

3-23-1907

Albuquerque Evening Citizen, 03-23-1907

Hughes & McCreight

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Albuquerque Evening Citizen.

VOL. 21, NO. 70.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 23, 1907.

The Evening Citizen, in Advance, 50 cents per month. Delivered by Carriers, 60 cents per month.

RADICAL PEASANT REVOLT IS PROPOSED IN FRISCO

Citizen's Committee to Supervise All the Departmentments.

SCHMITZ WILL BE ASKED TO RESIGN AT ONCE

National Government Offers to Cooperate With Local Reformers.

San Francisco, March 22.—The city government of San Francisco is to be supervised by a citizen's committee.

The city government of San Francisco is to be supervised by a citizen's committee. The plan of Assistant District Attorney Heney, and other representative men of the city, shall be regarded with favor by the people. The intention is to render grafting impossible.

The citizen's committee, in order to make its work more effective, is to be an incorporated body. It will place a representative in every municipal office, who will act as a sort of auditor of accounts. Any discrepancy or irregularity will be noted and reported, and the official will be called to account.

The representative will attend every meeting of the board of supervisors and will investigate its acts. The record will be made public. The national administration has offered to co-operate with the local reformers and Secretary Strauss, of the department of commerce and labor, is assisting the movement. Mayor Schmitz will be asked to resign.

NEW MINE RAILWAY IN ARIZONA COMPLETED.

Phoenix, Ariz., March 22.—The railroad which has been under construction by the Arizona Commercial Copper company to connect the blackhawk mine with the line of the old Dominion smelter at Globe, a distance of four and a half miles, is now completed. The grade had been completed for some time, but the construction of the road proper has been held up by the non-arrival of steel and ties. Several cars were shipped here four weeks ago for the road, but they were appropriated by the Southern Pacific which needed them for a temporary track at the Salton Sea, and a shipment in lieu of these rails has just arrived.

SEVENTH REGIMENT'S GAMES FOR TONIGHT.

New York, March 22.—The fifty-first games of the Seventh Regiment Athletic association will be held tonight. The regulation running, jumping and weight-throwing contests are scheduled for also the military events which have proved so popular at the meets in the past. There are a great many athletes in the regiment. The roller skating race, which made such a hit at the first meet, will be given tonight, revised in the shape of a mile handicap affair. Harry F. MacDonald made a thrilling sprint in the last lap of the race last fall, and was robbed of victory only by an unfortunate fall at the head of the stretch.

WOMEN DINE AT BOTTOM OF THE SEA

Submarine Boat Lays Submerged Two Hours, While Occupants Feast.

Bridgeport, Conn., March 22.—Mrs. M. Thurston, wife of former United States Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, and Mrs. J. C. Lake, distinguished themselves Thursday by being the first women to take a trip in a submarine boat.

It was not only Mrs. Lake's first venture in the depths, but it was the culmination of her dreams of many years, since her son began his experiments with submarines.

J. C. Lake, father of the inventor, who is now abroad, was the host of a party of a dozen who journeyed from Washington and New York to have the experience of sailing and dining beneath the surface of the ocean. In the party, besides Mrs. Lake and Mrs. Thurston, were former Senator Thurston, Rear Admiral Mordcau C. Endicott, retired, and Captain Field, president of the Aero club of America; Augustus Post, the Aero club's secretary; Alan R. Hawley, one of the defenders of the international challenge balloon cup; R. V. Brown, of Washington; Senator Thurston's law partner, and Lieut. Badier de Aquino, naval attaché of the Brazilian embassy.

For two hours the Lake, the latest submarine built by Simon Lake, remained submerged in the sound, two miles off the shore. Under the guidance of Capt. George Evans, the boat was maneuvered on the bottom and at various depths up to twenty-seven feet, the greatest depth of the water.

Mrs. Lake and Mrs. Thurston and the others in the party were admitted to the air chamber, from which they left the boat, and watched the water whirling at their feet and kept from engulfing them only by heavy air pressure.

While the vessel was submerged an elaborate dinner was cooked and served.

King Refused to Conciliate the Insurgents and Troops Inefficient.

FARM PROPRIETORS AND SMALL TOWNS HELPLESS

Movement Is Not Anti-Semite but King Says It Is Anarchistic—Bad Any Way.

Bucharest, March 22.—King Charles today was requested to receive in audience a delegation of students from the Jassy university, who desired to urge him to support the peasants in their political movement. The king refused to receive them, and the students issued several pamphlets inciting the populace to assist the revolted peasants. The king's refusal is being widely distributed in Bucharest.

TROOPS MADE TO IMPROVE LIFE CONDITIONS

Vienna, March 22.—According to a telegram received here today from Ozeronovitz, on the Roumanian border, the peasants are being organized by the troops, who took the places by assault and pillaged and devastated them. The attack on Misailen, Roumanian, continues. The peasants persistently assaulting the towns. The troops have thus far been unable to drive back the peasants and many have been killed and wounded on both sides.

PEASANTS ARE DEMANDING IMPROVED LIFE CONDITIONS

Bucharest, Roumanian, March 22.—In the opinion of the Roumanian government the rising of the peasants in Moldavia is more anarchistic in character than anti-semitic. According to the latest advice the movement is spreading southward. Bands of peasants in Brailov and Buzau districts, mostly armed with cudgels are marauding over the farms and threatening the proprietors with death unless they ameliorate the conditions of work.

The government claims that the disturbances have been quelled in those districts into which it has been able to get sufficient troops. A regiment of cavalry left here today for Bacau and Vaslui districts.

In Bacau, Vaslui and Roman districts the peasants are well organized. Most of them have served in the army and they have formed themselves into companies and regiments under officers, and are plundering the small towns and villages. A serious encounter between troops and peasants has occurred at the small town of Miliuti, in which many peasants were killed during the fighting.

VASSAR CLUB HOUSE BEING PLANNED

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., March 22.—The Vassar girls are busy at work on their plans to have a lighted and pretty club house. It has taken several years to bring the plans to their present stage. They are now going ahead. There is no difficulty in raising money, as there are thousands of people in this city and in other cities where Vassar alumni are scattered, to furnish funds for anything in the shape of a building that the girls want.

ILLINOIS SENATOR TELLS ROOSEVELT HIS OPINION ON ALTON DEAL.

Washington, March 22.—Senator Cullom, of Illinois, had an interview with President Roosevelt Thursday, and when he left he said he had told Mr. Roosevelt that if he, Senator Cullom, could have his way, Edward H. Harriman would be sent to the penitentiary for manipulations of stock and bond issues of the Chicago & Alton railroad.

"Did the president agree with you?" Mr. Cullom was asked. "I do not think he made any comment upon that remark of mine," was the reply. "There is no doubt about the rascality of the deal. The people who are swindled are not the public at large, nor those who travel on the road, but those who bought those bonds. If there is nothing behind the paper it cannot, of course, be sold at a profit, and it is nothing less than a swindle."

"What do you expect the state of Illinois to do about it?" was asked. "I don't know," said the senator. "I fear there is no law under which it can be reached. But I am pleased to see Governor Deneen has had drawn which in the future, if it becomes a law, will regulate the increase in stock and bonds. This is a wise step. I fear so deeply because the Alton road has grown up under my eyes and runs through my town. The road was looted and after that those who had a hand in it do not seem to have cared what became of the property."

"What is your opinion of the proposal to have the actual value of the railroads ascertained to establish rates and regulate transportation?" "I believe it would be a good thing to have the actual value of the roads ascertained. But there are many difficulties in the way of doing that. Unless the appraisal of all the railroads in the country is taken at the same time and all the information obtained within a few months, just as the census is taken, it would be of no worth to the government."

SUCH A LIKENESS TO LINCOLN!



VICE PRESIDENT FAIRBANKS IS SAID TO BE MAKING A TOUR TELLING STORIES LIKE LINCOLN. OTHER PRESIDENTIAL ASPIRANTS WILL PROBABLY DISCOVER THAT THEY RESEMBLE LINCOLN IN SOME OTHER RESPECT.

DR. MARVIN ASKS AID FROM GOVERNMENT TO RECOVER SON

President Promises All Aid Which Government Can Give.

FATHER THREATENED WITH DEATH OF LITTLE BOY

Washington, March 22.—President Roosevelt today addressed a letter to Dr. H. N. Marvin, of Dover, Del., who had asked the president if government aid could not be extended toward the recovery of his missing child, in which the president said anything that would help would do to help him would be done. He also said he had communicated the matter to the postoffice department, asking that an aid along the line requested be given Dr. Marvin.

In his telegram to the president Dr. Marvin said he had received many threatening letters, saying that his boy may be killed by the supposed captor, and he suggested that they be looked into. He also said he had sent out pictures and notices regarding the kidnapping of his son, and that postmasters are not allowed to display them in public buildings.

PILGRIMS SOCIETY HONOR AMBASSADOR BRYCE

New York, March 22.—Men high in official and diplomatic life in Washington are looking forward with great interest to the coming dinner tonight to be given by the Pilgrims society of New York to the new British ambassador, James Bryce, at the Waldorf Astoria. The secretaries of state, of war and of the navy are among those who are here, as are also most of the prominent foreign diplomats. The Pilgrims expect to make it a notable and memorable event. About five hundred guests will be present, and it is expected that these shall be as representative of the whole of America as possible. The Pilgrims society intended giving this dinner upon the arrival of Mr. Bryce, but Mr. Bryce asked that it be postponed, until he could first come to Washington and make the acquaintance of the president. Among the speakers are Secretary Root and J. H. Choate.

SEVERAL BANKS SHORT OF CASH IN FALL RIVER.

Fall River, Mass., March 22.—The banks that finance the accounts of the mills in this city are experiencing embarrassing conditions growing out of the tightness of the money market. It is fortunate for the banks that the mills are in an exceedingly flourishing condition, for if the reverse were true it would be a serious handicap for these institutions. The mills have paid hundreds of thousands of dollars on loans taken out during the past few months, the revenue coming from the sales of goods, which have been enormous. With the vast proceeds pouring into the banks they have shown a marked shortage of ready cash, and the rates of interest being charged are very high. The majority of the banks in this city are so constituted that the directors are also heavily interested in these institutions. The mills are a community of interests. Brokers who sell cotton to the mills on time accounts often seek loans from the same banks where the mills carry their regular line of accounts, and if one applicant is denied the accommodation, the second applicant for a loan on the mill acceptance, they cannot place the paper.

COUNTY ATTORNEY SHOT AND DEPUTY WOUNDED IN TEXAS FIGHT

Murderer Was Fatally Wounded and Cannot Live But Few Hours.

NEGRO BANK PRESIDENT ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Hattiesburg, Miss., March 22.—Joseph Pettus, president of the People's bank, a negro institution, was today arrested, charged with the murder of Edward Howell, cashier, who was waylaid and shot to death March 19. Pettus and Howell were the only persons who knew the combination of the bank vault. After the murder, the vault was opened and several notes which Pettus owed the bank and \$2,700 in cash were taken. Pettus is also charged with grand larceny.

BERNALILLO COUNTY DISTRICT COURT

Discrepancies were granted in the district court this morning to Mrs. Mary H. Morrison from her husband, Leon Morrison, on the grounds of desertion, and to Mrs. Ida Eldon from her husband, J. J. Eldon, on the grounds of abandonment. The Eldons are from Gallup.

Mary Anderson has filed a suit in the district court against her husband Thornton A. Anderson, Attorney at Law. D. Bryan represents the plaintiff.

Another suit filed this morning is the case of Otero vs. the city of Albuquerque versus Federico Otero, Juan Otero and Justin Otero and Louis Otero, appellants. Attorney M. C. Ortiz is named as attorney for the defense.

A number of additional points in the case of Otero vs. the city of Albuquerque were argued this morning, but no decision of the case or points was announced.

The district court this morning decided the case of Francis L. Pearce and wife versus the Co-operative Building & Loan association, by giving the association a decree for \$2,500 and paying all of the costs up on Mr. and Mrs. Pearce. The costs include \$250 for attorneys' fees and \$250 for referee fees. It will be remembered that this case has been in the courts for a long time, having first been started in February, 1903, and has been pending ever since. Mr. and Mrs. Pearce were the original complainants, but the association filed cross complaints, in which it asked the foreclosure of certain mortgages and deeds of trust.

MORE SENSELESS BOSH ABOUT POSSIBLE JAP WAR

Pipe Dream of Newspaper Correspondent Represents Big

COMBINATION OF RUSSIA ENGLAND AND JAPAN

Chicago, March 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington says: Official and diplomatic Washington is deeply interested in a report emanating from an official source that Japan and Russia are paying the way to an offensive and defensive alliance, in which Great Britain and France will participate. If it be true it will be the biggest diplomatic coup which has occurred since the alliance between England and Japan, which made the Russo-Japanese war possible.

Though recent enemies it will mean that the armed truce which now prevails will give way to permanent peace.

The irritating attitude of the American Pacific slope towards Japan has caused the statesmen of the Mikado's empire to reckon with the possibility of a coalition with the United States, and to deal firmly with this country it will be necessary to convert Russia to their friend.

SILK PRICES FIRM ON FALL PRODUCTION.

New York, March 22.—In consequence of the advance on raw silks, the situation in the silk piece market today is now a most interesting one, and manufacturers in this country and importers are giving careful attention to the adjustment of prices on both plain and fancy silks. From the fact that the demand for silks has been much improved this spring, and that this class of goods is destined to be a strong seller for fall, the manufacturers are endeavoring to arrive at an understanding by which some uniformity in value can be accomplished. If goods are offered to the American buyer at approximate values, it will make a steady market and quicker purchasing. The situation in the woolen trade at present is one which leaves the mills with a considerable percentage of their looms unemployed. Whether the re-order business of the fall will suffice to bring up the yards to the average is a matter that only time can decide. One thing that is saving the face of the market is that agents are not making any changes in values, and are not contemplating doing so. On woolen dress goods the situation is much more satisfactory than on the men's wear lines. Imported grades of dress goods as reported are now under order to a larger extent than last year.

SIX PASS EXAMINATION FOR RHODES SCHOLARSHIP.

Albany, N. Y., March 22.—Six of the eight candidates of New York state for the Rhodes scholarship have passed the examination, and it rests now with the committee to make an award by the selection of one from the selected six. The scholarship amounts to \$1,500 a year, and entitles the recipient to a course in Oxford university. The committee meets in this city today to make the decision. The committee is composed of President Raymond, of Union; President Rieess, of Rochester; the Rev. David M. Beaman, of Manhattan; and Howard J. Rogers, assistant state commissioner of education.

THAW'S MOTHER GIVES LONG AFFIDAVIT

Denies Taint of Insanity or Epilepsy in Either Side of House.

EIGHT AFFIDAVITS FILED WITH CLERK OF COURT

Delmas Gives Eighteen Letters From Thaw and Many Slips Written in Court.

New York, March 22.—Mrs. William Thaw, in her affidavit filed today, denies that in the direct line of descent for generations there has been insanity or epilepsy in the Thaw family. She goes at great length into the family history of the Thaws and Copleys.

Affidavits of the defense of Harry K. Thaw as to his mental condition and as to whether a commission in lunacy should be appointed to examine him, were filed at noon today with the clerk of the supreme court. There were eight affidavits, of which Delmas was first.

Delmas in his affidavit declares it to be his opinion that Thaw is capable of understanding the nature and object of the proceedings against him, of comprehending his own condition in the recent proceedings and of conducting his defense in a rational manner. This opinion, the affidavit says, is based upon the professional relations Delmas has had with the prisoner since the beginning of the trial, from many communications which Thaw had sent him.

Eighteen letters received by Delmas from Thaw during the trial and several slips of paper containing suggestions with reference to conducting the proceedings actually going on, handed him by the defendant in court, were made part of the affidavit.

MUCH INTEREST SHOWN IN GREAT BOWLING MATCH.

New York, March 22.—A bowling match that will attract wide attention and excite interest all over the continent, that which will be given tonight at Roseville, at the alleys of the Roseville Athletic association. The principals will be the five Roseville bowlers, recent winners of the Athletic league championship, and an all-star quintette composed of some of the most prominent bowlers in the east. The all-star bowlers, while Johns and Weingarth live in Newark, conditions call for three games and opinion is divided as to the probable outcome. Not long ago the Roseville team, consisting of Pieron, Glogau, Wood, Van Ness and Meyer, rolled a 1081 total on the home alleys. It has been pointed out by some that the victors will not be able to "find" the alleys in time to hold the athletic leagues. Another point in favor of Roseville lies in the fact that the club must necessarily engage a certain team strength which will be lacking in the all-star five. On the other hand every member of the visiting team is a winner on the alleys. Only a few weeks ago Smith went over to Newark and made a perfect score of 300 in a tournament game. Voorheis, Weingarth and Koster have been credited with perfect scores. Not long ago, in a series against Voorheis, Johns had an average of 236. Smith, Koster, Voorheis and Johns are leading in the greater New York individual championship tournament. Weingarth, who is also in this competition has an average of better than 200.

WYOMING SHEEP BOARD INAUGURATES NEW RULES.

Laramie, Wyo., March 22.—The state board of sheep commissioners today promulgated new regulations regarding sheep entering this state. The regulations amend the previous order that all sheep entering the state shall be quarantined for thirty days after dipping, and provides that all sheep in the state shall be inspected before shearing and those found infected shall be quarantined and treated.

KINGSTON AGAIN SHAKEN BY SEISMIC DISTURBANCE.

Kingston, March 22.—A severe earthquake shock occurred here last night. People became panic-stricken, but nobody was hurt. Speaker Cannon and other American tourists at Kingston were awakened by their ship having sailed shortly before the shock occurred.

DEMOCRATS HOLD PRIM- MARY AT NAVASOTA, TEX.

Navasota, Tex., March 22.—A democratic primary election is being held today in this city to nominate candidates for city officers at the April election. With the exception of the marshal's office, no opposition to the present officers is being put forward.

DELEGATE ANDREWS BUSY ON APPROPRIATION ESTIMATES.

Special to The Evening Citizen. Washington, D. C., March 22.—Delegate Andrews is busy engaged in working on estimates for appropriations for next year, including one for the forest station near Las Vegas.

CELEBRATE PARK CLUB'S 25TH ANNIVERSARY.

Pittsfield, March 22.—The 25th anniversary of the Park club is being celebrated today with great gusto. A very large and most active executive committee has charge of the affair, and citizens generally are actively interested in the proceedings. Addresses and music by all local orchestras are the order of the day, and a great crowd, composed of the club members and their friends, who are legion, is enjoying the event. The club did Pittsfield much good in various ways. Its splendidly decorated rooms have no equal in western Massachusetts.

TO DAM TORRENT WITH ONLY STRAWS

New Plan Devised to Reconcile Government and the Railroads.

APPOINTMENT OF WESTERN TRAFFIC COMMISSIONER

With View of Stopping Adverse State Legislative Enactment For Railroads.

Chicago, March 22.—A dispatch from Washington to the Herald says: It is understood that the interstate commerce commission finally has hit upon a plan for the solution of the problem, to relieve the present crisis in the railroad situation, by bringing about a practical co-operation between the railroads and the federal government.

The plan, which is being considered, and has practically gained the approval of the commission and the president, is the appointment of a western interstate traffic commissioner to represent the commission, with headquarters at St. Louis or Chicago.

This man is to co-operate with the public and the railroad officials in obtaining reasonable rate adjustments and to adjudicate all matters now in dispute.

It is believed that this would stop the flood of hostile legislation against the railroads in the west and establish more friendly relations with the railroads on the part of the government.

MANSFIELD CLOSING EN- GAGEMENT OF PETER GYNT

New York, March 22.—The engagement of Richard Mansfield at the New Amsterdam theatre, which had been extended, closes tonight. It has been a very successful engagement. It has been made known that the acting of Peter Gynt severely taxes the actor's strength and endurance, and that he has been advised to side-card it. Mr. Mansfield will now go to Brooklyn, and thence to Baltimore, and other cities of New York state and to New England, including Providence, a place in which he has not appeared for many years. His present dramatic season will close on April 27. Mr. Mansfield's business representative sends out the following message: "The demands on the artist's emotional and physical powers are so great and the production is so vast, that it is inexpedient to play Peter Gynt in his repertoire or for him to play it over an extended period. It is, therefore, certain that the performance at the New Amsterdam, just concluded, will be the last in New York, and the then comedy will be given only occasionally next year, and not after."

PROMINENT RUSSIAN DIES FROM NATURAL CAUSES.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—M. Pobedonostsev, ex-procurator general of the holy synod, died at 7 o'clock this evening.

GREAT RALLY OF LAST NIGHT FAULTURE

Huge Demonstration For Returning Donothings Fizzled Out Completely.

The morning paper's effort to get up a grand reception for the returning legislative do-nothings, was the complete fiasco Albuquerque has ever known. So dismal was the failure that the chagrined paper—which little George could not tell a fib—tried to lay the result on the weather, which was stated to be the worst of the season. Once there was a little boy who returned home from school and said: "Daddy I was head of the class today." It soon developed that the lad was in a class to which he had by making last night a "season" to himself could be called the worst of the season. However, any excuse is better than none, and so the failure of the grand rally can be laid to the weather, which, of course, cannot resist.

The demonstration was entirely partisan, consisting of democrats chiefly and their self-seeking republican allies.

The speech which the morning paper made for ex-Governor Sulzer was poor enough, but the real effort was so ludicrous that it kept the small crowd in good humor. The speaker is not an orator, and the effort of the Journal to portray him as such, only makes the unlikable old man a more unlikable old man. The ex-Governor was the smallest and wealthiest county of New Mexico, in the two months of legislative session, he had in vain effort to refer a bill, in which others had to aid him. In all other respects he was as Mayor McKee represented him—the silent man of the council. His work was so poor that he was called the "silent man of the council." The father left home leaving Heckel and Daniel to do a certain task. On his return the work had not been done. Heckel confessed he had been doing nothing, and Daniel acknowledged he had been helping Zeks. But Mr. Sulzer must be credited with one great and ever to be remembered achievement. He voted against the conference committee, through which alone the appropriation for Bernalillo county and the university were possible.

The rest of the speeches were such as could have been easily predicted before hand. The morning paper can score another huge defeat.

New York probably never before was so dirty as when she came out of the snow drifts of the month of January. The city is covered with a number of snowstorms we have had this season, one succeeding another so that the streets had no sooner saluted the sun than they were again burdened upon an unwearied street. The snow was not removed very fast, and fathered filth and blackness, especially in the alleys and narrow streets, where the garbage was piled up ready for the cars, which were very tardy in coming to take the heaps away. In some of the streets the garbage was piled up in such heaps and they were covered with everything and anything that business men and housewives had to throw away. Nobody seemed to care for the filth, and seems to consider it the least of their troubles.

IT
AND ALWAYS
In the composition
standard of purity

Oak Harbor, Wash.

Mr. L. P. Byrne, says, "I have taken your Bitters for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and other Stomach troubles and find it invaluable. I gladly recommend it."

CONVALESCENTS WILL FIND

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Last Friday evening the devotees of the "Terpsichorean" goddess tripped the light fantastic toe until the "wee sma' hours beyant the twall," while soul and sense were spirited away with the breathing harmonies which stole from the magic fingers of the musicians, and eyes looked love to eyes that spoke again.—Georgetown (Ky.) News.

CONVALESCENTS WILL FIND THE BITTERS SPLENDID FOR RESTORING STRENGTH

Restorative

Prices 50c 75c \$1.00

500, 750, \$1.00

LIFE OF LEADER IN THE ISLE OF PINES

Career as Remarkable and
Romantic as Ever Fic-
tion Dreamed of.

EDISON DOES NOT WEAR HIS \$2,700 GIFT WATCH

Interesting Career of an Indian
Wife Now Distinguished
Chicago Physician.

By Frederick H. Haskin.
There is much interest in the life of Sam H. Peary, and his brother, Capt. Josiah L. Peary, as one would find in the most thrilling fiction of adventure. Sam H. Peary is the head and front of the revolution of the Isle of Pines, that band of Americans who have insisted that President McKinley and Secretary Hay were correct when they decided that the island was American territory, and that President Roosevelt and Secretary Root were wrong in their decision that it is Cuban territory. Mr. Peary has led the fight against the treaty which gives a full claim deed to the island, and for four years has succeeded in preventing its ratification by the senate.

Sam Peary was a youth in Tennessee when the Civil War broke out, and he joined the Confederate army. He served with Dr. T. J. Thomas, a Tennesseean, and when the war was over they went to Mexico, where both of them learned to speak Spanish. After two years they returned to Nashville, and Mr. Peary married Dr. Thomas' daughter. Dr. Thomas' wife died and he went to Spain. At Madrid he set up a dental office, and in a little while became the royal dentist to Queen Isabella, and after her abdication, to Alfonso XII. Two years after he went away a message came to Tennessee that Dr. Thomas had died of cholera.

Twenty-five years later an old man came to the door of the warden's house of the Tennessee State penitentiary. Capt. Josiah L. Peary, brother of Sam, was then the warden. The old man asked: "Joe don't you know me?" It was Dr. Thomas, whom they had thought dead for a quarter of a century. The old man asked for his daughter and Sam, and in the course of time took the whole family back to Spain. They visited Isabella, Madrid and other scenes, where the doctor had amassed a large fortune. He is now eighty-two years old.

As soon as the war with Spain ended in 1898, Sam Peary went to Havana and opened a commission house, dealing largely in agricultural implements for the devastated plantations of the island. The Spanish people of Cuba feared they would be despoiled of their property, and there was a general exodus to Spain. The Isle of Pines was owned by those who wished to go back to Europe, and Peary obtained options on 80,000 acres, went to New York, organized a company, and got the money in one day to buy the land for the Isle of Pines Company, of which he is now vice president. The company has since increased its holdings to 180,000 acres, about one-fourth of the total area of the island.

Sam Peary came into conflict with the Cuban Government. He has been arrested not less than sixty times for trivial violations of Cuban regulations. His yacht has been taken away from him and he has been harnessed in every possible manner. Nevertheless, he has kept up his fight, and is still contending for the little "Treasure Island," and is declared a part of the territory of the United States, according to the interpretation originally placed upon the treaty of Paris by the State Department.

In this work he has been ably assisted by his brother, Captain Josiah L. Peary. It was through the efforts of Representatives James D. Richardson, then leader of the minority in the house, became interested in the Isle of Pines matter, and induced Senator Morgan to take up the fight in the senate. Senator Morgan has been successful in preventing any action whatever, and the opposition to the treaty claims it is increasing in strength all the time.

Captain Peary was the artillery officer in the Confederate army, serving for awhile as captain and inspector on the staff of General John C. Breckinridge. After the war he went to Pulaski, Tenn., and was one of the nine men who formed the original Ku Klux Klan in the ruins of the old Charleston near Pulaski. At that time there was no political significance attached to the order, it was merely a Greek secret society modeled after the Greek letter fraternities of the colleges.

After the reconstruction period Captain Peary became active in politics and served two terms as warden of the state prison. In 1893 he was sent as Consul to Colon on the Isthmian of Panama, serving there four years. During that time he made several explorations of the interior of Columbia, penetrating to places where no white man had ever been. After his return to the United States he was engaged by General Edward Serrell, of the Mandingo Canal company, to go to the Isthmus and make a treaty with the independent tribe of San Blas Indians for the right-of-way for a canal. This was before the

present site of the Panama canal had been decided upon, and the Mandingo route, which is sixty miles east of the one where the canal is now being constructed, had many supporters.

Captain Peary went to the Isthmus and negotiated a treaty with Innakina, the head chief and governor of the San Blas tribe. It was the first and only convention which that wild and untamed people ever entered into, but as the other canal route was chosen it never became operative. The San Blas tribe have occupied the coast from the Gulf of San Blas to the Gulf of Darien ever since the time Balboa discovered the Pacific, and probably for centuries before. They claim their blood has never been mixed with that of any other tribe, acknowledge no jurisdiction of any government, and are so jealous of their territory that no stranger is permitted to stay in one of their villages over night. When darkness falls he must get in his boat and away.

When the Ku Klux Klan initiated its first new member they rode through town in a fantastic mask. The negroes were thoroughly frightened and thought the world was coming to an end. That was the cue and the Ku Klux spread all over the south. Captain Peary has a copy of the original prospect of the organization, showing, among other things, that the members were compelled to take an oath to loyally support the United States government. The depredations of marauders done in the disguise of Ku Klux are condemned now as they were then by Captain Peary and other founders of the true Klan.

Whatever the future of the rich Isle of Pines may be, the history of its early development from the Cuban penal colony of three centuries of abuse to a garden in the sea, will write large the names of Sam Peary and his brother Josiah.

Some years ago, Thomas A. Edison, the great American inventor, was presented with a beautiful Swiss watch by a European scientific society. That the gift was really a magnificent timepiece may be judged from its value, which was \$2,700. After some time the makers began inquiry to find out if the watch was giving satisfaction. This interrogation brought to light the fact that Mr. Edison makes little use of the valuable gift. Instead he buys a stem-winder costing \$1.50, breaks the chain ring off, and thrusts it in his trousers' pocket. If it becomes clogged with dirt, he squirts a little oil into it by way of encouragement, and it promptly eliminates after this treatment, he smashes it with a hammer, and buys a new one.

Dr. Carlos Montezuma, the famous Apache Indian physician of Chicago, is the sole survivor of an Indian massacre, in which 150 members of his tribe fell. They were driven to bay in the old cliff dwellings in the Superstition mountains by United States forces, led by Maricopa Indian guides. A year-old baby, half-hidden by his dead mother's body was rescued by the squaws of the Maricopa party, and one of these adopted the baby. When the boy was about six years old she sold him to an eastern visitor, who was touring the west. The purchaser brought the little fellow home, and educated him. So well has the ward fulfilled the hopes of his benefactor that he is now healing the ills of the very race who orphaned him.

The one-act farce "Mrs. Packham's Carouse," which May Lewis is producing, was George Ade's first attempt at play-writing. He sold it to Miss Irwin for a small sum several years ago, and she put it away and forgot all about it. When Ade afterward became so successful he was besieged with requests from actors and actresses who wanted some of his stuff. Miss Irwin met him and said: "I must have something of yours, or my career as a star will not be properly rounded out." Ade replied in his usual way: "So I will send you my enthusiasm you showed over this shelden effort of mine," which you shelden years since. There followed a tour of the home of Mrs. Packham, somewhat yellow and dusty from her long wait was brought forth and started on her laughable carouse.

Miss Kate Carl, the artist who painted the famous portrait of the Empress Tse Hsi An, of China, has the distinction of being the only European or American since the time of Marco Polo to be received as a guest in the royal palace of the ruler. Miss Carl is from Memphis, Tenn., and she studied in Philadelphia with a remarkable Frenchman, a paralytic who could not touch her studies, but whose criticisms were so fine that he was able to give his pupil the power of seeing her own mistakes. She also studied in Paris, where she was made an associate member of the Salon, a great honor for a woman. Miss Carl's experience in China was due largely to the relationship of her mother to Sir Robert Hart, the famous British minister to China. She is a most delightful conversationalist, and has an inexhaustible fund of anecdotes of travel and reminiscences of distinguished people she has met.

The News—No pure virus, cough laws would be needed, if all cough cures were like Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is—and has been for 20 years. The national law now requires that if any poisons enter into a cough mixture, it must be printed on the label or package. For this reason, mothers and others, should insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. No poison marks on Dr. Shoop's labels—and none in the medicine, else it must by law be on the label. And it's not only safe, but it is said to be by those that know it best, a truly remarkable cough remedy. Take no chance, particularly with your children. Insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Compare carefully the Dr. Shoop package with others and see No poison marks there. You can always get the safe side by demanding Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Simply refuse to accept any other. Sold by all druggists.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Stops the pain and heals the wound. All druggists sell it.

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. Mother's Friend, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "It is worth its weight in gold." \$1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend
THE CRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS ARE SIGNED

Rubber Stamps Won't Do.
Thus Much Time and
Labor Consumed.

Washington, D. C., March 23.—"The secretary is signing his mail and cannot be seen," is the greeting given callers of cabinet officers almost every afternoon between 2 and 4 o'clock if they endeavor to have an audience with one of the president's advisers about that time. Those having business constantly in the departments have come to know this fact and time their visits for an earlier hour.

"Signing the mail," is a laborious task for some of the cabinet officials, for the law prescribes certain classes of public documents and correspondence that cannot be signed save by the secretary or acting secretary and every such letter or communication must be actually signed, a rubber stamp being permissible only on the most perfunctory sort of circular. Occasionally a cabinet officer to avoid this more manual labor assigns one of his assistants for the day as "acting secretary," although the head of the department may be in his office all day.

Some years ago when a new secretary was installed, he was surrounded by his friends and spent most of the day receiving congratulations and entertaining callers. Late in the afternoon as he was seated at his desk a colored messenger entered the private office with an arm-load of mail which he laid on the desk. Picking up a blotter—for the man who "blots the mail" is supposed to be a person of no mean importance around a secretary's office—the messenger prepared himself for that important function.

"Good heavens," ejaculated the secretary, stopping his conversation and looking at the formidable pile of official correspondence, "am I expected to go through all that now?"

"No, sah," Mr. Secretary replied the messenger, "you're not 'spected to go through dat at all; all youse got to do is to sign yo' name right dar," and the messenger pointed to the bottom of the first letter on the pile.

The laughter that followed this remark of the messenger, who had "initiated" more than one secretary, was joined in by the new official who soon learned that the real originators of matters of policy were the comparatively unknown and hidden-away in the remote rooms. Recently a cabinet officer assumed his new duties with an idea that he must look after all the details of his great office. After wearing himself out he found that he must take many things for granted and depend upon his assistants. He soon began to sign his mail without reading it. His private secretary, who had been his right hand for years, one day dictated the cabinet officer's resignation, addressed to the president, and when the mail was laid before that secretary, this resignation was on top of the heap. Picking up his pen the secretary attacked the batch of outgoing mail, affixed his signature rapidly and then settled back to enjoy a cigar after the completion of the tiresome task. The mail was carried to the proper clerks to be folded, enclosed in their proper envelopes and put in the mail. Upon the envelope in which this resignation was enclosed the private secretary had placed a mark to enable him to distinguish it. After the mail was properly sealed and ready for dispatch the secretary, carried it to his chief and asked him if he really wished the letter to go. Upon being urged the secretary opened the envelope and found that he had actually signed his own resignation without knowing it. This illustrates the confidence secretaries must impose on their subordinates.

When new secretaries begin their administration they usually sign their names according to their life long custom. The pressure for time changes all this, however. Lyman J. Gage and Leslie M. Shaw began signing their name in full, but the initials soon sufficed. Elihu Root has shortened his signature to E. Root. When he was commissioner of corporations James Rudolph Garfield insisted on signing his name in full, but as secretary of the interior he had to use their full names and confined themselves to their initials. Charles Emory Smith, editor of the Philadelphia Press, when he accepted a place in the cabinet as postmaster general fought hard against the obliteration of the name that had become so well known and so valuable. Gage, he began by writing it out in full; then he reduced it to Chas. E. Smith, but even this did not save enough time and his final official signature became C. E. Smith. Periods after the initials are abandoned by all secretaries. Perry S. Heath, first assistant postmaster general, made a distinction between his official and personal signature. His personal signature was invariably followed by a small cross mark instead of a period. Even the president finds it a task that entails a lot of hard work to sign all the mail that requires his personal signature. Especially is this true when congress is in session. The mere signing of all laws passed involves the official signature thousands of times. However, the president insists upon spelling out his name to all communications he signs and he is one of the most painstaking correspondents, probably, who ever occupied the white house. His personal correspondence is quite large and there are very many occasions when the president deems it not good taste for him to use a typewriter form of letter.

"Signing the mail" is a night-mare to many public officials; to all of them it means work, and much work. There are dozens of stenographers in every department grinding out letters every day of the year, and all the rest of their labors are put to rest to the desk of the secretary during the afternoon hours. It would be a physical impossibility for the secretary to read and scrutinize them all. Those of great importance he does read before he passes upon them, but in the great majority of cases, he merely glances in the corner to see if the proper chief of division has put his initials there. If he sees this, "per cent," the communication is supposed to be in accordance with the policy of the department, and in proper shape, and the letter soon finds itself in the mail.

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When a man has trouble with his stomach you may know that he is eating more than he should or of some article of food or drink not suited to his age or occupation, or that his bowels are habitually constipated. Take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to regulate the bowels and improve the digestion and see if the trouble does not disappear. Ask for a free sample. Sold by all druggists.

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THE ALBUQUERQUE CITIZEN

Published Daily and Weekly,
By The Citizen Publishing Company

W. S. STRICKLER,
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W. T. MCNEIGHT,
Business Manager.

OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION

The Washington, D. C. Herald has apparently rather a good opinion of the constitution proposed for the forty-sixth member of the American union, for it says that the constitution contains none of the features supposed to be obnoxious to President Roosevelt. It is fair to assume, therefore, that the document, if approved by the people of Oklahoma and Indian Territory, to whom it will be submitted for ratification on August 6 next, will pass muster at the white house, and that we shall thereafter have forty-six states in the union.

As betis the most unique member of our federated commonwealth, the new constitution possesses several elements of novelty. Two-cent fares are required of the railroads, but there is a saving clause permitting a higher charge by consent of the railroad commission. Prohibition of the liquor traffic is made a part of the fundamental law, and the prohibition extends not only to the sale of liquor within the state, but also to its introduction into the state from abroad, an enactment which runs counter to decisions of the supreme court holding that the states cannot forbid interstate commerce in liquor. Railroads are prohibited from engaging in productive industry and forbidden to own coal lands, a provision which follows the recommendations of the interstate commerce commission.

The convention adopted an initiative and referendum system patterned after that of Oregon, and established the primary method of nominating United States senators and all state officers. There are to be no second terms for state officers, and the lieutenant governor is deprived of the prerogative of selecting senate committees.

Taking a leaf out of President Roosevelt's land policy, the convention appointed a committee to negotiate the purchase of mineral lands in the Indian Territory, with a view to state ownership and development of those lands.

From this brief survey of the new instrument, it will be seen that our latest lawmakers have proved thoroughly up to date; and so a new experiment station has been established for the testing out of the political novelties of the day.

THERE ARE OTHERS

The two following extracts are taken from a recent issue of the Colorado Springs Evening Telegraph:

"The local organ of the republican machine (which, by the way, has recently been appointed organ of the electric company, and is now waiting for the Santa Fe railway to 'come around') is experiencing a good deal of difficulty in finding arguments with which to urge the election of the gang ticket."—Gazette, March 20, 1907.

"The man who wrote the above words applying to the electric company is a liar. The Evening Telegraph, to which the above refers, has exactly the same advertising contract that we have with the Gazette. The Gazette is as much our 'organ' as is the Telegraph. There is no liar quite so contemptible as one who wilfully misrepresents facts to the public."—From display advertisement of Colorado Springs Electric Co., March 20.

According to the Springfield, Mass., Republican, Director Hans Schuster, of the large Dresden Bank of Berlin, when in New York the other day, said that while world-wide scarcity of money has resulted in tension in Germany on account of the country's enormous prosperity, there is no danger of very serious trouble. He believes that the stock market panic here is an exorcism resulting from the unbusinesslike methods of Mr. Harrison and men of his class, who went ahead recklessly in defiance of economic laws and also of business morality, with the consequence that distrust has been engendered abroad and here. A reckoning was inevitable and Mr. Schuster is inclined to think that the result will be most beneficial. High money rates can not go on forever; he looks for a sharp decline in interest rates everywhere before 1907. Instead of the world's money markets expanding to suit swollen industries, industries must adjust themselves to basic financial conditions.

New Mexican: In some respects the work of the thirty-seventh legislative assembly will prove wholesome; as far as the laws enacted the session was productive of very good results. Many of the actions and doings of the council of the assembly, however, are open to absolutely just and very severe criticism and unfavorable comment. This is the situation, and it cannot be changed. Its discussion may not prove very pleasing to some members of that body, but still these men should have thought before doing what they did. It was well that a compromise was agreed upon on the appropriation bill and that it became law. It would have been indeed disgraceful and shameful had it been otherwise, although those who are acquainted with the situation in the assembly and know the inside workings are convinced that the republican majority in the house was on the right side and acted for the best interests of the people.

In the first congressional district of Kansas, where a number of candidates for republican nomination were supposed to be laboring with might and main, but one candidate, D. R. Anthony, filed the necessary papers. Mr. Anthony is editor and proprietor of the Leavenworth Times, and in his own paper says: "As the republican candidate for congress in the first district favors tariff revision by friends of protection, and will if elected favor government regulation of railroads as advocated by President Roosevelt, and also the curbing of the criminal trusts; a democratic nominee would find it hard sledding."

According to Field and Farm, the Colorado legislature greatly resembled that of New Mexico. It said the other day: "The Colorado legislature is struggling along with a small lot of unimportant bills which will never be passed, and this is probably just as well, for the fewer laws we get from such a source the better off will we be. One little measure of importance to farmers penalizes the robbing of hen roosts, and as this is about the only granger bill before the legislature, we would like to see it come through, but suppose it will be lost in the shuffle."

In New Zealand the house servants went on a strike, demanding that their work should cease at 2 p. m. Sundays and Thursdays, and at 7:30 p. m. on the other days of the week, while on Thursday nights they need not return home before midnight. The strike was a success, and the Wellington trades council passed a resolution congratulating the strikers on their victory.

Oregon is leading the country in many particulars. It has adopted the initiative and referendum, and has made legal the nomination of United States senators by a direct vote of the people. Its latest advances in the city of Portland, where the municipality has established an employment bureau, in which employers and employees are listed free of charge.

The Swift Packing company has increased its capital to \$15,000,000. This does not indicate that the inspection law passed by congress has ruined the packing industry of this country.

Congressman J. J. Tracewell has decided that Marshal C. M. Foraker, of this territory, shall pay the commissioners appointed by the several district judges to select jurors for United States courts.

WHO IS THE TRUE ATHLETE AND WHAT IS ATHLETICISM?

An English athletic authority says that thirty-five is the maximum age for a good athlete. Perhaps most people have noticed that professional athletes wear themselves out young. Prize fighters, sprinters and circus performers quit in early prime. But are these the real athletes? How much more truly an athlete is the well-preserved farmer, who, at sixty-five, can pitch as much hay as his son or grandson! The best athleticism is that which holds through the ripe years and enables a man to sit his horse as erectly at eighty as at twenty.

Samuel Sloan, the New York financier, has announced his theory that his good health at the age of eighty-eight is due to his policy of mixing work with play. Russell Sage, who was nearly ninety, passed practically his whole life in unremitting labor with no vacations. John D. Rockefeller, who is sixty-seven and hale and hearty, gives much time to golf and other exercises. J. P. Morgan, who is sixty-nine and shows no sign of retiring, is seldom idle. Andrew Carnegie at sixty-nine, is about as lively a specimen of humanity as could be imagined, and has a wide variety of diversions. Hetty Green is seventy-one, sticks close to work, and is just entering upon a new and important career as the successor to Russell Sage as the great money lender of Wall street.

Surely here are sufficient notable instances of strenuous athleticism at advanced age to prove that thirty-five years is not the maximum. Multi-millionaires are given as examples because that is the class of people the American people pay most attention to, and for the further reason that all of them have led very busy lives. Taken collectively, they represent important evidence of the value of toil and temperance.

But these are by no means unique. Millions of men and women less known have had health as the result of steady activity, and are still active, strong and serene in old age. The kind of athleticism that falls at thirty-five is the wrong kind of athleticism. It is the tense, violent, virtuoso sort of skill in mere spectacular accomplishment. The proof of real athleticism is health and activity in old age. Healthful and happy old age is the final proof of right living. And the farmer at sixty-five who does as much work as he did at thirty, and with as keen zest, is as good an example as the liveliest millionaire.

CAN ONE DO WHAT HE PLEASES WITH THINGS OF HIS OWN?

Has a man the right to do what he pleases with his own? How independent are we?—not how independently we do act, but how independent are we? Or does not every possession of brains, ability, money, impose an obligation?

A few nights ago a party of gilded young men and women took supper in a Chicago cafe. The hour grew late. Suddenly the host cried: "Tidy up! How shall we get home? I let my man take my car in!" There was a chorus of "Ahs" and "Ohs," but the host excused himself and went to the telephone. In five minutes he returned. "The car will be at the door in a little while," he replied. "Oh," they cried, "did you telephone your man?" "No," he said; "I bought a new car." Rather than inconvenience his guests, he had purchased a new motor car for \$3,500.

An eastern monarch had three servants—one very capable, one of moderate ability and a third admittedly dull. To each he gave a task and later demanded an accounting. "O, king," said the stupid servant, "the task is done, though very poorly." "Receive this chain of gold," said the king. "You have been faithful according to your ability." "O, king," said the servant of moderate ability, "I, too, have finished my task, though I would it were better done." "Receive you also a chain of gold," said the king. "You have also been faithful according to your ability." "O, king," said the able servant, "I am just preparing to begin my task." "You were the ablest of the three," cried the king, "yet you alone have proved unfaithful. Take him to the executioners."

Wealth means responsibility. Ability means responsibility. The young man in Chicago had every legal right to waste his money as he pleased. It was his money. He had millions. And it is none of our business how he spends it. It is only his business. But the possession of wealth imposes upon him an obligation that he cannot escape. That obligation is: "Am I making the best use I can of what I have?" The dull-witted servants were rewarded because they did the best they could with what they had; the able servant was condemned because he was unfaithful to himself.

Lay the Chicago incident aside. That is between the young man and his final account. What of ourselves? Can you spread mortar well? Then you have no right to waste your time sweeping the streets. Have you the soul of a poet and the ability to sing a song that will make the world happier? Then you have no right to waste your time spreading mortar. Can you create? Then you have no right to imitate. Can you smile? Then you have no right to wear a gloomy face. Can you lift others a little higher into the sunshine? Then if you refuse to do it you are either a coward or a brute. Every added dollar means an added obligation, and every added dollar to our bank account means that much more eternal responsibility for what we might have done with it. Are you making the best use of what you have?

MAN MAKES NATURE THE SERVANT TO DO HIS BIDDING

"The Sierra Nevada mountains must go to work," writes Dewey Sheldon Beebe in The Technical World. Heretofore it has taken three or four panting engines to painfully pull a short train of loaded freight cars up the steep grade from Truckee, Cal., on the Southern Pacific, to the summit of Emigrant Pass, about 5,000 feet above sea level. That climb up the mountain side has cut the heart out of profits and diverted freight to other lines.

Now the mountains themselves are to hand the freight to their summits.

The little mountain streams, starting from the melting glaciers which cap the highest peaks, are to be set to work turning the wheels that will furnish electric power to pull the freight trains over the mountain passes.

Harriman's engineers have found a way by which the magnitude may lift himself over the mountains by his boot straps.

Nature is a willing servant. And as her master, man, harness her between shafts and drives her under the lash.

Sometimes, to follow the figure, nature gets her tail over the dash board, and there is trouble. Ordinarily, though, once the horse is put on the belly-band strapped and the hind-backs adjusted, she trots contentedly in the middle of the road.

More and more is nature forced to do the lack of man. And in this sense invention is attrition—and commerce is solving the problems of brotherhood. Because.

The day will come when it will not be necessary for any man, woman or child to work ten hours, or eight hours, or even six hours.

The more work man can force nature to do the less work will there be for man to do, and the better chance for man to be what he was intended to become.

VARSITY CATALOGUE

WILL APPEAR NEXT WEEK

Dramatic Club Active—Track Squad Busy—Girls Edit U. N. M. Weekly.

The catalogue of the University will be out the coming week. The Citizen Publishing Co. is to be commended for the workmanship in getting out a neat, well arranged, clearly printed book. With the rapid growth of the institution and the extension of its curriculum in new departments, many radical changes have been made necessary in order to keep even the required description within a reasonable number of pages. The main subjects included are the following: Calendar, faculty, board of regents, general information, College of Letters and Sciences, School of Engineering, School of Education, General Description of courses, Preparatory school, Commercial school, list of students and Alumni directory. A complete index is found at the end of the book.

Several hundred hard wood trees have been ordered by President Tight to be set out on the University campus. Several improvements will take place in the near future under the direction of the campus improvement association. Last Monday, a mass meeting of the students decided to form such an organization. A constitution was adopted and a committee elected to secure signatures of faculty and students. The chief requirement of the constitution demands of each student two hours of work, or its equivalent, in campus improvement each semester. Every member is also expected to be personally responsible for the preservation of the campus.

The track squad is doing some systematic training under the coaching of Mr. Post, a former student of the University of Michigan. It is rather late for beginning and the students feel far from confident of getting a winning team this year. But college spirit refuses to let go of any department of University activities. With faithful work, a fair team may yet be developed. Mr. Post is a very competent trainer and it will be no fault of his coaching if the team fails to materialize.

The library has lately received from General Hugh Cameron, the Kansas "Hermit," a book written by ex-Gov. Ross, giving a complete narrative of the events connected with the Johnson impeachment trial. Such gifts are greatly appreciated by the librarian and by the University faculty, and it is with pleasure and gratitude that Gen. Cameron's gift is accepted.

The Dramatic club has been perhaps the most active of all student organizations on the hill this year. It has put on play after play with success in every instance. Last night two farces, "Turn Him Out" and "Mrs. Bushy's Pink Tea," were rendered with unusual approval by an appreciative audience.

The U. N. M. Weekly, appearing today of the work of the girls of the University, under the editorial direction of Rose Harsch, '07.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS

The following quotations were received by F. J. Graf & Co., brokers, over their own private wires from New York. Room 37, Barnett building, Albuquerque, N. M.:

New York Stocks.	
American Sugar	120 1/2
Amalgamated Copper	89 1/2
American Smelters	117 1/2
American Car Foundry	33 1/2
Atchafalca	87 1/2
Anacosta	60 1/2
American Locomotive	94 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio	49 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	22 1/2
Colorado Fuel	13 1/2
Chicago Great Western	24 1/2
Eric	112 1/2
Louisville and Nashville	112 1/2
Missouri Pacific	71 1/2
Mexican Central	19 1/2
National Lead	55 1/2
Norfolk	73 1/2
New York Central	116 1/2
Northern Pacific	118 1/2
Great Northern Ore	59 1/2
Ontario and Western	36 1/2
Pennsylvania	118 1/2
Reading	29 1/2
Rock Island	20 1/2
Southern Pacific	77 1/2
St. Paul	128 1/2
Southern Railway	137 1/2
Union Pacific	128 1/2
U. S. S. S.	34 1/2
U. S. S. S.	34 1/2
Greene Con	23 1/2
Santa Fe Copper	34 1/2
Copper Range	79 1/2
Utah Con	58 1/2
North Butte	28 1/2
Butte Coal	15 1/2
Atlantic	16 1/2
Shannon	18 1/2
Old Dominion	49 1/2
May cotton	9 1/2

Summary of Conditions.

New York, Americans in London weak, half to one and one half below parity.

London settlement begins Monday and transactions after mid-day there are for new account.

No truth in rumor that New York bought 250,000 pounds sterling Australian gold in London.

Currency returning from other points in larger volume than at any time since January.

Dun's Review says influence of settled spring weather has increased sales at most points.

Bradstreet says improvement is reflected all around even in the northwest, which is getting back to normal conditions.

Banks gathered on week's currency movement, \$6,603,600.

FREE!

BAND CONCERT

American Lumber Co. Band

And Races by the Gentlemen's Driving Ass'n.

At Traction Park, Sunday, March 24

FREE!

FREE!

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Tangled Hair Remover.
It gives you full, wavy hair and drives out the impurities that make the hair greasy.
44 East 10th Street, NEW YORK.

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Our Fashion Page for Women

SUMMER GOWN FOR WEE WOMEN



New York, March 16.—Batiste will be a favorite thin fabric for the small women's dressy frocks the coming summer. Much insertion and embroidery will be used to make the dresses pretty in the eyes of the wee wearers.

The revers upon the waist and short skirt of a pretty frock give it a decidedly baby air. These revers have the appearance of opening upon an under petticoat, which is formed of the plain white batiste and insertions. The revers and the bottom of the frock are of embroidered edging.

MOST SLENDER OF WASP WAISTS, FASHION DECREES



THE LONG CORSET FOR THE NEW WAIST.

TO BE WASP WAISTED:
Wear special corsets.
Diet. Don't eat too much. Exercise.
Wear clothing that will heighten the effect of slenderness.

New York, March 16.—The ultra-fashionable may have been for several seasons, one of which is that fastening will help toward acquiring the new waist, which is the slimmest ever. It is a nearer approach to the proverbial wasp waist than anything fashion has yet decreed.

There have been other attempts at the wasp waist, but this time the slender waist is to be slender sure enough. It is to be long and slender.

To secure this effect, three things must aid—corset, dress and special exercise.

The new corset adapted for the wasp waist is a straight front, and comes down over the hips to the thighs. It must be laced upward from the point of least resistance. All foolish notions of the physician as to what is healthy must be disregarded. Clothing to aid in giving the slender contour has been devised. The dress fashion returns to the princess, so that the waist and hips will be snugly increased. Fashions undergarment to the form is worn underneath the corset so that not a wrinkle is perceptible on the surface. Underwear should be reduced to the minimum.

The patterns of the dress are selected to give a slender effect to the body. Striped materials are preferred. The gowns are made with panel fronts to heighten and impression of narrowness at the waist line. The bodies are arranged with loose drapery and the skirts are given extra fullness at the bottom. All of this tends to make the waist appear slender.

Women who have too much flesh on the waist should exercise every morning before breakfast.

Saved Her Son's Life.
The happiest mother in the little town of Ava, Mo., is Mrs. S. Ruppert. She writes: "One year ago my son was down with such serious lung trouble that our physician was unable to help him; when, by our druggist's advice I began giving him Dr. King's New Discovery, and I soon noticed improvement. I kept this treatment up for a few weeks when he was perfectly well. He has worked steadily since at carpenter work. Dr. King's New Discovery saved his life." Guaranteed best cough and cold cure by all dealers. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

THE LEGGETT & PLATT SPRING BED ON EARTH. ONLY \$5. GUARANTEED TEN YEARS. FUTURE FURNITURE CO., SOLE AGENTS.

New York Fashion Letter

New York, March 22.—Snow still lies in our streets but the millinery openings of many of our large shops took place this last week and very much out of place they seemed; and yet the day is not far distant when all of a sudden the birds and the sunshine and the new blades of green will call upon us for our new and gay Easter apparel. When spring does arrive she arrives as many guests are wont to do unexpectedly but as often far more welcome.

So spring hats gay with all the gauge and flowers in season and in mild summer are in full bloom in the show rooms and in them, if one is a forecaster of events, one can see very definite pronouncements of fashions that are sure to rage later on.

One of the straws most in demand is the fine English straw, which is very stiff and heavy but for the first hat of spring and for wear with the new tailor styles are very fetching and comfortable, while later on there is no doubt that the Belgians will rather supersede them because of their lightness and softness in the warmer weather. For a stiff hat for many occasions the first straw is sure to hold its own, and the second will be sought for when a more dressy affair is needed. The lace braids and hair shapes are not seen in many quantities as they were last year, for straw seems to have suddenly become more popular and when open effects are desired Panama materials are used to obtain them.

Flat or mushroom shapes are in the lead and these are curved, dented, twisted into shapes that suit the face and for these models long plumes, birds with long tails and sprays of flowers are much used. Most of the stiff hats are narrow in the brim, are much trimmed on one side, particularly the left.

Among the flowers, the graceful drooping wisteria are the latest comers and are arranged to carry out effects similar to the long drooping plume put on at a delicate angle and looking as if it might drop off at any minute. One of the most suspicious features of the new hats is that the tendency is to make straws or feathers in drooping arrangements at the back so that they often reach nearly or quite to the shoulders. Long loops and ribbons are often included in such trimmings. For instance, a rustic straw of Nile green the stiff little brim of which turned up at the left side was bound and banded with green velvet which material also formed a big bow in the back, having the long ends which came down over the hair, starting from a velvet rosette at the side was a long plume in one of the new shades of russet; this hat was to be worn with a gown of Nile green broadcloth accompanied by a belt in russet, gloves and shoes of the same shade.

Ostrich feathers were never more used. Longer ones than were ever known to the bird that grows and are helped out by art, and are made willowy or fluffy at the end by still further additions. A small straw turban in one of the new shades was decorated with white tulle placed above and below the brim and at the left side back was an ostrich pom-pom out of which sprang a long plume.

The Italian straws will be worn to a great extent. Also the very fine Tuscan, which have been bleached white and tinted in the very pale colors, among which lemon and primrose yellows are especially prominent. The ladies are also maintaining their fashionable life, and those made up with the fancier braids are likely to be as much worn as any of the three mentioned. The platinums shown for this season are very fine and show as smooth a surface as possible. This inclination is even noticeable in some of the new palladium braids, the

straws of which run crosswise and merely from a narrow heading where they turn at the edges; and more decidedly so in the new fancy woven straws, particularly Frisette, frequently woven in two or more colors. A very pretty hat of this mixed braid was shown last week in a modified mushroom shape, the band made of a rather heavier straw while a satin ribbon was drawn from side to side, rather to the front and on the right side with the tails pointed backward were placed two birds.

The veil is an important accessory

Hats

FOR THE EASTER AND SPRING DESCRIBED BY THE WOMAN EDITOR IN POETRY.



Hats!
They hold the fields' and gardens' plenty,
Oats and daisies, wheat and cherries,
Colors gay, some ten or twenty,
Glint from apples, grapes and berries.
Great hats, small hats, flat hats, darning hats,
Low hats, tall hats, coy hats, daring hats,
Grave old turbans, gay young sail-ors,
Leghorns, lace, Panamas, chips,
Still effects to suit the tailors,
Rashid suits with bands and tips,
Pastel shades and champagne hues
Lead with Copenhagen blues.

SOME NEW FEATURES IN MILADY'S EASTER HAT

Women's hats this season are to be fanciful dreams of summer fields, flower-grown dells and bright-hued orchards. Bachelor buttons, butter cups, daisies, nasturtiums and poppies may all nod on one wide-brimmed, summery leghorn, while a dozen ribbon folds, pastel shaded, are chic and good when circling a chimney pot crown.

Every taste, every mode of dressing the hair has a style to suit. Never were the hats more varied and variegated.

The natty new chimney pots, with their severe lines, the jaunty ribbon-trimmed Panamas and fruit-laden chips are akin to the usual street headgear. But it's the dainty, drooping mushroom brims from under which trail lace, plumes and festoons of flowers that take one back to Arcadia.

And the Dolly Vardens, still in back and rose packet, with their hanging hoop of flowers or velvet ribbon.

A convenient stile or some crooked, memory-axed path through the rye as a fair face glances out from under its coquettish brim?

STUNNING DRESS HAT FOR EASTERTIDE.



White Irish crochet lace, with a long plume of pale blue, forms a stunning hat for dress occasions. The hat is flat in the crown with a wide brim. The long ostrich feather

Found at Last.
J. A. Harmon of Lebanon, West Va., says: "At last I have found the perfect pill that never disappoints me; and for the benefit of others afflicted with typhoid fever and chronic constipation, will say: Take Dr. King's New Life Pills. Guaranteed satisfactory. 25c at all dealers."

DRINK TEXAS CARLSBAD MINERAL WATER AND KEEP WELL. FOR SALE BY GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS.

this spring. A new idea is to match the veil to the hat, the veil being a yard and a half wide. It is placed along the brim of the hat and allowed to fall three inches below the chin. At the back the ends are gracefully caught together and allowed to fall over the face and hair. This new veil does not touch the face but hangs straight and loose all around. It is edged narrowly with lace with three little velvet bands or with a narrow plaiting or ruche of chiffon or tulle. These finches serve to weigh the veils so they hang gracefully.

While on the question of hats the next important thought is that of dressing the hair, and so important is the subject that any millinery section in a necessary adjunct to the business. Some seasons ago the puff and chignon and bobbed styles were the rage and verged into having these trimmings at last match the hair, but now a new fad has appeared and instead of filling in and bare placed with chignons of tulle or net or chiffon, the milliner supplies or has on hand all sorts of puffs, curls, etc., of real hair to lack their places.

With the pompadour, which must be full, fluffy and curved to give an individual touch to the face, and the full waved back, there are not many women who have enough hair with which to make the requisite number of puffs, and puffs by the way are the demand of fashionable hairdressing just now. After the front and back pompadours are arranged the remainder of the hair is arranged in an eight and these little puffs after being smoothed and curled are arranged around the eight. Puffs are the natural consequences of the exaggerated width in the back of the hats or of some of the other styles. The coquettish little detachable curls enlarged and multiplied to meet the latest millinery requirements. As a general rule, the puffs are curled in the knot at the back. Instead of wearing her new puffs around her hair like a coronet, the half circle or wreath is worn at the back of the head, the bulge as it were is all at the back. You can buy puffs in clusters or separately, the average diadem of puffs consists of seven, but you can wear three or four or a dozen if you like. When curls are worn to fill the vacant lot under the hat they are often attached to the hat itself, but in the case of puffs they are made a part of the hairdressing. It is a very pretty soft style and becoming to most heads but a little difficult of management when one must do up their own hair, and it is best to take a day off and practice on the most becoming way and the easiest to arrange that which is real and that which is not so as to deceive the most knowing ones for without this practice it will be apparent to those who do know.

In the new hats opened for the spring, there is evidence of a strong liking for combinations of contrasting flowers, forget-me-nots and roses, gardenias and violets, etc. The fancy for floral garrettes has not subsided, but is likely to have no pronounced vogue. All signs are to be worn from the big Louis XVI to the tiny toques, and the latter are pinched up and turned in many fanciful ways. For plain hairdressing in the back these small hats are liked, but the large hat is the favorite for the large coiffure.

In hair ornaments the fillet is a prime favorite and even the double fillet of gold and studded with jewels. Agrettes of feathers, etc., are used. Beautiful combs and chos of ribbon are seen on the street, while real and artificial flowers, are used for all dressy occasions as well as all other fancy conceals. The great requisite is that the ornament and the manner of wearing it be becoming. Velvet and feather ornaments are

the most numerous. For these the velvet is twisted around a flexible wire circle which can be twisted in an oval or triangle to suit the wearer, and this is surrounded with smart bows, ostrich tips and jet agrettes all arranged at an angle becoming to the wearer. A three-string jeweled fillet that goes around the head had a large chos of tulle and an osprey in it. The same care must be taken with hair ornaments as is with the hat for they can be made to either add or take from the height, or lengthen or broaden the face and do many other things both unbecoming as well as becoming.

Happiness in Married Life

(By Ella Wheeler Wilcox.)

In Los Angeles Examiner.

Happiness in married life is to be gained, just as enduring happiness in any other phase of existence on earth is to be found—by the use of the old-fashioned virtues of unselfishness, consideration for others, politeness and kindness, all based on love and capped by common sense.

Like the old recipe for cooking the hat, which begins: "First catch your hare," a happy marriage for a woman begins with, "First select a man—not an ideal-made seraph, not an ossified brain, not a mere animal, but a man capable of loving and appreciating a woman's love."

Of course, he will be more or less selfish. That is the way parents rear their sons to be. It is your task to bear with this selfishness at first until you can tactfully teach him how beautiful is thoughtfulness for others, and in a very sweet but very dignified way show him that you expect the same treatment you give.

In the meantime you must recollect you are a faulty woman—and probably spoiled by your parents if you are an American woman—and you must not assume a superior air over your husband when you find out his faults, merely because they are unlike your own.

Whenever he does or says anything which annoys or pains you, say to yourself: "I must avoid ever saying or doing that in my treatment of him."

Then, some day, when he tells you of a fault you possess, put your arm about his shoulder and say: "Let us enter into a mutual improvement society. I want to do everything you admire—you want to be everything I admire. Will you try and do my part and you do yours. We are business associates for life, in God's Great Syndicate of Love; let us work together for a perfectly happy marriage."

If your husband has whims, harmless whims, such as waiting his meals at certain hours promptly, or wanting you to be ready on time when you are going out, make every effort to gratify him.

Be willing to sacrifice yourself to some extent to do this, but if you do as he wishes eight times without any word of approval from him and fail twice, and he is irritable in consequence, remind him gently of his lack of reasonableness and tell him that you need encouragement for your shortcomings. Then persist in your efforts to please him.

Believe in your husband and expect him to be everything your heart desires. Say to yourself every day that he loves you that he is good, loyal, kind, worthy and successful. Praise him and pet him, sympathize with his business life, his aims, pleasures and occupations.

Be his friend and comrade as well as his sweetheart and homemaker. Remember that a woman makes the atmosphere of the home.

I have seen a cheerful, optimistic woman, who saw a humorous side to every trouble in life, utterly transform a gloomy and fretful-natured man into a jolly and good-humored being.

If a man is certain he will find cheer, peace, unselfishness, order, sympathy and love at home, he is certain to set his sail for that port.

Simplicity and Sense In New Spring Suits

Practically and simplicity mark the style of the tailor suits to be worn this spring.

Of course the first and most important thing to be considered at this time of the year is the selection of a smart little tailor suit to be worn in the morning and on occasions when a simple jacket and skirt are permissible, and now, days, when the tailoring and designing of woman's apparel receives such attention from the manufacturers, it would seem as if every woman could be suited—there is such an endless variety to choose from.

Almost all of the spring jackets are short. The shorter they are, the more dressy they become. These jackets are invariably low, flat necked and collarless, with little set-in waists of embroidery, and are cut so as to give the straight, square look to the jacket so fashionable this spring.

The feature of the skirts worn with these jackets is the neat, flat-fitting appearance over the hips. The individuality lies in the distribution of the pleats as best suits the figure of the wearer. These skirts just escape the ground, and may be easily lifted when occasion requires.

The stitched princess belts are much worn with these suits, and establish a shapely connection between the jacket and skirt.

These little low-necked jackets have brought into favor the turn-over collar. These collars are not mannish or stiffly starched, but are extremely feminine in their construction. They fit neatly about the throat and are embroidered in the corners with pale pastel-toned wash silks. The made or "fly" bow is worn a great deal with these collars.

The small hat is considered the proper thing to be worn with the tailor suit. The plain blocked shapes in fine Milan, Manila and Panama are exceedingly smart. They are soft and very light in weight and admit of stunning effects.

The illustration shows an attractive tailor suit to be worn this spring. It is made of a soft, pliable material in black and white check and is trimmed with stitched bands of black

with the same anticipation with which the mariner seeks his own harbor after a stormy voyage.

Of course, we must make allowance for the occasional lawless and drunken mariner who sends his ship on the rocks and the worthless husband who does not appreciate life's best gifts.

There are men whom no woman on God's earth could keep loyal or honest, but they are exceptions.

Be clean, neat and coquettish in your dress at home and in the privacy of your room with your husband. Never let him see you in soiled or careless garments, and let him realize, factually, that you expect the same refinements from him. Nothing is commonplace in the daily associations of life to two people who love each other, if they do not allow themselves to fall into vulgarities.

Mystery, romance and charm can hang forever about the wife, as well as about the mistress, if the wife so chooses. The husband can always, at every approach, be the Prince Charming to anchor the enchanted Princess with his first kiss, if he is skilled enough to wish to keep the interesting role.

And in all love's ways man is much given to following woman's lead. If you have no independent income

of your own, have an understanding in your honeymoon with regard to money matters.

Ask for an allowance to be set apart for your use, in order that no humiliating and indecent discussions need ever occur between you on this subject. Then study to be economical and thrifty and wise in your use of your allowance.

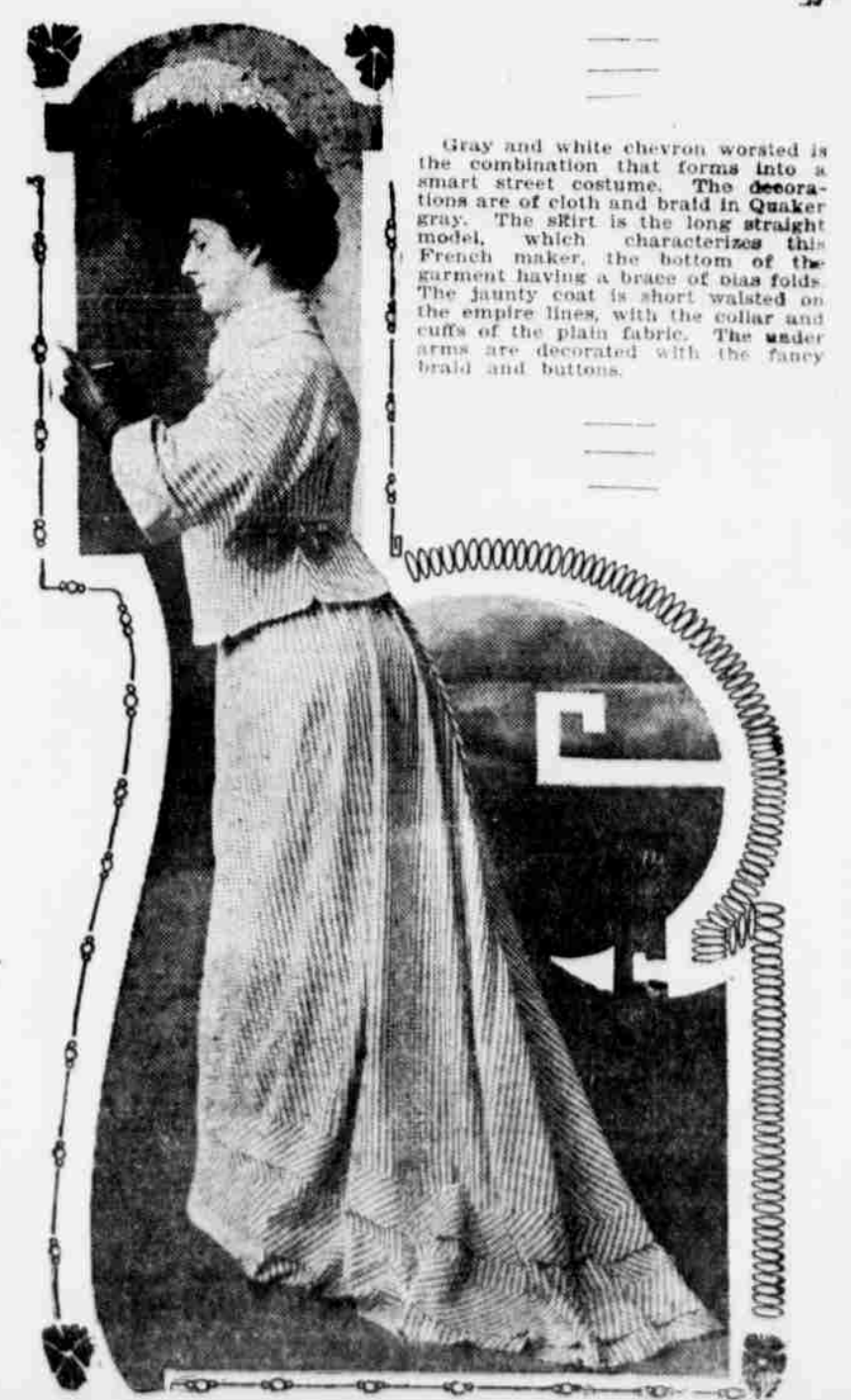
Love, sense and patience. Those are the three important elements necessary to happiness in marriage.

For catarrh, let me send you free, just to prove merit, a trial size box of Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. It is a snow white, creamy, healing antiseptic balm that gives instant relief to catarrh of the nose and throat. Make the free test and see. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

FEE'S PEERLESS HOME-MADE CANDIES, AT WALTON'S DRUG STORE.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

A Smart Street Costume For the Easter Season



Gray and white chevron worsted is the combination that forms into a smart street costume. The decorations are of cloth and braid in Quaker gray. The skirt is the long straight model, which characterizes this French maker, the bottom of the garment having a brace of olive folds. The jaunty coat is short waisted on the empire lines, with the collar and cuffs of the plain fabric. The under arms are only edged with the fancy braid and buttons.

THESE TWO EASTER HATS ARE FREAKISH.



Burnt orange and brown are the twin colors of the coquettish toques shown at the top of the illustration. The straw is the medium weight and is dented lengthwise and turned up at the side. Here a tan and brown braid buckle holds in place the full sweeping osprey plume. This is of white touched with the rich brown and burnt orange. The ribbon which surrounds the hat is a soft liberty in golden brown shade.

The tiny button roses border both edges of the crown band of the Panama hat shown below. The shape is the mushroom, and the Panama straw is of a rich golden brown tone. The velvet band matches the straw in color. A grass agret is placed at the left side. Mingled among this green verdure are a half dozen star buttercups. The finishing touch are two rhinestone ball pins.

NOTHING TOO GOOD FOR BABY



We have just received a complete line of the celebrated Heywood-Wakefield Go-Carts for the small babies, and the Fulton Go-Carts for the larger ones. Come early and get first selection.

W. V. FUTRELLE FURNITURE CO., Successor to J. D. Emmons
West End Viaduct Phone, 376

STOCK GRAZING TAX MAY BE UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Cowboy President Must Now Face Protest of Fellow Cowmen of the Range.

Open opposition to President Roosevelt's policy of enforcing the collection of grazing taxes, and the calling of a convention at which all the western states will be represented, and the purpose of which will be to determine the rights of the states to develop and retain the public lands within their borders is the present program of the stockmen of Colorado, says the Denver News.

At a meeting Wednesday afternoon the state board of stock inspection commissioners passed a resolution endorsing the stockmen in their fight against the government. Governor Buchtel sent the text of a joint resolution to the legislative steering committee, authorizing him to call a convention at which the general policy of the government with reference to public lands in the west will be discussed. This resolution was introduced by Senator Bardwell, and the stockmen will endeavor to get it through the legislature. It passed the senate and will come up in the house.

Held in Trust.
The resolution reads:
Whereas, When the congress of the United States passed an act making Colorado one of the sisterhood of states with the same rights and privileges enjoyed by other states of the union, it was generally understood that while the title to vast areas of land within the borders of this state remained in the federal government held in trust for the people, said lands were eventually to become the property of citizens of this state; and

Whereas, According to the custom and practice in other new states of the union, the citizens of Colorado have been developing the resources and acquiring title to these public lands under the laws of the United States; and

Whereas, The United States government has set apart and withdrawn from settlement a quarter of the total area of the state as forest reserves under the plea that such reserves are necessary to preserve the water supply of the state, which and source in Colorado; and

Whereas, The general government, assuming all the rights of a private land owner, has undertaken the active administration of the lands composing these forest reserves and is disposing of the timber upon the same for the use and benefit of the general government, and is planning to develop other resources in the same way; and

Whereas, It is proposed, in addition to the forest reserves, to set apart other large areas as grazing districts to derive a revenue therefrom for the general government by renting the right to graze thereon to citizens of this state; and

Rights Recognized.
Whereas, The stipulation by the United States government in the act creating this state that the state government should not levy or collect taxes from the general government upon these public lands, was considered by the people of this state as a recognition of the right of the state to enter upon and use these public lands in common for the purpose of developing resources and acquiring title of the same under the federal laws; and

Whereas, The federal government, disregarding these implied obligations to the state, is entering by custom and practice in the older states, and in addition, engaging in business in competition with our citizens; and

Whereas, Colorado and other states similarly situated as regards these public lands are confronted by the threatened loss of from a third to more than a half of the area originally included under the sovereignty of the state governments by act of congress creating these states; therefore,

Unconstitutional.
Resolved, By the senate, the house of representatives concurring, that the action of the federal government in thus usurping the rights of the states and its citizens to develop and acquire title to these public lands and to utilize the resources of these public lands as part of the assets of this state, we believe to be contrary to the spirit and letter of the act of congress admitting the state of Colorado.

Resolved, That the governor of Colorado is authorized and directed to correspond with the governors of other states in the west similarly situated to suggest that they call a convention at which they will appoint delegates from among their respective citizens to meet with similar delegates from this state, at a convenient time and place to be agreed upon, and there discuss this action of the general government and take such steps as will result in determining and establishing the rights of this and other states to develop and retain for the use and the benefit of their citizens the public lands within the borders of such states.

At the meeting of the stock board there was present a committee representing the stockmen on the western slope, which included Fred Light, president of the Roaring Fork & Eagle River Stock Growers' association, and J. J. Holmes, editor of the Glenwood Springs Avalanche. The stockmen were further represented by Fred Johnson, secretary of the Colorado Cattle and Horse Growers' association, and J. D. Husted, vice president of the state association.

C. & S. SHOPS
BURN--BIG
LOSS

Gale Abetted Conflagration.
Firemen Have Narrow Escape.

Fanned by the fiercest vernal gale in years, fire which originated from an unknown cause, early Thursday morning consumed the Colorado & Southern blacksmith shop, an adjoining shed, and part of the roof of the yard machine shop, consuming a large pile of stacked lumber and gutted one or more box cars standing on a siding in the path of the flames, says the Trinidad Advertiser. The loss is variously estimated at from \$5,000 to \$7,500, fully insured under a blanket policy carried by the company.

The fire bell in the city hall sounded at 4:05 a. m., but the fire had been burning for from 15 to 30 minutes when the alarm was turned in; hence the firemen of the city department were handicapped right at the start. Chief Daugherty and his men were still further handicapped by the overturning of their fire wagon in crossing an arroyo one and a half miles outside the city limits in the darkness. Men and horses were thrown into a heap, but fortunately no one was hurt. When they got to the fire, an incipient conflagration was raging; one which it was extremely difficult to stay, and the sky was illuminated by the brilliant tongues of flame leaping skyward uncontrolled.

When the fire was first discovered in the blacksmith shop, no alarm was sent in; instead, the C. & S. yard fire department, which has a hose cart of its own, attempted to fight the flames single handed. The wind proved too much for them, however, and the city hall alarm was accordingly turned in.

MORRISSEY SAYS TRAINMEN WILL NOT STRIKE

J. P. Morrissey, grand master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, said there was no truth in the report that the trainmen employed on roads west of Chicago had rejected the wage scales recently offered by the general managers of the various lines and that the men had voted to strike.

Do not believe the report, says Morrissey. The men are not dissatisfied with their wages, and they are not going to strike. The men are not dissatisfied with their wages, and they are not going to strike.

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If their demands were not granted, Mr. Morrissey said that while it was true that a vote was being taken on the offer of managers, the result could not be decided before next Tuesday.

Mr. Morrissey will go to Chicago early next week to be present when the votes are counted. The officials of the brotherhood of trainmen generally express the opinion that a peaceful settlement of the wage question on the western roads will be reached and that the possibility of a strike are very remote.

SANTA FE WINS SUIT OVER COAL MINE CONTRACT

The United States court of appeals handed down a decision Wednesday in the suit of the Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad against the Mount Carmel Coal company of Kansas, Cyrus Leland, a well known Kansas politician, and others, involving a claim for \$57,000 advanced by the railroad to the coal company on a contract to mine and supply the railroad with coal, says the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

The court reverses the decision of the referee in bankruptcy, who ruled adversely to the railroad company, and holds that the railroad's claim is entitled to priority in settlement of the estate on the grounds that it is an equitable mortgage, with precedence over ordinary obligations. The coal land of the Mount Carmel company was originally one of the properties of Charles J. Devlin, the Kansas coal operator and politician. In 1896 Devlin leased the property to the Mount Carmel company, which entered into a contract to furnish the coal to the Santa Fe road. Judge Adams wrote the opinion, with Judge Hook of Kansas dissenting.

All carmen on the Colorado & Southern employed between Walsenburg and Texline, were Thursday granted a raise in wages of 2 cents per hour, the new schedule to take effect April 1. Sam Buskirk, of Denver, superintendent of motive power of the C. & S., met here yesterday with a committee from the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, when the raise was decided upon.

S. C. Starr, of New Orleans, has been appointed cashier in the Harvey eating house at Topeka, in the place of E. C. Wheatman, who has been transferred to Newton.

Does coffee disagree with you? Probably it does! Then try Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee. "Health Coffee" is a clever combination of parched cereals and nuts. Not a grain of real coffee, remember, in Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee, yet its flavor and taste matches closely old Java and Mocha Coffee. If your stomach, heart or kidneys can't stand coffee drinking, try Health Coffee. It is wholesome, nourishing and satisfying. It's nice even for the youngest child. Sold by C. N. Brigham.

CONFORMS TO THE FOOT SHAPE
Buy shoes that fit your feet. Don't try to make your feet fit the shoes. It's a process which entails present and future suffering. Foot comfort is assured by buying

KEITH'S KONQUOROR SHOES FOR MEN
for they give freedom to all the toes and never tire the feet. One trial proves this.

This is our Stag Oxford, a gun metal button, single sole, military heel. A distinctive model and one approved by good dressers everywhere. Price, \$4. Try a pair.

Preston B. Keith Shoe Co., Makers, Brockton, Mass.
SOLD BY WILLIAM CHAPLIN

Consolidated Liquor Company
Successors to MELINI & EAKIN, and BACHECHI & GIOMI.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
We keep everything in stock to outfit the most fastidious bar complete

Have been appointed exclusive agents in the Southwest for Jos. B. Schiltz, Wm. Lamp and St. Louis A. B. C. Breweries; Yellowstone, Green River, W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook, Louis Hunter, T. J. Monarch, and other standard brands of whiskies too numerous to mention.

WE ARE NOT COMPOUNDERS.
But sell the straight article as received by us from the best vinteries, Distilleries and Breweries in the United States. Call and inspect our Stock and Prices, or write for Illustrated Catalogue and Price List. Issued to dealers only.

J. D. Eakin, President.
G. Giomi, Vice President.
Chas. Melini, Secretary
O. Bachechi, Treasurer.

Imperial Laundry Co.
We do it right, ROUGH DRY, Imperial Laundry Co.

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Ready for your Spring Suit?

The Spring Rush for New Clothes Will Soon Set in and Everybody Will Want Everything Right Away. MAKE YOUR SELECTION NOW. There's no Clothing Better Than

The Washington
From \$15 to \$30

I Also Handle
Kohn Bros. Union Made Clothing
from \$10 to \$25

New Style Spring Derby's. Dunlap & Hawes Arrived
A complete line of Boys' Clothing. Also Men's Furnishings in stock

M. MANDELL
FINE CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS

PROPOSALS FOR BRICK DORMITORY.—Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., Feb. 19, 1907. Sealed proposals, plainly marked on the outside of the sealed envelope, "Proposals for Dormitory at Santa Fe School, New Mexico," and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received at the Indian Office until two o'clock p. m. of March 21, 1907, for furnishing and delivering the necessary materials and labor required to construct and complete a brick dormitory with plumbing, steam heat, and electric lighting at the Santa Fe school, New Mexico, in strict accordance with plans, specifications and instructions to bidders which may be examined at this office, the offices of the "Improvement Bulletin," Minneapolis, Minn.; "American Contractor," Chicago, Ill.; "Citizen," Albuquerque, N. M.; "New Mexican," Santa Fe, N. M.; "Evening Herald," Durango, Colo.; Builders' and Traders' Exchanges at Omaha, Neb., St. Paul, Wis., Minneapolis, Minn.; Northwestern Manufacturers' Assoc., St. Paul, Wis.; U. S. Indian War Department, at Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and New York, and at the school. For further information apply to C. J. Crandall, Supt., Santa Fe, N. M. C. F. LARABEE, Acting Commissioner.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.
By Authority of the City Council of the City of Albuquerque, N. M.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the city of Albuquerque, New Mexico, on Tuesday, April 16, 1907, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 6 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the following voting places:

First Ward—City hall.
Second Ward—Office of Chas. Chadwick & Co., on Gold avenue.
Third Ward—Office of Justice of Peace, George Craig, South Third street.

Fourth Ward—At No. 118 North Third street.
At which said election the question of authorizing the issuance of Thirty Thousand (\$30,000) Dollars of bonds of the said City of Albuquerque, New Mexico, to erect and build a city building, will be submitted to the qualified voters of said city, who are the owners of real or personal property, subject to taxation, within the said City of Albuquerque, New Mexico.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the City of Albuquerque, New Mexico.

FRANK MCKEE,
Mayor.

Attest:
HARRY F. LEE,
City Clerk.
(SEAL)

Rheumatic Pains Relieved.
Chamberlain's Pain Balm relieves rheumatic pains and makes sleep and rest possible, which is alone worth many times its cost. B. F. Crocker, Esq., now 84 years of age, and for twenty years justice of the peace at Martinsburg, Iowa, says: "I am terribly afflicted with sciatic rheumatism in my left arm and right hip. I have used three bottles of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it did me lots of good." For sale by all druggists.

SEE OLD BABY GO-CARTS BEFORE BUYING; WE CAN PLEASE YOU IN QUALITY AND PRICE. FUTRELLE FURNITURE CO., SUCCESSORS TO J. D. EMMONS.

Subscribe for The Evening Citizen

Standard Plumbing & Heating Co.

...The... "SHORT LINE"
to the mining camps of Colorado, Utah and Nevada; to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, by way of Santa Fe, N. M., and the

DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD
through the fertile San Luis valley; also to the San Juan country of Colorado.

For information as to rates, train service, descriptive literature address:
S. K. HOOPER,
General Passenger & Ticket Agent
Denver, Colo.

THE BELLEN, N. M.
Future Railroad Metropolis of New Mexico
Located on Belen Cut-off of Santa Fe Railway

The Belen Town and Improvement Company Are Owners of Belen Townsite

The Belen Town and Improvement Co.

JOHN BECKER, Pres WM. M. BERGER, Sec'y

Its Location
BELEN IS 31 MILES SOUTH OF ALBUQUERQUE, N. M. AT THE JUNCTION OF THE MAIN LINE OF THE SANTA FE SYSTEM—LEADING EAST AND WEST FROM CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, GALTVESTON AND POINTS EAST TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, AND FROM THE EASTERN AND NORTHERN STATES TO EL PASO AND TEXAS.

1,000 BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE LOTS, 25x140 FEET, LAID OUT WITH BROAD 80 AND 70-FOOT STREETS, WITH ALLEYS 20 FEET WIDE, WITH BEAUTIFUL LAKE AND PUBLIC PARK A. D. GRAND OLD SHADE TREES; PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE, COSTING \$16,000; CHURCHES; COMMERCIAL CLUB; A POPULATION OF 1,500 PEOPLE; SEVERAL LARGE MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENTS; THE BELEN PATENT ROLLER MILL, CAPACITY 150 BARRELS DAILY; LARGE WINERY; THREE HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, ETC. BELEN IS THE LARGEST SHIPPING POINT FOR WOOL, FLOUR, WHEAT, WINE, BEANS AND HAY IN CENTRAL NEW MEXICO. ITS IMPORTANCE AS A GREAT COMMERCIAL RAILROAD CITY IN THE NEAR FUTURE CAN NOT BE ESTIMATED.

A Railway Center
ALL FAST LIMITED EXPRESS, MAIL AND FREIGHT TRAINS OF THE SANTA FE WILL GO OVER THE MAIN LINE THROUGH TO BELEN, EAST AND WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

THE LOTS OFFERED ARE IN THE CENTER OF THE CITY, WELL GRADED (MANY OF THEM IMPROVED BY CULTIVATION); NO SAND OR GRAVEL. WE NEED A FIRST-CLASS, MODERN HOTEL AND A GOOD, UP-TO-DATE NEWSPAPER.

OUR PRICES OF LOTS ARE LOW AND TERMS ON EASY PAYMENTS; TITLE PERFECT; WARRANTY DEEDS. ONE-THIRD PURCHASE MONEY CASH. TWO-THIRDS MAY REMAIN ON NOTE, WITH MORTGAGE SECURITY FOR ONE YEAR, WITH A PER CENT INTEREST THEREON.

APPLY AT ONCE FOR MAPS AND PRICES IF YOU WISH TO SECURE THE CHOICEST LOTS



Washington Fashioned Apparel
THE WASHINGTON CO.
NEW YORK

\$200 REWARD.

Is offered for the capture of Antonio Pettine, the murderer of Benedetto Berardinelli. Crime was committed in Albuquerque Monday, February 4.

C. A. and C. GRANDE.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**
FOR CONSUMPTION, CROUPS, HOARSENESS, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES, OR MONEY BACK.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; and this is the case with all cases of Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS
They overcome Weakness, regulate the system, and build up the constitution. They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls and women, and give them the power of self-defense. They cannot do harm—they are purely vegetable. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 cents. Hall's Catarrh Cure, 50 cents.

DON J. RANKIN & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE LOANS.
Automatic Phone 451.
Room 10, N. T. Armijo Building

A. E. WALKER, FIRE INSURANCE.
Secretary Mutual Building Association. Office at 217 West Railroad avenue.

W. E. MAUGER WOOL
with Raube and Mauger Office, 115 North First St. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

TOTI & GRAD!
Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Hay, Grain and Fuel.
Fine Line of Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Place your orders for this line with us.
213-215-217 NORTH THIRD ST.

THIRD STREET Meat Market
All Kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats
Sausage Factory.
EMIL KILLENWORT
Masonic Building, North Third Street

B. A. SLEYSER
—INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, NOTARY PUBLIC.
Rooms 12 and 14 Crownwell Block, Albuquerque. Telephone No. 136.

Give us your ROUGH DRY work, Monday, and get it back Wednesday, Imperial Laundry Co.

EVERITT THE
Diamond Palace
RAILROAD AVE
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Cut Glass, Clocks, Silverware We invite
your trade and guarantee A SQUARE DEAL.

Gen. Hugh Cameron, the Kansas "hermit," was the guest of honor at a luncheon at the Abasco Hotel, Albuquerque W. C. T. U. held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Schutt, 216 South Broadway.

John S. McFavish, Magdalena, returned from business in Chicago, where he went a week ago to buy goods for the Becker-Blackwell company store of Magdalena and headquarters for the new bank of Magdalena.

Hon. S. E. Aldrich and wife passed through the city last night en route from Santa Fe to their home at Galveston, Texas, on the Texas Central general merchandise store at Manueltito, N. M. He was one of the staunch republicans in the late legislature.

Hon. Jacobo Chaves, councilman from the city of Santa Fe, returned from the city between trains last night en route from Santa Fe to his home at Los Lunas. Mr. Chaves has been in the city for some time as a prospector for New Mexico and will soon move his family to Santa Fe.

A. C. Bradley, who next Wednesday will wed Miss Anita Becker, of the city, returned from Los Lunas, where he is spending the day in the city. Mr. Bradley is a construction engineer on the Santa Fe cut off. He came to New Mexico from Kansas and is a graduate of the Kansas university.

Miss Bertha Ruiz, Miss Effie Matheux and Miss Genevieve Craven are a trio of the most popular young ladies spending the day in the city visiting and shopping. Miss Ruiz is building a new thirty-room brick hotel in Helen, which will be opened to the public in the near future. Her unforgotten should delay the work.

The Misses Custers and Vaughn, of the Third ward school, entertained a large number of callers yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Vaughn. The program: Recitation, Adela Armiño; recitation, Tom Leannard; "Nearer, My God to Thee," by five girls; recitation, by five girls; recitation, by two girls; Buttercup drill and clover drill, by Maurino Maynard and Nellie Spelch; Scarf drill, by twenty girls.

COLLECTOR.

A FIRST CLASS, EXPERIENCED COLLECTOR WANTS SITUATION AND TO TURN THE BEST OF REFERENCES AS TO ABILITY AND CHARACTER. ADDRESS "COLLECTOR,"

irectly connected with the Standard
 Plumbing and Heating company.
 STANDERD PLUMBING & HEAT-
 ING COMPANY.
 JOSEPH W. HESSELDEN.
 o
POOL ROOM AUCTION
 o
 BY ORDER OF THE DISTRICT
 COURT.
 Wednesday, March 27th, at 1:30
 o'clock p. m. in the Barnett build-
 ing, I will sell at public auction the
 complete furnishings of an up-to-date
 pool and billiard room, consisting of
 one combination billiard and pool
 table and three straight pool tables,
 12 cue racks, balls, twenty-four
 metal chairs, etc. Original cost was
 about \$1,500. It will positively go to
 the highest bidder for cash.
 SCOTT KNIGHT, Receiver.
 o
**TRY THE CHICKEN AND DUMP-
 ING DINNER AT THE COLUMBUS
 HOTEL TOMORROW.**
 o
**DON'T FORGET THE ZEIGER'S
 FINE RESTAURANT TOMORROW
 FOR YOUR SUNDAY DINNER.**
**BEST IN THE CITY FOR FIFTY
 CENTS.**
 o
**MONEX-SAVINGS THAT INTER-
 EST EVERY HOUSE-KEEPER.**
LARGE RUGS AT FACTORY PRICE
**ARE NOW ON SALE AT ALBERT
 TAPER'S.**
 o
**WANTED—23 EXTRA SALESPER-
 SLE FOR OUR SKIDDOO SALE
 SATURDAY, MARCH 23. EXPERI-
 ENCE IN CARS. APPLY TO
 TOMORROW. LION STORE.**
 o
**THE COLUMBUS HOTEL AN-
 NOUNCES A BIG CHICKEN AND
 DUMPING DINNER FOR TO-
 MORROW.**
 o
**KAFFER CORN FOR CHICKEN
 FEED. COSTS NO MORE THAN
 WHEAT AND IS FAR BETTER.**
 E. W. FEE,
 60 S. FIRST ST.
 'PHONE 16.
 o
**NOTICE—NOTHING BUT THE
 BEST OF CORN FED BEEF SOLD
 AT J. F. PALMER'S, 501 N. 1ST ST.**

WHITN
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No
Lightest Running
- - -
**FU**
Wr
113, 115, 117, South First
401, 403, North First S
Home I

KEY COMPANY

Wholesale Distributors

**el Mowers, Rakes and
esting Machinery**

Made by the Trust

g, Strongest, Wear Longer, Cost
Less for Repairs - - -

LY WARRANTED

te For Prices

Street
ot

Albuquerque, New Mexico

nsurance the Best

train from again saying something about home in-
Every time that the proposition presents itself of the
amount of money that is being sent out of New
Arizona for life insurance to eastern cities, the con-
with increased force that a home company ought to
the money remain in the West.

of the past year of the way the enormous surplus of
panies has been handled and speculated with ought to
that the people of the West should stop pouring their
channels when it can be placed in home insurance,
it kept and invested at home.

note that home insurance is year by year receiving
that deserts. Statistics show that during the past year
exceeded foreign companies in the amount of busi-
cannot this same record be made here? It can if
takes out a policy the coming year will carefully
of the value it is to keep his insurance at home be-
lie to the application of any insurance company.

Life Insurance Company of New Mexico and Arizona
by the leading business men of the two terri-
ceptional opportunities to ambitious and capable men
policies.

Address Home Office,

Life Insurance Company

BUQUERQUE, N. M.