

7-24-1895

Santa Fe Daily New Mexican, 07-24-1895

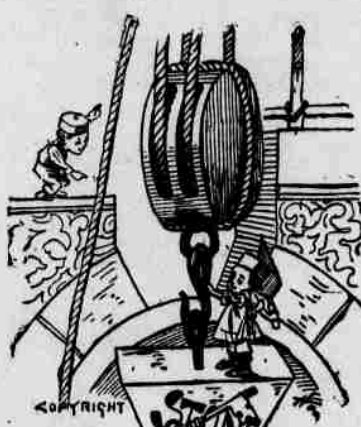
New Mexican Printing Company

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/sfnm_news

Recommended Citation

New Mexican Printing Company. "Santa Fe Daily New Mexican, 07-24-1895." (1895). https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/sfnm_news/5065

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the New Mexico Historical Newspapers at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Santa Fe New Mexican, 1883-1913 by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact disc@unm.edu.



For hoisting stone and other material it is always desirable to have the best tackle obtainable. Accidents are constantly occurring through the use of defective tackle. Our hoisting pulleys are absolutely safe and reliable. There is no danger of any drop where hoisting tackle like ours is employed. It saves time as well as life and limb to have an A1 hoisting apparatus. Builders and contractors will save a point by calling on us before making purchases. Don't fail to remember that we carry a full and complete line of first-class hardware of every description at the lowest prices in town.

W. H. COEBEL,
Catron Block - Santa Fe.

WAGNER & HAFFNER

DEALERS IN

FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE

HARDWARE, TINWARE AND STOVES.

We have a full line of Picture Frames and Mouldings and in fact everything in the household line. We will furnish you from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments and bedrock prices. We carry the largest stock in the city. We repair all kinds of furniture, sewing machines and musical instruments. Remake mattresses and all kinds of upholstering.

40 TELEPHONE 40

Come and See Us!

AT COR. BRIDGE & WATER STS.

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS.

FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

OUR CONFECTIONARIES ARE ALWAYS FRESH.

Our special aim is to please everyone with reasonable prices and as good an article as the market affords.

There is nothing better than—
BROWN'S BEST FLOUR,
ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER,
MONARCH BRAND CANNED GOODS.

S. S. BEATY.

MULLER & WALKER.

DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries.

AND PROPRIETORS OF

SANTA FE BAKERY.

FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES.

AGENTS FOR—

Boss Patent Flour,
Club House Canned Goods,
Hosston Creamery Butter.

'Phone 53

Careful attention given to special orders for cakes and pastry. Campers' supplies packed free of charge. Call and examine our stock and get our low prices.

S. WEDELES,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries and Provisions.

Office and Warehouse Lower 'Frisco St.

Santa Fe, New Mexico.

BANNOCKS ON THE WAR PATH

Trouble Between Indians and Settlers in Northwestern Wyoming Really Serious.

Agent Teter Asks that United States Soldiers Be Ordered to the Scene—Request Promptly Complied with.

Pocatello, Idaho, July 24.—The Indian war has broken out in earnest. A Union Pacific engineer, named Robt. Fitzpatrick, confirms the report that the Bannock Indians killed a settler, his wife, and child in Salt River valley, and that the white men killed six Indians before the band escaped to the mountains. The settlers are leaving their ranches and gathering at favored points for mutual protection, in case the Indians return to seek vengeance. If the settlers are not soon protected by government troops, they will take the field in protection of their lives and property. Forging Bannocks are seeking supplies of government ammunition on the reservation, and 700 Shoshone bucks, from the Wind River reservation, have started to aid the Bannocks.

UNITED STATES TROOPS REQUESTED. Washington.—The secretary of the interior has requested the secretary of war to send troops to the scene of the Indian disturbances in Wyoming. It is understood that the request will be granted as soon as the official papers are received by the secretary of war and that troops will be ordered instantly to the vicinity of the trouble. The action of the interior department was taken upon the receipt of the following dispatch, this morning, from Agent Teter, who was ordered to go from the Fort Hall reservation, in Idaho, and investigate the trouble between the whites and Indians in Wyoming and induce the Indians to return to their reservation:

"Fort Hall, Idaho, July 24.—To Brown, commissary of Indian affairs, Washington: I have investigated the trouble between the Indians and settlers in Wyoming, and advise that troops be sent here immediately to protect law-abiding settlers. The lawless element among the settlers seem determined to cause a conflict there with Indians.

"The settlers have killed from four to seven Indians, which has incensed the Indians, who have gathered to the number of 200 to 300, near Wind River, Utah county, and refuse to return to the reservation. I find that the Indians have killed game unlawfully according to the laws of Wyoming, though unlawfully according to the treaty of the Indians with the United States, thus usurping prerogatives of settlers, which caused the trouble. Nothing but the intervention of soldiers will settle the difficulty and save the lives of innocent persons and the destruction of property."

GEN. COPPINGER ORDERED TO FRONT. Secretary Lamont has ordered Gen. Coppinger to proceed to the scene of the disturbances and make such disposition of the forces under his command as he deems necessary to protect settlers and secure the return of the Indians to the reservation.

INDIANS DETERMINED TO FIGHT. Denver.—A special to the Times from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: Early this morning Gov. Richards sent the following message to the secretary of the interior: "Will the federal government take the matter in hand of returning the Bannocks to their reservation, or will Wyoming be expected to do so? Please wire."

An answer was received at noon to-day as follows: To Gov. Richards: Your telegram and one from Agent Teter has been transmitted to the war department with the request that U. S. troops be sent to protect settlers, and return the Indians to the reservation. Jas. A. Reynolds, acting secretary.

Gov. Richards received the following message from Adjutant General Stitzer: "Market Lake, Idaho.—To Gov. W. A. Richards: I met the Indian captain of police in Teton Basin yesterday, with thirty-five horses, hurrying out with all possible speed. I saw him again at 11 o'clock last night. He says he can not control the Indians, who will fight the settlers at noon to-day. Stitzer." State troops will not be called on.

INDIAN EDUCATION.

Good Attendance at the Summer School for Teachers.

Tacoma, Wash., July 24.—Over 100 superintendents, agents and teachers from Indian agencies west of the Mississippi river are present at the session of the big Indian institute. The most prominent attendees are Professor W. N. Hallman, superintendent of Indian schools, C. D. Baker, and William M. Moss, superintendents of Indian schools, both of Washington D. C., and Professor Bakes, of the Carlisle, Pa., school.

Imperial Amnesty Decree. Constantinople, July 24.—An imperial decree has been issued granting amnesty to all Armenian political prisoners. Many of the latter have already been released.

Miss Whitney Engaged. New York, July 24.—A dispatch from Newport, R. I., to the Evening World reports the engagement of Miss Pauline Whitney, daughter of ex-Secretary Whitney, to Mr. Almon Paget, St. Paul, Minn., member of an English family and brother of Col. Arthur Paget.

A DISASTROUS DECISION.

Irrigation Bonds to an Immense Value in California Are Invalidated.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 24.—Judge Ross, in the United States court, has declared the Wright irrigation law unconstitutional. Judge Ross stated that under the Wright law land is taken from private owners without due process of law and not for a public purpose. He said it was not like the taking of property for a highway. Under the Wright act bonds have been issued to the extent of \$50,000,000 and are held all over the United States and Europe.

The decision invalidates \$50,000,000 of bonds of irrigation districts in which condemnation proceedings have not been taken.

The Northwest All Night. New York, July 24.—J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, is at the Imperial hotel. Mr. Morton, in reply to a question as to the outlook for crops this year, said that from reports he had received he believed they would be unusually heavy. He said that from the south and west the most favorable reports were coming in, and that he did not expect there would be many districts where prosperity and plenty would not reign.

HOLD-UPS AT RATON.

The Starkville Murderers Go through Raton's Gambling House—Twelve Men at Bay.

Special to the New Mexican. Raton, July 24.—Leandro Martinez and Pedro Baca, the men charged with murdering Chas. Allen, at Starkville, Colo., recently, and who have for some weeks been committing depredations in Colfax county, added another to their list of brazen crimes yesterday. Between midnight and 1 o'clock yesterday morning these men and a companion rode up to B. H. Host's saloon and gambling house. The gambler, Martinez and Baca entered, leaving their companion to hold the horses. About the roulette tables were a dozen men. Martinez, drawing his six-shooter, commanded them to fall back and stand in line, threatening to shoot the first man that made a suspicious move. The twelve men did as Martinez directed, and Martinez held them there while Baca went through the money drawers. They secured between \$500 and \$600 in cash, backed out of the door, mounted their horses and disappeared.

Corbett-Fitzsimmons. Galveston, Texas, July 24.—Fitzsimmons and his trainer will probably arrive at Galveston, on October 1, or not later than the 15th. Both he and Corbett will train in this city.

JEFFREY'S RETURN.

He Talks of Bimetallism Abroad and a General Revival of Trade and Commerce.

Denver, July 24.—After a somewhat short, but very busy, stay in England and on the continent of Europe, President E. T. Jeffrey, of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, has returned. Mr. Jeffrey went to England to attend the international congress of railway officials, regarded as the most important of all such meetings by reason of the papers read before the congress, and he was much pleased with the results of the railway congress, and took much satisfaction in the fact that of all the papers read before that body, none commanded anything like the real importance of that of J. M. Toney, general manager of the New York Central railway. Mr. Toney's paper contained speed records of the famous Empire state express, which showed the positively alarming rate of 102 and 105 miles per hour. These statements, Mr. Jeffrey said, created positive consternation among European delegates.

INTEREST OF BIMETALLISM.

He said: "I met a number of gentlemen in London who are bimetallists, and very strong ones. They thought expressed by these gentlemen is that the largely increased output of gold in south Africa, and the largely increased output of the same metal in Colorado and other parts of the United States, together with the indications of a returning prosperity in Great Britain, as well as the United States, will retard the advance of bimetallism. The belief abroad is that Lord Salisbury's government will not at all be disposed to take the initiative in regard to bimetallism, even though some members of the cabinet are outspoken friends of the cause. I made some inquiries as to the probable effect in Germany, that is, regarding the increased output of the gold fields and the apparent return of prosperity, endeavoring to ascertain the possible action of the German government. It was quite the same there. German bimetallists thought that the two conditions mentioned would go far toward retarding early action upon the part of that government in favor of bimetallism. The gentlemen who expressed these views unhesitatingly stated they were wedded to the opinion that the world at large would be the better for bimetallism, and that it will come sooner or later; but the early advent of it, which they were expecting, is, in their opinion, hardly to be expected now."

IN THE COMMERCIAL WORLD. Regarding the condition of the commercial world, Mr. Jeffrey continued: "From what I could learn in England, it is conceded there that there is a return of prosperity in the United States. This is the opinion entertained by financiers and business men there. So real is this opinion that they all told me there would be much less reluctance in making investments in our country than during the past two or three years. English capital must seek investment outside of Great Britain, and the field for it is not very extensive beyond our own country and South Africa, which absorbs a great deal of English money."

PUT UP THE DIAMONDS.

Missing Manager Smith, of a Denver Jewelry House, Said to Have Gone to Japan.

Denver, July 24.—It is believed that Frederick L. Smith, the missing manager of the John W. Kier jewelry company, and son-in-law of Mr. Knox, has gone to Japan. Benedict and Phelps, attorneys for Knox, say that Smith ran the company into debt about \$40,000, but just how does not appear. They also say that he raised \$25,000 before his departure, putting up the company's diamonds as collateral.

Return to Face the Music. Topeka, Kan., July 24.—Wesley Davis, the grain speculator, who disappeared from Roseville several weeks ago, leaving creditors to the amount of over \$40,000, has returned to face the music. He will not say where he has been, but intimates that he was not far away.

Appointed Warden. Washington, July 24.—Attorney General Harmon has decided to appoint as warden of the U. S. penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Jas. W. French, of Indiana. French was for five years warden of the Michigan City, Ind., penitentiary.

DYNAMITE PROOF SAFES.

Train Robbers Frustrated in Ohio by Excellence of the Through Safe.

Jumped from the Train with Very Little Booty and Disappeared in the Darkness.

Toledo, Ohio, July 24.—Shortly after midnight train No. 37, on the Lake Shore road, to which was attached an express car which runs between Buffalo and Chicago, was stopped at Reese's switch, to-day, between Archbold and Stricker, forty-four miles west of this city. The engineer saw the switch turned, displaying a red light, and as he turned on the air brakes, several shots were fired at the cab. One shot put out the headlight. When the train stopped, four robbers went to the express car in charge of Messenger C. R. Nettlemann, of Buffalo, and ordered him to open the door. Nettlemann refused. The robbers threatened to blow up the car. Nettlemann then came out and the four men entered. They secured the contents of the local safe amounting to about \$150. Then they went to the big safe, which contained considerable money. Since the Kendallville robbery the express company has supplied its cars with dynamite proof safes, and this safe stood the test of four dynamite cartridges fired by the robbers. Discouraged they jumped from the train and disappeared.

FIVE SUSPECTS ARRESTED. Wadsworth, Pa.—Five men are under arrest here on suspicion of being connected with the hold up on the Lake Shore road at Reese station last night.

Killed His Wife. St. Louis, July 24.—Geo. Reed, a painter 36 years of age, shot and killed his wife to-day, as the result of jealous rage. The murderer was arrested. He says that his wife, who seemed to prefer the society of other men to his, slayed out all night.

CHICAGO ENTERPRISE.

The C. & N. P. Railroad Enters Upon a Novel Undertaking—To Use Electricity.

Chicago, July 24.—The Chicago and Northern Pacific will, within a few days, begin the work of erecting poles and stringing wires preparatory to operating its line by electricity. It is expected that inside of three months the entire line will be equipped and trains will be running by electricity.

A Critical Situation. Colon, July 24.—The strike of wharf and ship laborers here is extending to the colored mechanics and to the laborers at Panama. Considerable anxiety prevails here, as the situation is critical.

MURDERER SENTENCED.

The New Jersey Colored Man Who Killed a Princeton Student Sent to Pen for Twenty Years.

Trenton, N. J., July 24.—John S. Collier, the negro who shot and killed the student, Fred Ohi, at Princeton last June, and was a few days ago convicted of murder in the second degree, to-day received a sentence of twenty years at hard labor in the state prison. He was required to plead to an indictment for an atrocious assault upon Garrett Cochran, another student, whom he shot at the same time, and his counsel entered a plea of non vult contendere. Upon this plea Collier was sentenced to ten years more, but the court allowed the sentences to run concurrently.

Searching for Clues. Chicago, July 24.—The police and assistants, at work in the basement of the Holmes building, under the drug store, to-day discovered what they think are parts of a human skeleton. One piece, they held two teeth. They think they have parts of a number of ribs.

Later.—Chief Badenoch this afternoon pronounced the bones found in the Holmes' basement to be those of a child from 6 to 10 years. The surmise is that the skeleton is that of little Howard Feltner or Mrs. Connor's little daughter, Gertrude.

THE MARKETS.

New York, July 24.—Money on call nominally easy at 1 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 4. Silver, 66½; lead, \$3.20. Chicago.—Cattle, market 10c lower; Texas steers, \$2.75 @ \$4.40. Sheep, dull. Kansas City.—Cattle, steady for best, others, weak; Texas steers, \$2.75 @ \$4.15; Texas cows, \$1.90 @ \$2.90; best steers, \$3.00 @ \$4.00; natives, \$1.50 @ \$4.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.25 @ \$4.35; bulls, \$1.80 @ \$2.75. Sheep, steady to 10c lower.

Chicago.—Wheat, July, 71½; Aug., 71¼. Corn, July, 44½; Sept., 44½. Oats, July, 24½; Sept., 23½. Wheat, was up with a wild rush to-day, closing almost 50 higher than yesterday, at 72½. Principal cause for advance was that slight movements in wheat with higher foreign markets scared shorts into wild scramble for cover.

ENGLISH ELECTIONS.

Miss Willard Telegraphs the Triumph of a Temperance Advocate—Many Persons Hurt in a Riot.

London, July 24.—Miss Francis H. Willard, president of the World's W. C. T. U., telegraphs to the Associated Press: "All America that Lawson, the temperance leader, wins."

Shortly before the close of the poll at Kilrush, county Clare, Ireland, J. F. Egan, the dynamite recently released from prison, drove into High street, where he was met with hostile cries of "Down with Egan, the traitor." Egan flourished a stick threateningly. Eventually the disturbance became so serious that the police charged the crowd, who retaliated with sticks and stones. Many persons were injured in the fray.

Admits His Guilt.

Santa Cruz, Cal., July 24.—W. F. Barrett surrendered himself to the sheriff to-day as the murderer of Blanche Lamont and Miss Williams in the church at San Francisco. He tells a straight story.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NEW MEXICO NEWS.

Col. Newton, inspector of U. S. land offices, is at Roswell.

A new school house will soon be put up at the Mesalero Indian agency.

Remarks the Black Range: When it does rain in New Mexico it makes a big job of it.

The rains which have fallen almost daily are making the grass grow so that fat cattle will be easily found this fall.—Black Range.

Late reports from Monticello say that the late flood ruined the grape, corn, wheat and alfalfa crops. The grist mill was also badly damaged.

About twenty persons have left Raton since the Santa Fe pay checks arrived, forgetting to settle numerous little bills with boarding house keepers and merchants.

The very fact that Mr. Schlatter left Denver to begin operations as Jesus Christ in New Mexico tends to discredit the sincerity of his professions.—Denver Times.

The question, "Resolved that bloomers are the more appropriate street dress for ladies," was debated in a Raton literary society. The judges decided in the affirmative.

Rio Arriba note: R. L. Splain this week sold 200 Apache baskets to Pat Hurst. Mr. Splain has also sold a large number this summer to a Colorado Springs firm.

San Juan county has as many inducements to offer homeseekers as any portion of the territory. Large rivers, assuring plenty of water for irrigating purposes, and rich, productive land.

The first peaches to reach the Denver market this season came from Las Cruces, N. M., and sold at 10 cents a pound. 40 cents a basket of \$1.25 a crate. They were grown on the Woodland fruit farm.

W. W. Towner, who recently arrived in Springer from Chicago, has certainly a soap in the way of a tobacco cure. He has the exclusive agency for New Mexico and Colorado, and guarantees a cure or no pay.

Pat Higgins, of the Frisco, has his mill ready for work. He will grind all the wheat in western Socorro county, this fall, and there will be enough to bread the country and thus cut off an expense from the east.

San Juan Echo: E. W. Hill has resigned as editor and manager of the La Belle Crescent. Holt has quit the Times and entered into partnership with Chas. Day, of the Cortez Journal. Y. R. N. Grenaves is now in control of the Times.

La Plata comes to the front with the largest yield of alfalfa thus far reported this year. From twenty acres John McDermott has put up seventy tons, first cutting, and this excellent yield was produced without surface irrigation. Send in your report.—Index.

At 225 feet, Day & Carper have struck the finest flow of artesian water yet found in or around Roswell in the well for E. A. Cahoon, just west of the public school square. Actual measurement places the flow at fifty-two gallons per minute.

Roswell Record: A pleasant fishing party, consisting of Chief Justice B. D. Tarleton, of the 2d appellate district of Texas, G. W. Armstrong, county judge of Texas, county clerk, Samuel Butler, deputy county clerk, and Wm. Hanger, of Fort Worth, and Mr. McCannan, of Corsicana, came in yesterday and have gone to the lakes for a ten days' fish.

News from Fort Worth, in the Gazette, states that a party of Texans had just returned from the east, where they had been to consult capitalists in regard to the construction of the Fort Worth and Albuquerque road. It is stated that there is a good prospect for the road going through Roswell.—Roswell Record.

Col. J. L. Morris, of Wallace, is the recipient of a government medal for distinguished services in the Apache war, twenty years ago, when the blood-thirsty Winnieka fell a victim to his unerring aim. He is also to receive a pension. The friends of Col. Jim congratulate him upon this tardy recognition of his gallant services.—Cerrillos Rustler.

Gov. Hughes has appointed eight commissioners from Arizona to the National Irrigation congress at Albuquerque in September. They are James A. Fleming, of Phoenix; Dr. D. J. Brannen, of Flagstaff; Col. Wm. Herring, of Tombstone; James H. McClintock, of Phoenix; J. L. Fisher, of Prescott; A. J. Doran, of Florence; Jesse M. Smith, of Apache county, and Christopher Layton, of Graham.

THE ATLANTA EXHIBITION.

New York, July 24.—The New York state commissioners to the International exposition at Atlanta, which will be opened September 18, have established headquarters at the Gilsey house. The commissioners have just returned from Atlanta. The intended exposition, they say, will undoubtedly rank next to the World's fair in Chicago in importance, size and attendance. The indications are that it will exceed the Centennial exposition. Nearly every other state has taken more space than New York state.

The commissioners are satisfied that no such opportunity has ever been presented to the northern people to reach a class of southern trade and to establish commercial and social relations with the south.

PICK, SHOVEL AND DRILL

What the Hardy Miners of Southwestern New Mexico Are Doing.

The Wagner mill at Pinos Altos is running on Langston ore, of which there is a considerable quantity out. There is some talk of moving the mill to the mine, as water is said to be plentiful there.

The Bell & Stevens properties in the Pinos Altos district are closed down, and it is reported that the sale which has been pending for some time, is now an assured fact. An extension has been granted until the 25th inst., when it is confidently asserted the transfer will take place.

The Deming Headings, say that, during the floods last week, a twenty-three pound nugget of silver, said to be fully 90 per cent, was washed down from the Dimmock Bros' Silver Cell mine at Pinos Altos. When found it was in a small arroyo, partly imbedded in sand and earth. It was taken to Silver City, and it has been on exhibition at the Silver City National bank for the past week.

The Crawford mill on the Las Animas has been given a thorough trial by Preiser & Doughty. The result is most satisfactory and the mill will now be worked to its full capacity on the ore of the Freiberg mine.

Hillsboro Advocate: The contractors driving the tunnel at the Caledonia mine are following up a 20-inch vein of \$25 ore, that will surely bring the property to the front as one of our principal producers and eventually make very wealthy men of Hon. W. S. Hopewell and his associates.

The Wicks mine is shipping about four carloads of ore a week from Socorro to El Paso. The ore runs about \$100 to the ton, without sorting.

Hon. W. S. Hopewell has the machinery purchased and on the way here for a 10-stamp mill, with all the modern improvements, for the treatment of the ore of his mines and also custom ore. A sampling works will be run in connection. The gentleman refuses at present to divulge its prospective location.—Hillsboro Advocate.

The engineers who were recently at Hillsboro looking over the plans for Dr. Proctor's California capitalists, place the cost of the dam on the Animas, the construction of the hydraulic works, the pipe line, freights, water rights, etc., at \$800,000. Major Llewellyn and Prof. Carrara's estimate was \$1,000,000.

While in Silver City recently W. T. Clime hired forty Mexicans to go to work in the Carlisle mines.

Col. Robert Millikin expects soon to commence shipping ore from the old American mine at Hatchita.

The Lorusberg Liberal: There has been more trouble at Pyramid. Saturday, N. Stapp, the capitalist member of the firm of Pilz & Stapp, who have the lease on the Pyramid mine and mill, received the money to pay off the employees and exhibited the roll of bills freely. Sunday he got a cranky notion into his head and concluded to throw up the lease. He told the men that he had nothing more to do with the lease, that he would pay nothing and that he was going to El Paso. The men thought differently and he was stopped by the strong hand of the law as an absconding debtor. He immediately proceeded to bowl up and since then has been enjoying a drunk of magnificent proportions. There is said to be enough ore ready to mill to pay off all hands, and the lease is a profitable one.

McDermott's Laura mine at Carlisle, recently sold to a French company, is looming up as one of the bonanzas of the southwest. The mine is opened up in first class shape and large quantities of ore are in sight ready for milling. The Davenport ore is kept busy extracting phenomenally rich ore which is being sacked for shipment from Carlisle. Second class ore in quantity is being piled up and will be disposed of later on. The richest of the ore, besides carrying gold in quantity, runs away in silver.

With the advent of the rainy season the canons and gulches in the vicinity of Pinos Altos are being thoroughly prospected by Mexicans, who are eminently successful in this line. Their earnings are never definitely known, as by silence on the matter they have managed to keep the field entirely to themselves. It is known, however, that in some instances their labors have been abundantly crowned with success. The largest nugget found in recent years was washed out in San Domingo gulch three years ago, and it weighed sixty-eight pounds.—Deming Headlight.

Parties from Central are out on the Black River trying to discover the ledge from which the rich gold specimens were brought in two weeks ago. The locality is said to be somewhere near the head of the Mimbre river, or on the divide between the Mimbres and Palomas creeks.



That Tired Feeling

And other troubles—pains about my heart, indigestion, liver complaint, dizzy spells and headaches made me a great sufferer. After other medicines failed

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Gave me wonderful relief. I always take it now when I have any bad feelings. I am also very much pleased with Hood's Pills." Mrs. E. B. CROUCH, Lebanon, Ore.

Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild, effective. All druggists sell.

The Daily New Mexican

RY NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second Class matter at the Santa Fe Post Office.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Daily, per week, by carrier.....	25
Daily, per month, by mail.....	1 00
Daily, three months, by mail.....	2 50
Daily, six months, by mail.....	5 00
Daily, one year, by mail.....	10 00
Weekly, per month.....	75
Weekly, per quarter.....	2 00
Weekly, per six months.....	4 00
Weekly, per year.....	8 00

All contracts and bills for advertising payable monthly.
All communication intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address—not for publication—but as evidence of good faith, and should be addressed to "The Editor." Letters pertaining to business should be addressed to the New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Post-Office in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24.

MISSOURI Democrats will see to it that the old state is enrolled in the free college column in '96.

GREAT BRITAIN is shrewd. She hits Venezuela and Uncle Sam at the same time in taking possession of Trinidad island.

EL PASOANS are hard to please. Last year they bitterly complained that the people of New Mexico used up the waters of the Rio Grande and let them go dry, and now they are angrily kicking because they have been flooded by surplus water that fell in New Mexico. Build that dam.

WALLACE, Kan., boasted the other day of a three-inch rainfall in three hours, more rain than had come to that region during the whole year of 1894. But New Mexico sees this and goes "em several better. At Silver City on Sunday night there was a rainfall of five inches, which is greater than the total rainfall there for two years previous.

A LAWYER in a court room may call a man a liar, scoundrel, villain or a thief, and no one will make any complaint when court adjourns. If a newspaper prints such a reflection on any man's character there is a libel suit or a dead editor. This, says an exchange, is probably owing to the fact that people believe what an editor says; what the lawyer says cuts no figure.

THE NEW MEXICAN sincerely regrets to learn of the damage done the beautiful and prosperous town of Silver City by Sunday night's flood. Under the circumstances it seems almost providential that there was no loss of life. The people there are men and women of true western grit. While they have suffered in pocket their hearts are brave and their courage is of the best. All New Mexico stands ready to render them any sort of relief they may suggest.

THE RECORD'S BLUNDER.

The Roswell Record grossly misrepresents the New Mexican when it accuses this journal of "going out of its way to abuse the attorneys for the Borregos for taking out a writ of error to the supreme court."

What the New Mexican did say was that these attorneys had it in their power to take an appeal and get the case before the supreme court at the approaching term, but that rather than bring the case to a speedy hearing they had delayed action until it was too late, and had, intentionally, it appeared, taken advantage of a technicality and staved the case over for a whole year by taking it out on a writ of error. It seemed to the New Mexican that a reasonable regard for suffering humanity, if not common justice, suggested bringing the case to a close as early as possible. The Roswell Record's remarks are most unjust and uncalled for. We trust that paper will in the future be more careful and endeavor to be fair, if it can't be friendly, toward the New Mexican.

BRITAIN'S LATEST MOVE.

Notwithstanding its change of government Great Britain continues to carry on its game of bluff, inaugurated last month in the Mosquito country of Nicaragua. The Monroe doctrine, as laid down by Uncle Sam and zealously adhered to up to the present time, got a pretty serious call at that time without much of a protest from our government, and now, it appears, the wily Britishers are going one step further. The report is that the island of Trinidad has been set upon and that the English are preparing to take possession and defend their title, if need be by arms, against the claims of Brazil.

This move, if correctly reported, ought to have the effect of arousing the administration at Washington from its lethargic policy as respects foreign affairs. What is the object of this latest strategic move on the part of Great Britain? Is it not to work in another entering wedge against the Monroe doctrine? And what then? Why, Nicaragua, of course. The plain fact is that England wants the upper hand in Nicaragua. She has set her head against the United States ever building the canal and these tactics above referred to are but primary moves in the great plan she has for accomplishing her ends. Will the trick succeed?

SILVER DEMOCRATS ORGANIZING.

Senators Jones, of Arkansas, Harris, of Tennessee, and Turpie, of Indiana, generally recognized as really able and representative Democrats, have united in a call for a conference of silver Democrats in the city of Washington on the 18th of

August. This call is issued in compliance with an agreement reached at a quiet meeting of the Democratic delegates to the great Memphis silver convention, held immediately after that body adjourned, and its object is to effect a permanent organization of silver Democrats within the party, so that in 1896 they will be able to present a solid front to the gold Democrats of the east. The first step contemplated by the promoters of the conference is the appointment of a national central committee composed of devoted Democratic friends of silver from all parts of the Union, and the next is naturally the formation of effective state and territorial organizations through the agency of the local committees, all under the general control and supervision of an executive committee at the headquarters, which will doubtless be located at Washington. Then will begin a grand campaign of education aimed to stimulate and strengthen the silver sentiment throughout the country, particularly within the Democratic party. The plan is as admirable as the time is opportune for carrying it into practical effect. Unquestionably the overwhelming mass of Democrats are favorable to the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio established by the fathers. All they need is organization to prevail in the councils of the party, and then, with the thousands of enthusiastic recruits certain to flock to them from the silver wings of the Republican party, their success in 1896 will be assured.

PRESS COMMENT.

Pennsylvania and New York.

The contest between the Republicans of this state is without doubt the most shameless in the political history of the commonwealth. Never have the standards, the stiletto and the lie played so prominent or important a part in politics of Pennsylvania. Whether or not this method of warfare is to triumph in the end can not yet be determined, but, whatever may be the issue, our citizens have been regaled with a struggle that has been notable for nothing so much as for the ingenious arts of the highway robber, the midnight thief and the bawdy "thug."—Philadelphia Record.

The Democratic party in the city of New York has a working normal vote of at least 140,000. The full Republican vote is not to exceed 110,000. The margin between registration and polling lists is seldom less than 30,000, a fair proportion—if not the majority—of which belongs to the Democracy. It may therefore be estimated that the Democratic electorate of New York City gives in full a registered aggregate of 155,000 votes. Its average vote has ranged from 118,000 to 138,000. We predict that the vote on assemblymen and senators this fall will reach more fully to the registration than did even the great vote of last year. It will probably be equal to that of 1892.—New York Journal.

Magical Growth of Plants.

A French scientist, M. Ragonneau, has just discovered how to make a plant grow from the seed in thirty minutes as much as it would under ordinary circumstances in as many days. Heretofore nature has shared this secret with the Yogi of India alone, and the method pursued by these clever magicians in performing this trick have been often described. They plant a seed in the earth and cover with a cloth. In a few moments the cloth begins to be pushed upward by the growing plant, which in a short time attains the height of several feet. Various theories have been advanced as to the modus operandi of this miracle, one of the latest being that the spectators are hypnotized by the magician.

During his travels in India M. Ragonneau saw this trick performed frequently, and noticed that the Hindus always imbedded the seed in soil which they brought with them especially for that purpose. At last he learned that they obtained this earth from anthills. Now, as everyone knows who has inadvertently eaten one of these industrious insects, ants contain a large portion of formic acid, with which in time, the soil of their habitations becomes charged. This acid has the power of quickly dissolving the integument surrounding a seed and of greatly stimulating the growth of the germ within. After a little experimenting with this acid, the learned Frenchman was able to duplicate perfectly the Hindu trick. His further researches have led him to believe that this discovery may be profitably applied to agriculture. By infusing ants in boiling water, and as strong as vinegar can be obtained. M. Ragonneau has accomplished the best results and the most perfect growth by using earth moistened with a solution of 5,000 parts of water to one of acid.—Coleman's Rural World.

ANTONIO WINDSOR.

Architect & Contractor

Close Figurine,

Modern Methods,

Skilled Mechanics

Plans and specifications furnished on application. Correspondence solicited.

Santa Fe, N. M.

The PECOS VALLEY of NEW MEXICO

OFFERS unequalled advantages to the farmer, fruit grower, live stock raiser, dairyman, bee-keeper, and to the home-seeker generally. The soil of the Pecos Valley is of high average fertility, and under irrigation produces bountiful crops of most of the grasses, grains, vegetables, berries and fruits of the temperate and some of those of the semi-tropical zone. In such fruit as the peach, pear, plum, grape, prune, apricot, nectarine, cherry, quince, etc., the Valley will dispute for the pre-eminence with California; while competent authority pronounces its upper portions in particular the finest apple country in the world. Enormous yields of such forage crops as alfalfa, sorghum and Egyptian corn make the feeding of cattle and sheep and the raising and fattening of hogs a very profitable occupation. The cultivation of cane—a tanning material of great value—is becoming an important industry in the Pecos Valley, a home market having been afforded for all that can be raised, at a price yielding a handsome profit.

The climate of the Pecos Valley has no superior in the United States, being pre-eminently healthful and health restoring. Land with perpetual water-rights are for sale at low prices and on easy terms. The water supply of the Pecos Valley has no equal in all the arid region for constancy and reliability; and this with the superb climate, productive soil and the facilities afforded by the railway which extends through the Valley's entire length, will cause these lands to enjoy a constant, and at times rapid, increase in value.

The recent completion of the Pecos Valley Railway to Roswell will cause the more rapid settlement and development of the upper portions of the Valley, including the rich Felix section. The company has recently purchased many of the older improved farms about Roswell, and has now for sale lands to meet the wants of all—raw lands, partially improved lands, as well as farms with houses, orchards and fields of alfalfa and other crops. In the vicinity of Roswell several pieces of land have been divided into five and ten acre tracts, suitable for orchards and truck farms in connection with suburban homes. Certain of these tracts are being planted to orchards, and will be cultivated and cared for by the company for three years at the end of which period they will be handed over to the purchasers. Write for pamphlet fully describing the terms and conditions on which these several classes of tracts are offered.

FOR FULL INFORMATION REGARDING THE PECOS VALLEY WITH COPIES OF ILLUSTRATED PUBLICATIONS ADDRESS

The Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Company,
Eddy, N. M., or Colorado Springs, Colo.

Legal Notice.

In the District Court of the First Judicial District sitting in and for the County of Santa Fe in the Territory of New Mexico.
Ondulville Yates, Complainant,
vs.
The Lincoln, Lucky & Lee Mining Co., Defendant.
Chancery No. 3489.

In pursuance of a final decree made and entered in the above entitled cause on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1895, whereby it was provided that, in the event of the failure of the defendant herein to pay within twenty days the several sums of money in said decree decreed to be paid the property hereinafter described should be sold to satisfy said decree, I, A. B. RENEHAN, appointed special master therein for the purpose of executing said decree, hereby give notice, the condition of payment within twenty days not having been complied with, and said twenty days having expired, and said indebtedness not having been paid and no part thereof, that I will on Saturday, the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house in the County of Santa Fe in the Territory of New Mexico, offer for sale and sell to the highest and best bidder for cash, be the same the complainant herein or any other party, all the following described property, to-wit:

All and singular the Lincoln Mining Claim and the land comprising the same together with all mine of mineral, dip and apure, and the improvements thereon, together with machinery, houses, etc., situated in the New Placers Mining District in the County of Santa Fe, Territory of New Mexico, and being located on what is known as Lucky Hill, about one mile east of the town of San Pedro in the county aforesaid, and about one-half mile south of the Santa Fe Copper Mines, and which said Lincoln Mining Claim is joined on the northwest by the Lucky Mining Claim, on the northeast by the Lee Mining Claim and on the southeast by the Aboumde Mining Claim.

Out of the proceeds received from the sale of said property, in accordance with the order of the court aforesaid in the said final decree contained, the undersigned, special master, will pay first, the lawful fees, charges and expenses of the undersigned, special master, in and about said sale; second, the sum of \$100 to Geo. W. Knaebel, Esq., as compensation for his services as special master to take proofs of the material allegations in the bill of complaint or said complainant contained; third, the costs of said suit, including an allowance of \$150 to the solicitor for the complainant herein in said above entitled cause and a further fee of \$15 allowed said solicitor for drawing, filing and recording the lien in said suit filed, and fourth, the sum of \$1,024.00 with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 12th day of January, A. D. 1894, up to the time payment is made of said fourth allowance or so much as the purchase money will pay of the same, shall be paid to the complainant or his solicitor for him, and fifth, the surplus money, if any there be, shall be paid to the register of this honorable court to the credit of this suit.

The purchaser or purchasers at such sale herein decreed to be made, shall upon such sale, deposit with the undersigned special master at least ten per cent of the purchase money, together with a memorandum signed by or in behalf of said purchaser or purchasers promising to pay the balance of said purchase money immediately upon the confirmation of said sale by the court, and the tender of the special master's deed. The undersigned special master on the day of sale and from time to time thereafter, may adjourn and keep open said sale in his discretion; and from and after the date of the sale of the said property by the undersigned in the manner aforesaid, the defendant and all persons claiming under them shall be and stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all equity of redemption, of in and to the lands, real estate, premises and property herein ordered to be sold.

Dated at Santa Fe, N. M., this 6th day of July, A. D. 1895.
J. H. SUTHERLIN, Special Master,
Solicitor for Complainant.

THE NEW MEXICAN.

Daily, English Weekly and Spanish Weekly editions, will be found on sale at the following news depots, where subscriptions may also be made:
A. C. Teichman, Corralitos.
S. E. Newcomer, Albuquerque.
B. T. Link, Silver City.
J. B. Hodges, Deming.
O. C. Miller, Hillsborough.
E. Daffey, East Las Vegas.
L. E. Allen, Las Vegas.
San Felipe, Albuquerque.
Jacob Weltmer, City.
Fletcher & Arnold, Bland, N. M.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the result of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and long given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. B. BRADY,
Dentist, Rooms in Kahn Block, over Spitz's Jewelry Store. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MAX FROST,
Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

VICTORY & POPE,
Attorneys at law, Santa Fe, N. M. Will practice in all the courts.

GEO. W. KNAEBEL,
Office in Griffin block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT,
Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office, Catron block.

A. A. FREEMAN, ELFRICO BACA
Late Asso. Justice N. M. Sup. Court.
FREEMAN & BACA,
Attorneys at Law, Socorro, N. M. Will practice in the courts of Socorro, Lincoln, Chavez and Eddy counties. Also in the supreme and U. S. Land courts at Santa Fe.

E. A. FISKE,
Attorney and counselor at law, P. O. Box "F," Santa Fe, N. M., practices in supreme and all district courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Practice in all the courts in the territory.

A. B. RENEHAN,
Attorney at Law. Practices in all territorial courts. Commissioner court of claims. Collections and title searching. Office with E. A. Fiske, Spiegelberg block Santa Fe.

A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete without an ideal
COMPLEXION
POZZONI'S
POZZONI'S
Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.
Insist upon having the genuine.
IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

SANTA FE ROUTE

TIME TABLE.

[In effect June 9, 1895.]

NORTH AND EAST.

Read down	Read up
10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
12:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
2:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
12:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
2:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
12:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
2:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:10 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
11:50 p. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
1:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	1:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
3:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	12:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
4:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	11:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	10:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
5:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	9:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
6:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	8:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	7:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
7:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	6:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
8:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	5:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:10 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	4:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
9:50 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	3:30 p. m. Santa Fe. Lv.
10:30 a. m. Santa Fe. Ar.	2:30 p. m



DET
CIGARETTES
ARE THE BEST
CIGARETTE SMOKERS
who care to pay a little more for the cost
of ordinary trade cigarettes will find the
PET CIGARETTES
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
Made from the highest cost Gold Leaf
grown in Virginia, and are
ABSOLUTELY PURE

SUNBEAMS.

Look me in the face, sir!
He raised his eyes timorously until they
were directed to her calm countenance.
Now, sir, deny, if you dare, that you
married me for my money.
It must have been your money, he
faltered.

Why Does a Fellow Get Yellow?

You needn't mail an answer to this
simple conundrum. We know that you
know that a fellow—we use the term in
no offensive sense—is yellow because he
is bilious. In other words, his liver has
got out of order, his bowels have become
constipated. His skin and eyeballs as-
sume (a most unwarrantable assumption)
a saffron tinge, his tongue peeps out of a
coat of fur, even in the summer time; be-
neath his right shoulder blade and ribs twinges
remind him that the very real imp is in
his immediate vicinity. Now, if this hap-
less individual will simply procure and use
at once Hostetter's Stomach Bitters he'll
be all right shortly. Constipation, bilious-
ness, malaria, indigestion, rheumatism,
neuralgia and disorder of the kidneys and
bladder all yield to this powerful family
remedy and preventive. Use it promptly,
with persistence and regularity. A
wonderful cure.

Cannot we become one? he pleaded
earnestly.
That depends, replied the new girl.
Which one?

New Customer—Is that your dog?
Barber—Yes, sir.

New Customer—He seems very fond
of watching you cut hair.
Barber—It is not that, sir. Sometimes
I make a mistake and take a little piece
off a gentleman's ear!

The Result of Trial.

Cannelton, Ind.—"I have used Sim-
mons Liver Regulator, manufactured by J. H.
Zellin & Co., Philadelphia, and found that
for indigestion and liver complaint it is
the best medicine I ever used."—E. E.
Clark. Your druggist sells it in powder
or liquid; the powder to be taken dry or
made into a tea.

Hinney Clay, said Mr. Dolan, was a
great man. He was that great, a man,
Mrs. Dolan. He was that great a man,
her husband went on, that he had a cigar
named after 'im. Three for you. Only
two for me. Two for a poise.

New Boarder—What's the row upstairs?
Landlady—It's the professor of hyp-
notism trying to get his wife's permission
to go out this evening.

A Pioneer's Recommendation.

Mr. J. W. Nenable, of Downey, a pioneer
of Los Angeles county, Cal., says: "When-
ever I am troubled with a pain in the
stomach or with diarrhoea I use Cham-
berlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea
Remedy. I have used it for years, know
it to be a reliable remedy, and recom-
mend it to be every one." For sale by A.
C. Ireland, Jr.

Off had I heard of Lucy Gray,
And when I crossed the wild
I chanced to meet at break of day
That solitary child.
She had a lute in her hand;
She smoked a large cigar;
She was not, you must understand,
As other women are.
The moral is, I must allow,
What any one can see—
That girls are not constructed now
The way they used to be.

**RHEUMATISM,
LUMBAGO,
SCIATICA,
LAME BACK,
DEBILITY, Etc.**



WHY BE SICK

When a trial will buy the greatest healing
invention of the day, Dr. Sanden's Electric
Belt is a complete body battery for self-
treatment, and guaranteed, or money
refunded. It will cure without medicine
Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Lame
Back, Kidney and Liver Complaints,
Nervous Debility, Weakness, Losses,
Brain and all effects of early indiscre-
tion or excess. To weak men it is the
greatest possible boon, as the mild
electric current is applied directly to
the seat of the trouble, and the im-
provement is felt from the first hour used.
A pocket edition of the celebrated electro-
medical work.

"Three Classes of Men,"

Illustrated, is sent free, sealed, by mail upon
application. Every young, middle-aged or
old man who suffers from the slightest weakness
should read it. It will show an easy, safe
and speedy way to regain strength and
health, when everything else has failed.
THE SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.,
No. 226 Sixteenth St., Denver, Col.
Also New York, Chicago & London, Eng.
Largest Electro-Medical Concern in the World

"We had an epidemic of dysentery in
this vicinity last summer," says Samuel
S. Pollock, of Brixland, Cal. "I was
taken with it and suffered severely until
some one called my attention to Cham-
berlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea
Remedy. I procured a bottle and felt
better after the first dose. Before one-
half of the bottle had been used I was
well. I recommended it to my friends
and their experience was the same. We
all unite in saying it is the best." For
sale by A. C. Ireland, Jr.

YOUNG MISS.

Young miss, she goes ter meetin'
A-lookin' fit ter kill.
She dressed up so, she make a show,
She'll ketch dem beaux, she will.
She up on out 'er sun up,
En all do cow she milk.
She stir run some, en dat how come
Young miss she dress in silk.
De rabbit say, "She comin'."
En hol his ears up high.
De mookin' bird, en hear do word
En sing she go by.
Her han des sof er peaches,
Her face des sof er rose.
En dat make dem brier take
En ketch on ter her cloze.
De sunbeam run 'longside or her,
Des like it run a race.
De river stop its quolin'
En try ter steal her face.
En when she git in meetin'
De organ start ter play.
De preacher look en shut the book
En dunno what ter say.
En yet she rise 'er sun up,
En cook en sweep en milk.
She stir run some, en dat how come
Young miss she dress in silk.
—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

A FINAL QUESTION.

"I received your letter yesterday," so
she had written, "and it would be affecta-
tion of me to say I was surprised at the
contents. Lack of observation in this mat-
ter has never, I believe, been charged
against our sex, and women of the stage
are probably quicker to perceive their own
rest. It will be, I think, for you to
come and see me. There are one or two
things I want to ask you. I shall be at
home all tomorrow afternoon."

When "tomorrow afternoon" came, she
had given orders that she was out to every
one else, and pulling up her chair to the
fire composed herself to await his coming.
Outside the wind whistled furiously
through the streets; the sky, a heavy mass
of dull gray yellow, gave warning of a
possible snowstorm to come. But the in-
terior of the little drawing room was in
contrast to the boisterous state of things
without. If the one suggested tumult, the
other was tranquillity personified. The fire
burned steadily in the tiled grate, on the
mat in front a gray coated Persian cat do-
zed peacefully, and the shriek of the wind
that swept the streets so furiously outside
was softened by the double windows into a
soothing lullaby.

The woman's own face, as it peeped
forth from amid the mass of cushions that
cradled her head, was well in accord with
her surroundings. Of the emotions that
were surging over her brain, bringing joy
one moment and unrest the next, it gave
no sign. It was not for nothing that she
had been six years on the stage.

When at length he was announced, she
rose to greet him with an apparent in-
difference that was very far from express-
ing what she really felt.

His visitor was a good looking young
man, somewhere between the twenties and
thirties, with intellect stamped firmly on
his forehead and a suspicion of weakness
round his mouth. As he took the hand she
held out to him he made as if he would
have raised it to his lips and kissed it.
But the woman, perceiving his intention,
drew the hand gently but firmly away.
When he protested, she only smiled and
pointed to a seat.

"No, no," she said, and there was a
shade of impatience in her tone, "not
that now. Afterward"—the smile played
round her lips again—"perhaps."

"But really?"
"I asked you here to get an answer to
certain questions which it is imperative
should be answered before I can tell you
whether I can marry you."

He rose from his seat.

"Then you care for me a little?" he be-
gan.

"I did not say so. You should not in-
terrupt."

"I am sorry." He sank back into the
chair again.

"As I was about to say, there are certain
questions which, before I could make up
my mind, it is absolutely necessary should
be answered, and answered satisfactorily.
I believe that you love me—in your own
way—but that may not be enough for me.
I must know exactly what that way is. If
I marry at all, I mean that my marriage
shall make me happy. There are a few
women who never regret their marriage;
there are thousands who if they under-
stood what it was to be like would rather
have thrown themselves into the sea than
undergo its indignities. If I marry at all,
I am going to be one of the few. Do you
understand?"

"I would do anything—anything in the
world to make you happy."

"That is what I am going to see," she
answered, setting her face hard that he
might not guess her emotion. "And the
first thing I have to ask you, and I rely on
you to answer honestly, is this: During
the time I have been on the stage I have
made not a few friends—women, I mean,
they are the only possible kind—many of
whom perhaps are not the sort of people a
husband—the average husband—would
choose his wife to associate with. The
world would sneer at such a union, and
their morality; society—your society—
would not receive them. If they were fa-
mous, it would be otherwise. Fame excuses
everything, even to the world. As it is,
instead of fame they have only got notori-
ety. I say nothing for what the world
would term the morality of these friends
—possibly there is nothing to be said,
though in any case they are mostly what
the best, the truest, the most generous
friends a woman could have, and I honor
them as such. And even to be your wife I
could not give up my friends."

"Your friends are mine," he said sim-
ply.

"Despite the world? I warn you it may
be unpleasant."

"Despite the world."

For a moment a solitary gleam of emo-
tion lightened her grave face.

"You are more generous than the ma-
jority of your sex," she said.

"You set me the example," he answered.

She ignored the compliment and went
on still in the same measured tones:

"I almost expected you to say that. The
second question may try you more. I want
to know if you love me well enough to
contemplate my staying on the stage even
if I am your wife. Will you be able to
share me with the public? When you come
home from your work at night tired, want-
ing a little companionship, would it may
be, how will you be able to put up with a
long weary evening alone, joined to the
knowledge that some few hundreds of peo-
ple whom you have never seen, whom you
never want to see, are enjoying across the
water a little companionship, and still enjoy-
ing the society of the woman who, though they
may not know it, bears your name? Or,
again, what when I have to go into the

country? It will not be often, perhaps, for
my name, as you know, is getting known
now, and"—she smiled triumphantly—"they
want me in London, but still even a
Bernhardt tour is not to shut your eyes
to the fact that at least two months out of
every year your wife will have to spend
away from London. You see—you will
pardon my frankness, and it is no blame
to you—you are not a rich man, at least
you are not a man of leisure. It will be
impossible for you, like the husbands of
many women in my profession, to journey
with me from town to town, to accompany
me on the occasions, and you must frankly
recognize occasions when I may have,
for a time, to leave England altogether. I
love my work too dearly to be able ever to
give it up. Existing with the mere placid,
meaningless existence of the average mar-
ried woman, I should be miserable in a
week and a raving lunatic or a suicide in
six months. If I marry, I marry only to
love and to be loved—and to be impris-
oned. It may be a great deal that I ask, or
rather it may seem so to you, but at least
I am honest. Take it or leave it, as you
will."

She stood leaning against the mantel-
piece, her head half turned toward him,
her eyes gazing into his as if she would
search his very soul.

He had listened to her throughout at-
tentively, weighing her words well. And
now when she paused he answered her
without a moment's hesitation, speaking in
tones that left on her mind no doubt of
their genuineness. In a voice that, though
low pitched, was singularly clear and im-
pressive.

"I will answer your question," he said,
"honestly, and I trust you will believe
that what I say is true. Your art should
always be your own, a thing apart. I do
not ask you to give it up for me. I think
it is because you are a real, living woman,
not a mere painted doll or a possible pa-
ragon among housekeepers, that I love you
at all. I know as well as you that without
occupation you would be miserable, and I
am proud of your talent, proud of your
success. You talked of Bernhard just now.
Why should not the fame that has come
to her come to you some day? Why
should you not become in time one of the
great actresses of the world? I should
miss you every minute you were away—
oh, so much! I would like, if I could, to
have you with me every minute of time
to the end of my life, but believe me, I
would never think of asking you to sacri-
fice your career to me. I suppose I am
selfish—all men are—but I am not so self-
ish as that."

"You are good."

Her face had flushed a little, but it was
in the same modulated tones that she
went on to address him again.

"There remains," she said, "but one
question more, and if the answer to that
is what I hope it will be I shall be ready
to become your wife. I don't suppose you
ever dreamed of it—the outside public
thinks it knows such a deal about the
stage and really knows so little—but there
are times—I do not say in the life of every
woman who follows my profession, thank
heaven for that—when the fact that she
possesses a husband becomes a bar to her
professional triumph, when, if only he
were not there, she might embrace oppor-
tunities, achieve triumphs, that the very
fact of his existence denies to her. I do
not say that such cases are frequent; but,
for all that, they exist. I pray that I may
never find myself in such a terrible posi-
tion—I think it indeed very unlikely—still
as an honest woman it is impossible for
me to blink the fact that such cases have
been known before, may equally occur
again."

"If I could trust myself to resist this
temptation, should it occur, the question I
am now going to put to you would not
have been necessary. It is because I can-
not, because I fear that if such an hour
ever came to me ambition would triumph
over what you men call, in all but your
own sex, honor that I ask you now—and
before God seal that answer you give me
is true—whether, if I ever sank to that,
you could forgive me. And remember that
on your answer depends mine."

Her voice in her concluding sentences
had sunk to a whisper, and the last words
were almost inaudible. She turned her
face away from the man and buried it in
her hands, waiting.

And he, with a face from which all the
color had died out, and lips that trembled
in the opening, would fain have expostu-
lated with her.

"It is not fair," he cried, "to ask me
that. I do not believe such a case could
be. If it were, you would never do it."

"I am waiting for your answer. What
is to be?"

The voice came brokenly from between
her hands. Her face was still covered.

"It is impossible. It is unjust. Oh,
dearest"—he stretched out his hands im-
pudgently—"you would not ask me that?"

"I must, I do."

"—oh, it is impossible! How can I an-
swer you? It is horrible!"

"Your answer. Yours for mine."

She buried her face in her hands again.

How long she stood like that she could
never remember. It might have been min-
utes, it might have been hours. One does
not measure the duration of a crisis by the
hands of the clock.

The sound of a closing door recalled her
to herself, and when she looked up the
room was empty, as she knew that he
was gone from her forever; that a chapter
in her life had closed, never to be re-writ-
ten.

"My God," she sobbed, "how I loved
him! How I loved him!"—Exchange.

Lighting.
As generally understood at present, re-
marks Dr. Lodge, in a contribution to the
Engineering Magazine, lighting is an os-
cillatory discharge of enormous energy,
which no copper rod, however thick and
long, can really dispose of harmlessly—ex-
perimentally it can be shown, in fact, that
when a lightning rod is struck, the sparks
even down such a rod as this, sparks may
fly from it to all conductors near, capable
of setting fire to any explosive compound
or gas leak which they may chance to en-
counter. He therefore recommends for the
protection of ordinary buildings the plac-
ing of a wire along all the gables and down
all the corners, with perhaps a few in be-
tween along any prominent features, so as
to inclose the building in a sort of wire
network. Any metal serves equally well
for the conductor, conductivity being un-
important in comparison with durability.
Points or projections to the sky are useful
to take the violence of the direct flash at
its point of incidence in a cheap and con-
spicuous manner, and earth connections are
desirable to save the foundation, the soil
and the pipes therein from being damaged.

Gladiators.
According to The Bookman, the best
sentence in Ibsen's new play is this: "La-
bor and trouble one can always get
through alone, but it takes two to be
glad."

Among the numerous persons who
have been cured of rheumatism by
Chamberlain's Pain Balm, mention should
be made of Mrs. Emily Thorne, of To-
ledo, Wash., who says: "I have never
been able to procure any medicine that
would relieve me of rheumatism like
Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I have also
used it for lame back with great success.
It is the best liniment I have ever used,
and I take pleasure in recommending it
to my friends." For sale by A. C. Ire-
land, Jr.



WOMEN'S FACES

—like flowers, fade
and wither with time;
the bloom of the rose
is only known to the
heart of the woman's
checkers. The nerv-
ous strain caused by
the ailments and
pains peculiar to the
sex, and the labor
and worry of rearing
a family, can often
be traced to the lines
in the woman's face.

Dull eyes, the hollow or wrinkled face
and those "feelings of weakness" have their
rise in the derangements and irregularities
peculiar to women. The functional dis-
rangements, painful disorders, and chronic
weaknesses of women, can be cured with
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. For the
young girl just entering womanhood, for
the mother and those about to become
mothers, and later in "the change of life,"
the "Prescription" is just what they need;
it aids nature in preparing the system for
the change. It is a medicine prescribed for
thirty years, in the diseases of women, by
Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician
of the "Largest" Hotel and Surgical Insti-
tute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce's Favorite
Prescription will cure the chronic inflamma-
tion of the lining membranes which cause
such exhausting drains upon the system.
It cures nervous prostration, sleeplessness,
faintness, nervous debility and all disorders
arising from derangement of the female
organs and functions.

Mrs. J. W. Williams, of Alhambra, Cal.,
writes: "I was sick for over three
years with blind dizziness,
spells, palpitation of
the heart, pain in the
back and head, and
at times would have
fainted when I first got
up in the morning,
the time at times being
chills."

The physicians dif-
ficult as what my
disease was, but none
of them did me any
good. As soon as I
commenced taking Dr.
Pierce's Favorite Pre-
scription, I began to
get better; could sleep
at night, and the pain
in my back soon left me. I can walk sev-
eral miles without getting tired. I took in all three
bottles of "Prescription" and I feel "discovered."

Mrs. Williams.

Teacher—Well, Tommy, you were not
present yesterday; were you detained at
home in consequence of the inclemency
of the weather?

Tommy—No, ma'am; I couldn't come
cause of the rain.

Mr. Gribbleigh—What is the cause of so
many divorces?

Miss Southleigh—So many marriages.

ATLANTIC & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

(Western Division.)

(J. W. Reinhart, John J. McCook, Joseph
C. Wilson, Receivers.)

TIME TABLE NO. 39.

In Effect Sunday, November 4, 1894.

Leave Chicago at 10:00 p. m.; 10:00 p.
m. Arrive at Chicago at 10:00 p. m.; 9:00
a. m.

Leave Kansas City, Mo., at 1:50 p. m.;
2:00 p. m. Arrive at Kansas City, Mo.,
at 6:10 p. m.; 6:00 p. m.

Leave Denver at 11:50 p. m. Arrive at
Denver at 6:15 a. m.; 4:45 a. m.

Leave La Junta at 7:30 a. m.; 10:10. Ar-
rive at La Junta at 10:50 a. m.; 8:55 p. m.

WESTWARD STATIONS EASTWARD

9:40p. 3:30a. Albuquerque... 8:15p. 6:10a.
3:45p. 9:10a. Coolidge... 3:20p. 1:35p.
3:57a. 9:15a. Wink... 2:50p. 1:37a.
4:10p. 9:20a. Garden City... 2:20p. 1:28a.
4:23p. 12:20p. Navajo Springs... 12:20p. 10:15p.
4:36p. 1:25a. Holbrook... 10:40a. 8:55p.
4:49p. 2:25p. Winslow... 9:30a. 2:55p.
4:52p. 5:40p. Flagstaff... 7:20a. 3:40p.
5:05p. 7:20p. Williams... 6:50a. 4:20p.
5:18p. 8:20p. Ash Fork... 4:30a. 5:20p.
5:31p. 9:20p. Seligman... 3:55a. 4:00p.
5:44p. 11:40p. Peach Springs... 3:20p. 3:10p.
5:57p. 1:40p. Ringman... 11:35p. 10:10p.
6:10p. 4:10a. Needles, Cal... 8:50p. 1:50a.
6:23p. 5:10a. Blythe... 8:20p. 1:10a.
6:36p. 6:10a. Bagdad... 5:10p. 3:10a.
6:49p. 7:10p. Daguerre... 2:45p. 12:30a.
7:02p. 8:10p. Mojave... 1:10p. 1:00p.

Arrive Los Angeles 9:35 a. m.; 6:30 p.
m. Leave Los Angeles at 7:00 a. m.; 5:00
p. m.

Arrive San Diego 12:45 p. m.; 9:20 p.
m. Leave San Diego at 2:15 p. m.

Arrive at San Francisco at 9:15 a. m.
Leave San Francisco at 9:00 a. m.

*Every day but Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.

ALBUQUERQUE—A. T. & S. F. Railway
for all points east and south.

ASH FORK—Santa Fe, Prescott & Pho-
enix railway for points in central and
southern Arizona.

BLAKE—Nevada Southern Railway for
Purdy and connection with stage lines
for mining districts north.

BARSTOW—Southern California Railway
for Los Angeles, San Diego and other
California points.

MOJAVE—Southern Pacific Company for
San Francisco, Sacramento and other
northern California points.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
No change is made by sleeping car pas-
sengers between San Francisco, Los
Angeles or San Diego and Chicago.

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad, the
great middle route across the American
continent, in connection with the rail-
ways of the "Santa Fe Route," Liberal
management; superior facilities; pio-
neering scenery; excellent accommo-
dations.

The Grand Canon of the Colorado
the most sublime of nature's work
on earth, indescribable, can only be reached
via Flagstaff, Williams or Peach Springs
on this road. To the natural bridge of
Arizona and Montezuma's well you can
journey most directly by this line. Ob-
serve the ancient Indian civilization of
Laguna or Acoma, "the City of the Sky."
Visit the petrified forest near Carrizo.
See and marvel at the freak of Canon
Diablo. Take a hunting trip in the mag-
nificent pine forests of the San Francisco
mountains. Find interest in the ruins of
the pre-historic.

Cave and Cliff Dwellers.
View the longest cantilever bridge in
America across the Colorado river.

J. W. J. BRYAN,
Gen. Pass. Agt., Los Angeles, Cal.
C. H. BRYAN,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., San Francisco, Cal.
H. B. VAN DYKE,
Gen. Agt., Albuquerque, N. M.

JERSEY'S WOMAN LAWYER.

Miss Mary Philbrook Admitted to the Bar
After a Long Fight.

After a fight lasting 18 months Miss
Mary Philbrook of 154 Magnolia av-
enue, Jersey City, has succeeded in get-
ting herself admitted to the bar of New
Jersey. Miss Philbrook is the first wom-
an to take the examination in that state,
and before she could make even so much
progress she had to fight the supreme
court through the legislature and prac-
tically force the justices of that court to
grant the required permission. The ex-
amination, though rigid, did not bother
the young woman, and she passed with
high honors and today is the only wom-
an lawyer in the state of New Jersey.

Miss Philbrook is the daughter of a
lawyer and has a brother who is a law-
yer. She has been interested in all
things pertaining to the law for years,
and with the idea of studying for amuse-
ment rather than for profit she entered
the office of Corporation Attorney James
F. Minturn of Hoboken several years
ago. In addition to her regular work
she read lawbooks and studied compli-
cated cases that came into the office un-
til she became so thoroughly conversant
with law that on the advice of her em-
ployers she decided to make application
to the supreme court for admission to the
bar.

She made the application at Trenton
in February, 1894, and Justice Dewey
promptly refused to allow her to take
the examination on the ground that
there was no law in the state providing
for the admission of women. Nothing
daunted, Miss Philbrook started in sin-
gle handed to fight the supreme court. If
there was no law for the admission of
women, she argued, there should be one,
and she drew up a bill herself covering
the point, which bill she succeeded in
having presented to the legislature.

She spent almost all her time in Tren-
ton working for her bill, and when the
bill was turned over to a legislative
committee she obtained permission to
appear before the commission and argue
in its favor. She did go before the com-
mittee and made a speech the result of
which was that the bill went through,
and then Miss Philbrook filed her ap-
plication once more, and this time she
was informed that she might take the
examination.

The young woman began the exami-
nation on Tuesday and finished it on
Wednesday afternoon. Thursday morn-
ing it was announced that she had suc-
cessfully passed both the oral and writ-
ten examinations, and shortly after noon
she was sworn in.

Miss Philbrook is a tall, slim young
woman, with black hair and sparkling
black eyes. She is modest, and when a
reporter saw her yesterday afternoon she
was not at all eager to talk about her
case.

"I understand that I am the first wom-
an lawyer in the state of New Jersey,"
she said, "and I am very proud of it,"
but, above all things, I desire to avoid
publicity. I did not go into the thing
with the idea of obtaining notoriety,
but simply because I believed that it
was my duty, having studied law con-
scientiously for several years. I found
plenty of obstacles in the way, but hav-
ing once started to get there I realized
that it would never do to give up, and
then, again, I thought it would be good
practice removing these obstacles, and
I went at it in the best way I knew how.
Fortunately I was successful."

"I have not laid out any plans as yet,
though I will remain in the office where
I have been for some time. There I will
do all the legal work I am called upon
to do by my employers and shall at the
same time handle as much business for
myself as I can get. I am averse to do-
ing court work and will confine myself
as much as possible to office practice. If
it becomes necessary at any time, how-
ever, for me to enter the courts, I shall
not hesitate to do so. For the present,
though, I shall probably go on in the
same way that I have for the past year.

The Daily New Mexican

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24.

Notice is hereby given that orders given by employees upon the New Mexican Printing Co., will not be honored unless previously endorsed by the business manager.

Notice Requests for back numbers of the New Mexican, must state date wanted, or they will receive no attention.

Advertising Rates.
Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly.
Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.
Prices vary according to amount of matter, length of time to run, position, number of changes, etc.
One copy only of each paper in which an ad appears will be sent free.
Wood base electro not accepted.
No display advertisements accepted for less than \$1 net, per month.
No reduction in price made for "every other day" advertisements.

METEOROLOGICAL.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU OFFICE OF OBSERVER,
Santa Fe, July 23, 1895.

Time of day.	Direction of wind.	Force of wind.	Amount of rain.	State of sky.	Temperature.
6:00 a. m.	SE	3	.00	Cloudy	63.00
9:00 a. m.	SE	4	.00	Cloudy	63.00
12:00 m.	SE	4	.00	Cloudy	63.00
3:00 p. m.	SE	4	.00	Cloudy	63.00
6:00 p. m.	SE	4	.00	Cloudy	63.00
9:00 p. m.	SE	4	.00	Cloudy	63.00
Total Precipitation.			.00		

H. B. HERSEY, Observer.



Are you taking SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDICINES?" That is what our readers want, and nothing but that. It is the same old friend to which the old folks pinned their faith and were never disappointed. But another good recommendation for it is, that it is BETTER THAN PILLS, never gripes, never weakens, but works in such an easy and natural way, just like nature itself, that relief comes quick and sure, and one feels new all over. It never fails. Everybody needs take a liver remedy, and everyone should take only Simmons' Liver Regulator.

Be sure you get it. The Red Z is on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

Henry Krick
SOLE AGENT FOR

LEMP'S ST. LOUIS BEER.

The trade supplied from one bottle to a carload. Mail orders promptly filled.
Guadalupe St. Santa Fe.

Clothing Made to Order
SOL SPIEGELBERG,
GENTS' FURNISHER

AND
CLOTHIER.

Carry a full and select line of **HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, etc.**, and everything found in a first-class establishment.

SOCIETIES.

A. F. & A. M.
Montezuma Lodge, No. 1, meets on the first Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock, in the Masonic hall, in the Kahn block, San Francisco St. Visiting brethren are fraternally invited.
W. S. HARRISON, W. M.
F. B. DAVIS, Sec.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.
Coronado Camp No. 3, Woodmen of the World, meets on the first Wednesday evening of each month at 8 o'clock, in Astoria hall, I. O. O. F. Visiting sovereigns are fraternally invited.
J. B. BRADY, Consul Comdr.
J. B. SLOAN, Clerk.

The World's Fair Tests
showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

DISASTER AT SILVER CITY.

Additional Details Regarding the Situation of Flooded Metropolis of Grant County.

Description of the Cienega Upon Which the Flourishing City Was Located in 1871—Plucky People will Restore It—Help Not Needed at Present.

Between 8 o'clock and midnight Sunday night five inches of rain fell at Silver City and on the mountains north of town. Before 9 o'clock water was rushing down the mountain sides in torrents and a few minutes later the principal business streets were filled with a flood from four to eight feet deep. The grade of the streets is heavy and the water rushed through them with such swiftness that a crossing was impossible. A foot-bridge constructed so that the people in the lower part of the town could cross to places of safety in case of flood was swept away and all means of getting out of the flooded district were cut off.

THE NIGHT WAS INTENSELY DARK.
The night was intensely dark and for three hours the people were panic stricken. Scores of people gave themselves up for lost when some of the weaker buildings began to crumble before the flood. Nine buildings were washed down and many others injured, but, strange as it may seem, no lives were lost.

The business part of the city beggars description. Many buildings are settling and the loss will reach fully \$100,000. Some estimate the loss to be as high as \$150,000, but this is probably excessive.

RAILROAD SUFFERING HEAVY LOSS.

The A. T. & S. F. railroad company sustained a heavy loss and it will take more than a week to repair its track so that trains can be got in there. Telegraph communication was entirely cut off all day Sunday and Monday and until about noon yesterday.

COL. WILLSON DESCRIBES THE SITUATION.

Col. R. B. Willson, of this city, who was engaged in surveying for the government in southwestern New Mexico when silver was discovered at Silver City in the winter 1870-71 and was constantly engaged in mining and smelting there from 1873 to 1876, talked intelligently to a New Mexican reporter this morning regarding the location and surroundings of the flood-desolated county seat of Grant county. When he went there first, in the early part of 1871, what is now known as Silver City was then called Cienega San Vicente. The town was soon after started by him and was approached by Abraham, Golding, Cohen and others, who were already on the ground getting out adobe for stores, to lay off the town on the flat cienega between the hills, but declined to do so because "he was satisfied that the town would always be in danger of floods. Other surveyors, however, did the work and the town was located according to the views of the business men named.

HAD BEEN FLOODED BEFORE.

Col. Willson's description of the situation, as it then presented itself to his experienced eye, explains his action. He says that the cienega or meadow, from 1,500 to 2,000 feet wide, widening toward the north and contracting to a gulch on the south, with low hills on either side, evidently had been flooded to the depth of forty feet at some time in the past. This was proved by the rim of drift-wood clinging to the sides of the surrounding hills and twenty feet above the flat, and the fact that the cienega must catch the drainage from the divide nine miles north and extending east and west about the same distance convinced him that, in the event of extraordinary rains or cloudbursts to the west or north, other floods might be anticipated. His predictions were sadly realized in the disastrous floods of 1874, and, in spite of the expenditure of large sums of money in protecting against future disasters, much damage has been done there by the water nearly every year since.

SILVER CITY WILL BE RESTORED.

The colonel says that Silver City, with its magnificent resources and plucky people, is certain to be restored, but predicts that the principal business houses and residences will be built on the solid granite above the cienega and that the latter will become a beautiful park.

TELEGRAPHIC CORRESPONDENCE.

In response to a telegram of inquiry and sympathy from Gov. Thornton, Mayor Fleming sends the following: Silver City, N. M., July 24.—Damages about \$100,000. No lives lost. No person injured. Many thanks.

(Signed) J. W. FLEMING.

In reply to a dispatch from the editor of the New Mexican asking if funds were needed to relieve the suffering poor, Mayor Fleming to-day answered to similar tone as the above and said contributions were not necessary at this time.

It Has Prompered.

The fifth year of EL NUEVO MEXICANO, the New Mexican's weekly Spanish edition, ends with the issue of Saturday next. This feature of the New Mexican has been a pronounced success from its very start, thanks to the native citizens of the territory. There is not a postoffice in New Mexico that does not handle EL



Cuticura SOAP
Purifies and Beautifies the Skin by restoring to healthy activity the CLOGGED, IRRITATED, INFLAMED, SLUGGISH, or OVERWORKED PORES.

Sole purifier than the combined action of all other skin soaps. Sold throughout the world. British Agent, F. J. H. & Co., Ltd., London. U. S. Agents, J. B. Brown, Boston, U. S. A.

NUEVO MEXICANO, and its list of readers is growing steadily. As an advertising medium its importance is not to be questioned, for it gets closer to the heart-strings of the native people than any other southwestern publication. The paper will be improved in many respects during the coming year.

SANTA FE AND COCHITI.

Engineer Garstin Has About Completed the Preliminary Survey of Santa Fe & Cochiti Road from Bland to the River.

Engineer William Garstin and his capable corps of assistants have about completed the work of surveying and staking the line of the Santa Fe & Cochiti railway from the Crown Point mine at the head of Pino canon above Bland to the mouth of White Rock canon on the Rio Grande.

ROUND ABOUT TOWN.

Flavio Silva yesterday finished the school census in ward 4, and reports a total of 155, 69 boys and 86 girls.

Mr. Dave Shoemaker, the well known ball player, and Miss Hope Abeytia, both of this city, were united in marriage at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The weather bureau records show rainfall at Santa Fe as follows during the last four days: Sunday, .67; Monday, .30; Tuesday, 1.46; last night .38; this afternoon, .46; a total of 3.17 inches.

The only child of John T. Glass, the accommodating porter at the Exchange, died this morning of cholera morbus. The little girl was 8 years old. John's many friends extend their sympathy.

Funeral at 3 p. m. to-morrow.

Mrs. W. L. Widmeyer, well remembered in Santa Fe as the wife of a former U. S. weather observer here, died in New Hampshire last week. Her health failed in Florida, where her husband is engaged in pineapple growing, and she went east hoping the change might prove beneficial.

Sunday's Globe-Democrat contains a five-column article detailing the operations of the outlaws in Mora and San Miguel county which the authorities broke up and ran to justice last year. Some highly complimentary things are said of Sheriff Cunningham and a picture of that efficient officer is presented.

The smelter at Cerrillos seems to be assured. Contracts are to be issued and let at once and the company, which has been incorporated under the title of New Mexico Mining, Smelting & Refining company, will break ground to begin construction on August 1.

Again the ball game will have to be postponed, the washed out bridges not being in condition yet to transfer the passengers. However, a transfer will be made this afternoon, but too late for today's game. To-morrow's game will be a certainty, barring rain. Dixon, not having returned from Durango, will not be in the game. Webber taking his place in the team. The game will be called at 3 p. m. Admission, 50 cents.

A flood of water poured down the arroyo back of the gas works yesterday afternoon and filled the new reservoir to overflowing. The dam as far as built had been arranged with a temporary spill-way, and over this the flood poured in a great volume. When that reservoir is finished the water therein will cover 208 acres.

All trains except a bob-tail from Las Vegas to Lamy and Santa Fe are still tied up on the Santa Fe between Trinidad and El Paso. From the latter point but one mail has come north since Sunday morning and that was transferred at Rosario bridge on the Galisteo. No information as to the probability of moving trains to-night can be had, particularly since the rain is still falling. Later—At 4 o'clock it was said a train from the south would probably get through by 8 o'clock.

Mr. Charles Hempelstam, whose energy and enterprise have contributed so much toward building up a prosperous community at Lamy, has sold out his extensive general merchandise business to John Pflieger & Co. and will make the Palace hotel in Santa Fe his headquarters for the present. In the course of six months he expects to again engage in business at some inviting point in this region. It is not at all unlikely that he will conclude to take a hand in the Cochiti mining district.

SANTA FE SOUTHERN.

Return of President Jeffrey Renews Speculation Concerning It.

President Jeffrey having returned, some action regarding the Santa Fe Southern road may be expected. This is a twenty-nine-mile line which connects the city of Santa Fe with the southern terminus of the Rio Grande, and which, under the hammer, was two months ago knocked down to the Rio Grande for \$75,000. The service in New Mexico is that the road will build on to Cerrillos for coal and then to Albuquerque, which is not far beyond that point. It is known here that beyond a mere supposition, nothing has been done for the future of this road. It having been bought during the absence of President Jeffrey, nothing in this direction could have been done in the interim.—Denver Republican.

WEEKLY CROP BULLETIN

Reports from All Parts of New Mexico Show Crops and Stock Ranges in Good Condition.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Weather Bureau, Santa Fe, N. M., July 23, 1895.

Calm, warm weather with occasional thunder showers prevailed generally over the territory during the early part of the week. Some of these showers were quite heavy in localities. Lower Pecos in Lincoln county reports 1.69 inches of rainfall; Puerto de Luna, 1.44, and Roswell, 1.20 inches. Las Vegas, Gallinas Springs and Raton about half an inch. On the 21st a general rain set in and was in full force at the close of the week. The conditions were very favorable to crops and the stock ranges. In most localities the stock ranges are in good condition. Western parts of Grant and Socorro counties have not much rain and the ranges in that locality are reported to be in very bad condition. Wheat and small grains have mostly been out in southern part of the territory and the work of harvesting is just beginning to the northward.

Fruit is in splendid condition and apples bid fair to make one of the heaviest crops ever harvested.

The vineyards around Bernalillo and in the lower Rio Grande valley give promise of a good yield. The home markets are well supplied with early peaches, the most of which come from the southern part of the territory this year. Garden vegetables of all varieties have done very well and are now abundant. The corn crop has made a very rapid growth during the past week and the outlook is very favorable.

The following extracts from a few of the reports received at this station will be found of interest:
Alma.—Wm. French—A dry hot week. The little rain we have had has done no good to the grass and the range in this section is about as bad as can be. Irrigated crops all right.
Aztec.—Prof. H. H. Griffin.—During the fore part of the week partly cloudy weather prevailed and .25 of an inch of rain fell. The latter part has been the hottest of the season. Grain ripening fast and corn growing steadily.
Bernalillo.—Brother Gabriel.—Weather quite dry during the week, crops doing very well notwithstanding. Wheat and second crop of alfalfa is all out.
Española.—Jim Curry.—All crops in the Espanola valley are in first-class condition except a narrow strip about Plaza Alameda where hail has done considerable damage. Wheat is about ready to cut. Gallinas Springs.—J. E. Whitmore.—During the past week crops have advanced very fast. Feed on stock range in the finest condition. Local showers in all directions with small hail in places. Glina.—Chas. A. Lyons.—The rainy season has not struck this place and the country is very dry. A number of floods have come down the river lately showing that it has rained above here, one on the 9th of this month being very heavy.
Las Cruces.—New Mexico Agricultural College.—Conditions during past week have been favorable for plant growth and for the harvesting of wheat, which is nearly completed. Since the rainy spell fruit has made a large growth especially noticeable in apples.
Las Vegas.—Dr. F. H. Atkins.—Crops have still continued to progress admirably. Weather wholly favorable. Even warmth and rather drier air than usual. Total rain 0.55 of an inch.
Las Alamos.—Wm. Frank.—This week has been cloudy, but little rain. Wheat is commencing to head and corn is growing fine.
Lower Pecos.—H. Von Basse.—The past week has been one of remarkable growth of crops. On the 14th a heavy rain amounting to 1.14 inches in less than half an hour.
Ocate.—E. M. Cosner.—Everything progressing satisfactorily with the warm weather of past week. Shearing of sheep is over for the season.
Puerto de Luna.—P. R. Page.—Crops doing fine and wheat is being cut. Plenty of grass and water all over the country.
Raton.—P. H. Smith.—Warm weather with frequent showers. Favorable conditions for all crops and stock ranges.
Ranches of Taos.—Alex. Gaudorf.—Weather hot and dry. Grain and fruit doing well. Wheat will now average three and a half feet high and not yet full grown. Trees are beginning to bend under their loads.
Rincon.—C. H. Raitt.—Very little wind with high temperature have combined to make the week a sultry one. The range is improving rapidly and farmers are making most of their wheat crop.
Roswell.—Scott Traxton.—Past week has been exceptionally fine for crops. Sufficient rain to keep grass on range in fine condition. Alfalfa ready for another cutting and harvesting progressing rapidly. Fruit fine and outlook favorable.
Santa Fe.—U. S. Weather Bureau.—Crops of all kinds have made rapid advancement during the past week and are in good shape. Fruit is especially fine. Nearly two inches of rainfall on the 21st and 22d.
Watrous.—Dr. E. J. Pring.—Light showers during the week. Heavy rain commenced on the 21st. Alfalfa injured some by too much rain, but other crops looking well.
Hot weather proves depressing to those whose blood is poor. Such people should enrich their blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Pure sugar home-made candies fresh every day at the Lilliputian Novelty Bazaar, Gaspar avenue. (Not open Sunday.)
John McCullough Havana cigars at Colorado saloon.

PERSONAL.

T. A. Goodwin has gone on a fishing trip to the headwaters of the Pecos, crossing by way of the Baldy trail.

M. Kaufmann, a former Las Vegas boy, now the successful traveling salesman for A. Staab, Santa Fe, was in the city yesterday.—Optic.

Prof. T. D. A. Cookrell has returned from Denver where he went to represent the New Mexico college at the convention of agricultural experimenters.

Ex-District Attorney M. W. Mills is in Chicago on business. He will be accompanied on his return home to Springer by his aged mother from Canada.

Messrs. Winsor and Stewart came over the Baldy trail from the Pecos yesterday. They say very little rain has disturbed fishermen on the Rio Pecos during the past week.

Miss Gulliford will, when her private classes resume in September, also open a kindergarten on the most modern and approved principles, assisted by another thoroughly trained teacher.

Milk Punch 10 cts a glass at the Colorado saloon.

Fine McBrayer whisky at Colorado saloon.

When He's Shaving.
Quite often when he's shaving,
Man is raving
Without having
And his strong desire is craving
Some pain-killer
Decent soap.

Of course he likes a lather
Which is rather
Nice and smooth;
If he'd try soap made by Dr. Snyder
Copious slobber
Would him soothe.

25-cent cake for 10 cents at the Lilliputian Novelty Bazaar, Gaspar avenue.

Kindergarten.

Auction of Drug Stock!

Beginning on Thursday, July 25, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the store recently occupied by Zama, on the east side of the plaza, I will sell at public auction for cash, the

LARGE STOCK OF DRUGS, STATIONERY, TRUNKS, SCALES,

etc., etc., recently belonging to the drug firm of Miller & Legace.

The goods were appraised at over \$1,800 and consist of

A Complete Outfit for drug store—drugs, bottles, scales and everything else will be sold for what they will bring, regardless of cost. The sale may be continued from day to day.

By order of
CEO. W. KNAEBEL,
Trustee.

CHAS. WAGNER,
Auctioneer.

For Sale.
Must be sacrificed at once, two valuable mining claims at San Pedro, Santa Fe county, N. M., in the New Placer mining district, near the Lucky and Big Copper mines. Sixty-five feet work done on one and forty feet on the other. Both have good leads and assay well. Address D. A., this office.

THE PECOS?

Notice to tourists. In regard to travel from Glorieta to the Upper Pecos River, address

J. W. Harrison,
Glorieta, N. M.

The U. S. Gov't Reports
show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

Items of Interest By The Wabash Man.

Bulletin No. 6.

The state of Colorado has at present about 60,000,000 acres of public lands.

From Kansas City to St. Louis by the Wabash, the distance is 277 miles, Toledo 662 miles, New York 1437, Boston 1489 miles.

Of vacant public lands in Colorado there are 40,851,000 acres.

The Wabash is the popular line east for its free chair cars, excellent meals at low price, and its direct connections in Union passenger stations.

The United States national debt is at present \$915,902,112, or \$14.62 per capita. The per capita indebtedness in France is \$116; in England \$87; in Dutch East India 64 cents.

Any truthful ticket agent, lawyer or newspaper man will tell you that the Wabash is the best and cheapest line east.

Lookout for bulletin No. 7.
C. M. HAMMOND,
Commercial Agent.

DAVID LOWITZKI,

FURNITURE,
NEW AND SECOND HAND
AT RED-ROCK PRICES

The highest prices paid for second hand goods. Your furniture will be taken, overhauled and repaired and on small commission. Give him a call before buying new or auctioning off your old household goods.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$2.00 Per Day. Located in the business portion of city. S. E. Corner of Plaza

Special rates by the week or month for table board, with or without room.

PERSONAL.

T. A. Goodwin has gone on a fishing trip to the headwaters of the Pecos, crossing by way of the Baldy trail.

M. Kaufmann, a former Las Vegas boy, now the successful traveling salesman for A. Staab, Santa Fe, was in the city yesterday.—Optic.

Prof. T. D. A. Cookrell has returned from Denver where he went to represent the New Mexico college at the convention of agricultural experimenters.

Ex-District Attorney M. W. Mills is in Chicago on business. He will be accompanied on his return home to Springer by his aged mother from Canada.

Messrs. Winsor and Stewart came over the Baldy trail from the Pecos yesterday. They say very little rain has disturbed fishermen on the Rio Pecos during the past week.

Miss Gulliford will, when her private classes resume in September, also open a kindergarten on the most modern and approved principles, assisted by another thoroughly trained teacher.

Milk Punch 10 cts a glass at the Colorado saloon.

Fine McBrayer whisky at Colorado saloon.

When He's Shaving.
Quite often when he's shaving,
Man is raving
Without having
And his strong desire is craving
Some pain-killer
Decent soap.

Of course he likes a lather
Which is rather
Nice and smooth;
If he'd try soap made by Dr. Snyder
Copious slobber
Would him soothe.

25-cent cake for 10 cents at the Lilliputian Novelty Bazaar, Gaspar avenue.

Kindergarten.

Auction of Drug Stock!

Beginning on Thursday, July 25, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the store recently occupied by Zama, on the east side of the plaza, I will sell at public auction for cash, the

LARGE STOCK OF DRUGS, STATIONERY, TRUNKS, SCALES,

etc., etc., recently belonging to the drug firm of Miller & Legace.

The goods were appraised at over \$1,800 and consist of

A Complete Outfit for drug store—drugs, bottles, scales and everything else will be sold for what they will bring, regardless of cost. The sale may be continued from day to day.

By order of
CEO. W. KNAEBEL,
Trustee.

CHAS. WAGNER,
Auctioneer.

For Sale.
Must be sacrificed at once, two valuable mining claims at San Pedro, Santa Fe county, N. M., in the New Placer mining district, near the Lucky and Big Copper mines. Sixty-five feet work done on one and forty feet on the other. Both have good leads and assay well. Address D. A., this office.

THE PECOS?

Notice to tourists. In regard to travel from Glorieta to the Upper Pecos River, address

J. W. Harrison,
Glorieta, N. M.

The U. S. Gov't Reports
show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

Items of Interest By The Wabash Man.

Bulletin No. 6.

The state of Colorado has at present about 60,000,000 acres of public lands.

From Kansas City to St. Louis by the Wabash, the distance is 277 miles, Toledo 662 miles, New York 1437, Boston 1489 miles.

Of vacant public lands in Colorado there are 40,851,000 acres.

The Wabash is the popular line east for its free chair cars, excellent meals at low price, and its direct connections in Union passenger stations.

The United States national debt is at present \$915,902,112, or \$14.62 per capita. The per capita indebtedness in France is \$116; in England \$87; in Dutch East India 64 cents.

Any truthful ticket agent, lawyer or newspaper man will tell you that the Wabash is the best and cheapest line east.

Lookout for bulletin No. 7.
C. M. HAMMOND,
Commercial Agent.

DAVID LOWITZKI,

FURNITURE,
NEW AND SECOND HAND
AT RED-ROCK PRICES

The highest prices paid for second hand goods. Your furniture will be taken, overhauled and repaired and on small commission. Give him a call before buying new or auctioning off your old household goods.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$2.00 Per Day. Located in the business portion of city. S. E. Corner of Plaza

Special rates by the week or month for table board, with or without room.

S. SPITZ, The Jeweller

SANTA FE, N. M.



Silver jewelry equals the bicycle as a go. If the white metal has been demoted it hasn't been dis-jewelled, and a glance at the number and variety of artistic and beautiful articles which we show in our stock, justifies the prediction that it never will be. When it comes to the question of silver holding the fort against gold for belt clasps, buckles, etc., the case stands 16 to 1 in favor of silver. Don't miss an early inspection of our silver sets that exhibit the white metal in the handsomest forms it was ever made to assume here or abroad.

A. STAAB,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER.

Wholesale Dealer in Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Hardware.

Santa Fe - New Mexico

THE PALACE HOTEL,
SANTA FE, N. M.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN THE CITY.
RENOVATED THROUGHOUT.

Rooms, from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per Day. Special Rates to Persons or Parties by the Week or Month.

</