

4-1-1898

## Santa Fe New Mexican, 04-01-1898

New Mexican Printing Company

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China.  
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Grain and  
Potatoes.

TELEPHONE 4

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## SPAIN'S REPLY TO UNITED STATES

Willing for Americans to Feed Starving Re-concentrados--Nation's Honor and Dignity Will Not Permit Independence.

### FAVOR AN ABSOLUTE DECLARATION OF WAR

President of Government of Cuba Has Appealed to President McKinley Not to Interfere--Anxiety in Diplomatic Circles at Madrid--Women's Clubs Support the President's Policy.

### STEAMERS STRIPPED OF WOODWORK READY FOR WAR

Work on Available Vessels Pushed Night and Day--In Event of War Vanderbilt Will Present Government Battleship to Cost \$5,000,000--New York Naval Reserves Called Out--The Texas Has Donned Her War Paint.

Washington, April 1.—Both houses of congress have adjourned until Monday, when the president will send a message to congress. War seems inevitable.

Washington, April 1.—The following is an abstract from the telegram received from General Woodford on the evening of March 31, as to the general situation in Cuba. He informs the government of the United States that General Blanco has revoked the decree relating to the reconcentrados in the western provinces of Cuba, which are understood to be the provinces of Matanzas, Santa Clara, Havana and Pinar del Rio; that the Spanish government has placed at the disposal of the government a general credit of \$2,000,000 posetas (\$600,000) to the end that the country people may return at once and with success to their labors. The Spanish government will accept whatever assistance to feed and succor the necessitous that may be sent from the United States in accordance with the plan now in operation. It is proposed to continue the preparation for an honorable and stable peace to the insular parliament, without whose concurrence the Spanish government would not be able to arrive at the final result, it being understood that the powers reserved by the constitution to the continental government are not lessened or diminished. As the Cuban chambers will not meet until the 4th of May, the Spanish government will not, on its part, object to a suspension of hostilities if asked for by the insurgents from the general-in-chief, to whom it will belong the power to determine the duration and condition of the suspension. The president will communicate with congress as soon as he can prepare a message.

The foregoing including the last paragraph, was made public immediately after the cabinet meeting. The reply of Spain is said, in effect, to be: Independence of Cuba means the partitioning of Cuba between Spanish territory, which cannot be done without the consent of the Spanish cortes, which will not be in session until April 24, consequently no definite answer can be returned to the demand of the United States until the cortes assemble. Then a counter proposition is submitted that the Cuban matter shall be settled upon a basis equitable among the nations. The United States is asked to give Spain time to treat with the insurgents, and ascertain what can be done in the nature of a peaceable settlement.

Senators who know the nature of the reply say it is a shrewd piece of diplomacy made for its effect upon the world at large. Administration officials feel that after Monday congress is likely to take matters into its own hands and the fear is expressed that there will be a disagreement between the branches of government, which would be unfortunate at this critical period.

#### Spain's Reply Unsatisfactory.

Washington, April 1.—It can be reiterated authoritatively that the latest dispatch from Madrid was thoroughly unsatisfactory to the administration. Its dissatisfaction was openly announced during the several conferences that took place this morning. The note was received late last night. After it had been read by the president and Judge Day an effort was made to communicate with several other members of the cabinet in view of the grave significance of the dispatch. It was considered deliberately and the reply of this government was deferred until the president could consult with his official advisers. The reply to Spain will not be cabled until after a cabinet meeting.

That the president has less confidence in a peaceable ultimate outcome is apparent. The president, it is announced, will make a public statement immediately after the cabinet meeting. Favor An Absolute Declaration of War. The senators and members of congress who saw the president told him that it was not possible for congress to delay the Cuban question beyond Monday. The senate committee on foreign relations met again today. A strong sentiment has developed in the committee for an absolute declaration of war when the time comes to act. The more conservative element, however, is disposed to be guided in the form of the declaration by the wishes of the president. In any event the facts of the Maine affair will be used to support the position taken.

It is stated on very high authority that the reply from Spain does not contain any proposition which contemplates the independence of Cuba.

Cuban Government Makes an Appeal. The Cuban government (meaning thereby the present home rule authorities of Cuba and not the insurgents) has appealed to the president of the United States to respect the will of the

majority of the people in Cuba. Their appeals declare that the majority represents those in favor of home rule under Spanish sovereignty; that the insurgents are in the minority; that the majority has a right to rule its own destinies; that it would be an injustice for any foreign power (meaning the United States) to impose upon this majority a political regime, contrary to its will. The appeal is signed: "Jose Maria Calvez, president of the honorable government of Cuba."

#### Senate in Executive Session.

Washington, April 1.—The senate went into an executive session on motion of Senator Lodge, of the committee on foreign relations. The purpose was the consideration of the resolution reported yesterday from the committee on foreign relations for the acquisition of the Danish West India Islands. The reason for considering the matter behind closed doors was the belief that our relations with Spain would necessarily be discussed, and information might be divulged that would be of advantage to that country.

Mr. Lodge opened the proceedings in the secret session with a general statement concerning the advantage of controlling the Danish islands. Mr. Gray opposed the purchase, basing his antagonism on the ground that it was contrary to the policy of the United States to acquire territory outside of its continental lines, and saying that the possession of islands would involve us in international entanglements. Mr. Fry and Mr. Lodge both stated that it was evident from the developments so far made that Porto Rico rather than Havana, would be the center of war with Spain, and in that event the Danish group would be of inestimable advantage to us. They asserted that Spain's coal supply at Porto Rico was extremely limited and it could be practically controlled by us if we should own the Danish possessions.

Mr. Cockrell and Mr. Pettigrew also opposed the resolution. Mr. Cockrell said that in case of war with Spain, Porto Rico could be taken far more easily than the Danish islands could be defended. All the senators who spoke, including the members of the committee on foreign relations, looked upon war as inevitable, basing their arguments for and against acquisition upon this theory. Mr. Morgan favored the resolution. He detailed the destruction of the Maine, expressing the opinion that it was due to Spanish treachery. Mr. Tillman interrupted to say that any child would know that the vessel was blown up from the outside. What he wanted to know was, who did it? If the committee knew, the senate should, he said, be informed, and the committee should not pursue its usual course of withholding important developments from the senate. Mr. Gray, member of the committee, demanded that Mr. Tillman should give names when he made charges. Mr. Morgan, who had grown very impatient, asserted his right to the floor commanding Mr. Tillman to take his seat. Mr. Pettus supported and Mr. Caffrey opposed the resolution.

Senate Adjourned Until Monday. On motion of Senator Allison, without objection, the senate agreed when it adjourned today that it would be until Monday.

#### Proceedings in the House.

Washington, April 1.—In the house Mr. Boutelle, chairman of the naval committee, desired to go ahead with the naval appropriation bill, despite the fact that under the rules this was private bill day. He explained briefly the urgent necessity of getting the bill through at once. A significant incident occurred while the attempt was being made to effect an arrangement to postpone the private bill until Tuesday. Mr. Bromwell (Rep. Ohio) asked if Tuesday was set apart for private bill day whether it would interfere with the report from the foreign affairs committee. "It certainly would," replied the speaker promptly. "Then I object," shouted Mr. Bromwell. Subsequently he withdrew his objection with the understanding that Tuesday should be private bill day, provided the foreign affairs committee had no report to make. The naval bill was then taken up. Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriation committee, offered a substitute for the paragraph providing for three battleships, six torpedo boats and six torpedo boat destroyers. The substitute provided for one battleship to cost \$3,000,000 exclusive of armament, 12 torpedo boat destroyers and 12 torpedo boats, to cost not exceeding \$4,000,000.

The house rejected the Cannon amendment but by a vote of 137 to 67 adopted an amendment by Mr. Pearce (Rep. Mo.) to increase the number of torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers to 12 each, and to increase the appropriation for them from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000. It rejected the amendment to add two armored cruisers.

#### Speaker Reed Called to White House.

Speaker Reed has been called to the White house to consult with the president on the Cuban situation.

#### Naval Officers in Cabinet Meeting.

Captain Crowninshield, chief of the navigation bureau, whose duty it is to order the movements of all naval vessels, kept track of all matters bearing on our comparative naval strength, was summoned to the cabinet meeting. Assistant Secretary Day, Captain Clover, chief of the naval intelligence bureau, and Captain Barker, naval aide and member of the strategic board, were also called into consultation.

In connection with the official statement made public this afternoon, it can be stated on good authority that the case, as now made up by the negotiations between Spain and the United States, will constitute the case as it will be submitted to congress in the president's message. There is no present intention of pursuing further negotiations which will change the status of the Cuban question as now presented in the correspondence between Spain and the United States. The circulation of an Associated Press bulletin giving an abstract of the reply from Spain caused intense excitement in the house. Those members who have recently been in consultation with the president say the announcement of an intended message means there will be a review of the entire Spanish situation, and it no doubt would state that further negotiations to bring about a peaceful solution of the case were useless. Some think the president will advise intervention at once. The cabinet adjourned at 1:45 till 6. Members regard the situation as of the most critical character possible.

#### Spain's Reply Given to Foreign Relations Committee.

The foreign relations committee of the senate remained in session until 12:25. The reply of Spain was communicated to the members. It was said to be a rejection of the demands of the United States.

#### Feeling in Madrid.

Madrid, April 1.—The opinion is expressed from an authoritative source that an agreement between the governments of Spain and the United States will be reached, including the Maine

and reconcentrados questions. It is added that this also means arriving at a durable peace solution. It is also said that the government and Capt. Gen. Blanco are in accord with the peninsular government to assist in this work of peace. Those best informed here believe peace is assured, unless President McKinley's hands are forced, making him depart from the calm attitude he assumed throughout the crisis. It is further semi-officially asserted that the Spanish government, believing they correctly interpret "the sentiment of justice and lofty aims" of the president, assert that Spain will not "hesitate to do everything necessary to preserve peace without other limits than the national dignity and territorial integrity."

#### Anxiety in Diplomatic Circles.

Inquiries made last evening of United States Minister Woodford failed to secure anything confirming the optimistic impression prevailing here. He has so earnestly been a friend of peace throughout that his silence now causes much anxiety in diplomatic circles. The substance of yesterday's proposals by the Spanish government is 1.—That the insurgents should ask for an armistice, and not the United States.

2.—That the request for an armistice should be dealt with by the autonomous cabinet in Cuba without the intervention or good offices of the United States.

When informed of the proposed government measures for the relief of the reconcentrados the queen regent, an agent announced that she would appoint a ladies' committee, over which she will personally preside, to take charge of and educate the orphans of the war, both Cubans and Spaniards.

#### Spain will Make No Concessions.

Madrid, 1 p. m.—According to the best information obtainable today, Spain has definitely resolved not to make any further concessions to the United States.

#### The Pope Offers to Arbitrate.

The latest phase of the situation this afternoon is a report that the pope is urging Spain to offer an armistice and also that his holiness urges the insurgents to accept. The note, which was transmitted to Washington in addition to the proposition in regard to the armistice and reconcentration, expresses regret "at the accident to the Maine in Spanish waters," and offers to arbitrate in the matter.

#### United States' Demands Rejected.

London, April 1.—The Mail's second edition says that at the conference in Madrid yesterday, Senor Sagasta, premier, read to Minister Woodford Spain's reply. The chief demands of the United States were rejected, the feeling being that they are inconsistent with the dignity and honor of any nation. The note has been telegraphed to various European powers.

#### Women's Clubs Support the President.

Chicago, April 1.—The women's clubs of the country, a quarter of a million strong, stand shoulder to shoulder in supporting the Cuban course of President McKinley. A letter sent today to the chief executive by Mrs. Ellen M. Henrotin, president of the General Federation of Women's clubs, says: "While most of the members of our federation represent no vote on subjects of national politics, we do represent a great influence. On us a war will fall the heaviest, for we must give our sons, our sons' sons, and our sons' sons, help repair ravages and losses, and mitigate the suffering which such a terrible event must inevitably bring in its train. Therefore, we have the best right to express our opinion. We pledge you, that while it is a question of humanity that you may count on the moral support of this organization."

#### Will Make Uncle Sam a Present.

New York, April 1.—Vn. K. Vanderbilt, it is reported, has decided that in the event of war with Spain, to present the United States government with a warship to cost \$5,000,000.

#### Work at Brooklyn Navy Yard.

The force of workmen in the Brooklyn navy yard was increased today and the men will work day and night until all vessels available are ready for service. The "mosquito fleet" is being overhauled as rapidly as possible. The battleship Texas has donned her war paint and from the water line up is a dull slate color. The reports that some of the plates in her bottom were badly stove in were grossly exaggerated. Today the

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



FOR SALE BY H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

Texas is taking on provisions and additional ammunition, and Sunday she will be ready for service.

Orders were received by the commander of the New York naval reserve today to send 100 men to League Island to bring to this port one of the monitors now there.

Sailed for Hampton Roads. Philadelphia, April 1.—The United States cruiser Minneapolis sailed from the League Island navy yard this morning, bound for Hampton Roads, where she is to join the flying squadron.

Warships Preparing for Fighting. Key West, April 1.—Work of stripping the United States war ships of all wood work, in order to make them ready for war service, is being done. The gunboat Castine, and a torpedo boat were on patrol duty last night, and the patrol will be continued nightly.

#### The Massachusetts at Hampton Roads.

Fort Monroe, Va., April 1.—The first move of the flying squadron under Commodore Schley's orders, was made today when the Massachusetts came down Hampton Roads and anchored off Fortress Monroe. The Columbia, after coming, will join the squadron. Both Commodore Schley and Captain Cook, his chief of staff, refuse to discuss events or theorize upon any situation that might occur.

#### GENERAL BLANCO NOT IDLE.

Volunteer Troops in Havana Pledge Their Lives, Fortunes and Honor to Spain.

Havana, April 1.—General Blanco last night called the colonels of the volunteer regiments to the palace and impressed upon them the necessity of greater union than ever in these times, and recommended that the highest discipline be maintained and more patriotism shown. The officers pledged to Spain their "lives, fortunes and sacred honor."

#### Warrants for Councilmen.

Philadelphia, April 1.—District Attorney Graham today asked that warrants be issued for the arrest of Councilman Charles Seger, Select Councilman J. Emery Bryam and Nelson G. Green, attorney for the Schuylkill Valley Water company. The investigation into charges of bribery in connection with the Schuylkill Valley water bill, Seger, Bryam and Green were mentioned by witnesses as having figured in the questionable transactions.

#### HELD BY COURT OF MEXICO.

Three Men Under Arrest for Violation of Neutrality Laws.

Laredo, Tex., April 1.—In the cases of Andres Santos, Margarito Cavasos, of Vallacillo, and Adolfo Rodriguez, of San Ignacio, Mexico, the three leaders who proposed a Spanish invasion of Texas, charged with a violation of the neutrality laws, the Mexico court held there was sufficient evidence to hold them.

SPRING, 1898.

## Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

Our spring stock, which is the most attractive we have ever shown, is now complete. All goods are marked in plain figures, one price for everybody, and we do guarantee the lowest possible eastern prices, not only in one line, but in every department. There is no sentiment in business, people buy goods where they can do the best. Our methods of fair and square dealings, with uniform low prices, are bound to win. We call special attention to the following goods:

#### DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Canvass back duck in all colors  
Homespun linens in plain and fancy  
Organdies transparent  
Cordons  
Black, white and colored lawns  
Organdies linings  
Swiss muslins  
India linens  
Flaid, stripe and changeable silks  
Peaux de Soix  
Irish linens  
Table linens  
Napkins  
Towels  
Bedspreads  
Pearl cord  
Draperies  
French Dimities  
Silk and cotton laces in all styles and all prices  
Embroideries, cheaper than ever before

Ladies chemise, night gowns, etc.  
Ladies shoes, the finest in the city.

#### WALL PAPER

We are now showing the most attractive and latest styles. Now is your time to get an Easter hat or bonnet.  
CARPETS, LINOLEUMS, ETC.,  
In this line we defy competition.

We have the largest stock in the territory and you can not afford to buy elsewhere if you examine our stock and prices. We sell it at 10 cents per double roll and up. All the latest patterns can be seen in this department.

#### MEN'S SHOES

We have a large assortment, all sizes, all widths, all colors. We guarantee to sell you a good pair of shoes for less than any other store in town.

#### SUSPENDERS

We are in receipt of 100 doz. of the finest line ever shown in this city. They are the genuine "Harris Buckle," every pair warranted for six months.

MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS  
We have a fine line at 50cts, \$1 and \$1.25. Men's all linen collars at 10cts each, in any style.

MEN'S HATS  
The latest styles at the lowest imaginable prices.

MEN'S NECKWEAR  
400 doz. to select from. Ties you pay elsewhere 50c for 25c, silk lined in all colors.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS  
Men's fancy, laundered shirts at 50cts. 75cts, \$1.

AD. GUSDORF, Mgr.



# The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

## FRIDAY, APRIL 1.

Cuba must and shall be free.

The war cloud is gathering force and Spain will be the greatest sufferer should it break.

Hold your peace until Monday, men and brethren; light is breaking for free Cuba.

The country seems pretty well united on the Cuban question, regardless of geographical lines.

Politics are beginning to stir in the southern part of the territory. Up in this section a few city elections are attracting some attention, but that is about all.

A good representative man for mayor, that is what is wanted by the large body of Republican voters in this city. Such a man will be elected, if nominated on tomorrow.

The Republican city ticket should be elected. The Republican city convention tomorrow will nominate the right sort of men as candidates for city offices and they should be elected.

Every day adds strength to the war preparations of this country and does not do Spain any good. Mr. McKinley's policy is all right, despite the ravings of the yellow journals and hot-headed people.

It is not too much to say that never before, within the memory of men now living, was the whole world at such a tension by reason of warlike rumors. Hardly a corner of the earth is exempt.

On tomorrow the Republicans of this city will nominate candidates for city officers for the coming election. The indications point, that very good men will be selected and will be elected on Tuesday next.

The Republican nominations in the Second and Third wards are very good indeed and there is every reason why these nominations should be confirmed and voted for by the voters, having the best interests of the city at heart on next Tuesday.

New York to the front. In the space of a few minutes on yesterday, the legislature now in session in Albany appropriated \$1,000,000 to be used for extraordinary military expenses in case of war with Spain, at the discretion of the governor. The Empire state is all right.

The south is not clamoring especially for war, but when war does come, the south will be found as loyal and will do as effective work for the cause of the Union in proportion as any other section of this great country. Politics will cut no figure when it comes to supporting the government in the present emergency.

Free traders are howling and yelling at the Dingley tariff law and assert that the operations of the law has not brought prosperity to the country. They say the daylight of prosperity has not yet arrived, it is still twilight and murky twilight at that. It may still be twilight, but if so, it is the kind that precedes the opening of a glorious and clear day of prosperity.

The British government has placed an order for 5,000 tons of steel plates for ship building with the Carnegie Steel company, of Pittsburgh, Pa. Before a protective tariff was a live policy of American government, Great Britain had a virtual monopoly on the steel business in this country, but since protection was established, the United States has superseded that country as the great iron and steel producer of the world.

English press comments on the American-Spanish question is universal in favor of this country and amazement at American moderation is the general feeling among those best fitted to understand the feeling of America and the impulses of the Anglo-Saxon people. There can be no doubt that intelligent Englishmen sympathize with this country. They know its generosity, its charity, its humanity, and they can not understand why it has so long delayed to stretch forth its hand and save a helpless people from torment and butchery.

Solicitor General Bartlett's opinion in the matter of the law, requiring deposits to be made by insurance companies with the territorial treasurer to enable them to do business in the territory, is good and sound. Deposits with the treasurer of notes and mortgages, representing bona fide loans or of territorial, county or municipal bonds to the amount of \$10,000 in each case, are a ne-

cessity before doing business. The letter and the spirit of the law require the loans to be honest, and bona fide loans, this is apparent. In abiding by the solicitor general's opinion, the treasurer will carry out the requirement of the law.

War with Spain cannot and will not last long in the very nature of things. The Spanish army is the poorest drilled and least effective of any of the European armies, and the worst drilled militia or national guard of this country is far ahead of it in military efficiency and drill. But the war with Spain cannot, for much the same reasons, be much of a light on land. It will consist of a few naval conflicts, and there is no doubt, in the minds of men well posted as to the relative merits and strength of the navies of the United States and Spain, what the result will be. Within six weeks after the declaration of war and the commencement of active hostilities the Spanish fleets will be swept from the ocean.

On the other hand, as they trust him to form a careful and honest judgment, they trust him equally to advise them of it in due time, to prepare to act on it when it shall be necessary, in the way and to the degree needed. They no more fear a conflict which can not honorably be avoided than they wish one that can so be turned aside. They would no more hesitate to follow him where duty points than they would impatiently hurry him. This, without qualification, is the unchangeable sentiment of the sober, peace-loving people of the country. There is impatience in expression, and a desire to free the Cubans, and much pressure is being brought to bear to bring about that end, but beneath all the clamor for immediate action there is an abiding faith in the public that Wm. McKinley's only desire is to do that which is right and best for the country.

## Uncle Sam Has Troubles Enough.

It is reported that the United States has been asked by Japan to take a hand in the Chinese division scheme, just far enough to prevent Russia's securing control of Wei-Hai-Wei. Japan has held that port since the close of the Japan-China war, as security for the payment of a war indemnity by the Chinese, and now Russia threatens to seize the port.

As much as this country admires the "Yankee land of the east," and desires to see it become a great nation, yet Uncle Sam will in all probability beg to be excused from mixing up in the affair. For this action there are many reasons of the most substantial nature. Russia has ever been a friend of America and shown that friendship on different occasions in a very appreciable manner; Japan professes friendliness for the United States, and to take any part in the eastern question would, in the end, result in making enemies out of both those nations. And then, just at this time, your uncle has troubles of his own. Down in the vicinity of the Tropic of Cancer, near the southeast coast of this country, a little tragedy is being enacted which seems likely to engage the serious attention of this republic for some little time. Out on the Pacific ocean lies a group of islands which are clamoring for the privilege of flying the stars and stripes over their coral reefs, and, while for the present that matter is eclipsed by the more stirring events already hinted at, the question of annexation, or protection, will have to be settled in the near future.

The distance intervening between those two points of public interest is considerable, and should the questions involved come to a point where something must be done, there will be business enough on hand to keep this country busy without crossing seas and continents to find something to keep the people out of mischief.

Under the circumstances, it looks very much as if Japan will have to depend upon the fighting qualities of her own people to retain possession of a sea port with a name sufficient to prevent any great amount of fighting.

## The People Believe in McKinley.

At the present moment it is easily to be seen that the administration is subject to a great strain, and is passing through perilous times. In congress there is almost a revolt against the conservative measures of McKinley; throughout the country there is an undeniable demand for war with Spain. Despite this uneasiness and the mutterings heard on every hand the people believe in the president, and place implicit trust in his integrity and desire to do that which is right at the right time.

He, more than all others—he, indeed, alone—knows all the facts, numerous, complicated, important, and delicate as they are. He has his responsible advisers at the heads of the various branches of the public service. He has the leaders of both parties in the national legislature within call. He has both the information and the counsel which our representatives to foreign governments are in position to give him. Unquestionably his responsibility is very grave, for it is the responsibility of great power freely conferred and backed by the loyal sentiment of the whole country. He need feel no suspicion of partisan motive on his part; it does not exist. He need fear no partisan prejudice against him; it could not survive the angry contempt of all rational citizens. His responsibility is only such as a clear, conscience and a sound mind can meet and must meet.

The people trust him. There is not a shadow of doubt of that. They trust him as one of themselves, their chief representative, sharing their principles and their convictions, and set apart only by his post of knowledge and of power. They desire no war that can honorably be avoided, nor does he. They long incessantly for continued

peace if it can honorably be had, as he does. They wish that every resource of diplomacy, of discussion and reflection, shall be employed to the utmost to avert a conflict that, if it can be averted, would be monstrous; and this is his wish. They no more care to urge him than he cares unduly to hasten.

## LOTS OF ROOM FOR MORE FACTORIES

Consumption of Sugar Constantly on the Increase—Five Hundred More Factories Would Be None Too Many.

According to the Statistical Trade Journal, the increase in consumption of sugar in the United States for the year past was 6.91 per cent, requiring to supply it 136,177 long tons of sugar or over 305,000,000 pounds. Below are the figures:

Tons of 2240 lbs	Total consumption in 1897.....	Total consumption in 1898.....
2,098,233	2,098,233	2,234,086
136,177	136,177	136,177

This is not unusual, for the average increase of consumption in the United States for the past 16 years has been 5.97 per cent annually. According to the same authority, the world's estimated increase in manufacture of sugar in 1897 was only 64,737 tons.

There were in operation the past year nine beet sugar factories in this country. It would require three and three-fifths times the capacity of these nine factories to supply sufficient sugar for the increase alone, or 32 factories of the same average capacity. If we wish at the same time to provide for present consumption it would be necessary to build 55 times as many factories as are now in operation, or 495 factories of the average capacity of the nine we now have. Now, then, if we were to build new factories at the rate of 50 a year it would take about ten years to catch up on present consumption of sugar, so that to supply this country with sugar the total number of factories required to be built each year would be fifty, plus 32. As meantime increase of consumption would likely continue in about the same ratio, the number of 82 should be increased 5 per cent to provide for that, so that we have a grand total of 86 factories to be built annually, for ten years, before this nation can grasp the often quoted \$100,000,000 we are spending every 12 months for sugar.

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## THE TALK OF EUROPE.

Brief Reflections Upon Events of Current Interest Across the Ocean.

In connection with the present Dreyfus case, it is worthy of note that M. Hanotaux, the exceedingly clever French minister of foreign affairs, did his best to prevent the prosecution of the captain, foreseeing the deplorable results of the affair for the prestige of France abroad. An official memorandum exists bearing the signature of M. Hanotaux protesting strongly against the action of his colleague, the minister of war, General Mercier, in inaugurating the prosecution.

The great opera house of La Scala, at Milan, has been closed, the government having refused the usual subvention. The explanation appears to be that La Scala, which has hitherto been looked upon as a sort of sanctuary of the musical art, has ceased to fulfill the object for which it was originally established—namely, the encouragement and development of the Italian lyric art. The modern Italian composers are few and far between, and La Scala has of late years produced more German operas and introduced more foreign singers, for want of those of home growth, than in strict accordance with its statutes.

The Russian anti-Semitic press is drawing attention to the rapid growth in the number of large Jewish traders in Moscow, a city which has hitherto been kept as free as possible from Hebrew influences. Twenty years ago the number of Jewish merchants belonging to the first guild was 84. At the present time this number has risen to 279. As the total number of first guild merchants in Moscow is 674 it follows that the Jews at present are able to exercise an enormous influence in the chamber of commerce and in other trading and financial circles in the Muscovite capital.

The ukase abolishing every kind of customs duty on agricultural implements and machinery entering Russia, and which was to have been issued on New Year's day, will not be promulgated until late in the spring, obstacles yet to be overcome having been raised by the minister of finance.

The municipality of the city of Sofia has issued a notice inviting tenders for supplying the Bulgarian capital with electric light and tramways. The concessions for the lighting and the tramways are to be taken up together and will be received up to March 17.

The general act of the anti-slavery conference of 1899 provides that after the lapse of six years a fresh meeting of representatives of the signatory powers shall be held with a view to revision of the liquor traffic regulations in Africa. At the instance of Great Britain, Belgium has recently issued invitations to the United States and other foreign powers for a new general conference to meet next April.

The Ottoman lighthouse administration has received instructions to resume the working of the lighthouses on the Mediterranean coast which have remained unilluminated since the outbreak of the war with Greece.

According to returns which have recently been published in Paris with regard to the incomes of professional men, there are in all France between 12,000 and 13,000 doctors, of whom 2,500 are to be found in Paris. Of this number only 6 make incomes ranging from \$40,000 to \$60,000 a year; 14 make incomes in the neighborhood of \$20,000 a year, while not more than 100 make as much as \$10,000 a year. With regard to lawyers, of whom there are 3,000 in Paris alone, there are not 400 of them who make as much as \$2,000 a year, while a couple of score range as high as \$10,000 a year each. The explanation is the very simple economic one that the supply exceeds the demand. Twice as many doctors, lawyers and other professional men are turned out yearly as there are places for, the prejudice against trade, industry and agriculture being even stronger in republican France than in monarchic England.

Among the important anniversaries this year is the fourth anniversary of the fiery martyrdom of Savonarola, which will be celebrated on May 28 at Florence. At Basel, in Switzerland, preparations are being made to commemorate the four hundredth birthday of Hans Holbein. The Portuguese will also celebrate in May with magnificent fetes the fourth centenary of Vasco da Gama's discovery of the Cape route to India, which occurred in 1498, exactly six years after the discovery of the new world. On June 29 there will be festivities in Ancona in honor of Leopardi, one of the greatest poets Italy has produced, who was born there in 1798, and on Aug. 21 the centenary of Jules Michelet, the historian, will be celebrated by the municipal council of Paris with appropriate meetings and banquets.—New York Tribune.

To Klondike in a Bale of Hay. The whereabouts of Charles Sleeman, a railroad man who suddenly disappeared a few weeks ago, has been discovered. He left Kalamazoo, Mich., with \$3 to seek a fortune in the Klondike gold-fields. He rode in freight cars to Seattle and sailed from there Feb. 6 on a barge for a nine days' voyage to Skagway secured in a bale of hay. He left a wife and son, aged 16.

Two Moons. A European astronomer predicts that two moons will appear in the sky on July 30, but other astronomers pronounce the prediction all moonshine.—Philadelphia Record.

A Timely Caution. Don't boast of your blood—you may need a purifier next spring.—Chicago News.

Code of Civil Procedure. Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing Company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

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munion first Monday in  
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at 7:30 p. m.

J. B. BRADY, W. M.  
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Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A.  
M. Regular convocation second  
Monday in each month at Ma-  
sonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

JAMES B. BRADY, H. P.  
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1,  
K. T. Regular convocation fourth  
Monday in each month at Ma-  
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MAX, PROST, E. C.

ADDITION WALKER,  
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PARADISE LODGE  
No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets  
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trains from the West), reaching Lincoln  
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House and lot southwest corner Manhattan avenue and College street—58 x 22 feet.

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## CITY POLITICS.

### Delegates Chosen and Nominations Made in the Four City Wards—Getting Ready for the Day.

#### Republican Primaries.

Ward No. 1.—Epitacio Gallegos called the meeting to order. Ignacio Sena acted as chairman. The following delegates to the city convention were chosen: Frank Gutierrez, Epitacio Gallegos, Jose D. Sena, Perfecto Olivas, Sixto Garcia, Hilario Garcia, and Jose Gonzalez. For members of the city council Ignacio Sena for the two years' term and David Gonzalez for the one year's term were nominated, as was Nicolas Sena for member of the board of education.

Ward No. 2.—Ricardo Alarid called the meeting to order. Hon. Antonio Ortiz y Salazar was elected chairman. The following delegates for the city convention were chosen: Antonio Ortiz y Salazar, Agustin Salcido, Francisco Romero, Antonio Alarid, A. P. Hogle, Carlos J. Parsons, Frank Sturgis, Richard Huber, Canuto Romero. The following nominations were made: For the city council, Canuto Alarid; for member of the board of education, A. P. Hogle.

Ward No. 3.—John V. Conway called the meeting to order and acted as chairman also. The following delegates were elected: J. V. Conway, C. A. Spies, Marcos Castillo, W. J. McPherson, Victor Garcia, Adolph J. Fischer, Atansio Romero, Celso Lopez, W. S. Fletcher. For members of the council, Celso Lopez and W. J. McPherson; member of the board of education, John V. Conway.

Ward No. 4.—Octaviano Rodriguez called the meeting to order and acted as chairman. The following delegates were elected: Simon Segura, Apolonio Martinez, Lino Romero, E. L. Bartlett, Emilio Solignac, Octaviano Rodriguez and R. L. Baca. For member of the council, R. L. Baca; for member of the board of education, Roberto Johnson.

#### Citizens Combination.

Ward No. 1.—Miguel Gorman was chairman and J. H. Sutherland acted as secretary. The following delegates were chosen: J. H. Sutherland, Frank Ortiz y Baca, Donaciano Vigil, Camilo Padilla, Arthur Boyle, E. L. S. Juan Delgado, Eugenio Sena, Lauriano Oyasa, Domingo Pacheco.

The following nominations were made: Members of the council, Juan D. Alarid for two years' term and Anastacio Rivera for one year's term; for member of board of education, Camilo Padilla.

Ward No. 2.—The following delegates were chosen: Jose Segura, Pedro Quintana, Juan B. Sandoval, Luciano Baca, Leandro Sena, Charles F. Easley, Jose Ortiz y Baca, W. H. Pope, Encarnacion Sandoval, Manuel B. Apodaca, for members of the city council, Chas. F. Easley was nominated, and for board of education A. P. Hill was named.

Ward No. 3.—J. S. Candelario was chairman and F. W. Maestas, secretary. The following delegates were elected: J. G. Schumann, Anastacio Quintana, N. Salmon, Hilario Garcia, Camilo Padilla, Barla, Ned Gold, W. E. Griffin, F. A. Maestas and W. R. Price. For members of the council Frank Gonzalez y Baca, for two years' term, and S. S. Beaty were nominated, and for member board of education, Sherrard Coleman was named.

Ward No. 4.—The following delegates were chosen: Arthur Seligman, Nestor Rodriguez, T. J. Helm, Ascension Rael, S. Spitz, Antonio Borrego, H. S. Clancy, C. H. Gildersleeve, Daniel Lugo, E. A. Fiske, Nemecio Armijo, Sixto Manzanarez, Grant Rivenburg, Sol Spiegelberg, Jose Labadie, Cosme Carrillo, Gregorio Gooch, Ramon Valencia, Donaciano Martinez. The following nominations were made: For member of the council, A. C. Ireland, and for member of the board of education, Teodosio Castillo.

#### Primaries.

The primaries of both parties last night were well attended. Republican politicians are figuring out a majority of 150 for the Republican city ticket.

A. P. Hogle would make a first class case as a member of the board of education.

The nomination of Judge Walker for mayor on the Citizens' ticket seems to be in the air.

City politics are warming up. It does look as if the Citizens' movement will make a strong fight for success.

The nominees on the Republican ticket in the first ward are good men and, although that ward is generally Democratic, will make a good fight for success.

The friends of Marcelino Ortiz claim to have 20 votes out of 33 in the Republican city convention tomorrow, which they assert will secure his nomination for city clerk.

On the Republican side Captain J. R. Hudson is talked of for the nomination of mayor, although some claim that Mayor Spies will be renominated.

In ward No. 3 the Republicans made excellent nominations; W. J. McPherson and Celso Lopez for the council, and John V. Conway for the board of education. This ticket should certainly receive the full support of the voters of the ward.

#### To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

#### The Weather.

The weather yesterday was clear and slightly warmer, with light to fresh winds. The maximum temperature was 31 and the minimum 27 degrees. The mean relative humidity was 33 per cent. Fair weather, slightly colder tonight and Saturday.

#### The New Lunch Counter

At Conway's Bon-Ton is the only place where you can get a first-class short order meal in the city.

## MINOR CITY TOPICS.

A number of additional tools stolen last October from the capitol building, were recovered last night.

Page B. Otero is receiving all kinds of congratulations today from friends, on the birth of his next daughter.

U. S. weather bureau forecast for New Mexico: Fair and slightly colder in north portion tonight, Saturday fair.

Margarita Archuleta, arrested for assault and battery, on complaint of Filomena Salazar Warrick, was placed in confinement this morning.

Ned Gold, mother and sister, accompanied by Mrs. Renehan, will leave next week for a two months' trip to James and Sulphur Springs.

In the case of Filomena Warrick against Margarita Archuleta, which was called before Justice Gorman at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the prosecuting witness paid the costs and the judge dismissed the case.

Juan Norango, of this city, has been appointed baker at the Ponca Indian school, Oklahoma, at \$400 a year.

The sale of court plaster from the drug stores attests that the number of people who fought and bled for party success last night was not small.

After the entertainment last night, Professor Sam Black entertained the members of the Denver University Glee club, at his rooms in the Catron block. The young men passed a very pleasant time.

The saloon of Romualdo Roybal y Medina, at Wagon Mound, was broken into and the sum of \$32 in cash and some wet goods to the amount of \$50 more were taken. This happened last night. The day book, containing the accounts due the saloon was also destroyed; so says a private dispatch from Wagon Mound received here this morning.

Colonel Geo. W. Knaebel wired Delegate Ferguson on yesterday as follows: "I respectfully suggest you to introduce a bill appropriating \$1,000,000 reward for the discovery of the miscreant who set off torpedo or mine which blew up the Maine." There is no question but that this is an excellent idea. A big reward would clear up the matter very quickly and very satisfactorily.

There is a crowd of South American Gypsies camped near the Santa Fe depot that should be chased out of the country at once. The women and children roam about the residence portion of the town forcing their way into houses, stealing clothing, chickens and other portable articles, and are filthy beyond description. It is said by those who know the camp that several of the inmates have smallpox in a virulent form.

Captain Matthews is making an effort to secure a friendly shooting match between company I, First regiment infantry at Las Vegas and company B, of this city. Arrangements are being made with the Santa Fe to furnish transportation rates. The Las Vegas company will be entertained by the Santa Fe company first, and a return match arranged for at the same time. Both companies belong to the First regiment of infantry. After this contest is decided, company will arrange for a contest with cavalry troop E, of Santa Fe.

The entertainment given at the court house last night by the University of Denver Glee club, was one of the best musical events of the season in Santa Fe. The boys were greeted by a crowded house and succeeded in pleasing every one present. Prof. Wetzel, the reader with the club, is an artist of the highest merit, and his selections were well received. Should the club ever return to Santa Fe they will meet with a cordial reception.

## NOTICE TO PATRONS.

On and after April 1st, no books will be kept at the City Meat Market, and all credit business will be discontinued. Coupon books now out will be redeemed as per agreement, and new books sold for cash only. This move is taken in order to avoid the expense of book-keeping and collecting, and customers will receive the benefit of the saving. The choicest Kansas City meats will be sold at rock bottom prices. We will expect all outstanding accounts to be settled prior to April 15.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

J. W. Novins, a New York drummer, is at the Palace.

J. G. Bidleman, a St. Paul drummer, is at the Palace.

A. Simon, of San Francisco, is registered at the Palace.

W. L. Matthews, a Denver tourist, is stopping at the Claire.

A. F. Easley has returned from a business trip to Kansas City.

Burt Allison, of Hutchinson, Kas., a traveling man, is registered at the Claire.

Karl T. Kraft, representing a Chicago wholesale house, is registered at the Palace.

Wm. Langdon, an Antonio miner, en route south, registered at the Exchange yesterday.

Joseph Wood and George Martin are in the city from Alamosa, stopping at the Bon Ton.

G. H. Taylor, a traveling man, is here from Durango, stopping at the Bon Ton.

Judge Stone, of the land court, left for his home at Denver on this morning's Rio Grande.

Hon. T. B. Catron, accompanied by W. M. Tipton, returned home from El Paso last evening.

Francisco Romero, a merchant of Antonio, is visiting in the city. He is registered at the Bon Ton.

Harry Potter left last evening for Albuquerque, where he will accept a position in the White Elephant.

John F. Schuch, representing Battle-Axe tobacco, is advertising in the city. He registers at the Palace.

Hon. Lorion Miller, of Albuquerque, secretary of the house of immigration, is in the city on business and visiting friends. He registers at the Claire.

Ed. Hartman, the Rio Grande brakeman who smashed his fingers the first of last month, reported for duty this morning and took the Santa Fe-Antonito run.

D. M. Medina, of Wagon Mound, member of the board of county commissioners of Mora county, and a well known citizen, is here on business before the land office.

Hon. Romualdo Roybal y Medina, who represented Mora county in the house of the Thirty-second legislative assembly, and made a very good record in that body, is here from his home near Wagon Mound.

Mr. Geo. H. Cross has been employed by the Denver Republican to act as New Mexico correspondent and to write up the several towns and sections of the territory for the paper named. He has commenced work already and is now in Raton gathering data and pointers.

Clyde B. Stevens, manager, and W. A. Dunlavy, J. W. Wetzel, J. Bruce King, E. M. Oyle, J. P. Downer, R. W. Arndt, T. M. Rader, E. M. Antrim, Professor W. T. Lee, H. J. Carson and Geo. E. Toomey, members of the University of Denver Glee club, are registered at the Palace.

Deputy United States Marshal Codrington spent the day in Los Lunas transferring the five Indians confined in the Valencia county jail to the Bernalillo county jail at Albuquerque. The Indians are under indictment for torturing an old squaw at Zuni about a year ago.

Fischer & Co. are sole agents for Eastman's kodaks and materials.

Kansas City Meats.

Bischoff & Muller handle a full line of Kansas City meats, including sausage Give them a trial.

See the '98 model pocket kodak at Fischer & Co's. Give us an order.

## DEPOSITS OF INSURANCE COMPANIES.

### Opinion of the Solicitor General As to Notes and Mortgages in Such Cases.

Hon. Samuel Eldott, Treasurer. Santa Fe, March 30, 1898.—Dear Sir: Under chapter 41, session laws of 1897, requiring fire insurance companies to make deposit of not less than \$10,000 in value of real estate, I would state for your information and guidance in the future, that, in my opinion, the law will be fully complied, on the deposit with you, of notes secured by mortgage upon real estate situated in New Mexico, to the amount of \$10,000, when accompanied by a certificate from the president, secretary or manager of the company that the amount mentioned in the mortgage has been actually in good faith loaned by said company upon the real estate described in the mortgage; and also, an affidavit from the mortgagee that he has actually in good faith borrowed the amount named in the mortgage and given the same to secure said loan.

The fact that the insurance companies are willing to loan their money upon the property mortgaged, is certainly as good an evidence of its value, title of the mortgage and security for the amount loaned, as could be asked. The companies take all the risk in these particulars and the territory gets not only the security of the mortgage, but the commercial value of the indorsement by the insurance company.

I am not aware of what your practice has been heretofore in this respect, but the above requirements will meet all the objects of the law, and will fully protect you as well as the territory.

On receipt of this, I would be glad if you will advise me that your office will adopt this rule in the future in reference to such deposits. Very respectfully, EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Solicitor General of New Mexico.

## To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

## TERRITORIAL SIFTINGS.

#### Las Vegas.

Antonio Armijo, under indictment for cattle stealing, has been surrendered to the sheriff by his bondsman.

The Browne & Manzanarez company have elected officers for the ensuing year: F. A. Manzanarez, president; M. W. Browne, vice president and secretary.

Redmond McDonald, one of the prominent young attorneys of San Miguel county, died Wednesday morning of pneumonia. Mr. McDonald came to this city for his health from Ireland four years ago, and it was thought he was steadily improving. His family in Ireland has been told of the sad ending.

#### Albuquerque.

Paul T. Bate, who came to this city five years ago, died Thursday morning, aged 33 years. The remains will be taken to his old home in Wetumpka, Ala., for burial.

The Hamm embezzlement case continues to occupy the attention of the district court. The prosecution has rested and the defense is making its case.

Contractor Lantry's camp is still at Luna hill, on the Santa Fe Pacific, widening the road-bed. There are 60 men at work, with 40 teams, and they will work from Luna to Grant's. Smith's outfit is at work with 15 men, doing masonry on the bridges for the iron structures. The Santa Fe Pacific railway evidently means business, and intends to put that road in most excellent condition.

## Oysters and Fish.

Fresh oysters and fish received every Friday by Bischoff & Muller. Prices at the lowest possible notch.

## RINCONADA MINING OPERATIONS.

### Dredge to Be Placed on Placer Grounds—Shipments from Copper Mountain—General Mining Notes.

#### Special Correspondence New Mexican.

Rinconada, March 30, 1898.—Spring work has assumed very active phases in the Rio Grande mining district and considerable new capital is aiding in developing the slumbering resources of the region. The Rio Grande district is located in Taos county, 55 miles north of Santa Fe and is reached by stage from Embudo, the nearest railway station, on the Rio Grande railroad.

A. L. Schumaker is working five men in the Rio Grande canon, where he has cut a white quartz vein, which shows from \$3 to \$11 average values in gold. The vein has been cross-cut a distance of 100 feet and no foot wall disclosed.

J. P. Connor, of Santa Fe, is arranging to put in a dredge six miles above Rinconada, for handling the rich placer dirt of the canon. J. P. Ortiz, U. S. deputy surveyor, will arrive here next week to survey the ditch above Cienegilla for Mr. Connor. The water from the ditch, when completed, will furnish the power to generate electricity for the dynamo used in operating the dry washers.

The shaft of the Asiatic on Copper mountain, is being sunk 65 feet. The Asiatic is owned by Whitney & Prager and returns values of 45 per cent copper, three ounces in gold and 18 ounces in silver.

Hon. T. McQuiston is shipping a carload of ore from the Copper Hill claim on Copper mountain. The property shows 26 inches of ore that runs from 15 to 20 per cent copper.

Silverton parties are negotiating for the purchase of the lead mines on the Rio Grande, five miles from the Rio Grande. These properties consist of four claims owned by Geck, Garcia & Keyes. The vein is 36 inches wide, between slate and mica schist, and contains a 18-inch pay streak of galena, running as high as 100 per cent lead, 84 ounces in silver and 3 ounces in gold.

#### General Territorial Mining.

The Santa Rita smelter has suspended operations.

The Wood mill at Silver City has resumed operations.

The Jumbo property at La Belle will be started up this month.

Work on the Juniper claim, at Pinos Altos, has been resumed.

The Copper Queen at Cooney is making regular bullion shipments.

The main shaft of the Little Fannie in the Mogollon district is being repaired.

The La Belle Cresset says that the Rio Hondo district is booked for a boom this year.

New hoisting machinery is being placed on the Empire claim at Elizabethtown.

The Deadwood mine in the Mogollon district is now shipping regularly to the Deep Down mill.

## RED RIVER NEWS.

### Stella Company to Pay Up Indebtedness and Resume Operations.

Special Correspondence New Mexican. Red River, Taos county, March 30, 1898.—And still it storms. A snow storm every third or fourth day is the rule—and has been all through the month. March has been decidedly the most disagreeable month of the winter up in these mountains.

Dr. J. V. Slaughter and S. E. Moore, Philadelphia gentlemen, stockholders in the Red River Mining company, have been in camp this week looking after the company's interests. It is said the company intends to pay up its defaulted labor bills and resume work on the Stella. Their promises to pay have been plentiful for a year, but the money comes very much slower than it ought from men who claim to be millionaires.

B. J. Young and Dr. J. T. Reed went to Taos on business yesterday.

The "boozers" must be coming—at least things have been lively so far this week. Two or three cases of "boozers" on Sunday, two fights on Monday night, a "scrap" Tuesday noon and the school fund increased by \$20 make a very good showing for a dull season. At this rate we ought soon to have enough money on hand for another month of school.

Work on mining claims has fallen off considerably of late—probably on account of the disagreeable weather. But the boys will all be at work again soon. The attitude seems too high for local politics this early in the season. We are not burdened with a city election, and so are giving all our spare time to the Maine disaster.

## ADDITIONAL TELEGRAPH.

## ENORMOUS CATTLE DEAL.

Forty Thousand Head of Cattle Bought in Texas and New Mexico for Colorado Ranges.

Fort Worth, Tex., April 1.—E. F. Karris, of Pueblo, Colo., has secured through New Mexico agents 40,000 head of cattle, costing in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000. Many were purchased from the range in early cowboys as well as from the Van Horn, San Martin and Toyah ranges of west Texas. The deliveries will take place April and May, and the stock will then be taken to Pueblo, Colo.

## Steve Brodie is Alive.

New York, April 1.—Steve Brodie is in the city and well. The story of his death on a train in Michigan yesterday was a hoax.

## STATES MAKING PREPARATIONS.

Iowa and Ohio Making Ready for War in Substantial Manner.

Des Moines, Ia., April 1.—Both houses of the general assembly this afternoon passed a bill appropriating \$500,000 to be used in case of war, the money to be placed at the disposal of the government.

## Ohio Will Not Be Outdone.

Columbus, O., April 1.—Senator Riley introduced a bill to appropriate \$1,000,000 to put Ohio on a war footing.

## MARKET REPORT.

New York, April 1.—Money on call nominally at 2 @ 2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5 @ 5½ per cent. Silver 85½; lead, \$3.50; copper, 11½.

Chicago.—Wheat, May, 1.03½; July, 82½ @ 83. Corn, April, 28½; May, 29. Oats, April and May, 25½.

Chicago—Cattle, receipts, 2,500; steady; beefs, \$3.90 @ \$5.40; cows and heifers, \$2.25 @ \$4.60; Texas steers, \$3.60 @ \$4.75; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 @ \$4.70. Sheep, receipts, 4,000; steady to strong; natives, \$3.60 @ \$4.80; westerns, \$3.90 @ \$4.70; lambs, \$4.60 @ \$5.00.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 4,000; steady; Texas steers, \$3.75 @ \$4.40; Texas cows, \$3.00 @ \$4.35; native steers, \$2.00 @ \$5.00; native cows and heifers, \$2.00 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.50 @ \$5.00; bulls, \$2.75 @ \$4.25. Sheep, receipts, 3,000; firm; lambs, \$5.00 @ \$5.50; muttons, \$3.25 @ \$5.00.