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Santa Fe New Mexican, 07-27-1898

New Mexican Printing Company

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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 35.

SANTA FE, N. M., WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1898.

NO. 113.

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN - President.

J. H. VAUGHN Cashier

J. G. SCHUMANN,

DEALER IN

BOOTS,
SHOES, and
FINDINGS.

Santa Fe - N. M.

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS)

THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from the Rio Grande. The temperature of these waters is from 82° to 122°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 1,000 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the numerous cures attested to in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and Recurrent Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, Le Gripe, all Female Complaints, etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County New Mexico

ALAMOGORDO

The Beautiful New Town on the El Paso
and Northeastern Ry.

LOCATED IN THE SHADOW OF THE PINE-CLAD
SACRAMENTOS.

Supplied With Pure Mountain Water.

The Coming Health Resort of the West.

LOTS NOW ON SALE.

\$30,000 Hotel Underway.

Headquarters of the Railway Co.

For prices of lots and all particulars address or call on

S. H. SUTHERLAND, Agt.
ALAMOGORDO, N. M.

J. A. EDDY,
PRESIDENT.

Alamogordo Improvement Co.,
EL PASO, TEXAS.

TELEPHONE 88.
(Residence Over Store)

Charles Wagner,
—DEALER IN ALL STYLES OF—

BURIAL CASES AND COFFINS

Calls will receive prompt attention day or night from
S. H. Warner, funeral director and practical embalmer.

Lower Frisco St. - Santa Fe, N. M.

TERMS OF PEACE

Absolute Independence of Cuba—
Cession of Puerto Rico and Coal-
ing Station in the East.

FUTURE OF THE PHILIPPINES

Peace is Believed to Be In Sight—French
Ambassador Acted at Request of Span-
ish Government—President Will
Answer Tomorrow.

Washington, July 27.—As far as can be gathered our government has already prepared itself to announce the outlines of the conditions it will seek to impose in the consummation of peace. Generally stated, two propositions seem to be included in all demands, namely: First, the absolute independence of Cuba with the provision that the island shall be absolved from all responsibility for any debts heretofore charged against it by Spain; second, the absolute cession of Puerto Rico to the United States, likewise unencumbered by liabilities for bonded indebtedness. Another point upon which the United States, it is believed will insist, is the cession of coaling stations in the Ladrone and Carolinas. These territorial concessions, it is expected, will be regarded as sufficient compensation for the expenditure made by this country without a specific demand for money indemnity. The consideration which promises to give more trouble is the Philippines question. A coaling station is wanted there, but beyond that it may be that we will not care to go. An entirely different attitude might have been assumed by our government, but for the course adopted by the insurgents under General Aguinaldo, which it is asserted leaves the United States under no moral obligations to care for his people.

Must Abandon Cuba and Puerto Rico.
New York, July 27.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: To Mr. Cambon's representations yesterday, President McKinley is understood to have replied that the United States would be glad to enter upon peace negotiations on the understanding that Spain abandon sovereignty over both Cuba and Puerto Rico and acknowledge this country's right to shape the future destiny of the Philippine group. In these terms peace could promptly be restored. It is said that the president's desire to end the war is sincere, his return of the propositions are counted on by the authorities here to make clear the fact. If, on the other hand, he submits conditions of peace which the United States will be compelled to discuss as trivial and unwarranted, the failure of the Madrid government to appreciate the straits to which it already has been driven will be taken as a warning that to secure peace on a rational basis the war must be prosecuted to a bitter and relentless end.

Spanish Denial.
Madrid, July 27.—The government denies that it has been occupied with the question of peace. Premier Sagasta contradicts the statement that official negotiations are in progress, but the foreign office announces that negotiations due to private initiative are proceeding.

Peace Believed to Be Near.
London, July 27.—The equivocal denials from Madrid on the subject of peace negotiations were seemingly given out prior to Spain's formal application for peace. Many similar communications intended for home consumption may be expected during the negotiations, but the only purpose is to allay Castilian susceptibilities and they will not affect the real point at issue. The liveliest satisfaction is expressed in all quarters throughout Europe at the fact that Spain at last has done the right thing for the first time during the war. Peace is looked upon as being within measurable distance. It is believed the United States was at first unofficially approached and gave a general idea of the conditions she would insist upon before the French ambassador presented his note, and that the formal negotiations will consist chiefly of the formulation of terms already practically settled.

Acted at Request of Madrid.
Paris, July 27.—The government of France has notified all French embassies that Spain has made proposals through M. Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington, for peace with the United States. The following official note was issued today: At the request of the Spanish government, the French ambassador at Washington has been authorized by the French government to present a note from the cabinet at Madrid to the president of the United States. It is in the name of Spain that M. Cambon, who is charged to watch Spanish interests in the United States, made this communication to President McKinley yesterday afternoon in the presence of Secretary Day.

President Will Answer Tomorrow.
Washington, July 27.—The president by tomorrow will communicate our answer to Spain's peace proposal to Ambassador Cambon. If Spain gives answer that an armistice will be followed by a treaty of peace on certain general lines, it is probable the president will agree to an armistice.

OUTLAWS KILLED.

Gang of Cattle Thieves in Indian Territory
Exterminated by Marshal's posse.
Eufala, I. T., July 27.—The gang of cattle thieves and outlaws which has disturbed the Cherokee and Creek nations for a long time has been destroyed. The first fight occurred six miles east of Checotah and resulted in a half breed Cherokee, named Pettit, being mortally wounded; David Greathouse, an ex-member of the French gang was slightly wounded and one Cawthon captured. Later the remainder of the gang were intercepted near Braggs, Cherokee nation, by Deputy Marshal Ledbetter and posse, and all the outlaws killed. These were Goldsby, a brother of Cherokee Bill, Mose E. Miller and the famous Picklaw Bill.

Prince Bismarck Ill.

Hamburg, July 27.—Prince Bismarck has been confined to his bed for three days, and suffers from insomnia.

More Trouble in Spain.

Madrid, July 27.—The king is suffering from the measles.

"Soapy" Smith's Slayer Dead.

Seattle, Wash., July 27.—Advices from Skagway state that Frank H. Reid, who killed "Soapy" Smith, has died from his wounds.

NITRO-GLYCERINE EXPLOSION.

Five Men Killed and 12 Others Injured
This Morning at Pinole, Calif.

Pinole, Calif., July 27.—At 1:40 this morning an explosion took place in the nitro-glycerine house at the Hercules Powder Company. No one was in the building. A crew was sent to clear away the debris and at 4:15 a terrific explosion took place, killing five men and injuring 12 others, some fatally. The dead were J. P. Alvarez, Herbert Stratton, Patrick Murphy, John Ashe and an unknown man. The wounded: W. Evans, Gus Sandall, Thomas Stout, Joseph L. Walton, M. Welsh, Robt. Braggett, John O'Neill, John Brunton, E. B. Quinas, — Lucas.

Light Houses to Be Used Again.

Madrid, July 27.—The Spanish authorities have decided to re-illuminate the light houses in the Balearic islands, which were ordered extinguished shortly after the outbreak of the war.

PUERTO RICAN EXPEDITION.

Soldiers on Transports Landed Without
Opposition—Officers and Men of Gloucester Commanded for Gallantry.

Washington, July 27.—The Navy department today posted the following bulletin dispatch from Captain Higginson, in command of the naval expedition which went to Puerto Rico: St. Thomas, July 26.—Arrived here with General Miles and the United States troops today at 9:15 a. m. Landed them safely. There are no batteries outside. The Gloucester entered the harbor, landed a company of sailors under the command of Lieutenant Harry P. Huse and Lieutenant Harry Wood. Dispersed a small company of Spanish soldiers and hoisted the flag. I commend Lieutenant Commander Richard Wainwright and officers for the gallantry at Guánica. The transports discharged without any opposition, assisted by boats from the Massachusetts.

Yellow Fever Situation.

Correspondence of Associated Press—
Division Hospital, San Juan, July 25.—"There are 200 yellow fever cases here and at the front today. There will be 1,000 if we are here two weeks longer." This was the prediction made this afternoon by Dr. Senn, the government yellow fever expert who, with Dr. Gutierrez, is looking after the health of our army. That prediction was made in the case of fever were discovered four days ago. There were 20 the next night. Now there are 200. Dr. Gutierrez said, "I can not say the fever is of a mild type, but there has been only one death so far."

FAILURE OF CUBAN EXPEDITION.

Met by Spanish Cavalry—Sharp Engage-
ment Ended—Several Men
Wounded.

Key West, July 27.—News reached here today of an attempted landing on Cuban shores of a large expedition of men and arms, by the steamer Wanderer, which left Key West about a week ago. Banned west of Havana, was selected for the debarkation. On arriving, the expedition was met by Spanish forces, which numbered 1,000 or more and a sharp engagement ensued. The Wanderer was to have been met by Cubans who had evidently been driven off by the Spanish forces before the arrival of the Wanderer. Several of the Wanderer's men were wounded.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, July 27.—Money on call nominally 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 1/4 to 3 1/2. Silver, 59 1/2 to 60. Wheat, July, 70; Sept., 64 1/4 to 64 1/2. Corn, July, 34; Sept., 34. Oats, July, 25 1/2; Sept., 20 1/2 to 20 3/4. Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 15,500; steady to strong; beefs, \$4.40 to \$5.60; cows and heifers, \$3.40 to \$4.75; Texas steers, \$3.80 to \$4.75; stockers and feeders, \$3.15 to \$4.65. Sheep, receipts, 14,000; strong; natives, \$3.00 to \$4.75; westerns, \$3.35 to \$4.60; lambs, \$3.75 to \$5.35. Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 7,500; market today, steady; native steers, \$4.25 to \$5.35; Texas steers, \$3.60 to \$4.50; Texas cows, \$3.25 to \$3.75; stockers and feeders, \$1.50 to \$4.65; cows and heifers, \$2.75 to \$4.75; bulls, \$2.25 to \$3.65. Sheep, receipts, 2,000; steady; lambs, \$3.50 to \$5.10; muttons, \$3.00 to \$5.00.

NO MONEY TO CARRY ON BUSINESS.

General Shafter's Report of Affairs at San-
tiago—Meat 70 Cents a Pound—Us-
toms Have Been Honestly
Administered.

Washington, July 27.—The War department today made the following report by General Shafter in response to a query by the department as to ships being turned away from Santiago. The press reports are not true. I only know of three ships having arrived, one from Kingston, the others from the United States. The Bratton has sailed, another ship from New Orleans, sold only a part of her cargo and the captain tells me he is going away tonight. I think he will sell before he leaves. The trouble is they did not expect to pay any duty and arrived here without the necessary money. Spanish customs have only been collected, and 20 cents per ton as ordered by the secretary. I discovered this morning an attempt on the part of the municipality to collect a tax of 40 cents per 100 kilos, in this instance amounting to \$2,500. I have already settled this matter by ordering its non-collection. The fact is there is no money here to do business and the merchants are very timid about making purchases fearing the effect of the Red Cross supplies which really are feeding the town. The New Orleans man, for instance, brought 30 head of cattle, which he sold at \$5 per head, the persons buying killing one a day, selling the meat at 70 cents per pound. Of course only a few people buy. The first week we were here people were starving to death, and I think a few are now dying from the effects of starvation. I am positive, however, the customs have been honestly administered.

REPORT OF NAVAL CAPTAINS.

What the Different Ships of Admiral Sampson's Fleet Did Toward Destroying Spanish Vessels.

Washington, July 27.—The reports of Captain Chadwick, of the New York; Captain Taylor, of the Indiana; Captain Phillips, of the Texas, and Lieutenant Commander Wainwright, of the Gloucester, on the destruction of Admiral Cervera's fleet, which were included in Admiral Sampson's report, were made public today. Captain Chadwick says: "Although this ship was not able to come into action with any of the larger ships on account of her distance to the eastward, every nerve was strained to do so, and all was done that could be done. Our speed had been increased so that we were going 16 knots at the end. We were immediately astern while the others were considerably to seaward. We were thus in a position to prevent any possible doubling to the rear and escape to the southeast." Captain Taylor says: "The ship fired on all the Spanish ships as they came out one by one, and continued the action later by firing principally on the Maria Teresa, Oquendo, Furor and Pluton. Several of our shells were seen to take effect on these vessels. Our secondary battery guns were directed principally on the destroyers as also were the six-inch guns. The destroyers were sunk through agency of our guns and those of the Gloucester, which vessel had come up and engaged them at close range. During the action we used no armor piercing shell except smokeless powder six-inchers were directed to the effect of the common shell is shown by the effect on the enemy's ships and the short time taken to disable them without piercing their armor, and with almost no injury to our ships."

Captain Phillips, after telling of the work of the Texas against the Vizcaya, Oquendo and Maria Teresa, says that in the pursuit of the Colon, the Texas held her own at a distance of about four miles. He concludes: "The bearing and performance of duty by all the officers met with my entire approval." Lieutenant Wainwright, of the Gloucester, reports: "It was the plan duty of the Gloucester to look after the destroyers, and she was held back, gaining steam, until they appeared at the entrance. All the officers and nearly all the men deserve my highest praise for their conduct during the action. The escape of the Gloucester was due mainly to the accuracy and rapidity of the fire. The efficiency of this fire, as well as that of the ship generally, was largely due to the intelligent and unflinching efforts of Executive Officer Lieutenant Harry P. Huse."

JOLLIFICATION AT HONOLULU.

News of Annexation of Hawaiian Islands
Received with Great Demonstration—
Harold M. Sewell Recommended
for Governor.

Honolulu, July 20.—The steamship Coptic arrived from San Francisco the evening of the 13th instant, with the news that the United States senate had ratified the Newland's resolution, making Hawaii a part of the United States. Steam whistles were turned loose and men cheered until they could do so no longer. The leading men of Honolulu met today and recommended Harold M. Sewell, United States minister, for governor of the islands. It was generally supposed President Dole would be their choice.

ACTED FOR MOTIVES OF HUMANITY.

Prince Henry's Published Statement Re-
garding the Irene Incident in
Subic Bay.

Berlin, July 27.—A dispatch from Shanghai today, says that an official statement from Prince Henry of Prussia, in regard to the Irene incident at Subic Bay in the Philippines has been published in the Ost-Asiatische Lloyd. It says the Irene was not sent here to take off some Spanish women and children who were in distress. At Isla Grande the German warship happened to meet a steamer belonging to the insurgents, which left without any difficulty arising. On returning, the Irene met outside Manila a day two United States ships which did not speak here. In conclusion, the statement sets forth that the removal of the women and children was "effected from motives of humanity and with strict observance of the rules of neutrality."

Confident Peace Will Be Concluded.

Madrid, July 27.—The big rise in prices on the bourse here today is looked upon as denoting great confidence that peace will be concluded.

PREPARING ANSWER TO SPAIN.

Reply to Peace Message Will Be Ready in
a Day or Two—Military Operations
Will Go Steadily Forward.

Washington, July 27.—Secretary of State Day is in conference with the president relative to the answer to be given Spain's peace message. When asked when the reply to Spain would be made he said it would depend on circumstances, but it would be delivered within a day or two. The military operations are to go steadily forward so far as the United States is concerned, until negotiations have been advanced much further than they are at present. They are subject to interruption at any moment by an armistice, but it must be said this is scarcely expected immediately. It is realized that when the Spanish government leaves the extent of the demands of the United States, the first effect will be a reflex movement, which, in turn will result in a continuation of active hostilities for a time. This time, it is expected, however, perhaps will be only so long as is necessary for General Miles to completely invest San Juan. That stroke it is thought will bring the Spanish government to a realizing sense of the hopelessness of further resistance.

Will Hurry to Puerto Rico.

Washington, July 27.—As a result of telegraphic correspondence between General Brooke, at Newport News, and the officials of the War department General Brooke today was authorized by Secretary Alger to push forward with his fast ships at once to Puerto Rico, leaving the slower transports to follow when ready.

Notaries' Records.

The New Mexican Printing company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

FROM THE FRONT.

Lieutenant Dame's Description of
the Fight on San Juan
Heights.

E COLORS THE FIRST ON THE HILL

Colonel E. H. Bergmann has received the following letter from Lieutenant Dame, which will be of interest, as it tells something of what the "Rough Riders" did at the battle of San Juan heights:

Battle Field, Santiago de Cuba, July 4.—What was expected to be a very lively Fourth turned out to be very tame, owing to the Spanish forces sending in a flag of truce, asking for an extension of time in which to remove non-combatants from the city. We fully expected to be ordered to charge the Spanish intrenchments, but were held back in order to give the Spaniards time to consider the ultimatum sent them by General Wheeler—an unconditional surrender.

The "Rough Riders" have been in the front over since landing. We opened the ball at the hill of Las Guasimas, a very strong position held by 4,000 Spanish soldiers armed with machine guns and Mauser rifles, but they quit after two hours fighting. The 1st and 10th U. S. Cavalry are entitled to just as much credit as we are, and they occupy the same position on the firing line as we do. The "Rough Riders" are strictly in it and are as classed as veterans. All regulars, officers and privates have great respect for us and do not look upon us in the same light they regard the other volunteers. I overheard a conversation between a 10th cavalryman and a volunteer from the 1st New York: The 10th man, colored, said: "I tell you what, mister, dem 'Rough Riders' are de best fighters in the army, and anyone who says anything against dem, has de 10th to fight."

The battle before Santiago began July 1, by our batteries opening up on the entrenchments, 3,500 yards distant from the outskirts of the city. After an hour's firing we were ordered to the front. The 1st, 3rd, 6th, 9th and 10th and the "Rough Riders." All the cavalry were deployed as skirmishers, the "Rough Riders" supporting the 10th and 6th. After being under fire two hours the "Rough Riders" were ordered to advance and take the hill in our front, a very strong position held by Spanish soldiers, backed up by artillery. We swept forward under a heavy fire, being compelled to lie down frequently until we reached the line of the 10th, who wanted to know who we were and where we were going. I replied, "Rough Riders" going to take that hill. Get out of the way or fall in with us." One negro soldier exclaimed: "It will be de hill if those 'Rough Riders' will get ahead of me," and then the outburst of whites and negroes, started on the run for the hill, stopping only when the top was reached. Troop E's colors being the first planted. Then hell broke loose for nearly an hour. Another charge drove the Spaniards from the hill, which we now occupy, overlooking the city 3,000 yards distant. The Spanish entrenchments 500 yards from our line. They have a large amount of ammunition and their rifles are superior to ours, but their marksmanship is very poor. However, they can keep up a hot and steady fire which is decidedly uncomfortable.

The Cubans are but a little better than the buzzards that hover over the army. They have done no fighting that I know of, but never miss an opportunity to rob and plunder the soldiers' packs which have been thrown aside by the sick, and the soldiers just before going into battle. They are to be found in the rear and around the commissary, but not in the front. In fact they are human buzzards and I would not trust them any more than I would a coyote. They are about 3,000 strong, armed with Lee, Mauser and Remington rifles, and have plenty of ammunition, many of them carrying 200 rounds. This is a magnificent country, mountainous, with considerable rolling land, all adapted to the culture of tropical fruits and other products, but owing to a state of war for the past three years nothing has been done and plantations and houses have been allowed to go to ruin. I would like to live in this vicinity under a good government. The opportunities to make money are many, but I would give a good deal for a week's trip on the Pecos, trout fishing.

Hospital Association.

The charter of the Santa Fe-Pacific Hospital Association has been filed in Secretary Wallace's office. The association is incorporated by Geo. W. Smith, Joseph H. Kuhns, C. H. Fancher, Harry Hillier and T. M. Ramsdell. The objects of incorporation are to maintain hospitals and to provide medical and surgical treatment for the employees of the Santa Fe-Pacific Railroad company. The location of this corporation and the places where its business is to be transacted is along the line of the Santa Fe-Pacific railroad in New Mexico, Arizona and California.

NEW MEXICO REPORTS.

Delivered by NEW MEXICAN at
publishers price, \$3.30 per vol.

Code of Civil Procedure.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

Las Vegas
Steam
Laundry.

Leave orders at Slaughter's barber shop. Basket leaves Tuesday and returns on Friday. We pay all express charges.
G. F. ANSBROSE, AGENT.

Royal makes the food pure,
wholesome and delicious.



FOR SALE BY
H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

TERRITORIAL SUPREME COURT.

Cases and Motions Decided—Attorneys Ad-
mitted to Practice Before Supreme
Court—Bond of New Clerk Approved
and Oath of Office Taken.

The court met at 10 o'clock this morning. Chief Justice W. J. Mills presiding, Associate Justices J. W. Crumpacker, John R. McElie and Frank W. Parker present.

The following business was transacted: Case No. 659, F. A. Levy, plaintiff in error, vs. Jose A. Ortega, defendant in error, error to District court of Socorro county, was submitted on briefs. Francis Buchanan for plaintiff.

In case No. 747, Bruno Nieto et al. plaintiffs in error, error to District court of Santa Fe county, the writ of error was dismissed. E. Baca, A. B. Ronelian and R. S. Roddy for plaintiffs.

In case No. 812, Marion Balne, appellee, vs. Jonathan Warrell et al. appellants, appeal from Socorro county, the judgment of the lower court was affirmed. O. S. Williams for appellee.

In case No. 813, R. R. Lee, appellant, vs. Colonial Mining Company, appellee, appeal from Socorro county, the appellant filed a motion opposing the motion to affirm the judgment of the lower court. The motion was argued and taken under advisement. A. A. Freeman for appellant, J. G. Fitch for appellee.

The following attorneys were admitted to the Supreme court bar: A. J. Mitchell, A. B. Reading, Albuquerque; J. McDonald, Taos; Hugo Seaberg, Springer; A. T. Rogers, Jr., Las Vegas. The latter was admitted upon examination in open court, by the committee assisted by the court, and passed in a most creditable manner.

This afternoon the bond of Hon. J. D. Sena, as clerk of the court, was approved and he took the oath of office.

If you want a cheap camera, call at
Fischer & Co's.

Land Office Business.

For the week ending Tuesday, July 26, the following business was transacted in the United States land office in Santa Fe:

HOUSTON'S ENTERIES.
July 20—Miguel Sandoval, 160 acres, Bernalillo Co.
July 21—Juan Ignacio Alire, 190.16 acres, Santa Fe Co.
July 20—Candelario Gonzales, 190 acres Santa Fe Co.
July 21—Eugenio Crespin, 172.68 acres, Guadalupe Co.
July 25—Juan Ramon Fernandez, 160 acres, Mora Co.
July 25—Edward O. Brown, 160 acres, Colfax Co.

FINAL CERTIFICATES ISSUED.
July 19—Concepcion Alencio, 160 acres, San Miguel Co.
July 25—Henry A. Monte, 160.78 acres, San Miguel Co.

LANDS SOLD.
July 20—Juan Ignacio Alire, 1.16 acres, Santa Fe Co.
July 21—David L. Williams, 160 acres, San Miguel Co.

ADVERSE MINING CLAIMS.
July 19—George A. Blake, Fannie Hostetter, G. M. Bowen, W. G. Hope, William Sanginette and Joseph Barnett vs. Charles H. Toll and Norman L. Bletcher, Smeltering lease claim in Cochiti mining district of Bernalillo Co.
July 20—George A. Blake, Fannie Hostetter, G. M. Bowen, W. G. Hope, William Sanginette and Joseph Barnett vs. Charles H. Toll and Norman L. Bletcher, South Side lode mining claim in Cochiti mining district, Bernalillo Co.

OFFICE FITTINGS.

Filing cabinets of every description, document boxes and files, pigeon hole cases, legal blank cases, office ticklers and every conceivable kind of office fittings and furniture can be had of the New Mexican Printing company. Write for descriptive, illustrated pamphlets.

RECORD AND BRIEF WORK.

Transcript, record and brief work for attorneys at the New Mexican printing office for the approaching session of the Territorial Supreme court, printed at the lowest possible figures and in the neatest, best and most acceptable style. Patronize the New Mexican Printing Co., and you will get first-class work, besides supporting an institution that is at work daily for this city, this county and the entire territory of New Mexico.

The Exchange Hotel,

Best Located Hotel in City.

J. T. FORSHA, Prop.

\$1.50 PER DAY. \$2

Special rates by the Week or Month for Table Board, with or without room.
S. E. Corcoran, of Flinn.

Soldiers Sing "God Save the Queen."

In Tampa, Fla., the other day American soldiers did a thing that would have raised a protest a year ago. They joined in singing "God Save the Queen" in honor of Victoria's birthday. It is really astonishing how sentiment has changed since England has openly sympathized with the United States in our war with Spain. Radical changes in the relations of nations are no more wonderful, however, than the marked changes in individuals who are restored to health by that great medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is no unusual thing for people who are thin, weakly and all run down to show a marked improvement in a few weeks after taking this medicine, which overcomes nearly every known disease arising from a disordered stomach.

A Little Cherub.

Little Boy—Mamma, may I give what is in my savings bank to that beggar man? Mamma—You dear, sweet little cherub! Do you want to give away all of that money your Uncle gave you? There was ever a deakly and all run down to show a marked improvement in a few weeks after taking this medicine, which overcomes nearly every known disease arising from a disordered stomach.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for years and all ways with good results," says Mr. W. B. Cooper of El Rio, Cal. "For small children we find it especially effective." For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Pleasing Illusions.

Bonter—Do you know Plantagenet Jenks the poet? Tharpe—No, but I think great things of him. Bonter—Let me introduce you. Tharpe—Thanks, no; I would rather continue to think great things of him. "During the hot weather last summer I had a severe attack of cholera morbus, necessitating my leaving my business," says Mr. C. A. Hare of Hare Bros., Fin castle, Ohio. "After taking two or three doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy I was completely relieved and in a few hours was able to resume my work in the store. I sincerely recommend it to any one afflicted with stomach or bowel trouble." For sale by A. C. Ireland.

The Satisfaction of It.

Doubting Citizen—I would not mind giving you something if I were sure that your blindness were not assumed. Mendiant—You needn't let the worry you. You can pay yourself on the back for your charitable action just the same. Persons troubled with diarrhoea will be interested in the experience of Mr. W. M. Bush, clerk of Hotel Danmore, Providence, R. I. He says: "For several years I have been almost a constant sufferer from diarrhoea, the frequent attacks completely prostrating me and rendering me unfit for my duties at this hotel. About two years ago a traveling salesman kindly gave me a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Much to my surprise and delight its effects were immediate. Whenever I felt symptoms of the disease I would fortify myself against attack with a few doses of this valuable remedy. The result has been very satisfactory and almost complete relief from the affliction." For sale by A. C. Ireland.

An Expensive Discovery.

By the time a man gets a few dollars saved up for his old age he is told that his daughter has talents which should be cultivated.

A New Counterpart.

Let me in dearie, he said, rather unsteadily at 3:30 a. m. Repeat the sentence, "Schley simply swiped Cervara off the sea," first she replied from the upper window.

Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth, and all that we could do for him did not seem to give more than temporary relief, until we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Since giving that remedy he has not been troubled. We want to give you this testimonial as an evidence of our gratitude, not that you need it to advertise your meritorious remedy.—G. M. Law, Keokuk, Iowa. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

A Brace of Flag Raisers.

We nominate Grover Cleveland and James H. Blount as a committee of two to go to Honolulu and raise the flag over our new possessions in the Pacific.

Getting Him Ready.

Is your wife getting you ready for the front? You bet she is—even all of my pockets are rifled.

Notice for Publication.

(Homestead Entry No. 4784.) LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., June 28, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register or receiver at Santa Fe, N. M., on August 5, 1908, viz: Bernabe Macos, for the N. 1/4 sec. 10, T. 28 N., R. 5 E. A. C. Ireland.

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Ask the Boy.

The modern maiden is almost irritatingly free from the fierce tempers which shook the women of former generations. It would be well to ask her little brother about this.

The Way to Win Her.

Auctioneer—Our man out there in the crowd bids up a dollar on this antique bureau, but the women don't seem to get interested. Manager of Sale—Tell the idiot to bid up a quarter of a cent.

A RESCUED BOY.

If Bennie had minded his mother that day, it would never have happened. It was spring cleaning week at the farm-house, and the little boys were looked upon as very much in the way.

Mrs. Harper said right after breakfast of bread and milk had been served to the little boy: "Now, Bennie, run out to the barn and play with Rover. I shall be back for a long time." So Bennie put on his cap and started for the barn. Just outside the kitchen door he stopped to look up into the apple tree that partly shaded the kitchen roof. The kitchen had been lately added to the main building of the house and was only one story high. Up in the apple tree two robins were building their nest. Bennie watched the robins; then he felt he would like a nearer view of the nest. His mother had forbidden him to climb trees, but he said to himself: "Mamma and Hannah are in the cellar cleaning and will never know." So he began to climb. He crawled out upon the branch where the robins were building, but before he had time to say Jack Robinson the limb gave a creak, broke right off and sent Bennie tumbling down the wide kitchen chimney.

Mrs. Harper and Hannah, who had heard the noise, rushed to the cellar to see what had happened. Mrs. Harper detected the sound of muffled sobs in the chimney, and she began to cry: "It's Bennie, and he's jammed into the chimney. Oh, Hannah, whatever shall we do?"

"Lave a-massy, ma'am, was there ever such a boy for gettin' into queer places! An there ain't a ladder about the place!" Fortunately for Bennie there was no fire below. Mrs. Harper having allowed it to get so low that she did not think it worth while to light it again until noon.

"I'll run to the Pecks, ma'am, down the road. They have a ladder, I know, for I heard Mr. Harper say one day he loaned 'em ours, an they hain't never returned it." The distracted mother followed Hannah to the gate just as a curious cavalcade, headed by a little, fat, red faced man on horseback, came galloping down the road. The red faced man looked in surprise at the excited women who came dashing to the gate. Both were talking at once in a very loud and excited tone of voice, and he couldn't make out what they were saying, but he saw they were in great distress.

"What's the matter, ladies?" he inquired very politely. "Can I be of any assistance to you?" "Oh, it's Bennie! He's dropped down the chimney, and we never shall get him out!" wailed Mrs. Harper.

"Oh, I guess it isn't so bad as all that!" said the red faced man, nodding naturally at the other men got down from their horses and went in to look at the chimney. A very agile young man at his suggestion scaled the side of the house as if he had been a human fly, and, indeed, that was the way he was advertised on the circus bills. Before this you have guessed that it was a traveling circus on its way from one town to another that had stopped at the Harpers' gate.

"I can see him down there, but it's a little too far down for me to reach him," called the human fly over the kitchen eaves after a peep down the broad chimney.

The red faced man, who was the owner and manager of the circus, gazed at the chimney for a moment in a brown study. Then he called, "Say, Bill, bring Samson in here!"

The man addressed as Bill disappeared and presently returned leading by a long rope the very largest and most colossal elephant. The animal carefully stepped over the garden fence, and the neighbors and Hannah and Mrs. Harper set up a shriek.

"Now, don't you be scared, ma'am," commanded the circus man. "That elephant is gentle as a kitten. If you'll just step aside we will get the boy out in the snapping of a whip."

The elephant and his trainer advanced to the kitchen chimney.

"Now, Samson, give me the boy," commanded the trainer, and the elephant swung its mighty trunk high in the air, poised it over the chimney, fumbled inside, and the next minute Bennie, very red of face, very sooty and torn, was swung into the air and then gently lowered into the trainer's arms.

Such a cheer was up for that elephant! After hugging and kissing the boy Mrs. Harper would have liked to hug the elephant, but the circus man said:

"Now, ma'am, if you've anything sweet about the place that you can spare and would just give Samson a bite, he would appreciate it. We always reward him when he has done his tricks, and our things are looked up in one of the vans."

"Hannah," said Mrs. Harper solemnly, "go right down into the cellar and bring up that crock of doughnuts that I baked yesterday, and there are four mince pies and a half loaf of seed cake with a tin of cookies. There's nothing in my house too good for that elephant."

That night Mr. and Mrs. Harper, Bennie, Hannah and the hired man rode over to the circus and saw the elephants go through with their tricks. In closing, the ringmaster, after telling of what had happened that morning, asked Bennie to go to the big elephant's back, and amid the absence of the audience the little boy rode proudly around the ring.—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

An African Elephant.

Arthur C. Humbert, writing in Harper's Magazine on African buffaloes, says: When Mahoney had been hunting for ivory, a tusker elephant, who had seen him crawling through the grass, charged him without provocation. Turning quickly around, he met the charge with a bullet from his eight bore gun. This, however, did not stop the huge brute. It wrapped its trunk around my unfortunate guide and swung him high in the air, breaking three of his ribs; then, running up to him, it stepped on the side of his hip. In some miraculous manner he got out from under the elephant's foot and remembers nothing more. Some hours afterward his boys found him lying nearly unconscious. He was carried back to Fonteville. He was laid up in the hospital at Belra for six months, but has now recovered his strength.

This incident is well known in and around Fonteville and is considered a most miraculous escape from death. It illustrates the fact that the elephant is about the only animal that will attack a man unprovoked in the daytime.

Clerical Sarcastic.

Frederick Sherlock was one of seven speakers who recently attended a religious meeting in east London to address an audience of five persons. The vicar who presided surveyed the rows of empty benches when the time came for the opening of the service, coolly adjusted his spectacles and gave out the hymn, "Who Are These in Countless Numbers?"

SOME MODERN FABLES.

TOGETHER WITH THE SEVERAL LESSONS THEY TEACH.

Three Latter Day Narratives of the Peasant and His Discontented Horse, the Same Gentleman and the Foolish Wolves, the Sage and the Bottled Hare.

One morning as the Peasant went to the shed to harness up his horse for the labors of the day he was met by the declaration: "Look here, my dear man, I have been thinking this thing over for some time past and I have finally come to the conclusion that it isn't a fair shake."

"What's the matter with you?" asked the astonished Peasant. "Just this—I work from morning until night, day in and day out, and all I receive in return is three or four 'ber'."

"And am I to understand that you kick?" "Most emphatically!"

"Let us take the case before the Cadl, who is a wise man and will do us both justice," said the Peasant, and the Horse being agreed they set out in company for the village in which the Ruler resided. When they had come into his presence, the facts in the case were made plain, and the Cadl said to the Peasant:

"Do you feed the Horse well and give him comfortable shelter?" "O Cadl, I do!" was the reply.

"Have you any complaint of being overworked or underfed?" he asked of the Horse. "None, O Cadl."

"As I understand this case," said the wise man after taking a whiff at his briar root, "the Peasant expects a certain amount of work from the last eight years. It is the feed and care. He has not sought to give less—he can give no more and come out even. The Horse is dissatisfied, however, and it is my decision that he be allowed to go his way. From this time on he must take care of himself."

"But it is winter, O Cadl, and there is no pasture by the roadside!" protested the Horse. "Yes, I know."

"If I am deprived of corn and hay, I shall suffer."

"I don't doubt it."

"And I shall have no shelter at night. I may even freeze to death."

"Quite possible, but it is a fundamental rule of law, philosophy and justice that no one can get something for nothing."

And as they jogged homeward the Horse said to the Peasant: "Say, old man, I guess we'll continue to hang together and hope for better times."

The Wolves and the Peasant. One day two Wolves met on the edge of the Peasant's field, and after the usual greeting one of them observed:

"I noticed the Peasant digging here awhile ago, and I presume he was after taters."

"More likely he was after turnips," replied the other. "I am sure it was taters."

"And I'll bet anything it was turnips."

"Humph! How cheeky! You go to set yourself up as an agriculturist!"

"And what do you know about crops?" "Say, boy, don't stroke me the wrong way!"

"And don't you put on any airs over me!"

"Look here," exclaimed the Wolf who had said taters, "I don't take no back talk from any such hybrid as you are!"

"And the mongrel who sasses me had better look out!" replied the one who had declared for turnips.

"You are a blow hard!"

"And you are a liar!"

And with that they pitched into each other tooth and nail and fought with desperation, and as they dashed about the earth suddenly gave way and dropped both of them into the pit which the Peasant had prepared for their capture.

"Turn ye in holes, but you won't kill any more sheep for me!" chuckled the Peasant as he rose up from behind a stump with his shotgun.

"It was neither taters nor turnips," observed the Fox, who had been looking through the fence and heard and seen all, and this is another proof that when ignorance and obstinacy prevail with themselves somebody else gets all the advantage of it."

The Hare and the Sage. Once upon a time the Hare went to the Sage with tears in his eyes and began:

"Oh, Sage, my feelings are being hurt from day to day, and I have come to beg a great favor of you."

"Well, what is it?" he asked in reply. "The Bugs and Birds make fun of me, oh, Sage, because I am bottled. It was not half an hour ago that the Beetle referred to me as a bottled Bobby from Bobbysville."

"And what wouldst thou?"

"I want a tail, the same as the Coon and Possum and Woodchuck."

"Um! Better think the matter over for a week or so."

"I have given it much thought, oh, Sage, and my tale is that I have no chance in the world. Well, don't blame me if things don't turn out right. Presto, change, and you are no longer a bottled!"

The Hare started home with his brush dragging behind him and was feeling very proud and vain over the acquisition when a Fox espied him and gave him chase. He reached his burrow and dived into it; but, alas, he tail stuck out, and he seized it and dragged her forth and devoured her. Let well enough alone, whether its long tailed or bottled.—Detroit Free Press.

The Boyhood of a Bank Robber. As in fair flowers sometimes lurks most deadly venom, so in the supposedly harmless toys placed in children's hands often lie the seeds of crime. The above illustration shows how the germ of bank robbing is propagated.—New York World.



Women nowadays do not have to use a stream of water for a looking-glass. They have modern mirrors that will tell them very promptly whether their beauty is fading or not. A woman's beauty fades very rapidly if she is troubled with some derangement of the distinctly feminine organism. Ignorance or carelessness in this respect frequently causes great suffering and irregularity in after life. Little irregularities and weaknesses in girlhood should be looked upon promptly and properly treated at once.

Mothers cannot be too conscientious in this respect, and cannot throw aside the prudery that is so prevalent upon this point too soon. Every young woman should know something about her own physical make-up, and the importance to her future of her local as well as general health. A woman who suffers from weaknesses peculiar to her sex will rapidly lose her beauty, her general health, her amiability and her usefulness and capability as a wife and housekeeper. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription promotes regularity of all feminine functions, gives sturdy health to the distinctly feminine organism and prepares it to meet the demands of motherhood. "The Favorite Prescription" is not a cure-all. It is intended for but one class of disorders and is good for no other. Taken during the period of gestation, it makes parturition easy, and banishes the discomforts of the expectant months. All good medicine dealers sell it.

I wish to express my thanks for the good I have received and properly treated at once. "The Favorite Prescription" writes Mrs. E. Scovill of Bolton, Stephenson Co., Ill. "I have used it at different times for the last eight years. It is the best medicine for expectant mothers. I never tried it for that purpose before. I have been very much helped. I could not get out of bed alone, or even turn over. Last December I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and could soon get in and out of bed as well as at any time. On March 20th I gave birth to a clever boy without any trouble. I have since been as well and healthy as I ever was."

THE TERRITORIAL CROP REPORT.

Frequent Rains Damage Crops in Some Sections—Early Fruits Ripening Rapidly—Ranges in Fine Condition.

U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE. Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau, New Mexico Section. (Santa Fe, N. M., July 28, 1908.)

The weather for the week ending with July 25, continued warm and showery, and reports from all sections indicate a rapid advance in all growing crops. In some localities the rains were rather heavy and some damage and delay were occasioned by grain fields becoming "lodged" and irrigation ditches washed out. On account of these washouts some farmers have been without other water than rain for many days. The threatening weather and frequent showers have caused considerable delay in the wheat harvest, which is now well advanced in all but the most backward sections. Some grass that was cut during the week also has been much damaged by the rains.

Many farmers in central and southern sections have their wheat and second crop of alfalfa all secured. Wheat promises a good yield, and as a rule the second crop of alfalfa turned out much better than the first. Owing to the frequent rains in some northern localities not all of the first alfalfa crop has been secured, although the second crop is ready for cutting. Corn continued to make splendid growth; judging from the color and stand the crop is unusually promising. Oats are ripening fast and a large yield is expected. Garden vegetables are maturing rapidly and in great abundance. String beans, peas, etc., are in the market in Bernalillo, the bean crop is being injured by the ravages of some insect, and in the vicinity of Las Cruces gardens are being damaged by grasshoppers. Fruits are ripening rapidly, and the earlier varieties of small fruits are now coming into northern markets in great abundance. Apples, peaches, apricots and plums are very promising, although in some sections the peach and plum yields will be considerably below the average. Grapes continue promising; the fruit is large and of fine quality, but not so abundant.

Advices from the country of the upper Pecos state that the storms of Sunday were particularly severe, and the accompanying hail proved very destructive to the growing crops of that region.

The following remarks are extracted from the reports of correspondents: Aztec—C. E. Mead—Crops continue to grow nicely. Grass on the surrounding hills is good. The previous heavy rains washed out a number of ditches, and many farmers are without water. Some farms have had no other water than rain for several weeks. Oats, rye and spring wheat are ripening fast; cutting the second crop of alfalfa has begun. Most of the corn is just tasseling, but there are some promising ears. Highest temperature 90, on 18th. Rainfall, 0.59.

Bernalillo—Brother Gabriel—Vineyards are doing well; grapes are of good size but not so abundant as some former years. Apples, peaches and quinces are looking fine. The plum and peach crop very light compared with last year. Corn made a much better growth than in previous years; wheat is all cut. Beans have been greatly injured by bugs. Gardens looking very well; tomatoes beginning to ripen. Ranges reported in fine condition, and cattle in good order. Highest temperature, 90, on 22nd. Rainfall, 0.14.

Cliff—T. J. Clark—Showery weather nearly every day, and crops and stock are in excellent condition. Growing grass is fine, but a good deal of that cut for hay has been damaged by the rains. It is difficult to keep the weeds out of crops. Fruit is abundant and of excellent quality.

Gallinas Springs—Jas. E. Whitmore—Fine weather for growing crops and for grapes. Showers nearly every day and in every direction. The second crop of alfalfa has been cut, and most of the wheat harvested in this part of the county. Highest temperature, 95, on the 22d. Rainfall, 0.21.

Mesilla Park—Cayetano Thompson—Good rains on 17th and 18th, heavy in some sections. The rise of the river broke away the ditches, and also as the river changed its course many ditches were left dry. Grasshoppers are proving destructive to trees, and to tomato vines and other garden vegetables. Crops are growing well. Highest temperature 90 on 23rd. Rainfall, 0.27.

Ojo Caliente—A. Joseph—Very favorable weather to all growing crops. Wheat harvest will begin next week. The second crop of alfalfa is ripe, and the yield is better than the first crop. Corn, beans and peas are in excellent condition, and the stock ranges are covered thickly with grass. Highest temperature, 89 on 20th and 22nd. Rainfall, 0.22.

Santa Fe—Weather Bureau—Seemingly heavy showers in all directions but little fell here. Wheat not yet ready for harvest, but some have cut their second crop of alfalfa. Corn is making splendid growth. Beans, peas and other early garden truck are ripening in profusion. Small fruits are abundant; apples, peaches and apricots are very promising. Highest temperature, 85, on 23rd. Rainfall, 0.05.

Watrous—M. C. Needham—Wheat and oats are ripening; other crops doing finely. The second crop of alfalfa is ready for cutting, but owing to the almost daily showers the first cutting is not yet entirely off the fields. There is good grass and plenty of water on the ranges. Fruit is plentiful and of good quality. Highest temperature, 89, Rainfall, 0.65.

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10:05 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe Ar. ... 6:55 p. m. 10:25 a. m. Lv. Espanola Ar. ... 4:55 p. m. 1:10 p. m. Lv. Embudo Ar. ... 3:25 p. m. 1:30 p. m. Lv. Serrano Ar. ... 3:45 p. m. 3:25 p. m. Lv. Tres Piedras Ar. ... 1:10 p. m. 5:25 p. m. Lv. Alamosa Ar. ... 11:40 a. m. 5:40 p. m. Lv. Alamosa Ar. ... 11:40 a. m. 10:20 p. m. Lv. Salida Ar. ... 6:50 a. m. 1:30 a. m. Lv. Florence Ar. ... 3:11 a. m. 3:10 a. m. Lv. Pueblo Ar. ... 4:40 a. m. 4:40 a. m. Lv. Colo Spgs. Ar. ... 1:35 a. m. 7:30 a. m. Ar. Denver Ar. ... 10:50 p. m.

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T. J. HELM, General Agent, Santa Fe, N. M.

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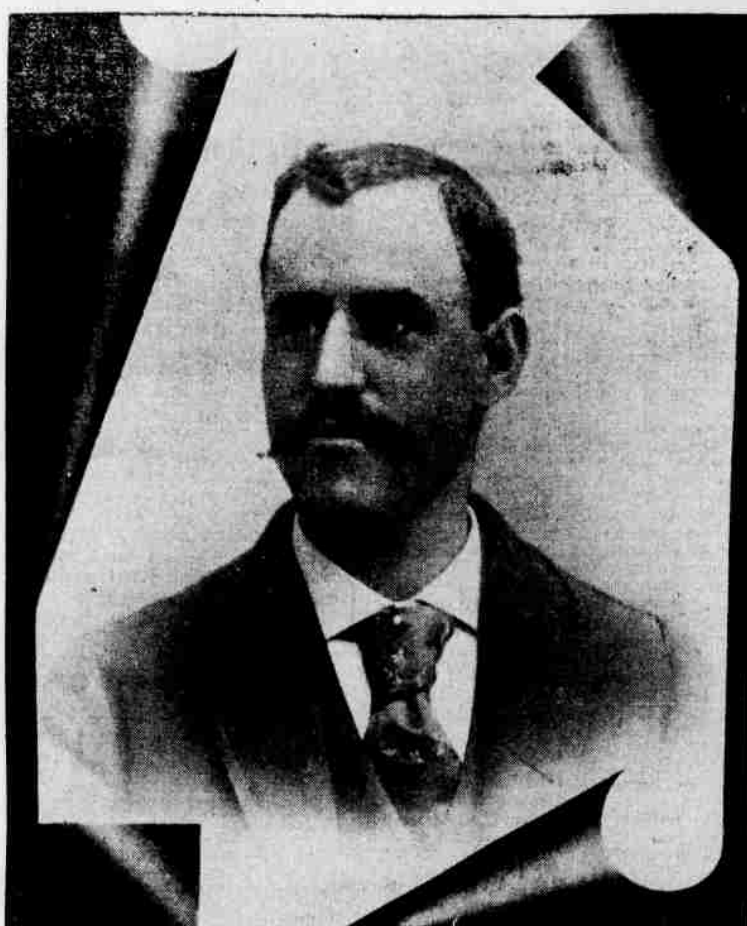
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Clerk of Supreme Court of New Mexico.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.

See the circus ad on third page of this issue.

The capitol building is ready for the third floor.

Prevention is better than cure. Be vaccinated.

Weekly weather report for New Mexico on third page of this issue.

U. S. weather bureau forecast for New Mexico: Fair tonight and Thursday.

Ruling of treasury department on stamp matters on second page of this issue.

WEEKLY NEW MEXICAN ISSUES tomorrow: splendid paper to send to your friends east.

Property owners and residents generally should see to it that their premises are clean and kept clean.

Ed Wheeler and Ed Lavelle, who have been working for Contractor Windsor, left on their wheels for Las Vegas today.

The board of strategy, meeting in William Bolander's saddle shop, is kicking because there is no ice water being furnished.

Mrs. Francisca Manzanarez, aged 60, died this morning at her home in the northern part of the city. Cause of death, dropsy.

After diligent inquiry the New Mexican is enabled to say that there is not a case of smallpox within the city limits or in the villages adjacent to this city.

Executions have been secured in Justice Garcia's court by S. B. Stey through Attorney Ortiz against John Fayette for \$40 and Manuel Gurule for \$25.

Attorney Ortiz filed an affidavit with the district court this morning, requesting that an execution be granted against Pantaleon Madrid for \$75, it being found that Madrid's bondsmen could not qualify for the amount.

Owing to the agitation of tax dodgers the assessment of property in this city has been materially cut down, which benefits the tax dodgers and hurts the good citizens and the property owners who return an honest assessment of taxes.

One of the biggest things for this city for the present is the proper establishment of the Santa Fe Fruit Company. That institution if started on a solid basis will prove a money maker for this city and valley and for every stockholder.

Several letters from officers and members of Troop E of the "Rough Riders" have been received here this morning by relatives and friends. The boys are all doing well and there are, so far, no cases of yellow fever reported among them.

Colonel Geo. W. Hall's equine and canine show will give two performances in Santa Fe on Thursday, August 4, afternoon and evening. The admission, 50 cents, admits one to all the sights; children under 9 years of age half price.

Joseph Anfanger, who has been acting as a clerk at the Claire hotel for some time, has severed his connection with the hotel and has become a partner in the concern of the Santa Fe Meat Company. Mr. Anfanger is a young man, courteous to all and will materially aid in building up the business.

Mr. John V. Conway, of the Bon-Ton restaurant, has received a letter from Corporal Dean in which he gives a graphic description of the battle known as La Quasina, and where he received his wound. He also states that he had the yellow fever but is now doing nicely at the hospital in Key West. Corporal Dean was the only unlucky member of Troop E in that engagement.

The ball game between the town boys and the Indians team played yesterday at the college grounds resulted in the umpire rendering a decision of 9 to 0 in favor of the town boys, due to the effect that the Indian boys threw up the game and refused to play any more than seven innings. The Indian boys, however, refused to give up the league ball they justly lost.

The death occurred last evening of Mrs. Francisca Lopez, aged 45 years. Her demise really comes as a relief, as the woman was insane, brought about from intense suffering for years with a cancer on her face. She will be buried tomorrow morning at Rosario cemetery. Undertaker Charles Wagner having charge of the funeral.

Mayor J. R. Hudson has taken active and energetic measures to keep that dread contagious disease, smallpox, out of town. A few days ago a case was reported on the outskirts of town and prompt measures were at once taken to have the case isolated and moved out of town to the person's home near Canoncito. The mayor proposes to keep a sharp lookout for all such cases and will do his best to enforce all measures calculated to better the sanitary condition of the city.

Surveyor General Vance, A. J. Loomis and A. L. Morrison, Jr., composing the board of examinations under the civil service law, held an examination for clerkships in surveyor generals' and land offices today. Only one candidate, W. H. Bartlett, was present.

PERSONAL MENTION.

The case of Romero vs. the Nambu Pueblo, which was being heard before Special Master Solignac, will be concluded today and the master will make his report to the court tomorrow.

A citizen was noticed buying an accident policy this morning and explained his reason for doing so by saying he had to go up Palace avenue and was compelled to use the sidewalk along the Andrews, Spiegelberg and Sena properties.

This Week.

The balance of my artificial flowers will be sold at cost. Miss A. Mugler.

H. F. Alps, registered from Fort Collins, Colo., is at the Claire hotel.

W. H. Pope has left for the southern part of the territory on legal business.

John Milligan, a miner from Trinidad, Colo., is a guest at the Exchange for a few days.

Mrs. Emma Dawson came over from Jemez Springs yesterday and is a guest at the Claire hotel.

Harry Marks and S. B. Geisler left this afternoon for a short visit among friends at Las Vegas.

C. R. Willard, of Hutchinson, Kas., arrived in the city last evening and is quartered at the Claire.

Otto Zollman and wife, of Las Vegas, departed this afternoon on the Rio Grande's delayed train for Pueblo.

A. J. Stewart, a farmer from Willis, on the Pecos River, is in the city after provisions. He stops at the Bon-Ton.

C. W. Weider, a traveling man from Kansas City, is here for the purpose of calling on merchants. He is stopping at the Palace hotel.

Meyer Friedman, a successful wholesale merchant from Las Vegas, has business in the city today. He is registered at the Palace.

J. P. McNulty is registered at the Palace hotel from Turquesa. Mr. McNulty is managing the famous turquoise mines at that place.

W. H. Moran and Dave Gray, of Denver, came in last evening and put up at the Exchange hotel. They proceeded south this afternoon.

F. M. Merrill and son, George, are here from Alamosa on their way to El Paso. They travel by team. They registered at the Bon-Ton.

X. E. Burns arrived in the city last evening, hailing from New York City. He is a guest at the Palace hotel. He represents a life insurance company.

W. N. Springer and wife, of Mosca, Colo., who were registered at the Palace last week, are again guests at that popular hostelry, they being on their return trip home.

Ronald Moore, who is a lapidary of ability and skill and a young man of excellent habits, left this afternoon for El Paso, where he will be employed by J. A. De Mules, the owner of several fine turquoise claims in the Jarilla mountains in Dona Ana county, cutting and polishing gems.

Attorney H. L. Ortiz was agreeably surprised in meeting as a visitor to Santa Fe, Miss O. B. Rogers, of St. Louis, who formerly attended the same college with him at St. Joseph, Mo. Mr. Ortiz has turned his home over to the lady during her visit here. She is on her way to Shepard, Texas.

Judge Leland, of Socorro, is expected to reach the city tonight to attend the sitting of the Supreme court. Judge Leland has been in poor health for some time and will take rooms at the hotel and remain until he recovers.

J. F. Bonham, attorney at law, Las Cruces, and well and favorably known in this city, where he was for many years connected with the law office of Hon. T. B. Catron, is a guest at the Palace. He is here on legal business.

Alfred Merritt and L. Merritt, brothers, accompanied by their sons, Lucien Merritt and Leon Merritt, all of Duluth, Minn., are tourists who are enjoying the sights of Santa Fe and vicinity. The party is registered at the Claire hotel.

David Weinman will leave this evening for Santa Fe, where he will remain for a week. Mrs. Weinman and baby have been at the capital the past ten days.—Albuquerque Citizen.

Mrs. Warren Graham and Mrs. Russell, of Corralles, are in the city on a shopping trip.

U. S. Deputy Surveyor Wm. White is improving and is able to be up and about.

K. of P. Officers Installed.

At the regular meeting of Santa Fe lodge No. 2, K. of P., held last evening, the following officers were duly installed by District Deputy Grand Chancellor Muehlstein, to serve for the ensuing year: Chancellor commander, J. L. Zimmerman; prolate, Roman L. Baca; keeper of records and seal, Lee Muehlstein; master of exchequer, E. Lucero; master of finance, Robert H. Bowler; master at arms, Chas. F. Easley. The other officers will be installed at the next meeting.

THE FRUIT COMPANY.

An Institution Greatly Needed by Santa Fe—More Subscriptions Wanted for Erection of a Suitable Building—Help the Project Along.

The Fruit Company situation should be clearly understood, as it is the most important matter for Santa Fe that has arisen in many a day. The company has ordered and paid for a first-class evaporator from Michigan, which will be here in a few days. It has also bought in New Hampshire the very best appliances to be used in the process, and has paid for them and they are on the way.

But there must be a building of considerable size, say 30x50. There is no difficulty in obtaining the use of at least two buildings that could be utilized for this purpose, but that would be miserably expensive, as it would incur double expense when the evaporator is moved to permanent quarters hereafter. The only businesslike way is to put up a suitable building immediately on the company's line property near the depot, so as to have everything permanent. This requires some money, of course, but it is the cheapest in the end. Again, in order to utilize all the material otherwise wasted, a cider mill is necessary. It is by bringing these things together that the profits are made. It is possible to postpone the cider manufacture for a year, but it is a great deal more businesslike and economical to introduce it at once, and have the building of a size and shape to accommodate it properly.

The question then is simply this, shall the company start its whole business at once, in a suitable building on its own land, or shall it commence with the evaporator only, in a borrowed building? There can be but one intelligent answer. The amount of money needed is really very small, and should be forthcoming in a day. The company has no soliciting agent. The directors are simply acting for the community, and cannot be expected to go around asking for subscriptions. Every good citizen should come forward and pay in what he can without waiting to be asked. If you have no money, subscribe in lumber, paint, hardware or labor. In short, in anything which will be needed in the erection of the building. The subscription should be considered as a kind of patriotic loan for the benefit of the city and at the same time the stock is expected to bring good dividends, as the statement of Mr. Gleason about the Michigan establishment plainly showed. Do not delay; the apricot crop is already upon us, and others will quickly follow, and even with the greatest swiftness the work cannot be ready in time to take care of them. Every day counts, and every subscription will hasten on the work.

Muslin bonnets for babies way down in price for the next 30 days. Miss A. Mugler.

Certificate of Apportionment of School Funds, for the County of Santa Fe, New Mexico.

I, F. F. Pino, superintendent of schools for said county, do hereby certify that I have duly apportioned the school funds of said county, on this 15th day of July, 1908. The amount apportioned is \$2,825.88 to be apportioned among the various districts in proportion to the number of school children residing therein. The amounts from other sources are applied to the districts in the precincts in which they have been paid.

The total number of persons of school age is 3,993 and the per capita of the general tax is \$0.35.

Remark—The fractional part of the per capita is not used as a factor in calculating each district's share of the general tax; therefore, \$15.01 remain as a balance to be added to the amount for the next apportionment.

| No. of Precinct. | No. of Sch. Children. | No. of Sch. Children. | Gen'l Tax. | Liquor License. | Amount. |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|----------|
| 1 | 1 | 113 | \$ 30.55 | ..... | \$ 30.55 |
| 2 | 2 | 63 | 22.00 | ..... | 22.00 |
| 3 | 3 | 204 | 70.30 | ..... | 70.30 |
| 4 | 4 | 69 | 24.15 | 8.97 | 33.12 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 1.62 | 35.70 | 37.32 |
| 6 | 6 | 113 | 39.35 | ..... | 39.35 |
| 7 | 7 | 165 | 57.75 | 530.67 | 588.42 |
| 8 | 8 | 250 | 87.45 | 66.66 | 154.11 |
| 9 | 9 | 87 | 30.45 | ..... | 30.45 |
| 10 | 10 | 38 | 13.30 | 16.66 | 29.96 |
| 11 | 11 | 29 | 10.05 | 38.88 | 48.93 |
| 12 | 12 | 35 | 11.55 | ..... | 11.55 |
| 13 | 13 | 164 | 56.40 | ..... | 56.40 |
| 14 | 14 | 15 | 5.15 | 19.25 | 24.40 |
| 15 | 15 | 16 | 5.55 | ..... | 5.55 |
| 16 | 16 | 17 | 5.95 | ..... | 5.95 |
| 17 | 17 | 18 | 6.35 | ..... | 6.35 |
| 18 | 18 | 19 | 6.75 | ..... | 6.75 |
| 19 | 19 | 20 | 7.15 | ..... | 7.15 |
| 20 | 20 | 21 | 7.55 | ..... | 7.55 |
| 21 | 21 | 22 | 7.95 | ..... | 7.95 |
| 22 | 22 | 23 | 8.35 | ..... | 8.35 |
| 23 | 23 | 24 | 8.75 | ..... | 8.75 |
| 24 | 24 | 25 | 9.15 | ..... | 9.15 |
| 25 | 25 | 26 | 9.55 | ..... | 9.55 |
| 26 | 26 | 27 | 9.95 | ..... | 9.95 |
| 27 | 27 | 28 | 10.35 | ..... | 10.35 |
| 28 | 28 | 29 | 10.75 | ..... | 10.75 |
| 29 | 29 | 30 | 11.15 | ..... | 11.15 |
| 30 | 30 | 31 | 11.55 | ..... | 11.55 |
| 31 | 31 | 32 | 11.95 | ..... | 11.95 |
| 32 | 32 | 33 | 12.35 | ..... | 12.35 |
| 33 | 33 | 34 | 12.75 | ..... | 12.75 |
| 34 | 34 | 35 | 13.15 | ..... | 13.15 |
| 35 | 35 | 36 | 13.55 | ..... | 13.55 |
| 36 | 36 | 37 | 13.95 | ..... | 13.95 |
| 37 | 37 | 38 | 14.35 | ..... | 14.35 |
| 38 | 38 | 39 | 14.75 | ..... | 14.75 |
| 39 | 39 | 40 | 15.15 | ..... | 15.15 |
| 40 | 40 | 41 | 15.55 | ..... | 15.55 |
| 41 | 41 | 42 | 15.95 | ..... | 15.95 |
| 42 | 42 | 43 | 16.35 | ..... | 16.35 |
| 43 | 43 | 44 | 16.75 | ..... | 16.75 |
| 44 | 44 | 45 | 17.15 | ..... | 17.15 |
| 45 | 45 | 46 | 17.55 | ..... | 17.55 |
| 46 | 46 | 47 | 17.95 | ..... | 17.95 |
| 47 | 47 | 48 | 18.35 | ..... | 18.35 |
| 48 | 48 | 49 | 18.75 | ..... | 18.75 |
| 49 | 49 | 50 | 19.15 | ..... | 19.15 |
| 50 | 50 | 51 | 19.55 | ..... | 19.55 |
| 51 | 51 | 52 | 19.95 | ..... | 19.95 |
| 52 | 52 | 53 | 20.35 | ..... | 20.35 |
| 53 | 53 | 54 | 20.75 | ..... | 20.75 |
| 54 | 54 | 55 | 21.15 | ..... | 21.15 |
| 55 | 55 | 56 | 21.55 | ..... | 21.55 |
| 56 | 56 | 57 | 21.95 | ..... | 21.95 |
| 57 | 57 | 58 | 22.35 | ..... | 22.35 |
| 58 | 58 | 59 | 22.75 | ..... | 22.75 |
| 59 | 59 | 60 | 23.15 | ..... | 23.15 |
| 60 | 60 | 61 | 23.55 | ..... | 23.55 |
| 61 | 61 | 62 | 23.95 | ..... | 23.95 |
| 62 | 62 | 63 | 24.35 | ..... | 24.35 |
| 63 | 63 | 64 | 24.75 | ..... | 24.75 |
| 64 | 64 | 65 | 25.15 | ..... | 25.15 |
| 65 | 65 | 66 | 25.55 | ..... | 25.55 |
| 66 | 66 | 67 | 25.95 | ..... | 25.95 |
| 67 | 67 | 68 | 26.35 | ..... | 26.35 |
| 68 | 68 | 69 | 26.75 | ..... | 26.75 |
| 69 | 69 | 70 | 27.15 | ..... | 27.15 |
| 70 | 70 | 71 | 27.55 | ..... | 27.55 |
| 71 | 71 | 72 | 27.95 | ..... | 27.95 |
| 72 | 72 | 73 | 28.35 | ..... | 28.35 |
| 73 | 73 | 74 | 28.75 | ..... | 28.75 |
| 74 | 74 | 75 | 29.15 | ..... | 29.15 |
| 75 | 75 | 76 | 29.55 | ..... | 29.55 |
| 76 | 76 | 77 | 29.95 | ..... | 29.95 |
| 77 | 77 | 78 | 30.35 | ..... | 30.35 |
| 78 | 78 | 79 | 30.75 | ..... | 30.75 |
| 79 | 79 | 80 | 31.15 | ..... | 31.15 |
| 80 | 80 | 81 | 31.55 | ..... | 31.55 |
| 81 | 81 | 82 | 31.95 | ..... | 31.95 |
| 82 | 82 | 83 | 32.35 | ..... | 32.35 |
| 83 | 83 | 84 | 32.75 | ..... | 32.75 |
| 84 | 84 | 85 | 33.15 | ..... | 33.15 |
| 85 | 85 | 86 | 33.55 | ..... | 33.55 |
| 86 | 86 | 87 | 33.95 | ..... | 33.95 |
| 87 | 87 | 88 | 34.35 | ..... | 34.35 |
| 88 | 88 | 89 | 34.75 | ..... | 34.75 |
| 89 | 89 | 90 | 35.15 | ..... | 35.15 |
| 90 | 90 | 91 | 35.55 | ..... | 35.55 |
| 91 | 91 | 92 | 35.95 | ..... | 35.95 |
| 92 | 92 | 93 | 36.35 | ..... | 36.35 |
| 93 | 93 | 94 | 36.75 | ..... | 36.75 |
| 94 | 94 | 95 | 37.15 | ..... | 37.15 |
| 95 | 95 | 96 | 37.55 | ..... | 37.55 |
| 96 | 96 | 97 | 37.95 | ..... | 37.95 |
| 97 | 97 | 98 | 38.35 | ..... | 38.35 |
| 98 | 98 | 99 | 38.75 | ..... | 38.75 |
| 99 | 99 | 100 | 39.15 | ..... | 39.15 |

F. F. Pino, County Superintendent.

Fischer & Co. are sole agents for the genuine Eastman Kodaks and supplies. Buy the best.

Phil J. Barber to Marry.

The marriage of Miss Nellie Overhuls, daughter of J. Overhuls, a meat dealer of Bland, formerly of Cerrillos, to Mr. Phil J. Barber, a popular business man of the Bland mining camp, is announced to take place early in August. Mr. Barber was formerly acting deputy warden at the penitentiary and is well known and well liked in Santa