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SANTA FE DAILY NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 31.

SANTA FE, N. M., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1894.

NO 193

ALUMINUM BICYCLES Free

We will send you free of cost four books on Aluminum Bicycles if you will send in your address. And we will pay one man in each town of New Mexico \$20 for showing to his friends the points in the Aluminum Wheel. Write to-day.

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Santa Fe, N. M.

STARTLING!

The Reports from Europe To-day Indicate Trouble Between France and Great Britain Over their Eastern Colonies.

The French Reported to Have Proclaimed a Blockade in Madagascar—A Cabinet Council Called.

London, Oct. 3.—All the afternoon papers gravely discuss the hasty summoning of the cabinet council. It is generally accepted as connected with some serious difficulty with France.

The Liberal organ, the Westminster Gazette, handles a subject very tactfully, evidently anxious not to excite public opinion and to embarrass the government.

The Conservative month pieces discuss the matter more fearlessly and warn France against encroaching upon British rights. The Pall Mall Gazette says: "The crisis which necessitates the convening of the cabinet council must be very sudden, for the ministers were all scattered on their holidays. It is quite possible, however, that propositions have been made to settle the various differences."

The Pall Mall Gazette refers to the article printed to-day in the Politique Coloniale of Paris, which reflects the views of the minister of colonies, M. Delcasse, and which gives the exclusive question of Egypt and Madagascar a list of ELEVEN OUTSTANDING DIFFICULTIES

between France and England connected with frontier and similar disputes as to various African colonies. The Politique Coloniale, however, says that many of these have been practically settled and that none would justify a rupture, unless one country was bent upon picking a quarrel with the other, which the paper adds is not the case.

The Pall Mall Gazette, in spite of this, says that the article in the Politique Coloniale is unfriendly to the "verge of discourtesy," adding: "And if it reflects the spirit in which the French ministers intend to discuss the difficulties with England we are prepared for trouble. We do not wish to quarrel with France, but, on the other hand, we are inclined to permit trespassing upon our unquestioned rights. The bullying spirit which tells Frenchmen that they have only

TO BRAG AND BLUFF enough to force England to surrender may easily lead to that belief." The Pall Mall Gazette then continues: "The Daily Chronicle says that war between France and England must be regarded as inconceivable madness. It may be madness, but it is not inconceivable. France must be told courteously but firmly that we have not the slightest desire to attack or provoke her, but that, if attacked, we shall defend ourselves to the last extremity."

The Globe also expresses the belief that the hurried calling together of the cabinet council is due to disputes with France, adding:

"OUR STRAINED RELATIONS with France are not a matter of a day's growth nor are they connected entirely with Madagascar. We have points of contact with the French throughout the world and each is possible of having fostered irritation, which may easily become strife. It is certain that the time way in which we allowed ourselves to be outwitted in the far east during the last year, and the manner in which we stood by while France partitioned our heritage in Siam, has done much to persuade the more ignorant or hot-headed Frenchmen that England is not so very terrible after all."

To-day's news of a blockade of the island of Madagascar set at rest all doubts as to the immediate business of to-morrow's cabinet council. The ministers have decided upon

A RESOLUTE COURSE and the public will wait with anxiety news of the decision.

"We want no panic nor war fever, but we need the assurance that our interests will be properly safeguarded and our allies protected. The French will find that we shall have a word to say about the Madagascar question before it is settled, and Lord Rosebery may rely upon the unionists to support him loyally and heartily in the interests of the empire."

A BLOCKADE PROCLAIMED. Antanarivo, Madagascar.—A blockade of the port of Madagascar has been proclaimed by France and the resident general has gone to Tamatave. He has been instructed to take measures to protect colonists in case of war.

AS VIEWED IN PARIS. Paris.—To-day's Matin says: "Once that our differences with the Madagascar government are settled, there will be no pretext for a Franco-British conflict. The relations between the two governments were never more tranquil."

PUTTING ON WAR PAINT.

London.—The secretary of state for foreign affairs Earl of Kimberley has been in communication with the Indian government and preparations are being made to concentrate the English and Indian troops to proceed further east. It is added that the sanction of the cabinet is necessary before further steps are possible. A dispatch from Portsmouth says that rumors are circulated there regarding extensive naval preparations. The heads of departments at the dockyard held a conference to-day, at which the opinion of officers was taken regarding

the time the first division of the reserve ships could be in readiness to put to sea. The dispatch adds that the training squadron's departure for the West Indies has been postponed from Saturday to Wednesday and if necessary the cruise will be abandoned and the men on training ships transferred to ships which will be commissioned.

DENIED AT PARIS. Paris.—The minister of foreign affairs has denied that the blockade of Madagascar has been proclaimed by France. The minister of marine affairs declares that before such a step could be taken the European powers would have to be informed of the intention.

ORDERED TO GIBRALTAR. London.—The Sun learns that a portion of the British channel fleet is to be ordered to Gibraltar to reinforce the British squadron.

ANOTHER REASON ASSIGNED. London.—The officials of the foreign office deny that the summoning of the cabinet to-morrow is due to hitch in the negotiations with France in regard to Madagascar. They say that it is due to the necessity of discussing several important international questions. One of the subjects to be brought up is the safety of the British subjects residing in China. A dispatch has been received at the foreign office from the British consul at Peking, stating that he was making arrangements to insure the safety of the British residents at the Chinese capital.

IT AFFECTS STOCKS. London.—The stock exchange to-day closed flat on the rumor circulated regarding the cause of calling the special cabinet council for to-morrow.

"Denver" Won. Denver, Oct. 3.—"Denver" Ed. Smith won the fight with Lawrence Tarrell this afternoon in the sixth round on a foul.

Low Army Contracts. Denver, Oct. 3.—Bids were opened in the department of the Colorado for 300,000 pounds of potatoes and 50,000 pounds of onions for the department for the ensuing year. The contract for the potatoes was awarded to G. M. Leonard & Co., of Denver, at 77 cents per 100 pound, and the contract for onions was given to G. B. Middleworth, of Denver, who offered them at \$1.24 per 100 pounds.

SUPREME COURT.

Some Cases of Much Public Moment to Be Heard at the Approaching Term.

Washington, Oct. 3.—The fall term of the United States supreme court will convene on Monday, October 8. It is not probable that there will be any decisions rendered by the court before the latter part of November.

In the second week of the term the cases particularly assigned will be taken up, among them being a number of considerable importance. The case of the United States vs. The Union Pacific Railroad company and the Western Union Telegraph company is one, being brought to test the right of the Union Pacific to use the telegraph franchise to the Western Union. Another is the case of the Texas Pacific Railroad company vs. the Interstate Commerce Commission, the question at issue being the right of the railroad to discriminate in freight charges in favor of foreign freight. The case of New York vs. Eno is early on the list, involving the prosecution of John C. Eno, the New York broker who fled to Canada. The case against the sugar trust under the anti-trust law is also assigned.

Indian Agent Accused. Rawlins, Wyo., Oct. 3.—Capt. P. H. Ray, United States army, Indian agent at the Shoshone agency, has been arrested, charged with willfully misbranding live stock, with intent thereby to steal the same and prevent the identification thereof. The crime is alleged to have been committed on September 7. The case excites more than ordinary interest on account of the standing of the parties.

PROSPEROUS INDIANS.

The Annual Reports to the Government Show that the Nation's Wards Are Progressing Toward Civilization.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Gen. Armstrong, acting commissioner of Indian affairs, says that the annual reports from the Indian agencies show that, on the whole, the Indians were reasonably prosperous during the last fiscal year and that the year was one of peace. It is evident from the reports received that the tribal relations of the Indians are becoming less binding and the individual Indians more independent of government and more self-supporting. The allotting agents of the government have been kept busy during the past year, as many of the Indians have craved

A DESIRE TO OWN LAND. The Indian authorities believe that in allotting tracts of land to individuals a great step has been made toward civilization, for the Indians are more easily governed by the agents and the bureau when each has a personal and individual interest in his home. The Indians show greater willingness than heretofore to avail themselves of the school advantages offered by the government.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Forty Years the Standard.

PIG-TAILED VAGS.

The Japs so Describe Their Chinese Opponents, Who in Turn Call Them Pigmies.

The Japs Land in Corea—Forces Are Being Massed for the Defense of Peking—Other News.

Washington, Oct. 3.—The officials of the Japanese legation received an interesting budget of news and gossip by the last mail from Japan. The spirit of the people is shown in the war songs sung by the Japanese troops as they push toward Peking. The songs breathe great bitterness against China and declare: "Now is the time to plant the flag of the rising sun on the walls of Peking and to illuminate its darkness."

The Japanese people and press are retorting to the Chinese emperor's proclamation directing that the Japanese, called "who jen," meaning pigtailed, should be driven to their lairs, by speaking of the Chinese as "chow chow" signifying pigtailed. "Toupi-kun," meaning "pig-tailed vagabonds," is also used. China is referred to as "mei so koku," meaning the country where the people can not make up their minds.

THE JAPS HAVE LANDED. Shanghai.—A dispatch from Shanghai says that the governor of Kirin Manchuria reports that the Japanese have effected a landing in the river of Lan Chou. It is added that the whole province is in a state of consternation, but measures for defense are being adopted. Another levy has been made on Chinese merchants to meet the expenses of the war.

TO DEFEND PEKING. Shanghai.—It is reported that the Japanese have captured Kiu-Lien-Cheng, on the eastern side of the Yalu river. A hundred and fifty thousand men have been gathered at Peking for the defense of the city, but only 7,000 are effectively armed.

PREPARING FOR BATTLE. Shanghai.—The native papers confirm the report, exclusively cable to the Associated Press yesterday, that 5,000 Japanese troops have landed in the northern portion of Corea.

It is reported that the Chinese soldiers who retreated from Ping Yang have taken up a position at Ugen, where they have been joined by the troops landed on the banks of the Yalu river and others from Shing King. This Chinese force is reported to be entrenching itself in the most thorough manner possible and it is now thought probable that the result of the war will be decided in the battle which, it is expected, must surely be fought at Ugen.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Cardinal Gibbons, in a sermon, on the labor question advocated arbitration.

It is stated that if Japan is victorious she will divide China into three separate kingdoms.

President Diaz denies that there is any boundary trouble between Mexico and Guatemala that is likely to lead to war.

The whisky trust directors at Peoria, Ill., to-day decided to abolish the rebate system, beginning with to-morrow.

The skeleton of a prehistoric giant has been exhumed in Kentucky. It is eight feet in height and four feet across the shoulders.

Mrs. Minerva Brace Norton, the author of "A Great Mother" and several other popular books, died to-day at Beloit, Wis.

Gen. A. M. West, candidate for vice president of the United States in 1884 on the greenback-labor ticket with General Butler, died at Holly Springs, Miss.

It is reported in shipping circles at Galveston to-day that the Steamship company's vessel, "Chattahoochee," overdue at Savannah from New York, has been lost with all on board.

The Farmers' National congress, composed of delegates from every state in the union, appointed by the governor, met in Parkersburg, W. Va., to-day to remain in session until Saturday evening.

Gov. McKinley spoke at Lawrence, Kan., and Topeka to large crowds to-day. At the latter place the Populist governor, Lewelling, offered to receive him officially, but the Republican managers declined.

The steamship, Saratoga, which arrived at New York to-day from Havana reports that the little village of Dague, 120 miles from Havana, has been almost entirely destroyed with a loss of twenty lives.

John M. Thurston has accepted the challenge of Congressman W. J. Bryan to a joint debate in Nebraska. Both are candidates for the United States senate, subject to approaching legislation, which will be closely divided on silver issues. Bryan is for silver and Thurston opposed.

ACTIVITY IN MEXICO.

Troops Are Being Ordered to the Guatemalan Frontier—Gen. Ezeta Is in Danger of Assassination.

New York, Oct. 3.—A special to the World from the City of Mexico says: General Antonio Ezeta is in daily cable correspondence with New York and Europe. He is guarded by a select police force, having been warned from the

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

United States that Alca is pursuing him. Ezeta is personally courageous and makes light of the conspiracy known to exist against him in Salvador. His friends are on the watch for mysterious strangers, who may seek an interview with him. The fact is that the government of Salvador is apprehensive lest Ezeta may come back; and his bitter personal enemies are determined to keep him out of the way if possible. The government here has begun to concentrate troops on the Guatemalan frontier. The 8th infantry has been ordered from the state of Guerrero to Acapulco, where General Dravo will take the command. The war ship Zaragosa is taking on arms and will visit Central American waters.

THE MARKETS. New York, Oct. 3.—Money on call, 1 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 5 1/2. Silver, 62 1/2; lead, \$3.05. Kansas City.—Cattle, market dull; Texas steers, \$2.25 @ \$3.10; Texas cows, \$1.65 @ \$2.25; beef steers, \$3.75 @ \$5.50; native cows, \$1.60 @ \$3.20; stockers and feeders, \$1.75 @ \$2.25. Sheep, market steady.

Chicago.—Cattle, market slow and weak, prices 5 @ 10¢ lower on common. Sheep, market quiet; good grades, steady; common, easier.

Chicago.—Wheat, October 50 1/2; December, 53. Corn, October, 48 1/2; November, 48 1/2. Oats, October, 28; November, 28 1/2.

Boston.—Wool.—The quotations are: Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces, No. 1, 21 @ 22; No. 2, 19 @ 20; Michigan No. 1, 21; Michigan No. 2, 19; Ohio delaine fleeces, 20; Michigan fine, 20; territory wools, Montana fine, 10 @ 13; No. 2, medium, 13 @ 15; other territory wools, 3¢; medium, 11 @ 12; southern defects and northern fall, 27 @ 30; Australian combed, 43 @ 44; average, 38 @ 40; clothing, 38 @ 40.

IT PLAYED HAVOC.

Little Rock is Visited by a Cyclone that Does Great Damage—Many Injured.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 3.—Last evening a cyclone grows in destructiveness as the details are gathered. The first intimation of the impending catastrophe was when the cyclone struck the city. All the electric lights were extinguished and the darkened streets were filled with flying roofs, walls and debris. The cyclone swept up from the southwest striking the city near the insane asylum, the male ward of which was demolished. There Dr. Ingate was killed and several inmates seriously injured.

It then passed on to the penitentiary doing slight damage at intermediate points. The second and third stories were here blown off, the cell building unroofed, the office destroyed and the old building scattered broadcast. A convict was killed and several guards injured. The storm next struck the large Martin building, which was seriously damaged. Gov. Fishback and Gen. Armistead, who had rooms in this building, escaped. A colored porter was seriously injured. From that point east, the scene this morning was beyond description. Some of the most substantial brick structures of Main and Markham streets south to Fourth and Fifth streets were razed. The cyclone lasted only about three minutes and was followed by a drenching rain.

Prof. Swing's Condition. Chicago, Oct. 3.—The condition of Prof. David Swing was unchanged to-day. He has not regained consciousness since Monday and his physicians have small hopes for his recovery.

CUT THEIR THROATS.

A Mexican Ranchman and His Wife Are Murdered and Robbed of \$1,000.

Monterey, Mex., Oct. 3.—Clar Trias, a well known ranchman, accompanied by his wife and three children, left Espinosa on an overland journey to Parnas, accompanied by a laborer. While in camp, Trias and his wife were murdered by the laborer, who cut their throats while they slept and robbed them of \$1,000. The eldest daughter of the murdered couple witnessed the crime and notified the authorities.

Duke of Somerset Dead. London, Oct. 3.—Algernon Percy Banks St. Maur, the 14th duke of Somerset, is dead, aged 81.

Elected Lord Mayor. London, Oct. 3.—Sir Joseph Renals, senior alderman, was to-day elected lord mayor of London.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

NEW MEXICO MASONS.

New Grand Lodge Officers Named Yesterday—The Sanitarium Project Heartily Endorsed.

Mr. George L. Wyllis, Col. Max Frost, Mr. T. J. Curran and Dr. James Brady returned last night from Albuquerque, where they have been attending the Masonic grand lodge, which has been in session since last Monday. Dr. W. S. Harroun and Mr. Arthur Boyle, the other delegates from Santa Fe, will be back to-night. The delegates report a royal time and a good attendance from all parts of the territory. Among other things, the grand lodge heartily endorsed the project for a national Masonic sanitarium to be located in Santa Fe and donated 10 per cent of the future gross annual receipts of the order for that great purpose. The meeting closed with a splendid banquet last night, Mr. Wyllis and Mr. Harroun being among those assigned for toasts.

The following are the officers elected for the next year: J. J. Kelly, Silver City, grand master. Dr. J. H. Wroth, Albuquerque, deputy grand master.

George L. Wyllis, Santa Fe, grand senior warden. C. D. Stevens, Raton, grand junior warden. A. A. Keen, Albuquerque, grand secretary. F. H. Kent, Albuquerque, grand treasurer. W. H. Cosgrove, Roswell, grand senior deacon. Chas. Dennis, Mimbres, grand junior deacon. C. G. Leicham, Las Vegas, grand marshal. P. H. Curran, San Marcial, grand senior steward. A. A. Jones, Las Vegas, grand junior steward. A. M. Whitecomb, Albuquerque, grand tyler.

THE NEBRASKA DEMOCRATS.

The Two Factions Are Making Things Lively—McKinley and Bryan Won't Have that Joint Debate.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 3.—Ex-State Chairman Martin, of the Democratic party, has filed with the secretary of state a remonstrance against the ticket certified and filed by the regular Democratic state central committee. Martin demands that the names in the certificate filed by the official ballot as candidates of the Democratic party, The Bryan convention is not called a convention in the remonstrance, but an "assemblage of men." Instead of adopting the platform of the last national Democratic convention, it is asserted that the convention adopted substantially the Populist platform and nominated not Democrats but the candidates of the Populist party and endorsed the Populist candidates for congress.

MCKINLEY WON'T DO IT. Omaha.—The Republican state central committee has refused to arrange a political debate between McKinley and Bryan. Congressman Bryan declaring that the Ohio statesman's presence in the west is for a specific purpose and that such a debate was not contemplated when the engagements were made.



Mrs. Ensign R. Smith, Etna, Cal.

Like Other Women

I have suffered for 25 years with a complication of troubles, with continuous, almost unbearable pain in my back. The Grip also prostrated me. But Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me. All my troubles, and I cannot speak too highly of it. Mrs. E. R. Smith, Box 59 Etna, Cal.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures Hood's Pills cure headache and indigestion.



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WAGNER & HAFFNER FURNITURE & QUEENSWARE

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

We carry a large stock of picture frames and mouldings. We buy and sell all kinds of second hand goods. We will furnish you from the parlor to the kitchen on easy payments and bedrock prices. Bedroom suits \$18, woven wire springs \$2.50, wood seat chairs 55¢, cane seat chairs 90¢, double bed \$2.75. We carry the largest stock in the city. We repair all kinds of furniture, sewing machines and musical instruments. Remake mattresses and all kinds of upholstering. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

S. WEDELES,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries and Provisions.

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THE PECOS VALLEY

\$25 PER ACRE.

THE FRUIT BELT OF NEW MEXICO

\$25 PER ACRE.

Has the finest system of Irrigating Canals on the Continent; over 30,000 acres of choice Farming and Fruit Lands; water enough to irrigate half a million acres; a climate equal in every respect and superior in some respects, to that of Southern California; good Schools, Churches, Railway and Telegraph facilities; good society.

Lands for Sale at \$25 an Acre, on 10 Years Time with Interest at 6 Per Cent.

This price including perpetual water right. No Drouths, no Fogs, no Cyclones, no Hail Storms, no Floods, no Blizzards, no Thunder Storms, no Hot Winds, no Norther, no Winter Rains, no Grasshoppers, no Malaria, no Epidemic Diseases no Prairie Fires, no Snakes, no Sunstrokes.

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New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, N. M.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Post Office in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3.

Democratic Ticket



FOR DELEGATE TO THE 54TH CONGRESS.

ANTONIO JOSEPH.

CANDIDATE CATRON settles better and better as November approaches.

If this era of repentance keeps up the people of Santa Fe may get even that Mondragon indebtedness in the course of the next month.

So many of the Republican gang in Santa Fe county are seeking "a vindication" this year that it is feared there won't be nominations enough to go around.

It is now in order for the Republican press to say that Ulysses S. Grant and James Russell Lowell were free traders and were traitors to American industry, for they, like William L. Wilson, were royally entertained in London.

On September 25 the New Mexican called attention to the fact that \$81.09 was still due the territory by T. B. Catron for brick. On September 27 Territorial Treasurer R. J. Palen was paid that amount. Let the good work go on!

There seems to be a wonderful lack of unanimity among Republicans over a presidential nominee. The Globe-Democrat says Allison is out of the question. The Denver Republican says McKinley is too close to John Sherman's financial schemes to be considered.

The Republican colts are said to be still nursing the sore spots inflicted by the sledge-hammer blows the old gang gave them at Socorro. But one of the sorrest of all of 'em, strange to say, is the Hon. Alexander. He had all his work of keeping Editor Williams off the delegation for nothing.

There is much inquiry for irrigated lands throughout the beautiful and healthy Rocky mountain valleys at this time. The coming boom in the west will find no interest attracting more attention than districts where irrigation systems have been established.

The public schools of New Mexico are flourishing as never before, and the percentage of native children in attendance shows a marked increase over two years ago. The native people of New Mexico want light, and they know that it is to come to them through the splendid educational system which has been built up here in the last half decade.

THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE.

The Water street organ in its last issue takes occasion to say a few things about the New Mexican's comments upon the Republican congressional candidate, T. B. Catron, of 3204-3502 fame. As the finishing touch to its lame defense of a still lammer cause, the organ grinds out the following:

"If the New Mexican persists, even by a hint, in referring to this matter, this journal will publish and keep standing during the rest of the campaign a list of Democratic delinquents."

The New Mexican takes pleasure in saying, in response to this master stroke of intended retaliation, that it shall in the future not be satisfied with hints, but will turn the strongest available searchlight of truth upon Thomas B. Catron and his record. Mr. Catron is a candidate for the

After 25 Years

About twenty-five years ago I was afflicted with a disease which the doctors pronounced SCROFULA. I was treated by several physicians and specialists without being benefited, and I tried many blood remedies, without relief.

Cured by

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., S. S. S.

Send for Transfusion Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

ALMA V. T. BUCK, Delaney, Ark.

franchises of the people of New Mexico. As such he is an issue before the people. They have an interest in his record and it is their privilege to know what manner of man he is. The people who are being asked to send him to represent them at Washington are entitled to know that he bought brick from the territory in 1890 and kept the territory out of the money until a few days ago. They are entitled to know that, in this tardy settlement, the interest due by T. B. Catron upon the judgment secured against him was withheld until two days after the transaction was exposed in the columns of the New Mexican. They are entitled to know that he is at present one of three who are keeping the city of Santa Fe out of money which is needed in the operation of its public schools. In short, they are entitled to know that Thomas B. Catron has been a defaulter in his obligations to this city and this territory.

As to the organ's threat to expose the record of any Democrat seeking preferment at the hands of the people, we may add that it is at perfect liberty to do so, so far as this journal is concerned, for the New Mexican is no apologist for wrongdoing by any class of public men, be they Democrats or Republicans.

Meanwhile, however, it shall be the New Mexican's purpose to present fairly, fully, and fearlessly T. B. Catron's record, his organ's discomfort, threats and howls to the contrary notwithstanding.

PRESS COMMENTS.

Free Wool.

The McKinley bill had the effect of sending the price of wool to the lowest point it has ever reached. The friends of the McKinley bill were disappointed in the effect which that measure had on the price of wool, and in order to hide themselves and their boasted protection law from the universal indignation which it so richly deserved, they invented a piece of sophistry, by means of which they induced themselves and also some honest people to believe that the price of wool was low because the high price of wool had any effect at all—but because it was possible that at an indefinite time in the future the law would be repealed and wool would be put on the free list.

The heroic efforts that Republicans have made during the past two years in spreading this lying propaganda are the most extraordinary events in political history. In open defiance of facts, contrary to all reasons, in utter disregard of common sense and common honesty, they have tried to get people to believe that a high protective tariff on wool was not responsible for the low price of wool, but that it was the McKinley bill which was low—because they have urged this discussion, not because they were concerned for the welfare of wool producers, but because they want to uphold and maintain the doctrine of protection, just as they once contended that the effect of the tariff was to make "foreigners" pay our taxes, and as they also contended that the "tariff is not a tax."

"Protection is a fraud." It is a fraud in general. It is a fraud in particular. It is a fraud in every respect.

There is no sense in being surprised at the advances in the price of wool, since it was put on the free list. If a sheep was worth seventy-five cents a year ago it is now worth one dollar and a half. There is no occasion for surprise. Placing wool on the free list is beneficial to wool producers. Place any article on the free list and it will be beneficial to the producer. Protection is a fraud because it does not protect.

Protection must go.—Eddy Daily Current.

RUN DOWN WITH DYSPEPSIA

STOMACH LIVER AND HEART

AFTER

Almost in Despair

But Finally CURED

By Taking

AYER'S PILLS

"For fifteen years, I was a great sufferer from indigestion in its worst forms. I tested the skill of many doctors, but grew worse and worse, until I became so weak I could not walk fifty yards without having to sit down and rest. My stomach, liver, and heart became affected, and I thought I would surely die. I tried Ayer's Pills and they helped me right away. I continued their use and am now entirely well. I don't know of anything that will so quickly relieve and cure the terrible suffering of dyspepsia as Ayer's Pills."—JOHN C. PATRICK, Brodie, Warren Co., N. C.

AYER'S PILLS

Received Highest Awards

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Appended is the full text of the platform adopted by New Mexico's Democracy at the Las Cruces convention.

Whereas, during the past thirty years the so-called principle of protection has reigned supreme and has plunged American industry into the depths of financial distress which has eliminated during the first two years of Democratic administration, and which was most deeply felt before the Democratic congress had performed one act of legislation, fully establishing the fact that the Republican legislation of the past thirty years was wholly in the interest of monopoly at the cost and ruin of labor and industry;

Therefore, we commend President Cleveland for his splendid effort for the great Democratic principles of tariff reform, and, although disappointed that more was not accomplished, we congratulate the people upon securing such an excellent and advanced effort at a reform of a robber tariff that has worked to the disadvantage of the producing classes; and we further commend the administration for the great reduction in useless expenditures in the government departments of Washington, whereby millions of dollars are saved every year to the tax payers of the nation.

Believing that the restoration of silver as money of ultimate payment and standard of value, in equal terms with gold, with no discrimination against either metal, at the ratio which existed prior to the demonetization of silver by the fraud of the Republican party of 1873, is the issue of foremost concern and greatest importance to the people of this territory and of the United States, and that the change from the double to the single standard, has been, and will continue to be, until reversed, a grievous and growing wrong to the people of this territory and of the United States, and believing that a large majority of the Democrats of this territory so feel, and that the time has come when the welfare of the Democratic party in this territory demands a plain and unequivocal declaration on this subject, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Democracy of this territory by their representatives in convention assembled, hereby declare in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver, at the ratio of 16 to 1, as it existed prior to its demonetization by the Republican party in 1873, and we pledge ourselves not to support by word or vote any one who is not heartily and earnestly in accord with the above declaration.

The enactment of the law taxing incomes in excess of \$4,000, we refer to as an illustration of the spirit and purposes of the Democratic party to relieve the toiling masses and give the people of taxation upon those best able to endure them. And we call upon our national congress to further carry out the spirit of this enactment until the hoarded capital of unlawful combinations and trusts shall be made to bear its just proportion of taxation.

We congratulate the people of New Mexico upon the repeal of the federal election law making it no longer possible for unscrupulous Republican politicians to surround the polls with unnecessary deputy marshals and through intimidation, violence and fraud defeat the honest will of the people.

We endorse without stint or qualification, the zeal of our delegate in congress, the Hon. Antonio Joseph, and we point especially to his persistent labors and the ripening fruit thereof in placing before congress the bill for the repeal of the tariff on wool, and the justice of turning a deaf ear to one imploring for admission through the thirty years of Republican rule, while Republican territories of one-fourth the population of New Mexico were admitted.

We are proud of and stimulated by the splendid record of our delegate and go forth before the people therefore, asking their confidence and support at the polls so that his hand may be upheld for the final effort in the crowning work of the Democratic party for the admission of the territory of New Mexico to an honored place among the states of the Union.

The warmest gratitude of the people of New Mexico is due to the present territorial executive and his able and fearless assistants for exposing and bringing to deserved punishment the bands of outbanded thugs, murderers and assassins, who for so many years perpetrated their crimes in safety under preceding Republican administrations, and we assure him of the continued, earnest and loyal support of the good citizens in his vigorous efforts to enforce the law.

We demand such legislation, both national and territorial, as will give employment to the people of the territories, Alaska, and the District of Columbia the appointment of federal officials from the bona fide residents of the districts in which their duties are to be performed, and demand a return to the principles which guarantee home rule by the people of the winner; and we further declare the appointment of any non-resident federal official for New Mexico too much like a return to the Republican practices of the past to be acceptable to the people of this territory.

Home-Seekers' Excursion.

On Sept. 11 and 25 and Oct. 9, 1894, the Santa Fe route will place on sale at all Missouri river stations and east thereof, round trip tickets to all points in Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, Colorado, New Mexico and other southwestern territory at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip. Tickets good for twenty days, allowing stop over privileges. Call on ticket agents A., T. & S. F. R. R. for particulars.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent.

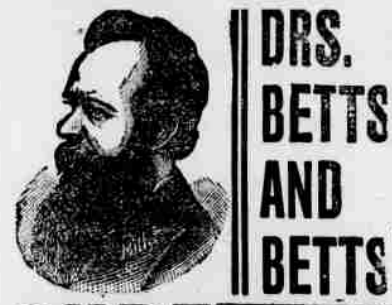
GEO. T. NICHOLSON, G. P. & T. A.

SANTA FE ROUTE

TIME TABLE.

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DRS. BETTS AND BETTS

CURE

ALL FORMS OF NERVOUS, CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES

SYPHILIS, GONORRHOEA, CLEFT PILES, STRICTURE, HYDROCELE, VARICOCELE, SEXUAL DISEASES, and All Delicate or Private Maladies. Send 4 Cts. for their new 100-page book. CONSULTATION FREE. Call upon, or address with stamp, DRS. BETTS & BETTS, 929 Seventeenth Street, corner Curtis DENVER, COLO.

The Daily New Mexican

SHOOTING STARS.

Dagge: What has become of Miss Barnstormer, the rising young actress, who set out to achieve a future? Did she succeed?

Wagge: No; she has been too busy acquiring a past.

Ethel: Oh, Tom; what a pity it is you are not rich! They say that some of those millionaires don't care to leave the house for days at a time, because they receive threatening letters saying that something dreadful will happen to them if they don't pay the writer certain sums of money.

Tom Hardup: Pooh! Why, I get plenty of just such letters.

If your child is puny, fretful, troubled with glandular swellings, inflamed eyes, or sores on the head, face, or body, a course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is needed to expel the scrofulous humors from the blood. The sooner you begin to give this medicine the better.

I'm off to Philadelphia to-morrow, said one artist to another.

What on earth are you going there for? asked the latter, in tones of deep surprise. I want to make some studies in still life.

Lord, we would not dicate to Thee, was an utterance in Lexington (Ky.) clergyman's prayer the other day.

Mr. T. E. Wiley, 146 Chambers st., New York City, says that Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured him of a dry and scaly humor, from which he had suffered intolerably. He adds: "I have not now a blemish on my body, and my cure is wholly due to Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

To the Hirsztoutine Hair Vigor Company—Gentlemen: Three years ago my hair began coming out in handfuls. Within a year I was as bald as a fried egg. Then I heard of your remarkable remedy and began using it, and it is sufficient testimony to its powers to say that I am now the candidate of the populist party for a seat in the legislature.

Not Fit for Recognition. Chappie—Dear boy, you are getting near-sighted. Didn't you see Miss Bikes how to you?

Chollie—I did, but do not think I can afford to recognize any one whose bloomers bag at the knees.

Good Name. Aunt, what do they call the man who hunts up the taxes?

Aunt Sarah—Taxidermist, of course, he skins everybody.

Claverton—Hello! what are you going to do with the book of etiquette?

Dashaway—I've just been invited to an informal dinner.

A Wise Conclusion. West Corinth, Maine.—I doctored for years for biliousness, but nothing ever helped me like Simmons' Liver Regulator. I shall take nothing else hereafter.—N. M. Oakman. Your druggist sells it in powder or liquid. The powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

You can get engraved visiting cards at the New Mexican, or have them printed from your plate if you have one.

AFTER PARADISE.

JUMPIN' JOE OF CHEROKEE MEETS A STRANGER WHO IS TOO PARTICULAR.

He Wanted to Go, but Kicked Because Jumpin' Joe Wouldn't Plant Him—A Rip Roarer Named McGee Who Was Still More So.

One mornin' I saddled my hoss and set out fur the town of Hope Center to exhibit my grasshopper and work up a sale fur my Magic Cement and Cherokee Sassy. I was in a hurry, and I didn't want to be bothered with no fools.

One mornin' I saddled my hoss and set out fur the town of Hope Center to exhibit my grasshopper and work up a sale fur my Magic Cement and Cherokee Sassy. I was in a hurry, and I didn't want to be bothered with no fools.

"I was one of the sooners," I said to the stranger, "and I was one of the lateres to git into Cherokee, but I'm one of the lateres to git out."

"How fur might it be to a spot where you can git water which don't taste of bakin powder and Providence sorter 'pears to prevail in a general way?"

"Hain't ye jest a little too pertlecker?" I asks as I figgered that he was risin' of 60 in his age and was about done up.

"As how?" he sez.

"As lookin' fur paradise," sez I.

"Mebbe I ar," sez he as he shakes off a cloud of alkali dust—"mebbe I ar." If ye was a lookin' to git outter this kentry, why would ye head?"

"Sorter upwards, I think. Jest as easy to go up from yere, ye know, and I'll save ye a heap of walkin on that lame leg."

"I hain't figgered on that," he sez, lookin' fur away over the plain, "but it strikes me sorter favorably. This yere Cherokee strip must be down on the maps up ther, same as the rest of the United States."

"Sartin to be. Yer weary, wanderin' soul won't run no risks on that head. If water wasn't so blamed scarce, I'd suggest that ye wash up a bit afore ye change climates."

"How fur is it to a creek?"

"About 10 miles. On the hull p'paps ye'd better go as ye ar."

"Yas, I think so. Would ye figger that I would benefit by the change referred to?"

"Sartin to. Can't find nuttin wuss nor this, kin ye?"

"Guess not. When would ye go?"

three miles on a knoll, and I want ye to hold some sorter funeral over my lifeless remains. It hain't fur myself, but fur my pore ole mother's sake."

"And mebbe ye want me to dig down three or four feet?" sez I.

"At least three," sez I.

"And ye want a head board fur the grave?"

"It would sorter soothe me to know I'd hev one."

"And mebbe ye want the aith heaped up and patted down and sunflowers planted that to wave above yer karkass?"

"I should, feller critter—I should. Not fur my sake, understand, fur I hev no vanity, but on account of my mother. In fact, if ye wantter spread yerself and make my last restin place the jim dandiest spot fur 80 miles around, I hain't no objection."

"But I don't wantter," sez I. "I thought I had met the pertlecker critter in Cherokee back yere a ways, but ye outshine him. If ye can't be shot like other folks, then I won't shoot at all!"

"But it's fur my mother," he sez, wipin' a weepin tear from his left eye.

"Was I don't wantter hurt yer mother's feelin's, but I hain't goin to all that trouble fur nobody's mother. Drop yer guns and git off'n that hoss."

"What fur?"

"Fur to take a glide on foot and to leave ye in no shape to bluff another pilgrim."

He pitched his guns onto the grass and got out the saddle, and as I p'int to the west he scarpes his foot on the ale in a graceful way and blandly sez:

"Pilgrim, the partin gives me pain, but sich is life in the Cherokee strip!"

I then rid on to Hope Center, with his hoss followin arter, and I sez to the fast man I meets, sez I:

"Kin I git a f'r trial in this town?"

"What fur?"

"Fur to take a glide on foot and to leave ye in no shape to bluff another pilgrim."

"Then ye don't want no sort o' trial. I'm the corner and about all the rest of the law in these diggin's. The varlet of the jury is that the durned kyote met his death while prancin round to pick a fuss with a peacenik, and the kyote and the weepins and other loose things will jest about make up my fee."

A Gentle Corrective is what you need when your liver becomes inactive. It's what you get when you take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets; they're the only medicine that will cure the going that comes with the ordinary pill. The best medical authorities agree that a regulating bowel is the most effective. They go about their work in a very natural way, and their good effects are always in evidence. Being composed of the choicest, concentrated vegetable extracts, they cost much more than other pills found in the market, yet from forty to forty-four are put in each sealed glass vial as sold through druggists, at the price of the cheaper made pills.

Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, heart-burn, pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Put up in sealed glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. Whether as a laxative, or in larger doses, as a gently acting but searching cathartic, these little "Pellets" are unequalled.

As a "dinner pill" to promote digestion, take one each day after dinner. To relieve the distress arising from over-eating, nothing equals one of these little "Pellets." They are tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious granules. Any child readily takes them. Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may be better for the dealer, because of paying him a better price, but he is not the one who needs help.

A free sample (4 to 7 doses) on trial, is mailed to any address, post-paid, on receipt of name and address on the enclosed card. Write to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sealed proposals marked "Bids for Timber" addressed to the undersigned at the Pueblo and Jicarilla Agency, Santa Fe, New Mexico, will be received until the hour of October 18th, at the office of the undersigned, for the purchase of twenty thousand dollars' (\$20,000) worth of timber on the unallotted portion of the Jicarilla Indian reservation in New Mexico. Bids should state the rate per thousand feet that will be paid for mountain pine (green), for red spruce (green), and for fir (green), and the rate for the same when cut and ready for use. Bids to be made with the understanding that all the merchantable timber must be taken from any tract or tracts entered for the purpose of removing timber therefrom.

No bid will be considered unless it is accompanied by a certified check or draft for at least one-fourth of the value of the timber bid for, drawn on some United States depository or solvent national bank, payable to the order of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Checks of parties whose bids are not accepted will be returned to the bidder, who will be required to comply with the requirements of the Government as to entering into contract and giving bonds, will forfeit their certified checks.

Bids will be opened at the office of the Pueblo and Jicarilla Agency, Santa Fe, New Mexico, at one o'clock p. m. on October 21st, 1894.

Bidders are invited to be present. The contract will be awarded to the highest responsible bidder or bidders, but the rights to reject any and all bids or portions of bids is reserved.

The successful bidder or bidders will be required to enter into a contract, and must give satisfactory bond in double the amount of the contract for faithful performance of same, such contract and bond to be subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

One-half the cost of sealing must be paid by the bidder. A copy of the rules and regulations approved by the Department on August 27th, 1894, governing this sale and purchase of timber and its removal from the reservation, and form of contract and bond, may be had on application to the undersigned.

JOHN L. BULLIS, Captain 24th Infy. Acting U. S. Indian Agent, Pueblo and Jicarilla Agency, Santa Fe, New Mexico, September 21st, 1894.

Proposals for Beef, Net, Corn, Feed, Coal, Oats and Hay. Santa Fe, New Mexico, U. S. Indian Agency, Santa Fe, New Mexico, October 23, 1894.—Sealed proposals, endorsed, "Proposals for Beef, Net, etc.," as the case may be, and addressed to the undersigned at Santa Fe, New Mexico, will be received until the hour of October 26th, at the office of the undersigned, for furnishing and delivering at this school about 60,000 lbs. of beef net, 12,500 lbs. of feed, 26 tons of hay and 20 tons of coal. The coal must be clean and free from slate and dirt. The beef must be bright and clean, well packed, and weigh not less than 32 lbs. to the bushel.

Corn must be sound and clean; to weigh not less than 56 lbs. to the bushel, and to be delivered in sacks of about 24 bushels capacity, made of 8-ounce burlap, well sewed.

Net beef must be good in quality and condition, fit for immediate use, and from free and hind quarters meat proportionally, including all the best cuts thereof. Beef from bulls, stags or diseased cattle shall not be delivered. The necks of the cattle slaughtered for beef shall be cut off at the fourth vertebrae joint and the head and feet shall be removed. The quarters shall be cut off four inches above the knee joint, and the hind-quarters eight inches above the hock joint. Necks, shanks and kidney tallow will not be received. Delivery must be made at such times and in such quantities as may be required by the undersigned.

Feed must be of clean corn and oats, fresh ground, of good, sound grain. All articles will be subject to a rigid inspection.

Proposals must state specifically the proposed price of each article offered for delivery under contract.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids or any part of any bid if deemed for the best interest of the service.

CERTIFIED CHECKS. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States depository or solvent national bank in the vicinity of the residence of the bidder, made payable to the order of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for at least 5 per cent of the amount of the proposal, which check or draft will be forfeited to the United States in case any bidder or bidders receiving an award shall fail to promptly execute a contract with good and sufficient sureties, otherwise to be returned to the bidder.

Bids accompanied by cash in lieu of a certified check will not be considered. For further information apply to THOMAS M. JONES, Superintendent.

ATLANTIC & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

(Western Division.)

(J. W. Reinhart, John J. McCook, Joseph C. Wilson, Receivers.)

TIME TABLE NO. 38.

In Effect Sunday, August 5, 1894.

Leave Chicago at 9:30 p. m. Arrive at Chicago at 1:20 p. m. Leave Kansas City, Mo., at 1:20 p. m. Arrive at Kansas City, Mo., at 1:20 p. m. Leave Denver at 11:50 p. m. Arrive at Denver at 11:50 p. m. Leave La Junta at 8:40 a. m. Arrive at La Junta at 8:40 a. m.

WESTWARD STATIONS EASTWARD

11:00 p. m.	Albuquerque, Ar.	1:00 p. m.
4:10 a. m.	Coalgate, Ar.	8:20 a. m.
4:30 a. m.	Wingate, Ar.	7:35 a. m.
5:00 a. m.	Gallop, Ar.	7:05 a. m.
5:55 a. m.	Navajo Springs, Ar.	5:50 a. m.
8:20 a. m.	Holbrook, Ar.	3:45 a. m.
9:50 a. m.	Winslow, Ar.	2:40 a. m.
12:40 p. m.	Flagstaff, Ar.	12:35 a. m.
2:45 p. m.	Williams, Ar.	11:15 p. m.
3:50 p. m.	Ash Fork, Ar.	9:45 p. m.
4:58 p. m.	Seligman, Ar.	8:45 p. m.
7:00 p. m.	Peach Springs, Ar.	7:20 p. m.
8:39 p. m.	Kingman, Ar.	4:25 p. m.
10:55 p. m.	The Needles, Ar.	1:35 p. m.
1:30 a. m.	Blake, Ar.	12:13 p. m.
4:15 a. m.	Bagdad, Ar.	9:20 a. m.
7:55 a. m.	Duggett, Ar.	6:50 a. m.
8:00 a. m.	Barstow, Ar.	6:25 a. m.
1:00 p. m.	Mojave, Ar.	8:50 a. m.

Arrive Los Angeles 1:30 p. m. Leave Los Angeles at 9:30 p. m. Arrive San Diego 7:40 p. m. Leave San Diego at 8:40 a. m. Arrive San Francisco 9:15 a. m. Leave at 9:30 a. m.

CONNECTIONS.

ALBUQUERQUE—A. T. & S. F. Railway for all points east and south.

ASH FORK—Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix railway for Fort Whipple and Prescott, and connection with stage lines for points in central Arizona.

SELIGMAN—P. & A. Railway for Prescott.

BLAKE—Nevada Southern Railway for Purdy and connection with stage lines for mining districts north.

BARSTOW—Southern California Railway for Los Angeles, San Diego and other California points.

MOJAVE—Southern Pacific Company for San Francisco, Sacramento and other northern California points.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars. No change is made by sleeping car passengers between San Francisco and Kansas City, or San Diego and Los Angeles and Chicago.

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad, the great middle route across the American continent, in connection with the railways of the "Santa Fe route," Liberal management; superior facilities; picturesque scenery; excellent accommodations.

The Grand Canon of the Colorado

the most sublime of nature's work on earth, indescribable, can easily be reached via Flagstaff, Williams or Peach Springs on this road. To the natural bridge of Arizona and Montezuma's well you can journey most directly by this line. Observe the ancient Indian civilization of Laguna or Acoma, "the City of the Sky." Visit the petrified forest near Carrizo. See and marvel at the freak of Canon Diablo. Take a hunting trip in the magnificent pine forests of the San Francisco mountains. Find interest in the ruins of the pre-historic.

Cave and Cliff Dwellers.

View the longest cantilever bridge in America across the Colorado river. T. R. GABLE, General Supt. W. A. BISSILL, Gen. Pass. Agt. H. S. VAN BUREN, Gen. Agt., Albuquerque, N. M.

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Close Figurine.

Modern Methods.

Skilled Mechanics.

Plans and specifications furnished on application. Correspondence solicited.

Santa Fe, N. M.

SANTA FE

The World's Chiefest Sanitarium--The Mecca of Tourist Invalid and Health-Seeker.

THE HISTORIC CITY.

Attractions Ancient and Modern--The Oldest Buildings on the Continent, Interesting Indian Pueblos, Beautiful Mountain Drives.

THE GATEWAY OF THE PECOS NATIONAL PARK.

The Fruit Grower's Paradise--Mountains of Mineral, Fruitful Orchards and Other Resources--Some Statistics Which Show Her to Stand Without a Rival.

Santa Fe, the city of the Holy Faith of St. Francis, is situated on the site of an ancient Indian Pueblo called Oga-p-ho-ge. It is probably the oldest civilized community in the United States and the most ancient of American capitals. The Spanish town was founded in 1605. Authorities disagree as to whether this city on San Augustin, Fla., was first founded. Santa Fe was first visited by American traders in 1804 and from that time dated a wonderful era of prosperity. The thrilling incidents of the old Santa Fe trail, starting from Westport, Mo., gave it a world wide fame.

THE WORLD'S ONLY SANITARIUM. Prof. Mark Harrington, chief of the U. S. weather bureau, says: "Santa Fe is in the driest habitable part of the United States. This region is extensive, and changes in form from season to season, but Santa Fe is always in it."

It is situated in a charming nook of the Santa Fe range, and its climate is dominated by the influence of mountain peaks that tower nearly 14,000 feet high. Together with this it lies at an altitude of 7,015 feet, and latitude, about the 36th degree north, that gives it a peculiar advantage as a sanitarium. The elevation tempers the summer heats, which naturally should be about that of Memphis, Tenn., or Bakersfield, Cal., and its southern situation reduces the rigors of winter. As an illustration, during the winter of 1893, the daily public concerts in the plaza were only stopped three times by weather, and last winter the omission did not exceed half a dozen.

The altitude compels the lungs to work, and no one in Santa Fe can be accused of being "too lazy to breathe," as a great physician expressed it. The rare, ozonized air permeates every cell of the lungs, and thus prevents hemorrhage.

NORMAL TEMPERATURE. The U. S. Weather observation office has been stationed here for 22 years, and the following statistical data tells better than words how even and mild is the climate of Santa Fe. Taking the summer heat and the winter cold the following tables show a most equable and delightful temperature.

YEAR	MEAN	YEAR	MEAN
1872	47.9	1883	49.5
1873	48.5	1884	49.2
1874	48.0	1885	49.7
1875	47.5	1886	47.6
1876	47.5	1887	49.0
1877	47.6	1888	48.4
1878	47.5	1889	49.9
1879	47.2	1890	49.4
1880	48.0	1891	47.3
1881	48.5	1892	49.1
1882	48.3	1893	49.4

The annual monthly values will show the distribution of temperature through the year.

MONTH	MEAN	MONTH	MEAN
January	38.2	August	69.3
February	32.9	September	69.3
March	40.0	October	59.7
April	48.0	November	52.7
May	56.3	December	32.7
June	65.3		

There is no other locality, even the boasted climate of southern France, that can show such a stable and equable range of heat and cold. The health seeker need fear no sudden changes. A little attention to clothing and he can bid colds and inflammations defiance. In cases of death from tubercular disease the New Mexico rate is only 3 in 1,000.

This is the lowest known record, and it must be remembered that the local contingent of consumptive is daily augmented by the immigration of those who seek respite from that dreaded scourge.

The record of deaths at Santa Fe is much lower than the territorial average. In New England the consumptive death rate is 25 out of every 1,000 of the community; in Minnesota it is 14, and throughout the southern states six per 1,000. This city enjoys the spring climate of northern Illinois and Indiana, the summer climate of Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota, and the winter temperature of southern Illinois, Indiana and Tennessee. This, however, is only shown by the thermometer. The dry tonic air of the mountain altitude fills one with vivacity and health, and so strong is the influence of the ozone and electricity on the nerves and system that acclimation is wonderfully rapid. This of itself is a great boon. Cases are on record of increase in the chest measurements of immigrants here or from four to seven inches.

NATURAL ATTRACTIONS. Besides this Santa Fe lies in a most picturesque valley. It is at the entrance of a splendid canon, abounding in natural curiosities. It is also the gate-way of the Pecos National park, where fish and game abound. Within easy riding or driving distances there are over forty places of picturesque and historic interest. Among which may be mentioned the old adobe palace, first erected shortly after 1605; from which the Spanish viceroys ruled this great province. The present structure dates from about 1710; but it is full of interest, as every room is consecrated by the memory of thrilling events. In this building Gen. Lew Wallace wrote his famous Ben Hur.

The chapel of San Miguel, was built in 1630 and still stands. By its side is the oldest house in the United States. The walls of the old cathedral date from 1622, but the rest of the structure is of more modern date. Within convenient distances are the Indian pueblos of Taos and Nambe; in the distance the famous turquoise mines of the Aztec springs, while about nine miles up the main water course is Monument rock. The road thither is one of surpassing loveliness. To the south of town is Agua Fria, and the famous turquoise mines pronounced by Tiffany the finest in the world; and beyond the Rio Grande are the San Ildefonso Pueblo and the curious cliff dwellings.

Other points of interest to the tourists are: The Historical society's rooms; the "Garin," the military quarters, chapel and cemetery of Our Lady of the Rosary; the church museum at the new cathedral; the archbishop's garden, church of Our Lady of Guadalupe with its rare old work of art, the soldiers' monument, monument to the pioneer pathfinders, and Canon, erected by

Plans and specifications furnished on application. Correspondence solicited.

Santa Fe, N. M.

THE FOLLOWING IS TAKEN FROM THE RECORDS OF THE U. S. WEATHER OFFICE OF SANTA FE FOR 1893.

Average temperature	59.4
Highest temperature during year, July 4	89.0
Lowest temperature during year, Dec. 3	3.0
Annual mean daily range	21.4
Average relative humidity, per cent	38
Average velocity of wind, miles per hour	7.3
Total rainfall	11.94
Number of cloudy days	125
Number of fair days	225
Number of cloudy days	31
Annual mean cloudiness, per cent	39

From January 1, 1894, to May 15, 1894, the following is the record:

Number of cloudless days	73
Number of fair or partly cloudy	83
Number of cloudy days	23
These records speak for themselves. Anyone in search of a dry, sunny, salubrious climate can do no better than come to Santa Fe.	

The Daily New Mexican

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3.

Notice is hereby given that orders given by employees upon the New Mexican Printing Co., will not be honored unless previously endorsed by the business manager.

Notice

Requests for back numbers of the New Mexican, must state date wanted, or they will receive no attention.

METEOROLOGICAL.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.
Weather Bureau Office of Observer.
Santa Fe, October 3, 1894.

Time of day	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Direction	Force	State of sky	Remarks
6:30 a. m.	29.90	53	W	0	0	Clear	
9:00 a. m.	29.90	53	W	0	0	Clear	
12:00 m.	29.90	53	W	0	0	Clear	
3:00 p. m.	29.90	53	W	0	0	Clear	
6:00 p. m.	29.90	53	W	0	0	Clear	
9:00 p. m.	29.90	53	W	0	0	Clear	
Maximum temperature		53					
Minimum temperature		53					
Total precipitation							

H. B. HERSEY, Observer.



Better Than Pills

Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

The King of Liver Medicines.
"I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator and can conscientiously say it is the King of all liver medicines. I consider it a medicine chest in itself."—Dr. W. J. FARR, St. Louis, Mo.

Get the 2 Stamp in red on wrapper.

H. B. Cartwright & Bro

DEALERS IN

Groceries,

Feed and

Produce.

FRESH FRUIT & VEGETABLES

Confectionery--Nuts.

AGENCY FOR—

Brew Drop Canned Goods
Patent Imperial Flour
Chase-Sanborn's Teas and Coffees
Their Bread, Pies and Cakes can't be Beat.

Telephone No. 4.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$2.00 Per Day. Located in the best portion of city, N.E. corner of Plaza.

Special rates by the week or month for table board, with or without room.

Fresh Oysters.

N. Y. Counts, in bulk, also Quails, Squabs, Cotton Tails, Mountain Trout, P. H. Steaks, Pork, Veal and Lamb Chops, Chicken Stew, Rabbit Stew, Boston Baked Beans also Lye Hominy, can be had at the Bon Ton Restaurant this evening.

Wanted—A lady waiter at the Plaza restaurant.

For Live Telegraph, Territorial and Local News take the DAILY NEW MEXICAN.

Fine McBrayer whisky at Colorado saloon.

The Santa Fe Southern and D. & R. G. R. R.

Announce the following reduced rates for the season:
To Denver and return, \$28.50.
To Colorado Springs and return, \$28.50.
To Pueblo and return, \$21.00.
Tickets good to return until November 15, 1894. No higher rate will be charged to intermediate points.

T. J. HELM,
Gen. Supt. Santa Fe Southern.

CITY BUSINESS.

Sewers and Hack Stands—The Fire Wardens Again—Municipal Finances and Other Matters.

The regular meeting of the city council was held Monday night in the council chamber, Mayor Sloan and Councilmen Andrews, Bartlett, Delgado, Easley and Victory, being present.

The report of the city clerk showed receipts from licenses for September amounting to \$8.50 and warrants issued to the extent of \$1,269.34.

The city treasurer's report showed a balance on hand September 1, of \$767.98. During September, \$158.62 taxes from Sheriff Cunningham, \$51 from the city marshal, and \$8.50 from the city clerk, were received; warrants amounting to \$672.18 were paid; leaving a balance in the treasury October 1 of \$313.32.

Both of these reports were referred to the finance committee.

City Clerk Hill was directed to notify the city engineer to present at the next meeting an estimate of the cost of sewerage pipe.

A number of bills approved by the finance committee were ordered paid and the reports of the city officials for August were reported as approved by that committee and ordered filed.

In view of the complaints which have recently been made as to the irregularity in the street lighting, the marshal was directed to investigate and report in the future as to the number of hours these lights remain extinguished.

A bill from the Sisters at the sanitarium for medicine furnished the poor was ordered paid.

Chairman Andrews, of the committee on streets and bridges, reported a petition filed some time ago for the opening of Miller's alley near the capitol building as a street. The matter was referred to the city attorney with instructions for immediate action.

A petition for a sidewalk on lower San Francisco street was considered and the city attorney was instructed to notify all residents on that part of the street to build the sidewalk at the expense of the property owners.

A proposed agreement between the city and the board of fire commissioners was presented by W. M. Berger. The conditions of this agreement in substance were that the city was to take charge of the fire department property, place it in a serviceable condition, and maintain that condition; that the department should retain their present local and board organizations with the right to select their own officers, and to have a voice in the distribution of all funds for fire purposes; and that the board of fire commissioners should have entire control of the firemen's hall and the revenue derived therefrom.

This proposition was laid on the table indefinitely.

The committee on sewers was instructed to have a full report at the next meeting as to the expense of building sewers on Palace and Lincoln avenues.

The committee appointed at the last meeting to procure a burial plot for paupers in one of the cemeteries reported that the Masons of this city had, at the request of the Woman's Board of Trade, already donated a plot of ground in Fairview cemetery for that purpose.

The committee was accordingly discharged.

The city attorney was instructed to draw deeds to the property donated by Mr. A. Staab to the city for the opening of Federal street to the narrow gauge depot.

The city attorney was also instructed to draw an ordinance providing for a stand for hacks and express wagons on the plaza.

Mr. B. M. Read, in behalf of the Sisters, requested the council to order a quit claim deed signed to their property bounded by cathedral, college and Water street and the Santa Fe river. The mayor and clerk were authorized to sign this deed.

The council then adjourned.

ROUND ABOUT TOWN.

All Democrats are requested to attend the meeting at 7:30 Friday night at Simon Vigil's hall.

Passenger traffic over Horn's stage line between this city and Cochiti is steadily improving.

Arnold & Stinson's extensive new slaughter house, out near the Chamiso arroyo, is about ready for occupancy.



When my little girl was one month old, she had a scab form on her face. It kept spreading until she was completely covered from head to foot. Then she had boils. She had forty on her head at one time, and more on her body. When six months old she did not weigh seven pounds, a pound and a half less than at birth. Then her skin started to dry up and get so bad she could not shut her eyes to sleep, but lay with them half open. About this time, I started using the CUTICURA REMEDY, and in one month she was completely cured. The doctor and drug bills were over one hundred dollars. The CUTICURA bill was not more than five dollars. My child is now strong, healthy, and large as any child of her age (see photo), and it is all owing to CUTICURA. Yours with a Mother's Blessing, MRS. G. H. TUCKER, 622 Walker St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Sold throughout the world. Forras Dams and Cuts, Cuts, Sole Proprietor. "All about the Blood, Skin, Scalp, and Hair," mailed free.

Baby Remedies, killing hair, and red, rough hands prevented and cured by CUTICURA Soap.

WOMEN FULL OF PAINS

Find in CUTICURA Anti-Pain Plaster the best and most powerful relief. It is the first and only pain-killing, strengthening plaster.

Six 100-candle power incandescent lights were placed in the cathedral to-day. Dr. S. G. Spann, late of Silver City, has taken quarters in the Breeden house on Palace avenue.

Marcelino Garcia has purchased the dairy of Mrs. L'Engle on San Francisco street. He began operating it October 1. German Lutheran services will be held at 8 o'clock this evening at the Congregational church. Rev. J. C. Voss, of Albuquerque, officiating.

The probate court met yesterday. The bond of G. B. Hendricks, justice of the peace for precinct 10, was approved, and several other minor matters attended to.

The regular semi-monthly meeting of Carleton Post, G. A. R., will be held at 7:30 this evening instead of 8 as heretofore. Visiting comrades cordially invited.

Rev. C. L. Mills, the M. E. minister over at Santa Fe, may be stationed in Las Vegas by the El Paso conference. Stranger things than this have happened in ecclesiastical circles in the southwest.—Optic.

The convicts at the penitentiary are now engaged in plastering the basement of that building. This is an important piece of work that was left unfinished when the main building was constructed.

Mr. C. L. Betterton, of the internal revenue office, returned last night from a trip to Catskill, Colfax county. He says much excitement prevails thereabouts over the splendid mineral discoveries at La Belle camp, Comanche creek, Taos county, and a stage line is to be put on at once between Catskill and the camp. At present some 400 miners are in the La Belle region.

Adelaido J. Ortiz, a Santa Fe boy, who got his business training with Blain Bros., is making his mark in Denver educational and business circles. He is professor of Spanish in a Denver college. He has just organized a large excursion of Denver business men, who leave November 1 for the City of Mexico and Vera Cruz, the object being to secure closer commercial relations between Denver and Mexico merchants. May success attend the young man.

Messrs. Atanacio Romero, Juan Ortiz and Louis Alarid are all trying to get the Republican nomination for probate clerk; while Marcos Castillo is willing for school superintendency lighting to strike him. In the sheriff's contest there are Antonio Alarid, Manuel Valdez, C. W. Dandrow, C. M. Conklin and Ambrosio Pino.

By resolution of the W. B. T., Contractor Monter was to-day formally notified to remove the name of the president and secretary from the plaza coping and place another inscription on a stone fronting the government palace reading: "Erected 1894, by the Woman's Board of Trade." The resolution authorizing this was offered by Mrs. E. L. Hall and seconded by Mrs. Warner.

Lost.—On Monday a gold watch chain with compass on one side. A reward of \$2 will be paid to the finder.
L. B. PARSON.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Sam G. Cartwright is visiting friends in Iowa.

County Assessor Trinidad Alarid has returned from California.

Lincoln Baker leaves to-day for Springfield, Ohio, where he enters school.

Mrs. J. H. Walker has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Remsburg, at Raton.

Messrs. F. P. Crichton and R. J. Crichton leave this week on a camping trip near Baldy.

Messrs. Will and George Hemingway leave this week for a camping expedition to the Pecos country.

At the Exchange: Daniel Wyant, B. Riley, Blain; S. Lemmons, Louisiana; Joseph Venson, Denver.

Edward L'Engle leaves this week on a visit to his brother in Mexico. Mrs. L'Engle leaves shortly for the same place to be gone for some months.

Mr. George L. Fletcher and his sister, Mrs. Sarkewether, returned last night from Espanola. They have been camping in the Santa Clara canon for the last two months.

At the Palace: B. Shelby, Kansas City; Wm. M. Jeffries, Tacoma; F. Bennett, Las Vegas; A. P. Davis, Denver; Mrs. F. N. Martins, Mrs. G. E. Baldwin, Salida; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. North, Cerrillos; E. M. Hatch, Fremont; C. Whitney, Chicago.

Do you have headache, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of appetite and other symptoms of biliousness? Hood's Sarsaparilla will cure you.

OFFICIAL GOSSIP.

United States Attorney Reynolds has appealed the Santa Fe and Atreco grants to the supreme court.

U. S. Attorney Hemingway and his assistant, Mr. Money, have gone to Albuquerque where the federal court is in session.

U. S. Commissioner Victory discharged Bachelor Bros. on the charges made against them for cutting timber on the public lands on the hearing yesterday.

The treasury department has decided that the income tax will be collected upon incomes for the year 1894. This will involve an increase in the office force of Collector Shannon after January 1.

Another application was made yesterday before Judge Laughlin by Mr. John S. Thompson and his attorney, Judge Morrison, for a receiver of the Sandia Mining & Smelting company. Judge Laughlin has the matter under advisement.

The commissioner of the general land office at Washington has rendered a decision in the contest between Wilmot E. Broad and David Ray for the right to purchase a tract of coal land in the vicinity of Montero, Rio Arriba county. The decision sustains the land office here in its decision in favor of Ray. Judge Laughlin and Mr. J. H. Crist represented Ray.

To prevent the hardening of the subcutaneous tissues of the scalp and the obliteration of the hair follicles, which cause baldness, use Hall's Hair Renewer.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Carried off
HIGHEST HONORS
at the
World's Columbian Exposition,
Chicago,
1893.

MORE PROGRESS.

Contracts Closed for the Construction of a New Electric System in Santa Fe.

The Santa Fe Gas & Electric company, which is backed by the Santa Fe Water & Improvement company, yesterday afternoon closed a contract with the General Electric company for putting in here a 150-horse power electric generating plant. The plant is to be located near the old Martinez mill, half way between the city and the water reservoir, and water is to be the generating power. To perfect the water system to such use two new reservoirs are to be at once constructed, one on the site of the excavation commenced by Mr. Meyers some eight years ago, and another in the foothills just south of that point. The former, upon which work commenced this morning, is to hold 4,000,000 gallons of water, and the latter reservoir will be somewhat smaller. The machinery will be run by water from three mains the size of which are ten, fourteen and fifteen inches.

The plant will be equipped with a first class arc and incandescent system and aside from supplying light for public and private use will also furnish electricity for various manufacturing purposes. It will be finished in seventy-five days.

Instructions received at Fort Marcy are to the effect that the troops will go to their new post in Oklahoma Territory via the Santa Fe system. The property of the post is being now loaded upon the cars and as soon as orders naming the date of departure are received the troops will leave. At Lamy the three companies from Fort Wingate will join Col. Pearson's command and the whole force will proceed east in a train of two sections.

Lieut. V. E. Stottler, post quartermaster and Commissary Sergeant Hineman will remain in Santa Fe for several months, winding up the business in their department. Eight or ten men will be detailed to assist them in this work.

ELECTION MACHINERY.

Busy Times at the Office of Secretary Miller—Poll Book Changes—County Judges and Tax Collectors.

The election takes place on November 6, just one month from Saturday next, and the various officials have now practically closed up all preliminary arrangements for the event. At

THE OFFICE OF SECRETARY MILLER such preparations entail no inconsiderable amount of work. Last week there were sent out from that office to the several county clerks election registration books to the number of 1,424, and to-day a similar number of poll books are going out through the mails.

The last legislative assembly failed to appropriate any funds for printing the registration and poll books and for bringing the election machinery by special messenger from the several county seats to the office of the territorial secretary. This appropriation usually amounts to \$1,000, and its failure was unquestionably a pure oversight on the part of the legislators, yet it has caused more or less embarrassment. However, Secretary Miller promptly made up his mind what his duties in the premises were, so he arranged for the printing of the books as usual and will rely on the next legislature to meet the expense of this and the other item of delivering the election returns by special messenger.

POLL BOOK CHANGES.

In having the poll books ruled Secretary Miller has this year added a column where, in "counties of the first-class," those having a population in excess of 7,000, may be entered the vote for the new office of collector of taxes. There was some question as to whether or not a blank space should be provided in the books for recording the vote for county judges, but this was finally omitted for the reason that the legislative enactment creating that new office was never ratified by congress, and the act itself specifies that such ratification is necessary to make the new statute effective. Nor has any space been provided for enrolling the vote for justices of the peace and constables and public school directors, the law calling for the election of the two former on the first Monday in January and for the election of the latter on the first Monday in June of each year.

Furnished House to Rent.

The Glidereside residence, upper Palace avenue, 15 rooms, furnished complete, piano, library, handsome lawn, garden planted and orchard. Ample stable and corral.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

YOU CAN SAVE

25 Per Cent

BY APPOINTMENT TO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

WE have a fine line of Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' Shoes.

MENS' shoes at most any price and every style.

AGENTS FOR THE

"YOUNG AMERICA"

SCHOOL SHOE

If you want to save money buy a pair of this brand for your boys.

GUARANTEE EVERY PAIR.

TRY our Ladies' Finest DON-COLA LACE. We have them in all sizes and all widths at

\$3.50 Per Pair.

THEY are the finest in the market.

WE CARRY THE LARGEST STOCK IN TOWN.

DAVID LOWITZKI,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

FURNITURE,

NEW AND SECOND HAND

AT BED-ROCK PRICES

The highest prices paid for second hand goods. Your furniture will be taken, overhauled and repaired and sold on small commission. Give him a call before buying new or auctioning off your old household goods.

Henry Krick,

SOLE AGENT FOR

LEMP'S

St. Louis Beer.

The trade supplied from one bottle to a carload. Mail orders promptly filled.

Guadalupe St. - Santa Fe.

Academy of Our

LADY OF LIGHT,

Conducted by the Sisters of Loretto.

Board and Tuition.....\$20 Per Month

Washing and Bedding.....\$2 Per Month

Music on Piano, Harp, Guitar, etc., Painting in Water Colors or Oil, and China Painting form extra charges. Tuition of day scholars, \$3 to \$5 per month, according to grade. The school opens the first Monday in September. For prospectus or further information, apply to

Mother Francisca Lamy, Supr.

CREAMER'S APOTHECARY, Prescriptions filled Day or Night.