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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 35.

SANTA FE, N. M., THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1898.

NO. 45.

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Fresh ranch eggs, per doz. 15c
Best creamery butter, per lb 25c
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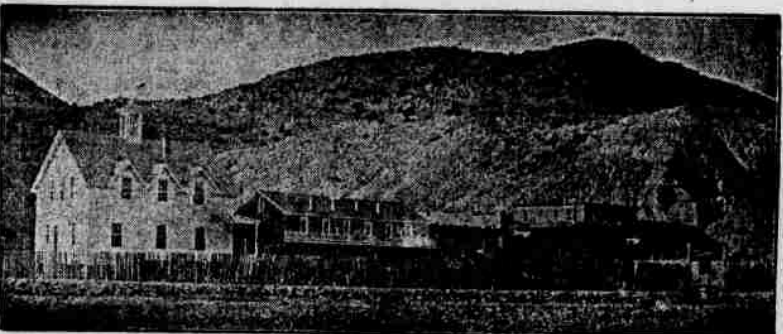
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THE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from the Santa Fe and Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 122°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 108.34 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the miraculous cures effected in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and Venereal Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 3 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$7. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County, New Mexico

WASHINGTON NEWS

General Lee's Statements in Consular Correspondence Made Public--Effect of Blockade.

RESOLUTIONS IN SENATE

President Will Veto Cuban Resolutions If They Carry Independence--Senators Differ Concerning Action--Spanish Minister Ready to Leave.

Washington, April 14.—The testimony taken before the senate committee on foreign relations in connection with the investigation into the relations between the United States and Cuba was made public today. It constitutes a book of 650 pages. The statement of the greatest current interest is that of Consul General Lee. General Lee said that he was informed that the Spaniards had placed two rows of torpedoes just at the mouth of the Havana harbor by Moro Castle, within the past two months and that the switch board is in the castle. He said, however, that he had no information concerning the placing of any torpedoes before the Maine was destroyed.

He thought the Laine letter was a correct copy of a genuine letter from General Weyler. He knew of a telegram addressed to Eva Canella, a noted Spanish woman and an admirer of Weyler, and to Senator Guzman which read as follows: "Grave circumstances cause me to ask you to destroy my last letter of February 12."

General Lee said: "I cabled the state department a few days after the board assembled that it was almost certain the explosion was from the exterior. I always had an idea that the Maine was blown up by officers who had charge of the mines and electrical cables and torpedoes in the arsenal there, who thoroughly understood their business."

"I do not think General Blanco, the present captain general of Cuba, had anything to do with it. I went right down to the palace and asked for General Blanco. He came in crying. General Lee said he had seen a copy of a telegram from Admiral Manterola dated at Havana, prior to the explosion of the Maine to the Spanish commission in London, asking the commission to 'hurry up the electrical cables.'"

After an investigation General Lee satisfied himself that the electric lights in Havana did not go out at the time of the explosion.

General Lee said: "I have never been certain that the submarine explosive was placed there prior to the entrance of the Maine into the harbor. It might have been done afterwards."

General Lee said the Spanish population is not especially hostile toward the United States, while the insurgents would pay no attention to an armistice. "Suppose Havana was blockaded," said Senator Mills, "so no provisions could go in, would the people have any way to get any?" "None whatever," responded General Lee. "The town would surrender in short order."

Interest Centered in the Senate.

The galleries in the senate chamber were packed and thousands turned away this morning. Mr. Hale, (Me.), presented a memorial from the National Civic club of Brooklyn, calling attention to the necessity in the event of war with Spain of repealing some of the present navigation laws which prevent our merchant vessels from sailing under the foreign flag. A message was received from the house transmitting the Cuban resolution passed by the house. By unanimous consent the resolution reported yesterday by the foreign relation committee was taken before the senate.

Mr. Turner, (Wash.) began a speech in which he sharply criticized the administration for its "vacillating and irresolute, cowardly and pusillanimous policy." Mr. Turner declared with bitter sarcasm that with such diplomatic agents representing the United States the Madrid government might eventually, for a suitable indemnity, absolve the country for blocking the harbor at Havana with the shattered hull of the Maine. The flashing sword of the United States must be drawn for Cuban independence and be wielded by an arm stronger than ever. It should never be lowered until Spain is driven from the western hemisphere.

Mr. Hoar followed Mr. Turner. He thought the present was no time for impassioned rhetoric and manifestations of the approval of a war sentiment. He felt like entering upon the Cuban question with the seriousness with which he would attend church. If we are going to enter upon a course of action in Cuba, it should be done as an act of justice and not for revenge. Mr. Hoar said Mr. Turner, who represented only half a state, was asking the president, who represents 45 states, the subject of the same obligations that was inflicted upon Washington. He predicted that President McKinley's fame would not suffer from such attacks.

Mr. Hoar said he believed the Maine explosion to be a premeditated act, of which the Spanish officials were guilty. The Spanish government should be held responsible. Yet, to acquit General Blanco, as General Lee had done, would be to acquit Spain of any direct agency, as he was the responsible representative of Spain. If necessary, he thought the Maine affair enough to justify war. Still he thought an honorable reparation might possibly be secured without war. He would vote for the house resolution and thought its acceptance would lead to war, but it would be an honorable and justifiable war. Mr. Turpie (Ind.) followed Mr. Hoar with a speech for the recognition of the Cuban republic.

Mr. Davis wanted the senate to agree to vote at 5 p. m. tomorrow. Mr. Caffrey objected. At the request of many of the senators Mr. Davis agreed to an adjournment at 4 p. m.

At 3:55 p. m. the senate by a vote of 30 to 32 refused to adjourn, and the debate is still in progress.

Senators Want to Talk.

The senate will not vote on the Cuban resolutions until tomorrow night. A dozen senators want to talk.

Senators Differ as to the Resolutions. Senators anxious for early action on the Cuban resolutions are determined to hold continuous sessions if there is any disposition to delay action by debate. Radical senators say there are votes enough to adopt the Turpie amendment recognizing the present Cuban government. They think the house and senate will compromise on the senate majority resolutions. The conservative senators have decided to fight for the adoption of the house Cuban resolutions and will act in concert.

Expect the House to Stand Firm.

Nine Republican senators have agreed to vote for the Turpie amendment recognizing the independence of the present Cuban government. The conservative senators expect the house to stand firm for its resolution, and if the senate adopts the Davis resolution, without the recognition amendment, the conservatives believe the senate will in the end have to yield.

The President's Backbone.

The president has determined to veto the Cuban resolutions if they carry recognition of Cuban independence. He so stated today to senators.

House May Pass Senate Resolutions.

Some of the house Republicans are organizing a movement looking to the acceptance of the senate resolutions, when they pass that body. They fear if the resolutions go to a conference, concessions may be made and a delay may follow. Mr. Brownell, of Ohio, and other Republicans have been conferring with their colleagues and the Democrats. Mr. Brownell believes a motion to accept the senate resolutions will prevail in the house by an overwhelming majority.

Spanish Minister Ready to Leave.

The Spanish minister, Senor Polo, has made final preparations for departure from the Madrid government instructing him to leave. The French ambassador will care for Spain's interests.

Naval Movements Will Not Be Published.

Secretary Long gave notice today that no news whatever respecting naval movements will be made public.

Still Buying Ships.

The Navy department today purchased the Red D Line steamer Venezuela. Negotiations for the Paris and New York, the American Steamship company's transatlantic liners, are still in progress.

MARKET REPORT.

New York, April 14.—Money on call firm at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5½ @ 6. Silver, 56½; lead, \$3.50; copper, 11½.

Chicago.—Wheat, May, \$1.11½; July, 87½. Oats, April, 26½; July, 23½ @ 23¾. Corn, April, 30; July, 31¾.

Chicago—Cattle, receipts, 7,000; market today, for best grades, strong to shade higher; beefs, \$4.00 @ \$5.20; cows and heifers, \$3.25 @ \$4.60; Texas steers, \$3.70 @ \$4.60; sheep, receipts, 13,000; market, strong; natives, \$3.60 @ \$4.80; westerns, \$3.80 @ \$4.75; lambs, \$4.70 @ \$5.75.

Stock Prices Take a Tumble. London, April 14.—The bears are campaigning on the stock exchange today and prices have tumbled all around.

A Vatican Appointment.

Rome, April 14.—The pope has appointed the Reverend Alexander Christopoulos, of St. Stephens church in Minneapolis, to the bishopric at Vancouver.

FOUNTAIN MURDER TRIAL.

Court Has Taken Recess Awaiting Arrival of Important Witnesses.

Special to the New Mexican.

Las Cruces, April 14.—Court opened at 9 o'clock this morning in the Fountain murder case, but as the two witnesses, for whose evidence the court adjourned yesterday, and from whom the strongest evidence in the case is expected, had not arrived, a recess was taken until they arrive. Their arrival is uncertain, as the posse which was sent out for them has not been heard from.

Price of Wheat Goes Skyward.

Chicago, April 14.—A new high mark was made for May wheat today, that delivery selling up to and closing at \$1.11½, an advance of 34 cents over yesterday.

OFFICE FITTINGS.

Filing cabinets of every description, document boxes and files, pigeon hole cases, legal blank cases, office ticklers and every conceivable kind of office fittings and furniture can be had of the New Mexican Printing Company. Write for descriptive, illustrated pamphlets.

TURMOIL IN SPAIN

War is Regarded As Inevitable--Queen Regent Unpopular--Revolution is Imminent.

SPAIN WILL NOT LEAVE CUBA

Switzerland Decides Not to Mix in Trouble--Enthusiastic Greeting to United States Troops--Soldiers Will Be Transferred from Arizona.

Madrid, April 14.—According to a dispatch this afternoon from Madrid, there was a big revolutionary demonstration in Valencia yesterday evening. Large crowds assembled, the red flag waved and the "Marselles" was sung. The police dispersed the people and captured the red flag.

The Situation in Spain.

The newspapers here regard war as inevitable. The last dispatches from Washington have created a profound excitement throughout Spain. The Spaniards protest against the "odious imputation" that Spanish officers are responsible for the loss of the Maine. It is asserted, that proof can be shown that no torpedoes were ever laid in Havana harbor. The Official Gazette tomorrow will publish a decree, organizing a national subscription to increase the Spanish fleet.

Weyler to the Front.

The opposition press is endeavoring to bring General Weyler to the front as a champion of the cause of the revolution, under the guise of the savior of national honor. Even newspapers, which since his return from Cuba have violently denounced him, are now lauding the former captain-general as the one man who can save the nation.

Revolt in Madrid Imminent.

General Weyler arrived here today apparently called by the government. He considers war with the United States inevitable. The feeling in Madrid is stronger than ever. All parties are uniting against the government and the sinister references to "the Austrian," which means that the queen regent, who never has been popular in Madrid, is rapidly falling into increased disfavor.

Today's issue of the Pais was confiscated and copies of the paper were only obtained surreptitiously.

Cabinet Council Held.

A cabinet council, at which the queen regent presided, was held this afternoon.

The cabinet council decided to reopen the Spanish parliament Wednesday next instead of April 25. The queen regent signed the national subscription decree to increase the navy.

Good for Them.

Havana—All is quiet today.

Whistling for Courage.

London, April 14.—According to a special from Madrid today, a Spanish cabinet minister declared in an interview, "Should President McKinley notify Spain to evacuate Cuba, this government will immediately and emphatically refuse and will add that it is fully prepared to take the consequences."

Switzerland Sensible.

Berne, April 14.—The suggestion made on yesterday by the national council that the bundesrath consider whether it could not offer to mediate between the United States and Spain was unanimously rejected today by the bundesrath.

Enthusiastic Greeting to the Twenty-fifth Infantry.

Nashville, Tenn., April 14.—If any doubt existed regarding the warlike feeling of the residents of Illinois, Indiana and Tennessee it would have been swept away by the reception given to the Twenty-fifth infantry, as it passed along. At every town, on every street crossing and on depot platforms, men waved their arms in frantic token of approval and in most instances seconded their gestures by yells. In the larger towns, where the train stopped, the crowds piled so closely in front of the cars that it was impossible for the soldiers to leave the train at all.

The regiment is expected to arrive in Chattanooga at 3 o'clock today. The

eight companies will be camped tonight at Chattanooga park. Two companies will continue to Key West.

Spanish Fleet Still at Cape Verde Islands. St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, April 14.—The Spanish armored cruisers Cristobal Colon and Maria Teresa have arrived here. The Spanish torpedo flotilla is still here.

Moving Troops From Arizona.

Topeka, Kas., April 14.—The Santa Fe railroad has completed all arrangements for moving east several companies of the United States troops stationed at Forts Whipple and Apache. Two train loads will start tomorrow morning from Ash Forks, each carrying about 250 officers and men. The best possible time will be made and it is expected the troops to reach Kansas City some time on the 16th. Their present destination is Jefferson Barracks, St. Louis, but it is believed they will soon be moved to the Atlantic coast.

LETTER FROM KLONDIKE.

Lieutenant Walker Writes of His Experiences in Far North--Money Necessary to Find Gold.

When George Tilton, the third mate of the Arctic whaling schooner, Belvidere, passed through Fort St. Michael, Alaska, in January, 400 letters from miners, prospectors and soldiers to their friends and relatives in the states were entrusted to his care, and he brought them to Portland, Ore., reaching that place on April 9. Among those letters was one for Judge J. H. Walker, from his son E. S. Walker, who is a lieutenant in the Eighth infantry stationed at Fort St. Michael. The letter was received on yesterday, and reads as follows:

Fort St. Michael, Alaska, Jan. 16.—Your letter reached me all right. It was brought in by Lieutenant Jarvis and Dr. Call, of the Bear. Mr. Tilton, of the whaler Belvidere, now at Herchel Island, is going to take the mail out for us. He left his vessel last October on his way out for relief for the whalers. You know there were 11 vessels up there; three got out. The Orca and Norach were crushed and all the others will perish, unless it is the Belvidere. She may escape, but it is doubtful. The papers will be full of the account as soon as Mr. Tilton gets in. He is a hardy, practical man, and has made a wonderful trip of 1,500 miles. At one time he was about four days without anything to eat. He has two natives with him that he brought from Point Hope. When they were so hungry, they found a dead whale, which the natives began eating. He couldn't get the whale, but shortly after killed a duck. Mr. Tilton says the imprisoned whalers have enough provisions to last until next July, by eating only two scant meals a day.

I expect the people up the river are very short of supplies. Provisions are scarce at Nulato and Minook; we have had no news from farther up as travel is all up the river and none down. Parties leave the boats and start out on dog sleds for Minook to prospect. I expect to start shortly for that place to ascertain the condition of affairs, and as we are expecting the Port Clarence reindeer herd down soon, I will use reindeer teams. I have been anxious for a trip all winter.

Lieutenant Bell returned from Nulato a few days ago, but could not get much news from up the country. However, he found an Indian with some nice nuggets of gold, and brought back one worth about \$10. One of the party staid up there and the Indian is to show him the place where the nuggets were found. Some funny things happen to parties starting out, while some of the happenings are pathetic. Two men, who did not agree very well, came to camp the first night and had a disagreement about supper. One wanted biscuits and the other flapjacks. One poor fellow started out alone very poorly provided for. He had no team, but pulled his own sled. He gave out by the time he reached Unalaklik, the beginning of the portage of Nulato, and there he bought two or three dogs, and where Lieutenant Bell overtook him. The man had a badly frozen foot and Bell hired a sled to bring him back to the surgeon. He would not come, but said he would take a hatchet and chop his foot off, and even pulled out his knife to cut off a

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



FOR SALE BY

H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

toe or two when he was prevented by those standing by. His own expression was, "Dawson of bust."

We all wear more or less of the native clothing. The boots are of hair, seal or reindeer legs and are very warm. A bunch of dry grass is put in the bottom every day. The "parkie" is a skin coat that comes nearly to the knees, with a hood to cover the head. It is pulled on the same as a shirt and is very comfortable. Then on a trip a reindeer sleeping bag is necessary. With such an outfit one can keep quite comfortable. The natives are an ingenious lot, but filthy beyond description. They will eat anything. The sense of taste seems to cut no figure at all. They are covered with vermin, and when Bell came back from Nulato he was in the same fix. If anyone sleeps in their huts while traveling he is sure to become covered with the loathsome insects.

We hear nothing of gold finds, for, as I said before, the travel is all up the river. I believe a man could make a find if he came prepared to stay a while, but he must bring plenty of money. The transportation companies will carry passengers up the river, but will not carry their supplies. They will sell plenty of supplies, but will not ship up those brought by new comers. So a man needs cash to buy all these things and then he is independent.

We have had a very mild winter. On Christmas night it was thawing here, but is freezing now. Yesterday it was 10 degrees below zero; today it is 15 below, although we do not feel the cold much. It is very rainy in summer and there are millions of mosquitos. It is almost impossible to travel in the summer time, as one has to carry his pack on his back, or hire an Indian to do it, and the walking is very hard. Strange to say, the reindeer here raised 50 miles above here. They do not mature as they do farther south, but still they are good. Those raised are carrots, cabbage, potatoes, beets and turnips.

Is your face rough or chapped? Try Fischer's cocoa cream; sample free.

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code)
Pattison's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.
A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adapted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico.
Part 1. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record. Part 2. Attachments, Certiorari, Writs, Habeas Corpus, Injunction, Mandamus, Mechanic's Lien, Prohibition, Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part 3. Miscellaneous, covering advertisements, Affidavits, Arbitrations, Assignments, Depositions, Naturalizations, etc., etc. Bound in full law sheep. Delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price, \$5.00. Publisher's name printed on the book free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

The New Mexican Printing Company

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Blank Books and Ledgers.

SPRING 1898.

Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

Our spring stock, which is the most attractive we have ever shown, is now complete. All goods are marked in plain figures, one price for everybody, and we do guarantee the lowest possible eastern prices, not only in one line, but in every department. There is no sentiment in business, people buy goods where they can do the best. Our methods of fair and square dealings, with uniform low prices, are bound to win. We call special attention to the following goods:

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Canvass back duck in all colors
Homespun linens in plain and fancies
Organdies transparent
Cordons
Black, white and colored lawns
Organdine linings
Swiss mulls
India linens
Plaid, stripe and changeable silks
Peaux de Soix
Irish linens
Table linens
Napkins
Towels
Bedspreads
Pearlota cords
Draperies
French Dimities
Silk and cotton laces in all styles and all prices
Embroideries, cheaper than ever before

Ladies chemise, night gowns, etc.

Ladies shoes, the finest in the city.

MILLINERY

We are now showing the most attractive and latest styles. Now is your time to get an Easter hat or bonnet.

CARPETS, LINOLEUMS, ETC.,

We have the largest stock in the territory and you can not afford to buy elsewhere if you examine our stock and prices. We sell it at 10 cents per double roll and up. All the latest patterns can be seen in this department.

WALL PAPER

We have a large assortment, all sizes, all widths, all colors. We guarantee to sell you a good pair of covers for less than any other store in town.

SUSPENDERS

We are in receipt of 100 doz. of the finest line ever shown in this city. They are the genuine "Harris Buckle," every pair warranted for six months.

MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS

We have a fine line at 50cts, \$1 and \$1.25. Men's all linen collars at 10cts each, in any style.

MEN'S HATS

The latest styles at the lowest imaginable prices.

MEN'S NECKWEAR

400 doz. to select from. Ties you pay elsewhere 50c for 25c, silk lined in all colors.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

Men's fancy, laundered shirts at 50cts, 75cts, \$1.

AD. GUSDORF, Mgr.

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

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Wanted. One cent a word each insertion. Local. Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local. Preferred position. Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed. Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

THURSDAY, APRIL 14.

The Fifty-fifth congress evidently contains many men of many minds.

Spain is decidedly unpopular in this country. Even the base ball players are willing to fight that kingdom.

Sensational news from Santa Fe seem to have declined in value; either that or the able correspondents have taken a tumble.

The ropes on a first-class man-of-war cost in the neighborhood of \$15,000. Like political ropes, they come high, but we must have them.

The American navy is waiting for an opportunity to show the people that the money spent on it was not spent in vain, but will come back with interest.

General Sherman's aphorism "War is Hell" is very true, but mankind is so constituted that a little of the latter must be had every once in a while.

Most encouraging reports from a political standpoint come from San Miguel county. The Republicans are making great headway there, as the November election will bear out.

After reading the reports of the consuls that were stationed in Cuba, one must conclude that the gout is about the only disease that has given the concentrados in that island no trouble during the past year.

Governor Otero has evidently hit the right nail hard in his appointment of Mr. John S. Clark to be territorial coal oil inspector. Numerous letters from the best and leading citizens of the territory, a good many of them Democrats, containing many expressions of approval and satisfaction of the appointment, have been received at the executive office.

Strict and evenhanded justice in the cases of the men charged with the murder of Albert J. Fountain and in all other criminal matters. This is the position taken by this journal. Some of the Democratic papers, headed by the Albuquerque Democrat, do not like this position and want men, charged with crime, to be unmoored, because they are Democrats. That's their way of doing business.

The course adopted and carried out by Spain in Cuba during the past three years has been so horribly cruel and unutterably beastly, that the United States had to put a stop to it. In a very few days, Spain will have a war on its hands wherein its soldiers will meet men and where the victims will not be defenseless women and children, nor the means, the slaughter and starvation of innocent people. A just retribution is about to overtake Spain.

Reports of bank exchanges and of railroad earnings indicate clearly and correctly the financial activity of the country and the movements of agricultural and commercial supplies. Dun's Review, in a recent issue, shows that the bank exchanges and railroad earnings in the first quarter of 1898 have in each case been larger than for any like period on record. How is this for a country whose business, we were informed in 1896, must go to destruction if the free and unlimited coinage of silver were not adopted?

The Denver Republican in a recent issue contains a four column illustrated write up of the town of Raton and says editorially concerning that place:

"Raton, N. M., has grown to be one of the important cities of the territory and promises to be one of the centers of the Rocky mountain region. A model western city, peopled with industrious citizens and surrounded by a region rich in every natural resource, its steady and general prosperity, shared by all parts of the community alike, show a future of limitless possibilities. With the people and the material to prosper when conditions were most adverse, too glowing a picture can hardly be drawn of possibilities in normal times."

Placido Sandoval has followed in the wake of all good Democrats and resigned as superintendent of public instruction, naming May 7 as the day upon which he will relinquish his official duties. Conjecture is ripe as to his successor. Among the applicants is a prominent citizen of Grant county—Silver City Independent.

If a few more Democratic officeholders would follow the illustrious example set them by Don Placido, the administration of territorial affairs would still further improve. For the information of our valued Silver City contemporary, it can be said, that while the appointment of a successor to fill the vacancy has not been absolutely decided upon, it is believed, a native of New Mexico, conversant with English and Spanish, will be selected.

The Railroad Age, published in Chicago, states, that the construction of over 20,000 miles of railroads is under consideration and in contemplation in the United States. Over 10,000 miles of this construction is located in the south and southwest and about 6,000 miles in the southwestern states and territories. It does not look much as though the railroad men made a mistake in 1896 in voting in favor of a sound financial system, especially when it is considered that the railroad construction projected for 1898 is four times as much as the average during the past decade.

In another column, the New Mexican re-publishes a letter from Sheriff Patrick F. Garrett, of Dona Ana county, showing up the glaring inaccuracies, equivocations and falsehoods contained in a recent editorial article in the Albuquerque Democrat, concerning the investigations now going on in the Fountain murder case in Las Cruces, under the caption, "Strict Justice." The sheriff, it is apparent to all fair minded and respectable citizens, tells the truth in a straight forward and manly manner. That, however, cuts no ice with our contemporary, but the people of New Mexico will read the sheriff's card in this issue and believe what he says.

The Beginning of the End.

The expected has happened: Congress has virtually declared war for the purpose of securing the freedom of the Cubans and the first gun may be fired at any moment. The action of congress in bringing about a settlement of a question which has disturbed the people for over three years will meet with the approval of the country in a substantial manner. There will be no lack of money and men to prosecute the conflict to the bitter end if necessary. All that will be asked is that an end be put to the inhuman treatment of women and children on the island, and the insurgents and their friends be allowed to earn their bread in an honest manner.

It has required forbearance and patience on the part of the American people to withstand the temptation to take a hand in the matter long ago, but the foul and treacherous manner in which the battleship Maine was deliberately destroyed under the mask of friendship, proved the last straw which broke the back of patience of the nation, and Spain must now take the consequences. Opportunity after opportunity has been given that country to end the war on the island in an honorable manner and to withdraw her troops and navy, but the hesitancy to engage in a struggle which can only be disastrous to one nation and painful to the other, appears to have filled the minds of the Spanish with the idea that the United States feared to do anything to avenge the numerous insults that have been heaped upon the stars and stripes, and resting on that supposed fear that country has persisted in ignoring the friendly hand that has been extended in all sincerity and conducted the affairs of the island in such a manner that forbearance long ago ceased to be a virtue, and assumed the aspect of a crime to humanity and a reproach to civilization.

But the beginning of the end has come. Spain must evacuate Cuba and allow the inhabitants to organize and conduct an independent government, or indicate what relation they wish to bear to the United States. The first step having been taken the end is not far in the future, and it cannot come any too soon to suit the American people. Cuba must and shall be free, and Spain must leave the western continent forever. That is the result of the deliberations of the people of this country, who are slow to enter into war, but terribly in earnest.

Tax Matters in Santa Fe County.

The board of county commissioners of this county did exactly right yesterday in declining to grant any more concessions to delinquent tax payers at the expense of the honest tax payers and to the detriment of the decent and law abiding citizens of this county, who pay taxes promptly and as required by law. In individual cases, where wrong assessments have been made or where property has been greatly deteriorated in value or where an unjust assessment has been made or where some citizen has suffered greatly, it is the proper thing to grant concessions and the law provides that the county commissioners may take action therein.

But when tax payers and property owners, who are well and perfectly able to pay, come up and demand that reductions be made to them, that have not been granted to the large body of tax payers, it would be manifestly unjust and improper to grant such. Favors of that sort would prove a grave injustice and a serious injury to the honest tax payers, and a great detriment to the commonwealth, besides being an infraction and an evasion of the very law, the officials are sworn to uphold and to execute. It is well understood, that some of the property owners in this county are holding back from paying taxes for the very purpose of inducing the county commissioners to give them rebates. That such a course does not meet with the approval of the good citizens of the county goes without saying. That the county commissioners but obeyed the spirit and the letter of the law in denying this application for rebates and settlements from persons who willfully and deliberately refuse to pay taxes, with the end in view of getting easy settlements from the county commissioners and paying less than their just dues, is plain and apparent. The commissioners' course meets with the approval of the best citizens of all shades of political opinion and the people as a whole will commend their sagacity and firmness in standing by the law and doing what public policy and

the best interests of the territory and of the tax payers demanded.

The New Mexican will have more to say upon this important subject from time to time and will keep the people fully posted thereon.

SHERIFF GARRETT SPEAKS.

Shows Up the Falsehoods and Misrepresentations in a Recent Editorial in the Albuquerque Democrat.

To the Editor of the Albuquerque Democrat. Las Cruces, April 10.—In your issue of yesterday, the 29th inst., appears an article headed "Strict Justice," in which appear, to say the least, some very inaccurate statements. However, I desire to answer only those parts of the article that regard me. When I was first appointed, I was appointed by Mr. Raymond, who had won the office of sheriff in the contest suit against Mr. Ascarate. The Republican members of the board of county commissioners were removed by Governor Thornton for failure, I believe, to properly qualify, and Mr. May and Mr. Baird were appointed by the governor to fill the vacancies. I was appointed by the new board as sheriff to fill the balance of the term. The Democrats nominated Mr. S. P. Ascarate for the office and ran independent and was endorsed by the Republicans. When I announced my candidacy I assured the people of this county that I would put forth my best efforts, without fear or favor to any side or faction, to bring the murderers of Colonel Fountain and his little son to justice. I have ever been conscientious in my efforts in this case and have always said, and now say, that I want to see the supremacy of the law upheld and a fair and impartial trial given the parties arrested in this case. Furthermore, it has been asserted that the men arrested, are in danger of mob violence. All that I have to say is that as long as I have them in my charge there is no man nor set of men that can mob them.

Now as to that part of "Strict Justice" where it states that Messrs. Lee and Gilliland remained here with their witnesses awaiting indictment, etc., that is false. Mr. J. R. Gilliland is one of the men charged with the Fountain murder and he has not been here prior to or during the present term of court. His father, Mr. W. F. Gilliland, was here, and I arrested him under an indictment for cattle stealing and he gave bond and went home. As for Mr. Lee, he left before the grand jury adjourned. I think it was on Wednesday. Mr. Lee, never, at any time, stated to me that upon sending him to the present term of court after him he would come in. Furthermore, it is stated that the grand jury was adjourned here on April 1, after being in session for three weeks; this is not so. Under the law the grand jury can remain in session only 10 days and that was all that this jury was in session. As to the politics of the members of the jury, I know only two men—Mr. Schaumbin, Republican, and Mr. Lopez, Democrat. It was personally known to me and I think to most of the court officers that the secrets of the grand jury were public property. That is one of the reasons that the grand jury did not investigate this case. The other reason is that it was not possible for them to pass on all the testimony of the territory in this case owing to the limited time they had to hold and on account of most of the witnesses residing in the Sacramento mountains about 90 miles from Las Cruces.

On April 3, I arrested McNew and Carr on the street here in town and immediately sent out a posse after Lee and Gilliland, but did not call on the militia as militiamen, but as they had horses and arms at their immediate disposal I deputized them and sent them out, and without any imposing parade as stated in "Strict Justice." In conclusion all that I have to say is that I will carry out and uphold the law—secure these men against all violence of whatever kind, and if I can, to run down the murderers of Colonel Fountain and his son, and all other criminals in this county, without favor to any faction or party, and let the chips fall where they will.

P. F. GARRETT.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

Santa Fe, N. M., April 4, 1898.—The honorable board met at 10 o'clock a. m., being a regular session of the term. Present: Hon. Chas. W. Dudrow, chairman; and Hons. J. T. McLaughlin and Jose A. Lucero, commissioners, and Atanasio Romero, clerk.

The minutes of the last session of February 26, were read and approved. The assessment of Ella M. Arnold for 1895 was fixed in the sum of \$350. The assessment of P. F. Hogan for 1897 on real estate was reduced from \$1,300 to \$1,000. The assessments of Leonor Garcia were fixed as follows: For 1891, \$285, and for 1892-93-94-95-96 and 1897 at \$100 for each year. The assessment of Mrs. R. H. Taylor was reduced from \$1,000 to \$750 on real estate for 1897.

The sum of \$200 was reduced in the assessment of I. Goldfort for 1896 and 1897 as per the exemption law. The account of Messrs. N. B. Laughlin and C. H. Gildersleeve and others, which was filed for the 1st day of May, 1897, for \$15,452, was disallowed. The report of the county assessor for licenses issued in the last three months is as follows: For county fund, \$128.75; for school fund, \$603.75. The same was approved and the clerk ordered to charge the same to the county collector.

The insurance of the court house for three years for \$20,000 for the sum of \$600 premium was accepted and it was agreed to pay \$150 every quarter. The following resolution was introduced by Chairman Dudrow, and the same duly adopted: Whereas, The A. T. & S. F. R. R. Co. has refused to pay taxes levied on its property in this county for the years 1894, 1896 and 1897 for the following funds, to-wit: City school levy for the year 1894; judgment fund for the years 1896 and 1897, and bonds of 1890, 1891, 1892 and 1893, school districts 4, 7 and 27, for the year 1897; and Whereas, Other large taxpayers are following the example said company in this regard; therefore be it Resolved, That the district attorney be instructed to bring suits against said company and all other taxpayers who have and do refuse to pay taxes levied for the above or any other funds of the county.

The following accounts were duly audited and approved: Albino Ortega, for services before justice of peace, 1897..... \$ 5 50 And the following accounts during 1898: H. C. Kinsell, jail expenses, etc., \$704 97 Chas. W. Dudrow, salary as Co. Com'r..... 125 00 Jose Amado Lucero, salary and mileage as Co. Com'r..... 129 56 J. T. McLaughlin, salary and mileage as Co. Com'r..... 126 53 Atanasio Romero, salary as Co. and P. clerk, etc., etc..... 267 50 Chas. R. Huber, salary as P. clerk..... 150 00 James Williams, salary as P. clerk..... 150 00 J. H. Crist, salary as district attorney..... 100 00 Telesforo Rivera, salary as probate judge..... 150 00

H. B. Cartwright, salary as Co. treasurer..... 112 50 Atanasio Alarid, salary as janitor of court house..... 120 00 New Mexican P. Co., for publication, records, etc.,..... 354 67 Jacob Weltmer, stationery for P. clerk's office..... 5 95 Santa Fe Gas & Electric Co. for lights..... 67 30 The Water & Ice Co., for water..... 90 00 Santa Fe Electric Telephone Co. for use of telephone..... 9 00 James E. Judson, stationery for assessor's office..... 10 00 Manuel Romero y Dominguez, fees as justice of peace..... 9 50 Miguel Gorman, fees as justice of peace..... 57 15 Bruno Romero, fees as justice of peace..... 24 45 Jose Ma. Garcia, fees as justice of peace..... 73 80 Franco Anaya, fees as constable..... 24 75 Cosmo Salas, fees as constable..... 47 25 Alberto Garcia, fees as interpreter..... 4 00 Chas. W. Dudrow, coal for court house and lumber..... 84 12 New Mexican P. Co., for Lic. book, out of school fund..... 2 50 Facundo F. Pino, salary as school supt., out of school fund..... 275 00 H. B. Cartwright, salary as treasurer, school fund..... 75 00 Francisco Gonzales y Baca, com. as co. assessor, school fund..... 1 29 J. R. Hudson, com. as co. assessor, school fund..... 1 71 J. R. Hudson, com. as co. assessor, from different funds..... 13 09 J. R. Hudson, com. as co. assessor, from territory..... 6 69 Francisco Gonzales y Baca, com. as co. assessor, from different funds..... 21 00 The board adjourned till the 12th day of April, A. D. 1898. CHAS. W. DUDROW, Chairman, ATANASIO ROMERO, Clerk.

Children should always increase in weight. Not to grow, not to increase in flesh, belongs to old age. Present and future health demands that this increase in weight should be steady and never failing.

To delicate children, Scott's Emulsion brings richer blood and firmer flesh. Better color comes to the cheeks and stronger muscles to the limbs. The gain in weight is substantial; it comes to stay.

See and \$1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

ALBUQUERQUE STEAM LAUNDRY.

First-class work guaranteed.

Leave orders at Postal Telegraph office.

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Exclusive agency for Anheuser Beer, bottled and keg, Blue Ribbon and Schlitz, bottled, Canadian Club, Clark's Pure Rye and Early Times whiskey, bottled in bond.

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Pattison's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale.

A complete and comprehensive book of forms, adopted to the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico.

Part I. Ordinary Proceedings in Courts of Record, Part 2. Attachment, Habeas Corpus, Injunction, Mandamus, Mechanic's Lien, Prohibition, Quo Warranto and Replevin, Part 3. Miscellaneous, covering Adjudgments, Alimony, Arbitration, Assignments, Depositions, Naturalizations, etc., etc.

Books in full law cases delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publication order and postage.

Names printed on the book free of cost. Address New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chaves counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

J. J. HAGERMAN, President, E. O. FAULKNER, Vice-President.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, I. A. F. & A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, H. P. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX FROST, E. C. ANDERSON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall, H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F., Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriarchs welcome. THOMAS A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EARLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F., Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THOMAS A. GOODWIN, C. P. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZULON LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening at Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDKOPF, N. G. A. F. EARLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F. F.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. F., Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 8:00 o'clock at Carle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. ROBERT H. BOWLER, Chancellor Commander.

LEE MUEHLSTEIN, K. of R. and S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DENTISTS.

D. W. MANLEY, Dentist, Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MAX FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIESS, District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office—Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. KNAEBEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box "F," Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. BERNHARD, Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts. Commissioner Court of Claims. Collections and title searching. Rooms 3 and 5 Spiegelberg Block.

INSURANCE.

R. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent, Office, Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

184 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; 84.1 per cent purity.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet root, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not assured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st AND AUGUST 10th.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate.

WATER makes the plant grow.

SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Pecos Valley has not on hand in abundance is PEOPLE. We need thrifty farmers; 500 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.

NO FAIRER terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made.

WRITE for particulars.

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On the European Plan, or Board and Room \$1.50 to \$2 per day. Special rates by the week.

SPACIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS.

When in Silver City, Stop at the Best Hotel.

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The Palace Hotel

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FRANK HUDSON, Clerk.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hotel up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited.

Fallen From the Sky.
Every once in a while some adventurous aeronaut makes a balloon ascension, gets entangled with a cyclone and has an abrupt descent. The building of aerial vehicles which are intended to travel through the "blue empyrean" comfortably and dangerously has long been the dream not only of irrational and chemical people, but for really scientific minds. Experience, however, teaches us one fact, namely, that it needs no lofty flights to grasp the fact that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will relieve, surely and speedily, biliousness, whether chronic or temporary. No less efficacious is this standard medicine in cases of malarial fever, nervousness, dyspepsia, rheumatism and sick headache or debility.

One on Him.
Maria, said Mr. Wilkerson, I don't understand how you can bring yourself to wear hair that has belonged to some other person. Ugh! It makes me feel creepy.

Well, she replied, as she deftly lifted a long brown hair from his coat sleeve, this doesn't seem to have given you the creeps. I suppose you got it in the crowded car coming home, didn't you.

MEDICAL TREATMENT ON TRIAL
To Any Reliable Man.
Marvellous appliances and one month's remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, without any advance payment, by the foremost company in the world in the treatment of men's weak, broken, disordered, or diseased systems. Complete restoration or development of all robust conditions. The time of this offer is limited. No C. O. D. scheme, no deception, no expense. Address: **ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.**

A Faith Preserved.
Ethel—It's too bad it's cold. I pray for a warm day. Does God always answer prayer?
Mamma—Yes, if you ask for a thing in the right way, and if you don't do it for yourself, but for others.

Ethel—Oh, I see now. The governess told me to try to say my prayers in French this month, and I guess I made mistakes.

"A word to the wise is sufficient" and a word to the wise should be sufficient, but you ask, who are the wise? Those who know. The oft-repeated experience of trustworthy persons may be taken for knowledge. Mr. W. M. Terry says Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives better satisfaction than any other in the market. He has been in the drug business at Elkton, Ky., for 12 years, has sold hundreds of bottles of this remedy and nearly all other cough medicines manufactured, which shows conclusively that Chamberlain's is the most satisfactory to the people, and is the best. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

A Painful Dilemma.
Miss Dazil—I'm afraid you must think me very unconventional, Mr. Harper. Tell me honestly, now.
Mr. Harper—Please excuse me, Miss Dazil; you know only children and fools speak the truth.
But you are no longer a child.

I was reading an advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the Worcester Enterprise recently, which leads me to write this. I can truthfully say I never used any remedy equal to it for colic and diarrhoea. I have never had to use more than one or two doses to cure the worst case with myself or children.—W. A. Stroud, Popomoke City, Md. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

A Marked Transformation.
They do pretty things in Boston, said the Occasional Liar. What do you suppose I saw the last time I was there?
Give it up, said the chorus.
A sign that said: \$3.50 pants, marked down from \$8 trousers.

Suggesting a Remedy.
I'm sorry, madame, but it's against the rules of the house. I can't exchange those goods again.
But my husband doesn't like it.
Why not exchange your husband.

Rheumatism Cured.
My wife has used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism with great relief, and I can recommend it as a splendid liniment for rheumatism and other household use for which we have found it valuable.—W. J. Cuyler, Red Creek, N. Y.

Mr. Cuyler is one of the leading merchants of this village and one of the most prominent men in this vicinity.—W. G. Phippen, Editor Red Creek Herald. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Tommy's Idea of It.
Little Tommy—Sister Lillian likes to have you come here.
Mr. Simperling—Aw, indeed! How do you know that?
Little Tommy—Well, people always like what makes them glad, don't they?
Mr. Simperling—Generally. But how do you know I make her glad?
Little Tommy—I heard her tellin' one of the other girls today that she just had to laugh every time she looked at you.

In 1888 my wife went east and was attacked with rheumatism. She received no relief until she tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Since that time we have never been without it. We find it gives instant relief in cases of burns and scalds and is never failing for all rheumatic and neuralgic pains.—D. C. Brant, Santa Ynez, Cal. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Smithers is Cautious.
Wooley—Smithers says he makes no acquaintances among medical students.
Kotton—Why not?
Wooley—He says he's afraid they'll cut him dead.

PROPOSALS.—United States Court House Building, Santa Fe, N. M., April 11, 1898.—Sealed proposals will be received at this building until 2 o'clock p. m., Monday, April 13, 1898, for furnishing fuel, lights, water, ice, miscellaneous supplies, washing towels, hauling ashes, and sprinkling streets for this building during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, or such portion of the year as may be deemed advisable. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved by the Treasury Department. A. L. Morgan, Custodian.

THE TABLE.
Articles of Use and Ornament Now Employed at Fashionable Dinners.
Silver is now preferred for table ornaments to anything else. Pepper boxes, saltcellars, butter plates and sauce dishes are all of silver.

A new idea in table decoration is to have a flat mirror framed in silver placed in the middle, on which are arranged groups of old Saxony statuettes, alternating with little silver vases full of flowers, the latter being scarcely any higher than the figures. The statuettes are connected by garlands of fine foliage, like smilax or climbing fern or asparagus.

Usually for the decoration of the table one kind of flower is adopted or one color—pink roses or red carnations or yellow tulips. Where yellow flowers are selected for any decoration to be viewed by artificial light the yellow should be of an orange rather than a lemon hue, as greenish yellows do not light up well. Pink and red are the best colors for dinner table ornamentation, as they are lively and appear to advantage by all lights.

A great deal of luxury has hitherto been expended on table linen, in the way of embroidery, lace, drawn work and insertion. Now comes a revolution, and the newest

and most fashionable table damask is quite plain save for the embroidered cipher or monogram. What is saved in trimming, however, goes into the quality of the damask, which is of superlative fineness. Tinted linen is, of course, only admissible for the breakfast and luncheon table.

White crystal for the table has replaced the colored glassware so long used. Even wineglasses matching the color of the wine are no longer in the latest taste, except in the case of Rhine wine. All other wine is served in colorless glass.

Louis Quince silverware is revived in some elegant houses. The old silver forks have two or three times, but the handles are variously decorated. The spoons have a small bowl, but a very long handle. The knives are elaborately wrought. This ware is only interesting and effective when it is genuine.

The sketch shows a house bodice, the blouse and basque being of brocade silk, the shirred chemise of ruby velvet. The square revers of gray satin and the flaring collar of the same material are edged with a thin ruche of gray satin which continues across the front of the corsage. The close sleeves of gray satin have shoulder puffs of ruby velvet and velvet bands at the wrists. The soft belt of ruby velvet is fastened by a steel buckle.

SPRING CLOTHING.
Vernal impulses of the wardrobe of fashionable women.
Very thin, fine voile is a favorite fabric for spring and summer gowns. It is often embroidered with a different shade of the same color or with a delicate ornamentation of gold and spangles. One of the best examples of this class of gowns is a costume of dove gray voile, embroidered with fine white points, gray silk and gold spangles. This is trimmed with pink satin and dove gray gauze.

Very short capes are favorite spring wraps. They are almost always dark and are lined with light or bright colors—white, straw, green, white or turquoise. While or gold colored trimming is the most practical, as either will harmonize with any color.

No style of garment is ugly until it is out of date. Such is the decision of a French authority, who likewise admits that many styles, once they have "gone out," are hideous. Last summer's sleeves come under the ban, but as the new fashion is smaller it is easy to remodel them simply by ripping them out and apart, pressing them with a hot flatiron and recutting them by this year's pattern.

Black spangled toques and bonnets, trimmed with white lace and bright flowers, are worn with spring costumes and are very smart and pleasing. The decorations are of course simple, that the spangled shape may not be concealed.

Coarsely woven straws have the preference this season over smooth, fine braids. Strands of chenille or silk are often plaited in with the straw, and the braid is frequently intermingled with folds of gauze and mousseline de soie. The illustration shows a hat of this style, in which heavy openwork black braid alternates with soft twists of white mousseline tulle. At the left side is a large, pink rosebud, with small green buds and foliage, while under the brim is a chon composed of coques of rose satin and another rosebud.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES AT ROAD STATIONS, ETC. Office of Chief Quartermaster, Denver, Colo., April 12, 1898.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m., on May 13, 1898, for furnishing fuel, forage and water at road stations in this department, and for fuel at Logan, Utah; Price, Utah; Fort Collins, Colo., and Silver City, N. M., during the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1898. Instructions to bidders and blank forms of proposals will be furnished on application to this office. The government reserves the right to reject any and all bids. R. B. Atwood, Deputy Q. M. General, Chief Q. M.

Illustrated Special Edition New Mexican
Can be had by applying at this office. It is full of matter describing the mineral, agricultural, horticultural and all the varied resources of New Mexico. Just the thing to send any one inquiring about or interested in the territory. Price 10 cents, wrapped and mailed for 11 cents.

Discontinued.
"We gave up having a coat of arms."
"Why?"
"My husband said my griffin wouldn't look well dragging his ancestral milk wagon."—Chicago Record.

Wife Failing.
"Parker always exaggerates everything."
"Yes; he can't even start an account at the bank without overdrawing it."—Ohio State Journal.

Illustrated Special Edition New Mexican
Can be had by applying at this office. It is full of matter describing the mineral, agricultural, horticultural and all the varied resources of New Mexico. Just the thing to send any one inquiring about or interested in the territory. Price 10 cents, wrapped and mailed for 11 cents.

GIRLS' FRIENDSHIP.
The friendship existing between Lucille Noble and Eugenia St. Pierre had its beginning in Mme. Nicoud's fashionable school for young ladies.

There could be no doubt as to the social standing of the St. Pierres and the Nobles. Both were typical families. So, when Lucille Noble and Eugenia St. Pierre met for the first time at Mme. Nicoud's school they regarded each other unkindly, but association and the pervasiveness of femininity wrought a marvelous change. As their mutual shyness wore away each found in the other qualities that called forth admiration and love. They arranged matters so that they roomed together and became inseparable companions.

In their guileless way they fashioned the manner of man who would come and woo them under the watchful eye of mamma. So it was natural that these two girls should erect in their pure minds the dream of a noble friendship one for the other—a friendship that would be all encompassing and should endure while human life should last. To each other they swore vows of eternal loyalty.

Time passed and Lucille and Eugenia went out into the great world and became a part of the society of the southern Paris. Lucille was the first to feel the shafts of Cupid. Armand Godchaux was the son of a wealthy sugar planter and one of the dandies of the time. Educated in Paris, and the possessor of a fabulous fortune, he was in all things most desirable. That young Godchaux was attentive to Lucille was known to Eugenia, but she knew nothing of their secretly plighted troth. It came to pass that one summer's day Lucille was stricken and fell ill.

As the fevered days passed Lucille called the more for Eugenia, until the anxious mother divined that the presence of her daughter's chum would be more potent than the mixture of wise old Dr. Sevier. A messenger was dispatched to the St. Pierre house, and in two days' time Eugenia was at the bedside of her friend.

The former progress and Lucille grew delirious. In her wanderings she betrayed her secret, and Eugenia learned for the first time that Armand Godchaux and Lucille were sweethearts. The news pained her, for to herself she could not deny that she loved young Godchaux, and had hoped that he would choose her for a wife.

Godchaux was as attentive as a lover could be, and was all devotion to his betrothed. But for the first time he saw the charms of the patient little nurse, whose great love would permit of none other ministering to the sick girl's wants.

In her heart she would carry her sorrow, but to the world she would rejoice and be glad when formal announcement was made of the nuptials. But the mind of Godchaux was not of iron.

So his time was divided between the patient and the nurse, and his constant companionship with Eugenia made him forgetful and unkind. He had been told that the crisis had passed and she would soon be convalescent. As the door closed behind the genial doctor's portly form, Eugenia turned to go, but Armand barred her exit.

"Eugenia," he said, "Eugenia, I want just a moment with you. Please do not mistook her evident embarrassment and hesitation for shyness, and fancied the redder grew her cheeks the more evidence it was of her love for him. In a moment he was at her side and his arms went round her.

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In the olden days men were physically, at least, worthy of the admiration of women. It is a great big something for a woman to feel that her husband is truly a capable and intrepid protector. It is a comfort for her to feel that he has the physical stamina to correct all disorders of the digestive system, and to defend her through all the vicissitudes of life.

It is not much to admire about the average man, but the flesh of ill-health is weak, and he is probably a physical coward. It is not in nature for a sickly man to be a brave man. His spirit may be willing but his body is weak. That is the man's own fault. Any man can be healthy who will pay a little common sense attention to his health when he is young, and carry out a little out of sorts, take the right remedy. Many of the diseases that afflict mankind are traceable directly to indigestion, torpidity of the liver and impurities of the blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the greatest medicine for disorders of this nature. It strengthens a weak stomach, corrects all disorders of the digestive system, and to the appetite, invigorates the liver, purifies and enriches the blood and tones up and invigorates the nerves. It searches out disease germs, kills them and carries them out of the system. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and nerve-tonic and restorative. It makes strong, healthy men out of weak, sickly invalids. Medicine dealers sell it and no honest dealer will urge a substitute upon you.

"I have been taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," and must say that they have worked wonders in my case," writes Mr. L. L. Pack, (Box 75), of Hinton, Summers Co., W. Va. "I feel like a new man. I can think I am well, but I will take one more bottle to make sure the cure is permanent. I cannot say too highly of the 'Discovery.' I can eat anything now without injury in my stomach. I have gained some eight or ten pounds, weighing as heavy as I did three years ago. The 'Discovery' certainly worked like a charm on me, but when I first began to take it I felt a little worse for a few days, but pains through my body and bones, but all this left me after taking the medicines four or five days."

THE DEACON SPEAKS.
After Forty Years of Silence He at Last Asserts Himself.
For 40 years Deacon Dunn had been a married man, and his burden had not been light, nor had his yoke been easy. Some married men have that kind of luck.

It is not gallant to say why. The deacon's hair was gray and his face was a tangle of wrinkles. Where worry walks it leaves its foot-prints there. But the deacon was patient.

Never had he in all those long revolving years been heard to say a word save in kindness to the Titian haired partner of his bosom. What she had said to him passed comprehension. But the worm will turn.

One day the deacon's limit was reached. The heel of the Titian haired partner of his bosom had struck the worm in a tender spot at last.

The deacon rose nobly to the occasion. "Jane Ann Dunn," he thus addressed her, without the slightest effort at self control, "I have listened to you and stood it for forty years without a word back. The Lord knows how many times I have wanted to swear and how many more times it had ought to 'a' been done for your own good and my peace of mind. But I have never said a word. The end of my patience has come, and I will say now, Jane Ann, what had ought to 'a' been said at the start, and that is this, 'Dern your red-headed skin to goldendarn!' That's all I've got to say, Jane Ann, and I don't want to have to say it ag'in. Do you hear?"

And, strange as it may seem to those versed in such matters, the deacon never had occasion to repeat his rebuke.—W. J. Lampton in New York Truth.

PROPOSALS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES AND TRANSPORTATION.—Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., March 30, 1898. Sealed proposals will be received by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, at 1602 State street, Chicago, Ills., until 1 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, April 27, 1898, for furnishing for the Indian Service, beef, flour, bacon, and other articles of subsistence; agricultural implements, wagons, harness, hardware, medical and other supplies; also bids for the transportation of such of the articles, goods, and supplies as may not be contracted for to be delivered at the agencies. Sealed proposals will also be received at No. 77-79 Wooster street, New York City, until 1 o'clock p. m., on Tuesday, May 17, 1898, for furnishing for the Indian Service, coffee, sugar, tea, rice, baking powder, soap, groceries, blankets, woolen and cotton goods, clothing, notions, hats and caps, boots and shoes, crockery, and school books. Bids must be made on government blanks. Schedule of prices for all necessary information for bidders will be furnished on application at the Indian Office, Washington, D. C.; Nos. 77-79 Wooster street, New York City; No. 1602 State street, Chicago, Ills.; the Commissioners of Subsistence, U. S. A., at Cheyenne, Leavenworth, Omaha, St. Louis, St. Paul, and San Francisco; the postmasters at Sioux City, Yankton, Arkansas City, Caldwell, Topeka, Wichita, and Tucson. Bids will be opened at the hour and days above stated, and bidders are invited to be present at the opening.

W. A. JONES, Commissioner.

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED KIDNEY PILLS
For People That Are Sick or Just Don't Feel Well.
TEMPERANCE PILLS, cure Headache, Dizziness, and Constipation. 25 cts. a box at drug stores or by mail. Sample 27c, address Dr. Gunn's Co., Falls, Pa.

Wabash Line
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, NEW YORK, BOSTON.

Free Reclining Cars, Pullmans, Dinners, Boudoir Coaches.
Saves 4 Hours Denver to New York. One Change of Cars.
O. M. HAMMOND, Commercial Agent, Denver, Colo.

RIO GRANDE & SANTA FE AND DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.
The scenic route of the world.
Time Table No. 40.

WEST BOUND
No. 40
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Just the one price.

It's the one price idea that's in vogue at our store—we do not believe in constant fluctuations—it isn't fair to the public. Of course you feel that your money is just as good as the other man's money—you feel that it ought to have just as good a purchasing power—it ought to bring you all there is in it. One price and that the lowest, is our policy.

W. H. GOEBEL THE HARDWAREMAN.

H. S. KAUNE & CO.,

DEALER IN

Staple - and - Fancy - Groceries

Fresh Oysters, Fish, Poultry of all Kinds
Received Twice a Week.

The Sign of the RED LIGHT

WEST SIDE OF PLAZA.
CALLS ATTENTION TO

"OUR PLACE."

Here business is conducted on Business Principles. Here can be obtained Strictly First Class Goods in the form of Liquid Refreshments and Cigars.

W. R. PRICE, Proprietor.

Santa Fe NURSERY

ACCLIMATED

GRANT RIVENBURG
(Proprietor)
Bishop's Garden.
Fruit and Forest Trees
Ornamental Shrubs
Hardy Roses, Etc

STRAWBERRY
PLANTS
SEND FOR SPRING PRICE LIST

Diamond, Opal, Turquoise
Settings a Specialty.

Watch Repairing
Strictly First-Class.

S. SPITZ,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

MEXICAN • FILIGREE • JEWELRY

—AND DEALER IN—

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, SILVERWARE,
CUT GLASS, DECORATED CHINA.

Examine Eyes free of Charge for Prescription Lenses.

SPRING 1898.

Salmon & Abousleman

20 to 25 per Cent
SAVED BY
DEALING
WITH US

—DEALERS IN—

-GENERAL-MERCHANDISE-

Our Spring stock, which is the most attractive we have ever shown, is now complete, and we guarantee the lowest possible eastern prices, not only in one line, but in every department. Our dealings with customers are nothing but fair and square.

Particular attention is called to our stock of

Gents', Ladies' & Childrens' Shoes

Undoubtedly the Best Selected and Finest in the City.

Our prices for this Spring and Summer are guaranteed to be from 20 to 25 per cent lower than those made by any other house in Santa Fe. Don't fail to call and examine goods and get prices.

Now is the Time! TO SECURE A HOME.

The Mutual Building & Loan Association of Santa Fe offers these bargains

—Taken by It Under Foreclosure—

Brick house of six rooms and plot of land on Cerrillos road near the Quintana homestead, (known as Creamer house) with fine orchard.
House and lot on San Francisco street formerly belonging to Mondragon—Size 110 x 330 feet.
Lot on upper Palace avenue formerly belonging to Mondragon—140 x 150 feet.
House and large plot of land with excellent orchard, stable and outhouses, on Manhattan avenue, north of College street—220 x 154 feet.
House and lot southwest corner Manhattan avenue and College street—58 x 32 feet.
About five acres of land near residence of Jacob Weltmer. House seven rooms and placita, south side San Francisco street, north Sandoval street—102 x 72 feet.

All above property in good order and will be sold at remarkably cheap prices and on terms to suit.
Apply to A. A. ATKINSON, Secretary.

TWO NEW CORPORATIONS.

Articles of Incorporation of the Ben Hur Mining Company and the Brookfield Gold Mining & Prospecting Company Filed.

Wm. W. Ingersoll and Guyher Jenkins, of New Mexico, W. P. Olin and John Peters, of Illinois, Wm. J. Bronk, of New York, and John Hesse and Louis R. Montgomery, of Missouri, have organized the Ben Hur Mining Company and filed articles of incorporation in Secretary Wallace's office. The objects of incorporation are to engage in a general mining and ore reduction business, and to operate in real estate and timber. Capital stock, \$1,500,000; the principal place of business in New Mexico is located at Ojo Caliente, Taos county; general office to be maintained in St. Joseph, Mo.

The Brookfield Gold Mining & Prospecting company has been organized by L. T. Bryan, of New Mexico, and C. B. Bryan, D. D. Gilson, O. K. Bots and W. J. Carlson, of Missouri, and articles of incorporation filed in the territorial secretary's office. The objects of incorporation are those of general mining and milling, and reduction of ores and dealing in real estate. Capital stock, \$1,000,000; principal place of business is located at Brookfield, Mo., and branch offices are to be established at any place in the United States, as may be deemed best for the interests of the company.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Go to Fischer & Co.'s for pure drugs, chemicals, toilet articles and fresh candy.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.

There will be a meeting of Paradise lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., this evening at 8 o'clock.

Regular meeting, board of directors, Mutual Building & Loan association this evening.

The Presbytery of Santa Fe is holding a meeting in the Presbyterian church at El Rito, Mora county.

U. S. weather bureau forecast for New Mexico: Fair weather tonight; Friday fair and warmer.

Hon. C. A. Splett took the oath of office as district attorney for the First judicial district this morning.

Attend the public meeting at the court house tomorrow evening and do your level best toward the location of a cannery factory here.

The Young Men's Literary and Debating society will give a dance at Armory hall on Saturday night next for the benefit of the society library.

The guild will meet with Mrs. Ireland (tomorrow) Friday at 3:30 p. m. A full attendance is desired as officers are to be elected for the coming year.

The proceedings of the board of county commissioners at the regular meeting on the first Monday of this month will be found on the second page of this issue.

Public meeting tomorrow, Friday evening. Business of importance to every citizen, businessman and property owner will come before the meeting. Attend the same.

H. B. Cartwright & Bro., have 15,000 pounds of provisions ready for shipment to Bland, but on account of the high water in the Rio Grande, teamsters are somewhat shy of making the trip.

The Rev. Father Fourche received a message from Quebec last night announcing the death of Cardinal Taschereau, archbishop of Quebec. The funeral will occur in that city on April 18.

An Espanola man says that during the past year the enterprising mercantile firm of G. W. Bond & Bro., of Espanola, handled over 50,000 head of sheep. There must have been quite profit in that business during 1897.

Work on Riverside boulevard, under the supervision of L. Sparks, is progressing nicely. A large amount of filling in has to be done and when that is completed the opening of the street will not long be delayed.

Biggs & Pollard, who contemplate opening a large mercantile establishment at Espanola, have about finished their new store building at that place and will be ready for business in about two weeks. The new building is a large frame 60x40 feet.

This is the publication day of the WEEKLY NEW MEXICAN REVIEW, a paper that gives all the territorial news in condensed form and is a first class edition to send to friends east. Copies will be mailed from the counting room of the NEW MEXICAN at 5 cents each.

Word is received from Ojo Caliente, that the 16-year-old son of Hon. Antonio Joseph, while riding a broncho pony a few days ago, was thrown, the fall breaking the young man's leg. Medical attendance was secured and the young man is reported as doing well.

Miss Mary Morrison and Mrs. Chapman have been quite successful in raising funds for the use of the New Mexico commission for the relief of the starving reconcentrados in Cuba, having obtained the sum of \$30 in two days. The Sisters of Loretto academy and the pupils of the school contributed toward the sum collected by these ladies.

Miss Francisca Duran, a very estimable young woman, 22 years of age, daughter of Jose E. Duran, and sister-in-law of Frank Ortiz, died early yesterday morning at Madrid of fever. She had been in Madrid for some time, keeping house for her brother, who is employed in the Madrid coal mines. The remains of the deceased were brought to this city yesterday and the funeral will take place tomorrow morning from the cathedral.

Notice to Patrons.
On and after April 1st, no books will be kept at the City Meat Market, and all credit business will be discontinued. Coupon books now out will be redeemed as per agreement, and new books sold for cash only. This move is taken in order to avoid the expense of book-keeping and collecting, and customers will receive the benefit of the saving. The choicest Kansas City meats will be sold at rock bottom prices. We will expect all outstanding accounts to be settled prior to April 15.

New Mexico Penitents.
Mrs. Agnes Boone Otis, widow of the late Colonel Otis, of the United States army, has been granted a pension of \$30 per month.

New Mexico Appointments.
Advice from Washington state that Philip J. Feehan of Kansas, has been appointed blacksmith at the U. S. industrial Indian school here at a salary of \$400 per annum and that C. E. Goodell has been appointed gauger for the internal revenue district of New Mexico and Arizona. This appointment was made upon the recommendation of Collector Morrison, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Gauger Dobbin.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. V. Mulks, of Illinois, is a sightseer registered at the Exchange.

George Marsh is in Bland, looking after his mining business in that camp.

R. Groot, of Springfield, S. D., is a sightseer registered at the Palace hotel.

Paul A. Bassett, of Denver, is a traveling salesman registered at the Claire.

I. W. Dwire, of Franklin, Mo., is a visitor in the city registered at the Claire.

Mrs. R. J. Palen and Miss Caryl Palen left for Newark, N. J., last night for an extended visit.

E. R. McCuen, of San Antonio, Tex., is visiting his sister, Mrs. J. H. Walker, in this city.

John Martin, a resident of Cerrillos, is in the city on business. He registered at the Bon Ton.

P. S. Tate, of White Oaks, is in the city on business and registers at the Palace hotel.

N. H. Howard, of New York City, is a health seeker in the city. He is registered at the Bon Ton.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris and Thomas Agost, of Madrid, are in the city registering at the Exchange.

Wm. Iyer and A. Stent, of Bland, are in the city for a short visit, making headquarters at the Exchange.

W. G. Sargent, collector of Rio Arriba county, is in the city on official business and registers at the Palace hotel.

Deputy Surveyor Wm. White has recovered from an attack of rheumatism and is able to be out and about again.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Graham and Mrs. Minnie Flaherty, of Cerrillos, are in the city and register at the Claire.

Deputy United States Marshal Sheridan returned from an official trip to Bland and the Cochiti district last night.

Charles McGinn, of Portland, Ore., is looking over the country and is stopping at the Claire while visiting this city.

Miss Virginia Otero, daughter of Hon. and Mrs. R. B. Otero, left yesterday for Albuquerque on a short visit to relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cravens, of Spring Lake, Ia., and Mrs. I. Brown, of Springfield, S. D., are Santa Fe visitors registered at the Palace hotel.

Mrs. Aaron Gold and Miss Rebecca Gold have arrived at the Jemez Hot Springs. They are accompanied by Ned Gold and two younger brothers.

Geo. H. Cross, traveling correspondent for the Denver Republican, is in Las Vegas gathering data for letters on New Mexico for that journal.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Squire, Jr., of South Orange, N. J., are in Santa Fe for the purpose of visiting the places of interest and are registered at the Palace hotel.

The following traveling men are registered at the Palace hotel: S. H. Field, St. Joseph; W. Canite, Denver; A. L. Bond, Los Angeles; N. Thomson, Boston; A. Mennet, Las Vegas.

Messrs. Elfrigo Baca and W. S. Williams, of Socorro, who have been looking after matters connected with the appointment of a territorial attorney for Socorro county, have returned home.

Arthur Boyle, the well known fruit raiser of Santa Fe, came in from the territorial capital last night and is at Sturges' European. He is here on business and expects to return tonight.

—Albuquerque Citizen.

James J. Mars, who is a guest at the Palace registering from Silver City, is said to be a candidate for appointment as associate justice of the Territorial supreme court from the Fifth judicial district.

J. G. Imhoff left for Bland this afternoon, where he will take charge of the Postal telegraph office on tomorrow. The line is completed into the Cochiti metropolises and ready for business.

Word comes from Raton that Captain Celler, editor of the Raton Ration, who has been ill for over two weeks, is in a critical condition and it is feared his recovery is doubtful. The captain has many friends in this city who will hear of his serious illness with regret.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

The Weather.

The weather yesterday was fair and warm, the maximum temperature reaching 63 degrees. The main relative humidity was 38 per cent. Fair weather is indicated for tonight; fair and warmer Friday.

Notice.

Adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Mutual Building & Loan association this evening at the secretary's office, at 8 o'clock.

Quite a Bunch of Cattle.

Messrs. W. A. Towars and D. P. Smart, of Kansas City, are on their way to Chihuahua, Mexico, to superintend the shipment of 12,000 head of cattle which they have recently purchased in the states of Chihuahua and Sonora. The cattle will be shipped to Lamar, Colo., where the firm have a large ranch for feeding. The cost of moving this stock, freight, feed charges and custom duties is estimated at about \$50,000.

Postoffice Matters.

Milton N. Elford has been appointed postmaster at Lake Van, Eddy county, vice Frank G. Campbell, resigned.

George L. Beavers, chief of salary and allowance division of the postoffice department, left Washington today on a tour of inspection through the west and southwest. He will visit Las Vegas, where the postoffice department intends to establish a free delivery system.

Mighty Few New Mexico Soldiers Wanted.

In case of a call by the government for 50,000 troops, New Mexico on a population basis, will send but 130 men; and on the basis of the number of organized National Guard strength, 159 men.

Ahead!

When you get to Skagway and other Alaska places you'll find that Schilling's Best baking powder got there long before.

Notaries Records.

The New Mexican Printing company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

CITY AFFAIRS.

Where City Funds Have Gone—Taxes Should Be Used for the City's Good.

To the Editor of the New Mexican:
Santa Fe, April 13, 1898.—I have been a taxpayer in Santa Fe ever since it was incorporated a city, and moreover, have paid my taxes. As we are on the eve of a new city administration, from which it is hoped, some good may come to the city, I have taken the trouble to go over the figures and see just how much the luxury of a city government has cost us, and will leave it to your readers to see what corresponding benefit has been derived.

The appropriations for 1892, were... \$16,180 00
The appropriations for 1893, were... 12,310 00
The appropriations for 1894, were... 11,584 00
The appropriations for 1895, were... 12,150 00
The appropriations for 1896, were... 7,500 00
The appropriations for 1897, were... 6,730 00

Making a total, in six years, of... \$70,054 00
All of which has been paid in cash, with the exception of about \$16,000 evidenced by bonds under the Bateman law, bearing 6 per cent interest. About one-third of this sum has been expended in official salaries, and the pay of the marshal and police. These figures do not include the revenues derived from licenses, fines, poll tax and other sources of revenue.

The question as to whether we tax payers are getting the worth of our money, is becoming a very serious one, and will be settled by the action of the incoming city administration. If they continue to squander our money in the payment of incompetent, irresponsible and reckless "ward workers," by giving them salaries out of the public revenue, then the city will be discontinued, and we will go back to the government by the county commissioners and precinct constables, under which we seem to have fared just as well, as under the present costly system.

The police force, at the most, should consist of the marshal for day duty and one policeman for night work, who should be selected solely with a view to their fitness for the position. They should be able to speak both the English and Spanish, and men of discretion and good common sense.

The marshal is especially important, for while his duties are to arrest evil-doers and preserve peace are very simple, and indeed, amount to nothing, yet he is ex-officio supervisor of streets and bridges, in which capacity he will have a great deal to do and must exercise good judgment and common sense.

We have such men, who are willing to serve, and if any one are selected as a reward for partisan service, the wrath of the people will be aroused and the council will hear from them. It is a matter of absolute necessity that the bridges in the city be at once placed in a state of repair, otherwise the city is liable to suits for heavy damages which it has escaped heretofore, only by good fortune. Provision should by all means be made for properly lighting the city, not only for the comfort and safety of ourselves, but for the effect upon strangers, and as nearly all our trains come in after dark, the first impression upon a stranger will be good or bad, according to our streets and bridges, lighted or kept in darkness as now.

And first impressions are apt to be lasting. In short, the taxpayers of Santa Fe expect from the new administration, business-like methods and honest service. The city council is neither a political convention or a legislature to make political deals and trades, but is for the purpose of collecting and disbursing to the best advantage of the taxpayers the money which they pay into their hands as their agents. The new mayor is a business man who understands these things, and if he will do his duty fearlessly and honestly in this respect, there is little doubt the council will follow him, in obedience to the public opinion of the city, which, with the exception of a few chronic office holders and ward politicians, demands such a business-like administration. Very respectfully,

TAXPAYER.

Malt-Nutrine

—the Food Drink—makes tranquil nerves and a lucid brain. Malt-Nutrine is prepared by the famous Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n, which fact guarantees the purity, excellence and merit claimed for it.

PUBLIC MEETING

FRIDAY, APRIL 15.
COURT HOUSE

—To discuss the establishment of a—
FRUIT CANNERY, EVAPORATOR, ETC., AT SANTA FE.

All who are interested in the prosperity of the city, all who own real estate here, all who raise fruit or vegetables, all who wish a safe and profitable home investment, all who favor local industrial enterprises, all who have any interests whatever in Santa Fe and its vicinity, are earnestly invited to attend.

S. H. DAY,
A. L. MORRISON,
JOSE D. SENA,
W. H. POPE,
J. WELTMER,
W. S. HARBOWN,
E. F. HOBART,
A. WALKER,
W. H. JAMES,
P. A. HOGLIE,
Committee of Horticultural Society,
IDA RIVENBURG,
President W. B. T.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT,
L. BRADFORD PRINCE,
G. W. KNAEDEL,
E. A. FISKE,
SOL. SPIEGELBERG,
J. G. SCHUMANN,
Committee Santa Fe Board of Trade.

ALBUQUERQUE

STEAM LAUNDRY.

First-class work guaranteed.
Leave orders at Postal Telegraph office.

Santa Fe basket leaves every Tuesday afternoon.

We pay all express charges.

JACOB WELTMER

Books and Stationery

PERIODICALS
SCHOOL BOOKS,
SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

Stationery Sundries, Etc.

Books not in stock ordered at eastern prices, and subscriptions received for all periodicals.

A New Candidate for Judicial Honors.

Mr. James J. Mars of Silver City, formerly of Tennessee, is a candidate for appointment as an associate justice of the territorial supreme court. Mr. Mars spent today in this city. He is endorsed by Congressmen Brownlow and Gibson, U. S. Attorney Wright and other leading Republicans of Tennessee, and many influential citizens and Republicans of that state. He also says he has strong Missouri and Ohio backing. He does not think that an appointment will be made for two or three months. He is on his way to Silver City where he proposes entering into the active practice of law.

He spent several months last year in that town and the past few months in Missouri, visiting relatives and friends. Mr. Mars seems somewhat sanguine that his chances are good. There are several candidates for appointment, however, among these being ex-Assocate Justice A. A. Freeman, of Eddy county.

The term of office of Judge Hamilton, of the Fifth judicial district, expires this fall and the judgeship of the Fifth judicial district is the one desired by Mr. Mars.

THE PROBLEM SOLVED.

THE NEW MEDICAL DISCOVERY TESTED.

Results of the Tests in Various Forms of Dyspepsia.

Chronic indigestion or dyspepsia, while a very common trouble, has for some time been looked upon by able physicians as a serious thing, and that no time should be lost in treating it properly at the start, because recent researches have shown that the most serious, fatal and incurable diseases have their origin in simple dyspepsia or indigestion.

Diabetes is simply one form of indigestion, the sugar and starchy food not being assimilated by the digestive organs. In Bright's disease the albumen is not properly assimilated.

While consumption and dyspepsia are twin diseases, and it is beyond question that dyspepsia makes a fertile soil for the seeds of consumption.

But the trouble has been to find a remedy that could be depended upon to cure dyspepsia, as it is notoriously obstinate and difficult to cure.

This has been the question which has puzzled physicians and dyspeptics alike, until the question was solved three years ago by the appearance of a new dyspepsia cure in the medical world known as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which it was claimed was a certain, reliable cure for every form of stomach trouble.

Physicians, however, would not accept such statements without first giving the new remedy many tests and carefully observing results.

For three years the remedy has been thoroughly tested in every section of the country and with surprising and satisfactory results.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can be honestly claimed to be a specific, a radical lasting cure for indigestion in the various forms of acid dyspepsia or sour stomach, gas or wind on stomach, too much bile, undue fullness or pressure after eating and similar symptoms resulting from disordered digestion.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were not placed before the public until this three years' trial left no doubt as to their value and they have recently been placed in the trade and can be found on sale at all druggists at the nominal price of 50 cents per package.

No extravagant claims are made for the remedy. It will not cure rheumatism, pneumonia, typhoid fever nor anything but just what it is claimed to cure and that is every form of stomach trouble.

No dieting is necessary, good wholesome food and plenty of it and you may rest assured that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest it.

Druggists claim that it is a pleasure to recommend it to dyspeptics, because it gives such universal satisfaction.

Little book on stomach diseases sent free by addressing Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

If you want the fattest and choicest beef, veal, mutton, lamb and pork, go to the market of Bischoff & Muller.

Just received at Fischer's, fresh candies, pure drugs and chemicals.

Alaska

For maps and information free of cost regarding Alaska, and San Francisco's advertising agency as an outfitting point for the Northern Gold Fields, address, "Alaska Information Bureau of the California State Board of Trade, Ferry Building, San Francisco." J. A. Filcher, Sec. and Gen. Manager.

Oysters and Fish.

Fresh oysters and fish received every Friday by Bischoff & Muller. Prices at the lowest possible notch.

SILVER CITY REDUCTION COMPANY, Silver City, Grant County, N. M.

This plant has been purchased and will be operated in the future by the estate of the late Senator George Hearst, of California, under the general management of D. B. Gillette, Jr.

It is the intention of the present management to largely increase the capacity of the plant and equip it with every modern appliance for the successful and cheap treatment of ores and concentrates. Consignments and correspondence solicited. Advances will be made on ores.

OXFORD CLUB

COMBINED RESORT IN SANTA FE CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.

Exclusive agency for Anheuser Beer, bottled and keg, Blue Ribbon and Schlitz, bottled. Canadian Club, Clark's Pure Rye and Early Times whiskey, bottled in bond.

James Hennessy Brandy and a full line of imported liquors and cigars.

W. H. McBRAYER WHISKY. ELEVATION RYE.

BILLARD HALL IN CONNECTION

Next door to the Bon Ton Restaurant SAN FRANCISCO STREET.

J. E. LACOME, Prop.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

At the Claire: Mr. and Mrs. Warren Graham, Mrs. Minnie Flaherty, Cerrillos; I. W. Dwire, Franklin, Mo.; Chas. McGinn, Portland, Ore.; Paul A. Bassett, Denver.

At the Exchange: J. V. Mulks, Las Vegas; Wm. Iyer, A. Stent, Bland; Louis Morris and wife, Tomas Agost, Madrid.

At the Palace: S. H. Fields, St. Joe; W. Canite, Denver; W. G. Sargent, El Rito; A. L.