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IOWA EXTENDS A CORDIAL WELCOME

Roosevelt Spends Day Helping the Republicans

Voters Are Urged to Support Progressive Candidates for Congress; Colonel Makes Address to Teachers.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 4.—Through snow, sleet, rain and cold Theodore Roosevelt campaigned over Iowa today in behalf of the republican ticket. His reception was distinctly cordial. People pattered through the slush in crowds to see him and hear him speak in behalf of Charles G. Davenport, republican candidate for congress. They cheered him with an enthusiastic cheer as he could be mustered on such a day.

He heard last month that he was being criticized in this state by persons who believed that he espoused one set of political doctrines to the detriment of another in the east, but he found a hearty welcome awaiting him when he came here.

The colonel urged the people of Iowa to support Mr. Davenport, who stood with the progressive leaders of the republican party, and in his speech here tonight he endorsed Governor Carroll and the state ticket and put in a good word for Senator Cummins. He did not attempt to get into political details, but confined himself largely to appeals for support of the general principles which he said the republican party represented.

After having addressed several thousand members of the Iowa State Teachers' association on education and good citizenship before speaking at the campaign rally.

He made his first speech of the day in Des Moines and then came to Des Moines, stopping on the way for short speeches from the platform of his car at West Liberty, Iowa, Iowa City and Marion.

The reception of Colonel Roosevelt at Des Moines was the most cordial of the day. The streets were crowded with slush and the air was cold and damp, although the worst of the storm had passed. In spite of the miserable conditions the thousands of people who lined the streets were cheering constantly and kept the colonel on his feet, boxing and waving his hat, as he moved through the city, escorted by a troop of cavalry.

Colonel Roosevelt was taken at once to the University Church of Christ where he spoke to more than 2,500 high school pupils.

He told the pupils that he was coming to make a speech some time on the "Invaluable Use of Useless Information." He said that during his life he had accumulated an enormous amount of information which at the time seemed useful, but which later had proved of great value. He urged the boys and girls to read good books and plenty of them and reminded them that the rule of their education depended more upon what they put into their heads than what their teachers put into them.

From the church Colonel Roosevelt went to the Grant club where he had dinner with the Des Moines Chamber of Commerce. Then he went to the Coliseum and made his address to the teachers and later to the campaign rally at the Auditorium. After the meeting he went to his car to go on the homeward trip. He was in Chicago at 5:30 in the morning and will be met there by representatives of the Ohio republican state committee who will take him across Ohio in a special car.

He is to leave Chicago at 8:25 o'clock and speak at Toledo and Cleveland and probably at several other places. Then he will return to New York, arriving there Sunday morning.

CHARGE OF MURDER AGAINST GIRL DISMISSED

California Court Releases Her Despite Confession That She Shot Man Who Had Wronged Her

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) San Francisco, Nov. 4.—Despite the dramatic protests of the dead man's relatives, Effie Wilson, the 16-year-old Texas girl, who stands self-accused of the killing of Guido Varai, who brought her from her San Antonio home to the night life of this city, will not be visited with the vengeance of the law. She will go back to her mother in the Texas town, watched over by a philanthropic woman of this city, and with the girl in her mother's keeping, the peace and dignity of the state of California will be satisfied. The murder charge against her will be dismissed.

Varai was shot to death a month ago, and at his bedside the girl wept and declared her innocent and died with the words, "I did it," on her lips. The girl's plight, as told by the press, awoke the pity of several women of the city, who begged that clemency be shown the girl.

Judge Conlan released her in their custody without bond.

At the preliminary hearing today he said that the girl should go back to her mother.

"In the name of the law, I arrest this girl for murder," declared the attorney for Varai's relatives. Judge Conlan sternly rebuked him. The attorney secured a new warrant, but no judge would sign it. The girl was released and the girl goes back to her home despite his utmost efforts to prevent it.

FINANCIER ARRESTED ON BANK'S COMPLAINT

New York, Nov. 4.—Word was received at the district attorney's office here late today of the arrest in Philadelphia of Arthur A. Murphy on a warrant issued here charging him with the larceny of \$100,000 from the bank which accuses Murphy of obtaining a loan on securities that had already been pledged.

At the district attorney's office an attempt was made to locate the man, but it was intimated that a number of financiers are implicated whose exposure would cause a sensation.

SMALL SETTLEMENT IS WIPED OUT

Flood of Water From Bering Sea Wrecks Building on Nome Beach and Inundates Camps.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Nome, Alaska, Nov. 4.—It is feared that Solomon, a settlement of a dozen men, is a victim of the Bering sea. A flood of water from the Bering sea yesterday, inundating the camps along the coast and wrecking the flimsy buildings clustered in exposed places on the beach. The telephone line between Nome and Solomon was carried off and no word has been received from the camp. In former days Solomon had a population of 100, but in recent years it has dwindled to a small settlement. The surf today is normal.

STORM STOPS FLIGHT FROM VESSELS DECK

New York, Nov. 4.—Because of continued wind and rain, with a probability of more heavy weather to follow, it was announced tonight that the proposed flight tomorrow of J. A. McCurdy, one of the Curtiss team of aviators, from Victoria, to Governors Island, in New York harbor, has been postponed until November 24. On that date the flight will be attempted from the steamer America, at a distance of 130 miles over the sea.

CHILDREN TAKE UP MINERS' FIGHT

Sons and Daughters of Strikers Refuse to Attend School With Offspring of Strike Breakers.

EXPLAINS PLAN TO EQUALIZE POSTAGE

HITCHCOCK SEES CHANCE TO REDUCE LETTER RATE

If Magazines Can Be Made to Pay Actual Transportation Cost First Class Mail Can Be Sent Cheaper.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Washington, Nov. 4.—Postmaster General Hitchcock's plan of requiring the magazines to pay increased postage on their advertising pages and to warrant one-cent postage on first class mail in the near future, was officially explained today.

Mr. Hitchcock, feeling his position had not been clearly understood, issued this statement:

"Postmaster General Hitchcock believes that in carrying out the administration's purpose to accomplish a reasonable increase in the postage rates on certain kinds of second class matter, more distinction should be made between advertising and what is termed legitimate reading matter. He does not favor, under present conditions, an increase in the rates of postage for carrying reading matter. Any increase thus applied, he points out, will place a special burden on a large number of second class publications, such as educational and religious periodicals, that derive little or no profit from advertising.

"For these publications and also for any other legitimate reading matter in periodical form, Mr. Hitchcock suggests a continuation of the present law postage rate of one cent a pound and recommends that the proposed increase in rates be applied only to magazine advertising matter.

"The plan proposed, he said, will be possible without increasing the expenditure of public funds to utilize for the benefit of the entire people that a considerable portion of the postal revenues now expended to meet the cost of a special privilege enjoyed by certain publishers.

"Experiments made by the department show that it is quite feasible to determine the relative rights of the advertising matter and the legitimate reading matter carried by the magazines, and Mr. Hitchcock is convinced that his plan can be put into successful operation."

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Upon learning this, Delegates Roberts moved that the convention adjourn until 2 p. m. Monday. Several members vociferously opposed this motion, and demanded that action be taken on some of the many reports now in the hands of the convention. It appeared, however, that none of the reports would be taken up. They have their work acted upon by the convention. The committee on judiciary had several important amendments which had not yet been reported upon. The committee on irrigation asked for more time and the report of the committee on public lands could not be considered because it had not been received from the printer. Delegates Richardson and a number of other members protested against the adjournment until 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

The committee on state, county and municipal indebtedness, which has already made a partial report in wrestling with the problem of taking care of the debts of the several counties.

MANITOBA INSANE ASYLUM BURNS

Demented Woman Playing With Matches Causes Costly Blaze; All Inmates Rescued.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Brandon, Man., Nov. 4.—The insane asylum of Manitoba government was burned to the ground here late this afternoon, causing a loss of \$250,000. But all the inmates were rescued. One of the women patients, playing with matches she had secured in the kitchen, was responsible for the fire.

There were six hundred patients in the asylum at the time and great difficulty was experienced in getting them out. A number were severely injured and others badly chilled as a snow storm was raging and they were without shelter.

Arrangements were at once made to fit up the army and winter barracks for temporary quarters for the patients during the winter is a serious one, as the asylum at Selkirk is already filled.

DENVER WILL HAVE AN AVIATION MEET

Denver, Nov. 4.—Denver is to have a five days' aviation meet. Today a contract was closed with a representative of the Wright brothers for the appearance of Ralph Johnson, Arch Hoxsey and Walter Brookings in exhibition flights at Overland park. November 17 to 22. A guarantee of \$22,500 was made, but the names of the Denver promoters are withheld.

ATTORNEY HELD ON CHARGE OF CONSPIRACY TO INJURE

Grand Jury at Chicago Acts on Complaint That He and Others Combined Against State's Representative.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Chicago, Nov. 4.—On petition of State's Attorney Wayman, Judge Kavanaugh today appointed former Judge John Barton Payne as a special state's attorney to investigate charges of conspiracy made by Mr. Wayman against Charles F. Erbein and others.

The action is the result of steps taken by Erbein to have the Chicago Bar association begin disbarment proceedings against Mr. Wayman for alleged jury bribing.

Attorney Erbein today filed charges that Mr. Wayman, while in practice, bribed a juror in a case wherein Erbein was counsel for two of the accused, and Mr. Wayman, attorney for one of them.

It is expected by attaches of the criminal court that the October grand jury, which is still in session, will make the investigation. Subpoenas have already been issued for several witnesses. Mr. Wayman says he wants the inquiry taken up immediately, because he believes the charges should be considered by a legal body before disbarment proceedings are taken up by the bar association.

Judge Kavanaugh's appointment of Mr. Payne as a special investigator followed an extended conference between Judge Kavanaugh and Mr. Wayman.

When told of Judge Kavanaugh's action, Attorney Erbein said:

"It is absurd to think of a grand jury taking up an investigation of the charges made against Wayman. The statute of limitation has run on that matter. A grand jury can do nothing with it."

Immediately following his appointment of former Judge Payne, Judge Kavanaugh issued an order directing Attorney Fogle of the bar association to turn over to the grand jury the affidavits and charges against Mr. Wayman, which Mr. Erbein had filed with the association.

Judge Kavanaugh also entered an order directing a certain witness to tell the truth in an investigation of the charges made against Wayman. The statute of limitation has run on that matter. A grand jury can do nothing with it."

Three unidentified men were also specified by John Barton Payne, turned by the grand jury in connection with the Erbein case, and the alleged conspiracy to injure Mr. Wayman.

CHICAGO STRIKERS PARADE STREETS

Police Reserves Guard Line of March and Quell Attempts at Disorder, Arresting Many.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Chicago, Nov. 4.—Led by a throng of women singing the "Marseillaise," several thousand striking garment workers paraded through the city today. The marchers skirted the edge of the open shops in this section of the city and shouted derisively at non-union workers and strike breakers.

But for Chief Stewart's precaution in holding a large force of policemen in reserve at various stations, it is probable that serious rioting would have occurred. Several attempts at disorder were quickly quelled by the patrolmen who made a number of arrests.

Mrs. Raymond Robins, president of the Women's Trade Union league, said tonight that the striking women are anxious to submit their grievances to arbitration and that she believed the strike would be settled within a few days.

WOULD CLOSE CHICAGO THEATERS ON SUNDAY

Chicago, Nov. 4.—With purpose of forcing theater owners and managers themselves to banish ticket scalpers from Chicago, the House committee of the city council today recommended an ordinance closing all theaters and amusement places on Sunday.

The committee will urge that the ordinance be enforced until theaters have permanently broken with the scalpers and then the measure is to be used as a club to keep the theaters in line.

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The convention took a recess at noon and was again called to order at 3 o'clock. Chairman Montoya presented the report of the committee on executive franchise. This report is signed by the entire membership of the committee which had it in charge, democrats and republicans alike approving its recommendations. It is one of the few reports on which there has been unanimous agreement. The report confers the right to vote on male citizens of the United States who have attained the age of twenty years, and who have resided in the state for at least one year, in the county three months, and in the precinct one month. A strong effort was made in the committee to confer the right to vote upon such aliens as have declared their intention of becoming citizens of the United States, and who possess the other qualifications required of citizens. It was pointed out that some seventeen states grant this privilege to prospective citizens. But the committee was not impressed with the argument, and rejected the provision by unanimous vote. Under the provisions of the report, women are qualified voters in all school elections.

It was expected to take up the report of the committee on education at this afternoon's session, but action was deferred because it was said a delegation of colored citizens desired to be heard in opposition to the establishment of separate schools for negroes.

Upon learning this, Delegates Roberts moved that the convention adjourn until 2 p. m. Monday. Several members vociferously opposed this motion, and demanded that action be taken on some of the many reports now in the hands of the convention. It appeared, however, that none of the reports would be taken up. They have their work acted upon by the convention. The committee on judiciary had several important amendments which had not yet been reported upon. The committee on irrigation asked for more time and the report of the committee on public lands could not be considered because it had not been received from the printer. Delegates Richardson and a number of other members protested against the adjournment until 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

The committee on state, county and municipal indebtedness, which has already made a partial report in wrestling with the problem of taking care of the debts of the several counties.

REPUBLICANS MAKE ATTACK ON DIRECT LEGISLATION

Minority in Arizona Convention Asserts Initiative and Referendum Are Not Constitutional.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 4.—Declaring that direct legislation is repugnant to the constitution of the United States, and that if the initiative and referendum is adopted by the constitutional convention President Taft and congress will withdraw their support from the Arizona constitution, thereby delaying or preventing its adoption, the republican minority in the Arizona convention, today, made a strenuous attack upon these principles at the afternoon session of the committee of the whole.

The republican participation in the initiative and referendum debate, however, did not begin until the convention in committee of the whole decided upon 10 per cent for the initiative and 5 per cent for referendum petitions.

The entire day was spent in committee of the whole, and after almost six hours' debate the convention adjourned to resume the discussion tomorrow.

The attack on the constitutionality of the initiative and referendum was led by S. L. Kington of Pima county, who read a lengthy speech, the keynote of which was that direct legislation is contrary to a republican form of government. He quoted numerous authorities as proof of the contention that the initiative and referendum is unconstitutional in states through permissible in localities as decided by the California supreme court and others. He said it would deprive the legislature of real legislative power.

E. M. Don, associate justice of the supreme court, predicted the United States supreme court would decide the Oregon case now before it against the initiative and referendum. He informed the members that they inform themselves as to the constitutionality of direct legislation and ask to be released from instructions to support the initiative and referendum.

STRIKERS DEMAND RECOGNITION OF UNION

President of Teamsters Brotherhood Intimates Trouble May Extend Soon to Other Cities of the Country.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) New York, Nov. 4.—The quarrel between the six international express companies and their employees of the metropolitan districts, sided rather blindly today into a deadlock. Indirectly the men received assurances from the state board of mediators that their grievances would be favorably listened to if they would consent to forego their cardinal demand for recognition of their union as the Brotherhood of Teamsters.

In a mass meeting today the men resolved they would stay out until the union is recognized.

Their action was the one positive development of the day. The only not taken by the mayor was to uphold the city ordinance requiring that all express drivers must be licensed by the city—a requirement that bars the employment of strike breakers.

The companies, in a statement issued tonight, retorted that "the large number of the wagons, and in the case of the express companies, all the wagons are engaged in interstate commerce, and as such are not subject to local regulation in regard to license."

Daniel J. Tobin, president of the Brotherhood of Teamsters, threatened, that if matters did not "soon clear" he might recommend to the national executive board a general strike at all teamsters of the country.

James J. McGuire, secretary of the union, said: "In the event of such a call 120,000 men would walk out."

BRITISH SAILORS HAVE FIGHT WITH AFGHANS

London, Nov. 4.—A dispatch received here today by a newspaper agency from Tehran reported that a British invasion of Persia had begun recently, and that it was stated that the commander and officers of the British cruiser Prosperine had been wounded in a pitched battle.

It turns out, however, that the affair had nothing to do with Persia. Sixty men who had landed from the Prosperine near Chabab, in Beluchistan, had a brush with Afghan gun runners in which the captain of the Prosperine and another officer from the vessel were slightly wounded. Chabab is 350 miles from Lingah and in another country.

ALASKA OIL LANDS WITHDRAWN BY TAFT

Washington, Nov. 4.—By order of President Taft all the Alaska oil lands today were withdrawn from settlement, thus putting them on the same footing with the coal lands of Alaska, all of which have been withdrawn with the exception of those located prior to 1905.

The oil areas have not been surveyed so that these cannot be located by definite withdrawals.

NEWSPAPERS OFFER PRIZE FOR AVIATORS

Baltimore, Nov. 4.—Order is rapidly being brought out of the chaos wrought by last night's storm at the Baltimore aviation field. Machines not damaged beyond repair have been removed to places of safety where they can be put in shape. Tonight prospects are that a new start will be made next Monday.

Added interest was given the events when General Felix Auger offered on behalf of his papers, the American and Star, a prize of \$2,500 for the first aviator to reach at this meet an altitude of 10,000 feet, creating a new world's record for height. Hoxsey will go after the record if he is not.

Arrangements have been made to extend the time of the meet beyond that of the original season.

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT IS AGREED UPON

Many Amendments to Report of Committee on Agriculture and Conservation Considered Yesterday.

(Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal) Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 4.—Little progress was made at today's session of the constitutional convention. The body was called to order at 11 this morning by President Spies, and at once resolved itself into committee of the whole with N. Segura in the chair, the purpose being the consideration of the report of the committee on agriculture and conservation. This report, which was brief, when presented to the convention, was still short after it had run the gauntlet of amendments in committee of the whole. As finally agreed to, it provides that there shall be established a department of agriculture and that of conservation of labor, and that of agriculture, that the police power of the state shall extend to private forest land insofar as is necessary to prevent forest fires, and that no tax shall be levied on such land until it becomes productive, and that shade trees shall never be taxed. Provisions creating the office of commissioner of agriculture and that of commissioner of labor, were stricken out, as was also a section under which it was made possible for the state government to state forest reserves. It appeared to be the sense of the convention that the national government has provided about all the forest preserves necessary for the welfare of New Mexico.

During the course of the debate on the report, a lengthy wrangle occurred over a proposition to grant state lands the free use of fallen timber on state lands. This section was warmly advocated by Delegates Stover, Ferguson, Cannon and Sedillo. But it was voted down after it had been explained by Mr. Sena that settlers already enjoyed this right. Mr. Sena and other speakers held that any constitutional provision of this kind would have the opposite effect from that intended, and would only limit a right which had been exercised by the people of New Mexico for time immemorial.

The usual grist of prohibition petitions were presented this

SPORTS

Varsity Loses at Roswell 80 to 0

U. N. M. SQUAD CLEARLY OUTCLASSED BY N. M. I.

Locals Fail to Hold the Cadets Who Make Touchdowns Every Few Moments, the First Being Made in 60 Seconds.

(Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal) Roswell, N. M., Nov. 4.—Outclassed in every department of the game, the University of New Mexico eleven today lost to the New Mexico Military institute by the score of 80 to 0. The visitors were unable to get started and were never in the running. Their only light was made in the last few minutes of the final quarter, when the variety got the ball on their ten-yard line and put up a pretty scrimmage, failing, however, to send it over the goal line.

Within two minutes from the sound of the first whistle in the first quarter, the cadets made their first touchdown. The story of the game would almost be an endless repetition. The soldiers made most of their gains in end runs by the backs, Higgins, Higgins and Thompson. But Higgins, full-back, made some beautiful gains through the line. The feature of the contest was the splendid interference put forward by the locals, enabling frequent end runs. Stains and Carothers, ends for Roswell, made several brilliant plays for the varsity, was the leader on his team and played aggressively. Otherwise the tackling of the visitors was very weak, and was responsible for the great score. Fleck, tackle for the cadets, made use of the few opportunities that were offered him with beautiful work.

The visitors did not have the ball often and could not gain any ground when they did have it in any other way except on the forward pass. The Albuquerque men pulled off two beautiful plays of this kind, but were unable to make good on them.

Higgins was the bright particular star of the day. He is the son of Captain Fred Higgins of this city, formerly of the mounted police force. Fifteen-minute quarters were played, but the final quarter, by agreement, was cut to seven and a half minutes.

MICHIGAN SEVERES RELATIONS WITH NOTRE DAME

Cancels Football Game Scheduled for Today Because Latter School Insists on Playing Men Alleged Ineligible.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 4.—The board of control of athletics at the University of Michigan this afternoon cancelled the football game scheduled to be played here tomorrow between Notre Dame and the University of Michigan. Notre Dame insisted on using Philbrook and Dimmick and Michigan refused to go on with the arrangements for the game if these two players whose eligibility has been challenged were to be in the line-up.

It is understood here that this cancellation also means the ending of all athletic relations between the University of Michigan and Notre Dame. The official statement given out by the board of control says:

"Philbrook and Dimmick, after competing five years in intercollegiate athletics in Northwestern college and being barred from further competition there, have come to Notre Dame and have already completed two additional years at that institution. The Intercollegiate Athletic Association has officially declared that these players were ineligible to compete in the conference meet of 1910 and disallowed the points won by them in that meet."

SAYS MICHIGAN SHOWS LACK OF GOOD FAITH

South Bend, Ind., Nov. 4.—All athletic relations between Notre Dame and Michigan have been severed as a result of the cancellation of the football game scheduled to be played at Ann Arbor tomorrow, following the unqualified refusal of the Notre Dame officials to retreat from their position regarding the eligibility of protested players.

Rev. Thomas Crumley, in an official statement tonight declared that Notre Dame violated any agreement in the intention to play Philbrook and Dimmick, the protested players, and intimated that Michigan has shown lack of good faith.

The statement further asserts that the matter will be submitted to the faculty representatives of the conference colleges.

RACING RESULTS

At Jamestown, Va., Nov. 4.—Summary:

First race, mile: Aronack beat Dracoola, second; Tom Milton, third. Time, 1:42 2-3.

Second race, 6 furlongs: Cutty-

hawk won; Troyweight, second; Idle Michael, third. Time, 1:17.

Third race, 5 furlongs: Fair Miss won; Kibbin, second; Bendage, third. Time, 1:04.

Fourth race, 5 1-2 furlongs: Onager won; J. H. Houghton, second; Chilton Queen, third. Time, 1:09.

Fifth race, 3 1-2 furlongs: Flying Squirrel won; Woolcoat, second; Hudda's Sister, third. Time, 1:10 4-5.

Sixth race, mile and 70 yards: The Monk won; Henry Monroe, second; Tempter, third. Time, 1:47 4-5.

At Latonia, Nov. 4.—R. P. Carman inaugurated his advent into western racing by capturing the handicap, the feature of Latonia today with Star Bottle. The colt was off poorly but saving ground at every turn, wore down his field and won by a neck from John Reardon. Camel was the pacemaker to the final eighth mile, when Star Bottle and John Reardon challenged and passed him.

First race, 6 furlongs: Night Mist won; Tempter, second; Cellaret, third. Time, 1:14.

Second race, 6 furlongs: Meckler won; Bucks, second; Gold Oak, third. Time, 1:13 2-5.

Third race, 6 furlongs: Cross Over won; Olivia Mickle, second; Tom McGrath, third. Time, 1:13 4-5.

Fourth race, mile and 70 yards: Star Bottle won; John Reardon, second; Camel, third. Time, 1:42 4-5.

Fifth race, mile: Ethel D. won; Markie M., second; Carlton G., third. Time, 1:40.

Sixth race, mile and three furlongs: Monte O'Brien won; Flirting, second; Dancer Show, third. Time, 2:21 4-5.

DAWSON WINS RACE BY FEW SECONDS AT ATLANTA

Two Cars Contest for First Place in Exciting 200 Mile Event; New Records Made in Other Races.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 4.—Joe Dawson's Marmon was just 3 1-2 seconds ahead of Ralph Mulford's big white car leader at the finish of the 200-mile race here today.

The duel between these two began immediately after the hundredth mile. Dawson was then far behind on account of a stop to change tires, but "chasing" time is merely the technical expression for what happened to him. There was no exchange about it, for he stopped at the pits with his right rear wheel entirely devoid of the semblance of a tire, and the iron rim showering sparks as it ground the track.

The leader stopped soon afterwards to make a real change of tires, putting the cars on even terms. Another of Dawson's tires flattened at the 140th mile, and in the same lap, one of the leader's tires was reduced to ribbons.

HARVARD'S RUNNERS DEFEAT YALE MEN DURING HEAVY RAIN

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Brookline, Mass., Nov. 4.—Harvard cross country runners defeated Yale today by a score of 23 to 34. The race, which was held over the Chestnut Hill course of six miles, was run during a heavy rainstorm. Captain Jacques of the Crimson team, came within five seconds of the course record. His time was 35:53 1-5.

Crimson runners captured first three places, while the leading Yale runners finished fourth, fifth and sixth.

FOOTBALL RESULTS

Oakblow, Ia., Nov. 4.—Western Pennsylvania college, 6; Des Moines, 6.

At Sioux City: Morningside, 15; St. Joseph College, Dubuque, 9.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.

At Vernon, Score: R. H. E. Portland..... 2 5 4 Vernon..... 2 10 1

Batteries: Seaton and Fisher; Carson and Hasty.

At San Francisco, Score: R. H. E. Oakland..... 7 1 1 San Francisco..... 2 7 1

Batteries: Nelson and Mitze; Browning and Berry.

Score—Second game— R. H. E. Oakland..... 2 7 1 San Francisco..... 8 14 1

Batteries: Harkins and Mitze; Eastley and Berry.

At Sacramento: Score: R. H. E. Los Angeles..... 2 8 1 Sacramento..... 8 14 1

Batteries: Nagle and Orendorff; Whalen, Heister and La Longe.

THE FIVE LEADING BICYCLE RACERS COVER 1,124 MILES

Boston, Mass., Nov. 4.—The six-day bicycle race in the arena here contested tonight by two equal divisions of five teams each, the Johns-Schiller team having regained three laps which brought them on even terms with four other combinations in second place.

Mean of the Kramer-Moran combination made an almost effectual attempt for a lap about 9 o'clock. The score at 10 p. m. at the end of the forty-fifth hour was:

Kramer-Moran, 1,124 miles, 8 laps; John-Goulette, Palmer-Wright and Wiley-Lawrence, 1,101 miles, 9 laps; Walker-Mitten, Redell brothers, Demare-Williams, Thomas-McCarthy and Schiller-Jokus, 1,101 miles, 8 laps.

The standing of the teams was unchanged at the end of the night's racing, except that Johns-Schiller dropped a lap and went again into last place.

The last hour Lawrence started a terrific sprint and his partner, Wiley, pushed the lead to half a lap. There was great excitement until Foster, Kramer and Heister brought them back to the mix-up of Johns and Schiller last their lap.

At the end of the fifth day's racing the leading five teams had covered 1,124 miles, 6 laps.

AMERICAN RUNNERS MAKE WORLD RECORD FOR TWENTY MILES

New York, Nov. 4.—The American team of Hans-Johnson and Quaid won the twenty-mile international foot race tonight at Madison Square Garden in the world's record time of one hour, 29 minutes, 47 seconds; four minutes, 23 4-5 seconds better than the previous record.

request of the girl's father, went in pursuit of the elopers. When he overtook them Gaskins submitted to arrest, his wife climbed into the car, along with the elopers and the three continued to Dresden. On the way Gaskins escaped and when found at his home several hours later he was practically in a dying condition as the result of self-inflicted wounds. The young woman was returned to her parents.

BROKEN BACK MENDED BY CALIFORNIA DOCTORS

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 4.—Frank Rankin, a railroad employee, whose back was broken when he was struck by a motor car and knocked off a trestle on April 28 last, has been discharged from the county hospital as the result of self-inflicted wounds.

Rankin was not found until the day after the accident, when he was picked up about twenty feet below the trestle.

For a long time the lower part of his body was paralyzed, but as the bones were gradually knitted he regained the use of his legs. About a month ago the plaster cast was taken from his back and for the last three weeks he has been able to walk.

Yellow Fever at Honolulu.

Honolulu, Nov. 4.—The first case of yellow fever ever known in this port has been discovered aboard the Japanese liner Hongkong Maru, which arrived here October 29 from Manzanillo, Mexico. The steamer is held in quarantine.

NEW NATIONALISM IS DANGEROUS PRINCIPLE

President of Cornell Declares it Spells Caesarism in Government and Would Benefit Only Politicians.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 4.—In a speech tonight before the Cornell Club, which is conducting a mock campaign preliminary to taking a straw vote among the Cornell students on Monday, President Schureman, who was a delegate to the national state convention and voted in support of Theodore Roosevelt, said:

"I regard Mr. Roosevelt's new nationalism as the most revolutionary and dangerous program any political leader has lately before the people since the close of the civil war. To call it an application of the ancient morality to modern conditions is a downright travesty of the doctrine. In reality it is the world-wide despotism of a man power backed out in the rainbow of promise of a benevolent socialism."

"Like all the advocates of despotism Mr. Roosevelt finds the cure of most human ills in an omnipotent, arbitrary and meddlesome executive. He would indefinitely enlarge these powers to the detriment alike of home and state government, subordinate courts and congress to the president."

"This Caesarism president is to bring about a moral equal distribution of property, but it is not explained how the poor man is to get higher wages than a solvent business can afford to pay."

"The new nationalism spells Caesarism in government and bankruptcy in business and will add a cent to any one's income except politicians and the army of government officials."

PARKER AGAIN PAYS RESPECTS TO COLONEL.

New York, Nov. 4.—Republican responsibility for the high cost of living and for extravagance and corruption in public life was the theme of the address delivered by Alton B. Parker in Brooklyn, N. Y. He forgot to pay his respects to Theodore Roosevelt.

"If the republicans here vote for Dixie, the nation will be in the same proportion that I believe they will vote upstate," said the speaker. "He will be elected by a majority that will overwhelm any pretensions to a third term for the presidency of the United States."

CONDITIONS MUST CHANGE SAYS CANDIDATE DIX.

Troy, N. Y., Nov. 4.—John Dix, drawing a democratic mass meeting here tonight, appealed for "help to put an end to the infamous system of overvaluation, which has become a burden through the exactions of the Payne-Aldrich power and the extravagance of the national and state governments."

"Under the load of taxation imposed upon us by the recently revised tariff," said Mr. Dix, "we have reached a point where even our opponents realize that conditions must be changed. They now say that there should be a new revision, thereby admitting the fact that the tariff is overvalued, and they ask that the opportunity of revising the tariff should again be entrusted to them."

"I would remind you that in the last national campaign they were entrusted with power only because of their expressed and explicit promise to give the people a downward revision of the tariff and they have absolutely failed to make such a revision."

TRUST ISSUE DOMINATES CAMPAIGN, SAYS HEARST.

New York, Nov. 4.—William H. Hearst, Independent Republican candidate for lieutenant governor, in a speech in Brooklyn tonight, defined the issues of the campaign as he sees them.

"The dominant issue of this campaign," he said, "is a trust issue. The high cost of living is mainly a trust issue and the whole cause of it can be made clear in a few sentences."

"A trust is a combination to create a monopoly in a given product."

"The sole object of a monopoly is to eliminate competition."

"The main purpose of eliminating competition is to enable the trust to fix prices without interference."

"If you and I are competing we will each try to get trade by selling as cheaply as we can and if you buy me out and have no competition, you will no longer sell as cheaply as you used to."

"When a trust has obtained a monopoly it continually increases the price until a point is reached where the people are unable to buy."

"The trust will be an effective remedy for these conditions until the people elect their own representatives and not the trust representatives."

"Mr. Dix is not the democratic candidate, he is the trust candidate. Mr. Stimson is the candidate of one kind of republicanism; Mr. Dix is the candidate of another kind of republicanism and Mr. Hopper is the only genuine democrat in the field."

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT IS AGREED UPON

(Continued from Page 1)

same by appointment; and the person appointed shall hold the office until the next general election, or until the vacancy be filled by election according to law.

Sec. 10. No person shall be eligible to any county office unless he be a qualified elector and shall have attained the age of twenty-five years, and shall have resided in the county three years preceding his election.

Sec. 11. There shall, at the first election at which county officers are chosen, and biennially thereafter, be elected in each precinct one justice of the peace and one constable, who shall each hold his office for a term of two years; provided, that in precincts containing five hundred or more inhabitants the number of justices of the peace and constables may be increased as provided by law.

Sec. 12. The general assembly shall provide for the election, appointment of each other county, township, precinct and municipal officers as public convenience may require; and their terms of office shall be as prescribed by law, not in any case to exceed two years.

Sec. 13. The general assembly shall provide, by general laws, for the organization and classification of cities and towns. The number of such classes shall not exceed four, and the powers of each class shall be defined by general laws, so that all municipal corporations of the same class shall possess the same powers, and be subject to the same restrictions.

Sec. 14. The general assembly shall also make provision by general law, whereby any city, town or village, incorporated by any special or local law, may elect to become subject to, and be governed by, the general law relating to such corporations.

Sec. 15. For the purpose of providing for and regulating the compensation of county and precinct officers, the general assembly shall, by law, classify the several counties of the state according to population, and shall grade and fix the compensation of the officers within the respective classes according to the population thereof. Such law shall establish a scale of salaries to be charged and collected by such of the county and precinct officers as may be designated therein, for services to be performed by them, respectively; and where salaries are so fixed, the same shall be payable only out of the fees actually collected in all cases where fees are prescribed. All fees, perquisites, and emoluments, above the amount of such salaries, shall be paid into the county treasury.

Sec. 16. The legislature shall restrict the powers of municipal corporations to levy taxes and assessments, to borrow money and to contract debts so as to prevent the abuse of such power, and no tax or assessment shall be levied or collected or debts contracted by municipal corporations except in pursuance of law for public purposes specified by law.

Sec. 17. Municipal corporations shall have the same right as individuals to acquire rights by prior appropriation and otherwise, the use of water for domestic and municipal purposes, and the legislature shall provide by law for the exercise upon the part of incorporated cities, towns and villages, the right of eminent domain for the purpose of acquiring from prior appropriators upon the payment of just compensation such water as may be necessary for the well being thereof and for domestic purposes.

THE SPANISH SENATE PASSES PADLOCK BILL

Madrid, Nov. 4.—The senate tonight by a vote of 143 to 55, passed the "padlock bill," which prohibits the use of water for religious establishments in Spain until the revision of the concordat with the Vatican has been completed.

The conciliatory attitude of Premier Canalejas toward the ecclesiastical senators during the debate in the senate today on the bill led to the impression in official circles that a way would be found to resume negotiations between the government and the Vatican for a revision of the concordat.

The bill as passed includes an amendment presented by Baron Sastre Liria, limiting to two years the period for the revision of the concordat.

LAW OFFICE AND TANK GO ASTRAY AT LAS CRUCES ON GAY HOLLOW'EEN

Las Cruces, N. M., Nov. 3.—Halloween night, the time for pranks and ghosts passed without any unusual disturbance in Las Cruces. Morgan Llewellyn's law office was moved to a position in front of the postoffice, several signs changed and a large tank given a place of honor on Main street. Numerous parties to celebrate the occasion were given at which the usual stunts were pulled off in regard to the mirror and future husbands, eating apples tied to strings and those floating in a tub of water.

Rabbit Hunter Shot.

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 3.—A 14-year-old came up from Berino to have a 22-caliber bullet taken from his right breast. The boy had been out hunting rabbits near Berino and in climbing over a fence his rifle was discharged, the bullet entering his right breast in a diagonal direction, lodging just below the armpit. Although the wound is a painful one, no serious results are apprehended.

Engineer on Tour.

Earl Patterson, engineer in charge of the Leasburg division dam, left this morning for Patmos valley, where he will spend five days investigating crop conditions.

Next week Mr. Patterson will make a trip to the El Paso valley on the same errand. After his tour of investigation he will commence the compiling of the annual crop report which is required by the department of agriculture at Washington.

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THOMPSON GUILTY OF MURDERING EVA SWAN

Jury Quickly Convicts San Francisco Man Who Performed Criminal Operation on Girl and Buried Her in Trunk.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire) San Francisco, Nov. 4.—"Guilty of murder in the second degree" was the verdict returned today against Robert Thompson, charged with the murder of Eva Swan, the young stenographer, whose mutilated body was unearthed from its hiding place beneath the cement floor of a vacant house. The conviction followed a trial that lasted several days, but the jury's deliberations required about an hour and twenty minutes.

Thompson, or Dr. Grant, as he was known at the hospital he conducted, was involved in the case by the statements of Marie Messerschmidt, a nurse in his employ. The nurse testified at the trial that when the girl died at the hospital, Thompson packed the body into a trunk for cutting off the feet and conveyed the trunk to the vacant house which he had rented. Death, the nurse said, had followed a criminal operation performed by Thompson. The body and jury's deliberations required about an hour and twenty minutes.

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YOUTH GETS \$1,500 FOR ACCIDENT ON RAILROAD

Harry Jones, Through His Guardian, Dr. C. E. Lukens, Receives Judgement in Suit Against Santa Fe.

In the district court yesterday afternoon Judge Ira A. Abbott rendered judgment against the Santa Fe railroad in favor of Harry Jones, through his guardian, Dr. C. E. Lukens, for \$1,500. The judgment was rendered for this amount as the result of an agreement between the plaintiffs and defendant company. According to a complaint filed in the case some three weeks ago, Jones sustained the loss of an arm, and a serious injury to his scalp, on July 16, 1910, as the result of being knocked down at Santa Fe freight train at St. Vrain, between Chicago and Vaughn, N. M. Five thousand dollars was asked as compensation for the injuries. The suit was filed for Jones by Dr. Lukens, who was appointed the boy's guardian by the county probate court on October 3 last.

The stipulation agreed to yesterday between the plaintiffs and the Santa Fe company is in effect that \$1,500 will be accepted as full compensation for all injuries sustained by Jones. The railroad company, in a demurrer, disclaimed responsibility for the accident. Jones, however, alleges that a brakeman permitted him to board the train at Vaughn and then hit him in the jaw and knocked him under the wheels while traveling at a speed of forty miles an hour.

Mam & Venable, attorneys for the plaintiff and E. W. Dobson counsel for the Santa Fe.

Fire Bonds for Phoenix.

Congress will be asked to permit the city of Phoenix to vote and sell \$50,000 worth of bonds for the purpose of purchasing adequate fire fighting apparatus and installing an up-to-date alarm system.

After a lengthy discussion of the need of better fire protection, the council directed the city attorney to draw up a request for special aid from Phoenix to issue bonds, provided the taxpayers do not object. The councilmen do not believe that there will be enough votes against the proposition to speak about above a whisper.

AWAY UP

In the estimation of all our customers it is our bread. When you are hands-on a loaf of bread at the bakery you get a combination of the finest flour, the most skillful mixing and perfect baking. And you get it every time, too, our bread never disappoints. Try it today and you can be sure of getting it just as good tomorrow and every day.

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WATCH!

THE BIG SHOE SALE IS NOW ON AT REDUCED PRICES:

5,000 Pair Men's Shoes. \$4.00
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\$4.00 Shoes. \$3.00
\$3.00 Shoes. \$2.25

All other Shoes in stock 10 per cent off for the next twenty days.

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116 W. Gold Ave.
235-Telephones-263

Your cough annoys you. Keep on hacking and tearing the delicate membrane of your throat. If you want to be annoyed. But if you want relief, want to be cured, take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Sold by all druggists.

A BARGAIN

I have for sale if bought at once, a splendid 5-room brick house and lot close in, corner lot, 50x142. Parties leaving town. A real opportunity. See J. M. Sollie at 115 West Gold Avenue. Phone No. 422.

AWAY UP

In the estimation of all our customers it is our bread. When you are hands-on a loaf of bread at the bakery you get a combination of the finest flour, the most skillful mixing and perfect baking. And you get it every time, too, our bread never disappoints. Try it today and you can be sure of getting it just as good tomorrow and every day.

PIIONEER BAKERY
207 South First Street

WATCH!

THE BIG SHOE SALE IS NOW ON AT REDUCED PRICES:

5,000 Pair Men's Shoes. \$4.00
\$5.00 Men's Shoes. \$4.00
\$4.00 Shoes. \$3.00
\$3.00 Shoes. \$2.25

All other Shoes in stock 10 per cent off for the next twenty days.

W. M. CHAPLIN
121 West Central Avenue.

Maloy's Dry Farming and Irrigation

By F. H. NEWELL Director
U. S. Reclamation Service

Now is the time to make Fruit
Cake and Mince Meat. We
have everything you need—
just in—pure and fresh.

Citron and Peels

Raisins and Currants

Nuts—all kinds

Boiled Cider

Imported Figs

Pure Spices

Yellow Pumpkins and

Hubbard Squash

Oranges

Bananas

Grape Fruit

White Grapes

Black Grapes

Apples

Pears

Fine Native Celery

Native Head Lettuce

Cauliflower

Spinach

California Tomatoes

Young Onions, Radishes, etc.

Jersey and Native Sweet

Potatoes

Cranberries

Mince Meat

Imported Swiss Cheese

Roquefort

Neufchatel

Sierra

Brick

Iowa Cream

Imperial

Specials For Today Only

3 lbs. fresh Spinach 25c

3 lb. can Monarch Pumpkin 15c

3 pkgs. Shredded Wheat Bis- 35c

cuit

3 lb. can extra Table Pears 20c

1 qt. jar Sweet or Sour Pickles 30c

1 case (24 cans) Reliance 2.25

Corn

1 doz. cans Early June Peas 1.25

A. J. Maloy

214 Central Ave.

PHONE 72



Baker's Breakfast Cocoa
Is absolutely pure, healthful, and makes a most delicious drink
Get the genuine with our trade-mark on the package
52 Highest Awards in Europe and America
WALTER BAKER & Co. Ltd.
Dorchester, Mass.



A PURE PRODUCT OF A PERFECT PROCESS

CONTRACTOR NOW TEN DAYS
HEAD OF THE STATE
(Special Correspondence to Morning Journal)
El Paso, Texas, Nov. 3.—There will be no delay in work on this place through failure of Contractor Brady to complete the grading in the time specified. His contract expires December 4th, and he is now ten days ahead of his own estimate on the work, with eight miles of roadbed completed and the heavy blasting and grading well under way. The interesting part of the work is that which is now occupying almost the entire contract force, namely the blasting out of a roadbed along the precipitous

our pumping plant without the necessity or expense of long trips to the country; and if the public knew that, at any time they chose to visit Portales, they could in this way get a full understanding and first hand knowledge of our water supply and irrigation plant, it would not only soon double the number of visitors who come here, and, therefore, pay great dividends in the way of an advertising scheme, but it would, as we verily believe, also double the number of sales of our irrigated lands and thus not only put new life and more cash into our town and community but also greatly hasten the extension of our present 10,000 acre project to 20,000 acres by the next crop season.

Second, the local irrigation farmers greatly need such an experiment farm close to town, not only that they may learn what is best to undertake to raise, but also, and in particular, that they may learn, in the earliest and best way, just how to handle the land and the water, as well as how to utilize their power to the best advantage. Now, we submit, that such a farm under the direction of an experienced irrigator, would be the best possible school for our farmers, to the most of whom irrigation and irrigation farming is something almost if not entirely new.

Third, such a demonstration plant, and a farm is greatly needed in order to show just what can be done with a few acres of tract of ground under the right sort of irrigation. We have already gotten some idea along this line from James Luther, George Wood, Will Martin, Alex Bloomquist and others who have irrigated with gas engines and windmills and have demonstrated the possibility of raising from \$450 to \$750 worth of garden truck on this land. But we need a more thorough demonstration, in order to encourage a hundred others who own the acre tract close to, and proceed to turn the outskirts of our little city into a veritable garden spot where everything under the shining sun that is good to eat is raised in an abundance and with such a profit, from a financial standpoint, that no one in this community will have either the time or the occasion to get grouchy or despondent.

DEMONSTRATION WELL AND FARM WANTED BY PORTALES PAPER

(Portales Herald)

There is absolutely no telling what Portales and our irrigation project has already by not having a demonstration farm of five or ten acres right near the town. And now that our great electrical plant has closed down for the winter, there are additional and imperative reasons why such a demonstration or experiment farm and pumping plant should be started at once. Let us give you the reasons.

First, such an experiment pumping plant and farm would make it possible for visitors to see the possibilities and understand the nature of



Elephant Butte Dam Will Be Completed in 4 Years

Force Account Plan of Government Will Cut Down Construction Time a Whole Year According to Recent Estimates; Five Thousand Dollars Worth of Black Diamonds to Drill Into River Bed.

(Special Correspondence to Morning Journal)
El Paso, Texas, Nov. 3.—The Elephant Butte dam of the government on the Rio Grande will be completed in four years, a year sooner than the estimate of the government, due to the government's decision to complete it in three years.

Official confirmation of the telegram announcing the plan of the government to complete the dam in three years, was received by W. M. Reed, district engineer of the reclamation service in a letter from the secretary of the interior.

The dam being completed in a year less than the time it was figured to complete, it is possible that the dam will be completed project in four years. Work on the dam, which will supply the adjoining lands with water for irrigation, will be finished simultaneously with the completion of the dam, so there will be no delay in supplying water for irrigation.

Now Plan Much Better. Speeding up the determination of the government to complete the project in three years, which means merely that the dam will be completed in four years, Mr. Reed, the district engineer, says:

We figured that if a contractor undertook the job without taking into consideration the many difficulties which may be met, such as high water, etc., he might get plumped on the contract, while if conditions were favorable, with no difficulties, the contractor would make an undue profit. With the job in the hands of the government, however, such difficulties as I have spoken of would be no loss to the government and under favorable conditions the government would be able to save money on the proposition.

Referred to Dam. The Santa Fe railroad will be able to build the branch line from the main line between Culiac and Engle to the site of the Elephant Butte dam in twenty days after it has been notified by the government that the grading has been completed, according to F. E. Summers, superintendent of the Rio Grande division, who is in El Paso in connection with J. M. Kane, superintendent of the western grand division.

The government is grading the bridge at the point where the branch line will cross the main line, said Mr. Summers. As soon as they notify us that we can come in and begin laying track as will do so. If there is any rush for the completion of the dam, we can build it in twenty days with ease, though if there is no rush for its completion we will take more time.

\$5,000 IN DIAMONDS TO DRILL UNDER THE GRANDE. A small pasteurized box, about the size of those used by druggists, was recently received at the U. S. reclamation office here and sent to Elephant Butte. The box was guarded with great care, for it contained black diamonds valued at \$5,000. The diamonds are used in making deep investigations with a core drill of the strata which lie far below the surface at the place where the dam is to be built. No substance has been discovered which can take the place of black diamonds for that particular work.

The government did not buy the black diamonds outright, but leased them from an eastern dealer who is engaged in that line of business. They were carefully weighed when sent and when returned will be again weighed. The difference in weight will represent the loss by friction and must be paid for at the regular market price for black diamonds. The investigation at the dam may require \$200 or \$250 worth of diamond dust.

REAL OIL STRIKE AT TUCUMCARI IS REPORTED

Fine Grade of Paraffine Found By Prospectors and Field Will Be Thoroughly Tested.

(Special Correspondence to Morning Journal)
Tucumcari, N. M., Nov. 3.—That real oil is being struck in this section is being reported by the strike on Trujillo creek, thirty-five miles east of Tucumcari. A fine grade of paraffine oil has been discovered by prospectors. A five-inch hole struck seven hundred and fifty feet showed all the way down from the surface to the bottom. The hole was abandoned and a fourteen-inch hole has been started nearby which will be sunk if necessary to a depth of fifteen hundred feet.

Oil has been known to exist in this neighborhood for a number of years, it is said, and several years ago a relative of two of the present prospecting company, Daniel Blankinship, it is proved to be a bluff. A few months ago A. A. Blankinship and Lee Blankinship, together with C. L. Well, M. E. Keater and James C. Adair, went together and formed the Trujillo company, with James C. Adair as president and attorney M. E. Keater, secretary-treasurer. Since then the company has been occupied acquiring the preliminary hole. Nearly 20,000 acres of government land have been filed on for the mineral rights, practically all of the surrounding country being now taken up by the company and those near by who have been able to keep pace with the developments.

Excited among whom is Harry Moore of Amarillo, state that the prospects of this find promise much.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Tickling

MISS FARRELL HAS PRIZE PAPER AT PRESS MEET

Woman Editor of San Marcial Standard Has Clever Stunt at El Paso Meeting; El Pasoan President of Association.

(Special Correspondence to Morning Journal)

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 3.—The advantages and disadvantages of Women Editors was the title of the prize paper read before the meeting of the Southwestern Editorial Association in annual session here this week. Its author is Miss Ida M. Farrell, the able editor of the San Marcial Standard, who conducted one of the best and most up to date small town papers in New Mexico.

She told of the disadvantages of being a woman when there are political meetings and other things, where smokers are given and a man editor could easily present himself, but a woman dare not enter.

On the other hand she declared it advantageous insofar as when a woman comes to collect a bill a man never tells her to wait until Monday, but always hands out the cash.

W. P. Lapoint, editor of the Las Cruces Herald, read a paper on whether editing a weekly in the southwest is a snap or a snarl.

William E. Holt, editor of the Deming News, spoke on "What We Can Do for This Section." Referring to the friendship and the close relations between El Paso and New Mexico, he said they are inseparable and "New Mexico may adopt El Paso" as its motto.

Read the following:
For sale by W. H. Hayes, 417 S. Armo St., Albuquerque, N. M.: "Doan's Kidney Pills have been used in our home with such positive results that I cannot praise them too highly. Backache caused me a great deal of discomfort and I knew that it arose from disordered kidneys. The doctor told me I was suffering from kidney complaint, but I was unable to get relief from his medicine. Finally I commenced taking Doan's Kidney Pills and they removed every symptom of my trouble. During the three years that have since passed, I have had no return attack of kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take it often.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership. Solves a long standing partnership between J. P. Sheehan and R. L. Ormsbee, under the firm name of Sheehan and Ormsbee, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the said Sheehan assuming all of the liabilities, and to collect all of the indebtedness due the firm.

J. P. SHEEHAN,
R. L. ORMSBEE.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND
This is Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Pills. It is Red and Gold medicine. Take one or two. They are "Diamond Brand" PILLS, or 25 CENTS. Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

Every Woman
Should know about this
MARVEL Whirling Spray
It is a new vaginal spray.
It cleanses the vagina.
It is sold by Druggists Everywhere.

THE PALACE HOTEL
Santa Fe, N. M.
First class in all respects. Rooms with private baths. Table unexcelled. Headquarters for Constitutional Convention.

BALDRIDGE
Lumber company.
Paints, Glass, Cement, Roofing and Builder's supplies.

the newspaper business has been learned through the careful study of the papers which you are publishing. You have been the masters, the pupil and student. That he has been diligent is not to be denied; how apt he has been is not for him to say. There is in his heart the same sense of gratitude and obligation that the old fellow feels, when, growing romantic and retrospective, he recalls with infinite tenderness the face and figure of the kind old master who guided a youngster, struggling, wayward, errant, through the devious and intricate paths of knowledge. It is because of a heart filled with gratitude for your teachings that he desired to meet each one of you, to express personally that gratitude. You are among you those who never write a line but that reveals your charm of personality. Others, less gifted and more like the writer, have to work hard for all you earn. But you are getting results, just the same. And after all that is the main thing. But the writer earnestly desired to meet every one of you. That he is disappointed is a misfortune which he feels keenly.

Another year soon will pass. Again you will be assembled in convention. Here is the hope that a more fortunate turn of circumstances will enable the writer to be with you. Possibly by that time he will have attained enough of the color and atmosphere of the business to keep from feeling so keenly his lack of preparation, and his untidiness. May the ensuing year bring to you unlimited prosperity and happiness and contentment. A year of duty well done is within itself no small reward. It is a reward which all of us may earn. May not we be missing from the next convention. Cordially and fraternally,
GETHELIE SMITH

THE TEST OF MERIT

Albuquerque People Are Given Convincing Proof.

No better test of any article can be made than the test of time and this is particularly true of a kidney medicine. Doan's Kidney Pills have stood this test and stood it well. Who better proof of the merits of this remedy could you demand, than the statement of an Albuquerque resident who has been cured and has stayed cured?

Read the following:
For sale by W. H. Hayes, 417 S. Armo St., Albuquerque, N. M.: "Doan's Kidney Pills have been used in our home with such positive results that I cannot praise them too highly. Backache caused me a great deal of discomfort and I knew that it arose from disordered kidneys. The doctor told me I was suffering from kidney complaint, but I was unable to get relief from his medicine. Finally I commenced taking Doan's Kidney Pills and they removed every symptom of my trouble. During the three years that have since passed, I have had no return attack of kidney trouble."

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Every Woman
Should know about this
MARVEL Whirling Spray
It is a new vaginal spray.
It cleanses the vagina.
It is sold by Druggists Everywhere.

THE PALACE HOTEL
Santa Fe, N. M.
First class in all respects. Rooms with private baths. Table unexcelled. Headquarters for Constitutional Convention.

BALDRIDGE
Lumber company.
Paints, Glass, Cement, Roofing and Builder's supplies.

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The Albuquerque Morning Journal

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THE MORNING JOURNAL IS THE LEADING REPUBLICAN PAPER OF NEW MEXICO, SUPPORTING THE PRINCIPLES OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ALL THE TIME, AND THE METHODS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY WHEN THEY ARE RIGHT.

Larger circulation than any other paper in New Mexico. The only paper in New Mexico issued every day in the year.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Daily, by mail, one month \$5.00
Daily, by carrier, one month \$6.00

"The Morning Journal has a higher circulation rating than is accorded to any other paper in New Mexico."—The American Newspaper Directory.

ALBUQUERQUE NEW MEXICO

PERSONAL WORK COUNTS.

Members of the New Mexico Publicity association are to receive from the secretary of the bureau of immigration postal card invitations to be sent by the members to their friends, living in easy traveling distance of Chicago, asking these friends to be present in Chicago and to visit the New Mexico display on "New Mexico day" at the land and irrigation exposition. As previously stated, New Mexico is to have the best day in the show, November 25, in the middle of the exposition, and the day after the opening day of the international livestock exposition.

It is the personal work that counts and every person who receives these cards is urged to be prompt in mailing them to his friends in the vicinity of Chicago or anywhere in the middle west, where it will be practicable for the addressed friends to run over and see the show and help make the big New Mexico demonstration a success. If you fail to receive a bunch of these cards, write to your friends, anyhow, and tell them to be sure and take a day off to see what New Mexico is doing at the big show and what opportunities she is offering the world.

Let every booster for New Mexico appoint himself a committee of one to help swell the crowd on New Mexico day. The result will be something tremendous, if we all pull together, and hundreds of thousands of people will see New Mexico's magnificent exhibit in Chicago and attend the special exercises of the day.

Here is a good chance for some effective personal work for the good of the new state.

Another murderer has been burned by a Texas mob. In this case he was not even a negro, and the nameless crime which has blotted the south's record with a long series of lynchings was not in evidence. The victim was shot and killed a woman, it is true, but as far as can be learned his crime was simple murder, a crime for which there is little doubt he would have been legally made to pay the penalty. Is this lynching business merely getting to be a habit with the Texans? Is she reverting to the historic days when a man was hanged to the nearest tree when found in possession of a horse that didn't belong to him? The Texans should study the example of law-abiding New Mexico.

ROOSEVELT, NOT REPUBLICANISM

To defeat Mr. Roosevelt in New York is to injure the administration of Mr. Taft, declares Senator Root. Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft stand for the same thing, says Secretary Nagel.

We fear that this kind of talk will appear to the majority of people to be a statement that Roosevelt is a crook and a jackass. The issue in New York is Roosevelt, not republicanism. It has become solely a question of the personality and the methods of the ex-president. Real party principles do not appear to be at stake. While the party must bear the brunt, the threatened defeat of the Roosevelt influence in the Empire state will not be the fault of the principles and policies of the republican party. If the administration of President Taft is injured by a Roosevelt defeat it will be Mr. Roosevelt who has injured the administration, and not the voters.

As to the statement that Roosevelt and Taft stand for the same thing, it is both. Can we imagine the president of the United States encouraging the populace to fear at a federal judge as "a crook and a jackass," because of a decision which upholds the freedom of the press and denies that a man may be held to the seat of government for an alleged offense committed in his own state? Picture if possible Mr. Taft declaring that he alone is qualified as moral adviser to the people and that he embodies all the known virtues, that he is the ideal American citizen and that upon his shoulders alone devolves the burden of making the people good. It is quite impossible to think of Mr. Taft as dictator of the political destiny of every state and every city. It is unthinkable to place Mr. Taft in the role of an assistant of the judiciary, a sower of seeds of discord or a street corner agitator.

Mr. Roosevelt's own system has made him the issue in the New York

campaign. It is a question of the man and not the principles.

Few men in history have had the opportunity that Theodore Roosevelt has. Few men have had the same tireless energy and executive ability, the determination and virility, and his popularity has been unparalleled. But it has gone to his head. It is hard to resist the conviction that it is no longer the people, but Roosevelt, that fills his vision.

His present campaign has reflected seriously on the dignity of the exalted office which he has held. Instead of balance, increasing years appear to have brought him only recklessness and extremism. If Mr. Roosevelt is to be the leader and chief exponent of the great movement for better government, for a greater recognition of popular rights and for more honesty in public office, he must realize, and that quickly, that the desired ends are not to be gained by the abuse of personal popularity and power. The people are seeking, not tumult and confusion, but an orderly adjustment of conditions, industrial tranquility combined with industrial justice, a better administration of laws, not the abolition of present methods of government.

The progressives seek to progress, not to go backward. They are not advocating reversion to one man power in this country. Mr. Roosevelt is the exponent not of progressivism, but of Mr. Roosevelt.

STATE ASSASSINATION.

We are at a loss to find a term which will adequately characterize the pernicious activities of such men as George Judson King, the eminent reformer now engaged in disseminating abuse of New Mexico and her people in the newspapers of the United States. Character assassination is a hackneyed expression, generally used in connection with individuals. This man has gone much farther, he is maligning with utter falsity the people of a whole state.

Just at this writing we are not aware of the locality which had the honor of presenting this useful citizen to the world. From somewhere or other he recently arrived in New Mexico, supplied with a force of stenographers and typewriters and a dictionary of obprobrium, filled with the high and noble purpose of relating to a waiting world the degeneracy and depravity of the people of the commonwealth now aspiring to become a state of the union. Who imposed this heavy responsibility upon Mr. King we are unable to state; it was probably a mission delegated to him by Providence.

The forbearance of the people of New Mexico has often been exemplified. It is a curious thing, probably a lesson learned through many decades of vain endeavor to secure our rights as American citizens. But even at that, the territory has often been made a very unhealthy place for tourists who have taken advantage of our hospitality to reveal to the country the wickedness of our people.

We do not know whether Mr. King is still in the territory or not. It is fervently to be hoped that he has taken his departure to other fields of usefulness.

"Like a withering blight on the heart of every true progressive in the convention hall, the conservative shadow of President Taft," says Mr. King in a recent contribution to a southern newspaper, published in this paper yesterday. Another paragraph says:

"The people are alive to what this constitution means, and they know its making is in the hands of its maker, a crew of political pirates as ever misled the black flag of privilege to the mast of the ship of state."

The writer sneers at "Mexican delicacies," and at the fact which he characterizes as "unique" that interpreters are employed in the convention. The new state, we are informed, has been delivered, roped and tied, into the hands of corporation plunderers. All that the delegates have accomplished, it is stated, has been to demonstrate "that they are under the control of the Santa Fe railroad and other corporations."

The brazen, ridiculous nature of the lies is the most puzzling feature of this particular production. The republicans, it is stated, stand for a constitution without the referendum, without railroad and corporation commissions, without "taxation rules," without primary elections and prohibition, and "not to scare away capital."

It appears like insulting the intelligence of men to refer to what the convention has really done, that it has embodied the referendum, that it has created an elective corporation commission, with powers sufficient to tie every corporation and every railroad hand and foot if it so desired; that it has stood for a judiciary elected by the people; that it has endorsed an employers' liability act; that it has given the cause of prohibition every chance to make itself heard; that it has shown every sign of hearkening to the desires of the people on the taxation question; that throughout it has made every effort to carry out, in its actions, the wishes of the whole people. As to not "scaring away capital," here is one thread of truth in the fabric of falsehood.

Explanations, however, are idle. It were folly to believe for a moment that this extraordinary defamer of New Mexico is ignorant of what the convention has really done. He has been by distinguished suffrage allowed in Santa Fe during the convention, with an asylum at Las Vegas only a short distance away, and transportation facilities good. There is no logical conclusion, but that, armed by "direct legislation" fanaticism, this

man events his bitter malice and chagrin over the loss of the initiative by doing what harm he can to the new state abroad.

The most depressing feature of the situation, however, is that this man has been aided and abetted by a local newspaper and other democratic papers which have filled their columns with his ravings during the past few weeks.

The spectacle of men living in New Mexico publishing to the worldlanders about New Mexico and exulting in the work of bringing her into contempt before the country is something that pains our eyes.

Popular Novels of the Week.

(New York World.)

Here are some titles of books which would be interesting reading just now:

"Mr. Barnes of New York," by Roosevelt, just out.

"Tooth vs. Tusk, or, Shooting Elephants in Africa and Repairing Them in America," by Teddy the Tourist.

"The Adirondacks," by T. Woodrough.

"The Sins of the Legislators," by Senator Gardner.

"Sentenced for Life," by Charles E. Hughes, author of "Silence."

"How to be Popular," by Charles F. Murphy.

"Don Quixote," by Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, author of "The Battle of Saratoga," "The Panic of 1907," and "Third Times."

"Les Miserables," by Mr. Prentiss and a corps of able assistants.

"The Last Battle," by Mr. Bryan, author of "Ten Nights in a Barroom."

"Red Lights," by Borough President Mitchell, aided by ex-Commissioner Baker.

"Bartlett's Familiar Quotations," by Mayor Gaynor.

"Lost in New York," by William Traverser Jerome.

"Visions of the White House," by Woodrow Lincoln Wilson.

"Joke Book," by Hon. John Hedges.

"Lead Me Five Shillings," by Mr. Corley, author of "Trust Funds," and "Hard Cash."

"The Forty Thieves," by Lynn Bruce.

"Deserted Village," by Mr. Stimson, author of "Roughing It" and "Marooned."

"The Empty Dinner Pail," by Mr. Roosevelt, author of "Visions of Empire."

"Who's Who in 1912," by William H. Taft.

"Forerunner," by Willie Hearst, author of "Going It Alone."

"Great Emigrations," by John A. Dix, author of "The Ascendancy of the Better Man."

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CLANCY ADVOCATES SHORT BALLOT, LESS CANDIDATES

Decrease in Number of Elective Officers Will Help Some, Opinion of Attorney General.

That fewer candidates and fewer elective officers will work for the public weal is the opinion of Attorney General Clancy as expressed in the following communication to the Santa Fe New Mexican:

"In the natural strife among many contending minds in our constitutional convention, coupled with the laudable desire to hasten the work of the convention and finish it promptly, some of the broad, general results which we are likely to reach and toward which we are tending, may be lost sight of in the giving of individual attention to particular subjects which seem to the individual mind most important. It may, then, be of value to take, or at least, to attempt, a comprehensive view of what may be reached if our constitution making continues as it is now proceeding.

"The general spirit of the delegates is excellent and practically all are seeking only to bring forth the best constitution possible. It is noticeable that the sentiment is general—almost unanimous—that there are deep seated and widespread evils in the administration of government affairs in a majority of the states of the union, against the growth of which in our coming state the constitution should interpose every possible obstacle and protection. This sentiment is most admirable, but, in the absence of a strong, realizing sense of the causes of the administrative evils referred to, the remedies proposed may be misdirected and inadequate.

"Complaint comes to us from all parts of the country of official inefficiency and positive dishonesty. This indicates something wrong in the generally prevalent methods of choosing public officers. None of us will concede that the dishonesty of public servants is a reflection of the dishonesty of the people who elect them. We do not believe that the people at large are dishonest or desire dishonesty in public affairs. Why, then, do they so frequently put bad men in office?

"The fact is that in nearly all elections throughout the United States, the mass of voters do not exercise any careful, discriminating judgment in choosing among numerous contending candidates, except perhaps, at times, between the men whose names head the respective tickets, and it is also the fact that it is next to impossible for the average citizen to do any better than he does. Those men who make a business of politics, who are in politics, as has been said even in New Mexico, only for the sake of there in it for them to exercise discrimination and judgment in their voting, and still more in the preparation of the party tickets which they make ready for the ordinary voter to choose between on election day. The more numerous the offices to be filled the more difficult it is for the voter to decide wisely, although he seeks nothing for himself and would gladly do something for the public good, and the more easy it is for the dishonest politician to accomplish his own purposes.

"The average voter ordinarily absorbed in his private business, on election day, or for a few days before, turns aside for a brief space from his usual occupation and tries to give some attention to his civic duties. Confused and uncertain among the multitude of candidates and the difficulty in learning of their merits, or of anything of his loss of time, it is no wonder that he usually votes on his action being caused by general party feeling or personal regard for some one or two candidates whom he considers his friends. And the business-like politicians who are 'on the job' all the time, are the ones who have prepared the tickets, taking care that they, or their creatures, are slated for the lucrative offices, judiciously mingling a few respectable candidates for other kind, as a son to what they scoff at as 'the better element.'

"Cut down the number of candidates to be voted for so that the voting public can have time to investigate the merits of the candidates, and we will inevitably have better candidates. As a proof of this, see our presidential elections. Look back for the last sixty years and you will find no candidate of either of the great political parties who was not a worthy aspirant to the presidency. Look at the present example of the city of Galveston, formerly misgoverned and plundered, which with only five elective officers, has become a model of municipal government, and the city politicians who formerly controlled, are no longer 'on the job.'

"Heretofore in New Mexico, we have elected only a delegate to congress, members of the legislature and county officers, so that the trouble from multiplicity of candidates, has not been as great as in other places, nor as great as it may be under our state government. The present indications are that we will have present at the hapless voter at the first state election, candidates to be voted for by the whole state, for governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, justice of the supreme court, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, three corporation commissioners, a commissioner of agriculture, and two members of congress, or sixteen in all. There may be others coming of which I have not yet heard. In addition to these, there will be a district judge and district attorney in each district, and from two to four members of the legislature, and then the county officers who under the present laws are nine in number. We will thus have tickets with not less than

twenty-nine or thirty-one names thereon.

"Here is an opportunity for the convention to minister to the public good by reducing the number of elective officers.

"What is here set out is in harmony with the purposes of the short ballot organization, which is headed by Woodrow Wilson, eminent scholar and statesman, president of the University of Princeton and now candidate for governor of the state of New Jersey. The publications of that organization have been distributed among some of the delegates to the convention, but it is doubtful if many of them have realized that what is therein set forth may be of immediate, practical importance in the making of our constitution.

"FRANK W. CLANCY."

IN ANCIENT TIMES ARIZONA HAD THE REFERENDUM

Kumback, Kersmash and Kibosh Features of Government in Prehistoric Days, Are Resurrected.

Prehistoric Arizona has for many years been a puzzle to antiquarians and archaeologists. That the valleys of the Gila and the Salt rivers were once densely populated by a race possessing many of the arts and sciences is demonstrated beyond a doubt. The surveys who years ago established the line of the Grand canal, followed the ruins of an ancient Aztec aqueduct for many miles and could not better it as an engineering feat. In the Salt river valley hillocks had been leveled, and the intervening shallows filled, so that the great canals were excavated from the ground and were watered by pipes for many miles on a grade so perfect that it had evidently been made by man. The Casa Grande, near Florence, is the ruin of a building seven stories in height and the crumbled remains of the ends of the timbers which formed the floor supports are still in evidence in the ancient walls. Burial mounds have been opened in which were found stone and copper tools, and utensils and pottery, some of which had upon it uniform characters that were evidently the words of characters of a language lost and gone, which no scholar was able to reconstruct.

The puzzle has been to determine what became of this prehistoric race, which existed at a period of time so remote that the people who built the pyramids of Egypt forty centuries ago were recent in comparison. It was conjectured by some scientists that successive years of drought and intense heat caused the Aztecs to emigrate to North Dakota. Others have claimed that they were murdered or driven out by the Apache Indians, who lacked the civilization necessary to enable them to avail themselves of the possessions of those whom they conquered, and others yet assert that a prehistoric comet fell upon this portion of the world a prehistoric lick with every living thing, and swept the ashes of the people from the face of the earth.

A more plausible explanation of the disappearance of the prehistorics and the future of Arizona to develop the 8,200 years ago is now offered by Professor Muley Al Hansen of Cairo, Ill. The professor, who is a learned Egyptologist, was traveling to the Pacific coast during his summer vacation. When the cars stopped at Ash Fork for dinner the professor, being economically inclined, patronized the lunch counter. He noticed that the baked beans were served from a large earthen pot on which were some curious characters. Investigation showed that this vessel had been recently unearthed from an Aztec mound and the finder had sold it to the restaurant man for a bean pot. The professor purchased the pot—after the baked beans were emptied from it—and carried it home with him, comparing the characters on the pot with those on an Egyptian obelisk—of which the professor had photographs—he was able to offer a solution of the mystery.

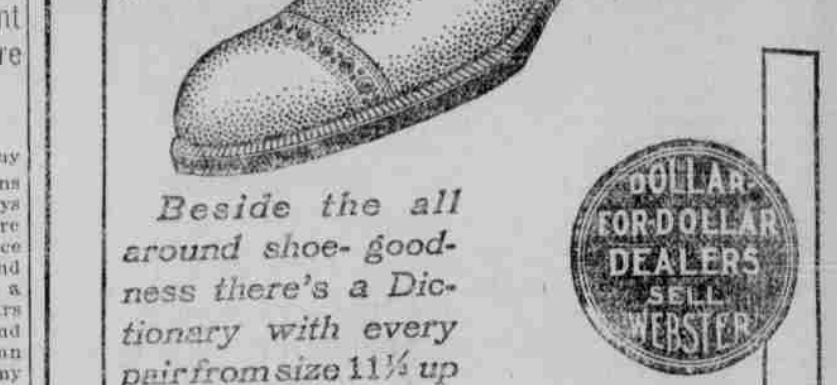
The professor says that about sixty centuries before the Christian era the Salt river valley contained a population of over 700,000, with a seat of government at what is now Kibosh. This government was a concrete theocratic, autocratic, democratic institution, the law of which were made by a sort of amphitheatrical council and administered by a ruler called the Grand Hymuckamuck. This ruler was elected every seven years, and unlike Roosevelt or Diaz, was disqualified for re-election. It happened that there were several distinguished prehistorics whose ambitions were too eager to make them willing to await their turns, so they persuaded the people to adopt into their constitution the initiative, the referendum and the recall, which in their ancient Aztec phrase they named the Kumback, the Kersmash and the Kibosh. The Kumback was first placed in operation and six weeks after the installation of the last constitutional Hymuckamuck he was recalled by the people and his successor chosen. This successor, not proposing to take similar chances of a short term, immediately invoked the Kersmash for the repeal of the Kumback, by which a recall could be had, and invoked it successfully. The candidates who had failed to make their recall loud enough to call them into office now induced 15 per cent of the voters to propose a Kibosh or initiative, by which the entire government was to be abolished, taxes were to be dispensed with, and every man was to be permitted to govern himself, by himself, for himself.

The Kibosh was successful and immediately the long-headed propriety owning prehistorics began to sell out and move out. These were followed by others and these by others again until the country was deserted. Some went to Colorado,

WEAR and Worry PROOF

Webster School Shoe

for the young man of the family—plenty of style and a sturdy wear-resistance that is worth while. Made in the west, for the west, in a custom factory, where shoe making is the only thing of importance



Beside the all around shoe-goodness there's a Dictionary with every pair from size 11½ up

WEBSTER SCHOOL SHOES ARE CUSTOM MADE BY Wertheimer-Swartz Shoe Co. ST. LOUIS, U. S. A.

where their descendants elected Simon to the United States senate. Others went to France and founded the Pinchot family and others yet across the Colorado river into California, and Tommy Woolwine is one of the results of their exodus.

And prehistoric Arizona returned to aridity and silence for over 8,000 years until now, and now, unheeding the warning inscribed on the prehistoric pot, some of her statesmen are trying to repeat the performance of B. C. 6300.—Los Angeles Times.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of Dr. W. Groves. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

NEW ARRIVALS IN THE MIMBRES VALLEY ARE THE USEFUL VARIETY

(Donning Graphic.) "I have lived in many places, but I never saw a finer class of people than live in Deming and the whole of Luna county," is an expression often heard here and the best part of it all is, it is absolutely true.

It is true of the people who have lived here a long time, and it is equally true of our rapidly increasing population. The most intelligent farmers, who see in our rich lands and pure water a combination that will bring for his labor, in twenty years as much as he can get in any other land, can possibly produce in states where rain is dependent upon charity for crop culture and where he has to work six months in order to produce food and feed his stock six months. They are not slow to recognize that where they can raise one crop of hay in the month, it is easy to raise five or six crops here, or five or six times the profit. They are not

The best saddle horses to be had in the city are at W. L. Trimble's, 117 North Second street. Phone 3.

Try a Morning Journal Want Ad

Third Street Meat Market ALL KINDS OF FRESH AND SALT MEAT, STEAM SAUSAGE FACTORY. Geo. Eberhardt, N. Third St. MASONIC BUILDING.

That Cold Room

on the side of the house where winter blasts strike hardest always has a lower temperature than the rest of the house. There are times when it is necessary to raise the temperature quickly or to keep the temperature up for a long period. That can't be done by the regular method of heating without great trouble and overheating the rest of the house. The only reliable method of heating such a room alone by other means is to use a

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER Absolutely smokeless and odorless

which can be kept at full or low heat for a short or long time. Four quarts of oil will give a glowing heat for nine hours, without smoke or smell.

An indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font. Filler-cap does not screw on; but is

GEO. W. HICKOX COMPANY

New Mexico's Pioneer Jewelers.
WATCH INSPECTORS FOR SANTA FE AND COAST LINES.
FINE WATCH REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.
THE ARCH FRONT 115 SO. SECOND ST.

CRESCENT HARDWARE CO.

Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery and Tools, Iron
Pipe Valves and Fittings, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work
116 WEST CENTRAL AVENUE. PHONE 215

The Best Buy

YOU CAN MAKE TODAY IS
TO STOCK UP ON

Arnold's Best Flour

We know the quality of this
flour and we want you to
know all about it. Take ad-
vantage of our advertising
price before it is too late.
Small sacks, \$.70
Large sacks, 1.40
Limited to Four Large Sacks
to a Family.

Ward's Store

Homer H. Ward, Mgr.
315 Marble Ave., Phone 206

THE WM. FARR COMPANY

Wholesale and retail dealers in
Fresh and Salt Meats, sausage
specially. For cattle and hogs the
biggest market prices are paid.

OUR MILK AND CREAM

Is Produced and Handled Under the Strictest Sanitary Conditions
of Modern Dairying.

The Matthew Dairy & Supply Co.

Phone 429. 1700 North Fourth Street.

CHARLES ILFELD CO.

Wholesalers of Everything

LAS VEGAS SANTA ROSA ALBUQUERQUE

Evening Dress Clothes for Men Are Rarely Made Well

Yet you need them for the most
careful dressing you do. Only
high-salaried tailors should
ever touch them—and the
high-salaried tailors who work
for the usual merchant tailor
are few.

You need evening clothes for
the winter's festivities—for
club, for dance, for the theater.
The way of wisdom is to pur-
chase them as built by STEIN-
BLOCH, full dress and Tuxedo.
A corps of skilled tailors do
nothing else in the STEIN-
BLOCH shops—and they don't
bother their work.

The matter of price is also
an interesting one to listen to.
Try us before you decide this
full-dress question.

Suits \$35 and \$50
Suits for Rent

E. L. WASHBURN CO.

122 South Second Street
119 W. Gold Ave.

Wallace Hesselden

General Contractors.
Figures and workmanship count.
We guarantee more for your money
than any other contracting firm in
Albuquerque. Office at the Superior
Planning Mill. Phone 277.

Standard Plumbing & Heating

COMPANY
412 W. Central Avenue.
Prompt and careful attention to All
Orders.
TELEPHONE 41.

**ALBUQUERQUE FOUNDRY and
MACHINE WORKS**

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO
Iron and Brass Castings.
Machinery Repairs.

**HUBBS LAUNDRY
WHITE
WAGONS****E. Fournelle**

Contractor and Builder.
Job Work Promptly Attended to.
Phone 1065.

DR. C. H. CONNER

Physician and Surgeon
OSTEOPATH
All acute and chronic diseases
treated.
Office: Stern Building, corner
Fourth and Central Avenue.

DR. J. O. SCHWENKER

OSTEOPATH
Office: Suite 5, N. T. Armijo
Bldg. Telephone 717.
Hours: 9-12 a. m.; 1-5, 7-8 p. m.

XMAS will soon be here
and it is not too soon
to plan your Xmas
presents. We have been plan-
ning for you and have the
nobblest line to choose from
over.

You can not make a dozen
Xmas presents cheaper and
that will give half the pleas-
ure that a dozen of our pho-
tographs of you will.

Then we are making some
extraordinary Xmas induc-
ements. Come in and let us
show you.

W. M. GRAY

"The Busy Photographer."
215 W. Central Ave.—Phone 522

'TWO LONGFELLOWS' MAKE THEIR BOW AT THE CRYSTAL

Pair of Elongated Vaudeville
Artists Do Eccentric Dance
and "Bell Hop," Stunt That
Brings Down the House

The "Two Longfellow," one six feet
four and a half inches in height,
and the other six feet three, are holding
the boards at the popular Crystal
theater these days, and are handing
forth a bunch of laughs that are
hard to beat. The Longfellow are
well named. They can stoop lower
and reach higher than any other two
persons in Albuquerque. Either one
of them have to stand in the same
place twice to make a shadow. Last
night while it was raining the Long
boys walked along the streets and
the raindrops failed to reach them.

But the Longfellow make good use
of their height on the vaudeville
stage. They can convulse an audi-
ence with their funny antics, eccen-
tric dancing, clever dialogue and vocal
work. "The Human Telegraph Pole"
do a "Bell Hop" stunt that is the
extreme limit. Attired in tight fit-
ting bell boys' uniforms, they do a
little sketch that is the funniest thing
by far that has happened in Albu-
querque during the season.
If you enjoy a real hearty laugh go
to the Crystal and see the "Longfel-
lows." If they don't make you laugh
until the tears roll down your cheeks,
there is something wrong with you.
The sketch put on by the Longfel-
lows is fully up to the Crystal stand-
ard. It is as funny as it can be, but
at the same time it is refined and
high class in every respect. And if
you see the new show today, don't
fail to see it tomorrow. In addition
to the vaudeville, there will be some
splendid moving pictures—the kind
that only the Crystal shows—the best
that are manufactured.

Beauty Culturist, Masseuse.
Miss H. V. Moore has opened her
parlor at room 38 Barnett building,
or she will call at private residence,
by appointment. Phone 966.

**ILLINOIS MAN BUYS
IDEAL SHOE COMPANY**

John Fleming Purchase Stock and
Good Will of Campbell &
Hammond Store.

As the result of a deal closed yes-
terday, John Fleming, who came to
Albuquerque recently from Illinois,
purchased the stock and good will of
the Ideal Shoe company, for some
time past conducted by Campbell &
Hammond. The deal was consum-
mated during the last summer caused
the closing up of the affairs of the
firm. The deal was closed by the
Porterfield company. The Ideal shoe
is one of the largest and most ex-
clusive in the city. Mr. Fleming comes
to Albuquerque well recommended
as a successful business man, who
has had much experience in various
enterprises in Illinois and was for
some time a director of an important
bank in his home town in Illinois.
Mr. Fleming will retain with him in
the business Mr. Campbell.

Stylish horses and buggies fur-
nished on short notice by W. L.
Trimble & Co., 113 North Second
street, phone 3.

The Direct Line Coal Co. sells best
Gallop lump coal for seven dollars.
Gallop eggs coal for six dollars and
a half.

Notice.
Having disposed of our drug busi-
ness we desire prompt settlement of
all accounts, and request that all per-
sons owing the firm of H. H. Briggs
& Co., former proprietors of the Al-
buquerque Pharmacy, and all persons owing
the Highland Pharmacy prior to
Sept. 15, pay the same to the under-
signed at the office of the J. C. Hold-
ridge Lumber Co.

**Seven dollars a ton for best Gallop
lump coal, six dollars for Gallop egg
Direct Line Coal Co.**

Flamingo Cafe—Regular dinner
from 11:15 to 1:15, 25 cents. Short
orders and lunch served from 8 a. m.
to 2 a. m. Also furnished rooms.
211 South First street.

Try a Journal Want Ad; Results

Distinguished Physician to Lecture at Elks' Theater

DR. M'CORMACK IN CITY TO SPEAK TONIGHT

Widespread Interest in Lecture
on the Gospel of Good Health
at Elks Theater This Even-
ing.

Dr. J. N. McCormack, the eminent
medical lecturer who has been ad-
dressing large audiences in various
New Mexico cities for several days
past, arrived in the city last night
from Clovis and Roswell, and will
make an address at 8 o'clock
tonight at the Elks' theater on the
subject, "Some things about
doctors which doctors and other peo-
ple ought to know." Dr. McCormack
appears here under the auspices of
the Bernalillo County Medical as-
sociation which has sent out invita-
tions to the public to be present and hear
one of the best popular addresses
ever delivered in Albuquerque. Dr.
McCormack, who is the apostle of the
great popular movement for the "con-
servative of people" is a splendid
speaker, whose addresses have been
received by large and delighted audi-
ences all over the country and who
is doing a great good by awakening
the public to the importance of look-
ing efficiently after the public health.
He will undoubtedly be greeted by a
large and representative gathering of
Albuquerque people this evening.

The lecture, as the title indicates,
will not be a dry technical affair, but
will be interesting and entertaining.
Few men have appeared on the plat-
form in Albuquerque who have had
the experience and the opportunities
that Dr. McCormack has had and he
is sure to say that his lecture will be
a treat. He was met at the Santa Fe
station by a reception committee and
escorted to the home of Dr. J. W.
Edgar, whose guest he will be while
in the city.

Dr. McCormack will meet with the
physicians of Albuquerque in the
Commercial club at 2 o'clock this
afternoon. His lecture at the Elks
theater tonight will commence at 8
o'clock. Invitations have been sent
broadly throughout Albuquerque,
and it is quite likely that the
theater will be filled to its capacity.
Seven hundred personal invitations
have been sent out and general invita-
tions have been sent to all labor
union organizations, lodges and sec-
ular societies. Mayor Felix H. Lester will
preside at the meeting and a number
of prominent professional and lay-
men will be seated on the platform.
At the conclusion of Dr. McCormack's
lecture brief addresses will be made
by Superintendent W. D. Sterling of
the Albuquerque schools and by Judge
E. A. Mann.

Boxes in the theater have been re-
served for the city council and
county officials; for the faculties of
the University of New Mexico and
the Albuquerque high school, and for
the Albuquerque Ministerial alliance.
The reception committee which will
greet the guests at the door of the
theater consists of Dr. P. G. Cornish,
Dr. C. A. Frank, Dr. Baker, Dr. W. G.
Hodge, Dr. Eastman, Dr. J. H.
Wroth, Dr. J. F. Pearce, Dr. F. J.
Pachin, Dr. S. L. Burton, Dr. A. G.
Shortle, Dr. E. Osuna and Dr. W. W.
Spawse.

HEAVENS OPEN AND MUCH DESIRED RAIN FALLS

Dust Clouds Vanish Before
Heavy Downpour Which Is
Welcomed in City and
Country Alike.

It has been dusty, so dusty, as to
make joy riding a grief for many
weeks past and the heavy downpour
of rain which started last evening
about half past four o'clock, was
hailed with joy by not only the farm-
ers, but city dwellers as well. On the
rural highways the dust has made the
roads well nigh impassable, and at-
though the mud will likely do the
same for a few days, the change is a
welcome one. The rain which fell for
a good part of the night is proving
the heaviest for a long time in cen-
tral New Mexico and from the way it
came down it is surmised that the pre-
cipitation is general all over the ter-
ritory. Rain is always needed, but it
is especially needed now, and the more
of it the better. Incoming visitors to
the trains report plenty of rain west
and, in fact, in all directions.

RECEPTION FOR THE CHAPLAIN IN CHIEF

Comrades of G. K. Warren Post
Will Do Honor to Dr. Thomas
Harwood at A. O. U. W. Hall
This Evening.

Complimentary to Rev. Thomas
Harwood, newly elected chaplain-in-
chief of the Grand Army of the Re-
public, the members of G. K. Warren
Post No. 2, G. A. R., of this city, will
give a reception to the venerable
chaplain tonight at 8 p. m. at A. O.
U. W. hall. All ex-soldiers, the mem-
bers of the Woman's Relief corps,
Ladies of the G. A. R., Sons of Veter-
ans, Spanish War Veterans, the

clergy and all friends of the chaplain
are cordially invited to be present.
There will be no refreshments. The
members of the local post appreciate
the distinguished honor paid their
comrade by the veterans of the United
States, and will thus give the general
public a chance to congratulate Mr.
Harwood.

NEW BUILDING AT SANATORIUM IS PROGRESSING

SHORTLY INSTITUTION TO
BE GREATLY ENLARGED

Albuquerque Climate Best in
World, Opinion of Physician
Who Has Had Wide Expe-
rience Abroad.

Work is commencing in earnest on
the new building of the Albuquerque
Sanatorium. The stone work on the
basement and foundations has been
completed and the carpenters and
brick masons are rushing the work
on the main structure.

The new building is to be of the
same type as the main building built
two years ago. It will be of Span-
ish renaissance architecture, brick
and stone with pebble dash exterior,
Spanish tile roof and with rooms for
twenty additional patients. It will be
modern in every way, with electric
lights, central heat, cold water, hard
wood floors, hot and cold water in
each room and each with large private
sleeping porch with double doors
opening into the room. The bed can
be arranged that the bed can be
taken into the room on a bed night
or when for any reason it is desirable.
The furniture, as in the main build-
ing, will be either solid oak or mahog-
any, in fact everything about the
place will be modern.

The arrangements for heating and
ventilating have been particularly
well thought out. A large airy base-
ment is under the entire building, and
will be used for rooms for help, stor-
age, laundry, etc.

The cottages that formerly stood
west of the central building have been
moved to a stone terrace west of the
building affording an unobstructed
view of the city and valley.
When the building now under way
is completed, there will be room for
something over forty patients, and
while it may not be the largest, it
will be the best built, best furnished
and most substantial institution for
tuberculosis in the southwest. Every
arrangement for properly carrying
out the climate and hygienic as well
as the medical treatment will be pro-
vided for.

Dr. Shortle came here less than
three years ago after a long experi-
ence in this work, both in America
and in Europe. Thinking his reason-
s for selecting Albuquerque, above
all other points of the southwest
would be of interest, a reporter asked
the doctor why he had made the
selection.

"I chose Albuquerque," he said,
"first on account of its climate.
There seem to be two qualities, either
of which will make a locality a favor-
able resort for tubercular people.
One is dryness, the other a certain
altitude. Egypt and Algeria in the
old world, Phoenix and Tucson in this
country are good examples of the
first, but they are too low in altitude.
Davos Platz and other resorts in the
Alps have favorable altitudes and are
successful resorts, yet would be vastly
more so, were it not for the heavy
rains and damp climate. Albuquerque,
combines both features as does
no other place in the United States,
or the world so far as I have ever
been able to learn. It has an altitude
almost exactly that of Davos Platz,
the most noted place in Europe, and
besides has the lowest humidity and
least rainfall of any place in the
United States. It is an altitude so high,
"Another feature that is quite as
important as climate is proper nutri-
tion. While there are a number of
places in New Mexico and Arizona
that have good climates, in which
sanatoria have been located, it is all
but impossible to get proper diet and
supplies, and many of the failures of
the sanatoria in this work have been
due to this one cause. Albuquerque
being the largest city and distributing
point in the state, located in a rich
irrigated valley, with good railroad
facilities, makes the question of
proper food supplies much easier
solved."

Dr. Shortle expects to have the new
building ready for occupancy by Jan-
uary first.

TWO TO ONE ON THE DEMOCRATS SAYS COL. HARRIS

Betting in New York Is Against
Roosevelt Says Albuquerque
Man Back From Extended
Trip Through East.

"The betting in New York at present
or when I left there a few days
ago was two to one against Roosevelt
in the present campaign in the Em-
pire state," said Col. A. W. Harris,
the well known capitalist of this city,
who has just returned from a trip
through the east.

Col. Harris says that he finds
conditions generally fairly prosperous
in the east and throughout the coun-
try and believes that the agitation
against the high cost of living arises
largely from the higher standard of
living that the people are seeking
nowadays. "As long as the farmers
are getting the money for the prod-
ucts and getting a good price the
country ought not to complain," said
the colonel.

Col. Harris is enthusiastic over
the commission idea of tariff reform,
believing that an able and impartial
commission which investigates condi-
tions carefully on both sides of the
Atlantic, taking up one schedule at a
time is much better than an ex-parte
revision by a congressional committee
where the "interests" have by far the
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through the east and New England
states as well as through Colorado
and Utah and farther northwest. Col.
Harris says that the campaign
against the Roosevelt influence and
the Roosevelt candidate for governor
in New York is being waged with un-
paralleled vigor and that the defeat
of the colonel's candidate is the gen-
eral conclusion.

"Looks like a democratic victory to
me," said Colonel Harris. Colonel
Harris believes that owing to the
financial unrest and disturbed condi-
tions incident to this campaign, not
nearly affecting the railroad interests,
investments in mining and sheep and
cattle enterprises are more popular at
present and that New Mexico should
benefit thereby. The turning of the
attention of capital to this class of
investments in the west will help
New Mexico, in spite of the handicap
of a rather poor season down here
the past year.

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yourself.

Wise Talks by the Office Boy



A young fellow who applied recent-
ly for a position, with a wholesale
house, said to the manager: "I have
here a letter of recommendation from
my minister."

Head of Firm: "That's very good
so far as it goes, but we don't need
your services on Sundays. Have you
any references from any one who
knows you the other six days of the
week?"

Everybody thinks that he can read
character in the human race. But
you notice as many people continue
to be swindled as ever. The Old Man
says, "Philosophy may soothe an ach-
ing heart, but not an aching head."
I guess the best way to avoid a head-
ache is to have your hat properly
conformed. When you buy a hat in
our store, you will buy it from an ex-
pert hatman who will see to it that it
is properly conformed so that it will
fit perfectly yet comfortably. This is
the good old winter time, or very near
it, and unless you are fully supplied
we want to sell you your fall hat. We
offer you everything now in soft and
durable hats in our celebrated \$3 grades,
or in Stetson's famous hats at \$4, \$5
and up. In either grade you will get
the best hat value obtainable any-
where.

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