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New Mexican Printing Company

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RICHES OF AN EMPIRE.

White Oaks the Center of a Wondrous Region of Wealth Producing Elements.

Miles of Mineral Lands and Acres of Coal and Iron—Specific Mention of the Mines.

Correspondence New Mexican.

"I have found the promised land. It does not flow with milk and honey, but in mineral wealth; in vast and rich deposits of coal and copper and silver and lead ores, and in beautiful marble, it rivals the picture Proctor Knott drew of Duluth. I refer to the camps of White Oaks and the rich agricultural lands beyond. White Oaks is destined to be the great central sun and El Paso, Las Vegas, Albuquerque and Trinidad the lesser lights. The great sun will give warmth and life to the others."

The above words were spoken by the peerless orator, Hon. Thos. M. Patterson, at a convention held in El Paso in September, 1891, to consider the feasibility of constructing a railroad from El Paso through the White Oaks region to Denver.

The words of the orator are destined to become prophetic. All that White Oaks needs to make it the "great sun" is capital and railroads and these it seems are to be given the people of that section ere another year passes. Then will the White Oaks cup of joy be filled to overflowing. Pleasantly located on the eastern slope of the Carrizo mountains, surrounded by a variety and an abundance of material wealth, inhabited by an energetic, enterprising, determined people; retaining much of its pioneer aspect, yet slowly assuming the appearance of a substantial and well built town; awaiting the coming of a railroad as the signal for a new growth and the assurance of a speedy and permanent prosperity—such is WHITE OAKS TO-DAY.

It has had an eventful, yet honorable past; it is full of hope and courage and faces the future without a single doubt that, with the development of the resources with which it is so generously endowed, it will become one of the most active, most prosperous and most wealthy of the producing centers of the country. The future of White Oaks is a place of trust in the future, for surely nature never bestowed its favors more bounteously upon any country. The region possesses gold, silver, iron, marble, coal, fire clay and other minerals, in addition to being surrounded by one of the richest agricultural regions to be found anywhere. Its greatest possession, however, is its people. They have proven themselves indefatigable in their efforts to promote the interests of their country. When the writer was detailed by the New Mexican to investigate and report upon the progress of White Oaks it was with a feeling akin to disappointment, for he felt as though he were going to a country rough and uncivilized. He was disappointed, but in such an agreeable manner that he will always maintain the pleasant recollections concerning his trip and will watch the future of the country with great interest, for he is firmly convinced that there is not a country destined to show greater progress in the near future.

Alighting from the Santa Fe train at San Antonio station, one of Ozzanne's comfortable stages was found waiting to carry the passenger to White Oaks. From San Antonio to Ozzanne's ranch, a distance of forty-two miles, where a stop is made over night, the route is not a particularly agreeable one, it being covered most of the way by deep sands, but the trip of the writer was made pleasant by the presence of two charming companions, Col. J. W. Yankee, the new owner of the North Homestead mine, and Miss M. P. Dillard, who was returning to her home after a year's absence in El Paso. After a refreshing night's sleep at the ranch the trip was resumed early next morning and White Oaks reached that afternoon, about 6 o'clock.

From the ranch to White Oaks the route is through a beautiful mountainous country. Arriving at the town a stranger is at once impressed with its solid appearance and can not help praising the hotel accommodations, for they are excellent.

WHEN DISCOVERED.

As far back as 1860 it was known that the country was rich in mineral deposits, but the Indians were so bad that white men dared not enter the country. The first discovery of places was made by a man named Baxter in the latter part of '77, in a gulch one-half mile from the present town, the gulch being named Baxter after its discoverer. He worked the places for two years, and although compelled to haul water three miles they proved very profitable as the workers were able to pan out \$40 per day.

The town derived its name from White Oaks springs, about three miles from its location and so-called because of numerous springs of clear water surrounded by clumps of white oak trees.

GEOGRAPHICALLY CONSIDERED.

The White Oaks region is on the great divide between the Rio Grande and the Rio Pecos, in round numbers 500 miles south of Denver; 157 miles south of Las Vegas; 148 miles north of El Paso, and eighty to 100 miles east of the Rio Grande valley.

In September, 1879, the famous Homestead mine was discovered by a miner named Wilson, and who was grubstaked by the late John E. Wilson. Soon after the discovery he sold out his interest to Jack Winters and disappeared. The ore in the Homestead proved to be very rich, some specimens assaying as high as \$350,000 to the ton.

THE PRINCIPAL MINES.

The producing mines of the White Oaks region are now gold entirely. The Old Abe mine is probably the best paying property. The ore is all low grade and is strictly free milling. There is not a true fissure vein in the country. This is due to a severe volcanic eruption which occurred in ages past. The country is much broken and consequently the mineral is pocketed, but of sufficient richness to keep men constantly at work. The Little Mack is the second discovery made in the camp. A man named Allen was the discoverer. This mine has produced some of the finest wire gold specimens in existence. The property has been tied up by litigation for ten years, and but for this fact it would to-day be one of the richest producers in White Oaks.

The Old Abe was first opened in December, 1880. The company which owns the Old Abe consists of several well known men. Hon. J. Y. Hewitt is president, Mr. Wm. Watson, vice president, and Mr. M. W. Hoyle, manager. The company also owns a portion of the White Oaks and R. E. Lee leads. The mine is a good paying property. It produced \$206,817.71, which amount was from 11,064 tons of ore. A twenty stamp mill is kept pounding away night and day, sufficient water being obtained from the mine to run it. The shaft is down about 600 feet and there are over 2,000 feet of levels in the mine. The property was opened up in a very workmanlike manner, the hoisting machine being operated by a sixty horse power engine. The vein has been lost several times, owing to its broken condition, but the ore is of sufficient richness to justify working until it is again found.

THE HOMESTEAD.

The Homestead, or better known as the South Homestead, is one of the pioneer discoveries of the camp. It is owned by the White Oaks Mining company and is under the management of Mr. E. W. Parker, to whom the writer is under obligations for courtesies shown. For a long while it was the only producing mine in the camp. Like the rest of the mines the ore is free milling and is reduced by a 20-stamp mill. The water for working the mill is piped from the White Oaks springs a distance of three miles. The company also owns a coal mine which furnishes all the fuel required for the mill as well as that used by the town. A glimpse into the assaying department of the mine will well be regarded a treat. Stored away in cases are specimens of wire gold which in themselves are worth a small fortune.

THE LADY GODIVA.

On Baxter mountain just above the Old Abe stands the shaft house of the Lady Godiva. The vein of this property is about the best defined of any in the camp. It is exceedingly rich gold quartz. The average value of the ore is \$26 per ton and the cost of working about \$8 per ton, including all expenses. The lowest ore ever worked was \$18 per ton and the highest \$50 per ton. Large bodies of ore have been blocked out, the pay streak being from one to four feet wide. The mine is in admirable condition and is destined to add hundreds of thousands of dollars to the output of the camp. The shaft is down about 600 feet.

THE NORTH HOMESTEAD.

The North Homestead is the wonder of the camp. Water may be struck at a low depth in almost any portion of the camp, yet this mine is down 1,000 feet and not a drop of water has as yet been struck. It has been worked since 1860; is one of the richest in the region and was up to a short time ago owned by James M. Sigafus, a New York millionaire. The mine was allowed to remain idle for some time by Mr. Sigafus on account of litigation. Mr. Sigafus is rich enough to stand the loss consequent upon shutting it down and therefore closed it to keep out of litigation. Its principal present owner, Col. J. W. Yankee, was attracted to the property through curiosity. He was told of the great depth of

the mine and was also informed that no water had been found. He was incredulous and determined to investigate for himself. He did so with the result that he purchased the mine at what is supposed to have been a low figure. The average value of the ore is \$18 per ton and the vein is about twelve feet in width. There is now blocked out and in sight nearly \$300,000 worth of ore. There are few better paying properties in the entire Rocky mountain region. Col. Yankee is a gentleman of rare tact and judgment and the writer is indebted to him for much valuable assistance.

IRRIGATORS SPLIT.

Lively Times in Gov. Prince's Committee—Mexico and the Rio Grande Waters.

A Commission Wanted to Consider Water Rights—Practical Papers on Irrigation Farming.

Denver, Sept. 7.—The delegates to the irrigation congress did not arrive from Rocky Ford until 5 a. m. to-day and the congress did not assemble till late. Joe Sheemaker, of Utah, moved that the committee on resolutions be asked to report. The committee had had five days in which to prepare resolutions, he said, and, unless some scheme was being hatched, there was no reason why the work should not be completed. His motion was carried.

The committee is in the midst of a bitter fight over endorsing a proposition to put land ceded to the states under government control and not be ready until this afternoon. There will be majority and minority reports.

"Beet sugar by irrigation" was the subject on which Mr. Cutler, of Utah, read a paper. He had demonstrated by personal experiment that the arid regions were especially adapted to the culture of sugar beets, when irrigated. Don Ramon de Ybarola, of Mexico, addressed congress on the subject of "an international commission to determine water rights at the heads of streams between the Republic of Mexico and the United States."

He said that a few years ago the Rio Grande was impassable at many places a portion of the year so great was the volume of water. Now, he said, the river at these places is almost dry and the result is disastrous to farming sections in Mexico which have to depend on the Rio Grande for water. This was brought about by the construction of great irrigating canals in Colorado, he said. He thought the United States had no right to the river, to the great injury of Mexico, and called for a commission appointed to settle this question.

David Boyd, of Greeley, Colo., read a paper on "The nature and behavior of the Platte river."

Judge Emery, of Kansas, national lecturer of the congress, spoke of "The true position of this tract can be irrigated in regard to arid lands."

He said the arid section of the United States is one-half of the possessions of the government, not including Alaska. "This section," he said, "has not over five million population. The greater portion of this tract can be irrigated and if reclaimed will provide homes for over seventy-five million people." He denounced the

LETTERS OF SECRETARY MORTON to this congress, in which he said "these meetings have nothing to do with practical irrigation," as absolutely untrue. He advocated small farms, storage reservoirs and a survey for discovering and distributing water for irrigating purposes. The congress then took a recess until 2 o'clock.

DEBS' TRIAL.

Proceeding in the U. S. Court at Chicago With No Sensational Developments.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—In the trial of the A. R. U. officials to-day Switchman Kreiger, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, testified that Conductor McLaughlin, head of the trial tract can be irrigated to him with a request from Debs that all Milwaukee men strike. "McLaughlin said Debs was sure we would win," the witness said, "and urged us to go out. I replied that if we could be assured that our places would be secure if the strike was lost, they would strike. Not many went out, however." A fireman on the St. Paul road said he left his place because of intimidation.

Dead Reck. Pockama, Minn., Sept. 7.—The bodies of twenty-three Chippewa Indians lie on the sands between this place and the Opstead settlement. The Indians left their reservation two months ago, and built a hunting lodge on the forks of the Shadlock Creek. Chief Wancote, big chief of the party, perished with his followers.

Supreme Lodge of K. of P. Washington, Sept. 7.—The Supreme lodge of the Knights of Pythias to-day set aside the action of the supreme chancellor and the major general of the uniform rank in dishonorably discharging Col. W. D. Crichton, of Fresno, Cal., on the ground that he had not been given a hearing.

Satelli is Not Supreme. London, Sept. 7.—Enquiry at the Vatican regarding the statement published yesterday that the pope was preparing

an encyclical of the apostolic delegate in church matters in the United States with the single right of appeal to the pope, shows that there is no truth in the story. The pope's only present project is to publish, at an indefinite date, a pontifical letter, exhorting American episcopals favor of the Catholic university at Washington.

DOOR STANDS OPEN.

The Emperor of Germany is Always Glad to See His Subjects—A Notable Speech.

Berlin, Sept. 7.—Emperor William made a sensational speech last night at the state banquet after the military maneuvers at South Albenburg, at which the King of Wurtemberg was principal guest. He had previously struck from the list of invited guests the names of Count Von Merbach, Count Von Kanitz, Generals Klitzung and Sandim, but the two latter were subsequently restored. Emperor William plainly

showed marked displeasure at the attitude of the persons named on the agrarian question. This is confirmed by the fact that the emperor yesterday decorated Count Von Doehndoff with the order of the red eagle. Count Von Doehndoff was expelled from the conservative union because he voted for the Russo-German commercial treaty in the Reichstag, and soon thereafter Emperor William showed his approval of the count's action. After the emperor had

toasted the king of Wurtemberg, and the latter had responded, his imperial majesty made a speech, which caused the deepest impression. He said: "When I was here four years ago, I emphasized the fact in east Prussia, where the people are chiefly farmers, that you must, before all, preserve and maintain a capable peasantry, and as such they would be a pillar of support

to any monarchy. Hence my constant endeavor whenever opportunity arises is to foster the welfare and economic improvement of east Prussia."

I found myself compelled to observe with a sore heart that, in circles of nobility near the throne, my best intentions were misunderstood and to a certain extent embittered. Gentlemen, opposition of Prussian noblemen to their king is a misfortune. How often have my ancestors been called upon to set themselves against misguided members of that class for the welfare of the whole community. Being the successor of him, who, by his own right, became sovereign duke in Prussia, will I follow in the same path as my great ancestor. I represent, like my imperial grandeur, the kingdom, by the grace of God. My door is

open to each one of my subjects and I lend him a ready ear. I shall continue my constant endeavors and the next budget will afford fresh proof of my parental solicitude. Gentlemen, let us regard the pressure weighing upon us and the times through which we are passing, in the light of the Christian profession in which we have been educated, a trial laid upon us by God. Let us enter together on this struggle, having as our watchword "Onward with God and dishonor to him who forsakes his king!"

THE MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 7.—Money on call, 1 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 5½; Silver 64½; gold, \$116. Kansas City.—Cattle, market strong and active to 10c higher; Texas steers, \$2.05 to \$3.15; beef steers, \$2.75 to \$5.80; Texas cows, \$1.90 to \$2.25; beef steers, \$3.00 to \$6.00; native cows, \$1.00 to \$2.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 to \$3.00. Sheep, market active and firm; good to choice natives, \$2.40 to \$5.00; good to choice westerns, \$2.45 to \$2.75; common and stockers, \$2.00 to \$2.50; good to choice lambs, \$3.00 to \$4.00.

Chicago.—Cattle, moderately active and firm at unchanged prices. Sheep, fair demand, firm. Chicago.—Wheat, easy; September, 54; December, 57 and 57½; Corn, lower; September, 56½; October, 58½. Oats, lower; September, 29½; October, 30½.

MISTREATED HIS BRIDE.

And When Her Family Remonstrated, Killed Her Two Brothers.

Nacogdoches, Texas, Sept. 7.—Henry Watson married Miss Summers here recently and his treatment of her was so brutal that her family remonstrated. He sent word to his father-in-law that he was going to kill him. Two sons remained at the house to protect the old man, while Jesse and Joe Summers went to Watson and began reasoning with him. He drew a knife, disemboweled Jesse and began hacking him to pieces. Joe Summers put six bullets in Watson, but not before he had been fatally stabbed. The Summers boys can not recover.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Killed by a Woman.

Jackson, Mo., Sept. 7.—Mrs. Mary Ellsworth, 50 years old, has been lodged in jail for the murder of Henry Stiff, a blacksmith at Oriole. Mrs. Ellsworth, her son Presley and her daughter called on Stiff at his house and without a word, Mrs. Ellsworth began firing on him at close range. Stiff ran out of his house, pursued by the woman, who emptied her revolver into his body. Her son also discharged the contents of his musket into Stiff's back. Presley Ellsworth has not been caught. The cause of the tragedy is unknown.

Inventor Dead.

Freeport, Ill., Sept. 7.—Col. C. W. Taladee, an inventor, died in this city last night from the effects of an overdose of morphine administered by his own hand. Col. Taladee was born in Ohio sixty-five years ago, and settled in Texas, when a young man. He served as colonel of his regiment in the Texas Rangers in the civil war. He took out and was granted 200 patents, many being very valuable; among them was the "scissors spring," used extensively on baggies.

BLEWFIELD OUTRAGE.

But the State Department Will See that American Rights Are Protected.

New Orleans, Sept. 7.—Advices from Blewfield, dated August 31, say that a few days ago Directors Cabezas and Madrid committed another outrage on Americans. The launch which steamed out to the bluff on the evening of July 6, with several Mosquito and Jamaican negroes, was seized and brought to anchor before the Nicaraguan government building. Minister Madrid has given orders to confiscate the boat, as it took part against the wishes of its owners in the Blewfield, Banana county murder of Nicaraguans.

UNCLE SAM WILL ACT.

New York City.—A special from Washington says: According to a report received at the state department from the American agent located at Blewfield, an American merchant vessel has been seized by the Nicaraguan authorities and used to convey prisoners to Colon. The owners have asked for indemnity. The state department will demand an explanation from the Nicaraguan authorities.

NO PROTECTION ASKED.

Washington.—Information has been received from the state department that the two Americans banished from Nicaragua for complicity in the Misquito rebellion are now in Costa Rica. It is further stated that they will be satisfied to accept banishment without asking protection of the U. S. minister.

Main Throughout the West.

Milwaukee, Sept. 7.—The remarkable drought throughout the west of more than two months was broken last night by a rain all over Iowa, northern Illinois, north of Michigan and all Wisconsin, except the northwest portion.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Forty Years the Standard.

CREATES A SCENE.

The Ex-Prime Minister of Prince Ferdinand Gets Violent and Is Then Injured.

Sofia, Sept. 7.—Much comment has been caused here by the behavior of ex-Prime Minister Stamboloff. When arraigned to answer charges, he insulted and calumniated Prince Ferdinand. Stamboloff threatened the magistrate and the commissary of police with vengeance and refused to answer questions. He was held under heavy bail, which, however, was furnished.

When he was entering the carriage after leaving the court room, a man struck him with a stick. The assailant was arrested. Subsequently the mob attacked Stamboloff and his friends with stones as they were driving away, and he would probably have been injured had not the police intervened.

Ferdinand's throne is believed to be in danger. Fire insurance. Your interest will be carefully guarded by Mrs. Coffin, on the plaza.

SCRAPPERS IN THE ORIENT.

How the Chinese and Jap War is Getting Along—The Latest from the Dutch in Java.

Yokohama, Sept. 7.—Field Marshal Yamagata has started for Corea to assume command of the Japanese army, which, it is expected, will soon amount to 100,000 men. When the organization is complete an attack will be made on Chinese troops.

THE DUTCH WAR.

Batavia, Java.—Capt. Lindgren's detachment of troops, who have recently been operating in Island Lombok and who were reported surrounded by Bolinese, reached Ampas yesterday under the safe conduct of the Rajah of Lombok. The fire of the Dutch artillery has driven the enemy from Arven. Another attack from the Dutch force is said to be imminent.

Admiral Ingfield Is Dead.

London, Sept. 7.—Admiral Sir Edward Ingfield, who has been on the retired list since 1885, is dead.

For Live Telegraph, Territorial and Local News take the DAILY NEW MEXICAN.

Presidential Appointments.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The president has made the following appointments: Richard McClellan, register of the land office at Durango, Colo.; Thos. B. Edwards, register of the land office at Hugo, Colo.; Frank Ewing, receiver of the land office at Hugo, Colo.; Jno. Thompson, surveyor general of Wyoming; Francis E. Rice, receiver of the land office at Lander, Wyoming; John A. Williamson, register of the land office at Lander, Wyo.

Amended mining location notices for sale at the NEW MEXICAN office.

County Democratic Convention.

Pursuant to an order of the Democratic central committee of Santa Fe county a convention of the Democratic voters of Santa Fe county is hereby called to meet at the court house in the city of Santa Fe, on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1894, for the purpose of nominating ten delegates to represent said county in the Democratic territorial convention which meets at Las Cruces, N. M., on September 17, 1894.

The primaries for this convention will be held on the several precincts of the county on September 8, next, at the hour of 7 p. m. in the Santa Fe and Cerrillos precincts, and at 4 o'clock p. m. in the other precincts.

The following is a list of the precincts, and the names of the persons constituting the Democratic county committee, who will call precinct meetings:

NO. AND NAME OF PRECINCT.	COMMITTEEMEN.	GATES.
1-Pajarito	Manuel Roybal	3
2-Isaque	Thomas Grieco	2
3-Santa Fe	J. P. Victory	8
4-Santa Fe	Jose A. Baez	6
5-Aguia Fria	Jose A. Romero	4
6-Ciudad	Antonio Rael	3
7-Cerrillos	Wm. E. Dume	6
8-Gallisteo	J. Levia	2
9-San Ildefonso	David Romo	1
10-Bolinas	Daniel Taylor	1
11-Golden	J. B. Evans	3
12-Campanita	Cruz Gurule	2
13-Clorita	Francisco Latorre	1
14-Chimayo	Antonio Martinez	1
15-Santa Cruz	Antonio Gonzalez	4
16-Espanola	F. Vigil y Montoya	4
17-Santa Fe	J. H. Crist	5
18-Santa Fe	Juan Holmes	7

Alternates shall also be elected at said primaries who shall serve in case the delegate fail to attend the convention, but in no case shall proxies be allowed except when neither delegate or his alternate can attend, in which event the delegate may give his proxy to some bona fide resident of his precinct only.

All persons or organizations, without regard to former party affiliations, who honestly intend to support the Democratic nominee for delegate to congress, are invited to participate in such county convention, and are eligible to election as delegates to the territorial convention.

J. P. Victory,
Chairman Democratic County Committee,
Santa Fe County.
JOSE ORTIZ Y BACA, Secretary.

The Celebrated
FLOR DE WILKIE COLLINS
CIGAR.

LA FLOR DE WILKIE COLLINS



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Made in sixteen different sizes and shapes, containing the very finest Havana Filler and Sumatra Wrapper --- Spanish work. It is the very finest Cigar made in America.

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C. B. DIXSON, Sole Agent at Santa Fe

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Communication intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address—not for publication, but as evidence of good faith, and should be addressed to The Editor. Letters pertaining to business should be addressed to the New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Post Office in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the south-west.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7.

Democratic Territorial Convention.

In accordance with a resolution of the Democratic territorial central committee, adopted at a meeting held in Santa Fe on the 11th day of August, 1894, a convention of the Democratic party of the territory is hereby called to meet at Las Cruces, N. M., on the 17th day of September, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., to nominate a candidate for delegate to the house of representatives of the 54th congress of the United States.

In accordance with said resolution each county of the territory is entitled to one delegate to said convention for each 125 votes cast for Hon. Antonio Joseph, as delegate to congress in 1892, and an additional delegate for each fraction of the unit of 125 amounting to fifty or more. Under this apportionment the several counties of the territory are entitled to representation as follows:

Counties	No. of Delegates
Bernalillo.....	15
Chaves.....	2
Colfax.....	6
Doña Ana.....	10
Edwy.....	3
Grant.....	8
Guadalupe.....	3
Lincoln.....	5
Mora.....	10
Rio Arriba.....	10
San Juan.....	2
San Miguel.....	21
Santa Fe.....	10
Sierra.....	4
Socorro.....	8
Taos.....	8
Union.....	3
Valencia.....	1
Total.....	180

In further accord with said resolution the Democratic central committee of the various counties of the territory are hereby instructed to call county conventions for the election of delegates according to said apportionment and to insert in the all therefor an invitation to all persons or organizations, without regard to former party affiliations, who intend to support the Democratic nominee for delegate, to participate in such conventions, declaring such persons eligible to election as delegates to the territorial convention hereby called. Said county committees are requested to make all arrangements for county conventions in ample time and in accordance with the practice of the party.

J. H. CRIST, Chairman.
THOS. P. GABLE, Secretary.

In order to encourage the development of such new camps as Cochiti, and at the same time start new wheels of progress in the Socorro smelter, it would seem that the A., T. & S. F. could afford to grant the most liberal rate for the transportation of ores at this particular time.

The lawyer politicians of the Republican party are welcome to all the capital they can make out of the recent action of the supreme court in sentencing for contempt the parties now serving terms in the U. S. jail. It is a fact not to be questioned that, so far as the masses are concerned, no people on earth have a more profound respect for the law than those of New Mexico, and cheap clap trap arguments by political organs designed to belittle the action of this court in support of its dignity and power will have no effect whatever upon the mind of the average New Mexican citizen. He isn't built that way.

SOME FUN IN PROSPECT.

No inconsiderable interest is developing in the possible result of the Republican territorial convention which assembles at Socorro on the 20th inst. The fact, as evidenced by the result of the Republican primaries thus far held, that Boss Catron has made up his mind to dominate that assemblage as usual, despite the solemn warning of the coils, has served to set many of the more conservative men of the party on the "tip-toe of expectation" as to what may happen. Santa Fe, Taos, Rio Arriba, San Juan, Dona Ana, Lincoln and Valencia county Republicans are booked for Catron, but in the other counties, it is said, the guns have been pretty well spiked against him by M. S. Otero, of San Miguel, and, as matters now stand, some lively scraps are anticipated before either side will lie down in the Socorro meeting.

A BUSINESS MATTER.

The Pecos Valley and the Denver and Rio Grande railroads will be completed to Albuquerque within a year after statehood.—Albuquerque Democrat.

This is true beyond all question. Even now the Pecos Valley railroad has experts in the field looking over the route in Lincoln county. In another month the line will have been finished to Roswell, and then "on to Albuquerque" via White Oaks will be the cry. The date of beginning the work toward the central Rio Grande valley depends altogether upon statehood, and this in turn depends upon the votes of the people of New Mexico this fall.

TO INVESTORS AND HOME-SEEKERS.

A readable story on the wonderful resources of the White Oaks region is printed in the New Mexican to-day. Statehood means the pouring of millions of capital into that locality during the next few years. Through the enterprise of the people there the New Mexican to-day prints an extra edition of 1,000 copies of this journal for distribution among capitalists and home-seekers throughout the central west and east, and, should statehood be assured this fall, the White Oaks people will, through this liberal and timely advertisement of their resources, unquestionably reap a large share of attention from investors and home-seekers.

A MATTER OF CHOICE.

The last issue of our Sunday contemporary, the Republican, contains the following:

"The Republican is most heartily in favor of statehood and if the people so decide would sooner see New Mexico a state, Democratic from governor to every precinct constable, than to remain a territory."

This being its position, will the Republican please tell us how the success of the Republican ticket in New Mexico in November would aid in obtaining statehood? Does it not know that if the territory goes Republican this fall, the New Mexico enabling act will remain pigeon-holed in the senate committee room?

Does it not know that if this opportunity for statehood is lost, the opportunity may not present itself again for years?

In short, doesn't the Republican know that in advocating statehood in one paragraph and in advising the people of New Mexico to elect a Republican as delegate this fall in the next it is irretrievably inconsistent?

We ask these questions in absolute good faith, and we pause for reply.

The Republican can not serve the interests of statehood, which must come through Democracy, and the interests of the Republican party at the same time. In the issue between the two, it must "cleave to the one and despise the other."

We repeat our question, not only for an answer from the Republican but for an answer from the people of this territory who may be wavering on this issue: Will you take Democracy with statehood in December or will you take Republicanism with statehood the Good Lord knows only when? We have little doubt as to the answer which the people will give at the polls in this matter.

PRESS COMMENTS.

Tricks in all Trades—Even in Politics.

Some of our territorial exchanges intimate that J. Francisco Chavez, of Valencia, will be the Republican candidate for delegate to congress. It may be the boy [are putting up the same kind of a job] to him that certain Democratic (?) politicians attempted to put up on a prominent Democrat in this territory, J. Francisco will be one of the easiest men in the territory to defeat.—Roswell Record.

Neuralgia

ATTACKS THE EYES
Makes
THE LIGHT
Unbearable.

PERMANENTLY CURED
BY USING

Ayer's Pills

"My husband was subject to severe attacks of neuralgia which caused him great pain and suffering. The pains were principally about his eyes, and he often had to remain in a darkened room, not being able to stand the light. Ayer's Pills being recommended, he tried them, using one before each meal. They very soon afforded relief, followed by permanent cure. I am a strong believer in the efficacy of Ayer's Pills, and would not be without them for ten times their cost."—Mrs. M. E. DEBAT, Liberty, Tex.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for forty years, and regard them as the very best."—Uncle MARTIN HANCOCK, Lake City, Minn.

AYER'S PILLS

Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Your Strength Renewed

AND YOUR RUNDOWN SYSTEM BUILT UP AND REORGANIZED.

A few bottles of S. S. S. will do it. If you are troubled with a depressed, languid feeling, and lack of energy, your blood is not right, and needs purifying. Will thoroughly clear away all impurities and impart new vigor and life to the whole system.

"I have used your medicine often for the past eight years, and feel safe in saying that it is the best general health restorer in the world."—F. H. GILSON, Batesville, Ark.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

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Prinice Block, Palace avenue, Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m.; 1:30 to 3:30 p. m. Special attention given to diseases of the respiratory system.

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Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

W. J. EATON,
Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M.

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CATRON & SPIESS,
Attorneys at law and solicitors in chancery Santa Fe, N. M. Practice in all the courts of the territory. Offices in Catron Block.

Notice for Publication.

[Homestead No. 3199.]

LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., August 22, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the register or receiver, at Santa Fe, N. M., on September 23, 1894, viz: Luciana Blea de Sena, mother and heir of Marcos Sena, deceased, for the lots 3, 4 and 5, sec. 2, tp. 15 n. r. 10 e. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Felipe Blea, Pablo Blea, Allen Butcher and Antonio Sena, all of Santa Fe, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register

DAVID LOWITZKI,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

FURNITURE,

NEW AND SECOND HAND

AT BED-ROCK PRICES

The highest prices paid for second hand goods. Your furniture will be taken, overhauled and repaired and sold on small commission. Give him a call before buying new or auctioning off your old household goods.

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Also a complete line of Boy's Clothing. Clothing made to order and perfect fit guaranteed.

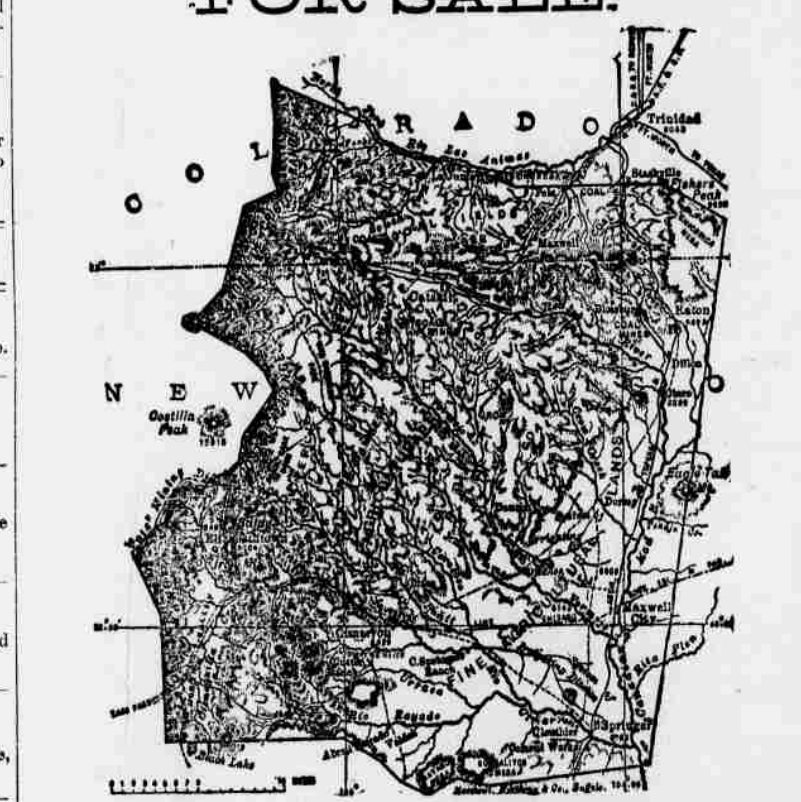
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Gold Mines!

Choice Mountain and Valley Lands near the Foot of the

FOR SALE.



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In addition to the above there are 1,400,000 acres of land for sale, consisting mainly of Agricultural, Coal and Timber Lands. The climate is unsurpassed, and alfalfa, grain and fruit of all kinds grow to perfection and in abundance.

Those wishing to view the lands can secure special rates on the railroad, and will have a rebate also on the same, if they should buy 160 acres or more.

The famous Cold Mining Camps near Elizabethtown and Baldy are thrown open to prospectors on more favorable terms than locations on Government land. Mining regulations sent on application.

Daily, four-horse, covered coaches leave Springer at 7 a. m., except Sundays, for Cimarron, Baldy and Elizabethtown, and leave these points every morning, Sundays excepted, for Springer.

The A. T. & S. F. and U. P. D. & G. railroads cross this property. WARRANTY DEEDS GIVEN. For full particulars apply to

THE MAXWELL LAND GRANT CO.

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PATRONIZE THIS HOME INDUSTRY.

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EVERYTHING BRAND NEW. SERVICE FIRST CLASS.

REGULAR MEALS OR SHORT ORDERS.

Private apartments on second floor for families.

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LADY OF LIGHT,

Conducted by the Sisters of Loretto.

Board and Tuition.....\$20 Per Month

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Mother Francisca Lamy, Supr.

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In Postage, we will send A Sample Envelope, of either WHITE, FLESH OR BRUNETTE

POZZONI'S POWDER.

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besides being an acknowledged beautifier, has many refreshing uses. It prevents chafing, sun-burn, wind-burn, insect-bites, etc.; in fact it is the most delicate and desirable protection to the face during hot weather. It is Sold Everywhere.

For sample address
J. A. POZZONI CO. St. Louis, Mo.

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W. L. DOUGLAS

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\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH ENAMELLED CALF.

\$4.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO

\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

\$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.

\$2.125 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES.

LADIES' BEST DONGOLA.

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You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profit. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

JOHNSON & PETERSON.

THE PECOS VALLEY THE FRUIT BELT OF NEW MEXICO \$25 PER ACRE.

Has the finest system of Irrigating Canals on the Continent; over 30,000 acres of choice Farming and Fruit Lands; water enough to irrigate half a million acres; a climate equal in every respect and superior in some respects, to that of Southern California

good Schools, Churches, Railway and Telegraph facilities; good society.

Lands for Sale at \$25 an Acre, on 10 Years Time with Interest at 6 Per Cent.

This price including perpetual water right. No Drouths, no Fogs, no Cyclones, no Hall Storms, no Floods, no Blizzards, no Thunder Storms, no Hot Winds, no Northerns, no Winter Rains, no Grasshoppers, no Malaria, no Epidemic Diseases no Prairie Fires, no Snakes, no Sunstrokes.

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The Daily New Mexican

SHOOTING STARS.

Now, said the physician, who is noted for his heavy charges, I must take your temperature. All right, responded the patient in a tone of utter resignation.

You have got about everything else I own. There's no reason why you shouldn't take that, too.

Waked Up in Time

To the fact that a want of tone in the system is the herald of approaching disease, hosts of invalids have adopted that certain means of self rescue from impending danger, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This benignant tonic promotes, in no ordinary degree, digestion and assimilation, through which the blood is fertilized and made strength-yielding. Besides this, inactivity of the liver, bowels and kidneys, which impede a gain of vigor, is overcome. Appetite, as well as the ability to gratify it without discomfort, is stimulated by this thorough medicinal cordial, which also has a tranquilizing effect upon nerves weak and unquiet. Food, it should be remembered, only half invigorates the dyspeptic. By the use of the Bitters its nourishing properties are made available. For malaria, rheumatism and the infirmities of age, use the Bitters.

Chollie: The idea of a man sending a business letter with a P. S. Chappie—Doozid bad form, surely. Chollie: But that isn't the worst of it. In this case it means Please settle.

Our readers will find Simmons Liver Regulator advertised in these columns. We advertise it, and use it, and we commend it as a safe and excellent medicine. We became acquainted with it in Georgia where it is a standard family medicine. We do not deny the merits of other preparations but simply state that this one commands confidence. From the "Journal," Lanesboro, Minn.

The lawyer who works like a horse was engaged in drawing a conveyance.

Editor: You're too early with that bill, my friend. Collector: Your sign reads, All bills paid on the first. Editor: Yes, but it means the first of the year.



A RETIRED BUSINESS WOMAN.

A Page From Her History.

The important experiences of others are interesting. The following is no exception: "I had been troubled with heart disease 35 years, much of that time very seriously. For five years I was treated by one physician continuously. I was in business, but obliged to retire on account of my health. A physician told my friends that I could not live a month. My feet and limbs were badly swollen, and I was in a serious condition when a gentleman directed my attention to Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and said that his sister, who had been afflicted with heart disease, had been cured by the remedy, and was again a strong, healthy woman. I purchased a bottle of the Heart Cure, and in less than an hour after taking the first dose I could feel a decided improvement in the circulation of my blood. When I had taken three doses I could move my ankles, something I had not done for months, and my limbs had been swollen so long that they seemed almost purified. Before I had taken one bottle of the New Heart Cure the swelling had all gone down, and I was so much better that I did my own work. On my recommendation six others are taking this valuable remedy."—Mrs. Morgan, 509 W. Harrison St., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by all druggists.

HE COULDN'T TWIN HER

Eight years ago Walter Granton and Cyril Bradhurst were friends and rivals for the smiles and favors of Eva Lawton, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of old Major Stephen Lawton, a Philadelphia real estate dealer of considerable wealth.

Both young men were well connected and moved in the best society, and it seemed uncertain who would be successful in capturing the fair prize each coveted. Granton was fair haired, with brown eyes, and his manners were unaffected as well as polished.

Bradhurst had coal black hair and eyes, and it was sometimes hinted he was rather "sporty" for a respectable young man of the sedate Quaker City. His manners were dashing, and he had always been flatteringly successful in attracting the attention and admiration of the fair sex.

Although the two young men understood their position in regard to Miss Lawton, neither seemed inclined to discuss the situation with the other, and their friendly relations continued while both were striving to win the affection of the girl they loved and hoped to marry.

A rivalry of this sort usually makes the best of friends enemies, but this case seemed an exceptional one. It was thought that whoever proved the lucky man would receive the congratulations and best wishes of the other.

At length Granton began to fancy himself the favorite, and, within his heart, Bradhurst thought so, too.

As a result, the young man with the coal black eyes began to drink more than was good for him, and one night, meeting Granton, he made a strange proposal.

"We are both in love with Miss Lawton," said Bradhurst. "Neither of us knows which one she cares for the most. I think we had better settle the question this day."

"How?" questioned the other, half suspecting a forthcoming challenge to a duel. "By going to her and telling her the truth—that is, that we love her. Then you shall ask her to choose between us. The one who is rejected shall be best man for the other and hold no hard feelings. What do you say?"

This seemed fair and manly enough, but Granton could not help suspecting an underlying purpose, so he demurred. This appeared to arouse the anger of Bradhurst, and fixing his piercing eyes on the other he cried:

"By heaven, you shall do it whether you want to or not!"

Granton made no further objection, and they proceeded to call on Miss Lawton. She happened to be at home and willing to receive them, although surprised by their unexpected visit.

Then a strange thing happened. Granton did not wait for his comrade to speak, but immediately said:

"Miss Lawton, I have come here to tell you something you do not suspect, and that is that I am not worthy of the friendship and esteem you have given me. I fancy I have prevented you from becoming better friends than you are now, but hereafter I will trouble you no more. My past record will not bear investigation, and so I bid you goodbye forever."

This was said in a strangely mechanical manner, and Granton immediately departed, although Bradhurst, apparently puzzled and filled with consternation, tried to prevent him by gentle means.

The emotions of the young lady can better be imagined than described. Bradhurst explained the real object of their call, professing utter amazement at the strange words of his comrade.

From that time Walter Granton acted in the most singular and erratic manner, and his peculiar behavior soon attracted universal attention. He grew worse and worse, and in less than three weeks he was examined by medical experts, pronounced insane and incarcerated in an asylum for the insane.

With a clear face, it seemed that it would be an easy matter for Cyril Bradhurst to win Eva Lawton, but it did not prove so. The girl retired from society, gave up all her former pleasures and lived a life of seclusion. All efforts to cheer her and bring her back to her old ways were fruitless.

She seemed to entertain a positive dread of Cyril Bradhurst, and he soon found it impossible to obtain a word with her.

Bradhurst regularly visited his former friend in the asylum, and it was soon noted that Granton was slightly worse after these visits. He would sometimes recover and seem natural and sane for a day or two, but with the appearance of Bradhurst he had a relapse.

For a long time Bradhurst continued to hope he would finally succeed in winning Eva Lawton, but at length, driven to desperate measures by his inability to see her face to face, he proposed by letter. Her reply utterly crushed his hopes, and he took to drinking again.

Within a week a terrible accident shocked Bradhurst's friends. While on his way to New York the young man fell in some mysterious manner from the express train and was fatally injured. Ere he died he made a remarkable and astonishing confession.

In this confession he declared Walter Granton was not insane at all, but was in a magnetic trance. Bradhurst possessed the power of mesmerism, of which he had not been conscious until the day he demanded that Granton should accompany him to call on the girl they both loved.

Then he found he could control his friend fully by looking deep into his eyes and suggesting words and actions. A sort of mysterious telegraphy was established between them, and Granton acted and spoke as Bradhurst desired.

By causing Granton to do strange and unnatural things Bradhurst had succeeded in having him removed to an asylum as one deranged.

The story was generally discredited by the public, but it was noted that from the hour Bradhurst drew his last breath Granton appeared once more a sane man.

In a short time he was released from the asylum as "cured," and today he is a prosperous business man in San Francisco.

His wife is the true hearted one who loved him even though she had heard him declare himself unworthy of her.—Buffalo News.

Bert: I don't see any use in this geography lesson. Mattie: Why, you goosey, it's of the greatest use. It tells you where to go when you can't get there, and describes the country and all that.

If we had no geography we'd get lost all over the world.



A Cinch.

Citizen—You're a thief! Get out of here immediately, or I shall call the police.



Burglar—Oh, shut up!



Burglar—Us fellows struck luck when these folding beds were invented.—Truth.

Undermining Their Health.



Jack and Jill down the hill
To get some water ran,
That was the stiff they gave the cop
Who saw them with the can.

The only way to cure fever and ague is either to neutralize the poisons which cause the disease or to expel them from the system. Ayer's Ague Cure operates in both ways. It is a warranted specific for all forms of malarial disorders, and never fails to cure. Try it.

SANTA FE ROUTE

TIME TABLE.

EAST AND NORTH.

A black and white illustration of a mouse running towards the left. The mouse is depicted with a long tail and small ears. Behind it is a large, dark, irregular shape that resembles a shadow or a piece of debris. The background is filled with numerous small, dark, horizontal lines, suggesting a textured surface or a dark environment. The entire illustration is enclosed within a rectangular border.

Notice is hereby given that orders given by employees upon the NEW MEXICAN Printing Co., will not be honored unless previously endorsed by the business manager.

Notice

Requests for back numbers of the New Mexican, must state date wanted, or they will receive no attention.

METEOROLOGICAL.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU OFFICE OF OBSERVER Santa Fe, September 6, 1924.

Time of day	Temperature	Direction of wind	Force of wind	State of sky	Amount of precipitation
6:00 a. m.	82	SE	12	Clear	0.00
9:00 a. m.	85	SE	12	Clear	0.00
12:00 m.	88	SE	12	Clear	0.00
3:00 p. m.	85	SE	12	Clear	0.00
6:00 p. m.	82	SE	12	Clear	0.00
9:00 p. m.	78	SE	12	Clear	0.00
Maximum temperature	88				
Minimum temperature	78				
Total precipitation					0.00

H. B. HENKLEY, Observer.



Better Than Pills

Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

"I have used your famous Liver Regulator and am convinced that it is the best of all liver medicines. I consider it a medicine chest in itself."—Mrs. W. J. Jackson, Tacoma, Washington.

See the Z Stamp in red on wrapper.

H. B. Cartwright & Bro.

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Groceries,

Feed and

Produce.

FRESH FRUIT & VEGETABLES

Confectionery--Nuts.

AGENCY FOR:
Dew Drop Canned Goods
Patent Imperial Flour
Chase-Naborn's Teas and Coffees

Their Bread, Pies and Cakes can't be Beat.

Telephone No. 4.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$2.00 Per Day. Located in the business portion of city. N. E. Corner of Plaza

Special rates by the week or month for table board, with or without room.

Henry Krick,

SOLE AGENT FOR

LEMP'S St. Louis Beer.

The trade supplied from one bottle to a carload. Mail orders promptly filled.

Guadalupe St. - Santa Fe.

(Continued from First page.)
ten above to prove to the seeker after wealth that White Oaks is a country well worth his time to investigate. We now pass to the other resources and treat of such in its turn.

YAST COAL DEPOSITS.

Even were White Oaks dependent entirely upon its gold mines it would still be a rich country, but it has one other resource which in itself is enough to make the place rich. The writer refers to the coal fields. Exaggerated as the statement may appear, it is nevertheless true that the White Oaks coal fields are of such vast extent that they can supply the state of Texas for the next 1,000 years to come with fuel. Still there is only one mine being worked. Lack of railroad facilities is the cause of this. The fields seem to be inexhaustible. Most of the development work has been done within two miles of the town. The only mine being worked at the present is the one owned by Parker & Wells and it supplies the mills, stores, blacksmiths and families of White Oaks. The fields extend from White Oaks in a southeast direction for about twenty-five miles and are about ten miles wide. Two veins thus far opened show from forty to fifty-three inches of a No. 1 bituminous coal. The openings are by slope or entries and the vein matter dips at an angle of about fifteen or sixteen degrees.

Various properties have been opened to a depth of from fifty to 400 feet and results show the vein matter to be regular and improving both in size as well as the coal itself.

Col. Theo. W. Heman, than whom no man is better posted concerning the resources of his section of the country, gave the writer an analysis which he had made of the coal. It is as follows:

Moisture.....2.25 per cent.
Volatile Matter.....35.33 per cent.
Fixed Carbon.....58.24 per cent.
Ash.....1.18 per cent.
Total.....100.00 per cent.
Sulphur.....0.05 per cent.
Calorific power: 11,550 British Thermal units per pound of coal.
The face of the entry from which the coal was picked had not been worked for twelve months, but was exposed during all this time, therefore there is every reason to believe the analysis would have been even better had the coal been worked or the sample analyzed taken from a greater depth from the surface. It is splendid coking coal and all bituminous. There are three veins that lie southeast of White Oaks that can be traced for twelve miles and are from forty to fifty-four inches in width near the surface and widen as depth is acquired. In length, that is capacity to bear up a charge in the melting furnace, White Oaks coke exceeds that from the coals of Colorado and West Virginia and is only equaled by those of the Connellsville region of Pennsylvania. It produces 5.5 per cent more coke than the New Castle coals from the same district. It is equal in commercial qualities, and will bear 8 per cent heavier charges.

Nowhere else on the continent is there such a chance for a railroad and the wonder is one has not been built here. This Texas has no coal, nor has the Texas Pacific railroad, nor the Southern Pacific, between San Francisco and New Orleans, and the other roads at El Paso pay the Santa Fe railroad about \$15,000 a day for Trinidad and Cerrillos coal.

The coal fields, however, have never been fully defined, there being coal found for forty miles around the mountains from Tularosa via Willow Springs, the Indian reservation up almost to Fort Stanton, extending to the headwaters of the Pecos and around to White Oaks. The coal is as rich in gas generating qualities as the Pittsburgh coal and will make as good coke for smelting purposes. It is estimated that the coal could be mined and loaded on the cars at a cost not to exceed \$2 to \$2.50 per ton, if there was a railroad near the mines.

MARBLE BEDS.

In the matter of fine marble nature has indeed been prodigal to this section. On Lone Mountain are great veins of marble—white, black and mottled. It is of a fineness which renders it superior to the Vermont product. These marble beds have been opened at many points, are easy of access, and when a railroad shall place a market within their reach must constitute a source of great wealth to this section and furnish another profitable industry to its people. There are also large beds of a fine grade of sandstone that can be quarried at small expense. They will furnish an inexhaustible supply of building material. In fact granite, sandstone and limestone are as abundant and of such great variety that quarries too numerous to mention could be started to secure building rocks of any size and kind that might be desired, and of various hues, red, blue, gray and white. White and black marble deposits of the finest quality exist within three miles of the town; this marble is susceptible of the highest polish.

These marble beds have been thoroughly investigated and have been found to be extensive enough to furnish all the building material required in the western half of this country for many years to come. They are now lying dormant for the want of a railroad. Statistics are easily obtainable to convince the most skeptical that the marble and stone that can be quarried are enough in themselves to justify the construction of a road. Many experts have examined the beds and they all unite in pronouncing them as fine as any to be found in the United States.

MOUNTAINS OF IRON.

Both in the White Oaks and Nogal districts are to be found immense bodies of magnetic iron ore, the value of which cannot be computed until a railroad is built to them. When this ardent wish of the White Oaks people is accomplished the town will blossom forth as one of the great iron manufacturing centers of the country. This is no idle boast, but is based upon facts and figures that can be easily verified. The deposits are of such magnitude as to furnish material for many iron foundries.

It is a well known and established geological fact that when iron, coal and limestone are together, as in Pennsylvania, Alabama, Tennessee, in England and elsewhere, the quantities of the two materials are immensely greater, and generally much better and purer. On Lone Mountain, in the Capitan and in the Jicarilla green beds iron ore can be traced for a distance of 100 miles. They outcrop within two and a half miles of White Oaks and have been opened at many points. A shaft on Lone Mountain at a depth of eighty feet shows a deposit of iron ninety feet wide. The ore is of the very finest quality, carrying from 60 to 70 per cent of metallic iron and free from sulphur and phosphorus. For the manufacture of steel rails this is not surpassed by any of the iron deposits in the United States. Within nine miles of the town, in the Barter mountains, lying to the northwest, can be obtained very fine specimens of magnetic iron ore, some of

which assays 63 per cent of metallic iron. It will prove of great value in the manufacture of Bessemer steel. There is a solid mountain of this ore—a supply apparently inexhaustible. The whole deposit is of easy access and easily mined. It is no exaggeration to say that the ore is the equal, if not superior, to that found in Pennsylvania and is fully equal to the best ever mined in the Lynchburg, Va., or Birmingham, Ala. districts. The iron banks consist of two formations which are found in great bodies within three miles of White Oaks. The hematite beds are quite extensive twenty miles southeast in the foothills of the Capitan mountains. No city in the country is better situated for the establishment of great iron foundries. It is no wonder White Oaks people place implicit confidence in the future. Their hopes and expectations are large, but they are certain of realization.

RICH IN GYPSUM.

Prof. J. C. Carrera, M. E., in an address before the El Paso convention said: "If this road is built it will pass through the largest deposit of gypsum in the world, in my belief." This deposit which lies south of White Oaks is fifty miles by twenty miles or about 500,000 square acres. Unlike the others of the same material it lies on top of the ground and it is already mined and melted as it looks very much like granulated sugar. No other could gypsum be put on the cars cheaper than at this locality, as it would cost no more than \$1 per carload, with the proper appliances. The United States uses about \$1,000,000 worth per annum and most of it is imported, although Michigan and Ohio furnish some. These two states are the only ones furnishing rock through which can be secured a merchantable article of plaster of paris or stucco. The rock which is found in Virginia is used for fertilizing purposes only. Gypsum is used for many valuable purposes, as a fertilizer, as a part compound in artificial fertilizers, as cements and plaster of paris and inside wall decorations. Also in the manufacture of artificial marble, in making casts and moulds of many varieties and cheap works of art and is also put to many other uses. The gypsum found in this section contains about 95 per cent of pure gypsum. This valuable and vast deposit cannot be overestimated and with the advent of a railroad this spot will be the scene of great activity. The locality also possesses soda salts in large quantities. If this great gift of providence is rightly taken from a greater depth from the surface, in the Rio Grande and Pecos valleys. It is of great value to be long overlooked by the manufacturing interests of the country.

Extensive beds of fire clay crop out in different places around White Oaks. This is also a product that can be overlooked. The clay is of a splendid quality and would make as fine brick as can be manufactured anywhere within the confines of the United States. Our northern neighbor, Colorado, possesses large deposits of this valuable material, but in quality it does not equal that to be found near White Oaks. The other products this one remains idle for the want of transportation facilities.

QUANTITIES OF TIMBER.

There is plenty of timber to be found for all purposes. There is a large sawmill within five miles of the town and two others within twenty miles. There are extensive and valuable forests of white pine and spruce to be found within easy access of the town, magnificent in height and thickness, closely resembling the pine of the Sierra Nevada. The timber is of great value to be long overlooked by the manufacturing interests of the country. The timber is of a splendid quality and would make as fine brick as can be manufactured anywhere within the confines of the United States. Our northern neighbor, Colorado, possesses large deposits of this valuable material, but in quality it does not equal that to be found near White Oaks. The other products this one remains idle for the want of transportation facilities.

CATTLE AND AGRICULTURE.

Lincoln county has long been noted for its extensive cattle interests. No other county in New Mexico excels it in rich agricultural lands. White Oaks is the natural center for this great industry. There are over 200,000 head of fine cattle in the county. There are also in the neighborhood of 200,000 head of sheep. The county is large enough to take in three or four New England states and then have plenty of room left, it will be seen that the cattle have space enough to roam in. In addition to the cattle interests the agricultural interests are quite extensive. In the immediate vicinity of White Oaks the opportunities for profitable agriculture are large. While the soil is fertile, there is a scarcity of water. However, this can be easily overcome by the construction of irrigation systems, which will no doubt be done in the near future. A few miles to the south, along the White mountains there are numerous fertile valleys with an abundant water supply, a favorable climate and all the grains and fruits grow in abundance, and which are susceptible of a high cultivation.

These valleys extend toward the Rio Pecos and are destined to become both productive and populous. The value of the farms will be enhanced by their proximity to the mineral resources of White Oaks. All the grains, fruits and vegetables can be grown in abundance and with the assurance of a steady cash market.

THE TOWN.

White Oaks is pleasantly situated just within the foothills of the Carrizo mountains. It possesses a natural site for a large and thriving town and is surrounded by picturesque scenery. Its altitude is 6,500 feet and its equable climate makes it an ideal spot for the health seeker. The town is a fine run daily between the town and San Antonio, N. M. It has a population of about 1,500 and a more enterprising, energetic set of people never gathered together. It is a model town and in this respect out-classes any other mining camp the writer ever visited. There are but two saloons in the place, and on Sunday they are closed tight, not even the back or side doors being open. There is no gambling in the place. During the writer's stay of a week he did not see one idle man. This is a record any place might well feel proud of. Its citizens are all of high integrity and take a pride in doing all they can to help the town.

A more model people could not be found anywhere. There are two good churches and two schools. A large two-story brick school is now in course of construction and will be finished for occupancy this term. The business blocks are well built and the merchants are all

doing a fine business. Not a word of complaint concerning "hard times" was heard by the writer. For this White Oaks deserves a premium. In point of intelligence and refinement the people of White Oaks are the peers of any to be found in the west. The visitor is astonished to see the number of beautiful residences. Few mountain towns can equal it in point of beauty. The society is refined and agreeable. Hospitality reigns supreme.

The place was really settled in 1880, although a great many miners and others had visited it before. It was a long while after the camp was discovered that it obtained prominence, but now the investment that have recently been made in the camp are serving to attract the attention of capitalists.

The town has a good, strong bank and is fortunate in the possession of a good weekly newspaper, the Old Abe Eagle, which every week teems with news concerning the camp. All lines of business are represented and the business of the town is conducted by a wide-awake and progressive class of citizens. It would be an act of discourtesy did the writer not acknowledge favors received at the hands of Hon. J. Y. Hewitt, who will, in all probability, receive the appointment of judge of the 5th judicial district; Col. J. W. Yankee, of the North Homestead mine; Mr. Wm. L. Watson and Mr. M. W. Hoyle, of the Old Abe mine; Mr. E. V. Parker, of the Homestead, and last, but by no means least, Col. Theo. W. Heman, who makes it his special duty to entertain visitors and to give all the information possible concerning the camp.

Among the different business houses are the following:
Talaferro Bros., the leading dry goods and grocery house of the town. They carry a large line of general merchandise.
W. H. Weed, general merchandise. Mr. Weed is an old timer and does a large business as he enjoys the confidence of his patrons.
Dr. M. G. Paden, who conducts a drug store in addition to attending to a large practice.
Ziegler Bros., dry goods, have a model store and one that would do credit to a larger town.

A. Schindler owns the only exclusive hardware store in the town and does a large and constantly increasing business. Paul Mayer runs the only very stable in the town and keeps nothing but good rigs. Mr. Mayer enjoys the public confidence to such an extent that he has twice been elected county commissioner.

S. M. Weiner & Sons, dry goods. This is a new firm, but it has already established a flourishing business.
P. H. Schwartz, a first-class millinery store and does a good business.

There are several other firms in town, but the above are sufficient to show the different lines represented.

A BRIGHT FUTURE.

It must be admitted that such wonderful resources as White Oaks is capable of developing portend a future industrial activity that shall have few equals in the west. The pluck and energy, the determination and enterprise of a people who, under such discouragements and adverse circumstances have clung so tenaciously to their country and demonstrated their faith in its future by fourteen years of constant and persistent endeavor, can not fail to receive approval. A railroad is all that is needed to make White Oaks a metropolis. If necessary, work can be accomplished anything it will not be long before the residents of this progressive town are awakened by the screech of the iron horse. Several railroad enterprises have been projected, but the depression in financial circles served to knock them out. Over the location of the camp its citizens have been working, scheming and planning for a railroad. Several times their hopes were about to be fulfilled but each time something has arisen to disappoint them. The completion of the Pecos Valley railroad from Pecos City, Texas, to Roswell, N. M., is having the opinion of many that this road will be continued through White Oaks to some point on the line of the A. T. & S. F. A railroad was started from El Paso, which would give direct connection with Denver via White Oaks. Nine miles of the road were completed when work was suspended on account of financial troubles. It is said this difficulty has lately been settled and that work will soon commence again.

The Rock Island road has had several surveys made for a line to extend from a point in Kansas direct to White Oaks. It is the opinion of many that this road will be built within the next year.

It is inconceivable that resources so rich and varied should remain dormant and undeveloped for so long a period. They are sufficient to maintain a population of 1,000,000 people and the rich agricultural valleys are sufficient to give homes to thousands of farmers.

For a winter residence, White Oaks is ideal. The winters are always mild and very little snow falls.

The resources of White Oaks must eventually render it one of the most populous and prosperous sections of the Rocky mountain country. Here capital for years to come will find abundant opportunities for investment and labor will ever find here remunerative employment.

The altitude of the town is 6,500 feet and the climate is at all seasons an invitation to one.

Despite the many discouragements, the people are still hopeful and confident for they know that capital can not much longer overlook their claims.

H. W.

Home and Abroad.
It is the duty of everyone, whether at home or traveling for pleasure or business, to equip himself with the remedy which will keep up strength and prevent illness, and cure such ills as are liable to come upon all in every day life. Hood's Sarsaparilla keeps the blood pure and less liable to absorb the germs of the disease.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

with the Presbyterian synod. Several ministers will address the meeting.

Mr. J. W. Bowden, the new livery man, is laid up at home with an attack of mountain fever. He hopes to be out shortly and thinks of placing a couple of brand new hacks on the street.

Cosme Herrera is in from Espanola valley with a fine lot of peaches and apples for the local market. He says the San Ildefonso settlement is paying special attention to the raising of produce for this market and hope in time to aid in shutting Kansas importations entirely out of Santa Fe houses.

Two companies of the 24th infantry, H and C, lately on duty at Raton, and the Raton tunnel, were last night ordered to their proper station, Fort Huachuca, A. T., and left Raton this morning. This leaves the Fort Marcy companies of the 10th, B and D, now at Raton, the only military companies now on strike duty in the country. Why they are kept there "no feller can find out."

A number of visitors are arriving in the city to attend the meeting of the synod of New Mexico. This assembly to-night at 7:30 o'clock at the Presbyterian church. Formal organization and the delivery of the opening sermon by the Rev. I. S. Whittemore, of Florence, A. T., are to-night's features. The public generally is cordially invited to be present throughout the session.

The primaries for the election of delegates to the county Democratic convention will be held to-morrow evening in the Santa Fe and Cerrillos precincts at 7 p. m., and in the other precincts at 4 p. m. The voting places for the Santa Fe precincts will be as follows: No. 3, at the house of Simon Vigli; No. 4, at the house of Diego Gonzales; No. 17, at Nazario Gonzales' hall; No. 18, at the house of Bernardo Sals.

Angelita Garcia, charged with acts contrary to law and good government as laid down in the Edmunds act, was brought down from Santa Cruz last night by Deputy Marshal Loomis and placed under \$300 bonds to answer at the next term of court.

On Monday the Presbyterian summer school will open at the Sala (hall) in front of the capitol. The educators will be Revs. S. W. Curtis, F. Gilchrist, and W. W. Williams. The school will continue in session for fourteen days. The proceedings will be conducted in Spanish.

Do not wear impermeable and tight-fitting hats that restrict the blood-vessels of the scalp. Use Hall's Hair Renewer occasionally, and you will not be bald.

You want your property insured in the best companies, by careful and responsible agents. Apply to Mrs. Coffin, on the plaza.

PERSONAL.

Col. W. S. Williams is again in the capital from Socorro.

J. P. Lundy, wife and child, Cerrillos; John L. Case, E. C. Case, Kansas City; are at the Exchange.

Hon. Wm. G. Ritch, of Engle, grand master of the Odd Fellows of New Mexico, is in the city. A special meeting in his honor will be held at Azatlan lodge to-night.

At the Bon Ton hotel: M. J. Brown, Los Angeles; Rafael Montoya, Sonora, Mexico; Amado Oades, Chihuahua, Mexico; Mrs. M. E. Hunt, Las Vegas; Juan C. Romero, Chihuahua; Cosme de Romero, Espanola; G. C. Murray, Raton; Jack Hargrave, W. C. Foster, Cerrillos; Martin Laird, Geo. Johnson, El Paso; T. H. Rollins, Albuquerque; C. M. King, Oury, Colo.

At the Palace: A. T. Clever, Albuquerque; Miss Ruby Lynch, Miss Sadie Holzmann, Las Vegas; Chas. T. West and wife, Denver; C. P. Benton, C. A. Ross, England; A. A. Hanning, H. J. Bilbrough, St. Louis; H. B. Harrison, Minneapolis; W. S. Williams, H. L. Graham, Socorro; Mrs. S. C. Sherman, Balaena, Mex.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.
Suits made to order for \$15.
JULIUS H. GRENDE.

Milk Panes 10 cts a glass at the Colorado saloon.

Fire insurance is a necessity. Be sure and get the best companies. Mrs. Coffin, on the plaza.

OFFICIAL GOSSIP.

W. R. Bowman, of Farmington, and Joseph E. Smith, of Socorro, have been appointed notaries public.

Household Wants, '95 Model



This is not the Gendron, this is the wheel the Other Fellow sells.

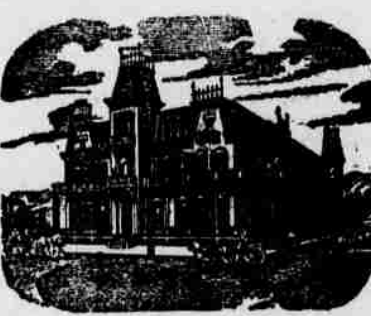
W. H. GOEBEL,
Catron Block Santa Fe, N. M.

S. SPITZ,
THE FILIGREE JEWELER.

Gold Watches, Diamonds, Silver Ware and Clocks.

Watch Repairing Strictly First-class.
Keeps all kinds of Spring Silver Novelties and Filigree articles suitable for presents at lowest prices.

South Side Plaza, Santa Fe, N. M.



THE PALACE HOTEL,
SANTA FE, N. M.,
HERMAN CLAUSSEN,
Proprietor.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN THE CITY.
RENOVATED THROUGHOUT.

Terms, from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per Day. Special Rates to Persons or Parties by the Week or Month.

Making Ready.
Las Cruces, Sept. 7.—At a meeting of citizens held last night a committee of fifteen composed of both parties was appointed by the chairman to arrange for the reception of the territorial Democratic convention which assembles here on the 17th inst.

WOOLWINE SCHOOL.
TULLAHOMA, TENNESSEE.
Ninth year. A home for boys and young men. School now open for students.
S. S. WOOLWINE, Principal.

For fire insurance go to Mrs. Coffin's office on the plaza.

Order your fall suit to-day. Now is the proper time for you to order a fall suit. I have a complete assortment of samples and guarantee a perfect fit.
JULIUS H. GRENDE.

Boarding & Day School FOR GIRLS.
MISS GULLIFORD'S Private Classes.
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.

The course of study comprises all branches of English, Mathematics, Elocution, French, German, Music and Drawing. Terms and the highest references on application. Health and physical culture most carefully studied. Next session commences September 8, 1894.

Fire insurance. Fire insurance. Apply to Mrs. Coffin, on the plaza.

"The Place to Eat"
Is at the "Bon-Ton Restaurant." They keep on hand the finest lot of oysters, fish, game and meats in the city. Also get up all kinds of Mexican dishes such as "Tamales," "Enchiladas," "Pipian," "Ternero" and "Chili Con Carne." Call in and get a good meal.

Five McMurtry whisky at Colorado saloon.
For Rent.
Three furnished rooms for light house-keeping. Two story brick, Johnson street. Apply at residence of Mr. C. A. Haynes.

For Rent or Sale.
Small house and outbuildings on south side in good repair; 1 acre of ground; 50 fruit trees, city water and good well; a bargain for market gardeners; inquire at this office.

Call phone 79 for livery rigs.
John McLaughlin Havana cigars at Colorado saloon.

For Live Telegraph, Territorial and Local News take the DAILY NEW MEXICAN.

Lost—A diamond pin engraved T. F. M. Liberal reward if returned to NEW MEXICAN office.

You can get engraved visiting cards at the New Mexican, or have them printed from your plate if you have one.

Wrapping Paper.
Old Papers for sale at the New Mexican office.

CREAMER'S APOTHECARY, Prescriptions filled Day or Night.