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ALBUQUERQUE MORNING JOURNAL.

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MAJORITY OF DEMOCRATS IN HOUSE IS 29

Complete Returns Show They Have 225 Members, Republicans 165 and Social Democrats 1 as Result of Election.

OFFICIAL FIGURES MAY CHANGE THE TOTALS

Lack of Confidence in Returns From Several Wisconsin Districts; Democrats Will Have Good Working Majority.

SIXTY-SECOND CONGRESS

Democrats elected 225.
Republicans elected 165.
Socialists elected 1.
Total 391. Majority of house, 196.
Democratic majority, 29.
Democratic plurality.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Complete returns on the elections of representatives to congress indicate that the democrats will have a working majority of 29 in the next house. The number of democrats elected to congress, according to the latest returns, is 225. The republican representation will be 164 or 165, or eight seats less than the democrats now have in the sixty-first congress.

The twelfth Pennsylvania district, also normally republican, is given as democratic, though the result there is not absolutely certain. Absolute confidence is not felt in the returns for some of the Wisconsin districts and it is not impossible that the official figures will change the totals of the two parties.

Congressional gains were made by the republicans and democrats in the following states and districts:

States.	Dem.	Rep.
Connecticut, 2nd	1	..
Illinois, 6th, 7th, 9th, 14th	4	..
Indiana, 8th	1	..
Iowa, 2nd, 4th	2	..
Iowa, 8th	..	1
Kentucky, 9th	1	..
Maine, 2nd, 3rd	2	..
Maryland, 3rd, 6th	2	..
Massachusetts, 3rd	1	..
Massachusetts, 14th	..	1
Michigan, 1st, 5th	2	..
Missouri, 11th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th	4	1
Nevada, at large	..	1
New Jersey, 3rd, 5th, 7th, 8th	4	..
New York, 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 21st, 25th, 27th, 32nd, 36th	12	..
New York, 32nd	..	1
North Carolina, 5th, 8th, 10th	3	..
Ohio, 2nd, 7th, 11th, 15th, 19th, 21st	6	..
Oklahoma, 3rd	1	..
Pennsylvania, 5th, 8th, 12th, 14th, 22nd, 24th	6	..
Pennsylvania, 19th	..	1
Rhode Island, 1st	1	..
West Virginia, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th	4	..
Total	Democrats, 57.	republicans, 6.

Net democratic gain, 51.

The following table shows what the political complexion of the various state delegations in the sixty-second congress will be as indicated by the returns. The make-up of the sixty-first congress is also compared:

	62nd congress.		61st congress.	
	D.	R.	D.	R.
Alabama	9	..	9	..
Arkansas	7	..	7	..
California	..	8	..	8
Colorado	3	..	3	..
Connecticut	1	4	..	5
Delaware	..	1	..	1
Florida	3	..	3	..
Georgia	11	..	11	..
Idaho	..	1	..	1
Illinois	10	15	6	19
Indiana	12	1	11	2
Iowa	2	9	1	10
Kansas	..	8	..	8
Kentucky	8	2	8	2
Louisiana	7	..	6	..
Maine	2	2	..	4
Maryland	5	1	3	3
Massachusetts	4	10	4	9
Michigan	2	10	..	12
Minnesota	1	8	1	8
Mississippi	8	..	8	..
Missouri	13	2	10	6
Montana	..	1	..	1
Nebraska	3	2	3	2
Nevada	..	1	1	..
New Hampshire	..	2	..	2
New Jersey	7	3	3	7
New York	23	14	12	25
North Carolina	10	..	7	3
North Dakota	..	2	..	2
Ohio	15	8	8	15
Oklahoma	3	2	2	3
Oregon	..	2	..	2
Pennsylvania	10	27*	5	27
Rhode Island	1	1	..	2
South Carolina	7	..	7	..
South Dakota	..	2	..	2
Tennessee	8	2	8	1
Texas	16	..	15	..
Utah	..	1	..	1
Vermont	..	2	..	2
Virginia	9	1	9	1
Washington	..	3	..	3
West Virginia	4	1	..	5
Wisconsin	1	9	1	10
Wyoming	..	1	..	1
Totals	226	162	172	215

Socialist, 1; vacancies, 4.
* Doubtful.

FAUR PARTY ELECTED THIRTEEN GOVERNORS

The political upheaval of Tuesday was followed yesterday by a general survey of the field which disclosed with greater detail and precision just what had been accomplished.

Latest calculations on the national house of representatives based on complete but unofficial returns show the democrats will have a safe working majority of thirty.

The outcome of the United States senate is now definitely settled.

The republicans are assured of seventeen new senators which, with thirty-four hold-over senators, gives them a total of fifty-one.

The democrats are assured of fifteen new senators which, with twenty-five hold-overs, give them a total of forty.

One senatorship is still in doubt, the successor of Mr. Carter in Montana, where there is a prospect of a tie.

These determined totals, however, leave a republican majority in the senate as follows:

Total membership, 92; necessary to majority, 47; republicans, 51; democrats, 40; doubtful, one.

The seventeen republican senators considered assured are from California, Connecticut, Delaware, Iowa, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Michigan, North Dakota (2), Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Utah, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

The fifteen democratic senators considered assured are from Florida, Indiana, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Missouri, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

A summary of the contest for governorships shows the following democratic governors elected, with the approximate pluralities:

State and governor	Plurality
New York, Dix	66,000
New Jersey, Wilson	30,000
Connecticut, Baldwin	3,500
Massachusetts, Foss	33,000
Ohio, Harmon	60,000
Oklahoma, Cruce	——
Colorado, Shafroth	——
Oregon, West	——
Wyoming, Carey	——
Alabama, Oneal	50,000
South Carolina, Blease	60,000
Texas, Colquitt	——
North Dakota	3,000

The republican governors elected with approximate pluralities:

State and governor.	Plurality
Pennsylvania, Tener	33,000
New Hamshire, Bass	7,000
Rhode Island, Potheir	800
Iowa, Carroll	10,000
Kansas, Stubbs	10,000
Michigan, Osborn	40,000
Minnesota, Eberhart	50,000
Nebraska, Aldrich	5,000
South Dakota, Vessey	12,000
Wisconsin, McGovern	——
California, Johnson	25,000
Nevada, Oddie	——
*Tennessee, Hooper	12,000

* Fusion.

The governorship in Idaho is not yet reported as being beyond doubt.

POLITICAL COMPLEXION OF STATE LEGISLATURE

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Revised returns which give the political complexion of the state legislatures that will elect United States senators are shown in the following table:

State.	Seats now held by	Complexion Legislatures
California	Rep.	Rep.
Connecticut	Rep.	Rep.
Delaware	Rep.	Prob. Rep.
Florida	Dem.	Dem.
Indiana	Rep.	In doubt
Iowa	(Vac.)	In doubt
Louisiana	(Vac.)	Dem.
Maine	Rep.	Dem.
Massachusetts	Rep.	Rep.
Maryland	Dem.	Dem.
Michigan	Rep.	Rep.
Minnesota	Rep.	Rep.
Mississippi	Dem.	Dem.
Missouri	Rep.	Dem.
Montana	Rep.	In doubt
Nebraska	Rep.	Dem.
Nevada	Rep.	In doubt
New Jersey	Rep.	Dem.
New York	Rep.	Dem.
North Dakota	Rep.	Rep.
Ohio	Rep.	Dem.
Pennsylvania	Rep.	Rep.
Rhode Island	Rep.	Rep.
Tennessee	Dem.	Dem.
Texas	Dem.	Dem.
Utah	Rep.	Rep.
Vermont	Rep.	Rep.
Virginia	Dem.	Dem.
Washington	Rep.	Rep.
West Virginia	Rep.	Dem.
Wisconsin	Rep.	Rep.
Wyoming	Rep.	Rep.

ONLY ONE REPUBLICAN ELECTED IN COOK COUNTY

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Returns of yesterday's vote received indicate that the republicans in Cook county saved one candidate from the wreckage. He is Charles S. Cutling, candidate for re-election as probate judge. Judge Cutling is one of the most popular members of the Cook county bar and earliest returns showed he was making the strongest fight.

CALIFORNIA REPUBLICAN BY MORE THAN 20,000

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—Late returns do not materially alter the indicated plurality for the entire republican state ticket of from 20,000 to 30,000. A long ballot, complicated by a number of constitutional amendments and proposals, has greatly delayed the count, and but little more than one-half of the total precinct returns have come in. These cover the cities and populous regions, however, and the returns from the sparsely settled counties will not affect the result. The defeat of Theodore Bell, democratic candidate for governor in the city of San Francisco, where it was generally thought he would have a heavy vote, is ascribed to the socialist vote. In San Francisco, Hiram Johnson, the successful candidate, received 24,953 votes; Bell, 22,602, and Wilson, socialist, 8,502. Political observers say that the socialist vote was drawn largely from Bell. In a statement issued this afternoon, Mr. Bell says:

"I regard my defeat simply as a result of the overwhelming republican sentiment of this state."

LIQUOR BUSINESS FARED BADLY IN WASHINGTON

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 9.—The liquor business fared ill in yesterday's elections in Washington. Besides carrying the large cities of Bellingham and Everett and a dozen other towns in the northwestern counties, the "dry" of Wenatchee, the county seat of Chelano county, doubled their former majority.

Two new county seats were won from the saloons—Mount Vernon, in Skagit county, and Shelton, in Mason county.

The Anti-Saloon league announces that all five of Washington's new delegation in congress are pledged in writing to vote for an amendment to the interstate commerce law which will forbid the carrying of liquor from one state into another which has a law against such importation.

Mrs. Emma Smith Devoe, president of the State Equal Suffrage association, issued a proclamation today, setting apart Thursday, November 24, as a day of thanksgiving for the newly enfranchised women of Washington. At least 130,000 women will be added to the list of voters in Washington by the ratification of the equal suffrage amendment to the constitution.

SHAFROTH IS ELECTED: OTHER OFFICES IN DOUBT

Denver, Nov. 9.—John F. Shafroth, democrat, has been re-elected governor of Colorado by a plurality estimated as high as 15,000. He has carried Denver county by at least 12,000 and his party leaders claim that he has also carried the outside counties by at least 3,000. Republican State Chairman McDonald conceded Shafroth's election tonight, but is claiming the election of several of the republican candidates on the state ticket. Democratic Chairman Bradley asserts that the whole state ticket has been successful.

The proposal to submit a constitutional amendment for initiative and referendum has carried two to one.

With about 30 per cent of the precincts of Denver and the state at large heard from, the Times, this afternoon, asserts that Governor Shafroth is re-elected by from 8,000 to 10,000, and carried with him the entire state ticket.

WASHINGTON GRANTS WOMEN THE BALLOT

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 9.—So far as known only one county in the state went democratic in the congressional election. The plurality of republican supreme judgeship candidates is estimated at 40,000 as against 47,871 for Taft in 1908.

The most interesting result of the election is the ratification of the woman suffrage amendment to the state constitution. The amendment will become a law as soon as the governor receives the official count and proclaims that the amendment has been ratified. Some 150,000 women will at once become qualified voters and they will participate in the spring election.

Every county thus far reported gave a majority for the amendment.

The socialist vote was probably about 4,000. The local option elections gave notable victories to the "drys".

COLQUITT'S MAJORITY IS MORE THAN 120,000

Dallas, Texas, Nov. 9.—Colquitt, democrat, for governor, received a majority of approximately 130,000. The socialists polled about 5,000 votes.

The legislature elected yesterday will decide whether or not a state-wide prohibition amendment will be submitted to the voters.

INSURGENCY APPROVED, SAYS VICTOR MURDOCK

Wichita, Kas., Nov. 9.—Congressman Murdock, who yesterday was re-elected to congress from the eighth district, said today:

"I read in the congressional election news a plain and unmistakable command of the people to congress to take that power away from the speaker. Virtually every republican classed as an insurgent who was running for re-election to the house has been returned. All were returned, in my opinion, because the people approve their activities in correcting the tyrannous system of control in the house.

ELECTION OF GOVERNOR IN IDAHO IN DOUBT

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 9.—The contest for governor of Idaho is so close that it will probably be another day before the result is definitely known. James H. Brady, republican, and Charles H. Hawley, democrat, are running neck and neck and each party is claiming victory.

The entire republican state ticket with the possible exception of governor is elected.

LOCAL OPTION PARTY WINS IN FLORIDA

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 9.—With over half the votes in the local optionists have a majority of 2,841. Later returns probably will cut down the majority, but the state is sure for local option.

VOTE ON CONGRESSMAN SHOWS DEMOCRATIC GAIN

Roanoke, Va., Nov. 9.—Henry Stuart, democrat, concedes his defeat for congress in the ninth Virginia district by Pascom Slemp, republican incumbent, by a majority of 150, basing his statement on figures at hand. The figures show a democratic gain of 4,000.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS WIN NOTABLE VICTORY

Milwaukee, Nov. 9.—The social democratic party achieved a notable victory in yesterday's election by electing Victor L. Berger, Fifth district, to represent Wisconsin in the national congress. Berger will have the distinction of being the first social democrat to sit in congress.

In addition to this they swept Milwaukee county, electing their county ticket from top to bottom by pluralities ranging from 3,000 to 7,000, the latter being attained by William A. Arnold, the candidate for sheriff. The vote for governor in Milwaukee county was:

Jacobs, social democrat, 23,812; McGovern, republican, 20,930; Schmitz, democrat, 15,895; Van Kouren, prohibition, 805.

The three proposed constitutional amendments providing for reapportionment of senate and assembly districts increasing legislator's salaries and providing for appropriation for the preservation and development of the water power and forests of the state, are said to have carried.

The socialists elected thirteen members to the legislature, one senator and twelve assemblymen from Milwaukee county. The republicans elected a La Follette legislature and their entire state ticket. Francis E. McGovern, republican governor-elect has a plurality estimated at 80,000. The republican state central committee claims at least eighty votes in the legislature for La Follette on the joint ballot which is a safe majority. Eight republican congressmen, one democrat (the Sixth district) one social democrat (Fifth district) were elected.

Mr. Berger today gave out the following statement:

"I am deeply moved by the unprecedented victory of the social democrat party in Milwaukee. The United States of America now gets into line with all the other civilized nations of the world, and the working class of Milwaukee has the immortal honor of starting a new chapter in American history.

"The reason for this is obvious. The working classes of Milwaukee have ben educated by a literature propaganda of many years. They

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

AMERICAN CITIZENS BEATEN

Mob in Mexico City Tears Down United States Flag, Stones Houses and Assaults Foreigners; Police Kill Three.

BURNING OF MEXICAN IN TEXAS CAUSES TROUBLE

Anti-American Demonstration Assumes International Importance; Government Newspaper Office Wrecked.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Mexico City, Nov. 9.—This city resembles an armed camp tonight following an exciting day and evening of anti-American and anti-government demonstrations in the course of which an American flag was torn down and trampled upon, American citizens were assaulted or insulted in the streets, windows of a dozen American business places were shattered and an attempt was made to destroy the plant of El Imparcial, the leading Mexican daily and the exponent of the government policies.

Quiet was restored only after squads of mounted police with drawn sabres had repeatedly charged the mob, killing three of the disturbers, roughly handling scores of others and arresting more than 200.

Late tonight companies of mounted police were stationed in every block and hundreds of gendarmes were patrolling the streets. The demonstrations were confined to the business portions of the city, no disturbances having been reported in the residence districts.

An American whose name could not be learned, was reported to have been captured by the rioters. His clothes were torn from him and a beating was administered. Of the fatalities, one occurred in front of the offices of El Imparcial, and two during a charge of police near the Alameda, a public park near the center of the city.

The only explanation for the attack upon El Imparcial was that political malcontents, fired by the student activities over the Texas lynching seized upon the opportunity to wreak vengence upon the government organ.

FLAG IS TORN DOWN; HOUSES ARE STONED

Mexico City, Nov. 9.—Through insults to the American flag and assaults made openly upon American citizens in the streets, the anti-American demonstration which began last night with the stoning of the Mexican Herald offices, developed this afternoon into an affair of international importance.

A vigorous protest was registered by the American ambassador with the Mexican department of foreign relations and at the same time the facts were telegraphed to Washington and instructions asked for.

Tonight the attacks were renewed. Windows in a dozen American business places were smashed. All about town shutters were hurriedly drawn and establishments closed. Forces of police appeared in the streets and kept the crowds moving.

An attack was made upon the plant of El Imparcial and the mailing and distributing departments on the ground floor were completely wrecked. The mob battered at the heavy doors lending to the editorial and composing rooms above with heavy timbers and fired the wreckage.

Then the mounted police charged with drawn swords.

One of the attackers was run through and killed. The others fled. An alarm turned in from the offices of the paper brought the fire department to the scene before the flames gained headway.

While the police looked on and seemingly made no effort to prevent it, an American flag floating in front of a candy store in the business district was torn down this afternoon by a crowd of students and others, trampled and spat upon and torn to bits. Later photographs of the crowd were taken before the offices of the Diario del Hogar, a Mexican newspaper, with many individuals waving bits of the tattered banner.

The demonstration today was a continuation of the affair of last night caused by antipathy aroused among the people by the burning at the stake of Antonio Rodriguez at Rock Springs, Texas, on the night of November 3.

Publication of violent attacks on Americans by several Mexican papers, tended further to incense the medical students, who were the promoters of last night's demonstration.

El Diario del Hogar was particularly violent in expressions of animosity toward the people of the United States, characterizing them as "giants of the dollar; pigmies of culture and barbarous whites of the north," and asking, "where is the boasted Yankee civilization?"

Shortly before noon the crowd assembled before the new Juarez monument in the Adameda and proceeded to the municipal palace where several who were arrested last night were being examined by the authorities. A company of mounted police followed.

From the palace the students marched through Avenida San Francisco, the principal business thoroughfare, stopping in front of the candy store where the flag incident occurred.

The gathering increased and marched to the offices of the department of foreign relations, making demonstrations on the way against American business places and breaking windows in the San Francisco hotel. Jack Davis, an automobile repair man, had a hand-to-hand encounter with a dozen members of the crowd when they attempted to tear the top from his automobile and enter his establishment. He knocked several of them to the pavement and drove them from his place.

At the head of Juarez avenue around the famous statue of the Iron Horse, speeches were made denouncing all Americans and a passing street car conveying school children to the American school was stoned. One child was struck and severely injured.

Windows of the car were shattered. Among others who were assaulted were the son of Ambassador Wilson and William Marshall, an employe of the national railways, was hit on the head with a stone.

In the progress of the students about the city, Governor Landa y Escandon of the federal district, Felix Diaz, chief-of-police, and Joaquin Casasus, former ambassador to the United States followed in automobiles.

At the municipal palace, Governor Landa addressed words of approval of the students' protest, but cautioned them against violence.

Ambassador Wilson in his note to the foreign office described the occurrence as a disgrace to the Mexican people and expressed surprise that inasmuch as his office had warning in advance of the demonstrations, the Mexican authorities had none, or having it took no action.

Foreign Minister Creel said this evening every effort would be made to punish those guilty of offering insult to the flag.

MEXICAN AMBASSADOR MAKES A PROTEST

Washington, Nov. 9.—Protesting vigorously on behalf of the Mexican government, Senor de La Barra, ambassador to the United States, from Mexico presented a claim for reparation to the state department today because of the lynching of Antonio Rodriguez at Rock Springs, Texas, on November 3.

Rodriguez, who was a Mexican citizen, confessed to the murder of Mrs. Lem Henderson at Rock Springs and was burned at the stake.

The Mexican ambassador tonight said he felt confident that the American government would administer justice and had communicated this information to Mexico in the hope of allaying the ill feeling toward the United States, which seems to have arisen there because of the affair.

PRESIDENT STARTS FOR PANAMA

He Will Be Absent From Washington Twelve Days, Inspecting the Canal.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Richmond, Va., Nov. 9.—On his way to Charleston, S. C., to board the armored cruiser Tennessee for Panama, President Taft passed through here at 7:30 o'clock tonight on a special train.

Mr. Taft's Panama trip will be limited to twelve days, according to present plans. This will give him four days in the canal zone.

The president will sail from Charleston at 10:30 tomorrow morning. The Tennessee will be convoyed to Panama and return by the Montana. Mr. Taft expects to be in Washington again the night of November 23.

Mr. Taft is accompanied on the trip by his brother, Charles P. Taft of Cincinnati, Secretary Norton, Major Thomas L. Rhoades, medical corps United States army, Lieutenant Commander Palmer, naval aide and Captain Butt, military aide.

WIFE OF MILLIONAIRE TRIES TO KILL HUSBAND

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 9.—Mrs. Laura Farnsworth Schenck, wife of John O. Schenck, a millionaire pork packer of this city, was arrested tonight on a warrant issued by the prosecuting attorney charging attempted murder of her husband by administering poison in his food.

Schenck was taken to the North Wheeling hospital two weeks ago and since that time repeated attempts of Mrs. Schenck to have him taken back to their home in Wheeling have been contested by Mr. Schenck's relatives. Mr. Schenck is in a critical condition.

DOWNWARD REVISION CLARK'S PLEDGE

Missouri Congressman Who Wants To Be House Speaker Outlines Democracy's Duty.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Bowling Green, Mo., Nov. 9.—Downward revision of the tariff at once is the pledge made for the new democratic house by Champ Clark, congressman from the ninth district, who is a candidate for the speakership.

"The landslide is in line with my predictions of months ago," said Congressman Clark today.

"The first and greatest proposition the democrats should stand for is a reduction in the tariff to a revenue basis. I would reduce it scientifically and gradually and put into it a sliding scale much like there was in the tariff bill of 1862."

FIFTY-ONE MEN MEET DEATH IN MINE AT DELAGUA

Rescuers Still Search for Dead and Living in Victor-American Property, Wrecked By Explosion.

THIRTY-FIVE BODIES FOUND IN ONE ENTRY

Eighteen Miners Are Brought to the Surface Alive; at Least Twelve Others Are Still Unaccounted for.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Delagua, Colo., Nov. 9.—Through two openings scarcely 200 yards apart the dead and living were taken from the Delagua mines of the Victor-American Fuel company at the same time today but the dead far out numbered the living.

Tonight fifty-one are known to be dead while eighteen have escaped alive. One of the imprisoned miners, straggling out of No. 2 mine unaided brough the news that others were alive in the No. 2 workings R. Akayi, a Japanese after lying insensible from the effects of the after damp all night recovered his senses this morning and found his way to the surface. He was dazed and unable to tell through what passages he had come but was certain that others still lived in the part of the mine he had crossed.

The rescue crew followed back from No. 2 entry and soon brought thirteen others to the surface. Akayi was greeted with a salvo of "Banzais," by his countrymen as he staggered down the hill. Scarcely had the line of rescued men begun to trickle from No. 2 mine when carpenters were called to No. 3 entry to make rough stretchers and it became known that thirty-five bodies had been found piled in four entry north. Later other bodies were found in the same section of the mine which brought the total to fifty-one.

At 10 o'clock tonight thirty-five bodies had been brought out to the morgue established at the machine shop. Both living and dead found today were foreigners. Twenty-nine Mexicans were found in one heap. Seven of the department heads of the mine are known to be buried in a cave-in 400 feet long which blocks the main slope. Three shifts are working with might and main tearing away the debris but it may be many days before the bodies are recovered.

The rescue work today brought a constant series of narrow escapes by rescuers. Many were overcome and were carried out on the backs of their companions. J. C. Roberts, in charge of the government mine rescue car and some of his men lost their way in the unfamiliar workings long in time to stumble onto a party of the rescuers who were almost overcome. The government experts immediately applied restoratives and brought the exhausted men to the surface.

The coal mines for miles around Delagua sent their men to aid in the work and fresh men caught up the tools of those exhausted. The death of Willis Evans, the young engineer who lost his life in rescuing four miners taken out last night cast a gloom over the whole camp. When he gave up his oxygen helmet to one of the rescued men he told his companions he felt so strong that he was confident he could wait their return without danger. Undoubtedly he wandered away from the room in which they left him in search of the other missing men and was found unconscious and dying in an abandoned chamber.

State Mine Inspector Jones reached here today and made a preliminary examination of the mine to determine the cause of the explosion. The partial canvass of the company's clocks shows that twelve men are unaccounted for although it is not known definitely that they are in the mine. The Japanese made a canvass of their countrymen and declare four are missing.

The dead include:

TILI WOODWARD, assistant electrician.
WILLIAM LEWIS, mine superintendent.
W. J. EVANS, assistant superintendent.
WILLIAM KILPATRICK, outside foreman.
LLEWELLYN EVANS, pit boss.
DAVID BELL, motorman.
JAMES YOUNG, master mechanic.
WILLIS EVANS, engineer for Colorado Fuel and Iron company at Primero.
JAMES BENNETT, motorman.
BERT JENNINGS, weight boss.

LOS ANGELES PLANS AN AVIATION MEET

New York, Nov. 9.—That the Southern Pacific coast will be an active center of aviation in this country in the coming winter is indicated by the announcement here today that a meet of international proportions at Los Angeles is being arranged for Christmas.

It is said that McCurdy, Ely, Mars, Curtiss, Radley and Latham will take part.

Sousa Has Malaria.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 9.—John Philip Sousa, the band master, was taken to the New Haven hospital today suffering from what is said by the attending physicians to be malaria. His physicians say that he will be confined to his room for a week.

REPORT OF THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE ADOPTED

Provides for Supreme Court of Three Justices Who Are to Serve for a Term of Eight Years.

AMENDMENTS OFFERED ARE VOTED DOWN DECISIVELY

Legislature Is Given Power After Decennial United States Census in 1920 to Make Certain Specified Changes.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal]

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 9.—One of the most important articles of the constitution of New Mexico was decreed upon at this afternoon's session of the convention. This article provides for the judiciary system for the new state, and it was disposed of with decidedly less friction than has attended the consideration of the many less important articles which have preceded it.

As agreed upon, the article provides for a supreme court of three justices who are to receive a salary of $6,000 annually and serve for a term of eight years. Provision is made so that after the first election, not more than one justice shall be elected in any one year. The legislature, after the census of 1920, is given the power to increase the number of justices of the supreme court to five.

Eight judicial districts are provided for, each to be presided over by a district judge, who is to receive $4,500 annually and serve for a term of six years.

The present system of probate courts is continued with the provision that the legislature may at any time grant the probate court in such counties as desire it, added jurisdiction which will carry with it the power to dispose of civil cases involving less than $1,000 and criminal cases in which the penalty is less than imprisonment in the penitentiary, or a fine of $1,000. This provision is effect, empowers the legislature to create county courts. Provision is also made for the establishment of juvenile courts in counties or municipalities.

The report of the committee on judiciary was taken up at this afternoon's session, with Solomon Luna presiding as chairman of the committee of the whole. Delegate Fitch introduced a substitute for section 1 of the report and was voted down, 51 to 24. An amendment by Delegate Compton, substituting county courts for probate courts met the same fate.

Mr. Fitch made a lengthy argument in support of a plan to elect judges at an election apart from that for other state officers. Mr. Fitch also insisted that judges should be nominated by petition instead of by the usual method of a political convention. He read a newspaper article containing an interview with Frederick R. Coudert, in which that eminent New York attorney made some rather harsh criticisms of New York judges in effect charging them with purchasing their seats on the bench by means of huge campaign contributions.

Delegate Fergusson followed Mr. Fitch and also favored the nomination by petition. Mr. Fergusson declared himself for a shorter term than eight years for supreme court justices. Mr. Fergusson was uniterably opposed to having a judiciary involved in politics, and pleaded earnestly with the majority members of the convention to accept the plan proposed by his democratic colleague from Socorro.

Delegate Catron opposed the proposition to elect judges apart from the general elections. In fact, Mr. Catron was opposed to electing judges at all and believed a much better class of men could be obtained if the members of the supreme bench were appointed by the governor. Having reluctantly agreed that the people should be entrusted with the election of their judges, Mr. Catron was convinced that they should be entrusted to elect them at the same time and in the same manner as other state officers were elected.

In answer to the criticism of the length of the term of supreme justices, Delegate Holloman said that in the judiciary committee, Mr. Fitch had favored a twelve-year term for these officers. This, Mr. Fitch admitted, and declared that he still favored that length of term. Mr. Holloman further said that the proposition to make the term eight years, had originated with Mr. Richardson and that the republican members of the committee had at first proposed to make the term only four years. It had been increased, he said, at the suggestion of Mr. Brice, a democrat.

Delegate Wood defended the New York judiciary from the attack contained in the newspaper article read by Mr. Fitch, declaring that the judges mentioned therein were not New York state judges, but were Tammany judges in New York City, for whom the democratic party was absolutely responsible. At this point, Delegate Richardson explained that his proposal in committee that judges be elected for eight years, had been made at the time the twelve-year term was under consideration. He was opposed to long terms for judges and thought that a term of eight years was better than one of twelve and that one of six was better than eight. Mr. Richardson made some remarks concerning New York poli-

ties which aroused the ire of Mr. Fitch, who called upon the chairman to stop the political sparring between the gentleman from Chaves and Mr. Wood. He thought a political discussion was entirely out of place in a debate over a judiciary system.

Delegate Hadspeth wanted the number of judicial districts cut down to six and expressed the opinion that six judges could perform the necessary work. He pointed out that under the state government, the judges would not be required to sit on the supreme bench as now, and would be relieved from the federal duties incumbent upon them under the territorial government. Chairman Parker of the committee on judiciary admitted the force of this argument and he too, thought that six judges could do the work at present. However, Judge Parker explained, the committee had found it utterly impossible to meet the insistent demands of the people of the various counties of New Mexico with anything less than eight judges and eight judicial districts. This explanation seemed to satisfy Mr. Hudspeth.

An effort by Mr. Segon to cut down the salaries of supreme court justices, from $6,000 to $5,000, and another by Mr. Richardson to reduce the compensation of district judges from $4,500 to $4,000, were both voted down without discussion.

Mr. Fitch wanted to give the supreme court the power to redistrict the state for judicial purposes and to provide additional judicial districts. He was voted down, the convention deciding that this power should be placed in the hands of the legislature. As finally adopted, the section covering this phase of the question provides that the legislature may at the first session after each decennial United States census, provide for such additional districts and judges as may be warranted by the increase of population shown by the census. By the terms of this provision, the number of judges and districts cannot be changed before the year 1920.

On behalf of the judiciary committee, Judge Parker obtained the consent of the convention to strike out the section providing for the election of district attorneys and also that section defining the limits of the judicial districts. These matters will be taken up in a special report and in the meantime an effort will be made to meet the desires of the people of the different counties who are dissatisfied with the apportionment for judicial purposes as originally proposed by the committee.

Mr. Tittman offered an amendment which provided that clerks of the probate courts who are ex-officio county recorders, should receive a straight salary instead of fees. He was voted down, as was also Mr. Brice, who proposed that district judges should be required to render a decision in all cases pending before them, within ninety days after a hearing under penalty of the forfeiture of three months' salary in event of failure so to do. Mr. Price argued eloquently on behalf of his amendment, which, upon motion of Mr. Sedillo, was rejected, 55 to 21. Following this the report, as a whole, was adopted and the committee arose and reported to the convention. Upon being called to order by President Spiess, the convention formally agreed to the report as amended and it was referred to the committee on revision.

No prohibition petitions were received by the convention today, but a petition from Albuquerque bearing several thousand signatures, asked that statewide prohibition be not incorporated in the constitution.

Chairman Wanstor presented the report of the committee on mines and mining and Chairman Aragon that of the committee on constitutional amendment.

Both reports were ordered printed and the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning when it is reported that the report of the committee on taxation and revenue will be taken up and disposed of.

PLUMBER SHOOTS DOCTOR THEN KILLS HIMSELF

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Dr. J. Hollinger, a throat specialist, was shot three times this afternoon by Louis Martin, a plumber. Martin then killed himself.

The plumber was a patient of the specialist since last spring, when an operation was performed in Alexian Brothers' hospital here.

No motive for the shooting can be learned by the police from the doctor, who is not fatally shot.

SONS ARE FIGHTING FOR FATHER'S ESTATE

New York, Nov 9.—Charges that fraud and undue influence induced General Thomas T. Eckert, former head of the Western Union Telegraph company, to bequeath the bulk of his $2,000,000 estate to his elder son, Thomas T. Eckert, Jr., are made by James C. Eckert, the younger son, in proceedings begun today to set aside the will. It is alleged that General Eckert was of unsound mind when he drew up the document.

AMERICAN ELECTION INTERESTS VATICAN

Rome, Nov. 9.—The results in the American elections were received here with keenest interest. Cardinal Merry del Val, the papal secretary, had a message from New York which he took personally to the pope, to whom he said the democratic victory meant a defeat of Colonel Roosevelt generally.

Los Angeles Has 319,198.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The population of Los Angeles, Cal., is 319,198, as compared with 102,478 in 1900. This is an increase since 1900 of 216,719, or 211.5 per cent.

Taft Starts For Panama.

Washington, Nov. 9.—President Taft left here at 4.45 p. m. for Charleston, S. C., where he will board the cruiser Tennessee tomorrow for the trip to Panama.

RHODE ISLAND

Providence, R. I., Nov. 9.—Elected a year ago by the largest plurality ever recorded over a candidate for a governor in Rhode Island, Governor Aram J. Pothier, republican, was re-elected for a second term yesterday by a plurality of 963, one of the smallest votes in the history of gubernatorial contests in the state.

The democrats elected George F. Shaughnessy to congress from the first district, while the republicans won with George H. Rutter in the second.

The next assembly will be deadlocked over a successor to Senator Aldrich.

TAFT WILL HURRY HIS LEGISLATURE PROGRAM

Will Try to Enact as Many Measures as Possible in Short Session of Congress; Has No Comment.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Washington, Nov. 9.—Feeling keenly the blows dealt by voters to the great political party of which he is the head, President Taft returned to Washington this morning from Cincinnati, where he cast his vote.

He had no comment to make on the result and went directly to the White House, where it was stated that he probably would not break his silence concerning political affairs until his return from Panama, whither he starts tomorrow.

Disappointed as is the president at the loss of the house of representatives to the democrats, his political advisers are gleaning their hopes in the fact that a three months' session of the present republican majority in both branches of congress is about to begin. It is known that into that brief period, the administration intends to crowd as much of its legislative program as there seems to be the remotest chance of enactment.

Much of the proposed legislation which will be urged on congress in the president's forthcoming message will be of a progressive character.

The new congress and its conduct—with a democratic house and a republican senate serving under a republican president will attract wide attention.

The election and its lessons and the pressing forward of the administration's legislative program so as to get it out of the way before the new democratic congress comes in was discussed at a cabinet meeting today.

Featuring the administrative measures will be the plan for meeting second class mail abuses by requiring magazines—not newspapers—to pay increased postage on advertising pages sufficient to eliminate postal deficits and warrant one-cent postage on first class mail.

The plan will be urged upon congress at the coming short session and several magazine publishers already have expressed a disposition to cooperate.

At the meeting it was pointed out that in the east the most damage to the republican party was sustained, much of the outcome in the west having been discounted in the primaries. Some comfort was found in the relative smallness of the democratic pluralities as compared with the past when democratic primary was established. New York's apparently less than 70,000 plurality being cited.

The expressed views was that the defeat of the party might in reality work for good.

President Taft realized the necessity for getting through all needed administration legislation in the three months' session beginning next March.

GARMENT WORKERS RATIFY AGREEMENT

Copies Will Be Sent Today to Employers; Several Arrests for Rioting Are Made.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Forty thousand striking garment workers today ratified an agreement drawn up by the Chicago Federation of Labor. Copies of the agreement which contains the demands of the strikers will be mailed tomorrow to all manufacturers affected.

The demands stipulated that the concerns hire only union cutters and tailors, provide for forty-five hours work a week for cutters and thirty-four for tailors and time and a half for overtime. No mention is made of wages.

Several arrests were made for rioting when a crowd of strikers visited the shop of H. H. Marks and company and sought to induce the strikebreakers to leave their work.

GAYNOR ELIMINATES STRIKE BREAKERS

Action of Mayor Is Expected to Result in Settlement of Teamsters' Strike in New York.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

New York, Nov. 9.—Mayor Gaynor issued two letters tonight which promise to bring the strike of express employees to a head tomorrow. He virtually, he forbids the operation of wagons by unlicensed drivers, thus eliminating the strike-breakers. Mayor Wilpena of Jersey City had already taken this stand and a test case is now in the Jersey City courts.

John William, state commissioner of labor is due here from Albany tomorrow and with Mayor Gaynor's action and a threat of state intervention it is hoped that a settlement will be reached. In his letter to Mayor Wilpena, Mayor Gaynor reviews the men's demands for six cents an hour pay for overtime and recognition of the union.

"At my earnest request," he continues, the men withdrew their demand for recognition of the union and also agreed to leave the settlement of hours and wages until after they had resumed work. I supposed of course, that this would settle the strike, but when I presented it to the companies, they refused, at the instance of one company, or one man, to accept it as a basis of settlement, but wanted an additional condition that they should be free to select or discharge anyone on the ground that he had joined the union. They rejected what is called the open shop."

The "one company" is the United States Express company and the "one man" is Frank H. Platt, its president.

The police began holding up express wagons manned by unlicensed drivers immediately after the mayor's letter was issued. The vehicles seized were held in the corporation yard just as peddlers' cars are held. An American Express company wagon was the first detained.

A gang of strikers overturned a loaded Adams Express company wagon tonight and attacked John Smith, a guard. When they had beaten Smith into unconsciousness, they cut the harness and sent the horses galloping down the street, then started in to smash the express packages. Two crates of live chickens were seen squawking in every direction. The police arrived too late to make arrests.

Army Wants Aeroplanes.

Washington, Nov. 9. — Congress will be asked by Secretary of War Dickinson to buy five or ten aeroplanes for the army. General Allen, chief signal officer of the army, has recommended twenty aeroplanes.

ARIZONA'S OFFICERS TO HOLD JOBS TWO YEARS

Convention Committee Submits Report Providing for Terms of Office and Salaries.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 9.—The executive committee of the constitutional convention reported a substitute proposition today providing for a system of state officers and salaries, the officers to be elected for terms of two years and the treasurer to be ineligible to a second term. The elective offices and their salaries are:

Governor, $5,000; secretary of state, $4,000; auditor, $3,500; treasurer, $3,500; attorney general, $2,500; superintendent of public instruction, $2,500.

The executive committee reported in favor of the abolishment of the fee system and the placing of all state and county officers on the salary basis.

BALDWIN TO TEACH MR. ROOSEVELT

Governor-elect of Connecticut Has No Intention of Dropping Suit Against Colonel.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 9.—Judge Simeon E. Baldwin just elected governor of Connecticut, in replying to congratulations of his class of Yale law school today reiterated his intention of bringing action against Former President Roosevelt because of certain statements reported to have been made by the latter concerning Judge Baldwin. In a brief reply to the students, Judge Baldwin said:

"In my campaign I was assisted by a controversy with a certain ex-president and I have come to the conclusion that this ex-president knows less law than you and I do, and I am going to teach him some."

MAJORITY OF DEMOCRATS IN HOUSE IS 29

(Continued from Page 1.)

have been taught the cardinal truths of socialism, which is nothing more or less than the political economy of the working class.

"Economic conditions, the trusts and the trust prices did the rest. These facts furnish examples of the theory we expounded. I deeply feel the honor of being selected as the first man to represent social democracy in congress, but I also feel the great responsibility. I can only say that I shall give the best that is in me in the future as I have in the past, to the great cause which I have espoused, which, after all, is the cause of humanity."

The socialist plan of campaign was unique. In the absence of a daily newspaper organ, they had printed each week for the last six weeks, many thousands of copies of a four-page paper, in English and German in which their doctrines were expounded. These periodicals were taken in hand by twelve hundred men each Sunday morning and it is said every household in Milwaukee county was supplied with a copy. Noonday meetings at the factories and night meetings at various halls, seven days of the week, were also held.

COMPLETE RETURNS SHOW BEVERIDGE HAS NO CHANCE

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 9.—Senator Beveridge's hopes for another term at Washington went glimmering tonight when returns showed conclusively that the democrats had elected the majority of the Indiana assembly. According to the latest figures the democrats will have a majority on joint ballot of thirty-two.

John W. Kern has been indorsed by the democrats and in all probability will become the colleague of Senator Shively also a democrat.

It is conceded the democratic state ticket was elected by about 15,000.

Of the thirteen Indiana members in the national house of representatives twelve will be democrats, Edgar D. Crumpacker of the tenth district being the only republican elected.

Senator Beveridge who had hitherto refused to acknowledge his defeat tonight admitted the tide was against him.

"Fortunes of war; it is all right; twelve years of hard work; clean record; I am content," he said tonight.

For the first time in thirteen years the democrats have control of every branch of the state government, the two United States senators and all but one member of the congressional delegation.

Governor Marshall's term has two years to run. The program of democratic legislation as announced in the party's platform includes repeals of the county option law and the substitution of a law providing for city, ward and rural township option units.

BETS IN NEW YORK TOTAL MILLION DOLLARS

New York, Nov. 9.—This was the day for cashing in on election bets and one Tammany election captain hired an express wagon—a union express wagon—to do it. When he made the rounds he had a full load of new hats and boxes of cigars.

It is estimated that fully $1,000,000 changed hands.

Oddly enough the heaviest loss reported befell a man who bet on Dix but placed his plurality at 75,000 or better.

FOUR CANDIDATES WOULD SUCCEED DEPEW

New York, Nov. 9.—With a safe democratic majority assured in the next state legislature which will select a United States senator, political prophets are picking a probable successor to Chauncey M. Depew.

Already the names of four men in New York city have been advanced as having performed party services meriting this reward. They are William F. Sheehan, former judge Alton B. Parker, Edward M. Shepard and John B. Stanchfield.

Parker and Sheehan are law partners. The latter is a former speaker of the house and former lieutenant governor. Edward M. Shepard of Brooklyn was the democratic candidate for mayor of New York in 1901 and was one of the men mentioned for the gubernatorial nomination at the Rochester convention.

John B. Stanchfield was the democratic nominee for governor in 1906 and received the complimentary nomination of his party for United States senator in 1909.

FIGHT FOR SENATORIAL JOB ON IN CONNECTICUT

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 9.—Estimates on the outcome of the senatorial election by the legislature chosen in this state yesterday differ widely.

The Courant will give tomorrow morning its figures showing 119 of the 180 republican members elected favorable to ex-Governor McLean for United States senator, fifty-one for Senator Bulkeley and ten unrecorded. Senator Bulkeley claims he will have 104 votes and gives 77 to McLean.

The legislature will be republican by 69 on joint ballot.

FIFTEEN CONGRESSMEN IN OHIO DEMOCRATIC

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 9.—Final unofficial figures on the Ohio election show that the democrats have elected fifteen out of twenty-one congressmen. Full reports tonight from the nineteenth district show that Representative W. A. Thomas, republican, was defeated by E. R. Bathrick, democrat, by 1800 votes.

In the twentieth district Representative Paul Knawland republican wins on the unofficial figures over William Gordon, Democrat by only Fifty-four votes and the democratic committee claims that the official canvass will show Gordon elected.

DELAWARE LEGISLATURE WILL ELECT DUPONT

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 9.—Returns tonight show the next legislature will be composed of thirty-one republicans and twenty-one democrats. United States Senator Dupont, republican, will be elected.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE AND COUNTY OPTION LOST

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 9.—Late returns today increased the majority by which Governor Vessey and other candidates on the state and congressional tickets swept the state. The majority of Governor Vessey may reach 20,000 while the majorities of Congressmen Martin and Burke probably will reach 25,000.

It is believed that county option and woman suffrage were defeated by large majorities.

CRUCE MANAGER CLAIMS OKLAHOMA BY 25,000

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 9.—There is little room for doubt tonight that Lee Cruce, the democratic candidate, has been elected governor of Oklahoma. J. P. Williams, chairman of the democratic state committee claims that Cruce has won by a majority of 25,000. He also said the rest of the democratic state ticket had won by a similar majority.

Joseph W. McNeal, the republican gubernatorial candidate, however, refuses to concede his defeat.

The woman suffrage and the local option amendments to the constitution were both defeated by majorities, it is thought, of 3 to 1.

The defeat of local option leaves Oklahoma still under statewide prohibition.

The vote polled by the prohibition and socialist parties is not available.

NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE REMAINS IN DOUBT

Omaha, Nov. 9.—It was tonight apparent that fuller returns would be required to decide the complexion of the next Nebraska legislature which will select a United States senator to succeed Elmer J. Burkett. The same conditions obtain as to the liquor question and up to this time the complexion of the legislature as to county option is not plain.

In other respects the returns thus far received left no doubt of the general result. The republicans have elected a governor and other state officials and three congressmen, and the democrats have elected three congressmen. In Omaha democrats with a single exception captured every county office.

HUMPHREY OF WASHINGTON WON'T VOTE FOR CLARK

Seattle, Nov. 9.—William E. Humphrey re-elected to congress from the first Washington district and a staunch supporter of Speaker Cannon in the fight made against him by the insurgents at the last session of congress tonight sent the following telegram to Congressman Champ Clark at Bowling Green, Mo:

"You should be elected speaker, will fight for you, talk for you, anything but vote for you. After March 4, I am against the rules, Clark and Clarkism up to the hilt. From present symptoms, am certain that in next congress I will believe in freedom of speech as never before.

(Signed)

"WILLIAM E. HUMPHREY."

REPUBLICAN MAJORITY REDUCED IN IOWA

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 9.—Returns from ninety-one counties out of ninety-nine in this state received tonight show that the republicans have elected nine congressmen and the entire state ticket headed by Governor Carroll. The latter's plurality probably will reach 15,000.

The democrats elected L. S. Pepper to congress from the Second district. Up to 10 o'clock tonight, it was thought that they had also elected D. D. Murphy in the Fourth. At that hour, however, a dispatch was received from Mason City, stating that while returns were not yet all in, Congressman Hanson, progressive republican, claimed to have won by 100 votes.

C. R. Porter, the democratic candidate for governor, led in the cities, returns from which were the first received, but when the rural districts began to make returns today Porter's lead began to dwindle and Carroll forged ahead.

The vote on Carroll shows a republican loss from two years of about 45,000.

The legislature is safely republican. The progressive republicans claim that they will control the party caucus by twenty votes. If this proves true it indicates that a man of the Cummins stamp will be chosen to succeed the late Senator Dolliver.

Senator Cummins declined to comment on the democratic landslide in other states.

"I have not been able to discern the hand of Providence in the election as yet," is all he would say.

SOCIALISTS MAKE GAIN IN NEW YORK ELECTION

New York, Nov. 9.—Marked gains in the socialist vote throughout the state are shown in the returns from yesterday's election. Figures available indicate a total vote for Charles E. Russell, nominee for governor of 65,000 which is nearly double the 33,934 votes of 1908. In New York City Russell received 27,220.

Most significant, however, are the increase upstate. Sixty-five cities that gave a vote of 7,850 two years ago show 28,000 this year. Outlying districts which formerly showed less than ten votes, this year report from 100 to 500.

Among the large cities that showed substantial socialist gains are Buffalo, Schenectady, Syracuse and Rochester.

NEW YORK SUFFRAGISTS WILL HAVE CELEBRATION

New York, Nov. 9.—New York suffragettes will hold a mass meeting at Cooper Union tomorrow night to celebrate the victory for woman suffrage in the state of Washington yesterday.

The meeting will be one of the largest ever held in the city. Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont and Mrs. Clarence Mackay are expected to speak.

MAJORITY FOR STUBBS WILL EXCEED 10,000

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 9.—Governor W. R. Stubbs, republican, tonight is leading George H. Hodges, the democratic candidate for governor by a 9,423 majority on returns practically complete from 92 of the 105 counties in the state. Stubb's majority over Hodges probably will exceed 10,000.

Definite figures have not been received on the rest of the ticket.

DEMOCRATS CONTROL MONTANA LEGISLATURE

Helena, Mont., Nov. 9.—Returns received up to 10 o'clock tonight are to the effect that the democrats have elected at least 53 members of the next legislature, which means that a democrat will be elected to succeed United States Senator Thomas Carter.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE LEADS IN OREGON

Portland, Ore., Nov. 9.—Complete returns from 267 out of 987 precincts in the state at large and from 87 incomplete precincts give Oswald West, democratic nominee for governor a lead of 1,702 over Jay Bowerman, republican.

ONE CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION IS CLOSE

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 9.—Governor Hadley tonight received a report that Holmes Hall, a republican, had carried the seventh Missouri congressional district over Courtney Hamlin, a democrat, by a majority of 25 votes. It will probably require the official count to determine the winner.

NIXON IS LEADING FOR SENATE IN NEVADA

Carson City, Nov. 9.—Eighty-seven precincts out of 239 in Nevada give for United States senator:

Nixon, republican, 4,066; Pittman, democrat, 3,687.

For congress Roberts, republican, 4,752; Sprague, democrat 3,490.

Governor Oddie, republican, 4,596; Dickerson, democrat, 3,959.

NEED OFFICIAL COUNT TO DECIDE IDAHO ELECTION

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 9—With two-thirds of the returns of the state at hand, the election of the entire republican ticket with the possible exception of Brady, for governor, is assured. French, republican for congress will have a plurality of about 15,000.

The race is close between Brady and Hawley for governor. The democratic committee claims Hawley's election by 864 and the republican committee claims Brady's by 398. Newspaper returns indicate Hawley's election by about 200. There are so many back precincts missing, it may take the official count to decide it. The legislature is republican in both ment of state senators-elect is such as to insure defeat of the statewide prohibition amendment.

CONGRESSMAN FILES BANKRUPTCY PETITION

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 9.—Benjamin J. Focht, congressman from the Seventeenth district of Pennsylvania today filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the United States district court. His liabilities approximate $275,000 and his assets about $175,000 consisting of real estate, bonds and stocks, the latter largely depreciated.

Mr. Focht attributed difficulties in part to the depreciation of holdings dating back to the panic of 1907.

LEGISLATURE IN UTAH STRONGLY REPUBLICAN

Salt Lake City, Nov. 9.—Reports received by the Herald-Republican from every county in the state give Howell, republican for congress 49,336; Erickson, democrat, 31,308, a plurality for Howell of 18,028. Legislature: Senate, republicans, 15; democrats, 2. House, republicans, 38; democrats, 7.

EXAMINATIONS NOW IN PROGRESS FOR THE FOREST RANGER FORCE

Morning Journal Bureau,
613 Munsey Building,
Washington, D. C., Nov. 9.

Examinations have been opened this week in fourteen for western states, and in Florida, Michigan, Minnesota and Alaska, to fill vacant positions as assistant forest rangers on the national forests.

The positions pay, at entrance, a salary of $1,100 per annum. Men who enter the national forest work as assistant rangers are eligible for promotion to positions as rangers, and later to the position of forest supervisor, if they are good enough. The latter position pays a salary of from $1,600 up, and calls both for all-round executive ability and for a certain amount of practical knowledge of forestry. Rangers work under the forest supervisors, often with a particular district in their charge, protecting the forests against fire, and trespass, handling much of the minor business with forest users, estimating and scaling timber and enforcing regulations under which purchasers of timber are allowed to cut on the national forests, building trails, supervising the work of forest guards, and on occasion leading forces of temporary employes against forest fires too large to be handled by the regular national forest force.

The forest ranger must therefore first of all be an experienced and vigorous woodsman. In the words of the little pamphlet which the department of agriculture sends to persons making inquiry, "Invalids seeking light outdoor employment need not apply." He must be sound-bodied, inured to hardships, able to ride, pack and take care of himself and his horses in the woods and mountains, familiar with the region and local conditions where he seeks employment, and a resident of the state in which he will be appointed. Although the requirements are largely physical and practical, they include both a sufficient general education to qualify the ranger to transact national forest business intelligently, and knowledge of land surveying, mining laws and customs, and the handling of range livestock. In the southwest some knowledge of Spanish is often necessary.

To secure the right kind of men the examination is largely a test of practical capacity to do things. The candidate must give a demonstration of his horsemanship, ability to pack, knowledge of the use of the compass, and similar matters. Other parts of the test are written examinations. Because of the desirability of securing, in the new rangers, recruits who will prove capable of rising to the higher responsibilities laid upon forest supervisors, the tests of educational qualifications have been strengthened. Thus the government is obtaining picked men for the rank and file of its little army of employes who administer and promote the proper use of its nearly two hundred million acres of national forests.

Use TIZ-- Smaller Feet

Sore Feet, Tender Feet and Swollen Feet Cured Every Time. TIZ Makes Sore Feet Well, No Matter What Ails Them.

Everyone who is troubled with sore, sweaty or tender feet—swollen feet—smelly feet, corns, callouses or bunions can quickly make their feet well now. Here is instant relief, and a lasting, permanent remedy—it's called TIZ. TIZ makes sore feet well and swollen feet are quickly reduced to their natural size. Thousands of ladies have been able to wear shoes a full size smaller with perfect comfort.

It's the only foot remedy ever made which acts on the principle of drawing out all the poisonous exudations which cause sore feet. Powders and other remedies merely clog up the pores. TIZ cleanses them out and keeps them clean. It works right off. You will feel better the very first time it is used. Use it a week and you can forget that you ever had sore feet. There is nothing on earth that can compare with it. TIZ is for sale at druggists for 25c per box, or direct if you wish from Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill. Recommended and sold by R. Ruppe, 203 Central ave., Albuquerque, N. M.

I'm going to the Gem if it costs me a whole ten cents.

Try a Morning Journal Want Ad

Did you see the crowds at the Gem last night. The neighbors pronounce the show fine.

Try a Journal Want Ad: Results

...The...

JAFFA GROCERY CO.

GOOD THINGS TO EAT

We have just unpacked a fresh shipment of cooked
Corn Beef
Boiled Tongue
Ring and Weiner Sausage
Bologne
Smoked Salmon
Finnen Haddie
New Codfish
Tagged Bloaters
Liver Sausage

SPECIAL TODAY

5 lb. basket Grapes—the best of the season fresh from California, per basket 35c

OUR BAKERY DEPARTMENT CONTAINS

Cherry Layer Cakes
Cherry Slices
Patty Shells
Tarts and Turnovers
and many other good things to eat.

JAFFA'S

Phones 31 and 32.

AUCTION SALE

Friday, Nov. 11, at 2 p. m., at 106 South Broadway Street. I will sell at auction, a nice lot of up-to-date furniture. Let no one miss this opportunity.

J. M. SOLLIE,
Auctioneer

OREGON SLEUTH MADE MEMBER OF IMPERIAL FAMILY OF CHINA

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Portland, Ore., Nov. 8.—"Steve" Connell, chief in Oregon of the secret service of the United States, has been made a member of the imperial family of China and loaded with presents for his services in guarding Prince Tai Hsun on his recent tour of the United States.

Mr. Connell came back to Portland with a medal pinned on his breast by the prince himself, when the distinguished Chinese sailed in safety with the members of his retinue from Honolulu. It carries the colors of the Chinese empire and within a golden circle it is stated that the bearer has rendered distinguished services to the Chinese empire. A handsome cigarette case of solid gold, a jade ring, silver basket and vases are among the presents made to the secret service man.

If you are not acquainted with this fact, here's an opportunity to prove it by filling your wants here when it comes to loose leaf forms and devices, blank books, stationery, filing systems, in fact anything you may require for the office.

Lithgow Manufacturing Stationery Co.

Manufacturers of Blank Books, Loose Leaf Devices, Rubber Stamps and Seals

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

SPORTS

73 SCHOOL CLUBS JOIN WITH RIFLE ASSOCIATION

Notable Increase in Interest in Marksmanship; Battery A. of Roswell Makes Good at Pistol Practice.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Roswell, N. M., Nov. 8.—Battery A began its first pistol practice yesterday afternoon and will continue this work daily for an indefinite period. The best scores of the first afternoon were made by Capt. E. P. Bujac, of Carlsbad, who happened to be in the city, and Willard Hird, each of whom made 23 out of 25, hitting the bull's eye three out of five shots. Many of the boys made above 20, but a few missed the target entirely.

MANY MILITARY SCHOOLS TAKE UP RIFLE WORK

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Washington, D. C., Nov. 7.—The scholastic and collegiate year has begun with promise of unusual activity among the rifle clubs of the various institutions, promoted by the National Rifle association under the quasi-direction of the war department and the national board for the promotion of rifle practice. Affiliated with the National Rifle association and shooting under rules approved by the Secretary of war, there are now seventy-three clubs located in as many preparatory schools in different parts of the country. During the winter the members of these clubs will shoot for qualifications in-door, and in the spring will qualify on the outdoor ranges.

The requirements for junior marksmen on the indoor ranges are the firing of ten shots standing and ten shots prone on the National Rifle association gallery target, the distance being fifty feet. Any .22 caliber rifle may be used barring telescopic sights. A score of not less than 38 points in the standing position and 42 points in the prone position, is necessary for qualification and all members of school-boy clubs making these scores under the certification of properly designated officers will receive a silver lapel button and be enrolled as junior marksmen.

The outdoor qualifications are shot at 200 yards, ten shots standing and ten shots prone on the U. S. A. target "A." The regulation military rifle or carbine or one viewed and stamped by the N. R. A. must be used in outdoor qualifications. A score of 35 points standing and 40 points prone is required, and each competitor qualifying receives a bronze junior marksman's medal. In addition each schoolboy club is supplied yearly with a medal in a leather case for competition among members of the club. Those clubs who have not held their competitions may do so at any time up to December 31, for the year 1910, and may hold their contents for next year any time within the succeeding twelve months.

The National Rifle association announces that it is prepared to donate a silver cup as an inter-school championship prize in any city where three or more schools will cooperate to hold an annual tournament. It will also donate a bronze cup for an inter-club match between N. R. A. school clubs in connection with such tournaments. The following school clubs are affiliated with the National Rifle association: Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind.; Columbia Military Academy, Columbia, Tenn.; Georgia Military Academy, Milledgeville, Ga.; Harry Hillman Military Academy, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; Harvard Military School, Los Angeles, Cal.; Hancock Military Academy, San Rafael, Cal.; Kamehama Manual School, Honolulu, Hawaii; Kemper Military School, Boonville, Mo.; Kentucky Military Institute, Lyndon, Ky.; Los Angeles, Cal., Military Academy; Miami Military Institute, Germantown, Ohio; Mitchell Military School, Billerica, Mass.; Montclair, N. J., Military Academy; Mount Tamalpais Military Academy, San Rafael, Cal.; Nazareth Hall Military Academy, Nazareth, Penn.; New York Military Academy, Cornwall on Hudson, N. Y.; Northwestern Military Academy, Highland Park, Ill.; Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; Sewanee, Tenn., Military Academy; St. John's School, Manlius, N. Y.; St. John's Military Academy, Delafield, Wis.; St. John's Military School, Salina, Kan.; St. Matthew's Military School, Burlingame, Cal.; Urban Academy, Los Angeles, Cal.; Vashon Military Academy, Burton, Washington; Wentworth Military Academy, Lexington, Mo.; West Texas Military Academy, San Antonio, Texas; Morris High School, De Witt Clinton High School, New York City; Manual Training High School, Erasmus Hall High School and Commercial High School, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Central High School, Central Manual Training High School, Southern High and Manual Training School and Northeast Manual Training High School, Philadelphia, Pa.; Baltimore City College (High school) and Loyola High School, Baltimore, Ma.; Central High School, Eastern High School, Western High School, Business High School and McKinley Manual Training School, Washington, D. C.; East Denver High School, West Denver High School, South Denver High School and Manual Training High School, Denver, Colo.; Barringer High School, Newark, N. J.; Brookline, Mass., High School; Charleston, W. Va., High School; Columbus, Ohio, High School; Greensburg, Penn., High School; Ogden, Utah, High School; Patterson, N. J., High School; Saranac Lake, N. Y., High School; Saratoga Springs, N. Y., High School; Stamford, Conn., High School; Stoneham, Mass., High School; St. Peter, Minn., High School; Baltimore, Md., Polytechnic Institute; Benedictine College, Savannah, Ga.; Girard College, Philadelphia; Hamilton Institute, New York City; Marist College, Atlanta, Ga.; Polytechnic Preparatory School, Brooklyn, Protestant Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia; University Preparatory School, Tonkawa, Okla.; Franklin School, Oakland, Cal.; Public School No. 49, Baltimore, Md.; Portland, Me., High School Cadet Corps and Battalion of Cadets, Salt Lake City, Utah.

RACING RESULTS

At Latonia.

Latonia, Nov. 9.—R. F. Carman's Horizon won the handicap today in impressive fashion after getting off to a poor start. Heatherbloom was practically left at the post. Results:

First race, five and one-half furlongs—Attentive, won; Coletta, second; Eastern Star, third. Time, 1:07 2-5.

Second race, six furlongs—Bat Masterson, won; Fundamental, second; Chapultepec, third. Time, 1:13 2-5.

Third race, mile and a sixteenth, selling—Descomnets, won; Shapdale, second; Alice Baird, third. Time, 1:47.

Fourth race, six furlongs—Horizon, won; Sidney R., second; Ella Bryson, third. Time, 1:13 1-5.

Fifth race, mile and seventy yards—Bonnie Kelso, won; John Reardon, second; Carlton G., third. Time, 1:44 4-5.

Sixth race, mile and seventy yards—Medallion, won; Imprudent, second; Cross Over, third. Time, 1:44 4-5.

At Jamestown.

Jamestown, Nov. 9.—Summaries:

First race, six furlongs—Annie Sellers, won; Patrick S., second; Wrap, third. Time, 1:14 2-5.

Second race, five and one-half furlongs—Onager, won; M. W. Littleton, second; Stinger, third. Time, 1:06 2-5.

Third race, mile—El Oro, won; Campaigner, second; The Golden Butterfly, third. Time, 1:12 1-5.

Fifth race, five furlongs—Firewood, won; Quincy Bell, second; Bendage, third. Time, 1:01.

Sixth race, mile and a furlong—Neoskaletta, won; The Monk, second; Golconda, third. Time, 1:55 1-5.

MELROSE DOG IS CRACK COLLIE IN THE SHOW

Has Them All Beat at El Paso; Silver Athos, Prize English Bull Beaten by St. Louis Dog at Pass City.

"High Hope," the beautiful collie owned by Dr. J. D. Lynch of Melrose, N. M., and a feature of the first kennel show here last month, won a magnificent silver cup at the El Paso dog show for the best animal in the show—dog or bitch. This dog, with numerous other Albuquerque and New Mexico animals, was exhibited at the El Paso show by Mrs. E. S. Spindler of this city, who has returned home. Among the other dogs which Mrs. Spindler had the pleasure of exhibiting, was a famous Russian wolf hound belonging to George J. Gould of New York City, which carried off honors. Silver Athos, the splendid English bull exhibited here by Mrs. Spindler, was beaten at El Paso by Lord Burley, a St. Louis animal who finished his championship at El Paso. Lord Burley is from the Penrose kennels. According to Mrs. Spindler, however, Silver Athos was in poor show condition, and so ill-tempered that he bit three people at the show, sinking his teeth clean through the palm of the hand of one man who attempted familiarity.

There were numerous other outside dogs at the El Paso show, but those who saw it say it was no better and perhaps not as interesting as the one held here. "High Fly," a famous fox terrier of Denver, finished his championship at El Paso, as did a French bull, belonging to Mrs. Bonham of St. Louis. Palmilla Princess, Mrs. Spindler's Airedale, took winners and special prize for best Airedale and Teddy Brooks, owned by H. O. Brooks of this city, was a prize winner as previously stated. Mr. Noneman's English setter, "Tippy Gooz," was in the money as was Graham's Irish setter which had no opposition. Dr. Parvis of Socorro made a record when his fox terrier took two seconds against Sabine, supposed to be the finest in the world. Chauvin's pioneer Clio took reserve winners and one second; and Pinney's cocker spaniel took one first and one second. Reference has already been made to the awards for F. K. Ellis' collie, Max Mactiregor, and others.

AUTO PATHFINDER COMING SOON

New York to San Francisco Tourist Laying Out Route for Coast to Coast Highway.

Authorized to plot the route for a coast-to-coast automobile road, A. L. Westgaard, representative of the United States department of good roads and the Touring Club of America, is making an automobile trip from New York to San Francisco. He is expected to pass through Albuquerque within the next few days, having left eastern Kansas during the latter part of last week.

Accompanying Mr. Westgaard are Mrs. Westgard, D. C. Drumm, motor editor of the Chicago Record-Herald, and Ray McNamara, driver. The party left New York, October 11. In every city it is meeting with hearty receptions from the motorists and good road enthusiasts. San Francisco is expected to be reached early next month. The Santa Fe trail will be followed through Trinidad and Raton.

The rich and poor are alike at the Gem.

AVIATOR ATTEMPTS NEW ALTITUDE RECORD

Hoxsey Will Try to Reach Height of 10,000 Feet for $2500 Prize Offered at Baltimore.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Baltimore, Nov. 9.—Ideal flying conditions this afternoon rewarded those who have awaited since the opening of the Baltimore aviation meet a week ago.

Arch Hoxsey opened the entertainment in a Wright biplane. Hubert Latham, showed his Antoinette at its best. Count de Lesseps and J. A. Drexel and James Radley were out in their Bleriots and Willard and Ely showed something of what the Curtiss biplanes can do.

There were three cross-country flights to Fort Carroll and return.

It is about nine miles from the aviation field. Latham made the first flight in twenty-eight minutes 58 seconds. De Lesseps bettered this, his time being 26 minutes, 15 seconds.

Drexel covered the distance in 23 minutes, 24 4-5 seconds.

Hoxsey, five minutes after the opening began a flight for altitude to win the $2,500 prize offered by the American and the Star to the aviator to reach a height of 10,000 feet. He scored only 5,330 feet. His motor went wrong and he was compelled to descend in a series of glides, the last from the 3,500 foot level.

He landed about three miles from the field unhurt.

Hoxsey said he will go after the altitude records again.

Foreign Cars Are Favored.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 9.—An indication that the grand prize race day after tomorrow may prove a record-breaker, was afforded in today's practice when D. B. Brown, driving a Fiat, covered the full 17.3 mile course at 76 miles an hour. Betting seems to favor the foreign cars.

Monahan Wins Match.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—Monahan of New York defeated Bickert and Murphy of this city by the score of 50 to 33 in a match here tonight under the auspices of the Inter-City National Amateur. Three Cushion Billard league.

Zbyzeko Loses Match.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Stanislaus Zbyzoko lost a handicap wrestling match tonight when Mort Henderson stayed twenty minutes. Zbyzoko threw Paul de Santell in three minutes. After his failure to throw Henderson he downed Mike Weyhmann of Buffalo in seven minutes.

Fight Six Fast Rounds.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—Abe Attell and Owen Moran fought six fast rounds to a draw tonight before the National Athletic club.

Kansas City Man Wins.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—F. M. Keyes of Kansas City tonight won the third game in the St. Louis-Kansas City series of the National Amateur Three Cushion Billiard tournament, his opponent being Thomas Carter. The score was 50 to 40 in 148 innings with an average of 41 for Keyes, and 37 for Carter.

VICTOR METCALF'S SON DIES IN COLORADO

Colorado Springs, Colo., Nov. 9.—Victor Nicholson Metcalf, eldest son of Victor H. Metcalf, former secretary of the navy, died here this morning after an illness following an attack of pneumonia a year ago. He was born February 16, 1882 at Oakland, Cal., the family home to which the body will be taken Saturday for burial.

ALAMO FOREST CUT DOWN BY ORDER OF PRESIDENT

Changes Will Reduce Size of Reserve in Eastern New Mexico by Over 200,000 Acres.

Morning Journal Bureau,
613 Munsey Building,
Washington, D. C., Nov. 9.

The president has signed a proclamation adding 22,732 acres to the Alamo national forest, New Mexico, and eliminating 245,450 acres. The addition is made effective at once, and the elimination will take effect January 1, 1911. These changes are the result of a careful field examination made by the U. S. department of agriculture in pursuance of a general plan for the correction of all national forest boundaries.

The largest addition comprises seventeen and one half sections in T. 20 S., R. 16 E., of juniper and pinon land. The other additions comprise a strip from one-half to two miles in width, lying east and southeast of Alamogordo. This addition is made for administrative reasons in order to bring the forest boundary along the base of the Sacramento mountains, where it can be easily patrolled. The former boundary cut across a very rough country high up on the slopes of the mountains where patrol was practically impossible.

The lands to be eliminated are located along the exterior boundaries of the Guadalupe and Sacramento divisions of the forest and embrace rolling foothills or level flats practically treeless and of no value for national forest purposes.

An elimination is made of a strip from two to five miles wide lying east and northeast of Tularosa and extending from Rio la Luz northerly and northwesterly to the south boundary of T. 11 S. A large elimination is made of a strip from one to nine miles wide, extending along the south boundary of the forest in R. 10 to 14 E. A strip from three to six miles wide is eliminated from the eastern portion of the forest in T. 15 to 18 S., R. 16 E. This elimination extends four miles northerly and sixteen miles southerly and southeasterly from Elk. From the Guadalupe division forty-nine sections are eliminated located principally along the northeast boundary of the forest between Big Box and East Chance creeks. This is known locally as the Texas Hill country. A smaller elimination is made from the extreme southwestern portion of the forest in the vicinity of Devil's Den.

The date upon which the eliminations become effective is fixed for January 1, 1911, in order to give the local stockmen an opportunity to readjust their grazing business so as to meet the changed conditions—large sums of money having been expended in the construction of drift fences along the forest boundary.

The unappropriated portions of the areas eliminated by this proclamation will be restored to settlement and entry at some time after January 1, 1911 when such areas shall have been duly advertised in the local papers by the secretary of the interior.

REGISTERED MAIL REGULATIONS

Postmaster Amends Rules Governing Forwarding and Delivery of This Class of Matter.

Morning Journal Bureau,
613 Munsey Building,
Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has just amended the regulations governing the forwarding and delivery of registered mail matter, indicating definitely the circumstances under which registered letters or packages may be delivered to others than the parties to whom they are addressed.

The new regulations are intended to inform the postal employes as to the execution of their duties and at the same time guide patrons of the registry division as to the methods of handling the mail now in effect.

At present registered mail may be delivered to any person authorized in writing by the addressee to receive it, to such person as the sender, after mailing, may designate in a written order verified by the mailing postmaster; to any responsible person to whom the addressee's mail is customarily delivered, and to the person, firm, corporation or association in whose care it is addressed.

Identification always must be required if the applicant for registered mail is unknown. Senders of registered mail may restrict its delivery by indorsement. Mail indorsed "deliver to addressee or order" cannot be delivered except to the addressee or on his written order. Mail indorsed "deliver to addressee only" cannot be delivered to any person except the addressee, not even on his written order.

The addressee of registered mail may restrict the delivery by filing at the postoffice of address directions in writing stating to whom delivery may be made. If the addressee is dead or insane the registered mail may be delivered to his legal representatives.

Registered mail addressed to a minor living with his parents or under the control of a guardian, is subject to a parent's or guardian's control unless it be indorsed for personal delivery. Mail that is registered, not obviously of a personal nature, addressed to a former public officer, partner, or employe of a firm should be delivered to the person holding the title or performing the duties of the office.

The postoffice department will, in the absence of all knowledge to the contrary, regard as responsible persons in the meaning of the new regulations, adult members of the addressee's family, his employes in a clerical or supervisory capacity, and the proprietor or manager of a private lodging house in which he resides. Those not regarded as responsible are minors, janitors, laborers, messengers, elevator boys, and house servants.

The new regulations are now in effect, and will govern all postal employes handling registered mail throughout the entire United States.

From an isolated North Dakota town an inquiring citizen has sought light from the postoffice department concerning a Lincoln penny that has fallen into his hands. In a letter to the postmaster general, the North Dakotah, ignorant of the thousands of newspaper articles that dealt with the country-wide commotion raised last year by the issue of the Lincoln penny with its designer's initials, "V. D. B.," in relief, wrote:

"I enclose a penny that I do not know anything about. Is it what we call a false piece of money? If you know anything about the penny, please tell me."

The department has notified him the cent he inclosed is a perfectly good coin of the realm.

Pleading for the establishment of a postal savings bank at Napoleon, O., because there have been two bank failures in that town, one of a private and one of a state institution, 317 citizens of the place, including the mayor, members of the common council, city officers, merchants, manufacturers, publishers, doctors, lawyers, farers, clerks, laborers and others, have petitioned the postmaster general.

The petition, after reciting the bank failures, states that the establishment of a postal savings bank would "call out the money now hidden away and encourage savings."

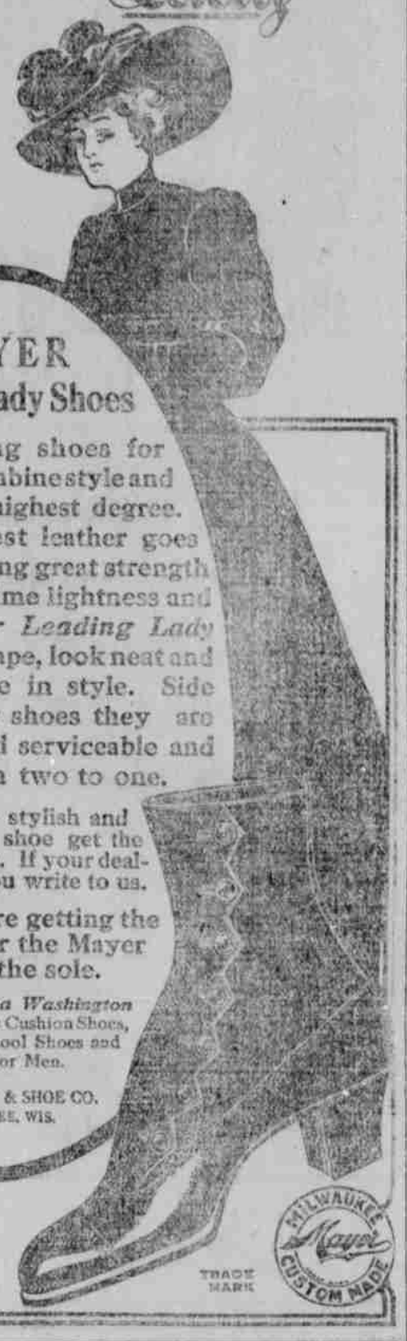
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has become famous for its cures of coughs, colds, croup and influenza. Try it when in need. It contains no harmful substance and always gives prompt relief. Sold by all druggists.

As a result of what Lincoln county can do along the line of fruit growing another car of fancy apples has been shipped out of Capitan by G. H. Copeland to the El Paso market. These apples were from the orchard of Pedro Chavez below Lincoln. A second car of choice apples will be shipped from Capitan to El Paso by the same buyer on Thursday of this week. This car of apples was grown on the Fritz orchard a few miles below Lincoln.

Try a Morning Journal Want Ad

Mayer Leading Lady

Trim and stylish—the aristocrat of ladies' footwear—snappy style from heel to toe—a durable, comfortable shoe for dress and general wear.



MAYER Leading Lady Shoes are the leading shoes for ladies. They combine style and quality to the highest degree. Only the choicest leather goes into them, providing great strength and at the same time lightness and flexibility. *Mayer Leading Lady Shoes* hold their shape, look neat and are right up-to-date in style. Side by side with other shoes they are far more classy and serviceable and will outwear them two to one.

If you desire a truly stylish and good wearing ladies' shoe get the *Mayer Leading Lady*. If your dealer will not supply you write to us.

To be sure you are getting the genuine, look for the Mayer Trade Mark on the sole.

We also make *Martha Washington* Comfort Shoes, *Yerma* Cushion Shoes, *Special Merit* School Shoes and *Honorbilt* Shoes for Men.

F. MAYER BOOT & SHOE CO.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Look for Mayer Trade Mark on the sole.

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You Are Getting Worst of It Every Day.

YOU KNOW THAT THIS IS TRUE.

Then Why Not Take the Three-Day Neal Cure and QUIT THE Drink Habit.

NO HYPODERMIC INJECTIONS.

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INSTITUTE OR HOME TREATEMENT.

The Neal is an internal treatment, without hypodermic injections, that cures the occasional or periodical drinker, the moderate drinker, the habitual or excessive drinker, and the nervous man who has to drink to keep from becoming more nervous, in three days. A plain contract is given each patient agreeing to effect a perfect cure in three days, without hypodermic injections, thus avoiding the danger of blood poisoning from an infected needle through the carelessness of others.

Patients at the institute are provided with the comforts of a refined home. Home treatment is sent to those unable to get to the institute. Call, write or phone. Neal Institute, 512 North Second street, Albuquerque, N. M. Everything strictly confidential. Bank references furnished.

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All othes Shoes in stock 10 per cent off for the next twenty days.

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100 Long Black Coats on sale. A remarkable purchase enables us to offer a great assortment of Long Black Coats, values up to $12.50, assorted sizes and styles; your choice for Saturday and Monday only, at

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25 Silk Petticoats, a big special and a great value, all Persian effects, very new, valued at $5.00; on sale Saturday and Monday, for

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50 New Cloth Capes, in good quality cloth, extra long, comes in black and all leading shades, trimmed in gilt and Persian braid, on special sale for Saturday and Monday; choice

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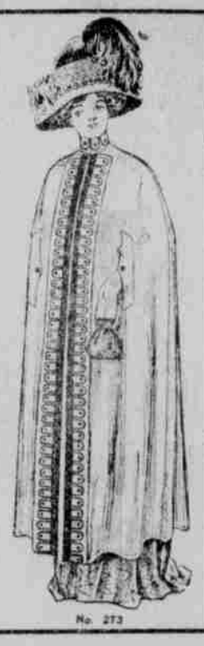

Extraordinary Shoe Sale 200 pairs Queen Quality and Red Cross Shoes, Odds and Ends but all sizes to be found, values up to $4.50 pair, must be sold. The price will do it. For Saturday and Monday; your choice, pair..... **$2.39**

20% Reduction on all Women's and Misses' Fine Tailored Suits. Our great special for Saturday and Monday 20% off regular selling price. BUY NOW!

THIS SPECIAL SALE WILL BE FOR CASH ONLY

ACTIVITY IN THE MOGOLLONS IS INCREASING

One Hundred Per Cent. More Business Than a Year Ago; Modern Plant of Socorro Mines Company.

(By James A. Forger.)

Mogollon lies in the Cosmos district, Socorro county, New Mexico. The Cosmos district lies in the Mogollon range of mountains and is reached either by stage or automobile from Silver City, a distance of 75 miles in a northwesterly direction. The elevation of the Mogollons is approximately 7,000 feet. The mountains are fairly well covered with timber and supply the district with fuel and timber. Three creeks, Silver, Mineral and Whitewater, drain the district and furnish sufficient water supply for both mining and milling purposes during the wet season.

The geology is simple and the veins not difficult to follow. Great volcanic or igneous disturbances of deep seated origin occurred as a sequence to the numerous veins and dikes. The general formation is andesite porphyry and be subsequent dikes called quartzite. A very peculiar feature is that the main vein, locally termed Queen, runs running in a north and south direction and which can easily be traced for 18 or 21 miles is practically barren so far as commercial values are concerned. On the veins running in a easterly direction are located the several mines. There are no valley or mesa of value of below the eastern side of the Queen vein, all values apparently having been cut off in the fissures with the regular vein, and all dynamic disturbances with the deposition of mineral matter taken place to the west.

In the mining field the activity in the Mogollons has increased over 100 per cent compared to what it was a year ago.

The principal reason for this activity is the extensive and successful operations of the Socorro Mines mill, the enlargement and modernization of which is now completed, which is still under construction, and the installation by the Helena Mining company of an hydro-electric power plant preparatory to the resumption of operations at the mine and mill, and late for having been partially destroyed by a severe flood a few years ago. Added to these activities the Parnassus Mining company added twenty stamps to its mill, making the total number of stamps 40, and changed its entire equipment from steam into electric. The Parnassus Mining company was the first cyanide plant in successful operation in the United States. It has paid dividends the last ten years and has only recently acquired the Top Mining company's property. The two properties, being adjacent can easily be worked by one shaft and the ore treated by the same mill. Thus the increase in tonnage demanded by the additional stamps can be easily taken care of.

The Socorro mines was the first company in this district to use modern equipment through its plant, and also to install electric power for the operation of its mine and mill. A double drum electric hoist, with a capacity of 400 tons in 24 hours, was installed. The cages are of light weight steel, weighing approximately 1,000 pounds. The cars in use are of a special design and have a capacity of 14 cubic feet. A 225 horse power motor is required to run the hoist, counter balance being used as much as possible. The maximum speed obtained in hoisting is 800 feet per minute. The shaft at the present time is 400 feet deep. As the vein dips approximately 70 degrees south, the shaft has been so placed that the vein will cut the shaft at approximately the 300-foot level. Crosscuts are driven from the shaft to the vein from the various levels, and as each 100 feet in depth is attained, the values seem to increase. Upon the 600-foot level east drift, 18 feet of ore has been opened up running $53 per ton and upon the west drift, 2 feet of ore running $75 per ton.

The Socorro Mine Co.'s Mill.

This mill is one of the most modern up-to-date plants using the cyanide for the treatment of its ores. The ore is crushed. The cages are of light hoisted to the shaft to an elevation of 18 feet above the mixture to an elevated runway. Scales are here installed where the weight of each car of ore is recorded. From here the ore is transmitted to a No. 4 gyratory crusher of the Kennedy type, crushing the ore so that it will pass a circular ring 1 1-2 inches in diameter. Conveyors carry the crushed ore to the bins and while enroute the ore is automatically sampled. There are 10 stamps weighing 1,650 pounds each running continuously and crushing approximately six tons per stamp, the highest average for the week being 1,200 tons. The ore is exceptionally free to concentrates the first concentration over the Wilfley tables being a very high grade. The No. 4 Wilfley tables are used for both the coarse and fine concentration. The sands are separated from the slimes by the latest modified of a double four classifier. From the classifier the sands go to the tube mills where they are thickened and redistributed before cyanidation. The sands are dewatered by means of two Dorr continuous sliding discharge, one being 18 feet in diameter. The results obtained are very satisfactory. The clear work-solution resulting in the operation is returned to the tank back where the deficiency for replenishment. The slimes are sent to the Portland tanks 18 feet in diameter by 13 feet high, where agitated and cyanide treatment of slimes is carried on. Three filter filters of 12 leaves each, are used for the separation of the gangue from the solution after treatment in the Pachuca tanks, varying from 42 to 48 hours. The 10 Ore-type zinc boxes are used in the precipitation upon zinc shavings. Two Harvey furnaces are used for the reduction of the precipitate to Dore bullion, the resultant bars being shipped through a local bank at Silver City to a United States mint, while the concentrates are shipped to the El Paso Smelting & Refining company. The ore is particularly free milling and a saving of over 90 per cent is made upon all ores in the district.

Power Plant.

The power plant is one of the largest in the district and is situated upon Whitewater creek, where water and fuel are available. Two 275-horse power B. & W. boilers with special designed furnaces for cord wood fuel furnish the power from which the electricity is developed. Two 250-horse power Ball engines are belt connected to two 250-kilowatt generators of the General Electric type.

A transmission line, 3 1-2 miles long carries the power over the mountains at a comparatively low voltage to a transformer house located above the mill and there reduced to the proper voltage where it is distributed to the mine and mill.

The power plant is especially arranged for the installation of hydro-electric power. Two 275 horse power Pelton wheels having been purchased for that purpose.

Cost of Mining.

The cost of mining and milling in the Mogollons averages about $7 per ton. Although the labor is not high the question of power has been the most serious setback. In this the Helena Mining company, has had an advantage over the other companies. Having the intake of its pipe line situated below the junction of the two main branches of Whitewater creek, the company is sure of a large water supply and enabled to develop enough power to more than supply the necessary amount for its mine and mill. There is no doubt but that 1,000 horse power for mine months out of the year can be developed.

With four producing properties, and mills running full capacity, the Mogollons is destined to be one of the largest producers in the southwest.

It is in time of sudden mishap or accident that Chamberlain's Liniment can be relied upon to take the place of the family doctor, who cannot always be found at the moment. This is that Chamberlain's Liniment is never found wanting. In cases of sprains, cuts, wounds and bruises Chamberlain's Liniment takes out the soreness and drives away the pain. Sold by all druggists.

New Hoist at the Guano Caves.

The Carlsbad Guano and Fertilizer company, managed by Mark Anderson has installed in the caves south of Carlsbad a new hoist system, which enables the product to be handled more expeditiously. A new opening in the cave a quarter of a mile east of the old one has been made and a shaft has been driven through the ancho to solid rock. Cars holding about a ton each are filled at the bottom of the shaft by gravity and then hoisted to the top, a lift of 211 feet. As now mined the guano is being taken out at the rate of from eighty to one hundred thousand pounds per day. The loading platform is being moved from the old location to the new one and the product is sun-dried. Outside of the local market on the project, about a car a day is being shipped to California, where it is used in the orange groves and alfalfa fields.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
1840

ARTESIAN SUPPLY INCREASES ON THE PECOS

Enormous Flow For Irrigation Above North Spring River; Three New Wells Spout High in Air.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Roswell, N. M., Nov. 8.—The biggest artesian well ever sunk above North Spring river in the Roswell district, was brought in yesterday by Joseph Carper and Sons, drilling for George E. Bostick. At a depth of 314 feet a gush of water was found 15-16 sparts 37 inches over a 10-inch casing. This gives an enormous flow for irrigation. At a depth of 407 feet a flow of five inches over a 6-inch casing was found by this same firm in a portion of the Hermosa farms, north of the city, thought by many to be outside the artesian district. Alexander Aoff, of Fort Collins, had a fine artesian well brought in on his land in Cottonwood Draw, southwest of Lake Arthur last week. The water was found at 425 feet and gushed ten inches over the eight-inch casing. These discoveries make it seem that the artesian district is growing in size and strength, rather than diminishing.

CHEAP CRUDE OIL WILL BE BOON FOR THE MIMBRES

Reported To Be Laid Down at Roswell For Less Than Four Cents a Gallon; New Pumping Plants Installed Daily.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Deming, N. M., Nov. 8.—Mesdames Mecklenburg, Wilson and Westmoreland are ordering on up-to-date well-machine for the purpose of getting deep irrigation wells on their respective farms lying five and six miles southeast of Deming. These gentlemen have been arrested from Nebraska and Kansas and are developing a considerable acreage. Mr. Wilson has just completed a nice residence on his place at a cost of about two thousand dollars.

The farmers of the Mimbres valley are very much interested in a press report recently published concerning the sale of crude oil at Roswell last down there for 4 1-2 cents per gallon, 28 gravity, and alleged to develop 25 to 50 per cent more power per gallon than gasoline used in gasoline engines. There are a number of crude oil engines in the valley, and the only difficulty with them heretofore has been the obtaining of a proper oil to burn in them. If crude oil of 26 gravity test can be obtained here at anything like the rate quoted in the dispatch from Roswell, it will mean an immense reduction in the cost of fuel for pumping water in this valley. The secretary of the Deming chamber of commerce is investigating the matter, and it is hoped that some satisfactory kind of crude oil can be obtained which will allow the present owners of crude oil engines to operate them at a great saving.

Deming Lodge No. 6, I. O. O. F., gave a banquet last night in their hall after the regular session was adjourned. Music was furnished by John S. Wardill, pianist, O. Clifford and H. E. Allen, violinists, and Bandmaster Secor. The Rebekahs and friends of the members partook of lunch, which was followed by dancing. Speeches were made by Jas. A. Hollinger, noble grand, and W. E. Hall, editor of the Deming Graphic.

E. S. Dutcher, of Indianola, Neb., who has been prospecting in the valley for the past few days, bought 160 acres of land lying eight miles south of Deming and has returned to his home in Nebraska to make arrangements for moving here. Mr. Dutcher will take care of the major portion of this tract.

Mr. A. R. Rambo, of Midway, is in Deming to-day. Mr. Rabo reports excellent progress on the irrigation well which he is putting down on his place. He encountered eighteen feet of fine water-bearing material in the first stratum and four feet in the second stratum. The indications are good for his striking good stuff also in the third stratum which he intends to top before installing his pump.

ROSWELL STORE IS BURGLARIZED

Goods Worth $400 Stolen; District Court For Chaves County Opens; Baptists Finish Big Round-up.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Roswell, N. M., Nov. 8.—The 5th store of Price and company was burglarized last night by parties who effected through a screen at the rear. Fine silks, men's clothing, boots and shoes to the value of $400 have been missed. There is little hope of capturing the burglars.

District court for Chaves county opened here yesterday and will be in session several weeks. The grand jury was put to work and many cases were set, continued or dismissed the first day. The murder case of Pat Harris was set for this November 17 and the murder trial of Wm. T. Arnold was set for November 21. On the federal side of the court Judge Wm. H. Pope gave a decision in the case of the United States against the Southern Railway of New Mexico, in which the railroad company was fined $100 and costs for cessation of the bridge preventing the keeping of stock on a train 28 hours without feed and rest.

The Roswell baptists concluded their denominational week and many visitors were here. The baptists are now taking interest in the New Mexico Baptist convention to be held this week at Tucumcari. Roswell sends today a delegation of eighteen to this meeting. Beginning November 22, the Pecosites will have a campaign of ten days or two weeks. Rev. J. C. Burkett, of Midland, Texas, will be here to preach, having just returned from a tour of the Holy Land.

HIGHWAYMEN ROB THEIR HOST

Taos County Mountaineer's Hospitality Is Rewarded by Loss of His Valuables.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Virginia, Taos Co., N. M., Nov. 5.—Charles Brigham, who lives in a lonely cabin eight miles up a mountain canyon above Red river, this county, was held up last night by two men in return for the hospitality which he accorded to the two footpoised weary travelers. The men came to the cabin of Brigham, who is a miner, and asked if they could get supper. While their host was preparing the meal he became suspicious and turned around to find himself staring into the muzzles of two large six-shooters. While one man covered him the other tied his hands and then the two ransacked the cabin, taking everything of value they could lay their hands on. They then cut the ropes which bound their victim and escaped.

The men got eighteen dollars in coin, a six-shooter, a 20-20 Winchester, another rifle and a fine hunting knife. The men took to the mountains and, although the authorities were quickly notified in both New Mexico and Colorado, they made good their get-aways. Both are Americans, probably from twenty-eight to thirty years of age, one being about 5 feet 6 inches in height and the other about 5 feet 11 inches.

Hoarseness in a child subject to croup is a sure indication of the approach of the disease. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given at once or even after the croupy cough has appeared, it will prevent the attack. Contains no poison. Sold by all druggists.

Dry Your Clothes on a Wet Washday
With a New Perfection Oil Heater

When clothes can't be hung outside, and must be dried in a room or cellar, the New Perfection Oil Heater quickly does the work of sun and air. You can hang up the wet clothes, light your Perfection Oil Heater, open the damper top, and the heat rises and quickly dries the clothes.

Do not put off washing to await a sunny day in order to avoid mildew. Dry your washing any day with hot air from a

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Absolutely smokeless and odorless

It gives just as much heat as you desire. It is safe, odorless and smokeless.

It has an **automatic-locking flame spreader,** which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back, so the wick can be quickly cleaned. Burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, because of a new device in construction, and can always be easily unscrewed for rewicking.

An indicator shows the amount of oil in the font. Filler-cap does not need to be screwed down, but is put in like a cork in a bottle, and is attached to the font by a chain. Finished in japan or nickel, strong and durable, well-made, built for service and yet light and ornamental. It has a cool handle and a damper top.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Continental Oil Company
(Incorporated)

SIDNEY JEROME, of
Sidney Jerome & Company, Eccentric Comedians
Opening at the Crystal Today.

GOLDEN RULE SALE SATURDAY AND MONDAY

Special Values Offered in Ladies' and Misses' Coats, Capes and Petticoats; Big Reductions on Tailored Suits.

The Golden Rule Dry Goods company, always in the vanguard when timely sales are in order, announces a big special sale for Saturday and Monday, Nov. 12 and 14. Special values are offered in ladies' and misses' coats, silk petticoats and new cloth capes. There are 100 long black coats in the lot, values up to $12.50, assorted sizes and styles. A remarkable purchase, enables the Golden Rule to sell them during the sale at $5.95. Twenty-five silk petticoats, all Persian effects, new and up-to-date, valued at $5.00, will go Saturday and Monday for $2.95. Fifty new cloth capes, splendid cloth, extra long, in black and leading shades, trimmed in gilt and Persian braid, will sell for $3.95, Saturday and Monday only. A twenty per cent reduction will prevail on all women's and misses' fine tailored suits. This is a bona fide offer of twenty per cent off the regular selling price and one of the biggest bargains offered this season. An extraordinary slash of prices will obtain in the shoe department Saturday and Monday only. Two hundred pairs of Queen Quality and Red Cross shoes, odds and ends, in all sizes, values up to $4.50 per pair, will be sold during the two days' sale at $2.29 per pair. This special sale will be for cash only. "The Golden Rule Does Does What It Advertises." Remember, Saturday and Monday, November 12 and 14. See the big window displays, visit the store and investigate. If you don't buy it will be because you are not in need of any of the articles on sale.

A Carbolic Accident.

Mrs. J. Floersheim of Roy is suffering from severe burns on her arms, received in a most peculiar and unexpected manner.

While cleaning house, a bottle of carbolic acid was spilled on the sheets of the bed where she slept. It was removed, but enough of the fiery liquid remained that, coming in contact with her arms and hands, it caused deep and serious burns from which she is slowly recovering.

Fall Term Ends.

Wednesday, November 23, the fall terms of the New Mexico Normal university at Las Vegas, will end. There will be a vacation of nearly a week, the winter term opening November 29, the following Tuesday. The division of the work into four terms, instead of three, was made this year. At present the work is divided as follows: Fall term, September 6 to November 23; winter term, November 29 to March 4; spring term, March 12 to June; summer term, June 5 to July 28.

WASHINGTON MAN HELD PENDING AN INVESTIGATION

S. Sandstrom Buys Outfit of Clothes and Ten Acres of Land and Pays for Them With Checks of Unknown Value.

S. Sandstrom, who claims Tacoma, Wash., as his home, is in the city jail as the result of a little financial flier he indulged in Tuesday night and yesterday, which to say the least, was an ambitious effort. Tuesday Sandstrom entered E. L. Washburn's clothing store, purchased an elaborate outfit of clothes, tendered a $50 check on a Tacoma bank, received $4.50 in change and made his departure. Inquiries occasioned doubts concerning the validity of the check. Sandstrom was pinched and the glad rags taken away from him in his room and returned to Washburn's. Having recovered all but the $4.50, the Washburn people did not prosecute Sandstrom and he was released.

Bright and early yesterday morning Sandstrom invaded the offices of the Porterfield Real Estate company. Within a few moments Sandstrom had purchased ten acres of land near Atrisco, tendering in full payment therefor $1,600. The $1,600 was a check, payable at a Tacoma bank. A local bank telegraphed to the Tacoma bank to ascertain whether or not the check was good. A reply is said to have been received that Sandstrom had no account in the Tacoma bank. Before handing over the check to Mr. Porterfield, Sandstrom borrowed $2 from him. Because of Sandstrom's evident desire to write out checks, he was played in the city jail by the police. He will probably be held until it is determined whether or not he is a useful citizen. Sandstrom claims that there is a mistake somewhere and that he has plenty of funds in the bank on which the checks are drawn and that he came to New Mexico to make his home and invest in land.

BOY DRAGGED TO DEATH BY FRIGHTENED HORSE

Lee Swope, of Weed, N. M., Killed in Tragic Runaway Accident.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal]

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 9.—Lee Swope, the son of W. Swope, of Weed, New Mexico, was killed yesterday in a runaway accident. He was riding horseback in the mountains who the horse became frightened and after throwing the boy to the ground started to run. In fall the boy's foot was caught in the stirrup and he was dragged head downward for several hundred yards over the rough mountain road. Life was extinct when he was found several hours later. The boy's father was at Rincon on a round up and his mother seriously ill with typhoid fever.

To Make the Wheels of Business "Go"

Without friction and nerve-wrecking jars, be sure you are well nourished on digestible food.

Grape-Nuts

strengthens Body and Brain.

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Hot Shots Exchanged in the Santa Fe Campaign

HARMONY SPECIAL HAS CROWD AT GARDEN CITY

General Freight Agent, Koontz of Santa Fe Justifies Rates; Treasurer Copeland Makes Talk.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Garden City, Kan., Nov. 5.—The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway company's "Harmony Special" has reached Garden City. The Commercial club held a public meeting for the visiting officials attended by a large crowd of farmers, stockmen and sugar beet growers of this section, as well as by the business and professional men of Garden City.

Col. F. A. Gillespie presided and Judge Hutchinson made an address of welcome.

J. R. Koontz, General Freight Agent appearing in the role of an economist, gave the result of a demonstration he lately made. He took fifty Kansas towns for his demonstration. He traced the freight rates from the fields and factories through the wholesale houses to the retail dealers and applied them to the things used by an average family with an income of $720.00 yearly, excepting the single item of coal. The total charge of freight for the entire expenditure amounted to, on an average of seven dollars and seventy-two cents per family a year. Mr. Koontz's argument was that while freight rates should be considered a factor in carload shipments, it was so small a factor in the expenditure of the average family that it could be scarcely be noticed.

Rates on Kansas Products.

Mr. Koontz called attention to the act of the Kansas legislature of 1909 reducing the freight on coal, cement, brick, salt and several other commodities from 12 to 15 per cent. He said that an investigation made within a week showed that in thirty-seven of forty-five towns, the prices of the commodities named are from ten to twenty-five per cent higher than they were before the legislature cut the freight rates. In eight of the towns the prices practically are unchanged. Mr. Koontz submitted this showing to support his contention that a small advance or reduction in freight made little diference to the consumer, but he insisted that when such advance or reduction is applied to a large volume of business, like that handled by the Santa Fe, it becomes a question of hundreds of thousands of dollars. Mr. Koontz gave it as his opinion that the coal mine operators, cement and brick manufacturers and others advanced the prices of their commodities because of the increased cost of labor and materials, a condition which he said confronts every business institution in the country, including the railroads. Mr. Koontz said that as the price of everything the railroads use in their business has been advanced from fifteen to sixty per cent, including labor, the railroads somply would have to get a little more for the only thing they have to sell—transportation—or adopt a policy of strenuous retrenchment.

E. L. Copeland, secretary and treasurer, followed with a talk about what would happen if the railroads were forced to retrench. First, the property would deteriorate. That would impair the credit of the railroads. The Santa Fe, Mr. Copeland said, wanted to grow and develop and capital would be needed. He declared that capitalists would not invest their money in railroads unless they could be shown that such an investment would pay them a fair return. Mr Copeland said the people of the southwest wanted more railroads but capital could not be induced to aid such enterprises when railroad companies are forced to retrench in order to make their income meet their expenditures.

What Retrenchment Would Mean.

Mr. Copeland undertook to show a retrenchment policy would mean the discharge of thousands of employes and the curtailment of purchases of material, amounting to millions of dollars, all of which would work a hardship on every line of business. His remedy for existing difficulties is for the public to allow the railroads to adjust their freight rates to the increased cost of materials and labor, thereby enabling them to improve their present properties and aid in the development of new territory by the construction of new lines.

Mr. H. A. Tice, superintendent of the Western division, concluded the speechmaking with a talk about the cost of construction. Referring to Governor Stubbs' testimony before the Interstate Commerce commission, Mr. Tice gave it as his opinion that the governor based his testimony on the prices paid for materials and labor fifteen or twenty years ago when the governor was in the railroad contracting business.

"The Governor's figures indicate the use of 2,600 ties per mile, whereas our standard is 3,200 ties per mile," said Mr. Tice. The governor gave figures on the cost of these ties at forty to sixty cents per tie, whereas, according to Mr. Tice, the ties the Santa Fe is using cost the company from seventy-three cents to one dollar each, not including the cost of transportation. The governor made the statement that 2,500 cubic yards of ballast per mile is the amount used in ballasting track. "Instead of that," Mr. Tice said, "where ten inches of ballast are inserted under the ties it requires 3,168 cubic yards and where twelve inches are inserted which is the company's standard, 3,700 cubic yards are required. This ballast costs us for material, the actual cost of its transportation, the unloading and placing under the track and finishing, $1.35 to $1.40 per cubic yard. Consequently the governor's prices are much below the actual figures as to quantity of ballast and cost."

Mr. Tice said that the Santa Fe property could not be reproduced for $60,000 a mile and he called attention to the assessment of the property in the several states. In Kansas, where the governor said the Santa Fe's main line could be reproduced for twenty-five thousand dollars a mile, the property is assessed at fifty-two thousand dollars a mile, according to figures given by Mr Tice. The meeting concluded with a Commercial club smoker.

New happenings and new dollars every thirty minutes at the Gem tonight.

BRISTOW EXPLODES; HANDS BUNCH TO MR. RIPLEY

Average Railroad President Does His Cause More Harm Than Good, Declares Senator From Kansas.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 4.—"Nick Chiles has better political sense than President E. P. Ripley of the Santa Fe railway company," declared United States Senator J. L. Bristow while in Topeka yesterday. "Any jointist has better political sense and judgment than the average railorad president, railroad attorney or railroad 'doctor.'"

Senator Bristow made these statements in the governor's office, having dropped in for fifteen or twenty minutes between trains. He was on his way to Bonner Springs. He was all worked up over the part the liquor element is taking in the campaign against Governor Stubbs and the remainder of the republican state ticket and county tickets.

"It is my opinion," said he, "that the liquor element is going to have more influence in this election than the railroads. I believe the jointists will be able to accomplish more for the railroads unintentionally than the railroads can possibly accomplish for themselves."

Senator Bristow's opinion of railroad officials as politicians is not at all complimentary. He believes they do more harm than good for their own cause. He says the railroads with all of their speeches from their officials and all the harmony excursions are not going to make any showing in the coming election.

"They don't know anything about public sentiment," said the senator. "They fail to see the human side of questions that come up. The jointist is a far better politician. He knows public sentiment and while he may be running counter to it he is in close touch with the situation. He keps his ear to the ground. In every county where there are joints there is a king jointist. He is the man to go to for political information. He can tell you more in a minute than can President Ripley in a year."

Would Be a Poor Office Holder.

Senator Bristow said that if President Ripley was holding a public office or was a politician and made the statement contained in a recent open letter to Governor Stubbs he would annihilate himself. That statement had reference to the fixing of rates.

"Ripley admitted in the first paragraph that rates were not fixed on the values of the property," said the senator. "He admitted that they were fixed with reference to the value of the service competition and the lack of it, and in fact were made as high as the traffic would bear.

"That proves what I have contended; that President Ripley is no politician and knows nothing about it. No jointist would have made such an admission. It was a suicidal statement, as will be realized when people have thought it out. I recall an incident I learned of two years ago which illustrates the manner in which rates are fixed, as admitted by President Ripley.

"I was riding on a freight train in the western part of the state, having been at Goodland. Some coal was sidetracked at Goodland and I found three carloads of the same coal billed for Salina. Upon inquiry I found that the coal came from the same mines in Colorado and that the rate was fifty cents per ton higher from the mines to Goodland than from the mines to Salina. The coal, if hauled through Goodland to Belleville, from Belleville to McFarland, from McFarland to Herington and from Herington to Salina was delivered to the dealer fifty cents cheaper than if set out at the side track at Goodland, just half the distance.

What Competition Does.

"Here's the reason. The Rock Island is the only railroad running through Goodland. The people living there must have coal. There is no wood within a hundred miles. The railroad company knows it can charge whatever it pleases and get it. At Salina there are other railroads. There is competition. The railroad must make a rate that will give it its share of the business. Hence the lower rate. There you are. The railroad takes advantage of the location and climatic conditions at Goodland and makes its own rates. And President E. P. Ripley attempts to justify that very thing in his letter to Governor Stubbs. I consider it ridiculous. No jointist would attempt that sort of thing. He would make no such admissions and then try to justify them. He would know it was an impossible job. But President Ripley does not."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The rich and poor are alike at the Gem.

Stylish horses and buggies furnished on short notice by W. L. Trimble & Co., 412 North Second street; phone 3.

The pretty nurse and the doctor at the Gem.

The best saddle horses to be had in the city are at W. L. Trimble's, 112 North Second street. Phone 3.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

Its superiority is unquestioned
Its fame world-wide
Its use a protection and a guarantee against alum food

The low-grade powders are made from "phosphate alum," or "sodium aluminum sulphate," which is also alum, a mineral acid, and that makes the food unhealthful.

One pound of the imitation (25c.) powders contains five ounces of alum, a mineral poison.

Food baked with alum baking powders is found to contain a portion of the alum unchanged.

The continued use of alum made food impairs digestion, causing dyspepsia. The careful housewife when buying baking powder, will examine the label and take only a brand whose label shows the powder to be made from cream of tartar.

Read the Label

PIONEER COUPLE MARRIED 50 YEARS YESTERDAY

Rev. and Mrs. N. W. Alger Celebrate Their Golden Wedding; Receive Many Handsome Remembrances.

Congratulations by telegraph, mail and in person, were showered upon Rev. and Mrs. N. W. Alger, of 124 South Walter street yesterday, the occasion being the celebration of their golden wedding. A constant stream of callers offered congratulations during the afternoon and in the evening an informal reception was held, attended by more than one hundred relatives and friends. Numerous handsome remembrances of the eventful day were bestowed upon the happy couple, gold and cut glass being chief among them. In honor of the occasion, the Alger residence was elaborately decorated, roses and chrysanthemums being prominent in the ornamentation scheme. Dainty refreshments were served to the guests. Altogether the affair was a delightful one and it is safe to say that both Mr. and Mrs. Alger will long remember it as one of the happiest and most enjoyable of their lives.

Fifty years ago yesterday in Eaton, Compton county, Quebec, Mr. and Mrs. Alger were married, Rev. E. J. Sherrill being the officiating clergyman. Rev. Mr. Alger, who is a Baptist minister, held charges in Vermont and Canada and later went to Santa Cruz, California. After occupying the pulpit in the Baptist church at Santa Cruz for some years, Mr. Alger came to Albuquerque, accompanied by Mrs. Alger, arriving in 1892. They have resided in Albuquerque since that time and have always taken active interest in church and civic affairs.

Prominent among the relatives present at the celebration of the golden jubilee yesterday was Mr. Samuel French, of Ashtabula, Ohio, a sister of Mrs Alger. Mr. French was present at the wedding fifty years ago and yesterday remembered the details of the marriage as clearly as if it had been only a few months back instead of a half century. Jabez Alger, a brother of Mr. Alger was also present. Mr. Jabez Alger is eighty-three years old, while Mr. N. W. Alger is seventy-seven. Mrs. Alger is seventy years old. Mrs. G. S. Ramsay, also a sister of Mrs Alger, together with her husband, Mr. G. S. Ramsay, and their daughter Miss Mary and son, Bruce were in attendance at the celebration. Dr. E. J. Alger, a son, Mrs. G. W. Stubbs and Mrs. Edward Fields, daughters, and a number of other relatives were present, including Mrs. C. Stubbs of Belen.

CANDIDATES ARE INITIATED IN GOOD STYLE

Seven Lock Horns With Mysterious Goat and Emerge Successfully, Members of Albuquerque Lodge No. 461.

With all the necessary ritualistic ceremonies, and incidentals usually used in connection with an initiation, seven candidates for honors in the Elks were put through the paces last night, all of them finally landing right side up, full fledged members of Albuquerque Lodge No. 461. "Bob" Hopkins and F. P. Canfield were put forward as the chief representatives of the class of candidates and were treated generously to everything that the constitution calls for in the way of congratulatory stunts.

The candidates were F. P. Canfield, C. L. Herrick, H. M. Fox, E. C. Hopkins, W. E. Zeigler, J. S. Purcell, Albuquerque; A. Eickwald, Cuba, N. M.

COLORADO ROAD TO BE BUILT DOWN TO SANTA FE

Rumor Confirmed That San Luis Southern Will Be Extended Through Northern New Mexico.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal]

Taos, N. M., Nov. 8.—Word has reached here from Denver that the Costilla Estates Development company, in which United States Senator Charles E. Hughes Jr., Former Congressman Franklin E. Brooks and other prominent Colorado and eastern capitalists are interested, has announced officially that it will extend the San Luis Southern railroad, now under construction in southern Colorado to Santa Fe, N. M. The road will pass through the towns Cerro, Questa and Taos, in New Mexico, according to the company's maps.

The Taos Valley News says: This report is simply confirmatory of rumors that have been in circulation for the past few months, based on what seemed a natural conclusion, when it was determined and announced that the San Luis Southern would push on to Questa. It was not thought that this point was a terminal point, but the company has never, until now, actually stated their plans. This determination on the part of the Costilla Estates company is great news for Taos and means a big year for 1911. The construction of the road from Jarosa, the point on the Colorado line which is now reached, on to Questa, is the simplest possible proposition as the lay of the land is like a floor, and about all to be done is to lay the ties and rails. From Questa to Taos the country is hilly, but by hugging the foothills a feasible line can be readily found.

The Costilla Estates company has just issued a prospectus which says: "Realizing the unlimited possibilities of this vast kingdom of undeveloped resources, the Estates company has constructed the San Luis Southern railway from Blanca, a prosperous center on the main line of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, through Costilla county to a point bordering on the line between New Mexico and Colorado and the work is progressing rapidly with only a few miles of the Costilla estate to be covered, the objective point being Santa Fe, the capital of New Mexico, which lies in a direct line south of the Costilla estate."

The Costilla Estates Development company is one of the strongest in the west. The directors are: Senator Charles J. Hughes Jr., Gerald Hughes, Albert Smith, Clyde W. Turnbull, Fred G. Moffatt, C. S. Haughwout of Denver, Horace G. Lunt, Franklin E. Brooks and Alexander Smith of Colorado Springs; James S. Dunlar of Boston, former justice of the superior court of Massachusetts; W. V. Ketten, Boston capitalist; Maynard Dominick, New York banker, and Otto T. Mallery of Philadelphia.

Such a combination of strong men means business. This company is opening for settlement 548,780 acres of splendid land in southern Colorado and northern New Mexico. The irrigation system being constructed will cost several millions of dollars and the railroad building, the construction being standard gauge, will require several hundred thousand more.

The cornerstone of Silver City's new $30,000 schoolhouse will be laid next Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with apropriate exercises. The Masonic lodge will be in charge of the ceremonies which will be presided over by Grand Master E. L. Medler, of the grand lodge of New Mexico. A cordial invitation is extended by the school board to all who can conveniently do so, to attend.

WORST DYSPEPSIA WILL GO IN FIVE MINUTES

Indigestion, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Gas and Other Distress Vanishes After Taking a Little Diapepsin.

You can eat anything your stomach craves without fear of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, or that your food will ferment or sour on your stomach, if you will take a little Diapepsin occasionally.

Your meals will taste good, and anything you eat will be digested; nothing can ferment or turn into acid or poison or stomach gas, which causes Belching, Dizziness, a feeling of fullness after eating, Nausea, Indigestion (like a lump of lead in stomach), Biliousness, Heartburn, Water brash, Pain in stomach and intestines or other symptoms.

Headaches from the stomach are absolutely unknown where this effective remedy is used. Diapepsin really does all the work of a healthy stomach. It digests your meals when your stomach can't. A single dose will digest all the food you eat and leave nothing to ferment or sour and upset the stomach.

Get a large 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from your druggist and start taking now, and in a little while you will actually brag about your healthy, strong Stomach, for you then can eat anything and everything you want without the slightest discomfort or misery, and every particle of impurity and Gas that is in your stomach and intestines is going to be carried away without the use of laxatives or any other assistance.

Should you at this moment be suffering from Indigestion or any stomach disorder, you can get relief within five minutes.

A Rural Vision.

A farmer had a dream. He dreamed he had raised four thousand bushels of corn and that he was happy over the fact that he had sold it for 50 cents a bushel, then his happiness was greater. But he dreamed now that he had sold to four thousand different people, a bushel to each one, and that nobody had paid him and he was sad. When he awoke it was broad daylight, and leaping out of bed, he exclaimed to his wife: "Rebecca, I have had a solemn warning and I know the meaning of it. I am going right off to town and pay that printer the dollar I owe him for that paper."—Ex.

A train load of Uncle Sam's jack tars stoped off in Carrizozo the other evening long enough to eat supper at the Carrizozo eating house. There were 320 in number, all bound for San Francisco from whence they will go into service in the Philippines. The managers of the eating house demonstrated their ability to do big things by catering to Uncle Sam's men as a body, and appeasing their hunger. The marines were handled in two squads and while the eating house was pushed to its utmost capacity the supper was well served. Twelve dozen chickens were used at the one meal.

Ladies' matinee at the Gem every day is being well attended.

The Flatterer.

They were discussing ages with a commendable degree of frankness.

Well, now that you have brought the subject up, Miss Dobbson," said little Fribley, "how old are you?"

"Oh, I am as old as I look," smiled Miss Dobbson.

"Really?" said Fribley. "I am astonished. You really don't look it, you know."—Harper's Weekly.

Try a Journal Want Ad; Results

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ALBUQUERQUE NEW MEXICO

THE PEOPLE AND THE PURSE STRINGS.

The report of the committee on state, county and municipal indebtedness, adopted by the constitutional convention, provides that no legislature may incur indebtedness exceeding $200,000 until such proposed action is acted upon by the people at the polls.

Here is a specimen of the referendum which is most desirable and which will undoubtedly go far toward tightening the state purse strings and protecting the treasury against possible legislative extravagance. To meet ordinary expenses, deficits in the revenues, and so forth, the legislature may go so far as to appropriate $200,000, but any extraordinary bond issue, etc., must be referred to the voters at the general election. This will afford the people plenty of time to consider the proposition and the proviso should form a fairly effective check against waste of money by the law makers.

The incorporation of this provision makes it appear that the majority of the delegates are working for real economy. Anything that serves to save the people's hard earned money will certainly meet with the approval of the voters of New Mexico.

The provision is not only eminently wise, it is vitally important.

In connection with the adoption of this clause it is furthermore interesting to note that in the vigorous debate over the measure, party lines were obliterated and the muchly deplored from bound caucus of the majority apparently failed to bind. It looks very much as if the delegates in this convention were acting largely according to their own convictions, or at least on their convictions as to what the people want.

BEATEN TO A FRAZZLE.

Steeped in their iniquity, lost to all sense of civic duty, recreant to the responsibilities of patriotism, and blind to the demands of the old moralities, the people of New York have deliberately repudiated the advance agent of righteousness; have flaunted their depravity in the face of the nation, viewed with alarm the ten commandments, and given T. Roosevelt the most outrageous licking of his career.

It is nothing less than shocking to think what this country is coming to. Here is the only living American who really can distinguish the good from the bad, the anointed one who has cheerfully assumed the responsibility of leading the strayed people back to the promised land, defeated in his own Oyster Bay precinct by an overwhelming majority. The adage about the prophet and his own bailiwick fails to convey any adequate idea of the situation. There is no hope for the people of New York. They fairly exult in their supreme and audacious wickedness, and go to the dogs with a whoop. Meanwhile, Kermit informs the reporters that the colonel has nothing to say and that he will take advantage of the seclusion of Sagamore hill for some time to come.

"We shall knock them clear through the ropes," said Mr. Roosevelt, in the lingo of the squared circle a few days before the election. Accepting the figure of speech, it may be remarked in passing that the latest experience of the lion slayer brings forcibly to mind that other hope of the white race who demonstrated his inability to return.

Mr. Roosevelt has come back—to Sagamore hill.

It is too bad. The democrats should never have won the Empire state and there is good reason for the theory that they would not have done so without the influence of Theodore Roosevelt. Even the up-state majorities for the republicans were cut down shamefully. Instead of strengthening his own side of the fray Roosevelt weakened it. And the result is that the notorious cohorts of Tammany are again in the saddle and that New York is probably in for a season that will rival the halcyon days of the old regime.

Will it do Theodore any good?

Perhaps. It is doubtful. It is unlikely that his election will enable him to see that he has been really licked. The tree of the "nominator," however, carries a serious lesson for statesmen and people alike. Banking on a popularity that has been unrivaled, Mr. Roosevelt abused it. He tried to bully the people of New York into accepting his candidate. His failure was monumental. Cocksure of the permanency of the power of his own personality, he became reckless, demagogic and domineering and turned the popularity into antagonism.

You may lead the people for a long time, but it is sometimes dangerous to try to herd them and drive them. There is no man quite big enough in this great country to be bigger than the collective people, and evidently this delusion was taking possession of the gentleman, admitted to be one of the ablest men and most powerful leaders in the country's history.

To quote again from Mr. Stryker, the wind has gone down. It has blown hot and cold, it has cycloned and tornadoed in vain. How soon the present calm at Oyster Bay will be replaced by a further atmospheric disturbance may not be forecasted. Future roarings, however, will prove of far less consequence to the people at large, and until mighty deeds have replaced mighty words, we believe the influence of this remarkable man will decline in the United States.

An entire change of tactics is the only thing that will save Roosevelt. If, after a season of fasting and prayer, the light breaks in upon him and he starts out anew to use his undoubted ability and tireless energy unassumingly and modestly, he may not only again earn his right to the title of most distinguished private citizen, but may regain his political ascendancy. For the present, he has suffered a blow from which it will take him a long time to recover.

The result shows that Mr. Roosevelt's utterances were endorsed neither by standpatter, democrat or progressive and that he merely represented Roosevelt. The task now set before him is to learn that no individual is greater than his party or the people.

Mayor Gaynor of New York, in a letter contradicting some statements about him made by the republican state chairman, adds a bit of advice that might be given a wider application:

"Suppose you pray every morning for a while for God to direct you to tell the truth and see what fruits it will bear."

A great many other wise, conscientious people really seem to think that a political campaign frees them from the necessity of telling the truth or of making any discrimination between truth and falsehood. This is especially the case in a campaign that brings to the front many amateur politicians of an emotional temperament to whom the laws of evidence are unknown. There would be fewer campaign lies if these good people would give them less encouragement.

AN IMPORTANT SEISMIC DISTURBANCE.

Chairman Lloyd of the democratic national congressional committee says the democratic party won in Tuesday's earthquake because "the only hope of the people is in its supremacy." Mr. Lloyd is not exactly correct in his conclusion. The democrats won because the people, every so often, want a change; and it is interesting, in reviewing our political history, to see that they have always wanted a change much more quickly under a democratic regime than under a republican.

The fallacy in popular reasoning is always evident. The people will always blame the party in power for present conditions, no matter to what they are due, and the high cost of living proved a handy weapon for the democracy. Tariff legislation is charged with hard times when the tariff legislation hasn't had a ghost of a show yet to show what it can do. If, moreover, present republican legislation proves beneficial in two years from now, the people will likely ascribe it to a democratic congress, when the democratic congress has really just assumed the reins. So the election of a democratic president in 1912 is quite conceivable—unless a democratic congress makes some serious breaks first off. Standpatism, although in process of being severely repudiated by the bulk of the republican party and consigned to limbo, proved effective campaign ammunition—and it is quite possible that the damaging influence of Roosevelt's attitude in New York spread sympathetically to other states.

The democrats will control the popular branch of the national legislature and will come near breaking even in the senate. It is to be hoped they will realize that what the people want is not radicalism, but more prosperity.

RIPLEY'S HEINOUS OFFENSE.

President Ripley of the Santa Fe railway is in many ways one of the ablest and most notable figures in American railroading. There are, however, many phases of his character with which we have found fault, chiefly his pessimism. It never occurred to us, however, what his chief crime was, until the recent utterance, somewhat heated, of Senator Bristow, who declared that Mr. Ripley was a "poor politician." It is a shocking revelation and we never suspected it of the president. The awful truth is set forth with all the deplorable details in the following in the Kansas City Journal:

The moral status of Senator Bristow is well shown in the final triumphant charge which he makes against President Ripley at the close of the campaign. You always make your most serious charge, your most overwhelming accusation, your most conclusive argument just before voting time, and Senator Bristow on the day before yesterday inflated his lungs, jumped up into the air, cracked his heels together and bellowed forth his supreme arrangment, his final charge, "Mr. Ripley is a failure as a politician; even the politicians are better." This is the great crime of Ripley; this is the reason why all possible injury should be done the useful industry he represents; he is not a good politician. Don't you see? He may be a wise, truthful, useful, benevolent man, but he is a poor politician, a poor demagogue. That is, he is helpless. His facts may be what you call right, his figures right, his reasoning right; but for all that, there is nothing to fear; he is a poor politician. According to his lights, Bristow, who used to ride around on a free pass denouncing railroads; Bristow, who went whining to Long for one of those $7,500 canal jobs where you could draw your pay and do no work; Bristow, who took a republican election and worked all the time with the democrats—this Bristow, according to his lights, pronounces final judgment on Ripley; and the great moral shortcoming of Mr. Ripley is that he is no better politician than a jointist. How far will this argument go with the people of Kansas? Does Bristow know his audience?

Spain has reason for feeling anxious over the threat of a general strike, but there is as yet no sign that the military forces have been won away from the service of law and order by the forces of revolutionary anarchy, and under the direction of General Weyler the present prospects for the preservation of the state in Catalonia are good. To understand the situation in Catalonia it is essential that the unsatisfied political ambitions of the Catalonians be kept in mind. With some form of local self-government at Barcelona, in harmony with the ancient liberties of the province, the dangerous admixture of industrial and political issues would probably be far less menacing.

What do you know about Colonel Bejen? The Tribune, Col. W. M. Berger, editor, says: "If the delegates to the constitutional convention will insert a statewide prohibition article in the constitution of the state of New Mexico, forever prohibiting the legislature from passing any law permitting the manufacturing or sale of any spirituous liquors as a beverage in the new state, they will not only confer lasting honors upon themselves and their posterity, but they will place the new state in a position, financially and morally, to take a position second to none in the union."

Solos By the Second Fiddle

ET TU, Oyster Bay!

***

WILLIAM also Ran-dolph Hearst.

***

THE KING is dead. Long live Ananias.

***

PRESIDENT Taft said nothing. Why should he

***

WHERE, by the way, was Mr. Bryan when all this occurred?

***

"NEW NATIONALISM" had a disastrous collision with old scores.

***

DR. COOK, say his Eskimo friends, traveled in a circle. And he has been doing that ever since.

***

OF COURSE, it is barely possible that Champ Clark may drive those mules down Pennsylvania avenue yet.

***

TLASKA IS NOW hot after statehood. It was a sure thing that Pinney Rodey would start something up there.

***

WE SHALL have to admit that Governor Stover, Messrs. Spiess, Fall and others have the redeeming virtue of gallantry.

***

BULLY. Uncle Joe wor out again. Just as a complimentary recognition of his distinguished services, why not make him minority leader?

***

THE SHORT AND ugly epithet has lost a great deal of its force since the passing of the days when it meant a challenge to the field of combat.

***

OUR LEARNED friend, Dr. Woodrow Wilson, will now have a chance to apply differential calculus to that dear New Jersey where the corporations live.

***

ON SECOND thought, Mayor Gaynor's advice to a certain New York republican to pray may not be so droll as practical.

***

ONE WAY to dodge the anti-pass law is to get a job with a railroad and then die while on duty. The road may ship the body free.

***

IT SEEMS hardly probable that Manuel became unpopular through opposition to Portugal's ideas of relaxing domestic responsibilities.

***

THERE SEEMS," says Mr. Stimson, "to have been a general swell all over the country." No, esteemed sir, only general swell head in New York.

***

ROOSEVELT is quoted as saying that Tuesday's election was "only a step in the fixed program." If this is true it looks rather bilious for the republican party.

***

NORMAN E. Mack may feel comforted for the loss of the vote which he accidentally gave the straight republican ticket. The drinks, however, are on Mr. Mack.

***

STATISTICS comparing Washington's consumption of lobsters with that of New York would hardly sent out Mayor Gaynor's estimates of gayety in the Capital city.

***

THE REPUBLICANS got licked, says Chairman McKinley, because two thirds of the western vote stayed at home. Sort of walloped by default, as it were.

***

"IT IS A SAVE guess that our constitution will become more rotten as the constitutional convention continues to reject the will of the caucus (has it.—Evening Anarchist.

What you need is a bresh-mac "electric."

***

IT IS REPORTED that there are fewer desertions at western army posts. In this connection it is interesting that there have been no desertions from the New Mexico reformatory for a whole week.

***

AT THE ATLANTA race course the band played "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and then the drivers climbed into their machines. Quite a number of interesting comments could be based upon this, but the one which comes involuntarily is "Ugh!"

OVER $23,000 FOR COMMON SCHOOL INCOME FUND

Substantial Chunk of Money Received From Sale of New Mexico Public Lands; Official Notes of the Capital.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal]

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 9.—Governor Mills today received a U. S. treasury warrant for $23,291.48, being five per cent of the next proceeds of the sale of public lands in New Mexico for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1910. The money goes to the permanent common school income fund of the territory.

Territorial Funds.

Territorial Treasurer M. A. Otero today received $182.82 from Game Warden Thomas P. Gable.

Fined for Game Law Violation.

Game Warden Thomas P. Gable was notified today that Deputy Warden John L. Bryan, Jr., of Capitan, Lincoln county, arrested Frederick Bieter for having killed a wild turkey. Justice of the Peace Newton Kemp of Capitan, fined Bieter $50 and costs.

McKinley County School Census.

Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction J. E. Clark today received the school census of McKinley county which shows that outside of about 3,000 Indians of school age, it has 793 persons between the age of five and twenty-one, a gain of 53 over last year.

Notary Public.

Governor Mills today appointed Pablo A. Sena of Rowe, San Miguel county, a notary public.

Election Vouchers.

Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa has a large number of unclaimed checks due election and registration officers who have failed to return the vouchers sent them for signature.

Incorporation.

The Socorro Title Abstract company filed incorporation papers today in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa. The headquarters are at Socorro, the capitalization $5,000, divided into 500 shares. The subscribed capital is $2,000. The situtory agent is Byron S. Kipp and the incorporators and directors are Sylvester Kipp of Knoxville, Tennessee, 180 shares; Byron S. Kipp and Virgil S. Kipp of Socorro, 10 share each.

Military Reservation.

Adjutant General A. S. Brookes today received from the secretary of the interior word that he president will declare 6,540 acres in McFarland canon, in the Capitan mountains, Lincoln county, and partly in the Lincoln forest, a military reservation for the use of the artillery of the New Mexico National Guard.

Shipments of Stock.

E. E. Van Horn, inspector of the Cattle Sanitary board has returned from Stanley, southern Santa Fe county, where he inspected a car of horses shipped by William Valentine to Santa Fe, Ill. Tomorrow a car of cattle will be shipped from Stanley to Kansas City.

Withdrawal of Deposit Refused.

The Shawnee Fire Insurance company of Topeka, Kan., which recently failed, has requested the release of the deposit of $10,000 held by the territory, and Superintendent of Insurance Jacobo Chaves has today requested the territorial treasurer to withhold the same on account of the unsatisfactory condition of the reinsurance contract made with the National Fire Insurance company of Hartford, Conn, which is to assume all the liability of the Shawnee.

Yeoman Sued.

Papers have been served upon Superintendent of Insurance Jacobo Chaves as attorney for the Brotherhood of American Yeomen of Des Moines, Iowa. Suit is brought by Martin C. Estick of Roswell, N. M., to recover $1,000 on a contract covering disability.

SPLENDID BANQUET SERVED TO MASONS IN SANTA FE

Scottish Rite Reunion Function One of Most Brilliant and Enjoyable in History of the Order in New Mexico.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal]

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 9.—What was declared one of the most enjoyable banquets the Masons ever held in New Mexico was given here last night when the class of twenty-three Masons who have been taking higher degrees this week at the reunion here were feted and toasted at the Montezuma hotel.

The Masons were enthusiastic today in their expressions of the splendid success of the banquet which was attended by many men prominent in politics, law, medicine and other professions.

Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa was toastmaster and the speakers were Governor William J. Mills, Inspector General Harper S. Cunningham, Past Grand Master James H. Wroth, of Albuquerque; Past Grand Master James G. Fitch of Socorro; Deputy of the Inspector General R. H. Hanna, and Francisco C. Wilson.

Glowing under myriads of electric lights, the snowy linen contrasting with the floral decorations, and mirth and good fellowship flowing freely, the dining room was a sight that must have brought joy to every loyal Mason's heart.

It was a reunion which the newly initiated class could consider an inspiration and certainly the speakers who responded to the toasts announced by Mr. Jaffa did not fail to make the best of the opportunity.

To add to the pleasure of the occasion the viands were deliciously prepared by an expert chef and served with celerity. The hotel service is declared by the Albuquerque men to rival that of the Alvarado.

Today the class of twenty-three is receiving the highest degrees, the 32d and 33rd, called the ceremonial and official degrees. This will conclude the reunion which has been an exceptionally pleasant one, even the weather gods adding to the warmth of the hospitality extended by the Masons of Santa Fe.

The following is a complete list of the names and addresses of the members of the class which is to be known as "The Constitutional Convention Class:"

Carroll R. Dwire, Tres Piedras.
Otto E. Fell, East Las Vegas.
Siegfried Grunsfeld, Albuquerque.
Royal A. Prentice, Tucumcari.
Henry S. Van Petten, East Las Vegas.
Arthur H. G. Palmer, Mogollon.
William M. Thomas, Albuquerque.
Isaac Barth, Albuquerque.
Lucien B. Vick Roy, Santa Fe.
Seon Locke, Springer.
David E. Furnall, Duran.
Cole Railston, Magdalena.
James N. Upton, Deming.
Walter N. Jaffa, Albuquerque.
Albert R. Carter, Tucumcari.
Ellwood C. Erdis, Agricultural College.
Frank L. Edmisten, Santa Fe.
John I. Hinkle, Hagerman.
Alpheus A. Keen, Albuquerque.
Robert P. Voight, Chama.
Jesse L. Turner, Santa Rita.
Charles W. Price, Chrome, Colo.

DAM POSTOFFICE WILL BE HANDLING MAIL IN THE NEXT TWO WEEKS

El Paso, Nov. 9.—Within a few days Elephant Butte will be on the map as a fully equipped community, the postal department having ordered that a postoffice be established there. Mrs. C. M. Mills has been appointed postmaster and her bond has been executed and forwarded to Washington for approval. It is expected that the office will be authorized to handle mail within two weeks. The name of the office will be Elephant Butte.

W. M. Reed, who returned yesterday morning from the dam, reports that work has commenced on several houses which will be used for the accommodation of officials and employes. The houses are being constructed of adobe as an experiment in cost. If the result is satisfactory, a number of other buildings will be constructed of the same material. About 25,000 adobe bricks have already been manufactured.

The construction of the railroad grade is not complete up to the heavy rock work in the final three miles. Some labor difficulties have been satisfactorily settled and the work is now going forward rapidly. The entire grade will be completed within a month.

VOLLIE MUSGRAVE IS INDICTED IN CHAVES

Promoter of Wild West Shows Must Answer Charge of Cattle Stealing.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal]

Roswell, N. M., Nov. 9.—The Chaves county grand jury today returned twelve true bills, one being against Vollie Musgrave, of Arizona, charging him with the theft of two calves from El Capitan Land and Cattle company. The defendant is in jail under bond of $1,000, and the trial has been set for November 28. Musgrave is a promoter of wild west shows and a brother of the celebrated George Musgrave, who killed George Parker here fourteen years ago, and who was tried and convicted this summer. Musgrave's friends claim the indictment is spite work.

The pleasant purgative effect experienced by all who use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and the healthy condition of the body and mind which they create, makes one feel joyful. Sold by all druggists.

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Its purity is vouched for by physicians and pure food experts—no other beer has ever been able to match its quality either in private or public test.

Pabst
Blue Ribbon
The Beer of Quality

Wherever served—always the same—its purity unquestioned, its clearness undimmed—of the same wonderful quality which has won for it the prizes of the world. Its popularity is due to the successful and honest efforts of its makers to produce a pure, wholesome, refreshing beverage.

Made and Bottle Only by Pabst at Milwaukee

Try Pabst Blue Ribbon Beer to-day and prove for yourself how good it really is.

Phone the dealer below

The Meyers Co., Inc.
116-118 West Silver Ave.
Tel. 125

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From a loaf baked in our ovens tastes as good as any "mother used to make." It is easy enough to prove it. Just order us to leave you a nice fresh loaf every day for a week. After that we'll stop delivering any more if you say so, which you won't. Nobody who tries our bread ever thinks of stopping it.

PIONEER BAKERY
207 South First Street

THE PALACE HOTEL
Santa Fe, N. M.
First class in all respects. Rooms with private baths. Table unexcelled. Headquarters for Constitutional Convention.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Wall Street.

New York, Nov. 9.—The stock market demand, which, it was hoped, would be stimulated by the passing of the elections, failed to materialize today and selling to take profits had to be done on a descending scale of prices. A doubt took shape whether the demand for material from the railroads would take on large proportion while the question of higher freight rates is still open.

Suggestions of possible relief for the local money market by gold imports from Paris received little countenance from international bankers, one of the most prominent of them, newly arrived from a visit abroad, expressed his conviction that the price of capital is to remain higher and that corporations needing it will have to recognize the condition by selling securities, even those running for a long time, at reasonably low figures.

The German potash law was a specific cause for the weakness of the fertilizer stocks. The granting of higher freight charges in southwestern territory by the interstate commission was equally specific in strengthening the southern railway stocks.

Call money went no higher than 4 3-8 per cent and yielded to below 4 per cent. But time money rates were firmly held. The foreign exchange market was firmer at higher rate.

Final declines in the stock market reached from 2 to 3 1-2c for leading stocks.

Allis Chalmers pfd	31@ 34¾
Amalgamated Copper	68¾
American Agricultural	44½
American Beet Sugar	37¼
American Can	9½
American Car and Foundry	53
American Cotton Oil	64¾
American Hide and Leather pfd	21½
American Ice Securities	18¾
American Linseed	11⅝
American Locomotive	38
American Smelting and Refng.	79½
do pfd	106
American Steel Foundries	46½
American Sugar Refining	117
American Tel. and Tel.	141
American Tobacco, pfd	95½
American Woolen	32½
Anaconda Mining Co.	41½
Atchison	102
do pfd	100¾
Atlantic Coast Line	117
Baltimore and Ohio	107½
Bethlehem Steel	31¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	77
Canadian Pacific	196⅞
Central Leather	33⅞
do pfd	105¼
Central of New Jersey	275
Chesapeake and Ohio	81½
Chicago and Alton	30@ 43
Chicago Great Western	23¼
do pfd	46⅞
Chicago and Northwestern	147⅝
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	122¾
C., C., C. and St. Louis	64@ 67
Colorado Fuel and Iron	34⅝
Colorado and Southern	58¼
Consolidated Gas	135½
Corn Products	16½
Delaware and Hudson	167½
Denver and Rio Grande	32¼
do pfd	73¾
Distillers' Securities	32¼
Erie	29¼
do 1st pfd	48½
do 2nd pfd	36¾
General Electric	153
Great Northern pfd	125¾
Great Northern Ore Ctfs.	58½
Illinois Central	134
Interborough-Met.	21½
do pfd	56½
Inter Harvester	113
Inter-Marine pfd	16½
International Paper	12¾
International Pump	43
Iowa Central	20½
Kansas City Southern	32¾
do pfd	66
Laclede Gas	105¼
Louisville and Nashville	144
Minneapolis and St. Louis	31
Minn., St. P. and Sault St. M.	135¾
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	33½
do pfd	64¼
Missouri Pacific	49¾
National Biscuit	110
National Lead	58⅛
Nat'l Rys. of Mexico 2nd pfd	35¾
New York Central	113⅞
New York, Ontario and Western	43
Norfolk and Western	98¼
North American	65
Northern Pacific	117
Pacific Mail	31¼
Pennsylvania	129¾
People's Gas	106½
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	96
Pittsburg Coal	20
Pressed Steel Car	32¾
Pullman Palace Car	164
Railway Steel Spring	35
Reading	151
Republic Steel	34½
do pfd	97
Rock Island Co.	32¾
do pfd	63¼
St. Louis and San Fran. 2nd pfd	41½
St. Louis Southwestern	26
do pfd	59@69
Sloss Sheffield Steel and Iron	49¼
Southern Pacific	116¾
Southern Railway	27¼
do pfd	63¾
Tennessee Copper	36½
Texas and Pacific	26
Toledo, St. Louis and West.	26
do pfd	58½
Union Pacific	174
do pfd	91¾
United States Realty	69
United States Rubber	35½
United States Steel	78⅝
do pfd	117
Utah Copper	45⅝
Virginia Carolina Chemical	60¾
Wabash	17
do pfd	35¾
Western Maryland	46½
Westinghouse Electric	72¾
Western Union	71
Wheeling and Lake Erie	6

Total sales for the day, 837,200 shares.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales par value, $2,137,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Boston Closing Mining.

Allouez	44
Amalgamated Copper	68¾
Am. Zinc, Lead and Sm.	28¾
Arizona Commercial	17½
Atlantic	7
Bos. and Corb. Cop. and Sil. Mg.	17½
Butte Coalition	20
Calumet and Arizona	57
Calumet and Hecla	560
Centennial	21b
Copper Range Con. Co.	71
East Butte Cop. Mine	10½
Franklin	11½
Giroux Consolidated	72
Granby Consolidated	46
Greene Cananea	7⅝
Isle Royale (copper)	21½
Kerr Lake	6½
Lake Copper	23½
La Salle Copper	10⅝
Miami Copper	19⅞
Mohawk	56
Nevada Consolidated	26⅝
Nipissing Mines	11
North Butte	35
North Lake	3½
Old Dominion	42½
Osceola	130
Parrott (silver and cop.)	14
Quincy	77
Shannon	13¾
Superior	51½
Superior and Boston Min.	7⅞
Superior and Pitts. Cop.	14
Tamarack	60
U. S. Sm., Ref. and Min.	58
do pfd	48¾
Utah Consolidated	25
Utah Copper Co.	49½
Winona	9½
Wolverine	131

The Metals.

New York, Nov. 9.—Standard copper easy; spot, $12.45@12.65; November, $12.40@12.55; December, $12.45 @ 12.60; January, $12.50 @ 12.65 February, $12.60@12.75. London closed steady; spot, 157, 17s. 6d; futures, 158, 10s. 3d. Arrivals reported at New York today, 1,040 tons. Custom house returns show exports of 5,480 tons so far this month. Lake copper, $13.00@13.25; electrolytic, $12.87 1-2@13.12 1-2; casting, $12.50 @12.75.

Lead quiet, $4.40@4.50 New York; $4.27 1-2@4.32 1-2 East St. Louis. London, lead, 13l, 5s, 9d.

Spelter, quiet, $5.80@5.90 New York; $5.72 1-2@5.82 1-2 East St. Louis. London, £24, 2s, 6d.

Silver, 55 5-8c. Mexican dollars 47c.

St. Louis Spelter.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—Lead, $4.30. Spelter, higher, $5.85.

Chicago Board of Trade.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—With the world's stock of wheat showing a big increase today, the market weakened in a threatening manner. May wheat fluctuated from 94 1-4 to 95c, closing easy, 5-8c net lower at 94 3-4@7-8c.

May corn ranged from 48 1-4 to 48 3-4c and finished at 48 3-8@1-2c. No. 2 yellow closed at 50 1-2@3-4c.

Oats suffered a little in sympathy with corn. The main feature was the buying of December and the selling of May at 3c spread

Pork closed unchanged to 5@7 1-2c higher, lard 2 1-2c lower to 5c gain and ribs strung out from 2 1-2@5c less to an advance of 37 1-2c.

New York Exchange.

Chicago, Nov. 9—Exchange on New York, 10c discount.

New Orleans Cotton.

New Orleans, Nov. 9.—Cotton, middling, 14 1-2c.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—Wool, steady; medium grades, combing and clothing, 23 1-2@24 1-2c; light fine, 20@22c; heavy fine, 15@17; tub washed, 25@33c.

New York Cotton.

New York, Nov. 9.—Cotton closed steady at a net loss of 10 to 22 points.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Cattle, 25,000; weak to shade lower; beeves, $4.50@7.55; Texas steers, $4.10@5.50; western steers, $4.10@6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@5.65; cows and heifers, $2.25@6.40; calves, $7.50@10.25.

Hogs, 23,000; 10c lower; light, $7.70 @8.05; mixed, $7.55@8.20; heavy, $7.35@8.20; rough, $7.35@7.55; good to choice heavy, $7.55@8.20; pigs, $7.25@7.90; bulk, $7.75@8.05.

Sheep, 45,000; weak to 10c lower; native, $2.50@4.20; western, $2.60@4.20; yearlings, $4.30@5.40; lambs, native, $4.75@6.60; western, $4.75@6.50.

Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, Nov. 9.—Cattle, 14,000, including 600 southerns; steady to 10c lower; native steers, $5@7.25; southern steers, $4@6.25; southern cows, $2.75@4.50; native cows and heifers, $2.75@6.25; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.25; bulls, $3.25@4.50; calves, $4@8; western steers, $4@5.75; western cows, $2.75.

Hogs—6,000; 10 to 15c lower; bulk, $7.90@8.15; heavy, $7.90 @ 8.05; packers and butchers, $8@8.15; light, $8.10@8.20.

Sheep, 15,000; steady to 10c lower; muttons, $3.50@4.25; lambs, $5@6.40; fed wethers and yearlings, $3.50@4.75; fed western ewes, $3.25@3.90.

PHENOMENAL STRIKE OF RICH GOLD ORE MADE IN YAVAPAI COUNTY

Prescott, Ariz., Nov. 5.—A phenomenal strike of a rich gold vein in Crook Canyon is one of the results of intelligently prospecting of that section of Yavapai county. Mexican miners have discovered and opened an entirely new ledge, four to five feet in width, carrying eight inch paystreak of oxidized ore. It is now opened along the surface for a distance of 400 feet. They have ready and are shipping twenty-one tons of sacked ore to the Venezia stamp mill for treatment.

The ore shows gold values to a surprising degree, every piece is a specimen and the quartz, which is a brownish-red is simply an oxidization of what was one time a heavy iron sulphide, the iron having leached away and left the bright gold showing wherever a particle of pyrites once existed. The new find is located less than one mile in a westerly direction from the mill and a good pack trail has been constructed for transportation of the ore. As the gold is practically all free, a careful mill run will be made by crushing in the batteries and the gold plated and after passed over the Wilfleys for concentration, and tailings will be saved and if of sufficient value, will be sacked and shipped to the smelter. Repeated sampling and assays show the ore to carry from $300 to $1,000 per ton. This is just as it is sacked from the streak.

Seven men are employed in mining and regular shipments will be made by the owners. A sack of the ore, although honeycombed and porous, weighs 110 to 115 pounds to the sack as weighed at the mill.

It is singular that this vein has never previously been even scratched anywhere on the surface. Rich pieces of float have been found from time to time in this immediate vicinity, but no discovery made of the true vein. It is regarded as a very important strike by those who have been on the ground and examined it, for it has an air of permanency and regularity that insures the mining of a good tonnage. At any rate the owners can safely count on taking out a pretty fair stake, from what they have already opened.

Your cough annoys you. Keep on hacking and tearing the delicate membranes of your throat if you want to be annoyed. But if you want relief, want to be cured, take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Sold by all druggists.

LAS CRUCES WOMAN CAME TO EL PASO IN STRENUOUS EARLY DAYS

El Paso, Nov. 6.—Mrs. John L. May of Las Cruces, who is now the guest of her daughter, Mrs. August Andreas at El Paso, has had an interesting experience in the southwest, and is one of the pioneers of this country. Mrs. May left St. Louis on November 3, 1853, a young girl, her maiden name being Elizabeth Rohman. The party with which she traveled went to New Orleans by river steamboat, from New Orleans to Galveston by ship, and then took the overland route.

At San Antonio they engaged passage on the old Concord stage under Captain Skillman for the long trip to El Paso del Norte. The ay the stage was to leave reports of marauding Indians reached the post quarters and the driver of the stage at first refused to allow the young girl to make the trip. He was, however, finally persuaded to let her go and the party started. On the trip, while not meeting any warring Indians, they had several scares, but finally arrived in El Paso del Norte, now known as Juarez, January 3, 1854, exactly two months from the day of their departure from St. Louis, and three weeks from the time they left San Antonio.

Miss Rohman was the first American woman to set foot in El Paso del Norte, where her party remained for three months. Her uncle, A. R. Rohman, with his partner, was running the only store in the town. Later his family moved across the river to Franklin, now El Paso. Here again Miss Rohman was one of the first American women, her aunt and her cousin accompanying her.

They remained in Franklin for a year and a half and then went to Las Cruces, seeing the first American flag unfurled at Mesilla in 1855. They remained in Las Cruces only a short time and then continued to Dona Ana, where Miss Rohman was married on November 3, 1856, to John L. May, her wedding day being the same day and month of the third year after her departure from her home in St. Louis. After her marriage, Mrs. May and her husband moved to Las Cruces and with the exception of a few years in Mora and one other absence, she has resided there ever since.

Their first home was where the Rio Grande hotel in Las Cruces was built, and Mrs. May was still living there when the workmen commenced to dismantle the building the first of this week. In 1861 the hotel was turned into officers' quarters for the troops then stationed here, and in 1871 Mrs. May and her husband started as hotelkeepers.

Mrs. May has a remarkable memory and can give even the minutest details of the happening of the early days in this section of the country. As a boy Senator Elkins of West Virginia made his home at their house and was practically reared by Mrs. May, being treated as one of her own boys, and his name is on the original deed of the Rio Grande hotel property, executed to the Mays in 1864, as a witness.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.

LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world-wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature, E. W. GROVE. 25 cents.

We board and care for horses The best of care guaranteed. W. L. Trimble & Co. 113 North Second St

Try a Journal Want Ad, Results

LEGAL NOTICES

ESTRAY ADVERTISEMENT.

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Andres Lucero Alameda, to-wit: One blue roan stallion, 6 years old, weighs 1300 pounds. Brand left hip: Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by owner on or before Dec. 1st, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,
Albuquerque, N. M.

Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the District Court.
W. E. Burbank, Plaintiff; vs. Ynes Paller Burbank, Defendant.—No. 8959.

NOTICE OF SUIT.

To Ynes Paller Burbank, the above named defendant:

You are hereby notified that a suit has been filed against you in the above named court and county by the above named plaintiff, in which the said plaintiff prays for an absolute divorce on the grounds of abandonment and adultery. And you are further notified that unless you enter or cause to be entered your appearance in said cause in said court on or before the seventeenth day of December, 1910, a decree pro confesso will be taken against you and the relief prayed for will be granted. Plaintiff's attorney is Mr. T. N. Wilkerson, whose postoffice address is Albuquerque, N. M.

(Seal) THOS. K. D. MADDISON,
Clerk District Court

Oct-20,27—Nov-3,10

Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the District Court.
Juanita Aragon Grates, Plaintiff; vs. Jacob Grates.—No. 8472.

NOTICE OF SUIT.

To Jacob Grates, the above named defendant:

You are hereby notified that a suit has been filed against you in the above named court and county by the above named plaintiff, in which the said plaintiff prays for an absolute divorce on the ground of abandonment. And you are further notified that unless you enter or cause to be entered your appearance in said cause in said court on or before the seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1910, a decree pro confesso will be taken against you and the relief prayed for will be granted. Plaintiff's attorney is Mr. T. N. Wilkerson, whose postoffice address is Albuquerque, N. M.

(Seal) THOS. K. D. MADDISON,
Clerk.

Oct-20,27—Nov-3,10

READ The Wants Today

COLBURN'S EMPLOYMENT
210 West Silver Ave.
Phone 354.

WANTED—Railroad laborers; good iron moulders and carpenters; nurse girl for two small children.

LEGAL NOTICES

Notice.

In the District Court of Torrance County, New Mexico.

Willard Lumber Company, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. G. T. McNeeley, defendant. } No. 161.

By virtue of an execution in my hands, issued out of the District Court of the First Judicial District, of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the County of Torrance, in the above named suit, duly attested the 24th day of October, 1910, whereby I am commanded that of the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of G. T. McNeely in this county, I cause to be made the sum of $558.14 damages and $22.50 costs of suit, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said G. T. McNeely, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the County of Torrance and Territory of New Mexico, viz: Lots one (1) and two (2) in block thirteen (13) in the Williams Addition to the town of Willard, New Mexico, together with all the improvements and buildings thereon.

Now therefore, I Julius Meyer, sheriff of the County of Torrance, will offer for sale and sell at the east door of the court house in Estancia, New Mexico on the 26th day of December, 1910, at 10 o'clock in the morning of the said day, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, at public sale, the following described property to-wit: Lots one and two in block thirteen in the Williams Addition to the town of Willard, New Mexico, together with all the improvements and buildings thereon; the funds derived from the said sale to be used in the payment of all costs of the sale and the suit and the remainder to the payment of the above mentioned plaintiff, the sum of $558.14, damages, and $22.50 costs of suit, which by the judgment of our district court within and for the County of Torrance and Territory of New Mexico in Santa Fe in said territory, on the 24th day of October, 1910, the Willard Lumber Company, a corporation, plaintiff, recovered against the said G. T. McNeely, defendant, with interest on the same from the 24th day of October, 1910 until paid at the rate of 10 per cent per annum.

Dated at Estancia, New Mexico, this 28th day of October, 1910.

Julius Meyer, Sheriff.

Nov. 10-11-17.

Notice to Creditors.

To the Stockholders and Creditors of the New Mexico National Life Insurance Company:

You are hereby notified that, on the 21st day of October, 1910, an order was made by the Honorable District Court within and for Chaves County, New Mexico, in a cause therein pending, wherein R. P. Bean is plaintiff and The New Mexico National Life Insurance Company, a corporation, is defendant, being cause No. 1398, on the docket of said court, by which order the undersigned was appointed as Receiver for the defendant company, and directed to sue for, collect, and take into possession all the goods and chattels, rights and credits, moneys, notes and property of every description of the said corporation.

You are further notified that an additional order was made in the same cause on November 2, 1910, requiring all creditors of, and claimants against, the defendant corporation to present their claims to the Receiver, duly verified, for allowance or rejection, on or prior to the 15th day of January, 1911; giving to the owner or owners of any claim rejected by the receiver the right of establishing its justness by proof to the court to be made on or before said date.

All creditors and claimants must, therefore, procure an allowance of their demands against said corporation, by the receiver, or make proof of the justness thereof to the court, on or before January 15th, 1911, else they will be precluded and thereafter barred from participating in the distribution of the assets of said defendant company.

By order of the Court.

Witness my hand, this 5th day of November, 1910.

WILLIAM A. DUNN,
Roswell, New Mexico,
Receiver.

Nov. 10-17

BIDS WANTED

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners of Bernalillo County, New Mexico, up to 10 o'clock in the forenoon of Monday, November 14, 1910, at the Court House of said county, for the making of a survey of all lands held in private ownership in the Rio Grande Valley in said county (except lands in the City of Albuquerque and platted additions thereto), and also bids for the making of a complete survey of all the lands held in private ownership in said county (except lands in the City of Albuquerque and platted additions thereto), together with township plats and a complete map of the county. Said work to be done in accordance with specifications on file with the clerk of said board, at the Court House, and under the supervision of the Board of County Commissioners or some person designated by said board. Each bidder will be required to deposit with the clerk of the said board a certified check, payable to the order of the chairman of the board, on some local bank of Albuquerque, N. M., in the sum of 10 per cent of the amount of his bid, said check to be forfeited to Bernalillo County in the event of the bidder failing to enter into a contract for said work should the contract be awarded to him.

The successful bidder will be required to give a bond, satisfactory to the Board of County Commissioners, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS

MONEY TO LOAN.

On Furniture, Pianos, Organs, Horses, Wagons and other Chattels; also on Salaries and Warehouse Receipts, as low as $10.00 and as high as $150.00. Loans are quickly made and strictly private. Time—one month to one year given. Goods to remain in your possession. Our rates are reasonable. Call and see us before borrowing. Steamship tickets to and from all parts of the world.

THE HOUSEHOLD LOAN COMPANY.
Rooms 3 and 4, Grant Bldg.
PRIVATE OFFICES.
OPEN EVENINGS.
403½ West Central Avenue

M'CLUGHAN & DEXTER.
Real Estate and Insurance.
319 West Central. Phone 111.

We would like to list that empty house or furnished room you have. We can rent them for you.

HELP WANTED—Male

YOU are wanted for government position; $80 month. Write for list of positions open. Franklin Institute, Dept. 237-Y, Rochester, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED—Experienced saleslady at Rosenwald's.

WANTED—Experienced saleswoman. Apply at Economist.

WANTED—Experienced cook. Good wages. Address, P. O. Box No. 412.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply, 807 N. Eighth.

WANTED—Dining-room girl; also cook. Apply Home Restaurant.

WANTED—Experienced makers millinery department. Mrs. A. L. Ballow, 118 S. 4th.

WANTED—Dining room girl. Apply 222 West Silver.

WANTED—Girl, 12 to 14 years, to help in curio store. John Lee Clarke.

WANTED—Positions

WANTED—Sewing by the day or take it home. Address 202 East Cromwell.

WANTED—Day work by colored woman. Phone 1477.

WANTED—Sewing by the day or chambermaid work. Apply Vene Male, 408 North Broadway.

WANTED—Boarders

FIRST class accommodations with full board for couple or single gentlemen. Electric light, bath; centrally located. Phone 842.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Gentle saddle pony for keep this winter. Best care. Address, 996 E. Copper.

WANTED—Second hand sacks. Hahn coal yards.

WANTED—Good driving horse for his keeping. H. T. Jones, Journal Office.

WANTED—Dressmaking of all kinds. Evening dresses a specialty. Prices reasonable. Upstairs. 509 S. Broadway.

WANTED—Dressmaking of all kinds. Evening dresses a specialty. Prices reasonable. Upstairs. 509 S. Broadway.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous

FOR RENT—The second floor of the Strong block, 32 rooms; newly repapered and repainted; two baths, two toilets, all in first-class condition; rent reasonable. Just the proposition for first-class rooming house or hotel. Apply Strong Bros

FOR RENT—Mansard mill. Inquire, Mrs. Chas. Mansard, 623 N. Second street, Albuquerque, N. M.

FOR RENT—First class alfalfa pasture. Inquire Passmore & Son.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FOR RENT—Sanitary and modern rooms Rio Grande, 519 W. Central.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms; steam heat; close in; for gentlemen. Phone 187; 623 N. Second.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms at Y. W. C. A. Home, 217 S. Fourth. Arranged with single beds and two dressers for two girls or furnished for single occupancy if preferred.

GO to the Graystone, 218 1-2 W. Gold ave. for room and board, home cooking; rates $1.00 per day and up, centrally located.

FOR RENT—Two light housekeeping rooms, electric light, hot and cold water, use of phone and bath. 410 S. Edith.

FOR RENT—2 nicely furnished rooms with use of phone. Call at 703 So. High.

FOR RENT—Large furnished room; electric light, use of bath and phone. 223 N. Fourth street.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room; modern; no sick. 111 S. Walter.

FOR RENT—Modern outside rooms; reasonable. State Hotel, formerly Golden Rule, 221½ W. Central, corner Fourth.

FOR RENT—Pleasant sunny room in modern home. 212 S. High.

FOR RENT—Furnished room for refined gentleman. 412 North 4th street.

FOR RENT—Large nicely furnished room; new; modern home; bath; heat. 512 N. Fourth street.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished rooms. 410 E. Central; phone 532.

FOR RENT—A sunny, nicely furnished and modern room in a refined home; lady or gentleman. Apply 216 W. Tijeras.

MISCELLANEOUS

W. A. GOFF will set up your stoves and repair them. Phone 568.

Journal Want Ads Get Results

STORAGE

WANTED—Pianos, household goods, etc., stored safely at reasonable rates. Advances made. Phone 540 The Security Warehouse and Improvement Co. Offices, rooms 2 and 4, Grant Block Third street and Central avenue.

FOR SALE—Real Estate

FOR SALE—Six acres of the best land in this valley; close in. Terms and price right. Nice location for suburban home. Hunsaker & Thaxton, 204 W. Gold.

Steele & Co., 120 W. Gold.
Office of Building Inspector.

EVERYBODY that wants a new home wants it in the swell West End and wants it built to order. I am building 57 beautiful up-to-date homes. Come and see some of the plans before investing elsewhere. It costs no more to build a new house than to buy an old one. Mine are built to order and sold on very easy terms. J. B. Burg, 215 W. Gold avenue.

FOR SALE—6½ acres; alfalfa and garden, fruit, 2-room house, 2¼ miles north of town; $1,800. A. Montoya, 108 S. Third.

FOR SALE—40 acres; mostly in alfalfa; modern buildings, etc.; fine place; $4,600. A. Montoya, 108 S. Third.

FOR SALE—Three-room house and lot, 47x150; large porch. See this for a bargain. 712 E. Grand avenue.

FOR SALE—200 acres raw land, level, fenced, under main ditch, 3 miles from city; $50 per acre. A. Montoya, 108 S. Third.

FOR SALE—One-room tent house, furnished. 711 W. Slate.

FOR SALE—For less than cost of improvements, a well built 3-room house, furnished; four 50-foot lots, stocked, good outbuildings and good pumping system; part cash and time to suit purchaser on balance. Apply to Owner, 1318 S. High st.

FOR SALE—Rooming house, 23 rooms, well furnished and clean, doing good business; close in. This is splendid opportunity; must go this week. John M. Moore Realty company.

FOR SALE—Cheap, four rooming houses, all newly furnished; in a good city and a fine climate. Address People's Furniture Co., San Bernardino, Cal.

FOR SALE—Twenty-acre placer mining claim; four years' assessment work done and recorded. Plenty of water; 3-room shack. See John M. Moore Realty Co.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—Furniture at private sale; party leaving city. 420 South Arno.

FOR SALE—Furniture team, fine driving mares, either single or double; also, harness and wagon, almost new. 320 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—Pure blooded cockrels. Prices from $1 to $10. N. W. Alger, 124 S. Walter.

ALLEN'S HONEY—10 lb pail extracted, $1.00; 60 lb. cans extracted, $5.00; prices given on large amounts of comb, or extracted, by return mail. Box 202, Albuquerque, N. M.

FOR SALE—Livestock

BEST long distance saddle horse in territory; blood bay, 15 hands high, 8 years old; a beauty; good cow horse; well broke; price, $50. No. 517 W. Silver avenue.

FOR SALE—Carload Jersey cows and heifers; some fresh soon, others early spring. High grades and gentle. $42.50 f. o. b. cars, Bovina, Texas. F. W. Jersig.

FOR SALE—Large pony, cheap; ride or drive, gentle. 809 E. Iron avenue.

BUSINESS CHANCES

$1.25 PER WORD inserts classified ads in 38 leading papers in the U. S. Send for list. The Dake Advertising Agency, 482 S. Main St., Los Angeles, or 12 Geary St., San Francisco.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST — Laprobe Tuesday between Central and foundry. Return to Keicher, 408 W. Central. Reward.

LOST OR STRAYED—$5 reward. Small white dog, yellow and black spots. Return to W. H. McMillion, 211 West Gold.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—Sorrel colt, 5 months old. Communicate with Carlota Schumanders, Indian School

FOR RENT—Dwellings

FOR RENT—Cottages, 2 to 6 rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply W. V. Futrelle, Denver Hotel.

FOR RENT—Four-room house. Modern; 1½ blocks from Central avenue, Highlands. Inquire, 910 N. First.

FOR RENT—Three-room furnished cottage; sleeping porch. 1204 S. Edith.

FOR RENT—Five-room modern brick house on East Silver avenue. Large lot and plenty of shade. Apply, 116 W. Gold avenue.

FOR RENT—Four-room house with bath and water. 1004 S. Broadway.

FOR RENT—3 room brick house, close in; modern. 2, 4 and 5 room houses in all parts of the city. John M. Moore Realty company.

$12.60, FOR 3 room furnished cottage in Highlands. John M. Moore Realty company.

FOR RENT—Seven-room house; bath and bathhouse; block from Lyceum. Inquire, 307 S. Edith.

UNFURNISHED tent house, 100 x 140 feet, floors, outbuildings, fenced. Cheap to good tenant. M. F. W., Journal Office.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ASSAYERS

W. JENKS—
Assayer.
Mining and Metallurgical Engineer.
609 West Fruit Avenue.
Postoffice Box 173, or at office of R. H. Kent, 112 South Third Street.

ATTORNEYS

R. W. D. BRYAN—
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in First National Bank Building, Albuquerque, N. M.

Jno. W. Wilson Jno. A. White
WILSON & WHITE,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Rooms 15-17-19, Cromwell Building

DENTISTS

DR. J. E. KRAFT—
Dental Surgeon.
Rooms 2-3, Barnett Building. Phone 744. Appointments made by mail.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

A. G. SHORTEL, M. D.—
Practice Limited to Tuberculosis.
Hours: 10 to 12.
Rooms 8-9-10 State Nat'l Bank Bldg.

SOLOMON L. BURTON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Suite 9, Barnett Bldg

L. T. RICHIE, M. D.
Practice limited to eye, ear nose and throat.
Rooms 15 and 16, GRANT BUILDING

ARTHUR E. WALKER
Fire Insurance. Secretary Mutual Building Association. Phone 595. 217½ West Central Avenue

W. L. TRIMBLE & CO.
115 North Second Street.
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables. First Class Turnouts at Reasonable Rates. Telephone 3 - North Second Street

DAILY MAIL SERVICE AND STAGE For the famous Hot Springs of Jemez, N. M. Leave Albuquerque P. O. every morning at 5 a. m. Tickets sold at Valo Bros., 307 North First St. GAVINO GARCIA, proprietor and mail contractor. P. O. Box 54, 1301 S. Arno.

Hudson for Signs
Wall Paper
HUDSON Fourth
for Picture Street and
Frames Copper Ave

SANTA FE TIME TABLE

(In Effect January 9, 1910)

	Arrive	Depart
WESTBOUND		
No. 1. Cal. Express.	7:45p	8:30p
No. 3. Cal. Limited	11:00a	11:05a
No. 7. Mex. & Cal. Ex.	10:55p	11:40p
No. 9. Cal. Fast Mail	11:50p	12:45a
EASTBOUND		
No. 2. Tourist Ex.	3:55p	4:20p
No. 4. Chi. Ltd.	5:35p	6:05p
No. 8. Eastern Ex.	6:45p	7:25p
No. 10. Overland Ex.	8:00a	8:25a
El Paso Trains		
No. 809. Mexico Ex.		12:20a
No. 815. El Paso Pass.		8:20a
No. 810. Kan. City & Chi.	5:05a	
No. 816. Kan. City & Chi.	6:35p	
Roswell and Amarillo		
No. 811. Pecos Val. Ex.		3:20a
No. 812. Albu. Ex.	11:40p	

WILLIAM HALFOUR, Agent.

FOR SALE

$3000—7 acres of good land, north of city, close in; good six room house, large barn suitable for dairy.

$850—4 room frame, good outbuildings, shade trees, Highlands; easy terms.

$1000—5 room, frame, modern, S. Broadway, close in, easy terms.

$900—2 room, shingle roof adobe, shade trees, corner lot, Highlands, close in, easy terms.

$3,900—6-room brick; modern, corner lot; good shade, Fourth ward; close in.

$3,600—7-room 2-story frame; modern; lot 100x150; lawn, shade and fruit trees; Fourth ward.

MONEY TO LOAN.
FIRE INSURANCE.
A. FLEISCHER
New Address:
111 South 4th Street
Next to New Postoffice
Phone 674.

MADAME DRAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.

Journal Want Ads Get Results

GEO. W. HICKOX COMPANY
New Mexico's Pioneer Jewelers.
WATCH INSPECTORS FOR SANTA FE AND COAST LINES.
FINE WATCH REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.
THE ARCH FRONT 115 SO. SECOND ST.

CRESCENT HARDWARE CO.
Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery and tools, Iron Pipe Valves and Fittings, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work
318 WEST CENTRAL AVENUE. PHONE 318

Saturday Night
Is the close of the great advertising price on
Arnold's Best Flour
After that date the price will be twenty-five cents more for a large sack. Many that have tried one sack have come back for the full limit—four large sacks to a family.
Remember there is no risk. You must be pleased or your money back.
Rose's Rolled Rye for breakfast, two packages for twenty-five cents is another article you should phone us for at the same time.

Ward's Store
Homer H. Ward, Mgr.
15 Marble Ave., Phone 206

THE WM. FARR COMPANY
Wholesale and retail dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats. Sausage a specialty. For cattle and hogs the biggest market prices are paid.

Wallace Hesselden
General Contractors.
Figures and workmanship count. We guarantee more for your money than any other contracting firm in Albuquerque. Office at the Superior Planing Mill. Phone 377.

Standard Plumbing & Heating COMPANY
412 W. Central Avenue.
Prompt and careful Attention to All Orders
TELEPHONE 61.

ALBUQUERQUE FOUNDRY and MACHINE WORKS
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.
Iron and Brass Castings.
Machinery Repairs.

HUBBS LAUNDRY WHITE WAGONS

E. Fourneile
Contractor and Builder.
Job Work Promptly Attended to.
Phone 1065.

OUR MILK AND CREAM
is Produced and Handled Under the Strictest Sanitary Conditions of Modern Dairying.
The Matthew Dairy & Supply Co.
Phone 420. 1700 North Fourth Street.

CHARLES ILFELD CO.
Wholesalers of Everything
LAS VEGAS SANTA ROSA ALBUQUERQUE

Do You Realize How Many Well-Dressed Men
you meet every day are dressed in STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES, either suits or overcoats? The best dressed business man in this town wears a STEIN BLOCH business sack suit that he tried on and purchased in this store.
You are not wise if you do not look into this. Money will be saved you and the fit and style of your clothes will satisfy you. Fall and winter styles in proper weights, fresh patterns and the best fashion of the day are ready for you to try on. Think this matter over from all points of view.
SUITS $18 to $35
OVERCOATS $12.50 to $30
Holeproof Hosiery for Gentlemen and Ladies, 25c and 50c
Mail Orders Promptly Filled
E. L. WASHBURN CO.
122 South Second Street
119 W. Gold Ave.

Strong Brothers
Undertakers and Embalmers
Prompt service day or night.
Telephone, No. 75. Res., 506.
Strong Blk., Copper and Second

In the event that you should not receive your morning paper, telephone the POSTAL TELEGRAPH CO., giving your name and address and the paper will be delivered by a Special Messenger. The telephone is No. 98.
$5.00—REWARD—$5.00
The above reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of anyone caught stealing copies of the Morning Journal from the doorways of subscribers.
JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

LOCAL NEWS OF INTEREST

Forecast.

Washington, Nov. 9.—New Mexico and West Texas—Fair Thursday; colder in south portion; Friday fair.

Arizona—Fair Thursday and Friday.

Glorieta Beer; you'll relish its class as you sip from the glass. Phone 57 and 58.

Walton, photographer, offers special rates during November.

Col. William Dreyer of Belen is a visitor in the city.

Pat Graham left yesterday morning for Bland, N. M., where he will go on a hunting trip into the mountains.

There will be a meeting of the county commissioners Monday morning at 10 o'clock at the court house.

There will be a regular meeting of Cottonwood Grove No. 2, Woodmen Circle this evening at 7:30 in Odd Fellows' hall.

Mrs. Alfred Grunfeld will return to Albuquerque next Wednesday after spending a year and a half in Berlin, Paris and other cities on the continent.

Stated convocation of Rio Grande Chapter No. 4, R. A. M., this evening. All visiting companions are welcome. H. S. Kelly at 7:30. H. F. Harry Dexter, secretary.

Halloween and world's temperance day will be observed at the Baptist church Sunday morning and evening. At the eleven o'clock service the Sunday school will observe rally day and at the evening service the world's temperance day will be observed. Interesting programs have been arranged for both services. Prof. Strange will speak on temperance. A cordial invitation is extended friends of the school to attend both services.

There will be an important meeting of Albuquerque Council, Knights of Columbus, in K. C. hall tonight, beginning at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.

The condition of Henry Abell, the Santa Fe engineer who was accidentally shot at Belen Monday night, was reported to be quite serious last night and grave fears are still entertained for his recovery.

A carload of grapes en route from California to New York, was wrecked between Cerrillos and Lamy yesterday morning. The several hundred baskets of grapes saved from the wreck were sold to L. B. Putney, the local wholesale house.

The card party and entertainment given by the Woman's Catholic Order of Foresters in Knights of Columbus hall last evening proved to be one of the most enjoyable affairs of the season. The party was largely attended and every one had a pleasant time.

Mr. Samuel French is in the city from Ashtabula, O., coming for the purpose of attending the celebration of the golden wedding of his sister, Mrs. N. W. Alger, which occurred last evening. While in Albuquerque Mr. French will be the guest of his sister, Mrs. G. S. Ramsay.

Magdalena Baca was nominated for justice of the peace and Mariano Brown for constable by the People's Party in Precinct 15, Old Albuquerque, last night. The meeting to nominate candidates was called by Donaciano Torres and a large number of voters attended. T. B. Duran was permanent chairman and D. E. Salas secretary of the meeting.

Many ladies are getting the dollars in the thirty minutes' give away at the Gem nightly.

Beauty Culturist, Masseuse.

Miss H. V. Moore has opened her parlor at room 38 Barnett building, or she will call at private residence, by appointment. Phone 906.

See those imp. pictures at the Gem.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED MOURNING DEATH OF JAMES McCORRISTON

At a meeting of Albuquerque Lodge, No. 461, B. P. O. E., held in the Elks' lodge room last night resolutions were unanimously adopted expressing regret because of the death of James McCorriston, who died some two weeks ago. The resolutions were prepared by a committee consisting of P. P. McCanna, Frank McKee and O. N. Marron, and are as follows:

"Whereas, The Grand Exalted Ruler of the destinies of the universe, in whose thoughts, held imprisoned from eternity, is the giving or the taking of the essence of life, has caused a demit from association with us to the Lodge Eternal beyond the sepulchre to be given to our Brother, James McCorriston;

"Be it resolved, That while dwelling with us here, Brother McCorriston faithfully fulfilled every relation of life, in accordance with the charitable and benevolent principles taught by our order.

"That in him and in his life were typified and exemplified that fraternity, that charity, and that benevolence, the triple alliance, the practice of which makes for the best in man, the worthy Elk.

"Be it resolved, That we deeply mourn the severing of the fraternal relations and that we will cherish the memory of our Brother who has laid down the cares and sorrows of this life, and whose loss, both in example and in active participation in our fraternal work is irreparable indeed.

"P. P. McCANNA,
"FRANK McKEE,
"O. N. MARRON,
"Committee."

Ladies' matinee at the Gem every day is being well attended.

The Gem and the jam.

NOTICE.

To the Public

There is an individual now traveling out of this city who represents himself as "connected with the Imperial Laundry." No such person has any connection with the Imperial Laundry, financial or otherwise.
THE IMPERIAL LAUNDRY CO.,
W. L. FISCHER, Manager.

The smart set at the Gem.

ROY L. CROUCH
JEWELER
A little early for holiday talk? Yes, but we want you to know that we are now receiving new things for Christmas and are displaying them in our cases and windows. Early shoppers will find much to interest them here.
205 West Central - - - - - Phone 525.

DR. C. H. CONNER
Physician and Surgeon
OSTEOPATH
All acute and chronic diseases treated.
Office: Stern Building, corner Fourth and Central avenue.

DR. J. O. SCHWENTKER
OSTEOPATH
Office: Suite 5, N. T. Armijo Bldg. Telephone 717.
Hours: 9-12 a. m.; 1-5, 7-8 p. m.

HAVE you seen our latest work and investigated our special Xmas inducements?
Our new styles are the finest ever shown, and will make your loved ones glad for a long time—and then our prices will make you glad.
W. M. GRAY
"The Busy Photographer."
215 W. Central Ave.—Phone 522

SAMPLE LINE OF CHINA
Just received a complete line of samples. Something exceedingly nice. Since this lot was purchased at a big discount f. o. b. Albuquerque, we can offer some exceedingly good bargains. Many of these pieces are now on sale in Albuquerque at 50 per cent more than our price. If you are an admirer of this kind of goods come and look them over.
STRONG'S BOOK STORE
206 West Central Ave.

THE TREASURER'S REPORT WILL BE PUBLISHED

County Official's Showing for October Read at Commercial Club Meeting; Suggestions Are Plentiful.

It having been suggested that the monthly statement of the county treasurer be published in the city newspapers, and that the public generally be given an opportunity to peruse it every month, County Treasurer E. Pinney furnished the Commercial club with a copy of his statement for October, and it was read at the "idea swapping" meeting Tuesday night. This monthly statement, which is made out regularly by the treasurer, gives detailed figures showing the disposition of the moneys in each of the county funds or accounts during the month, and its publicity will assist the members of the club in their campaign for a more prosperous county, better roads and so forth. The disposition of the road fund just at this time, when good roads are such a live issue, is of especial interest to the public. Hereafter the Morning Journal will publish the monthly statement in full. Lack of space this week makes it possible only to extract a few figures of interest, and the recapitulation. These figures are as follows, giving the name of the fund or account, receipts and disbursements during the month and the balances as of October 31, 1910:

General county fund — Receipts, $27,542; balance October 31, $27,542.

Court fund—Receipts, $23,654; payments, $895.18; balance, $497.96.

Roads and bridges — Balance, $108.45.

General road fund — Receipts, $161.56; payments, $507.75; balance, $6,214.79.

Bridge building and repair fund—Balance, $5,869.22.

Flood fund—Balance, $1,666.16.

Bridge fund—Balance, $2.48.

Camino Real—Balance, $1,594.60.

Road district No. 1—Payments, $52.91; balance, $594.25; district No. 2, payments, $57.13; balance, $163.26; district No. 3, payments, $494.30; balance, $681.86; total paid out in three districts, $604.34; total balance, $1,439.41.

The recapitulation is as follows:

Balance October 1	$81,678.35
Receipts during month	7,674.60
	$89,352.95
Disbursements during month	25,265.60
Cash on hand October 31..	64,087.35
	$89,352.95

The fact that the full election returns demanded all the space made it impossible to give a detailed account of the Tuesday meeting of the club in yesterday morning's paper. All kinds of suggestions were discussed, among those participating in the exchange of ideas being Road Supervisor T. J. Bryant, who reported that Government Road Expert McClure had endorsed as a road binder the gas tar offered the county by the local gas works; D. B. Keller, who had a short paper on the possibilities of the Rio Grande soil; Arthur Everitt, who suggested a meeting in the near future to discuss next year's fair; J. F. Donoho, who gave a report on the coal deposits in Tijeras canyon, and A. L. Martin, who spoke for better roads. Archdeacon W. B. Warren, who recently did such effective boosting for Albuquerque's health advantages in the east, urged the need of encouraging the building of sanatoria, being following in the same strain by Dr. A. G. Shortle, and among other things it was decided to place a "climate advertisement" in the American Medical Journal.

John Baron Burg wanted to spend some of the permanent promotion fund in advertising in the Saturday Evening Post and other publications.

There was much interest in the statement by President Schwentker that the club now has 241 members as against 179 two months ago. Members of the 400 committee reported good progress. The meeting was deeply interesting and profitable and showed that every member is taking a live interest in plans for a greater city and county.

Activity in Coal Camp.

The Raton Range says: The Brilliant mines are dumping from 350 to 400 tons of coal daily now. The coal being taken out is proving of the highest grade for domestic purposes and the wholesale demand for it is far in excess of the ability to supply. From twelve to fifteen cars are being delivered daily to the reserve yards at Dillon. The shortage of cars is handicapping the coal business considerably at all the various camps.

We are especially glad to note this reviving activity about the mines of the county and predict that it will have a very material influence in hastening the returning wave of prosperity for which this community has been looking for the past two years.

Flaming Cafe—Regular dinner from 11:15 to 1:15, 25 cents. Short orders and lunch served from 6 a. m. to 2 a. m. Also furnished rooms. 111 South First street.

Lost Relative.

Frank Dunlap, sign painter and opera house scenery artist, supposed to be in New Mexico. Any information that will locate him will be thankfully received at the Morning Journal office.

The Gem is having a landslide, the same as the democrats.

GREAT CHANCE FOR TEAM WORK IN ADVERTISING

Chicago Land Show Offers Rare Opportunity Says Bulletin of New Mexico Publicity Association.

The main chance has arrived when it comes to boosting New Mexico. This week's bulletin of the New Mexico Publicity association, issued by the bureau of immigration, says:

There is a chance for the members of the Publicity association to do some team work in advertising New Mexico during the next three weeks. The Chicago land show will open November 19 and will continue until December 4. Practically every member of this association has correspondents in Chicago and in the states surrounding Chicago. Those who are doing active advertising and land selling undoubtedly have a great many people in these districts with whom they are in touch. November 27 has been set aside as New Mexico day and we want to get everybody we can who is interested in New Mexico to attend the show on that day. We will mail from this office during the coming week a number of postal cards carrying an invitation on the back to attend the land show not only on New Mexico day, but on any other day during the show and a special invitation to visit the New Mexico exhibit. Send these post cards to your friends. A blank space will be left for your signature. We have received requests for several thousand of these cards and if you desire more than the number sent you drop a line to this office with the number you can use and they will be furnished. This is a chance to use the personal appeal and to use it very effectively. The man who gets a special invitation to attend the land show and see the New Mexico exhibit is very likely to do so. He might attend the land show any way and if he is interested in western lands and lives in or near Chicago he is very likely to do it, but, if he has a special invitation to visit the New Mexico exhibit he will commence to inquire for the New Mexico exhibit as soon as he gets in the Coliseum and will make no stops anywhere until he arrives. This exposition is a big show. New Mexico is in competition with states which are supplied with a great deal more money and have much more advanced development than we have. It is a competition that we have to meet the best way we can. By sending out two or three hundred of these cards you can help us meet it. If you want more cards than the small number being sent you, send in your order today.

The secretary will be away from the Albuquerque office for about four weeks from this date. The association advertising, however, will be continued and the Bulletin issued regularly. At the end of the first week of the Chicago land show we will begin to print the inquiries carefully and to publish only those where a genuine interest in New Mexico has been shown. It is especially important that these inquiries be followed up without delay. The average man who visits this land show, if he be from the country districts, comes in and spends a day. He is greeted on all sides by the advertising of states, communities and land companies. The competition is keen. The average visitor goes away with his head crammed with the atraction and advantages of a hundred different sections. The idea is to get to him while the whole thing is fresh in his mind and to get to him first. By doing this you create a lasting impression that it liable to get results. Two or three weeks later every state and community and company will be flooding him with literature. For the man who has not been specifically interested in one section is very likely to leave his name and address at a dozen different exhibits. The idea is to do it first.

Nearly every member of the Publicity association is interested individually or through his district in the Chicago land show and the New Mexico exhibit there. We want to get every man we can in the states centering around Chicago to see our exhibit and talk with the New Mexico men who will be on the ground. Practically every district will be represented by men who can talk facts and talk them convincingly. There is no way that you can appeal more directly to people you desire to interest in New Mexico than by inducing them to visit the land show and meet our people.

The newspapers of New Mexico have always been ready to assist in work of this kind. Make it a point to see your local newspapers and get them to print an invitation to the people in your district to write to their friends in the states centering around Chicago and urge them to visit the New Mexico exhibit at the land show. If every member of this association will use the post card invitations we will get a result out of this exhibit that will surprise us all. Try it.

The Gem and the jam.

SIX MILLIONS POUNDS OF WOOL SOLD DURING WEEK; PROFITS FAIR

Bradstreet's Review says of the week's operations in the Boston wool market:

Further activity at current price levels was noted during the past week, with total sales of 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 pounds of fair profits to dealers. As price limits have been set at reasonable figures, consigned wools are coming out in good quality and demand continues to embrace a very general list of grades of wool, though the bulk of the business of the past week was in graded and original bag territories. Montana wools have moved especially well, over 1,000,000 pounds in the original bags having been sold at 19@24 cents, against a usual price at this season of 22@23 cents. Fleeces are firmer, especially half and three-eighths blood, with fair-sized sales. Texas grades show renewed activity, with total sales of over 500,000 pounds for the week, and a fair movement is reported in California wools. Foreign wools were quiet, with market abroad holding firm.

Many ladies are getting the dollars in the thirty minutes' give away at the Gem nightly.

BROTHERHOOD MEETING AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH HAS GOOD PROGRAM

The Presbyterian Brotherhood will meet this evening at 7:45 in the Sunday school room. All men are invited whether members or not. The program is as follows:

Some Peculiar Peoples—A Study In Anthropology.

"The proper study of Mankind is Man."—Pope.

The Hittites, "The People of Mystery," Gen. xxiii:5-18....J. C. Clark
The Ten Tribes, "The People of Rebellion," Amos ix:9..Rev. J. Mordy
The Jews, "The Chosen to Be a Peculiar People," Deut. xiv:2.....C. S. Ramsey
The Mincopies, "The Little People,"....Pitt Ross
The Ainos, "The Hairy People"....C. A. Anspach
The Araucanians, "The Liberty-Lovers"....H. J. Collins
The Cherkesses, "The Beautiful People"....F. J. Hall
The Tibetans, "The Courteous People"....A. B. Stroup
The Basques, "The Unalloyed People"....Dr. W. G. Pope
The One Blood, Acts xvii:26.....R. W. D. Bryan
The Peculiar People, Titus ii:14....Rev. H. A. Cooper

AN HONEST DOCTOR
remarked to his patient who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after his efforts has failed, "Mrs. Weber, I do not believe in patent medicines, but I will say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine ever discovered for women. Continue to use it." This is another link in the long chain of evidence to prove the reliability of this standard medicine for women.

How they make love in Arabia at the Gem tonight.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the regular republicans of Old Town on Saturday next at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of nominating a justice of the peace and constables. All republicans are invited to attend.
JESUS ROMERO,
Sheriff Bernalillo County.

I'm going to the Gem if it costs me a whole ten cents.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Lead Avenue Methodist church will have a tea and home cooking sale at the home of Mrs. R. Y. Short, 601 West Lead Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 15.

Ladies' matinee at the Gem every day is being well attended.

If you need a carpenter, telephone Hesselden: phone 377.

The Gem and the jam.

Wise Talks by the Office Boy

"What do you charge for a funeral notice in your paper?" "Fifty cents an inch," replied the editor. "Good heavens! And my poor husband was six feet high. That would be $36.00. No, it's too expensive." Still it's better to have married a short man than never to have loved at all. What the public wants chiefly is red-blooded men of proved ability and character, who can be counted on to do the right thing at the right time, and do it without waiting for instructions. Reliability, initiative and action have never been at a discount in the world's markets, and never will be. The demand for bright young men today, equipped with technical training and scientific information such as the schools furnish, is far greater than the supply. There is no more simple receipt for success building than the three-word formula, "Deliver the goods." But you've got to have good shoes to deliver anything. With our W. L. Douglas for men and those manish shoes for boys, you win in a walk. This is a straight tip. Try the Douglas shoe the next time you need new footwear.

WILLIE, with
SIMON STERN
The Central Avenue Clothier.
Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothing.

PAUL A. LARSH, ASSAYER AND CHEMIST,
313 1-2 West Central Avenue.
Assays of Ores, Mill Products, Bullion and Alloys; Analysis of Natural and Manufactured Products; Crude Oil, Coals, Asphaltum Rock, Clays, Potable and Boiler Waters, Paints, Oils, Varnishes and all Shop Necessities; Detection and Estimation of Rare Elements; Legal, Industrial and Municipal Chemical Investigations.

JUST PUBLISHED! KANEN'S NEW MEXICO CORPORATION LAWS, RULES AND FORMS.
All New Mexico laws with amendments and repeals to date, on Banks, Charitable Corporations, Building and Loan Associations, General Corporations, Insurance, Irrigation, Mines, Negotiable Instruments, Partnership, Railroads, Taxation of Corporations, Trade-Marks, and United States Laws relative to Irrigation, Rights-of-Way over Public Lands, Mines and Railroads, with complete Territorial and United States Department Rules, Forms, Fees and Filing Procedure; 925 pages, buckram binding. Price, delivered, $7.00. Remit by Bank Draft or Money Order.
Order from C. F. KANEN, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Consolidated Keg Beer Co
Phone 138.
Wm. J. LEMP'S St. Louis Draught Beer
A Specialty. Outside Orders Solicited.

HARDWOOD LUMBERS FOR FINISH AND CABINET WORK—CLEAR AND SEASONED
SUPERIOR LUMBER AND MILL CO.

Agents for McCall Patterns
Ferguson & Collister
Albuquerque's Dry Goods Shop
PHONE 283

Blankets and Comforts
Warmth without weight, that your sleep may be most refreshing, is the acme of perfection in Blankets and Comforts—the mark at which we have aimed in selecting ours, even from the most inexpensive kinds to those of the very finest. We are now showing our full assortment of Blankets and Comforts. See window display for our special in Plaid Blankets and assortment of color combinations. Extra value at $6.50 a pair; guaranteed both warp and filling pure wool.

Bath Robe Blankets
Of these we carry the largest assortment in the city—splendid colors. Now, that the stock is complete, is the time to buy, so as to give ample time to have them made into robes before Christmas. Priced from $2.25 to $5.50 each. Cords to match.

The John Becker Co.
Alfalfa and Native Hay
Spot Shipments
Belen, N. M.