

12-7-1897

Santa Fe Daily New Mexican, 12-07-1897

New Mexican Printing Company

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NO. 4 BAKERY.
GROCERIES

HAY AND GRAIN

LION COFFEE, 8 PKGS - \$1.00

McMecham's "Old Virginia" jams, 1 lb glass jars, Phoenix caps 25c
McMecham's "Old Virginia" preserves, Phoenix jars 30c
Preserved Canton ginger, Phoenix jars 30c
Genuine currant jelly, large tumbler 30c
New raisins 10c, 15c, and 20c
Evaporated apricots, lb packages 15c

Fresh shipment of Farinose, Hominy Grits, Oatmeal, Ralston
Health Food and Granula.

CROCKERY DEPARTMENT

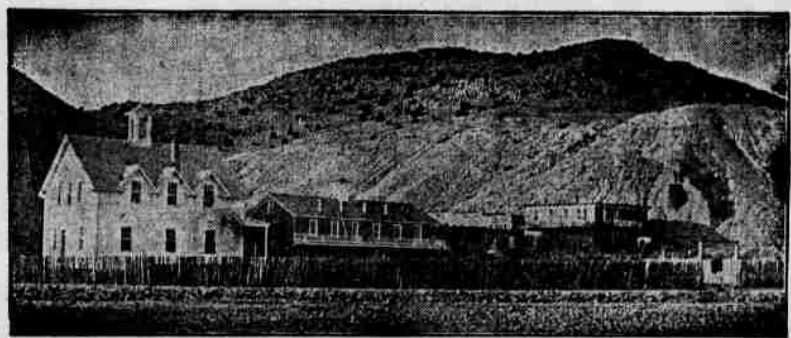
Our line of fine and medium grade china, suitable for holiday gifts, is now very complete, including chocolate and teapots, tea, 5 o'clock tea, chocolate and A. D. coffee cups and saucers, candle sticks, salad bowls, pin trays, ash trays, celery and olive dishes, cracker jars, sugars and creamers, bread and butter plates, etc.
Don't fail to see our latest open stock pattern in English semi-porcelain, the "Colonial," a reproduction of one of the old blues now so popular.

H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

TELEPHONE 4

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 5,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 188.34 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the miraculous cures attested to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis, Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh of the Bladder, all female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County, New Mexico

This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 11:15 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 6 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7.

LARGEST STOCK IN TOWN!

LOWEST PRICES IN TOWN!

BEST ASSORTMENT IN TOWN!

FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS

CENTRALLY LOCATED ON LOWER FRISCO ST.—FIRST
FURNITURE STORE YOU COME TO.

HOLIDAY GOODS NOW IN STOCK

Which will be sold at prices never before
equalled in the city of Santa Fe.

I will furnish your house from the parlor to the kitchen
on easy payments. Highest cash prices paid for
second hand goods. I also carry a full line of pic-
ture frames and moldings. The improved high arm
Singer sewing machine for sale.

No trouble to show goods.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

DAVID S. LOWITZKI.

ADMISSION OF NEW MEXICO

Delegate Ferguson Has Introduced
Catron Bill for Admission of New
Mexico As a State.

SOME VERY IMPORTANT CHANGES MADE

Synopsis of Salient Provisions of the
Meritorious Measure—Provides for
Citizenship in 60 Days and Re-
duces Representation.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Delegate Ferguson, of New Mexico, has introduced the Catron bill for the admission of New Mexico as a state. Some few changes have been made, which are of an important character.

It provides for citizenship, by a residence of 60 days instead of one year, there are to be 77 instead of 81 delegates in the constitutional convention, and the bill increases from 1,900 to 2,000 the number upon which representation in the convention is based. Indians are excluded from the right to vote.

Some changes are also made in the representation in the convention from the different counties.

Provision is likewise made for the improvement of the Rio Grande by an appropriation of 100,000 acres of public lands.

The bill provides for donations of four sections in each township of the unsettled land for the public schools, 200,000 acres for the state university; 100,000 acres each for the insane asylum, school of mines, normal schools, and the other institutions, including the agricultural college.

It also says that the governor shall issue his proclamation calling for the election of delegates to the constitutional convention within ten days after the passage of the bill, and that the election should be held on the sixth Tuesday after the passage of the same; the present bill provides that the governor shall issue his proclamation in 20 days, and the election shall be held in eight weeks after the passage.

The constitution is to be submitted to the people, and at the same election, a governor, the state officers and a representative in congress are to be voted for. All outstanding indebtedness of the territory must be assumed by the new state.

MARKET REPORTS.

New York, Dec. 7.—Money on call nominally 1½ @ 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 4 per cent. Silver, 60½; lead, \$3.60; copper, 10½.
Chicago.—Wheat, December, 36½; May, 80½ @ 81½; Corn, December, 25½; May, 28½ @ 29½; Oats, December, 20½; May, 22½.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 10,000; market today, weak to 10 cents lower; Texas steers, \$2.90 @ \$3.65; Texas cows, \$2.15 @ \$4.25; native steers, \$3.20 @ \$4.30; native cows and heifers, \$1.75 @ \$3.90; stockers and feeders, \$2.75 @ \$4.40; Sheep, receipts, 6,000; firm; lambs, \$3.60 @ \$5.75; muttons, \$2.25 @ \$4.60.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 2,500; market, steady; steers, \$3.75 @ \$5.15; cows and heifers, \$1.85 @ \$4.30; Texas steers, \$3.00 @ \$4.10; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$4.30. Sheep, receipts, 12,000; market, strong; best, shade higher; native sheep, \$2.80 @ \$4.75; westerns, \$3.60 @ \$4.70; lambs, \$3.90 @ \$5.80.

IN THE PRESENCE OF DEATH

President is Again at the Bedside of His Dying Mother—She Recognized Him and Then Became Unconscious.

Canton, O., Dec. 7.—Once more all of the children of Nancy Allison McKinley gathered about her couch. The president arrived at 8:55 this morning.

As he entered the sick room, accompanied by his wife and Miss Mabel McKinley, the sister of the president, Miss Helen said: "Mother, here are William and Ida."

The president knelt by the bed side, kissed his mother reverently and then put her arm around his neck and signified that she knew him. She also recognized the president's wife, and extended a hand toward her. She recognized Mabel McKinley and Jack Duane.

Soon after she lapsed into an unconscious state and her strength seemed to leave her. For an hour after his arrival, the president sat by the bedside holding the hand of his mother.

The attending physician said that she was growing weaker, but thought she would live through the day.

At 4 o'clock this morning it was thought by those in attendance that the president would not arrive before his mother had died.

Dr. Phillips left Mrs. McKinley at 1 p. m. She was entirely unconscious and resting quietly.

OF HOME INTEREST.

Delegate Ferguson Has Introduced a Bill Confirming Santa Fe As New Mexico's Capital.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Delegate Ferguson, of New Mexico, has introduced a bill in congress to confirm Santa Fe as the capital of New Mexico.

Death of a Prominent Cotton Broker.—New York, Dec. 7.—The death of Siegfried Grauer was announced on cotton exchange here today. He was the senior member of the cotton brokerage firm of Grauer & Co., and one of the largest operators on the cotton market. It is reported that he made about \$1,000,000 in the recent decline of cotton. He died at Richmond, Va., on his way north.

THE FOREIGN BUDGET.

Russian Ambassador to France Recalled—Haytian Government Has Saluted the German Flag.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 7.—Baron Von Mohrenheim, the Russian ambassador to Paris, has been relieved of his post, but remains a member of the council of the empire. Perhaps the cause of the recall may be found in the dispatch of a St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph on August 11, saying: "The diplomatic intrigue against the visit of President Faure to Emperor Nicholas will result, I understand, in the dismissal of Baron Von Mohrenheim, the Russian ambassador to France, and Count Lins de Montebello, the French ambassador to Russia."

ANOTHER DIPLOMATIC INCIDENT CLOSED.

Port au Prince, Dec. 7.—The trouble between Germany and Hayti appears to be settled. The Haytian government has saluted the German flag and the foreigners who sought refuge on board the ships in the harbor returned to their homes.

DREYFUS CASE IN SPAIN.

Paris, Dec. 7.—The cabinet this morning decided to answer this afternoon in the senate the interpellation of M. Scheurer-Kestner, one of the vice presidents of this body, regarding the Dreyfus scandal, and allow all the discussion desired. It is believed that the senate will vote, as the chamber of deputies did, sustaining the government's attitude in the matter of the sentence. A band of law students assembled in front of the Luxembourg palace, where the senate sits this afternoon, and engaged in an anti-Dreyfus demonstration. They traversed several streets shouting, "Down with Scheurer," "Down with the senate," "Down with the Figaro," and "Down with Zola."

FRENCH TROOPS MASSACRED.

Brussels, Dec. 7.—The Movement Geographic today announces that it learns that the French expedition under Major Marchand, on the way to the Nile, has been massacred near Ghanghassa. The survivors retreated to Borneo.

ANTI-SEMITIC RIOTS.

Prague, Dec. 7.—Anti-Semitic riots have occurred at Pribram. The windows of synagogues and houses inhabited by Jews have been smashed by a mob.

DISTURBANCES IN THE EAST.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Dec. 7.—Alarming news has reached here today from Macedonia. The Albanians are reported as committing great excesses at Debra and Kitchovo and in the surrounding districts. Killing men, outraging women and stealing cattle. Local authorities are powerless. Wholesale prosecution and arrests of Bulgarians by the Turks are also reported from the Bulgarian frontier.

MINISTRY SUSTAINED.

Paris, Dec. 7.—M. Scheurer Kestner's interpellation of the minister in the subject of the Dreyfus case was debated in the senate today. At the conclusion of the discussion the senate unanimously voted to proceed with the order of the day, thus sustaining the ministry in the attitude to the convicted officer.

SIMPLY A PRETEXT FOR OCCUPATION.

Peking, Dec. 7.—The Chinese government has caused it to be made known that up to the time of the German occupation of Kiao-Chow bay, no claim was made by Germany for reparation as a result of the murder of missionaries, and there were no other differences between the two governments. Consequently the missionary question is regarded simply as a pretext for a naval station which is known Germany has long coveted. The Chinese government will never consent to the Germans remaining at Kiao-Chow bay, as their presence there deprives China of a harbor which, since the war with Japan, has been regarded as the most suitable for a naval base of operations.

BICYCLE RECORD SMASHED.

Numerous Surprises.

New York, Dec. 7.—The six-day bicycle contest at Madison Square garden has afforded a succession of surprises. No one would have been surprised to see the figures for the 24 hours' record in a six-day race increased by ten or even 20 miles, but to pass it by more than half a century was not within reasonable imagination, yet, Waller accomplished this feat at midnight and now holds the record for 24 hours riding by 67 miles and three laps. More than half a dozen other riders eclipsed Hale's figures of last year. The first spectator today found only 20 riders out of the 36 who started on the track.

THE RECORD.

New York, Dec. 7.—At 12:15 p. m., the score for 36 hours was: Stephens, 670 miles; Waller, 668; Miller, 645; G. Rivers, 633; Rice, 631; Moore, 607; Schluener, 602; Pierce, 599; Golden, 570; Elkes, 556; Hale, 534; Esterman, 539; Hicks, 533; Ashinger, 528; King, 466; Julius, 452; Gannon, 395; Gray, 381; Johnson, 370; Beason, 360. The best previous record for 36 hours in a six days' race was 687 miles, made by Schook at Washington. Stephens took the lead at 11:47 a. m.

THE CENTER OF INTEREST

Notable Developments of the Day at the National Capital—Secretary Gage's Recommendations.

CLEAR, PRACTICAL AND BUSINESSLIKE

Both Houses of Congress Have Settled Down to Serious Business—Hawaiian Annexation Will Come Up in Senate Tomorrow.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The annual report of the secretary of the treasury, sent to congress today, shows that the total receipts for the year ending June 30, 1897, were \$430,378,167; expenditures, \$448,439,622; leaving a deficit of \$18,054,454. The receipts of the year, however, exceeded those of 1896 by \$20,911,795.

Customs yielded \$176,354,126, and internal revenue sources, \$146,888,574 compared with 1896, this is an increase in customs of \$16,832,374, and in internal revenue, \$4,342,721.

The secretary at some length argues the need of reform in the currency, and in conclusion recommends the enactment of legislation establishing a department of the treasury, to be designated as the issue and redemption division, in which is to be deposited \$125,000,000 in gold, to be used only for redemption purposes, and all silver now held in the treasury for redemption purposes, and also all silver brought under the act of 1890. It is also recommended that provision be made for the issue of a refunding loan of ten-year 2½ per cent bonds, payable in gold in exchange for any part or all of the outstanding loans of the United States.

The secretary also recommends that national banks be authorized with a minimum capital of \$25,000 in places having a population of 2,000 or less, and that a rate of taxation on the circulation notes secured by deposit of bonds be reduced to one-half of one per cent per annum; also that banks be permitted to issue circulating notes to the par value of the refunding bonds deposited in the treasury, and further that the banks be allowed to deposit, as security with the treasury, greenbacks, treasury notes or silver certificates to a total amount of \$100,000,000, against which national bank notes shall be issued to them on an equal basis.

He also recommends that the guaranty of the government of banks, whether issued against deposits security or against assets, to secure the government against any loss a tax of 2 per cent shall be levied on increased circulation to create a safety fund to be held by the comptroller in United States bonds.

Session of Senate Today.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 7.—At the opening of the senate today Rev. Charles Bevan, D. D., of Voltaire, Hampton, England, prayed that the Almighty might take into his care all the interests of the nation, that from this nation may emanate such a feeling of brotherhood as will be a blessing to all mankind.

Mr. Walhall of Mississippi, presented the credentials of H. D. Money of Mississippi, to succeed the late Senator George. The senator's credentials read that he should have and hold such office until his authority should be "revoked by competent authority."

Senators Chandler and Hoar insisted that they were not in constitutional form, but raised no objection to the senator being sworn in, which was done after Senators Walhall of Mississippi, Allen of Nebraska, and Teller of Colorado, had characterized the objection as technical and cavilling.

Session of House Today.

The house of representatives settled down to the routine of the day. The president's message, transmitting the report of the special commission on the Paris international exposition in 1900 and recommending liberal appropriation for representation, was laid before the house.

Mr. Dingley, from the committee on ways and means, then presented a resolution adopted by that committee for the distribution of the president's message to the several committees having jurisdiction of the various subjects treated of.

Mr. Walker, Republican, of Massachusetts, chairman of the banking and currency committee, asked for the re-reading of the portion of the resolution giving the ways and means committee jurisdiction of all portions relating to the revenues, national finances, public debt and the preservation of the public credit.

Debate followed upon what the language of the resolution meant, and the issue as to the jurisdiction of the currency problem, as between the ways and means and banking and currency committee, was sharply raised.

Mr. Dingley modified his resolution so as to make it agreeable to Mr. Walker and others of the currency committee, after which it was agreed to without further revision and the house adjourned.

Hawaiian Annexation.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Senator Davis, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, said today that he would tomorrow ask the senate to take up the Hawaiian annexation treaty. The committee will hold a meeting tomorrow, prior to the session of the senate.

The Government Will Bid.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The secretary of the treasury today took the first steps to qualify on behalf of the government as the bidder at the sale of the Kansas Pacific railroad. The transfer order for \$900,000 was sent by Treasurer Roberts for certification by the National City bank of New York in favor of the master of the court having jurisdiction.

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TWO VESSELS DAMAGED

Collision in Heavy Fog Compels Steamers to Put Into Port—No One Injured.

New York, Dec. 7.—The Atlantic transport line steamer Mobile, which arrived today from London, had a collision with an unknown steamer on the banks of New Foundland at 2 o'clock Sunday morning, during a thick fog. There is no doubt that the other steamer was the Allen Line Korea which put into Halifax yesterday, with her bow damaged above the water line, and which reported having been in a collision with an unknown steamer. The Mobile was damaged on the port bow, but fortunately above water line. Much excitement prevailed on board after the collision, and many passengers ran wildly about the ship thinking she was about to sink. So far as learned, no one was injured.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

How the Document is Regarded by Cubans and Spaniards—Both Seem Satisfied.

New York, Dec. 7.—T. Estrada Palma, representative of the Cuban provisional government in the United States, commenting on President McKinley's message says:

"I did not expect any recommendation to congress for immediate action. The president has left congress to decide the time within which an enduring peace must be established in Cuba, and intimates the necessity of haste. He further says that, in case of the failure of Spain to pacify the island with a scheme of autonomy, American interests, humanity and civilization will demand forcible intervention. As Captain General Blanco himself admits that the Cubans in arms will not accept autonomy, the time the president speaks of has arrived."

AN VIEWED IN HAVANA.

Havana, Dec. 7.—President McKinley's message is received quickly. Satisfaction is felt in official circles over the statement that recognition either of belligerency or independence is not justifiable under present conditions.

The official feeling may be summarized in the statement that the government does not now fear the embarrassment which might come from action by the United States before instructions from Madrid could be carried into effect. The hint of ultimate intervention causes some uneasiness, and a discussion has already arisen over what is meant by "reasonable time," but the palace officials do not interpret it as likely to prevent the application of autonomy within the time needed for carrying out the details of the system as dictated from Madrid.

FOREVER KNOCKED OUT.

An Englishman Killed by An American at the London Sporting Club Last Night.

London, Dec. 7.—Walter Croot of New Castle, England, who was defeated for the bantam weight championship of the world at the National Sporting Club last night, by Jimmy Barry of Chicago, died this morning of injuries received in the contest. The knockout blow consisted of a severe punch over the heart and then a crushing right hander on the jaw. Croot sustained severe concussion of the brain, never regaining consciousness. Barry was arrested.

Adjutant Generals in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Dec. 7.—Seventeen states were represented by their adjutant generals and other militia officers at the meeting today, which will continue two days, for the purpose of advancing the interests of the militia of all the states. Among the states and territories represented are New Mexico and Arizona.

STRIKES IN THE COCHITI.

National Blind Lead Encountered in the North Star—\$1,000 Ore Found in Albemarle Shaft.

The Bland Herald brings the cheering news that a strike of very rich gold and silver ore has been made on the 90-foot strip lying between the North Star and Lone Star mines and claimed by the Washington Mining company. At about 100 feet under ground in the tunnel be-

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

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The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Post Office.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Daily, per week, by carrier, \$2.00
Daily, per month, by carrier, 10.00
Daily, per month, by mail, 8.00
Daily, three months, by mail, 24.00
Daily, six months, by mail, 48.00
Daily, one year, by mail, 96.00
Weekly, per month, 3.00
Weekly, per quarter, 9.00
Weekly, per six months, 18.00
Weekly, per year, 36.00

All contracts and bills for advertising payable monthly.
All communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address—not for publication—but as evidence of good faith, and should be addressed to the Editor. Letters pertaining to business should be addressed to the New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the south-west.

Advertising Rates.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local. Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading local. Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed. Two dollars, all columns, single column, per month. Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly.
Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7.

The foot ball season is about over. Thanks to providence.

The president's head is level on the leading questions of the day.

And now Mr. McKinley, a few New Mexico appointments, if you please.

A speedy change in officials at the territorial penitentiary will be conducive to the public interests.

The people of the great west do not hold the same opinion on the Chinese system of civil service, as President McKinley has, but then you can't expect all the people to be of one mind.

The dear girls of Greater New York carry very fine collections of stuffed birds on their hats and bonnets this season and the dime museums and the Zoological society of Gotham are envious and jealous.

The people of the Santa Fe and Espanola valleys must wake up and be doing. With a proper effort on their part the erection of a beet sugar factory in this city will become an accomplished fact within a year.

The shortest and surest way to keep a husband at home comes from smoky Pittsburgh. A woman there shot her husband in the leg in order to keep him at home. Must have wanted the man's company mightily had.

One man who firmly believes that prosperity is abroad in the land is Mr. Blanche K. Bruce of Mississippi, who has recently been appointed register of the United States treasury, a very nice and fat job.

New Mexico is coming rapidly to the front as a great fruit country, and in five years New Mexico will have a half dozen beet sugar factories in active operation and will be a large producer of beet sugar. New Mexico is all right.

The Boston people, in the recent Democratic primaries, turned down George Fred Williams' candidate for mayor, Mr. Riley. This Mr. Riley, who is a strong free silver man, is not as popular a man as Mr. Riley in the song.

The Silver City Enterprise claims that Grant county is "the wickedest county" in New Mexico on account of the many murders committed within its borders. The other counties, as far as heard from, are not disposed to dispute this claim to a unique distinction.

The wages of the Missouri Pacific system employees have been restored to what they were before 1896. There may be an ulterior motive in George Gould's action and the pops and the free silver people may look upon it with suspicion, but the employees, who are being benefited by the restoration, will take their increased wages and ask no further questions.

The bureau of immigration should prepare and have in readiness for distribution at the Omaha exposition an edition of a pamphlet of the resources of New Mexico from agricultural, horticultural, climatic, stock-raising and mineral standpoints, of at least 100,000 copies. The literature distributed at the Nashville exposition did great good and is doing great good and still more of benefit to the territory can be accomplished in this way at the Omaha exposition.

An honest man is the noblest work of God. And certainly there is an instance of it:

John Hook of Williamsport, Md., must be a relative of the late Theodore. He was out after squirrels the other day. A big deer crossed his path. He shot it, though it was contrary to law to do so. Thereupon he went and informed upon himself. Result, a fine of \$20. But Mr. Hook gets \$10 as informer, the fine, and the deer. It was worth paying for.

A beet sugar factory to cost \$500,000 is to be erected at Ogden, Utah. The beet sugar factory at Lehigh in that state pays well. Neither place has the advantage for a beet sugar factory, which Santa Fe possesses. The securing of such a plant in this city, a plant that would give steady and lucrative employment to hundreds of our native people, can be accomplished by the right kind of work on the part of the land owners and merchants of the Santa Fe and Espanola valleys.

AMERICA TROUBLING EUROPE.

The tariff policy of this country and the growth of its foreign trade has of late been bringing to the surface a considerable discontent on the part of English and continental statesmen. The Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs has delivered himself of the opinion that European states must combine against "transatlantic competition." His warning probably had reference not only to the United States but to South America as well, and had reference probably more particularly to the great expansion of agricultural production over here. His proposition is not altogether favorably received. "The people of Europe who absolutely need for their daily bread the cereals of America, India and Australia," says the Volks-Zeitung, "would have to sacrifice untold millions at the altar of international agrarianism." The proposition comes singularly inopportune, at a moment, in fact, when the abundance of American food stuffs has spared European consumers an era of famine prices for bread and meat. Utterances of similar import, though referring especially to our manufacturing possibilities, have also been made by the president of the British board of trade. Although the possibility of competition on the part of the United States with English industry has been generally recognized as growth, yet the impulse which our growth of manufacturing exports has lately received is attributed to the disabling labor difficulties which have worried English business enterprises for some time. The Spectator, commenting upon this matter, speculates on the probability of European artisans of the 20th century having inefficient work, while transoceanic will not only feed but will undersell Europe in all the staple industries. The economic pressure which these observers are now expecting if they should evolve eventually may bring this country into the very outlying alliances which our earliest statesmen feared. But the safety of the United States lies in the fact that the people, as a rule, are slow to move, always grasp the situation in time to save the nation, and in prompt, energetic action avert what to other nations would prove a dire calamity. Europe may be troubled by America, but Americans are not in the least worried over the outcome.

The President's Message.
President McKinley's first annual message, which was read to congress and made public on yesterday, covered many points of vital interest to the country at large, and is certainly a conservative, concise and businesslike document.
In regard to the finances of the country, the president is extremely anxious that every dollar of the circulating medium shall be as good as the best, and that the present standard of value shall be maintained in every commercial center of the world. In order to do this he suggests that the greenback be converted into a receipt for gold, and when once redeemed in that metal, to be paid out again only in exchange for gold. In this manner the much talked of "endless chain" will be done away with and the treasury protected against a drain that now depletes it in times of panic and financial depression. This recommendation will probably raise a howl from the free silver extremists, but it is in the line of safety and good business judgment, and under the existing conditions cannot injure the cause of bimetalism in the least.
His recommendations on the Cuban question are prompted by a spirit of fairness towards a friendly nation, and, while they do not commit this government to any settled policy in dealing with that island, leave the way open to such interference or measures looking to the freedom of the Cubans as may be deemed best in the future. That the president did not take a more outspoken position on this question may cause disappointment to some quarters there is no doubt, but it is often best to make haste slowly in matters of importance and that is the attitude occupied by Mr. McKinley on the Cuban war.
There is no misunderstanding the president's position regarding the Hawaiian islands, and his desires in that particular will be carried out at the earliest possible moment. The islands will be annexed without causing any friction with other nations and the United States will thus acquire valuable possessions in the Pacific that will prove of benefit in many ways, giving coaling stations for war vessels, furnishing many products for consumption in this country that cannot be produced here, and opening a large trade for American goods and produce.
On the civil service question Mr. McKinley takes a stand that will not meet the approval of the greater part of the Republican party. The theory of civil service may be all right so long as it is nothing but theory, but its application in its present form is a disappointment. This fact has been recognized by the most able men in the country, and is fast becoming widespread. Congress should put a stop to any further spread of the mummification and Chinese civil service by refusing to appropriate a cent for its administration.
In regard to home matters the message makes many thoughtful and beneficial recommendations, which will undoubtedly command the careful attention of congress. The full effects of the message cannot, of course, be realized unless both branches of congress give the president a hearty support in his efforts to carry out the designs of the administration, and there is reason to believe such will be the case in several instances, and that many of his recommendations will be heeded by congress.

TURNING OUT SUGAR.

Three Hundred and Fifty-seven Sacks in 24 Hours—Six Carloads Sent Out This Week.

Everything continues to run along with the same smoothness and ease that have characterized the operations of the sugar factory since the opening day of the campaign.

The average daily output of sugar continues 300 sacks and the run for the 24 hours ending yesterday resulted in 357 sacks.

Six cars of sugar were shipped yesterday and today.

The factory is gaining a little on the supply of beets, the daily supply of which is now about 150 tons. If the supply proves inadequate the factory will work on seconds until a sufficient quantity accumulates.

Manager Goetz went to Fort Worth, Monday, and will tell the members of that city of the merits of the Pecos valley sugar. It will be impossible for him to exaggerate, for a finer article than the present sugar crystals emerging from the local factory is not made. The satisfactory manner in which all the machinery is working and the results being attained are very gratifying to the management. Were it not for the curtailment of the beet crop, the record would undoubtedly be broken for second campaigns.—Eddy Argos.

ALBUQUERQUE NOTES.

Pat Tinn, who was given 30 days in the county jail for assaulting Captain Swan, has retained Wray & McLean, and will endeavor to get him out on habeas corpus proceedings.

On the 1st of January, 1898, Lowenthal & Meyers, the wholesale liquor merchants now on Gold avenue, will transfer their stock and headquarters to the building on Railroad avenue known as "Torita's Bazaar."

E. L. Medler, special master, has died at 23, block 8, lots 19 and 20, block 33, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 57, map of the town of Albuquerque, the property of Dr. Harrison, to W. B. Childers, trustee. The consideration was \$5,500.

On the 15th inst, Miss Lillian Hughes will be married to Oscar Watson, formerly of Albuquerque, now of Phoenix, in charge of the National Life Insurance company's business at that point. The wedding will be quite elaborate, as both the young people have many friends, says the Democrat.

Tomas Gallegos and Pedro Olivas, the two men brought in a few days ago from Nacimisto to await the action of the grand jury on the charge of burglary and rape, have secured bondmen in the persons of M. A. Otero and Pablo Gallegos, and they will probably be liberated sometime this afternoon. The bonds were for \$500 each.

Yesterday Judge Crumpacker made an order appointing Hon. Wm. D. Lee, the regular standing master in chancery and regular standing referee of the Second judicial district court, says the Citizen. The appointment will meet with the universal approval of the people of this judicial district. Judge Crumpacker made a most wise appointment.

Richard J. Hele, one of the old residents of Albuquerque, died shortly after 12 o'clock on Friday night, aged 70 years. A few days ago Hele received \$1400 from the estate of a dead uncle in Ireland, and since then he has made a boon companion of John Barleycorn, and among the results of this dangerous intimacy were a hard fall and a fractured leg. Death was due to the shock. He had spent all but \$5 of the legacy.

PROSPEROUS SAN JUAN.

Two Irrigation Ditches to Be Constructed and a Flouring Mill to Be Erected.

Never in its history has San Juan county, N. M., had brighter prospects than at the present time. A number of enterprising men have projected which, if successfully carried out, will make this the most populous and prosperous county in all New Mexico. Capitalists have been here and several are now in the field for the purpose of building two immense irrigating canals which when completed will water between 75,000 and 100,000 acres of fertile land; a large flouring mill of which C. N. Trew of Wisconsin, will be proprietor, will soon be in course of erection a short distance below Aztec; money, material and labor nearly sufficient to build a substantial bridge across the Animas river at Aztec has been secured, and at this time it is fully expected that the same will be in use by the public on February 1. This bridge has long been needed and when completed will be found to benefit the people of every portion of the county. The index is not pessimistic in its views, neither does it wish to publish that which is not true. The indications are, at this time, that one or both of the above mentioned irrigating canals will be constructed, following which will be a three-fold increase of our population.—San Juan County Index.

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"The surveying of the new piece of railroad, about three and one-half miles from the Indian village through Algodones has been made, and maps and reports sent to the headquarters of the Santa Fe railroad. As soon as the railroad is completed from the Algodones company will begin extensive work on their recently acquired property," says the Citizen.

Owen Jones died from quick consumption here early Sunday morning. He came here from Chicago about six weeks ago for his health, but he was already in the last stages of the disease, and he derived no benefit from the change. Undertaker Strong received a telegram from his people in Chicago, telling him not to ship the body, which will be buried here as soon as some of his relatives arrive. Funeral service at the undertaking parlors at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. Revs. Welch and Hodgson will officiate.

THE JUDGE'S DAUGHTER.

She Is Interested In the Legal Status of Angels and Bother's Papa.

The judge's daughter was in one of her thoughtful moods, and the judge was naturally nervous. He knew that those moods portended, for had he not been tripped up as a result of them on previous occasions?

"Papa," she said at last, "I wish you would enlighten me in regard to a little legal problem that has been bothering me for some time."

The judge sighed and put down his paper.

"What is it?" he asked.

"It's the case of this Miss Tillinghast, the artist, who undertook to put some stained glass angels in a memorial window and who has had to sue for the contract price of the work," explained the judge's daughter.

"It's a straight case of law," said the judge to himself with some jubilation, for he could answer about anything in the legal line that didn't have snarls in it. Then he asked: "What is there about it that puzzles you? If she has a contract, it ought to be a very simple one."

"Oh, she has the contract all right enough," interrupted the judge's daughter, "but I am not quite sure about the interpretation of it. That's why I have come to you. Of course you know everything that there is to know about law, and what is so blind and confusing to me will be a mere trifle to you. You see, the contract called for an angel, but the figure Miss Tillinghast put in the window has no wings, and it is for that reason that payment has been refused. Naturally the whole question hinges on whether the law recognizes angels with or without wings. Is a wingless angel lawful, or does the supreme court recognize only the winged variety? Is it possible to produce any authentic record of an angel without wings? Would one have any standing in court? And, on the other hand, have we any evidence that a real angel has wings? Of course that is the supposition, but would you have a presiding judge in a case of this sort feel that you were justified in accepting wings as established beyond a reasonable doubt?"

The judge's daughter paused and looked at the judge inquiringly. The judge puffed his cigar with unnecessary energy and looked at his daughter.

"Isn't that the only question at issue in this case?" demanded the judge's daughter, and the judge nodded.

"Well, then," she persisted and waited for him to answer.

"Well, then," he said slowly after a minute of thought, "I am of the opinion that the evidence in this case shows that you are going to make things mighty interesting for some young man at some future time."

Then the judge went up stairs and told his wife that he didn't care how soon their daughter married.—Chicago Post.

Regret.

"And to think I blew me last nickel on her only this mornin'."—New York Sunday Journal.

"This here commission," said the bartender, "that is tryin to figure out a new money system!"

"They are sure on a dead one," interrupted Sporting William. "I've played every system ever got up by mortal man, and there isn't one of 'em that there is any money in."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Woman's Way.
Jones—Brown was foolish to marry a dressmaker after saying he had made up his mind to have his own way in everything.

Smith—What has marrying a dressmaker got to do with it?
Jones—She'll rip his mind apart and make it over again.—Chicago News.

Perfectly Heartrending.
Mr. Biker—What a horrible railroad accident!

Mrs. Biker—Dear me! What's the death list?

Mr. Biker—Seventeen brand new 1897 models. Oh, yes, and a score or so of people, I believe.—New York Journal.

Not the Same.
"I see the Pittsburgh detectives have arrested a foreign nobleman, the Count de Gloria."

"Gloria? I wonder if that's old Gloria in Exile?"

"No, this is Gloria in jail."—Cleveland Leader.

Sounding the Depth of Knowledge.
"He knows much that knows enough to know that he knows nothing."

"True, but he knows more that knows enough to look as if he knew everything."—Brooklyn Life.

No Returns.
"Did you become engaged at the seashore, Dorothy?"

"No; just look at me—tanned brown as an Indian, and all for nothing."—Chicago Record.

His Origin and Characteristics.
"Papa, what's a nonpartisan?"

"He's usually a man who can't get the regular nomination."—Detroit News.

In Possession.
In marching order, on the main highway, they moved, an almost endless caravan.

"Make room for us! somebody heard them say."

"We're the original McKinley men!"

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. A. F. SPIEGELBERG, W. M. A. SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, H. P. T. J. CURRAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Council No. 3, R. & S. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, T. T. M. ED. R. SLUDER, Recorder.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, S. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C.

ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. in Odd Fellows hall. LEE MUEHLER, N. G. J. L. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting patriots welcome. A. F. EARLEY, C. P. J. L. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary.

MYRTLE LODGE, No. 8, Daughters of Rebecca. Regular meeting every first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers and sisters are always welcome. THERESA NEWHALL, N. G. MISS KRAFT, Secretary.

AZTEAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall. Visiting patriots welcome. J. E. HAINES, N. G. A. P. HOOGL, Secretary.

K. O. F. P.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting patriots welcome. LEE MUEHLER, N. G. R. O. R. & S.

INSURANCE.

S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent. Office: Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the Equitable Life, Pacific Mutual Accident, Royal Fire, Phoenix Fire, Manchester Fire, Swiss Fire, London Lancashire Fire Association, New York Underwriters, Imperial, Lion, Providence, Washington Fire.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DENTISTS.

D. W. MANLEY, Dentist. Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

J. B. BRADY, Dentist. Rooms in Kahn Block, over Spitz Jewelry Store. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MAX. FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

GEO. W. KRAEBEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 17, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. RENNEHAN, Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner Court of Claims. Collections and title searching. Rooms 5 and 8 Spiegelberg Block.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chaves counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

J. J. HAGEMAN, President, E. O. FAULKNER, Vice-President.

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN - President.

J. H. VAUGHN - Cashier

First-Class in all Particulars—

The Palace Hotel

WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

FRANK HUDSON, Clerk.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited

AMERICAN PLAN

CLAIRE HOTEL

SANTA FE, N. M.

Rates, \$2.00 & \$2.50 per day

F. G. ERB, PROPRIETOR.

COAL & TRANSFER, LUMBER AND FEED.

All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Texas Flooring at the lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also carry on a general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain.

DUDROW & DAVIS, Props

WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY

J. R. HUDSON, THE PIONEER

MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELER

AND DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Optical Goods and Notions.

SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES.

SANTA FE NEW MEXICO

184 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; 84.1 per cent purity.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet root, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not assured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st AND AUGUST 10th.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate.

WATER makes the plant grow.

SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Pecos Valley has not on hand in abundance is PEOPLE. We need thrifty farmers; 500 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.

NO FAIRER terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made.

WALKER for particulars.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

J. J. HAGEMAN, President, E. O. FAULKNER, Vice-President.

TREATMENT FOR WEAK MEN.
TRIAL WITHOUT EXPENSE.
The famous Appliance and Remedies of the Erie Medical Co. now for the first time offered on trial without expense to any weak man. Not a dollar to be paid in advance. Cure of all cases of Weakness, Loss of Power, Impotence, Excesses in Old or Young, Manhood Fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Withered, Flaccid, Shrunken, Aching, Trembling, Shaking, and all other ailments of the Body. Absolutely Unfailing Home Treatment. No C. O. D. or other scheme. A plain offer by a firm of high standing.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. 64 NIAGARA ST. BUFFALO, N. Y.

Santa Fe Route

A. T. & S. F. TIME TABLE

(Effective November 1, 1897.)

Read Down	East Bound	Read Up
No. 2 No. 23	No. 21 No. 22	No. 21 No. 22
12:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:20a	12:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:20a	12:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:20a
4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a
8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a
11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p
1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p
4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p
8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p
11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a

Read Down	West Bound	Read Up
No. 1 No. 31	No. 3 No. 32	No. 3 No. 32
7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p	7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p	7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p
11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p	11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p	11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p
1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a	1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a	1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a
4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a
8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a
11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p
1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p
4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p
8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p
11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a

Read Down	East Bound	Read Up
No. 4	No. 5	No. 5
7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p	7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p	7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p
11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p	11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p	11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p
1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a	1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a	1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a
4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a
8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a
11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p
1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p
4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p
8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p
11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a

Read Down	West Bound	Read Up
No. 6	No. 7	No. 7
7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p	7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p	7:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 7:25p
11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p	11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p	11:20p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 11:25p
1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a	1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a	1:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20a
4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a
8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a
11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p
1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p
4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p
8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p
11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a

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Time Table No. 40.

Read Down	East Bound	Read Up
No. 40	No. 41	No. 41
12:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:20a	12:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:20a	12:15a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:20a
4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a	4:50a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00a
8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a	8:25a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30a
11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p	11:55a Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00p
1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p	1:15p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 1:20p
4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p	4:50p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 5:00p
8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p	8:25p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 8:30p
11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a	11:55p Ar. Santa Fe. Lv. 12:00a

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At Alamosa for Jimtown, Creede, Del Norte, Monte Vista and all points in the San Luis valley.
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Notice for Publication.
[Homestead Entry No. 481.]
LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., November 18, 1897.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Santa Fe, N. M., on December 18, 1897, viz: Manuel Quintana, for the s. 1/4, sec. 3, T. 13 N., R. 10 E.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Perfecto Arriaga, Juan Quintana, Antonio Quintana, Cesar Quintana, of Rowe, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

MR. DUKE'S FRIEND.

I was waiting for a car and he was leaning against the corner of a building watching me. He was tall, shaggy, rugged, dirty and black. He dropped at the shoulders and his head hung low, as if he feared something unseen in the air that might come down upon and crush him. He looked at once underneath his eyebrows like a bader in a den. His dejection was extreme and apparent.

The car was long in coming, for the hour was late, and at last, when no one else was in sight up or down the dark street, he half straightened himself and made bold to slouch forward toward me, taking off his hat as he did so. The act was humility itself, and I turned round to meet him. He didn't hold out an open hand, as beggars generally do. He seemed to straighten himself a bit more when he said in a tone that trembled:

"Mistuh, will yuh gimme uh dime?"
If the mendicant of the side streets had half his pathos of manner and voice they would own tenements. There were years of bondage and servitude in the tone as he asked the suppliant question, and he drew out the "dime" in a sort of moan, as if he knew he wouldn't get it. It was pitiful.

"What do you want with a dime?"
"I want uh co'n pone, suh."
"You can't get a co'n pone in New York."
"Well, suh, I might take chicken."
The humor that lies at the bottom of every negro's heart had to crop out in spite of his miserable condition. He smiled an apologetic sort of smile, and in a moment you knew he didn't belong in his environment.

"What's the matter with you, anyhow, Sam?"
"Heh! I got a chance!"
"Yes, suh, I've got uh home, suh, but 'tain't hyah."
"Where, then?"
"Down in No'th Ca'lina, suh."

"What on earth are you doing up here?"
"Well, suh, I can't hardly tell yuh 'bout that. It belongs tuh the Duke's down thah. Yuh knows tuh Duke? I ustah work in thuh 'bacca patch faw 'em an me an Mistuh Buck Duke ustah play tuh-tuh long time ago. Mighty fine man now is Mistuh Buck. He's done growed up an' he's home."

"Mistuh Buck been gone now 'bout three years, an I ustah kindah git tuh pinin faw him sometimes when tuh spring was smilin an thuh fish was bitin, kase we ustah tuh do uh povah uv fishin when we wuz little. I got tuh pinin an pinin lak uh sick cat tuh one-day I say to meself 'I've gwine tuh go wah he is an stay thah. I'm makin some money in tuh patch an savin it, an when I git 'nough I go tuh town, an thuh white folks tell me Mistuh Buck done come tuh New York, an is gwine live hyah all thuh time. Then I say 'Nuh masst th' New York is thuh place faw me, an I lit uh shuck faw tuh steamboat landin. I ain' nevah worked 'round tuh house much an when I wanted tuh wait on table tuh git tuh New York, tuh captain say he don't want no field niggahs in his cabin, an so I had tuh pay mah way. It tuk des 'bout all mah 'bacca patch tuh settle."

"Cose I didn't know New York was so faw 'way, an I've 'ginnin tuh git skeered, when tuh big whistle blow one mawmin, an thah was tuh bank. I didn't have no dunage, kase niggahs ain't much faw dunage nobow, an when she slide intuh tuh wharf I des walk down tuh gang-plank wif a piece uv money in mah pocket, flyin light lak uh Friday jay bird. I see uh big man wif uh unifom on standin on an wharf, an I ast him ef he know wah Mistuh Buck Duke live. He look at me kindah cu'ous lak, an he say: 'Move on, now. Move on.' Didn't look lak he want tuh talk 'tall."

"I move on till I see uh gemman stanin in uh sto' do," an I ast him 'bout Mistuh Buck. He look lak he was laughin at say, 'Yes, uv cose, des go up yonder 'bout five twelv yuh come tuh thuh end of thuh road an thah's wah he lives.' He must nevah been up thuh road, kase I reckon it des 'bout uh hundrid miles fum thah. I met him tuh wah I stopped, an thuh road is gowt yit. Mistuh Buck sho don't live o'thah nobowah."

"It do look tuh me lak, beln so many people heah, somebody ought tuh know Mistuh Buck, but somehow I kain't fin 'em. Down in Ca'lina ovah yallah dog wag his tail when yuh Duke tuh him, an heah nobow kain't tell yuh nuthin 'bout him. I ast uh gemman lak 'nigh ef he know wah Mistuh Buck live, an he ast me whut street he live on. Mistuh Buck don't live on no street. He's uh rich man. Niggahs live on streets. But thah's thuh way evabody talk 'bout him, lak he was uh po' pup."

"And you haven't found any trace of him?"
"No, suh; lost I ain't findin him, an I'm commencin tuh reckon I ain't gwine find him tall." The thick lips were trembling.

"Well, yuh listen to me. See this card? Anybody can show yuh how to get where it says. Day after tomorrow yuh come there and ask for me and we'll see."
He looked at the card, took the accompanying quarter, curled himself into a bow and slouched off into the darkness with something of alacrity in his step. Next day the finding of the address of Mistuh Buck Duke was an easy matter, and I dropped him a note to say that if he would call on me he would hear of something which would please him greatly and cost him little.

At the appointed hour his card came in and not a minute after the boy said a ducky at the door wanted to see me. Duke turned languidly to the window and began tapping on the pane as the boy went for the ducky. In a moment Sam was ushered in, slouchy, droopy, apologetic, lonely.

"Is this the gentleman you wanted to see?" I asked him.
Duke turned slowly round and faced the negro. Sam stood stock still a minute, then he slowly drew his hat off, stopped back a slow pace or two, and then a great grin began at his lips and traveled over the ebony expanse of his face.
Then he chuckled somewhere down in his throat and said with a light in his eyes: "Howdy, Mistuh Buck!"
And Mistuh Buck smiled in a glad way and said:

"Well, yuh d—d niggah!"—Charles E. Trevathan in New York Journal.

Inference.
The Groom—The minister seems to think he knows more about you than I do.
The Bride—How's that?
The Groom—I gave him a ten, and he handed back five of it.—Town Topics.

THE HYPNOTIC ART.

SCHOOL CHILDREN IN STAMFORD EXERCISE THE OCCULT POWER.

The Board of Education Alarmed by the Spread of the Craze—It Increased After a Professional Exhibition—Everybody Under a Spell.

Stamford, Conn., is in a trance. Everybody is hypnotized or trying to hypnotize everybody else. The children in the public schools are exercising the occult power, and, to the dismay of the teachers, it is evident that several of the schoolboys are mesmerists of undoubted power.

How it began everybody knows. Late in the spring the Sages came to town and engaged the Grand Opera House for a week. The Sages are hypnotists, and what they did to Stamford may never be forgotten. The town hasn't got over their visit yet.

"Wonderful!" said everybody, and the citizens made passes at each other till it looked as if Stamford had become one big secret society.

The Sages departed, but the town kept it up. O. W. Baldy, a merchant, found that the mantle of the Sages had fallen upon him. Since that time Mr. Baldy has become Professor Baldy. He has given seances as good as those of the professionals.

It was bound to get to the children, and it did. The Center school and the Franklin street school have been the hotbeds of youthful hypnotism.

The teachers in the Center school, looking into the playground, saw the boys standing around in groups and soon noticed that several boys, under the influence of others, stood on their heads, went through the motions of swimming and acted in like irresponsible manner.

Miss Emma Baldwin, who has charge of this school, called the children up to her desk and said the hypnotic craze must stop before it reached the babies, for the little ones ran around lisping, "Hypnotize me, hypnotize me."

Miss Baldwin said that Willie Schley, Harold Glendinning, Lea Wood, Louis Bouton, Earl Severance and William McDevitt were the hypnotists. It was reported that some of the smaller children, put under the influence at recess, were unable to go on with their lessons in the afternoon.

When the hypnotized pupils entered the classrooms and stood up for recitation, blank stares would be their only reply to the teacher's questions. This was not due to ignorance, as several of the brightest pupils were thus afflicted. Of course the other children would laugh at their plight, and it was easy to pick out the hypnotist, as his laugh was the merriest and the loudest.

Punishment and detention after school had no effect on the mechanical toy attitudes of the children under the spell of the stronger children. From the opening hour to the close of the school they sat like automatons and talked just as well, but no better.

"We let them out of it," said one of the boy performers, "after school was over. They didn't get harmed in any way. They liked it, and it was funny to see them sitting there just like so many bunnies on a log."

"Just like teachers anyway to spoil our fun," was the verdict.
In the Franklin street school the art was nipped in the bud by Principal Hoyer. He said recently:

"I noticed that the boys were acting queerly and that one boy in particular had remarkable power over his fellows. I took him aside and warned him that he must stop instantly or he would get into all sorts of trouble. I know of three instances where boys were hypnotized here—or thought they were—but I soon put a stop to it, and I haven't seen any of it for a day or two and believe the worst is over."

Although the school authorities have stopped the practice of hypnotism around the schoolhouse, they cannot restrain the youthful Members on their way to and from school. Citizens have watched with interest the seances given after school in nearby squares, and it was mighty interesting till suddenly a citizen darted into the charmed circle and brought his son and heir out of a trance by a sound cuff alongside his ear.

It is interesting to note that a Stamford man is proud of his son if he is able to put other boys into a trance, but resents it when he sees his boy acting like a monkey at the commands of a neighbor's boy.

One seance was given in Gay street the other evening. A group of boys had gathered there. None was more than 14 years of age. The boy mentioned by Principal Hoyer was the operator, and with a few rapid passes of his hands he put a smaller boy under the influence. The subject yielded readily to the superior will in exactly the manner the boy's father had submitted to the power of Professor Baldy.

"What is your name?" asked the operator in a stage voice.
No answer.
"Why, you cannot speak," continued the operator, and sure enough the boy under the spell tried to talk, but could not. His mouth worked convulsively, but his countenance was as blank as an unwritten page. The other boys gathered around the operator, anxious to feel the power. Many of them were easily hypnotized, but the hypnotizers were not so numerous. Those under the spell gave up their tops, marbles, string and knives, so it paid better to be a hypnotizer.

The matter became so serious that the board of education had several serious conferences over the spread of the evil. Strangely enough the little girls have not yet been affected by the craze, and they look on the boys as silly.

BUSTED OUT O' JAIL.

Prisoners Were Gone, but the Sheriff Did Not Get Excited at First.

The sheriff of the county jail at Dingsville sat in front of the prison one afternoon sound asleep in his chair, when a citizen of the town rushed up and excitedly exclaimed:

"Say, Joe, ye know that cuss, Tom Peterson, who ye arrested yesterday fur hoss stealin'?"
"Yaas," drawled the sheriff sleepily as he opened one eye.

"Waal," continued the excited individual, "I jest met him up at the Red Dog saloon not five minits ago!"
"Busted out o' my jail, eh?" queried the official indifferently.

"That's what he's done, Joe. And say, Bill Ferguson, another one o' yer prisoners, ar' with him too."
"Durn 'em!" was all the sheriff said to this, closing his eyes again.

"But that hain't all, Joe! Grizzly George and Prairie Pete, sentenced to be hung, ar' also up thar."
"Hunn, ar', eh? All anxious fur a drink, I reckon."

"Yes, but what ar' ye goin to do about it, Joe?"
"Reckon I'll send 'em up a message that'll skeer 'em half to death. Yes, reckon I'd better. Ye go up an tell 'em I said if they wasn't back in thar cells in half an hour I'll lock up the jail, an they won't git in agin in a hurry."

"But—but, Joe," said the other disappointedly, "hain't it yer duty to go arter 'em. They'll probably resist an raise a fuss, an then we kin all take a hand an hev a few shots at the critters."
"No," yawned the sheriff, "it's my duty to watch this jail, or some kuss'll be breakin in to git free board. Jest give 'em my message, an don't bother me no more."

"Waal, I'll do it, Joe, but it won't do no good, fur they wuz jest startin a game o' poker as I come away, an ye know!"
"What!" interrupted the sheriff as he sprang out of his chair. "Startin a game o' poker, d'ye say!"

"That's what they was doin, an—"
"Then why didn't ye say so in the first place, ye idiot? Skip right over thar on the run an tell 'em to hold on till I kin git in the game too. Whoop! A poker game goin on an me sittin wif nuthin to do an feelin lucky 'nuff to win a fortune. Hurry up, fur if that game ar' broken up afore I git thar I'll arrest ye fur keepin secrets that might hev furthered the ways o' justice."—A. B. Lewis in New York Sunday World.

Always at It.
Teacher—There is a difference in the meaning of the words "vacation" and "avocation."
"Vacation" is what one does all the time. His "avocation" is something aside from one's regular occupation. Now to show that you understand the difference tell me what is your father's vocation?
Pupil—Smoking a pipe.—Boston Transcript.

In Haste.
Wife—Wait a moment, my dear. I want you to mail a letter. I'm most thorough.
Husband—Important?
Wife—Indeed it is. I sent a telegram to Sister Lucy this morning, and now I'm writing to the telegraph operator in our town, telling him to hurry and deliver it.—New York Weekly.

From the East.
Master of the Scraglio—Ha, ha, most illustrious, I have had the most delicious joke! I told your wives that you were dead, and you should have heard them wail.
The Sultan—What a harem scare! fellow you are, to be sure!—Yellow Book.

The Worrier.
"Does your husband worry about the grocery bills?" asked the nagged looking lady.
"Law, no," said the lady with the new silk skirt and the rusty shoes. "We let the grocer do all that."—Indianapolis Journal.

Tempting Odds.
"Why is it that a fellow's friends always think he is making a mistake in selecting a wife?"
"Oh, I suppose they can't resist the temptation when they have so many chances of being right."—Detroit News.

Exceedingly So.
Dasherly—He's always doing something out of the ordinary.
Flasherly—What now?
Dasherly—Embezzled \$1,000,000 and didn't lay it to his typewriter.—New York Journal.

Hot Stuff.
Restaurant Guest—Everything you have brought me is stone cold.
Polite Waiter—Here is the mustard an pepper, sah.—New York Weekly.

Another Old Saying Gone Wrong.
Freddy—Never mind, old man, cheer up! You'll be a man before your mother.
Tommy (sobbing)—No, I shan't! Mother, she's a new woman. Boo-hoo!
—Ally Sloper.

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