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Santa Fe New Mexican, 01-27-1898

New Mexican Printing Company

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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 34.

SANTA FE, N. M., THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1898.

NO. 285.

NO. 4 BAKERY.

Imperial Patent Flour,

Made by the IMBODEN MILLING Co., Wichita, Kas., is the best Family Flour.

50 POUND SACK \$1.50.

A CAR LOAD OF SALT.

25 pound sack.....35 Cents
10 pound sack.....15 Cents

SOME INTERESTING PRICES.

2 1 pound comb honey.....	25	White oats, per cwt.....	1.10
5 pounds dried Lima beans.....	25	Nebraska corn per cwt.....	90
3 pounds package coffee.....	25	Bran, per cwt.....	85
1 pound Japan tea.....	25	Hay per cwt.....	80
3 pounds pigs feet.....	25	Alfalfa, per cwt.....	50

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First-Class in all Particulars

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WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

FRANK HUDSON, Clerk.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited

AMERICAN PLAN

Fire Proof and Steam Heat
Electric Lights and Elevators
Everything First-Class

CLAIRE HOTEL SANTA FE, N. M.

Rates, \$2.00 & \$2.50 per day

F. G. ERB,
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American and European Plans.

15th Street, Near U. S. Treasury,
Washington, D. C.

European Plan, \$1.00 per day and upward. First Class Restaurant and Cafe.
American Plan, \$3.00 per day and upward. Transient and Permanent Guests.

L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

OJO CALIENTE (HOT SPRINGS.)

THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Las Alamos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barajas Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages run to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 95° to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 108.34 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the miraculous cures effected in the following diseases: Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:30 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, \$1. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County, New Mexico

NATIONAL CAPITAL

Debate on Teller Resolution Will Close Tomorrow—Lewis Resolution Laid on Table.

NEW MEXICO CAPITAL BILL

Several Appointments Made by President McKinley Before Going to New York City—Interest in Anti-Scalping Bill Waning.

In the Senate.
Washington, Jan. 27.—The Teller resolution was laid before the senate, and after considerable discussion, it was agreed that a vote would be taken tomorrow at 6 o'clock, the last four hours' debate to be under the 15-minute rule.
Senator Daniel made a legal argument in support of the Teller resolution, holding that the law never contemplated giving the government's creditor the option as to the kind of money he is to be paid. The creditor would naturally pick that dollar which was most valuable to him, but if he did not know which he would receive he would do his utmost to maintain the parity of all dollars.

In the House.
Washington, Jan. 27.—The house passed the bill making Santa Fe the permanent capital of New Mexico. The foreign affairs committee reported, with the recommendation that it lie on the table, the Lewis resolution calling upon the president for the authority under the constitution by which he negotiated a treaty that will bind the treasury to pay \$4,000,000 to Hawaiian bondholders. The Democrats manifested a desire to discuss the report, but were not permitted to do so.

The report was adopted and the resolution laid on the table by a vote of 143 to 101. Mr. Quigg (Rep. N. Y.), as a question of privilege, replied to Mr. Loud's charge made yesterday during the controversy over the appropriation for letter carriers, that he (Quigg) stated what was untrue when he said the prospective deficiency was the exact sum which the appropriation in the current law was below the estimates of the department. Mr. Loud declared he stood by his statement of yesterday.

The Indian Appropriation Bill.
The provision in the Indian appropriation bill for the allotment of the lands on the Uncompahgre Indian reservation in Utah, and to lease the glacial lands, was ruled out of the bill on a point of order made by Mr. King (Dem. Utah.)

Presidential Appointments.
Washington, Jan. 27.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Julius Jacobs to be assistant treasurer at San Francisco; Hart H. Norton, to be commissioner of immigration at San Francisco; Hamilton Glover Ewart, to be district judge of the western district of North Carolina.

President McKinley Gone to New York.
Washington, Jan. 27.—The president left Washington at 10 o'clock a. m. for New York, where he will attend a banquet to be given at the Waldorf-Astoria tonight by the National Association of Manufacturers.

The Anti-Scalping Bill.
Washington, Jan. 27.—The senate committee on interstate commerce agreed to vote on the anti-scalping bill next Thursday.
The senate committee on interstate had its first executive meeting today for the consideration of the anti-scalping bill. The opponents of the bill did not evince any disposition to postpone a vote longer than was necessary to present their views, and some expressed the opinion that the vote would not be delayed longer than two weeks. Senator Elkins, West Virginia, who has been the avowed advocate of the bill expressed himself as somewhat doubtful as to its expediency. He said that while many railroads were evidently favorable in a degree to it, only the New York Central and Pennsylvania were pressing it with apparent zeal.

MARKET REPORTS.

New York, Jan. 27.—Money on call easy 1½ @ 2 percent; prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 3½; silver, 50½; lead, \$3.50; copper, 10½.
Chicago.—Wheat, Jan. 27, \$1.04½ May, 97½ @ 98; Corn, Jan. 27, 30½ May, 30½ @ 31; Oats, January 27, 23½ May, 24½.
Chicago.—Cattle, receipts, 10,000; market generally 10c lower; beefs, \$3.90 @ \$4.00; cows and heifers, \$2.25 @ \$4.40; Texas steers, \$3.60 @ \$4.40; stockers and feeders, \$3.40 @ \$4.45. Sheep, receipts, 30,000; steady; native sheep, \$3.10 @ \$4.70; westerns, \$3.60 @ \$4.70; lambs, \$4.25 @ \$6.00.
Kansas City.—Cattle, receipts, 7,000; weak to 10c lower; Texas steers, \$3.90 @ \$4.40; Texas cows, \$2.85 @ \$3.45; native steers, \$3.40 @ \$4.10; native cows and heifers, \$2.90 @ \$4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$5.00; bulls, \$3.20 @ \$4.65. Sheep, receipts, 4,000; market, steady; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$5.00; muttons, \$3.00 @ \$4.45.

TIME SPENT IN VAIN.

Kentucky Legislature Wants Senator Lindsay to Resign—Will Probably Do As He Pleases.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 27.—After a hot debate in the lower house the Kentucky legislature adopted a resolution, calling on Senator Lindsay to resign if he cannot support the Democratic platform. During the debate such words as "party traitor," "recrunt to his trust," and "gold bug" were frequently used.

Shorts Badly Squeezed.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Shorts in wheat were given another surprise today. Shortly after noon brokers for the Leiter crowd, who were credited with selling May wheat earlier in the day, commenced crowding the January price, and that delivery touched \$1.05 amid considerable excitement.

JUDGE PARKER ON THE BENCH.

Yesterday Afternoon Judge Bantz Administered the Oath of Office to His Successor and Retired from the Territorial Judiciary.

Special to the New Mexican.
Silver City, N. M., Jan. 27.—At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Hon. F. W. Parker was sworn in as associate justice of the Supreme court.

His predecessor, Judge G. D. Bantz, administered the oath of office which qualified the new judge and effected his own retirement from office. The new clerk will not be appointed for several days yet. The people of this section are delighted with the appointment of F. W. Parker as judge. Governor Otero is highly commended for his efforts in behalf of Messrs. Parker and McFie.

LAST BUFFALO BARBECUE.

National Stock Growers' Convention Closes with a Grand Feast—Secretary Wallace Gave An Exhaustive History of Sheep Industry.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 27.—The National Stock Growers' convention closed today with a grand barbecue at the Union stock yards, where thousands attended. It was probably the last barbecue that will ever be given at which buffalo meat will be the feature of the menu. The bill of fare contained buffalo, elk, antelope, quail, opossum and other game, as well as beef, pork and mutton in large quantities. Hundreds of waiters were kept busy several hours attending to the wants of the guests.

Secretary Wallace, of New Mexico, read before the convention an exhaustive history of the sheep industry in the United States.
Several papers on the program for the morning session were postponed to give time for the completion of organization. The executive committee was selected, with the provision that the governors of states not represented be empowered to appoint members for their states. The Arizona member is Colonel Alfred S. Donnan; New Mexico, W. C. McDonald. Denver was chosen unanimously as the place of meeting of the National Live Stock association next year. A resolution was adopted instructing the executive committee to devise ways and means to erect a stockgrowers' building at the Omaha exposition. The committee on resolutions made a report which was adopted. It touched upon governmental duty to stockgrowers, and opposed the anti-vivisection bill. A resolution favoring the cession of arid lands to the states was defeated. A paper by Henry Wallace, Des Moines, Ia., on "Dairy Interests," was presented, and the convention then adjourned sine die.

TO KLONDIKE BY STEAM.

Snow Traction Trains Will Leave Dyea on February 1 for Dawson City.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Geo. T. Glover, the Chicago inventor, has solved the problem of getting supplies into the Klondike region this winter by means of his snow traction locomotive. Seven locomotives are now building in Chicago and New York, and 35 freight and passenger cars will be made in Portland, Ore., for this work. These will be at Dyea by February 1, and will start at once for Dawson City, over the Dalton trail.

Spinners Return to Work.
Boston, Jan. 27.—The frame spinners of the Fall River iron works mills have returned to work.

NEW MEXICO BILLS.

A Number of Measures Introduced by Delegate Ferguson.

A Denver Republican special from Washington says that Delegate Ferguson has introduced a bill to amend the act of establishing Circuit courts of appeals so as to allow appeals from the Supreme court of the territory to the Supreme court of the United States. This was based on a report that the legislature of the territory of New Mexico, he has also introduced a bill to ratify the act of the legislative assembly of New Mexico which creates a county court. Authority is granted in this to change the compensation fees of the judge and officers of the court by the legislative assembly. He has also introduced a bill granting the Fort Stanton military reserve and all the military improvements thereon to the American Invalid society of Boston, Mass., upon the conditions that said society shall be established, and maintain perpetual thereon a national sanitarium for the treatment of pulmonary diseases. It is provided that the society shall within two years from and after the passage of the act accept this grant and shall establish on the reservation a sanitarium for the purposes named and whenever the said lands and buildings shall cease to be used by said society for the purposes herein provided the same shall revert to the United States.

INSURANCE LAW WILL STAND.

Senate Committee Votes Against Annuling Territorial Legislation.

A Denver News Washington special says: The senate committee on territories on Tuesday gave a hearing on the Davis bill to annul the New Mexico law imposing a tax on insurance companies. Ex-Secretary Carlisle appeared and presented an elaborate argument in favor of the bill. Senators Davis, of Minnesota, Platt, of New York, and McBride, of Oregon, also spoke in its support.

Delegate Ferguson followed with an earnest speech against the measure, urging that it was an invasion of the right of the territory to impose local taxes for its support. After the hearing the committee voted five to four in favor of an adverse report on the bill.

CARGO BURST THE VESSEL.

City of Duluth Sunk by Swelling of Oats in Hold—Passengers and Crew Rescued—One Person Dying from Exposure.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—A telegram received by the Lake Michigan & Lake Superior Transportation company, owners of the steamer City of Duluth, which went ashore in a gale off St. Joseph, Mich., last night, says that the passengers and crew, numbering 40 persons, altogether, were safely landed today. The City of Duluth lies on a sand bar about 150 feet from shore. The steamer burst, owing to the swelling of her cargo of oats. The steamer and cargo were valued at \$100,000 with insurance of \$70,000 on the steamer and \$10,000 on the cargo. Mrs. William Tryon, one of the ladies rescued, is dying from the effects of exposure.

NO CONFLICT IN THE ORIENT.

Czar of Russia Assures His People That No Trouble of Any Kind is to Be Feared.

Berlin, Jan. 27.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from St. Petersburg says: The czar, in speaking at a private gathering of officials at Probi-jenski said, "I wanted long ago to accept your invitation, but events were weighing heavily on my mind, particularly the difficulties with Japan. Now, thank God, all is cleared up and no conflict of any kind is to be feared."

Many Shots Exchanged.

Pineville, Ky., Jan. 27.—The situation at the Straight Creek mines is growing more serious. A general battle was fought last night, near the mines, between union and non-union miners. Seventy-five shots were exchanged. William Moore and John and Andy Sexton, union men, were badly injured.

KILLED BY FALLING WALLS.

Disastrous Fire in Mount Sterling, Ill.—One Killed, Two Injured and \$100,000 in Property Destroyed.

Mount Sterling, Ill., Jan. 27.—The most disastrous fire in the history of Mount Sterling broke out this morning, and Albert Pepper was killed by falling walls. Constant Snodgrass and two other men were injured. Over \$100,000 worth of property was burned, including the Bloomfield hotel.

FAVORABLY REPORTED.

The Nominations of Mills and McFie Will Be Confirmed.

Telegraphic advices to the New Mexican from Washington are to the effect that the senate committee on judiciary has made a favorable report on the nominations of William J. Mills and John R. McFie to be chief justice and associate justice of the Territorial Supreme court respectively, and that the nominations will be confirmed at the first executive session. Delegate Ferguson, who, among others, opposed the nomination of Judge McFie, made the principal point that there were no charges against Judge Laughlin and that he should not have been removed and asked that therefore Judge McFie's nomination should be held until Judge Laughlin's term expired. But the senate recognizes the right of the president to remove without reason and without question. This is a well settled principle and the senate does not deviate from it. The news of the confirmation of these two appointments may be expected at any moment.

LAS VEGAS NOTES.

The Ludermann company shipped 300 sacks of wool to the eastern market on Monday.

Myer Friedman has left for St. Louis, where his wife will join him and together they will go to New York and other eastern cities.

If those owing back taxes would pay them, there need be no talk of suspending the schools, before the termination of the school year, remarks the Optic.

The Geo. Hartman stock of goods in the Givens' building has been sold out by V. G. Koogler and R. T. Mills, and the building is now to be overhauled for occupancy by Mr. Poole, of Galveston.

John Mayer, of Golden, and 12 others accused of the murder of Juan Manuel Abeytia, at Bernal, eight years ago, have been released on \$3,000 bail, this sum freeing all of them till the next term of court.

The Catholic bazar, which opened at the Duncan Opera house on Monday evening, has so far proved a most gratifying financial success and its many attractions merit the enthusiastic praise bestowed upon them by everyone.

Economy in Buying Seeds.

Economy is not paying less money for a thing than you expected to pay. True economy is good management, and about the worst management a farmer can be guilty of is to buy cheap seeds and thus cut the value of his crops in half—or worse. A stream cannot flow higher than its source, and a crop cannot be any better than its seed. Real seed economy is buying seeds that bear the stamp of a house that is known to be reliable; then the planter is absolutely sure that he gets what he wants and what he pays for. In every part of the country dealers sell the absolutely reliable seeds of D. M. Ferry & Co., of Detroit, Mich., which have given uniform good results for the last 42 years. Ferry's Illustrated Seed Annual for 1898, containing information that no farmer or gardener can afford to be without, will be sent free to anyone making application to the firm.

COCHITI WILL BOOM

Description of the Magnificent Fire-Proof Plant Ordered for the Albemarle Gold Group.

CONTRACTS HAVE BEEN LET

Plant Must Be Completed by April 20—Body of Ore in Albemarle Group Remarkable for Its Even Values.

The New Mexican yesterday reproduced from a Boston paper Mr. J. A. Coram's telegraphic announcement from Denver to his business associates in Boston of the closing of contracts for the erection of a steel reduction plant on the Albemarle mine in the Cochiti mining district, and other work connected with the contemplated extensive development and operation of the Albemarle and other Cochiti gold properties recently acquired by the Albemarle Mining & Milling company.

Speaking of the closing of these notable contracts, the Denver Republican says: "This completes one of the most important mining enterprises that has been floated on the eastern market for several years. The deed for the property was concluded in Boston several months ago and the enterprise is backed by some of the best business men in Boston. The promoter, J. A. Coram, is well known in mining circles as a successful miner, who thoroughly understands the mining business and is in close touch with the strongest financial men of the country."

Have Thirteen Claims.

"The Albemarle group embraces 13 claims in the Cochiti district of New Mexico, all of which show mineral of the same character, a hard quartz carrying gold in fine particles, the distribution of which is remarkably even throughout the rock. Tests made while the deal was in progress show it to be one of the most remarkable instances of thorough mineralization ever found in the country. The lowest return made was \$6 per ton and the highest \$28, and the average value is maintained in every mass of rock broken down. Mr. Coram says that the ore is the most even that he has ever found in a long experience in mining enterprises of every kind. Tests by the cyanide process give a return of a saving of 97 per cent of the gold values and a slightly less percentage of the trifling amount of silver carried in the ore."

"But the most important feature of the enterprise is the mill which is being erected on the ground in many respects the same plan, and in many respects has served as a model for the Albemarle structure, the general plan being on the same line."

A Gravity Plant.

"The mill is entirely automatic, and in most of the details is a gravity plant, elevators being used in but two instances. The ore is brought through the tunnel to the upper part of the crushing mill and carried by a chute directly to the crushers, from whence it is discharged to the first set of rolls by gravity. From these it is elevated to the second set of rolls, which complete the preparation of the pulp. From these it falls from the bins to the tanks located below the cyanide solution tank in which the gold is taken up by the solution. The solution is directed by pipes to the pulp tanks, and when the process is complete is pumped to the zinc room in the upper floor, where the solution is freed of its gold and is conducted through pipes to the solution tank below to be used again after the necessary addition of cyanide."

"The nominal capacity of the plant is 100 tons daily, though when the mill is fairly in operation 125 tons per day can be treated. There is ample floor space for the addition of machinery so that whenever necessary the capacity of the mill can be readily increased to 300 tons per day."

All of Steel.

"The several buildings of this plant are the cyanide house, 60x173.6; the boiler house, 40x25; the engine room, 40x36, and the crushing mill, 76x99. All these buildings are steel and iron, with corrugated iron roofs, no wood whatever being used in their construction. Besides the buildings of the mill proper there will be a machine shop, office and several smaller buildings, plans for which have not yet been made."

"The plant was designed by F. M. Johnson, of Denver, who will superintend the construction. The work will be commenced immediately, as the contract provides for a scaling down of the contract price for every delay, and work will have to be pushed vigorously in order to complete it by April 20."

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



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H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

der to turn over the building in the three months specified in the contract. "J. A. Coram will be the president of the company, O. P. Posey the managing director and L. M. Merrill the superintendent. Mr. Coram has been in the city several days in consultation with the constructing engineers. Mr. Posey arrived Friday evening from the Pacific coast, and W. J. Cartan, who is also interested in the property, has been in Denver several weeks attending to the preparation of the plans and specifications. The three were engaged yesterday in examining the working details of the plans and in giving the final touches to the enterprise."

Work Goes On.

"Work is being steadily prosecuted on the mine, and upon the completion of the plant, the reduction of the ore will be commenced at once. Mr. Coram says that it is the expectation of the company that the mill will be in full blast by May 1. The mill and mine will be lighted by electricity generated in the plant. The entire cost of construction will be \$125,000."

"Mr. Coram said yesterday that the mine was one of the most promising in every particular that had ever been brought to his notice. 'It has always been my custom,' said he, 'in handling mining property, to push the development until there are sufficient ore reserves in sight to keep the reduction works in operation 10 or 12 years. This will be followed in this case as wherever we have made openings we have found good ore, and it will not take very long to put the mine in condition. We have an abundance of ore, the veins are of generous width, and the ore is so even that we know from day to day exactly upon what we can depend. I am not inclined to be over sanguine in mining operations, but I can safely assert that the Albemarle is destined to become a good mine.'"

Such is the impartial testimony of one of the leading daily newspapers of Colorado touching a mining and milling enterprise in a mining district that is less than 40 miles southwest of Santa Fe and naturally tributary to this oldest commercial and political capital in the Rocky mountains. As the readers of the New Mexican have already been advised, the promoters of this great enterprise are now at hand personally directing the work they have undertaken. Indeed, much of the information contained in the article quoted has already appeared in the news columns of this ever vigilant promoter of New Mexico interests, but, coming from a source that froes it from any suspicion of being colored by local partiality, it is deemed best to reprint it in full. Surely such a showing ought to inspire the business men and property owners of Santa Fe to prompt, decisive, harmonious, rational action that they may share in the assured prosperity of the Golden Cochiti."

PLEADINGS AND PRACTICE

(Forms to conform to Code)
Pattison's Forms of Pleading, under the Missouri Code, have been placed with the New Mexican Printing Co. for sale.
A complete and comprehensive set of the new Code of Civil Procedure now in effect in New Mexico. Part 1. Ordinary Proceedings in Court of Record. Part 2. Attachments, Certiorari, Habeas Corpus, Injunction, Mandamus, Mechanic's Lien, Prohibition, Quo Warranto and Replevin. Part 3. Miscellaneous, Covering Advertisements, Affidavits, Arbitration, Assignments, Depositions, Naturalizations, etc., etc.
Bound in full law sheep. Delivered at any postoffice in New Mexico upon receipt of publisher's price, \$3.00. Purchaser's name printed on the back front of cover. Address: New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

THE

First National Bank

OF

Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN - President.

J. H. VAUGHN - Cashier

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Post Office.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.	
Daily, per week, by carrier.	\$ 25
Daily, per month, by mail.	1.00
Daily, three months, by mail.	2.90
Daily, six months, by mail.	5.50
Daily, one year, by mail.	10.00
Weekly, per month, by mail.	7.50
Weekly, per quarter, by mail.	20.00
Weekly, per six months, by mail.	35.00
Weekly, per year, by mail.	65.00

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily, one dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 27.

AN Arkansas man was lynched for stealing a hog. This is horrible. A man who steals an Arkansas hog should not be killed. He belongs in the lunatic asylum.

TAMMANY being "forbist" the aspirations of the Hon. W. Jennings Bryan, the latter is preparing to take a very gloomy and Parkhurstian view of the future of Greater New York.

SANTA FE merchants and business men are allowing the valuable trade and business of the rich Cochiti mining section to slip away from them through sheer neglect. It is a pity this is true.

The female music hall performers of New York are to form a protective union. From what is known of these ladies, the public needs much more protection from them than they do from the public.

A beet sugar factory in this valley means prosperity and wealth to all concerned. But then it is very hard to get the people of this city or valley to take hold of things that are beneficial to them and the community they live in.

BRITISH exports of steam engines and other machinery declined more than \$2,000,000 in the month of December because of the engineers' strike. In money, as well as in market prestige, the recent engineers' strike was the costliest that England has ever experienced.

A NEW YORK man, Mr. Frederick Horenden, has published a book of 400 pages in which he attempts to answer the following questions: "Where are we? What are we? From whence do we come? Whither do we go?" And still people wonder at the fact that the insane asylum and the penal institutions of New York state are full too overflowing.

THE production of pig iron in the United States during December, 1897, was 997,000 gross tons. The output during the last six months of 1897 was 5,721,000 gross tons. It is expected that the production for the present month will be in excess of 1,000,000 tons. The most reassuring feature of this heavy output is that it is not being piled up in yards, but sold for consumption. Though prices are low, the transactions are enormous.

JUDGE L. E. McCOMAS, just elected a senator of the United States from Maryland to succeed Senator Gorman, March 3, 1899, is a man of great ability and considerable experience in public life. He represented the sixth Maryland district in the house several terms and made a fine record for sagacity, energy and straightforwardness. He also held an important judicial position in the District of Columbia under the Harrison administration. He is a strong Republican and a sound money man.

THE Wyoming sheep ranges are covered with snow and the thermometer in that section during the past few days has ranged from 25 to 35 degrees below zero. In New Mexico a good deal of snow has fallen, but as the weather is, comparatively speaking mild, sheep are not suffering from cold and the snow fall has greatly benefited the ranges. Verily New Mexico is the ideal sheep raising section of the United States and can easily and fully sustain ten times the number of sheep now within its borders.

SOME renegades from the Republican party and a few Democratic newspapers in the territory are worrying greatly over the future of the Republican party in the territory and bawling and charging that bossism prevails in the party and it will be ruined thereby. Their sympathy, however, finds no responsive chord in the minds of the Republicans of the territory. Their sympathetic tears and sorrowful advice might just as well be kept at home. The Republican party of New Mexico can take care of itself in spite of such cattle.

Sugar Consumption in the United States.
The American people have a very sweet tooth. Last year they consumed 2,066,263 tons of sugar—an increase over the consumption of the previous year of 136,177 tons. During 1897 we produced 41,347 tons of beet sugar, 289,000 tons of cane sugar, and enough sugar from maple trees and sorghum to bring the total amount up to 336,656 tons. This is a good deal of sweetness, but it is a mere trifle in comparison with our imports of 1,700,697 tons from foreign countries.

It is not easy for the average mind to grasp the meaning of such arrays of figures. Their magnitude overwhelms

rather than enlightens. But it is necessary to use them in expressing the totals of American consumption of any of the great staple products. In vastness and purchasing power the market afforded by the United States is unrivaled by any other country in the world. That is why European producers try so hard to get into it.

New Mexico's Gold Mines.

Never before in the history of New Mexico has there been so bright an outlook for the mining industry as there is at present. From every mining district in the territory come reports of remarkable activity in the mines and wonderful finds of rich ore. The possibilities of New Mexico mines, well known to those familiar with the formations and deposits, have at last been recognized by capitalists in the north and east, and the past three months have witnessed the unusual sight of large sums of outside money being invested in gold mining in the territory.

As a rule, the ores in New Mexico are of a low grade, and that has militated against the proper and successful development of good properties. The discoveries of methods of treatment which save 90 per cent and over of the values of ores have changed former ideas of mining, and the fact that a large body of ore, bearing a moderate value, is more valuable and profitable to work than a small streak of extremely rich rock, is now recognized. And on this point has turned the success of mining in New Mexico. It is no unusual thing to see, in the various camps, veritable quarries of rock which will yield from \$6 to \$20 per ton. Under old treatments such claims were almost valueless; when subjected to improved processes they have become bonanzas.

However, there are rich claims in the territory which rival those in the Klondike region, and these will be worked for all they are worth the present year. Carloads of machinery are on the way to the mines, and sensational results are confidently expected from the erection of mills and smelters by those who are thoroughly posted on such matters. Success is now assured to the miners who have toiled and suffered for years past, and when the reports of the gold output are made at the close of 1898, New Mexico's name will stand well up in the column of producers.

Not an Expensive "Law Suit."

Mr. Carl Schurz, editor of Harper's Weekly, mugwump and boss civil service reformer, is opposed to the annexation of Hawaii, and has recently discovered a new cause why those islands should fall into the grasp of some other country, preferably Germany, from where he came. That cause he styles "buying a law suit."

He reasons that America's immunity from harassing diplomatic complications, and possibly war, with foreign countries, is due to the fact that in fighting the United States a foreign nation would have nothing to gain. While it is possible for our coast cities to be seized by any strong naval power and held for ransom, it would be impossible for it to gain a permanent foothold upon desirable territory, and a war would be fruitless. Up to the present time the people of the United States have pretty generally attended to their own business, allowed European nations to slash around the islands of the seas, in Africa, and even in China, without interfering, and so long as that policy is pursued there can be no excuse for warring on America.

But, should we begin a "career of expansion," as Mr. Schurz denominates it, before there is half enough population in the country to develop its resources, and by so doing manifest a disposition to acquire additional territory as well as to extend commerce, all these peaceful conditions would be changed. The powers now contending for the control of the Pacific ocean would have cause for a quarrel with us, the islands in question would be a prize worth fighting for, and one, if once gained, could be held by reason of its remoteness from our continental possessions. It therefore follows, according to Mr. Schurz' idea, that Hawaii once a part of the United States, the government would be forced to assume the burden of an excessive naval and military force, which would prove an expensive luxury and a drain upon the country. Mr. Schurz further opines that our commercial relations with Hawaii are so much more important than those of other countries that all that is necessary to keep the islands free from any foreign invasion is to put up a sign "hands off," and the present state of affairs would remain unchanged.

Perhaps Mr. Schurz is correct in his position, but it is to be feared that the gentleman's great experience as a public man, has not thoroughly impressed him with the greediness of many of our Transatlantic neighbors. They recognize the importance of the Hawaiian islands as the key to the Pacific and the countries to the east, and should the United States fail to either annex or extend a protection over them, there would be a steamship race for that part of the globe, and the nation which reached Honolulu first would take possession in the name of the king, czar, emperor or queen, as the case might be. Instantly, and Uncle Sam's "hands off" sign would be used to kindle a fire to boil coffee over. The average American, not the very smart one, can see the desirability of having the stars and stripes float over the islands, and there will be a mighty storm of indignation for the statesmen at Washington to face, if the present congress does not accomplish annexation. The additional expense necessary, in the way of a navy, to hold the new territory will be borne without a murmur.

CAUGHT AT THE FINISH.

He Was Looking For Bunko Steerers and Thought He'd Found One.
A little old man with weather-beaten whiskers, an overcoat that must have been an heirloom, the balance of his outfit being in harmony, and a glazed valise with spots of the glaze immediately upon the news stand in the station.
"Took a little run down to see the city," he confided. "Big town. Seen a most everything in it. What I want is a quarter to read goin' home. A quarter? G'one one fur 'bout a nickel. I kin git to sleep afore it's half read."
Getting a wild western tale, he started for the gate.
"Hold on there, uncle!" shouted a traveling man who tapped the old gentleman on the shoulder to attract his attention. "You have my valise."

"Keep away from me," shouted the farmer. "You can't bunko steer me. Don't come nigh me!"
"But you have my!"
"Look out, mister. I don't want no gold bricks or green goods."
"But you'll allow me to!"
"I won't low nuthin. I can't cash no checks. I can't open no locks. I can't find the pen under a shell. I've had for 30 years, and now they're after this grip!"
The news stand man explained. The policeman quietly changed the valises, and as the rural visitor rushed for his train he was heard to exclaim:
"Bunkoed, be gosh!"—Detroit Free Press.

Jolly Jack Ashore.



"Hold hard, mate! Blowed if she ain't sprung a leak!"—Sketch.

Her Favorite.

The little daughter of a certain musical critic, whose fame is more than local, was overheard the other day entertaining a visitor while her mother was out of the room.
"And do you like music too?" asked the visitor politely.
"Oh, yes, indeed," replied the child, with as near an approach to her father's manner as she could manage. "I'm specially fond of opera."
"What opera do you like?" asked the visitor. The child hesitated. Then she recovered her grown up air.
"Oh," she said carelessly, "my favorites are 'Lohndutehman' and 'The Flying Grim.'"—Washington Post.

Putting It Mildly.

"Is there any truth in the report that one of your guests was dragged from his bed last night and lynched by mistake for another man whom he resembled?" inquired a recently arrived and timorously inclined tourist from the east.
"Aw, well," replied the Oklahoma land-lord, "that was such a roamer in the air, I believe."—New York Sunday Journal.

A Familiar Topic.

"Well, well!" exclaimed Mrs. Cornstossel. "I ain't say anything about that big Chinese wall before in several years."
"Where do you see anything about it now?" inquired her husband, looking over her shoulder.
"Right there in that column headed 'The Partition of China.'"—Washington Star.

Respected Labor.

"Now," said Mr. Con Mann to the young fellow in the check suit who was trying to be witty; "now, don't you get funny about work and the people that follow it. If the farmer didn't work, how would he get our money together for us?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Ethics of Dancing.

Rector's Wife—You ought to avoid even the appearance of evil. Do you, yourself, think the girls who dance are right?
Belle of the Parish—They must be. I know the girls who don't dance are always left.—Harlem Life.

Free Alcohol.

"This talk about free alcohol for use in the arts," began Gaswell.
"Well?" asked Gasbill.
"Has that anything to do with painting the town red?"—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

A Supplementary Opinion.

"I don't know what I would have done if it hadn't been for you!" exclaimed the discharged prisoner.
"Well, you would probably have done time," said the proud lawyer.—Boston Traveler.

A Flat Color.

Fair Shopper—Yes, it's a pretty color. But why do you call it "boy messenger" blue?
Shopman—Because we will guarantee, madam, that it will never run.—Pearson's Weekly.

How a person can gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of Scott's Emulsion is hard to explain, but it certainly happens.

It seems to start the digestive machinery working properly. You obtain a greater benefit from your food.

The oil being predigested, and combined with the hypophosphites, makes a food tonic of wonderful flesh-forming power.

All physicians know this to be a fact.

All druggists; soc. and dr. soc. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FASHION HINTS.

Latest Styles in Useful and Ornamental Outer Garments.

Parisian women who have occasion to wear elegant costumes through the street cover them with long redingotes or mantles of silk waterproof. These are very prettily made and trimmed, but are laid aside immediately upon entering the house, even if a call of only a few minutes' duration is to be made. They are worn simply to preserve the gown from dust, dampness and other injury while walking.

Velvet is the favorite trimming material. It is used for ruffles, in hands and in ruffles, and all varieties are seen—plaid, striped, embroidered, fancy and plain velvet.

Chenille is a revived decoration and is successfully employed on cloth entrusted with velvet, the chenille being used to outline the applied designs. Nets of chenille studded with steel or jet are introduced as a millinery trimming and sometimes cover entire hats.

The characteristic feature of this season is the blouse jacket. In velvet, in cloth, embroidered with braid or cord and in fur, it is almost universally worn. Otter,



EVENING CAPE.

caracul, astrakhan and chinchilla are the furs most used for blouses, which are always made with a short luscious and belted in with a more or less ornamental girdle. A decorative buckle at least is worn, and often the belt is embroidered with metal and jewels or is of filigree or enamel.

Fur is worn more extensively than ever by both children and women, but the less costly varieties alone are used for little people, astrakhan being usually preferred for them.

An illustration is given of an evening wrap of sky blue brocade silk. It is mounted on a yoke of white satin, embroidered with gold and colored silks, and there are staid ends to match, between which is a plain front of white liberty satin. Around the yoke is a deep ruffle of lace with a heading. The valois collar is lined with white mongolie.

FASHIONS IN FUR.

For Trimmings—Elegant Wraps For Street and Evening Wear.

A novel way of trimming with fur is to attach tails of mink by both ends, thus forming festoons, beneath which is placed a ruffle of green, violet or orange velvet. Fur combined with lace, beads and jewels, flowers and brilliant velvet is an odd fancy, but one which is highly fashionable, such light accessories giving life to the somber tones of the pelts.

Entire gowns are sometimes made of fur—for outdoor wear only, of course—while vests, boleros, jackets, capes and pelerines of fur are thick as leaves in Valkenbrook. Fur redingotes are seen in Paris, caracul being the favorite for close fitting garments with skirts, because of its pliability and thinness. Fitted jackets of fur are preferred by those women who want something which will appear well for several seasons without remodeling.

Evening wraps may be long or short, according to the taste and the purse of the wearer. Those which are long are the more elegant, rich material being employed.



FUR WRAP.

played for them, of course. The simplest are of fine silk plush in warm tones, lined with satin or quilted silk of a harmoniously contrasting color, preferably light. Short wraps are worn by young girls, as being less stately than long mantles. White mongolie is the most usual fur trimming, the collar being lined and the wrap bordered with it, while there is sometimes an entire yoke of the fur. Mongolie may be replaced by ostrich feather trimming, or even by coq plumes.

The picture shows an entirely new fur garment, half cape and half wrap. It has a short, close bodice of astrakhan, with double collar and border of the basque being also of mongolie. Pelutrine sleeves of mongolie cover the upper part of the arm.

Didn't Want the Whole Family.
Her Parents (to prospective son-in-law)—Is your financial condition such as will enable you to support a family?
Young Man (timidly)—Why, I—er—that is, I was—only figuring on supporting Clara.—Chicago News.

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SOCIETIES.



Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.
F. S. DAVIS, W. M.
J. B. BRADY, Secretary.



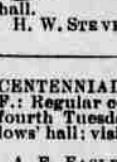
Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.
JAMES H. BRADY, H. P.
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.



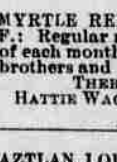
Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.
MAX FROST, E. C.



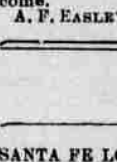
I. O. O. F.



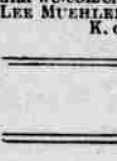
PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall, 7:30 p. m.
SIOLE LEBOW, N. G.
H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.



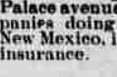
CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall, visiting patriarchy welcome.
THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P.
A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.



MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE No. 8, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome.
THERESA NEWHALL, Noble Grand.
HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.



AZTLAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome.
NATE GOLDROP, N. G.
A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.



K. O. P.



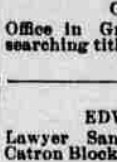
SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. of P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Casino hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome.
R. H. BOWLER, C. C.
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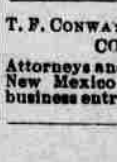
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.



MAX FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.



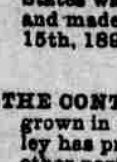
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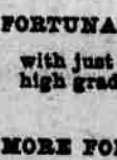
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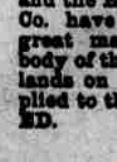
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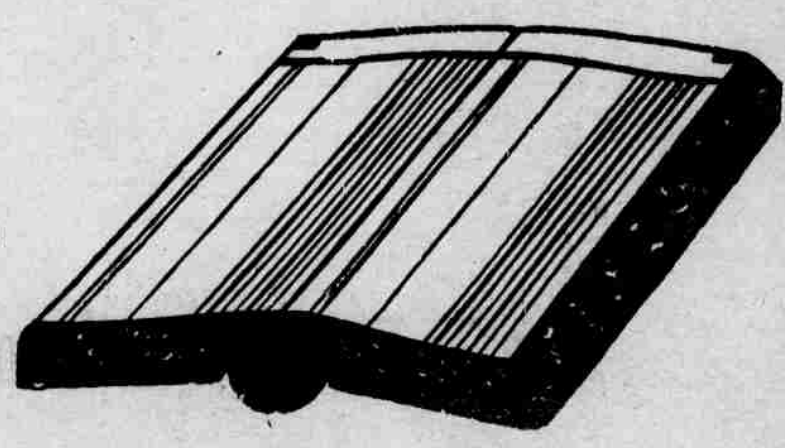
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Almost a Chef d'Œuvre.

She read the cook book over.
Her purse she emptied quite
To make a tempting viand
And have it look just right.
With sprigs of vegetation
And bits of gilding gay
And dainty ruffled paper
She made a rare display.
It would have been perfection.
A thing of joy complete,
If she had not forgotten
To put in things to eat.

Better Protected.

He was crying, but he finally managed to blubber through his tears:
"I wish I was a girl."
"Why do you wish you were a girl?" asked the father, who was mainly responsible for the tears.
"I don't so easy to wallop them," answered the boy, hardly realizing how great the truth he had hit upon.

Trying It on the Dog.

"Why," asked the curious person, "do you managers always take your shows out of town for their first performances?"
"Because," said the manager, "we know if an outside town will stand a show without killing the company, New York will be perfectly delighted with it."



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A. T. & S. F. TIME TABLE

(Effective January 17, 1898.)

Read Down.	East Bound.	Read Up.
No. 22.	No. 17.	No. 1.
12:15 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
12:30 a. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
12:45 a. m. Lv. Raton.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.
1:00 a. m. Lv. Alamosa.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
1:15 a. m. Lv. Pueblo.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
1:30 a. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
1:45 a. m. Lv. Denver.	8:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.	8:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.
1:55 a. m. Lv. Union.	8:45 p. m. Lv. Union.	8:45 p. m. Lv. Union.
2:10 a. m. Lv. Kansas City.	9:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	9:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
2:25 a. m. Lv. Chicago.	9:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	9:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
2:40 a. m. Lv. St. Louis.	9:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	9:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
2:55 a. m. Lv. New York.	9:45 p. m. Lv. New York.	9:45 p. m. Lv. New York.

Read Down.	West Bound.	Read Up.
No. 17.	No. 22.	No. 2.
3:55 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	1:15 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	1:15 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
4:10 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	1:30 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	1:30 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
4:25 p. m. Lv. Raton.	1:45 p. m. Lv. Raton.	1:45 p. m. Lv. Raton.
4:40 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	2:00 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	2:00 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
4:55 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	2:15 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	2:15 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
5:10 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	2:30 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	2:30 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
5:25 p. m. Lv. Denver.	2:45 p. m. Lv. Denver.	2:45 p. m. Lv. Denver.
5:40 p. m. Lv. Union.	3:00 p. m. Lv. Union.	3:00 p. m. Lv. Union.
5:55 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	3:15 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	3:15 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
6:10 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	3:30 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	3:30 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
6:25 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	3:45 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	3:45 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
6:40 p. m. Lv. New York.	4:00 p. m. Lv. New York.	4:00 p. m. Lv. New York.

Read Down.	East Bound.	Read Up.
No. 4.	No. 3.	No. 5.
Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
3:55 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	1:15 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	1:15 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
4:10 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	1:30 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	1:30 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
4:25 p. m. Lv. Raton.	1:45 p. m. Lv. Raton.	1:45 p. m. Lv. Raton.
4:40 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	2:00 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	2:00 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
4:55 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	2:15 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	2:15 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
5:10 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	2:30 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	2:30 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
5:25 p. m. Lv. Denver.	2:45 p. m. Lv. Denver.	2:45 p. m. Lv. Denver.
5:40 p. m. Lv. Union.	3:00 p. m. Lv. Union.	3:00 p. m. Lv. Union.
5:55 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	3:15 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	3:15 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
6:10 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	3:30 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	3:30 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
6:25 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	3:45 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	3:45 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
6:40 p. m. Lv. New York.	4:00 p. m. Lv. New York.	4:00 p. m. Lv. New York.

Read Down.	West Bound.	Read Up.
No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 6.
Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
8:50 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
9:05 a. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
9:20 a. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.
9:35 a. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
9:50 a. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
10:05 a. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
10:20 a. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.
10:35 a. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.
10:50 a. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
11:05 a. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
11:20 a. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
11:35 a. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.

Read Down.	East Bound.	Read Up.
No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 7.
Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
8:50 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
9:05 a. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
9:20 a. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.
9:35 a. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
9:50 a. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
10:05 a. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
10:20 a. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.
10:35 a. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.
10:50 a. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
11:05 a. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
11:20 a. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
11:35 a. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.

Read Down.	West Bound.	Read Up.
No. 6.	No. 5.	No. 8.
Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
8:50 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
9:05 a. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
9:20 a. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.
9:35 a. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
9:50 a. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
10:05 a. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
10:20 a. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.
10:35 a. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.
10:50 a. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
11:05 a. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
11:20 a. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
11:35 a. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.

Read Down.	East Bound.	Read Up.
No. 7.	No. 8.	No. 9.
Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
8:50 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
9:05 a. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
9:20 a. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.
9:35 a. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
9:50 a. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
10:05 a. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
10:20 a. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.
10:35 a. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.
10:50 a. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
11:05 a. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
11:20 a. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
11:35 a. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.

Read Down.	West Bound.	Read Up.
No. 8.	No. 7.	No. 10.
Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
8:50 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
9:05 a. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
9:20 a. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.
9:35 a. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
9:50 a. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
10:05 a. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
10:20 a. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.
10:35 a. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.
10:50 a. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
11:05 a. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
11:20 a. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
11:35 a. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.

Read Down.	East Bound.	Read Up.
No. 9.	No. 10.	No. 11.
Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.	Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
8:50 a. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.	6:00 p. m. Lv. Santa Fe.
9:05 a. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.	6:15 p. m. Lv. Las Vegas.
9:20 a. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.	6:30 p. m. Lv. Raton.
9:35 a. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.	6:45 p. m. Lv. Alamosa.
9:50 a. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.	7:00 p. m. Lv. Pueblo.
10:05 a. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.	7:15 p. m. Lv. Colorado Springs.
10:20 a. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.	7:30 p. m. Lv. Denver.
10:35 a. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.	7:45 p. m. Lv. Union.
10:50 a. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.	8:00 p. m. Lv. Kansas City.
11:05 a. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.	8:15 p. m. Lv. Chicago.
11:20 a. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.	8:30 p. m. Lv. St. Louis.
11:35 a. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.	8:45 p. m. Lv. New York.

Where Days are Sunniest

And, most captivating—inviting to out door life—that's California. Embrace birth now in the California Limited via Santa Fe route.

THE BATTLE.

O fool, and how should we know
What it was all about?
Go to the men who sowed the crop.
We simply thrashed it out.

Worthy statesmen sowed the crop,
And tore it out it yielded mightily
As line on line of stalwart men
Swung wide in their swaths full doughtily.

From an eastern sun to a western sun
We reaped in the harvest
And when he roared at eventide
The ravens garnered the yield.

And with the night the gleaners came,
Ruthless and cunning eyed,
And took their toll of the fallen crop,
Feeling from side to side.

On row on row of human chaff
And here and there the grain.
And Peter stood at heaven's gate,
Sitting the souls of the slain.

—F. E. Clayton in Lotus.

A STOLEN PACKAGE.

From a yellow, faded pamphlet that lay for years on a bookshelf in an old fashioned farmhouse in Tynesdale, in the north of England, the story given below is taken.

William Tarbot was a lawyer at Hexham, in the north of England. Having to attend the assizes at Alnwick and probably spend some days there, Mrs. Tarbot's parents residing about eight miles from that place, Mr. Tarbot arranged that his wife and their daughter, a girl of 16, should accompany him and stay with their relatives until he was ready to return home. The family traveled on horseback, as was customary among country people in those days, and reached the abode of Mr. and Mrs. Norman, the wife's parents, after a pleasant ride of a few hours. Mr. and Mrs. Norman were plain, old fashioned people, owning their own farm and accounted wealthy. The next morning Mr. Tarbot rode on to Alnwick and was soon over head and ears in business.

On the last day of the court one Wray of Bamforth paid over to Mr. Tarbot £2,350 in Bank of England notes in settlement of a suit. Wray had the money in a brown paper parcel, which he opened in Tarbot's bedroom in the inn where they were both staying. The two men counted the money, and Wray wrapped it up in the same way in which he had produced it and laid the package on the table, at the same time saying:

"Now, Tarbot, you should stand something, so ring the bell."

"Why, of course I will, with pleasure," Tarbot said, and then Wray playfully turned him around and pushed him toward the bell pull, which hung by the side of the mantelpiece.

After the men had drunk together they parted with mutual expressions of good feeling, Tarbot putting the package into his pocket and buttoning his coat over it. An hour later he changed his coat for a traveling one and laid the package on a chair by a window, leaving it there while he went out upon the gallery and called the boots to bring him his saddle bags, which he had been cleaning. Having stowed away his things in the bags, he put on his traveling coat, placed the package in his inside pocket and buttoned the coat over his breast. Then he mounted his horse and started for the dwelling of his father-in-law.

It was an unusually hot day in September and a thunderstorm was raging over the Greens. Fearing that he might be hindered by the swelling stream if he attempted to ford it, he rode two or three miles out of his way to cross it by a bridge. It was well he did so, for, though he rode right into the storm and was wet to the skin, he got on the safe side of the water, and the rest of his road was unobstructed. Nevertheless so heavy was the storm that he took refuge in a smithy on the outskirts of a hamlet and waited there until the blast had spent itself. When he reached Squire Norman's dwelling, it was past 9. A roaring fire soon dried his clothes and a hearty supper with mullled ale speedily put him to rights internally. As he sat by the hearth smoking the pipe said:

"We have a curious visitor here tonight—not here exactly either, as you'll see. When the storm was at its height, a tall, gaunt man, dressed like a drover, came here for shelter. We gave him all he could eat and drink, and he is now asleep, I suppose, in the hayloft. He told us a very strange story. He said he had been cast with a drove of cattle and was returning home when he caught him. He managed with some difficulty to ford the stream, and was making his way along the bank when he heard a cry for help. It turned out, so far as he could learn, that a man, in attempting to cross, had lost his footing and was clinging desperately to the exposed roots of a tree, while the rushing flood was too strong for him to resist, so as to get a hold of the root or anything else with his feet. It was impossible for the drover to reach him, and he shouted that fact across the flood. Then the man cried:

"I have a package of money here which will be washed away if I lose my grip. If you'll take care of it for me, I'll share it with you."

"I am John Cotter and you can hear of me at the Green Man at Carlisle any day."

"With this the stranger hurried a package toward the drover, which he luckily caught," continued the squire. "He showed us the package and opened it before us all. It contained £2,350 in Bank of England notes."

"Great Lord!" exclaimed Mr. Tarbot, clapping his hand to his breast. "Can it be possible? No, I feel it. The package is all safe."

He opened his coat and drew forth a brown paper package from the inside pocket.

"I tell you what, squire," he said. "I burst out into a cold sweat all over when you told me what the drover's package contained, for I have a package of money for a client amounting precisely to the sum you named."

"Why, the drover's package is the very picture of yours," said the squire.

"Outside perhaps," outside," said the lawyer as he opened the package.

Inside there was nothing but a lot of sheets of worthless paper cut into the size of Bank of England notes. Tarbot was for a time struck dumb.

"I've been robbed," he said savagely, but restraining his voice. "The package containing my client's money has been stolen and this worthless package put in its place. Your drover, squire, is the thief."

"Well, it looks like it certainly," said the squire. "But what would induce the man if he were the thief to come here and show me the money and desire to stay here all night? Wouldn't he have got as far away with it as possible and just as quickly as he could?"

"It seems so certainly," Tarbot answered. "Nevertheless the circumstances are so remarkable that I think steps ought to be taken at once by you as a magistrate."

DR. GUNN'S
For People That Are Sick or Just Don't Feel Well.

ONLY ONE FOR A DOSE.
(Caution: Be sure to get the genuine Dr. Gunn's Pills, made in England, and not the cheap imitations.)

W. J. Black, G. P. A.,
Topeka, Kas.

to secure the drover if he hasn't shown a pair of clean heels already."

"I agree with you," said the squire, "and I will send for the constable at once and arrest him."

While a servant was quickly dispatched for the officer of the law, the squire and Tarbot, each armed with a pistol, quitted the house by the rear, and, being provided with a lantern, went to the hayloft where the drover was supposed to be. Ascending the ladder without noise, the lawyer threw the light of the lantern across the floor. There, sure enough, lay the gaunt form of the drover, with every sign upon it of a deep sleep. Nevertheless when the constable arrived the drover was aroused and, much to his surprise, was informed that he was a prisoner. After he heard the explanation of the fact he laughed heartily and said:

"Well, now, isn't this some trick that you are trying to practice upon me? I've it's clever, but it isn't fair to wake a tired man out of his first sleep for the sake of a joke."

He was assured that it was no joke, and, being kindly advised by the squire to go quietly with the constable, he did so.

Next morning the body of a murdered man was discovered on the other side of the stream about a quarter of a mile below the bridge. It was removed to the village lockup, and there Mr. Tarbot identified it as Wray's. The skull was fractured and the right arm broken. It was supposed that the arm was broken when he was trying to protect the head from a bludgeon, which was found near the body.

But this was not all. The overseer of the poor had in his charge in an outhouse of the village inn a man who had been found early that morning on the bank of the stream with a dislocated arm and some broken ribs.

Here was a nice complication of things, such, in fact, as had never before come under the notice of Squire Norman or his son-in-law, Tarbot. The man with the dislocated arm was soaked and mud stained and had evidently been carried away by the overflowing stream. Tarbot naturally associated him with the person who had given the package of money to the drover for safe keeping. This turned out to be right, for the drover, quietly introduced to the place where the man was, said:

"Well, neighbor, do you want your package?"

The man, who had been lying for some time apparently unconscious, now bestirred himself and, looking around and seeing that only the drover was there, exclaimed:

"What! Are you the man I threw it to?"

"Aye, it is safe," was the reply. "When will you be ready to divide it?"

"Don't say a word," said the man in a low tone. "Stay around until I am ready to get away and then I'll make it all right with you."

After this all suspicion was removed from the drover, and he was taken into the custody of the squire and Tarbot. In a few days the man was well enough to talk, and he was encouraged to do so by the drover, who assumed the character of a free rover looking around for what he could pick up or knock down. The man admitted that he had taken the package from a stranger whom he met on the highway. He was confronted with the club and Wray's corpse, but put on a bold front and denied all knowledge of them. Finally, however, he confessed to the drover that he had brained Wray and stolen the package from him, afterward taking refuge in a roadside inn, where he found an opportunity to examine and learn the nature of the plunder. Then he grew restless and ventured out in the storm, and in an attempt to cross the stream missed his ford and thus came to meet the drover.

There was nothing left to explain the abstraction from the custody of Tarbot of the genuine package and the substitution of the counterfeit except that Wray himself had designed the scheme and carried it out as he pushed Mr. Tarbot toward the bell pull, and that in making his way not toward home, for that was in a contrary direction, but to some place where he intended to conceal the money, he was met by the ruffian who murdered and robbed him. This wretch gave the name of George Rainton, and under that he was convicted of the murder of Wray. It was afterward commonly asserted that his real name was that of a distinguished nobleman, and that he was allowed to escape punishment altogether on condition of his quitting the country. A. A. Beckwith in Brooklyn Citizen.

Just the Man He Wants.

"No, I'm not hustling," growled the big man who had his eyes riveted on the show window in front of him. "The fact is that I'm too busy to stir. There's a certain thing to be done, and you'll find me sitting right here, and I'll be there."

It isn't always the man that's making the most fuss that's doing the most business."

"Really I don't mean to be too inquisitive, but you arouse my curiosity. I can't comprehend why a man of your usual push and activity should be sitting here hour after hour glaring through that window."

"Well, I don't mind telling you, but it must positively go no further. You know that

SHABBY FURNITURE

Gives the whole house a dilapidated appearance.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS ENAMEL PAINT

Will improve the home 100 per cent. There are a thousand and one things that it can be used on—tables, chairs, settees, etc. The girls can use it. The colors are delicate.

SOLD BY



W. H. GOEBEL.

Diamond, Opal, Turquoise Settings a Specialty.

Watch Repairing Strictly First-Class

S. SPITZ,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

MEXICAN • FILIGREE • JEWELRY

—AND DEALER IN—

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS, DECORATED CHINA.

Examines Eyes free of Charge for Prescription Lenses.

H. S. KAUNE & CO.,

DEALER IN

Staple - and - Fancy - Groceries

Fresh Oysters, Fish, Poultry of all Kinds Received Twice a Week.

The Sign of the

RED LIGHT

WEST SIDE OF PLAZA.

CALLS ATTENTION TO

"OUR PLACE."

Here business is conducted on Business Principles. Here can be Obtained Strictly First-Class Goods in the form of Liquid Refreshments and Cigars.

W. R. PRICE, Proprietor.

A. WALKER & CO.

—DEALERS IN—

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

SANTA FE BAKERY.

TELEPHONE 53

• WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY •

J. R. HUDSON,

—THE PIONEER—

MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELER

—AND DEALER IN—

Watches, Clocks, Optical Goods and Notions SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES. SANTA FE NEW MEXICO

J. G. SCHUMANN,

DEALER IN

BOOTS, SHOES, and FINDINGS.

Santa Fe - N. M.

UNITED STATES LAND COURT.

Argument of Motion to Set Aside Decree of Confirmation in Arroyo Hondo Grant Case Still in Progress.

The United States court of private land claims convened in the federal court room at 10 o'clock this morning with Chief Justice Reed presiding and Associate Justices Fuller, Murray, Stone and Sloss present.

In the matter of the controversy over the Arroyo Hondo grant in Taos county, No. 5, the motions of United States Attorney Reynolds (1) to vacate and set aside the decree of confirmation, (2) to amend the decree in essential respects, and (3) to set aside the survey, as not conforming to the natural objects named in the decree of confirmation, again came before the court for argument.

Hon. T. B. Catron and ex-Surveyor General Charles F. Easley, representing the grant claimants, Julian Martinez et al., each argued strongly against the granting of the motions of the government, maintaining that the grant having been confirmed by the decree of the court of private land claims and the survey approved by the secretary of the interior over five years ago without an appeal to the United States Supreme court, the court had no jurisdiction to amend or modify the original decree.

Mr. Reynolds then concluded his strong argument urging that the original decree be set aside on the ground that the court had no jurisdiction of the subject matter of the claim or of the persons interested.

In the event that the motion to set aside the decree is denied, it is understood that a number of witnesses will be examined by both sides as to whether the survey conforms to the decree.

Mr. Pope, in behalf of the government, announced that, after the pending case was disposed of, the small grant claims in and about Santa Fe would be taken up.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.

The weather bureau forecast for New Mexico: Threatening weather to-night and Friday.

There will be the regular weekly meeting of Paradise lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., at its hall on lower "Prisco" street this evening at 7:30 sharp.

The city schools will close on February 25 because of a lack of funds to pay teachers and incidental expenses. This item reflects no credit on Santa Fe, but it may as well be printed first as last.

At a largely attended meeting of the officers and men of troop E, First cavalry, New Mexico National Guard, held at the armory last night, it was almost unanimously decided not to change the organization in any particular.

The trains from the east on the Santa Fe are reported on time for tonight, but the trains from the south and west have not been heard from and their arrival is somewhat uncertain.

Hubert A. D. Purdy, whose record as a teacher in the public schools of this city during the past year is commended by many parents, will open a private school in Santa Fe as soon as the public schools close if he is accorded sufficient encouragement.

The members of Aztlan and Paradise lodges, I. O. O. F., entertained Grand Master Givens, of Las Vegas, and Grand Secretary Lantz, of Albuquerque, last night in Odd Fellows' hall. No regular lodge meeting was held, the evening being given up to feasting, music and speeches.

The east bound flyer and the regular mail train from the south and west, due last night, did not reach Lamy until 9:45 this morning. The delay was due to the wrecking and smashing of several freight cars in the yards at Thornton early last evening. The track has been cleared and regular train service resumed.

The historical lectures by Hon. L. B. Prince will come on February 1, 8 and 15, being successive Tuesday evenings. Make no other arrangements for these dates and get your tickets for the course of three lectures. Season tickets, \$1; single tickets or admission, 50 cents.

"Neck or Nothing," the serial story running in Saturday's issue of the New Mexican, continues to grow in interest, and, attracting favorable attention from those who have read the chapters published. It is one of the strongest and most realistic of southern stories that has appeared for some time past, and those who fail to read it are missing a literary treat. Saturday's paper will contain quite a long installment of the story, which will lend additional interest to the New Mexican of that day.

At the U. S. Land Office.

In the local United States land office this forenoon, Jennie E. Goodwin made final proof on a desert land entry of 40 acres in San Juan county.

Pedro Lopez made a homestead filing on 160 acres of land in San Miguel county.

At the Palace.

Housekeepers and restaurant managers can save money by purchasing meats, fish and oysters from Bischoff & Muller. Only strictly first-class meats sold.

Monogram Note Paper.

Monogram note paper is the correct thing for private correspondence. The New Mexican Printing company can furnish the latest styles of this paper and at very low prices. Call and see samples.

At the Hotel.

At the Palace: D. F. White, Las Vegas; John Casey, Pueblo, Colo.; Hadley Morrison, Durango; Wm. H. Bragley, San Francisco; L. MacPherson, Denver.

At the Exchange: H. S. Clancy, Washington; J. M. McDonald, Taos.

At the Claire: F. L. Kidd, New York; J. H. Armstrong, St. Louis; Frank A. Vigil, Mora; J. P. Lantz, Albuquerque; F. M. Jones, A. Wayne, C. H. Plumb, Las Vegas; R. A. Sleyster, Albuquerque.

At the Bon-Ton: Richard Richardson, Antonio; Phil Lowe, Durango; George Schultz, Wm. Harris, Aspen; John Keady, Walla Benger, Thos. Hooper, Denver; Frank Benavides, Santa Cruz; Alfredo Romero, Espanola.

Just received at Scheuch's: G. H. Mumm's Ex. Dry, Chateau De Corbiac, Wachenheimer and other imported wines.

EUSTAQUIO PADILLA MURDER TRIAL.

Defense Continues Attacking Confession of Martinez and Showing Bad Character of Territory's Witnesses.

The trial of the Territory vs. Eustaquio Padilla, charged with the murder of Faustina Ortiz, on March 1, 1890, continues to occupy the attention of the Territorial District court.

A number of witnesses yesterday testified, that Juan Pablo Dominguez, named in the confession of Jose Amado Martinez as an associate of the defendant in the murder of Faustina Ortiz, was at the house of Meliton Castillo during the night of the homicide; the defense also introduced the evidence of Guadalupe Vega and Teodoro Castillo that Juan Ortiz y Rodriguez, also named by Martinez as one of the three murderers, was in jail for drunkenness during the entire night of the homicide. Vega, a witness for the territory, was in jail for larceny on the night of March 1, 1890, and Teodoro Castillo was acting as jailer.

The confession of Jose Amado Martinez has been attacked by the evidence of several witnesses: by A. P. Hill and Pedro Delgado it has been shown that he told contradictory stories; by Leonardo Duran and Antonio Borrego, who said that they swept out the office of Rodriguez on the Monday morning after the homicide is alleged to have occurred there, it has been shown that the office showed no signs of having been scrubbed or swept out on the Sunday before; by a number of witnesses the characters of Martinez, Vega, Anderson and other witnesses for the territory have been assailed.

It is probable that the case of the defense will be closed this evening or tomorrow forenoon.

Decree of Divorce Granted. In case No. 3907, Lee Muehleisen vs. Anna Muehleisen, Judge Laughlin yesterday afternoon granted the plaintiff an absolute decree of divorce from his late wife.

The weather was cloudy and threatening with brisk northerly winds. The maximum temperature reached was 23 and the minimum 6 degrees. Threatening weather is indicated for tonight and Friday.

Malt-Nutrine

The Food drink—is the greatest tonic for nursing mothers. Nourishing—in-spiring—soothing. Malt-Nutrine is prepared by the famous Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n, which fact guarantees the purity, excellence and merits claimed for it.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Phil Lowe, of Durango, is registered at the Bon Ton.

Mr. B. A. Sleyster, of Albuquerque, registers at the Claire.

Mr. Frank A. Vigil, collector of Mora county, is in the city on official business, registering at the Claire.

Mr. W. A. Givens, grand master of the New Mexico Independent Order of Odd Fellows, is in the city visiting the two lodges here.

Messrs. W. H. Bagley, San Francisco, and L. MacPherson, of Denver, traveling salesmen, are registered at the Palace hotel.

Mr. D. F. White, merchandise broker of Las Vegas, called on the businessmen of the city today. He registered at the Palace hotel.

J. M. McDonald, Esq., of Taos, is in the city attending to legal matters, making headquarters at the Exchange.

Messrs. T. L. Kidd, New York, and James H. Armstrong, St. Louis, commercial travelers, are registered at the Claire.

Mr. J. P. Lantz, grand secretary of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in New Mexico, is in the city, stopping at the Claire.

George Schultz and William Harris, of Aspen, are in the city on their way to Bland to look after their mining interests. They registered at the Bon Ton.

Jasper F. Ortiz, a U. S. deputy surveyor, is in the city from his home at Chamita, in Rio Arriba county. He expects to be awarded some government surveying contracts to survey public lands in Rio Arriba county at an early date.

Among the New Mexican people in attendance on the National Stock Growers' association at Denver are Messrs. G. H. Wallace, secretary of the territory; O. A. Hadley, manager of the Clyde ranch near Watrous; W. H. Jack, chairman of the territorial cattle sanitary commission; Arthur J. Tisdall, manager of the Bell ranch in San Miguel county, and R. G. Head, of Watrous.

Six-room houses to rent during the winter: from \$5 to \$8 per month. Mrs. L. A. Harvey, Johnson St.

Fischer & Co. are sole agents for Eastman's kodaks and materials.

Strictly First Class.

Housekeepers and restaurant managers can save money by purchasing meats, fish and oysters from Bischoff & Muller. Only strictly first-class meats sold.

Monogram Note Paper.

Monogram note paper is the correct thing for private correspondence. The New Mexican Printing company can furnish the latest styles of this paper and at very low prices. Call and see samples.

At the Hotel. At the Palace: D. F. White, Las Vegas; John Casey, Pueblo, Colo.; Hadley Morrison, Durango; Wm. H. Bragley, San Francisco; L. MacPherson, Denver.

At the Exchange: H. S. Clancy, Washington; J. M. McDonald, Taos.

At the Claire: F. L. Kidd, New York; J. H. Armstrong, St. Louis; Frank A. Vigil, Mora; J. P. Lantz, Albuquerque; F. M. Jones, A. Wayne, C. H. Plumb, Las Vegas; R. A. Sleyster, Albuquerque.

At the Bon-Ton: Richard Richardson, Antonio; Phil Lowe, Durango; George Schultz, Wm. Harris, Aspen; John Keady, Walla Benger, Thos. Hooper, Denver; Frank Benavides, Santa Cruz; Alfredo Romero, Espanola.

Just received at Scheuch's: G. H. Mumm's Ex. Dry, Chateau De Corbiac, Wachenheimer and other imported wines.

RIO ARRIBA PLACER COMPANY.

Ditches and Flumes for Working Chama Placers Satisfactorily Located—Abundant Water and Immense Pressure—Construction of Plant Will Begin in March.

Messrs. Edwin Walters, civil engineer and geologist, and David M. White, civil engineer, have returned to Santa Fe from a surveying trip to the Chama river placers near Abiquiu.

In conversation with a New Mexican reporter this morning, Mr. Walters said that he and Mr. White had completed the engineering work for the Rio Arriba Placer company and he seemed much pleased with the results attained.

In order to work the 900 acres of placer ground of the company named, said land being located on both sides of the Chama river beginning at a point about five miles above Abiquiu, the construction of about six miles of ditches and flumes from Canones creek will be required. "We have fortunately found a most excellent route," said Mr. Walters, "requiring only about 1,000 feet of fluming, and at no place will the flumes need to be over 21 feet high. Considering the number of deep canons that gash the hills along which the ditches and flumes will pass, this is quite a satisfactory achievement."

"The ditch as planned will have sufficient size and grade to carry 6,000 gallons of water per minute, Canones creek affording a plentiful supply, and, while the detailed estimates for the work are not yet out, generally speaking the ditch and flumes will not cost to exceed \$1,000 per mile, and the pipeline from the tail-gate at the lower end of the ditch to the point of operations, together with sluice-boxes, hose, etc., will not cost over \$6,000 more, making the total cost of the plant not over \$15,000," continued the gentleman.

"This plant is intended to cut and wash during at least half of each year from two to three cubic yards of ground per minute," said Mr. Walters, "and during the remainder of the year at least one cubic yard per minute, or, in round numbers, from 1,500 to 4,000 cubic yards per day. It is expected, from the thorough tests made, that this material will yield at least 25 cents per yard in coarse gold or that which can readily be saved, which will make the income run from \$250 to \$1,000 per day."

The lower end of the ditch will be 500 feet above the bars of the Chama river, which it is proposed to work, and from 200 to 300 feet above the highest placer ground on the auriferous mesas of the company. This will afford enormous pressure," added Mr. Walters, "and renders perfectly practicable the work undertaken."

The Rio Arriba Placer company is composed mainly of St. Louis and Kansas City men, who possess abundant money and energy to carry the enterprise to a successful issue. Its officers are as follows: J. M. Schneider, of St. Louis, president; E. G. E. Jaccard, of Kansas City, vice president; William G. Hills, of St. Louis, second vice president; J. T. Watson, of St. Louis, treasurer; J. B. Wilde, of St. Louis, secretary; Edwin Walters, of Abiquiu, manager, superintendent, resident agent and director; F. H. Rogers, of St. Louis, general agent.

The local directors are F. A. Reynolds, Charles F. Easley and John T. Forslia, of Santa Fe.

The company expects to begin active work on its plant March 1, and thereafter the important enterprise will be vigorously pushed to completion.

Oysters and Fish.

Fresh oysters and fish received every Friday by Bischoff & Muller. Prices at the lowest possible notch.

TO CURE NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA.

To Gain Flesh, to Sleep Well, to Know What Appetite and Good Digestion Mean, Make a Test of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Interesting Experience of An Indianapolis Gentleman.

No trouble is more common or more misunderstood than nervous dyspepsia. People having it think that their nerves are to blame and are surprised that they are not cured by nerve medicine and spring remedies; the real seat of the mischief is in the right of the stomach is the organ to be looked after.

Nervous dyspepsia often do not have any pain whatever in the stomach, nor perhaps any of the usual symptoms of stomach weakness. Nervous dyspepsia shows itself not in the stomach so much as in the heart, the liver, the lungs, in some cases the heart palpitates and is irregular; in others the kidneys are affected; in others the bowels are constipated, with headaches; still others are troubled with loss of flesh and appetite, with accumulation of gas, sour risings and heartburn.

Mr. A. W. Sharper, of No. 61 Prospect St., Indianapolis, Ind., writes as follows: "A motive of pure gratitude prompts me to write these few lines regarding the new and valuable medicine, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I have been a sufferer from nervous dyspepsia for the last four years, have used various patent medicines and other remedies without any favorable result. They sometimes gave temporary relief until the effects of the medicine wore off. I attributed this to my sedentary habits, being a bookkeeper with little physical exercise, but I am glad to state that the tablets have overcome all these obstacles, for I have gained in flesh, sleep better and am better in every way. The above is written not for notoriety, but is based on actual fact." Respectfully yours, A. W. Sharper.

61 Prospect St., Indianapolis, Ind. It is safe to say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any stomach weakness or disease except cancer of stomach. They cure sour stomach, gas, loss of flesh and appetite, sleeplessness, palpitation, heartburn, constipation and headache.

Send for valuable little book on stomach diseases by addressing Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. All druggists sell full sized packages at 50 cents.

100 MISFIT SUITS. Which cost to order from \$20 to \$30, we offer at the low price of \$12.50. We succeeded in securing these suits from one of the best tailoring establishments in Chicago, at such low figures, as to enable us to sell them at above bargain prices. Come now and get your first pick at them and guarantee that any suit will fit as though it was made for you to order. Some other misfit suits at \$10.85 all wool. They are well worth \$18. Come early and get your size.

SANTA FE MERCANTILE CO.

DID NOT KNOW HE WAS SHOT.

Joe Delallo, at Cerrillos, Shot Through and Through. Yet Walked Straight—Wound Discovered Afterwards.

Special to the New Mexican. Cerrillos, Jan. 27.—It would appear that Cerrillos must have some sort of a gun play, with more or less serious results, about once in so often, and the performance came off last evening on schedule time. Tom Delallo, a merchant here, gave his brother, Joe Delallo, a small bill to collect from a man by the name of Westcott, who works at the Ortiz mine at Dolores. Westcott was in town yesterday and last evening, about 6 o'clock, Joe Delallo met him on the corner near the Mint saloon and the two got into quite a heated argument over the account. At that time John Carr, the town marshal, came along and attempted to quiet the dispute by taking Delallo down the street to his brother's place of business. Delallo had been drinking and was quarrelsome, and Carr claims he reached behind him to draw a gun, which Carr also reached for his gun, but in taking it out it caught in some way and fell to the ground and exploded as it fell, the ball striking Delallo in the left breast just above the heart, passing through the body, coming out at the back between the shoulders. Delallo then went with Carr to his brother's place, walking perfectly straight. The curious thing about the affair is that no one knew the man was shot until after he got home when, it was discovered by Mrs. Tom Delallo. The wound is serious, though perhaps not fatal. Delallo is resting easy today and his friends do not apprehend any immediate danger.

Carr is in the custody of the constable, and will have an examination before Justice Kendall this evening.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Received at the Penitentiary.

William Blund, alias J. W. Jackson, was received at the penitentiary last night, from Socorro to serve a term of 18 months for stealing cattle.

U. S. Grand Jury Will Soon Adjourn.

It is understood that the United States grand jury will adjourn after the examination of five more witnesses, who are expected in town from the outside tonight. Doubtless the adjournment will occur tomorrow afternoon, as the funds are about exhausted.

"Fresh Lobsters, Shrimps."

Black bass, catfish, frog legs, oysters and everything else in the market at the Bon-Ton.

Book of Forms.

Lawyers will find the Book of Forms for pleadings, adapted to the new code, one of the most convenient and useful works in their practice. The New Mexican has this work on sale at the publishers' price, \$5.

If you want the fattest and choicest beef, veal, mutton, lamb and pork, go to the market of Bischoff & Muller.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

Before taking our annual inventory, we offer all goods at greatly reduced prices. In case you are in need of anything in our line, call yourself to this opportunity to get goods below cost.

SANTA FE MERCANTILE CO.

Illustrated

Special Edition New Mexican

Can be had by applying at this office. It is full of matter describing the mineral, agricultural, horticultural and all the varied resources of New Mexico. Just the thing to send any one inquiring about or interested in the territory. Price 10 cents, wrapped and mailed for 11 cents.

The best Kansas City meats and all kinds of game in season at the Bon Ton.

APPLES FOR SALE

In any quantity; carload lots especially. 75 cents per bushel. Address Ed Miller, Santa Fe, N. M., P. O. box 382.

To Rent—Unfurnished.

House of four rooms, independent entrance and exclusive placita, recently occupied by Mrs. Long. Also three extra large rooms, entrance on placita. Both have sunny exposures. I. B. Prince.

Code of Civil Procedure.

Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexican Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law leep, \$3; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR SALE—Two King heaters, stove, also, nearly new; pipe and mud boards go with them. Inquire at the New Mexican office.

FOR SALE—Appearance bonds, appeal bonds, official bonds, and bonds to keep the peace at the New Mexican Printing Office.

FOR SALE—Justification of the peace blanks in English and Spanish at the New Mexican Printing Office.

FOR SALE—Blank mortgages of all descriptions at the New Mexican Printing Office.

WANTED—Laws of 1891 in English at this office.

FOR SALE—A ladies' side-saddle, in good condition. Apply to W. H. Goebel, at Goebel's hardware establishment.

FOR SALE—Mining blanks of all descriptions at the New Mexican Printing Office.

FOR SALE—Old papers, in quantities to suit, for sale at the New Mexican Printing Company's Office.

FOR SALE—A large quantity small plain, crevier and nonpareil type at the New Mexican office. The same is in good condition and will be sold cheap. Proofs of form of the type and prices furnished on application.

FOR SALE—New Mexican Statutes at the New Mexican Printing Office.

FOR SALE—Blank deeds of all descriptions at the New Mexican Printing Office.

PROMPT COURT BLANKS—For sale at the New Mexican Printing Office.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Precious Metals Production of New Mexico for 1897.

The annual report of Wells-Fargo & Co. on the production of precious metals in the states and territories on the North American continent west of the Missouri river, during the year 1897, credits New Mexico as follows: Gold, \$553,878; silver, \$153,348; ores and base bullion, \$193,000; total, \$880,026. Mining men who are well posted assert, however, that the above figures are not correct and that the production of New Mexico for 1897 figures up more than a million and a quarter of dollars in precious and base metals.

New Mexico Pensions.

The following pensions were granted on January 25, 1898: Original, Frederick M. Cook, Farmington, N. M., \$8; original, Albert A. Carpenter, Tres Piedras, N. M., \$6.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Kansas City Meats.

Bischoff & Muller handle a full line of Kansas City meats, including sausage. Give them a trial.

See the '98 model pocket kodak at Fischer & Co's. Give us an order.

Seligman Bros.

The pioneer dry goods and clothing merchants of Santa Fe, always lead all competitors in their line of business. For example, they now come to the front as the formally authorized agents for Santa Fe and New Mexico of

C. G. LEOPOLD, Tailor.

who carries the finest and completest stock of imported and domestic goods that can be purchased, employs only artists in his cutting department, and hence every garment that comes from his house is not only well made and a perfect fit, but it is fashionable