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Santa Fe New Mexican, 08-18-1898

New Mexican Printing Company

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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 35.

SANTA FE, N. M., THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1898.

NO. 132.

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN - President.

J. H. VAUGHN Cashier

J. G. SCHUMANN,

DEALER IN

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(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles north of the Santa Fe and Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 125°. The gases are carbonic, altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 100,000 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy tested to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:30 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

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Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

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BURIAL CASES AND COFFINS

Calls will receive prompt attention day or night from
S. E. Warner, funeral director and practical embalmer.

Lower Frisco St. - Santa Fe, N. M.

MERRITT ON MANILA

Interesting and Modest Official Report Descriptive of Last Battle of the Late War with Spain.

HOW MANILA WAS CAPTURED

Gallant Conduct of the Soldiers—Effective and Timely Co-operation of the Navy—Instructions Sent to General Merritt.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The War department has received the following:

Hongkong, Aug. 18.—Adjutant General, Washington.—Manila, Aug. 13.—On the 7th inst., Admiral Dewey joined me in a 48-hour notification to the Spanish commander to render non-combatants from the city. The same day a reply was received, expressing thanks for the humane sentiments and stating that the Spanish were without places of refuge for the non-combatants now within the walled town.

"On the 9th instant we sent a joint note inviting attention to the suffering in store for the sick and non-combatants in case it became our duty to reduce the defenses, also setting forth the hopeless conditions of Spanish forces surrounded on all sides, with a fleet in front, and no prospect of re-enforcements, and demanded a surrender as due to every consideration of humanity. Same date received a reply from Spanish commander, stating that the council of defense declared the request for surrender cannot be granted, but offered to consult the government if the necessary time was granted for communication via Hongkong. We sent a joint note in reply declining.

"On the 13th joined with the navy in an attack with the following result: After about a half hour's accurate shelling of the Spanish lines, McArthur's brigade, on the right, and Green's on the left, under Anderson, made vigorous attack and carried the Spanish works; lost not accurately known; about 50 in all.

"The behavior of the troops was excellent, the co-operation of the navy most valuable.

"The troops advanced rapidly on the walled city, upon which the white flag was shown and the town capitulated. The troops occupied Malate, Binondo, and the walled city of San Miguel. All out centers are protected. The insurgents are quiet. No disorder or pillage.

MERRITT.

Instructions to General Merritt.
Washington, Aug. 18.—The War department today made public the order sent to General Merritt last evening regarding the occupation of the city of Manila by the American forces as follows:

"Adjutant General's Office, Washington, D. C., Aug. 17, 1898.—Major General Merritt, Manila: The president directs that there must be no joint occupation with the insurgents. Americans are in possession of Manila city, Manila bay and harbor and must preserve peace and protect persons within the territory occupied by their military and naval forces. The insurgents and all others must recognize the military occupation and authority of the United States and the cessation of hostilities proclaimed by the United States. Use whatever means in your own judgment are necessary to this end. All law-abiding people must be treated alike. By order of the secretary of war, H. C. Corbin, Adjutant General."

Ordered to Santiago.
Washington, Aug. 18.—The secretary of war has ordered the 5th regular infantry, now at Tampa, to Santiago. They will sail tomorrow.

GERMANY CONTINUES TO EXPLAIN.

Admiral Von Diederichs Insists That the American Commander Was Agreeable to His Taking August to Hongkong.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—A dispatch from Hongkong, dated August 18, and evidently official, says:

The Kaiserin Augusta, which left Manila with dispatches from Admiral Von Diederichs after the fall of the city, will return there today.

General Augusti and family arrived on board the cruiser, Admiral Von Diederichs, at the request of General Augusti, gave them passage by arrangement with the American commander.

General Augusti has left Hongkong en route to Spain.

No Increase in Yellow Fever Cases.

New York, Aug. 18.—The physicians in charge of the detention hospital at Camp Wyckoff reported today that there had been no increase in the yellow fever cases since yesterday.

ADMIRAL CERVERA IN NO RUSH.

Report That Captured Spanish Admiral Will Soon Return Home Unfounded—Not Going to Washington.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Admiral Cervera will not return to Spain for the present, and the reports from Annapolis, stating that he would leave for Washington today, are said at the Navy department to be due to a misapprehension. The admiral has made no preparations to leave, and it is believed that he will be the last of the Spanish prisoners to go home, as he has shown a fatherly regard for all the other officers.

AFFAIRS AT SPANISH CAPITAL.

Petition for Expulsion of Religious Communities from Philippines—Spanish Peace Commissioners Must Speak English.

New York, Aug. 16.—A dispatch from Madrid says: The Philippine colony in Madrid has petitioned for the authorization of the government for the expulsion of religious communities from the Philippines as a sine qua non.

The government here makes a special feature that the members of the peace commission shall speak English and that the commissioners for the evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico shall be nominated from military men.

SAMPSON WILL ENTER HAVANA.

His Flagship Will Be the First American Craft to Sail Into the Famous Cuban Harbor Since War Was Declared.

New York, Aug. 18.—A special to the Herald from Washington, says: Rear Admiral Sampson's flagship, the armored cruiser New York, will be the first American warship to enter Havana harbor since the war was declared. She will carry with her the members of the military commission, appointed by the president to proceed to Havana to arrange with a similar commission, to be appointed by Spain, the details of evacuation by the Spanish troops.

Cable Censorship Abolished.

New York, Aug. 18.—The Western Union Telegraph Company's central cable office announces that all censorship on the cable has been abolished.

DEAD AND WOUNDED AT MANILA.

Another Account of Capture of Philippine Capital With List of Casualties.

New York, Aug. 18.—A dispatch to the Herald from Camp Dewey, August 6, via Hongkong, says:

"The Spaniards renewed the attack on the American outposts last night. The trenches were occupied by a battalion each of the 14th and 23rd regiments and the Nebraska volunteers, the latter holding the extreme right and a company of regulars the extreme left. They returned the Spanish fire, and hot firing lasted for half an hour.

"The American losses, chiefly from shells, were: Killed, S. F. Howell, private, Company D, 14th regiment infantry; McCanna, private, Company C, 14th regiment infantry; C. Saur, private, Company F, 23rd regular infantry.

"There were 11 wounded, four seriously, as follows: Head, Claud, Company G, 1st Nebraska, shot in abdomen; O'Conner, D. J., private, Company D, 15th infantry, shot in the thigh; Lambert, Clinton, 14th infantry, shot in chest; Snow, Lucius, Company D, 14th infantry, shot in leg.

"There was a heavy artillery duel this morning. The Utah artillery replying with a spirited fire to the Spanish guns, finally landed a shell near the powder house. This must have disabled the guns as the Spanish fire ceased.

THE GOLDEN COCHITI.

Successful Trial Run of Albemarle Cyanide Plant Reported in Boston—Friendly and Earnest Suggestion to Santa Fe Business Men.

The stock reporter of the Boston Commercial Bulletin recently interviewed President Coram of the Cochiti Gold Mining Company, of Bland, with the following satisfactory results:

"The writer of this column had a long talk with Mr. Coram, president of the Cochiti Gold Mining Company, a day or so ago. Mr. Coram had recently returned from the mine, where the first trial run was in progress when he left. He says he stayed long enough to see the fact demonstrated that the values were being gotten out in the mill run under the cyanide process and that the future of the mine as a money earner is assured. The Cochiti will pay \$2 per share in dividends in 1899, according to the present capacity, and it is highly probable that the facilities will be increased before the end of 1899.

"Mr. Coram says that Osceola for years has sold between 40 and 50, but that Cochiti during the next couple of years, will do quite as well, and probably better, by its stockholders than Osceola has done in the way of dividends. He expects Cochiti to sell at 25 cents before January 1 next, and states that it deserves to sell there on its merits alone. The cyanide process being conducted as a speculation pure and simple, the stock would doubtless be selling there now. The management claim that they have gone into the thing to stay, for investment purposes, being abundantly satisfied that the future will pay well in dividends as well as in additional expense, the capacity of the mine can be increased to 500 tons per day, and with that product, Cochiti could pay \$5 per share per annum to its stockholders. The present capacity is between 300 and 350 tons a day.

"Mr. Coram states that the ore which is now being put through the mill is the lowest taken from workings, and even with this ore, there is a clear profit of 35 per ton. The cyanide process is bringing out the values of this low grade ore to a greater extent than when it was assayed. Had speculation been the object, the high grade ore, of which there is a large body running from \$50 to \$300 to the ton, would have been chosen for this first mill run, but the management does not wish to show results at the start which cannot be maintained.

"Conversation with numbers of houses on the street reveals the fact that all are desirous that the Cochiti should prove the success which it now promises to become because of the good effect on the whole Boston mining share market. Brokers will hail with delight a really successful gold mine after so many disappointments."

In this connection, the NEW MEXICAN again feels prompted most earnestly to urge upon the property owners and business men of the city the importance of prompt, vigorous and united action to secure the trade of the Golden Cochiti mining district for Santa Fe.

The resourceful district is conveniently and comfortably reached direct from the city by team, over a splendid wagon road, in from eight to ten hours, and naturally a large part of its trade is tributary to this point. This trade should be assiduously invited over here by every means possible. It is a plum well worth struggling for, but Albuquerque will get a share of it unless the people of Santa Fe wake up.

The gratifying success that has attended the trial run of the great Albemarle cyanide plant has settled the Cochiti treatment problem, and since the war is now happily a thing of the past, other plants of a similar kind are certain soon to be put up in the district for custom work. This will result in stimulating the rapid and systematic development of the many mammoth gold bearing ledges of the district, not embraced in the valuable holdings of the Cochiti Gold Mining Company, and will thus assure constant and profitable employment for hundreds more men than are now at work in this district.

The golden resources of the Cochiti can hardly be exaggerated. All that is needed to demonstrate this fact to the satisfaction of the most skeptical are efficient, economical and adequate reduction facilities. The miners will do the rest.

SUBJECTS OF MOMENT

Secretary Alger and Adjutant General Corbin Confer Regarding Philippine and Cuban Affairs.

MORE TROOPS FOR MERRITT

Conditions at Santiago de Cuba Causing a Good Deal of Uneasiness—General Lawton's Command Will Be Strengthened.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Dispatches of importance were received and considered at the War department today.

Immediately after the arrival of Secretary Alger at the department he had a consultation with General Corbin and denied himself to visitors. The conference was a protracted one.

They were considering the dispatches received from General Merritt and from Santiago. It is understood that General Merritt's dispatches were not of a disquieting nature, although the conditions to be faced in the Philippines are giving the department considerable concern.

The conditions at Santiago are causing a great deal of uneasiness and it is believed that more troops will be ordered there very soon. Already orders have been issued directing the 5th regular infantry, now at Tampa, to proceed at once to Santiago.

Inquiries have been made as to the condition of the land and sea forces which have not yet sailed, with a view of sending them to Santiago. The government intends to take vigorous measures to preserve the peace and keep order in Santiago and the territory under United States control.

The emphatic order, issued to General Lawton a few days ago, will be followed by orders sending sufficient disciplined troops to enable him to carry out the instructions of the secretary.

As a further step in this direction, the president today directed that the 23rd Kansas regiment, colored, be dispatched to Santiago to form part of the army of occupation of Cuba.

The Kansans had tendered their services for this purpose, and urged acceptance, which President McKinley and Secretary Alger finally agreed to, after a conference with Representative Curtis, of Kansas.

It was decided also to send the 20th Kansas to Manila, should additional troops be asked for by General Merritt. The 20th is now at San Francisco.

NO MORE WAR BOND ISSUES.

Treasury Department Will Recommend Continuance of Present War Revenue Law Indefinitely.

Washington, Aug. 18.—It is the opinion of the officials of the Treasury department that there will be no necessity for another bond issue growing out of war, and that the present revenue law, with possibly slight modifications, should be retained on the statute book for an indefinite period.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, Aug. 18.—Money on call nominally at 1 1/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 1/2 @ 4. Silver, 59 1/2; lead, \$2.50; copper, 10 1/2.

Chicago.—Wheat, Aug. 18, 69 1/2; Sept., 66 1/2. Corn, Aug. 31 1/2; Sept., 31 1/2. Oats, Aug. 20 1/2; Sept., 20 1/2.

Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 5,000; steady to strong; native steers, \$3.50 @ \$5.50; Texas steers, \$3.15 @ \$4.15; Texas cows, \$2.10 @ \$3.25; native cows and heifers, \$2.25 @ \$3.10; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$4.00. Sheep, receipts, 4,000; firm; lambs, \$4.50 @ \$6.00; muttons, \$3.50 @ \$5.00.

Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 8,500; steady; beefs, \$4.25 @ \$5.75; cows and heifers, \$2.00 @ \$4.80; Texas steers, \$3.25 @ \$4.30; westerns, \$3.75 @ \$4.40; stockers and feeders, \$3.40 @ \$4.40. Sheep, receipts, 16,000; weak to low; natives, \$3.00 @ \$4.65; westerns, \$3.75 @ \$4.60; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$6.00.

Omaha, Neb.—Cattle, receipts, 3,500; market active and firm. Native beef steers, \$4.40 @ \$5.50; westerns, \$4.00 @ \$4.70; Texas steers, \$3.50 @ \$4.35; cows and heifers, \$3.40 @ \$4.20; canners, \$1.75 @ \$3.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$4.85; calves, \$4.00 @ \$4.60; bulls, stags, etc., \$2.75 @ \$4.10. Sheep, receipts, 4,200; market strong; fat to choice natives, \$3.80 @ \$4.75; westerns, \$3.70 @ \$4.65; common, \$3.25 @ \$4.00; lambs \$4.00 @ \$6.00.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexico Printing Company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

NEW MEXICO REPORTS
Delivered by NEW MEXICAN at publishers price, \$3.30 per vol.

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code)
Pattison's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale.

A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adapted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico.

Part I. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part 2. Attachment; Habeas Corpus; Injunction; Mandamus; Mechanic's Lien; Prohibition; Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part 3. Miscellaneous. Covering Advertisements; Affidavits; Arbitration Assignments; Depositions; Naturalizations, etc., etc.

Bound in full law sheep, delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price \$5.00. Purchaser's name printed on the book. Free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

TERRITORIAL TOPICS

Gallup Gleanings.

The town trustees have taken precautions to safeguard the public health.

Manager F. W. Barton, of the Crescent Coal Company, has gone east on a business errand.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Keegan and daughter have returned from their old home in Virginia.

The public schools of Gallup will open on September 5, with Mr. D. R. Richards as principal.

Gus Mulholland is sinking a well for the Crescent Coal Company with his steam well drilling machinery.

The enterprising property owners of Gallup are materially improving both the appearance and value of their property by building new sidewalks.

The streets of the Coal City are as clean and tidy as a good housekeeper's kitchen, and in recognition thereof the ladies of the town present the marshal with a fresh and fragrant bouquet every morning.

San Juan County.

The frame for the new flouring mill at Aztec is completed.

Chicago apple buyers have already made their appearance in San Juan county.

A county fair will be held at Blacklock's grove, near Farmington, on the 14th, 15th and 16th of September.

San Juan county, New Mexico, products are depended upon to lend beauty and fragrance to a proposed fruit fair at Durango, Colo.

While practicing fancy shooting, on last Sunday afternoon, Alejandro Archibueque, a bright young native of Largo, shot and fatally injured himself.

As one of the results of a free fight at Largo, the other day, the head of Lorenzo Garcia was so dreadfully battered that blood poisoning is likely to terminate his life.

Chaves County.

A Methodist revival is in full bloom at Roswell.

Mrs. Lizzie J. Brennan, wife of Dr. M. S. Brennan, recently died at Roswell.

Fine home grown apples, peaches, pears and seedless grapes have appeared in the Roswell market.

Messrs. B. F. Hammit and H. C. Murray, lately of San Francisco, have bought 320 acres of choice agricultural land, located 14 miles southeast of Roswell.

Since E. O. Creighton has sold his interest in the Roswell Register, and R. S. Hamilton has succeeded to the sole management, the excellent paper has blossomed out as a staunch supporter of Republican principles.

Eddy County.

Eddy now proudly boasts a neat and strictly stylish new opera house.

A panther, measuring eight feet from tip to tip, was recently killed on the James ranch, about 25 miles southeast of Eddy.

The Pecos Valley Argus has been moved into the Eddy bank building. Clearly all newspapers ought to be located in bank buildings.

The Eddy Current certifies that a stalk of sweet clover, measuring nine feet in length, grown in the Pecos valley, is on exhibition in its office.

A party of 20 Dunkards, accompanied by their wives, daughters and sweethearts, are prospecting around Eddy with a view to securing permanent locations.

The repairs on the Pecos river flume have been completed and water has again been turned into the big irrigating canal. The farmers down the valley are rejoiced.

Albuquerque Mention.

Professor C. L. Herriek, president of the New Mexico University, has returned home from Socorro and Magdalena.

Hon. W. S. Hopewell, the well known stock grower and mining man of Hillsboro, passed through the city yesterday for St. Louis.

Jones, one of the volunteers enlisted here and sent to Whipple, has been taken to the government asylum at Washington to be treated for insanity.

General Superintendent H. U. Mudge, of the Santa Fe system, accompanied by his family, who have been rusticated on the upper Pecos for several weeks, passed through Albuquerque yesterday en route south.

Hon. Sol. Luna, of Valencia county, left Albuquerque last night for Santa Barbara, Calif., where Mrs. Luna has been spending the summer. Mr. and Mrs. Luna will return to New Mexico in about ten days.

Rev. R. M. Craig, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church in Santa Fe and now syndical missionary for his denomination in New Mexico, has purchased a residence on South Arno.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897.....\$951,165,847.00
New Assurance written in 1897.....156,955,693.00
Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined.....24,491,973.00
Income.....48,572,269.53
Assets, December 31, 1897.....236,876,308.04
Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities.....186,333,133.20
Surplus, 4 per cent standard.....50,543,174.84
Paid Policy Holders in 1897.....21,106,314.14

LARGEST STRONGEST BEST Pays Death Claims Promptly.

Pays Larger Dividends (\$1,000,000 more during last five years.) Issues Better Policies.

Walter N. Parkhurst, General Manager,
NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA DEPARTMENT,
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Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

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H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

street, and, with his family, will occupy the same after September 1.

Las Vegas Notes.
The fine new normal school building is rapidly nearing completion.

The territorial asylum for the insane has been connected with the city electric light system.

The county commissioners have appointed Felix Martinez, Jr., as cadet to the New Mexico military academy at Roswell, with Cecil Hays, son of Conductor Hays, as alternate.

Judge E. V. Long has rented his Las Vegas home until spring and his family will soon leave for Pueblo, where they will probably remain permanently. Judge Long will continue to maintain a law office in Las Vegas with Captain L. C. Fort.

Notaries' Records.
The New Mexican Printing Company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

RECORD AND BRIEF WORK.
Transcript, record and brief work for attorneys at the New Mexican printing office for the approaching session of the Territorial Supreme court, printed at the lowest possible figures and in the neatest, best and most acceptable style. Patronize the New Mexican Printing Co., and you will get first-class work, besides supporting an institution that is at work daily for this city, this county and the entire territory of New Mexico.

Burlington Route.

RATES REDUCED. TIME CHANGED.
On and after August 14 all classes of tickets will be honored on the Burlington's Chicago Special without additional charge, the extra fare having been abolished.

On the same date, a slight change will be made in the Special's schedule. It will leave Denver at 9:15 a. m., reaching Chicago at 4:35 the next afternoon—in time to connect with afternoon and evening trains for the Atlantic seaboard as well as for such comparatively nearby points as Detroit, Indianapolis, Louisville, Cleveland, Cincinnati and Buffalo.

No deterioration in the superb service offered by the Chicago Special will occur as a result of the changes noted above. That will continue to be, as it has been in the past, supreme in elegance and comfort.

Tickets via the Chicago Special can be had at offices of connecting lines and also at the Union Depot and the Burlington ticket office, 1035 17th Street, Denver.

HENRY KRICK,

SOLE AGENT FOR

Lemp's
St. Louis
Beer.

ALL KINDS OF MINERAL WATER (carload, Mail order promptly filled).

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The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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Daily, per week, by carrier, \$1.00
Daily, per month, by carrier, \$3.00
Daily, three months, by mail, \$8.00
Daily, six months, by mail, \$15.00
Daily, one year, by mail, \$28.00
Weekly, per month, by mail, \$1.00
Weekly, six months, by mail, \$5.00
Weekly, one year, by mail, \$9.00

The NEW MEXICAN is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Five cents per line each insertion. Reading local—Five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two lines each inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of a copy of matter to be inserted.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 18.

The war is over, look out for a revival of politics in the near future.

The canvasser for the "Only Authentic History of the War with Spain" is almost due. The work will probably be found in Manila.

The loss of five more American lives at Manila makes the reason for holding the Philippines just five times more numerous than they were before the assault on the City of Manila.

The difference in the reports sent to the Navy department by Admiral Dewey and Admiral Sampson is very marked. Admiral Dewey evidently never heard of the pronoun in the first person.

The fuss being kicked up over the water at the camp of the soldiers just returned from Cuba at Montauk point would appear just a little bit useless. The boys had all the water they wanted while in the hills around Santiago.

If the United States cared much about the escape of General August from Manila, Germany would have a mighty hard time explaining her action in assisting the gentleman to get to Hongkong in a German man-of-war.

"Spain will endeavor to have the United States assume at least a part of the Cuban debt," when the peace commissioners meet. Spain should remember that this country has troubles of its own in that line, and if an emphatic refusal to add to the load is received there will be no occasion for the expression of surprise at the heartless action of the peace commissioners.

When General Miles was informed that the wealthy citizens of Puerto Rico feared that the Spanish commander would turn their towns over to his unpaid soldiers to be plundered and sacked, he informed General Macias that if that was done that there would be a hanging bee in a very short time, and that the chivalrous Spaniard who was responsible for the outrage would be the ornament on the loose end of the rope. There will be no plundering of Puerto Rico towns by Spanish soldiers.

The sailors of the United States navy may be satisfied with the manner in which they "Remembered the Maine." The Madrid press has made up a list of the vessels lost by Spain in the war and it numbers 35. The list includes Cervantes and Montojo's squadrons and many cruisers and gunboats destroyed at such ports as Manzanillo and Nipe. The lost vessels ranged in size from little craft of less than 100 tons burden to armored cruisers of 7,000 tons each.

There is no debating that the United States will before many years be the second naval power in the world. Changed conditions brought about by the result of the war just ended require a powerful armament on the seas. The next session of congress will be asked to provide for building several of the most formidable warships afloat, and the request will be granted. The country may never have occasion to use them, but recent experiences have taught that it is best to be prepared for any emergency.

The American, the organ of the Peoples' party, says that "the Peoples' party was born that a rule of liberty, equality, fraternity might be perpetuated on America's fair soil; that a government of, by and for the people might not perish from the earth." That explanation of the reason for the existence of the Peoples' party is very timely and will remove considerable doubt from the political situation. The supposition has been that the Peoples' party was born for the purpose of fusion and dictating who should hold the offices.

France will, beginning on September 1, encourage the extension of the beet sugar industry in that country by paying a bounty on all exports of beet sugar. The United States will be the largest importer of the French product, and yet right here in New Mexico, a great part of the sugar now brought from foreign countries can be produced. There is something wrong with the sugar business somewhere when the finest sugar beet soil and climate in the world is allowed to remain idle and money that could be kept at home is sent away to enrich other nations.

Should the rumor prove true that a conflict has taken place between the insurgents and the American troops at Manila, the government will not be in a great hurry to muster out the volunteers now serving

in the United States army. The terms of peace between this country and Spain have been practically agreed to, but there is no agreement with the insurgents in Cuba and the Philippines, and there is nothing to guarantee that they will be bound by the protocol. Until those turbulent people have shown some disposition to lay down their arms the authorities in Washington may think it prudent to keep a sufficient number of armed men on hand for use in case of trouble.

The Other Side.

The American soldiers who took part in the campaign around Santiago have been severe in their criticism of the Cuban insurgents and the part taken by them in the capture of that city. Basing their opinion on these reports the people of the United States have come to look upon the Cubans as an inferior class, lacking in bravery, greedy and totally unfit to govern themselves. No one apparently has had a good word for the insurgents, and it has become the habit to place them all in the same category.

But there is always two sides to a story, and George Lynch, a war correspondent of the London Daily Chronicle, seems to have gotten a glimpse of the brighter side, and after returning from Cuba, in an interview, said:

"I visited General Castillo's camp, some distance from Guanatanamo, and found that the Cubans who joined the marines there certainly fought very well, and so I'd like to query the general condemnation of Cubans that we see in the American press. The men that are condemning them are doing so on wrong grounds. The Cuban soldiers in Santiago province were the poorest, hungriest, and wildest lot of Cubans that can be found anywhere, and it is hardly fair to take them as specimens. The Cubans that fought with the marines fought extremely well. About 150 of them under command of Colonel Thomas came to re-enforce the Americans."

"I was at Balquira a day before the American troops landed, and Castillo came on by a forced march that night with 1,200 men. They cleared out the Spaniards before the Americans landed, and four of the men were killed by fire from the American boats. After the landing they went to the extreme right and extreme left. They were half-starved and half-naked, and thought that they were to be provided for by the Americans, and so whenever they found anything they nabbed it. Thus they got a bad name. It is true, however, that they were the worst of the Cubans."

The complaint was made that in the fighting at Santiago, the Cubans cleared out at the first shot, but in this connection it must be remembered that the Cubans had not been able to meet the regular soldiers of the Spanish army in the open, and had learned that they could only hope to vanquish the Spaniards in the end by a guerrilla warfare, and did not understand the rushing methods of the Americans. Then, again, three years of starving and hardships under a tropical climate is not calculated to fill men with strength and a desire to "catch Spanish prisoners with their hands."

The men who have met the Cubans around Santiago are doubtless correct in their estimate of their character at the present time, but considerable allowance must be made for their conditions and surroundings. The Americans are not given to judging an unfortunate people hastily, and as the situation becomes better understood the Cubans will be given every opportunity to prove their abilities in "caring for themselves."

Importance of Trade With New Possessions.

The annexation of the Hawaiian Islands and the possibility of the annexation of other islands has called attention to the importance of the new possessions as commercial factors in the trade situation of the United States. Investigations along this line have resulted in some discoveries which are almost astonishing, particularly in relation to the Hawaiian group.

The foreign trade of Hawaii is greater in proportion to the population than that of any other country on the globe. The Hawaiian imports amount to \$70 per capita, and the exports \$150 per capita, making a total foreign trade which averages \$220 for each man, woman and child in the islands. England, which stands far ahead of any other nation in the aggregate volume of its commerce on the seas, has an annual foreign trade of about \$93 per capita, and this country, with a foreign trade that is, of course, inconsequential as compared with its internal commerce, imports and exports goods the value of which averages less than \$30 per capita.

In comparison with these figures, the commerce of the Hawaiian Islands, in proportion to the number of people there, is so great as to seem almost beyond belief. But the figures are official and therefore cannot be doubted. Nearly all of this trade—over 90 per cent of it—is with the United States. More than three-fourths of Hawaiian imports go from this country and nearly all the exports of the islands come here. The complete supremacy of the United States in the trade of Hawaii is an interesting illustration of the possibilities in the way of developing American commerce with the Philippines, with Puerto Rico and Cuba, and even with the Empire of China, and the entire Orient.

The new colonial possessions that are about to come under the control of this country are capable of development similar to that of the Hawaiian Islands. American enterprise and energy have made those islands what they are. The same powers set to work in the Philippines and at Puerto Rico, will accomplish similar wonders there, and when the merchants of this country go to work in earnest to get their share of the Asiatic trade they will achieve great success in that part of the world.

Sugar is almost the sole article of exportation from Hawaii. Over \$13,000,000 worth of sugar was shipped to this country last year, and the total of all other

exports was only \$500,000, half of which was rice. The shipments from this country to Hawaii include a great variety of articles, the most important of which are iron and steel products, breadstuffs, cotton and lumber. The needs and products of Puerto Rico and the Philippines are similar to those of Hawaii, and what has been done in the development of Hawaii is a fair evidence of what may be accomplished in the much greater and more populous islands that are soon to come under the influence of American enterprise.

VAN VRANKEN'S IDEA.

WHEN IN CRIPPLE CREEK, DO AS THE CRIPPLES DO.

That Was His Scheme, but Unfortunately His Views of the Situation Were All Founded on What He Saw in the Funny Papers—All a Mistake.

Clarence Van Vranken had been ordered to Cripple Creek for the improvement of his health. Being a mild young man, his knowledge of the character and customs of the denizens (a knowledge chiefly derived from the funny papers) occasioned him no little alarm.

"If it is wise," soliloquized Clarence, "to do in Rome as the Romans do, it must be equally sagacious to do in Cripple Creek as the Cripples do. In order to avoid those unpleasantnesses to which tourists are subjected I must arrive in the guise of an indigenous denizen myself."

As may be readily seen, Clarence Van Vranken was indeed a shrewd and logical young man.

It was a warm afternoon in Cripple Creek. Around the bar of the principal saloon were gathered a number of old settlers. The stage had arrived but a short time before, and the general interest created by the event was just passing away when in the distance a disturbance outside were heard by all. Either an unusually demonstrative cyclone or a peripatetic Fourth of July celebration seemed to be running amok. The problem was soon solved. Through the open windows a scene was seen that was indeed a sight to behold. A man in a top hat and a woman in a long dress were engaged in a heated conversation. The man was shouting and the woman was crying.

"To this sweeping invitation no one seemed inclined to respond. Finally an old settler arose, a powerfully built man still in the prime of life. On his jet jaws a habitual expression of grim determination rested, while in his piercing steel gray eyes was a look that showed him to be no man to trifle with."

"My young friend," he said, bearing down on the so-called Clarence Clarence, "although I must take exception to your somewhat eccentric style of address, which I can only attribute to eastern ignorance of the conventionalities, I am quite interested in your language, which seems of a remarkably polished description. Having devoted some time to etymological research, I would be obliged to you to explain the origin and inform me where such unlearned words as 'tarnation,' 'shebang,' 'galoot' and 'tenderfoot' are current."

Smoothing out his sleek Prince Albert and adjusting his spotless silk hat, the old settler awaited an answer. But Clarence was on no such pacific mission. "Whoop!" he yelled. "I'm looking for Alkali Ike, Pizen Pete, Lariat Larry and your other bad men."

A quaint looking man seated in the corner, looking a spot of eager ashen from his immaculate shirt front, walked to Clarence.

"Young man," he said, "I have lived in Cripple Creek for 20 years. I can tell you that no individuals known by such barbarous appellations have ever figured in society here. I am the sheriff, and you must come with me." And away they went together.

"Must be crazy," observed a prominent banker. "What a fantastic costume he wears! A very original style of headgear too. Oh, it's some advertising dodge," said a shrewd, prosperous looking lawyer. "Anything to attract attention, you know. We'll hear from him later in connection with soap or something."

"Well, I'll be hanged!" muttered Clarence Van Vranken, alkali Cactus Clarence, as the next morning he emerged from the police court, having \$5 for disturbing the peace and \$50 for carrying dangerous weapons. "I'll be hanged if I'll ever believe in the funny papers again. Good Lord, but I took a lot too much liquor to raise most unnecessary courage!"

Then the erstwhile Cactus Clarence did some thinking.

"Good heavens!" he groaned. "If there had been Alkali Ike, Pizen Pete and Lariat Larry, where oh, where would I be by this time?"—New York Journal.

Scrofula, a Vile Inheritance.

Scrofula is the most obstinate of blood troubles, and is often the result of an inherited taint in the blood. S. S. S. is the only remedy which goes deep enough to reach Scrofula; it forces out every trace of the disease, and cures the worst cases.

My son, Charlie, was afflicted from infancy with Scrofula, and he suffered so that it was impossible to dress him. He was covered with sores, and he died when he was three years old. His head and body were a mass of sores, and his eyesight also became affected. No treatment was of any avail until he was five years old, when by the advice of a friend we gave him S. S. S. A decided improvement was the result, and after he had taken a course of S. S. S. his former dreadful condition would have been recognized. All the sores on his body have healed, his skin is perfectly clear and smooth, and he has been restored to perfect health.

For real blood troubles it is a waste of time to expect a cure from the doctors. Blood diseases are beyond their skill. Swift's Specific,

S. S. S. For The Blood reaches all deep-seated cases which other remedies fail to effect upon. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains no potash, mercury, or other mineral.

Books mailed free to any address by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

The Prevailing Cut and Finish of the Newest Skirts.

Now that applications of lace, embroidered on cloth and silk, are so much worn, detached lace motifs are manufactured on purpose for application. Butterflies, bowknots and palm leaves are among the most striking and effective designs. The goods beneath the motif are sometimes cut away, so that the lining is displayed through the lace.

Beige with red or green trimmings and pastel gray with mauve or pink are among the favorite color combinations this summer.

Not only has crinoline, with every other sort of stiffening material, disappeared from skirts, but even the lining is now going. The new skirts falling softly over a lower or drop skirt of silk, which need not be as ample as the outside, but should be as carefully cut and fitted. As a rule,



TRAVELING COSTUME.

there is no fullness at the top of any skirt, even the necessary allowance at the back being confined in one or two plaits. But for very slender women it is much better that greater fullness should be placed at the back and that it should be gathered instead of plaited, as the figure appears then less slim. The foot of the skirt must be wide and fall in a multitude of little rippling folds, lying upon the ground a little in the rear.

The picture shows a traveling gown of beige cloth, the skirt being adorned with five curved flounces, with a redingote effect. The little coat bodice has triple fronts, adorned with horn buttons, and opens over a vest of plaid silk. The tight sleeves have three little curved ruffles at the wrist. The belt of brown velvet fastens with a gold buckle. The hat of beige straw is trimmed with beige ribbon and brown quills.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COSTUME ACCESSORIES.

Cut and Material of the Newest Elaborate Petticoates.

In Paris a sort of necktie which goes by the name of Spanish cravat is worn, but patriotic American women will hardly adopt it, at least under that title. It is passed twice around the neck and tied in front with loose, rather long ends and is seen not only with shirt waists, but even with more pretentious bodices.

Any decided change in the cut of skirts means a corresponding change in the cut of petticoates, as the hang of the gown is largely influenced by the clothing underneath. Petticoates are now cut much like the outside skirt—that is, they are very flat and light around the top, but from the knee down they expand suddenly and are finished by flounces cut "en forme," ruffles, plaits and all sorts of fluffy arrangements which will serve to hold out the foot of the dress, which has no longer any advantage afforded by crinoline.

The preferred material for petticoates is taffeta of good quality or broche or striped silk. Taffeta is not easily crumpled, and for winter time it may be lined with flannel. Even in summer it is better that the body of the taffeta petticoat should be lined with something, no matter how thin, as the silk then wears much longer.

Today's picture illustrates a gown of mauve moire with satin spots. The skirt is composed of three curved flounces edged with ruffles of mousseline de soie of the same color. The bodice of cream and mauve embroidery has a deep gulle of shirred mauve mousseline de soie, and the top of the embroidered sleeves is of the same material. The hat of yellow straw is trimmed with black plumes and a chon of white mousseline de soie.

JUDIC CHOLLET.



MOIRE GOWN.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing Company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

NEW MEXICO REPORTS Delivered by NEW MEXICAN at publishers price, \$3.30 per vol.

SAVED BY HIS REPUTATION.

He Confessed He Stole the Horse, and the Lynchers Surprised Him.

The few determined men, with the prisoner in their midst, worked quietly but quickly. A rope was soon thrown over a limb of a live oak tree and the end knotted around the condemned man's neck. Then he was placed upon a barrel and the leader was preparing to kick it from under the unfortunate man when he opened his mouth and spoke for the first time.

"Boys," he drawled, "what's all this yere fussin' about?"

"Ye know darn well what hit's all about," put in the leader.

"Wal, drat my hide! Do ye think that I would be up yere addressin' yere assembly, when ye know that speakin' ain't my fort, if I knew what all this fussin' was about?"

"Wal, hit's hoss stealin', if ye must know," growled the leader.

"Meanin' what particular hoss?"

"Wal, I swear! Did ye ever hear of sich a pesky cuss?" gasped the leader, turning to the rest of the crowd. "Durn if I don't think that he will be wantin' ter know if we ever met his grandmother next!"

"Wal, hit seems ter me that ye might accommodate me jes' that little bit," whined the prisoner.

"Wal, hit's Lige Bean's hoss, if ye must know," growled the leader.

"Yas, that's right; I took the hoss." This calm announcement of the theft had the effect of throwing the lynchers into a commotion, and after conferring together for a few minutes the leader approached and said:

"See yere! Do ye mean ter say that ye took the hoss?"

"That's right! I took the hoss." "Git down from there then!" yelled the leader, throwing off the rope from the limb and kicking the barrel over.

"What's the meenin' of all this yere?" asked the suspected man as he picked himself up.

"Hit means that we want you ter git!" "An' then I goin' ter be no hangin'?" "Not a hang, ye say?"

"Cause we don't believe ye ever stole the hoss. Hit's a matter of record 'round yere that ye never told the truth in yer life, an' if ye say that ye stole the hoss that's yer own good evidence that ye didn't."

Then the prisoner got mad and wanted to fight the whole crowd for doubting his veracity, but the would be lynchers moved off in disgust and paid no attention to him.

Thirty minutes later the missing horse turned up, thus proving the conclusion that they had arrived at to be the correct one.—Detroit Free Press.

Georgie's Raise.

There are several children in the family, and they were talking of their garden. "I am going to plant the seeds Uncle John gave me," said one, "and raise the most beautiful flowers."

"I am going to raise pinks and violets," said another.

"And I'm going to raise tuberose," said the third.

But the little boy said nothing. He had no seeds to plant.

And presently his mother noticed that he took no part in the chatter, and her heart smote her.

"And what is Georgie going to raise?" she asked.

Perhaps Georgie's lip trembled, but his voice didn't.

"Oh," he said stoutly, "I guess I can raise a worm or two!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

An Art Effort Wasted.

The Small One—Oh, Jimmy, what a shame you can't read!—New York Journal.

A Story of Hugo.

Once while traveling some distance by rail Victor Hugo fell into conversation with a stranger who entertained the great author with much egoistic talk. The author of "Les Miserables," having arrived at his destination, was about to leave the train when the stranger said: "You may perhaps like to know who I am. I am Victor Hugo."

"So am I!"—Argonaut.

A Reason.

"I sometimes wonder," said one enthusiast, "why the baseball season doesn't begin earlier."

"It's a wholly impractical idea," replied the other. "They've got to give us a chance to get over our spring colds. Otherwise how could we yell?"—Washington Star.

The Usual Way.

Flower—So you were at the races yesterday, were you?

Block—Yes; went over to see the Derby run.

Flower—Did you pick the winner?

Block—Sure. But I happened to pick him before he was ripe.—Chicago News.

A Roarer.

Mother of the Little Darling—I do wish I could think of an appropriate name for the baby.

Brute of a Father—Better call her Aurora. That is what she seems to be doing the most of time.—New York World.

Her Experience.

Agent—You wish to join the theatrical profession? What experience have you had?

Fair Candidate—Well, I've lost all my jewelry three times.—Tit-Bits.

His Position.

"Was he secretary or treasurer of the company?"

"Well, they supposed he was only secretary until after he had gone."—Pick Me Up.

So Different.

It is not pretty to say of a woman that she talks too much, but she looks complimented when you tell her that she is a fine conversationalist.—Somerville Journal.

The Dons and the—

Jasper—The dons are at our door. Jumpup—Yes, and the dons are at theirs.—New York Journal.

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ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

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(Effective, April 1, 1898.)

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No. 2.	No. 22.	No. 17.	No. 1.
12:05 a. m.	8:50 p. m.	San Francisco, Cal.	San Francisco

Klondike Almost Forgotten.
This is the busy season in the Klondike gold fields. Fortunes are being dug up every week, but nothing is said in the newspapers. There is a war on hand, and every other subject is forgotten. In like manner men and women drop out of sight when they lose their health. The general cause of sickness is in the stomach. From there it branches out. To remove the cause Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best remedy. The weakness of women are cured by it. It gives strength to both sexes. It invigorates and imparts vitality. It steadies the nerves and brings refreshing sleep. For those whose health is "run down" nothing equals it. Take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters if you want to regain it.

The Cheerful Idiot.
I notice, said the shoe clerk boarder that Switzerland is being invaded by schoolmasters from Italy, who want jobs of sweeping chimneys.
Probably, said the cheerful idiot, teachers of drawing.

TREATMENT FOR WEAK MEN.
TRIAL WITHOUT EXPENSE.
The famous Appliance and Remedies of the Erie Medical Co. now for the first time offered on trial without expense to any honest man. Not a dollar to be paid in advance. Cure Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Manhood Fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak Underdeveloped Portions of Body. Absolutely Unfailing Home Treatment. No C. I. D. or other scheme. A plain offer by a firm of high standing.
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His Vocabulary.
My husband is plain-spoken; he calls a spade a spade.
So does mine; but I must decline to repeat what he calls a lawn mower.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boggs, Stumptown, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

The Explanation.
Ada—Why does Alice speak of Tom as her intended? Are they engaged?
Beatrice—No; but she intends they shall be.

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that state, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by A. C. Ireland.

The Proof.
Aw, really now, asked the foreigner, are you all free and equal in this blooming country?
You bet we are, answered the native. A rich man doesn't have to pay any more war taxes than a poor one.

The Best Remedy For Flux.
Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by A. C. Ireland.

A Visiting Mother.
Mrs. Crowley—How does it feel to be the mother of a countess?
Mrs. Seadleigh—It seems immense as long as you're in this country, but somehow, I can't help thinking that the old family servants are giving me an all-round josh when I'm over visiting Sadie.

We have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our home for many years and bear cheerful testimony to its value as a medicine which should be in every family. In coughs and colds we have found it to be efficacious and in croup and whooping cough in children we deem it indispensable.—H. P. Ritter, 4127 Fairfax ave., St. Louis, Mo. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Damned Kid.
It is recorded of a young fop who visited one of the Rothschilds that he was so proud of his malachite sleeve buttons that he insisted upon exhibiting them to his host. The latter looked at them and said:

Burlington Route
Flowers on every table.

Real Haviland China, sterling silver, genuine Relfast linen, electric fans, movable chairs; these are features of our dining-car service which warrant us in claiming that it is different from that of most railroads.

Add to this that the prices are reasonable, the service prompt, and that the food is the best the market affords, and you have a combination that pleases 99 out of every 100 patrons.

Omaha, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis—all points east and southeast. Two trains a day from Denver—they leave at 9.30 a. m. and 9.50 p. m.

G. W. Valley, General Agent, 1039 17th St. Denver.

P. S.—If you go east via Omaha and the Burlington Route, you can stop off and see the Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

A Foreigner.
Cahoot, from across the Hudson, intending a joke—I say, be you a Spaniard or one of them Mafia chaps what I read about?

Smarting.
Examiner—What part of speech is the word smart?
Smart Youth—What the 'am' what you eat sir, or the 'am' what you is?

DIVINE AWE.
To tremble when I touch her hands With awe that no man understands, To feel soft reverence arise, When, lover sweet, I meet her eyes; To see her beauty glow and shine When most I feel this awe divine— What's her head but mine? And where about the room she moves My spirit follows her and loves.
—G. E. Woodberry in Century.

A STRONG MAN.

The weekly coach was due at South City, and all the inhabitants were eagerly awaiting its arrival. The Diggers' Arms was, as usual, crowded, and against its hospitable walls lounged those unable to get in. Suddenly a crack, loud and reverberating, sounded in the clear mountain air, and with a whoop and a rattle the great coach lumbered up.

The driver, a chery Yankee, who knew his men as well as he did his horses, shouted: "Have you heard the news, boys? No! Well, I'll tell you—North City has imported a parson!"

"A what?" shouted the miners, jealous of their own town.

"A real live parson, and what's more, they've turned the old saloon into a meeting house."

There was a long standing feud between North City and South City, which dated from the first gold rush, and many and useless were the buildings that the rival towns had erected to "go one better" than the other.

All looked toward Texas Joe, an old and tough miner, who by a brevity of speech and a quick use of his gun had long held the perilous position of dictator to the neighborhood.

No one spoke—indeed no one quite cared to. At length the oracle, shifting his plig from one cheek to the other, said: "Pass the word that there'll be a meeting here of the boys at 6 sharp. It ain't to be allowed that a rouser shove ahead village like North City is to take the shine out of us. No, sir, it ain't likely."

Long before 6 the whole adult population was collected near the saloon, and it was clear that no room would hold the crowd. Finally an open air meeting was proposed and carried—motions moved by Texas Joe generally were—and the dictator took the "barrel."

"Men of South City," he began, "you all know why this here meeting is called. We have been made fools of by the people away yonder, 'waving his hand northward, and it ain't to be. They have been presumptuous enough to get a parson, as if the inhabitants of these parts want either doctors or parsons, and are cracking on about it no end. Now, I ain't more religious than most, still I say, 'kicking his heel in the barrel to emphasize his words, 'that it's a real disgrace to us that we ain't got a parson too. Now, what I say is this: North City have got a parson; South City will have one too. They have got a traveling cuss; we will have a man of our own, a chap wot's got some education. That'll fix 'em up, you bet."

A redhaired Cornishman, who hated Joe, ventured to say: "I vote we have a good chapel man; he'll be a sight cheaper and will be more of our own way of thinking."

"Now, Treleven, you dry up," "Pis-copals I know, Catholics I know, but I know nothing and care less about any fancy religions, and we'll have one from the bishop or we'll have none at all."

A chorus of approving voices showed that Joe had the ear of the meeting, and the Cornishman sulkily drew back.

"Now, it can't be done without money. I ain't got much, still I'll give \$20," said the chairman. "I'll give \$50!" "I'll give \$100!" "Here, take my dust!" "Here's for the sky-scraper!" were heard on all sides, and amid a scene of wild excitement Texas Joe, after counting the collection on the barrel head, said: "We'll have the best there is to be got—we've got \$400." He beamed on the crowd and saw genuine satisfaction on every face in front of him.

Then, with a queer smile on his face, Treleven pushed his way to the front and said: "I call that a good start, and now all we've got to do is to write to Frisco, for there's sure to be a boss there who will send us up the man we want. I vote that the chairman write and see to the whole job." A dead pause followed this, for almost every man knew that Joe could neither read nor write. He rose slowly, with his pistol in his hand.

"Now, look here, mates, there's a kind of nasty twang about the last speaker's remarks that I don't like. I ain't a pushing man, but of course I'll write if Mr. Treleven wants me to. Say, do you now?" he asked, looking intently at the Cornishman as he did so.

The crowd fell away on all sides, for the air seemed a little heavy.

"No, P'raps young Green, the last tenderfoot, had better write it. We oughtn't to put it all on you, Joe. No offense," he muttered.

"Ah," said Joe, "just as you like. Now, Green, get paper and a pen." The crowd gathered again. "Give the boy room. Now just you write." With admiration the miners listened while Joe dictated the following letter:

SOUTH CITY, Cal., U. S. A.
HONORED SIR—North City have got a chapel parson and South City felt that the time has come to have a real college parson living in the town. A weak man ain't no use, coa we want a strong man fit to run the show proper. We send \$400 for cash. Yours truly,

THE INHABITANTS OF SOUTH CITY.
"Now, boys," said Joe, "it's my shout."

South City was en fete. The miners, unusually clean, were waiting for the arrival of the man who was to fairly knock North City. Their hopes had been raised to a high pitch by the receipt of a letter from San Francisco informing them that a real strong man was coming up to put them in the way they should go.

Joe had suggested a salvo of pistols as a welcome, but it was felt that such a reception was open to misconception, and the subject dropped.

The empty saloon, which had been taken as a temporary church, was as clean as whitewash and soap could make it and only wanted the presence of the parson to make it complete.

The excitement grew intense as the hour drew near when the coach was due, culminating in a mighty cheer when the driver finally pulled up opposite the saloon. Several passengers got down, but no one answering to the description of a strong man left the coach.

Finally Texas Joe said to the driver, "Say, where's your new parson?"

"There, sitting on my trunk," replied the man, with a grin on his face.

All eyes turned toward a young, slender looking man, who, with eyes twinkling with amusement, was watching his new congregation. Seeing that something was expected of him, he came forward and held out his hand.

"Men of South City," he began, in a clear, musical voice, "I have been sent up here to act, if you will have me, as your new parson. Something tells me we are going to be good friends, and it won't be my fault if we aren't. There's lots for me to learn from you and perhaps I can do a little for you too."

His face was so boyish, his hair so curly and such an air of sincerity and truth seemed to surround him that the miners, although deeply disappointed, felt their hearts go out to him.

One sultry afternoon the parson of South City was sitting in his room, a prey to the deepest depression. With all the eagerness that youth and zeal could supply he had done his best to raise his people, and he had failed and he knew it.

He saw his miners, at first shamelessly and then openly, stay away from his little church, and his heart was sick within him. He was wondering if he were worth while staying on when his door was suddenly opened and a woman, disheveled and wild eyed, rushed in.

"Oh, parson, save my boy!" she gasped, and sank on to a chair, breathless with her haste.

"Why, Mrs. Mace, what on earth is the matter? Is your son ill?" he asked eagerly.

"No, sir, he ain't ill, but he's worse nor that—the men are going to hang him."

"What for? Surely he hasn't been tried. What has he done?"

"Well, sir," wailed the woman, "he's got into bad company lately and a man accused him of horse stealing, and—and—" looking fearfully around, "it's true, sir."

"You're inexperienced as he was in the ways of a frontier camp the parson knew that horse stealing was one of the deadly sins, and his face grew pale as death.

"I'm afraid, Mrs. Mace, that if the men have decided to hang your son no word of mine would stay them."

"And you, a minister, to say that to me, a mother! Why, it's none the less murder, and you know it! Oh, sir," she pleaded, "there's yet time to catch them up! For God's sake, whose word you preach, try and save my boy! Will no one help a poor mother?" She wept bitterly, while the parson in imagination felt himself defying the mob, and also in imagination saw the ghastly tragedy that would ensue on his interference.

"Come, Mrs. Mace, let us go and hurry, and perhaps we may do some good." Seizing his hat, he ran from the room and followed the crowd of miners whom he saw were making for some trees about half a mile out of town. When he finally caught up to them, all the grim preparations were made for the execution. The rope was around the shivering youth's neck. Six stalwart men held the loose end, ready at a signal to launch the criminal into eternity. With his boyish face flushed with excitement, the parson pressed to the front and stood side by side with the man about to die. A silence fell on the throng, broken by Texas Joe, who said: "Now, parson, this ain't no place for you. Judge Lynch has had his say, and Jim Mace is going to be hanged, and that's so."

"And who are you to take upon yourself to judge and to execute? Don't scowl at me and finger your gun, for I'm an unarmed man, and you know it. Have not you enough blood on your hands already without killing this boy who has broken your laws? Give him one more chance, and you may be glad yourself of it one day."

The fury that occasionally comes over men of quite meek dispositions was on the little man who stood defying the whole mob. His look seemed to daunt even the men who held the rope, and it hung loose about Mace's neck.

Joe saw his authority trembling in the balance, and with pistol raised said, "Clear him out of the way, boys, or I'll shoot him where he stands."

"No, you won't, Joe," said the parson undauntedly. "You know that would be murder, and they don't love you too much, even here, to stand that."

No one spoke for a moment; then the Cornishman, Treleven, shouted out: "A life for a life! If the parson wants Mace to live, let him be hanged instead."

The mob shrank from this cold blooded proposal, and, seizing the psychological moment, the parson slipped the halter from Mace's neck, placed it round his own and said: "Go, my lad, turn over a new leaf and leave this town. Go, and God bless you!"

The crowd opened, and Mace stumbled away, leaving neither to the right nor left, leaving his rescuer standing with moving lips in his place.

Then Texas Joe said, with an odd break in his voice for which he could not account: "Say, boys—there ain't going to be no funeral today, you bet! Take off that necktie, parson, and I calculate South City will have to do without you in the future. We wrote to Frisco for a strong parson, and may the Almighty strike me dead if you ain't a bit too strong for us. Give us yer fist, parson, and—" significantly—"good-by."—St. Paul's.

More Grounds For Worry.
Parke—I haven't been home since yesterday, and I am afraid my wife is beginning to worry about me.

Lane—I should think you would begin to worry about yourself.—Detroit Free Press.

"Marital" Is an Anagram For "Martial."
Inquisitive Neighbor—Tommy, is your pa the boss at home?

Tommy—None. Our house is under a mag-shall law.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

The Escape.
When a man has a chance to escape from prison he doesn't stop to argue about it; he breaks out as quickly as ever he can. He knows that every moment's delay may lessen his chances of escape; but when a man is sick he too often postpones his opportunity of getting well and says: "O, perhaps I'll be better next week" or "next month."

The weeks and months go on and every day his chance of escaping from the dungeon of disease grows smaller. The "Golden Medical Discovery" originated by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., offers a certain means of rescue to every man and woman who is suffering from any form of weakness or disease due to imperfect nutrition.

This marvelous "Discovery" creates good appetite, good digestion, good blood, good nerves, good health, good success.

Every man who wants to save doctor's bills should send 21 one-cent stamps, the cost of mailing only, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a copy of his two-page illustrated book, "Common Sense Medical Advice," in paper covers; or 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy.



Mr. Frank A. Starz, of Fayetteville, Fayette Co., Texas, writes in a letter to Dr. Pierce: "It affords me pleasure to testify to the remarkable curative power of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I was severely afflicted with trouble in my lungs—spitting up blood, and was so weak I was unable to continue my work. I tried several remedies which gave me no relief, and I had commenced to think there was no hope for me. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery was recommended to me so I tried it and began to improve at once, and was soon able to resume work. I consider it a wonderful medicine."

Not to Any Great Extent, For His Dignity Was Wounded.

The fat lady, with birdlegs and bundles hanging about her until she looked like a badly decorated Christmas tree evidently didn't know, or rather didn't appreciate, the fact that he was one of the very finest of the "fatmen."

"Oh, Mr. Policeman," she gasped apologetically, "that's my train there, and I've got just two minutes to catch it! Won't you please help me on with these bundles?"

"What train was it you wanted?" "The Washington, Weehawken and Waxahachie express! That's it, I tell you!"

"Well, but it isn't! See?" "What! That isn't the Washington, Waxahachie and Weehawken express?"

"What! That isn't the Washington, Weehawken and?" "It don't matter what I said! That's my train and!"

"Be patient, mum! You see a man in my position has got to be careful." The bell rang and the conductor yelled, "All aboard!"

The fat lady turned a delicate pea green with rage.

"Are you going to help me on with these here things of mine?" she screamed. The policeman flicked an imaginary bit of dust off his lapel.

"I'm surprised at you, mum!" he said. "Actually surprised at you! Don't you know I'd lost my job if I left me post here! The man for you to see is that scrubby looking fellow at the other end of the station."

The train had gone by now, and with a twirl of his club he took the speechless fat lady by the arm, sternly commanding: "Come, come, madam! Don't block up the platform! Move on with them bundles!"—New York World.



The Late Bird—So you caught the worm, eh?

The Early Bird—Yes; but you ought to have seen the snake that got away from me.—New York Journal.

Just the Thing.
"Here's a story of a woman in New York who is making a living by making such a nuisance of herself in flat buildings that the other tenants buy her off."

He gravely nodded as she looked from her newspaper to say this.

"My dear," he remarked at length, "you have been looking for some suitable employment, have you not?"

She did not answer. She would not lower herself by replying to such an insinuation, but her silence for the next hour was so noticeable that he instinctively knew the point was not lost.—Chicago Post.

A Useless Organ.
"I have been reading," said the observant boarder, "about the removal of the stomach from a man in St. Louis."

"Well," replied the cross eyed boarder, "I lived for several weeks in a St. Louis boarding house, and it is my opinion that an inmate of such an institution has very little use for a stomach, anyhow."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Burlington Route.
RATES REDUCED, TIME CHANGED.
On and after August 14 all classes of tickets will be honored on the Burlington's Chicago Special without additional charge, the extra fare having been abolished.

On the same date, a slight change will be made in the Special's schedule. It will leave Denver at 9:15 a. m., reaching Chicago at 4:25 the next afternoon—in time to connect with afternoon and evening trains for the Atlantic seaboard as well as for such comparatively nearby points as Detroit, Indianapolis, Louisville, Cleveland, Cincinnati and Buffalo.

No deterioration in the superb service offered by the Chicago Special will occur as a result of the changes noted above. That will continue to be, as it has been in the past, supreme in elegance and comfort.

Tickets via the Chicago Special can be had at offices of connecting lines and also at the Union Depot and the Burlington ticket office, 1039 17th Street, Denver.

Your Friends in the Army or Navy.
Do you want a picture of their ships, or of the cities they attack? You can secure all this and more by purchasing the newly issued series of portfolios (in fifteen parts) entitled "The American Navy, Cuba and Hawaii." Nearly 250 large half-tone pictures of warships, cities (Havana, Santiago, Honolulu, etc.) forts, harbors, batteries, rivers, plantations—in fact the very places where our men have been and will be fighting. Also excellent portraits of Dewey, Sampson, Schley and Lee. All pictures accompanied by full explanatory text and maps. Single parts ten cents; full set \$1.50. Call at Santa Fe ticket office.

HAVE YOU READ THESE BOOKS?
They are devoted to the wonderful sights and scenes, and special resorts of tourists and healthseekers, in GREAT WEST. Though published by a Railway Company, they are literary and artistic productions, designed to create among travelers a better appreciation of the attractions of our own country.

The Santa Fe Route.
Mailed free to any address on receipt of postage as indicated:
"A COLORADO SUMMER," 50 pp., 64 illustrations, 3 cts.
"THE MOUNTAIN SNARE DANCE," 56 pp., 64 illustrations, 3 cts.
"GRAND CANYON OF THE COLORADO RIVER," 28 pp., 13 illustrations, 2 cts.
"HEALTH RESORTS OF NEW MEXICO," 50 pp., 18 illustrations, 2 cts.
"HEALTH RESORTS OF ARIZONA," 52 pp., 18 illustrations, 2 cts.
"LAS VEGAS HOT SPRINGS AND VICINITY," 48 pp., 28 illustrations, 2 cts.
"TO CALIFORNIA AND BACK," 136 pp., 136 illustrations, 5 cts.

W. J. BLACK,
G. P. A. & T. & S. F. R. y., Topeka, Kas.

Santa Fe Special Rates.
Annual National Encampment Sons of Veterans, Omaha, Neb., September 12-16, 1908. For the above occasion, the Santa Fe Route will sell tickets to Omaha and return at a rate of \$3.10 for the round trip. Date of sale, September 9, good for return passage until September 21.

Grand Encampment Knights of Pythias and Supreme Lodge Session, Indianapolis, Ind., August 22-29 and August 30 to September 10, 1908. For the above occasion, the Santa Fe Route will sell tickets from Santa Fe to Indianapolis and return at a rate of \$4.10 for the round trip. Dates of sale, August 15 and 16, good for return passage until August 30, but tickets will be valid until September 10 by depositing same with joint agent at Indianapolis on or before August 21.

National Encampment Grand Army of the Republic, Cincinnati, O., September 5-10. For this occasion round trip tickets will be sold from Santa Fe to Cincinnati and return at a rate of \$4.15. Dates of sale, September 1 and 2, and September 15, but will be extended to October 2 if deposited with the joint agent on or before September 9, 1908.

For further particulars in regard to these meetings and reduced rates call on agents of the Santa Fe Route.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.
W. J. BLACK, G. P. A., Topeka, Kas.

Summer Tours In Canada!!

THE THOUSAND ISLANDS ST. LAWRENCE RIVER DOWN THE HUDSON

Before deciding on your summer holiday, you should write for the beautiful tourist folder published by the Watkins Railroad, the short line from Colorado points via Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago and Detroit to all the pleasure resorts of the east and northeast. Ask your nearest Ticket Agent for rates or write to:

C. M. HAMMOND,
Commercial Agent,
Denver, Colorado.

DR. GUNN'S
ONE FOR A DOSE.
Remove Pimples, Prevent Blindness, Purify the Blood, Cure Headache and Dropsy, A movement of the bowels each day is necessary for health. They neither ripen nor sicken. To convince you, we will mail sample free, or full box for 5c. Sold by druggists. DR. BOSANKO CO. Phila., Pa.

PILLS

RIO GRANDE & SANTA FE AND DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

The Neenic Route of the World.
Time Table No. 40.

FAST ROUTE	WEST ROUTE
No. 425.	No. 425.
6:58 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ariz.	6:55 p. m.
8:28 p. m. Lv. Española, N. M.	8:00 p. m.
1:10 p. m. Lv. Embudo, N. M.	8:25 p. m.
1:35 p. m. Lv. Hartsburg, N. M.	8:45 p. m.
2:21 p. m. Lv. Tree Pines, N. M.	9:10 p. m.
2:24 p. m. Lv. Antonito, N. M.	9:13 p. m.
2:30 p. m. Lv. Alamosa, N. M.	9:30 p. m.
10:20 p. m. Lv. Salida, N. M.	9:50 p. m.
1:50 a. m. Lv. Florence, N. M.	4:00 a. m.
5:10 a. m. Lv. Pueblo, N. M.	2:40 a. m.
4:40 a. m. Lv. Colorado Spgs., N. M.	4:52 a. m.
7:30 a. m. Ar. Denver, N. M.	10:00 p. m.

Connections with the main line and branches as follows:
At Antonito for Durango, Silverton and all points in the San Juan country.
At Alamosa for Jimtown, Creede, Del Norte, Monte Vista and all points in the San Luis valley.
At Salida with main line for all points east and west, including Leadville.
At Florence with F. & C. C. R. R. for the gold camps of Cripple Creek and Victor.
At Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver with all Missouri river lines for all points east.
Through passengers from Santa Fe will have reserved berths in sleepers from Alamosa if desired.
For further information address the undersigned.
T. J. HELM, General Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.
S. K. HOOPER, G. P. A., Denver, Colo.

LET YOUR NEXT TRIP BE SOUTHWARD! Via the Mexican Central Railroad

On the same date, a slight change will be made in the Special's schedule. It will leave Denver at 9:15 a. m., reaching Chicago at 4:25 the next afternoon—in time to connect with afternoon and evening trains for the Atlantic seaboard as well as for such comparatively nearby points as Detroit, Indianapolis, Louisville, Cleveland, Cincinnati and Buffalo.

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The ...

MAXWELL LAND GRANT,

Situated in New Mexico and Colorado, On the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf

1,500,000 Acres of Land for Sale.

FARMING LANDS UNDER IRRIGATION SYSTEM.

In tracts 20 acres and upward, with perpetual water rights—cheap and on easy terms of 10 annual payments With 7 per cent interest—Alfalfa, Grain and Fruit of all kinds grow to perfection.

THE WAR GIRL.
She wore a dress of navy blue.
The collar white and blue and red;
A striped belt—and stockings, too;
A sailor hat was on her head.
Red, white and blue her chateau.
She had a flag beneath her chin.
She wore a badge—"U. S. S. Maine."
A tiny cannon for a pin.
She wore a shell-comb in her hair.
With army buttons all embossed;
Some swords were also sticking there.
And at her belt small rifles crossed.
Her pocketbook was knapsack shape.
Her smelling bottle a wee canteen.
Containing essence of "Crushed Grape."
The nearest thing I'd ever seen.
Her face was patriotic, too.
And full of everlasting charms.

Her cheeks were red, teeth white, eyes blue.
She also had repeating arms.
In fact, she was in "fighting trim."
So an "engagement" I did seek;
And though my chance to win was slim,
I cruised around about her cheek.
Puff! Suddenly she fired at me
A perfect fusillade of smiles!
It shook my heart "windward" to "lee."
Recoiling for miles and miles!
My rapid-firing lips I turned
Upon her then (for they were loaded),
But when the fast-sent kisses burned,
The powder on her face exploded!

W. H. GOEBEL THE HARDWAREMAN.

H. S. KAUNE & CO.,
DEALER IN
Staple - and - Fancy - Groceries
Fresh Oysters, Fish, Poultry of all Kinds
Received Twice a Week.

The Sign of the
RED LIGHT
WEST SIDE OF PLAZA.
CALLS ATTENTION TO
"OUR PLACE."
Here business is conducted on Business Principles. Here can be obtained Strictly First Class Goods in the form of Liquid Refreshments and Cigars.
W. R. PRICE, Proprietor.

DELIVERY MADE DAILY.
«Natural Ice»
FAMILY TRADE A SPECIALTY.
Leave Orders at Ireland's or Fischer's Drug
Store or by Telephone.
Grant Rivenburg,
TELEPHONE 43.

Diamond, Opal, Turquoise
Settling a Specialty.
Watch Repairing
Strictly First-Class.
S. SPITZ,
—MANUFACTURER OF—
MEXICAN • FILIGREE • JEWELRY
—AND DEALER IN—
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, SILVERWARE,
CUT GLASS, DECORATED CHINA.
Examine Eyes free of Charge for Prescription Lenses.

Fire Proof and
Steam Heat.
Electric Lights, Elevator,
Everything First-Class.
CLAIRE HOTEL,
SANTA FE, N. M.
The Arcade Saloon and Only Convenient Sample
Rooms in the City Under Same Management.
P. S. TWELLS, Prop.

No. 4 Bakery.
H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO
—DEALER IN—
Groceries, Hay, Grain and
Crockery.

Sliced Ham	.....per can....	25c
Deviled Ham	.....per can....	05c
Corned Beef	.....per can....	15c
Roast Beef	.....per can....	15c
Tomatoes	.....per can....	10c
Old Potatoes	.....cwt....	\$1.00
Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee	.....2lb can....	80c
Levering's Coffee	.....2 pkgs....	25c

TELEPHONE 4
COAL & TRANSFER,
LUMBER AND FEED.
All kinds of Rough and Finished Lumber; Texas Flooring at the lowest Market Price; Windows and Doors. Also carry on a general Transfer Business and deal in Hay and Grain.
CHAS. W. DUDROW, Prop

TERRITORIAL SUPREME COURT.

Motion Sustained—Cases and Motions Argued and Submitted.
The Territorial Supreme court convened this morning at 10 o'clock with all members of the bench present.
In case No. 817, James Haynes et al., appellants, vs. The United States, appellees, appeal from the 3rd judicial district, the motion to strike out bill of exceptions was sustained. S. B. Newcomb for the appellants, W. B. Childers for the appellees.
In case No. 781, The Mountain Electric Company et al., appellants, vs. Geo. H. Miles et al., appellees, appeal from Bernalillo county, the motion of the appellees for a rule on the clerk of the 2nd district to certify to the balance of the record, and also the motion of the appellants for a writ of certiorari, were argued and submitted. A. B. McMillen for the appellants, N. B. Field for the appellees.
Case No. 774, John W. Schofield, receiver, plaintiff, vs. The American Valley Co., defendants in error, error to Socorro county, argued and submitted. W. B. Childers for the plaintiff, F. W. Clancy for the defendant.

Fresh vaccine points and tubes just received at Fischer's.
Arrested on a Serious Charge.
Last evening Deputy Sheriff Huber arrested Sixto Trujillo, on the charge of rape committed on a deaf and dumb girl by the name of Agustina Rodriguez, about seven months ago. The warrant for Trujillo's arrest was secured by the girl's father, Nicolas Rodriguez.
The girl had evidently been suffering from mental trouble for some time, and on yesterday Deputy Huber took her to the home of Mrs. L. M. Larson, who succeeded in persuading her to tell the entire story of her wrong. On the information thus obtained the warrant was issued and Trujillo was arrested and lodged in jail. The preliminary hearing will take place before Justice Garcia on Monday.

Fischer & Co. are sole agents for the genuine Eastman kodaks and supplies. Buy the best.

Court Notes.
In the District court for San Juan county, yesterday evening, in the case of The Equitable Security Company of Denver, vs. Ernest Tucker et al., foreclosure of mortgage, judgment was rendered in the sum of \$2,733.32, and Wm. McRae, of Aztec, was appointed master to sell the property. J. M. Palmer and A. B. Rencan attorneys for the plaintiff.
Clerk Bergere has ordered a record typewriter for use on the records in his office and hereafter those having occasion to search the court records for information will have no difficulty in reading the contents of the big books.

Fine Havanas.
Finest line of Havana cigars at Scheurich's.

Santa Fe vs. Albuquerque.
Says the Albuquerque Citizen: This morning, Roy McDonald, the officiating secretary of the Browns baseball club, received a telegram from Captain Crawford, of the Santa Fe club, stating that the team from the capital would reach the city Friday evening and play the first game at the Fair grounds Saturday afternoon. The visitors will remain over and try conclusions again with the Browns on Sunday afternoon. Captain "Syke" Young, who showed the dispatch this morning, jumped for joy, for his old joints were getting rusty, and the prospects for giving them some good exercise makes him feel exceedingly "young" again.

A Thing of Beauty.
Upon returning to his Las Vegas home from his recent visit to Santa Fe, Dr. Gould hastened to pen the following editorial paragraph for the Optic:
"When one hasn't been in Santa Fe for nearly two years, when the most forcibly attractive feature of the city is the marvelous change which has been made in the plaza park of that city. Nothing could be prettier than is now this little gem in the heart of the city, with its low stone wall, scarcely more than a curb, its closely cropped grass, its smooth walks; its abundance of seats in the shade of thrifty, well trimmed trees. And the people enjoy it too; for there from early morning to far into the evening hours, they come and go, and sit and gossip, make love and transact business. All this delightful change the Optic understands, the people of Santa Fe and her innumerable visitors, owe to the ladies of that city, who brought such beauty and comfort out of what before had been a desolation and a waste."

EXPERT PAPER HANGERS.
Buy your wall paper of us, we will furnish you an expert paper hanger charging 19 cents per double roll for hanging. All work guaranteed. Wall papers sold cheaper than ever.
SANTA FE MERCANTILE CO.
If you want a cheap camera, call at Fischer & Co's.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.
The Palace hotel was so crowded with guests last night that several had to sleep on cots.
U. S. weather bureau forecast for New Mexico: Partly cloudy weather tonight and Friday.
The walls of the capitol building are ready for the roof, and the structure will soon be enclosed.
There will be the regular weekly meeting of Paradise lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., this evening at 8 o'clock.
Regular meeting of the Guild will be held tomorrow, Friday, afternoon at 2:30 at the residence of Mrs. Fletcher.
The mayor and members of the city council are evidently resolved rigorously to enforce the compulsory vaccination ordinance.
A special meeting of the city council has been called for Saturday evening for the purpose of considering the sidewalk question and the cleaning and repairing of the Water street drain.
The funeral of little Barbara Helbig, whose distressing death was recorded in these columns yesterday, was attended from the cathedral this morning at 10 o'clock, and the burial took place in Rosario cemetery.
Yesterday the thermometer at the local weather bureau registered as follows: Maximum temperature, 82 degrees at 1:10 p. m.; minimum, 61 degrees at 6:40 a. m. The mean temperature for the 24 hours was 72 degrees.

The participants in the cake walk, given last Tuesday evening, were entertained by Miss Keller at her home on Palace avenue, and the cakes earned as prizes were devoured with that pleasure which comes from earning "bread by the sweat of one's brow."

The members of the city board of education should attend as many meetings of the teachers' institute, now in session in the city, as possible.

The impression prevails in the states that rain never falls in New Mexico. It is safe to assume that the majority of the people in the north and east were not in Santa Fe about 1 o'clock today.

Private information reaches the New Mexican that a case of genuine smallpox has made its appearance in the Grant county jail at Silver City. As between 30 and 40 prisoners are confined in this jail the discovery is naturally causing much anxiety among the county authorities.

County School Superintendent Pino announces that no certificates will this year be granted to any persons to teach school in this county, whether they pass the prescribed examination or not, unless the applicants can show that they have attended a teachers' institute in the territory during the year. All the school boards will be advised to this effect.

Another washout occurred on the Denver & Rio Grande last night, about 15 miles west of the city. A bridge over an arroyo, the approaches and about 60 feet of track were swept away. The north bound train, which left at 10:10 this morning, went that far and then turned back and reported the damage. If the south bound train manages to reach that point tonight, passengers, express and mail will be transferred and the train turned back for Colorado points.

The Optic pays the following handsome and merited compliment to a Santa Fe hotel: Among all the well-conducted hostilities of New Mexico, the Santa Fe hotel is like the like the hotel, and so truly home-like in service and arrangements, as the Exchange hotel, of Santa Fe. The rooms are large and well furnished. So that when getting out of bed you need not strike your head against the wall, or when going to sleep you need not feel that you are perished for lack of air. The table meets every demand of the most exacting, while the service is thoroughly satisfactory.

Henry Pacheco wishes to contract with some teamster for the hauling of a number of 30-foot telegraph poles. Bids will be received by him this week.

PERSONAL MENTION.
J. O. Curtis, of Longmont, Colo., is a guest of the Exchange.

W. G. Pollock, wholesale jeweler, New York, is a late arrival at the Palace.

Mort R. Sandoval, a citizen of Santa Cruz, is in the city on business stopping at the Bon-Ton.

Dr. T. Mitchell Prudden, a prominent New York City physician, left the Palace for Flagstaff this afternoon.

C. G. Brown is in the city from Springfield on business before the United States land office. He registers at the Bon-Ton.

Hon. Charles A. Leland, associate justice of the Supreme court, was the guest of Chief Justice Mills at dinner at the Palace yesterday.

Edwin F. Jewell, of Kansas City, stopped off last night to view the city. He is a passenger for Los Angeles, and makes his headquarters at the Bon-Ton.

Colonel F. W. Broad, who is engaged in the business of mining and shipping coal, near Chama, Rio Arriba county, arrived at the Claire from the north last night.

Mr. C. H. Fancher, land commissioner of the Santa Fe system, with headquarters at Albuquerque, arrived in the city last evening and registered at the popular Palace.

Mr. W. A. Williams, son of Colonel W. S. Williams, of Socorro, will leave Santa Fe over the narrow gauge in the morning to resume his studies in the School of Mines at Golden.

Lawyers A. B. McMillen and Neil R. Field returned from Albuquerque last evening to protect the interests of clients in the Supreme court and secured quarters at the Palace.

Messrs. L. E. Osenton, J. B. Wilhott and C. T. McElone, of Kentucky, who have been appointed national park ranger riders in New Mexico, came in from the east last night and registered at the Palace.

Charles E. Foraker, brother of United States Marshal Foraker, returned from Cincinnati last night, and after spending the day in Santa Fe, left this afternoon for Silver City.

H. R. Matthews, traveling freight agent of the Burlington system, with headquarters in Denver, who is looking after wool in New Mexico, registered at the Palace last evening.

P. E. Harroon, engineer in charge of the low line ditch enterprise at Albuquerque, came up from the south last night on a business errand and placed his name on the Palace register.

Hon. C. N. Sterry, general solicitor for the Santa Fe-Pacific, arrived at the Palace from Los Angeles last night on business before the Territorial Supreme court. He was accompanied by Mr. James Hamilton, his private secretary and stenographer.

Teachers' Institute.
The fourth day of the county teachers' institute, now in progress in Santa Fe, under the leadership of County Superintendent Pino and Professor Lankard, opened this morning with a good attendance of teachers, and the exercises proved more than ordinarily interesting and instructive.

Papers were read on the subject of "My Country" by Miss Schneppe and Miss Dean, both of which were meritorious. A general discussion followed on the question, "How to Teach Patriotism in the Public Schools?"

Under the head of "Arithmetic," the subject of interest and discount was discussed at some length.

The exercises of the afternoon were opened with quotations embracing thought gems.

Following this came talks by teachers on the constitution of the United States and a general discussion on the question, "Why has the United States advanced more rapidly than Canada?"

The work today was very good, all the attendants manifesting a deep interest in the patriotic subjects discussed.

There should be a more general attendance of teachers and members of school boards and patrons of the public schools are respectfully urged to make it a point to be present at as many meetings of the normal as possible.

Dr. David Knapp, of this city, will deliver a lecture before the institute tomorrow afternoon on the subject of "Physiology and Hygiene."

Notice.
The annual meeting of stockholders of the Fairview Cemetery Association will be held in Santa Fe at the office of the president, at 8 p. m. on Wednesday, the 14th of September proximo, to elect board of directors and officers for the ensuing year and for other business.

ARTHUR BOYLE,
Secretary.

A NEW MEXICO RAIN.

Bridge Washed Out—Wagons Swept Away—Cellars Flooded—Houses Inundated.

The rain which, fell soon after noon today, was a record breaker. On palace avenue the water poured down the street in a perfect flood, sweeping everything before it and flooding a number of buildings on either side, but the most damage was done along the Rio Santa Fe. The dwellers in tents along the stream suffered the loss of provisions, damage to tents and furnishings. The south approach to the bridge over the river on Gaspar avenue was washed out and the bridge cut off from the south side. One party of campers, which pitched their tents just before noon, had barely time to get their horses and mules out of harm's way, but five wagons and a covered buggy went sailing down the stream on the crest of the flood wave. When the waters subsided portions of the vehicles were recovered some distance below town.

On the south side, along the acequia madre, cellars were flooded, fences overthrown and considerable damage done to fields of grain. At the new capitol building a portion of the stockade was undermined by the water, which ran from the surrounding streets, and it fell over.

"It never rains in New Mexico, except on occasions," but the deficiency of rainfall is more than made good when a respectable shower does come.

Low-Price
baking powders are not only unwholesome, but extravagant.

They don't go nearly so far as *Schilling's Best*.

Successful Wool Scouring.
The wool scouring plant, at Albuquerque, is closed for the first time in eight weeks, says the Citizen, the supply of wool giving out. Large quantities of it are, however, already on the way here from Grants and in a day or two the mill will present its usual busy appearance.

James Wilkinson, the manager of the plant, has just shipped 52,000 pounds of baled wool in two carloads to Philadelphia, and if the wool already on the way from the west arrives in time he will ship another 25,000 pounds on next Thursday.

Mr. Wilkinson states that business at his place this season will compare favorably with last year. The wool is now put into square bales before being shipped instead of being put into long bags as was the custom last year. This makes it possible to load three times the amount on a car, thus making the transportation expense much cheaper and the wool is sent the whole way by rail now whereas formerly it was necessary to ship it the greater part of the way by boat.

Better Than the Klondike
Are the meals that are put up for 25 cents at the Bon-Ton restaurant. Give them a trial.

Lost
From buggy, on road within a mile north of town, green silk umbrella, straight gold handle, set with green stone. Reward if left at Palace hotel.

Notice.
Dr. R. M. Williams, dentist, of Las Vegas, has opened a dental office at the Guilford residence for a few weeks and is prepared to do all kinds of dental work.

SILVER CITY REDUCTION COMPANY, Silver City, Grant County, N. M.
This plant has been purchased and will be operated in the future by the estate of the late Senator George Hearst, of California, under the general management of D. B. Whitte, Jr.

It is the intention of the present management to largely increase the capacity of the plant and equip it with every modern appliance for the successful and cheap treatment of ores and concentrates. Consignments and correspondence solicited. Advances will be made on ores.

Las Vegas Steam Laundry.
Leave orders at Slaughter's barber shop. Basket leaves Tuesday and returns on Friday. We pay all express charges.
G. F. AMBROSE, AGENT.

JACOB WELTMER
Books and Stationery
PERIODICALS
SCHOOL BOOKS,
SCHOOL SUPPLIES.
Stationery Sundries, Etc.
Books not in stock ordered at eastern prices, and subscriptions received for all periodicals.

The Exchange Hotel,
Best Located Hotel in City.
J. T. FORSHA, Prop.
\$1.50 PER DAY. \$2
Special rates by the Week or Month for Families, with or without room.
S. R. Corner of Plaza.

Compulsory Vaccination.

Subjoined is the official text of the compulsory vaccination resolution, adopted by the city council on Tuesday evening:

Be it resolved, That all persons now resident within the limits of the city of Santa Fe who have not been vaccinated within the last seven years shall within the next 15 days be vaccinated.

All bona fide residents of the city without exception shall have the right and privilege of being vaccinated by the city physician for the sum of 25 cents, and all persons too poor to pay said sum shall have the right and privilege of being vaccinated free by the city physician.

All persons who do not heed this resolution will be dealt with according to the provisions of Chapter XXV of the city ordinances in such cases.

Approved, J. R. Hruson, Mayor.
Attest, M. A. Ortiz, City Clerk.

The Jake Levy Tailoring Company has received its new line of fall and winter clothing samples and can show the public a nobbler, cheaper line than have ever been brought to the city before. A perfect fit guaranteed.

For a National Park.
The following call for a meeting to be held in the court house in El Paso, Tex., has been made:

All persons interested in the formation of a national park in the White mountain and Ruidoso country of New Mexico, are requested to meet at the county court room, in the court house, on Thursday, Aug. 25, at 8 p. m., to discuss plans for securing the necessary legislation, and to attend to any further business that may come before the meeting.

(Signed) T. J. Beall, Geo. H. Higgins, E. V. Berrier, H. P. Noake, F. W. Gallagher, M. B. Davis, Leigh Clark, Howard Thompson, F. Schaefer, Will J. Fowell, Homan, C. Myles, Joseph Magoffin.

The establishment of such park is of considerable interest to the people of this territory, and there should be a representation of New Mexico's interests at the meeting called for next Thursday. The territorial papers will assist in securing a representation by publishing the call.

Appointment of Notaries.
Acting Governor Wallace has appointed Lorenzo Labadie, of Santa Rosa, Guadalupe county, and W. S. George, of Cooney, Socorro county, notaries within and for their respective counties.

Green Chili Con Carne.
If you want a genuine dish of Green Chili Con Carne, go to the Bon-Ton restaurant, where they are experts at the business.

OFFICE FITTINGS.
Filing cabinets of every description, document boxes and pigeon hole cases, legal blank cases, office ticklers and every conceivable kind of office fittings and furniture can be had of the New Mexican Printing company. Write for descriptive, illustrated pamphlets.

Work Progressing Rapidly.
Work on the El Paso & Northeastern railroad is progressing rapidly, and the grading on the branch line into the Sacramento mountain is nearing completion. Track laying will be resumed on August 25, and the line into the great timber region will be placed in readiness for operating as rapidly as the steel can be laid. The town of Alamogordo is fast assuming pleasing proportions and business there is on a good sized boom. Eastern Dona Ana county has already felt the beneficial effects of the building of this road, and as the line is extended into the White Oaks country the opening up of the lands in that section of the territory, which will increase the population of New Mexico, by reason of the influx of new settlers.

The reporter was satisfied with the answer, and made up his mind that perhaps Mr. Foraker was a candidate and perhaps he was not.

Is He Or Is He Not a Candidate?
For the past two weeks the papers of Grant county have been booming United States Marshal Foraker as a candidate for delegate to congress on the Republican ticket, and the repeated statements coming from that part of the territory that Mr. Foraker was an actual candidate for the position led a reporter of the NEW MEXICAN to call on the gentleman to ascertain his intentions in the matter. At first he was inclined to resent the questions asked as the usual impertinence of a newspaper slave, but on being assured that the questions were asked in good faith, said:

"I may be a candidate and I may not be. There are a lot of fellows in New Mexico who imagine that individually each one is the 'only pebble on the beach.' The territorial Republican convention has not been called yet, and this matter of my being a candidate for delegate to congress is something that will be settled between this and the assembling of delegates to that convention. If I should determine to make the race, it will be found that your Uncle Creight is a pretty good sized pebble."

The reporter was satisfied with the answer, and made up his mind that perhaps Mr. Foraker was a candidate and perhaps he was not.

First-Class in all Particulars—

-The Palace Hotel-
WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

FRANK HUDSON, Clerk.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited

Sulphur Springs Stage Route
Via BLAND in the GOLDEN COCHITI.
The best equipped four-horse stage line in the Southwest, from Thornton to the famous Sulphur Springs in the Jemez mountains.

THE SCENIC STAGE ROUTE OF NEW MEXICO.
Leave Thornton Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 a. m.; arrive at Bland at 12 m. Leave Bland at 1 p. m. and arrive at Sulphur at 6 p. m. Stage returns from Sulphur on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

The new management of the Sulphur Springs has provided **FIRST CLASS HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS** and reconstructed the Baths and employs competent attendants.

Tickets for sale at W. L. Trimble & Co.'s stable at Albuquerque, and agent at Thornton.

WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY
J. R. Hudson,
—THE PIONEER—
MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELER
—AND DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks, Optical Goods and Notions
SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES.
SANTA FE NEW MEXICO

THE NEW MEXICO
MILITARY INSTITUTE
Roswell, New Mexico.

THE MILITARY SCHOOL OF NEW MEXICO ESTABLISHED AND SUPPORTED BY THE TERRITORY.
Session Begins September, '98, Ends June, '99.

Five Teachers (Men), and Matron. Accommodations for 300 Students. New Buildings, all furnishings and equipments modern and complete; steam-heated, gas-lighted; baths, water-works, all conveniences.

Tuition, board, and laundry, \$250 per session. Tuition alone \$60 per session.

Session is three terms, thirteen weeks each. Roswell is a noted health resort, 3,700 feet above sea level; well-watered; excellent people.

REGENTS:
John W. Poe, Roswell.
Nathan Jaffe, Roswell.
J. O. Cameron, Roswell.
R. S. Hamilton, Roswell.
J. C. Lea, Roswell.
J. O. Cameron, Roswell.

For particulars address:
JAS. G. MEADORS,
Superintendent.