

9-21-1898

Santa Fe New Mexican, 09-21-1898

New Mexican Printing Company

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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 35.

SANTA FE, N. M., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1898.

NO. 161.

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN - President.

J. H. VAUGHN Cashier

TELEPHONE 88.

(Residence Over Store)

Charles Wagner, DEALER IN ALL STYLES OF BURIAL CASES AND COFFINS

Calls will receive prompt attention day or night from
S. B. Warner, funeral director and practical embalmer.

Lower Frisco St - Santa Fe, N. M.

First-Class in all Particulars

-The Palace Hotel- WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited

WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY

J. R. Hudson, THE PIONEER MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELER

Watches, Clocks, Optical Goods and Notions
SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES.
SANTA FE NEW MEXICO

MISS A. MUGLER EVERYTHING FIRST CLASS MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

Southeast Corner of Plaza.

The Exchange Hotel,

Best Located Hotel in City.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$1.50 PER DAY. \$2

Special rates by the Week or Month for Table Board, with or without room.

S. E. Corner of Plaza.

Las Vegas Steam Laundry.

Leave orders at Slaughter's barbershop. Baskets leave Tuesday and return on Friday. We pay all express charges.

G. F. AMBROSE, AGENT.

HENRY KRICK,

SOLE AGENT FOR

Lemp's St. Louis Beer.

ALL KINDS OF MINERAL WATER

Guadalupe St - Santa Fe

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT

Dust Explosion in Toledo Elevator
Resulted in a Dozen Deaths--
Loss, \$500,000.

CAME WITHOUT WARNING

Elevator People Were Filling An Order for 80,000 Bushels of Oats at the Time. from An Immense Stock on Hand.

Toledo, O., Sept. 21.—A dust explosion in the great elevator of the Union Elevator & Transportation Company last evening, resulted in the death of most of the employees in the structure and a money loss exceeding \$500,000. There were 450,000 bushels of wheat, corn and oats in store, and the entire force was at work shipping an order for 80,000 bushels of oats.

The roof was thrown 100 feet; the sides of the buildings were all thrown outward, and every part of the wreck was instantly a mass of flames. The killed are: Grace Parks, aged 19, daughter of Superintendent W. J. Parks; John Carr, shoveler; Fred Garrett, shoveler; Everett Smith, machinist; two unknown shovelers.

The following are missing and are believed to have been burned inside the building: Frank Van Hoesen, grain inspector; Samuel Alexander, weigher; Harold Parks, aged 6, son of Superintendent W. J. Parks; Charles Keefe, engineer.

Death of Captain Worden.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 21.—Captain C. A. Worden, Company E, 7th Infantry, died today at Fort Logan from exposure in the Santiago campaign. He was 52 years old, and had been with the 7th Infantry 30 years.

Captain Worden was born in New York and graduated from West Point on July 1, 1867, and was assigned to the 7th Infantry as 2nd Lieutenant June 14, 1872; promoted to 1st Lieutenant March 20, 1879, and to captain July 10, 1891.

A SPANISH BACK DOWN.

The Comal Will After All Be Permitted to Land Her Supplies on Cuban Soil.

New York, Sept. 21.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: Captain Page, of General Butler's staff, and Lieutenant Reed, of General Wade's staff, have started for Matanzas to investigate the condition of that province, apropos of a reported violation of the protocol. There are repeated reports that Rodriguez, the insurgent commander near Havana, sent 1,000 troops from this province to re-enforce those under Betancourt, commander of the Matanzas province. The Spanish contention that it is impossible to admit the cargo of the Comal free of duties is relinquished on the ground that the precedent has been found in a previous similar remission by the government.

The Spanish are opposed to the admission of the cargo to Havana, suggesting, however, Bahia Honda and other points for debarkation.

French Convicts Have Mutinied.

London, Sept. 21.—A special from Paris says the deputy representative French Guiana in Chamber, has received a dispatch announcing that a mutiny has taken place among the convicts at Cayenne. The mutineers overpowered and murdered their guards, then stormed the military storehouse and seized the arms and ammunition there. They are now, according to the dispatch, besieging the principal prison. It is feared they may succeed in freeing the 4,000 convicts confined in the buildings. Reinforcements had been telegraphed for to the island of Martinique.

A STEP UPWARDS.

Conductors and Brakemen Entering Pittsburgh Ask for a Ten Hours' Day Instead of One of 12.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 21.—The Post today says the conductors and brakemen of roads entering Pittsburgh want to be placed on an equality with their brethren in other parts of the country. To accomplish this, these two branches of the brotherhood of railway trainmen yesterday presented the offer of a new scale of wages. An answer is requested within 30 days.

The demand calls for the ten hours a day with extra time for every hour put in beyond that. The present wages are based on a 12 hour day.

Ninety-nine per cent of the conductors and brakemen of this district are members of the brotherhood. They expect the companies will grant their demands without a strike being necessary.

Ex-Senator Will Eaton Dead.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 21.—Former United States Senator William E. Eaton is dangerously ill. He is 84 years old, and recently suffered a stroke of paralysis.

Later, Ex-United States Senator Eaton died today.

WANTED IN SOUTH AMERICA.

Ex-Secretary Morton, of the Agricultural Department, Invited to Institute Such a Department in the Argentine Republic.

Better Arms Asked.

Washington, Sept. 21.—General Miller, now in command at San Francisco, will command the reinforcements ordered to Manila. He made an application to have the troops which accompany him armed with the Krag-Jorgensen rifle, but the commanding general at Manila will decide what regiments, if any, shall be armed with Krag-Jorgensen.

TO ENTERTAIN GARCIA.

En Route to the United States He Will Be Received As An Honored Guest.

New York, Sept. 20.—A dispatch to the Herald from Santiago, says: General Calixto Garcia has arrived at Jiguan on his way to Santiago. He will probably go from there to the United States where his daughter is ill. General Lawton intends to receive Garcia tomorrow as an honored guest. As he now holds no official position, he will be treated by the American commander as a distinguished private citizen and a great soldier.

General Wood will go outside the limits of the town to welcome the Cuban leader. A guard of honor will escort him through the town to the palace where he will be met by General Lawton. A levee will be held at which the American officials will be presented to General Garcia.

The Cubans in town, who are also planning a reception, are greatly elated, contrasting General Lawton's actions with those of General Shafter.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, Sept. 21.—Money on call nominally 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4 @ 5. Silver, 61 1/2-62; lead, 83.85; copper, 11.

Chicago—Wheat, Sept., 61 1/2; Dec., 63 1/2. Corn, Sept., 29 1/2; Dec., 29 1/2. Oats, Sept., 21 1/2; Dec., 20 1/2.

Chicago—Cattle, receipts, 18,500; including 8,000 westerns. Good natives steady; others weak to 10 cents lower. Beef, \$3.90 @ \$5.70; cows and heifers, \$2.00 @ \$4.75; Texas steers, \$3.10 @ \$3.85; western, \$3.50 @ \$4.10; stockers and feeders, \$3.10 @ \$4.00. Sheep, native, \$2.00 @ \$4.50; western, \$3.50 @ \$4.35; lambs, \$3.75 @ \$6.25.

Kansas City—Cattle, receipts, 13,000; best steady, weak, 10 cents lower; native steers, \$3.50 @ \$5.40; Texas steers, \$2.60 @ \$4.50; Texas cows, \$2.25 @ \$2.90; native cows and heifers, \$2.50 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$4.50; bulls, \$2.90 @ \$4.00. Sheep, receipts, 6,000; firm; lambs, \$4.25 @ \$5.30; muttons, \$3.00 @ \$4.00.

Texas Roads Tied Up by Quarantine.

New Orleans, Sept. 21.—The news reached the Southern Pacific offices today that as a result of four cases of fever here, Texas had put an absolutely rigid quarantine against all freight from New Orleans. Both the Southern and Texas Pacific roads are thus tied up.

Secretary Alger at Camp Poland.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 21.—Secretary of War Alger, Surgeon General Sternberg and party arrived this morning and proceeded at once to Camp Poland, where the second division of the 1st corps, commanded by Brigadier General McKee, passed in review. The secretary and party inspected the camps and hospitals.

The Plot Thickens.

Paris, Sept. 21.—The papers say the minister of war, General Chanoine, has examined the documents in the Dreyfus case and ordered the prosecution of Colonel Picquart, on the charge of forgery.

The trial of Colonel Picquart and M. Lohu, a lawyer, on the charge of revealing documents concerning national defenses, was to have begun today, before the correctional tribunal. The public prosecutor, however, asked an adjournment on the ground that the prosecution of Colonel Picquart on the charge of forgery and using forged documents had been ordered by the minister of war, M. Lohu, who was counsel for M. Zola during the latter's famous trial, indignantly opposed the adjournment, which, he said, was an attempt to hand over Colonel Picquart to the clutches of the military authorities.

Colonel Picquart then said: "This is, perhaps, the last time I shall speak in public, for I shall sleep, perhaps, in the military prison of Cherche Midi. Therefore, I wish to declare that if I find there a strangled cord, le mercier picard, or razor, I will kill myself. I will be a martyr for I have no idea of committing suicide." The audience shouted, "Vive Picquart." The judges, after a short deliberation, decided to indefinitely adjourn the case. Colonel Picquart was led away between policemen.

Disastrous Floods in Spain.

Madrid, Sept. 21.—The southern parts of Spain have been visited by terrible floods. At the village of Herren, near Cadix, eight persons were drowned and great numbers of cattle perished. The olive harvest is lost, especially in the provinces of Seville and Granada. There have been deaths in other parts of the flooded country.

WANTED TO KNOW.

General Breckinridge Asked a Number of Questions and Established the Standing of Army Surgeons.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 21.—General Breckinridge, who is in command of Camp Hamilton here, and Surgeon General Sternberg had a long conference just before the surgeon general left here with Secretary Alger. General Breckinridge wanted to know just who had a right to command the hospital surgeons. He said at Chickamauga there individuals were do-as-you-please fellows, under nobody's command.

General Wilson had requested certain things to be done in the hospital at Chickamauga and no attention had been given to his demands. On investigation, General Breckinridge said, showed that the surgeons considered themselves subject only to the orders of General Sternberg. General Breckinridge said he found the same trouble in Camp Hamilton, and wanted to have a distinct understanding regarding the matter. General Sternberg said that the surgeons at Chickamauga were subject to the orders of General Wilson and the general should have found this out. If he saw his orders were not obeyed he should have settled the matter at once. General Breckinridge said same was the case right here and wanted General Sternberg to inform General Sanger that he was the proper person to command the surgeons.

LEAVING FOR HOME

Spanish Troops in Puerto Rico Are Sailing for Spain--Evacuation Progressing Rapidly.

DANGER FROM YELLOW JACK

Commissioners Will Protest Against Vessels from Cuban Ports Stopping at Puerto Rico City--Spaniards Boxing Guns and Ammunition.

San Juan, Puerto Rico, Sept. 21.—The repatriation of the Spanish soldiers sailed today. Four hundred men sailed for Havre on the French steamer Chateau Lafayette. Eight hundred infantry will sail to-morrow. The waterfront was crowded with thousands of people when the Spanish engineers marched down to the wharf, where they were received by Captain General Macias and General Ortega. The captain general did not make a speech, but shook hands with the officers and men. There was no demonstration by the people. The captain general today gave notice that the Spanish troops would retire from Abonito, Baranquitas and Barrios on Sunday, and from Humacao, Guanani and Cayey on Monday. Our troops will occupy these two towns so soon as they are evacuated.

The residents of Puerto Rico are alarmed because Spanish ships returning from Cuba stop at this port. They believe there danger of the introduction of yellow fever. Our commissioners will protest if there is a repetition of this. The volunteers have all been disbanded, and the Spanish soldiers are engaged in dismantling the armories and barracks, boxing guns and ammunition.

CROWD CHEERED CERVERA.

Spanish Prisoners Captured in Naval Battle Off Santiago Have Reached Home.

Santiago, Spain, Sept. 21.—The Anchor line steamer, City of Rome, chartered by Admiral Cervera to transport to Spain the Spanish sailors captured by the United States at the battle of Santiago, arrived here today. Captain Eulate, former commander of the Vizcaya, and other Spanish naval officers landed. The crowd cheered for Admiral Cervera.

Michigan Republicans.

Detroit, Sept. 21.—The temporary organization of the Republican state convention was put in motion today under the auspices of the old state central committee. The committee has heretofore been considered anti-Pingree, but an antipathy to Governor Pingree does not appear upon the surface.

CALLED ON THE PRESIDENT.

Party of New Mexico "Rough Riders" in Washington—All Anxious to Return Home.

Denver, Sept. 21.—A special to the Times from Washington, says: Delegate Ferguson, of New Mexico, today presented a delegation of a dozen members of Roosevelt "Rough Riders" to the president, who made a neat speech congratulating them upon their conspicuous part they had taken in the war. The majority of the callers were from New Mexico, and the party contained three or four captains who joined the regiment from that territory. The officers and men are here on the way home straightening out accounts. The party includes Captain Luna, and all express themselves anxious to return home.

Englishman Won the Championship.

London, Sept. 21.—W. A. Barry defeated George Towns, of Australia, today in the final heat of the races for the sculling championship of England. Time 23 minutes 23 seconds.

\$10.25 to Denver and return. Santa Fe Route.

Train Robbers Convicted.

A telegram was received from United States Marshal Foraker, who is in Las Cruces, today, announcing that three of the Stein's Pass train robbers were convicted in the United States court in session in that place today. The men convicted are Wanderman, Hoffman and Alverson. Sentence has not yet been passed.

A Perfect Infant Food Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk

A PERFECT SUBSTITUTE FOR MOTHERS MILK. FOR 40 YEARS THE LEADING BRAND. INFANT HEALTH SENT FREE. N.Y. CONDENSED MILK CO. NEW YORK.

JACOB WELTMER Books and Stationery

PERIODICALS
SCHOOL BOOKS,
SCHOOL SUPPLIES,
Stationery Sundries, Etc.
Books not in stock ordered at eastern prices, and subscriptions received for all periodicals.

TERRITORIAL STOCK NOTES

Charles Chadwick, of Albuquerque, has bought 3,000 lambs at Cebolleta.

T. N. Hawkins, of Silver City, has just shipped 300 head of fine steers to eastern markets.

Several train loads of lambs have just been shipped from Clayton to Colorado points.

Elias Garcia, of Albuquerque, has purchased several thousand lambs in Lincoln county.

J. B. Manby has bought 20,000 lambs in Socorro county and is shipping them to Colorado this week.

The Denver Field and Farm thinks that New Mexico lambs are put at too high a figure for Colorado feeders.

Two car loads of Shropshire bucks have just been received at Albuquerque from Illinois for New Mexican distribution.

Ernest Bloom, of Las Vegas, has bought 1,700 head of cattle in Salt River valley for Denby & Hall, of Hutchinson, Kas.

Some San Miguel sheep men do not put the increase this year in the number of sheep in the county at over 50 per cent.

Magdalena is enjoying a cattle shipping boom, and local storekeepers are happy at the sight of purchasers who are thereby brought to town.

Montgomery Bell, of Las Vegas, has returned from northern Mexico, where he has been buying goats for the Orendonk Live Stock Company of Lamby.

About 4,500 head of cattle will be gathered the first three weeks in October for shipment from the Bear Creek, Bear Valley, Blue Creek and Mogollon ranges in Grant county.

Land Office Business.

For the week ending Tuesday, September 20, the following business was transacted in the United States land office in Santa Fe:

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES.
Sept. 19.—Manuel Valdez, 100 acres, Mora Co.
Sept. 19.—Blas Garcia, 152.25 acres, Santa Fe Co.

FINAL CERTIFICATES ISSUED.
Sept. 17.—Juan Jose Salazar, 90 acres, Valencia Co.
Sept. 19.—Jesus Lucero, 100 acres, Valencia Co.
Sept. 20.—Benjamin Candell, 120 acres, San Juan Co.

COAL DECLARATORY STATEMENT.
Sept. 20.—Margarette Bretherton, 100 acres, Bernalillo Co.

LAS VEGAS NOTES.

Seven additions have just been made to the order of the local Woodmen lodge.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



FOR SALE BY
H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

"Rough Rider" Willie Bernard, of Las Vegas, is sick at Montauk Point, but expects to be on his feet in a few days.

Ben Sawyer, of the "Rough Riders," formerly with Gross, Blackwell & Co. at Las Vegas, is sick with fever in the hospital at New Haven, Conn.

Rev. A. H. Morrison, who enlisted from Las Vegas in Troop E, "Rough Riders," has been captured by Cupid down in Florida, and has married a Miss Elma Boyd, of Anthony, Fla.

SEVEN SURE TO HANG.

Bernalillo County Jail Full of Murderers.

On Sunday night Sheriff Hubbell arrived from the east with two Navajo Indians heavily chained, who are now in the county jail. These Indians are accused of the murder of another Indian at Manuella a short time ago and were captured by the Indian police and taken to Fort Defiance, from which point they were brought to this city. These two murderers bring the total number of Indians in the county jail to 13. Six of these men are charged with murder, six with assault with intent to kill and one with plain assault. Sheriff Hubbell has succeeded in arresting or killing every man guilty of murder in this county since his term of office began. There are now seven men in the county jail who are almost sure to hang as the result of their crimes and several more who will receive long terms in the penitentiary.—Albuquerque Democrat.

MRS. PINKHAM TALKS TO THE FUTURE WOMAN.

Will the New Generation of Women be More Beautiful or Less So? Miss Jessie Ebnor's Experience.

A pleasing face and graceful figure! These are equipments that widen the sphere of woman's usefulness. How can a woman have grace of movement when she is suffering from some disorder that gives her those awful bearing-down sensations? How can she retain her beautiful face when she is nervous and racked with pain?

Young women, think of your future and provide against ill health. Mothers, think of your growing daughter, and prevent in her as well as in yourself irregularity or suspension of nature's duties.

If puzzled, don't trust your own judgment. Mrs. Pinkham will charge you nothing for her advice; write to her at Lynn, Mass., and she will tell you how to make yourself healthy and strong.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound strengthens the female organs and regulates the menses as nothing else will. Following is a letter from Miss JESSIE EBNOR, 1712 West Jefferson St., Sandusky, Ohio.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to let you know of the great benefit your remedies have been to me. I suffered for over a year with inflammation of the ovaries. I had doctored, but no medicine did me any good. Was at a sanitarium for two weeks. The doctor thought an operation necessary, but I made up my mind to give your medicine a trial before submitting to that. I was also troubled with leucorrhoea, painful menstruation, dizziness, nervousness, and was so weak that I was unable to stand or walk. I have taken in all several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and am now in good health. I will always give your medicine the highest praise."

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman best Understands a Woman's Ills

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897.....	\$951,165,837.00
New Assurance written in 1897.....	156,955,093.00
Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined.....	24,401,973.00
Income.....	48,572,369.53
Assets, December 31, 1897.....	236,876,308.01
Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities.....	186,333,133.30
Surplus, 4 per cent standard.....	50,543,174.71
Paid Policy Holders in 1897.....	21,106,314.14

LARGEST STRONGEST BEST Pays Death Claims Prompter.
Pays Larger Dividends (\$1,000,000 more during last five years.) Issues Better Policies.
Walter N. Parkhurst, General Manager,
NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA DEPARTMENT
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

Santa Fe New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Daily, per week, by carrier, \$1.00
Daily, per month, by mail, 3.00
Daily, three months, by mail, 8.00
Daily, six months, by mail, 15.00
Daily, one year, by mail, 28.00
Weekly, per month, by mail, 1.00
Weekly, per quarter, 2.50
Weekly, per year, 10.00

The NEW MEXICAN is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of a copy of matter to be inserted.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

Republican Territorial Convention.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF NEW MEXICO, Santa Fe, September 19, 1898.

A convention of the Republican party of the territory of New Mexico is hereby called to meet in the city of Albuquerque at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on Saturday, October 1, 1898, for the purpose of placing in nomination for the suffrages of the voters of New Mexico one candidate for delegate from New Mexico to the 36th congress.

The several counties will be entitled to representation in this convention as follows: Bernalillo 25 delegates; Chavez 10; Colfax 7; Dona Ana 10; Eddy 7; Grant 5; Guadalupe 5; Lincoln 5; Mora 11; Rio Arriba 15; San Juan 12; Santa Fe 16; Sierra 2; Socorro 12; Taos 10; Union 4; Valencia 16; total number of delegates 171.

Proxies will not be allowed unless held and voted by citizens and residents of the same county from which the delegate giving the proxy is sent. Alternates will not be recognized.

County central committees will call regular county conventions for the nomination and election of delegates to this convention, and such time and place in the several counties as in their judgment seems best, provided that all such conventions must be held at least three days prior to the date of the meeting of the territorial convention.

Where there are regularly constituted county committees, the members of this committee are charged with the duty of calling and holding of the proper county conventions. Chairmen and secretaries of county conventions are requested to forward to the secretary of this committee at once upon the holding of the conventions a full list of delegates elected and also copies of resolutions passed by such bodies.

By order of the Republican Territorial Central Committee. E. L. BARTLETT, Chairman. MAX. FROST, Secretary.

The NEW MEXICAN has done great work during the past year for the proper collection and accounting of taxes and that good work will be kept up if it takes all winter and next summer.

Political conditions in Socorro county seem to shape themselves all right for Republican success. Union and organization of their forces will carry that county for the Republicans at the coming election.

In the recent session of the Spanish cortes the government had a hard time of it. What the cortes needs is a presiding officer like the Hon. Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, and then it would amount to something.

It must not be forgotten that the 2nd New Mexico Horticultural fair was a success and that, with proper and early work, the 3rd New Mexico Horticultural fair will be still more of a success. Work counts in that line, as it does elsewhere in life.

New Mexico mines are producing more gold and copper than ever; especially is this the case in Grant county. That section of the territory is prosperous and doing extremely well; therefore it ought to roll up a Republican majority at the coming election.

Colonel William J. Bryan will resign from the volunteer service. This was to be expected. Under the army regulations the average volunteer officer has not much chance to shoot his mouth off on public questions. But the title of colonel will stick to the aforesaid gentleman and therefore he ought to be happy indeed.

Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith is to do some campaign speaking in Kansas; he is scheduled for a speech in Topeka on the 6th and in Wichita on the 7th of October. This is refreshing. The postmaster general evidently appreciates the fact that the Republican party placed him in office and he is under obligations to do something for Republican success.

The Republican convention of Connecticut did not nominate Mr. John Addison Porter, secretary to the president, for governor of that state. But Mr. Porter made a most gallant and courageous fight for the nomination. Defeat does not harm him. The people wanted to have him run for the office, but the rotten borough system of his state defeated him. Two years hence he will be successful, should he still be ambitious in that direction.

Our more or less esteemed contemporary, the Las Vegas Optic, is more or less concerned about the editor of this paper and about "his Las Vegas lieutenant." Whoever that may be, the Optic may rest assured that he is bright, smart, and knows what is going on. The Optic and the gang that it defends are losing many hours of good sleep on account of the aforesaid editor and his lieutenant. And well they might. In this case the wicked feed, because they are pursued by the right kind of men.

Some fellow who is disappointed in not getting office or may be some renegade Republican, who is holding office, has a long screed in a Las Vegas paper, giving the Republican party half Columbia and signing himself "A Republican." The citizen who claims to be a Repub-

lican and must use the Optic to air his grievances or gets the Optic to defend and praise him, is the sort of a Republican who sells out his party for a small mass of pottage or flattery conferred by it upon him and friends. Such fellows can do the Republican party no harm.

Men With One Idea.

It begins to look as if the United States would be compelled to establish a select night school in Manila in which the educate the insurgent leaders. Aguilardo, in recent talks with the American officers in that city, has given evidence of the need of an education beyond the facilities in that line now established in the Philippines.

When asked if he had ever paid any attention to matters pertaining to the outside world he replied that he knew nothing of constitutions, political economy or governments, and to clinch his assertions asked if Australia was not an American colony. But he has one idea firmly fixed in his mind, and that is that having defeated the Spaniards it is time for the United States to withdraw its navy and army and let him and his associates run the affairs of the Philippines; that the Americans having whipped his enemies out of pure humanity they cannot seek any reward for their good deed.

Aguinaldo is a character worthy of deep study. He is a one-idea man and believes in hanging to that idea until the end. In that respect he resembles the free silver statesmen in the United States. Perhaps, if the Brains of America and the Aguilardos of Luzon Island could get together and hold a convention, the two one ideas, free silver and Dictator Aguilardo, could be combined in such a manner that some good might come of them. It might be worth while for the government to try the experiment.

Free Trade Misrepresentation.

The free traders of New Mexico do not approve of recent articles which have appeared in the NEW MEXICAN relative to the wool industry and the protection needed by the wool growers of the territory against the flockmasters of Canada at the present time, and against the wool raised in Australia and South America, provided the commissioners now in session at Quebec determine that Canadian wools should enter the markets of the United States free or at a less duty than is now provided by the tariff law in force, thus establishing a precedent for other countries to secure the same rates for their wools. Perhaps the Roswell Record has been the most outspoken in its opposition to the position taken by the NEW MEXICAN on the wool question, and certainly it has shown its ignorance concerning wool and protection more than any other paper in the territory.

The Record says that a treaty with Canada providing for the free entry of wool from that country would not effect the wool growers of New Mexico for the reason "that practically all of the Canadian wool imported into this country belonged to classes one and two of the Dingley law, and New Mexico wool all comes under class three," and that "wools of those classes are grown in a few sections of the United States, notably Ohio." In the first place the Dingley law in the classification of wools only mentions certain grades of wools as "have heretofore been imported into the United States" from certain countries, not a word in the act referring to the domestic product. As to the manner in which New Mexico wools are marketed and graded with other wools the record quotations are the best guide. On September 1, the Boston prices for unwashed wool, grade for grade, were as follows:

Ohio and Michigan, 17 1/2 to 21 cents per pound; Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa, 18 to 19 cents; Montana, North Dakota and Utah, 18 to 20 cents; Colorado and New Mexico, 15 1/2 to 17 1/2. It can be seen by these prices that New Mexico wools do not rank much below the classes of wool grown in a few sections of the United States, notably Ohio. It is acknowledged that no better wool is raised than the Montana half-blood Merino, which takes rank with any wool shipped from Canada, and on the date given that wool sold in Boston for 16 and 19 cents per pound; New Mexico No. 2, or one-quarter blood, on the same day brought 15 1/2 and 17 1/2 cents. The difference in the price of the Montana wool and the New Mexico product does not arise from any inferiority of the latter, but because it carries more sand and dirt than the former and requires more work to prepare it for use in manufacture. And still the Roswell Record says that Canadian wools will not affect the price of New Mexico wools if admitted to the markets of the United States under a treaty of reciprocity. Assertions and figures in this case do not agree.

Fully one half of the wool raised in New Mexico is graded as "brad wool." Of that quality of wool Canada is a large producer, and still, according to the Record, New Mexico wool men would not suffer from a fall in prices if that quality of wool should be admitted into this country under a less tariff than is now imposed. The fact of the matter is that New Mexico and Canadian wools are very much alike in quality and grade, and any legislation which reduces the tariff on foreign wools will injure New Mexico wool growers just to the extent that competition in the home market is increased.

The Record also says: "In the meantime it will not reduce the price of clothing to the consumer 1 mill." In that the ignorance or willful misrepresentation of the average free trader is again shown. The amount of wool which enters into even the finest suit of clothes affects the price very little. It is a question of wages paid to the working people who scour the wool, card it,

weave the cloth, cut out the suit, furnish the linings and finally make it up. If American working men and women were paid no more than the same people are paid in European and Canadian factories, clothing would cost no more in the United States than in those countries. But fortunately such is not the case, and while the average American citizen is compelled to pay a dollar or two more for the two or three suits of clothes he buys in a year, under protection he receives the highest rate of wages paid in the world as an offset.

Good Advice.

(San Marcial Bee.)
The NEW MEXICAN's advice to the Republican territorial convention that meets in Albuquerque October 1, is to "stand by the St. Louis platform." Good advice, too.

Only Pebble on the Beach.

(Albuquerque Citizen.)
San Miguel county is the only one of the 18 counties in the territory that accepts approved vouchers in payment of taxes. This is in violation of the laws of the territory.

A Proper Man.

(Sacramento Chief.)
Joe A. Ancheta, of Silver City, is the proper man to represent Grant and Dona Ana counties in the council. Ancheta is one of the few who have been members of our legislature who could not be bribed.

Hereditary Criminality.

(Albuquerque Citizen.)
Grant county furnishes a study in crime, which shows the expense to the public of a vicious woman. Mrs. Jobe and her family have cost Grant county and the territory about \$15,000. One son and a son-in-law are now in the penitentiary, and all the family except a small boy have been in the Grant county jail or in the penitentiary. Hereditary criminality on the part of the old lady Jobe is credited with the criminality of the whole family.

Hundreds Will Follow Suit.

(San Marcial Bee.)
Four good Mexican citizens and lifelong Democrats, at Albuquerque, published a card in the Citizen stating that they had decided to vote for the Republican ticket in the future to affiliate with the Republican party. Hundreds of New Mexico Democrats will vote the Republican ticket this fall, and the counting of the ballots will be the best evidence of their change of political faith.

Coming Back in Good Shape.

(Socorro Chief.)
The Republicans are rapidly pushing their preparation for stealing the legislature this fall. Their plans are thorough study and personal conviction, they have determined in the future to affiliate with the Republican party. Hundreds of New Mexico Democrats will vote the Republican ticket this fall, and the counting of the ballots will be the best evidence of their change of political faith.

A Great County.

(Socorro Chief.)
To a majority of the people of this territory, the western part of Socorro county is considered a sort of a desert plain and rugged mountain country only fit for a rendezvous for rustlers and train robbers. Everything looks in its proper place and the Indians are perfectly contented and satisfied. Dr. Luttrell is ably assisted by a competent lot of assistants. The agency buildings have been overhauled and remodeled throughout.

A Voice From the Tomb.

(Socorro Advertiser.)
The Democrats of Socorro county will see to it that only true silver men are sent to Deming next month, and no traitors. Everything looks in its proper place and the Indians are perfectly contented and satisfied. Dr. Luttrell is ably assisted by a competent lot of assistants. The agency buildings have been overhauled and remodeled throughout.

Bernalillo Favors Pedro Perea.

(Albuquerque Citizen.)
The delegation from this county to the territorial Republican convention will favor the nomination of Hon. Pedro Perea for delegate to congress. He is deserving of any honor the Republican party of New Mexico can confer upon him, and if he is nominated and elected the territory will have a faithful and competent representative in Washington.

A Democratic View.

(Springer Stockman.)
It is more than likely that the Republicans of the territory will nominate Pedro Perea as their candidate for delegate to congress. He would cut quite a figure in Colfax county and would very materially change the situation as to Ferguson's majority. Ferguson will carry this county against all comers, but that is not exactly the point. He must go out of here with a good large majority, and to do that some work has to be done, a fact that the Democrats are aware of. The Stockman has seen enough to guarantee the county for Mr. Ferguson, but the majority is the question now. In Colfax and Grant lies the result this fall, especially if the Republicans place a strong man in the field.

THE "ROUGH RIDERS" VISIT THE CAPITAL.

Some of Roosevelt's Officers Tell Experiences to Washingtonians at the Ebbitt—Why Teddy's Men Idolize Him—Westerners Wounded.
The Denver News prints five full length pictures of "Rough Riders" from New Mexico, taken roughly from the

New York Journal. The men are: Uriah Sherd, Troop H, "Coyote Ury" of Hagerman; Louis Gevers, H troop, "Broncho Lord"; Charles J. Gallagher, Troop C, "Cochran"; "Border Charlie," H troop, Roswell; Charles W. Shannon, Troop H, "Cowboy Charles"; Raton; William Ratcliffe, G troop, "Buster Bitt"; Gallup. The News also prints an extended account of the visit of 16 troopers of Teddy's men to the national capital, with a more or less sensational narrative of the experiences of the visitors there. A "juicy paragraph" from the dispatch reads as follows:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 19.—Sixteen troopers of the New Washington contingent Roosevelt "Rough Riders" are here today and they are registered in their own handwriting on the Ebbitt's blotter, and each "mark" is mightily well made as follows: Captain R. H. Bruce, Quartermaster; Sergeant J. S. Mohler, of Gallup; Sergeant F. A. Hill, Alvin C. Ash, Corporal Frank Briggs and William Wood, all of Raton; Thomas O'Neill of Springer, B. C. Slaughter of Wilcox, Ariz.; Lieutenant J. D. Leahy of Raton, Lieutenant J. M. Green of Gallup, H. S. Lowitzki, Captain F. Muller, Quartermaster Sherrard Coleman and Lieutenant W. E. Dame, all of Santa Fe.

"Will there be any broncho busting?" was asked Lieutenant Sherrard Coleman, to which smilingly answered the bronzed "terror," indicating a willingness to do it if there was anything to be done. Among the 11 "high privates" there were "Whooper" Willies, "Happy Jacks," "Broncho Bills" and "Mustang Mike's" gallop, so far as temperaments and tendencies are concerned, but all those here today solemnly avow that only one, "Bill" Wood, actually enjoys a sobriquet, and he is the "Broncho Buster" of the regiment famous for horsemanship and hardihood.

Wouldn't sit on Cossacks. The entire party is stopping at the Ebbitt house. They are the first of the "Riders" to visit Washington, and many of them still bear bandages over wounds healed, but not wholly. The officers wear their fatigue uniforms, and the men—some of them—wear the yellowish-brown skaki, and others the regulation blue. They are hardly fellows, tough as pine knots and fine specimens of manhood.

"This is too soft for me," said Trooper Lowitzki, as he sat on the cushion of the Ebbitt house couch. "I think I'll sit down on the curb," and on the curb he sat, and enjoyed it, too, while he told of his battle to get over the hump of a hill. "I wouldn't take anything for my experience," said Lieutenant Coleman.

"It passed our expectation in every way. We saw every phase of battle, and the run up the hill at San Juan had to run to get out of his men's way, and that's about true. The boy's needed no urging. Roosevelt's escape from death was a miracle. He was everywhere and seemed bullet-proof. I sometimes think he was foolhardy. He only got one scratch across his high cheek, and he was in the thick of the battle and was at the side of Lieutenant Leahy, who is here now, when he was shot."

"But let me tell you it would take pretty strong pressure to get me into another war. I'm a Democrat, but I am not for Roosevelt for governor, or any other office, every time. He is a fighter for his men and that's why they idolize him."

"I got this at San Juan," said big broad-shouldered Lieutenant Leahy, at home a lawyer, but abroad a fighter of the first water.

"He showed a bandaged arm. 'A Manser struck me,' said he, 'and broke the bone. Part of the splintered bone has slipped around on top of the joint, and I had it X-rayed in New York. I saw it and had photographs taken. Oh, the fight was a hard one, but I was in the thick of it to urge the busters along.'"

Lieutenant Leahy is a lawyer and school superintendent of Raton, and when he goes home will continue to teach the youngsters how to shoot as straight as he did at the Spaniards.

NEW MEXICO MINES.

The Silver City reduction works have been shut down for a week to put new machinery in place.

The turquoise mine near Azuro, Grant county, will start up on the first of the coming month.

The Old Abe Company of White Oaks has bought the Schinzing coal mine properties after a lengthy deal.

C. R. Sherman, owner of the rich K. gold mine, is dangerously ill at his Hillsboro residence from lead poisoning.

Steps are being taken to actively develop the copper properties in the Potrillo mountains in Dona Ana county.

The huge cyanide tanks at White Oaks have been completed, and great mining activity obtains through Lincoln county.

F. M. Atkinson is moving his extensive placer machinery to the Jicarilla diggings where he will engage in extensive operations.

Messrs. Paden, Pritchard and Gumm, of White Oaks, have arranged to pipe in railroads from the El Capitan mountains for their Jicarilla placers.

Charles Francis, of Sturgis, S. D., has bought a one-half interest in all of the mines owned by Jesse Brazil in the Organs, and active development work will be started right away.

E. R. Kline, of White Oaks, after wandering among the mining camps of Colorado has returned to Lincoln county, saying that he would prefer the local mining prospects to anything Colorado had in that line of attractions.

The Lone Star mine near Bland is to be extensively developed, as very fine prospects are imminent.

The Bennett group of Galena mines near the mouth of the Bear canon in Dona Ana county is turning out large quantities of high grade lead ore carrying some silver.

Leasers of the silver-lead mines in Lincoln county are reported as doing well, especially since the rise in the price of lead.

Jack Stephens, in charge of the Standard's interest at Gold Hill, Grant county, has purchased the entire Kellum properties at that camp.

THE LOST GERANIUM.

Mrs. Wigley had no back garden whatever, only a tiny piece of ground in front with a wooden paling, and there was not much growing there, but a remarkably fine geranium, bearing magnificent trusses of a pale pink tint, stood in a pot on the windowsill. This geranium was the pride of Mrs. Wigley's simple soul. She took daily delight in it in spite of falling sight, and words of praise from admiring neighbors warmed the cockles of her heart.

Her friend Mrs. Hubbard, Christian name Eliza, who lived at West Winthrop, was more eulogistic than all the rest put together, for Mrs. Hubbard was a great gardener and knew a fine specimen as well as anyone and better than most. Her own garden was a perfect picture, but she could not show a geranium like Sarah Wigley's nor, indeed, anything to compare with it. She called in on a certain Saturday afternoon and paused before entering the cottage to inspect her friend's possession. It was in full bloom.

"Well, I never!" cried Eliza Hubbard. "Sarah Wigley was staring out of window, but failed to recognize her friend. Her eyes were contracted to a narrow slit, and she strove her hardest to trace the familiar features, but in vain.

"What a waste!" uttered Mrs. Hubbard. "She can't see me, though I am as big as life and twice as ugly, and yet the Lord lets that fine pink geranium grow and blow under her very nose. It isn't any kind of good to her, and it would be a real blessing to me."

"Is that you, Eliza?" asked Mrs. Wigley. "If it isn't, Sarah, it's my double."

"You've been looking at my geranium, Eliza," said her friend. "Isn't it a picture?"

Mrs. Hubbard responded heartily. There was much talk about the flower, how four Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

"Go in, my dear," she said to Sarah Wigley. "You will catch your death of cold."

Mrs. Wigley retired. Eliza Hubbard drew the key and unlocked the door. Her face was crimson, her heart beat fast.

"It isn't as though she could see it," said she. "She won't even know it is gone, and if she does what does it signify? What the eye don't see the heart can't grieve."

She seemed rather proud of the quotation. Of a certainty it had never been used in such a connection before. But pride was replaced by a dull sense of shame as she lifted up the geranium and, hiding it under her dress, she rushed home with it. As she walked she planned where she would place the geranium. It would look best, she thought, between two white ones of which she was uncommonly proud, and there she deposited it in the darkness.

Having done so, she went home with a good deal of satisfaction. Oddly enough, however, the words would not come.

A few days later Eliza Hubbard called on Sarah Wigley. She peeped in through the window and saw her old friend sitting over the hundred of first thought the evening was sultry, shivering and holding her thin hands to the blaze.

"My gracious!" said she, stepping briskly in. "You ain't cold tonight, are you?"

Sarah Wigley rose stiffly. "I'm a bit poorly, my dear. I ain't felt myself since my loss. You've heard tell how some tramp or the other made off with my pink geranium, haven't you?"

Mrs. Hubbard was apparently a bit poorly also, for she shivered likewise.

"I did hear some such tale," said she. "But I don't suppose you give much, eh, Sarah? It ain't as if your eyesight was as good as mine. You can't keep looking at the blossoms."

For answer Sarah Wigley burst into a flood of tears.

"I know I am worse than a fool to make a fuss about a geranium plant," said she, "but I suppose I am kind of low in health. Anyway I can't help myself. I ought to be ashamed of myself," said she, "at my time of life not to have lost greater than a grain of mustard seed. Haven't I prayed the good Lord to put it into the heart of that tramp to bring me back my geranium, and who knows that he won't see fit to do it? I'd had that geranium three years, 'Liza, and I'd got to set store on it as though it were a part of me. I hope you don't think me a weak sort."

Eliza Hubbard cleared her throat. "No," she said softly, "I don't. I wish I was half as good as you. But I ain't. I yield to temptation right away. I ain't more strength of mind than a baby. I wouldn't take on so if I was you. Perhaps—perhaps—she hesitated and cleared her throat again—"perhaps you'll get your flower back again, after all."

She leaned forward and kissed her friend's handkerchief. It was an unusual action, but accounted for by the unusual circumstances.

"Good night, Sarah," said she. "I'd pray again tonight, if I was you, just as you did before."

"Yes," replied Sarah meekly, "I mean to."

HOTEL WELLINGTON

Formerly Weicker's

American and European Plans.

15th Street, Near U. S. Treasury,

Washington, D. C.

European Plan, \$1.00 per day and upward. First Class Restaurant a la Carte.
Cafe.
American Plan, \$3.00 per day and upward. Transient and Permanent Guests.

L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

The DAILY NEW MEXICAN will be found at the Hotel Wellington.

The Timmer House

SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO.

On the European Plan, or Board and Room \$1.50 to \$9 per day. Special rates by the week.

SPACIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS

When in Silver City, Stop at the Best Hotel.

FRANK E. MILSTED, Prop.

SOCIETIES.



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J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular communication second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

ANTHONY SELIGMAN, Secretary.

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Santa Fe

The New Evil of Tea-Smoking.

Physicians in various parts of the country report an alarming growth of tea-smoking. The habit is contracted by those whose nerves are disordered, who can't sleep, whose digestion is imperfect, whose liver is out of order, who get the "blues" and feel their strength departing. It seems strange that such a potent stimulant should not cure themselves with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This is a medicine which whets up the appetite, regulates the bowels, steadies the nerves and induces sound sleep. Those who take it find that it cures dyspepsia, and there is no bad taste in the mouth in the morning, no feeling of weakness after the day's work is done. It is well worth a trial.

Thoughtless Girl.

Very thoughtless of her, said the girl in pink. What was asked the girl in blue. Why, she very foolishly became engaged to a young man from Narragansett Pier this summer without asking where he came from.

Well, he has just discovered that he is also from Chicago, and of course, it is harder and much more awkward to break it off than it would be if he lived several hundreds miles away.

TREATMENT FOR WEAK MEN.

TRIAL WITHOUT EXPENSE. The famous Apollon and Remedies of the Erie Medical Co. now for the first time offered on trial without expense to any honest man. Not a dollar to be paid in advance. The Effects of Erosion or Excesses in Old or Young, Manhood Fully Restored, How to Balance and Strengthen Weak Undeveloped Portions of Body. Absolutely Unfailing Home Treatment. No O. V. D. or other disease. A plain offer by a firm of high standing. **ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.**

Very Appropriate.

I understand they sang the hotel keeper's favorite hymn at his funeral. What was it? Abide with Me.

Her Way.

There's a young woman who makes the things count. How does she do it? Teaches arithmetic in a primary school.

A CRITICAL TIME

During the Battle of Santiago.

SICK OR WELL, A RUSH NIGHT AND DAY.

The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba were all Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunitions and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.

P. E. Butler, of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago de Cuba, on July 23, says: "We all had diarrhoea in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor; for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the direct saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

New Mexico Territorial Fair, Albuquerque, N. M., From September 27 to October 1, 1898.

For the above occasion the Santa Fe route will place on sale tickets to Albuquerque and return at a rate of \$2.65, dates of sale September 26 to 30, inclusive, good for return passage until October 3, 1898.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

W. J. BLACK, G. P. A., Topeka, Kas.

NEW MEXICO REPORTS

Delivered by NEW MEXICAN at publishers price, \$3.30 per vol.

Democrats and Republicans.

For the territorial Democratic convention to be held at Deming, N. M., October 8, the Santa Fe route will place on sale tickets to Deming and return at one fare (\$12.65) for the round trip, dates of sale October 6, good for return passage October 10, 1898.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

W. J. BLACK, G. P. A., Topeka, Kas.

Burlington Route

Burlington trains run on time.

One of the principal reasons for the Burlington's popularity among Colorado travelers is the reliability of its service. Its trains run on time. If the time-card indicates that a certain Burlington train is due in a certain city at a certain hour, it may be depended upon to get there at that time, and not a minute later.

Omaha, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis—all points east and south. Two trains a day from Denver—they leave at 9:15 a. m. and 9:50 p. m.

G. W. Vallery, General Agent, 1039 17th St. Denver.

P. S.—If you go east via Omaha and the Burlington Route, you can stop off and see the Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

The Other Side.

Hicks—I am opposed to the whole business of tipping. It amounts to nothing less than bribery, and it is a degradation to the man who offers a tip and to the man who accepts it. On principle, I never give anything to a waiter.

Wicks—Well, I suppose you are right enough; but everybody hasn't your strength of mind, you know. By the way, that's a fine cigar you're smoking. Where'd you get it?

Hicks—Oh, this is one that Stillson gave me. When I buy a bottle of liquor there he always hands me a cigar.

TO ETHEL.

[Who wishes she had lived— "In teeny times of hand and hoop Or while the patch was worn."]

"In teeny times!" The style of dress would suit your beauty, I confess. Behind like the patch you'd wear. I picture you with powdered hair. You'd make a charming shepherdess!

And I no doubt could well express Sir Plume's complete contentment. Could pose a clouded cane with care "In teeny times!"

The parts would fit precisely—yes. We should achieve a huge success. You should disdain and I despair. Will you quite the true Augustan as an actor? But—*—*—* could I love you more or less "In teeny times?"

—Austin Dobson in Blackwood's Magazine.

THE SHOPGIRL.

The small number of people aware of the existence of Miss Dorothy Maxwell were divided into two sections—there were those who considered her life most enviable, there were others who deemed it highly reprehensible. But as Dorothy herself was ignorant of any envy or condemnation, she continued to live in the charming and admirably appointed Georgian house in Kensington and in a pleasant environment created by lavish but intelligent expenditure on the part of the Marquis of Bedwinton. For some years she had been mistress of Belper Lodge, yet her life was extremely dull. Lord Bedwinton was a busy man, both socially and politically, and a close friend of his father, the aged Duke of Strathwayte—a circumstance so singular that it was a constant source of comment among his contemporaries. Consequently as Dorothy was frequently away from London for weeks together, either filling political or social engagements or staying with his father, who never left the country, and as Dorothy had no friends and no companions, save the faded widow of a military officer whom Bedwinton had engaged as her chamberlain to accompany her to the play when he was otherwise engaged, the comfort and pleasure of her life were marred by its loneliness.

Dorothy had an overwhelming respect for Lord Bedwinton, but she did not love him. Bedwinton's devotion to politics—a devotion he had inherited from a long line of ancestors—gave Dorothy her opportunity, and during his many absences a string of masters occupied her days, hard study her solitary evenings. One day by the merest chance Bedwinton stumbled upon a pile of books lying with absolute neglect on a table in the study. They were, with history, philosophy and political economy, their margins covered with notes in Dorothy's neat handwriting, a handwriting that bore evidence of the class from which she had sprung.

"How this woman loves me," he said to himself, his eyes growing dim as he turned over volume after volume. At that moment Dorothy entered the room and, seeing the books strewn around him, hesitated. "I have never penetrated into your sanctum before," he said, pointing to the many evidences of her plodding. "I sincerely wish I had. Have you been reading through all these books to please me?"

Dorothy faltered. His immediate conclusion that she had been educating herself for his sole benefit filled her with a vague irritation.

"I—I wished to understand you better," she stammered.

"You have succeeded in making me understand you," he answered, kissing her reverently.

From that day they incessantly drifted into a close friendship, and often as Dorothy sat by Bedwinton, steadily helping him with his many researches and filled with admiration for his marvelous sympathy and broad outlook upon life, she would cry bitterly to herself: "Why cannot I love this man? Why cannot I love him?" And so the days passed, the woman endeavoring to stifle the impulses of her heart by severe study, the man glorying in her beauty and her intelligence, until the Duke of Strathwayte fell dangerously ill.

"This illness may last for months," said Bedwinton as he was leaving Belper Lodge, "and I cannot be away from him. Go abroad, Dorothy, with Mrs. Vane."

"How could I help you then?" she asked, a terror of strange places and peoples suddenly taking possession of her. "There is much I can do for you if I stay here."

"But it will do you good. You need a change," he protested.

"We will compromise," she said, smiling. "I will go to Brighton."

"And be thoroughly idle," he concluded, patting her cheek. "You have been working too hard."

At the end of a fortnight Dorothy returned, hurrying the meek Mrs. Vane protesting from the delights of the hotel, the victim of a restlessness that left her no peace. Soon after her return to Belper Lodge she was one afternoon idly scanning the pages of a magazine when her eye fell upon an illustration of the interior of a large draper's shop. She rose abruptly, filled with a sudden desire for new life—to smell the aerial scent of new calico, to see the long line of flaring lights over each counter, to hear the tripping of cloth, the conversation of the tired shopgirls. Memories of her girlhood surged through her brain as she leaned against the mantelpiece, and an incurable longing to see the great drapery establishment where she had worked took possession of her. She picked up the magazine, and then, with a muffled cry, threw it down and ran to her bedroom. The tea gown of diaphanous lace and silk was torn off, and a few moments later Dorothy slipped out of the house, a sad colored cloak and a thick veil shrouding her figure and face. Hailing a hansom, she was passing through the gilt ser of Piccadilly on her way to the Tottenham Court road before she realized that she had succumbed to a temptation she had successfully combated for months.

Dismissing the cab some distance below Messrs. Vardolich's mammoth premises, she walked slowly past the plate glass windows, filled with the cheapest rubbish that ever the British workman and his wife were deluded into buying. Dorothy could have told the small crowd of wondering women gathered round the windows, commenting on the cheapness of various "bargains," many secrets had she been so minded, but her eyes were fixed on a large mirror in which she could see the reflection of the assistants serving behind the counter. She was now at the mercy of her emotions, and entering the shop took her place among a row of women who were waiting to be served by a pale, tired looking girl whose face was lined by overwork, late hours and bad food. Dorothy watched her swift seasons as they ran through the rolls of calico and the rapid movement of her hands with fascinated curiosity. She felt that she was watching herself—the self of years before. So engrossed was she that the familiar, "What can I do for you, miss?" found her with nothing to say. She looked round helplessly and then gave a trifling order.

While the girl was doing up the parcel she leaned forward, whispering: "Have you forgotten me, Lizzy? I'm Dorothy Maxwell."

The parcel dropped from the girl's hands. "I can't see through your veil," she said. "We thought you were dead."

Dorothy glanced hastily around the shop, where under the flaring gaslights she recognized many faces. She raised her hand to her veil, then hesitated. "Where is John?" she asked.

"John is married," the girl said sullenly, "and has set up in business for himself."

Dorothy clutched at the counter, and for a moment the oppressive smell, the garish lights, the sound of coarse voices seemed to be one whirling mass that blinded her.

"He waited a long time," the girl went on in a vindictive undertone, "but he got tired and married last year. He used to say some nasty things about you, I can tell you, for going off as you did, with never a word, and you engaged to him too. What are you doing now?" she added, raising her eyes, still stopping some girl or other from marrying the man she likes, as you stopped me from marrying John?" Dorothy shook her head helplessly and, throwing some coins down upon the counter, walked out of the shop.

Instinctively she turned toward the park, her mind filled with memories of its privations and simple pleasures, and with the part John Gregory had played in that past. So her tender, helpful lover was married, she thought as she crouched on a seat under the dripping trees—married, and she was forgotten! And she had come to tell him that she had weaned of the luxury of the last four years, that she needed him to be happy and that if he would forgive and forget the wrong she had done him she would marry him as she had promised him in the old days.

John was married! She smiled bitterly to herself as she thought of her wild desire as she drove to the Tottenham Court road to tell him everything—of the accident in Oxford street that had first brought her under Lord Bedwinton's notice, of his constant kindness during her following illness, of the temptation to which she yielded because she was always tired and often hungry—and now there was no need. Stunned and dizzy she rose to her feet, clearly seeing that she had no one now upon whom to rely to protect her from herself. Her castle of cards had fallen to the ground, the man upon whom she leaned—perhaps foolishly—to redeem the past had forgotten her, and the agony of her disappointment was supreme.

But the habits of four years are not to be shaken off in an hour, and the striking of the neighboring clocks reminded Dorothy that she must return to dinner; but as her cab bore her through the slippery streets the whirling wheels seemed to repeat, "As the tree falls so it shall lie." Dorothy shuddered, but still the words rang remorselessly through her brain, following her up the broad staircase at Belper Lodge and into the quiet of her own room.

Then she faced the situation. She was at least necessary to Lord Bedwinton, and he, to whom she owed so much, should not find her wanting. He loved her, and John had forgotten. Perhaps she deserved that he should forget. But when she was dressing for dinner the pathos of the situation came to her suddenly. "I shall be sentimental for once," she thought. "To-night I shall weep for my dear dead love. Tomorrow I shall forget."

The bright eye of French maid could not understand madame's inexplicable desire to wear the only black gown she possessed that night. A bright dress, the pink and white, would drive away madame's nightmare, but Dorothy silenced her objections, and in silent protest the woman clothed her in the somber garb she had chosen.

Dorothy had reached the first landing on the way to the drawing room when she heard the hall door open and a "Yes, my lord," from the footman in reply to an eager question. The next moment Lord Bedwinton was beside her.

"Ah, you have seen the papers," he said, touching her dress. "I was too worried to telegraph. How thoughtful, how good of you, Dorothy." He went on softly, "You have worn this tonight because you knew how much I loved him." And his eyes filled with tears.

"Your father"—she stammered. "He died last night. He would have loved you as much as I do had he known you, Dorothy. I shall never forget your sympathy." Again he touched the black dress, then kissed her as he had never kissed her before.

One morning a fortnight later Lord Bedwinton, now Duke of Strathwayte, drove to Belper Lodge, leaving shortly afterward with Dorothy. When he returned, the servants addressed her as "Your grace."—Black and White.

An American at Court.

Formerly such divinity glided kings and queens that treason was not along in feeling to keep at them. American in citizen's dress always kept at distance. In The North American Review Sir William Russell, L.L.D., narrates an anecdote in this connection in which Secretary Seward had part:

Mr. Seward, who had been received with great respect in Russia, came to England and naturally desired to go to court. He was to be presented at the levee by the United States minister as a senator of the United States.

He drove off at the appointed time to the palace, but was stopped in the corridor by a gentleman in uniform, who said he could not pass because he was not "properly dressed."

Mr. Seward was in full evening dress, black dress coat, waistcoat and trousers and white cravat, but it would not do. The gentleman explained that he must have knee breeches, shoes and stockings—that was absolutely necessary. An idea struck Mr. Seward. There was a nice old man about his size, the porter of the hotel he was staying at, who sat in a box in the hall, and off he drove.

Immense success! The porter had a beautiful new pair of knee breeches and black silk stockings and low shoes. A few dollars for the loan was all that was needed. Mr. Seward was speedily equipped, drove back to the palace, where he was admitted, and finally had the pleasure of making his bow in the hotel porter's clothes to her majesty.

Now all that is changed, and American citizens attend European courts in plain evening dress.

Unexpected Good Luck.

"Albert, dear, while looking through some of your old clothes I made such a lucky find that I ordered a new dress on the strength of it."

"What was it, dear?"

"Half a dozen checks that had never even been written on!"—Brooklyn Life.

A Borrower's Ease.

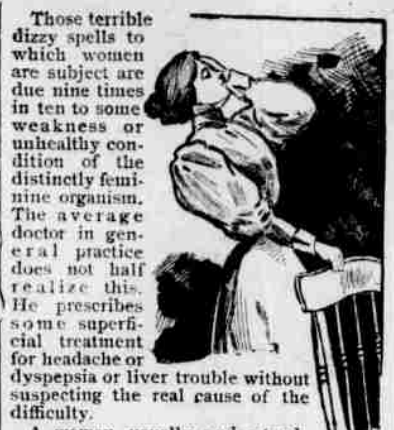
Cuteleigh—I'm sorry to hear you're broke, Butleigh.

Butleigh—Broke? Who's broke? What's the matter with this showing a handful of gold?

Cuteleigh—Nothing. Lend me twenty, will you?

In Indiana as Elsewhere.

In the beginning, said the Cornfed Philosopher, man is much concerned that his little wife's heart shall always be light. Later he pays more attention to the weight of the biscuit.



Those terrible dizzy spells to which women are subject are due nine times in ten to some weakness or unhealthy condition of the distinctly feminine organism. A doctor in general practice does not half realize this. He prescribes some superficial treatment for headache or dyspepsia or liver trouble without suspecting the real cause of the difficulty.

A woman usually understands what is the trouble, but is loath to undergo the mortifying and generally useless "examinations" and "local applications" on which the local practitioners almost sure to insist. But there is a far more sensible alternative: Any woman afflicted with a delicate weakness of this nature should seek the aid of that marvellous "Favorite Prescription" invented by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y.

In any case so obstinate as not to be promptly cured by this great "Prescription" special advice for inexpensive home-treatment adapted to the individual case, will be sent by Dr. Pierce to any one who will address him by mail. All letters are treated with the strictest privacy and never printed except by the writer's special request. Cases entrusted to his care are in the hands of one who has a lifetime's experience and who stands among the most eminent of living specialists in this particular field of practice.

Every woman should possess a copy of Dr. Pierce's famous thousand-page, illustrated volume, the Common Sense Medical Adviser which has a larger sale than any medical book in any language. A paper-bound copy will be sent absolutely free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing only. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., or send 21 stamps for cloth-bound copy. A whole medical library in one 1000-page volume.

The Reason of It.

Ethel—It seems strange to hear a man who has been married as often as he has to call his wife "dearest."

Margaret—Oh, but you must remember she is the most extravagant one he has had.

The Wrong Place.

I'll tell you one thing, said Madcap to his long suffering wife, if Willie does not behave himself I'll give him the worst spanking he ever had. He'll get it in the neck.

Madcap—The neck is no place on which to spank a child.

Market Fluctuations.

"She told me her heart and hand were priceless."

"What did you say?"

"I told her I would go off somewhere and wait until she sent me word that they were marked down."—Exchange.

Then He Hated Her.

"Yes," he said, "I can trace my descent back for hundreds of years."

"I don't doubt it," she replied. "Your poor old ancestors are dead and of course can't help themselves."—Chicago News.

As a Last Resort.

"Will you marry me?" he asked. "That depends," replied the practical girl. "How can I know so early in the summer resort season that I won't have another chance?"—Chicago Post.

No Suffering About It.

Her Mother—I am surprised, my daughter, that you suffer a man to kiss you.

Herself—But, mamma, I don't call it suffering.—Stray Stories.

Nursery Violence.

"Oh, mamma, Johnny swore at me."

"Why, little Kit, what did he say?"

"He told me to shut up."—Chicago Record.

In the Sanctum.

Theatrical Manager—The writer of the dramatic criticisms in your paper does not know what a good play is.

Editor—No. His memory is not good, and it has been so long since you had a good play.—Up to Date.

The Limit Reached.

Leisurely Guest (who has dawdled an hour and a half over his luncheon)—What are you adding & cents more to that check for?

Waiter—For rent.—Chicago Tribune.

Like Many Others.

"What do you think of Wright's new war song?"

"It makes more war on the English language than on anything else."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Worth While.

De Sappo—So you are going to be a man some day, are you, Tommy?

The Terror—Yes, sir. Wouldn't you like to be in my shoes?—New York Truth.

Wide Open.

Visitor—Are things wide open in New York nowadays?

Gothamite—Oh, yes—umbrellas principally.—New York Journal.

No deception practiced.

No \$100 Reward.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLIC, HEADACHE, BRUISES, SORE THROAT, RHEUMATISM, HAY-FEVER, ETC.

Mountain and Plain Festival, Denver, Colo., October 4 to 6.

For the above occasion the Santa Fe Route will place on sale tickets to Denver and return at rate of \$28.50, Colorado Springs, \$28.85, Pueblo, \$21.05, these tickets will be on sale daily until October 15th, 1898, final return limit, October 31st, 1898, for particulars call on any agent of the Santa Fe Route.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

W. J. BLACK, G. P. A., Topeka, Kas.

Colorado Tourist Rates.

Commencing June 1st, 1898, the Santa Fe Route will place on sale tickets to Denver and return at rate of \$28.50, Colorado Springs, \$28.85, Pueblo, \$21.05, these tickets will be on sale daily until October 15th, 1898, final return limit, October 31st, 1898, for particulars call on any agent of the Santa Fe Route.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

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Everybody Can Go Now.

To Omaha and return via the Santa Fe Route at the exceedingly low rate of \$32.15 for the round trip. Tickets on sale Tuesdays and Fridays of each week until October 28, 1898, limited to 15 days from date of sale, with five days stop-over at Kansas City.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

W. J. BLACK, G. P. A., Topeka, Kas.

OFFICE FITTINGS.

Filing cabinets of every description, document boxes and files, pigeon hole cases, legal blank cases, office ticklers and every conceivable kind of office fittings and furniture can be had of the New Mexican Printing Company. Write for descriptive, illustrated pamphlets.

Notaries' Records.

The New Mexican Printing Company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

HAVE YOU READ THESE BOOKS?

They are devoted to the wonderful sights and scenes, and special resorts of tourists and healthseekers, in the GREAT WEST. Though published by a Railway Company.

The Santa Fe Route.

they are literary and artistic productions, designed to create among travelers a better appreciation of the attractions of our own country.

Mailed free to any address on receipt of postage, as indicated:

"A COLORADO SUMMER," 50 pp., 64 illustrations, 2 cts.

"THE MOUNTAIN SNAKE DANCE," 56 pp., 64 illustrations, 3 cts.

"THE GRAND CANYON OF THE COLORADO RIVER," 32 pp., 15 illustrations, 2 cts.

"HEALTH RESORTS OF NEW MEXICO," 30 pp., 3 illustrations, 2 cts.

"HEALTH RESORTS OF ARIZONA," 72 pp., 18 illustrations, 2 cts.

"LAS VEGAS HOT SPRINGS AND VICINITY," 48 pp., 30 illustrations, 2 cts.

"TO CALIFORNIA AND BACK," 176 pp., 176 illustrations, 5 cts.

W. J. BLACK, G. P. A., A. T. & S. F. Ry., Topeka, Kas.

Dr. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS

ONE FOR A DOSE. Remove Pimples, Prevent Biliousness, Purify the Blood, Cure Headache and Dizziness. A movement of the bowels each day is necessary for health. To get another grip on sickness. To convince you, we will mail sample free, or full box for 50c. Sold by druggists. DR. BOSANKO CO., Phila. Pa.

RIO GRANDE & SANTA FE, AND DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

The Steam Route of the World. Time Table No. 40.

EAST BOUND

No. 40.	MILES	No. 40.
10:30 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ariz.	6:25 p. m.	
12:00 p. m. Lv. Espanola, N. M.	4:35 p. m.	
1:10 p. m. Lv. Embudo, N. M.	3:25 p. m.	
2:10 p. m. Lv. Barstow, N. M.	2:15 p. m.	
3:27 p. m. Lv. Tres Piedras, N. M.	1:15 p. m.	
5:23 p. m. Lv. Antonito, N. M.	11:40 a. m.	
10:30 p. m. Lv. Alamosa, N. M.	10:30 a. m.	
10:30 p. m. Lv. Salida, N. M.	6:50 a. m.	
1:30 a. m. Lv. Florence, N. M.	3:11 a. m.	
2:10 a. m. Lv. Pueblo, N. M.	2:40 a. m.	
4:40 a. m. Lv. Colo Spgs., N. M.	1:32 a. m.	
7:30 a. m. Ar. Denver, N. M.	6:58, 10:00 p. m.	

Connections with the main line and branches as follows:

At Antonito for Durango, Silverton and all points in the San Juan country.

A Beautiful Hanger

W. H. GOEBEL

THE HARDWARE DEALER.

H. S. KAUNE & CO.,

DEALER IN

Staple - and - Fancy - Groceries

Fresh Oysters, Fish, Poultry of all Kinds
Received Twice a Week.

The Sign of the RED LIGHT

WEST SIDE OF PLAZA.

CALLS ATTENTION TO

"OUR PLACE."

Here business is conducted on Business Principles. Here can be obtained Strictly First Class Goods in the form of Liquid Refreshments and Cigars.

W. R. PRICE, Proprietor.

DELIVERY MADE DAILY.

Natural Ice

FAMILY TRADE A SPECIALTY.

Leave Orders at Ireland's or Fischer's Drug

Store or by Telephone.

Grant Rivenburg,

TELEPHONE 43.

Diamond, Opal, Turquoise
Settings a Specialty.

Watch Repairing
Strictly First-Class.

S. SPITZ,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

MEXICAN . FILIGREE . JEWELRY

—AND DEALER IN—

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS, DECORATED CHINA.

Examine Eyes free of Charge for Prescription Lenses.

Fire Proof and
Steam Heat.

Electric Lights, Elevator,
Everything First-Class.

CLAIRE HOTEL,

SANTA FE, N. M.

The Arcade Saloon and Only Convenient Sample
Rooms in the City Under Same Management.

P. S. TWELLS, Prop.

No. 4 Bakery.

H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO

—DEALER IN—

Groceries, Hay, Grain and Crockery.

New Colorado Potatoes	.....cwt.....	\$1.10
Package Coffee	.....per lb.....	12 1/2c
Finest Java and Mocha Coffee	.....(3 lb \$1.00).....	35c
2 Frames New Honey	.....	25c
Postum Cereal	.....	15c-25c
Paraffine prevents mould on jellies and jams	lb pkg.....	15c
Jelly Glasses Doz	.....	40c
Diamond "C" Hams per lb	.....	10c
Chicken Tamales cans	.....	15c
Deviled Olives a new appetizer	.....

Don't fail to look over our lines of Crockery and Glass-
ware before buying.

TELEPHONE 4

Every new customer who purchases to the extent of \$1.00 or more will be entitled to one of those beautiful hangers which we are distributing to our patrons.

HOME ONCE MORE

Six "Rough Riders" Return to Santa Fe from Cuba's Malarial Shores With Many Welcomes.

INTERESTING TALES TOLD

The Gallant Troopers Are Harman Wynkoop, Arthur V. Skinner, Tom Roberts, J. T. Sandoval, Jeff Hill and W. W. Wagner—Others Will Be Here Soon.

Six of the "Rough Riders" returned home last night, five over the Santa Fe and one over the narrow gauge. Their names are Harman H. Wynkoop, Arthur V. Skinner, Tom Roberts, Joe Sandoval, of Troop E, Jeff Hill, of Troop F, all of this city, and William W. Wagner, Troop E, of Cerrillos. All have been sick, with the exception of Tom Roberts, who, notwithstanding his age, 54, never saw a sick day. In fact he with one of the sergeants on the dynamite gun, were the only men in the regiment, Mr. Skinner understands, who were not sick. Roberts is a veteran of the civil war as well as of the Spanish war, and was wounded in the shoulder at the battle of Bull Run. The boys are being welcomed royally by their many friends, and made to feel that their services and sufferings are appreciated by their fellow townsmen.

Arthur V. Skinner is recovering from his attack of malaria. He was taken down in the trenches in front of Santiago, but did not go to the hospitals because he heard that the men there did not fare well. He says the 1st New York got rattled at the outset and it was reported that they fired into the 13th infantry thinking they were Spaniards. For this the New Yorkers were taken from the front and sent to building roads. Mr. Skinner speaks feelingly of the regard of the men for Colonel Roosevelt, and said that while General Wood, the former colonel of the "Rough Riders," found Santiago a very filthy city, he has made it wonderfully clean. Montauk Point is a pleasant place and he did well there. The men of his regiment owned the town for the three days they were in New York, but he is glad to get home once more.

J. T. Sandoval, when asked about his experiences in the war said: "I was through the whole business and at La Guasima had my cartridge belt shot off by a Spanish bullet, but was not hurt. While we did not have much to eat during the fighting before Santiago, the boys made no complaints, for the reason that everyone knew that the officers were doing the best they possibly could under the circumstances. After the surrender of Santiago we had everything we wanted, and fared well. I only saw the city from the distance, as we were not permitted to go to the city. I had the malarial fever, but did not go to the hospital for the reason that the men in the trenches took better care of the sick than we given them in the hospital. At the hospital the only thing done for the sick was to give them quinine and let them lie on the wet ground.

"Montauk Point is a fine place, and the sick were well taken care of. The ladies from New York came to the camp and carried those who were very ill to their private residences, nursed them back to health, and then bought them new clothing and paid their fare back to camp. At Camp Wikoff we lived on the best in the land: chicken, eggs, milk, beef and the best of everything. After we were mustered out and fared well. New York we owned the town. A "Rough Rider's" money would buy nothing, every thing was ours for the asking. We left New York Saturday afternoon, arriving in Santa Fe last night. If Uncle Sam ever gets into another war, he can count on me for one of his soldiers."

Harman H. Wynkoop, of Troop E, was seen today by a New Mexican reporter, to whom Mr. Wynkoop gave a very interesting narrative. Mr. Wynkoop is a printer and an observing young man. He was wounded on the morning of the 2nd of July while before the Spanish trenches where the fire was the hottest, and where men were going down on all sides of him. A Mäuser bullet struck his left leg midway between the ankle and the knee, cracking the bone and making an ugly wound. The trooper was immediately sent to the field hospital in the rear where he was given all the attention that it was possible with so limited a corps of surgeons and nurses to attend to the increasing wants of the men. In fact, means of attending properly to the wounded were so few that in one case where a soldier lay with part of his jaw gone, a can of tomato soup could not be fed him because there was no spoon to dole the soup out with into the poor fellow's mouth, and the nurses could not stop to use other means. There was but one doctor and two nurses to about 370 men, and these worked until they fell exhausted.

There was a gang of Spanish sharpshooters stationed near the main field hospital, and these wretches fired into the hospital killing and wounding indiscriminately. In fact they came nearly getting away with General Shafter. Mr. Wynkoop would have shed few tears if they had, for he has a mighty poor opinion of Shafter in common with many others. These sharpshooters became so bad that finally the 9th cavalry was detailed to rake the trees, and they did so to the queen's taste. The gang was cleaned out by the hundreds, and many of them were found to have on clothing they had stripped from dead United States soldiers. One interesting feature of this business was that not a few of these sharpshooters were found to be Frenchmen and Germans. Mr. Wynkoop's wound began to mortify shortly, so he was sent to Fort Monro by the transport City of Washington, and at the fortress he was given the very best of care, until sent to Montauk Point. But he was suffering from typhoid, malaria and pneumonia together and at the Point was thought unable to last through one night, but he got the best of the disease, and now does not look as though he had seen any hardship at all.

Mr. Wynkoop is enthusiastic over Colonel Roosevelt, who was admired and beloved by all of his brother officers as well as the men. He was in command of the 1st regular, 1st volunteer and 10th cavalry regiments, as so many of the regular army officers were sick, wounded, dead or on special details, and the colored troops particularly have great admiration for the doughty colonel. Mr. Wynkoop suffered seven weeks being pulled through, and on being mustered out started for home. He enjoyed his stay in Gotham, and along the line of the Erie road it would be telegraphed ahead that there was a "Rough Rider" on the train, and then came crowds at every station until it was very monotonous. The girls insisted on cutting the buttons of the "Rough Riders" coats, until the latter in self defense wired their buttons on, and after that they were safe. Mr.

Wynkoop says the eastern members of the regiment were as brave as any, but they could not stand the racket as well as the more hardy westerners. However, the dudes, so called, took their turn in the kitchen and on all the details of the business, and did the best they could. The 7th New York were a runny lot, especially their officers who seemed for the most part to be cowards. The regiment was largely made up of Bowery boys, and did the state they came from no credit. The 2nd Massachusetts, on the contrary, were all brave men, and acquitted themselves with credit.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.

The Santa Fe road is doing a very heavy business in perishable freight.

U. S. weather bureau forecast for New Mexico: Generally fair tonight and Thursday.

Regular meeting of Carleton post, G. A. R., at 8 p. m. sharp. Visiting comrades cordially invited.

John V. Conway, accompanied by his two sisters, Misses Mabel and Rebekah, will attend the Albuquerque fair down at the Duke city on Monday next.

The total attendance at the Omaha exposition last week was 110,943. The grand total is now 1,500,000. Nearly 20 United States senators visited the fair yesterday.

Yesterday the thermometer at the local weather bureau registered as follows: Maximum temperature, 78 degrees at 2:45 p. m.; minimum, 48 degrees at 6:00 a. m. The mean temperature for the 24 hours was 63 degrees.

M. G. Gann, the Woodmen official and organizer, is registered at the Claire. He will lecture on amplified Woodcraft in the lodge rooms tonight before the public, and after that there will be initiations which will of course not be open to the public.

The time social held at the Methodist parsonage last night was well attended and the occasion enjoyed. There was a regular program consisting of musical and literary exercises, the most noteworthy of which were Miss Addie Schorreyer's piano solo and muted cornet performance. The first was from the "Swiss Music of Lohengrin," and was a pleasing novelty, which the fair performer has been some time in preparing and which she has learned to give with pleasing and unique effect.

H. S. Lutz, agent for the Santa Fe road, received a telegram from the agent of the road at Prescott, this morning, announcing that the territorial regiment of United States volunteer infantry expects to leave Whipple barracks for Lexington on Thursday, going via Ash Fork, Albuquerque and Kansas City. Mr. Lutz will ascertain the time the train carrying the regiment will pass Lamy in special to that station for the accommodation of those who wish to see the boys.

Julian Montoya is sick at a house on the south side with smallpox. The case was reported to Mayor Hudson yesterday noon and the premises were promptly quarantined and Dr. Knapp, the city health officer, served notice on the inmates of the house that if any of them were found on the streets or associating with other people that examples would be made of them. Every precaution is being taken to prevent the spread of the disease from this case, and Dr. Knapp desires the general public to understand that hereafter no burials will be permitted until a burial permit has been issued by the city authorities. The law regarding public health will be rigidly enforced, and trouble will be saved if burial permits are secured before final arrangements are made for the interment of the dead.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Grant Allan, of Las Vegas, is registered at the Bon-Ton.

Hon. T. B. Catron returned last evening from a visit to Lexington, Mo.

G. J. Little, of Detroit, a traveling man for a drug house, is registered at the Palace.

A. M. Sherman, a traveling man from Toledo, O., is in the city and registers at the Bon-Ton.

L. W. Lewis and family, of Clarinda, Ia., are at the Palace. Mr. Lewis is here for his health.

L. S. Bassett, a Denver commission man, is in the city on business, and is located at the Palace.

C. W. Turner, a railroad man from Arizona, went up to Durango this morning on a lay-off.

Deputy United States Marshal Sheridan returned from an official trip to Albuquerque last night.

A. W. Cowles, a Washington department official, is enjoying a trip into New Mexico, and is registered at the Palace.

C. H. Fancher, of the land department of the Santa Fe railroad, is at the Palace from Albuquerque. He is here on official business.

Miss Jessie Smith, who has been attending the Loretto academy, left this morning over the D. & R. G. on a week's visit to Florence, Colo.

Messrs. H. B. Cartwright and Addison Walker went up to Ojo Caliente for a visit. They were passengers via the narrow gauge this morning.

James L. Marr, receiving teller of the First National bank of El Paso, and who has been visiting in this city, left last night on a trip to Philadelphia.

The wife of Presiding Elder Morrison, of the Methodist church north, and Mrs. Furber, of Las Vegas, arrived last night from the east, and are at the Exchange.

Mrs. A. Menetti, who has been in the city for three weeks past, a guest at the Palace hotel, returned to her home in Las Vegas last night.

Father Gay celebrated his 89th birthday today, and during the afternoon many of his friends called upon him and aided in making the anniversary a pleasant one.

A. B. Hitt, a government forestry man from Mineral Wells, Tex., is in the city looking for the location of the interests of forestry and is registered at the Palace.

S. A. Cliff, representing the Trich Hardware Company, of Denver, was in town this morning and registered at the Palace. He went north today via the D. & R. G. railroad.

Miss Adelaide Barron, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bonifacio Barron, of Taos, will be married to J. M. Salazar, in Taos, on Monday, the 30th inst. Cards are out for the event.

Charles Burnham, who has been in the service of the Santa Fe and the D. & R. G. roads for the past 20 years, is in town today from his ranch near Glorieta laying in provisions for the family during the winter months.

J. W. Akers, of Santa Fe, interested in sheep raising up in the Sacramento mountains, is here today enjoying metropolitan life. He will return to Santa Fe this evening.—Albuquerque Citizen.

M. W. Mills, the attorney, fruit raiser and cattle owner of Springer, N. M., who is also interested in the mail carrying routes of the territory, was in the city Sunday, leaving yesterday morning for Gallup.—Albuquerque Citizen.

General E. A. Carr, who has been a conspicuous figure in Washington for several months, is now at Gallegosburg, Ill., for a short time. The general's friends hope he will soon return to the Land of Sunshine, where a hearty welcome awaits him.—Albuquerque Democrat.

Hon. J. T. McLaughlin, the extensive San Pedro mine operator and member of the Santa Fe county commissioners, is at Sturges' European, arriving last night. Mr. McLaughlin states that the San Pedro district is picking up nicely, and that considerable development work is being done.—Albuquerque Citizen.

M. A. Rogers, of Cheney, Kas., was in town today looking after sheep purchases. He says prices are pretty high, but thinks he will buy a bunch of several thousand sheep and drive them over to Las Vegas for shipment by rail from there to Kansas for fattening. He has now gone up the narrow gauge to look after sheep in the country above this city.

Last evening, Sergeant Garfield Hughes, of Troop F, "Rough Riders," reached home, after participating in all the battles in Cuba, and fighting fever ever since. He is very weak and could not have made the trip from Montauk except for the care and attention of Otis Claessner, a private of Colonel Roosevelt's regiment, who cared for him day and night on the long trip. Dr. Easterday is attending to the young soldier, and he is receiving every attention, and hopes to be able to witness the ball games at the Territorial fair next week.—Albuquerque Citizen.

At the Hotels.

At the Bon-Ton: C. B. Williams, Durango; P. Brady, Rico; Bert Monroe, Gallup; Grant Allan, Las Vegas; John West, El Paso; Thos. Roberts, New York; Joseph Wheeler, New York; A. M. Sherman, Toledo, O.

At the Palace: L. W. Lewis and family, Clarinda, Ia.; S. J. Little, Detroit, Mich.; S. A. Cliff, L. S. Bassett, Denver; A. B. Hitt, Mineral Wells, Texas; W. E. Smith, Loveta; C. W. Cowles; Washington, D. C.; C. H. Fancher, Albuquerque.

At the Claire: M. C. Gann, Texas; M. A. Rogers, Cheney, Kas.

At the Exchange: Telesforo Martinez, Jeausita Martinez, Miera; Mrs. J. A. P. Morrison, Albuquerque; Mrs. Furber, Las Vegas; C. E. Turner, Winslow.

Republican Primaries.

At Cerrillos, precinct No. 7, the following delegates were chosen to the Republican county convention: A. L. Kendall, J. F. Williams.

Democratic Convention and Primaries.

At the meeting of the Democratic county central committee held in Hon. C. F. Easley's office, yesterday afternoon, it was determined to hold the Democratic county convention in the county court house in this city on October 1, at 2 o'clock. The precinct primaries will be held on Wednesday, September 28, at such hours and places as may be selected by the committeemen of the different precincts. The object of the county convention is to select delegates to the territorial convention to be held in Deming on October 8, to place in nomination a candidate for delegate to congress.

Something Nobby.

The samples of latest designs in monogram neckties at the New Mexican. Prices very cheap. Call and see them.

"Green Chili Con Carne."

You can get a fine dish of green chili at the Bon-Ton.

To Fruit Growers.

Wanted at once good, first-class fruit delivered at the Santa Fe fruit evaporator, for which satisfactory terms will be made.

THE GRAND VALLEY FRUIT & COMMISSION CO.,

Denver, Colo.

To Denver and return, \$10.25, October 3, 4, 5, Santa Fe Route.

For Sale or Rent.

House now occupied by me as residence. S. G. CARTWRIGHT.

Publication Notice.

Territory of New Mexico, ss.
County of Santa Fe, ss.

In the District Court, First Judicial District.

Edward L. Bartlett, Plaintiff,

vs.
The Mexican Southwestern Railroad Company, formerly the Mexican and Guatemala Colonization and Railroad Company, et al.

No. 3921.

To the creditors of the Mexican Southwestern Railroad Company:

You are hereby notified, under and by virtue of an order of court duly entered in the above entitled cause, at the City of Santa Fe, Territory of New Mexico, on the seventeenth day of September, 1898, you are required to file in due and proper form, duly verified, with the undersigned, either at his office, 100 Washington Street, City of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, or at the office of the clerk of the district court, First Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, at the City of Santa Fe, all claims and demands held by you against the Mexican Southwestern Railroad, on or before January 2, 1899; and you are further notified that under and by virtue of said order of court, all claims not filed with said Receiver, in accordance with this notice, on or before January 2, 1899, are by said court ordered to be barred and excluded from any participation in the assets that shall come to the hands of the receiver.

HENRY W. LEMAN, Receiver.

GEORGE WILLIAM KNABBE, Attorney for Receiver.

Dated Santa Fe, New Mexico, September 19, 1898.

Fine Havanas.

Finest line of Havana cigars at Scheuchrich's.

Fischer & Co. are sole agents for the genuine Eastman Kodaks and supplies. Buy the Key.

The Jake Levy Tailoring Company has received its new line of fall and winter clothing samples and can show the public a nobbler, cheaper line than have ever been brought to the city before. A perfect fit guaranteed.

If you want a cheap camera, call at Fischer & Co's.

"Coming to Santa Fe"

The finest lot of oysters, lobsters, frog legs and fish ever laid eyes on, and will make their headquarters at the Bon-Ton.

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Monogram note paper the correct thing for private correspondence. The New Mexican Printing company can furnish the latest styles of this paper and at very low prices. Call and see samples.

Fresh vaccine points and tubes just received at Fischer's.

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BECOMES SURETY on bonds of officers and employees of banks, mercantile houses, railroad, express and telegraph companies, officials of States, Cities and Counties, and for contractors. Also on bonds of executors, administrators, guardians, trustees, receivers, assignees, committees, and in replevin, attachment and injunction cases, and all undertakings in judicial proceedings.

Accepted by the United States Government as sole surety on bonds of distillers, collectors of customs and internal revenue gaugers, storekeepers and other Government officials and employees. Also accepted by judges of State courts, and of the Circuit and District courts of the United States.

The company does not receive money on deposit, or pay interest on balances, or accept business that legitimately belongs to banking institutions and trust companies.

N. B. LAUGHLIN, Attorney.

PAUL WUNSCHMANN, Santa Fe, N. M. Gen'l Agent.

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"THE HEART OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM."

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- 3.—**COMMERCIAL**.—A thorough training course for business life, actual business, stenography, penmanship, commercial law, &c.
- 4.—**PREPARATORY**.—A thorough course in the commercial branches for those who have not had the benefit of graded school advantages.
- 5.—**MODEL SCHOOLS**.—An auxiliary to the normal course. A school for children of all grades.

A faculty of specialists from the leading normal schools, colleges and universities of America.

FALL TERM OPENS OCT. 3, '98.

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St. Michael's College

Santa Fe, New Mexico.

FALL TERM OPENED SEPTEMBER 5

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

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Session Begins September, '98, Ends June, 99.

Five Teachers (Men) and Matron. Accommodations for 300 Students. New Buildings, all furnishings and equipments modern and complete; steam-heated, gas-lighted; baths, water-works, all conveniences.

Tuition, board, and laundry, \$250 per session. Tuition alone \$60 per session.

Session is three terms, thirteen weeks each. Roswell is a noted health resort, 3,700 feet above sea level; well-watered; excellent people.

REGENTS—John W. Poe, Roswell, R. S. Hamilton, Roswell, Nathan Jaffe, Roswell, J. C. Lea, Roswell, J. O. Cameron, Eddy.

For particulars address: JAS. G. MEADORS, Superintendent.

OJO CALIENTE (HOT SPRINGS.)

THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from the Santa Fe and the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages run to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 80° to 120°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 168.34 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the miraculous cures effected in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis, Mercurial Affections, Scrophulous Catarrh, Le Gripe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:30 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, 75¢. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.

Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

COAL & TRANSFER, LUMBER AND FEED.

All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Texas Flooring at the lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also carry on a general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain.

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