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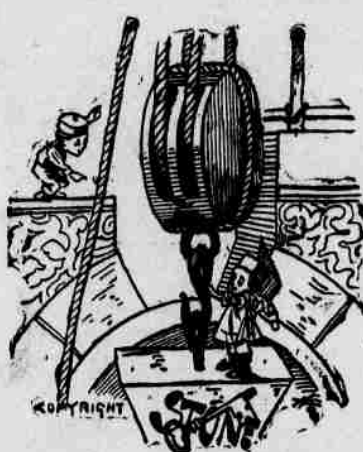
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SANTA FE DAILY NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 32.

SANTA FE, N. M., THURSDAY, JULY 25 1895.

NO 129



For hoisting stone and other material it is always desirable to have the best tackle obtainable. Accidents are constantly occurring through the use of defective tackle. Our hoisting pulleys are absolutely safe and reliable. There is no danger of any drop where hoisting tackle like ours is employed. It saves time as well as life and limb to have an A1 hoisting apparatus. Builders and contractors will score a point by calling on us before making purchases. Don't fail to remember that we carry a full and complete line of first-class hardware of every description at the lowest prices in town.

W. H. GOEBEL,
Catron Block - Santa Fe.

WAGNER & HAFFNER

DEALERS IN

FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE

HARDWARE, TINWARE AND STOVES.

We have a full line of Picture Frames and Mouldings and in fact everything in the household line. We will furnish you from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments and bedrock prices. We carry the largest stock in the city. We repair all kinds of furniture, sewing machines and musical instruments. Remake mattresses and all kinds of upholstery.

40 TELEPHONE 40

Come and See Us!

AT COR. BRIDGE & WATER STS.

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS.

FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

OUR CONFECTIONARIES ARE ALWAYS FRESH.

Our special aim is to please everyone with reasonable prices and as good an article as the market affords.

There is nothing better than—
BADEN'S BEST FLOUR.
ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER.
MONARCH BRAND CANNED GOODS.

S. S. BEATY.

MULLER & WALKER.

DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries.

SANTA FE BAKERY.

FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES.

AGENTS FOR—

Boss Patent Flour.
Club House Canned Goods.
Hosston Creamery Butter.

'Phone 53

Careful attention given to special orders for cakes and pastry. Campers' supplies packed free of charge. Call and examine our stock and get our low prices.

S. WEDELES,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries and Provisions.

Office and Warehouse Lower Frisco St.
Santa Fe, N. M. New Mexico.

THE TAYLORS' SECOND TRIAL.

Charged with the Horrible Murder of the Meeks Family in Missouri.

Attorney for Defendants Denounces the Press for Printing the Story of the Crime as News.

St. Louis, July 25.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Carrollton, Mo., says: The second trial of Wm. P. Taylor and George E. Taylor, for the horrible murder of the Meeks family near Brownsville, on the night of May 10, 1894, began here to-day, a jury having been secured yesterday. The Taylor brothers sat beside their aged father inside the bar. When the court instructed the witnesses to stand up to be sworn, over half the audience arose. There are 400 witnesses about equally divided between the two sides. T. N. Brennan made the opening address for the state.

Col. John B. Hale, in the opening statement of the defense, said that the newspapers had spread sensational articles and poisoned the minds of the masses. He hoped that the jury would divest itself of all prejudice and try the case on the law and the evidence.

Insurgent Leader Killed.
Havana, July 25.—The celebrated insurgent leader, Bernardino Jimenez, has been killed by a civil guard.

Hanged in Virginia.
Richmond, Va., July 25.—Philip Nicholas was hanged here to-day. Nicholas murdered William J. Wilkerson and Jas. Mills by drowning. He induced them to cross the James river with him in a boat in which anger holes had been bored. The boat sank and Wilkerson and Mills could not swim. Nicholas had been intimate with Mills' wife.

DID YOU EVER!

Iron Manufacturers in Pennsylvania Can't Supply the Demand for Wares.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 25.—Pittsburg's industrial boom has reached such proportions that the enormous iron and steel plants are unable to fully meet the demand. The flood of orders upon local billet manufacturers is so great that buyers were forced to go to Philadelphia during the week for a supply. Local manufacturers decline to take orders for immediate delivery, and no contracts are being taken for shipment before September.

Billions continue rising in plate manufacturers will be forced to suspend, as it would be impossible to pay such high prices and meet foreign competition.

Big Strike at Creede.
Creede, Cal., July 25.—A prospector brought from Bear creek rock which he assayed and which returned 110 ounces gold and 648 ounces silver; total value per ton, \$2,492.38.

He has eighty inches of this ore and has opened two places 200 feet apart on the property. A hundred prospectors are around Bear creek.

Later—Yesterday's report regarding assays is knocked into the shade by those of to-day from the Ferris lode, owned by the Golden Shear Mining company. They run, in gross value, in gold and silver from \$449.38 to \$4,186.24 a ton. The lowest gold assay is 15.55-100 ounces; the highest, 207.50-100 ounces a ton. The latter is from the "Grab."

Three Girls Drowned.
Columbus, Neb., July 25.—Lizzie, aged 13, daughter of Othas. Klaus; May, aged 11 and Hulda, aged 7, daughters of Gottlieb Klaus, were drowned in the Platte river while bathing to-day.

Hearne Label Suit.
Hannibal, Mo., July 25.—The taking of depositions in the libel suit of Dr. Hearne against the San Francisco Chronicle has closed. The case will now be transferred to San Diego, Cal., where it will be called for trial on Aug. 19.

Fatal Battery Drill.
Camp Douglas, Wis., July 25.—Last evening, during a battery drill in honor of Gen. Ruggles, Corporal Thomas, after having fired one charge, was loading a second time, when the breech block of the piece blew off, almost severing his right arm from his body. His eyesight is destroyed and he is perhaps fatally injured.

HOLMES CHARNEL HOUSE.

Bones of an Adult and a Child Found in the Basement of the House in Chicago—Holmes Found Guilty in Toronto.

Chicago, July 25.—In the basement of the Holmes Charnel house to-day more bones and small pieces of dress goods have been found. One of the bones found is a shoulder blade and was apparently that of an adult. The other, a socket bone, was smaller and appeared to be that of a child. The police are confirmed in the belief that the skeletons being uncovered are those of the missing Mrs. Connor and daughter, Pearl.

ANOTHER MISSING WOMAN.
In talking to a reporter, to-day Mrs. W. L. Doyle said that one of the prettiest of the women who ever came under Holmes' influence is also missing. Her name was Miss Oiggrand and she was originally from Indiana. Mrs. Doyle was on the point of giving further information, when the police curtly ordered her to stop talking and ended the interview. William L. Doyle, the woman's husband, who is a mason and contractor, said that, in the latter part of 1891, he rented the flat in the Holmes' block that had been occupied by the missing Mrs. Connor and daughter. He said that he and his wife became acquainted with Holmes and Miss Oiggrand. Doyle said that Mrs. Connor's disappearance dated from 1891, instead of 1893, as reported.

FOUND GUILTY BY CONNOR'S JURY.
Toronto.—The verdict of the coroner's jury in the case of the Pettit children was laid before the attorney general to-day, and proceedings for the extradition of Holmes will be at once entered upon.

English Bishop Dead.
London, July 25.—Right Rev. Anthony Wilson, D. D., of Winchester, is dead. He was in his 71st year.

The Cheney's in Trouble.
Monte Vista, Colo., July 25.—The trial of Mrs. L. H. Cheney, charged with cruelty to a stepson, came off here yesterday in the presence of Secretary Thompson of the Humane society. Late at night the jury was discharged because it could not agree, standing six to six. The case is now out of court.

ALL MISSED "MARION."

Not One of 6,000 Guesses On the Name of the President's Baby was Correct.

Washington, July 25.—In 5,930 guesses received by an evening paper on the probable name of the new Cleveland baby, not one was correct. The largest number of coupons containing duplicate guesses bore the biblical name "Nomi." The second in popular favor was "Frances," a name good Americans guessed because they loved it and wanted it to win. The fact that the christian name of Mrs. Carlisle had often been mentioned for the baby, led 463 people to guess "Jane." "Glady" was next with 422, "Martha" fifth with 315, "Rachel" sixth with 307, and "Mary" seventh with 300. The baby's name is Marion.

THE MARKETS.

New York, July 25.—Money on call nominally easy at 1 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 4. Silver, 66½; lead, 33.20.

Chicago.—Cattle, market slow and steady; Texas steers, \$2.75 @ \$4. Sheep dull.

Kansas City.—Cattle, strong for best, others weak; Texas steers, \$2.00 @ \$3.70; Texas cows, \$2.00 @ \$2.90; beef steers, \$4.00 @ \$4.60; native cows, \$1.50 @ \$3.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 @ \$4.55; bulls, \$1.75 @ \$2.85. Sheep, steady.

Chicago.—Wheat, July, 79½; Aug., 69½. Corn, July, 43½; Sept., 43½. Oats, July, 24½; Sept., 23½.

May Cut It Short.

Washington, July 24.—Public men are beginning to discuss the probability of the length of the next session of congress. Opinion is generally favorable to a short session, and is based largely on the belief that both parties will be weary of getting away at as early a date as possible. It is now believed by some that Mr. Reed, feeling practically certain that he will be elected to the speakership, has already virtually completed the house committee list, and at any rate, he will be able to announce his appointments very soon after the convening of the houses on the 2d of December. Should that body get its work well under way before the Christmas holidays it would be a decided innovation. Few congresses in recent years have begun the session without this plan as a part of their program, and few have succeeded in putting it into execution.

Shawnee War Dance.

Tulsa, I. T., July 25.—The Shawnee war dance has begun eight miles north of this place. A large number of officers are on the ground to preserve order. Two men were killed last year.

Regular Troops Must March.

Denver, July 25.—In order that the regular troops may become familiar with the country in which they are doing duty, Gen. Wheaton, of the department of the Colorado, has ordered them out on practice marches. The foot soldiers are to march not less than 200 miles and the cavalry 300 miles.

Civil Engineer Killed.

Saltillo, Mexico, July 25.—Henry T. Larkenson, a civil engineer, was fired upon from ambush, thirty miles southwest of here. It is supposed that the killing was done by an American recently discharged by Larkenson.

Ten Buildings Burned.

Ottumwa, Iowa, July 25.—A fire to-day destroyed ten buildings, including the bank of Melrose.

UNITED STATES TROOPS.

Bannocks Reported to Have Killed Twenty Settlers—Gen. Coppinger on His Way to Jackson's Hole.

New York, July 25.—Gen. Miles said last night, in reference to the Indian uprising in Idaho and Wyoming: "They are a strong hardy and brave people. They are good fighters. In two or three days I ended their revolt in 1878. If well treated they are not bloodthirsty."

"Do you think that the outbreak will prove serious?"

"It is quite likely that they will give trouble in the present outbreak," replied the general.

TWENTY WHITES REPORTED KILLED.

Boise City, Idaho.—The mail driver at Marble Lake reports that a courier has arrived at Roxburg, Idaho, from Jackson's Hole, with a report that a fight occurred on Tuesday evening and twenty men were killed. If the report is true it is strange that a courier has not reached here.

ORDERED TO RETURN TO RESERVATION.

Washington.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs Browning has forwarded a dispatch to Agent Teter, at Fort Hall, Idaho, agency, instructing him to order the Indians to return to reservation quietly and peacefully before the military detachment reaches there.

GEN. COPPINGER GOING TO THE SCENE.

Washington.—Gen. Vincent, acting adjutant general, has received a telegram from Brigadier General Coppinger saying that he has ordered four troops of cavalry from Fort Robinson, Neb., to proceed to Jackson's Hole and he will go there in person to conduct the military operations.

NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS.

Denver.—A special to the Times from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: Gov. Richards was advised to-day by Adjutant General Sutter, who is at Marble Lake, that there are no new developments at Jackson's Hole. Gen. Coppinger has requested Major Reynolds, of the 8th Infantry, at Fort Russell, to accompany him on the expedition. Fifty-three pack mules and six packers will join the Fort Robinson troops, who are expected to pass here at 6 this evening.

LAND WRANGLE IN NEBRASKA

Congressional Committee Trying to Settle a Dispute Between Whites and Indians.

Agent Beck Causes Arrest of Prominent People of Pender County Charged with Conspiracy Against the Government.

Omaha, July 25.—By courier to Pender, Neb.—Hardly had the congressional delegation, with an escort of 100 citizens of Pender, after a ride of twenty-five miles across Tharston county, entered the confines of Capt. Beck's reservation when Deputy Marshal Boehme swooped down on William E. Peebles and John F. Mayers, placing them under arrest as conspirators against the government.

Capt. Beck said he proposed to execute the laws as he found them, and wanted it distinctly understood that he was responsible for the agency and the wards of the government. The warrant also included John G. E. Thompson, president of the Flourmeyer company, and George S. Harris, who were not present at the conference with the Indians. The warrant charges the men with conspiracy to oppose the government by force, and that, to effect the object of the conspiracy, they armed 200 farmers and sent them on the reservation to resist the properly constituted United States legal authority.

Peebles, when served with the warrant, said that it was entirely in keeping with the policy of a certain clique ever since he came to the agency, and that he would appear before Justice Lindroth, of the Winnebago precinct, and waive examination to the U. S. district court.

Senator Allen opened the council by stating, through an interpreter, that when he was here a month ago he said he would visit them again and talk with them fully with reference to their attitude toward the allotment being uppermost. He then introduced to the Indians with solemn formality Senator Thurston, Congressmen McKeljohn, Strode and Andrews.

"We are here," he said, "for the purpose of listening to your wants and your grievances. We will then go to the Winnebago reservation, where troubles of a far different character command our attention."

Capt. Beck suggested that the Indians in favor of an allotment be requested to speak first, and then that those opposed to the allotment be heard, which suggestion was adopted by the commission. A number of Indians spoke on both sides of the proposition.

NARROW GAUGE EXTENSION

The Business Points Involved as Seen from Denver's Trade Standpoint.

Says the Denver Republican: Now that President Jeffrey, of the Denver & Rio Grande, has returned, it is hoped that he will give his attention to the extension of that company's line in New Mexico.

The purchase of the line from Espanola to Santa Fe opens the way for such an extension, and it would be good policy for Mr. Jeffrey to take the project in hand.

Denver needs a connection by way of the Denver & Rio Grande with points in the interior of New Mexico. The trade of that territory goes almost entirely to the east, though Denver is much nearer than Kansas City. This is because there is direct connection with Kansas City, whereas there is no connection at all with Denver which is of practical use in competing with points in the east. New Mexico is a country which will have a large growth which would be greatly stimulated by the construction of a railroad that would compete with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.

Upon several occasions we have called attention in discussing this subject to the fact that the situation is very different from that it would be if an entirely new line had to be built from Denver to New Mexico points. It might in that case be said that the business to be obtained would not justify the expenditure. But it would be necessary to build only from Santa Fe. The business secured would pass over tracks already in existence and which do not carry a very heavy traffic. The Rio Grande would be benefited not only by the traffic over the New Mexico part of the proposed system, but also by the additional earnings of its San Luis valley line.

Now that the route is extended as far as Santa Fe it would require comparatively little expense to push it on to Albuquerque. At that town a traffic would be encountered which is the best in New Mexico. Albuquerque is the largest town in New Mexico, or at least the most important commercially. It is there that connection is made with the Atlantic & Pacific, which runs through northern Arizona to California. The Rio Grande would stand a chance of getting a good share of that traffic, together with whatever else centers at Albuquerque. Then if the system were extended still farther toward the south connection could be made with mining camps in the southwestern part of the territory, and the Rio Grande would get the cream of the business which exists there. Besides, the growth of those places would be stimulated by the construction of the proposed line.

FRIGHTFUL MORTALITY.

Shocking Report Respecting Condition of Negro Colony in Mexico.

Denver, July 25.—A special to the Times from El Paso, Tex., says: Parties from Mexico to-day report sickening and fatal destitution among the negro colony near Mapima. Two hundred who escaped are scattered in groups, all but starved. There are about 400 or 500 left in the colony 100 have small-pox. There is a frightful mortality.

Flood in Kansas.

Larned, Kan., July 25.—A flood came down last night six inches higher than ever known before and all the south and east part of the town is under water. About a half mile of the Missouri Pacific track was washed out a short distance east of here.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CREDIT AND PRIMARY MONEY

Resumption of Coinage Discussion Between Horr and Harvey at Chicago.

Harvey Calls Horr Down on Statement of Fact—Silver Must Be Remonetized to Increase Supply of Primary Money.

Chicago, July 25.—In the Horr-Harvey silver debate this afternoon, Horr began by saying that the 41½ grain silver dollars, coined between the years 1858 and 1873, were all coined at the Philadelphia mint, and from foreign silver coins accumulated in the treasury under the act of congress, which made them receivable, but did not permit them to be paid out again. That was why silver was coined at less than its bullion value. After 1853, the government did not coin a dollar of our silver coinage for private owners.

Harvey, in reply, denied the statement and declared that Horr could not prove it. He presented a mint statement, showing that over 400,000 of silver dollars had been coined at the mint at Carson City, Neb., in 1870.

Harvey then resumed the discussion of the question of primary and credit money. He said that as soon as there was an over issue of credit money, it caused distrust of government ability to pay. This caused a run on the treasury for the redemption of credit money and the only remedy was to either increase the amount of primary money or decrease the amount of credit money. The amount of gold in the United States was estimated at \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000, and of our credit money about \$1,000,000,000. This was too much credit money, he said, and accounted for the country's financial derangement. The remedy was to increase the primary money by remonetizing silver. Every moment's delay was endangering the safety of the republic.

Indicted for Extortion.

Chicago, July 25.—W. E. Miller was indicted here to-day for attempted extortion. Miller's alleged crime was his work as a go-between in the city council action, in connection with which Aldermen Frinkler and Martin were indicted.

GOLD STANDARD DEFENSE.

A Leading London Financier Occupies a Column Reply to President of British Bimetallist League.

London, July 25.—The Times to-day publishes a column letter from Bertram Currie, president of the Gold Standard Defense association, in reply to a statement of Henry C. Gibbs, director of the Bank of England and president of the British bimetallist league, in the Times of July 13. Currie says that in spite of the time and labor spent in the controversy, the bimetallist league is still silent as to any specific plan, in which the bimetallist theory is to be embodied as to a proper ratio, as to methods of enforcing the ratio, or as to the consequences which would follow its establishment. Summing up, Currie says: "The bimetallists are enthusiastic, ill-advised agitators, instead of practical reformers."

A Real Good Indian.

Southampton, L. I., July 25.—James Bunn, chief of the Shinnecock Indians, is dead. He was probably the only full-blooded representative of his tribe.

DISAGREEMENT OF A JURY.

Subsequent Information that Jury Agreed to Acquit Two of the Defendants.

Denver, July 25.—The jury in the U. S. court, in the case of Robert L. Taylor, W. S. Crumley, O. S. Wilder and Frank Wallace, accused of holding up a train, near Victor, and robbing the mail, reported a disagreement to-day and were discharged. After Judge Hallett left the court, the attorneys for Crumley and Wilder ascertained that the jury agreed to acquit those two and to convict Taylor, but could not agree as to the boy Wallace.

An effort will be made, as soon as the judge can be brought back to court, to have the jury recalled and its findings entered as a verdict.

Alarming Diphtheria Epidemic.

Croton, Iowa, July 25.—There is an alarming diphtheria epidemic here. All the children in some families have died.

DOOMED TO DIE.

Colorado Murderer Sentenced to Be Hanged—Kissed His Daughters Good-bye.

Denver, July 25.—A special to the Times from Buena Vista, Colo., says: Benjamin Radloff was sentenced by Judge Bailey, this morning, to be hanged during the week commencing August 11. He will be removed to Canon City this afternoon. After sentence was pronounced, the prisoner kissed his two daughters, Elizabeth and Lavina, good-bye, but did not take any notice of his son, Howell, who sat on the witness stand that he did not approve of his father's method of killing people for uttering slander against his family.

NEW MEXICO NEWS.

The contract for the carpenter work on the new Catholic church at Lincoln has been awarded to Miguel Gameros.

Ignacio Sens, Lincoln's skilled blacksmith, showed the News reporter a handmade bride-bit, yesterday, valued at \$40. It is a beautiful piece of workmanship.

The News says that Lincoln offers a superior field for a young and skilled physician, who would like to locate in the prettiest spot in all this broad land. The Gallinas is but little swollen, showing the rains here to have been gentle and soaking, and not of the character which ran at once to the streams, producing floods.—Las Vegas Optic.

The discoveries in different sections of New Mexico recently of gold mines has given an impetus to immigration into the territory with the possibility of its steady increase.

Sapp & Haues shipped a carload of ore last week from the copper mines at Pinal. They have been shipping pretty regularly to the Pennsylvania Salt company's works in Pennsylvania for several months.

Lincoln News: John A. Walters has returned from the Feliz ranch, where for the past month he has been busily engaged on the carpenter work of J. J. Dolan's new residence.

Silver City Eagle: Now is the time for placer miners to get to work washing out gold. There is plenty of placer ground in this county which can be worked to good advantage whenever there is water enough to wash out the gold. The placer mines in this county are as extensive as can be found in any portion of the territory.

La Bells Cresset: The people of La Bells are beginning to wonder if the "mills of the Gods" will grind at all in the matter of mail service here. We have over 1,000 people here who get their mail from this office with a cancellation of from \$60 to \$75 per month, and still the citizens have to pay, out of their own pockets, a carrier to bring the mail from Costilla three times a week.

Pastures in the west are not what they are in the east. The L. L. Cattle company's four-wire fence pasture, twenty-five miles long from Puerto de Luna, embraces an area of ten miles square. The Bell ranch pasture, seventy-five miles east of Las Vegas, embraces ten times the area of this, and the Sidiacade pasture, in Texas, near the New Mexico line, is 300 miles long and fifty miles wide. In the latter there are several small towns as well as a few counties.—Las Vegas Examiner.

COMING TO THE FRONT.

Active and Fruitful Development Work in Baldy and Elizabethtown Gold Districts.

Baldy and Elizabethtown are again coming to the front, that is, more extensive operations are being undertaken and the output is increasing, says the La Bells Cresset. Mr. Colp, of Telluride, Colo., has just closed a deal on the Van Zaylen properties at Baldy and will take possession of the mines and mill August 15. He intends to put at least twenty men to work and will increase the milling capacity so as to be able to handle the amount of ore which that force of men can take out. The mill has been running steadily this summer on ore from the Montezuma and treats from eight to ten tons per day, which nets from \$10 to \$12 per ton. Two weeks ago returns were received from thirteen tons shipped from another property at Baldy which netted over \$60 per ton after all freight and smelter charges were paid.

Mr. Thomas, representing part of the company which owns the Aztec, is in London trying to get matters straightened up and the property out of litigation. Communications from there are to the effect that they will resume work in a short time and put their heavy machinery in operation again.

In all something over \$10,000 in gold has been taken from the mines at Baldy in the last two months and an equal amount from the placers around Elizabethtown. W. H. Baker, of Colorado Springs, is at the latter place buying up lode claims and will begin shipping from one or two properties soon.

Vallecitos, N. M., July 22.—I visited the mica mines on Petaca creek a few days since and find that Messrs. Leichte & Neill have sold some of their claims to Messrs. Shoemaker Brothers and Harill & Co., who are taking out tons of as fine plate mica as one will see anywhere. Mr. E. S. Eldridge, of Kansas City, is also here and has secured some good claims and is taking out mica in fine blocks. It appears that these parties are striking fine veins of mica and have gone to a quiet way to systematically work their mines for all there is in them. It is strange that these mines have not been more extensively worked heretofore, judging from the quantity and quality of mica there is in them.

From pretty authentic reports it is probably owing to the mismanagement of former parties who worked them, and the drifts and tunnels that were worked by them without any contact or vein of mica in sight.

[Not particularly when it is known that Col. Crittben, the original promoter, made a handsome fortune at one fell swoop by selling out his Arriba county claims at Crittbenville to the American Mica trust, of which W. H. Sells, of Chicago, is secretary.—Editor.]

If everything turns out as anticipated by the parties now at the camp you will hear of some very busy times there in a short time. As labor is cheap, timber plenty and fine natural sites on the Petaca creek for putting up plants for grinding and otherwise treating the mica it is only a question of a short space of time when there will be a big "boom" at the Crittbenville mica mining camp.

Arcon.

The Daily New Mexican

BY NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second Class matter at the Santa Fe Post Office.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.
Daily, per week, by carrier.....\$ 25
Daily, per month, by carrier.....1 00
Daily, per month, by mail.....2 00
Daily, three months, by mail.....5 00
Daily, six months, by mail.....10 00
Daily, one year, by mail.....20 00
Weekly, per month.....25
Weekly, per quarter.....75
Weekly, per six months.....1 00
Weekly, per year.....2 00

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all communication intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address—not for publication—but as evidence of good faith, and should be addressed to The Editor. Letters pertaining to business should be addressed to the New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Post Office in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the south-west.

THURSDAY, JULY 25.

So Mr. W. C. Whitney, the Standard Oil multi-millionaire, has succeeded in breaking into Great Britain's aristocratic circles. The marriage engagement of his daughter to a brother of Sir Arthur Paget is announced from Newport. This, with Mr. Whitney's other qualifications, such as an unlimited bar of boodle, etc., which means a whole lot—ought to fit him admirably for becoming New York's candidate for Democratic presidential honors.

The interstate commerce commission will not be permitted to hang up those Colorado freight rate cases if the vigilant Denver press can help it. That's right. Among these cases is one involving the Standard Oil company's manipulation of the railroads so as to shut the Rocky Mountain Oil company out of New Mexico, Arizona and California. It was a tricky piece of business throughout and the decision of the interstate commission, if it is fair, ought to throw a good deal of light on what has stood long as a very dark subject.

When an editor loses his temper it is always a pretty good sign that his argument is gone and his logic lost and his cause is a poor one. For instance the El Paso Times rises to say: "The block-guard who edits the Independent-Democrat, which last week attacked the directors of the Rio Grande Dam & Irrigation company, this week, finding himself exposed in the Times, resorts to vile epithets against the writer, which accurately describes himself, as he said the above mentioned company had no filings on record, when the second lives a few doors from the land office and could have rectified such a lie." How much more genteel it would have been for the Times to have entered a simple denial of the statements complained of, and how much more effective on the reading public would such a simple denial have been. As it is every reader fully understands at a glance that the Times' editor is mad and a mad man has no business using the editorial Faber.

NEW MEXICO PLUCK.

Plucky Silver City! In response to a telegram from the editor of the New Mexican, yesterday, inquiring whether the people of the flood desolated metropolis of Grant county needed outside help, Mayor Fleming promptly wired that assistance was not required. How different would have been the reply if the people of Silver City had been animated by the spirit so prevalent throughout Kansas, Nebraska and states further east. This suggests that, in spite of all the hardships and privations they have had to endure in the past, the people of New Mexico have never solicited aid from any source and have rarely ever uttered complaints intended to reach beyond the boundaries of the territory. Such manly, self-respecting independence certainly deserves respect and recognition.

MR. BLAND CAST DOWN.

"It is all foolishness to talk about candidates. There is no Democratic party. There is nothing but chaos and disorder." So Mr. Bland, the Missouri silver champion, is reported to have said in an interview at St. Louis recently. We would advise Mr. Bland to cheer up; things aren't half so bad as he pictures them. He appears to think that the politicians have exclusive control of the Democratic party just as is the case with the Republican party; that all the bosses have to do is to crook their finger and speak and the people cringingly obey. But this is a mistake. The Democratic party draws its inspiration from an altogether different source. It is the party of the masses, of the plain people, otherwise how could it have endured so long and against the odds it has had to contend with? The same potent powers that have guarded its interests in the past have now all the greater cause for uniting in the support of its principles, and that they will rise to the emergency of the hour there is no possible room for doubt.

Then as for free coinage, Mr. Bland's pet hobby, there's nothing about its present status to be alarmed over. Mr. Bland's view, we fear, is too circumscribed. Let him look about him and see what is going on. How different from a year, two years ago. Then the cause of free coinage was being fought by a mere handful of westerners. Mr. Bland was talking more then, but if he is frank he will have to admit that he was far more lonesome at that time than he is at present. The battle field of silver has been moved eastward, across the Mississippi valley and to the north and south, since the last national campaign.

Now Bland has for company such men as Senators Harris, Turpie, Jones, of Arkansas, and George, men like Blackburn, Cockrell and Vest, Crisp and Morgan, Hunter, of Illinois, and scores of other Democratic leaders. This is pretty good company for a Democrat to be in. It is cheerful company. What terrors have these men and their intrepid constituency for the gold-bug ultimatum any self-styled Democrat may send forth through the New England press?

Then, too, look at the states! Illinois Democrats all set for free coinage, backed up by the west; Kentucky solid for Hardin and a silver delegation to the national convention; Tennessee all right; Money and a safe free coinage state ticket in Mississippi, with Alabama and Texas closely following. The Democracy is all right; so is free coinage. So brace up, Mr. Bland.

PRESS COMMENT.

The "New" Weather.

The new manager of the weather on taking the chair announced that he proposed to look out for radical changes especially, and forecast unusual phenomena. Yesterday morning he gave us a program of warmer and fair weather. The day proved to be very cool and it rained both day and night. Such breaks as that may be expected in a beginner, but certainly Frank Melbourne could have done as well.—Pueblo Chieftain.

Trade With Mexico.

It is interesting to note Mexico's progress, yet discouraging to note that our trade with that country is not increasing commensurately with the business done. Mexican statistics of imports and exports for the first quarter of this year have been just published by the treasury department. The total exportation amounted to \$26,263,566, a gain over the corresponding period last year of \$4,600,331; precious metals and their ores were \$14,539,669, an increase over the same period last year of \$1,729,670, while merchandise is stated at \$11,723,897, against the same quarter last year of \$11,753,236. The United States took of the total exportation 80 per cent, England 6, Germany 5 and France a trifle over 3. Total importations for the same period were \$8,525,337, the United States sending 44 per cent.—El Paso Times.

Free Coinage in Mississippi.

There are five candidates announced for the senatorship, viz: Gov. J. M. Stone, ex-Gov. Robert Lowry, ex-Representative Charles E. Hooker, Representative John M. Allen and H. D. Money, the four last named being advocates of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, regardless of the action of other nations; and in all other respects are on the same sort of a platform, so that any one of them would truly and efficiently represent the ideas of Senator George, the gentleman they propose to succeed. They are all experienced and competent men, having been in public life many years and having been repeatedly honored. They have a large individual following, and at this stage of the game it is impossible to tell which one of them has the advantage, a few counties having instructed delegations for each, the larger number, perhaps, being for Money. Gov. Stone is going it alone, the only "sound money" candidate in the race, and will poll the full Cleveland strength in the state as near as any man possibly could. Unfortunately for the cause of the honest dollar, the votes he will get are few. In the primary held Tuesday in Montgomery county, for instance, H. D. Money received 1,008 votes and Gov. Stone 43 only for United States senator. It was about the same way in every county that has expressed a choice on the senatorial candidate. The governor realizes that defeat stares him in the face, but he will run through to finish just to put the matter to a test, if for no other reason. Personally, he is a strong man, and, ordinarily, would have swept the state, but the "silver craze" has taken such a deep root that brother is arrayed against brother, the "gold bug" will not vote for the "silver bug" and vice versa for any office from United States senator down to constable.—St. Louis Republic.

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The Pecos Valley of New Mexico

OFFERS unequalled advantages to the farmer, fruit grower, live stock raiser, dairyman, bee-keeper, and to the home-seeker generally. The soil of the Pecos Valley is of high average fertility, and under irrigation produces bountiful crops of most of the grasses, grains, vegetables, berries and fruits of the temperate and some of those of the semi-tropical zone. In such fruit as the peach, pear, plum, grape, prune, apricot, nectarine, cherry, quince, etc., the valley will dispute for the pre-eminence with California; while competent authority pronounces its upper portions in particular the finest apple country in the world.

Enormous yields of such forage crops as alfalfa, sorghum and Egyptian corn make the feeding of cattle and sheep and the raising and fattening of hogs a very profitable occupation. The cultivation of sugarcane—a tanning material of great value—is becoming an important industry in the Pecos Valley, a home market having been afforded for all that can be raised, at a price yielding a handsome profit.

The climate of the Pecos Valley has no superior in the United States, being pre-eminently healthful and health restoring.

Lands with perpetual water-rights are for sale at low prices and on easy terms. The water supply of the Pecos Valley has no equal in all the arid region for constancy and reliability; and this with the superb climate, productive soil and the facilities afforded by the railway which extends through the Valley's entire length, will cause these lands to enjoy a constant and at times rapid, increase in value.

The recent completion of the Pecos Valley Railway to Roswell will cause the more rapid settlement and development of the upper portions of the Valley, including the rich Feliz section. The company has recently purchased many of the older improved farms about Roswell, and has now for sale lands to meet the wants of all—raw lands, partially improved lands, as well as farms with houses, orchards and fields of alfalfa and other crops. In the vicinity of Roswell several pieces of land have been divided into five and ten acre tracts, suitable for orchards and tract farms in connection with suburban homes. Certain of the tracts are being planted to orchards, and will be cultivated and cared for by the company for three years at the end of which period they will be handed over to the purchasers. Write for pamphlet fully describing the terms and conditions on which these several classes of tracts are sold.

FOR FULL INFORMATION REGARDING THE PECOS VALLEY WITH COPIES OF ILLUSTRATED PUBLICATIONS ADDRESS

The Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Company,
Eddy, N. M., or Colorado Springs, Colo.

Legal Notice.

In the District Court of the First Judicial District sitting and for the County of Santa Fe in the Territory of New Mexico.

Olavie Yates, Complainant,
vs.
The Lincoln, Lucky & Lee Mining Co.,
Defendant.
Chancery No. 3489.

In pursuance of a final decree made and entered in the above entitled cause on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1895, whereby it was provided that, in the event of the failure of said defendant to pay within twenty days the several sums of money in said decree decreed to be paid the property hereinafter described should be sold to satisfy said decree, I, A. B. RENEHAN, appointed special master therein for the purpose of executing said decree, hereby give notice, that the said property within twenty days not having been complied with, and said twenty days having expired, and said indebtedness not having been paid and no part thereof, that I will on Saturday, the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house in the County of Santa Fe in the Territory of New Mexico, offer for sale and sell to the highest and best bidder for cash, be the same the complainant herein or any other party, all the following described property, to-wit:

All and singular the Lincoln Mining Claim and the land comprising the same together with all veins of mineral, dips and spurs, and the improvements thereon, together with machinery, houses, etc., situated in the New Placers Mining District in the County of Santa Fe, Territory of New Mexico, and being located on what is known as Lucky Hill, about one mile east of the town of San Pedro in the county aforesaid, and about one-half mile south of the Santa Fe Copper Mines, and which said Lincoln Mining Claim is joined on the northwest by the Lucky Mining Claim, on the northeast by the Leo Mining Claim and on the southeast by the Anconito Mining Claim.

Out of the proceeds received from the sale of said property, in accordance with the order of the court aforesaid in the said final decree contained, the undersigned, special master, will pay first, the lawful fees, charges and expenses of the undersigned, special master, in and about said sale; second, the sum of \$100 to Geo. W. Knaebel, Esq., as compensation for his services as special master to take proofs of the material allegations in the bill of complaint or of the complainant; third, the costs of said suit, including an allowance of \$150 to the solicitor for the complainant herein in said above entitled cause and a further fee of \$15 allowed said solicitor for drawing, filing and recording the lien in said suit filed, and fourth, the sum of \$1,024.00 with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 12th day of January, A. D. 1894, up to the time payment is made of said fourth allowance or so much as the purchase money will pay of the same, shall be paid to the complainant or his solicitor for him, and fifth, the surplus money, if any there be, shall be paid to the register of this honorable court to the credit of this suit.

The purchaser or purchasers at such sale herein decreed to be made, shall upon such sale, deposit with the undersigned special master at least ten per cent of the purchase money, together with a memorandum signed by or in behalf of said purchaser or purchasers promising to pay the balance of said purchase money immediately upon the confirmation of said sale by the court, and the tender of the special master's deed. The undersigned special master on the day of sale and from time to time thereafter, may adjourn and keep open said sale in his discretion; and from and after the date of the sale of the said property by the undersigned in the manner aforesaid, the defendant and all persons claiming under them shall be and stand absolutely barred and foreclosed of and from all equity of redemption, of in and to the lands, real estate, premises and property herein ordered to be sold.

Dated at Santa Fe, N. M., this 5th day of July, A. D. 1895.
A. B. RENEHAN, Special Master.
J. H. SUTHERLIN, Solicitor for Complainant.

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Insist upon having the genuine.

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SANTA FE ROUTE

TIME TABLE.

[In effect June 9, 1895.]

NORTH AND EAST.

Read down		Read up
10:30 p 5:20 a	Ar. Santa Fe. . . Ar.	7:10 p 1:00 a
11:10 p 6:10 a	Ar. Lamy. . . Ar.	7:10 p 1:25 a
11:25 p 6:30 a	Ar. Lamy. . . Ar.	7:10 p 1:50 a
11:40 p 6:45 a	Ar. Lamy. . . Ar.	7:10 p 2:15 a
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PET CIGARETTES
ARE THE BEST
CIGARETTE SMOKERS
who care to pay a little more than the cost of ordinary trade cigarettes will find the
PET CIGARETTES
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
Made from the highest cost Gold Leaf
grown in Virginia, and are
ABSOLUTELY PURE

SUNBEAMS.

Crushed Tragedian—I am going into the heart of the wilderness to camp out for the next three weeks.

Inquiring Friend—Going into the wilderness in July? Why, man, do you realize that you'll be eaten up alive by black flies and mosquitoes?

Crushed Tragedian—My dear boy, you do not seem to comprehend that after six months' experience of these pestering critters a stage of anoxia and black flies would be sweet relief.

Why Does a Yellow Get Yellow?
You needn't mail an answer to this simple conundrum. We know that you know that a fellow—we use the term in no offensive sense—is yellow because he is bilious.

In other words, his liver has got out of order, his bowels have become constipated. His skin and eyeballs assume a most unwarrantable assumption, a saffron tinge, his tongue puts on a coat of far, even in the summer time; beneath his right shoulder blade and ribs twinges remind him that a very restless imp is in his immediate vicinity. Now, if this hapless individual will simply procure and use at once Hostetter's Stomach Bitters he'll be all right shortly. Constipation, biliousness, malaria, indigestion, rheumatism, neuralgia and disorder of the kidneys and bladder all yield to this peerless family remedy and preventive. Use it promptly, with persistence and regularity. A wingless fallacy thrives daily.

Some people do their best work in the winter. Now, I can do the clearest and most brilliant thinking when the weather is hot.

How brilliant you will be when you die!

She—Have you ever loved another?

He—Yes; of course. Did you think I'd practice on a nice girl like you?

The Result of Trial.
Cannelton, Ind.—"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator, manufactured by J. H. Zeller & Co., Philadelphia, and found that for indigestion and liver complaint it is the best medicine I ever used."—E. E. Clark. Your druggist sells it in powder or liquid; the powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

She—I want \$400 for pin money.

He—Umph! Pins must be dear this summer.

She—Yes, Diamond pins are.

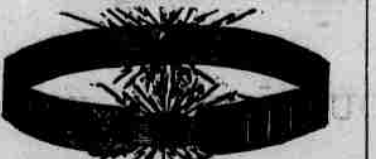
She—Can you spare me a little change this morning?

He—Certainly. Go and spend a few days with your mother. The change will do you good.

A Pioneer's Recommendation.
Mr. J. W. Nenable, of Downey, a pioneer of Los Angeles county, Cal., says: "Whenever I am troubled with a pain in the stomach or with diarrhoea I use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I have used it for years, know it to be a reliable remedy, and recommend it to every one." For sale by A. C. Ireland, Jr.

A young woman, who had never learned the art of cooking, being desirous of impressing her husband with her knowledge and diligence, manages to leave the kitchen door ajar on the day after their return from the bridal trip, and just as her lord comes in from the office exclaims, proudly:
Hurry up, Eliza, do! Haven't you washed the lettuce yet? Here, give it to me. Where is the soap?

**RHEUMATISM,
LUMBAGO,
SCIATICA,
LAME BACK,
DEBILITY, Etc.**



WHY BE SICK

When a trifle will buy the greatest healing invention of the day, Dr. Hansen's Electric Belt is a complete body battery for self-treatment, and guaranteed, or money refunded. It will cure without medicine Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Lame Back, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Nervous Debility, Weakness, Losses, Brains and all effects of early indiscretions or excess. To break men it is the greatest possible boon, as the mild, soothing electric current is applied directly to the nerve centers and improvements are felt from the first hour used. A pocket edition of the celebrated electro-medical work.

"Three Classes of Men,"

illustrated, is sent free, sealed, by mail upon application. Every young, middle-aged or old man suffering the slightest weakness should read it. It will show an easy, sure and speedy way to regain strength and health when everything else has failed.

THE SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.,
No. 226 Sixteenth St., Denver, Col.
Also New York, Chicago & London, Eng.
Largest Electro-Medical Concern in the World!

"We had an epidemic of dysentery in this vicinity last summer," says Samuel S. Pollock, of Briceland, Cal. "I was taken with it and suffered severely until some one called my attention to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I procured a bottle and felt better after the first dose. Before one-half of the bottle had been used I was well. I recommended it to my friends and their experience was the same. We all unite in saying it is the best." For sale by A. C. Ireland, Jr.

PERHAPS YOU KNOW HER.

If there's any one should ask you who I'm loving on the sly, Though I never dare to tell her, Just because—I know not why, You can easily determine By the glances of my eye.

If you know the sweetest maiden In the widest world today, Who has not an affectionate As she walks along your way, Do not hesitate a minute— She's the lady of my day.

In the distant delta country There's a soul gemmed of the heat, And the sugar cane in springtime Forms a picture all complete, And 'tis there my love was nurtured, Where the maiden grew so sweet.

I've a fancy that the rosebud, Though it blooms but one brief hour, Dearest is to many mortals, Than the most enduring power, But the merely sweetest maiden Is a far more precious dower.

—W. H. Ballou in New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A TEST OF LOVE.

"I assure you, mother, that I do not want to marry yet," said Antoinette to Mme. Odile. "I am so happy with you, and I should enjoy the same happiness, the same peace and the same contentment when I change your friends for another? I doubt it! No, no, I have plenty of time yet, I am only 18 years of age. While I am much honored by the attentions of M. le Baron de Merillac I repeat that I must refuse him."

"My dear child," replied Mme. Odile, "you should reflect that one of these days you will lose me. I have been suffering for a long time, and very little would suffice to carry me off. You will then find yourself without support, since your dear father is gone, and a husband is the natural support of a young girl who has lost her parents. Baron Merillac is a very estimable young man. You will probably never get such another offer. He is enormously rich, and he has a title and is the only son of parents who will adore and worship you as if you were their own child. It would surely be madness to persist in a refusal that has no basis. The baron is a handsome cavalier, and his manners are of the best. What more can you wish?"

"Then you know him?" asked Antoinette, with surprise.

"Without doubt."

"Yet I have never seen him here," persisted the girl.

"No, he has never been here, but I have met him several times at the house of Mme. de Saverny, where you would never accompany me, under the pretext that she displeased you, and it was Mme. de Saverny who spoke to me of the baron as a man who would be suitable for you, from every point of view."

"I shall like Mme. de Saverny still less now," exclaimed the girl. "What business is it of hers? If she is so anxious to get M. de Merillac married, let her take him herself. She is a widow."

"You are foolish, ma bonne chérie. M. de Merillac is 35 years old and Mme. de Saverny is 60. She might be his mother. You do not need to get angry. One would almost think that you had some other reason than the one you give so vehemently for refusing M. de Merillac."

"Some other reason," stammered Antoinette, lowering her eyes, while a pretty little flush came into her cheeks.

Mme. Odile watched her smilingly, and several minutes passed in silence.

Antoinette took up her sewing again, and being aware no doubt that her mother's eyes were fixed upon her presently rose and went over to the piano. Mme. Odile stopped her as she went.

"I will settle the matter once for all," she said, "never to return to it. The reason you refuse M. de Merillac is because you don't want to marry. Is it not?"

"Mais oui, maman," said Antoinette in a voice that nevertheless lacked the ring of sincerity.

"So that no matter who else may come to me to ask your hand I may tell him no and send him about his business?"

"Oh! I didn't say that—perhaps later—when I am older—if I like him, much," stammered the young girl, much embarrassed.

"So be it! We will talk of something else. For instance, my dear nephew Gaston has now been with us for three weeks and has nearly finished his picture. He has been very busy making some sketches in the woods for another one he has in view. I think he is with your uncle at this moment. Let us go across and see him—I mean my brother. He has not been very well of late."

"Oh, no, mother; my uncle is quite well again," said Antoinette quickly.

"Ah, you have some news about him?" Antoinette bit her lips. Her answer had slipped out too quickly.

"The gardener told me," she added naively.

Mme. Odile pretended not to notice her daughter's embarrassment.

"Will you come with me? I am going at once. As he is your guardian I ought to let him know at once of your decision with regard to M. de Merillac, for he knew all about him."

"Yes, my uncle knew?"

"And he approved?"

"Yes."

"Then Gaston knew that it was proposed I should marry this baron?"

"Perhaps."

"But he has said nothing to me about it!"

"I thought you had not seen him!"

"Oh, yes—that is—oh, no! I have not," replied the girl, turning her face away in her confusion over her little fib with which she was inexperienced.

"Let us go. Are you coming?"

"Is my presence very necessary?" the young girl asked. Then she added: "I think that my uncle and yourself will be able to talk more at your ease if I go away; besides, my uncle will question me, and I shall know how to answer him."

"That is quite simple. You will answer him just as you answered me!"

"You are making fun of me, mother," replied Antoinette peevishly.

"Not the least in the world! It is not quite natural that you should refuse to match so agreeable to your mother and your tutor for so plausible a reason. You do not want to get married. But here we are talking again on this subject, which we had agreed to leave alone! It was you that started it again, you must not!"

"Oh, now, mother, you make me cry!"

And Antoinette burst into tears and threw herself upon her mother's neck.

"Why do you cry, ma mignonne? There is surely no cause for tears in our conversation."

At this moment a servant girl entered the room and announced that the Baron de Merillac and his son were waiting outside.

"M. le Baron de Merillac and his son," she said.

Then she withdrew. Antoinette hurriedly made up her mind to conceal herself, when there appeared upon the threshold of the room her uncle and Gaston. She stood gazing at them without moving and examined them.

"What does this mean?" she stammered, turning toward her mother.

"Ask your uncle and Gaston himself," replied Mme. Odile.

"It means," said M. Lambert very seriously, "that I come as your guardian to ask for you in marriage to the Baron de Merillac."

"But—the announcement just made by Justine!" interrupted Antoinette, who could not understand why the baron and his father did not make their appearance and why her uncle made this request, when they were evidently both waiting in the next room.

Her interrogating glances passed from her mother to M. Lambert and Gaston, the latter of whom appeared a little disturbed and nervous in spite of his smiling face. Antoinette had dried her tears, but her eyes were still red and swollen from crying.

Gaston noticed this.

"You have been crying, Antoinette?" he asked her while M. Lambert and Mme. Odile stood apart and conversed in low tones.

"Yes," she replied to her cousin's question.

"I cannot tell you."

"Oh," was all he said.

"Well, Antoinette," interrupted M. Lambert, "you have given me no answer."

"Mother has already spoken to me about this gentleman, uncle, and—"

"And?" questioned Gaston's father.

"And"—continued Antoinette, playing nervously with a skein of wool she held in her hands.

"Well!" insisted M. Lambert. "Is it difficult to say?"

Gaston made a step in the direction of the young girl as though to encourage her.

"Tell them, mother, what I answered you," murmured the poor girl. Gaston's attitude was torture to her.

"Well," began Mme. Odile, exchanging a glance with her brother, "my daughter does not wish to get married!"

Gaston made another step toward Antoinette and seized her hand.

"Not even with me?" he asked, with a trembling voice.

"With you?" cried the young girl, blushing and growing pale by turns.

"Yes, with me, for I love you! Do you not know it?"

"I was sure of it," replied M. Lambert, with a wink.

"For goodness sake, explain yourselves!" exclaimed Antoinette, looking at all of them in turn.

"It is easy to explain," said Gaston. "I thought I had guessed your love for me, and I told my father, confessing my love for you at the same time. He and your mother talked it over and laid this trap to see if your love was strong enough to resist a rich and titled lover."

"Oh, Gaston! and you have fallen into the trap!"

"Yes, petite cousine, for I, too, wanted to feel quite sure that I was being loved for myself alone. Now I know and can no longer doubt, can I? You will be my wife, won't you?"

"But she has not said so," interrupted Mme. Odile mischievously, without giving her daughter time to reply, and having turned her back to keep a serious face.

"Yes, I have, mother," cried Antoinette, with delightful simplicity.

"Ah, Antoinette! Antoinette! Thank you, my darling little cousin," exclaimed Gaston, mad with joy.

The young girl had flung herself upon her mother's neck and embraced her with all her heart.

"Naughty mother!" she murmured in her ear as she kissed her.

"You are crying still!" asked Mme. Odile happily.

"Oh, no, mere petite mere. I am laughing now."

And, turning her radiant face toward her uncle and cousin she placed her hand in that of Gaston and allowed him to draw her to his shoulder in a warm embrace.—From the French.

A Masculine Protest.

"I wonder what my wife would say," demanded a weary looking man the other day, "if I should bring my tailor into the house and keep him there three or four days, snipping and cutting and occupying all the comfortable rooms, while she hung around on the outskirts, took her meals between hawk and buzzard, and just lived by the skin of her teeth?"

"You forget," interposed I, "that your wife does this from motives of economy."

"I don't know why I should forget it," he retorted hoarsely, "for she hammers it at me morning, noon and night. But I deny the economical part of it. By the time the dressmaker has had her pay and her three or four meals it comes to about the same thing as would the bill of a competent party who does the work outside."

"But even admitting that a few pennies are saved, look at the loss in other ways."

"If I've got to live on a walk or to read a letter, or to listen to one that I've written, she will say, 'I can't now, for I've got to help Mrs. — galloon these braids.'"

"There is no such thing as gallooning braids," said I severely. "You are talking nonsense."

"Well, it's something just as absurd," he replied, "and I am tired of it. We can't have any conversation at meals, and my wife works as hard as the other woman and gets a nervous fit from trying things on; so altogether I object."—New York Recorder.

Farmer Jones' Whisky Spring.

The discovery of an alleged spring of pure whisky on the farm of Silas Jones, near Smithtown, Westmoreland county, has created intense excitement among the people of that place. Several days ago Farmer Jones, while digging a ditch, came upon an old well. He struck a ledge of soft sandstone, and from a crevice in its side came drops of whisky. To make sure of it he formed the liquid and pronounced it a fair quality of barleycorn. After arranging to run the drippings into a cask he closed up the well in order to keep the discovery secret. Many think the whisky comes from a storage vault of an old distillery that probably stood where Jones began digging. The oldest inhabitant does not remember such a distillery. Barrels of whisky were probably buried in the hillside and forgotten. Now that the casks are decaying, the contents are oozing out through the hill.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Abolish Fences.

The absence of fences makes a saving and is also a benefit, and the drives, walks and landscape effects are such that a cheerful harmony prevails, and the grouping of several homes thus forms one harmonious whole.

Among the numerous persons who have been cured of rheumatism by Chamberlain's Pain Balm, mention should be made of Mrs. Emily Thorne, of Toledo, Wash., who says: "I have never been able to procure any medicine that would relieve me of rheumatism like Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I have also used it for lame back with great success. It is the best liniment I have ever used, and I take pleasure in recommending it to my friends." For sale by A. C. Ireland, Jr.

Call It a Craze.

AN ALARMING STATEMENT CONCERNING WOMEN.

HOW BAD HABITS ARE FORMED.

The New York Tribune says: "The habit of taking 'headache powders' is increasing to an alarming extent among a great number of women throughout the country. These powders are of many kinds, and are claimed by the manufacturers to be a positive and speedy cure for any form of headache, and are said to be composed of morphine, opium, cocaine or some other equally injurious drug having a tendency to deaden pain. The habit of taking them is easily formed, but almost impossible to shake off. Women usually begin taking them to relieve a raging headache and soon resort to the powder to alleviate any little pain or ache they may be subjected to, and finally get into the habit of taking them regularly, imagining that they are in pain if they happen to miss their regular dose."

In nine cases out of ten, the trouble is in the stomach and liver. Take a simple laxative and liver tonic and remove the offending matter which deranges the stomach and causes the headache. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are composed entirely of the purest, concentrated, vegetable extracts. One Pellet is a dose; sugar-coated, easily swallowed; once used, always in favor. They positively cure sick headache and remove the disposition to it.

Mr. E. VARGAS, of Otter Lake, LaSalle Co., Ill., writes: "I am frequently afflicted with an attack of the headache. It usually comes on in the forenoon. At my dinner I eat my regular meal, and take one or two of Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets immediately after, and in the course of an hour my headache is gone. I feel better every way for having taken them. I am not worse, as is usual with other kinds of pills. Pleasant Pellets are worth more than their weight in gold, for nothing else than to cure headache."



The largest circulation of any paper in the country—Curly paper.

I am the Cheerful Idiot, remarked the new arrival.

I am sorry, sir, said the hotel clerk; but we are bothered with electricity throughout.

Never mind, rejoined the other, as he registered; I shall manage some way.

ATLANTIC & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

(Western Division.)

(J. W. Reinhart, John J. McCook, Joseph C. Wilson, Receivers.)

TIME TABLE NO. 39.

In Effect Sunday, November 4, 1894.

Leave Chicago at 10:00 p. m.; 10:00 p. m. Arrive at Chicago at 10:00 p. m.; 9:00 a. m.

Leave Kansas City, Mo., at 1:50 p. m.; 2:00 p. m. Arrive at Kansas City, Mo., at 6:10 p. m.; 5:00 p. m.

Leave Denver at 11:10 p. m. Arrive at Denver at 5:15 a. m.; 4:45 a. m.

Leave La Junta at 7:20 a. m.; 10:10 a. m. Arrive at La Junta at 10:50 a. m.; 8:55 p. m.

WESTWARD STATIONS EASTWARD

9:40p. 3:30a. Albuquerque... 8:15p. 6:10a. 2:45a. 9:10a. Coolidge... 3:35p. 1:35p. 3:07a. 8:15a. Gallup... 2:50p. 1:35p. 3:25a. 10:55a. Gallup... 2:20p. 12:35a. 5:30a. 12:30p. Navajo Springs... 12:50p. 10:15p. 6:30a. 1:25a. Holbrook... 10:40a. 8:55a. 8:10a. 2:55p. Window... 9:30a. 7:50p. 10:10a. 2:30p. Window... 7:00a. 5:40p. 12:35p. 8:30p. Williams... 6:00a. 4:20p. 1:25p. 8:40p. Ash Fork... 4:30a. 2:55p. 6:45p. 9:20p. Sedona... 5:30a. 2:00p. 4:25p. 11:40p. Peach Springs... 5:10a. 12:40p. 6:05p. 1:40a. Kingman... 11:35p. 10:10a. 8:30p. 4:10a. Needles, Cal. 8:40p. 7:55a. 10:30p. 6:10p. Blake... 7:35p. 6:10a. 12:30a. 9:00a. Bagdad... 5:10p. 3:10a. 4:15a. 2:30p. Ar. Barstow... Lv. 2:50p. 12:10a. 5:00p. Ar. Mojave... Lv. 1:00p.

Arrive Los Angeles 9:35 a. m.; 6:30 p. m. Leave Los Angeles at 7:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.

Arrive San Diego 12:45 p. m.; 9:30 p. m. Leave San Diego at 2:15 p. m.

Arrive at San Francisco at 9:15 a. m. Leave San Francisco at 9:00 a. m.

*Every day but Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.

ALBUQUERQUE—A. T. & S. F. Railway for all points east and south.

ASH FORK—Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix railway for points in central and southern Arizona.

BLAKE—Nevada Southern Railway for Purdy and connection with stage lines for mining districts north.

BARSTOW—Southern California Railway for Los Angeles, San Diego and other California points.

MOJAVE—Southern Pacific Company for San Francisco, Sacramento and other northern California points.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

No change is made by sleeping car passengers between San Francisco, Los Angeles or San Diego and Chicago.

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad, the great middle route across the American continent, in connection with the railways of the Santa Fe route. Liberal management; superior facilities; picturesque scenery; excellent accommodations.

The Grand Canon of the Colorado

the most sublime of nature's work on earth, indescribable, can only be reached via Flagstaff, Williams or Peach Springs on this road. To the natural bridge of Arizona and Montezuma's well you can journey most directly by this line. Observe the ancient Indian civilization of Laguna or Acoma, "the City of the Sky." Visit the petrified forest near Flagstaff, See and marvel at the freak of Canon Diablo. Take a hunting trip in the magnificent pine forests of the San Francisco mountains. Find interest in the ruins of the pre-historic

Cave and Cliff Dwellers.

View the longest cantilever bridge in America across the Colorado river.

J. W. BYRNE, Gen. Pass. Agt., Los Angeles, Cal.

C. H. BYRNE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., San Francisco, Cal.

H. B. VAN RUYCK, Gen. Agt., Albuquerque, N. M.

For Women's Convenience.

A new departure has been made at the New York Exchange For Women's Work, which is one of the most progressive of such institutions, in the opening of a room in their building, 13 East Thirtieth street, for the accommodation of ladies who are coming to town to do shopping through the summer. Here every convenience will be supplied. Parcels will be kept; there is a telephone and messenger service in the building; a good luncheon is served after 12 o'clock every day, and bouillon, iced tea, lemonade, etc., may be had at all hours, excepting Saturdays, when the exchange closes at noon during the summer months.

A subscription of \$3 entitles any one to the use of the room for the season. Single tickets for the day may be had at the cashier's desk for 50 cents. The managers of the exchange trust that, with the added attraction of a comfortable waiting room, there may be an increase in the number of visitors to the rooms of the society and a large patronage, not only in the luncheon room, but in the various departments, and it is hoped that what is usually a dull season may be a prosperous one for the con-signors, all women who are trying to support themselves and in many cases their families.—New York Times.

The Pioneer Woman in Journalism.

Mrs. Cornelia Walter Richards has been brought into notice here by the occurrence recently of her seventy-fifth birthday. She was the first woman editor in the country. The Boston Transcript was started as a very small evening paper toward 60 years ago by Dutton & Wentworth, a firm of Boston printers who had the state printing. They engaged Lynde M. Walter, a cultivated gentleman, to edit it. His health soon failed, and he became too ill to do much manual work. In this emergency his sister, Miss Cornelia Walter, acted as his amanuensis. When he died, Miss Walter was engaged to take his place. This was before the time that woman's rights were much talked of. The Transcript had a peculiar tea table sphere, and Miss Walter successfully fitted into it. The paper had not a wide general scope, though there was something like a digest of the more important news of the day in it, which Miss Walter prepared, and she also provided what was thought necessary of the local news of Boston with the aid of one reporter, her sole assistant. She edited The Transcript in this way for a few years and constantly wrote for its columns, leaving the paper to marry a gentleman of pecuniary means.—Hartford Courant.

Plucky Miss Peck.

Women are climbing these days in more ways than one, it seems. A Miss Peck, who is called "a scholarly young woman," of Providence, is going to attempt to climb the Matterhorn this summer. While studying in Athens some years ago Miss Peck ascended Hymettus and Pentelion, and was so delighted with the experience that she has been an advocate of high climbing ever since. In fact, her enthusiasm led her during a later trip to the Pacific coast to climb Mount Shasta, a distance of 18,000 feet. The Matterhorn is a very difficult peak to climb. Edward Whymper, the famous mountain climber, after eight unsuccessful attempts was the first to climb it, in 1865, but the occasion itself was a very tragic one, as four of his companions by the mistep of one fell 4,000 feet down the precipice and were dashed to pieces. It is to be hoped that Miss Peck will make her perilous journey in safety if for no other reason than that she carries a vast deal of erudition in that head which she takes skyward. She has been professor of Latin in Smith college and has spoken on art and archaeology before the National Geographical society, the American Geographical society and many colleges, institutes and clubs.

A Widow's Mourning.

A widow who wishes to be properly gowned chooses the

The Daily New Mexican

THURSDAY, JULY 25.

Notice is hereby given that orders given by employees upon the New Mexican Printing Co., will not be honored unless previously endorsed by the business manager.

Notice

Requests for back numbers of the New Mexican, must state date wanted, or they will receive no attention.

Advertising Rates

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Display—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in advance. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted. Prices vary according to amount of matter, length of time to run, position, number of changes, etc. One copy only of each paper in which an ad. appears will be sent free. Wood and electrotype not accepted. No display advertisements accepted for less than \$1 net. per month. No reduction in price made for "every other day" advertisements.

METEOROLOGICAL

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU OFFICE OF OBSERVER, Santa Fe, July 24, 1895.

State of Weather	Velocity of wind.	Direction of wind.	Relative Humidity.	Thermom. elev.	Barometer corrected for sea level and instrument error	Time of observation
Cldy	0	0	91	58	23.51	8:00a. m.
Cldy	0	SW	75	55	23.49	9:00p. m.
Maximum Temperature..... 65						
Minimum Temperature..... 50						
Total Precipitation..... 0.83						
H. B. HASKY, Observer						