

3-11-1899

## Santa Fe New Mexican, 03-11-1899

New Mexican Printing Company

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## Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.	
Daily, per week, by carrier.	25
Daily, per month, by carrier.	1.00
Daily, three months, by mail.	2.00
Daily, six months, by mail.	4.00
Daily, one year, by mail.	7.50
Weekly, per month.	25
Weekly, per quarter.	75
Weekly, six months.	1.00
Weekly, per year.	2.00

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

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Wanted.—One cent a word each insertion. Local.—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local.—Preferred position.—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed.—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of a copy of matter to be inserted.

SATURDAY, MARCH 11.

Four more days, Gentlemen of the Assembly. You have done well so far, and now keep up the good record.

Our more or less esteemed contemporary over in the Meadow city is again worrying about The New Mexican. Just so.

Under the Duncan revenue law the time for paying all delinquent taxes is extended until May 1, next. That extension seems to be a very liberal one. Too much of a good thing is not good policy, especially when it comes to paying taxes.

The annual report of Chief Engineer George W. Melville, of the United States navy, has made a profound impression upon foreign naval authorities who have been republishing copious extracts from it for the benefit of their own engineer officers. The American chief engineer is generally regarded as the ablest naval engineer in the world.

The Sultan of Turkey is real angry. The Krupps have refused to deliver to his highness any more guns until those already in use in the Turkish army have been paid for, and the ruler of the faithful Kaiser, that after all he has done for Kaiser William, he is being treated in a shabby manner. The Sultan has not learned that it takes money to buy munitions of war from the "infidels" of Europe.

El Paso wants 400 New Mexico delegates to attend its convention to start the movement for a new state, to be composed of southern New Mexico, western Texas and southeastern Arizona, with El Paso as the capital. Of course it does. El Paso knows which side its bread is buttered on. Four hundred to 500 delegates in town for a few days would spend lots of money and that would be a good thing for El Paso. "Seed" as Chinmille Fadden says.

The trouble with Admiral Von Diederich, of the German squadron at Manila, seems to have been his lack of information on international naval usages in delicate situations, something on which Dewey has long been fully posted. Consequently, the German commander continued his naval movements, drill and search light practice as though he were not in a blockaded port, thus naturally making the American commander suspicious. Von Diederich has learned a lesson or two, however, at considerable cost to his pride, for he has been superseded by the emperor's brother, and threatens to officially disappear from sight.

The need of the Nicaragua canal by the United States is forcibly illustrated by the fact that in addition to the heavy tolls General Lawton had to pay for his ships passing through the Suez canal, he had also to pay \$2 head money for every soldier of the 1,600 on board the transport Grant. But then, the boys must have enjoyed that canal trip, perched all over the upper decks and rigging of the great ship, and watched in the distance the mighty pyramids of Egypt, and the shore scenes of the civilization of forty centuries. Not a man on that vessel will ever forget the trip.

The sensation which a Las Vegas newspaper has sprung on the anti-conspiracy bill now pending in the assembly is assuming wonderful proportions and to rival Jumbo as a circus attraction. Those who have known about the matter for the past six months and realize the utter absurdity of a proposition to connect a certain prominent citizen with the matter, do not wonder that someone is trying to give it publicity and clean his soiled skirts. If there is any "sensation" about it those who are decidedly interested will be glad to have the astute sensationalist disclose it. The grand finale and super-calendared denouement is liable after all, to prove another Optical delusion.

In order that there may be no misapprehension relative to the bill which was introduced yesterday in the council relative to the so-called militia warrants, which was tabled, it may be well to state that the bill made no provision whatever for the payment of the warrants. The bill was doubtless a good one for the parties interested, and it worked no hardship on the territory, but the mere mention of militia warrants in the legislature is equivalent to shaking a red rag at a bull and in consequence resulted in the defeat of the measure. It provided that persons holding militia warrants should present the same to the District court for approval and that they should pay to the court one-half of 1 per cent at the time that the claim was presented. A ref-

eree was to be appointed, whose salary should be paid from the original fee imposed, and if the claim was allowed the subpoena, docket and return fees were to be paid from the further assessment of one-half of 1 per cent. The approval of the District court merely validated the just claims and it remained for the next legislature to provide for a means of paying the same and memorialize congress to refund the money to the territory, in case the claims were paid. It involved no obligation whatever on the territory at this time, and would not, unless an assurance were made that the money would be returned to the territory. The bill was introduced by Hon. T. B. Catron.

### What American Ideas Will Do.

George Kennan, the noted Siberian traveler, is writing a series of Cuban articles for a New York magazine that will prove interesting reading. Mr. Kennan speaks of his return to Santiago de Cuba, and the marvelous changes for the better he is noting there. When he left six months previous, the city was reeking in the fith of decades, the streets were used as common dumping grounds for garbage and slops of all kinds, and the whole city was as nasty a mess as any civilized being was ever made sick over. Now all is changed. Every street has become clean, sweet and inviting, roadways have been paved, a fine boulevard encircles the city, and if any venturesome householder dumps his refuse into the streets, there is a general howl of indignation, where there was utter apathy and indifference before, and the offender is at once complained of to the officer in charge of the "White Wings." Moreover, Mr. Kennan noticed that where the Cuban young women were formerly wont to use a distinctive Cuban dress and never venture out without chaperones, they now are sporting American shirt waists, discarding the companionship of chaperones, and are even coming to accept the public escort of American officers and young men. The boys about the streets are picking up Americans, and "Shine 'em up, Boss! Only 5 cents," is frequently heard from local youth. One thing that in particular impressed Mr. Kennan is that the crowd of boys and young people who invariably are present at the daily lowering of the flag at sunset at the camp of the 5th infantry, always remove their hats and caps for the time, out of respect for the flag, as the ensign came fluttering down to the strains of "The Star Spangled Banner" from the band. The people down in the country have learned to respect the American flag, and the evolutions of the garrison of regulars stationed there are ever watched with interest if not awe.

One Sunday afternoon, Mr. Kennan was startled by hearing from the windows of a large mansion the familiar strains of, "What a friend we have in Jesus." He lost no time in investigating, and ascertained that the Southern Baptist Association of the United States had established a large and successful mission in Santiago, and the voices came from over 300 people of all ages who had united with that denomination there and had organized a church. Mr. Kennan says he is convinced from the rapidity and success with which the Evangelical Protestant faith has taken hold in Cuba, that it is destined to play a very important part in the development of the island. The public schools, too, are proving a remarkable success, so that it is impossible to accommodate the vast number of children who are applying for admission. It is needless to say that the schools are conducted—not in the Spanish, but on the American plan. Under General Wood's most able administration the whole city had undergone a remarkable regeneration, which is evident everywhere. In the purchase of provisions by government officers after the city was captured, merchants offered on the quiet to make out their bills larger than the actual price paid, so that the purchasing officer might pocket a nice little sum. That was the Spanish way of doing things. There is none of that now, and a straightforward manner of commercial dealings obtains in business transactions, whether the government is interested or not.

Mr. Kennan is a very acute and keen observer, as might be expected from so distinguished and experienced a traveler, and his narratives published from week to week will be watched for with great interest.

### A Serious Situation.

According to the Democratic papers of the country, the nation is in grave peril, and the seriousness of the situation is greatly enhanced by reason of having a Republican administration in power. The sentiment on this momentous question is expressed in the following words taken from one of the advocates of so-called Jeffersonian Democracy:

"Never has the country been in more danger than it is now, and now is the time for the true friends of liberty to prepare to avert a conspiracy tended to overthrow the mighty bulwarks of this nation. The Democratic party is today recognized as the only safe political party that exists, and to its hands the safety of the nation can be entrusted."

Since 1856 the "safety" of the United States has been entrusted to the Democratic party but twice, and the history of those two experiments is too well known to need any repetition. In the past decade the Democratic party has added to its questionable fame by taking up a number of fallacies regarding finances, taxation, and government which, while popular among its members a few years ago, have now lost their charm; their utter worthlessness has been proven by experience, and the voter who feels that the country is in such danger as to warrant placing the Democratic party in power has certainly failed to profit by the hard times and trials of the last Cleveland administration, when every department of the government was in the hands of Democrats,

## Col. Venceslao Jaramillo,

Member of the House of Representatives of the 33d Legislative Assembly from Rio Arriba County.

Colonel Venceslao Jaramillo, who ably represents the people of Rio Arriba county in the house of the present legislature, was born in El Rito, N. M., February 19, 1875, and is a member of one of the oldest and most influential families in the territory. His grandfather, Jose Pablo Gallagos, was one of the pioneers of northern New Mexico, a man of great strength of character, and influential in shaping the development and advancement of New Mexico during his life time. The colonel's father, Pedro Y. Jaramillo, was also a man of great influence in the territory, and was a member of the legislature for many years.



Colonel Jaramillo attended St. Michael's college in Santa Fe, the University of Notre Dame, Indiana, and the Sacred Heart college in Denver. At the age of 16 years he was called upon to take charge of his father's business, and so successful has been his management that today he is at the head of one of the largest business concerns in New Mexico. Aside from the mercantile establishment under his supervision, he has charge of extensive live stock interests, and the business of his father's estate and that of his own creation, is rapidly increasing and spreading.

In November, 1896, when but 21 years of age, he was elected by the Republicans of Rio Arriba county to represent them in the house of the 33d legislative assembly, and in the session he made an excellent record for himself. On August 26, 1897, he was appointed by Governor Otero as a member of the staff with the rank of colonel, and that position he has filled with dignity and modesty, reflecting credit upon the governor's understanding of men and his judgment of abilities. Last year, when the campaign opened, Colonel Jaramillo was again nominated for representative in the legislature, and he was elected by a large majority. In the present session he has been one of the leaders on the floor of the house, and proven himself a valuable and tireless legislator. On the alert for the interests of the territory, anxious that none but good and needed laws should be enacted, Colonel Jaramillo has aided in no slight measure in shaping legislation, and the people of his county have every reason to be proud of their representative.

Colonel Jaramillo is now a member of the territorial board of equalization, having received his appointment from Governor Otero on February 10. It is needless to say that his duties on that board will receive the same attention which is given to private business matters, and his services on the board will receive the commendation of every tax payer in the territory. On July 27, 1908, Colonel Jaramillo was married to Miss Cleodias Martinez, a very pretty and accomplished young lady, of Taos county, and a member of one of the oldest and most prominent families of New Mexico.

The calamity howlers, who see the wreck of the nation in the near future, have so far failed to present a bill of particulars, in order that the people may know in what manner this great danger of the "overthrow of the bulwarks of liberty" may be averted. Perhaps the death of free trade is to bring about the awful catastrophe, although the wonderful prosperity of the country under the Dingley tariff law would seem to cast a reasonable doubt over that point. The much dreaded "imperialism" of which so much has been heard since the sinking of Admiral Montojo's fleet in the bay at Manila, may be regarded by the country-saving Democrats, as the straw which is to smash liberty into smithereens and leave nothing but a hole in the ground where is now situated the United States; or who knows but the failure of Colonel Bryan to be elected two years ago may bring about the final windup of this nation as a punishment for ingratitude to the "kunnel" for herculean efforts to save his country.

The unceremonious manner of the Democrats, in digging a grave for the country, every time their party is defeated in an election, portends an untimely ending for everything mundane so far as the Americans are concerned, and unless something can be done almost at once to break that reprehensible habit of throwing all the nervous men into a state of utter collapse without warning, the flower of American citizenship will become decrepit before its time and voters will become so scarce that elections can no longer be held. Truly, the country has reached the parting of the ways—for the Democrats.

### Encourage Home Enterprise.

(Albuquerque Journal-Democrat.) In considering the proposed legislation in regard to building and loan associations, the legislature should remember that it is always bad policy to discriminate against home enterprise. We have taken for our local laws to prefer them over our local associations. A local building and loan association is merely a cooperative home building society, which puts it within the power of almost every poor man to get a home of his own by paying only a trifle more per month—and frequently not any more—than he would otherwise have to pay for rent. It is possible that the outside associations may be just as good in this regard as the local associations, but it is certain they are no better, and that being the case, business, like charity, should begin at home. Everything that helps our local institutions helps to build up the territory and thus benefits all of us, but whatever we contribute to the building up of institutions in other states is clear loss to our own people. Let us stand by one another.

As to Jo. E. Sheridan.

(Raton Range.) Governor Otero is commended by the good people everywhere in the territory for his selection of Colonel Jo. E.

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ARTHUR BOYLE, W. M.  
J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1. R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.  
ADDISON WALKER, H. P.  
ARTHUR SELLIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1. E. C. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.  
J. B. BRADY, E. C.  
ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

#### I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2. I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers always welcome.  
F. C. WESLEY, N. G.  
H. W. SEITZ, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 8. I. O. O. F.: Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriarchs welcome.  
NATE GOLDFORT, C. P.  
JOHN L. ZIMMERMAN, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBBEKAH LODGE No. 9. I. O. O. F.: Regular meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome.  
Miss HATTIE WAGNER, Noble Grand.  
Miss TESSIE CAILL, Secretary.

AZTELAN LODGE No. 3. I. O. O. F. meet every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome.  
C. E. BURTON, N. G.  
JOHN C. SEARS, Secretary.

#### K. O. F.

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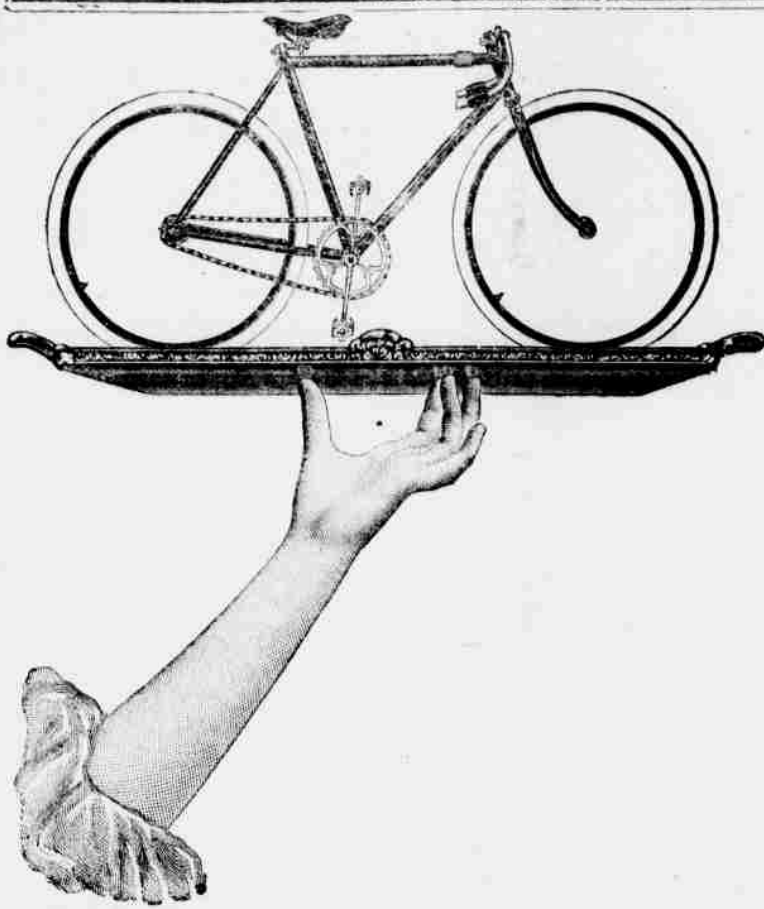
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## LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS

Much Business Transacted—Number of  
Bills Signed by the President of the  
Council and Speaker of the House—Full  
Proceedings of Yesterday's Sessions.

### THE COUNCIL.

MORNING SESSION, MARCH 10.

The council met pursuant to adjourn-  
ment, with the speaker in the chair.  
Mr. Richardson introduced C. B. No.  
135. An act for the protection of elk in  
the territory of New Mexico. The bill  
passed.

Mr. Bursum introduced C. B. No. 136.  
An act relating to the taxation of land  
grants. Ordered translated, printed and  
referred to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Catron introduced C. B. No. 137.  
An act to amend an act entitled, an act  
to amend an act entitled, militia, ap-  
proved Jan. 28, 1897, and for other pur-  
poses; the bill was tabled.

A message announced that the house  
had concurred in the passage of C. B.  
No. 69. An act declaring false entries in  
books of individuals, co-partnerships or  
corporations, or false statements made  
by any overseer, foreman, timekeeper,  
clerk, accountant or other agent or  
employee of any individual, co-partner-  
ship or corporation, to be forgery, and  
prescribing penalties therefor, with  
slight amendments; that it had passed  
house substitute for C. B. No. 115. An  
act to amend section 3777 of the Com-  
piled Laws of 1897, regarding certain  
qualifications of attorneys; that it had  
failed to concur in the passage of C. B. No.  
133. An act in reference to recognizances,  
bonds, stipulations required by the laws  
of New Mexico, but it had passed a sub-  
stitute in lieu of the same; that it had  
failed to concur in the passage of C. B.  
No. 75. An act amending the law in  
regard to certain land-grants, and failed  
to concur in the council amendments to H.  
B. No. 47, relating to the salary of the  
territorial librarian; that it had passed  
H. B. No. 93. An act relating to balls  
and public dances; also H. B. No. 91.  
An act to enable the heirs of deceased  
persons to ascertain whether or not the  
deceased had any money on deposit in  
banks, and to promote the escheating to  
the territory of unclaimed estates; and  
that it had passed substitute for H. B.  
No. 99. An act with reference to taxa-  
tion by municipal corporations.

Mr. Bursum introduced C. B. No. 138.  
An act to provide for and require the  
payment of certain indebtedness con-  
tracted by the former city of Las Vegas,  
now discontinued, in the years 1883  
and 1884. The bill passed.

Bills on second reading being in order,  
council substitute for house substitute  
for C. B. No. 45. An act in relation to  
the shipment of cattle, to provide for  
the inspection of the same and to repeal  
sections 211 and 221 of Compiled Laws  
of New Mexico, 1897, was taken up. The  
substitute passed.

H. B. No. 92. An act to enforce the  
building of school houses in the several  
school districts of the counties of the  
territory, was taken up, and passed as  
amended.

H. B. No. 72. An act to preserve the  
public health, was taken up. The  
amendments as offered by the committee  
were adopted and the bill passed.

C. B. No. 130. An act to enable inter-  
ested persons to pay the tax upon any  
particular item in a tax return and have  
such portion of the property relieved  
from the lien, was taken up and passed.

H. B. No. 131. An act to amend sec-  
tions 2937 and 2938 of the Compiled Laws  
of 1897, relating to exemption of per-  
sonal earnings, was passed.

C. B. No. 134. An act to define the  
grounds of challenge to jurors for cause  
in civil and criminal cases, triable in the  
district courts of the territory of New  
Mexico, was passed as amended.

Amended C. B. No. 131. An act relat-  
ing to the sale of coal oil and its prod-  
ucts, was re-committed to the commit-  
tee on finance.

Business on the president's table being  
in order, substitute for H. B. No. 99. An  
act in reference to taxation by municipal  
corporations, was referred to the  
committee on municipal and private cor-  
porations.

Upon motion of Mr. Richardson, the  
council took a recess until 2:30 p. m.

### AFTERNOON SESSION.

Council met pursuant to recess with  
the president in the chair.

A message from the governor an-  
nounced that he had signed the follow-  
ing bills and resolutions: C. J. R. No. 3,  
regarding forest reserves in the territory;  
C. J. R. No. 9, regarding Mrs. Catt  
and Mrs. Hay; C. B. No. 96, An act to  
provide funds for the capital building,  
etc.; C. B. No. 12. An act to amend sec-  
tions 3818, 3829, 3849 and 3856 of the  
Compiled Laws of the territory of New  
Mexico, of 1897, with reference to rail-  
roads; C. J. M. No. 4, in reference to  
federal aid for building and construction  
of reservoirs and canals in the terri-  
tory of New Mexico; C. B. No. 41, An  
act concerning elections of county com-  
missioners; C. B. No. 31, An act to en-  
courage the establishment of parks, etc.;  
C. B. No. 83. An act to repeal sections  
3409 and to amend section 3420 of the  
Compiled Laws of 1897, regarding stay  
of executions; and C. B. No. 46, to pro-  
tect the sheep industry.

Business on the president's table being  
in order, C. B. No. 69. An act declaring  
false entries in books of individuals, co-

partnerships or corporations, or false  
statements made by any overseer, fore-  
man, timekeeper, clerk, bookkeeper,  
accountant or other agent or employee  
of any individual, co-partnership or cor-  
poration, to be forgery and prescribing  
penalties therefor, was taken up. The  
council concurred in the house amend-  
ments.

H. B. No. 91. An act to enable the  
heirs of deceased persons to ascertain  
whether or not the deceased had any  
money on deposit in bank and to pro-  
mote the escheating to the territory or  
unclaimed estates, was referred to the  
committee on finance.

H. B. No. 93. An act relating to balls  
and public dances, was referred to the  
committee on territorial affairs.

House substitute for C. B. No. 13. An  
act in reference to recognizances, bonds,  
stipulations, required by the laws of  
New Mexico, and for other purposes,  
was referred to the committee on judi-  
ciary.

House substitute for C. B. No. 115. An  
act to promote the administration of  
justice, was passed.

A message announced that the house  
had passed H. J. R. No. 13, appropriat-  
ing \$125.30 to pay the incidental ex-  
penses of members of the house in  
visiting the various territorial institu-  
tions.

C. B. No. 89, an act to repeal, amend  
and harmonize certain sections of the  
Compiled Laws of 1897, etc., was made  
a special order for the following day, im-  
mediately after the reading of the jour-  
nal.

C. B. No. 99, an act to simplify and  
cheapen the transfer and hypothecation  
of real estate, was passed.

C. B. No. 135. An act relating to  
practice in the Supreme and District  
courts, and for other purposes, was  
passed.

C. B. No. 131. An act relating to the  
sale of coal oil and its products, upon  
recommendation of the committee on  
finance, was passed.

H. J. R. No. 13. Relating to the ex-  
penses of committees who investigated  
the territorial institutions, was passed.

With unanimous consent, Mr. Rich-  
ardson introduced C. B. No. 139. An act  
for the protection of the fruit interests  
and fruit growers in the territory of  
New Mexico, which was read in full and  
passed.

The council then adjourned.

### THE HOUSE.

MORNING SESSION, MARCH 10.

The house met pursuant to adjourn-  
ment, with the speaker in the chair.  
H. B. No. 8. An act creating a police  
force in the unincorporated towns and  
county seats in New Mexico, was a  
special order for 10 o'clock, and the amend-  
ments offered by the committee were  
read.

A message from the council was an-  
nounced stating that the council had  
passed C. B. No. 115. An act authorizing  
boards of county commissioners to  
change the names of unincorporated  
towns, villages and settlements; C. B.  
No. 133. An act prohibiting mayordomos  
of acacias from taking or caring for  
lands or alfalfa under irrigation during  
their term of office; that it had con-  
curred in house substitute for H. B. No.  
75. An act relating to pawn brokers,  
with a slight amendment; and house  
substitute for H. B. No. 67. An act for  
the protection of stock raisers and to  
prevent butchers from paying a com-  
pensation for the robbery of stock, and  
asked concurrence in the same.

The house went into the committee of  
the whole, with Mr. Kilpatrick in the  
chair, to consider H. B. No. 8. An act  
creating a police force in the unincor-  
porated towns and county seats. After  
the committee had arisen the bill was  
placed on its passage and passed as  
amended. On motion of Mr. Barnes,  
the title of the bill was changed to read,  
"An act creating a police force in certain  
unincorporated towns in the territory of  
New Mexico."

Reports of standing committees were  
received and ordered to take the regular  
course of business.

The following bills were introduced:  
H. B. No. 139, by Hon. A. D. Mc-  
Intosh, an act to amend section 191 of  
the Compiled Laws of 1897, relating to  
stock. Ordered translated, printed and  
referred to the committee on stock and  
stock raising.

H. J. R. No. 13, by Hon. Frank  
Staplin, relating to the payment of the  
expenses of investigating committees,  
was taken up and passed.

Under the order of bills and joint res-  
olutions on third reading the following  
were taken up for consideration:

Council Substitute for H. B. No. 54.  
An act to amend section 2290 and to re-  
peal sections 2300, 2310, 2312, 2314 and  
2315 of the Compiled Laws of 1897, relat-  
ing to mining claims. Report of the  
committee was adopted and the sub-  
stitute concurred in.

H. B. No. 133. An act in relation to  
public highways and providing for the  
maintenance of same, and for the repeal  
of sections 1831, 1832, 1833 and 1834, of  
the Compiled Laws of New Mexico of  
1897. Amendments offered by the com-  
mittee were adopted and the bill was  
passed.

The following bills were taken up  
under the order of business on the  
speaker's table:

C. B. No. 112. An act authorizing  
county commissioners to change the  
names of unincorporated towns, villages,  
and settlements. Referred to the com-  
mittee on territorial affairs.

C. B. No. 133. An act prohibiting may-  
ordomos of acacias from taking or  
caring for any lands or alfalfa under ir-  
rigation during their term of office. Re-  
ferred to the committee on irrigation.

Substitute for H. B. No. 75. An act  
relating to pawn brokers. Referred to  
the committee on finance.

Substitute for H. B. No. 67. An act  
for the protection of stock raisers and to  
prevent butchers from paying a com-  
pensation for the robbery of stock. Re-  
ferred to the committee on stock and  
stock raising.

On motion of Mr. Kilpatrick, the house  
took a recess until 2 p. m.

### AFTERNOON SESSION.

The house met pursuant to recess with  
the speaker in the chair.

Reports of standing committees were  
received and ordered to lie on the table  
to come up in their regular order.

A message from the council was an-  
nounced, stating that the council had  
concurred in H. B. No. 31. An act to  
amend sections 2937 and 2938 of the  
Compiled Laws of 1897, concerning cer-  
tain titles to real estate; H. B. No. 72,  
An act to preserve the public health,  
with a slight amendment; H. B. No. 99,  
An act relating to municipal corpora-  
tions; and had passed council substitute  
for house substitute for C. B. No. 45.  
An act in relation to the shipment of  
cattle and inspection of hides; C. B. No.  
130. An act to enable interested persons  
to pay the tax upon any particular item  
in a tax return, and have such portion  
of the property relieved from the lien;  
C. B. No. 134. An act to define the  
grounds of challenge to jurors for cause  
in civil and criminal cases, triable in the  
district courts of the territory of New  
Mexico, C. B. No. 135, An act to amend  
section 191 of the Compiled Laws of New  
Mexico, and C. B. No. 138. An act to  
provide for and require the payment of  
certain indebtedness contracted by the  
former city of Las Vegas, now dis-

incorporated in the years of 1883 and  
1884, and asked the concurrence of the  
house in the same.

By unanimous consent, Mr. Barnes  
introduced H. B. No. 110. An act relat-  
ing to cities and incorporated towns with-  
in the territory of New Mexico. Or-  
dered translated, printed and referred  
to the committee on municipal corpora-  
tions.

On motion of Mr. Romero, the vote by  
which H. J. R. No. 13 was tabled in-  
definitely, was reconsidered and the res-  
olution passed.

On the suspension of the rules, house  
substitute for H. B. No. 67. An act for  
the protection of stock raisers and to  
prevent butchers encouraging the theft  
of stock, was taken up for consideration,  
and the amendments made by the coun-  
cil were concurred in.

A message from the governor was an-  
nounced, stating that the following bills  
had been signed and sent to the secre-  
tary of the territory: C. J. R. No. 3.  
Regarding forest reserves in the terri-  
tory; C. B. No. 9. Regarding Mrs. Catt  
and Mrs. Hay; C. B. No. 96. An act to  
provide funds for capital building,  
etc.; C. B. No. 12. An act to amend sec-  
tions Nos. 3818, 3829, 3846 and 3856, of  
the Compiled Laws of the territory of  
New Mexico, of 1897, with reference to  
railroads; C. J. M. No. 4. In reference  
to federal aid for building and construc-  
tion of reservoirs and canals in the terri-  
tory of New Mexico; C. B. No. 41. An  
act concerning elections of county com-  
missioners; C. B. No. 31. An act to en-  
courage the establishment of parks, etc.;  
C. B. No. 83. An act to repeal section  
3409, and to amend section 3420 of the  
Compiled Laws of 1897, regarding stay  
of execution; and C. B. No. 46. To pro-  
tect the sheep industry.

On suspension of the rules, H. B. No.  
102. An act to enforce the building of  
school houses in the several school dis-  
tricts of the counties of the territory,  
was taken up. The council amend-  
ments were concurred in.

H. B. No. 89. An act to repeal section  
1305, and to amend section 1306. Com-  
piled Laws of 1897, in regard to gam-  
bling, being the special order, it was tak-  
en up and tabled indefinitely.

The house then adjourned.

## LEGISLATIVE GOSSIP.

Mr. Guyer's H. B. No. 102, for the  
creation of a preparatory school in Clay-  
ton, has passed the house.

Yesterday was the last day of the ses-  
sion in which bills can be introduced in  
the council, except by unanimous con-  
sent.

The special order of yesterday, H. B.  
No. 89, to abolish gambling in the terri-  
tory, was taken up yesterday afternoon  
and tabled indefinitely.

Council visitors yesterday "were" Mr.  
G. A. Richardson, the Misses Mander-  
field, Mrs. Tipton, Miss Donahue, Mrs.  
Watson and Mrs. Utt.

H. J. R. No. 13, to provide for the pay-  
ment of \$125 to members of investigat-  
ing committees, has passed the council  
and is ready for executive approval.

C. B. No. 131, relating to the sale of  
coal oil and providing for a commerce  
commission to look after the same, has  
passed the council. The house will have  
a whack at it next Monday.

The house has concurred in the coun-  
cil amendments to house substitute for  
H. B. No. 67, for the prevention of the  
sale of dressed meat to butchers, and the  
bill is now ready for the governor.

House substitute for C. B. No. 115, to  
prevent persons convicted of crime from  
defending others unless they bear a par-  
don from the president or governor,  
passed the council yesterday afternoon  
and is now ready for the governor's sig-  
nature.

C. B. No. 87, to repeal, amend and  
harmonize the statutes along lines sug-  
gested by the solicitor general, was laid  
over until today by the council, in order  
to permit Mr. Catron to add an amend-  
ment which will cover indexing the  
same.

The last bill introduced in the council  
under the ruling that it will require a  
suspension of the rules for the future in-  
troduction came from Hon. G. A. Rich-  
ardson and provides for the protection  
of the fruit interests of the territory  
against the codling moth.

THE BURSUM COAL OIL BILL.

The bill introduced in the council by  
Hon. H. O. Bursum, relative to restrict-  
ing companies who sell coal oil in the  
territory, provides that a board to be  
known as the Territorial Commerce  
Commission, shall be created which shall  
have jurisdiction to adopt lawful rules  
and regulations relative to the sale of  
coal oil. The commission is to be ap-  
pointed by the governor and shall serve  
for a period of two years without salary  
and free of expense to the territory, ex-  
cept for their actual necessary expenses  
incurred in attending meetings of the  
board. The commission is to consist of  
three members. No corporation, for-  
eign or domestic, shall have the right to  
sell at wholesale or retail, petroleum,  
coal oil, crude or refined, or gasoline in  
the territory until a license has been is-  
sued by the commission. No license  
shall be issued until the corporation has  
complied with the laws of the terri-  
tory authorizing it to do business. For  
the license the corporation shall pay \$50  
per annum, which sum is to be credited  
to the miscellaneous fund. Upon com-  
plaint of any citizen that the corpora-  
tion has been guilty of any violation of  
the provisions of the compiled Laws  
relative to corporations, a license  
granted shall be revoked. It is not nec-  
essary that any indictment be found to

determine the guilt of the corporation.  
If any corporation attempts to do busi-  
ness in the territory without having ob-  
tained a license, or, if after a license  
has been revoked, its agents shall be  
deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and  
fined not to exceed \$5,000 or imprison-  
ment not to exceed two years. Every  
person, firm or corporation entering into  
a contract to purchase or sell any of the  
products mentioned from a company  
which has no license or whose license  
has been revoked, shall be considered an  
agent of the corporation and subject to  
the penalties prescribed. The commis-  
sion shall have the power to inquire in-  
to the cost of production and transpor-  
tation of the products mentioned, and  
from time to time fix the minimum and  
maximum prices at which the same may  
be sold within the territory, and when-  
ever it shall appear that any corporation  
or its agents are selling such products  
at less than the minimum or more than  
the maximum price fixed, the license  
may be revoked. The bill passed the  
council yesterday afternoon.

TODAY'S BUSINESS.

In the house the special order for to-  
day was the bill for the erection of a  
dormitory in connection with the School  
of Mines at Socorro. It was taken up  
and tabled indefinitely.

A resolution was passed instructing the  
chief clerk to place the name of Domingo Ortega  
on the pay roll as house postmaster and  
pay him the sum of \$2 per day during  
the entire session. Council bill No. 81,  
to provide rewards for the arrest and  
conviction of persons of crimes, was  
tabled. The bill amending the act to  
complete the territorial capital building  
was passed and is ready for the gov-  
ernor. An attempt was made to call up  
Mr. Bursum's coal oil bill and pass the  
same, but the effort failed and the bill  
will take the regular course. The bill  
to provide for the taxation of land grants  
by making the tax lien secondary to the  
United States survey lien was passed and  
is now ready for the governor's signature.

H. B. No. 112. To protect secret order  
books by blacklisting by railways, was  
passed. The insurance bill was ta-  
bled indefinitely and a substitute sent  
back to the council which reestablishes  
the clause creating a department of in-  
surance and the office of insurance com-  
missioner. The amendments of the  
council to H. B. No. 99, which provides  
that incorporated towns shall not levy a  
special tax for improvements, except for  
the payment of past indebtedness, were  
concurred in, and the measure is now  
ready to become a law. A bill requiring  
the treasurer of the Chulita land grant  
to give bonds in the sum of \$1,500  
was passed. The bill to include  
fire and life insurance companies in  
the anti-trust law, was passed.

A petition from the citizens of White  
Oaks was read which protests against  
the separation of Lincoln, Chaves and  
Eddy counties for District court pur-  
poses and requests that a miner's hospi-  
tal be erected in that place, was read.  
A similar petition was previously in-  
troduced in the council. A bill was in-  
troduced by Hon. M. Valdez to create the  
office of river commissioner in each  
precinct of the county of Dona Ana  
neceding the same. The house refused  
to concur in the bill to protect the  
public health by providing compulsory  
vaccination and quarantine regulations,  
as amended by the council and a  
conference committee was asked for.  
The house concurred in the council  
amendments to the bill relieving un-  
patented mining claims from taxation  
for a period of one year after patent has  
been granted and the same is now a  
law.

In the council, C. B. No. 87, relating  
to duties of probate clerks, was passed.  
Mr. Chaves by unanimous consent, in-  
troduced a bill to correct a clerical error.  
In the Laws of 1897, relating to county  
clerks, the bill was passed. H. B. No.  
91, referring to estates of deceased  
persons was favorably reported. Mr.  
Martinez introduced a bill relating to  
liens and mortgages, which was re-  
ferred to the committee on judiciary.  
C. B. No. 142, relating to salaries of  
probate clerks in first-class counties,  
passed; this bill slightly increases the  
salaries of the probate clerks in Bernal-  
illo and San Miguel counties. House bill  
No. 91, relating to estates of deceased  
persons, was referred to the judiciary  
committee. Council adjourned until  
Monday morning.

Letter List.

List of letters remaining uncalled for  
in the postoffice at Santa Fe, N. M., for  
the week ending March 11, 1898. If not  
called for within two weeks, will be sent  
to the dead letter office at Washington:

Dominquez, Loreto. Romero, Rafael.  
McIntosh, Clara. Rodriguez, Porfirio.  
English, Richard. Rodriguez, Encarnacion.  
Garcia, Genie. Rodriguez, Benito.  
Holmes, George. Stark, E. A.  
Hickley, Martin. Salazar, Sofia.  
Lewis, Ella. Tidwell, Chas.  
Martinez, Marcelina. Trujillo, Jose S.  
Ortiz, Francisco. Vigil, Cruz.

In calling please say advertised and  
give the date.

SIMON NUBRAUM,  
Postmaster.

Fresh Parke, Davis & Co.'s vaccine  
just received at Fischer & Co's.

For Rent.

Six rooms to rent in Gildersleeve resi-  
dence, upper Palace avenue. Inquire  
at residence or office of Geo. W. Knaebel.

Have You Tried Them?

If you haven't it isn't too late now.  
Go to the Bon-Ton restaurant, where they  
put up the finest, 25c meal in the city.

Notaries' Records.

The New Mexican Printing company  
has on sale blank records for the use of  
notaries public, with the chapter of the  
compiled laws governing notaries, printed  
in the front. Will be delivered at any  
postoffice or express office on receipt of  
\$1.25.