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PRESIDENT TAFT WILL INTERVENE IN MEXICO IF AMERICANS ARE SHOT DOWN MALICIOUSLY.

ANOTHER SALARIES BILL THROWN INTO THE HOPPER TODAY

MEASURE BY SENATOR M'COY IS SAID TO BE THE ONE HAVING THE APPROVAL OF GOVERNOR M'DONALD—IT MATERIALLY REDUCES SALARIES AS COMPARED TO THE OLD GUARD LIST FROM FINANCE COMMITTEE.

STRONG STATE TAX FOR MOTOR CARS IS ENACTED BY THE SENATE

More fuel was added to the fire in the county salaries embroglio this morning when State Senator McCoy introduced what is popularly believed to be the salary measure having the approval of Governor William C. McDonald. The bill was Senate Bill No. 129 and was referred to the committee on finance. Mr. Barth moved that the printing and translation be dispensed with, but Mr. Holt interposed objection. There was no other comment on the measure. The bill is a lengthy one and is a material reduction in salaries for all the important offices and a complete digression from the Old Guard salaries bill as framed in the joint committees on finance. The measure as introduced, is as follows:

Enacted by the Legislature of the State of New Mexico:

Section 1. The several counties in the state are hereby classified as follows:

Those having in the year 1912 an assessed valuation of over four million dollars, as counties of the first class.

Those having in said year an assessed valuation of two and one-half million dollars, and under four million dollars, as counties of the second class.

Those having in said year an assessed valuation of one and three-fourths million dollars and under two and one-half million dollars, as counties of the third class.

Those having in said year an assessed valuation of one million dollars and under one and three-fourths million dollars as counties of the fourth class.

Those having in said year an assessed valuation of less than one million dollars, as counties of the fifth class.

This basis of classification shall remain unchanged during the term for which the present county officers are elected.

Sec. 2. Upon the basis of the foregoing classification the annual salaries of the county officers in the several counties of the state for the terms for which officers were elected, are hereby fixed as follows:

In Counties of the First Class.
County commissioners, \$700 each.
Treasurer and ex-officio collector, \$2,000, which shall include deputies and all other expenses, except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

Assessor, \$3,000, which shall include deputies and all other expenses except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

Sheriff, \$2,500.
One deputy sheriff, \$1,200.
County clerk, \$250.
Probate judge, \$500.
Superintendent of schools, \$1,800.

County surveyor, \$10 per day for each day actually employed under orders by the board of county commissioners, such employment not to exceed 150 days per annum.

In Counties of the Second Class.
County commissioners, \$600 each.
Treasurer and ex-officio collector, \$1,500, which shall include deputies and all other expenses except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

Assessor, \$2,500, which shall include deputies and all other expenses except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

Sheriff, \$2,500.
One deputy sheriff, \$1,200.
County clerk, \$250.
Probate judge, \$500.
Superintendent of school, \$1,600.

County surveyor, \$10 per day for each day actually employed under orders by the board of county commissioners, such employment not to exceed 150 days per annum.

In Counties of the Third Class.
County commissioners, \$500 each.
Treasurer and ex-officio collector, \$1,250, which shall include deputies and all other expenses except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

Assessor, \$1,750, which shall include deputies and all other expenses except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

STEAMER SINKS OFF ANGEL ISLAND

San Francisco, Calif., Feb. 14.—The river steamer Seminole and H. J. Corcoran, the former with some forty passengers, came together in a heavy fog on the bay today and both turned turtle. There was no loss of life. The Seminole's passengers and crew were taken off by steamers called to her aid by whistles and the Corcoran's crew also escaped before the boat turned over. It was first reported the Seminole had gone down. The wreck was found later, however, bottom side up with an anchor dropped when she upset, holding her against the tide.

San Francisco, Feb. 14.—The river steamer Seminole, plying between this city and Sacramento, was sunk off Angel Island in San Francisco bay this morning, in a collision with the river steamer H. J. Corcoran. No loss of life was reported. The Corcoran also was badly damaged. The collision occurred during a heavy fog.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

SENATE.
Resumed debate on army appropriation bill.
District of Columbia appropriation bill approved.
Intestate commerce commission considered railroad valuation bill.
River and harbor appropriation bill reported.

HOUSE.
Considered private pension bills.
Southwestern traffic subject of shipping trust investigation.
Territories committee heard Alaskan plea for legislation permitting entrymen to prove coal claims in court.
Passed diplomatic and consular appropriation bill carrying \$3,764,442.
Began debate on annual pension appropriation bill, carrying \$180,300,000.

WILSON'S GUARD IS DOUBLED, BUT WHY?

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 14.—The guard of secret service men with President-elect Wilson was doubled today. Two operatives have been with the governor constantly since election day.

The reason for the sudden increase was not divulged.

RECEPTION MONDAY AT EXECUTIVE MANSION.

Governor and Mrs. William C. McDonald will hold a public reception from 3 to 5 p. m., Monday, February 17, in honor of Vice President-elect and Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall.

NORMENT AT THE HEAD NEW MEXICO BOOSTERS ARE ORGANIZED.

CREED OF THE ASSOCIATED COMMERCIAL CLUBS OF NEW MEXICO.
We believe in the GREATER Commonwealth of New Mexico.
We believe in the POWER of her Manhood and in the glory of her womanhood and in the future of her boys and girls.

We believe in the fertility of New Mexico's soil and its ability to support thousands of other farmers in addition to those who have already been enriched by its products.

We believe in the mineral wealth of New Mexico and we believe that untold riches still hide in her beautiful mountains to be found and developed by generations yet to come.

We believe in the inexhaustible supply of New Mexico's coal as a potential creator of power for manufacturers.

We believe in the climate of New Mexico and want the world to know of its life-giving power.

We believe in the value of publicity as an aid to the development of the wonderful resources of the state.

We believe that the state should establish and maintain a bureau of immigration, investigation and publicity that the knowledge of the wonderful resources of the state of New Mexico shall be spread into every corner of the earth.

We believe in the value of commercial clubs to the city, state and nation, through the development of the business of the individual citizen, and will do all we can to increase the number and effectiveness of such clubs in the state of New Mexico.

We believe in the value to the individual, to the club and to the state of a closer affiliation of all the commercial clubs of the state and will do all we can to promote the welfare of the Associated Commercial Clubs of New Mexico.

"I have not sought this honor, but it has been tendered to me I pledge my best efforts for the development of the state of New Mexico, and the advancement of all the interests which may make this state greater in every sense."

Thus spoke J. W. Norment, well known resident of Santa Fe, following his election last night as president of the "New Mexico League of Commercial Organizations."

ALL ENGLAND PAYS FINAL TRIBUTE

KING GEORGE AND NOTABLES ATTEND MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR LATE CAPT. SCOTT AND HIS HEROIC BAND.

London, Feb. 14.—The British nation today paid its last sad respects to the memory of Captain Robert E. Scott and his companions, who died in the colds of the antarctic after reaching the south pole.

A great memorial service was held in the cathedral of St. Paul, in the center of the metropolis. It was attended by people of every walk in life, from King Edward, in the uniform of an admiral of the fleet, down to common laborers.

The king, surrounded by a brilliantly uniformed staff, occupied a seat beneath a great dome. The other parts of the cathedral were filled by the general public to the fullest extent of the accommodations.

Only a few seats had been reserved for the royal party, which comprised representatives of Queen Mother Alexandra and of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Premier Asquith, with all the cabinet ministers, was present as were many members of the foreign diplomatic corps, including Irwin M. Laughlin, secretary of the United States embassy and Commander Synington, American naval attaché.

Hours before noon, the time set for the singing of the hymn "Rock of Ages," the police began regretfully to turn away thousands who could not get within view of the doors of the cathedral.

The service was simple. It included the playing of the dead march from "Saul," in which the great cathedral organ was accompanied by a military band. The service concluded with the hymn "Jesus, Lover of My Soul." In the closing collects the names of the five dead explorers were included.

RESCUE PARTY DENOUNCED.

Christ Church, New Zealand, Feb. 14.—Intense bitterness prevails among sections of the members of the late Captain Robert F. Scott's antarctic expedition over the failure of the rescue party to push vigorously south on their march to the relief of the explorers who had been to the south pole. The belief is expressed that Captain Scott, Dr. Edward A. Wilson and Lieutenant H. R. Bowers, the last three to die, could have been saved.

ed if this had been done. The relations between Commander R. G. R. Evans and Dr. Edward L. Atkinson are said to have been very much strained.

Some of the survivors say that Petty Officer Evans became insane owing to the privations he had undergone and was occasionally very violent. He declined to help pull a sledge and his condition became so serious that he had to be carried.

Captain Scott's reference in his notes to an unaccountable shrinkage of fuel at the depots surprises the supporting parties, who deny that they made any undue use of it.

SUFFRAGETTES BLEW UP A "GOLD MINE"

Birmingham, Eng., Feb. 14.—Militant suffragettes dropped a bottle containing an explosive into the letter box of the inland revenue office here today. An explosion and a fire resulted. The box contained \$25,000 in paper money. Most of this was rescued.

Among a number of suffragettes in the police court today charged with smashing shop windows last evening was Miss Zelle Emerson, an American woman. She was sentenced to jail for six weeks in default of paying a fine.

Miss Emerson led the raiders in company with Sylvia Pankhurst, who was sentenced to two months' imprisonment. A police inspector declared that Miss Emerson played football with his cap, kicked him in the shins and punched his face.

In reply the young woman declared that the policeman pinched her and that she acted in self-defense.

ENFORCE RULE AGAINST ALL LOBBYISTS

Denver, Colo., Feb. 14.—Fourteen women, wives of striking miners at La Fayette, visited the state house today for the announced purpose of requesting the legislative committee, recently appointed to investigate conditions in the northern Colorado coal fields, to visit La Fayette at once to begin the inquiry. Just before the delegation reached the state house that body, on motion of Representative Simpson, voted to enforce the rules against "lobbyists." Under this rule the women were admitted to the floor of the house but were compelled to occupy seats in the rear of the hall and not allowed to mingle with the members. According to a house official, this is the first time this rule has been enforced.

Consideration of the report of the rules committee, making all bills creating new counties special order for 11 o'clock each morning, was postponed indefinitely. The effect of this action is to tie up all such bills unless the house later votes to reconsider its action. Inasmuch as yesterday was the last day for action in the Las Animas county contest involving the seats of representatives of W. W. Boyle and John Mayer and none was taken, the contests were killed.

WORRIED OVER DEED, GAVE SELF UP

Billings, Mont., Feb. 14.—Declaring that he had killed a Mexican in southeastern Wyoming last summer and wished to be taken back to answer to the charge, a man giving his name as W. E. Poer, walked into the police station today and gave himself up. He declared the killing was in self-defense and that he fired the shot only after the Mexican had threatened to kill him. Poer gave as his reason for fleeing that he was frightened after he had done the shooting, not even waiting to see if the man was dead. He learned later, he said, that his bullet had been fatal. He said the killing took place on a ranch sixty miles from Evanston, Wyo., last June.

AUTO BANDITS USED TODAY

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 14.—Their faces singed with powder and their uniforms perforated by revolver bullets, two policemen managed today to arrest three members of a band of five alleged automobile bandits. The two others, one of them a woman, were betrayed by the prisoners, according to the police, and are now being sought.

The three prisoners gave the names of Ben Hamilton, a chauffeur; George Johnson and Frank Smith. When arrested they shot at the officers, but surrendered under the hot fire. The prisoners are said to have used an automobile to aid in a number of robberies and hold-ups.

KILLING BY ACCIDENT IS NOT DEEMED CAUSE FOR LANDING TROOPS

SIXTH DAY OF TERRIFIC DUEL IN WHAT WAS ONCE MEXICO'S BEAUTIFUL CAPITAL SHOWS THAT MADERO AND DIAZ ARE WORKING DOGGEDLY AND GRIMLY FOR SUPREMACY

MANY MEXICANS ARE PRAYING FOR INTERVENTION TO END WAR

MEXICAN WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

Friday, Feb. 14, saw the rebels opening the sixth day of the battle in the City of Mexico. They started early—5:45 a. m.

President Madero sent an ultimatum to Felix Diaz who replies with steel "words" from his biggest throated guns.

At 7 a. m. the firing rolls into a steady fusillade. A constant stream of refugees is noticed; many are carrying bundles. Diaz informs Ambassador Wilson that he is in complete control of the city and asks the United States to recognize him as a belligerent. Mr. Wilson replies that he can not settle that matter himself and that he is assured by Madero that he, Madero, is in control.

At 9 a. m. the rebel gunners turn away from the national palace to the federal batteries near the British legation.

The cruiser Denver returns to Acapulco port, because of intense animosity toward Americans.

Five days' battling in the City of Mexico is making even Mexicans talk of intervention.

Conditions in Mexico City are steadily growing worse—as might be expected with clouds of cannon balls and bullets over head.

The general postoffice closes its doors.

Mrs. Greenfield, a Canadian, is killed. She is the third foreign woman shot down this week.

The federals are ready to dynamite four solid blocks east of the rebel position.

Up to noon today no appreciable gain is made by federals or rebels. Both Madero and Diaz seem to realize it is a death struggle.

Madero receives more reinforcements.

President Taft is determined to keep "hands off" Mexico unless Americans are attacked because they are Americans.

In case of intervention 5,000 sailors and marines would be sent to Mexico City as a "legation guard."

Ambassador Wilson finds it difficult to get Americans to leave the danger zone so fascinating is the war game.

Banking is paralyzed in Mexico City.

General Rivera is on his way from Oaxaca with 900 federal soldiers to aid Madero.

President Taft is "disturbed" over the report that communication between Mexico and the United States might be cut off, making the condition resemble that of foreigners penned up in Peking, China.

WAR BULLETINS.

(Received at 3 p. m. Today.)
Mexico City, Feb. 14.—United States Ambassador Wilson today was twice requested by Pedro Lascurain, the Mexican foreign minister, to move the American embassy to another location. The ambassador refused to consider the suggestion. The object of the Mexican government's desire to move the American embassy is to permit the federal troops to place their cannon in a position which would draw the rebel fire from the arsenal directly in line with the embassy.

A great number of residences occupied by American citizens would thus be endangered.

Despite the refusal of the ambassador to move, it is understood that federal batteries are being placed there.

Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—The federal government gave a general order to cease firing at 20 minutes past two o'clock. General Jose Maria de la Vega, commanding one division of the Maderista forces, says that the government troops have been unable to advance.

Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—The private house of President Madero, situated at the corner of Liverpool and Berlin streets, was burning at 2 o'clock this afternoon. At that hour the artillery firing was only casual.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—The Belgian and Cuban ministers in Mexico City have been driven from their embassies by the artillery fire. The news reached here in a brief dispatch from Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson, who did not say where they had taken refuge.

Rebels Open Battle.
Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—The rebels opened the battle today at a quarter to six when they started firing in the direction of the federal concentration point. It had been expected that the federals would attack first.

President Madero this morning sent an ultimatum to Felix Diaz demanding his surrender, and the reply came in the shape of a number of cannon balls from the insurgent's biggest guns.

The first salvo from the rebel lines was followed quickly by a series of others in rapid succession. Then the machine guns and rifles began their

whir and patter, the fire being concentrated where government troops were gathering. The federal guns did not delay in making vigorous reply.

By 7 o'clock the firing had rolled into a steady fusillade. All around the arsenal the flash of field guns and the quick fire of rifles was incessant. A constant stream of refugees, most of them Mexican citizens, was observed carrying bundles and scurrying to the suburbs from the densely populated district between the arsenal and the National palace as soon as the firing became intense.

Diaz this morning asked for a recognition as a belligerent by the United States government, in a formal note to Ambassador Wilson, stating he was in complete control of the city. Ambassador Wilson replied promptly to the rebel leader, explaining that while Diaz's statement might be correct, his own eye was untrained in army affairs, and he was not able to see the situation as Diaz explained it. He added that he was assured by President Madero that the government remained in control.

Two federal batteries of five guns each, stationed near the British legation, poured a constant stream of shell onto the arsenal. Another federal battery posted on San Juan del Tran street joined in.

At about nine o'clock the rebel gunners turned their attack away from the National palace and on to the federal batteries near the British legation, from which the government gunners were pounding them unmercifully.

DENVER PUTS BACK.
Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—Because of intense anti-American feeling at Acapulco, Mexico, the cruiser Denver, has been turned back into that port to protect Americans and other foreigners until the cruiser South Dakota puts into port there Sunday.

INTERVENTION TALK.
Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—Five days of fighting in the streets of the capital has, in the opinion of those closely in touch with the situation, done more to change the sentiment of Mexico in regard to intervention than the whole two-year period of revolution.

Months ago a quiet feeling began to develop among a few of the better class of Mexicans in favor of the outside assistance, but it found no public expression at that time. This sentiment has steadily grown, however, and the events of the last few days have strengthened it tremendously.

(Continued on page three).

(Continued on page eight).

Removal Notice

THE WINTER GROCERY CO.

Have now taken possession of their new quarters formerly occupied by TOWNSEND'S.

WINTER GROCERY CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Flour Hay, Grain, Potatoes and Salt.

Sole Agents For INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD.

ALFALFA SEED. All kinds of flowers, garden & field seeds in bulk and packages

The only exclusive grain house in Santa Fe

Phone Black 45 LEO HERSCH Phone Black 45

Coal Wood

SAWED WOOD

DAWSON COAL

Domestic Lump Fancy Lump Fancy Egg

"BUY IT OF CRICHTON."

Phone One Double O J.

V. SPARKS, THE RELIABLE

ELECTRICAL LIGHTING and FIXTURE WORK

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Have Your House Wired While You Can HAVE IT DONE AT COST.

Percolators, Grills, Irons, Etc.

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NEW MEXICO MILITARY INSTITUTE

ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

"The West Point of the Southwest. Ranked as 'Distinguished Institution' by the U. S. War Department.

Located in the beautiful Pecos Valley 3,700 feet above sea level, sunshine every day. Open air work throughout the entire session. Conditions for physical and mental development are IDEAL—such as cannot be found elsewhere in America. Fourteen officers and instructors, all graduates from standard Eastern colleges. Ten buildings, modern in every respect.

Regents—
E. A. CAHOON, President.
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JOHN W. FOLEY, Secretary.
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For particulars and illustrated catalogue, address.

COL. JAS. W. WILLSON, Supt.

ONE DOSE MAKES INDIGESTION GO

All stomach distress quickly ended with "Pape's Diapepsin."

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you mustn't injure it with drastic drugs.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in giving relief; it's harmless; it's certain unfailing action in regulating sick, sour, gassy stomachs. It's millions of cures in indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis and other stomach troubles has made it famous the world over.

Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large fifty-cent case from any drug store and then if anyone should eat something which doesn't agree with them; if what they eat lays like lead, ferments and sours and forms gas; causes headache, dizziness and nausea; eructations of acid and undigested food—remember as soon as Pape's Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's promptness, certainty and ease in overcoming the worst stomach disorders is a revelation to those who try it.

A BACHELOR'S HONEYMOON IS ON THE WAY

Concerning "A Bachelor's Honeymoon," which appears at the Elks theatre next Thursday night, February 20, the Omaha, Neb., World-Herald has the following to say:

At the Brandaes, for the first half of the week, "A Bachelor's Honeymoon" is being presented. The offering is a farce exceptionally funny and rich in humorous situations which follow each other in rapid succession. Last night's audience was laughingly elated over the comedy.

The leading character of the play, and one portrayed with mirth exciting cleverness by Leon A. Gilson, is the widower, Benjamin Bachelor. He has a devoted sister, Minerva, rigidly bent on keeping him out of trouble. It is a role that, being handled capably by Caroline Flournoy, is full of quaint absurdity.

Benjamin has two daughters who are under the care of the devoted sister. While they are away at the seashore their father marries an actress who is not aware that he has chick or child. This role of the alluring and capricious bride is charmingly played by Miss Rose Almsworth. Learning that her husband had daughters, the bride is not a bit flattered. All sorts of absurd complications arise.

The sister must not be told that Benjamin has married again and least of all, that he has married an actress, or Benjamin will be cut off from the fortune of his father who made one of the conditions of his inheritance that he should not marry again. The bride is an actress of note and the papers and her theatrical manager have taken up the affair; a detective is sent to the home of Benjamin Bachelor who denies that he has married and introduces his bride to his sister as a governess. More trouble comes at this time and in punishment for the affair Minerva, the moral guardian of the children, demands that her brother marry the woman he has brought to his home, in order to prevent further trouble and scandal. So, after all, the honeymoon ends happily.

The comedy is well staged, spiritedly acted, and so swift in producing laughs that no wonder last night's audience was cordially demonstrative.

WILL TRY TO LAND SCHOOL

Cloudercroft, N. M., Feb. 14.—There was a meeting of the Business Men's association Tuesday night for the purpose of working up greater enthusiasm over the Cloudercroft weekly, the first issue of which will come out Friday or Saturday. Thomas Danley, editor and owner, discussed advertising with the business men of the city and they were lined up for advertising in the first issue. The county high school proposition was again discussed and it was decided to oppose Alamogordo in the election March 29th. By voting against Alamogordo in this election and voting her down another town will have the privilege of having an election called. Cloudercroft's application will no doubt be the next one considered and we feel sure that we can land the school.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MARSHALLS TO BE WELCOMED WARMLY

LEGISLATIVE SUB-COMMITTEE'S REPORT IS ANNOUNCED GIVING DETAILS OF ENTERTAINMENT OF DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

Vice-President-elect and Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall will be welcomed warmly to the capital of New Mexico Sunday.

The full details of the entertainment of the distinguished visitors are contained in the following report of the legislative sub-committee to the joint committee of the house and senate which was read this morning: "Your sub-committee appointed to make arrangements for the entertainment of Vice President-elect Marshall on his visit to the city of Santa Fe, begs leave to report as follows:

"That the committee has decided to notify Governor Marshall that in its judgment the time will be too short for him to stop in Albuquerque, but to proceed to Lamy by Santa Fe train No. 2 where a special train from Santa Fe will meet him, and the entire committee on reception designated, will meet him there to escort him to Santa Fe. Adjutant General Brooks accompanied by Professor Wagner of the Santa Fe schools, and the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives, together with such persons as desire to go, will leave Santa Fe on the morning train and proceed to Albuquerque there to meet our guest and escort him to Lamy.

"The adjutant general is also requested to secure as many members as possible of the governor's staff to accompany this committee.

"The committee from the house of representatives and of the senate, to be appointed by the presiding officers thereof, to meet Vice President-elect Marshall at Lamy, together with all other persons who desire to accompany them, will proceed to Lamy at 3:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon to meet the arrival of Santa Fe train No. 2 at that place.

"On the arrival of Vice President-elect Marshall in Santa Fe, he will proceed to the governor's mansion, and it is requested that the members of the various committees heretofore appointed, call upon him at or near the hour of 8:30 Sunday evening to pay their respects to him and Mrs. Marshall.

"Monday morning at 9 or 9:30 o'clock as hereafter to be determined, a committee from the Chamber of Commerce of the city of Santa Fe will arrange an automobile trip about the city of Santa Fe and will take Mr. and Mrs. Marshall in charge for this trip. At the end of the trip the guests will return to the governor's mansion where they will be met by the committee from the senate and house of representatives and escorted to the hall of the house of representatives, where at eleven o'clock sharp there will be a joint assembly of the two houses held for the purpose of hearing Governor Marshall. At twelve o'clock sharp, a committee to be appointed by the Scottish Rite Masons, assembled in the city, will take the vice president-elect in charge and he will be entertained at the Masonic temple from that hour until shortly before two o'clock in order to meet the Scottish Rite Masons in the city and their visitors. Immediately after two o'clock, a committee appointed by the Indiana reunion association will escort the governor from the Masonic temple to the hall of the house of representatives where an Indiana reunion will be held from two to three o'clock. At three o'clock the guests will return to the governor's mansion where they will be entertained by the Governor and Mrs. McDonald until the time for departure at 6:30 o'clock Monday evening.

"All members of the committee are hereby notified to take notice of these arrangements and to be present at the proper time and places to perform their duties in connection with this entertainment.

"It is desired that every person who intends to go to Lamy on the morning or afternoon train to meet Vice President-elect Marshall and Mrs. Marshall, should notify Adjutant General Brooks at his office this evening or at least during tomorrow. It is further earnestly requested by the sub-committee, that every one, whether on the committee or not, every citizen and every member of the legislature be present to see Vice President-elect Marshall and Mrs. Marshall leave at the time of their departure on the train at 6:30 Monday evening."

PANAMA CANAL MAY OPEN UP SOUTHWEST

Just what effect the Panama canal will have on the western slope and the southwest, of course, is not known. But it does look as though thousands of industrious foreigners may be brought to New Mexico to make this empire blossom with productivity.

So declared Levi A. Hughes, the prominent Santa Fean who has just returned from a prolonged sojourn in southern California. Mr. Hughes spent some time in La Jolla, just outside of San Diego, the "harbor of the Sun," which is the latest port of call for ships on their way to the Orient and the first American seaport to be touched by ships coming from the

Blood Bath Knocks Rheumatism

Remarkable Effects of a Remedy That Actually Irrigates the Entire Blood Supply.



It sounds queer to take a blood bath but that is precisely the effect of a most remarkable remedy known as S. S. S. It has the peculiar action of soaking through the intestines directly into the blood. In five minutes its influence is at work in every artery, vein and tiny capillary. Every membrane, every organ of the body, every emunctory becomes in effect a filter to strain the blood of impurities. The stimulating properties of S. S. S. compel the skin, liver, bowels, kidneys, bladder to all work to the end of casting out every irritating, every pain-inflicting atom of poison. It dissolves by irrigation all accumulations in the joints, dissolves acid accretions, renders them neutral and scatters those peculiar formations in the nerve centers that cause such mystifying and often baffling rheumatic pains.

And best of all, this remarkable remedy is welcome to the weakest stomach, because it is a pure vegetable infusion, is taken naturally into your blood just as pure air is inhaled naturally into your lungs.

The great Swift Laboratory has spent millions of dollars in perfecting, producing and placing in the hands of the public this wonderful remedy. So give your blood a good bath with S. S. S., for it knocks the worst forms of rheumatism every time.

You can get it at any drug store at \$1.00 a bottle. It is a standard remedy, recognized everywhere as the greatest blood specific ever discovered. If yours is a peculiar case and you desire expert advice, write to The Swift Specific Co., 127 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Orient and bound for the canal.

"I have heard it stated in San Diego that steamship companies in Europe are already advertising that they will give the same rate to the Pacific slope as to New York city, with the addition merely of the Panama canal toll. That offer may mean the bringing of hundreds of thousands of immigrants to the Pacific slope and thence to the southwest," said Mr. Hughes. "And I do think that many of these immigrants will prove good, industrious, able people, who can take an acre or two of land and make a living. We all know of the wonderful thrift of the tillers of the soil who hail from either southern Italy or southern Germany. We know how Germans make profitable vineyards on the rocky banks of the Rhine, for instance, carrying rich earth in baskets."

Mr. Hughes stated that there is great activity in real estate in southern California—almost too great, for a fifty foot lot at La Jolla is held for \$7,500. "That does not include the improvements," said Mr. Hughes, smiling.

Mrs. Hughes and the children will remain for some weeks at La Jolla which is an admirable place for rest and recreation, said Mr. Hughes.

Are You a Seller?—An advertisement in the classified columns of the New Mexican will put your real estate on the market effectively. It will put the facts of your property before the eyes of all possible buyers.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

THE LENTEN SEASON IS HERE!

We are fully prepared to answer satisfactorily all your wants—

LOOK THIS LIST OVER CAREFULLY:

SARDINES, Imported and Domestic.

BISMARCK HERRING in the can. CLAMS, CLAM CHOWDER, CLAM JUICE, MINCED CLAMS.

CRAB MEAT, DEVILED CRABS.

KIPPERED HERRING, YARMOUTH BLOATER, CAVIAR, LOBSTER.

FRESH MACKEREL, MILCHER HERRING.

CHEESE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

FRESH FISH Wednesdays & Fridays

OYSTERS

Modern Grocery Co.

WASH 7 DAY THINGS



YOU WON'T GET "PINCHED" WHEN YOU BUY YOUR HARDWARE FROM US. WE SQUEEZE OUR PRICES DOWN WHEN WE MARK OUR GOODS.

WE DON'T WANT TO MAKE A TUB FULL OF MONEY THE FIRST TIME YOU DEAL WITH US. WE PREFER THE SLOW, SURE, HONEST METHOD OF FILLING OUR TUB WITH MANY LITTLE DROPS.

WOOD-DAVIS HARDWARE COMPANY.

Phone 14. If Its Hardware We Have It, suoud '31

LIGHT

IN THESE DAYS OF MODERN METHODS, Electricity plays a most important part. The grandfather would be amazed at the radiance of the modern home—and why all this light? To make the home more homelike—to make the home the most pleasant spot on earth for father, mother and children. Good light that is easy on the eyes is very much to be desired.

POWER

NOTHING IS QUITE SO CONVENIENT as to touch the button and your stove is ready to cook—your iron ready to use, your toaster ready for the hurried breakfast, your vacuum cleaner ready for the fray, your washer ready to cleanse, fan ready to cool the heated rooms. Electricity will do every thing for you. We furnish it at reasonable rates, day and night. Estimates and full information cheerfully given.

SANTA FE WATER & LIGHT CO.

CAPITAL COAL YARD

PHONE 85 MAIN.

Coal WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

SWASTIKA LUMP FACTORY WOOD
CERRILLOS LUMP SAWED WOOD
STEAM COAL CORD WOOD

ANTHRACITE COAL, ALL SIZES.

Montezuma Avenue, near A., T. & S. F. Railroad Depot.

BARTELDES' SEEDS

WESTERN SEEDS FOR WESTERN PLANTERS

ONCE USED, ALWAYS USED!

If not at your Dealers We Will Supply Direct

OUR 1913 CATALOGUE FREE.

Our Specialty—Dry Farming Seeds

THE BARTELDES SEED CO.,

Box 1804, Department G, . . . Denver, Colorado.

Hay and Grain

Wholesale and Retail We Buy and Sell for Cash. We Will Save You Money on Your Feed Bills. Let us have a Trial Order and Convince You.

THE SANTA FE HAY AND GRAIN CO.

M. O'CONNELL, Manager.

Phone 214 J 116 GALISTEO STREET.

ANOTHER SALARIES BILL THROWN INTO THE HOPPER TODAY.

(Continued from page one).

The first class not to exceed ——— dollars, and in counties of the second class at a total cost not to exceed ——— dollars.

Provided, Further, That, during the term of the district court in all counties of the third, fourth and fifth classes, such deputy sheriffs as may be deemed necessary by the district judge for the proper conduct of the business of the court during such term may be appointed by the sheriff and their compensation shall be fixed by an order of said district judge not to exceed the sum of ——— dollars.

Provided, Further, That wherever, by this act, expenditures for clerk and deputy hire are authorized, all amounts so authorized to be expended shall be used exclusively for the payment of compensation of the clerks and deputies actually employed and for no other purpose, and no allowance shall be made therefor, except upon the sworn statement of the officer in whose office such additional clerks and deputies are actually necessary for the proper conduct of his office and that the amount claimed for the compensation of such clerks and deputies has been actually agreed to be paid by him to them. And also upon the sworn statement of such clerks and deputies that they have actually rendered the services for which compensation is claimed and that the compensation so claimed is the amount agreed to be paid them for their services.

Sec. 3. All traveling expenses actually and necessarily incurred by sheriffs and the deputies while engaged in the service of criminal process issued out of the supreme court or a district court, or when issued by a justice of the peace in the state, if the issuance thereof is approved in writing by the district attorney or his assistant, including the employment and necessary traveling expenses of guards authorized by law to be employed, and the necessary traveling expenses of prisoners, shall be paid by the respective counties in behalf of which same may be incurred. The actual expenses incurred in or about the service of civil process in behalf of county or state, shall likewise be paid and the actual expenses incurred in or about the service of all other civil processes shall likewise be paid when the fees for service and mileage provided by law shall have been actually paid to the sheriff and shall have been accounted for by him. Such expenses shall be paid only upon the rendition of itemized sworn accounts filed in the county clerk's office, approved by the county commissioners and district judge. In the discretion of the district judge such expenses may also be paid when incurred in the attempt to discover or arrest any person charged with a felony, but only upon the rendition of like sworn accounts filed as aforesaid and approved in writing by the district judge. Upon approval of all such expense accounts warrants covering same shall be drawn by the county commissioners upon the county treasurer payable from the county salary fund, hereinafter created.

Sec. 4. The compensation of county jailers shall be as follows:

In counties of the first class, not to exceed \$900 per annum.

In counties of the second class, not to exceed \$725 per annum.

In counties of the third class, not to exceed \$600 per annum.

In counties of the fourth class, not to exceed \$400 per annum.

In counties of the fifth class, not to exceed \$2 per day.

The compensation of jail guards shall not exceed \$2.00 per day.

The county jailer and jail guard or guards shall be appointed by and shall be under the supervision and control of the sheriff.

Within the aforesaid limits, the compensation of the jailer and of each guard or guards as may be necessary shall be fixed by the county commissioners, and shall be paid out of the Current Expense fund.

PROVIDED, No jail guard shall be appointed except upon order of the district judge.

PROVIDED, Further, The county commissioners and probate judges in all counties shall be allowed actual traveling expenses in attending meetings of their respective boards, when residence is away from the county seat. Such expenses shall be paid only upon the rendition of sworn itemized statements covering same.

PROVIDED, Further, The county school superintendents in all counties shall be allowed actual traveling expenses in visiting the several school districts of their respective counties, but such traveling expenses shall not exceed the sum of \$300 in any one year, and shall be paid only upon the rendition of sworn itemized statements covering the same, out of the general county school fund of such counties.

Sec. 5. For feeding prisoners the sheriffs in the respective counties shall be paid the following amounts:

Where the number of prisoners shall not exceed five, 75 cents for each prisoner for each day;

Where the number of prisoners exceeds five, but does not exceed ten, 50 cents for each prisoner for each day;

Where the number of prisoners exceeds ten, 40 cents for each prisoner for each day.

PROVIDED, No account for such purpose shall be paid unless the same are fully itemized and verified and approved by the board of county commissioners.

Sec. 6. No county officer shall receive for his own use any salary, fees or emoluments other than as hereinabove prescribed.

Provided, The board of county commissioners of the several counties in the state shall provide the several county officers with all necessary stationery, postage and office supplies, the actual cost thereof to be paid out of the current expense fund.

Sec. 7. All county officers shall respectively charge and collect all fees, commissions, mileage, and per diem heretofore and now, or which hereafter may be, authorized by law to be charged and collected for official services rendered by them, and shall keep an accurate, itemized account thereof, and on or before the tenth day of each month pay the same over to the county treasurer of their respective counties, accompanying such remittance by a verified copy of the itemized account covered thereby. All such county officers shall in like manner account for and pay over to the county treasurer of their respective counties all such fees, commissions, mileage and per diem heretofore earned and hereafter collected, for official services rendered by them from the respective dates when they qualified as such officers. Within thirty days from the passage of this act they shall likewise account for any pay over all such fees, commissions, mileage and per diem which may have been or may be turned over to the state treasurer shall be forthwith paid over by said

to exceed \$400 per annum.

In counties of the fifth class, not to exceed \$2 per day.

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CARDUI WORKED LIKE A CHARM

After Operation Failed to Help, Cardui Worked Like a Charm.

Jonesville, S. C.—"I suffered with womanly trouble," writes Mrs. J. S. Kendrick, in a letter from this place, "and at times, I could not bear to stand on my feet. The doctor said I would never be any better, and that I would have to have an operation, or I would have a cancer."

I went to the hospital and they operated on me, but I got no better. They said medicine would do me no good, and I thought I would have to die.

At last I tried Cardui, and began to improve, so I continued using it. Now, I am well, and can do my own work. I don't feel any pains.

Cardui worked like a charm." There must be merit in this purely vegetable, tonic remedy, for women—Cardui—for it has been in successful use for more than 50 years, for the treatment of womanly weakness and disease.

Please try it, for your troubles. N. B.—Write for Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

cardion or corporation, manufacturing or dealing in motor vehicles may, instead of registering each vehicle, apply for a dealer's license, which shall be in form as provided by the secretary of state and shall be a permit allowing the manufacturer or dealer to drive or exhibit motor vehicles on the streets or highways. Such manufacturer or dealer shall have attached to the rear of each vehicle a plate or card of the same size as the number plate, bearing the name of the person, firm or corporation, and the word dealer. Fee for a dealer's license shall be twelve (\$12) dollars per annum. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to a motor vehicle operated by a manufacturer or dealer for private use, or for hire.

Sec. 7. The provisions of this act, relative to registration and the display of registration numbers, shall not apply to a motor vehicle owned by a non-resident of this state, provided such vehicle bears the number and initials of some other state and does not remain in this state more than sixty days.

Sec. 8. No owner of a motor vehicle who shall have obtained a number and registration, as provided in this act, shall be required to obtain any other certificate to use or operate such motor vehicle on any of the public highways of this state, and no motor vehicle shall bear any other number or license other than as provided for in this act. Provided incorporated cities, towns and villages may pass ordinances providing regulations for the operation of motor vehicles, and may require owners residents of such cities, towns and villages to register their state numbers in the office of the city, town, or village clerk, but such registration fee shall not exceed fifty cents per annum.

Sec. 9. Upon the sale or transfer of a motor vehicle, registered in accordance with this act, the vendor shall immediately give notice thereof, with the name and residence of the vendee, to the secretary of state. Upon the filing of such statement, and the payment of a fee of one dollar by the vendee, the secretary of state shall note such change of ownership upon the registration book or index, and the vendee shall be allowed to use such license and number until expiration.

Sec. 10. Every motor vehicle operated or driven upon the streets or public highways of this state shall be provided with adequate brakes in good working order, and sufficient to control such vehicle at all times, and a suitable bell, horn or other signaling device, and shall during the period from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise display at least two lighted lamps on the front, and one on the rear of such vehicle. Every person operating or driving a motor vehicle on the public highways shall also, when approaching an intersection or cross-road or when passing another vehicle, herds of cattle, horses, sheep or goats, slow down to at least ten miles per hour, and shall signal in such manner as to give warning of his approach.

Sec. 11. A person operating or driving a motor vehicle shall on signal by raising the hand, from a person riding, leading or driving a horse or horses or other animals, bring such motor vehicle to a stop, and if traveling in the opposite direction remain stationary so long as may be reasonable to allow such person to pass, and if traveling in the same direction use reasonable caution in passing.

Sec. 12. Whenever a person driving or operating a motor vehicle shall meet in a public highway any other vehicle, such person shall turn to the right of the center of the road a reasonable distance so as to permit passing without interference. Whenever any such person operating a motor vehicle shall overtake any other vehicle he shall pass such vehicle on the left hand side. Any person operating a motor vehicle shall, at the intersection of public highways, keep to the right of the intersection of the centers of such highways when turning to the right and pass to the right of such

Sec. 13. Upon receipt of an application for registration of a motor vehicle, as provided in section two, the secretary of state shall file such application in his office and register such motor vehicle with the name and address of the owner, together with the facts stated in such application, in a book or index to be kept for the purpose, under the distinctive number assigned to such motor vehicle by the secretary of state. Such records, books or index, shall be open to public inspection during reasonable business hours.

Sec. 14. The following fees shall be paid to the secretary of state upon the registration or re-registration of a motor vehicle in accordance with the provisions of this act:

Less than twelve horse power. \$ 2.00
Twelve horse power and less than twenty horse power. 4.00
Twenty horse power and less than thirty horse power. 6.00
Thirty horse power and less than forty horse power. 8.00
Forty horse power and less than fifty horse power. 10.00
Fifty horse power or more. 12.00

Such fees shall be for annual registration, and all licenses shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of each year, provided that any application received and registered after July first of any year shall be one-half of the fee as fixed by this act.

SPORTING NEWS

DIVE INTO OCEAN TAKES PRETTY GIRL FROM \$10 A WEEK TO STAGE AT \$500.

ACCIDENT TOOK VIVIAN MARSHALL FROM STENOGRAPHER'S JOB TO THAT OF VAUDEVILLE STAR AT INCREASE OF 50 TIMES THE SALARY.



Seattle, Wash., Feb. 14.—Last August a party of young people were on a launch near Astoria, where the Columbia river meets the ocean. It was a merry little crowd.

In the cabin was a young woman mixing up some shrimp salad.

"For heaven's sake, Vivian," they called, "hurry up with that shrimp."

"All right, I—oh, oh, heavens!" and the girl came dashing up the stairs to the deck her clothes all ablaze. She ran to the railing and dived overboard.

From the rail to the water she looked like a flying comet. It was all over in a few minutes, the excitement subsided, the girl changed her clothes and the shrimp was eaten.

The girl was Vivian Marshall, who is thrilling folks with her fire dive on a vaudeville circuit.

On board the launch that night was a theatrical man. He saw the dive, but he saw what others did not see. He saw the grace and beauty with which she left the rail, even when her clothes were in flames.

The next day he proposed that she go on the circuit. She thought it over for a long time. Finally she decided to accept his offer.

And that was how Vivian Marshall, the Portland stenographer, leaped from the dull routine of a job in a real estate office at \$10 a week to the excitement and fascination of vaudeville at \$500 a week.

She always has been a swimmer, ever since she could walk. She has scores of medals and trophies, won at meets in Portland and San Francisco, and diving has been her hobby for seven years.

She's got a mighty pretty little act, which culminates when she climbs 15 feet above the stage, her costume covered with alcohol-soaked cotton batting, and, when her assistant touches the match, leaps through the air, a flaming mass of nerve and grace.

This is only her first few weeks of it, but, to quote her own words, she is "simply crazy about it."

been scarce, but never before has there been such a lack of catchers and pitchers, particularly the latter.

There isn't a club in either big league, with the possible exception of the Giants, which appears to be sufficiently fortified in this respect. The Giants have a strong first and fair second string, but all of the other clubs could very easily use at least one and in many instances two and more good pitchers.

McGraw has done well in this respect, but he has been protecting the Giants against just such a contingency for several years. He has not waited for minor league managers to uncover pitchers of ability and develop them. Whenever "Mac" has had a chance to grab a youngster that appeared to have any ability at all, no matter how rough his work was as long as he possessed enough "stuff" to suggest even that he might make good with seasoning, McGraw has grabbed him and "farmed" him out to some club where he could keep his eye on the youngster.

In this way the majority of the pitchers who are now drawing the stipends from the New York base ball club have virtually been developed by McGraw himself. They have learned the kind of base ball that he wants them to know and as his veterans have gone back he has managed to have at least one youngster to step into the breach.

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This has been a fatal failing with many other leaders of major league clubs. It is tedious work developing pitchers. It is hard enough to teach infielders how to play their positions and outfielders how to look after the gardens and catchers how best to receive and keep base runners from running wild on the paths, but to teach pitchers how to use their physical ability and develop their mental strength in a base ball way at the same time is about as stiff a proposition as any one could be asked to meet and overcome.

The majority of managers have preferred to sit back and trust to luck that each season might find a young pitcher of extraordinary ability forcing his way through the minor leagues. Then they have been compelled to bid against many other clubs in the same predicament for such services. This is expensive and at the same time is not the most satisfactory way of strengthening their pitching departments.

"Connie" Mack of the Athletics wants pitchers. Jennings could use a few in Detroit. Callahan would not decline any in Chicago. Griffith has some and is about the best fixed with the exception of the Red Sox of any club in the American League. Stovall would gladly welcome the advent of a string in St. Louis. Birmingham, in Cleveland, would not be loath to acquire at least two. And what Chance would do for three can be explained only by employing the limit of an exhaustive imagination.

The same condition obtains in the National League. Four new managers are on the job. Evers wants some in Chicago. Huggins would meet any promising pitchers with a brass band at the station in St. Louis. Stallings has intimated that if he can find one or two fingers he will accomplish his thing with the Boston team, and "Tinker" in Cincinnati, feels sure that he would sidetrack the animosity of the rabid "fans" of that hard-to-please community with a hurler or two in addition to those he now has. Clark, Doolin and Dahlen, respectively directing the affairs of the Pirates, the Phillies and the Dodgers, are on the look out.

These are Manager Evers, of the Cubs; Manager Tinker, of the Reds; and Manager Huggins of the St. Louis Cardinals. As "smart" ball players they have gained the respect and admiration of baseball fans all over the country, but they may prove no more account as managers than did Harry Davis as pilot of the Cleveland Naps.

Remember that when Connie Mack allowed Davis to sign with Cleveland how the critics admitted that the foxy leader of the Athletics had finally made a mistake. They pointed out that Harry had been Connie's good right hand for many seasons; had directed the play of the Athletics and was really just as much responsible for the success of the Philadelphia club as was the reticent McGillicuddy. But it proved the other way around when Davis was thrown upon his own resources and it turned out that Connie was more responsible for Harry's success than Harry was responsible for Connie's fame.

Under Chance at Chicago both Evers and Tinker won columns after columns of newspaper praise as exponents of the inside game. Huggins in St. Louis, under Bresnahan, has been accounted a very wise player. If there was no Harry Davis example there'd be no reason to look for anything but success from the efforts of any one of this trio. But remembering Davis it must be remarked, "It's quite different when a player has to depend upon himself."

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This is the Athletics leader's first official prediction on the 1913 race, and, like every other official statement from the usually reticent Cornelius, is worthy of attention.

"Detroit is a hard combination to beat any time," says Connie. "I have read that the Tigers said they would be satisfied if they finished fourth. I don't believe it. None of us is satisfied if he finishes fourth. We would rather give the fans a surprise than disappoint them, and that makes us vary about predicting that we will finish first or second, but we all kind of figure on that first place, and I think Jennings's men will be as formidable as ever and will be nearer the top than they were in 1912."

"We are going to have a harder race in the American league than we ever had before," said Mr. Mack. "With the first division clubs of 1912 just as good and the second division teams strengthened, it should be the best race we ever had. No club should run away with it."

"You know, I think our club, when you count the regular men, has an edge on the other clubs in the league," he continued. "It is the pitching problem that gives everybody a jar. You never can tell when pitchers are going back on you and just about that time some other club is liable to have pitchers who are going right."

"If we had pitchers like several other clubs, I would say that we would be there at the wire in the home stretch. However, I guess we will be there anyhow. Washington ought to be just as good as they were last year."

"The Nationals have a great pitching staff, but I don't think they have the ball club that we have."

"Boston is another club that should stay up there as long as it has that pitching staff. Naturally, we will all watch the Red Sox but I don't think they will finish where they did last year. Cleveland is a greatly improved team, and Birmingham should land the Naps higher up this year. They are a hard bunch to beat and they have some pitchers who are likely to upset you any day."

"Comiskey's White Sox are strengthened and may give us all some trouble. In fact, I look for more improvement in Cleveland and Chicago this year than other clubs."

"Then take the New York club. The Yankees have a great pitching staff. Chance has a chance. Without a doubt he will be the manager and players will look up to him. I must repeat, he has a very good pitching staff. I understand he has said he believes it is a good team with a remarkable pitching staff and he must strengthen one or two positions. I believe he has done it out right. Chance and his team are liable to be the sensation of the 1913 season. It will depend upon him finding one or two good players. His outfield is not brilliant, but they all hit well and that is half the battle."

Finally, St. Louis will probably be stronger, too. The Browns also have a good pitching staff. Stovall has one of those clubs that is likely to give you trouble any time."

The race should be among the Athletics, Detroit, Washington and Boston, with New York the dark horse, and Chicago, Cleveland and St. Louis all closely bunched."

M'GRAW WANTS PITCHER HENDRIX

Pittsburg, Feb. 14.—Manager McGraw, of the New York Giants, thinks so well of Claude Hendrix, the Pirate splitter, that he offered four players and \$5,000 in cash for the pitcher who led the National League last season.

Hendrix will remain with Pittsburg, at least during the 1913 season. Whether McGraw's offer was only a "feeler" or was made in good faith is not known here. But the offer was made to Barney Dreyfuss, and was turned down.

This information leaked out today at club headquarters when some one asked if Hendrix's 1913 contract had come back. McGraw did not mention the names of those he intended turning over to Pittsburg. He said with the great staff of hurlers in the Pirate camp he thought Dreyfuss might be induced to part with one to get material to strengthen some other department. Some one suggested that Fletcher, Becker, Snodgrass and possibly some youngster like George Wiltse or Red Ames would make a good trade.

The opinion was unanimous that should Fred Clarke consent to the departure of Hendrix the Pittsburg fans would raise a fund to engage a lunacy commission. But Clarke is just about as foolish as McGraw is in baseball matters. Dreyfuss laughed when asked if he had attached enough importance to the offer to write Clarke about it. Hendrix is 23 years old. He cost Pittsburg Club 25 cents—the price of a telegram ordering him to report for trial. He has been two years in the major, and is about the best hitting pitcher in the league. In the outfield he's a star. McGraw, when he was in Pittsburg several weeks ago, said frankly he regarded Hendrix the best pitcher in the National League today.

ARCHER SAYS HE WONT SIGN

New York, Feb. 14.—As the time draws near for the National League men to convene here next week rumors of deals are prevalent. A story reached here yesterday that inasmuch as Catcher James Archer of the Cubs has refused to sign for less than \$10,000, Garry Herrmann and manager Tinker of the Reds will make an offer



I know I surely love you some
Daffy dore is dis yomom-yom
I want you always to be mine
Mine sweet and lolly
Valentine



I've been fishing for your heart

WILLIAM FARAH—EMIL MIGNARDOT

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BEER

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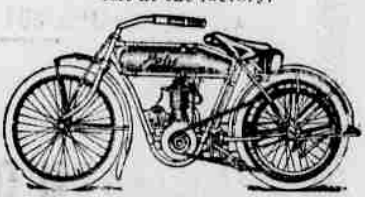
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HOTEL PRICES TO BE KEPT NORMAL

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IS A GREAT COMFORT. We have some of the Finest Brussels Carpets and Well-Made rugs to attract the eye and meet the purse.

We also have some Handsome Furniture, including an Oak Dining Room Set Which is displayed in our show windows. We ask you to see this set and also a great variety of Dishes which We are Going to Close Out at Cut Prices from today

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PERSONALS

(Owing to the great interest manifested in the Personal Column, the New Mexican requests its readers to send in by mail (a postcard will do) or by telephone (call "31 J") items for this column. By doing so the readers will confer a favor on the New Mexican and on their friends. Communications sent by mail should bear the signature of the writer.)

D. G. Dwyer, C. T. Rainsburg and E. B. Humphreys, residents of Raton, are here on business. They are registered at the Montezuma.

O. J. Hardin, the well known Duke City salesman, is at the Montezuma.

Col. W. S. Hopewell, railroad financier and well known Democrat, arrived yesterday from Albuquerque.

Dr. J. M. Cunningham, prominent physician and banker of Las Vegas, arrived here yesterday on business. He is stopping at the Palace.

Judge Edward A. Mann is here from the Duke City. He is at the Palace hotel.

Nathan Salmon has returned from the east where he went on a buying tour. He has purchased a large line of the latest patterns for his spring and summer trade.

Mrs. Stella McCann of Kansas City, has arrived in the city and will take charge of the dress making department at Nathan Salmon's big store.

Adelaido Ortiz and Agustin Pino left this morning for Rio Arriba county on important business. They will be gone for three days.

Attorney L. S. Wilson who has been in Santa Fe on business the last few days, and an interested participant in the meetings for the organization of a state commercial league left for his home in Raton this morning.

A very interesting valentine party was held at the home of Professor and Mrs. J. H. Wagner last evening. The stork made the presentation. It was another boy which is the third. While the party had some exciting moments, all is serene and comfortable today.

Mrs. Isaac Barth left this afternoon for Albuquerque. The senator goes down tomorrow and both will return on Monday in company with Governor Marshall who will be in Santa Fe on that day.

Alex Gusdorf who has been in Santa Fe for a few days in attendance at the booster meeting left for his home in Taos this morning. Mr. Gusdorf was elected treasurer of the state commercial league at the meeting last night.

Mrs. Orrin A. Foster, who has been in Santa Fe the past few days on business connected with the Rio Grande Republican, will leave for her home in Las Cruces tomorrow.

R. G. Randall, who was a delegate from the commercial club of Taos to the meeting of the boosters here, left for his home in Taos this morning.

L. C. Galles well known rancher, is in the city from Albuquerque.

E. W. Dobson, a prominent attorney at Albuquerque is a guest at the Montezuma today.

George Arnot, one of New Mexico's leading wholesale dealers, came up from Albuquerque last evening and registered at the Montezuma.

REAR ADMIRAL DIES.

Portsmouth, N. H., Feb. 14.—Rear Admiral Mortimer I. Johnson, U. S. navy, retired, died at his home here today. He was born at Nahant, Mass., in 1842, and entered the navy in 1859, being retired in 1904.

URINARY DISCHARGES
RELIEVED IN 24 HOURS
SANTAL MIDY
Each Capsule bears the name MIDY
Beware of counterfeits
ALL DRUGGISTS

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Your Best Resolution

Will be to buy your goods this year on a basis of quality, not price alone. That will lead you to our door, because there is no store which sells **QUALITY GOODS** so reasonably. And remember, during this year that **cheap goods do not always prove economical in the end.** Put your buying on this basis: **It is the thing that pays in the end, which pays you at all**

EVEN THOUGH IT COSTS MORE IN THE BEGINNING!

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GAMBLER KILLS OWN DAUGHTER

New York, Feb. 14.—James Purcell, the veteran gambler who testified before the aldemanic committee last week, that he had paid police graft over a period of 17 years, quarreled early today with his wife in their apartment and began shooting. Mrs. Purcell fainting, but wild bullets struck their 13 years old daughter, Agnes, who lay on the bed, and killed her almost instantly. Thinking that he had murdered both women, Purcell surrendered himself to the police.

"Jimmie" Purcell was at one time a partner in gambling with Herman Rosenthal, for whose murder ex-Police Lieutenant Charles Becker and four gunmen are in the death house at Sing Sing.

Since his testimony against the system, Purcell told the police today, he had been shunned by his friends as a "squealer" and "hounded by the cops." Even his wife was ashamed of him. He became morose and sullen. Early last night they quarreled. They were still at it at dawn. Then came the shooting.

DAMMING RIVER "DAMNS" NATION HE DECLARES

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—Two futile attempts to reach an agreement for a vote on the Connecticut river dam bill were made today in the senate.

"We are not only damming the Connecticut river, but we are damming the nation's business," declared Senator Brandegee, after it had been suggested that the measure was obstructing other business.

The senate is still working on the legislative day of last Tuesday and probably will do so until the dam bill is disposed of.

TO TELL WHEN ORANGES ARE QUITE Ripe

Tallahassee, Fla., Feb. 14.—"When is an orange ripe?" This is one of the next questions to be put before the supreme court of the United States in an appeal from the recent decision of the Florida supreme court holding as constitutional the Florida green fruit law. The Florida statute prescribes the age of an orange and its condition of maturity before it can be shipped out of the state.

TWO BOYS MISSING.

Canon City, Colo., Feb. 14.—Searching parties have secured the country between this city and Cripple Creek today looking for two boys, Russell Jeffrey and Marshall Lewis, who have been missing since yesterday. The boys had planned to spend the day in the mountains on Wilson creek.

ANOTHER SALARIES BILL THROWN INTO THE HOPPER TODAY.

(Continued from Page Three.)

intersection when turning to the left. Sec. 13. Whoever operates a motor vehicle while in an intoxicated condition shall be guilty of misdemeanor. Any owner of a motor vehicle who shall permit a person under the age of fourteen years to operate such motor vehicle shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person operating a motor vehicle who, knowing that injury has been caused to a person due to the culpability of the said operator or to accident, without stopping and rendering assistance if possible and in giving his name, residence and number to the person injured, or of reporting same to the nearest police officer or judicial officer, shall be guilty of a felony, punishable by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Any person operating a motor vehicle without a number or license as provided for in this act, or making any false statement to secure such license, or violating any other provisions of this act, for which violation no punishment has been provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of not less than twenty or more than one hundred dollars.

Sec. 14. Any person operating, owning or controlling a motor vehicle running on, along or across public roads, streets, alleys, highways or places much used for travel, shall use the highest degree of care that every careful person would use under like or similar circumstances to prevent injury or death to persons on or traveling over such public roads, streets, alleys, highways or places used for travel. Any owner, operator, or person in control of such motor vehicle failing to use such degree of care shall be liable for damages to a person injured by failure of the owner, operator or person in control of a motor vehicle, to use such degree of care, and in case of death of the injured party, then damages may be recovered, as now provided or may hereafter be provided by law, unless the injury or death is caused by the negligence of the injured or deceased person contributing thereto.

Sec. 15. All fees provided for here-in to be paid to the secretary of state, less the cost of the administration of this act, shall be paid by the secretary of state to the state treasurer for the benefit of the state highway fund, and shall be used by the state highway commission upon the public highways, giving preference to the most traveled automobile routes. Provided motor vehicles used exclusively on main lines, for carrying the mails, shall not be required to have license or number, but shall be marked in plain letters U. S. Mail. Provided further that the owners or operators of

Arts and Crafts HAND-MADE ARTICLES

Hammered Brass Electric Reading Lamps; Hammered Copper Reading Lamps; Desk Sets in Hammered Brass and Copper; Letter Racks; Paper Cutters; Rocker Blotters; Hammered Calendars; Tie Racks; Whisk Broom Holders; Etched Match Holders; Hammered Copper and Brass Bowls and Trays; Belt Pins; Bar Pins; Hat Pins; Candle Sticks. Special orders made on short notice.

W. LINDHARDT. 125 Palace Ave

such cars shall be subject to all the other provisions of this act.

Sec. 16. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to provide application blanks for licenses, on the back of which shall be printed this act, or such extracts therefrom as he may deem necessary, together with such other information, rules and regulations, in regard to the obtaining of license and registration of numbers, as he may see fit. It shall also be the duty of the secretary of state, to require of sheriffs, constables and other police officers, an enforcement of the provisions of this act.

Sec. 17. All licenses issued under the provisions of Chapter 28, laws of 1912, are extended, without further application or payment of any additional fee on the part of the owners or operators of such motor vehicles, to December 31st, 1913, and persons holding such licenses and numbers are permitted to use the same until such date.

Sec. 18. Chapter 28, laws of 1912, except the records obtained thereunder, and all other acts or parts of acts in conflict herewith, are hereby repealed.

NO DRINKING ON TRAINS SAYS THIS HOUSE BILL.

The house this morning passed H. B. No. 17, by Mr. Tripp which prohibits the drinking of intoxicants on passenger trains. This is the bill which was introduced at the first session and which caused so much trouble when an effort was made to amend it so as to make it possible to drink in buffet cars but not in chair cars or smoking compartments. The bill is favored by both the railway officials and employees.

H. B. No. 44, by Mr. Carter, an act validating acknowledgments heretofore made before U. S. commissioners, passed the house this morning.

These new bills were introduced:

H. B. 174, by Vargas, authorizing a tax in aid of public health.

H. B. 175, by Chaves, authorizing the publication of a catalog on ancient Spanish and Mexican archives of New Mexico.

H. B. 176, by Chaves, providing for a dry farming experimental station near Willard.

H. B. 177, by Blanchard, an act to repeal section 3909 of the compiled laws of 1897.

H. B. No. 178, by Trujillo, providing for the repair of local county highways.

H. B. No. 179, by Tucker, appropriating \$4,000 for a bridge across the Rio Grande near the line between Sierra and Dona Ana counties.

H. B. No. 180, by Chaves, an act relating to public utility corporations and procedure before the state corporation commission.

H. B. No. 39, an act for the regulation of railroad rates was re-committed on motion of Mr. Nichols after some debate. Mr. Lucero, the author of the bill made two attempts to speak on the measure but was ruled out of order.

S. H. Nos. 70 and 71, acts ceding to the U. S. government, the lands of the Ft. Sumner and Santa Fe National Cemetery grants, were held on the speaker's table on motion of Mr. Catron pending action by the senate on the house bills on the same subject.

HOUSE CALENDAR IS GROWING BIGGER DAILY.

Despite repeated efforts to clear the decks, the house calendar is growing bigger every day and a number of bills were reported from committees this morning to augment it.

Among the bills favorably reported were S. H. No. 21, the White Slave act; H. B. 153, setting aside certain days to commemorate historic events. The Portales normal bill was reported unfavorably by the committee on state affairs. The house recessed until this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

SPEAKER BACA GETS TELEGRAM OF THANKS.

Speaker R. L. Baca last evening received a lengthy telegram from the commercial club at Albuquerque thanking him for his work in aiding the passage of the Albuquerque state fair bill by Messrs Gurule and Garcia.

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes



"GILT EDGE" the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Restores and polishes ladies' boots and shoes, shines without rub bing, etc. "FRENCH GLOSS," 10c. "DANDY" combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, etc. "STAR" size, 10c. "QUICK WHITE" (in liquid form) cleans and whitens all kinds of shoes, etc. "ALBO" cleans and whitens canvas shoes. It rounds white canvas shoes in 2 or 3 min. leaves them bright, etc. In handbags, large aluminum boxes with sponge, 50c. "TIE" combination for gentlemen who like to have their shoes look A. 1. Restores color and luster to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 25 cents. "BABY ELITE" size, 10 cents. If your dealer does not sell the kind you want, send in the price list and we will mail you a sample of it. WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO., 20-28 Albany Street, Cambridge, Mass. The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

ADOLF SELIGMAN DRY GOODS CO.

Just Received 1913 Mercerized Kimono Crepes 1913 "NEW PATTERNS."

Warranted to be Fast Colors.

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JOSEPH B. HAYWARD, MANAGER, Room 8, Capital City Bank Building, Santa Fe, N. M.

IF IT'S REAL ESTATE, HAYWARD HAS IT.

OUR WISH

That the New Year we have just entered may be for each and every one a Happy New Year, a year full of Health and Prosperity. With thanks for all favors shown us, and hoping your New Year Resolution will be

I Will Trade With H. C. YONTZ, JEWELER, SAN FRANCISCO ST.

JANUARY SHOE SALE



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At Cost All Standard Lines

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DISTRIBUTOR OF LEMP'S KEG and BOTTLE BEER BUDWEISER IN BOTTLES

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Santa Fe New Mexican

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Weekly, per year.....\$1.00 Weekly, six months......50



"All of Today's News Today"

PHONES:

BUSINESS OFFICE 31 W EDITORIAL ROOMS 31 J

A MATTER OF IMPORTANCE.

A prominent citizen of New Mexico interested in the progress of the state, an attendant at the booster meeting here, expressed himself this morning regarding the board of immigration.

He declared that the state is alive with interest in this matter; that ninety per cent of the people want the immigration bureau re-established. Has anyone heard of this bill being considered during this session?

What is the matter?
Are the bosses opposed to it?
Have the superintendents of legislation declared against it, and issued orders?

Are they fearful of growth of population in New Mexico, and are they, on this account, apprehensive of loss of power?

What is the reason that the wishes of the people of this state cannot be given voice? Just now, must New Mexico take action if we expect to keep pace with the growth of other states.

The tide of immigration is toward the west. Other states in this section are putting forth every endeavor to turn this current their way. Our state, with all its natural advantages and matchless resources, is sitting idly by, leaving the vast number of inquiries to be answered by local organizations and chambers of commerce.

Possibly the killing of a two-cent fare bill, the political effect of a bill carrying exorbitant salaries, the state fair bill, are all of greater importance in the eyes of the superintendents of legislation than a bill which has for its object the growth and progress of a great, sovereign state. An influx of new people, coming into the west to live; to grow as the state grows; to put their energies into the upbuilding of communities where they make their homes, and to make our lands productive, might prove disastrous to the interests of the political bosses in this state, whose power would be lessened and whose greed might be checked.

That may be the reason for the non-appearance of the bill providing for a bureau of immigration, which is of the utmost importance to the future of our state.

REVOLT AT LAST.

That happened in the state senate yesterday which is liable to happen when men or brutes are pushed too hard. Men revolt; brutes retaliate with methods more drastic.

It happened over the salary bill, but is likely now to happen when any other bill comes up that is wrong or right; reeking with intrigue, or for the good of the state; filled with provisions intended to aid in satisfying the greedy spirit of the old guard, or drawn in the interests of the people of New Mexico.

The spirit of independence has been aroused and Senator Gregory Page, of Gallup, is the man who openly and in a self-reliant, fearless manner, asserted himself.

The scourge of the party whip has been felt once too often; the orders of the commanders have been truthfully obeyed for the last time; the impetuous grip of the old guard has been finally shaken off.

Floor Manager Holt's imperious, confident manner received a shock which shivered it as the frost does flowers in the late garden, and he sat in his senatorial chair listening sullenly to the words which stung and scared him in an unwanted manner, as he realized intolerant leadership was a part art in the state senate of New Mexico. The sarcastic allusion of Senator Page to Holt's diminutive majority of two, given him by the people who know him best, brought a flush to the cheek of the fallen leader, and a smile to the faces of the members of the senate.

It was a memorable day in New Mexico legislation and marks the beginning of the end of dictatorial assumption and intolerant leadership. The old guard made its last stand, and failed.

THE SIXTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Just as the impeachment of Archibald was used to convey the untrue impression that the objectionable judges are easily removable, so the stand-patters would have us believe that ratification of the income tax amendment proves it easy enough to amend the constitution of the United States.

Of course it isn't. It has taken eighteen years of the hardest of hard labor to undo the work of that one judge who, in 1895, by an over-night change of mind, converted a 5 to 4 majority of the United States supreme court favorable to the constitutionality of an income tax into a 5 to 4 majority against it. If there had been a recall of decisions, a few months would have sufficed.

In those eighteen years the rich in this country have escaped at least \$1,000,000,000 of taxes which otherwise they would have had to pay, while this great burden, equivalent to the average earnings of 2,500,000 factory workers for a whole year, fell upon the already overburdened poor and by so much made harder their cruel struggle to meet the rising cost of living.

And now the spokesmen for the rich, in legislative bodies and in the press, are telling us that we shouldn't use this newly confirmed power to tax incomes save in a time of great emergency; that it isn't meant for everyday use.

We guess the common people will have something to say about that.

WHY NOT NEW MEXICO?

Two more states, Texas and Washington, have approved the proposed amendment to the federal constitution for the direct election of United States senators.

Thirteen states have thus within a month taken favorable action on the amendment. They are New York, Ohio, North Carolina, Minnesota, Massachusetts, Arizona, Michigan, Colorado, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada, Washington and Texas. Utah, whose politics are controlled by the Mormon church, has rejected the amendment.

The resolution covering this question which passed the house last week, is now in the senate morgue, charitably called the judiciary committee.

It is evident that New Mexico will not be in favor of this advanced move, though the young state that entered the sisterhood with her has made a record in favor of this legislation that is of a progressive nature, and is in the spirit of today's thought and action—the day of the people's rule.

What does it profit a man if he attends three caucuses in one evening and then finds himself outwitted, outgeneraled, cornered and in the end discovers himself recorded against the very measure which was to bring him fame, prestige, and re-election? Perhaps John Baron Burg can tell.

A Los Angeles scientist says hens formerly had teeth. That's interesting and instructive, but the average citizen is concerned more in whether the hens can lay eggs enough now, to keep a few of them out of the clutch of the egg combination, so we can get one to eat once in a while.

Evangelist Dow, of Louisville, says he approves of applause during religious services. On the other hand, would he also favor an expression of disapproval by hisses?

It is about time for the appearance of the Chrisman bridges. The time is slipping away.

It looks as if the leader of the senate had lost his "holt."

THE SWITZERLAND OF AMERICA. VALLEY RANCH, N. M.



THE RANCH OF THE ROCKIES
Open the Year Round. Illustrated Booklet Sent On Request
THE VALLEY RANCH THE VALLEY RANCH

REMARKS FROM THE SIDE LINE

One hundred plunks is a lot of money when you think about it—that is, when it's real money.

It rather looks like the house slipped John something when John wasn't looking.

Local option now will sound like prohibition later, if the liquor interests are not careful.

There ought not to be any doubt as to what State Senator Gregory Page meant. He spoke right out in meeting.

They have arrested a candidate for U. S. senator in Charleston, W. Va., the bathroom, boys, the bathroom!

Senator Page and Senator Barth let's agreed yesterday that Mr. Holt was wrong. Think of it! Isaac and Gregory.

Mr. Gurule and Mr. Garcia are to be congratulated for their excellent work in passing that state fair bill for Albuquerque.

The Colorado Fuel and Iron company paid a dividend yesterday of 35 cents on its preferred stock. Let's investigate 'em.

Mr. Holt may find that even a floor leader has his day. There are members of the senate other than the member from Dona Ana county.

It is unfortunate that John couldn't have voted for that fair bill but a statesman with a bill of his own is always up against it, more or less.

"I don't have to accept anything," asserted State Senator Page on the floor of the senate yesterday. You said me both senator, not darn it.

The assertion by Mr. Taft that he will handle the Mexican situation until March 4 without the assistance of Mr. Wilson is hereby amended to read "will NOT handle."

Some members of the house mean well, but they cannot spell. Speaker Baca has been referred to as the czar of the house, but the other day he got a letter addressing him as "zar" and signed a house member.

As nearly as we can gather from press dispatches, it's alright to be a rebel or a federal in Mexico City because that is comparatively safe but it's simply awful to be either a resident of the city or a non-combatant.

The killing of two American women in Mexico City the other day has alarmed Mr. Taft. Poor Mr. Taft and how careless of these women to get killed that way when they should have known that the president is nervous anyhow.

The state has passed the municipal local option bill. It is not much of a bill, but if the liquor interests keep on playing the kind of a game they have been playing, they will eventually get state wide prohibition. The saloon man has no business in politics.

According to the press dispatches from Charleston, W. Va., every man, woman and child in Holly Grove were arrested by soldiers and hauled before a military court on a charge of rioting. The women and children of those striking miners must be a bed jet.

SCARED BY A DREAM, DESERTS

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 14.—Warning of a violent death at the hands of enemies, conveyed to him in a dream January 17, drove Steven Verbo, 24 years old, of 7713 Holton avenue, from his home and bride of six months. His whereabouts is a mystery.

Steve related the dream to his wife, who is 21 years old. He said he would be killed if he remained in the house through next week. He planned to leave home for a week and assured his wife he would return.

Verbo leaped from his bed the night before he left and told his wife there was a man with a long knife coming through the window to kill him. Later he said he saw the man at the window, raised it, and thought he was driving his enemy away.

"Both of us cried, and he told me he loved me just the same as he always did," the young bride told the police today. "He did not desert me. He left because the dream was so real it frightened him away. Now I fear some evil has befallen him."

Mrs. Verbo told the police she feared the dream had driven him insane.

AS THE BYSTANDER SEES IT

INDEPENDENCE.

Whether we admit it or not, we all like an independent man, that is, a man who thinks for himself rather than by proxy and acts for himself without being directed by someone else.

I, for one, admired the position taken by Senator Gregory Page in the state senate yesterday when he threw off the shackles of party dictation in ordering the support of a bill, right or wrong, just because a few of the leaders wanted it.

If it were not already known before, the disclosure of the inside workings of the old guard would have been rather startling.

"You will have to vote for this bill," would not sound very good to a man of any independence, and it is only a wonder that there has not been a break before this. It is surprising that men in our state senate who have brains of their own, have been willing to be led or driven and ordered about like dumb things and have never uttered a protest.

The caucuses, as I understand it, have been attended by a certain few, not members of the legislature, but who have really done the bossing and issued the orders—by what authority, I do not know. It must have been very high, however, as the men in the ranks have meekly taken the despotic orders, and up to yesterday, have carried them out to the letter.

It is high time in the opinion of the bystander, who is looking at it from the standpoint of one on the outside and with an unbiased view, that this dictatorial business is about played out, and that this state is too big for three or four men to control it, as they have been doing in the past. It has been a strain on New Mexico. That is the reason of the revolt last fall.

I am glad, as just a common everyday citizen, that one man has had the courage to say to those dictators, "I have brains of my own, and will use them." The people have a higher respect for Gregory Page than ever.

SOMETHING STRANGE.

There must have been some kind of a ruction way under ground at two points on Don Gaspar avenue, so that the earth has sunk in certain places right on the sidewalk.

There was not any earthquake or anything like that. Anyhow, our seismograph did not record anything, but in these places there must have been some weakness of supports way down deep, and the ground just sort of fell in.

One of these strange depressions is at the crossing by the Montezuma hotel, on Water street, and the other by the Methodist church. Then the bridge farther up the street across the "river," by the executive ground is depressed. The trouble all seems to be on Don Gaspar avenue, if the whole street was sinking it might not be so strange, for there has been a good deal of heavyweight travel over it during the past month, but I don't just understand why the trouble should be in spots.

Anyway, the city should look to this thing, and the church too, for it would not look well for people to get mired right in front of the church, or maybe drop through to somewhere, before they got inside.

The streets in other places in Santa Fe are bad enough, but really, gentlemen of the council, don't you think it would be a good thing to attend to these bad spots on a street that is traveled over more than any other in the city just now? It does not leave a very good impression with those who come here from outside. These places are wet and muddy and disgraceful. They should be fixed at once, and not wait till spring or till any other time.

WHY NOT HERE?

Las Vegas has taken up the advertising of the Meadow City in a systematic manner, which should be effective and which Santa Fe would do well to study.

The secretary of the commercial club devotes but part of his time to the actual work of the club and is paid but a nominal salary amounting to \$125 per year.

Aside from this office, another one was created, the one to be known as the publicity bureau, and the head of this is to be given a salary of \$1800. The intent is to secure some one who is a publicity expert, who can make the position of positive value to the work.

I wonder why it would not be a good plan for Santa Fe to adopt some such method as well. It would necessitate the raising of a little more money, but it may as well be understood that success cannot be attained without effort and without money, as the work done must be constant and it must be systematic.

The effort put forth last year was

not without effect, but those engaged in it were hampered by lack of funds.

The matter of publicity and successful advertising has become a business in itself.

Other cities in New Mexico are regarding it as such and if we sit by listlessly, we are going to be left in the rear while the other towns of the state reap the benefits from their endeavors.

What can be done is shown in Deming. From a ragged, struggling town it has grown to be one of the liveliest and most promising in the west. It was done by hard work, systematically done, and with the use of such an amount of money as was necessary. Santa Fe can win in the same way if she will.

Everything is here as a foundation. It only requires proper exploitation.

What are we going to do? Sit idly by while other cities pass us, or are we going to get into the game?

COUNTY FIGHT WAXING WARM AGAIN

WAGON MOUND SENDS DELEGATION TO SANTA FE TO SEE IF SOME COMPROMISE ON THE CORONADO COUNTY BILL CAN NOT BE ARRANGED.

The county division fight in the northeastern part of the state is on in full force, as is shown by the many different delegations now in Santa Fe.

One delegation headed by Messrs. Bushkevitz and Aldredge from Roy, who are representatives of the Coronado County Club of that place are here urging the creation of the new proposed county of Coronado, armed with petitions from citizens residing within the proposed limits of the new county, and also petitions from the western end of Mora county, asking the legislature to create the county of Coronado, being signed by citizens who will remain in Mora county proper and backed by a delegation from the town of Mora, in the persons of Tito Melendez and C. P. Strong, prominent officers and politicians of the old town of Mora, who are aiding Senator Navarro in pushing his senate bill No. 96.

A delegation of two prominent citizens are also here in Santa Fe favoring the creation of the new county.

Another delegation arrived here last night, from Wagon Mound, who are Rafael Aguilar, Simon Vorenberg, Andy Weist, Frank Curns, Dr. Northwood and Slim Calley, who are after the creation of a new county to be known as Aguilar county. Representative Blas Sanchez is to introduce the bill in the house. This is practically the same county as the Coronado proposition, only that it changes boundaries somewhat and will embrace Roy, Springer, and Wagon Mound, making the latter the county seat. The Wagon Mound delegation wanted to enter with the Coronado delegation, it is said, into a conference with a view of compromising, but the Roy, Mora and Union delegations will not relinquish anything and stand united for Senate Bill No. 96, and nothing else. It is said that to create the new county with Wagon Mound as the county seat of the County of Aguilar would mean opposition from Mora, Roy and the counties of San Miguel and Colfax, and it would be impossible to bring about a combination for the passage of such a bill. The old guard leaders are trying very hard to bring about some sort of a compromise satisfactory to the Wagon Mound people.

Senator Navarro has the assurance, it is said, of the Republicans in the senate for the passage of Coronado county, and is backed by the standard leaders.

Spless, Bursum and Springer are desirous of bringing the contending parties together, if possible, it is said. An effort will be made to have the Senate bill reported out this week by the senate committee on counties and county lines, which held a meeting yesterday afternoon.

GENERAL WOODFORD DEAD.

New York, Feb. 14.—General Stewart Woodford, veteran publicist and former United States minister to Spain, died at his home in New York this morning.

It will not pay you to waste your time writing out your legal forms when you can get them already printed at the New Mexican Printing company.

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND NET PROFITS, \$250,000

R. J. PALEN, President. L. A. HUGHES, Vice-President.

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SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.

The Oldest Bank in the State. Organized in 1870.

Time is the test of a bank's endurance and strength. Growth determines its adaptability to changing conditions. This bank has successfully withstood all the country's financial and commercial disasters for over forty years. Its management has regarded safety as of the first importance in banking, a tradition that still rules its policy, but the bank is not living on its history but depends for its prosperity upon adaptability to present-day needs.

Commercial Bills discounted. Credit and Deposit Accounts opened. Letters of Credit and Drafts issued on all Countries. Coupons collected and cashed. Stock Exchange Sales and Purchases effected. Telegraphic transfers of money made.

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Exchange your inactive funds for our time Certificates of Deposit.

Confer with our officers in regard to your banking business.

J. B. READ,
Cashier.

FRANK McKANE,
Assistant Cashier.

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Balleta Blankets, Rugs, Scarfs, Pillow Tops with Navajo and Mexican Designs, Heavy Rugs made of Native Wool with Navajo Designs. Lettering, Etc.
Both Native and Germantown Wool Used.

Send for Price List and Full Information.

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MABSON & MENDENHALL, Proprietors.

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LEADING COMMERCIAL HOTEL.

American Plan, \$2.50 and up.

Meals, 50 Cents.

Rooms en suite with or without private bath. Local and Long Distance Telephones in rooms. Hot and cold running water, steam heat, electric lights.

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Cuisine and Table Service Unexcelled. Rooms en suite with private baths. Electric light, Steam Heat, Central Location.

Large Sample Rooms. THOS. DORAN, Proprietor.

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A WONDERFUL INSURANCE CONTRACT! TEN DOLLARS ANNUAL PREMIUM BUYS A LIFE AND ACCIDENT COMBINATION POLICY

Read what is offered:
\$ 250.00 Paid for death from any cause
1,000.00 Paid for dismemberment or loss of sight
2,000.00 Paid for accidental death, dismemberment or loss of sight travel by accident
\$ 5.00 Weekly indemnity for total disability accidental injuries.
For partial disability one-half weekly indemnity. No Medical Examination Required.
\$1,250.00 Paid for death from ordinary accident
500.00 Paid for accidental loss of one hand, one eye
1,000.00 Paid for accidental loss of one hand, one foot or one eye by travel accident
\$10.00 Weekly indemnity for total disability from travel accident
For partial disability one-half weekly indemnity. No Medical Examination Required.
GENERAL AGENTS HALL & HALL ROOM 21, CAPITAL CITY BANK BUILDING.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT La Salle Restaurant

CHAS. GANN, Prop.
Telephone 11.
Two Doors Below F. Andrews Store.
Regular Meals, 25 cents.
Rooms for Rent, 25c and 50c.
Short Orders at All Hours.

BOARD BY THE WEEK \$5.00
French Noodle Order, 20c a dish.
New York Chop Suey, 50c.

WOODY'S STAGE LINE

From
BARRANCA TO TAOS
Meets Both North South
Bound Trains.

Leaves Barranca on the arrival of the north bound train and arrives at Taos at 7 p. m.

Ten miles shorter than any other way. Good covered hacks and good teams. Fare \$5.00 round trip. Teams furnished commercial men to take in the surrounding towns. Wire Embroider station.

Eats Freely But Has No Dyspepsia

Takes a Mild Laxative With Good Pepsin and Insures Comfort and Pleasure.

Fortunate is the one who can eat "anything" without suffering the tortures of dyspepsia, but as few are so fortunate care should be taken in the matter of diet. Eating slowly, masticating the food thoroughly and taking a short walk after the heavy meal of the day will do much towards assisting digestion. Any grown-up person ought to know the particular foods that do not agree, and these should be avoided.

When these common-sense aids fail, the next thing to do is to take a mild digestive tonic with laxative properties, and there is none better than Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It contains the greatest of all aids to digestion, good pepsin. It has other ingredients that act mildly on the bowels, which together form a combination for the relief of dyspepsia or indigestion that is unsurpassed.

Its action is to tone and strengthen the stomach and bowel muscles so that they can again do their work naturally without outside aid, and when that happy moment comes all medicine can be dispensed with. It is the best remedy obtainable for any disorder of the stomach, liver and bowels, for dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, headaches, drowsiness after eating, gas on the stomach, etc. Thousands of users will testify to this among them Mrs. Oliver Young, Merrill, Wis. She says: "After many years suffering from indigestion I have obtained what I believe to be permanent relief by using Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. I feel 10 years younger, my work seems easy, my breath is no longer bad and I eat what I want without distress."



MRS. OLIVER YOUNG.

Syrup Pepsin is sure in its results, and a vast improvement over chewing or swallowing tablets and mint or taking cathartics, salts, etc., all of which are harsh and nauseous and at best do but temporary good. You can obtain Syrup Pepsin at any drug store for fifty cents or one dollar a bottle. Results are always guaranteed or money will be refunded.

If no member of your family has ever used Syrup Pepsin and you would like to make a personal trial of it before buying it in the regular way, a postal will do—Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 417 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and a free sample bottle will be mailed you.

turn our town over to the toughs—Farmington Times-Herald.

SLIGHTLY DISFIGURED, BUT—
Dr. J. N. Woodman's condition is anything but enviable. Dr. Blazer thinks about June he may be about and Dr. Allison thinks perhaps sooner. The sole of the left foot is coming off and it will take a long time to grow a new one. The right foot is very black on top and discharges puss and it is thought it will not cause much more trouble as the deep holes that have sledged out are now filling up with healthy tissue—the skin and much flesh has all gone from the upper side of both feet. A big place covering two square inches on one elbow has sloughed off; a piece six inches square has the outside skin killed, but the under skin does not seem hurt; on the right hip the skin has been killed; the left knee has a bad sore and three other places will lose the outer skin but not the flesh. One toe is rotting off, the flesh is all gone leaving the bone exposed. The doctor is badly disfigured, but still in the ring. He suffers much pain; much sympathy is expressed for the doctor in words and deeds.—Questa Gazette.

NEW MINING COMPANY.
A one million dollar mining and milling company has been incorporated and articles of incorporation have been drawn, filed and recorded. This is one of the industries that will do much towards developing the unlimited supply of mining propositions in the Red River country.

The incorporators of the company, G. B. Crow, H. F. Mickel, S. Mickel and Frank Niles anticipate developing some of the rich ore containing bodies in the near future, also to dispose of stock to those who are interested in mining propositions. A large amount of prospect work has been done on the ground owned by the company and has proven to contain rich bodies of ore, that if properly worked will make good investments.

The plans of the company are all outlined but have been restricted to the knowledge of those who are directly interested in it; however, it is generally conceded that some very important changes will be made in mining properties within the next few weeks in the Red River mining district. That district is known as one of the richest districts in the south west, and is destined to be a great gold producer when the properties are developed to their fullest extent.—Cimarron News-Citizen.

CLERKS WRITE "INITIATIVE" PETITIONS

Denver, Colo., Feb. 14.—Clerks and stenographers in the various state executive departments, threatened with reduction of salaries by the legislature and the state administration, have prepared in initiative petitions in an effort at retaliation. The petitions are for a constitutional amendment reducing the salary of each executive officer 25 per cent, abolishing the legislature and substituting for it an advisory board of 35 members. The employees announced that the petitions will be placed in circulation unless the effort to reduce their pay checks is given up.

LITTLE HOPE OF SETTLING THE DEAD LOCK

New York, Feb. 14.—Notwithstanding assurances that further conference looking to a settlement were to be held, it became known today that the deadlock between the railroads and their 34,000 firemen is more acute than at any time since the negotiations were opened. At noon federal mediators, trying to bring both sides together, admitted that they had no further appointment for parleys.

Subscribe for the Santa Fe New Mexican, the paper that boosts all the time and works for the upbuilding of our new State.

The Cheerful Life

It is the right of everyone to live and enjoy the cheerful life. We owe it to ourselves and those who live with us to live the cheerful life. We cannot do so if ill health takes hold of us.

The wife, mother and daughter suffering from hot flashes, nervousness, headache, lachrymation, dragging-down feeling, or any other weakness due to disorders or irregularities of the delicate female organs—is not only a burden to herself, but to her loved ones.

There is a remedy. Forty years experience has proven unmistakably that

DR. PIERCE'S Favorite Prescription

will restore health to weakened womanhood. For 40 years it has survived prejudice, envy and malice. Sold in medicine bottles or in liquid or tablet form. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription 3-bills can be had of druggist or mailed on receipt of one-cent stamps—for \$1.00 or 50c size. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

RAILROAD MEN IN ANGRY SQUABBLE

MEETING BEFORE SENATE COMMITTEE YESTERDAY AFTERNOON MORE LIKE SCHOOL BOY RUMPUSS THAN ANYTHING ELSE.

A meeting held by the railroad committee of the senate yesterday afternoon on pending railroad legislation at which various railroad officials and representatives of the employe organization were given a chance to discuss the questions at issue, turned out to be more of a squabble than a dignified legislative inquiry.

In fact it became so tedious at one time, that Chairman Gregory Page said that while the committee desired to give the fullest opportunity to all persons interested, yet the chair would be compelled to restrict speakers to at least a reasonable length of time.

The hearing was marked by such outbursts as J. M. Kura, of the Santa Fe, telling Thomas D. Sken, a former Santa Fe brakeman and the representative of the trainmen that he (Sken) had his foot cut off by a Santa Fe train because he was incompetent and that had he known his business he would not have been hurt. What this had to do with the full crew bill or the bill by Mr. Pankey requiring railroads to settle claims for damages within sixty days or pay the costs if defeated in legal process, the committee on railroads did not discover.

Sken likewise failed to make much of a hit by asserting that other railroad men, including a number of conductors, did not represent the employes, but were there in the interests of the railroad companies employing them.

This charge was hotly resented by Avery Turner, Santa Fe official from Amarillo, who said he was no traitor to the Santa Fe railway nor to the employes.

General Superintendent Clancy, of the Southern Pacific, spoke at great length and really made the most sensible talk of any of the officials. He asserted that the full crew bill, as proposed by the trainmen was of no benefit to the employes, to the traveling public nor to the company and that the addition of another brakeman would not facilitate business nor promote safety. His arguments were not adequately answered by the employes and the indications are that the bill will be defeated.

Mr. Hilton's bill to regulate excess fare collected from passengers who had not purchased tickets, was opposed by both the officials and a number of employes who asserted that it merely was superfluous legislation and that its provisions would not safeguard the public in any manner, since the railroads already had provisions covering such conditions which were as generous as the provisions of the bill.

J. D. Notgrass, conductor on the Santa Fe Limited train, said that his division of the Brotherhood of Railroad Conductors, did not have a representative at this session of the legislature because they did not believe it necessary. He opposed Mr. Sken representing the trainmen officially, and declared that the full crew bill was bad legislation, that it would not aid any one, either in the employ of the company or traveling. He said that he was going to speak the truth and that his order would sustain him in the position that he took.

W. A. Hawkins, general counsel for the El Paso and Southwestern appealed to the committee to leave such matters to the corporation commission.

"That is where such things belong," he said. "If you would leave those questions to the commission, it would not be necessary for the company to send its attorneys, agents, lobbyists, if you so please to term them, to a legislature to oppose such legislation. Your corporation commission has power to order such things into effect if it deems them necessary and we can then settle the whole question in the courts if we do not feel that such regulations are right. That is the proper method of procedure."

From 15 to 39 degrees was the range in temperature yesterday and the average relative humidity was 54 per cent. Yesterday was a "clear and pleasant day" says the weather man.

It will not pay you to waste your time writing out your legal form when you can get them already printed at the New Mexican Printing Company.

Work for the New Mexican. It is working for you, for Santa Fe and the new state.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

MONTEZUMA.

D. G. Dwyer, Raton.
C. T. Ransburg, Raton.
E. B. Humphreys, Raton.
George Arnot, Albuquerque.
Thomas B. James, Des Moines.
M. L. English and wife, Hyer.
L. W. Galles, Albuquerque.
E. M. Schner, Albuquerque.
J. P. Hardin, Albuquerque.
O. J. Atteberry, Farmington.
George Gibbons, Denver.
George N. Oakley, Kansas City.
Florence J. Newkirk, Chicago.
Florence Love, Chicago.
Guss Schuff, Burns.
James Pearson, Nye.
C. M. Hay, Hutchinson, Kas.
Clyde Bay, Hutchinson, Kas.
Charles M. Huberton, Denver.
Mrs. M. M. Huberton, Boulder.
G. H. Gillespie, Raton.
E. W. Dobson, Albuquerque.
W. S. Hopewell, Albuquerque.

EUROPEAN.

J. W. Hickman, La Junta.
Horace Harper, El Paso.
Susano Ortiz, Las Vegas.
Kirk Crosby, Beaumont, Texas.
J. D. Perkins—

30,000 VOICES.

And Many Are the Voices of Santa Fe People.

Thirty thousand voices—What a grand chorus! And that's the number of American men and women who are publicly praising Doan's Kidney Pills for relief from backache, kidney and bladder ills. They say it to friends. They tell it in the home papers. Santa Fe people are in this chorus. Here's a Santa Fe case.

Miss Adela Arias, 106 Griffin St., Santa Fe, N. Mex., says: "The splendid results I obtained from Doan's Kidney Pills several years ago has been permanent and for that reason, my confidence in them has increased. I suffered from a dull, heavy ache in the small of my back and was subject to headaches and dizzy spells. I always felt tired, had no ambition and was in poor health when I procured Doan's Kidney Pills. It did not take long to cure me and from that day to this, I have been free from kidney complaint. I willingly confirm the public statement I gave in January, 1907, telling of my experience with Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NOTICE.

January 24, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, State Treasurer of the State of New Mexico, on the twenty-fourth day of January, 1913, determined by lot the Certificates of Casual Indebtedness issued March 1, 1909 to be redeemed on the first day of March, 1913, and the following certificates were so determined to be redeemed, to-wit: Numbers 22, 53, 20, 10, 13, 17, 40, 41, 39, 67, 11, 8, 6, 75, 65, 76 and 16.

Notice is further given that the above mentioned and numbered Certificates, and the interest thereon will be paid on the presentation and surrender of such Certificates at the office of the said State Treasurer on the first day of March, 1913, and that the interest will cease upon such Certificates thirty days from the date of the first publication of this notice.

(Signed) O. N. MAROON, State Treasurer

Honest Advice to Consumptives

Somehow there exists a vast amount of scepticism as to the possibility of curing Consumption. We state none but facts, and are sincere in what we assert.

If we were afflicted with Tuberculosis, we should do precisely what we ask others to do—take Eckman's Alternative promptly and faithfully. The reason we should do this and warrant we have for asking all Consumptives to take it, is that the reports of many recovered, one of which follows—

"109 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. 'Gentlemen: For two years I was afflicted with hemorrhages of the lungs, the number totaled nearly one hundred. Our family physician advised another climate, as to remain would probably be fatal. However, I remained, and in February of 1912, I was taken with a severe attack of pneumonia. When I recovered sufficiently to walk about the house I was left with a frightful hacking cough, which no medicine I had taken could alleviate. It was at this time, March, 1912, that I learned of and started taking Eckman's Alternative. In a short time my cough was gone and I was pronounced well. Since that time I have had two slight attacks of pneumonia and I have resorted to no other medicine to effect a cure."

"I am at present in excellent health and feel that as long as I can obtain Eckman's Alternative, I have no fear of Consumption. I cannot speak too highly for the good it has done."

(Signed) HOWARD L. KLOTZ.

Eckman's Alternative is effective in Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Throat and Lung Troubles, and in upbuilding the system. Does not contain poisons, opiates or habit-forming drugs. Ask for booklet telling of recoveries, and write to Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia, Pa. for more evidence. For sale by all leading druggists and by Zook's Pharmacy in Santa Fe.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

MASONIC.
Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30.
E. R. PAUL, W. M.
CHAS. E. LINNEY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.
J. A. MASSIE, H. P.
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.
WESLEY O. CONNER, JR. E. C.
W. E. GRIFFIN, Recorder.

Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection No. 1, 14th degree. Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry meets on the third Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the evening in the New Cathedral. Visiting Scottish Rite Masons are cordially invited to attend.
JAMES A. MASSIE, 32, Venerable Master.
CHAS. A. WHEELER, Secy.

B. P. O. E.
Santa Fe Lodge No. 460, B. P. O. E. holds its regular session on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.

FRANK T. BLANDY, Exalted Ruler.
P. M. A. LIENAU, Secretary.

Santa Fe Camp 13514, M. W. A. meets second Tuesday each month, social meeting third Tuesday at Fireman's Hall. Visiting neighbors welcome.
A. G. WHITTIER, Consul.
A. E. P. ROBINSON, Clerk.

ODD FELLOWS.
No. 2, I. O. O. F. Santa Fe Lodge meets regularly every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Hall. Visiting brothers always welcome.

FRATERNAL UNION OF AMERICA.
Lodge No. 259, holds its regular meeting on the first Thursday of each month at Fireman's hall at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.

BENITO ALARID, President.
DAVID GONZALES, Secretary.

F. W. FARMER
Homestead No. 2879, Brotherhood of American Yeomen. Meets first Friday of the month at the Fireman's Hall.

H. Foreman, R. L. Baca, Cor. Sec. David Gonzales.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., February 1, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that Reyes Gurule, of La Jara, N. M., who, on June 10, 1910, made Homestead Entry No. 013618, for SW 1-4, Section 16, Township 22 N., Range 1 W., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Charles W. Holman, U. S. Comm., Cabelon, N. M., on March 15, 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses: Nicolas Gutierrez, Trinidad Duran, Juan Duran, all of La Jara, N. M.; J. Marino Cordova, of Cuba, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

LEGAL NOTICE.
In the Probate Court, Santa Fe County, State of New Mexico.

In the matter of the estate of Abraham Staab, Deceased.

To Whom It May Concern: Last will and testament of Abraham Staab, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the last will and testament of Abraham Staab, deceased, late of the City of Santa Fe, County of Santa Fe, and State of New Mexico, has been produced and read in the Probate Court of the County of Santa Fe, State of New Mexico, at a regular adjourned term thereof, held on the 23rd day of January, A. D. 1913, and the day of the proving of said last will and testament was by order of the judge of said court thereupon fixed for Monday, the third day of March, A. D. 1913, the March term of said court, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the County Court House, at the City of Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Given under my hand and seal this 23rd day of January, A. D. 1913. (SEAL.)

M. A. ORTIZ, Probate Clerk.
V. I. ALARID, Deputy.

Filed January 23rd, 1913.

Subscribe for the Santa Fe New Mexican, the paper that boosts all the time and works for the upbuilding of our new State.

Just Try a New Mexican Want Ad if you want quick returns.

WANTS

FOR RENT—A three or six room house furnished or unfurnished. Apply to D. S. Lowitzki.

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room, near Capitol, gentleman preferred. Address 222 Galisteo Street.

FOR SALE—Second hand buggy, used only a short time, rubber tires, automobile seat. Cost \$125, will take \$60. Call 223 Hickox street.

It stands to reason that what will cure most prevent. Don't you owe your constitution a little consideration before it is too late? If so, try two weeks at the famous Ojo Caliente Hot Springs, New Mexico.

SALESMAN to sell new education specialty to school boards. Exclusive territory. No competition. Liberal proposition. Union School Furnishing Company, 1634 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

TYPEWRITERS
Cleaned, adjusted and repaired. New platens furnished. Ribbons and supplies. Typewriters sold, exchanged and rented. Standard makes handled. All repair work and typewriters guaranteed. Santa Fe Typewriter Exchange, Phone 231 W.

Rooms, Houses & Ranches
What Have You to Rent?
List it with MRS. SUMMERS, Room 11, Laughlin Block.
Rooms and houses furnished or unfurnished. A select list always on hand.

Saves You Time and Money.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW.

EDWARD P. DAVIES, City Attorney.
Capital City Bank Building, Rooms 17-18.
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

G. W. PRICHARD, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law. Practices in all the District Courts and gives special attention to cases before the State Supreme Court. Office: Laughlin Bldg., Santa Fe, N. M.

HARRY D. MOULTON, Attorney-at-Law.
Santa Fe, New Mexico.
Formerly Special Agent, G. L. O. Land Claims and Contests a Specialty

Chas. F. Easley, Chas. R. Easley, EASLEY & EASLEY, Attorneys-at-law.
Practice in the Courts and before Land Department.
Land grants and titles examined. Santa Fe, N. M., branch Office, Easley, N. M.

M. J. MCGUINNESS, Attorney-at-Law.
Room 12, Second Floor, Capital City Bank Building, Santa Fe, N. M.

HAVE YOU ANYTHING TO ADVISE?
Tell your story to 2,000,000 Readers for Twelve Dollars.

We will place your 25-word advertisement in 25 leading newspapers' Sunday issue, for \$12 per insertion. Descriptive circular FREE.

THE PROBERT ADVERTISING AGENCY,
Taos, New Mexico.

DR. W. HUME BROWN, Dentist.
Over Spitz Jewelry Store. Rooms 1, 2 and 3.
Phone Red 6.
Office Hours 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. And by Appointment.

DR. J. M. DIAZ,
Office 202 Water St., Hours, 1 to 3 P. M.
Phones: Office, 220 W. Residence, 9 J

X-Ray Work. Portable Coils to be used at patient's home.

C. C. GUNTER, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Rooms 18-19 Laughlin Bldg. Calls attended promptly day or night.
Office Hours: 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.

It will not pay you to waste your time writing out your legal forms when you can get them already printed at the New Mexican Printing Company.

Scratch Pads at all descriptions and all qualities, 10 pounds for 50 cents New Mexican office

SCOTTISH RITES REUNION
Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 17-20.

One and one-fifth fare for the round trip from all points in New Mexico, including El Paso, Texas, and Trinidad, Colo., to SANTA FE, N. M.

Dates of Sale, Feb. 15, 16, and 17. Good for Return Passage, Feb. 21, 1913.

H. S. LUTZ, AGENT, SANTA FE, N. M.

NEWS OF THE STATE

UNDER BALED HAY.

Messrs. Childs and Jungbluth narrowly escaped serious injury last Monday, when their team ran away with a wagon loaded with baled hay. They turned the wagon over nearly crushing Mr. Childs underneath. Mr. Jungbluth was unconscious several hours.—Clayton News.

SLASHED WITH KNIFE.

Jack Hill, formerly a waiter in the dining room of the Grand Central hotel, is a prisoner in the county jail, charged with having assaulted Jesse Couch with a knife.

Couch was a guest in the eating establishment when Hill engaged in a quarrel and as Couch endeavored to act the part of a peacemaker he was cut over the chest with a knife by Hill. It is alleged. The wound sustained by Couch is reported as not very serious. Hill was placed under arrest by Chief Stewart.—Roswell Record.

THEY SEE THE ELK.

The Santa Fe stock yards were the center of attraction for a large number of spectators yesterday who enjoyed the rare sight of a herd of 80 elk that had been unloaded that morning for feed and rest. The herd occupying two stock cars, is being transferred from Yellowstone Park, Wyo., to a large game preserve in the mountains of Arizona where they will be turned loose and protected under stringent laws. The herd is being moved under permission granted by the United States government and secured through the efforts of Governor Hunt of Arizona and the National Order of B. P. O. E. who desire to see the antlered tribe propagated. The sum of \$1,600 was subscribed by the members of B. P. O. E. in Arizona for the transfer of the herd to be taken over later as state property and the expense of removal borne by the state.—Raton Range.

SPRINGER WANTS IT, TOO.

The people of Maxwell seem to be confident that they will get a beet

LEFT IN DARKNESS.

The town board at its meeting Tuesday night got a streak of economy on and reduced the price for street lights from \$2.00 per month to \$5 cents. The result was that the manager of the light company took out all the street lights yesterday, and last night the town was in darkness.

There is a mighty good old book with whose trite truths the members of the town board are evidently unfamiliar, which says, "Men love darkness rather than light because their deeds are dark."

The town has been getting lights cheaper than most towns in this section. It has been paying just the same rate as all of us individuals who use the lights are paying.

For several years writer, with others, paid out of their own pockets every month to keep our street lighted.

Now, with taxation out of all reason, our town is left in darkness, and no marshal is provided. It looks as though there was a studied effort to

"Can't We be a Little More Economical, Dear?"

The man with his nose to the grindstone trying to "make both ends meet" is asking that question of his helpmate more and more as the price of living soars.

Cottolene

will help you immensely by cutting down your butter bills. Use butter on your table, but not in your kitchen. With butter at present prices, you simply could not afford to use it in cooking, even if it would produce better results. But when Cottolene will shorten and fry as good as or even better than butter—and the price is about one-third—why not try it, and practice economy without feeling that you are "skimping" yourself or your table?

Remember also that two-thirds of a pound of Cottolene will go as far as a full pound of either butter or lard. Cottolene is Nature's Shortening—a vegetable product—healthful, digestible, and in every way satisfactory. Try this recipe:

PLAIN LAYER CAKE
Cream 1/2 cup Cottolene with 1 cup sugar, mix in alternately 1/2 cup milk and 2 cups pastry flour, in which 2 teaspoons baking powder and 1/2 teaspoon salt have been thoroughly sifted. Beat well, flavor, and add three stiffly beaten eggs. Bake in two layers.

This batter is a good foundation recipe and may be used with spices, chocolate, fruit or nuts, with any desired filling.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

A Miner's Work

gradually weakens even a strong man unless his system is nourished by a pure food- tonic like SCOTT'S EMULSION which keeps the blood rich, builds healthy tissue and makes body-warmth.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is all nourishment; it strengthens the lungs and prevents coughs, colds, rheumatism, grippe and pneumonia.

EVERY MINER NEEDS SCOTT'S EMULSION.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Bloomfield, N. J. 12-90



OFFICIAL NEWS.

Today, St. Valentine's day, was celebrated in "official circles" whether officials and their clerks wished to, or not. The mails brought a flood of valentine missives and messages, and some of them were highly exciting. More than one fair "stenog" was seen blushing and several official faces were scanned with smiles. Occasionally one saw a "bulging, inquiring eye" as a cartoon was spied. One of the valentines sent to a young lady in the Annex hinted at matrimony, but not the perpetual brand, for the verse said:

"When the knot is tied forever
Which the court alone can sever."

The recipient remarked: "Think of his nerve hinting at the possibility of divorce even before we are married!"

One valentine came from "the Kansas delegate to the Amalgamated Association of Permented Justice Manufacturers of these United States."

BOMBARDMENT AT CAPITOL.

A fair imitation, allowing for the distance, of the bombardment going on in the capital of Mexico was heard near the capitol of New Mexico today. "Bang-a-ti-bang, bang-bing" rang out with monotonous regularity, to use the expression of the Associated Press war correspondent who covered the Mexican battle yesterday. But all the fuss was due to the beating of several enormous carpets which were hung up on the north side of the capitol grounds.

NEW COMPANY.

The Highland Cattle company, a Nevada corporation, was admitted to do business in this state by the state corporation commission naming J. C. Dodson statutory agent with offices at Lordsburg. The company is capitalized at \$200,000.

AMENDMENT FILED.

An amendment to articles of incorporation of the Rosenwald Brothers company, an Albuquerque firm, was filed, increasing the capital stock from \$16,000 to \$250,000.

TELEGRAM TO GOVERNOR.

Governor William C. McDonald received a telegram this morning from S. M. Johnson attending the Southern Good Roads convention meeting in Asheville, N. C.:

"Route decided Washington, Memphis, Dallas, Roswell, borderland to El Paso."

When shown to Santa Feans interested in having the transcontinental highway come through this city, there was much disappointment expressed.

WATER APPLICATION.

Water application No. 745 Chino Copper company, Santa Rita, Grant county, for 16 sec. feet from the Whitewater Arroyo for milling purposes.

NOTES.

C. A. Gary of the U. S. geological survey, in connection with the state engineer's office, is installing an automatic gauge on the Rio Hondo for there has never been a water record taken officially, says Engineer French.

Robert L. Cooper leaves this afternoon for Socorro to get data on several reinforced concrete bridges to be put on the Camino Real.

EQUALIZATION BOARD.

The state equalization board is meeting today at the capitol to take up the great problem of assessment of corporation lands and holdings. The meeting adjourned some weeks ago until today so that certain data might be collected and laid before the board.

KILLING BY ACCIDENT IS NOT DEEMED CAUSE FOR LANDING TROOPS.

(Continued from page one).

The subject is now frankly discussed by Mexicans and foreigners and frequently it is a Mexican citizen who expresses the opinion publicly that the United States or some other power or powers jointly should intervene in the Colonia Juarez last night's gathering of Mexican women of the better class made no secret of their desire for intervention. Their formal statement of their feelings was as follows:

"We are praying for the end of our country's troubles, even through intervention."

Conditions in the capital are steadily growing worse. All business both public and private, except that connected with war, has ceased. Even the general postoffice has closed its doors and many of its employees are carrying rifles in the ranks of the federal army.

CANADIAN WOMAN SHOT.

The death of another woman during yesterday's fighting further excited the foreign residents. Mrs. Greenfield, mother of Harry Greenfield, an employee of a power company, was killed by a shell in Victoria street. This makes the third woman killed among the foreign residents.

Mrs. Greenfield was a Canadian. Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—The government was reported during the morning to be preparing to raze with dynamite four solid blocks consisting mostly of residences just east of the rebel position, between the arsenal and the National palace, to obtain a letter sweep for the heavy fire from the federal artillery. The fire from the rebel batteries kept up steadily throughout the morning, but at about 10 o'clock a decrease was noticed in that from the government artillery.

KEEN TO SEE FIGHTING.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—Over night dispatches from Ambassador Wilson say Americans are not in haste to flee from the danger zone in Mexico City, even when they have the opportunity.

Foreigners seem determined to remain to watch the fighting although Mr. Wilson reports at every interval between engagements he has sent motors through the city to bring all non-combatants into the neighborhood of the American embassy.

Banking is paralyzed, and the ambassador has been unable to draw on the state department for the \$10,000 authorized yesterday for use in succoring Americans and sending them out of the city. The state department today authorized him to give the guarantee of this government for any obligations incurred.

DIAZ REASSURES AMERICANS.

Americans who petitioned General Felix Diaz have received a reply from the rebel leader that they need not fear his firing so long as his forces are not attacked from the direction of the residential section occupied by the American colony. Officers commanding 400 rural guards who took up a position before the German legation yesterday, are reported to have told the German minister they did not know which cause they served. With an air of indifference they added that their colonel was having an interview with Diaz.

No sympathetic disturbances are reported in northern Sonora and conditions remain quiet in Juarez, although it is impossible to get news out of Chihuahua city.

REFUGEE IN CHURCHES.

Mexico City, Feb. 14.—Long before daylight a steady stream of refugees for the most part belonging to the lower classes, but also comprising many of the better elements, poured out of the densely populated district in the neighborhood of the rebel lines. Orders had been given to the government troops not to oppose the evacuation of the district by these non-combatants. Great crowds of them filled the streets, staggering under the weight of bundles of bedding and other personal effects. Sick people were carried away on the shoulders of their relatives. Aged women tottered along feebly, causing their frightened relatives much delay in their panic-stricken flight.

TROUBLE AT ACAPULCO.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—Many acts of violence have been committed at Acapulco against Americans. They culminated in a street attack on two officers of the cruiser Denver before her departure for Acapulco, Salvador, Wednesday. These demonstrations of hostility, endangering the lives of hundreds of Americans, so thoroughly alarmed officials here that today they ordered the Denver by wireless to return.

In addition to the regular American colony in Acapulco are American ranchers and miners forced to flee into the city by rebel depredations in the country. All these refugees are dependent upon protection from the navy, as the rebels forced suspension of work on railroads which would have connected the Pacific coast with the Mexican capital.

NO CHANGE.

Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—The sixth day of fighting in the streets of the Mexican capital brought no diminution in the fierceness of the battle. Up to noon no appreciable gains had been made by either side.

The hundreds of thousands of terror-stricken non-combatants have grown indifferent as to who wins, but all in the city uttered a prayer this morning that one side or the other might bring to a termination the terrible artillery duel which has wrecked the city and caused so much loss of life and misery. Grim determination was expressed today by both sides. An ultimatum from Madero to the rebels was greeted with a hail of shells and Diaz later asserted in an official communication to the United

States ambassador that he was in control of the city.

Expert observers declared that Diaz had the advantage of the position in some respects, but that the federal commander had an immense superiority of numbers and could count on practically unlimited ammunition and supplies. Diaz is also well supplied with ammunition for the present.

President Madero last night received more reinforcements. Further bodies of troops were expected today. General Blanquet today was officially reported to have asked permission from the department of war to leave a colonel in command of the force at Toluca and come to the capital with a portion of his men.

General Rivera is on his way from the state of Oaxaca with 900 federal soldiers. The federal troops were posted during the night at points considered of strategic importance and General Huerta declared this morning that the effort to rush the rebel lines which he had promised for yesterday, would be forthcoming today.

TAFT IS WAITING.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—President Taft declared to close advisers today that only one thing could force him to ask congress to intervene in Mexico. If Madero or Diaz should turn upon Americans merely because they are Americans or foreigners, Mr. Taft let it be known that he would rush a special message to congress in 10 minutes time. He does not regard the killing of a few Americans in the course of the battle as a cause for war, but looks upon such casualties as unavoidable and believes that the proper authorities should be held liable for damages.

If, however, the president was to hear that Americans were being wantonly killed, and found congress taking its week-end recess, his confidants today declare he would not hesitate to send an expeditionary force from the battleships at Vera Cruz and Tampico. Five thousand sailors and marines could be landed from them in a few hours and start for Mexico City.

International law recognizes the right of a government to send such an expeditionary force to guard its own citizens when they need protection.

The sailors and marines would be sent to Mexico City as "the legation guard." This was the method employed during the Boxer uprising in China and more recently in Nicaragua.

If such a step were forced on President Taft while congress was in session, the president intends to take low it immediately with a message setting forth conditions, showing what he has done and asking authority to send United States troops across the border.

The president was disturbed today when he heard reports that communications between Mexico and the United States might be cut off. He pointed out to his friends that such a condition would resemble that in China when the foreigners penned up in Peking could not communicate with the outside world.

MEETS CABINET.

President Taft met the cabinet at the usual semi-weekly session and the Mexican situation was generally discussed. It was understood that the cabinet is in complete accord with the president's attitude as it was expressed in his talks with callers today. Secretary Knox upon entering the conference declared there was nothing specific to be considered and that he had received no important dispatches since last night.

Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—Federal engineers this morning began placing a series of mines charged with dynamite beneath certain houses between the national palace and the arsenal. The explosion of these is to clear a passage four blocks long through which the artillery will direct mortar fire against Diaz and his army in the positions about the arsenal.

The buildings in this doomed section are constructed wall to wall and the district is densely populated. Residents were warned during the night to evacuate their homes.

All escaped, taking nothing but personal belongings.

STRIVE FOR TRUCE.

Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—About noon some straggling bands of federal soldiers passed the United States embassy. It was believed they were deserters and the impression grew that the government troops were refusing to continue fighting.

Just before noon the White Cross society endeavored to arrange a truce for two hours in order to collect the dead and wounded. The federal fire became less intense and the artillery also slackened slightly.

General Huerta, the federal commander, declared that with a flat trajectory the projectiles from the mortars would soon demolish the arsenal. For this purpose it was necessary to destroy the houses before attempting to dislodge the rebels. Felix Diaz late in the morning issued a notice that he was about to increase the fury of his bombardment of the national palace. He warned non-combatants to withdraw from the danger zone.

More persistent firing on the palace by the rebels then began.

THREE ENGAGEMENTS.

Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—Three different engagements in the streets were precipitated by the edging in of the federal forces toward the rebel positions. In each of them both sides played safe after a sharp exchange of small army fire and a vicious play of machine guns.

DIAZ'S MILITARY STATUS.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—The application of Diaz to Ambassador Wilson for recognition of his belligerency, though disposed of for the moment by Wilson's waiver of the question, probably soon will be brought before the state department if the military status of the two factions in Mexico continues substantially unchanged. It is beyond the power of an ambassador to grant such an application, as any action required to

be taken would be in Washington and by the president of the United States himself.

Probably what General Diaz desires to secure is a full political recognition of his status, such as can be secured by the issue by President Taft of a neutrality proclamation, for as a matter of fact, this is the only manner, though indirect, in which belligerency can be recognized. Aside from the moral effect of such a proclamation, about the only substantial benefit that could be derived from its issue, by an insurgent leader, would be to insure the absolute neutrality of the United States government and prevent the shipment of any more arms or ammunition of war to the Madero government.

OPPOSE BARRETT'S IDEA.

Mexico City, Mex., Feb. 14.—Nothing of a spectacular nature occurred during the morning's operations nor did the bombardment appear so terrific as that of yesterday, although the constant monotonous thunder of the cannon punctuated by the rattle of small arm fire, left no doubt that both sides were working grimly and doggedly.

Evidences of life on the streets except that displayed by the military were lacking. Non-combatants huddled together in their refuges, although some occasionally ran the gauntlet of the danger zone and were welcomed as couriers by those wishing to learn about developments in other quarters.

Few people, however, took these risks and when they did they crossed the open streets on the run. Even the federal troops within their own region of control ran while crossing the streets, since the rebel outposts and sharpshooters were scattered far beyond the rebel lines, and concealed on the roof tops and made any movement perilous.

The anxiety of the last few days at the United States embassy was relieved today by locating some of the American refugees in the homes of others living nearby. Many Americans have slept on blankets in unfurnished houses rented by the embassy.

The American guard has continued on duty at the embassy, those composing it patrolling without rifles.

American residents here are formulating a protest against the plan of mediation suggested by John Barrett as being inadequate.

LOCAL ITEMS.

THE WEATHER.
Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 14.—For New Mexico: Tonight and Saturday fair, not much change in temperature.

IN TELEPHONING.

The New Mexican, if your business is about advertising, subscriptions or job work, please call up "31 W." If you wish to speak to the editor or give any news, please phone "31 J."

A Valentine of flowers is the most appropriate gift.
Step to the Phone and Say It—Whether you need a necessity or luxury, you can depend upon our phone service and prompt delivery. Zook's Pharmacy.

WANTED—A good delivery boy at The White House.

The leading candidates are working subscriptions good and strong and they are gaining fast. Why not you? Billard will make your abstracts right.

Candidates, do you know that a year's subscription to the New Mexican will count 6000 votes. Worth your while to look them up.
Guaranteed to Cure all heart trouble—A Flower Valentine. Phone 12. The Clarendon Garden.

We Deliver the Goods—Whatever your purchase may be, in whatever section of the city you reside, we'll deliver to your door. Our service will please you. Zook's Pharmacy.

Meet Tonight—There will be a special meeting of Montezuma Lodge, A. F. & A. M., this evening at eight o'clock. The Master Mason degree will be conferred and all master Masons are cordially invited to attend.

Elegantly Furnished Rooms for rent. The finest rooms in the city, having electric light, steam heat and baths. The European Hotel, centrally located. State Progressive Headquarters in the hotel.

See Billard of the Santa Fe Title Abstract Co. for abstract work.
Subscriptions to the Santa Fe New Mexican, the English and Spanish weeklies count up very fast and you should see to it that your friends are subscribers or pay up their subscriptions.

Heard Over the Phone—Many an order "is heard over the phone" at our store. It is one of the ways in which folks enjoy purchasing quality drug store goods from us. Zook's Pharmacy.

Boy Scouts, Attention!—Patrols one, two and three and the scoutmaster's patrol of small boys will meet at the Boy Scout rooms promptly at 7:30 p. m. Friday, February 14, for drill to receive the new Scout rods and to plan the building of a 14-foot boat. Tenderfoot and second Scout examinations as usual at 11:15 a. m., Saturday. Leonidas Smith, Scoutmaster.

STUDENTS EXTEND WARM WELCOME TO SUFRAGETTES
Lawrenceville, N. J., Feb. 14.—More than 100 students of Lawrenceville academy met the suffragettes today when they entered Lawrenceville, five miles from Princeton. The boys carried a big "vote for women" banner and had a yell for the occasion which went like this:

"Siss boom ah.
"Siss boom ah.
"Coo-coo Suffragettes."
They demanded speeches and General Jones and several others obliged them.

JUDGE M'FIE DEFINES AN "OPTIMIST"

It leaked out today that State Senator Isaac Barth, of Albuquerque, Bernalillo county, while ill with the mumps, had plenty of reading matter besides the books sent him by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Doran of the Montezuma hotel, and by other friends. It appears that Judge John R. McFie contributed to the stream of letters, facetious and informing, which the Duke City senator received.

Judge McFie once had the mumps and informed Mr. Barth of his sympathy for the Albuquerque senator. The judge's letter teems with shafts of satire and sparkles with wit. The judge says, among other things:

"I beg you to take an optimistic view of the situation and of the future. An optimist is one who, having the mumps, is grateful to a kind providence that he hasn't the smallpox. An optimist is a senator who, having lost one eye, is grateful that it is not his tongue."

SEVENTEEN BULLETS IN BOYCE'S BRAIN.

Vernon, Texas, Feb. 14.—Taking of testimony began today in the trial of J. B. Sneed, charged with the murder of Al G. Boyce, Jr., who eloped with Mrs. Sneed to Winnipeg, Manitoba, more than a year ago. Sneed, disguised as a laborer, shot Boyce to death in Amarillo last September.

Dr. A. F. Lumpkin, of Amarillo, the first witness, said he found seventeen bullet wounds in Boyce's right side after the shooting.

RECOMMENDED MULE TEAMS FOR ARMY OFFICERS.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—Senator Bristow declared the way army officers "flitted about Washington in government automobiles was scandalous."

JUST RECEIVED!

Line of D. M. C. EMB. FLOSS in colors. Also full line of PRINCESS and ROYAL SOCIETY FLOSS in colors for use in working the new line of LIBRARY SCARFS, PILLOWS, CENTRE PIECES, STAMPED BAGS, etc., which are the late designs just received.

MISS A. MUGLER

SOUTHEAST CORNER PLAZA.

lous" when the army appropriation bill came up today and offered an amendment to limit army vehicles here to those drawn by mules or motor trucks. Mule drawn carriages, he thought, would reduce their desire to ride.

Senator Townsend wanted to know why the Kansas senator did not limit it to oxen. The senate, however, voted down the mule proposition, which had 21 votes in its favor, and passed the bill.

Senator Townsend wanted to know why the Kansas senator did not limit it to oxen. The senate, however, voted down the mule proposition, which had 21 votes in its favor, and passed the bill.

S. C. Buff Orpingtons EGGS FOR HATCHING

\$2.00 FOR 13 EGGS

The early hatched Chick makes the Winter Layer!

FRESH EGGS FOR THE TABLE.

CHAS. A. WHEELON,

Phone 204 J. 315 Palace Ave.

S. SPITZ, THE JEWELER

HEADQUARTERS FOR HIGH-GRADE WATCHES AND CLOCKS

Time Pieces That Are Reliable! HAVE YOUR WATCH CLEANED OCCASIONALLY.

HINTS TO CONTEST CANDIDATES

By the SANTA FE HARDWARE & SUPPLY CO.

To win in our big joint contest it is necessary that the candidate have the right point of view.

First, remember that there are fifteen Piano prizes with a value of over \$4000, also a large number of other prizes. . . .

In other words, practically a prize for every candidate.

Second, recollect that to win you must put your efforts into the line which will bring the most returns.

For instance, accounts dated before 1913 carry double votes. When paying such accounts, your friends should see that they are given these extra votes. Again, the Gen. Mdee. Due Bills are perhaps the most prolific source of votes. They mean FREE Votes—DOUBLE Votes.

The Due Bill is an order on our store for merchandise. You deliver it to your friend, she gives you the money which you bring to us.

We then give you the number of votes represented by the money brought in. When your friend uses the due bill she receives the same number of votes that have already been given to you.

If she traded directly at the store, with the money, there would be only the one set of votes. See the gain made at no extra cost?

BEAR THIS HINT IN MIND.

THE MAN WHO KNOWS!

Ah, They're Here! HE SHOUTS.

Shoes for Men in all the Walks of Life! Snappy Models in Dull or Bright Leathers, and in Tans for the Swell Dressers,

\$5.00, \$5.50 AND \$6.00

Comfort Shoes with wide toes and broad heels and good Shoe-making for the BUSINESS MAN!

\$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00

There's not a Man with a Shoe Want we can't satisfy IN BOTH STYLE AND PRICE.

BETTER SHOES PFLUEGER'S BETTER SHOES

FLOWERS & VALENTINES

Violets, Tulips, Roses, Carnations, Daffodils, at the

THE CLARENDON GARDEN

PHONE 12

F. ANDREWS

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING TO EAT

Groceries, Meats, Fruits, Vegetables, Bakery Goods.

Phone No. 4 ANDREWS Phone No. 4