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Albuquerque Morning Journal, 11-01-1909

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WRIGHT'S TRADING POST
COR. 3RD and GOLD. OPEN EVENINGS

SCOTT & BROWN, 409 Pearl St., N.Y.

Small Grain Company adjoining race track were destroyed estimated a loss estimated at \$100,000.

Bennett's, 115 W. Central Av

115-117 North First Street

WILL SMILE AND BE HAPPY TOO.
H. S. LITHGOW

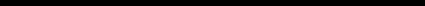
specialty. For cattle and hogs the
biggest market prices are paid.

stressing genuine ills from which many women suffer.

Fullback Minot to carry. He ad-
vanced with Left Halfback Leslie,
Quarterback O'Flaherty, Captain Plan

accelerated the destruction of many
sheds at Latonia track raged for an
hour late tonight. Elevators of the
Inland Grain company adjoining
the race track were destroyed entail-
ing a loss estimated at \$100,000.

HE WM. FARR COMPANY
Wholesale and retail dealers in
fresh and Salt Meats, Sausage a
specialty. For cattle and hogs the
lowest market prices are paid.



100

The Albuquerque Morning Journal

Official Newspaper of New Mexico.

Published by the JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

D. A. MATTHEWSON, President
W. S. BURKE, Editor
JAMES E. BLACK, City Editor
H. C. WRIGHT, Advertising Manager

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Albuquerque, N. M., under act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

THE MORNING JOURNAL IS THE LEADING REPUBLICAN PAPER OF NEW MEXICO, SUPPORTING THE PRINCIPLES OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ALL THE TIME, AND THE METHODS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY WHEN THEY ARE RIGHT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
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"The Morning Journal has a higher circulation rating than is accorded to any other paper in Albuquerque or any other daily in New Mexico."—The American Newspaper Directory.

ALBUQUERQUE - - - NEW MEXICO

THE BUILDING INSPECTOR.

The trouble about the office of building inspector, to which we referred yesterday morning, is in the office, rather than in the man who fills it, and in order to remove the difficulty the council should strike at the root of the matter, and make a radical change in the whole system.

As the case stands now the inspector is not paid anything by the city, and in order to let him be compensated for his time he is allowed to collect fees from men who desire to build new houses, or enlarge or improve old ones, thus imposing a fine upon every man who undertakes to facilitate the growth of the town by making improvements. For instance, there is the Rosenwald block, for which the lot has just been graded, at the corner of Fourth and Central. It is to be a building which will be a credit to Albuquerque, and would be a credit to any other western city. According to the estimates it will cost sixty thousand dollars, and by the time it is finished it may have seventy-five thousand dollars expended upon it. That means, under the present inspection law, that the owners of the building are to be fined by the city in the sum of sixty dollars, or possibly seventy-five dollars, in the form of inspector's fees, for showing a degree of public spirit that we will all point to with pride, and for making a public improvement that will add to the value of all the property in the town. Where is the justice in that? And yet that is a perfectly fair illustration of the way in which the present law works.

The system is radically wrong. It is right that the city should have an inspector to see that such buildings as are put up are reasonably safe against fire and accidents, but this is a service that interests the city as a whole, and the city as a whole should pay for it. If a man wants to put up a new building, and thus improve the town, he should not be charged a fee for the privilege of doing so, any more than he should be charged for the services of the fire department in case his house takes fire. There are certain lines of public service which are of interest to the whole people, and should be paid for by the whole people, out of the public funds, and this is one of them.

NEW MEXICO FINANCES.

In view of the desperate efforts that are now being made by the non-progressive elements of New Mexico to induce the people of the territory to return to the do-nothing policy which prevailed years ago under democratic rule, the following official facts and figures carefully gathered from the records by the Santa Fe New Mexican, are especially worthy of the attention of all progressive citizens. The man who "economizes" by denying his wife and children necessary articles of food and clothing, and these common advantages which are reckoned as the ordinary necessities of civilization, and by doing nothing to improve his property or promote the general welfare of the town he lives in, is not reckoned a desirable citizen. And the state or community that pursues a like policy inevitably brings upon itself the same ban of condemnation, and the same reputation of semi-barbarism. Do the citizens of the great and rich territory of New Mexico want to advertise to the world that they are in that class? Some of the authorized organs of the democratic party assume that they do, and are therefore devoting themselves to the promulgation of diatribes against the various republican administrations of the territory, because instead of managing the affairs of the territory after the manner of the Indians, they have provided New Mexico with public institutions, corrective, educational and charitable, such as are regarded as indispensable for all civilized communities. In view of these facts the New Mexican says:

A discussion of the financial management of the territory of New Mexico at this time can do no harm, either to the territory or to the party entrusted with the territorial government. The fact stands out above all others, that when the democratic party surrendered the government to Governor Otero more than twelve years ago, New Mexico was in deplorable financial condition. Extravagance ran riot and the territory spent more than its income. In fact, after all, the test of good financial management, is to make the income equal to the outgo. Besides expending

the taxes collected, the Thornton administration piled up enormous deficiencies. No wonder that New Mexico bonds could not be sold at par, that it was difficult to sell them at 98 or 97. There is an effort being made today by one or two democratic newspapers to compare the cash expenditures of the Thornton administration with those of the present day, without holding the Thornton administration responsible for the enormous deficit it left or giving credit to the republicans for paying those deficiencies and a goodly part of the inherited bonded indebtedness and the interest on it besides. But even if those deductions were properly made it is absurd to compare as a whole the expenditures of the New Mexico government in 1896 with those of 1909, as it would be to compare the expenditures of the United States for those two years, and argue because it costs more to run the national government today than it did twelve or thirteen years ago, that therefore the United States has an unsound financial management, when as a matter of fact, during the Cleveland administration, the financial condition of the nation was the worst it had been in two decades, just as New Mexico's financial management reached the depth of degradation in the Thornton administration. The New Mexico taxpayer gets more for each dollar taxes paid today than he did twelve years ago in schools, in sanitation, in cattle and sheep inspection, in good roads, in colleges, in the care of the insane, the blind and the deaf. Twelve years ago there was no real institution for the blind, or the deaf and dumb; there was no reform school, there were few hospitals, no supervision of banks or county officials, no compulsory education, the few higher institutions of learning that existed were a farce, there were no military institutions, no normal schools, the insane asylum could accommodate only a few patients and was run in a haphazard way. New Mexico farmed out part of its convicts and the taxes that were collected were simply grabbed by the favorite few and but slight if any service was rendered for salaries paid. Since then it has been different. There have been no defalcations by any territorial officials or by any of the institutions. Financial management has been free from scandal. Bonded indebtedness is being reduced, territorial, county, municipal and school bonds refunded, at lower interest, interest is met promptly, all bills are paid when due, there is ample revenue owing to better accounting methods introduced by the republican officials and as a consequence New Mexico four per cent bonds command 104 and 105 in the financial markets, while six per cent bonds brought only 98 thirteen years ago; the per capita cost of administration is less than it was twelve years ago and whatever real increase there has been is for the support of public institutions, for better sanitation and supervision of the stock interests. There is not one sane person except a favored few grafters and tax dodgers, of that day who would want New Mexico to return to the financial or any other conditions of twelve years ago.

A BLANKET BALLOT.

According to our New York exchanges the ballot to be used in that city at the election which will be held tomorrow will be fifty-eight inches wide. Just think of it. A ballot at least a foot wider than the widest dinner table. It would be a misnomer to call that a ticket. It is a sheet, and about as big as a constitutional bed sheet in Oklahoma. In Philadelphia the situation is but little if any better, and the Public Ledger says: "This year's ballot is one of the most cumbersome and confusing yet produced. The various party columns are short but numerous, and the long line of party names in the first column must puzzle any but the most experienced, while the presentation of the constitutional amendments would be bewildering if it were necessary to do more than mark a cross of approval to each one. If political reformers ever get into a rational frame of mind again, they must bring all their most considerate influence to bear upon the legislature to secure a form of ballot that will be an aid and not a hindrance to intelligent voting."

"A MESSAGE TO GARCIA."

The expression which we have used above has been quoted many thousands of times in all parts of the country, and yet it is probable that many, even among those who use it, are not familiar with its origin, hence the story may not be without interest, and here it is:

Major Andrew S. Rowan, of the United States army, is about to retire voluntarily from the service. He was born in Virginia, graduated from West Point in 1881, entered the service as second lieutenant in the Fifteenth Infantry, was promoted first lieutenant in 1890, serving a few months in the Ninth Infantry, and then transferred to the Nineteenth. He had not been content merely to go through the routine of garrison duties in time of peace. He had acquired facility in the Spanish language, and studied the geography of various regions where he thought the army might be called to active service.

Because he knew Spanish, because he knew the topography of Cuba, and because he had shown himself on various occasions a brave and prudent soldier, Lieutenant Rowan was selected in the spring of 1898 to go on a hazardous mission. He was to get into the interior of Cuba, and into communication with the insurgent leader, Calisto Garcia, to find out to what extent Garcia and his followers

could be depended on to co-operate with an American expeditionary force in the war then imminent. He crossed from Jamaica in a sailboat with a single companion—a Cuban. He made his way inland to Garcia's camp in the hills, delivered his message and observed the situation. He went on across the island to the north coast, and made his way in another sailboat 250 miles to Nassau. He did what he was sent to do, and refused absolutely to pose or be posed as a hero. Of course he risked his life. He would have been hanged or shot if the Spanish troops had caught him. That, however, was just a part of the day's work for Andrew S. Rowan, and from his viewpoint.

The incident appealed to the imagination of a writer of talents. He wrote a short poem about it—a kind of sermon, in fact, showing why the man who carried the message to Garcia had done an admirable thing and how. It was a timely bit of eulogy of the man who does the day's work in the day, without complaining or parade—just goes ahead and does it.

The writing, as the Chicago later Ocean says, was well done, like the deed it celebrated. It struck the popular fancy, and the idea it set forth has stuck in the public consciousness. It will probably live longer of all its author's somewhat voluminous work. No anthology of American prose would be complete without it.

That a writer of talents should have been thus moved to celebrate a deed worth doing is a threefold advantage. First to the writer, who by taking a really worthy theme and treating it well has secured for himself a remembrance that nothing else he has done would have obtained. Second to Rowan, whose well-doing thus became impressed upon the public consciousness as well as becoming a matter of official record. And most of all to American youth, who by the conjunction were given a new and vivid impression of the merits and value and worthiness for emulation of the man who goes right ahead and does his plain duty, without shrinking or strutting, without a moment's hesitation, and without a thought of the reward.

JUDGE POPE FOR GOVERNOR.

The Carlsbad Argus notes a rumor to the effect that Judge William H. Pope is likely to be chosen by President Taft to occupy the gubernatorial chair of New Mexico, which is to become vacant next February, by the resignation of Gov. Curry.

We have heard the same rumor here, and while it is merely rumor there seems to be some ground for it, and the people of the territory would have reason to congratulate the president upon such a selection. The record Judge Pope has made for himself in his present position is the best guarantee the public could have that as chief executive of the territory he would make an able and efficient official. He is a man of fine intellectual equipment and of unimpeachable integrity.

THE WORK OF THE HOOK WORM.

The southern physicians who were called in consultation by Mr. Rockefeller at the time he donated a million dollars to fight the "hook worm," say that at least two millions of people in the south are suffering from the effects of this parasite, and that its work is by no means confined to any one class.

The "hook worm," according to New York medical authorities, is a hairlike parasite, to which is charged a form of anemia, prevalent especially among the poor people of the south. Dr. Charles Wardell Stiles says that the so-called "laziness" and "shiftlessness" widely observed in certain portions of the south was a specific disease due to the "hook worm."

ANOTHER FAST TRAIN.

On the 17th of the present month the Big Four will inaugurate from St. Louis to New York and Boston, a new train to be known as the New York Central limited, affording twenty-four hour service to New York and twenty-six hour service to Boston. This new train has been ordered to compete with the new "twenty-four hour New Yorker," recently inaugurated by the Pennsylvania line. It will leave St. Louis at 8:45 every morning, arriving at New York at 9:45 a. m. and at Boston at 11:50 a. m. next day.

Boston officials of the Christian Science movement have received information that it is the intention of Mrs. Augusta E. Stebbins to lead her followers in the First Church of Christ-Scientists in New York city out of the Christian Science movement November 1, and if not impertinent, may we inquire, "into what?"

A Fact

Unless the best Mexican Vanilla Beans are used, properly cured, properly aged, and the flavor properly extracted, and allowed to stand at least one year before offering for sale, good extract of Vanilla is an impossibility. Try

D. PRICE'S
FLAVORING
EXTRACTS

Vanilla
Lemon
Orange
Rose, etc.

and note their delicious flavor.

The Public Forum

Editor Morning Journal:

You editorial Friday morning entitled "A Pellagra Commission" calls attention anew to the wide spread prevalence of this disease especially in the south.

As yet the cause of the disease is unknown nor has any effective remedy been found.

Physicians generally incline to the belief that the cause is to be found in food made from meal, ground from immature, mouldy or diseased corn, and it is along these lines that the commission to be created by the government is to investigate.

Now this may prove to be true, but I venture the suggestion that the real origin of pellagra will be found not in the use of mouldy or diseased corn, but in the use of corn that carries evidence of the ravages of the boll worm.

You know, how wide spread and universal is the attack of this worm upon the cereal, how the fellow burrows in the soft kernel, leaving behind him a trail of slime and excreta, and especially if the corn be late in maturing or is put in the shock, he perishes in his burrow and adds his cadaver to the mass.

An examination of any crib of corn, will show ears without number that have been subject to attack, some with only traces around the tips, others with more or less of the kernel eaten. This corn goes to the great mills of the country where it is ground into meal, no attempt being made towards rejection of such ears as bear evidence of worm attack, and the meal necessarily contains what ever worm debris it may happen to carry. Rolling cannot separate it and so it passes along into our foods.

May it not be possible that in this wormy matter will be found the poisonous substance that causes pellagra. Farmers in the corn belt of this country, will know by bitter experience the danger of feeding wormy corn to his stock, and many an outbreak of hog cholera, so called, has undoubtedly been caused by the feeding of wormy corn in the autumn, at the snap corn period.

A neighbor of mine, one season had a field of corn caught by an early frost. It was at once put in shock with intention of feeding unhusked. Like all late corn it was quite wormy. Feeding it to his horses he killed three of his best animals in less than three weeks, before he realized the danger and its cause.

Another thing has a bearing upon this subject. In germ diseases like pneumonia, typhoid and others that effect the human family, medical authorities have expressed the opinion that the attack upon life does not come from the direct ravages of the germ but from the dead or dying matter, that is cast off by the germ and which enters into the circulation to poison the currents of life.

There are many other things that furnish added testimony but lack of space forbids further mention.

If the time ever comes for the passing of the corn bill worm, pellagra will become history in my belief.

M. MATTHEWSON.

Little Side Talks With the Editors

An Enjoyable Bouting.

The only objection to the weapon used by a boxer in the ordinary fight is that he beats a customer with a roll of bills. It is that same but the wealthy can afford it.—El Paso Times.

He Done Well.

An Albuquerque man has to his credit the securing of seven rich veins within the last ten years. Nothing slow about those Albuquerque folks.—Pecos Valley News.

Room for Hitchcock.

Postmaster General Hitchcock says he intends making Arizona his home. Arizona is a big territory full of big game and a big room for another. Shake, General, we hope you will be home often.—Cochise Sun.

You Can Never Tell.

A Virginia woman sued her husband for divorce on the ground that he pestered her too much with kisses. An Indiana woman ran away from her husband because he wouldn't kiss her. You never know about these women.—Windsor Mail.

A Shot at the Correspondents.

If President Taft had been given an opportunity to select his newspaper correspondents who were to accompany him, he very probably would have selected ones not so peevish and who would not have insisted that the world stop while they slept. They would have been content to go along because the president's train arrived in Phoenix two hours ahead of time which necessitated their arising at 10 o'clock in the morning.—Cochise Sun.

A Modest Suggestion.

When the Tribune company purchased the "good will" business contracts and copyrights of the Chicago Tribune, did it also take over the republicanism of that paper along with "Sunday Bill Brogan"? If not, the new paper has no claim whatever to the "good printing" 26 it was that element of the Tribune which intimated it to official patronage. True we know but very little, but we are willing to accept the other end of the white-tie with the Tribune editor.—Astoria News.

Good Line of Talk.

The statements of President Taft in his talk here last Friday, concerning New Mexico, as published in the Republican, have caused a general wave of optimism in regard to the future to spread over the country. The president did not beat about the bush, nor try to play politics, but announced his position in no indistinct terms, as a friend of the two territories, and an advocate of separate statehood, and the people believe in him. With the president as a champion of the cause, statehood has taken a big jump, and every community in the territory will be able to notice its beneficial effects.—McKinley County Republican.

The Business Spirit.

"The business spirit is running into almost every product of human ingenuity in our middle west," says a Chicago man. "Perhaps the oddest example of this I've ever encountered is a monument in a Springfield cemetery erected by a stone mason in memory of his wife."

Inscribed on this handsome product of the mason's art are these words: "Martha Hume, wife of Henry Hume, stone mason. This monument was erected by her husband as a mark of respect and also as a specimen of his workmanship. Monument in the same style 1118.—Harper's Magazine.

Chinese Sacred Lily Bulbs

Each 20c.
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215 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

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We carry the Largest Stock of Polished Plates, Window and Fancy Glasses in New Mexico. When in need of Glass write or call on us for prices.

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ALBUQUERQUE NEW MEXICO

Capital and Surplus \$100,000.00

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They are in our new Fall and Winter Shoes to such an extent that their wearers are left no reason for doubt about getting full value for their money. We fit them carefully. Try a pair.

Men's Dress Shoes \$2.50 to \$5.00
Men's Work Shoes \$2.00 to \$3.50
Men's High-top Shoes \$3.75 to \$5.00
Men's Felt Shoes \$1.50 to \$3.50
Women's Dress Shoes \$2.50 to \$5.00
Women's Street Shoes \$1.75 to \$3.50
Women's House Shoes65c to \$3.00
Shoes for Boys and Girls \$1.00 to \$2.75



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CERRILLOS LUMP Gallip Lamp
MILL WOOD KINDLING
FACTORY WOOD COKE
BRICK, LIME, BUILDING SUPPLIES

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The O'Reilly Drug Co. is well known throughout New Mexico and Arizona as "The Busiest Drug Store between Denver and Los Angeles," but we want our home and mail order customers to remember that we are not satisfied with this. We want your trade for fine Gift Goods—in Brilliant Cut Glass, "Libby's, the world's best"; dainty Hand-painted China; elegant Leather Goods, in Ladies' Bags, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Purses and Pocket Books; Toilet Set, Combs and Brushes, and the finest line of Perfumes and Toilet Waters in the Territory. Send us your mail orders, and call and see us.

N. B.—Deaf or partially deaf people are requested to call at our store and make a free trial of the Stutz telephone.

Albuquerque Secret Societies

A. F. & A. M.

Temple lodge No. 6, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings first and third Thursdays in each month. Harry Braun, worshipful master; J. A. Miller, secretary.

El Grande chapter No. 4, B. A. M., stated convocation second Thursday of each month. C. O. Cushman, high priest; Harry Braun, secretary. Pilgrim commandery No. 3, K. T., stated convocation fourth Thursday of each month, except November and December first Monday. Edward C. Allen, commandery commander. Harry Braun, recorder.

Bullitt Ahyad temple A. A. O. N. M. S. Regular meeting the second Monday of each month. L. H. Chamberlain, potentate; Harry G. Bullard, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

Benefit lodge No. 2, A. O. U. W. Meets at A. O. U. W. hall, 317 1/2 South Second street, second and fourth Mondays. A. D. Johnson, master workman; W. H. Long, recorder.

B. P. O. E.

Albuquerque lodge No. 461, G. S. McLandress, E. A.; Roy McDonald, secretary; meets second and fourth Wednesdays each month at Elks hall, corner Gold avenue and Fifth street.

D. O. H.

Elmknets lodge No. 670, D. O. H. Meets every Second and Fourth Tuesday in the month in Red Men's hall, Fred Brosey, O. B.

Degree of Honor, A. O. E. W. Chief of Honor, Margaret Werning; Recorder, Rita B. Allison. Meets first and third Mondays at Odd Fellows' hall.

EAGLES.

Albuquerque Aerie No. 165, Fraternal Order of Eagles. Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Red Men's hall, West Gold avenue. President, Leo Zanone; secretary, Coral F. Roberts, 412 West Lead avenue.

FRATERNAL BROTHERHOOD. Albuquerque lodge No. 388, Fraternal Brotherhood; meets in Elks lodge room, first and third Mondays of each month. Presiding officer, Mrs. E. C. Whitson; Frances Dye, secretary.

G. A. R.

G. K. Warren post No. 5, G. A. R. Meets at L. O. O. F. hall first Saturday night of each month. H. B. Steward, post commander; J. G. Caldwell, adjutant.

I. O. O. F.

Harmony lodge No. 1, I. O. O. F. Meets every Friday night at L. O. O. F. hall, South Second street. H. J. Fouts, noble grand; N. E. Stevens, secretary.

Albuquerque Encampment No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets at 1230, first and third Tuesdays of each month at L. O. O. F. hall on South Second street. James J. Votaw, scribe; T. F. Kings, chief patriarch. Triple Inn Rebekah lodge No. 19, I. O. O. F. Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at L. O. O. F. hall on South Second street. Mrs. Henrietta Bailey, secretary; Mrs. H. J. Fouts, noble grand.

I. O. B. B.

Albuquerque lodge No. 336, Walker N. Jaffa, president; Samuel Neustadt, secretary. Meets the first and third Tuesdays each month in the vestry rooms of the temple.

K. O. P.

Mineral lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, meets every Monday night in the Elks lodge room. Visiting members cordially invited. O. A. Butner, keeper of records and seals.

K. O. C.

Albuquerque Council No. 641, Knights of Columbus, meets first and third Thursday of each month in K. C. council chambers, 211 1/2 West Central avenue. Visiting brothers cordially invited to visit club rooms and attend meetings. John A. Reidy, grand knight; T. F. Keeler, Jr., financial secretary.

M. W. O. F.

Albuquerque camp of M. W. O. F. No. 13,302, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in K. P. hall, Elks building. G. W. Dexter, clerk; E. O. Leary, consul.

ORDER OF OWLS.

Duke City Post No. 1077 meets every 2nd and 4th Monday at 8 p. m. at K. C. hall, 211 1/2 W. Central avenue. D. H. Carns, president; F. E. Sheller, secretary.

R. N. A.

The Royal Neighbors of America Swastica Camp meets second and fourth Friday afternoons of each month at 2:30, in I. O. O. F. hall, Mrs. Jessie Clifford, Recorder; Mrs. C. A. Frank, Oracle.

W. O. F. W.

Albuquerque camp No. 1, Woodmen of the World. Meets at the Forest in the Elks building every Friday evening at 8 p. m. E. W. Moore, consul commander; D. E. Phillips, clerk.

Cottonwood Grove No. 2, Woodmen Circle, meets the 2nd and 4th Tuesday afternoons at 2:30 in Odd Fellows' Hall.

W. C. O. F.

Meets second and fourth Wednesdays in K. C. hall at 8 p. m. Chief ranger, Mrs. John Dolan. Recording secretary, Mrs. Felix Baca.

U. B. C. & J. of A.

Local Union No. 1319 meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. A. J. W. Votaw, A. J. Votaw, recording secretary.

A. T. U.

Albuquerque Typographical Union, No. 304, meets first Sunday in each month in Labor hall at 2:30 p. m. C. B. Shale, president; Ira Bacon, secretary-treasurer.

SULLIVAN ISSUES LETTER TO NEW MEXICO BAR

Subject of Water Rights as
Touching the Law Discussed
by Territorial Engineer With
the Lawyers.

Vernon L. Sullivan, territorial engineer, has issued a most interesting letter to the members of the New Mexico bar association calling attention to the important place the legal aspect of irrigation water rights has in the territory. The letter is as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF TERRITORIAL ENGINEERING, Santa Fe, New Mexico, October 25, 1909.

To the Members of the New Mexico Bar Association:

Gentlemen:

As the territorial engineer of New Mexico, I feel that it is my duty as such official to discuss with you the question of adjudication of water rights. The time has come when New Mexico must take its place in the advancement of irrigation and in the conservation of its water resources. The points that I wish to discuss with you, from an engineering standpoint, are as follows:

First. What the value of water is or will be in order to impress upon you the importance of this subject.

Second. What the duty of water is and what it should be.

Third. What beneficial use is made in many places and what it should be, and

Fourth. The effect of court decisions will have on the development of the territory.

In the first place it must be remembered that our agricultural development is limited. Our irrigated lands are being several times larger than our water supply will cover.

First. The value of water depends upon how and for what it is used. Its value for irrigation is small when compared with what it will eventually be, here as the use of water for the growth of crops with small returns will eventually be abandoned.

I have in mind several apple orchards in the territory that have netted over a thousand dollars per acre. These same orchards, with out the aid of irrigation and under the most favorable seasonal conditions, would not have netted one-quarter of the above, for, with the aid of irrigation you can not only get a maximum yield but also a longer growing season. In particular instances there is \$750.00 per acre that can be attributed to the aid of irrigation, the amount of water used was approximately one-half acre foot per acre per year, bringing the increased results due to irrigation and the proper handling of the crop to \$750.00 per acre foot in this one season. This above are actual results obtained in the territory, but are well above the average, however, they are cited to give an idea of what can be done in the territory when the water is properly applied to the best possible crops.

It is not necessary to go further as the value of water other than to state that the territory's most estimated water supply is between 100 and 150 million acre feet and that in many places the water used for irrigation can be used for developing power above the point of diversion for irrigation.

Second. The standard measurements of water are as follows: For running water, one cubic foot per second of time or second foot which is equivalent to one acre foot of water passing a given point every second of time. The acre foot is used to describe volume of water and means that amount of water necessary to cover one acre of land to a depth of one foot. One second foot running for twenty-four hours, will equal 1.98 ac. ft. running for four months would equal 237 ac. ft. for eight months 475 ac. ft. and for one year 475 ac. ft. This second foot running continuously for eight months would cover 237 acres two feet deep, 475 acres one foot deep, and nothing for water deep allowed for evaporation.

The duty or amount of water used by the farmer varies enormously, is some using as little as forty or fifty acres per acre foot, others are irrigating 150 to 400 acres per acre foot. It is gratifying to not that where the duty of water has been the highest, generally speaking, the greater the results.

The best of cotton has been raised on nine inches of water near Carlsbad, corn has been repeatedly raised on one foot of water, and good crops under the Hagerman Canal consisting of corn, vegetables, alfalfa, and orchards, averaging 216.5 acres to the acre, and the product is in a section where the rainfall is only 12 inches. In California they raise cultivated crops on six inches of water and in places where they have very little rain.

The conditions affecting the duty of water are many. The most important one is the conservation of the moisture by cultivation. The soil, kind of crop raised, rainfall, etc., however, effect the duty of water. Upon this subject I will quote some of the experiments of the United States Agricultural Department, in which the tests showed an evaporation in four ten days of 22 per cent of the water applied to the soil where there was no cultivation, 6.6 per cent when protected by four inches of cultivated mulch, and only one per cent under a ten inch soil cover.

Third. I have heretofore mentioned the highest beneficial use of water made in the territory which was above the average, however, there are many orchards where they are properly cared for that are netting over one hundred dollars per acre. Alfalfa fields when properly fertilized and cared for are producing from four to seven tons per acre and alfalfa is selling for such prices that it is netting from five to eight dollars per ton. Corn and cane fields, uncultivated, over irrigated, and improperly cared for, in many places do not pay for the cost of water and seed. This it is seen that when water and soil are neglected and improperly cared for, very little if any, beneficial results are obtained. In the arid parts of California the standard beneficial use of water is far higher than in our own territory.

In consideration of the beneficial use of water we must not forget that we have an estimated water power development of over half a million horse power and that in many places it is being developed and used for power.

posed can, in places where the grade is sufficient, be made over and over again without consuming or diminishing its quantity and can afterwards be used for irrigation.

Fourth. Upon the decision of the various courts depend largely the future development of our territory. If the courts are going to hold that the filings made by the parties in the various courts are to determine the amounts of water such parties are entitled to, then there will be very little chance for future development, as filings are generally made away in order to get the water right or use, and it will be found here as in other states that the filings will cover many times more water than the entire flow of the river.

It will be seen that at the time the claimant filed he either had a claim or was planning the construction of one, thus the filings will determine the future of the territory. Therefore, the question resolves itself down to the merits of each individual case as to whether he has a reasonable time to complete his application and if so, what beneficial use has been made in order to determine the amount of water he is entitled to.

The developer and capitalist must have ample protection during the construction of a large project, as the actual bona fide builder who places his money in the construction and development should be encouraged, but such protection should not be so broad as to cover the speculator.

The question as to what constitutes a beneficial use of water must then be decided, and it appears to me that the mere application of water to the soil without following it up with the seeding or planting to some variety of crop and making efforts to properly care for same, would not constitute a beneficial use as no beneficial results are obtained, and where rights have been acquired they should be limited to that amount of water really needed when conservatively and properly used.

It is not necessary for me to discuss the necessity of the doctrine of riparian rights, as it is a doctrine that is recognized because our water is our greatest resource, and must be applied to the greatest benefit.

The time has come when New Mexico can not afford to allow her greatest resource to be carelessly and heedlessly wasted and it will soon be a matter of life and death in many places to make these important decisions.

Under separate cover I am forwarding to you "Article 17, Irrigation."

VERNON L. SULLIVAN,
Territorial Engineer.

**INFANT MORTALITY
CONFERENCE
AT YALE**

Noted Physicians, Educators
and Philanthropists to Discuss
Problem of Saving
Lives of Children.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 31.—Practicing physicians, representatives of the most important medical schools in this country, educators and social workers will take part in the conference arranged by the American Academy of Medicine on prevention of infant mortality, to be held in New Haven, November 11 and 12. The sessions will take place in Lamson hall of Yale university, and the problem, with the possibility of its solution, will be discussed from four points of view—medical, philanthropic, institutional and educational, each of which will be the subject of one session. The chairman and secretary of the sessions and the dates of the meetings are:

Medical.—Dr. James H. Mason, Knox, Jr., of the Hopkins Medical School, Baltimore, chairman; Dr. Richard A. Brigham, also of the Hopkins Medical School, secretary. Thursday afternoon, November 11.

Institutional.—Mr. Homer Folke, chairman, and Miss Mary Vida Clarke, New York, secretary. Friday morning, November 12. Educational.—Prof. E. A. Moulton, Harvard Medical School, chairman; Dr. Henry I. Bowditch, of the Harvard Medical School, Boston, secretary. Friday afternoon, November 12.

President Hadley, of Yale, will make an address of introduction at the opening session. Among the other participants at this session, which will be devoted to medical prevention, will be Dr. Clemens von Rokitansky, who has just come to this country from Vienna to take the chair of pediatrics at the Johns Hopkins Medical School; Dr. J. P. Crozier, clinical professor of the diseases of children at the University of Pennsylvania; Dr. Alice Weld Tallant, professor of obstetrics in the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania; Dr. Caroline Hedges, of the United Charities of Chicago; and Dr. Charles Richmond Henderson, professor of sociology at the University of Chicago, and editor of the Journal of Sociology.

Practical methods of social aspects of the waste of infant life, Dr. Griffith will discuss the relation of infant mortality to the occupations and infant mortality, and Dr. Henderson, who has been making some special investigations of the preventive methods operative in France, will outline in detail some of the important measures that have been introduced on the continent.

A comprehensive program has been arranged for the session on philanthropic prevention. Dr. Edward T. Devine, the chairman, will present a paper on the social aspects of the waste of infant life. Dr. Richard C. Cabot, of the Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, will discuss the relation of infant mortality to the general problem of infant mortality. Prof. James W. Glover, professor of mathematics and insurance of the University of Michigan, will present a paper on the economic aspects of infant mortality. A program for the reduction of infant mortality in New York city will be

outlined by Mr. Robert W. Bruere, general agent of the New York association for the improvement of the condition of the poor, the educational responsibilities of a milk depot will be brought to the attention of the conference by Dr. Ira S. Wile, of the children's department of the Vanderburgh Hospital, New York. The president of the United Charities of Chicago, will speak on the responsibility of the general relief agencies. The closing address of that session will be by Dr. Woods Hutchinson, well known as an author and lecturer, on the effect of philanthropic experiments in increasing and reducing infant mortality.

An important feature of the session on institutional prevention will be a report by the chairman, Mr. Homer Folke, on the place of institutions in the care of infants, and a paper by Dr. W. H. Wood, general superintendent of the United Charities of Chicago, will speak on the responsibility of the general relief agencies. The closing address of that session will be by Dr. Woods Hutchinson, well known as an author and lecturer, on the effect of philanthropic experiments in increasing and reducing infant mortality.

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The parents and the home as the strategic points in the fight against the unnecessary waste of infant life are the themes around which interest will revolve in the session on educational prevention, of which Prof. C. E. A. Winslow is chairman. The participants will include Dr. Thomas Harrison, health commissioner of New York city, who will describe the work of the bureau of child hygiene; Dr. Hirschman, physician in charge of the babies' dispensary and hospital of Cleveland, will tell about his educational work; and Dr. Schick, health officer of Orange, N. J., will discuss the problem of the small child. Prof. C. B. Davenport, director of the state school of experimental medicine, Long Island, will present a paper on "Fit and Unfit Matings," and Prof. Albert G. Keller, professor of the science of society at Yale, will present a paper on "The Foundations of Eugenics." The foundations of hygiene will be discussed by Dr. John M. Tyler, professor of biology at Amherst, and the foundations of prevention by Dr. W. B. Stetson, professor of biology at Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Among those scheduled to take part in the discussions are: Dr. Charles V. Chapin of Philadelphia; Dr. H. I. Bowditch of Boston; Dr. John M. Connolly of Boston; Dr. W. H. Carmichael of Yale; Dr. F. A. Woods, professor of pediatrics at the University of Worcester; and Professor E. L. Thorndike and M. A. Bigelow of Teachers' college, Columbia university.

Dr. Helen C. Putnam of Providence, R. I., is chairman of the executive committee of the conference. Associated with her on this committee are Dr. George Blumer of the Yale medical school; Dr. F. H. Gerrieh of Portland, Me.; Dr. J. Madison Taylor of Philadelphia; Dr. J. H. McElreath of Pasadena, president of the American Academy of Medicine; and Dr. Charles McIntire, secretary of the American Academy of Medicine. Dr. Charles E. Henderson of the University of Chicago; Dr. L. D. Harvey, president of the National Education Association; Dr. Samuel McCune Lindsay, professor of social legislation, Columbia university; Mrs. Frederick Schaff of Philadelphia, president of the National Congress of Mothers; Dr. Charles V. Chapin, superintendent of the Children's Hospital, New York; Dr. R. L. Moore, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs.

A Religious Author's Statement.
Rev. Joseph H. Fesperman, Salisbury, N. C., who is the author of several books, writes: "For several years I was afflicted with kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with kidney pain. In eight days I was confined to my bed, and was unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed some frequently and many times I was awakened taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy."

The Missouri Society of New Mexico meets the second Wednesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall, 221 South Second street. Next meeting Wednesday, November 10. Headquarters at Room 4, Barnett building, Second and Central. Phone 1679.

All Missourians are requested to call and register.

G. J. KRAEMER,
Secretary.

Noted Oddfellow Dead.
Laramie, Wyo., Oct. 31.—Louis M. Laramie, grand secretary of the grand lodge of Wyoming Oddfellows, and grand scribe of the grand encampment of the Patriarchs Militant, died today. The funeral will be held under the auspices of Oddfellows of the state.

Dreams Realized.
"My hat is a dream," said the fashionable woman.
"I wish you wouldn't walk in your sleep to do your shopping, answered her husband.—Washington Star.

In "appy England."
"Whatever are you doing, darling, with that nasty duster and brush?"
"Freddy told me to bring it in and sweep up Mrs. Smith's life as she sweeps up."—London Opinion.

HE OUGHT TO BE PUT
IN THE BRONX ZOO

(Chicago Tribune).

Two men were arrested by the police of New York on the charge of playing the well known national game of craps, were arrested by the police with these words:
"Judge Cayton, while on the Supreme court bench held that there is no such game as craps. I disagree with him, but because of that decision I must discharge the prisoners."

The author of that decision is now, with the consent of Charles P. Murphy, running for mayor of the city. He is the same man who said a few days ago that he did not know where Tammany Hall was.
"He is a judge, denied the existence of the game of craps, and who, as a result of the Greater New York city, professed ignorance of the location of Tammany Hall is the H. informed a person to be elected mayor. He belongs in the Bronx zoo."

LET US PUT YOU IN TOUCH Every Issue of the Journal is a Special Issue for Results

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS

MONEY TO LOAN.
On Furniture, Pianos, Organs, Horses, Wagons and other Chattels, also on Salaries and other income, at 10% and as high as 15% per month. Loans are quickly made and strictly private. Time—one month to one year. Rates are reasonable. Call and see us before borrowing. Steamship Loan Office, 215 W. Gold.

THE HOUSEHOLD LOAN COMPANY.
Rooms 3 and 4, Grant Bldg., PHILADELPHIA, PA.
OPEN EVENINGS.
304 1/2 West Central Avenue.

WANTED—Rooms.
WANTED TO RENT—4 or 5 room modern furnished house. No sick. Family to state what you have. Price Address House, care Journal.

LOST
LOST—Riding suit and pair leather leggings. Return to Wright, this office, and receive reward.

LEGAL NOTICES.
NOTICE OF APPLICATION.
(010602)
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 15, 1909.

Notice of application of E. Weyman Strother and Minna Strother Waddell for United States patent to the Abajo Placer, building stone, mining claim.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of Chapter 6, of Title 32 of the revised statutes of the United States, that E. Weyman Strother, of Annapolis, Md., and Minna Strother Waddell of Columbus, Georgia, are claiming a United States patent to the Abajo Placer, building stone, mining claim, through their attorneys, Richard H. Hanna, of Santa Fe, New Mexico, for a United States patent for twenty acres of placer mining land containing building stone, and being the N. 1/2 of N. E. 1/4 of N. W. 1/4 of section 22, township 10 N., range 5 E. of N. M. P. B. & M. situated in the Santa Fe mountain, Tifras county, New Mexico.

The notice of said location of said Abajo Placer claim is of record in the office of the recorder of Bernalillo county, at Albuquerque, New Mexico, in Book "C," folio 633.

The said mining premises hereby sought to be patented is bounded as follows, to-wit: On north and east by vacant, unoccupied public land, on the west by patented land, known as Whitcomb, on the south by unpatented mining claim Rex.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground, premises or any portion thereof so described, notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed as according to law, and the regulations thereunder, within the time prescribed by law, with the register of the United States land office at Santa Fe, in the county of Santa Fe, territory of New Mexico, they will be barred in virtue of the provisions of said statute.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described, or desiring to object for any reason to the entry thereof by applicant should file their affidavits of protest in this office on or before the 13th day of December, 1909.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice of Receiver's Sale.
The undersigned offers for sale free and clear of all encumbrances the entire assets of the E. J. Houston Company, consisting of a stock of Stationery, Sporting Goods and Photographic Supplies and a small quantity of Fancy Leather Goods, Cutlery and Perograpic Wood, located at 205 West Railroad Avenue, Albuquerque, N. M., and commencing with the undersigned at the above address for further information.

HARRY P. OWEN, Receiver.
First Published Nov. 1, 1909.
65317—Not Coal Land.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., October 29, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that Emil Mann, of Albuquerque, N. M., who on January 3, 1905, made Homestead Entry, No. 1215, for northeast quarter (NE 1/4), Section 30, Township 10 of craps, were filed in the New Mexico, has filed notice of intention to make final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. E. Walker, Probate Clerk, at Albuquerque, New Mexico, on the 17th day of December, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses: W. D. Miller, Albert C. Foss, Joseph Farr, J. H. Pogue, all of Albuquerque, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

STORAGE

WANTED—Pianos, household goods, etc., stored safely at reasonable rates. Advances made. Phone 540 The Security Warehouse and Improvement Co. Offices, rooms 2 and 4, Grant Block, Third street and Central Avenue.

EMPLOYMENT
Colburn & Gardner, 210 W. Silver Ave., Phone 254.

WANTED—At once, twenty rough carpenters, 4 painters, good woman cook and husband, good proposition.

HELP WANTED—Male
MEN LEARN barber trade—Short time required; graduates earn \$12 to \$20 week, Moler Barber College, Los Angeles.

\$500 IN PRIZES free, see window; 114 W. Gold.

FOR SALE—Town lots, \$5 down and \$5 a month. W. V. Futrell, Room 18, Hotel Denver.

FOR SALE—3 1-2 acre farm, good house and laundry room; barn; carrol; chicken house; windmill. Address H. R. & F. R., this office.

FOR SALE—A three-room house, close to shops, \$50 cash, \$10 month payments. W. V. Futrell, Room 18, Hotel Denver.

FOR SALE—A five-room brick with three blocks of Central Avenue, modern, for \$2500. Porterfield Co., 216 W. Gold.

FOR SALE—Fine building lot. Inquire of J. A. Shaw, 514 South High St.

FOR SALE—A fine, seven-room frame, modern, very close in, Highlands, at a bargain. Porterfield Co., 216 W. Gold.

FOR SALE—6 room brick, \$3,000.00. 5-room frame, \$2,100.00. Bargain lots. W. H. McMillon, real estate broker, 211 W. Gold.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous
2-6 STOVES; cheap; cash or easy payments. 114 W. Gold.

250 STOVES; cheap; cash or easy payments. 114 W. Gold.

FOR SALE—Ticket to Mexico City, cheap, if taken at once. Address M. J., care this office.

250 STOVES; cheap; cash or easy payments. 114 W. Gold.

EXTRACTED HONEY, 10 pounds for \$1.00. Can for \$5.00. Order by mail. W. P. Allen, P. O. Box 202, Albuquerque, N. M.

KANSAS City gent's ticket. Good to points in Oklahoma and Central Texas; expires Oct. 31. Apply to D. F. Morning Journal.

FOR SALE—Small base burner, small loft of thoroughbred squab pigeons, new bee hives, lawn mower, horse and buggy and other items. Apply W. G. Tight, opposite university.

FOR SALE—Nearly new buggy, single harness. 612 N. 5th.

FOR SALE—Livestock.
FOR SALE—Good saddle horse; also good driver. 213 West Silver.

FOR SALE—Herd of Poland China hogs. John Mann.

WANTED—To buy 1,000 pound horses. Apply 215 West Silver.

FOR SALE—Two riding ponies, good opportunity. Apply 422 N. Sixth st.

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy and harness. 615 South High.

FOR SALE—Nice gentle pony to ride and drive; also buggy harness. W. H. McMillon, 211 W. Gold.

FOR SALE—1 horse, harness and buggy. Inquire at 1501 N. Fifth st.

FOR SALE—Furniture
WANTED—To furnish your house on easy payments; cheapest house furnishings in Albuquerque. Second-hand furniture bought, sold and exchanged. Full Moon Furniture and Storage Co., 104 Le Breton & Co., Props., 115 W. Gold Ave. Phone 461.

WANTED—Furniture to repair. W. A. Goff & Co., phone 568.

FOR SALE—Furniture, chinaware and utensils of Women's Exchange and People's Cafeteria. Will be sold at private sale, Monday, October 1.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.
WANTED—Plumbing to repair. W. A. Goff & Co., phone 568.

FIRST CLASS dressmaking. 315 W. Roma.

250 STOVES; cheap; cash or easy payments. 114 W. Gold.

FOR QUICK express service, call O. E. McCrea; phone 795.

WANTED—Houses for sale on easy payments and rental property. List your property with us if you want it sold. Big bargains in acre property. Call at 204 West Gold Ave.

LADY with no children would like use of piano for storage; best of care; references. Apply W. D. care Journal.

WANTED—One horse farm wagon. Address J. G. G., care Journal.

WANTED—For its feed, a horse or team for light work and driving. Apply St. Claire Hotel.

WANTED—Young Jersey fresh milk cows. Must be good milkers, also chickens, good layers, not over one year old. 902 South Fifth St. Phone 157.

WANTED—To buy Albuquerque real estate. Phone 1829. Address 610 E. Schuyler, 416 S. Arno st.

PASTURE
PASTURE for 250 head of stock; also will feed for winter. Apply to W. E. Schuyler, 416 S. Arno st.

Try a Morning Journal Want Ad

TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN.
Short time loans on good collateral or personal security. 110 1/2 South Second st.; phone 512. J. M. Brown.

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan at 8 per cent in sums to suit. Porterfield Co., 216 W. Gold.

FOR RENT—Rooms
FOR RENT—The most sanitary and up-to-date rooms at the Rio Grande 519 West Central.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms and rooms for light housekeeping. 113 West Lead.

MODERN rooms and first class board. Denver Hotel, Second and Coat.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms cheap. Apply Wright, Morning Journal.

FOR RENT—Furnished room. 317 South Fourth st.; phone 1037.

FOR RENT—Furnished room. 513 W. Lead.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping with privilege of bath. 208 S. Arno.

FOR RENT—Large modern front room, nicely furnished, reasonable, no sick. 318 W. Hazeldean.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for housekeeping. 524 West Central.

FOR RENT—2 furnished rooms. 216 North Arno.

FOR RENT—Dwellings
FOR RENT—Brick house, five rooms, at 310 West Santa Fe Avenue, at \$2.00 per month. Inquire at Mann Saddle Co., 215 West Copper Ave.

WE CAN rent you a desirable house furnished or unfurnished. Southwestern Realty Co., 201 E. Central Ave.

\$500 IN PRIZES free; see window; 114 W. Gold.

FOR RENT—3 room houses furnished or unfurnished. W. V. Futrell, Room 18, Hotel Denver.

FOUR ROOM brick, bath, electric lights, corner Seventh and Lead. Low rent. The Leader, 311 W. Central.

FOR RENT—Modern three room brick cottage; screened porch; front and rear; water paid; \$13.50. Inquire Otto Bleckmann or Mrs. Tilton, Grand Central Hotel.

FOR RENT—4 room cottage cheap. 219 West Gold.

FOR RENT—Cheap, one room tent house. 1122 S. Fifth.

FOR RENT—3, 4, 5, 6 room houses, furnished and unfurnished. Porterfield Co., 216 W. Gold.

FOR RENT—4, 5, 6 and 8 room houses, also two rooms. W. H. McMillon, 211 W. Gold.

FOR RENT—Five room modern house at 419 Fruit Ave. \$22.50. Water paid. See Lane, Imperial Laundry.

For Rent—Rooms With Board
BOARD AND ROOMS—Two miles north of town; 4 1/2 miles from end of our line. Address R. Journal.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous
GUNS TO RENT—W. A. Goff & Co., phone 568.

FOR RENT—Offices
FOR RENT—Offices and storerooms in the Commercial Club Building. Apply to secretary.

GEO. W. HICKOX COMPANY
OLDEST AND LARGEST JEWELRY HOUSE IN NEW MEXICO.
STOCK ALWAYS COMPLETE AND NEW.
SEND IN YOUR WATCHES, WE'LL REPAIR THEM.
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Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery and Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fittings, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work
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Miller's All-American Coffee

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Only 25c a Pound

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Strong Block, Cor. Copper and Second. Phone No. 75

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At G. B. Brajevich's Stationery and Notion Store (opposite Postoffice) can be found the best standard cigars and tobacco, kept in perfect condition for immediate use, in specially constructed cases. Mr. Brajevich is selling out under the original cost a large variety of school books and toys.

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Outfitters for Men and Boys

Without Wool—Nothing is Worse

Clothes to keep their shape, to wear, must be made of pure wool. A few clothes-labels are sewed honestly into pure wool clothes, not many. Stein-Bloch's label is, and each piece of cloth is tested for it.

Stein-Bloch offers you what no other makers can: A fit that is right, a style that is world-wide, fitness and the hidden parts that are the best that money can buy.

We are proud to be identified with these clothes. We welcome you to try them on, to examine them and see how they will raise your looks and your bearing.

Overcoats, \$18.00 to \$30.00

Suits — \$18.00 to \$25.00

Cravenette Coats. Very Stylish, \$16.00 to \$28.00

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FRENCH & LOWBER
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Licensed Embalmers
LADY ASSISTANT
501 W. Central. Telephone 560

State forest service, arrived last night from Santa Fe.
J. R. Biggs of the Continental Oil company office force spent yesterday at Laguna sightseeing.

Dr. J. W. Colbert of the Santa Fe coast lines hospital returned last night from a brief visit to Laguna.

Henry B. Wallenhorst left last night for Belen, where he is making a position in Gooch's meat market.

A. B. Candelaria, a well known sheep raiser of St. Johns, Ariz., arrived yesterday for a brief visit with relatives here.

Ralph C. Ely, the well known attorney of Deming, arrived in the city yesterday morning and will be here today on court business.

Attorney E. W. Dobson was a passenger for Santa Fe last night, where he will be today on supreme court matters.

Deputy United States Marshal Jerry B. Harris returned last night from a month's trip through various parts of the territory.

Regular meeting of Mineral lodge No. 4, K. of P., in Elks' hall at 8 o'clock tonight. Business of importance will be brought before the meeting and all members are requested to be present. Visiting members cordially invited.

Policeman W. F. Marquette left last night for Raton, where he will be a witness in the case of the territory vs. John Alsop, et al, charged with robbing the safe of the Santa Fe depot at French, N. M., over a year ago. Alsop was arrested in Albuquerque.

Leonard Miller, bookkeeper for the Atee Fuel company, returned last night from the east accompanied by a bride. Mr. Miller left here some ten days ago for a brief vacation to be spent in Illinois. Even his most intimate friends were unaware that he contemplated joining the ranks of the benedicts and his return to the city last night with a young lady whom he introduced as Mrs. Miller created considerable surprise among his friends.

Miss Nettie Clarke entertained twenty young friends at a Halloween mask party Saturday evening at the home of her parents, 409 West Huntington avenue. The decoration scheme was green and yellow, with jack-o-lanterns displayed to good effect in various parts of the house. Music, games and refreshments followed by a telly-ho ride through the city, with Mrs. Clarke as chaperone, were features of the evening's entertainment. Among those present were: Misses Gertrude Brodell, Louise Zeller, Wilma Kleinwort, Daisy Schelke, Gladys Linecomb, Wills Peters, Grace Gibson, Lillian Williams, Masters Elmer, Rich, Alfred Rich, George White, Gordon, Lincoln, Clifford, Wolkling, William Rudolph, Raymond Carson, Richard David, Franklin Shadrach, George Clarke, Wesley Thompson.

WE HANDLE A FINE LINE OF FRESH AND CANNED FRUITS. PHONE US YOUR ORDER. F. G. PRATT & CO., 211 S. SECOND ST. PHONE 46.

TO THOSE WHO WEAR TURN-DOWN COLLARS OUR NEW 20TH CENTURY COLLAR SHAPER OFFERS THE PERFECTION OF COLLAR COMFORT. DOESN'T CRACK THEM, EITHER, AND LETS THE TIE SHIP EASY. IMPERIAL LAUNDRY CO., PHONE 118.

For Sale—Five-Passenger touring car; a bargain: 706 W. Central.

FIRST DEGREE TO BE EXEMPLIFIED

Knights of Columbus to Initiate Class of Candidates Thursday Evening in K. C. Hall.

The first degree of the Knights of Columbus will be exemplified in K. C. hall Thursday evening, the ceremonies commencing at 8 o'clock. Quite a large class of candidates will make the first step towards knighthood in the order. The team which will exemplify the degree has been rehearsing for some time past and the work is expected to be quite impressive. The degree team is composed of the following members: Grand knight, Marcus P. Kelly; deputy grand knight, William A. Kelscher; chancellor, Francis E. Warden; John J. Tierney; music during the intermissions will be furnished by the Columbia choir, consisting of the following members: Joseph B. Scott, organist; Eugene G. Conroy, J. Wallace Rosendell, Herbert Asselin, Bernardo Apodaca, Frank A. McHugh.

Women's Christian Temperance Union to Hold Public Meeting in Elks' Theater Last Sunday of This Month.

In accordance with the universal custom, prevalent in nearly every part of the United States, and in many foreign countries, the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will observe, Sunday, Nov. 28, as "World's Temperance Day." A big temperance rally will be held in the Elks' theater, at which a splendid program will be rendered. At a meeting of the local union, held at the home of Mrs. Porterfield on South Edith street, last and Mrs. Forest Cartwright were appointed as a committee to arrange details for the affair.

Last Tuesday's meeting was one of the most successful held in Albuquerque for several months. The attendance was much larger and much enthusiasm was manifested. Mrs. Vaughn gave an interesting talk on Sunday school temperance which topic was the subject brought before the meeting for discussion. Mrs. Barnes read a well prepared paper on the subject, which was followed by a general discussion of the ladies present. An instrumental solo by Mrs. Porterfield and two vocal duets by Misses Mary and Lorea Leaming were features of the meeting. A number of strangers attended the session, among whom were Mrs. Anna Kent of New Jersey and Mrs. Roe of El Paso.

Portland, Oct. 31.—In the same room where 15 years ago her mother was found dying a suicide, Elaine Lewis, 20 years old, daughter of Leonard Lewis of Russellville, was found today suffering burning pains from carbolic acid taken, it is ascertained, with suicidal intent.

The same physicians who strove in vain to save the mother's life, today preserve that of the daughter. Melancholia is said to have been the cause.

Crane Millinery AND DRESSMAKING 502 W. CENTRAL

Special Reductions on all Trimmed Hats during this week. All the latest shapes and styles included.

MATTHEW HOWELL, 502 West Central Avenue, Albuquerque.

CALL The Matthew Dairy & Supply Co. 4-2-0

1704 N. Fourth st., where milk does not come in contact with the hands until it reaches the consumer. Phone 420 for strictly sanitary milk and cream

LID WAS ON TIGHT AS SNARE DRUM YESTERDAY

EVERY SALOON IN THE COUNTY CLOSED

Soft Drinks at Soda Fountains Popular; Bartenders and Employers of Wet Goods Emporiums Enjoy Vacation.

The lid was on good and tight in Bernalillo county yesterday and those who took a drink of Black and White, Black and Tan, or the amber but that made Milwaukee famous, did so out of private flasks and bottles purchased before sunrise yesterday morning.

A canvass of the saloons in all parts of the county developed the fact that they were closed, back door and front door. No three raps, pause and then two raps, availed the thirsty wanderer. No "high sign" of any kind were recognized by the saloon men. The closing was the result of the order issued by Sheriff Jesus Romero early last week, notifying all saloon keepers that the famous New Mexico Sunday law would be strictly enforced and that violators would be haled to court to suffer the pains and penalties provided for such transgressions.

The soda fountains did a thriving business yesterday. "Cokes" and root beers, considered by many as poor substitutes at best for Scotch highballs and Manhattan cocktails, proved much in demand.

While the enforcement of the law caused some inconvenience to the thirsty, the bartenders and other employees of the saloons enjoyed their enforced vacation. There were those among them who, while they felt a delicacy about being cited for publication, expressed the hope that the sheriff would remain in his present mood to the end that the weekly rest day might become a fixed event in the life of the hard working mixologist.

Many of the saloon men went hunting some of the week-end church, but all of them seemed to have a laudable ambition to keep as far away as possible from the scene of their weekday activities.

Considerable speculation was heard yesterday and last night as to the length of time the lid could be expected to stay on. Some seemed to consider it only a matter of time from which the officers would recover and these predicted an early return to the back door and wide open policy. The general opinion, however, was that the lid is in this time to stay and there were even those who expressed the opinion, in some cases hope, in others fear, that in a few months, saloon doors would not only be closed "on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday," but on the other days of the week commonly called Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

If you want a choice building lot in any part of the city, at original price and on easy terms, inquire for D. K. B. Sellers, owner.

BOMBS HURLED IN CHICAGO

Windows Shattered and Buildings Damaged in Strange Warfare Carried on by Rival Gamblers.

(By Morning Journal Special Licensed Wire) Chicago, Oct. 31.—Bombs were thrown here tonight in the downtown district in buildings occupied by gambling clubs. No one was injured but many windows were broken and store stocks were damaged.

The first bomb exploded soon after 6 o'clock in a building at 260 State street. The other followed 15 minutes later near the corner of Madison and La Salle streets. In the State street building the Empire club is located and in the latter the Worth Jockey club.

For two years bombs have been exploded intermittently in Chicago near gambling houses and race book-makers and clubs. Bombs thrown tonight were the third-second and third-third that have been thrown in what is regarded as a quarrel between syndicates of gamblers.

The State street explosion damaged buildings within a radius of a block and broke hundreds of windows. In the store on the first floor the explosion scattered the stock and broke plate glass windows.

Many buildings were damaged, including the Chicago Automobile club and the Imperial and Inter-Ocean hotels and the Premier theater, a vaudeville house, which was filled with people when the bomb was fired. The explosion frightened the audience and men and women ran to the street in a panic, but no one was hurt. Guests of the La Salle hotel across the street from the Worth Jockey club, were startled by the second shock. The third explosion started guests at the Great Northern hotel, half a block away. No arrests were made.

GIRL FOLLOWS EXAMPLE OF HER SUICIDE MOTHER

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The building of the Arizona & Colorado railroad will open to San Juan county the rich markets south of here and also put the county in closer touch with the balance of the territory. One of the principal drawbacks heretofore has been the slow method of transportation and with the completed valleys of San Juan county will quickly be settled.

Development Enterprises MEET WITH MUCH SUCCESS. Development enterprises in San Juan county were never in so propitious condition. The citizens' ditch is now practically completed, watering some 8,000 acres of fine land on the San Juan river from eight to twelve miles south of Aztec. The soon after people report the state of their hands and that active construction work will start shortly after the first of the new year. Engineers are now running the line of the Illinois ditch, which will reclaim 12,000 acres of land west of Aztec on the Animas river. Work is being rushed on the big reservoir in Colorado to water the land in the La Plata valley, known as the Prowitt pasture, the ditch having been completed. This acreage is over 2,000, and with what the Eden will bring under irrigation aggregates more than 75,000 acres. Cost of water under these projects is from \$15 to \$40 per acre, payable on long time. Compared with water cost in other irrigated sections, the water rights are from one-half to one-third less and the supply of water is abundant.

District court convenes at Aztec on November 8. The docket contains no criminal cases of prominence, it being four years since a murder case has been before Judge McFie. In this juror the law setting district court here one month later, jury duty is not the dreaded ordeal it used to be when court set in the midst of the fruit harvest. Credit for this change is due Representative Walters.

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SIMON STERN

The Central Avenue Clothier

Nothing Starts Your Blood to Circulating these cool mornings like a good American Block Coal fire. We have

The American Block Coal

AZTEC FUEL CO. PHONE 251

BIG APPLE CROP IN SAN JUAN COUNTY THIS YEAR

Fruit Men in Northwest New Mexico Reap Rich Harvest; One Acre of Johathans Nets One Grower, \$1,200.

(Special Correspondence to Morning Journal) Aztec, N. M., Oct. 30.—The greatest apple crop that San Juan county has harvested in some years is now marketed and the results are most gratifying. It is estimated that over 600,000 pounds of winter apples and pears have been shipped from this county in the last month that have been marketed. The citizens' ditch is now practically completed, watering some 8,000 acres of fine land on the San Juan river from eight to twelve miles south of Aztec. The soon after people report the state of their hands and that active construction work will start shortly after the first of the new year. Engineers are now running the line of the Illinois ditch, which will reclaim 12,000 acres of land west of Aztec on the Animas river. Work is being rushed on the big reservoir in Colorado to water the land in the La Plata valley, known as the Prowitt pasture, the ditch having been completed. This acreage is over 2,000, and with what the Eden will bring under irrigation aggregates more than 75,000 acres. Cost of water under these projects is from \$15 to \$40 per acre, payable on long time. Compared with water cost in other irrigated sections, the water rights are from one-half to one-third less and the supply of water is abundant.

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from Fruitland to the La Plata valley. A new townsite company is projected to build towns at the crossings of the San Juan river and in the coal belt. Information comes here that ninety days will see the surveying of this new railroad completed and construction is expected to start immediately thereafter.

"Broadmoor" is the name of the new sub-division of exclusive American five-acre country homes, ready for irrigation, only 1 1/2 miles north of the city. See D. K. B. Sellers for prices and terms.

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