man with the appetite of a football player. It puts strength and muscle into the stomach and intestines, and causes the digestive juices to flow freely. It fills the blood with the elements that build up healthy lung tissue by aiding nature in her own process of tearing down and rebuilding. It cures bronchitis, weak lungs, bleeding from lungs and lingering coughs. It prevents consumption by curing the weakness that leads up to it. Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon you as "just as good." Below is one of the thousands who have testified to these facts.
Abram Freer, Esq., of Rockbridge, Greene Co., N. Y., writes: "I had a severe attack of pleurisy and lung trouble; the doctors gave me up to die. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and began to improve from the first dose. By the time she had taken eight or ten bottles she was cured, and the cause of a long illness being sold here, I think the 'Golden Medical Discovery' is the best medicine in the world for lung trouble. My wife is now using the 'Favorite Prescription' for 'turn of life'."

Feel cranky? Case of constipation. A man or woman who neglects constipation suffers from slow poisoning. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic.

How She Has the Best of It.

Every man has his day, but, thanks to his gallantry, woman has every day. If reasonably indulgent, she is mistress of her destiny. She has her finger in all sorts of pie, writes Jean Potage in the Boston Home Journal. Her sins are forgiven her. If she murders a man who has failed to treat her like the perfect lady she was not, the jury is pretty apt to acquit her, taking into consideration the magnitude of the sin. On the other hand, if she treats a man nastily and he does her quietus make with a large bodkin, 12 good men and true disbelieve his story and order him to the scaffold. If she sues her lover for breach of promise, she gets at least a part of what she sues for. If he sues her, he gets the hal' ha! from all the newspapers. In case of a quarrel in which she is to blame she has a court of last resort which is closed to mankind—she can always shed tears when she finds things are not going her way. If she loses a part of woman's glory, her golden locks, she may piece out the remainder with some adroitly commingled curls, to the eternal deception of the public, and so never hear the remarks of derision turned toward her baldheaded husband. If she's a play actress, she can play Juliet and Hamlet both, while the male Theophrast, though he may make a better Hamlet, is precluded by public prejudice and an insipid black beard from ever looking at the moonlight and asking Romeo wherefore he is Romeo. And still she asks for her "right to be powerful." The first person who asked for the earth and then scolded because it was not fried on both sides and turned over to be fed with the sex that brought Adam to grief with an apple.

To Be Borne in Mind.
First Chicago Girl—She was married both in the Greek Church and the Episcopal Church.
Second Chicago Girl—Well?
First Chicago Girl—To the same man both times, mind you.—Detroit Journal.

The Corned Philosopher.

When a man plays golf as an excuse for wearing shorts skirts, said the Corned Philosopher, you may be assured that is not the only excuse she has.—Indianapolis Journal.

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Code of Civil Procedure.

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MAURIEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication (isolated tract). Public land sale, Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, New Mexico, October 23, 1899. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under authority vested in him by section 245, U. S. Rev. Stat., as amended by the Act of Congress approved February 28, 1895, we will proceed to offer at public sale on the 2nd day of December, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following tract of land, to wit: Lots 2 and 3 of Section 17, T. 27 N., R. 4 E., New Mex. Mer., containing 16.25 acres. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are advised to file their claims in this office on or before the day above designated for a competitive sale of said land, otherwise their rights will be forfeited. Witness my hand and the seal of the Land Office, at Santa Fe, N. M., October 23, 1899.

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Notice for Publication. [Homestead Entry No. 4008.]
LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., Oct. 19, 1899.
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RIO GRANDE & SANTA FE AND DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

The Scenic Route of the World.

Time Table No. 49

(Effective January 15, 1899.)

EAST BOUND	WEST BOUND
No. 426.	No. 425.
9:30 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar.	8:50 p. m. Ar. Santa Fe, Ar.
11:30 a. m. Espanola, N. M.	8:45 p. m. Espanola, N. M.
12:25 p. m. Albuquerque, N. M.	8:40 p. m. Albuquerque, N. M.
1:50 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.	8:35 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.
3:00 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.	8:30 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.
4:30 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.	8:25 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.
5:30 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.	8:20 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.
6:30 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.	8:15 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.
7:30 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.	8:10 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.
8:30 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.	8:05 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.
9:30 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.	8:00 p. m. Las Alamos, N. M.

Connections with the main line and branches as follows:

At Antonito for Durango, Silverton and all points in the San Juan country.

At Alamosa for Jintown, Creede, Del Norte, Monte Vista and all points in the San Luis valley.

At Salida with main line for all points east and west, including Leadville.

At Florence with F. & C. R. R. for the gold camps of Cripple Creek and Victor.

At Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver with all Missouri river lines for all points east.

Through passengers from Santa Fe will have reserved berths in sleepers from Alamosa if desired.

For further information address the undersigned.

T. J. HELM, General Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.
S. K. HOOPER, G. P. A., Denver, Colo.

A Bachelor's Fancy.

I came pretty near getting engaged once.

Why didn't you?
The day I made up my mind to propose to the girl a man came along and asked me to go fishing.—Chicago Record.

USED BY BRITISH SOLDIERS IN AFRICA.

Capt. C. G. Dennison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Gallahe. Under date of Nov. 4, 1897, from Vryburg, Bechuanaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and had given to my men, and in every case it proved most beneficial." For sale by A. C. Ireland.

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Farming Lands Under Irrigation System.

In tracts 20 acres and upward, with perpetual water rights—cheap and on easy terms of 10 annual payments with 7 per cent interest—Alfalfa, Grain and Fruit of all kinds grow to perfection.

Choice Prairie or Mountain Grazing Lands.

Well watered and with good shelter, interspersed with fine ranches suitable for raising grain and fruits—in size of tracts to suit purchasers.

LARGER PASTURES FOR LEASE, for long terms of years, fenced or unfenced; shipping facilities over two railroads

THE REASON.

When the old man lay dying, he called his sons to his bedside and asked each to break a bundle of sticks. Even the strongest failed, but the father untied the bundle and easily broke the sticks, one at a time. Aesop's fable is almost forgotten, but the moral never will be: "In Union there is Strength."

Have you ever noticed that Nature furnishes her raw material to us in bundles? She never gives them to us a stick at a time. You will search in vain for a pigment which, used alone with linseed oil, will answer all the requirements of a good paint. The reason is manifest. No single pigment will retain the oil long enough. But make a bundle of your pigments by combining them properly, tie them together with linseed oil and there is the same difference in strength as there is between the bundle of sticks and each one taken separately. This is exactly what is done in the manufacture of Railway White Lead.

It explains why Railway White Lead was the only one of the twenty-four tested by the Ohio Master Painters and Decorators' Association in a 27 months' test, to gain the highest standard for wearing. Railway showed a perfect coat when some of the so-called Strictly Pure White Leads had sealed and chalked off completely. Railway White Lead is sold only by

W. H. COEBEL, The Hardwareman.



CHAS. WAGNER FURNITURE CO.

(Incorporated Feb. 2, 1899.)

Practical Embalmer and Funeral Director.

TELEPHONE 88. (Residence Over Store.)

The only house in the city that carries everything in the household line. Sold on easy payments.

CARPETS AND RUGS.

Glassware and Queensware,

Large stock of Tinware.

Woodenware, Hardware, Lamps, etc.

Stoves and Ranges.

Lower Frisco St. Santa Fe, N. M.

No. 4 BAKERY.

H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO

Groceries, Feed and Crockery.

SOUTH SIDE OF PLAZA.



CHASE & SANBORN, Importers, Boston.

2 lbs Can SEAL BRAND COFFEE, 80c.

English Breakfast

Colong

CHASE & SANBORN'S PACKAGE TEAS 75c.

Old Fashioned Green

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THE NEW MEXICO

MILITARY INSTITUTE

Roswell, New Mexico.

THE MILITARY SCHOOL OF NEW MEXICO ESTABLISHED AND SUPPORTED BY THE TERRITORY.

Session Begins September, '99, Ends June, 1900.

Five Teachers (Men), and Matron. Accommodations for 200 Students. New Buildings, all furnishings and equipments modern and complete; steam-heated, gas-lighted; baths, water-works, all conveniences.

Tuition, board, and laundry, \$300 per session.

Session is three terms, thirteen weeks each. Roswell is a noted health resort, 3,700 feet above sea level; well-watered; excellent people.

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particulars address: J. O. Cameron, Eddy.

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OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)

THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Alamosa, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from the Santa Fe and Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 120°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 100.34 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the numerous cures attested to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and Mercurotic Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.00 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:30 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico.

SCHOOL REPORTS.

FACTS FURNISHED CONCERNING PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE TERRITORY.

M. C. De Baca, superintendent of public instruction, has received reports of all county school superintendents except from the counties of Bernalillo, San Miguel, Union, Valencia, Mora and Chaves. The following figures were gleaned from the reports received:

County.	No. of children of school age.	No. of children in school.	No. of teachers.	No. of schools.	Amount of expense.
Santa Fe	4,193	1,408	32	32	\$4,732.35
Socorro	1,047	1,837	36	36	16,940.96
Doña Ana	2,943	1,153	25	25	11,252.11
Taos	3,229	475	17	17	8,432.58
Grant	1,016	889	28	28	33,032.74
Rio Arriba	1,024	1,024	32	32	9,920.00
Colfax	2,598	1,490	32	30	6,991.86
Guadalupe	1,336	591	14	14	1,560.73
Lincoln	1,139	301	11	11	3,352.85
Sierra	1,113	460	14	14	5,379.10
Otero	1,070	1,111	11	11	12,752.33
Eddy	939	367	16	16	3,461.04
San Juan	919	367	16	16	3,461.04

It must be remembered, however, that the superintendents of incorporated cities do not report to the county superintendents, and that the financial statement above, therefore, does not cover the expenditures for schools in incorporated cities, nor is the number of teachers in cities included in the statement. The school census, however, includes the whole county enumeration, but the enrollment does not include that of schools in the incorporated cities and towns. The counties of Santa Fe, Grant, Socorro, Colfax, and Eddy, therefore, have more teachers, have greater enrollment, and expend considerably more money in city schools, than would appear from the above table.

It will be seen from the table that Socorro county has the largest school enrollment of the counties reporting, while San Juan county has the smallest enrollment. The percentage of enrollment is highest in Eddy county, while Grant spends the most per capita school population, being over \$37 per capita last year. The lowest percentage of enrollment is in Taos county, which also spends least per capita school population, the expenditure last year being less than 30 cents per head. Colfax county employs the largest number of teachers, while Socorro county has the largest number of public schools. The study of these statistics is interesting, and tells at a glance which counties are the most backward in public school education and which are doing most in educating the coming generation. The attendance at private schools and church institutions like those of Santa Fe is not included in the statistics.

A Stanner.

We offer for the next week only finest silklike handkerchiefs medium size with large and beautiful silk initials at the low price of 20 cents each or six for \$1. Get a bargain.

SANTA FE MERCANTILE CO.

A good cup of Mocha and Java at the Bon-Ton.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.

A regular communication of Montezuma lodge, No. 1, A. F. and A. M., will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

John Candelario went out hunting yesterday and bagged eight rabbits and a 6-foot rattlesnake, the latter being killed in the act of swallowing a cottontail.

Rev. W. Hayes Moore preached an anniversary sermon yesterday, in commemoration of his second anniversary as pastor of the local Presbyterian church. The church was crowded to the doors.

Saturday the bucks of the Cochiti pueblo went out on a rabbit hunt. Most of them were mounted on horseback, but some were on foot. It was a great sight to see them start out on the hunt. They secured very few "cotton tails," which are scarce this year.

The chemical fire engine company gave an exhibition drill yesterday afternoon in front of the engine house. The men wore their new uniforms and looked very neatly in them. A large crowd watched and admired the company in its run with the engine.

The St. Michael's College Browns and the Santa Fe Baccantes crossed bats on the college campus yesterday afternoon. The game was interesting until the eighth inning, when the college boys were in the lead. A dispute arose then and the Baccantes left the field. The Baccantes have been barred from again playing on the college campus.

The Greater America company, which showed at the opera house two evenings last week, left for Albuquerque yesterday afternoon. In order to get the company to come to Santa Fe, Manager A. M. Dettelbach, of the opera house, had to guarantee \$100. The guarantee was about all that the company made here, and Manager Dettelbach feels discouraged at the lack of appreciation on the part of the public when a good company is secured to show at the opera house.

The newspaper mail from the south was received this forenoon, but no letter from any point south came in. This is very likely to be ascribed to the change in the schedule of trains which was made on the Santa Fe road yesterday. It is believed that from tomorrow southern letter and paper mail will arrive regularly under the new time schedule.

The "endless chain" inaugurated by the W. B. T. and L. A. for the purpose of securing money to help the library association of the board is commencing to work.



ITCHING HUMORS

Rashes, and irritations instantly relieved and speedily cured by hot baths with CUTICURA. To cure these itches, apply CUTICURA to the affected parts. CUTICURA is a mild dose of CUTICURA. REMOVED, to cool and cleanse the blood.

It is a nice drive over a good road from this city to Bland and it takes only from seven to eight hours to make the trip. Many people going to Bland are availing themselves of this fact and overland travel from the capital to that camp is steadily on the increase.

A special meeting of the fire department will be held this evening at 8 o'clock.

Henry M. Davis, an old resident of this city, yesterday forenoon suffered a stroke of paralysis.

There has been no street sprinkling for several days, and the wind is kicking up the dust in big clouds, to the annoyance of everybody.

A new line of men's laundered and unlaundered shirts; we can show you 300 dozen, at prices that will astonish the closest buyer. Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

STAGES TO BLAND.

Travel to the Cochiti Camp Will Be via Santa Fe.

H. H. Hankins who for the past five years has operated a stage line from Springer to Elizabethtown arrived here last evening from his home at Cimarron. This morning accompanied by Sheriff H. C. Kinsell and three others he drove to Bland with one of Hank Fisher's teams. Mr. Hankins is going over the road preliminary to establishing a daily stage line from Santa Fe to Bland. A company backed by Santa Fe capital is being organized for such a stage line and a \$3,000 outfit will be secured for the line. An effort by citizens to interest eastern capitalists in an electric car line from Santa Fe to Bland has failed and the stage line will be put on in consequence, especially since the Santa Fe railroad has given semi-official notice that no railroad will be built from Thornton to Bland for the present.

We are making a specialty of Mocha and Java Coffee. Come and try a cup. Only 10 cents, at the Bon-Ton.

The celebrated Ferrie's waists for ladies, misses and children, just received at Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

Santa Fe Wage Scale.

All over the Santa Fe system, from Chicago to California, the train employees are interested in a meeting of the general committee which is preparing for a meeting in St. Louis on November 20. It is stated that considerable dissatisfaction exist all over the system owing to the irregularity of the wage schedule. For six months the committee has been working on a schedule for presentation to the officials. The general committee will first go to Topeka and confer with the general manager, and after the St. Louis meeting, will go to Chicago for another conference.

Blankets and quilts. The largest assortment in the city at Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

U. S. Weather Bureau Notes.

Forecast for New Mexico: Fair tonight and Tuesday.

Yesterday the thermometer registered as follows: Maximum temperature, 53 degrees, at 3:10 p. m.; minimum, 34 degrees, at 7:00 a. m. The mean temperature for the 24 hours was 44 degrees; mean daily humidity, 28 per cent.

Saturday the thermometer registered as follows: Maximum temperature, 52 degrees, at 1:55 p. m.; minimum, 28 degrees, at 6:00 a. m. The mean temperature for the 24 hours was 40 degrees; mean daily humidity, 29 per cent.

Malt-Nutrine

is prepared at our brewery and is guaranteed unequalled in quality, purity and medicinal virtue.

Do you know where all the ladies purchase their stylish millinery at lowest eastern prices? Why in that old Cartwright corner at Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. T. B. Catron expects to leave tonight for a visit to Chicago and New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Potter were in Albuquerque Sunday.

Benito Lujan and family, of Pojoaque, are in the city visiting friends.

County Commissioner J. T. McLaughlin arrived from San Pedro this forenoon to attend a meeting of the board of penitentiary commissioners of which he is a member.

Mrs. A. Walker arrived home Saturday evening from a very enjoyable visit to relatives at Fort Madison, Iowa.

Vicar General Anthony Fourchegu spent the day at La Cienega.

Mrs. F. P. Crichton is expected home from Philadelphia Wednesday evening.

Mrs. M. S. Groves spent yesterday in the capital. She returned home to Española this morning.

F. H. Pierce, of Las Vegas, is in the capital to attend the meeting of the penitentiary commissioners.

Juan Navarro, of Mora, arrived in the capital yesterday to attend a meeting of the board of penitentiary commissioners to open bids and to award contracts for supplies.

Colonel J. Francisco Chaves came to the capital from Progresso yesterday to attend the meeting of the board of penitentiary commissioners to-day.

Mrs. Harry W. Stevens, who has been critically ill, is on the road to recovery, and unless an unforeseen relapse occurs she will be out in about two weeks.

Louis Baer, one of the penitentiary commissioners and a prosperous Albuquerque merchant, arrived this morning to attend a meeting of the penitentiary commission.

L. H. Whitcomb, manager of the American Mica Mining and Milling Company, of Cleveland, O., who spent a week in this city, left this morning for the east.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Brady, who are on their wedding tour, were in the capital and left for El Paso, where they will visit Mr. Brady's mother and brother. They were entertained at dinner at the sanitarium. The dining table was beautifully decorated in their honor.

Frank Becker, a prosperous merchant at Santa Cruz, is in the capital on a business visit.

Mr. Becker says that the crops around Santa Cruz were total failures, but that so far everybody managed to make a living, but the outlook for the winter is blue. He left for home this afternoon.

FOUND DEAD.

Blind Beggar Died of Heart Disease on the Street.

A blind beggar, known as "Nerio," was found dead yesterday morning near his hovel, not far from the federal building. Constable Francisco Anaya notified Justice of the Peace Jesus Maria Garcia, who at once empaneled a jury and held an inquest. The jury consisted of Alberto Garcia, Acension Rodriguez, Eusebio Atencio and A. R. Gibson. The verdict of the jury was that the deceased came to his death through heart disease. Dr. Massie and another physician, who later examined the body at Wagner's morgue, came to the same conclusion.

No one knew the right name of the man, though once he said that it was Francisco Hernandez, and that he came from the Philippine islands. He was a well-known character in the city. He was half-witted and blind, and groped his way along the streets with a long cane. He was found with his face downward, and showed no signs of a death struggle. Eight witnesses, who testified before the coroner's jury, claimed that they had seen him alive but a short time before he was found. Upon his body he had a satchel, in which was found \$44 in American money and \$29 in Mexican money, mostly in small change. His hovel was found to be in a terribly filthy condition. As far as is known, the dead man has no relatives. The money found on his body was turned over to Sheriff H. C. Kinsell.

French Tansy Waters, the world's famous remedy for irregular and painful periods of ladies; are never failing and safe. Married ladies' friend. French Tansy Waters are the only reliable female remedy in the world; imported from Paris; take nothing else, but insist on genuine; in red wrappers with crown trade mark. Le France Drug Company, importers, 108 Turk St., San Francisco. For sale by Fischer & Co., sole agents for Santa Fe.

At the Hotels.

At the Claire: A. Richards, New York; Ed. A. Sackett, Denver; H. H. Hankins, Cimarron; T. W. Bowerson and wife, Chicago; Dr. P. J. Seabourne, Philadelphia; D. C. Baldwin, Colorado Springs; W. M. Williams, Denver; Geo. B. Brady and wife, Brazos; J. M. James, Madrid; Mr. Gilmour, Winsors; F. Gregory, Boston; F. H. Pierce, East Las Vegas; C. C. Giese, East Las Vegas; Mrs. George A. Freeman, Buffalo; J. A. Garcia, Ed. Hysell, Albuquerque.

At the Exchange: H. L. Kuntz, Del Norte; A. D. McCoy, Durango; G. T. Fenny, New York; Thomas Watts, Alfred Bentley, Madrid; Antonio Montoya, Progresso; Juan Navarro, Mora; W. Morris, Denver; Frank Becker, Santa Cruz.

At the Palace: Fred A. Irwin, Detroit; C. E. Perry, M. D., Taos; Carl H. Well, Chicago; Samuel Plummer, Taos; W. T. S. Catem, San Francisco; Ed Quinn, Gallup.

Territorial Funds.

Territorial Treasurer Vaughn to-day received the following sums of territorial money: Compilation fund, \$8.50; J. L. Perea, collector of Bernalillo county, \$404.54 of 1898 taxes, of which \$250.10 is for territorial purposes and \$73.23 for territorial institutions. Also, \$147.08 of 1895 taxes. From Fred Muller, collector of Santa Fe county, 1898 taxes \$11.13, 1895 taxes \$5.51, 1898 taxes \$42.36, of which \$26.12 is for territorial purposes and \$7.61 for territorial institutions. From the First National Bank, Roswell, \$37.48, interest on deposits.

"A HEART AS TURBID AS AN OAK."

But what about the blood which the heart must pump at the rate of 70 times a minute? If the heart is to be sturdy and the nerves strong this blood must be rich and pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes sturdy hearts because it makes good blood. It gives to men and women strength, confidence, courage and endurance.

HOOD'S PILLS are non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CLOSING OUT SALE

Of the balance of my stock of Ladies' and Misses Underwear, Hosiery, Waists, Suits, Baby Dresses, Underclothes, Etc. Miss A. Mugler, southeast corner plaza.

Ladies' hosiery, all wool hose at 20 cents per pair; double fleece lined worth 35 cents per pair in any retail store in Chicago, we sell at 25 cents per pair. Ladies' cotton hose worth 25 cents, we sell them at 15 cents per pair. Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

HENRY KRICK,
SOLE AGENT FOR

Lemp's St. Louis Beer.

ALL KINDS OF MINERAL WATER.

The trade supplied from one bottle to a carload. Mail orders promptly filled.

Guadalupe St. Santa Fe

JACOB WELTMER
Books and Stationery

PERIODICALS
SCHOOL BOOKS,
SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

Stationery Sundries, Etc.
Books not in stock ordered at eastern prices, and subscriptions received for all periodicals.

The Exchange Hotel,
Best Located Hotel in City.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop

\$1.50 PER DAY. \$2

Special rates by the Week or Month. Rooms and board, without extra charge.

Santa Fe Railway Connections.

Under the new schedule which took effect on the Santa Fe Sunday, November 5, trains will leave Santa Fe as follows:

Connection for No. 22 eastbound from El Paso, and the California limited, No. 3 westbound, will leave Santa Fe at 8:00 a. m. daily.

Number 3, running only on Mondays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays, returning arrive at Santa Fe at 10:35 a. m.

Numbers 1 and 17 connection for El Paso and California, leave Santa Fe at 4:10 p. m. daily returning arrive at Santa Fe, 7:20 p. m.

Connection for No. 2 from California and for the "Chicago limited" No. 4 leaves Santa Fe at 11:50 p. m. daily. No. 4 running only on Sundays, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Men's, ladies' and children's underwear in great variety at Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

The Claire is the only brick hotel, new building, elegantly furnished, in the heart of the city, electric lights, fine office on ground floor, free sample rooms, first-class dining room, special rates and attention to commercial men.

FRED D. MICHAEL, Proprietor.
Santa Fe, N. M.

Fifty doz. ladies' vests worth 40 cents per garment anywhere, we offer them at 30 cents each. It's a bargain. Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

G. C. Berlieth, manufacturer of tin, copper and iron ware. Roofing and guttering a specialty. San Francisco street, John Hampel's old stand. All tin roofing guaranteed for ten years.

Pecos Valley Railway Changes.
Don D. Donahue has been appointed general auditor of the Pecos system, vice E. P. Draper, resigned. Loss and damage, freight claims and overcharge claims will hereafter be handled by the general auditor.

E. W. Martindell, has been appointed acting general freight and passenger agent, vice Don D. Donahue, transferred. Headquarters at Amarillo, Tex.

Traveler for Arizona and New Mexico to sell Groceries and hotels, must be an energetic salesman. International Table Supply Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Mocha and Java Coffee a specialty at the Bon-Ton.

LAS VEGAS STEAM LAUNDRY,
W. J. SLAUGHTER, Agent.

Orders taken at Slaughter's barber shop, south side of plaza.

Basket leaves at 3:30 o'clock on Tuesdays and returns on Friday night; laundry ready for delivery Saturday morning. No extra freight or delivery charges.

The Las Vegas Steam Laundry makes a specialty of fine laundry work, and its work is first class in all particulars.

J. MURALTER, Merchant Tailor.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER—FIT GUARANTEED
Cleaning and Repairing.
East Side of Plaza.
Low Prices. Elegant Work.

ALBUQUERQUE STEAM LAUNDRY,
GEO. F. AMBROSE, Agt.

Leave orders at Kerr's barber shop. Basket leaves Tuesday at 3:30 o'clock and returns on Friday. We pay all express charges.

The Sign of the RED LIGHT

WEST SIDE OF PLAZA.
CALLS ATTENTION TO
"OUR PLACE."

Here business is conducted on Business Principles. Here can be obtained Strictly First Class Goods in the form of Liquid Refreshments and Cigars.

W. R. PRIOR, Proprietor.

Crescent Bicycles!

Chainless \$50 and \$60.

Chain \$25 and \$35.

BICYCLE REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS.

I have employed an Expert Mechanic and Safe Man who can make any repairs needed on Safes, Guns, Typewriters, Cash Registers, Sewing Machines, and any Light Machinery.

FINE GUNSMITHING A SPECIALTY!

E. S. ANDREWS.