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Santa Fe Daily New Mexican, 05-15-1895

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SANTA FE DAILY NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 32.

SANTA FE, N. M., WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1895.

NO 70

That lawn mower is just the idea. A lawn is not a meadow and the use of the mower is necessary to prevent its beautiful green turf from becoming a hay field. You want smooth verdure for the lawn, and long grass is not verdure and only leaves stubble when cut. Our lawn mowers are easily used, and prices at which we offer them make it fully unnecessary for anyone to have an unlight yard. The season is advancing and the mower is an early necessity. Don't delay to buy one, and remember, also, that we carry everything in the hardware line at the lowest prices.



W. H. COEBEL,
Catron Block Santa Fe, N. M.

GEORGE W. HICKOX & CO.
JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS.
"Manufacturers of Mexican Filigree Jewelry."

We beg to announce that we are again in the field fully equipped for all kinds of Etching, Engraving and Watch Work, having secured the services of competent help in all these branches. Give us a call and inspect the work we are turning out. "Official Watch Inspectors" of the A. T. & S. F. and A. & P. lines.

Catron Block Santa Fe, N. M.

Branch Houses—
GEO. W. HICKOX & HICKSON, El Paso, Texas.
GEO. W. HICKOX & FOX, Albuquerque, N. M.

WAGNER & HAFFNER

DEALERS IN—

FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE
HARDWARE, TINWARE AND STOVES.

We have a full line of Picture Frames and Mouldings and in fact everything in the household line. We will furnish you from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments and bedrock prices. We carry the largest stock in the city. We repair all kinds of furniture, sewing machines and musical instruments. Remake mattresses and all kinds of upholstery.

THE PALACE HOTEL,
SANTA FE, N. M.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN THE CITY.
RENOVATED THROUGHOUT.

Terms, from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per Day. Special Rates to Persons or Parties by the Week or Month.

HERMAN CLAUSSEN, Prop.

S. WEDELES,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN.

Groceries and Provisions.

Office and Warehouse Lower Frisco St.
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

THE SANTA FE BREWING CO.,

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS OF

Santa Fe Lager Beer.

MANUFACTURERS OF

SODA MINERAL & CARBONATED WATERS.

PATRONIZE THIS HOME INDUSTRY.

Palace Avenue, Santa Fe N. M.

J. C. SCHUMANN,

Boots, Shoes & Leather Findings.

Sole Agent for the Burt & Packard Shoes.
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

WASHINGTON BUDGET.

Venezuela Boundary Question—Revolution of Sharp Practice on the Part of England—Southern Ute Lands.

Washington, May 15.—According to advices received important British documents have been found at Hawaii as to the pending British-Venezuela boundary question, which the United States has urged should be settled by arbitration. Assistant United States Surveyor General C. G. Lyons, of Hawaii, has made a map, accompanied by a statement, which it is said supports the Venezuelan contention, even on the evidence thus far presented by the British. The records brought to public attention by Mr. Lyons were furnished to Hawaii by the British foreign office, when Hawaii was a monarchy and largely under British control. They are now on file in the surveyor's office at Honolulu. Mr. Lyons was led to make the investigation by the publication last month of an official British map of the territory about 10,000 square miles, which the map furnished by the foreign office twenty years ago, he found that the boundary line had been entirely changed. The first map gave the line as Venezuela claims it should be. The last map shifts the line far westward, and includes as British territory about 10,000 square miles, which the first map showed to be clearly Venezuelan territory. The old map was made by the Royal Geographical Society of England and was thereafter given official approval and sent out by the foreign office. It is therefore considered of scientific as well as of official value.

THE UTE LANDS.

The department of the interior has received no official word from Col. Kidd, the commissioner appointed to confer with the Southern Ute Indians under the bill which became a law at the last session of congress, since he departed for the scene of his labors. The understanding at the department among the minor officials seems to be that Kidd's present work is to be of a somewhat preliminary character, and in no respect final—that in fact, he goes to the Indian country as a sort of personal representative of the secretary, for the purpose of looking the ground over and advising what further steps, if any, under the law, are desirable.

TO-DAY'S CONDENSATION

Great Britain has violated Behring sea agreement.

An Arizona telegram hints that somebody has again struck Apache Kid's trail. During the past year it is said that 10,000 Japanese have secured ranch employment to the exclusion of white laborers in California.

Receipts from United States customs so far this year amount to a little over \$133,000,000 which is about \$1,000,000 in excess of the customs receipts during the whole of the last fiscal year.

Secretary Herbert has written a letter to Admiral Mende asking an explanation of the admiral's reported utterances in a newspaper interview.

The supreme court of Ohio has decided the law constitutional which requires the fidelity & loyalty company of New York and similar companies to deposit \$50,000 with the state treasurer to do business in Ohio.

"Whirlwind," the head of the Cheyenne Indians, is dead. He dropped dead on hearing the news of his favorite grandchild's death. He was probably the wisest and bravest Indian chief of recent years—in fact of the century.

A Chicago dispatch says Mrs. Elizabeth Stanton, Lady Henry Somerset, Frances E. Willard, Rev. Phoebe Hansford, Rev. Olympia Brown, Mrs. Robert Ingersoll, Ellen B. Delrick, Matilda Joselyn Gage, Frances E. Burr and Sarah A. Underwood propose to revise the bible in order to give woman her proper place. Big job.

Billy Sunday, formerly a favorite league ball player, is holding religious meetings at Altamont, Iowa. At the men's meeting, yesterday, 500 were weeping at one time. A number of prominent men and women promised Sunday to lead better lives as a result of the evangelist's work.

THE MARKETS.

New York, May 15.—Money on call easy at 1 1/2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 2 1/2 @ 4 1/2.

Silver, 66 1/2; lead, \$2.95.

Chicago.—Cattle, market slow and generally 5 and 10 cents lower. Sheep strong, 5 and 10 cents higher.

Kansas City.—Cattle, weak to 10 cents lower; Texas steers, \$3.65 @ \$4.50; Texas cows, \$2.25 @ \$3.50; beef steers, \$3.50 @ \$4.55; native cows, \$1.25 @ \$4.35; stockers and feeders, \$3.15 @ \$4.50; bulls, \$2.50 @ \$3.75. Sheep, steady and stronger.

Chicago.—Wheat, May, 66 1/2; July, 66 1/2. Corn, May, 50 1/2 @ 51; July, 51 1/2 @ 51 1/2. Oats, May, 28 1/2; July 28 1/2 @ 29 1/2.

BIG IRRIGATION SCHEME.

English Money Will Build a Dam at Rincon and Canals Through Rio Grande Valley to Fort Hancock.

El Paso, May 15.—A letter has been received here from London announcing that the required \$2,500,000 has been raised in London for the construction of the immense irrigation dam across the Rio Grande at Rincon, N. M. The corporation will build long irrigating canals through the valley from Rincon to Fort Hancock, below El Paso.

Disturbance in Syria.

Boston, May 15.—A dispatch from Beirut, a seaport of Syria, announces that the Turkish governor has gone to Soor, in order to quell an outbreak there, arising from a disturbance between Christians and Mahomedans.

Schooner Kate Kelly Lost.

Chicago, May 15.—All doubt that schooner Kate Kelly was lost in Monday's storm was removed to-day, when the tug Charn picked up wreckage bearing the schooner's name. Captain Hatch and his crew of five men it is believed were lost.

Worried Because a Bank Closed.

Massillon, Ohio, May 15.—Great apprehension is felt here because the German Deposit Bank was closed to-day. It was explained that the bank was controlled absolutely by the late P. G. Albright, who died without leaving a will. There was, therefore, no authority for continuing the business and an administrator could be appointed. J. D. Wetter will be put in charge by the probate court.

He's All Right.

Columbus, Ohio, May 15.—It is reported here that before the year expires ex-Congressman Outwater is to be made secretary of war. Mr. Outwater is en route to Europe to return July 1.

A. & P. Grant Decision.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 15.—A test case brought by the Southern Pacific railroad to determine the ownership of thousands of acres in the central counties of California was decided by Judge Ross in the United States district court, against the railroad. The land was claimed by the Southern Pacific as part of the indemnity grant of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad.

SILVER'S SPRIGHTLY SONG.

What the Friends of Free Coinage Are Doing All Over the Country.

Denver, May 15.—Following upon the lecture of ex-Congressman Bland in this city, the following editorial published in the Denver Times (Republican) attracts considerable attention:

"Senator Henry M. Teller sounded the keynote for the next national campaign in Colorado in his short speech at the Bland silver meeting last Saturday night. It was not so much a special war cry to Republicans, however, as a general warning to the members of all parties to rally round the one flag under which there is hope for the future of national prosperity.

"When Senator Teller announced that he had cast his last vote for any presidential candidate who was opposed to free silver, or lukewarm in its interests, he did it with the knowledge that the Republican party of Colorado stood as one man at his back.

"It is in free coinage or disruption for the national Republican party in 1896. Which will it choose?"

HARVEY ON THE PLATFORM.

Chicago, "Coin," otherwise known as W. H. Harvey, is to have his wish. The Illinois club is arranging to bring him and a gold standard man together within short arm distance. Prof. Laurence McLaughlin, of Chicago university, was the heavy-weight among the gold men picked out to meet "Coin" in the currency ring, and he gave his consent yesterday. The contest will take place in the rooms of the Illinois club. The time has not been definitely fixed as yet, but it will probably be next Monday evening.

DIG SILVER CONTRACTS.

New York.—Advices to bullion brokers in this city from London state that contracts for the future delivery of 3,500,000 ounces of silver bullion were made there in April, which is equal in amount to the sales made during the period of activity caused by first negotiations for peace in the east. This goes to prove that London dealers are confident of a material increase in the demand for the white metal.

WARNER AND SIBLEY REPUTATED.

San Francisco, May 15.—Instead of the great results for free coinage, aimed at by the visit to California of Gen. A. J. Warner, of Ohio, head of the American Bi-metallic party, and ex-Congressman Joseph A. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, named by that organization for president in 1896, it apparently resulted in the secession of the State Silver league from Warner's national organization. At a meeting of the executive committee, at Los Angeles, a committee was appointed to prepare a resolution, condemning Mr. Warner and Mr. Sibley, appealing to sister states to organize like California sister leagues, protesting against the caucus method and calling for a national convention of state leagues at St. Louis, March 16, 1896, to nominate candidates for president and vice president.

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CATTLE INSPECTION.

Some Disputed Points in the Law as Construed by the Solicitor General.

The following opinion of interest to cattlemen of New Mexico is announced by the solicitor general:

Hon. W. H. Jackson, President Cattle Sanitary Board, Silver City, N. M.

Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of your letter of recent date in which you request my official opinion as to the meaning of section 13, of the cattle sanitary law, approved February 28, 1889, and especially as to whether, under that section, between March 5 and November 1, cattle may be admitted, after inspection, from Presidio county and other sections in west Texas. The act of which this section is a part was amended in 1891, by further extending the powers of the sanitary board to the inspection of all cattle intended for shipment or to be driven beyond the limits of the territory, and also respecting the inspection of hides and slaughter houses, (laws 1891, chapter 34) and this amendment was itself amended in 1893, by giving additional authority to the board to borrow money, not exceeding \$5,000, and to issue negotiable paper therefor, the same to be paid out of the revenue accruing to the cattle indemnity fund from taxes levied and assessed upon cattle only, and from fees accruing from the inspection of cattle and hides, etc., (laws 1893, chapter 67) and by an act of the last legislature approved February 8, 1895, which simply increases the number of members of the board and enlarges its powers so as to include diseases other than Texas or splenic fever, the prevention of which is one of the chief purposes of the act of 1889. (Laws 1895, chapter 29.)

The act of 1895, as amended, is not particularly noted in its phraseology and the difficulty surrounding its interpretation on this account is not lessened by the fact that not a few verbal inaccuracies are present. A careful consideration of the question inquired about leads, however, to the conclusions hereinafter set forth.

The question in question provides in effect that every person having in charge cattle destined for introduction into this territory during the existence of any prohibition against such importation under the act of 1889, may secure its admission by applying for and receiving, after examination, a certificate of health from the proper parties designated by the cattle sanitary board. The question then for decision is whether under this section parties having cattle in Presidio and other counties of western Texas can solve the question of their admission into this territory between March 5 and November 1 by a single inspection of their cattle by the sanitary inspectors of such cattle for the purpose of securing a certificate of health.

In settling this question it must be noted that the act under consideration relates to several classes of cattle. It provides first that all cattle shall be inspected before being brought into the territory; second, that cattle in certain portions of Texas and Mexico shall not be brought into the territory between March 5 and November 1; and third, that cattle from other portions of the country, where contagious diseases may become prevalent, shall by proclamation of the governor, be subjected to such quarantine regulations as may have been provided by the cattle sanitary board. Taken by itself section 13 is probably broad enough to include all three of these classes and thus to permit, after inspection satisfactory to the officials, the admission of all cattle into this territory at all times. In deciding, however, upon the legislative intent is the other portions of the act must be looked to. It will be noted that the preamble sets out in detail the purposes of the act and declares very fully the reasons that actuated the lawmakers in its passage. This preamble is of no little assistance in ascertaining, in determining the legislative intent, to the regulations governing cattle brought in from the parts of Texas and Mexico therein so carefully described. It will also be noted that after detailing the portions of the country just named from which it is prohibited to bring cattle into this territory, it is provided that no cattle shall be "driven, conveyed or transported," between March 5 and November 1, the preamble gives the reason for this absolute exclusion of such cattle in the statement that "the fact has become well established that such imported cattle so as aforesaid communicating Texas or splenic fever, the symptoms of the disease from which the same may be determined by an inspection thereof." The legislature having thus declared that the presence of Texas fever can not be detected by inspection it can not be thought that it would thereupon immediately enact a law which would allow cattle suffering with such a subtle complaint to be brought into the territory after an inspection. An inspection being of no value, certainly it would be absurd to presume that the legislature intended to admit such cattle on inspection, and it is a familiar rule that a construction that will import absurdity to the acts of the law-making power is always to be avoided. The legislature framed this law largely for the purpose of keeping out Texas or splenic fever, and a construction that would absolutely defeat that purpose can not consistently be given. As the legislature very evident intent set out in the preamble, is to be noticed the latter part of section 11, where it is expressly set forth that a permit shall be refused in the case therein mentioned wherever the facts and circumstances warrant the presumption that such cattle are from that part of the state of Texas and the republic of Mexico, from which the importation of cattle is prohibited by the act. The exceptions made of "cattle suffering from Texas or splenic fever," in the latter sections of the act, where the question of the treatment of cattle held in quarantine is considered, shows also that the legislature considered the prohibition in the importation of cattle from the sections where such fever prevails, to be absolute between the dates named.

For the reasons just stated I am of the opinion that no cattle from the sections of Texas and Mexico named can legally be brought into New Mexico between March 5 and November 1, either with or without inspection, and that the provisions of the act of 1889 apply only to cattle outside of the prohibited territory. As Presidio county is within the prohibited region, and is in fact one of the counties specially mentioned in the act, the only way for the cattle in that county to come into New Mexico legally is to stay out until November 1.

Respectfully,

J. P. VICTORY,

Solicitor General of New Mexico.

Santa Fe, May 15.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

GOLDEN GRANT COUNTY.

What Is Being Done in the Mines at Silver City, Pinos Altos, Mogollon, Carlisle and White Signal.

All the Mogollon mills are running to their full capacity as water is plenty.

Dr. G. N. Wood has made a new strike of very rich ore on his Bear Creek mine. Loberg & Childs are working seventy-two men on their several mines at Carlisle.

Peter McDermott has sold the Laura mine at Carlisle to a French syndicate for \$50,000.

The Ivanhoe copper smelter started up at Silver City last Saturday and is running successfully.

The Deep Down mill is running on Little Fannie ore. They started up with 200 tons as a trial run.

Two hundred and fifty men are now at work in the Carlisle camp, most of them taking out rich ore for shipment.

The Van smelter received a supply of coke by yesterday's train, and the smelter will be running in full blast to-day.

New strikes and rich developments are the order of the day in all the mining camps of Grant county and in the Mogollons.

Carlisle, Markley and Moulton have purchased the Texas mine at Central. This puts an end to litigation upon that valuable property.

Lambrecht, Lauman, McGuire and Peterson are doing well on their tellurium properties on Little Dry creek. They have encountered \$1,200 gold ore.

Charles Schwarzky is working one of his mines at Carlisle and taking out very rich ore. He has made three shipments of ore which proved the value of the mine.

The Little Fanny mine is producing more ore than the Sheridan mill can handle. The Deep Down mill will help convert part of the product into bullion.

A large body of exceedingly high grade ore has been struck in the Copper Queen mine at Claremont, and Superintendent George R. Brown is highly elated in consequence.

The Helen company's mill is kept running steadily on Confidence ore, and judging from the output of bullion the company must be doing a land office business.

News from the tellurium camps on Little Dry creek are decidedly encouraging. Some very rich ore is being shown in camp, and a number of new locations have been made.

Water is getting scarce at Pinos Altos and as a consequence the Pacific and Mammoth mines and mills have closed down. The Bell and Stephens mill is running on half time.

The Little Giant has been shipping ore to the Van smelter on a trial test. If the working proves a success, Pinos Altos will have a boom, as fully two-thirds of the ore in camp is smelting ore.

Galloway & Alexander are pushing work on their claim at White Signal, and they are taking out some very rich ore. Should the vein continue in richness for a short while they will both retire as millionaires.

Silver City Enterprise: The mines of Mogollon have made a good record on bullion shipments for the first four days of this week. Up to last night, the week's returns from Mogollon are twelve bars of bullion, over half a ton, a large percentage of which is gold. Pretty good for any camp.

Geo. Dickerson has a shaft on his claim at White Signal down fifteen feet and it shows a fine ore. The ore is a hematite similar to that found in Gold Hill, and carries from \$200 to \$500 per ton in gold. Should the vein, which is now forty inches wide, continue to hold its own to a depth of fifty feet, he will have a veritable bonanza.

Smith & Thomas, owners of the Deadwood, Mogollon camp, intend to start work June 1. They will commence crosscutting from the creek level to cut the vein. They have already encountered ore ranging in value from \$30 to \$40 in gold, per ton. They expect to cut the vein in from ten to fifteen feet more. The Deadwood will make a record.

The Maud S. company, Mogollon district, are putting in vanners in their mill and expect to have them in operation in about a week. Quantities of native silver ore have been found in the mine on the silver level west. The old stand-by still keeps the lead. They are pumping 10,000 gallons of water every twenty-four hours. This is in itself a bonanza.

On Jim Long's Summit mine, Carlisle Loberg & Childs are sinking a shaft and expect to have it in operation in about a week. It has now attained a length of 225 feet and it is expected it will reach the ledge within forty days. It will intersect the ledge at a depth of about 200 feet. If the ore continues as good grade at that depth as it shows in the upper workings the mine will be a bonanza, and all indications point that way.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

NEW MEXICO NEWS.

Rosenthal & Co. shipped 10,000 pounds of wool from Lincoln to Roswell Monday.

It is reported that F. G. Raible has severed his connection with the Old Abe Eagle, at White Oaks. His successor is not named.

The handsome residence of Abe Coon at Socorro was destroyed by fire while the family were at church on Sunday night. The house was insured for \$12,000 and the furniture for \$2,000.

Lincoln News: W. O. Gorman has a herd of about 8,000 wethers near the Spring ranch belonging to Rosenthal & Co. Mr. Norman expects to deliver 7,000 at the Spring ranch on the 19th inst., to an agent of Swift & Co., of Chicago, Illinois.

Respectfully,

J. P. VICTORY,

Solicitor General of New Mexico.

Santa Fe, May 15.

Albuquerque Democrat: The case of the territory against Jose Gutierrez and others for stealing mules, was dismissed as to Ataduo Lano and Jose Gutierrez and went to trial as to Benesalado Baca. The court instructed the jury to return a verdict of "not guilty," which was done. The prisoner was discharged.

Las Vegas Optic: The proposition to construct a boulevard and electric line from the east side out to the hot springs seems to meet with general favor. The grades are easy and the immediate enhancement in value of property along the line would assure the easy placing of the necessary stock for the construction of the line.

Roswell Register: Two miles north of Hagerman on the north of the Rio Feliz is the station of Greenfield, on the Green farm. The Green farm is a great alfalfa producer. In every direction are large fields of the alfalfa knee high and scores of stacks of last year's cutting are still scattered over the fields. From 700 to 1000 tons are cut on this ranch annually.

Says the Deming Headlight: Joe E. Sheridan, of the Silver City Enterprise, will shortly be married to Miss Edith Allen, of Walnut Springs, this county, and the joke of it is that Col. Sheridan imagined that no one had any idea that he was in love but ascribed his queer actions to inept insanity. The soon-to-be-groom refuses to even hint when the event will occur.

White Oaks Eagle: Messrs. A. P. Green and Comery Bros. have recently been drilling a well in Spring, Guich, in the Jicarilla mountains, with the view to the erection of their Huntington mill at that point. At the depth of eighty-six feet they made a pump test and found the water supply to be equal to 8,440 gallons in twenty-four hours.

Eddy Argus: Alfalfa was being mown on Charles Ludlum's farm at Otis last week, the crop running one ton per acre. The second cutting will be heavier. At Bolles farm a similar yield was being harvested. One field gave a ton and a half per acre last year at one cutting, for the second year. Mowers were also noticed at several places in La Huerta.

Of the older fields will yield four good cuttings this year, fall and winter irrigation having been general.

The White Oaks Eagle: This morning, Antonio Lucero y Perea, who murdered Demetrio Sanches, at the town of Rancho de Albuquerque, last January, and was found guilty of murder in the first degree last week, saved his neck from the gallows. He is now in the strong-arm of new evidence favorable to his client, moved the court for a new trial, which the court granted, whereupon the prisoner pleaded guilty to the murder, which was accepted, and the court at once sentenced him to the territorial penitentiary for a period of twenty years, the district attorney also accepting the turn in affairs which no doubt prevents a legal hanging.

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All communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address—not for publication—but as evidence of good faith, and should be addressed to The Editor. Letters pertaining to business should be addressed to the New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Post Office in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15.

Fruit will be fruit this year and New Mexico will have plenty and to spare.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is writing a book on economic science, and his desire to complete the work is said by the dispatches from Washington to be the reason why he has decided not to allow his name to be mentioned in connection with a third term.

THE Cincinnati Times-Star suggests that the time has come to select a presidential candidate from "that vast region west of the Mississippi, which has never yet been accorded a president or vice president by either party." That paper understands which way the center of population is moving.

THE Las Cruces Independent Democrat seems now quite inclined to "note fair" with the agricultural college, but that nasty and irresponsible sheet, the Rio Grande Republican, keeps up its rule or ruin fusillade against the institution just as vigorously as ever, and with just as much intent. Las Cruces citizens will certainly suffer from this course in the long run, for everybody throughout the territory quite understands that the Republican's grievance is purely personal.

THE New Mexico potato has stirred up a good deal of a fuss between the Las Vegas Optic and the Las Cruces Independent Democrat, and even Judge Wieland has had his say—it appears in another column. Now if Don Kezlie will arm himself with a stuffed club and go over and induce Prof. Blount to experiment perhaps we may be able to settle this question and produce a potato that will grow somewhere in New Mexico outside of Prof. Allan Kelly's immediate neighborhood.

THE Denver News says editorially: The meeting of the irrigation congress at Albuquerque in September is to be made the occasion of a well organized plan for showing to delegates and visitors the varied resources of New Mexico and Arizona. It is a pleasure to commend these efforts to bring to the attention of the public these inviting sections of the Rocky mountain country. New Mexico and Arizona are possessed of extensive agricultural, horticultural and mineral resources and in the coming influx of home seekers from the east they should obtain their share of immigration.

THE Columbia, Mo., Herald, founded and continuously conducted by Mr. E. W. Stephens, who was recently a visitor in Santa Fe, celebrated its 25th anniversary by the publication of what may certainly be pronounced one of the most magnificent editions that was ever issued from a newspaper office. It is really a handsome bound, beautifully printed, elegantly illustrated volume that would adorn any center table. The "art preservative of all arts" has been exhausted in its production. Its mechanical execution will bear close comparison with the Century or the Cosmopolitan magazines. The fact that Mr. Stephens can easily afford a costly luxury of this kind is a sufficient commentary upon the intelligence, enterprise, worth and wealth of his constituency.

JUST A WORD.

If it is true that the devil loves a cheerful liar, then the Albuquerque Citizen must be on very intimate terms with his satanic majesty. It's the same old story. The Citizen is so accustomed to apologizing for crime in New Mexico that it hasn't the good sense to keep its editorial nose out of the Chavez murder case until final results are shown. We doubt if the attorneys for the defense will thank the Citizen for rushing to their rescue at the present critical stage of proceedings.

THE GOLD TRUST.

"Anxious inquirer" is informed that "the syndicate," which the commercial reports and trade reviews so frequently speak of in connection with the present rapid improvement in general business all over the country, refers to the syndicate of Wall street and London bankers which has, in return for the favor of having been permitted to clear \$12,000,000 on the recent bond purchase, pledged itself to maintain the government's gold reserve and use its influence to stimulate a revival of trade and industry. Messrs. Morgan and Belmont stand at the head of this syndicate and they are backed by a dozen or fifteen men in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, whose combined wealth is an even \$300,000,000. It is not fair to say that avarice is the sole main-spring of their undertaking to support the government in an hour of need

and lift it up out of the slough of despond into which it has been plunged by thirty years of Republicanism in congress. They are men who have vast property interests throughout the land that must be guarded and since they can aid the government in doing this and at the same time make Uncle Sam pay them well for it, of course, they stand ready to make the most of it. Nobody can blame them for that. The original difficulty goes back a great many years, and grows out of the fact that congress has been too long and continuously legislating on one line, that is, for the classes as against the people.

However, "anxious inquirer" is right on one point. The very success of this syndicate, this handful of wealthy men, shows how near the danger line Republican legislative methods have brought our country, our boasted "home of the brave and land of the free." Properly speaking we would term "the syndicate" the gold trust, made up of the bread, sugar, beef, whisky, leather, oil, iron, lead, barbed wire, straw hat and coffin trusts, all of which combinations have been permitted to spring into being and prosper under Republican laws to the detriment of the tax-payers and consumers, the real Democracy and the bone and sinew of the nation.

The gold trust to-day has it all its way; it has the United States treasury by the throat, and has absolutely a corner on nearly everything we eat, drink and wear. Politicians wonder why the campaign for the elections in 1896 has been thus early opened. They have had nothing to do with it, certainly, but the people have, and they propose to find out between this time and the day of election how best to break the power of the gold and all other trusts and get back to the first principles of government.

PRESS COMMENTS.

An Ideal Vegetable.

Mr. J. F. Wieland, of Santa Fe, writes us: "The experiments of Prof. Blount in crossing the variety of solanum, called by Mr. Cross, and Prof. Blount, 'Mexican' potato, as described in his letter, are very interesting in showing that the little weed might possibly be improved by culture and crossing with our cultivated species. I am not so fortunate as to possess a botanical work on the peculiar flora of the Rocky mountains, and am therefore unable to say whether this native weed is the progenitor of our 'solanum tuberosum' (Irish potato) but am somewhat inclined to doubt it. In view of the success the professor achieved with those two plants it would be interesting in a still higher degree, if he would essay a series of experiments in crossing the lycopersium esculentum with the solanum tuberosum, the tomato with the potato. Botanists claim that the tomato is hardly of a distinct genus from the potato."

"It would be one of the grandest achievements in horticulture if we could possess a plant forming esculent roots at the base and edible fruit at the top. First, in summer, we could eat the fruit, and in the fall, dig up and store the potatoes for use in winter."

"This experiment has, I believe, been successfully accomplished in Europe, by green grafting of the tomato on the potato; but this is an operation requiring too much delicate manipulation with the knife to be attempted by the amateur, and if Prof. Blount should by impregnating flowers of the potato with pollen of the tomato, produce a new cross of hybrid, yielding on the same plant, both potatoes and tomatoes, he would achieve a wide world fame among horticulturists."—Las Cruces Farm and Orchard.

Do You Contemplate Making a Trip into Note These Cold Blooded Facts!!!

"Rio Grande" trains make connections at Denver with "Burlington Route Flyers" for St. Louis, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Paul, Omaha, Lincoln, Neb., and all points east, south and north; from Denver 11:00 a.m. and 9:50 p.m.

"The Burlington" has always been a leader in everything pertaining to the comfort and safety of its patrons. Magnificent Pullman Palace cars, Elegant Chair cars (free), through dining cars, all meals in train—only pay for what you eat (meals from 25 cents up). All our trains are vestibuled and when you take a Burlington train you can rest assured of arriving at your destination on time. Our "Flyer" leaving Denver at 9:50 p.m. daily, the handsomest and best equipped train in the west, arrives at Chicago at 7:55 and St. Louis at 7:10 the second morning—only one day on the road. "The Burlington" is the only direct line from Denver running over its own tracks exclusively from Denver to St. Louis or Chicago, thus obviating any danger of missing connections at the four river junction points and insuring connections at Chicago or St. Louis with the fast trains east or south.

Notwithstanding the many advantages offered by this "Strictly A-1 Line," our rates are as low as other lines, and our Rio Grande agents consider it a pleasure to give full particulars, ticket you, check your baggage to any point in the United States or Canada. Remember your local agent can make you as good rates as can be obtained in Denver, but should you desire any special information kindly write Geo. W. Valley, General Agent, 1099 17th Street, Denver, Colo.

FLAT-OPENING BLANK BOOKS

Being satisfied that if you have once used a flat-opening book, you will always use them, and in order to get you to try one the New Mexican Printing Co. of Santa Fe, will sell you HAND-MADE BLANK BOOKS, bound in full leather, with patent FLAT-OPENING STUBS, with your name and the number, or letter, of the book on the back in gilt letters, at the following low prices:

50 p. (400 pages) Cash Book..... \$5.50
50 p. (400 pages) Journal..... 5.00
75 p. (500 pages) Ledger..... 7.50
They are made with pages 10x16 inches, of a good ledger paper with round cornered covers. The books are made in our bindery and we guarantee every one of them.

THE NEW MEXICAN.

Daily, English Weekly and Spanish Weekly editions, will be found on sale at the following news depots, where subscriptions may also be made:
A. G. Teichman, Corralitos.
S. E. Newman, Albuquerque.
B. T. Link, Silver City.
J. B. Hodges, Deming.
C. O. Miller, Hillsborough.
B. Bailey, East Las Vegas.
L. R. Allen, Las Vegas.
S. F. Phelps, Albuquerque.
J. Jacob Weisner, City.
Fletcher & Arnold, Bland, N. M.

Notice of Sale.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO,
County of Santa Fe. ss.
In the District Court of the First Judicial District in and for the County of Santa Fe.
In Chambers.
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Complainant,
vs.
The Texas, Santa Fe & Northern Railroad Company, The Santa Fe Southern Railway Company, Thomas B. Catron, John G. Albright, Ansel F. Goodrich, Daniel Cherry and Henry A. True, co-partners as Goodrich, Cherry & Co., Ralph W. Scott and Joseph Whitehead, co-partners as R. W. Scott & Co., Lionel D. Saxton and E. B. Crook, co-partners as Co., Lionel A. Sheldon, Adam J. Hager, Robert Harvey, Administrator of the Estate of P. L. Van der Veer, deceased, Henry O. Bachelder and Edward L. Bachelder, surviving partners of the firm of Bachelder Brothers, B. M. Read, George H. Marshall, C. L. Wheeler, John Burns, A. J. Livingston, D. Livingston, Isaac N. Stone, Ambrosio Ortiz, Cesaria R. de Ortiz, Juan B. Lucero, Dolores O. de Lucero, James B. Orman and William Crook, co-partners as Orman & Crook, Charles H. Gildersleeve, The Second National Bank of New Mexico at Santa Fe, and George C. Preston, Defendants.

Whereas, in and by the decree of said District Court in the above entitled cause, rendered on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1895, and duly entered therein, the sum of \$1,160,238.83 was found and adjudged to be due and payable to the said complainant, for principal and interest of the first mortgage bonds issued by the said Texas, Santa Fe and Northern Railroad Company, under the provisions of a certain deed of trust for the security of the said bonds, made and delivered by the said Railroad Company to the complainant, and bearing date the 17th day of June, A. D. 1882, and recorded in the office of the probate clerk and ex-officio recorder of the said County of Santa Fe, on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1882, in Book C of Mortgage Deeds, at pages 66 to 79, inclusive, whereby the said Railroad Company conveyed to the said complainant, as trustee, all and singular the property, franchises, rights and subject-matter, particularly described in the said deed of trust and in the said decree, including all the right, title and interest which the said Railroad Company, The Texas, Santa Fe and Northern Railroad Company, then had, or might at any time hereafter have, in and to the said property, franchises, rights and subject-matter, and also all the other railroads belonging to, or thereafter to be acquired by, the said Railroad Company, together with all the lands, tracks, lines, rails, bridges, ways, buildings, fences, walls, fixtures, franchises, privileges, and rights of the said Railroad Company and also all locomotives, engines, tenders, cars, carriages, tools, machinery, manufactured and unmanufactured materials, coal, wood and supplies, of every kind, and all franchises, rights and subject-matter, and also all the tools, incomes, issues and profits, arising out of the said property, and all right to receive and recover the same; also all estate, right, title and interest of the said Texas, Santa Fe and Northern Railroad Company in and to any and every real estate, personal property, franchises, rights and subject-matter, and also all the lands, tracks, lines, rails, bridges, ways, buildings, fences, walls, fixtures, franchises, privileges, and rights of the said Railroad Company, or which might at any time hereafter during the continuation of the said trust, be acquired by the said Railroad Company, and also all choses in action, of every kind and description, including bills receivable, bank accounts, trade accounts, at books of record, and accounts of every kind and description, all papers, maps, inventions, and documents in anywise referring or relating to the property or franchises thereby conveyed; and all personal rights or interests in any franchises or privileges, of every kind and description, real, personal or mixed, and wherever the same may be situated, that might at any time after the date of the said indenture be acquired by, or for, the said Railroad Company; all of which it was thereby covenanted and agreed, by way of security, to the said complainant, as trustee, and by way of further and better security:

And, whereas, in and by the said decree, all and singular the said property, franchises, rights, and subject-matter, were directed to be sold for the satisfaction of the said indebtedness, with interest thereon from the 8th day of April, A. D. 1895, at the rate of six per cent per annum, as well as of the costs, allowances and expenses of the said suit, as mentioned in the said decree, which bonded indebtedness, with interest thereon as aforesaid, up to the 31 day of June, A. D. 1895, will amount to the sum of \$1,170,874.35.

And, whereas, upwards of twenty days have elapsed since the appointment of said decree, no payment whatever has been made of the said principal indebtedness, or the interest thereon, or any other sums required by the said decree to be paid, or any part of either thereof, and they all remain due and payable.

And, whereas, in and by the said decree, it is, among other things, ordered, adjudged and decreed that all the said premises and property, real, personal and mixed, rights and franchises, described in the said decree as aforesaid, wherever situated, including all and singular the estate, right, title, interest, possession, liens, claims, and demands, in law or in equity, or, or claimed by the defendant, The Santa Fe Southern Railway Company, of, in, or to the above described property, subject-matter and premises, or any part thereof, shall by the undersigned Special Master, thereunto appointed in and by the said decree, be sold in entirety, and without an appraisement or right of redemption, at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, in manner and form as hereinafter specified, and upon the terms prescribed in and by the said decree:

Therefore, I, the undersigned, Antonio Joseph, said Special Master, acting under and in pursuance of the said decree, do hereby give notice that on Monday, the third day of June, A. D. 1895, at 12 o'clock, noon, of the said day, at the front door of the county court house, in the city and county of Santa Fe, in the Territory of New Mexico, there shall be sold to the highest bidder therefor, all and singular the said property, premises, rights, franchises and subject-matter, upon the following terms and conditions:

1. The purchaser, when the property is struck down to him, shall at once pay to said Special Master, on account of his purchase, the sum of \$25,000 in United States currency, or in such certified draft, certificate or check as may be satisfactory to the said Special Master, or any receiver's certificates then outstanding in this cause, at their face value, with interest thereon, or any receipts of the complainant or its solicitors, for or on account of costs, allowances, disbursements or expenses, taxed or allowed by the said court, or partly in cash and partly in any substitute thereof aforesaid.

2. Should the purchaser fail to make such payment at the said time, or to satisfy the said Special Master, on account of his purchase, the said property, franchises, rights and subject-matter aforesaid shall be resold, the court reserving the right to consider such resale as made on account of said proposed purchaser, or as an original sale, but which sale, under such circumstances, shall be made at once, and without further notice.

3. The deposit received from the successful bidder shall be on account of the purchase price, and such further portion of the purchase price shall be paid in cash, as the court may from time to time direct, the court reserving the right to resell the property, franchises, rights and subject-matter aforesaid, in the event of the failure of the purchaser or purchasers, his, its, or their successors, legal representatives or assigns, to comply within twenty days with any order of the court in that regard.

4. The remainder of the purchase price may be paid either in money, or in bonds or overdue coupons secured by the said deed of trust, or the receiver's certificates aforesaid, or by either one or more of such means of payment; each said bond and overdue coupon to be received for such sum as the holder thereof is entitled to receive under the distribution ordered in and by the said decree, and each of the said receiver's certificates to be received at its face value, with accrued interest.

5. Within thirty days from the confirmation of the said sale, or sales, or such further time as the court may, on application of the purchaser, for good cause shown, the purchaser or purchasers of the said property shall complete payment of the entire amount bid to the said Special Master; and, on such payment, the said purchaser or purchasers shall be entitled to receive a deed of conveyance of the said property, franchises and franchises, from the said Special Master, and from the other parties to this cause, as provided in and by the said decree, and to receive possession of the property so purchased from the parties holding possession of the same.

Dated, at Santa Fe, this 8th day of May, A. D. 1895.

ANTONIO JOSEPH,
Special Master.

TURNER, McCLELL & ROLSTON,
JOHN H. KNAEDEL,
CHARLES W. WATERMAN,
Solicitors for Complainant.

TERMINO DE NUEVO MEXICO,
Condado de Santa Fe. ss.
En la corte de distrito del primer distrito judicial, en y por el condado de Santa Fe. En camara.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Demandante,
vs.
The Texas, Santa Fe and Northern Railroad Company, The Santa Fe Southern Railway Company, Thomas B. Catron, John G. Albright, Ansel F. Goodrich, Daniel Cherry y Henry A. True, asociados como Goodrich, Cherry & Co., Ralph W. Scott y Joseph Whitehead, asociados como R. W. Scott & Co., Lionel D. Saxton y E. B. Crook, asociados como Co., Lionel A. Sheldon, Adam J. Hager, Robert Harvey, administrador del estado de P. L. Vander Veer, finado, Henry O. Bachelder y Edward L. Bachelder, socios sobrevivientes de la firma de Bachelder Brothers, Bachelder Brothers, B. M. Read, George H. Marshall, C. L. Wheeler, John Burns, A. J. Livingston, D. Livingston, Isaac N. Stone, Ambrosio Ortiz, Cesaria R. de Ortiz, Juan B. Lucero, Dolores O. de Lucero, James B. Orman y William Crook, asociados como Orman & Crook, Charles H. Gildersleeve, The Second National Bank of New Mexico at Santa Fe y George C. Preston, Demandados.

Por cuanto, en y por decreto de dicha corte de distrito en la causa arriba titulada, rendido el 8 de Abril, A. D. 1895, y debidamente registrado, la suma de \$1,160,238.83, se halló y se adjudicó que se debía y era pagadera al dicho demandante por el principal y rédito de los primeros bonos de hipoteca emitidos por la dicha Texas, Santa Fe and Northern Railroad Company, bajo los patrones de una cierta escritura de fideicomiso para la seguridad de dichos bonos, ejecutada y entregada por la dicha Compañía Ferrocarrilera a la demandante, la cual llevaba fecha del día 17 de Junio, A. D. 1882, y registrada en la oficina del escribano de pruebas y ex-officio registrador del dicho condado de Santa Fe, en el Libro C de Hipotecas, en las páginas 66 hasta 79 inclusive, por la cual la dicha Compañía Ferrocarrilera traspasó al dicho demandante, como fideicomisario, toda y singular la propiedad, franquicias, derechos y franquicias, y todas las cosas, muebles o inmuebles, que en cualquier tiempo después de la fecha de dicha escritura de fideicomiso, o ser adquirido por la dicha Compañía Ferrocarrilera, y también toda propiedad en litigio de cualquiera clase y descripción incluyendo cuentas aceptables, cuentas de libro, balances, de traspaso, de libros de rotos y cuentas de toda clase y descripción, todos los papeles, mapas, invenciones y documentos que de cualquiera manera se refieren o relacionan a la propiedad o franquicias traspasadas; también todas las franquicias y propiedad, y todos los derechos personales o intereses en cualquiera franquicia o propiedad, de cualquiera clase o descripción, raíz, mueble o mixta, y en dondequiera que la misma este situada, que pudiera en cualquier tiempo después de la fecha de dicha escritura ser adquirida por o para la dicha Compañía Ferrocarrilera; todo lo cual se estipuló por ella servir, por vía de acrecentamiento, para beneficio y provecho del dicho demandante, como fideicomisario, y por vía de mas y mejor seguridad;

Y, por cuanto, en y por el tal decreto, toda y singular la dicha propiedad, franquicias, derechos y materias, o denaron de vender para satisfacer dicha deuda con rédito sobre la misma desde el día 8 de Abril, A. D. 1895, a razón del 6 por ciento anual, así como de los costos, señalamientos y gastos de dicho pleito, según mencionado en dicho decreto, la cual deuda mortuoria, con rédito sobre la misma como antes dicho, hasta el día 3 de Junio, A. D. 1895, amontara a la suma de \$1,170,874.35.

Y por cuanto, no obstante que ha pasado el lapso de veinte días desde la rendición y protocolo de dicho decreto, ningún pago se ha hecho del dicho principal y rédito, o del rédito sobre la misma, ni de cualquiera otra suma requerida por el dicho decreto de que se pague, ni de cualquiera parte de ellas, y todas quedan debidas y pagaderas;

Y, por cuanto, en y por el tal decreto, entre otras cosas se ordena, adjudica y decreta que, en y por el dicho decreto, se vendan, en conjunto y sin avalúo al mayor postor, en pública subasta, y forma como aquí mas adelante especificado, y según los terminos prescritos en, y por el dicho decreto.

Por tanto yo, el abajo firmado, Antonio Joseph, el dicho maestro especial, obrando según y de conformidad con dicho decreto, por esta día y fecha que es Lunes Tercer día de Junio, A. D. 1895, a las 12 medio día, de dicho día, en la puerta de entrada de la casa de cortes del condado, en la ciudad y condado de Santa Fe, en el Territorio de Nuevo Mexico, ofrezco de venta, y entiendo que no vendere, en conjunto, al postor mas alto, toda y singular la dicha propiedad, franquicias, derechos, franquicias y materias sobre los terminos y condiciones siguientes:

1. El comprador cubre la propiedad se le remate, pagara inmediatamente al maestro especial, por cuenta de su compra, la suma de \$25,000 en moneda de los Estados Unidos, o en tal libranza certificada, certificado o libramiento como sea satisfactorio al dicho maestro especial, o cualquiera certificados de interventor, pendientes en esta causa, a valor de su faz, con rédito acumulado, o cualquiera resaca del demandante, o sus abogados, por o en cuenta de costas, señalamientos, desembolsos, o gastos, tasados o concedidos por dicha corte, o parte en dinero y parte en cualquiera sustituto por el antes dicho.

2. Si el comprador falta a hacer tal pago inmediato, la dicha propiedad, franquicias, derechos, franquicias, y materias, antes dicho, se venderan de nuevo, reservándose la corte el derecho de considerar tal venta nueva como que se hizo a cuenta de dicho supuesto comprador, o como venta original, pero tal venta, bajo tales circunstancias, se hara inmediatamente, y sin mas aviso.

3. El depósito recibido del oferente sera por cuenta del precio de compra, y tal parte del precio de compra se pagara en efectivo según la corte lo dirija de tiempo en tiempo, reservándose la corte el derecho de vender de nuevo las premisas y propiedades que el decreto ordena de venderse, a falta de que el comprador o compradores, en, o sus sucesores, representantes legales y asignados, en cumplir dentro de veinte días con cualquiera orden de la corte en ese respecto.

4. Lo restante del precio de compra se pagara ya sea en dinero o en bonos o en cualquier otro modo, a elección del comprador, por la dicha escritura de fideicomiso, o los certificados de interventor antes dicho, o por cualquiera uno o mas de tales medios de pago; cada un tal bono y suma de adeudo pasará se recibirá por tal suma como el tenedor del mismo estaria intitulado a recibir bajo la distribución ordenada en y por tal decreto, y cada uno de los certificados de dicho interventor de recibirse al valor de su faz, con el correspondiente rédito.

5. Dentro de treinta días de la confirmación de dicha venta, o ventas, o tal tiempo mas como la corte permita, por aplicación del comprador, por buena causa demostrada, el comprador o compradores de dicha propiedad, completarán el pago de la entera cantidad ofrecida al dicho maestro especial; y sobre tal pago, el dicho comprador o compradores estarán intitulado a recibir escritura de traspaso de dicha propiedad, franquicias y franquicias, del dicho maestro especial, y de las otras partes en esta causa, según provisto en y por el dicho decreto, y a recibir posesión de la propiedad así comprada, de las partes que tienen posesión de la misma.

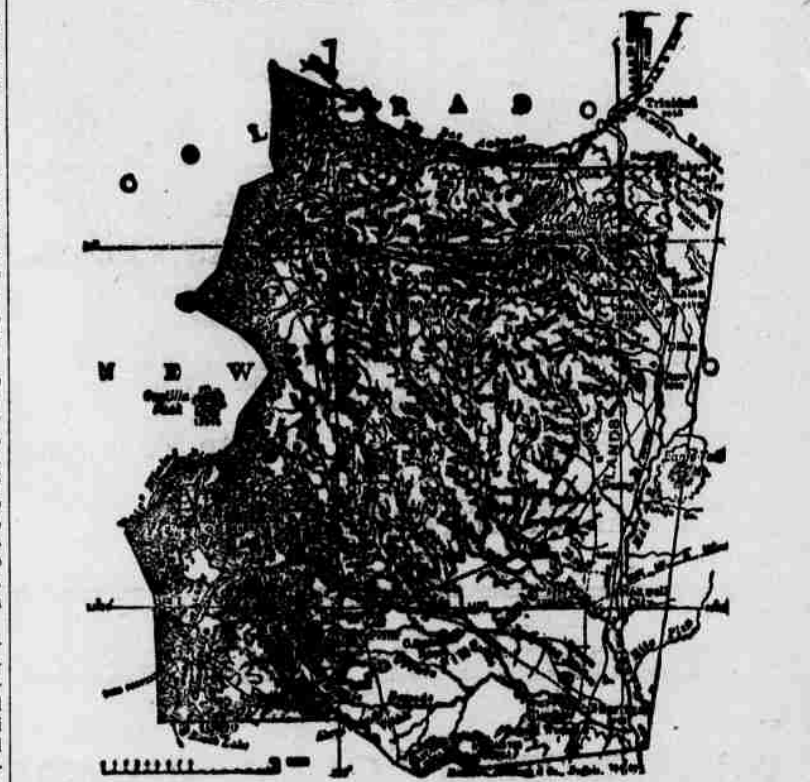
Fecho en Santa Fe, este día 8 de Mayo, A. D. 1895.

ANTONIO JOSEPH,
Maestro Especial.

TURNER, McCLELL & ROLSTON,
JOHN H. KNAEDEL,
CHARLES W. WATERMAN,
Abogados por el Demandante.

Re-Opening of Montezuma Hotel, Las Vegas, Mont. Springs.
This famous mountain resort will be re-opened June 20, 1895. The Mountain House, near by and under the same management, will be opened June 1. For passenger and hotel rates and general information call on agents Santa Fe route. H. B. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M. Geo. T. NICHOLSON, G. P. A.

THE MAXWELL LAND GRANT Farm Lands! UNDER IRRIGATING DITCHES. Gold Mines! Choice Mountain and Valley Lands near the Foot of the FOR SALE.



For the Irrigation of the Prairies and Valleys between Raton and Springer One Hundred miles of large irrigating Canals have been built. These lands with perpetual water rights are sold cheap and on the easy terms of ten annual payments, with 7 per cent interest. In addition to the above there are 1,400,000 acres of land for sale, consisting mainly of Agricultural, Coal and Timber Lands. The climate is unsurpassed, and alfalfa, grain and fruit of all kinds grow to perfection and in abundance. Those wishing to view the lands can secure special rates on the railroad, and will have a rebate also on the same, if they should buy 180 acres or more.

The famous Gold Mining Camps near Elizabethtown and Baldy are thrown open to prospectors on more favorable terms than locations on Government land. Mining regulations sent on application. Daily, four-hour, covered coaches leave Springer at 7 a.m., except Sundays, for Cimarron, Baldy and Elizabethtown, and leave these points every morning, Sundays excepted, for Springer. The A. T. & S. F. and U. P. D. & G. railroads cross this property. WARRANTY DEEDS GIVEN. For full particulars apply to

THE MAXWELL LAND GRANT CO.
Raton, New Mexico.

COAL & TRANSFER, LUMBER AND FEED

All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Texas Flooring at the Lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also carry on a general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain.

DUDROW & DAVIS, Props.

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To all Points East, North, South and West.

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Fine line of equipment, dining and chair cars on all trains between Kansas City and Chicago. Ask agents below for time cards.

O. H. MOREHOUSE, Div. Frt. Agt., El Paso, Tex. H. S. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. B. BRADY, Dentist. Rooms in Kahn Block, over Spitz' Jewelry Store. Office hours, 9 to 12 a.m.; 2 to 5 p.m.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and counselor at law, P. O. Box "F," Santa Fe, N. M., practices in supreme and all district courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care. Practices in all the courts in the territory.

A. B. RENEHAN, Attorney at Law. Practices in all territorial courts. Commissioner court of claims. Collections and title searching. Office with E. A. Fiske, Spiegelberg block Santa Fe.

MAX FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

VICTORY & POPE, Attorneys at law, Santa Fe, N. M. Will practice in all the courts.

GEO. W. KNAEDEL, Office in Griffin block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office, Catron block.

HENRY L. WALDO, Attorney at Law. Will practice in the several courts of the territory. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care. Office in Catron block.

A. A. FREEMAN, Late Asso. Justice N. M. Sup. Court. FREEMAN & BACA, Attorneys at Law, Socorro, N. M. Will practice in the courts of Socorro, Lincoln, Chavez and Eddy counties. Also in the Supreme and U. S. Land courts at Santa Fe.

A LADY'S TOILET Is not complete without an ideal COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautiful, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate. Insist upon having the genuine. IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Scott's Emulsion

is Cod-liver Oil emulsified, or made easy of digestion and assimilation. To this is added the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, which aid in the digestion of the Oil and increase materially the potency of both. It is a remarkable flesh-producer. Emaciated, anemic and consumptive persons gain flesh upon it very rapidly. The combination is a most happy one.

Physicians recognize its superior merit in all conditions of wasting. It has had the endorsement of the medical profession for 20 years.

Don't be persuaded to take a substitute.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50c and \$1.

SUNBEAMS.

There was a man in our town,
Reputed wondrous wise,
Who changed his winter flannels,
To everyone's surprise.
But when he saw what he had done,
With all his might and main,
This wise man straightway humped himself,
And got them on again.

When on the High Seas.

On the rail, on a steamboat, aboard a fishing smack, or yachting on the coast, Hostetter Stomach Bitters will be found a reliable means of averting and relieving ailments to which travelers, mariners and emigrants are peculiarly subject. Sea sickness, ship doctors, voyagers or sojourners in the tropics, and all about to encounter unaccustomed, unaccustomed or dangerous climate, should not neglect to avail themselves of this safeguard of well ascertained and long-tried merit. Constipation, biliousness, malarial fever, indigestion, rheumatism and affections of the bladder and kidneys are among the ailments which it eradicates, and it may be resorted to not only with confidence in its remedial efficacy, but also in its perfect freedom from every objectionable ingredient, since it is derived from the purest and most salutary sources. It counteracts the effects of unwholesome food and water.

April comes alternately,
Lugubrious and cheery,
And everybody acts as if
Such conduct made him weary.

Any one who has ever had an attack of inflammatory rheumatism will rejoice with Mr. J. A. Stumm, 220 Boyle Heights, Los Angeles, over his fortunate escape from a siege of that distressing ailment. Mr. Stumm is foreman of Merriam's confectory establishment. Some months ago, on leaving the heated work room to run across the street on an errand, he was caught out in the rain. The result was that when ready to go home that night he was unable to walk, owing to inflammatory rheumatism. He was taken home, and on arrival was placed in front of a good fire and thoroughly rubbed with Chamberlain's Pain Balm. During the evening and night he was repeatedly bathed with this liniment, and by morning was relieved of all rheumatic pains. He now takes especial pleasure in praising Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and always keeps a bottle of it in the house. For sale by A. C. Ireland, Jr.

And finally he raises his eyes,
Those eyes of soiled blue;
And to the newer woman said:
I'll be a brother to you.

While in Stockton, Cal., some time ago, Thos. F. Langan, of Los Banos, that state, was taken very severely with cramps and diarrhoea. He chanced to meet Mr. C. M. Carter, who was similarly afflicted. He says: "I told him of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and we went to the Holden drug store and procured a bottle of it. It gave Mr. Carter prompt relief and I can vouch for its having cured me." For sale by A. C. Ireland, Jr.

Are you for silver or gold? asked the statesman.
That depends, replied the politician.
Which have you got?

**RHEUMATISM,
LUMBAGO,
SCIATICA,
LAME BACK,
DEBILITY, Etc.**

WHY BE SICK

When a trifle will buy the greatest healing invention of the day? Dr. Cass's Electric Belt is a complete body battery for self-treatment, and guaranteed, or money refunded. It will cure without medicine Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Lame Back, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Nervous Debility, Weakness, Loss of Brains and all effects of early intemperance or excess. To treat men it is the greatest possible boon, as the solid, nothing electric current is applied directly to the nerve centers and improvements are felt from the first hour used. A pocket edition of the celebrated electro-medical work.

"Three Classes of Men,"
Illustrated, is sent free, sealed, by mail upon application. Every young, middle-aged or old man suffering the slightest weakness should read it. It will show an easy, sure and speedy way to regain strength, and health when everything else has failed.
THE SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.,
No. 926 Broadway, N. Y., Denver, Col.
Also New York, Chicago & London, Eng.
Largest Electro-Medical Concern in the World.

The young man whose salary wasn't long enough by several lengths to reach to all the points he wanted it to, had been harassed that morning by numerous persons with bills and bills. About noon, at which time he had lost count of them, his landlady's husband appeared with another for the past month's provender.

What's this? he asked, displaying considerable annoyance.
Your board bill for a month.

Well, I'll not pay it, he exclaimed, throwing it on his desk. Do all you people think I have no use for money except to pay bills with? and he invited the caller to get out.

WAS HE A COWARD?

After dinner at the Hotel Metropole we retired to a cozy corner of the smoking room, my newly made acquaintance and I. "To resume the subject we were discussing at the table," he began, "let me give you an instance that came across my notice some years ago.

"It wasn't the first affair of honor that I had had to do with in one way or another, but not even the first unnerved me like this did.

"My friend, Paul Graham, was a young lawyer. We had played together in infancy, and we were chums at college. We spent our vacations together shooting and fishing.

"More than once I had heard him declare that in his opinion dueling was morally and socially wrong. Once I asked him:

"Would you refuse a challenge?"

"I shall never send one," he answered, "and it would be cowardice in me to accept one."

"But—"

"I have not answered the question, you are about to object. I cannot answer it in a word. If I ever accept a challenge, it will be for the simple reason that I am afraid of what people would think and say."

"All this I remembered when the affair with William Cuthbert came up. Graham sent for me. I knew he would. There was little to say except that Cuthbert's friend, Milman, had called upon him (Graham) that afternoon.

"There is only one thing for me to do. Will you carry my answer?" he said. "It did look cold blooded. This man was—well, he was sacrificing himself. Cuthbert was a crack shot and had killed his man. Graham was a miserably poor shot and a novice."

"Will you carry my answer?"

"On condition that you consent to my arrangements as to the distance, and that you promise me upon your honor as a gentleman to shoot to kill."

"Do as you please."

"Good. Well, thank Commodore Deatur for the suggestion and make the most of it. And promise me that you will kill him if you can."

"He shook his head.

"You know what I believe. I shall not try to hit him in any event. If I killed him, it would be murder."

"Idiot! And what would it be if he killed you?"

"Of course I refused to have anything to do with the matter. In fact, I came near going to Cuthbert to explain the situation fully, in gross violation of confidence. I didn't know what to do, and, finally did nothing but lose some sleep over it. I even refused to go as surgeon, but consented reluctantly when Graham insisted.

"His second was an ass named Morrow—a consummate ass! He agreed to ten paces, when he might have known that Cuthbert's being—disconcerted—as the British officer was by Deatur's arrangement, in behalf of the midshipman, by bringing the principals together—was Graham's only chance.

"For many reasons, then, I was low spirited that morning. Our ride was as solemn as a funeral procession.

"Cuthbert and his friends had just reached the grounds when we arrived.

"No time was lost in making ready. Graham's second lost the toss for position, of course. Even yet the thought of that—but my opinion of Morrow, beyond question the most adroit player of backgammon, is not material to the narrative. He lost the toss. That much is relevant. I never lost the toss in my life. Never!

"One—two—"

"Then a very irregular and somewhat dramatic thing happened. Graham raised his left hand, meaning that a halt must be made for some reason. Was it, could it be cowardice? Was he afraid to be shot at? In an instant I knew better, because I knew him so well, but the others didn't."

"Jim," he said, without moving from his tracks, "come here a second."

"Cuthbert and Milman bowed their consent."

"I went to Graham's side. In a perfectly steady voice he asked for a piece of paper. As I tore a page from a small notebook he put his pistol carefully under his left arm and drew a pencil from his pocket. He scribbled a few words and then folded the paper."

"Keep that," he said to me.

"I drew aside, thinking less about this singular interruption than about Graham's manner. There was absolutely no trace of faltering. His face was firm. But something in his very deliberation and coolness was wrong—a stiffness, a sort of paralysis that could not be defined. His movements had a mechanical, an automatic appearance.

"I am very sorry to have been obliged to interrupt," said Graham quietly. "I am quite ready now. You had counted two."

"Three—four!"

"My friend drew his hand to his breast at the report of Cuthbert's pistol and came near falling. He steadied himself against me and fired without aim at random. Then he fell."

"I cut open his shirt and saw at once that the wound was very serious and not necessarily fatal, so far as a superficial examination showed, but with the chances against recovery."

"You'd better get over the line," I said to Cuthbert. He is likely to die."

"Graham revived a bit and tried to whisper my name."

"Brusqueness is a characteristic of mine. Frankness is another. On this exceptional occasion I was reasonably smooth spoken, and I lied to my patient. I told him he was in no real danger."

"Cuthbert?" he questioned in a barely audible tone as I leaned over him.

"Why," said I, "there he is."

"Is he hurt?"

"No. Can't you see him right over my shoulder?"

"I—I was afraid—I might—might have hit him."

"Then, for the first time, I looked closely into Graham's eyes. They were blank, sightless. I remembered the case of his father, remarkable from a professional standpoint, who was suddenly stricken with blindness. This had happened to the wounded man."

"Suddenly I thought of the note he had given me. It was the single sentence: 'I am blind.'"

"And yet they thought this man had hesitated through fear. They had sneered at his awkwardness."

"Jim," he said earnestly, though still in a broken whisper, "if God spares my life I shall go to preaching, and I'll stop dueling, disgrace or no disgrace."

"He kept his word, as he always did. His first convert to the Antidueling League was William Cuthbert."—Exchange.

THEY SUSPECTED.

But, After All, There Was a Good Reason For His Nervousness.

The traveling auditor of one of the large railways centering in the city, in following his course of duty the other day, happened upon a small way station to examine the accounts. He was accompanied by one of the lesser officials of the road, who was going around to investigate affairs. The station agent at this particular point had been exemplary in his administration of the affairs of the company. His accounts were always correct, and no fault had ever been found with him, not even in the minutest detail. But when the officials arrived this morning they both remarked that he had a very nervous, excitable manner and seemed to be annoyed at their intrusion.

So one said to the other: "We have always been in the habit of making a mere glance over this man's books suffice as an audit, but today he seems so excited and nervous I think we had better make a thorough investigation. It looks as if there was something crooked."

They both agreed that this would only be proper, so settled down for a day's work.

When the station agent observed their unusual actions, he seemed to become more nervous and ill at ease. The officials thought was an indication that something was very wrong. They began work in earnest on the books, giving them a thorough overhauling. They worked away till noon, when they requested the keys, and on going for dinner looked the office, taking the station agent with them. The station man was so excited that he scarcely took a bite to eat. With a knowing wink the two officials called each other's attention to this.

After dinner they went back to the station and resumed working away on every detail of the business. The agent was becoming paler and more nervous as the investigation proceeded. They worked away, expecting each moment to come across a startling disclosure. But supper time came, and still the agent's honor was safe. So as they prepared to leave the office the official in a solemn tone said to the agent:

"Mr. Blank, you be back here at 7 o'clock. We may want to see you."

The agent became more flustered and at last broke out:

"But, gentlemen, I'm going to be married tonight!"

Then the officials looked at each other in disgust, realizing what had been the true cause of the agent's excited condition. Finally one said:

"Well, why in the dickens didn't you tell us that before?"

And they humbly got their things together in time to board the next train for the city, which had just whistled for the station.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

An Englishman's Geography.

"So you propose to make a tour through the United States, my boy," said Englishman No. 1 to Englishman No. 2 as they sat together in a London clubroom.

"Yes, I'm going to make a hurried trip through the States."

"What parts of the country are you going to visit?"

"Well, I shall land in the city of New Hampshire and give the town a pretty thorough visit. Then I shall sail up the Georgia river to Denver where my famous university. Then I shall put in a few weeks in the great forests of Cincinnati, hunting the antelope. I expect to make a trip across the vast prairies of Rhode Island and shoot an elephant or two. After that I shall winter in Bar Harbor and study American society among its most select representatives. Early in the spring I shall hire a guide and go on a fishing excursion up the California river into the lakes of Chicago."

"Going to visit New York?"

"Don't know as I shall get as far as that."—New York World.

The Science of War.

Proprietor of Iron Works—If I understand you correctly, you wish to place an order for armor plate that no cannon shot can pierce. We are turning out that kind of thing every day.

Agent of Foreign Government—No, you misunderstand. I wish to know if you can manufacture a cannon that can pierce any armor plate.

Proprietor—Certainly, sir. We are doing that kind of thing every day.—Chicago Record.

Woman's Rights.

"Do you believe in woman's rights?" asked the American young man.

"Certainly," replied Lord Diddleby.

"My fiancée has \$500,000 in her own right, and I consider it deuced charming in her."—Washington Star.

Superfluous Animal.

"Do you keep a dog?" asked the visitor.

"No," answered the husband of Mrs. Strongmind, with a patient sigh. "We don't need one. My wife always tries her speeches on me."—Chicago Tribune.

The Kiss Scientifically Considered.

Mother—What's that snacking noise in the parlor?

Students Boy (who goes to school)—It's sister and her young man exchanging microbes.—New York Weekly.

And None Disputed.

"Was he hurt money he married her for?"

"Well, she claimed it was hers."—Detroit Tribune.

A New England Version of Tennyson.

Come into the garden, Maud.
For the white cat winter has died,
An you got ter hustle around
An spade up the garden bed.
The horse reddish down by the wall
Has sprouted, the rhubarb, too,
An the fennel an' parsnips
In calla, Maud, for you.

Come into the garden, Maud.
Bring the rake, the hoe an' the spade,
An the lettin' an' layin' seeds.
It is time that the beens be made.
An I will look over the wall
While the robin sings you a song
An the bumblebees buzz around
To see how you're gettin' along.

For there isn't a soul but you,
As your ma said when she died,
To work in the garden, Maud,
So you bustle right down to us.
For me as the hired man
An the boys has plenty to do
With plowin', plantin' an' such
An pushin' the farm work through.

Go shet the planner up.
An your wootered dogs lay by.
Take the rings from off of your hands—
It'll do no good to cry—
An into the garden, Maud,
Like a dutiful, clever young lass.
You bustle this minute, now,
Or there'll be no garden sash.

The buttercups bloomed in her hair;
The roses bloomed on her cheek;
She could "rustle the township down
When she'd worked in the garden a week.
—M. Phelps Dawson in New York Sun.

Whooping Cough.

There is no danger from this disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is freely given. It liquefies the tough mucus and aids its expectoration. It also lessens the severity and frequency of paroxysms of coughing and insures a speedy recovery. There is not the least danger in giving the remedy to children or babies, as it contains no injurious substance. For sale by A. C. Ireland, Jr.

Dr. PIERCE'S
PLEASANT
PELLETS
CURE
SICK HEADACHE,
BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
POOR APPETITE,
and all derangements of the
Stomach, Liver and Bowels.
Of all druggists.
ONCE USED
ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

YOUNG SPIRITS.
A vigorous body and robust strength follow good health. But all fall when the vital powers are weakened. Nervous debility and loss of manly power result from bad habits, contracted by the young through ignorance of their ruinous consequences. Low spirits, melancholia, impaired memory, morose or irritable temper, fear of impending calamity and a thousand and one derangements of body and mind, result from such pernicious practices. All these are permanently cured by improved methods of treatment without the patient leaving home.

A medical treatise written in plain but chaste language, treating of the nature, symptoms and curability of such diseases, sent securely sealed in a plain envelope, on receipt of this notice, with recent stamps, for postage. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Her golden hair has hung down her back.
According to the song, this many a day;
And no one would, I'm thinking, be surprised,
Were it found to be a trifle tinged with gray.

ATLANTIC & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

(Western Division.)
(J. W. Reinhart, John J. McConk, Joseph C. Wilson, Receivers.)

TIME TABLE NO. 39.

In Effect Sunday, November 4, 1894.

Leave Chicago at 10:00 p. m.; 10:00 p. m. Arrive at Chicago at 10:00 p. m.; 9:00 a. m.
Leave Kansas City, Mo., at 1:50 p. m.; 2:00 p. m. Arrive at Kansas City, Mo., at 6:10 p. m.; 5:00 p. m.
Leave Denver at 11:50 p. m. Arrive at Denver at 5:15 a. m.; 4:45 a. m.
Leave La Junta at 7:20 a. m.; 10:10. Arrive at La Junta at 10:50 a. m.; 8:55 p. m.

WESTWARD	STATIONS	EASTWARD
9:40p. 3:30a.	Albuquerque	8:15p. 6:10a.
3:15a. 9:10a.	Coolidge	3:20p. 1:35p.
3:07a. 9:15a.	Wingate	2:50p. 1:07a.
3:00a. 10:00a.	Albuquerque	2:30p. 12:35a.
5:30a. 12:25p.	Navajo Springs	12:25p. 10:15p.
6:50a. 1:25p.	Holbrook	10:40a. 5:55p.
7:10a. 2:50p.	Winslow	9:30a. 7:20p.
10:45a. 5:40p.	Flagstaff	7:20a. 5:40p.
12:35p. 7:50p.	Williams	6:50a. 4:20p.
1:10p. 8:40p.	Ash Fork	4:30a. 2:55p.
2:45p. 9:50p.	Seligman	3:35a. 2:50p.
4:25p. 11:40p.	Peach Springs	2:10a. 12:40p.
6:05p. 1:40a.	Kingman	11:20p. 10:10a.
8:30p. 4:10a.	Needles, Cal.	8:50p. 7:50a.
10:50p. 6:40a.	Barstow	10:50p. 12:10a.
12:50a. 9:00a.	Bagdad	5:10p. 3:10a.
3:32a. 12:07p.	Daguerre	2:45p. 12:32a.
4:15a. 2:50p.	Barstow	12:50p. 12:10a.
6:50p. 1:40a.	Mojave	1:50p.

Arrive Los Angeles 9:35 a. m.; 6:30 p. m.
Leave Los Angeles at 7:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.

Arrive San Diego 12:45 p. m.; 9:20 p. m.
Leave San Diego at 2:15 p. m.
Arrive at San Francisco at 9:15 a. m.
Leave San Francisco at 9:00 a. m.

*Every day but Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.

ALBUQUERQUE—A. T. & S. F. Railway for all points east and south.

ASH FORK—Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix railway for points in central and southern Arizona.

BLAKE—Nevada Southern Railway for Purdy and connection with stage lines for mining districts north.

BARSTOW—Southern California Railway for Los Angeles, San Diego and other California points.

MOJAVE—Southern Pacific Company for San Francisco, Sacramento and other northern California points.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

No change is made by sleeping car passengers between San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and Chicago. The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad, the great middle route across the American continent, in connection with the railways of the "Santa Fe route," Liberal management; superior facilities; picturesque scenery; excellent accommodations.

The Grand Canon of the Colorado

the most sublime of nature's work on earth, indescribable, can easily be reached via Flagstaff, Williams or Peach Springs on this road. To the natural bridge of Arizona and Montezuma's well you can journey most directly by this line. Observe the ancient Indian civilization of Laguna or Acoma, "the City of the Sky." Visit the petrified forest near Carrizo. See and marvel at the freak of Canon Diablo. Take a hunting trip in the magnificent pine forests of the San Francisco mountains. Find interest in the ruins of the pre-historic

Cave and Cliff Dwellers.

View the longest cantilever bridge in America across the Colorado river.

JNO. J. BYRNE,
Gen. Pass. Agt., Los Angeles, Cal.
G. H. SPURGE,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., San Francisco, Cal.
H. B. VAN SLYCK,
Gen. Agt., Albuquerque, N. M.

The PECOS VALLEY of . . . NEW MEXICO

OFFERS unequalled advantages to the farmer, fruit grower, live stock raiser, dairyman, bee-keeper, and to the home-seeker generally.

The soil of the Pecos Valley is of high average fertility, and under irrigation produces bountiful crops of most of the grasses, grains, vegetables, berries and fruits of the temperate and some of those of the semi-tropical zone. In such fruit as the peach, pear, plum, grape, prune, apricot, nectarine, cherry, quince, etc., the Valley will dispute for the pre-eminence with California; while competent authority pronounces its upper portions in particular the finest apple country in the world.

Enormous yields of such forage crops as alfalfa, sorghum and Egyptian corn make the feeding of cattle and sheep and the raising and fattening of hogs a very profitable occupation.

The cultivation of sugarcane—a tanning material of great value—is becoming an important industry in the Pecos Valley, a home market having been afforded for all that can be raised, at a price yielding a handsome profit.

The climate of the Pecos Valley has no superior in the United States, being pre-eminently healthful and health restoring.

Lands with perpetual water-rights are for sale at low prices and on easy terms. The water supply of the Pecos Valley has no equal in all the arid region for constancy and reliability; and this with the superb climate, productive soil and the facilities afforded by the railway which extends through the Valley's entire length, will cause these lands to enjoy a constant, and at times rapid, increase in value.

The recent completion of the Pecos Valley Railway to Roswell will cause the more rapid settlement and development of the upper portions of the Valley, including the rich Feliz section. The company has recently purchased many of the older improved farms about Roswell, and has now for sale lands to meet the wants of all—raw lands, partially improved lands, as well as farms with houses, orchards and fields of alfalfa and other crops. In the vicinity of Roswell several pieces of land have been divided into five and ten acres tracts, suitable for orchards and truck farms in connection with suburban homes. Certain of these tracts are being planted to orchards, and will be cultivated and cared for by the company for three years at the end of which period they will be handed over to the purchasers. Write for pamphlet fully describing the terms and conditions on which these several classes of tracts are sold.

FOR FULL INFORMATION REGARDING THE PECOS VALLEY WITH COPIES OF ILLUSTRATED PUBLICATIONS ADDRESS

The Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Company,
Eddy, N. M., or Colorado Springs, Colo.

VIGOR OF MEN
Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body by simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Greatest Railroad on Earth—
Santa Fe Route!

Teachers and others going to National Education Association meeting at Denver in July, should remember that the Santa Fe offers as low rates as any other line, with better service. Special inducements to small or large parties.

Through Pullman Sleepers and free Chair Cars—Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City to Denver. One hundred miles' superior service of Rocky Mountains between Pueblo and Denver.

Privilege of attending Summer School, Colorado Springs, on return trip.

Low-rate-excursions into the mountains after meeting is over.

For descriptive pamphlets, address

Agt. A. T. & S. F. R. R., Santa Fe, N. M.

Most Picturesque Line to Colorado.

Items of Interest By the Wabash Man.

Bulletin No. 4.—The real and personal property in this country is assessed at \$17,139,903,495.

The Wabash Line is the shortest between Kansas City and St. Louis. Elegant trains. Finest dining cars service.

The fishermen along our coast and in our waters, catch \$45,000,000 worth of fish every year.

The Wabash will ticket you to Chicago, Toledo, Detroit or any eastern point, and you will be perfectly satisfied.

The farmers and stock raisers of this country have live stock valued at \$2,208,767,573.

The Wabash runs through Sleepers from Chicago to New York and Boston.

The total valuation of all the farm products of every description was by the last census \$2,460,107,454.

The Wabash runs through Sleepers between St. Louis and Buffalo, New York and Boston.

One savings banks have \$1,739,006,705 deposited with them as the surplus earnings of the people.

Any ticket Agent will recommend the Wabash as a strictly first-class line. They have tried it.

Look out for Bulletin No. 5.

C. M. CAMPBELL,
Commercial Agent,
Denver, Colorado.

PET CIGARETTES
ARE THE BEST
CIGARETTE SMOKERS

who care to pay a little more than the cost of ordinary trade cigarettes will find the

PET CIGARETTES
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

Made from the highest cost Gold Leaf grown in Virginia, and are

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY
PRINTERS AND BINDERS.

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WEEKLY NEW MEXICAN

NUEVO MEXICANO.

Sole owners and manufacturers for New Mexico of the **FLY**

PATENT FLAT OPENING BLANK BOOKS

All kinds of **JOB WORK** done with neatness and

The Daily New Mexican

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15.

Notice is hereby given that orders given by employees upon the New Mexican Printing Co., will not be honored unless previously endorsed by the business manager.

Advertising Rates.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Leading Local—Preferred position—Two cents per line each insertion. Display—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly.

Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted. Prices vary according to amount of matter, length of time to run, position, number of changes, etc.

One copy only of each paper in which an ad. appears will be sent free.

Wood base electrots not accepted. No display advertisements accepted for less than \$1 net, per month.

No reduction in price made for "every other day" advertisements.

METEOROLOGICAL.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU OFFICE OF OBSERVER. Santa Fe, May 14, 1932.

Time of day	Temperature	Relative humidity	Direction of wind	Force of wind	State of sky
6:00 a. m.	59	75	W	1	Clear
9:00 a. m.	62	72	W	1	Clear
12:00 p. m.	65	70	W	1	Clear
3:00 p. m.	68	68	W	1	Clear
6:00 p. m.	65	70	W	1	Clear
9:00 p. m.	62	72	W	1	Clear
Maximum Temperature	68				
Minimum Temperature	59				
Total Precipitation	0.00				

H. H. HICKS, Observer.

H. B. Cartwright & Bro

DEALERS IN

Groceries,

Feed and

Produce.

FRESH FRUIT & VEGETABLES

Confectionery—Nuts.

AGENCY FOR—

New Drop Canned Goods

Patent Imperial Flour

Chase-Sanborn's Teas and Coffees

Their Bread, Pies and Cakes can't be Beat.

Telephone No. 4.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

Located in the business portion of city. S. E. Corner of Plaza.

Special rates by the week or month for table board, with or without room.

SOCIETIES.

A. F. & A. M.

Montezuma Lodge, No. 1, meets on the first Monday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock, in the Masonic hall, in the Kahn block, San Francisco St. Visiting brethren are fraternally invited.

W. S. HANBORN, W. M. F. S. DAVIS, Sec.

Milk Punch 10 cts a glass at the Colorado saloon.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

For Rent.

A house in good condition, containing a large parlor, sitting-room, bed-room, dining-room and kitchen, a wood-shed and carriage house connected, on road leading to Cerrillos. Rent reasonable. Apply to A. Stueb.

John McCullough Havana cigars at Colorado saloon.

Henry Krick

SOLE AGENT FOR

LEMP'S ST. LOUIS BEER.

The trade supplied from one bottle to a carload. Mail orders promptly filled.

Guadalupe St. - Santa Fe.

SOL. SPIEGELBERG,

CLOTHING & GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

HATS, CAPS, GLOVES.

Also a complete line of Boy's Clothing. Clothing made to order and put in at guaranteed.

CHAVEZ MURDER TRIAL.

Desperate Efforts of Defense to Discredit Important Territorial Witnesses—Several Contradictions.

Developing the Same Old Alibi—Innocently Playing Cards at Seferino's the Night Chavez was Killed.

The trial of Francisco Gonzales y Borrego, Antonio Gonzales y Borrego, Laureano Alarid and Patrio Valencia, charged with the murder of Francisco Chavez on the night of May 29, 1932, continues to occupy the attention of the territorial district court.

SHADY WITNESSES CALLED. The first witness called in the afternoon yesterday was Quirina Martinez, a woman of the half world of Cerrillos, called for the purpose of contradicting Francisco Rivera. She said that he was at her house in Cerrillos on the 29 of February, 1932, and there told her that he knew nothing about the case although he had testified against the defendants, but claimed that he testified against them under the influence of \$2000 received from Sheriff Cunningham and because Cunningham had turned him out of jail and threatened him with a pistol.

On cross-examination the woman admitted her avocation and manifested a generally Cyprian character. She was followed by her son, Juan Martinez, a boy ten years old, whose story was evidently well rehearsed, for he testified in no particular from that of the mother. Juan, however, said that Francisco Rivera just came into his mother's house, told the story of his perjury, so-called, and went out again. No one had talked to him about his testimony, nobody had even asked him what he was going to testify and he was unable to say how anybody knew what he knew about this alleged conversation of Rivera with his lady mother. Not even to his lady mother had he told of his extensive information in the criminal annals of the Chavez murder.

Charlie Harris now took the witness stand to say that he went with Francisco Rivera to Eusebio Escudero's house, on the 13th of April last from Conway's saloon, and that on the way Rivera plunged right into the middle of a statement of regret for what he had done with regard to the boys, the defendants. Harris asked why the regret. Rivera replied that Cunningham had promised him money, had set him free from the accusation of assault on Maximino Martinez, and had threatened him with a pistol to make him say what he had said; that it was false and forced out of him.

FREQUENT INHABITANT OF JAILS. On cross-examination it was shown that the witness did not know when he worked last, but that he did know that he was a frequent inhabitant of the city or county jail and of generally shady character. Tom Tucker, the following witness swore that Frank Rivera never told him at any time before the killing of Frank Chavez of a conspiracy to kill him, thus contradicting Rivera.

On cross-examination this witness exhibited the characteristics marked in all the witnesses called for the defense denying, however, that he was arrested about the time the defendants were arrested for flourishing a pistol and crying out in the streets that the sheriff and his gang were a-b— and that he was looking for them to kill them. He also denied that the night Frank Chavez was killed, when Frank Arce was arrested for having fired a shot in the vicinity where the dead body of the ex-sheriff lay, that he jumped in and helped Arce to resist arrest and tried to relieve him right there and then from the law. The witness was unable to say where he got his clothes and food.

Jose Arias took the stand and said that Frank Rivera was in Conway's saloon on the night Chavez was killed and had not gone out of there for any purpose. This is a contradiction of Rivera.

Cross-examination developed the witness into a loafer and a jail bird. Tomas Quintana testified to a like state of facts. He is a monte by profession.

Eusebio Escudero testified substantially the same as Charlie Harris. Julian Vigil, brother of Hipolito Vigil, denied that Hipolito was out of the house the night Frank Chavez was killed but had gone to bed about 7 p. m. sick, leaving his gaming table in Julian's possession. TESTIMONY THIS FORENOON.

At the incoming of court this morning Enrique Pacheco was called to the stand by the defense for the two-fold purpose of contradicting part of the testimony of Ike Nowell and assisting in establishing the contemplated alibi as to Francisco and Antonio Gonzales y Borrego and Laureano Alarid.

The witness testified that for six or seven years he lived at the house of Francisco Gonzales y Borrego and when in Santa Fe was a frequent visitor at Borrego's house; that in the latter part of March and the first part of April, 1932, he was in Cerrillos with Francisco and Antonio Gonzales y Borrego; that Francisco Gonzales y Borrego started away from Cerrillos on horseback just before the city election that year, but he (witness) did not come to Santa Fe with him and did not know of his own knowledge that Francisco came to Santa Fe at that time. This effort to prove that Francisco Gonzales y Borrego came to Santa Fe on horseback, instead of on the cars, the first part of April, 1932, was made to contradict the previous testimony of Ike Nowell.

On direct examination the witness continued that he remembered the night that Francisco Chavez was killed, and that, on the Monday afternoon before, May 29, 1932, he was at his room adjoining that of Francisco y Borrego; that he

SAW FRANCISCO GONZALES y Borrego and Antonio Gonzales y Borrego between 3:30 and 4 o'clock on that afternoon; that about that time Antonio and a younger brother came home with a wagon load of wood; that, after unloading the wood and eating dinner, Antonio and his brother, Elias, went to sleep and Francisco began fixing the harness; that he (witness) remained there till 7 o'clock and that Antonio was sleeping and Francisco fixing the harness at the time.

The cross-examination disclosed that the witness was not very certain about any dates, except this particular 29d of May, 1932; that he didn't remember exactly when he returned to Santa Fe from Cerrillos; did not remember what day of the week May 23, 1932, was; did not remember whether he saw the Borregos or what they were doing on other days of May of any year; was in Cerrillos during the month of January, 1934, but also heard part of the preliminary examination before Judge Seeds in Santa Fe that month.

Elias Gonzales y Borrego, brother of two of the defendants and cousin of Laureano Alarid, was next called for the same purposes as above indicated. He remembered when Francisco Chavez was killed; that night he was at the house of Seferino Alarid from about 7:45 till midnight; Francisco Gonzales y Borrego, Antonio Gonzales y Borrego, Seferino Alarid and his wives, Laureano Alarid, the witness and his "little brother" were there; that night all the while he was there; that the three defendants and Seferino played cards and he and his brother

SAT THREE LOOKING ON: that they all left for their homes together about 12 o'clock; that the same persons played cards at Seferino's the night before, but went home earlier.

On May 23, 1932, witness was living at the house of his brother Francisco; about 3 o'clock that morning he and his brother Antonio went with a team for wood and returned about 3:30 in the afternoon; after unloading the wood, feeding the mules and eating dinner, he and Antonio went to sleep, he in Francisco's house and Antonio at his own house, and he did not see the latter until the next morning; when he (witness) went to sleep Francisco was fixing the harness; when he wakened up it was quite dark, but Francisco still was fixing the harness.

In the latter part of March or the early part of April, 1932, he was in Cerrillos with his brothers, Francisco and Antonio. Francisco left Cerrillos about the time of the city election on a black horse, but he did not know of his own knowledge that Francisco then came to Santa Fe.

The cross-examination disclosed nothing of moment except that the memory of the witness was very defective as to what happened on other days than May 23, 28 and 29, 1932, and that he had wholly forgotten about having testified before Judge Seeds, that they also had a family card party at Seferino's on the night of May 27, 1932. He recollcted nothing except what tended to discredit the evidence of Ike Nowell and supported the alibi theory.

A recess was taken until 1:30 p. m.

CONDITION OF CROPS.

Official Reports from Territorial Points to United States Weather Bureau—Irrigated Crops Doing Well—Ranges Need Rain.

The past week has been very favorable for irrigated crops and fruits, but very unfavorable for the stock ranges and unirrigated crops.

The temperature averaged above the normal and no rainfall was reported. All varieties of fruit advanced rapidly and the growth of crops under irrigation was unusually rapid. The little grass that had started on the stock ranges is curling up from the drought and in places water for cattle to drink is becoming scarce. The drought has had a bad effect on the lambing season and the percentage of increase will be materially reduced.

The planting of corn and beans is about completed. There is so far an abundance of water in the streams for irrigation.

The following extracts from a few of the reports received at this office will be of interest:

Albuquerque.—Prof. M. R. Gaines: High, variable winds; no rain. Weather very warm in the middle of the week. The conditions have not improved. Irrigated crops are doing well with the weather and sun. Alma.—Wm. French: The ranges are very dry. Irrigated crops, being more directly under the control of human agency, are doing well.

Aztec.—Prof. H. H. Griffin: The latter part of the week has been unusually warm and dry. Frost or high winds to damage crops. Grass on the range has started nicely, but is much in need of rain.

E. Las Vegas.—Dr. F. H. Atkins: Crops more advanced than this time last year. Everything favorable. No rain, but ditch full of water.

Espanola.—Jim Curry: Our water supply is liable to run short during the summer as the snow is melting rapidly and no rain. The week has been dry, hot and windy. Crop and fruits doing well but rain is needed badly.

Engle.—G. A. Foley: Dry and hot were the conditions for the week. Gallinas Springs.—J. E. Whitmore: Hot, westerly winds, drying up crops, prevailed for the week. Stock is suffering for water and grass. Apples, pears, cherries and plum trees are in fine condition, and vegetables are doing well.

Gila.—Chas. H. Lyons: No rain yet. Grass about all used up. Farmers are busy plowing and planting. Everything favorable and indicative of a prosperous season for them.

Las Cruces.—New Mexico Agricultural College: Drought exceedingly warm during the greater part of the week, with a few high winds and no rain. Crops are doing well. Alfalfa is being cut and a good crop is assured. Fruit progressing nicely, especially the cherries and peaches.

Los Lunas.—R. Pohl: Everything is progressing nicely. Rain is needed badly for the grass on the stock ranges. The first crop of alfalfa will be cut in about a week.

Questa.—E. M. Cosner: Crops and grass are making slow progress owing to the dry weather. Heavy losses in lambs are reported from part of the ranges caused by the dearth of grass and water. Heavy winds and high temperatures were prevalent.

Puerto de Luna.—F. R. Page: Very dry and very poor grass supply. Sheepmen are losing a great many lambs. Irrigated crops doing well, also fruit.

Ranches of Taos.—Alex. Gusdorf: Weather has been warm and clear. Wheat has come up finely and is doing well. Fruit crop, especially apples and pears, promises splendidly.

Rincon.—C. H. Raitt: The drought continues here, with very warm days during the week. There is still plenty of water in the Rio Grande, and all irrigated crops that have been properly cared for look well, especially wheat and alfalfa.

Roswell.—Scott Truxton: General results in irrigated sections are good. Ranges are badly dried up and cattle falling off rapidly. Rain needed very badly. Unusually large quantities of wool were shipped to eastern points during the week. Conditions here assure an unusually large crop.

Meats are Cash. Notice is hereby given that on and after May 15, 1932, the City Meat Market will do business only on a cash basis. Meats are scarce and it takes cash to get them. Patrons will kindly govern themselves accordingly. ARNOLD & STRIMON.

U. S. LAND COURT.

Opened Yesterday—Cases Set for Hearing Until Middle of July—Transactions To-day.

At the session of the United States court of private land claims yesterday afternoon the hearing of the Nerio Antonio Montoya grant case was continued, and an adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The Baird's ranch and Cuyamungue grant cases were also passed for the present.

The following cases have been called and set for trial during this term:

May 16—No. 64, San Clemente grant.

May 17—Nos. 69 and 209, Lucero Spring grant.

May 18—No. 83, La Gotera grant.

May 20—No. 81, El Pino grant.

May 21—No. 59, Juan Gid grant.

May 22—No. 24, Dona Ana Bend Colony grant.

May 23—No. 84, Cieneguilla grant, Taos county.

May 24—No. 85, Salvador Gonzales grant.

May 27—No. 87, Sierra Moca grant.

May 28—No. 194, Santa Cruz de la Canada grant.

May 29—Nos. 91 and 183, Juan Salas or Alamos grant.

May 30—No. 92, Jose Garcia grant.

May 31—No. 93, Salvador Lovato grant.

June 3—Nos. 110 and 4, District of Arizona, Peralta grant.

June 5—Nos. 90 and 269, Las Huertas grant.

June 6—Nos. 99, 153 and 233, La Petacon grant.

June 7—Nos. 142, 204 and 236, Vallecito de Lovato grant.

June 10—Nos. 97 and 265, La Barranca grant.

June 11—No. 179, Juan Bautista Valdez grant.

June 12—No. 101, Ojo del Apache grant.

June 13—No. 108, La Cebolla grant.

June 14—No. 109, Los Conejos grant, Colorado district.

June 17—No. 111, Town of Rael de los Dolores grant.

June 18—No. 113, Los Chupaderos de la Lagunita grant.

June 19—No. 114, San Jose del Encinal grant.

June 20—No. 115, Arroyo Seco grant.

June 21—No. 118, Bernal Spring.

June 24—Nos. 122 and 148, Penasco Largo or Santiago Ramirez grant.

June 25—No. 123, Rio Tesuque grant.

June 26—No. 127, Town of Socorro grant.

June 27—Nos. 44, 128, 135, 154 and 216, Los Animas grant, district of Colorado, or No. 131, Guadalupe grant.

June 28—No. 133, Laguna Pueblo grant; No. 136, El Rito grant.

July 1—No. 134, Pueblos of Santo Domingo and Pueblo of San Felipe.

July 2—No. 137, Santo Tomas de Yarbide Colony grant.

July 3—No. 138, Jose Manuel Sanchez Baca grant.

July 5—No. 139, Miranda grant.

July 8—No. 141, Vallecito de San Antonio grant.

July 9—No. 143, Jose Sutton grant.

July 10—Nos. 144, 203, 213 and 252, Nacimiento grant.

July 11—No. 145, Arquito grant.

July 12—No. 146, Luis Garcia grant.

July 15—Nos. 214 and 243, Cieneguilla grant, Santa Fe county.

Hood's Sarapilla gives great bodily, nerve, mental and digestive strength, simply because it purifies vitalizes and enriches the blood.

PERSONAL.

M. Hess Dunand was out on the streets to-day after an illness of four months.

Hon. Henry L. Waldo has returned from a trip to Kansas City and Chicago.

Mr. Meyer Friedman, the popular Las Vegas jobbing merchant, is in town to-day.

R. Ed. Cammack, of New York, and J. W. Bowen, of San Francisco, are guests at the Palace.

W. C. Reynolds, Watrous; H. W. Hoover, Galesburg, Ill.; L. Kaster and wife, Erie, Pa.; are at the Exchange.

Messrs. John Walker and P. B. Otero have returned from a surveying trip in El Rito valley, Rio Arriba county.

The World's Fair Tests

showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

Rooms and board at Symington house.

On a Cash Basis.

The undersigned desires to notify his patrons that on May 15 business at his meat market will be done strictly on a cash basis. Owing to the high price of meats and the necessity of paying cash for butcher's stock this step has been taken in the interest of all parties concerned. Patrons will please note and act accordingly. JOE WOLFE.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Forty Years the Standard.

A New Departure.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Byron Naylor, lately associated with the leading jewelry house in San Diego, have taken positions with Geo. W. Hickox's jewelry establishment. Mr. Naylor is a first-class practical watchmaker and jeweler, while his wife is an engraver and maker of high talent. An inspection of their work is invited.

Fine McBrayer whisky at Colorado saloon.

EDDIE BALD.

—ON A—

Columbia Roadster.

PRICED \$100

Creates new figures for the one and two mile competition records. COLUMBIA'S stand the test. HARTFORD BICYCLES are next best, \$80, \$60 and \$50. Buy the best and be satisfied. The . . .

Columbia

A. J. FISCHER, AGT.

Bicycle Sundries and Repairing.

WHEELS FOR RENT.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

ROUND ABOUT TOWN.

The rain has come at last. The spring season has been unusually dry, but a bountiful rain at this time would even up things for the farmer and stock raiser.

The New Mexican is under obligations to the secretary of the Gentlemen's Driving association for complimentary season tickets to the spring races, May 16, 17 and 18.

Regular meeting of Carleton post, G. A. R., at 8 p. m., at Grand Army hall, near the capitol grounds. Business of importance is to be transacted in connection with Memorial day services. Visiting comrades cordially invited.

At a recent meeting of the Athletic base ball club, Ernest Knaebel, Joe O'Brien, Bert Ward, Joe Ward and Charlie Downie were accepted as members. Thus strengthened the club will probably play the Santa Fe on Sunday next.

Geo. W. Hickox & Co. appear with a spick-span brand new "ad" in this issue. Mr. and Mrs. Naylor, art workers in jewelry, are proving a valuable acquisition for this firm. Call and inspect their work.

Mr. Donald McKee, now traveling through the La Belle district in the interest of the New Mexican, writes under date of Sunday: "Have just arrived. Have seen but little of the camp as yet, but from what I have seen I believe the camp to have a good future before it. You can say that La Belle is on the boom in earnest; 100 houses are now up and several houses under construction and the prospects of the camp good."

Who will take hold of the proposition to raise a subscription of \$80 a month to insure a continuance of the plaza Sunday concert? Prof. Perez is anxious to have the question decided, and there is business enough in the proposition to demand the attention of the community. The plan to have two concerts a week at a cost of \$140 per month was abandoned yesterday, but the Sunday concert ought to be continued.

Capt. John Borradaile, the well known Albuquerquean, is in the city on land business and incidentally to talk over with Col. Knaebel the advisability of ordering an inspection of territorial militia at Santa Fe on July 4. He says the 1st regiment N. M. N. G. band will accompany the fire boys and militia men from Albuquerque and will be glad to give a concert in the plaza pagoda.

Spring Races at Albuquerque.

The spring meeting of the Albuquerque Driving Park Association will open on Thursday, and will continue for three days. The attractions secured for this meeting ought to be sufficient to attract a large crowd of people to Albuquerque. Never at any previous meeting were there ever entered such an array of noted horses, from the celebrated stables of C. J. Hamlin & Son's Village Farm, of Buffalo, N. Y., as well as the Colorado and Phoenix A. T. horses. The only reason that Hamlin & Son's powers, Robert J. with a record of 2:01, Hal Pointer, with a record of 2:04, and their famous trotters, Fantasy, with a record of 2:06, and Nightingale, with a record of 2:09, Moonstone and other world renowned horses will take part in the Albuquerque races, is the fact that these horses wintered in California, and being on their way east have stopped here en route.

Among other fast horses which are entered are Swart's Lizzie, B., who has the best trotting record ever made on the Albuquerque track (2:23), King Pin and Ben Bolt belonging to Wallace, of Phoenix, A. T.; some record beaters of Colorado; Cunningham's noted runner Joe Baile, as well as the remainder of his string; the local swift goers, May Queen, Eli Elmont, Dr. K., St. Elmo, Honest John and many others.

PROPOSALS FOR MILITARY SUPPLIES AT ROAD STATIONS.—Office of the Chief Quartermaster, Denver, Colo., April 17, 1932.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m. on May 17, 1932, and then opened in the presence of attending bidders, for furnishing Fuel, Forage and Water, at Road Stations in the Department of the Colorado during the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1932. Blank forms for proposals and instructions to bidders will be furnished on application to this office, or to any Post Quartermaster in the Department. The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. E. B. ATWOOD, Major and Chief Q. M.

Presbyterian Manse for rent—Handsome, roomy house. Apply to Geo. W. Knaebel, Chairman, etc.