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Santa Fe Daily New Mexican, 01-29-1895

New Mexican Printing Company

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SANTA FE DAILY NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 31.

SANTA FE, N. M., TUESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1895.

NO 292.

Poetry in Trade.

As an illustration of the fact that it is no use for the Hardware dealer to try to "best" the school teacher in a war of words, we give a letter received to-day from one of our customers, a teacher who had bought a gun of W. H. Goebel some time since. He wrote him that, "owing to our inexperience we would like to have a little reciprocity" in the shape of a check by return mail for the amount of his account. But he completely knocked him out with the following response:

With considerable curiosity,
And accelerating velocity,
I pursued the gentle verbosity
Of your dan without animosity.

With the humblest timidity,
In the midst of sore turbulence,
I ask you to relinquish rigidity
And trust to my eager rapidity.

With candid and earnest feeling sincerity,
I promise to use my utmost celerity,
Yours in adversity:
Not in perversity.

THE PALACE HOTEL, SANTA FE, N. M.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN THE CITY.

RENOVATED THROUGHOUT.

Terms, from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per day. Special Rates to Persons or Parties by the Week or Month.

HERMAN CLAUSSEN, Prop.

GO TO THE CAPITAL RESTAURANT

FOR NICE MEALS.

OPEN DAY OR NIGHT. SHORT ORDERS
A SPECIALTY.

We are always ahead with fine meats, game and oysters. Home made bread, pies and cakes at lowest prices. Under the new management our patrons will receive more courtesy than in the past.

WAGNER & HAFNER FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

We carry a large stock of picture frames and mouldings. We buy and sell all kinds of second hand goods. We will furnish you from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments and bedrock prices. Bedroom suits \$18, woven wire springs \$2.50, wood seat chairs \$5.00, cane seat chairs \$6.00, double bed \$2.75. We carry the largest stock in the city. We repair all kinds of furniture, sewing machines and musical instruments. Remake mattresses and all kinds of upholstering. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

J. C. SCHUMANN,

Boots, Shoes & Leather Findings.

Sole Agent for the Burt & Packard Shoes.
Santa Fe, N. M.

S. WEDELES, Groceries and Provisions.

Office and Warehouse Lower Frisco St.

Santa Fe, N. M.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Considering the Financial Problem—
Administration Measure—Objections
to Retiring Greenbacks
—No Intention of Re-
signing.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The house committee on banking and currency started at 11 o'clock this morning upon the consideration of the administration bill. Practically no progress was made during the early part of the day and all the indications point to a rehashing of the financial question in all its phases.

Representative Cox (Dem. of Tenn.) moved to report the bill to the house, which aroused a chorus of opponents. Three Republicans, Henderson, of Illinois; Brossius, of Pennsylvania; and Hanchen, of Wisconsin, objected strenuously to what they termed summary action, and Representative Cobb (Dem. of Ala.) declared that he would never vote to report the bill to the house in its present form. Thereupon Representative Russell (Rep. Conn.) moved that the committee proceed to the consideration of the bill. This was agreed to informally. Representative Walker (Rep. Mass.) opposed the proposition of the fifty-year term for bonds and gave notice that he would offer an amendment for a shorter term. Other

REPUBLICANS STOOD WITH HIM on this objection and also expressed the opinion that greenbacks should not be retired unless the circulation was kept up to the present volume by replacing the retired greenbacks with national bank notes. Representative Cox gave notice that he would move to substitute for the administration bill the ill-fated Carlisle bill with certain amendments of his own outlined heretofore. There may be adopted by the committee a rule limiting the time for debate on amendments, which will somewhat expedite matters.

ANTI-TOXINE FREE OF DUTY. The house ways and means committee to-day agreed to report favorably a bill to admit anti-toxine free of duty.

DOES NOT INTEND TO RESIGN. Postmaster General Bissell to-day said that there was no truth whatever in the report that he intended to resign from the cabinet.

NO CHANCE THIS SESSION. Of the Nicaragua canal bill, which recently passed the senate by a vote of 31 to 21, Senator Morgan, of Alabama, has been the champion for several years, and Tarpley, of Indiana, and Vest, of Missouri, have been its most active opponents. Of the twenty-one senators who voted against the bill on its final passage fifteen were Democrats, three Republicans and three Populists. Of the thirty-one senators who voted for the bill eleven were Democrats. These were: Butler, Fankner, Gibson, Gorman, Hutton, Morgan, Murphy, Pugh, Ransom, Walsh and White. The bill now goes to the house, where it stands no chance of passing during this congress, at least. Those who advocate the measure in the senate and as promoters on the outside have no expectation that the bill will pass the house at this time, but they fully expect that Mr. Reed's congress will pass the measure and perhaps give a subvention amounting to \$100,000,000 instead of \$70,000,000. This is the scheme as at present outlined.

PANICKY IN CHICAGO.

Chicago Capital Afraid to Touch Anything Except Gold.

Chicago, Jan. 29.—The board of trade markets bordered on a panicky condition this morning. Selling, influenced in the main by the shipments scare, was excited and urgent. Wheat rallied down 1½¢, touching 62 cents for May and breaking the low price record. The other grain markets followed without apparent cause. May pork broke to 80 cents and May lard to \$1. Stop loss orders became numerous and the decline was fast and furious without the usual accompaniment of a heavy trade. Around \$9.75 for May pork there was a fair shot covering and a moderate reaction ensued.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 29.—Silver, 59½¢; lead, 33.02½¢ (broker's price). Money on call nominally at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper 2½¢ @ 4¢. Kansas City—Cattle, market steady for the best; other grades slow; Texas steers, \$3.60 @ \$3.95; Texas cows, \$2.10 @ \$2.65; Colorado steers, \$3.00 @ \$4.15; beef steers, \$3.00 @ \$3.50; native cows, \$1.85 @ \$3.20; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 @ \$3.80; bulls, \$2.15 @ \$3.00. Sheep, steady.

Chicago.—Wheat, January, 49½¢; May, 52½¢ bid. Corn, January, 41¢; May, 45½¢. Oats, January, 27½¢; May, 28¢ @ 28½¢. Chicago.—Cattle, quiet and firm. Sheep, steady for best; others weak.

HURLING MISSILES.

Militia Assailed by Strikers in Brooklyn—Track Cleaners Hurt—Trouble Not Over.

Brooklyn, Jan. 29.—Stones assailed the pickets at Ridgewood station of the Brooklyn Heights railroad company a little before daylight to-day. Three companies of the 47th regiment on duty there were called out and several shots were fired in the direction from whence the missiles had been thrown. Six track cleaners were badly beaten by a mob at Flushing and Nostrand avenues.

Dignified Mexico. City of Mexico, Jan. 29.—It is probable that Mexico will decline the attempt of the United States to interfere in the Guatemalan affair.

THE INCOME TAX.

The Payers Number About 300,000—An Unexpectedly Good Showing for Revenue.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Members of congress who believe that the income tax is an equitable method of raising revenues are gratified at the unexpectedly good showing of the preliminary canvass made by the collectors of the internal revenue at the direction of Secretary Carlisle. They believe that the greater the amount realized from this tax the more popular it will become and the more firmly rooted as a part of the policy of the government. Representative McMillin, of Tennessee, says that if a large percentage of the revenue of the government is derived from this plan any attempt to repeal it before the expiration of the five-year limit fixed in the Wilson bill will be exceedingly unpopular; that the greater the revenue derived from it the greater will be the probability of its re-enactment at the end of the term.

Before the proposition to tax incomes was before congress the profit to be derived from the internal revenue bureau it was estimated at \$18,000,000. Later Mr. Hall, of Missouri, who has given more study to the theory and history of the income tax than any other man in the house, did not place the total below \$50,000,000. From the results of the canvass of the internal revenue bureau it appears that Mr. Hall was more nearly correct than the other forecasters. He now says that the income tax may yield more than \$50,000,000, and it is known that the treasury department officials do not place its result below that mark. The showing made by thirty-six of the sixty-three districts gives ground for the estimate that about 300,000 persons and corporations will contribute to the treasury by this plan.

Probably He Doesn't Care.

San Francisco, Jan. 29.—The will of the late Jas. G. Fair has been stolen from the county clerk's office.

Berry Re-elected.

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 29.—In separate sessions to-day balloting for United States senator resulted: Senator—James H. Berry, (Dem.); William M. Fishback, (Dem.); Remondell, (Rep.) 1. In the House.—Berry, 78; William Fishback, 14; W. B. Parks, (Pop.) 9.

CHIEF ARTHUR.

Possibility that the Locomotive Brotherhood May Strike.

Oakland, Cal., Jan. 29.—Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is on his way to the Pacific coast. Under his instructions the brotherhoods are being pulled on all roads on the question of ordering a general strike.

People Who are Hungry.

Granbury, Wis., Jan. 29.—Reports from the town of Rusk to-day confirm the news of terrible suffering and starvation in that town. One-fifth of the people are without proper food, and a large number of them have not a pound of flour. All local aid is exhausted as well as the town funds. Governor Upham has been appealed to.

Most of these people are new settlers with large families. Fires destroyed their crops and drought destroyed vegetables and grain.

CONDENSED NEWS.

A terrible blizzard prevails in the Oklahoma country. The situation in Brooklyn is comparatively peaceful to-day. The new Ribot government in France was defeated yesterday by a vote of 322 to 79.

Extremely cold weather throughout England; many persons have frozen to death. The pope's encyclical letter, made public to-day, confers no new powers on Balthazar.

The bill throwing open a portion of the Ute reservation and transferring the Indians to six townships in northwestern New Mexico passed the senate yesterday.

DISASTER IN INDIANA.

Pitiless Work of the Whirling Wheels—Dead and Dying—Gen. Wallace Among the Mourners.

Indianapolis, Jan. 29.—All the dead and injured in the terrible wreck at Costesville on the Vandalia railroad yesterday afternoon have been identified. Dr. Talbot, reported dead, arrived here at 10 o'clock this morning seriously injured, but will recover. Mrs. W. F. Towers, of Carthage, Mo., died from the shock. Her husband is dangerously injured. J. S. Norton, of St. Louis, lingered in great pain until this morning. Mrs. Felda Seguin Wallace, wife of David Wallace, and sister-in-law of Gen. Lew Wallace, is in a critical condition. Samuel Neugent, of Texas, a merchant bound for New York, lies in a critical condition at Costesville.

PRESIDENTIAL ASPIRANTS.

Clear Head Leads Among Republicans with McKinley as Second Choice.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Jan. 29.—The Commercial Gazette prints two large pages of preferences for the next Republican nomination for president, from representative Republicans all over the country and especially from Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, West Virginia, New York and Washington City. In its summary it says:

Ohio is for McKinley and Indiana for Ex-President Benjamin Harrison. New York hardly knows where she stands. The Republicans of the empire state are holding off in the end to dictate the nominee, or failing in that to drive the best bargain they can with the man they expect to win. The New Yorker declares himself for Ex-Governor Foraker.

West Virginia seems to be for the best man, whoever he may be. Governor McKinley seems to be the choice of the Republicans of Kentucky.

At the national capital the preponderance of sentiment appears to be for Tom Reed. Attention is called to the declaration for Reed made by General John B. B. of Columbus. In the Washington interviews it was sought to obtain expressions from either senators or representatives from every state in the Union. McKinley seems to be their second choice, while Harrison, Allison and others have quite a respectable following.

A Woman's Way.

San Jose, Cal., Jan. 29.—A sensation was created in the county jail last evening when the discovery was made that a prisoner booked as Milton B. Matson was discovered to be a woman. She was arrested at Los Gatos on a charge of issuing bogus checks. For about two years she conducted a hotel at Ben Lomond, and owed many debts there. The discovery was made through a remittance from Englewood to Loma Matson, through the Bank of British North America, while Matson was in jail here, these remittances having heretofore been paid to a bogus man on her endorsement. The woman says she has masqueraded as a man for sixteen years, but has committed no crime.

DOUBTFUL ABOUT DEBS.

Judge Grosscup Admits Evidence that May Prove Conspiracy to Stop United States Mail.

Chicago, Jan. 29.—The defense in the Debs conspiracy trial received a heavy blow to-day in the form of an adverse ruling of Judge Grosscup on an objection raised to the admission of evidence as to overt acts unless it could be shown that they were done by the knowledge and under the direction of the officers and directors of the A. R. U. to obstruct the mails. The judge held that evidence could be introduced tending to show that a conspiracy existed to stop all trains and that this would include necessarily a conspiracy to stop the United States mails.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Items of Interest by the Wabash Man Bulletin No. 2.—There are 20,169 newspapers published in the United States and Canada; of this number 289 are published in Colorado.

The Wabash railroad is the shortest line between Kansas City and St. Louis. For the year ending June 30, 1893, the railways of the United States carried 598,660,612 passengers, out of which number only 269 passengers were killed and 3,229 injured.

From Chicago to Detroit the short line in the Wabash, 262 miles. This forms a portion of the celebrated Niagara Falls short line to New York and Boston.

The wheat production in the United States, for 1893, was 896,131,725 bushels, valued at \$218,171,381. Colorado's production was 2,604,000 bushels.

The Wabash is the only line running a late dining cars between Chicago and New York.

The American Telephone Co., in 1894 had 237,186 subscribers and required the service of 10,421 employees.

The Wabash railroad lands you in New York at 7:50 a. m., saving you one night's hotel bill.

Look out for bulletin No. 3.

C. M. HAMMOND, Commercial Agent, Denver, Colorado.

At Stinson's, inferior liquors, etc., next to Claire hotel, west side of plaza.

You can get engraved visiting cards at the New Mexican, or have them printed from your plate if you have one.

Administrator's Notice.

Julius H. Gerdes having been duly appointed administrator of the estate of the late J. D. Prouditt does hereby give notice that all persons having an account against such estate must present them for settlement within thirty days from the date of this notice. JULIUS H. GERDES, Santa Fe, Jan. 4, 1895.

Without the means at hand for combating it, a cold may prove more dangerous than the small pox. No family is safe unless provided for such an emergency. In sudden attacks of cold, croup, asthma, etc., Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is an invaluable specific.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

U. S. LAND COURT.

Detailed List of the Cases Set for Hearing—Other Official News.

In the United States court of private land claims yesterday, at the request of United States Attorney Reynolds, the court peremptorily set all motions for rehearing, new trials, etc., for Thursday morning, January 31, and attorneys for all claimants who have any such motions pending should be present as they will be disposed of on that day.

Subjoined will be found a list of the cases set for trial at this term:

No. 6.—Sebastian de Vargas, Monday, January 28.
No. 117.—Juan B. Lucero, January 29.
No. 20.—Nerio Antonio Montoya or Ojo de Emmedio, January 31.
No. 59.—Juan Gid or John Heath grant, February 1.
No. 24.—Donna Ana Bend grant, February 4.
No. 36.—Cassandra E. Baird or Rancho del Chino Tejano, February 5.
No. 112.—Coyamague grant, February 5.
No. 62.—Santiago Bone, February 6.
No. 44.—San Clemente or Los Lunas grant, February 8.
Nos. 69 and 209.—Lucero Spring and Ajo de Las Medanos, February 11.
Mr. Purdy wants to try No. 123, Rio de Tesuque, in the place of No. 69.
No. 70.—Muestra Senora de la Luz de las Lagunitas, February 12.
No. 81.—El Pico grant, February 13.
No. 83.—La Guteria grant, February 14.
No. 84.—Cieneguilla grant, Taos county, February 15.
Nos. 99, 153, 233.—La Petaca grant, February 18.
Nos. 142, 204, 236.—Vallecito de Labato, February 19.
No. 85.—Salvador Gonzales grant, February 20.
No. 87.—Sierra Mosca grant, February 21.
No. 194.—Santa Cruz de la Canada grant, February 22.
No. 93.—Salvador Labato grant, Taos county, February 25.
No. 97.—Barraza grant, February 26.
No. 265.—Should be consolidated with No. 97.
No. 197.—Juan Bautista Valdez, February 27.
Nos. 90 and 269.—Las Huertas grant, February 28.

OFFICIAL PICK-UPS.

Internal Revenue Collector C. M. Shannon left last night for Arizona on public business.

Hon. J. H. Reeder, the eminent clerk of the land court, is a mighty busy man these days.

Mrs. E. H. Mitchell has been appointed postmistress at Salado, Guadalupe county, succeeding P. Casaus, resigned.

In the United States land office yesterday Canuto Ortiz made final proof on his homestead entry of 160 acres in Santa Fe county.

Messrs. C. G. and Sherrard Coleman left to-day for a two weeks' trip in the Chitili region—going to inspect United States surveys.

Mr. Charles E. Kilbourne is being generally congratulated on his appointment as drill master at the government Indian school, the position formerly held by Mr. S. B. Shelby.

Mr. Edgar S. Willson, of Anderson, Ind., who has been in this city for some months, has been appointed messenger of the land court. Mr. Willson has made many friends who are congratulating him on his appointment.

An arrangement has been made between the attorneys in the Santa Fe Southern railway case for the taking of evidence at New York City in behalf of the trust company. Mr. Gildersleeve will probably go east within the next ten days to be present at the hearing.

The building for the San Juan branch agricultural experiment station will be completed this week. The house has five rooms, not including the bath-room and cellar, and when completed it will be the best dwelling in the county. The barn will be raised next week. Mr. Robt. Black, member of the board of regents, leaves here to-morrow to inspect the new building.

Hon. Charles Lyman, of Washington, a member of the United States civil service commission, was in the city yesterday for the purpose of conferring with Internal Revenue Collector C. M. Shannon with regard to the appointment of a board of examiners for applicants for positions in the classified service. As a result of the conference the following board was selected: Deputy Collector Wm. Burne; chairman, C. P. Rosecrans, secretary, and Mr. Robert Harvey. This board will meet at Albuquerque in April for the purpose of holding an examination of applicants for admission to the service and for promotion.

Winter Tourist Tickets.

Round trip tickets are now on sale via the Santa Fe route at greatly reduced rates to points in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Georgia, South Carolina and Florida. These tickets are to return until May 31st, 1895. For rates and general information call on or address:

H. S. Lutz, Agent Santa Fe, N. M.
Geo. T. Nickerson,
G. P. A. Topeka, Kas.

HOMES FOR HUNDREDS.

Something About the Southern Ute Reserve Soon to Be Opened to Settlers.

The congressional act to open the Southern Ute reserve to settlement, which passed the house last summer, was passed in the United States senate yesterday. This bill preserves for the Indians the western end of the present reservation and grants in addition thereto six townships in New Mexico, lying contiguous to the Arizona and Colorado lines, and throws open for settlement the eastern end, comprising a strip of land seventy-two miles long by sixteen miles in width, traversed by the rivers San Juan, Nutria, Piedra, De Los Pinos, Florida, Las Animas and La Plata and their numerous tributaries, the valleys of which possess a rich alluvial soil, the entire section being especially adapted to farming and stock raising.

When the president's signature makes the measure a law 700,000 acres of the finest agricultural and grazing lands will be opened to the settler. The region presents attractions to the home seeker which will draw thousands to southwestern Colorado and will prove of benefit to northern New Mexico.

The D. & R. G. road traverses a large part of the Ute reservation and will be the main artery of communication between different parts of the new El Dorado. The portion of the lands which will be thrown open to settlement abounds in coal, timber and building stone.

The elevation of the country varies from 5,500 feet to 7,500 feet. It is estimated that 350,000 acres of the territory will be quickly taken up by ranchmen, as it is fully adapted for ranches of 160 acres each. Upon this basis the Utes will make way for 2,500 ranchmen, whose families will swell the population to at least 10,000 persons. Durango is only four miles from the northern boundary of the reservation.

Under the act those Indians who desire to accept allotments in severalty can do so, and the government will hold in trust the money which is received from the sale of lands in the abandoned reservation.

If you desire a luxuriant growth of healthy hair of a natural color, nature's crowning ornament of both sexes use only Hall's Vegetable Sulfur Hair Restorer.

Job Printing.

For Stock Brokers, Mines, Banks, Insurance Companies, Real Estate, Business etc. Men. Particular attention given to Descriptive Pamphlets of Mining Properties. We make a specialty of

LOW PRICES.

SHORT NOTICE.

FINE WORK.

PROMPT EXECUTION.

Stock Certificates

Will be made every description and small jobs promptly executed with care and dispatch. Estimates given. Work ruled to order. We use the

FINEST STANDARD PAPERS

THE NEW MEXICAN

NEW MEXICO, THE COMING COUNTRY

The Mesilla Valley Its Garden Spot!

"TEN ACRES ENOUGH"

Choice irrigated lands (improved and unimproved) attractively platted, for sale on long time with low interest. WARRANT DEEDS GIVEN. Write for illustrated folder giving full particulars.

W. E. OLIVER, R. M. Agent Land Department, ALBUQUERQUE.

RIO GRANDE LAND COMPANY, Las Cruces, N. M.

The Daily New Mexican

BY NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second Class matter at the Santa Fe Post Office.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.	
Daily, per week, by carrier.....	\$.25
Daily, per month, by carrier.....	1.00
Daily, per month, by mail.....	1.00
Daily, three months, by mail.....	2.50
Daily, six months, by mail.....	5.00
Daily, one year, by mail.....	10.00
Weekly, per month.....	.25
Weekly, per quarter.....	.75
Weekly, per six months.....	1.00
Weekly, per year.....	2.00

All contracts and bills for advertising payable monthly. All communication intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address—not for publication—but as evidence of good faith, and should be addressed to The Editor. Letters pertaining to business should be addressed.

New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Post Office in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 29.

Look after the election laws.

Judge McFie evidently believes in the old adage, "He who fights and runs away will live to fight another day."

It is hoped that Fort Union sanitarian promoters are not biting off more than they can comfortably masticate.

For the first time on record Mr. Cleveland talks of "the friends of silver." The world moves, and the boundless west is at the head of the procession.

Mr. CLEVELAND has practically served notice on congress that an extra session will be called if the present congress fails to give the county financial relief.

In view of the fact that the Albuquerque Citizen insists on characterizing the members of the 31st legislative assembly as "thieves and thugs," its suggestions as to the capital matter can hardly be regarded as timely and sincere.

By way of comparison, it may be stated that the present legislature is not near so far along in the matter of actual business as that of two years ago. The present assembly has had before it forty council and fifty-nine house bills, whereas two years ago at this date there had been considered eighty council and 131 house measures.

SENATOR would make such items as this, from the Denning Headlight, the rule rather than the exception: "A party of eastern buyers were up at Spaulding this week, and bought several hundred acres of land from the Rio Mimbres Irrigation company. They will return in the spring with their families."

How the Republicans of Valencia ever found it possible to nominate and elect so true a patriot to the assembly as Representative Sanchez is past all finding out. He is truly a patriot with nerve and common sense to back his convictions under all circumstances. He does honor to his native land.

THE bill, throwing open the southern Ute reservation to settlement and transferring the Utes to the western third of the reserve with six townships added thereto in New Mexico, passed the senate yesterday afternoon. The people of San Juan county have been opposing this move with all their power, feeling that the government's shiftless treatment of the Navajos will be duplicated as regards the Utes when once they are brought nearer them, but as Colorado has a strong congressional delegation to look after her interests, of course, Colorado's cause comes off victorious. New Mexico will always come out at the little end of the horn as long as she is handicapped by having only a delegate in congress.

THE SCHOOL FUND CONTEST.

Messrs. Curry and Hinkle made a gallant contest for their school fund bill, but there were too many votes against them. Now the territory will have a chance to fully and fairly test the wisdom of Mr. Hinkle's compromise act of two years ago, whereby one-third of the license fund goes to the use of the country schools. We believe it will prove a wise and safe law, bring fresh benefits to the rural districts, while not seriously jeopardizing the schools in towns and cities.

In this connection the NEW MEXICAN desires to say that it deprecates exceedingly the course adopted by many of the newspapers in heaping personal abuse upon Messrs. Curry and Hinkle. These gentlemen, as their colleagues and everybody about the capital will verify, were actuated in their course by the most unselfish motives; they believed their course just, and contended for it with earnestness and ability. The greatest good to

the greatest number was their contention. Certainly they deserve no such criticism as many newspapers have seen fit to heap upon them.

THE CAPITOL AND ECONOMY.

Every one knows that the times are hard, money scarce and the payment of taxes unusually difficult. It is therefore plain that the legislature should study economy in all proper directions, and see that the people receive as much as possible for their money.

This is an important consideration calling for the immediate restoration of the capitol building.

In order to erect and furnish the capitol to the territory issued \$200,000 of bonds bearing 7 per cent interest in 1881, and an additional \$50,000 bearing 6 per cent, in 1887, to finish furnishing, pay for the improvement of the ground, etc. On May 12, 1892, the building was burned, so that it is now of no use to the territory. So the people have to pay \$1,700 of interest every year, without any return.

So much remains of value, however, that the building can be restored for a comparatively small amount. The bill now in the legislature proposes to restore it completely and furnish it ready for use, by issuing \$75,000 of bonds bearing 5 per cent. That amounts to only \$3,750 each year of expense. Yet by raising this very small sum the people will again have the benefit of the \$17,000 they are now annually paying without any return. This is such a plain proposition that no one in his private business would hesitate a moment. At present we are losing \$17,000 every year; by raising only \$3,750 additional we shall have the benefit of the whole.

The figures given by the capitol custodian committee show that the value of the uninjured portion of the building, including excavation, foundations, portion of walls, dressed and rough stone, metal and other material, is not less than \$45,000 and probably exceeds \$50,000; that the grading, exterior walls and stone fences cost \$18,580; and that the land, trees and grass are worth nearly \$15,000, making the total value of the property as it stands about \$80,000. All this is wasted at present, but by restoring the capitol, at small expense, we will have the benefit of the whole of it.

And the point to be considered is that the territorial auditor, treasurer, solicitor general, superintendent of public instruction and adjutant general, now have to rent offices in various buildings, and the territorial library also has to have rented quarters, so that the annual expense nearly equals the interest that will be paid on the new bonds.

We are now speaking entirely of economy, without referring to the convenience of the legislature, and the desirability of having all the public offices in one building, or the feeling of pride that we all naturally enjoy in having a fine and creditable territorial capitol.

But on grounds of economy alone, the capitol should be immediately restored.

PRESS COMMENTS.

For the Good of All Concerned. The territorial legislature appropriated \$2,000 for printing Governor Matthews' message in German.—Chicago Tribune. There should be a howl set up from those fellows in New Mexico who will carry "tote." The are always talking about publishing our laws in Spanish.—Socorro Chieftain.

As to Precinct Elections.

The numerous elections, primaries, caucuses and conventions in New Mexico are a great detriment to business and serve to unsettle the people and make more trouble than is necessary. This is

AS IN YOUTH
Ayer's Hair Vigor
CORDIALLY INDORSED.



RESTORES
Natural Growth
OF THE
HAIR
—WHEN—
ALL OTHER
Dressings
FAIL.

"I can cordially endorse Ayer's Hair Vigor, as one of the best preparations for the hair. When I began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, all the front part of my head—about half of it—was bald. The use of only two bottles restored a natural growth, which still continues as in my youth. I tried several other dressings, but they all failed. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the best."—Mrs. J. C. FROESCHER, Converse, Texas.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

MERCURIAL Mr. J. C. Jones, of Fulton, Arkansas, says of this medicine: "About ten years ago I contracted a severe case of blood poisoning. Leading physicians prescribed medicine after medicine, which I took without any relief. I also tried mercurial and potash remedies, with unsuccessful results, but which brought on an attack of mercurial rheumatism that made my life one of agony. After suffering four years I gave up all remedies and began using S.S.S. After taking several bottles I was entirely cured and able to resume work. It is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

probably the only place on earth where justices of the peace and constables are not elected at the general elections. It is a disgrace to the law makers now in session that some of them do not at least introduce a bill to consolidate the justice of the peace election and even elect school officials at the regular fall elections. The idea of only one justice in a precinct of probably sixty miles in extent is a relic of barbarism. A justice of the peace is not supposed to know much about law, in fact the law regards him as a nonentity. Neither is he expected to make a living by his little office. It is therefore wisdom to follow the plan found most conducive to law and order and elect two justices and two constables in each precinct, at the general fall elections every two years. The justices and constables' fees are not paid out of the county treasury, but from the apparent scarcity of these officials as provided by New Mexico statutes one would think a saving was made by this half savage plan.—Edly Current.

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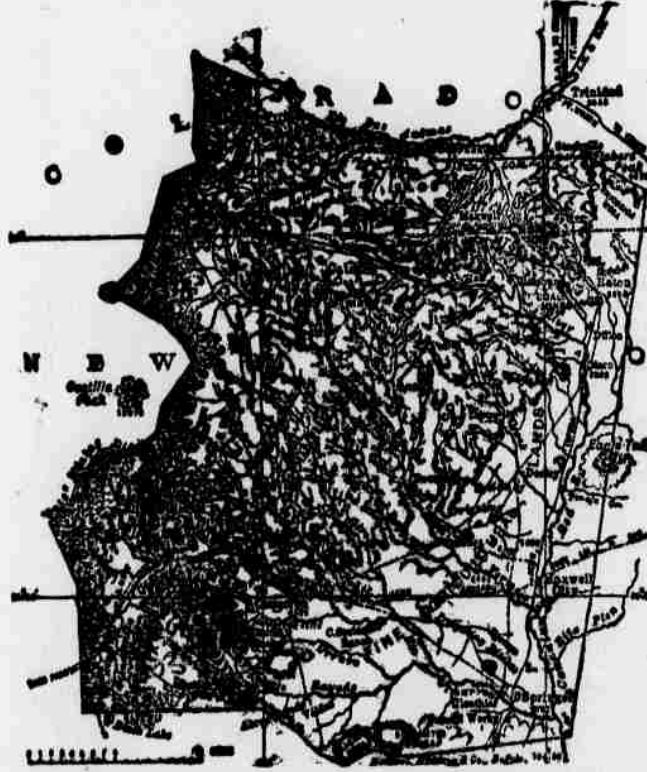
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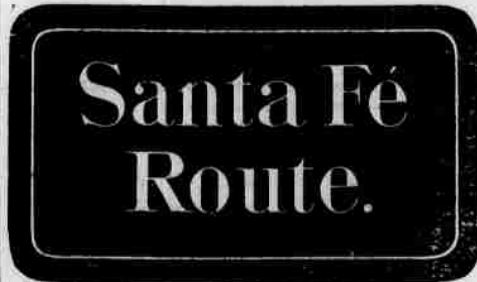
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All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Texas Flooring at the Lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also carry on a general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain.

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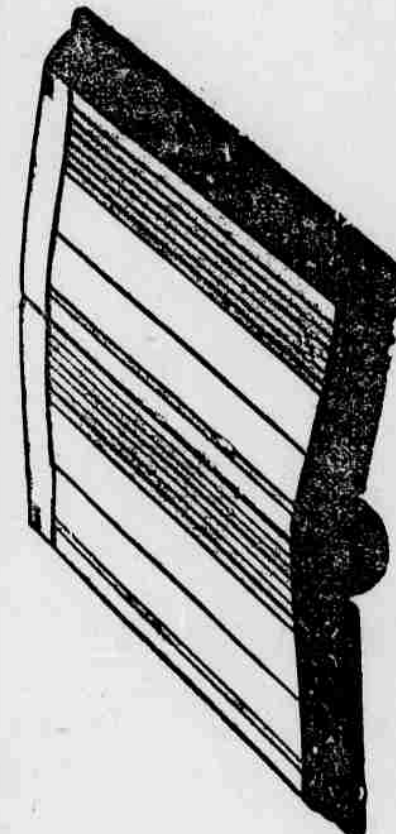
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The Daily New Mexican

TUESDAY, JANUARY 29.

Notice is hereby given that orders given by employees upon the New Mexican Printing Co., will not be honored unless previously endorsed by the business manager.

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Requests for back numbers of the New Mexican, must state date wanted, or they will receive no attention.

Advertising Rates.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly.

Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted. Prices vary according to amount of matter, length of time to run, position, number of changes, etc. (One copy only of each paper in which an ad. appears will be sent free.) Wood block notices not accepted. No display advertisements accepted for less than \$1 net, per month. No reduction in price made for "every third day" advertisements.

METEOLOGICAL.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. WATKINS BUREAU OFFICE OF OBSERVER. Santa Fe, January 27, 1895.

Station	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	Temp.	Bar.	Humidity	State
6:00 a. m.	SW	15	15	15	55.00	30.00	85	Clear
9:00 a. m.	SW	15	15	15	58.00	30.00	85	Clear
12:00 p. m.	SW	15	15	15	62.00	30.00	85	Clear
3:00 p. m.	SW	15	15	15	65.00	30.00	85	Clear
6:00 p. m.	SW	15	15	15	62.00	30.00	85	Clear
9:00 p. m.	SW	15	15	15	58.00	30.00	85	Clear
24 hours	SW	15	15	15	58.00	30.00	85	Clear
Maximum Temperature					65.00			
Minimum Temperature					55.00			
Total Precipitation								

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The highest prices paid for second hand goods. Your furniture will be taken, overhauled and repaired and sold on small commission. Give him a call before buying new or auctioning off your old household goods.

Notice is hereby given to all tax-payers for the county of Santa Fe that I am now ready to receive all taxes due for the present and past years. My office is at any business stand on San Francisco street. Also beg to give notice that A. F. Spiegelberg has been appointed by me as my deputy.

SOL. SPIEGELBERG, Collector.

Wanted—Any kind of plain sewing, including mending and darning; will come to your house or take it home. Address Mrs. C. Griffin. Box 415.

Fine McBrayer whisky at Colorado saloon.

For Sale. Any part of the harness, buggies, carriages and horses of the Lowitzki livery stable at very low prices.

Milk Punch 10 cts a glass at the Colorado saloon.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Animated Discussion Over the Hinkle School Bill—Killed by Vote of the Council.

A Readable Debate—New County Projects—Echoes from the Assembly Halls.

The Council.

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON'S SESSION. At the conclusion of the reading of the journal, the report of the committee on education adverse to the passage of the Hinkle bill was read. A motion was made to adopt the report of the committee.

Mr. Larragione was opposed to adopting the committee's report. He was opposed to monopolies in the various departments of business and in education as well. He stated that he had been school superintendent in his county for a number of years and as a result of that experience, he knew that the condition of the country public schools was most deplorable. He said that in the cities there were many private schools and that therefore the cities should be willing to allow a portion of their school funds to go to the country. The cities did not appear to be willing to do this, however, and in Albuquerque and Las Vegas their representatives had been threatened with tar and feathers if they favored this bill.

Mr. Perera, of Bernalillo, and Messrs. Desmarais and Bunker, of Las Vegas, each interrupted Mr. Larragione for the purpose of denying the slight impeachment of tar and feather threats so far as they referred to themselves.

Mr. Larragione continued in an able speech in which he showed forcibly the needs of the country children. The great hope of the territory rested in these children; and the crying need for a recognition of the rights of the country should be listened to. The speech of the gentleman from Rio Arriba was his most elaborate since his entering the council and was the cause of many congratulations.

Mr. Ancheta said that he wished sincerely that New Mexico had the monopoly of education to which Mr. Larragione had referred. He said that he was opposed to tearing down good schools in order to help schools that were not so good. The Hinkle bill, like the Bunker bill, was an extreme measure and he thought that the necessity of the hour was the passage of a law that would give the greatest good to the greatest number. Such a measure, Mr. Ancheta said, was the bill he had introduced, C. B. No. 42. He sincerely hoped that the council would take favorable action on that bill. Mr. Ancheta said that the Hinkle bill friends had not kept faith, and that while the friends of the Bunker bill had agreed upon an unfavorable report in order to secure a satisfactory compromise, the Hinkle bill people were insisting upon the passage of their bill instead of uniting in passing the compromise measure. Mr. Ancheta's speech was one of his clear cut arguments, replete with striking facts and convincing logic. He thought this method of raising revenue was infinitely preferable to the methods that would attempt to build up in the direction of pulling down in other and equally meritorious directions. Extracts were read from the recent report of Territorial Treasurer Pelen, showing that a levy of a tax of one mill upon each dollar of taxation yields now about \$30,000. Mr. Ancheta said that a vast majority of the children of school age are in towns and cities; and that his bill, under Treasurer Pelen's estimate, would yield for their benefit about \$150,000.

Mr. Bunker said that he was a friend of education, first, last and all the time, and that he was a native of the state that he represented. He said that the first premium at the Centennial exposition for the excellence of its public schools. He cited instances of extravagance in the expenditure of school funds in the county precincts and showed that it was a very unwise step to divert the school funds, where they are now excellently used, to school purposes in the country. He spoke of the unfavorable impression closed schools at Raton, Las Vegas, Santa Fe, Albuquerque and Socorro under the Hinkle bill would give a traveler through New Mexico. Mr. Bunker said that he favored his own bill giving the towns all the license fund, but had agreed to kill it in a spirit of compromise. He thought that the passage of the Hinkle bill would be a great mistake and infinitely preferred Mr. Ancheta's bill providing for a general tax levy for school purposes.

Mr. Abeyta denounced the present law as to the distribution of the school fund and stated that it was in the interest of the few instead of the many. He thought that the council should lose no time in remedying the present condition of things and he thought the remedy lay in the passage of the Hinkle bill.

Mr. Perera started to speak against the Hinkle bill. Just at this point some carpenter work which was being carried on up stairs disturbed the deliberations of the council. The president dispatched a messenger to direct the workmen to stop.

A reply was brought back to the effect that the workmen "would hammer away as long as they blamed pleased," as the council had no jurisdiction over them.

Mr. Hadley said that the council had a right to deal summarily with the parties thus offending its dignity.

Mr. Perera thought differently and took occasion to boom Albuquerque as a capitalist city, saying that the silence down in the country would be made thick enough to slice if the assembly would only move down.

At this suggestion a smile went round the chamber when it was remembered that the Duke City claims to be resonant with the sound of saw and hammer and the cheerful music of manufacture and industrial progress.

Without pausing to accept Mr. Perera's invitation to move down south, the council, through one of Clerk's Lucero's assistants, sent word to the Board of Trade asking a cessation of the disturbance, otherwise the council would have to change to some other part of town. As a result of this action the noise soon stopped.

Mr. Perera resumed his speech on the Hinkle measure and produced some very interesting statistics to show that the passage of this measure would destroy the integrity of the town schools, and that the present law which went into effect January 1 would build up each of the children in the weakest precincts of the country might have seven months of school each year. Mr. Perera's speech was one of his strong, practical talks, square to the point and convincing in its directness. It was especially notable as Mr. Perera had formerly been a strong advocate of the Hinkle bill and had changed his opinion on the subject after studying the figures.

Mr. Chaves followed with the statement that he considered the question already fully discussed, although with a latitude somewhat beyond the privileges of parliamentary law. He said that he had

formerly favored the principle of the Hinkle bill, but that a fuller investigation of the facts and the law as it now stands had led to a change of his convictions. He thought that the new law which went into effect January 1 should be tested practically before another change was made.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Mr. Chaves was requested by President Curry to take the chair.

Having taken the floor, Mr. Curry proceeded to make a clear, succinct statement of his position. He said that the vote on this bill would have no effect on his attitude toward appropriations for territorial institutions. He said that he was acquainted with the fact that he was on the unpopular side of the question. He realized that some of his colleagues had succumbed to the argument of the opponents of the bill, but as for himself, he would vote for the measure, and in so doing he would not be performing an act of which he would not be ashamed when he returned to his people.

Mr. Desmarais said that he had at first favored the Hinkle bill, but after thoroughly studying the question he had come to the conclusion that its passage would be a public calamity. Mr. Desmarais said that were our conditions as they are in the states he would not hesitate to vote for the Hinkle bill, but unfortunately this is not the case. He thought, however, that the Ancheta bill, levying a school tax of from 3 to 5 mills, would admirably meet the exigencies of the present moment.

Mr. Victory said that his duty to his constituents required his vote in favor of the report of the committee and adverse to the Hinkle bill. He gave a brief outline of the history of the school laws of the territory and showed that the law of 1893 was a most equitable measure and should be tried before further and drastic laws are enacted.

Mr. Hadley said that he thought the territory was to be congratulated upon the disposition about to be given to the bill. He thought it most commendable that it had not been defeated at the beginning but had in the interests of conservatism, justice and courtesy, been fairly considered and was now about to be killed.

Mr. Hadley said that he was more than delighted that his colleague, Mr. Perera, had been converted from the error of his ways through the stern logic of facts and figures. Mr. Hadley said that the defeat of the Hinkle bill was an act of which New Mexico might well be proud. It went a long distance toward proving our fitness for statehood.

The final vote on the motion to adopt the report of the committee on education, which was adverse to the passage of the bill, was as follows:

Ayes—Ancheta, Bunker, Chaves, Desmarais, Hadley, Perera, Victory and Galleras—8.

Noes—Abeyta, Garois, Larragione and Curry.

Mr. Ancheta moved that the rules be suspended for the purpose of tabling the Hinkle bill indefinitely, which Mr. Bunker seconded.

The rules were suspended by a vote of 8 to 4, as on the vote to adopt the committee's report.

Mr. Ancheta withdrew his motion to table, so that Mr. Larragione might offer a motion to the effect that the bill pass. Upon Mr. Larragione's motion the vote stood as before, ayes 4, nays 8.

The bill was accordingly declared lost. Mr. Curry moved an adjournment to 10 o'clock to-day.

Mr. Abeyta moved an adjournment to 2 o'clock so that the council might attend the funeral of Hon. Felipe Delgado.

Mr. Abeyta's motion prevailed and the council adjourned to this afternoon.

The House.

THIS FORENOON'S SESSION. The House was in session for only a minute or two this morning. Immediately after roll call, Mr. Carr moved on adjournment for the purpose of allowing the council to attend the funeral of Hon. Felipe Delgado. This motion was unanimously carried, and an adjournment was taken to 2 o'clock this afternoon.

MR. CURRY'S POSITION.

Councilman Curry made an earnest fight yesterday afternoon for the passage of the Hinkle bill, and his speech in its behalf was characteristically strong one. It was very gratifying to the friends of Mr. Curry, as well as to the friends of the various territorial institutions, to hear him say that the fate of the Hinkle bill would have no influence upon his vote on appropriations for the several territorial institutions. Mr. Curry's previous expressions to the contrary in the education committee room, which were reported at the time as a matter of news by the New Mexican, were immediately corrected by his own statement in the advocacy of a bill in which he felt a deep, personal interest, and his utterances yesterday afternoon simply mark his prompt return to a position which his sound and matured judgment dictated and his undoubted patriotism necessitated. Mr. Curry states that any expressions on the subject made in the committee room were promptly corrected within a few minutes thereof. Such expressions were not heard by the New Mexican reporter who was present, and it gives this paper great pleasure to state Mr. Curry's position fully in the matter. It is unnecessary to say that the New Mexican had no intention to misquote or to misrepresent Mr. Curry on the subject. It recognizes in him one of the ablest and purest men in New Mexico public life today, and its regret is that there are not more of his kind in the service of the people throughout the country.

BIOGRAPHICAL—COUNCILMAN PERERA.

Councilman Pedro Perera, the senior councilman from Bernalillo county, is a native of the county he represents, having been born there in 1852. Having wealthy parents Mr. Perera was given every desired educational advantage, among them a course in St. Louis university from 1868 to 1871 and subsequently at Georgetown college. Since that time Mr. Perera has continuously resided in his present home county, where he has been engaged in the live stock business and has, at the same time, attended to the duties pertaining to the administration of the large estate which became his by inheritance. He is

a prominent factor in New Mexico financial circles and was for years the president of the First National bank of Santa Fe. In 1877 he was married to Miss Amelia Montoya, of Las Vegas. They have one son, a bright boy who is now at college in Philadelphia. Mr. Perera has represented his people during four terms in the legislative council, having been elected in 1886, 1888, 1890 and 1894. His present term of office, as his past terms, has demonstrated him to be a vigilant and faithful servant of his people. He is a man of strong convictions and sound judgment and the deliberations of the council he is always wide awake to the inquiry of any unjust measure, whether it emanates from political friend or foe, and is equally prompt to denounce all such. Unlike many men of strong convictions, he is open to argument and is quick to respond to a call of duty, even though it require a radical change in his views. His final position on the Hinkle bill was an illustration of this. Mr. Perera is a man of great popularity among the people of his home county, where he is best known; and it seems certain that any honor within their gift can be obtained by him simply for the asking.

NEW COUNTY MATTERS.

The new county schemes have been lying very low for the past few days. The Florida county bill is now in the hands of the council committee which has not yet considered the measure. Action will doubtless be taken within the next day or two, as the representatives of the contending factions from Grant county are returning to Santa Fe to-day after a few days holiday at home.

Mr. Christy's bill putting the Mogollon country into Grant county and two townships of Grant, including Deming, into Dona Ana county, is also in the committee room.

The Summit county bill, which has been in the hands of the house committee on counties and county lines, will be reported to-day with a divided report, the majority report, however, being favorable to the bill. The bill has been made the special order for to-morrow, so that the Summit county representatives will not long be kept in suspense as to the attitude of the house toward their measure.

LEGISLATIVE CHAT.

The council yesterday reversed the order of things by holding the funeral of the Hinkle bill before killing it.

The largest number of lady visitors this session was present in the council yesterday to hear the debate on the Hinkle bill.

Ex-President J. Francisco Chaves reminded one of old times while occupying the presiding seat of the council yesterday at the request of President Curry.

Hon. Plinio Pino, who went down to Las Cruces Friday to spend Sunday, is detained at home by sickness. His guest, Representative Locke, of San Juan, is expected back to-night.

President Curry's desk yesterday was adorned with quite a handsome vase of flowers, which was taken as an indication that this popular councilman is being thought of as the place for the capital and the seat of the government.

Quite a number of well known Dona Ana people are in town to-day. Among these are Col. John H. Riley and Numa Raymond. Mr. Thomas Bull and Mr. Demetrio Chaves are expected up from the same place to-night.

There was no session of the council this morning, the members having adjourned to go to attend the funeral of Hon. Felipe Delgado. This afternoon's session was held as usual.

Editor Kistler and Business Manager O'Leary, of the Las Vegas Optic, were both visitors in the council yesterday. Considering the strong religious tone of their able paper, Councilman Bunker and a few others could not help smiling when these gentlemen forgot to rise during the opening prayer by Chaplain Deraches.

Hon. J. E. Saint, ex-councilman; Mr. Ralph Halloran, a prominent insurance man, and Mr. O. N. Marron, district clerk, constituted a party of Albuquerqueans who arrived in the city last night. They will put in a word or two for Albuquerque as the place for the capital and at the same time Mr. Halloran will keep his weather eye on the Hinkle insurance bill now pending in the house.

Representative D. P. Carr has returned to Santa Fe after spending Sunday at his home in Silver City. Mr. Carr says that his people are unalterably opposed to attending the funeral of Hon. Felipe Delgado. He brings back two numerous signed petitions, one in favor of appropriations for the two Silver City hospitals, and the second, signed by property owners holding insurance policies, protesting against the passage of the Hinkle bill.

The members of the finance committee of the house yesterday afternoon met at the San Francisco street; five rooms and large space about the rear and sides. Inquire of R. J. Pelen, at the First National Bank.

For Sale. A judgment against S. H. Newman, (general agent of the Mutual Life Insurance company, of New York, Richard A. McCurdy, president.) Inquire at our office. PAUL WENCKMANN & CO., Santa Fe.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

For Rent. The eastern hall of the Gerard D. Koch home on San Francisco street; five rooms and large space about the rear and sides. Inquire of R. J. Pelen, at the First National Bank.

GOAL NOTICE

On and after Jan. 14th we will deliver one ton anthracite coal, \$6.50; or 2 tons at \$6 per ton. One ton White Ash Lump coal \$4.25; or 2 tons at \$3.75 per ton. Terms cash.

DUDROW & DAVIS.

For Sale. Just received a fine assortment of fresh candy at C. L. Bishop's.

For Sale. A judgment against S. H. Newman, (general agent of the Mutual Life Insurance company, of New York, Richard A. McCurdy, president.) Inquire at our office. PAUL WENCKMANN & CO., Santa Fe.

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Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair. DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

PERSONAL.

Hon. Numa Raymond is up from Las Cruces.

Sheriff C. F. Hunt came in from Albuquerque last night.

Mr. E. Baca, probate clerk of Socorro county, is at the Palace.

Don Mariano Armijo, of Albuquerque is among the late arrivals at the Palace.

Sheriff H. O. Bursum, of Socorro county, came up last night on official business.

At the Exchange: Leny Wilson, La Jara, Colo.; Chas. F. Leitcham, Las Vegas; J. D. Eakin, Albuquerque.

Mr. H. C. Kinsell, of the general merchandising firm of Mitchell & Kinsell at Cerrillos, is a guest of the Palace.

Mr. J. G. Embree, of St. Louis, banks in the radiant rays of Santa Fe sunshine. His autograph appears upon the Palace register.

Mr. Charles F. Leitcham, the sturdy representative of the Las Vegas Stock Grower, is circulating among Santa Fe friends to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Sea returned to the sanitarium this morning after a short visit to Las Cruces, where they encountered several inches of snow.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Keegan, of Gallup, arrived in the capital city last night. It is needless to remark that Mr. Keegan is a stout advocate of the creation of Summit county.

Mr. T. N. Hinch arrived from Gallup last night. He reports six inches of snow thereabouts and the heaviest snow in years along the Atlantic & Pacific west of that point.

Col. T. F. Moore has returned to Santa Fe from Bernalillo, whither he accompanied his family overland last Saturday. The Santa Fe public regret exceedingly to lose Col. Moore's family.

Father James Moore and Mr. Frank Brandamore, who have been at the sanitarium for some weeks past, left last night for a two weeks' visit to El Paso and Chihuahua.

Hon. G. A. Richardson, who has been here some days doing faithful work as a member of the bar association committee to prepare a code, has returned to his home at Roswell.

Dr. T. P. Martin, of Taos, and Mr. W. M. Filless, Jr., of New York City, quietly drifted into the historic capital of historic New Mexico last evening. Time was when the latter was the patient of the former. Now it would require an expert to decide which was the patient and which the physician. Both look rosy and rugged. Mr. Filless was a member of the famous Lexow investigating committee.

Having recovered his health here he is naturally charmed with New Mexico.

At the Palace: R. A. Brown, La Fayette, Ind.; E. B. Murray, E. H. Holtz, St. Louis; E. J. Abel, Miss Minnie Abel, Chicago; Robert Black, Silver City; L. C. Fort, Las Vegas; Mariano Armijo, Albuquerque; H. C. Kinsell, Cerrillos; Ralph Halloran, O. N. Marron, J. G. Albright, Albuquerque; Wm. Harris, Allerton; S. W. Wheelock, Pittsburg; E. M. Ledden, Chicago; W. H. Jack, Silver City; T. N. Hinch, Gallup; Numa Raymond, John H. Riley, Las Cruces; J. G. Embree, St. Louis; A. M. Bergere, Los Lunas.

Just received a fine assortment of fresh candy at C. L. Bishop's.

For Sale. A judgment against S. H. Newman, (general agent of the Mutual Life Insurance company, of New York, Richard A. McCurdy, president.) Inquire at our office. PAUL WENCKMANN & CO., Santa Fe.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

For Rent. The eastern hall of the Gerard D. Koch home on San Francisco street; five rooms and large space about the rear and sides. Inquire of R. J. Pelen, at the First National Bank.

GOAL NOTICE. On and after Jan. 14th we will deliver one ton anthracite coal, \$6.50; or 2 tons at \$6 per ton. One ton White Ash Lump coal \$4.25; or 2 tons at \$3.75 per ton. Terms cash. DUDROW & DAVIS.

For Sale. Just received a fine assortment of fresh candy at C. L. Bishop's.

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S. SPITZ, THE FILIGREE JEWELER. Gold Watches, Diamonds, Silver Ware and Clocks. Watch Repairing Strictly First class. Keeps all kinds of Sterling Silver Novelties and Filigree articles suitable for presents at lowest prices. South Side Plaza, Santa Fe, N. M.

BARGAINS. I am selling off my entire Winter Stock at great bargains. Call and see for yourself. CRIFFIN BLOCK MISS MUGLER'S.

ROUND ABOUT TOWN. Next Saturday is ground hog day. Attend the concert at the Palace hotel to-night. The warm winds will soon knock out old winter. Drive down the protruding nails in the sidewalks. Recollect that the best man stumbles occasionally. The dog disease epidemic has about run its course. Thus far the city marshal has dispatched twenty-seven dogs. No train from the west this morning owing to snow on the Atlantic & Pacific. The night trains are reported practically on time. Music lovers will enjoy a treat and the public will contribute to a good cause by attending the concert at the Palace hotel this evening. The pleasing news comes from Bland that California capital will soon establish a mill for the treatment of Cocchi ore about a half mile below the town just mentioned. The regular meeting of the Amaranth literary club, which should take place this, Tuesday evening, has been postponed owing to the illness of Mr. Sloan, at whose residence the meeting was to have been held. The funeral of the late Don Felipe Delgado took place at the cathedral this morning at 9 o'clock. The procession was the longest that has been witnessed in the city since the death of Frank Chaves. It is estimated that fully 1,000 people were in line. Messrs. A. F. Walker, J. J. McCook, J. C. Wilson, receivers of the A. T. & S. F. Co., accompanied by Superintendent Dyar, are expected to arrive in Santa Fe to-morrow. They are making an inspection of company property and are to-day at Raton and Blossburg. Extraordinary cold weather has prevailed throughout New Mexico during the last three days. Snow to the depth of four inches full as far south as Las Cruces. At Las Vegas the lowest thermometer record has been seven below zero, at Albuquerque five below and at Santa Fe four below. The Scotch sociable at the Presbyterian church last night was quite well attended and quite a snug sum was realized. The program consisted of Scotch recitations, readings and music in which Mr. and Mrs. George Kuebel, Prof. Curran, Mr. F. P. Orlinton, Mr. Robert Harvey and others participated. Mr. R. E. Twitchell has traded his Santa Fe residence property to Rev. Francelon, now of Colorado Springs, for the latter's fruit ranch near Espanola, which adjoins Mr. Twitchell's farm. The combined property covers forty-five acres under cultivation and makes it one of the best fruit farms in northern New Mexico. The W. J. Lemp Brewing Co., of St. Louis, represented here by the popular hustler, Henry Krick, has decided to erect a large beer depot in Santa Fe. They have purchased through Major Brevoort two lots at the corner of Montezuma and Gaudalope streets, between the A. T. & S. F. and narrow gauge tracks, and next month will put up a building thereon to cost \$2,000. The statement about to be made in black ink will not be disputed by any well informed resident of New Mexico. Col. Winfield Scott Fletcher, late adjutant general, is clearly a crank on the subject of musty and hard-to-read records, whether they date back to the Spanishquisition or relate to the army record of the obscurest soldier in New Mexico. William Harris, an experienced and expert mine and land surveyor, is a late arrival at the Palace from Allerton, Cocchi mining district. Mr. Harris does not know how long he is going to be in town. He is a witness before the United States land court.

A Brutal Murder. A brutal killing occurred at Alameda, near Albuquerque, night before last. Antonio Lucero was at the house of Manuel Sanchez, father of Demetrio Sanchez, and owing to his boisterousness was put outside several times. Lucero was drunk, and he went home, secured a gun and returned to the house of Sanchez. Demetrio was entering the door with a baby in his arms, when Lucero caught sight of him and fired, inflicting a wound which resulted almost in immediate death. The murderer is in jail at Albuquerque.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO. How to Cure Yourself While Using It. The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco, to an inveterate user, becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure, purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want, while taking Baco-Curo, it will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cure any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. Baco-Curo is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first puff of smoke. Sold by all druggists, with our ironclad guarantee, at \$1 per box, three boxes, (thirty days treatment), \$2.50 or sent direct upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO-CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX, BOOKLET AND PROOFS FREE. Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Company, Manufacturing Chemist, La Crosse, Wisconsin.

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