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Albuquerque Evening Citizen, 03-08-1907

Hughes & McCreight

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Albuquerque Evening Citizen.

VOL. 21, NO. 57.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 8, 1907.

The Evening Citizen, in Advance, 60 per year.
Delivered by Carriers, 20 cents per month.

LEGISLATURE IS HARD AT ITS LABORS

Many New Bills Introduced in Each House and Several Old Ones Passed.

ROBERT GORTNER MAY BE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Direful Report That Representative Ruppe Will Speak no More This Session.

Santa Fe, N. M., Mar. 8.—In the council yesterday the following bills were introduced:

Council bill No. 84, by Mr. Spies, an act fixing the time for the holding of court in the Fourth judicial district.

Council bill No. 85, by Mr. Spies, an act establishing a scientific experiment farm and station, and for other purposes. The bill provides for the establishment of this farm in San Miguel county and carries an appropriation of \$3,000.

Council bill No. 86, by Mr. Spies, an act providing for the control of the mounted police. Referred to the committee on territorial affairs.

Council bill No. 87, by Mr. Spies, an act providing for the sale of town sites where title is vested in the probate judge, etc. Referred to judiciary committee.

Council bill No. 88, by Mr. Martinez, an act providing for the assessment of sheep in the county in which the owner resides. Passed the council by a vote of eight to three.

Council bill No. 89, by Mr. Martinez, an act relative to exemption from taxation up to \$1,000 of the law books of attorneys. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

Council bill No. 90, by Mr. Martinez, an act to exempt from the provisions of certain sections of the acts of the 36th legislative assembly of said time and naphtha, etc.

Council bill No. 91, by Mr. Martinez, an act relative to highways and roads. Referred to the committee on highways and roads.

Council bill No. 92, by Mr. Cameron, an act to repeal the sections of the laws of 1905 relative to the inspection of coal oil. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

The council, upon motion of Mr. Miera, voted to reconsider house bill No. 14, tabling the bill and then passed the bill by unanimous vote. This bill relates to combines and monopolies.

Council bill No. 93, extending the time allowed the Woman's Board of Trade of the city of Santa Fe for building a library passed the council.

Council bill No. 94, an act for the sale of stray animals, passed the council.

Council bill No. 95, providing for the encouragement of the breeding of blooded animals, was tabled indefinitely.

House joint resolution No. 6, relating to the disposition of the Old Palace at Santa Fe, was referred to the committee on finance.

A number of bills were received from the house and referred to the appropriate committees, after having been read.

The council then went into executive session and confirmed the appointment of John Corbett of Deming and V. L. Lowe of Silver City as members of the board of regents of the New Mexico Normal school at Silver City.

IN THE HOUSE.

The house yesterday adopted a resolution introduced by Mr. Walters, requesting the governor to return house bill No. 66, an act fixing the time for holding the sessions of the First judicial district court, to the house for amendments. The bill was returned and referred to the committee on judiciary for action.

House bill No. 54, relative to the bringing of tax suits, was recommitted to the judiciary committee.

House bill No. 55, relative to the practice of medicine, was tabled indefinitely and a substitute bill passed.

House bill No. 143 was referred to the committee on finance.

House bill No. 165, an act for the settlement and adjustments of claims against public officers, was passed by the house.

House bill No. 72, relative to the maintenance and construction of public highways. Passed the house.

House bill No. 187, was introduced by Mr. Ruppe, an act to prevent insurance companies and agents from granting rebates. Referred to the committee on insurance.

House bill No. 188, introduced by Studley, an act relative to street crossings. Referred to judiciary committee.

House bill No. 8, relative to locating and surveying of public lands, passed the house.

House bill No. 98, relative to local option, was tabled indefinitely.

House bill No. 103, relative to expectation on sidewalks and other places, passed the house with amendments.

House bill No. 126, relative to jury service, passed the house.

House bill No. 49, an act relative to annual reports by corporations, was tabled indefinitely, and a substitute bill passed the house.

House bill No. 59, relative to qualification of voters, passed the house. Mr. Beach dissenting.

House bill No. 53, relative to sidewalks, passed the house.

House resolution No. 11, relative to Spanish and Mexican archives, was adopted by the house.

Council bill No. 82, granting to the city of Deming a portion of a school section for cemetery purposes, passed the house.

Council bill No. 37, an act for the protection of bridges, passed the house.

House bill No. 11, relative to tax suits, was tabled indefinitely and a substitute bill passed the house.

House bill No. 59, an act relative to the practice of dentistry, passed the house.

Mr. Holt then introduced house resolution No. 10, providing for the printing of all bills without translation. This resolution was adopted.

Another bill was introduced in the house by Mr. Abbott, of Santa Fe.

(Continued on page five.)

RELATIVES HAVE JOINED IN SENSATIONAL SUIT FOR ACCOUNTING OF MARY BAKER EDDY'S GREAT FORTUNE



GEO. W. GLOVER, ONLY CHILD OF MRS. MARY BAKER EDDY.

Mr. Glover leads in the child petition which has stirred Christian Science to its vitals. He, with his daughter, visited Mrs. Eddy January 2, and they charge that she is helpless in the hands of a clique. They also allege that the enormous income of the mother of "Science" is wrongfully withheld.

Geo. W. Glover was the son of Mrs. Eddy by her first husband, who died of yellow fever in 1884. The child was born a few months after his father's death. The baby was given to a family in the vicinity, and Mrs. Glover married again. The foster parents took the child west, where it was brought up. He fought in the Civil war, was wounded almost to death, and after the rebellion went west again and became a miner and prospector. He married, and his children, one of these a daughter, joins him in his suit. He was 35 when his mother saw him since his babyhood. He is not rich or even well-to-do, but has a comfortable home at Lead, S. D.

HARRIMAN IN WASHINGTON TO CONSULT PRESIDENT

Head of the "Four Pacifics" Said to Have Sought Conference to Learn What the Government Intends Doing to Him.

Washington, Mar. 8.—"Can President Roosevelt and Edward H. Harriman reach an agreement on the relationship of the federal government to the railroads?" is the question that has been raised by the visit of Mr. Harriman to Washington, the purpose of which is now known.

Instead of coming here for a rest, Mr. Harriman's visit is, perhaps, the most important step he has taken since he acquired operating control of the Southern Pacific railroad, because it may have much to do with Mr. Harriman's continuance of control of that corporation in connection with the Union Pacific. Mr. Harriman has been trying to reach an understanding with President Roosevelt regarding the relations of the government to the railroads and to meet the president on any ground which he may be willing to occupy for the betterment of railroad operations for the public in case it is possible to reach an agreement.

That Mr. Harriman should have been willing to consult with the president and offer concessions is in marked contrast with his attitude a few months ago.

Overtures looking to a frank and full talk about the entire railroad situation were made today by Maxwell Everts, counsel for Mr. Harriman, who saw the president about noon and made it clear to Mr. Roosevelt that there were two sides to the railroad question and that Mr. Harriman would be willing to meet him more than half way.

President Roosevelt will have no hesitation about meeting Mr. Harriman, although it is rather unusual that a man under investigation by orders of the president for violating the Interstate Commerce law and the Sherman anti-trust law should seek an interview. The president was not ready to see Mr. Harriman today, however, and it is probable a meeting will be arranged in the course of a week.

President Denies Engagement.

Washington, March 8.—The president made no engagement for an interview with E. H. Harriman, it was said at the white house today, but he will be glad to see him at any time he comes to Washington, just as he is glad to see anyone else. Some days ago Maxwell Everts, one of Harriman's counsel, was at the white house, and was given to inquiries whether the president would see Harriman, was given to understand that he would at any time.

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She is the granddaughter of the "Mother of Christian Science," being the daughter of Mrs. Eddy's only child, Geo. W. Glover. She joins her father and cousin in the suit for an accounting.

RUEF'S ATTORNEY SENT TO JAIL ON CHARGE OF CONTEMPT

Would Not Sit Down When Ordered by Court to do so. Ruef Not Found.

TREASURER WALKER BOTH FORGER AND DEFAULTER

San Francisco, March 8.—Abraham Ruef again failed to appear in court this morning, when a case was called by Judge Dunne, the coroner reporting inability to find the indicted attorney. Assistant District Attorney Heney was examining the coroner when S. M. Shortridge, one of Ruef's attorneys, objected to the question Judge Dunne ordered Shortridge to take his seat, but he refused. Six times the judge ordered the attorney to sit down, and finally ordered the bailiff to eject Shortridge from the hall unless he sat down. Shortridge finally took his seat, but kept on talking and Dunne declared him guilty of contempt and ordered him confined in the county jail for twenty-four hours.

MORE TROUBLE FOR TREASURER WALKER.

Hartford, March 8.—That Wm. F. Walker, defaulting treasurer of the savings bank of New Britain, is also a forger to the extent of several thousand dollars, is now assured, and the grand jury at its session next day will consider this charge. The state's attorney says he has possession of evidence that Walker forged notes payable to himself as treasurer of the Connecticut Baptist convention, and by so doing was able to cover up his stealings for several years.

PORTO RICANS WANT TO GOVERN THEMSELVES ALSO.

San Juan, Porto Rico, March 8.—The Porto Ricans are desirous of having a native of the island appointed secretary of Porto Rico to succeed Regis Henri Post, who has been appointed governor. The house of delegates today sent the following message to President Roosevelt:

"The house of delegates unanimously requests you to appoint the natives of Porto Rico, thus giving us an opportunity to demonstrate our ability in self-government. Such act of justice will be gratefully received by the whole country."

BRAZILIAN ALIENS LAW GOES INTO EFFECT.

Rio de Janeiro, March 8.—The new law relating to the admission of aliens and residence of foreigners in the republic comes into effect today. The law provides in general that an alien may be expelled from Brazil for any act likely to endanger public safety or the public peace; also for criminal convictions committed abroad and two in Brazil; for proved vagabondage and begging; expulsion is also provided. It is specified, however, that a foreigner cannot be expelled from Brazil who has lived two years in the country, is married to a Brazilian and is a person possessing real property in Brazil.

PHILADELPHIA AUTOISTS SIXTH ANNUAL BANQUET.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 8.—Governor Stuart and Mayor Weaver were the guests of honor at the sixth annual banquet of the Automobile Club of Philadelphia, last night. This year's function recalled all former affairs of the kind ever arranged by the club for besides a most sumptuous dinner and a most interesting program of speeches by the leading motorists in the state.

QUESTION OF JAPANESE LOAN STILL UNDECIDED.

Paris, March 8.—The question of the big Japanese loan is still undecided. The situation is as follows: M. Takashi, the Japanese financial agent, was sent from London to Paris to float \$125,000,000 in four percent, being the remainder of the \$250,000,000 loan contemplated at the close of the war in 1905 for refunding operations, and of which only one-half was then issued. M. Takashi found the London financiers too exacting on account of the stringency and not disposed to pay more than the current quotation of Imperial bonds about 85. The Paris and Brussels bankers were more favorably disposed, but under the circumstances the question arose as to whether it would not be better to issue 50 at par for relieving the 60. No decision has been reached. Competent Japanese sources insist there has been no check in the negotiations here, but rather the contrary.

MISSOURI LAW.

St. Louis, March 8.—The minimum freight rate hearing was resumed today before Special Commissioner Schofield. In this hearing a number of railroad companies are endeavoring to have made permanent the temporary injunction issued against the enforcement of the maximum freight law passed by the Missouri legislature during the session of 1902. The cases of different railroads are being taken up separately.

SEVERAL SHIP SHOCKS OF EARTHQUAKE FELT.

Kingston, March 7.—Since Monday several sharp, short earthquakes have been felt here. They were accompanied by a loud roaring noise.

WOODRUFF SALES FOR HOME FROM FRANCE.

Cheerbourg, France, March 8.—Timothy L. Woodruff, New York state republican chairman, sailed from here last night on the Deutschland for New York. He visited all the principal cities in Italy during his stay in this country and was accompanied by his wife.

NO VERDICT IN STEVE ADAMS' TRIAL

Not Believed He Will Again be Put in Jeopardy on the Same Charge.

THAW TRIAL IS ADJOURNED TO MONDAY

Delmas Rested Case of Defense and Jerome Had No Witnesses Ready.

THOUGHT NOW THAT A SPEEDY END IN SIGHT

Adams Will be Taken There as Witness Against Federation of Labor Leaders.

Wallace, March 8.—The jury in the case of Steve Adams, charged with the murder of Fred Tyler, after 32 hours of deliberation, announced at the opening of court, that the defense had concluded its testimony. Jerome stated that he had no witnesses ready to proceed with in rebuttal, and at his request the adjournment was taken.

The action was not unexpected, for Delmas served notice last yesterday afternoon upon District Attorney Jerome that the defense had abandoned the plan of calling two more experts. Jerome did not consider the notification official, and so came into court this morning prepared to listen to more testimony as to Thaw's unsound mind. Immediately after the case had been called, Delmas arose and announced: "The defense rests." Jerome then asked for adjournment until Monday.

"When the court adjourned late Wednesday evening," said Jerome, "I had no reason to expect other than that I would be confronted this morning by experts who would be called to answer hypothetical questions, which Delmas was to frame, extemporaneously. Yesterday evening, however, McPike called upon me with a letter from Delmas saying that the defense would call no more witnesses. Under the circumstances I must ask for adjournment. I have no witnesses available today."

Delmas had no objections and Fitzgerald ordered the adjournment. Jerome said evidence in rebuttal should be in by Wednesday, and the case ought to go to the jury Friday.

Jerome Will Recall Evelyn.

It was reported around the criminal court building after the trial had been adjourned today that Evelyn Thaw has been subpoenaed by the prosecution in rebuttal. No verification of the report could be obtained, however.

Also Evelyn's Friends.

Jerome's object in summoning her as a witness is to extract from her, if possible, information concerning the letters White wrote her. She has already declared on the stand that she has none. May MacKenzie was notified today to be on hand Monday morning at 10 o'clock for the prosecution in rebuttal. No verification of the report could be obtained, however.

EXHIBITION OF MA-CHINERY IN HOLLAND.

Amsterdam, March 8.—Announcement was officially made today that an international exhibition of machinery, machine tools and motor cars will be held here in August and September. The exhibition will be held by the society for the advancement of industry, and will be especially law rates for transport are being granted by the railroads, while arrangements made by the government to bring artisans from all parts of Holland to the exhibition.

SON OF PRESIDENT BETTER BUT NOT OUT OF DANGER



ARCHIE ROOSEVELT, THIRD SON OF THE PRESIDENT, WHO IS QUARANTINED IN THE WHITE HOUSE WITH DIPHTHERIA.

Washington, March 8.—The condition of Archie Roosevelt, son of the president, who is suffering from a severe attack of diphtheria, is more encouraging this morning than at any time in the last eighteen hours, though the patient still is in a critical condition. The greatest anxiety is felt by the doctors over the weak heart condition of the patient, and Dr. Lambert is administering heart stimulants to prevent another stagnation of the blood. Secretary Lusk issued an official statement at 9 o'clock this morning as follows:

"Physicians report this morning that Archie Roosevelt had a good night and his condition is most gratifying. The president has been with the patient frequently, exercising the same precaution as the physicians as to infection."

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OFFICIAL PAPER FOR
CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE

EL PASO HELD A VERY STORMY ELECTION

Politician Cobb and Policeman
Rynerson Fight at the
Polls One Round.

BIG POLICEMAN PUT THE LITTLE POLITICIAN OUT

Rynerson Formerly of New Mexico
Has Been in El Paso
Last Few Years.

El Paso: After assaulting Zach Lamar Cobb, one of the ardent supporters of the "citizens" ticket, Will Rynerson, special policeman, was arrested by Policeman Ormand and is held at the police station without bail. Mayor Charles Davis, learning of the assault, ordered Chief W. A. Mitchell of the police department, to make Rynerson surrender his commission. The assault was witnessed by many eye-witnesses, who gave numerous reports, all varying in detail, within a short time after the fracas, which occurred about 11 o'clock, in front of precinct 3, at the central fire station.

Zach Cobb's version of the assault is practically the same as that of Rynerson. Said Cobb, when asked about the assault:

"I was walking along the street just north of the voting precinct, and passed Rynerson, who was kept in the street. I heard him say something about 'damn little f---', and I turned after being insulted and went after him. I struck at Rynerson, but don't know whether I hit him or not."

He was then asked as to the extent of his injuries, and replied: "I don't care about the injuries, just so it brings the votes."

According to eye-witnesses Rynerson then struck Cobb, and delivered two blows which knocked him against the brick wall of the fire station. His lip was severely lacerated and he bled freely from the wound, and his right hand was lacerated. The report got out that Rynerson tried to draw his gun, but Policeman Ormand, who was on the scene and made the arrest, says he did not see that he took the gun from him shortly after it occurred. There were many bystanders who saw the affair, and it is said Dr. W. E. McQueen to Cobb's assistance, but further trouble was avoided by Policeman Ormand taking Rynerson from the scene and Policeman Wilson dispersing the crowd which quickly gathered.

Cobb had his glasses on at the time he was struck by Rynerson, but did not receive injury as a result of this, although both blows were landed on his face.

Rynerson Tells His Story.

Will Rynerson, who was kept in Chief Mitchell's office, and not locked up, said:

"I was standing out in the street to the west of the fire station, when Cobb passed in front of the building. He spoke, and said, 'How do you do?' I answered, 'I don't want a damn little f--- like you.' He then came back and wheeled like a shot and came back fighting. He struck at me, and the blow landed on my shoulder. I then struck him twice, and it was all over."

"This man has no connection whatever with the political situation, but Cobb has been abusing me in his speeches, and I have not tolerated him. I just told him I didn't want a little f--- like him to speak to me, and then he came at me."

Rynerson was also arrested by Constable Clements and has a corpus proceedings will probably be started to have an immediate hearing of the case.

LABOR FEDERATION AND LUMBERJACK PEOPLE.

Duluth, Minn.: The Minnesota State Federation of Labor will investigate the claims that they have not worked out their transportation in a fair manner, and are being subjected to a form of persecution. W. E. McKenney, secretary of the federation, is responsible for this statement. He says that the lumberjacks have been existing for many years, that the men have been placed in involuntary servitude without being given a fair trial; that the law is entirely one-sided, and that the law is entirely one-sided, not giving the men the shadow of a chance to defend themselves.

"The situation in some of the lumber camps in northern Minnesota is awful," he continued. "Putting men in prison because the lumber companies claim that they have not worked out their transportation is nothing more nor less than involuntary servitude. We have about five hundred men in prison, but here we find shocking abuses of personal liberty existing right in our midst without a protest being offered against it. I believe in a reliable authority that the law is unconstitutional, and I have the opinions of three attorneys to that effect. The state federation has been working quietly upon these cases for some time with a view to securing evidence that will have the law either amended or repealed. It is an outrage to throw workmen into cells for quitting their jobs because they do not find the conditions under which they are required to work agreeable."

**SURPRISING STRIKE ON THE
GLOBE-ARIZONA PROPERTY.**
Globe, Ariz.: The Globe-Arizona Mining company, which recently took over the Rogers, Starr & Rolling property, adjoining the Superior & Boston and Old Dominion, is making better headway than the purchasers of the property anticipated, and min-

ing men who have recently visited the property believe that the company has one of the best showings for quick results in the district. While cleaning out the old shaft, which had caved in, miners discovered an old crosscut about fifty feet from the surface. It had been covered by shaft timbers several years ago and these timbers, which had rotted, were heavily mineralized. The discovery was made. The crosscut is only twenty feet long, but it cuts a vein of high grade ore, about four feet wide.

The discovery of the old working was a cause of considerable comment among old mining men who are acquainted with that section. No one seemed to have known of it, even those who sold the property being unaware of the crosscut. It was later recalled that Tom Reinhardt, who committed suicide several years ago, had formerly worked the mine for silver and had taken a considerable quantity of ore from the small crosscut. The ore ran into copper, but the extremely low price then of the red metal made its mining there prohibitive and the mine was abandoned. It is evident that the entire vicinity is heavily mineralized. A few days ago ore in good quantity was discovered in blasting into the foot-wall twenty feet from the surface, to be sent to the mill. The mine is expected to start shipping soon after the arrival of the steam hoisting plant, which has been ordered.

APPROPRIATIONS MADE BY CONGRESS FOR YEAR.

Washington, D. C.: The amounts of the appropriations made for the big annual supply bills passed at the second session of the fifty-ninth congress are announced officially today as follows: Agriculture, \$9,447,290; army, \$74,555,282; diplomatic and consular, \$2,000,000; district of Columbia, \$10,350,948; fortifications, \$6,917,113; general deficiency, \$10,740,000; legislative, executive and judicial, \$30,750,000; military academy, \$1,529,702; navy, \$26,948,007; pensions, \$135,000,000; postoffice, \$212,129,392; Indian, \$10,700,000; rivers and harbors, \$56,962,432; sundry civil, \$10,000,000; urgent deficiency, \$1,344,650; additional urgent deficiency, \$611,600; service pension bill (about), \$15,000,000; total, \$284,640,000; permanent annual (about), \$149,586,320; grant total, \$974,256,971.

MEXICO ROADS PRO- POSE LOW RATE ON WHEAT

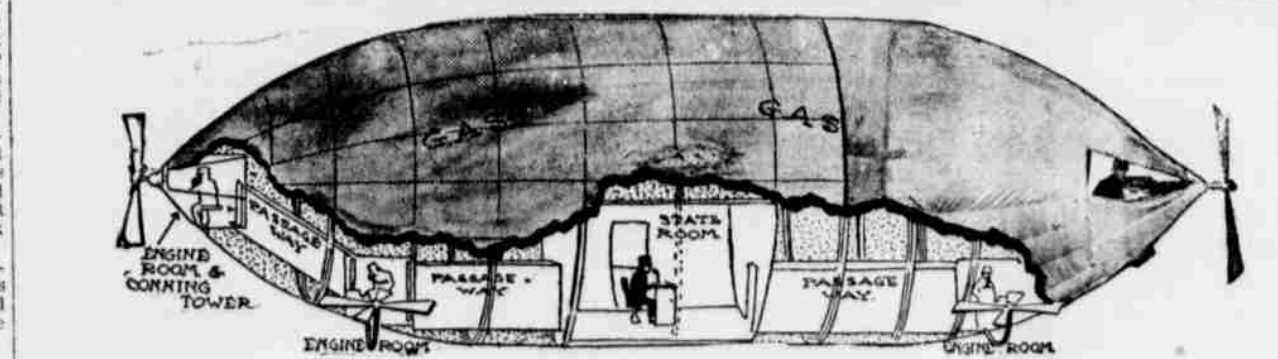
American Farmers to Receive
the Benefit—Mexico
Crop Short.

The railroads of Mexico are to do their share in securing wheat from the United States to supply the deficiency caused by a partial crop failure in Mexico. In the wake of the recent removal of about 70 per cent of the duty on wheat the railroads are now considering a reduction in the freight rates on grain, and it is probable that by this week the rate will be reduced, thus facilitating the work of the government in securing grain.

The present rate on wheat is \$15 per 1,000 kilos, and this will probably be reduced to \$17 per 1,000 kilos. This rate applies on all roads through every gateway to Mexico and the reduction will be agreed on by all the roads. Most of the wheat shipped from the United States comes by rail over either the National lines or the Mexican Central, practically coming by Vera Cruz or other Gulf ports. The reduction now being considered and which there is little doubt will go into effect within a few days, will mean a reduction of about a year ago and will probably remain in effect as long as the reduction in duty.

The duty has been reduced from \$5 per 1,000 kilos to \$1.50 per 1,000 kilos and this with the reduction in the freight rate will result in a saving of several hundred dollars a car on wheat and this is a great saving of cars to this grain to Mexico City.

NEW STYLED AIRSHIP ALREADY TO SAIL



NEW STYLED AIRSHIP.

FEATURE OF TOLIVER'S AIRSHIP.
Cost, \$75,000.
Time in building, 7 years.
Style, cigar shaped.
Length, 1,000 feet.
Weight, 7,100 pounds.
Length, 225 feet.
Diameter, 40 feet.
It is divided into compartments, including "conning towers" for lookouts, fore and aft.
Telephones connect the different compartments.
It is to sail this week.

(By C. H. Tavenner.)
Pleasant, Cal., March 8.—Its 225 feet long, cigar-shaped airship, the "Toliver," is today ready for its first voyage. The great, cigar-shaped flying machine is today ready for its first voyage. "I have positively solved aerial navigation," says the inventor, a mysterious, dark-skinned, little-speaking and hard-to-approach man. "I am betting my life and that of my wife, for she is going to make the initial ascent with me, that my idea is right. For seven long years my assistants and I have worked secretly in this canyon, keeping an armed watch over the ship day and night to hold off the spies. Today practically no one knows me, but tomorrow my name will be on every one's lips. My ship will fly like a bird."

Then the inventor, a fair, courteous, bright boy in her eyes, spoke up:

"We have worked side by side on the great airship, and the flying machine was made by my fingers. My husband's dreams have been my dreams. For seven long years my assistants and I have worked secretly in this canyon, keeping an armed watch over the ship day and night to hold off the spies. Today practically no one knows me, but tomorrow my name will be on every one's lips. My ship will fly like a bird."

PART PLAYED BY GERMANS IN AMERICA

From Early Days of Settlement
Down to Present Time
Among the Foremost

HAVE BEEN GERMANS BY BIRTH OR DESCENT

First to Come Was Peter Minnewit
In 1626, and Now They Num-
ber Fully 12,000,000.

(By Frederick J. Haskin.)

According to the most conservative estimates, there are at least 12,000,000 people in America who are either German or of German extraction. We have more than 9,000,000 citizens who were actually born in the Fatherland. They are diffused through every portion of the country, but New York has the largest German colony in the world. After that the greatest number are found in Pennsylvania. In the early days of German settlement, when the question arose whether the German or English language should be the official tongue of the legislature, a German cast the deciding vote in favor of the English. Nine governors of Pennsylvania have been of German descent. In the west the numbers pile up again, and there was at one time a concerted effort in Wisconsin to make that wholly a German state. Probably 75 per cent of the population of Milwaukee is of German extraction.

The history of the Germans in the United States is as picturesque as any traditions cherished by the American people. Peter Minnewit, a Dutchman, was the first German to set foot on American soil. He came in 1626 as first governor of New Netherlands, but the initial German colony was not established until 1683, in the land of William Penn. This little band of thirteen families came on the good ship "The Concord," with German names. The immigration during the rest of the century, but the accession of good Queen Anna to the throne of England and her generous protection of the persecuted Germans led them in 1765 to leave their dearer homes for England, from where they were sent to people the American colonies.

The brilliant, picturesque Baron von Steuben, drillmaster and inspector general of the army, was a right-hand of Washington because he took a mob and hammered it into an army. When the continental soldiers were starving at Valley Forge and a plea was sent forth for funds, nine Germans responded by raising \$100,000. The superintendent of batteries was Christopher Ludwig, who was described by General Washington as "my honest friend." Michael Hiltz, who was the first treasurer of the United States, and afterward of the United States, was of that nationality. It was Heinrich Miller who became the printer for the convention, and a German editor "scopied" his colleagues on the birth of the United States.

Two stalwart figures of the revolution were the sons of Henry H. Muntenberg, the founder of the Lutheran church in America. The first, the Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg, of Woodstock, Va., called his little flock together one Sunday morning, preached a stirring sermon on the glories of war for the right, then threw aside his pulpit and led his congregation in uniform, and called on all those who

would to follow him. At the church door he made up a company of 200 men, and with this handful he went through the war, becoming colonel, then brigadier general, and finally major general. His statue has been placed in the national hall in Washington by the state of Pennsylvania. His brother, Frederick A. Muhlenberg was president of the convention which ratified the constitution of the United States. Later he was made speaker of the first and third congresses, and was his deciding vote, in the memorable deadlock of April 29, 1795, which made the Jay treaty operative.

The first force to reach Lincoln in 1861 to defend the union was a regiment from Pennsylvania composed almost entirely of descendants of revolutionary patriots, who in the earlier days were the first to reach George Washington. It was the Germans who saved Missouri and Kentucky for the union. Over 200,000 men of the north, 5,000 of whom were officers.

There were twenty-seven German sailors on the ill-fated Maine, which was sunk in Havana harbor. Chief Gunner Leonard G. F. Kuehlwein fired the first shot at Manila. There were thirty-three German officers in Roosevelt's rough rider regiment, and of the three first American flags planted on San Juan hill, one was composed of German soldiers. There was a German in Hobson's little band, and Admiral Schley, the hero of Santiago, is of German descent. All of which goes to show that in times of stress Uncle Sam may well depend upon his German sons.

Although the Germans themselves do not boast of their war record, claiming to be a peaceful people, the archives of American wars show some interesting facts about their soldiers. The first regiment to reach General Washington after his call to arms was the York county regiment, a New York and Pennsylvania, but each state where they had settled contributed its share. Colonel Nicolaus Henschel, with his brave band of followers, won two decisive victories for the colonies. The far-famed first New York battalion, under Colonel Lasher, was composed of German soldiers. The first New York regiment to be called for help before going into the battle of Princeton and Trenton, it was a German battalion, and it enforced them and won those two battles.

But it is as scholars and musicians that the Germans have made the greatest imprint on our national life. The kindergarten, with its happy combination of work and play, is a gift from German babies, and the idea of the university as developed in America is patterned after German rather than English institutions. An adequate list of German-American scholars would fill a book. Among the most eminent of these are such men as Professor Kuno Franke, of Harvard, the foremost authority on German literature; Dr. Hermann Knapp, the highest authority on eye and ear troubles in America; Professor H. E. von Holst, the historian and biographer; Professor Friedrich Hirth, of Columbia university, America's oracle on China and Chinese affairs; Mrs. Maria Kraus-Boeltz, the woman who introduced the kindergarten; Professor Herman V. Hiltz, of the University of Pennsylvania, the recognized authority on the world's greatest brewers; Muller, the head of the department of German at Wellesley college.

The number of Germans in our orchestras has never been computed, but prominent musicians claim that every fourth man is of that race. The foremost orchestra leaders in America are German, among them being such men as Alfred Hartz, of the Metropolitan opera house, New York; Franz Kneisel, of the famous orchestra, and P. A. Schuchman, of New York, who has written more church music than any other man in America.

The Pintosch and Weisbach lights are wonders of German creation. The Brooklyn bridge, the eight wonder of the world, was built by John Roebling. The two greatest telescopes in the world were given by

Christopher Sauer printed the first American Bible in any European language. Erasmus wrote the first American school book. George Anshutz was the first Pittsburgh ironmaker. Thomas Nast was the first American cartoonist. Gustav Beyer has the largest collection of American beetles. P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia, has the finest private collection of American books. Miller was the first to translate the declaration of independence, reprinted it in seven languages, and John Wankmeyer, who is today the foremost merchant of America, elevated the department store to its present broad scope.

We derived many of our superstitions and folk lore from the Germans. The seven years of bad luck supposed to attend one who breaks a looking-glass, is the result of their imagination, and those who fear to start on a journey on Friday are indebted to them for the idea. Those who plant potatoes and onions by the number of the day, or have their horoscopes cast once during the year, owe their ensuing luck to the same source. The groundhog as a weather prophet, solved his first recognition in the Fatherland, and the feather bed is a German contribution to our civilization.

"To the pure, my boy," said the kindly old man, "all things are pure."

"Then they never eat maple syrup," declared the young man.

Easily Identified.
Mr. Badford has bought a team of mules. You will know Ed when you see the mules.—Monroeville (O.) Spectator.

Too Deep for Laymen.
"Harry Thaw wrote a letter saying he'd like to be a United States senator from Pennsylvania."

"What do the experts say about that?"

Kind Words Shall Never Die.
Marshall Benedict the ever genial trustee of Alpina, pulled our late subscription today, to look after his own share of the Revue, and also that of that other prince of good fellows, E. I. Chance, the Alpina general merchant.—Laurel (Ind.) Review.

The Charge of the Ditch Brigade.
(The Army will build the Panama canal.—New York Herald.)

Half a league, half a league, Half a league onward, Down in the Panama ditch, Down in the Panama ditch, Down in the Panama ditch, Down in the Panama ditch.

Forward, the Ditch Brigade! "Onto the job," he said, Down in the Panama ditch, Down in the Panama ditch, Down in the Panama ditch.

Forward, the Ditch Brigade! Not with keen saber blade, But swinging pick and spade As the lightning the thunder, Theirs not the Right to quit, And glad the empty mitt, Theirs but the job to hit, Down in the Panama ditch, Down in the Panama ditch.

Forward, the Ditch Brigade! When can their glory fade? Heroes of the pick and spade! All the world wondered, Honor brass buttons and braid, Honor the Ditch Brigade! Noble six hundred.

Found at Last.
J. A. Harmon, of Lamesore, West Va., says: "At last I have found the perfect pill that never disappoints me, and for the benefit of others afflicted with typhoid fever and chronic constipation, will say: take Dr. King's New Life Pills." Guaranteed satisfactory. 25c at all dealers.

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When You Need DRUGS

Don't always think how cheap you can get them. Think instead, where you can get the freshest, the purest and strongest and come where you can always get them. We have only one quality the BEST ALWAYS. And our prices are always the lowest, quality considered.

The HIGHLAND PHARMACY

Occidental Life Building.

Corner Broadway and
East Railroad Avenue
Colo Phone, Black 3f.

SEEK A RELIABLE DENTIST

Full Set of Teeth \$8
Gold Filling \$1.50 up
Gold Crowns \$5
Painless Extracting 50c

ALL WORK ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED.



B. F. COPE, ROOM 12, N. T. ARMJO BLDG.

James Lick, the philanthropist, and Charles Yerkes, the street-car king. Dr. John M. Schaeferle, of Lick observatory, has discovered three comets. David Hittinhouse is the foremost astronomer in America. Chas. P. Steinmetz is the inventive genius of the General Electric company, of Schenectady, New York. Paul L. Walfel is the chief engineer of the American Bridge company, and Henry Wehrum was the builder of the Lehigh Valley steel works at Buffalo. The great Nevada tunnel was executed by Adolph Sutor.

In finance there are Charles M. Schwab, Henry Frick, and Frederick Weyerhaeuser, recently claimed to be the richest man in the world. The American captains of industry show their ranks such men as John D. Spreckels, the sugar king; Henry Fink, the railroad president, and Henry Miller, the cattle king. Adolphus Busch and Frederick Fabst are the world's greatest brewers.

The Germans have always been prominent in politics. Of the men holding seats in the conventional assembly in 1774, six were Germans, and in the Pennsylvania delegation to congress there have always been from five to ten Germans. Richard Bartholdi, in the lower house of the national congress from Missouri, has been made president of the inter-parliamentary union. Frank Steinhart, the brilliant, comely general of Havana, is of German descent.

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.
WANTED—Messenger boys. West Union Telegraph office.
WANTED—At once, a girl who understands starching. The Imperial Laundry Co.
WANTED—Competent girl for general housework at good wages. Apply forenoon, Mrs. Simon Stern, 702 West Copper avenue.
WANTED—Gentleman's second-hand clothing. No. 515 South First street, south of viaduct. Send address and will call. R. J. Sweeney, proprietor.
WANTED—A position by man of 30 years. Honest, sober and not afraid of work. Have references. Address "C. E." care of Citizen office.
WANTED—Fifty coal miners, good wages. Will pay transportation. Call Saturday. Southwestern Employment Agency, 110 South Second street.

AGENTS WANTED.
MEN AND WOMEN ARE MAKING \$10 to \$25 a day selling our embroidery goods. No capital or experience required. Why not you? Write for samples and exclusive agency. U. S. EMBROIDERY WORKS, Omaha, Neb.
FOR RENT.
FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with board. 615 East Railroad avenue.
FOR RENT—Three rooms for light housekeeping. \$12. Inquire at 408 North Second street.
FOR RENT—A furnished house of four rooms, bath and two screened porches. 508 South Fourth street.
FOR RENT—For two months, six-room furnished home, close in; all modern conveniences. Inquire Mr. Mandell or Scott Knigh.
FOR RENT—Five room house, partially furnished, electric light and bath, low rent. 203 North Second street. Apply to F. H. Strong.
FOR RENT—A five-room cottage, well furnished; also two and three room flats. Apply 119 East Canal avenue.
FOR RENT—A six room two-story brick house, corner of Seventh street and Tiferas avenue. Inquire at Champion Grocery, 624 West Tiferas avenue.
FOR RENT—Five-room house in good repair, corner of Railroad avenue and Hill street. Low rent to a permanent tenant. Inquire of J. F. Luthy.

FOR RENT—Nine-acre ranch, on Mountain road, 2-room house, large chicken yard, 6 acres in alfalfa, 2 acres in fruit trees. Inquire at this office.
FOR RENT—Cheap, furnished rooms for light housekeeping, near Sixteenth street. Garden chickens, stable. See Miss Philbrick at Kindergarten, 614 West Gold avenue, forenoon.
FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms \$1.00 per week and up; also nice rooms for light housekeeping \$1.00 per week and up, furnished with bath and cooking utensils and dishes. The Minerva House, 524 South Second street, Albuquerque, N. M.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—A one-horse trap; cheap. 305 Baca avenue.
FOR SALE—A good big cow, will be fresh soon. See George K. Neher.
FOR SALE—Small business, with horse and wagon, near Sixteenth street. Sell cheap for cash. Address C. R. Citizen office.
FOR SALE—The Claude Girard property on Mountain road, first house west of viaduct, near Sixteenth street. Inquire on premises or at 300 North Broadway.

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FOR SALE—

FAIR SEX, POWER IN BUSINESS, RUNS NORWAY, MOST DISTINCTLY WOMAN TOWN IN AMERICA

THEY CLOTHE, FEED, DOCTOR, MARRY AND BURY THE TOWN PEOPLE, CARE FOR THE TRAVELER, ARE DIRECTORS, POSTMASTERS AND PHOTOGRAPHERS AND WITHAL HAVE GOOD HOMES.

(NOTE.—The editor of The Evening Citizen believing that women everywhere would be intensely interested in the manner in which their sisters, dominate, their "woman's town," detailed Miss Leckie to make a special visit to Norway and write the story for the readers of this newspaper.—Editor.)

(By Katherine Leckie.)

Special Correspondence.
Norway, March 8.—Frisks, fur-bellows and children do the actual business of this bustling, thriving New England town.

In every line of commerce and finance, trade and profession, the gentler sex of Norway is successfully engaged, and it is the most distinctly "woman's town" in America. The women not only clothe, hat and shoe the population, but they gracefully preside over meat markets, the postoffice and the three hotels.

The women of Norway marry the living and bury the dead. Legal disputes are settled by a feminine justice of the peace. Sick and wounded are administered to by a woman doctor. The countryside is photographed by another woman. For twenty-two years the checks at the bank have been cashed by a small white woman's hand, while a quarter of a century is the period that a woman has swayed the morals, opinions and politics of the town through the columns of her paper.

A director in the street railway and the corporation that lights the village is a woman, and she attends each and every meeting of the directorate and gets her pay for attendance with the same regularity that old Uncle Russell Sage did.

The men brag about it. Yet it cannot be said that the fair ones of Norway compete with the men. The latter are too gallant to permit of competition. They simply roll back in their big comfortable arm chairs and admiringly tell what their women "folks" can do.

It is a great thing. They are as good housekeepers as though there was not such a thing as stocks and bonds, dry goods, undertaking and embalming, and they are attended to and the printing presses to run. The homes of this beautiful little village are real homes.

The S. B. and Z. S. Prince store is not only owned by two sisters, but every thing in the shop is done by women. The only connection that a man can have with this establishment is as a purchaser.

"It was after I found that I could only earn \$2.50 a week as a school teacher that I determined upon becoming a business woman," is the way Miss Prince explains her entrance into the fields of commerce.

Rules for business women.
"To succeed in business women must know three things," is the declaration this smart business woman made to me. "She must not run her business with a mortgaged stock, she must pay her bills two or three days before they are due, thus greatly impressing the people from whom she buys, and that a woman must always be dressed well."

Across the street from Miss Prince is a shoe store conducted by Miss Edith Smith. She is a young girl who three years ago inherited her stock from her father.

Mrs. Laura A. Sanborn can set the type, feed the press and set up the copy for the Norway Advertiser as easily as she can write its editorials. Mrs. Sanborn learned the printing business soon after her marriage, twenty-five years ago.

Women Honest Bankers.
"I was a good adder and that is the way I started in the banking business," is the modest explanation that Cashier Stella B. Pike gives of her association with the Norway National bank. "I soon found out, though, that it took more than an adder of figures to be a financier. But women are especially adapted for the banking business. We are by nature honest, and that is the thing that tells in a bank."

If there is not a preacher handy and a couple wish to get married, Miss Margaret A. Baker is the one whom the swain seeks out. As the justice of the peace she is permitted to perform the marriage ceremony, to acknowledge deeds and administer oaths.

This justice of the peace has a clever younger sister, Miss Jennie P. When Cascarets Cathartic were invented in 1856, and the formula perfected after much experimental labor by highly scientific chemists, it was our aim not only to produce a perfect combination of EFFECTIVE CONSTITUENTS, but to have every ingredient the very best in point of PURITY and QUALITY that could be obtained.

PURITY OF PRODUCT
Commands the Consumer's Confidence

We established a standard of PURITY and QUALITY and MEDICINAL STRENGTH, that has been maintained for all these years, and every Cascaret tablet has been as harmless, pure, gentle and effective as every other one.

The substances that enter into a medicinal formula, to produce the desired effect, to be SAFE and ever TRUSTWORTHY, MUST be clean, fresh, carefully selected and compounded with painstaking supervision.

The eternal vigilance necessary to secure the ingredients of Cascarets in the most PERFECT CONDITION, so as to get the best effect without any danger from intruding substances, has never been relaxed.

What is the result?
There has never been a disappointment, never a complaint. The people of America are today buying over ONE MILLION BOXES a month of Cascarets Candy Cathartic, a recognition of their dependable qualities to do what is claimed for them, as the best medicine FOR THE BOWELS as yet discovered.

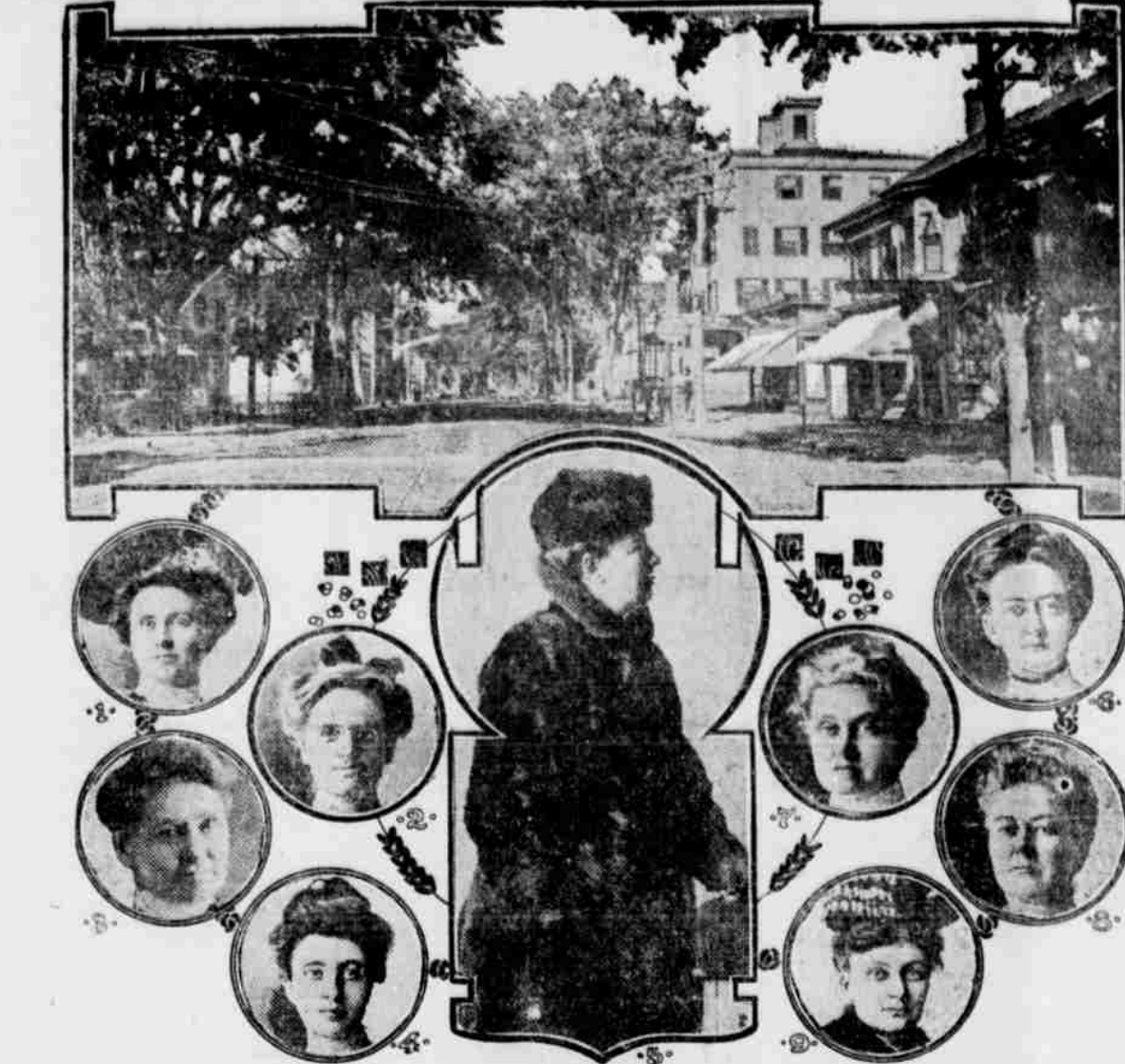
Our patrons are all our friends, loyal and more than satisfied of the steadfast, honest, reliable MERIT of our preparation. It is today the greatest FAMILY MEDICINE in the world.

We attribute Cascarets' great success to PURITY, QUALITY and MEDICINAL EFFICIENCY, backed by Truth and Honesty in our dealings.

The Congress of the United States, on June 30, 1906, passed a PURE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT to protect the health of the people against adulteration, misstatement and careless processes. This law went into effect January 1, 1907, and will help to banish all questionable practices and preparations. We endorse the law.

The essence of this law was anticipated by the makers of Cascarets when the first box was made ten years ago, and every precaution was taken to establish Cascarets as the standard, reliable and responsible Bowel medicine for the American People.

We shall continue in our purpose to produce the best product possible, and are proud of the confidence of our friends, a commercial confidence which will never be betrayed. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Try a little 10c box TODAY. 75c



A VIEW OF NORWAY, AMERICA'S MOST DISTINCTLY "WOMAN'S TOWN," AND SOME OF NORWAY'S PROMINENT WOMEN.

No. 1—Mrs. O. P. Brooks; she conducts a meat market. 2—Miss Grace Thayer undertaker. 3—Mrs. Alice L. Nash, taxidermist. 4—Mrs. Rose Powers, milliner. 5—Dr. Annette Bennett, the town physician; Miss Margaret Baker, justice of the peace; Miss Cora Briggs, musical composer; Mrs. F. W. Sanborn, editor "Advertiser"; Miss Jennie Baker, store manager.

Fisher. She is one of the most capable business women in Norway, managing a large dry goods store, the proprietor of which lives in Portland. Miss Jennie is about twenty-six years old.

Caring for the dead is one of the necessary things of life. Miss Grace Thayer owns a large undertaking establishment and is licensed as an undertaker.

She's Town Doctor.
For eight years Dr. Annette Bennett has been the town physician. She is appointed by the board of selectmen, which body is made up entirely of the stronger sex. There are a number of men doctors in Norway who each year apply for this official medical office. Dr. Bennett is the first and only woman in the state of Maine holding the position of town physician.

The walls of the studio of Miss Minnie F. Libby are covered with such fine examples of photography that her art should have a national reputation.

The hotel women of this place are noted far and near. Martha C. Whitmarsh came to be the proprietor of the Elm house. She delights to tell of the times forty years ago, when the stage, with four, used to dash up to her tavern door. Mrs. Lizzie Woodman is the proprietor of the Beale house. Her sister, Mrs. Ella Tibbitts, was also a hotelkeeper, but she has retired.

When Postmaster Charles S. Akers received his appointment from President Roosevelt a short time ago he, in turn, appointed two women as his assistants, a thing his predecessor had not done.

Mrs. Effie Akers is the helpmate in federal duties as well as in matrimony of the postmaster while Miss Elsie Swan is the second assistant in the office.

Mrs. Alice L. Nash is a licensed taxidermist. She was taught her profession by her husband after she was married.

Woman Butcher, Also.
One of the biggest butcher shops in Norway is run by Mrs. Owen P. Brooks, whose husband insists that he never made money until his wife was behind the counter.

Mrs. Cora Briggs has composed and published a number of songs, both the words and music being

written by her.
Mrs. Gertrude Allen, ably assisted by Miss Elizabeth Cooley, makes hats for her sisters in town and in the country. Mrs. Rose Powers is another seller and designer of hats.

There are a couple of women among this large group of money makers who attend to the growing of their fortunes. Miss Elizabeth B. Deal is a director in the Norway & Paris Street Railway com-

pany, and she is also a director in the corporation that operates the electric lighting and power for the village and adjacent land.

There is little or no crime in Norway. The town has not a saloon, and liquor is not even sold on the quiet. The men do smoke, but the women are hoping that the time will come, and come soon, when this "vicious" habit will not be indulged in by the voting population.

AWFUL STORIES OF INHUMAN TREATMENT OF WOMEN PRISONERS LEAK THROUGH FROM RUSSIA

DRAWN TO THE PRISONS OF SIBERIA AND SOUTHERN RUSSIA SHACKLES RIVETED UPON THEIR LIMBS AND DEGRADED BY BESTIAL JAILORS—TERRORIZING WOMEN OF THE REVOLUTION.

Special Correspondence.

Berlin, March 8.—Despite strict censorship news is leaking through to the European capitals of the terrible treatment of women confined in the political prisons and mines of Russia and Siberia.

Daring women have played leading parts in agitating the new revolutionary spirit which is rampant in Russia. Police see their great peril in activities of these women revolutionists who are ready to sacrifice their lives,

mysteriously. Not even their husbands or babies know the secret of their fate until months have passed. Then a furtive word or two is whispered by a passing traveler, garbed as a peasant, and the awful truth is known—the wife and mother is a political prisoner in Siberia, or in the mines in southern Russia, which rival in their cruelties Siberia at its worst.

The prison way stations through which from 1897 to 1899 passed 85,000 prisoners, of whom about one-fourth were women, have been reopened, and are overcrowded. Reformed women, most of them half-fed, are being thrust into cells reeking with filth. They are at the mercy of degraded jailors.

Consumption and typhoid reap a deadly toll, but are welcomed as the alternative of the Siberian dreariness and suicide. Murderers and



AN ACTUAL PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN IN A SIBERIAN PRISON. THE WOMAN IS ONE OF THE MANY REVOLUTIONARY EXILES. THE SOLDIER IN THE BACKGROUND HELD WHILE THE OTHER RIVETED THE SHACKLES ON HER WRISTS. NO FEELING OF DEFIANCE ON HER FACE. THE SPIRIT THAT CANNOT BE BROKEN BY BRUTALITY AND SEVERING IS TYPICAL OF THE RUSSIAN WOMEN OF THE REVOLUTION.

and they are seeking to strike terror to the hearts of other women by the horrors inflicted upon those who are caught.

From the Akatui silver mines come reports that hundreds of political prisoners have been placed in chains and women formerly high in political and social circles have had the clothing torn from their bodies and forced to don the vermin-infested prison garments. Chains have also been riveted on them, and every possible indignity offered to make their condition more revolting.

Among the women sufferers is Mile. Maria Spiridonova, assassin of Luzbenofsky chief of police at Tambov. She has smuggled news to her friends outside Russia that she has been manacled and forced to submit to indignities too terrible to relate.

Days of the old regime when Siberia in all its terror flourished are being revived. Women disappear

and degenerate are companions of young, pure girls whose worst crimes have been to spread the doctrines of the new revolution.

The sufferers have many heroic examples to inspire them in their suffering. They cheer each other with the tragic deed of Mrs. Kuttinskaya. She was axed with her husband—a political offender. The horrors of the treatment she and her husband endured burned revenge into her soul. When a freak of the high police circles sent her free she traveled back to the lands of the governor who had condemned her to living torture. Obtaining entrance to his office she shot him down.

The hair failed to break her spirit, but she died from the effects of the scourging with her new born babe dead in her arms.

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BORAH DECLARES HIMSELF A "PEOPLE'S SENATOR"

"BY THE PEOPLE, I MEAN THE PEOPLE, NOT THE ASSOCIATED SPECIAL INTERESTS," SAYS IDAHO'S STRONG NEW MAN IN THE "MILLIONAIRES' CLUB."

Washington, March 8.—A new member of the United States senate—a man who comes as the choice of the people of his state, and not because he has purchased his seat with the trust-made millions—is W. E. Borah, of Idaho, successor to Dubois.

The new senator has been in Washington looking over the ground. He will not take the oath of office until next December, but Borah wanted to see how the senate looked.

"What do you think of them?" I asked.

"Bully," was the non-committal reply. "What are you going to do? What is your general idea as to the policy when you begin to play the game with them?"

"I will keep close to the people," Mr. Borah replied. "I find that a pretty safe guide."

"How about the rest of the country? Are you going to legislate for Idaho exclusively?"

"My state comes first. A senator is the voice of his state in an assembly of states. On general matters the voice of Idaho, so far as I determine it, shall be for what a great majority of the people want. And by the people I mean the people—not the associated special interests."

Mr. Borah is a square-jawed, sturdy proposition, with a lot before him. He is only 43, and what he has he owes only to himself. What he has he took. And he took it standing up. In the taking he may have knocked some men down but he did it from the shoulder. He did not trip them up.

Borah was born in Illinois. Then he was a farmer boy in Kansas. Later he taught school, learned the law and struck out for the coast. He couldn't pay fare farther than Boise, Idaho, so he nailed up a shingle there. It was hard sledding. Presently he won a stock raiser's case against the Union Pacific and business began to flow his way. But he isn't rich even now.

Borah is the talking type of politician. By this I mean that he is the opposite of Tom Platt, who came to office by virtue solely of his ability to give advice.

Borah also mixes well. He is calm and well poised in his manner. He does not obtrude or attempt to shine. He rarely starts a conversation, but when drawn out is found to have ideas.

His election to the senate is Borah's first public office. He came into public notice several years ago when retained as special counsel in the prosecution of the dynamiters who blew up the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mines, at Coeur d'Alene, killing a number of non-union workmen. During the silver agitation in the west Borah joined the silver republicans and stumped for them. He won a stock raiser's case against the Union Pacific, and so is Borah. A year ago he began to stump the state as a candidate for the senate.

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Stops Leaks, Lasts Five Years.
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Mr. D. N. Walker, editor of that spicy Journal, the Enterprise, Louisa, Va., says: "I ran a nail in my foot last week and at once applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve. No inflammation followed; the salve simply healed the wound." Heals every sore, burn and skin disease. Guaranteed at all dealers. 25c.

THE ALBUQUERQUE CITIZEN

Published Daily and Weekly.
By The Citizen Publishing Company
W. S. STRICKLER, President.
W. T. McCREIGHT, Business Manager.

ALL THAT IS NEEDED

The old story of the three tailors of Threadneedle street, London, who met and resolved, "We, the people of England," etc., has many a time been used to point a moral and adorn a tale. But for such purpose the classic story must now go away back and sit down, leaving the morning paper of this city to fill the place of sublime self-assurance and ridiculously absurd pomposity. Far in excess of the three tailors, it not only assumes to be the people and to speak for them, but to speak for mankind, while it arrogates to itself all the wisdom, decency, honesty and purity which the territory contains.

Its address this morning to the majority in the house, urging them to be decent, and if they cannot be decent to be as decent as they can, is an exhibition of gall which must forever throw the little tailors into the deepest depths of irrecoverable oblivion.

If only the anti-republican organ could be bought for what it really is and sold at what it claims to be, the magnitude of the profit would dim the glory of Harriman's greatest feat in finance. That paper is the soul of honor. It has no personal interest involved in the villainous abuse of the republican party leaders. All it has done has been solely for the good of the territory. It says so itself, and certainly it ought to know its own motive. Surely no one can doubt its veracity. Still less can any one doubt its wisdom. It knows what is good for the territory much better than the people themselves know, and infinitely better than the man selected by the people and sent to Santa Fe to do what the people are silly enough to think they want done.

This is the reason the organ wants to keep the people from electing their own officials. The poor, silly dears could not make right selections. Not knowing what they want or what they ought to have, their officials should be selected for them and their laws submitted to the approval of the Morning Journal.

In fact, what is the use of having elections? Why have a legislature? These things all cost money. How much easier and better and speedier every way would it be to abolish these useless things? "Me and the governor," says the Journal, "are amply sufficient—me to make the laws and the governor to make the appointments, with me to advise and consent." Now what could be simpler or more efficient? That set of hoodlums over at Santa Fe, elected by a bigger and therefore a worse set of hoodlums in the respective counties, have no idea what to do. They don't know "the opinions of mankind." They don't know what truth, honor, justice are. They can't tell what are good laws and what are bad ones. All these virtues and all this knowledge are combined and confined in me and the governor, to whom I have spared some of my superfluity of excellence. Then down with the grafters, thugs, incompetents, imbeciles; and up with the Journal, the great "it" of the universe. Now let all the people fall down and say: Amen, so mote it be.

ENGLISH HOUSE OF LORDS

For 600 years, nearly ever since they became separate bodies in 1339, the lords and commons of the English parliament have fought, says an exchange. The constant effort of the commons has been to become supreme, and it has gradually acquired greater powers until the lords now yield on all matters on which the popular will has been formally expressed.

It approved the trades union bill on this ground. It has refused to sanction the education bill, and it is feared will veto the Irish home-rule bill on the same ground, that the people have not approved them. They offer to submit them to a popular vote and to agree to them if the vote is favorable. It is even suggested that they be passed conditioned upon popular approval on a referendum.

The commons, however, refuses all compromises, but what its plan of campaign is has not been disclosed. It was in 1215 that the lords with the help of the merchant class forced Magna Charta from King John, and in carrying out its grant of rights he gave his peers more than they bargained for by including representatives of the commons with the lords and clergy when he summoned his great council. It was not until eighty years later, in Edward III's time, that the two bodies began to take separate form, which in 1339 became permanent.

Curiously enough, while Cromwell's first parliament totally abolished the lords as a legislative body, and for four years the commons ruled alone, it was at this time, when democracy was paramount, that actual anarchy prevailed, so that Cromwell himself had to again, on petition of the commons, summon a house of lords.

The commons had been tried, weighed and found wanting. The battle was not renewed, with the lords having the advantage, and it was not until 1832, when the system of rotten boroughs was wiped out, that the lower house regained the greater power.

Now again the two houses have locked horns as it were, and all Christendom is watching for the plan of battle. That the result may be a smaller body representative of the lords without the clergy and chosen by them is thought possible. That the upper house will be wholly abolished no one believes, and for the good of England any other result is rather to be hoped.

New York Mail: Just a glimpse of the general well-being of this state is shown by the totals of the savings banks. At the end of the fiscal year they had \$1,335,993,953 on deposit to the credit of 2,637,235 depositors. This sum is greater than any other state shows, is more than one-third of the total savings banks deposits of the country and exceeds the deposit of any other country except Germany. It represents a gain of \$82,164,753 in resources since the preceding year. It is an average of \$506 for each depositor. The story of the people's savings is not all told in the deposits of the savings banks. Another chapter is to be found in the returns of the life insurance companies. Another still is found in the records of withdrawals from savings banks, which have been almost as active as depositors. These withdrawals the superintendent of banks attributes to two causes. People of moderate means have been buying "high-class investment securities" which have been obtainable at rates that yielded more than savings banks interest. In the environs of this city they have been purchasing real estate. Says the superintendent: "It is known that thousands of savings bank passbooks were held in the latter part of the first half of the current year as collaterals for loans by title and trust companies, which loans had been negotiated for realty transactions." That not all of the money of the state is in opulent hands is to be inferred from these figures, and from the fact that the savings banks lead the trust companies by almost \$100,000,000.

The legislature continues to receive petitions demanding the abolition of public gambling. There seems to have been created a considerable sentiment on the subject in various parts of the territory. That the legislature will take action on the question, seems assured, but which of the several bills introduced will be adopted is not by any means so certain. The Citizen published in full the Spies bill when it was presented, and in the legislative proceedings in this issue of the paper will be found a copy of the bill introduced and passed by the house yesterday. Either, it appears, could accomplish the purpose desired, but the house bill of Mr. Martinez, while less drastic in penalty, is more speedy in the method of prosecution, and therefore preferred by many. No matter what bill shall be passed, if it be efficient—and that efficiency will always depend upon local sentiment putting the law into execution—the believers in the evils of open gambling will rise up and call the legislators blessed. Well done, good and faithful servants, will be the laurel wreath for the brow of the lawmakers.

STORY OF A MONUMENT AND A SERMON THEREON

When the Union Pacific railroad was first built the point of highest altitude was at a station called Sherman.

It was at this point that Oakes Ames—the moving spirit in the promotion and the real builder of the great enterprise—put a monument to perpetuate his memory.

Upon the eminence facing the tracks stood the striking granite memorial where every passenger could see and admire it.

But alas for the egoism of men.

Years passed and Oakes Ames died and the worms gnawed his bones. There came a day when economy required that the railroad track should be straightened in order to shorten the distance and avoid heavy grades. The short cut was made and the old tracks were taken up and the right of way abandoned.

And now the massive rock pile that was to keep the memory of Oakes Ames fresh every day in the minds of men stands fourteen miles away from the track.

You may see from the main line far away on the rim of the horizon, a mere speck. With a glass you can make out it is an artificial heap of stones. That is Oakes Ames' monument given over to the tangled wilderness.

Pathetic reminder of man's puny efforts to project by material evidence his life and deeds to a future generation.

But Oakes Ames is not forgotten by the world. He is remembered in another way:

This big man of a former time was more than a financier. He was an inventor and manufacturer. He was the maker of the Ames shovel. One kind of shovel invented by him was the Ames No. 2 or railroad shovel, which was especially designed for track purposes—built for getting under the sides and ends of railroad ties. Ames also made a "tamper" for tamping earth and ballast and other tools contrived especially for railroad work.

The lone rock pile at Sherman is seldom called to the attention of the tourist. It is forgotten of men. But Oakes Ames is remembered because he provided the world with something useful.

Few men are able to build for themselves monuments of granite with entablatures of brass and graven words of eulogy, but every man can live in the thought and lives of those who follow him. But he can so live only as he is useful to men.

He can be a pioneer and blaze the way for civilization somewhere.

He can open a new road to commerce, or make a farm, or build a house or dig a well, or paint a tree.

He can train up a child who will be of use in the future time.

He can write something or picture something or say something that will help his fellows to bear their burdens.

He can sing a song of hope that will breathe courage into drooping hearts.

He can face and fight the dragons of evil and beat them back from the homes and haunts of men.

He can brighten and bless the lives of those made miserable by fear or misfortune.

Why then, if men can do these things and live and grow in the lives of others, why should they seek an eminence and a pile of stones, or a shape of bronze?

Make no mistake. Every right-thinking man or woman wants to be well thought of by other men and women. Men have supposed that if they had plenty of money that would suffice, they would not care for the esteem of others. They have gotten the money and discovered their mistake. We want the plaudits of our fellows. We are built that way. Oakes Ames was following his strongest instinct. Only he went about it in the wrong way.

Who knows—or who cares—what king ordered the pillars of Luxor graven? Who knows—or who wants to know—what tyrant of Egypt worked myriads of slaves to make a great pyramid over his tomb? All the lower valley of the river Nile is a vast mummy field where every pick that turns up a dried cadaver tells the story of the eclipse of human glory.

The world remembers only its benefactors.

For centuries and centuries the human race did nothing more than to merely mark time on the vast plain of Mesopotamia—made not an inch of progress. Thebes could make fine vases but it could not make fine men.

Anaxagoras spent years in trying to square the circle. The monks of medieval times argued together for years to show how many souls of saints could dance on the point of a needle. But Archimedes discovered the principle of the lever.

Even Greece lagged. One day Diogenes rolled his tub through the streets of Athens and said: "That is all there is to your boasted progress. But Hiero invented the screw for pumping water and first employed the pulley. Epictetus the Phrygian slave, never owned more than a pallet of straw and an iron lamp—and somebody stole the lamp—but he gave the world more gentle wisdom than all the Roman conquerors.

Men live and deserve to live because they do something for others over and above what they do for themselves.

Where they build their monuments, or of what materials, and what they put upon them, counts for nothing.

Oakes Ames' shovel No. 2 is greater than his costly monument of granite.

POOR PAY IN CASE OF ALL POSTAL SERVICE EMPLOYEES

It is doubtful whether any set of men in the government service are as poorly paid as are the rural mail carriers. Until a year ago they received \$600 per annum. Out of that sum they were obliged not only to provide for themselves and their families, but they were required to supply horses and their own conveyances for the delivery of mail. Then the pay was increased to \$720 a year but the requirements were not modified in the least particular.

The average length of the trips which the rural carrier makes six days each week is twenty-eight miles. He is not allowed to take the weather into account. Rain or snow, mud and cold, are not mitigating conditions. And so it is hard on the carrier and harder still on his horses.

In the city of Leavenworth the unmounted city carriers receive \$850 per annum for their services; the mounted carriers \$250 more, or \$1,100. But the rural carrier has a harder task than either and he gets the least money of all. It isn't fair and it isn't right.

That the rural free delivery service has come to stay is an undisputed fact. Perhaps its being one of the newest features of the postal service explains the underpayment of the carriers, for the huge postal deficit must be given consideration. However, if we are to have the rural free delivery service, and we are, we should pay for it, deficit or no deficit.

And likely, the more the deficit is increased the sooner congress will get down to brass tacks and cut off the free seed and the mail grafts, will pay only for the transportation of such mails as the railroads haul. Instead of on the basis which Representative Murdock of Kansas has properly condemned, and at the same rates which the railroads receive for transporting property committed to the care of the express companies and other special interests.—Leavenworth Times.

Little Items About Great Things.

If the water was up to the arm-pits on A. B. Hoots' bluff, how high was it on W. P. Johnson?

As to Evidence.
If I have got the rules aright,
'Tis out of place
To put in aught that any light
Sheds on the case.

Lots of Hope.
"Go in and win."
"But she's engaged already."
"Yes; to three fellows. Why not four?"

Dangerous.
"My son, beware of railroads!"
"Yes, dad."
"And women. They both abound with fatal curves."

Patience.
A congressman there was who tried to not accept his salary;
But while he listened for applause,
Approving of his righteous cause,
The only sound that reached him was
A horse laugh from the gallery.
—Exchange.

Roars of Mouth Warriors.
Wars and rumors of wars. Of comfort let no man speak. Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson is talking through his bellows. Senator Perkins has nailed his colors to the mast that once he sailed before. He hurls the loud defiance and is ready to sign articles. Honduras has started in to whip Nicaragua between drinks. Cuba threatens to declare war on the United States if we don't provide offices for every blessed horse thief on the much-veiled island. The hurly burly roars terribly.

A little matter of \$2,000,000 doesn't amount to much one way or another.
—E. H. Harriman.

Only \$2,000,000!
Merely a wisp of hay
To stop up the crack in a window.
To keep the wind away
Certainly not worth counting.
A paltry little sum
That isn't enough to distinguish
A well-to-do from a bum.

Only \$2,000,000!
A measly, miserable wad
That wouldn't pay for the water
In a good Kentucky tod;
Simply a sign of the spirit
To moisten the thirsty tongue;
Merely a feeling nothing
More than a smelt at the bung.

Only \$2,000,000!
Know for thousands or more,
Or clothes for two hundred thousand,
Or food for a million poor
Only \$2,000,000!

Gee! what a little stack.
When you come to learn
Of the limitless yearn
Of a Harriman!

—W. J. Lampton in New York World.

FALLS FROM LADDER WITH EPILEPTIC FIT

Second Attack in Five Days. Injuries May be Serious.

Charles McMonigal, a brick mason, lies in his room at 22 South Broadway, in a serious condition, as the result of a fall from a building Thursday noon.

The man is subject to fits, and yesterday, while working on a ladder at the new home Contractor Anson is building, an attack came on McMonigal and he fell to the ground. It seems that his back was injured quite severely, but as a physician was not called, the extent of his injuries have not been ascertained.

He was placed in a buggy immediately after the accident and taken to the home of Mrs. Biddlecome, on South Broadway, where he remains, suffering great pain.

The man had just fully recovered from a former attack of a similar nature. This former one came on last Sunday, when he was watching a number of boys playing ball. At that time he fell in the street and was carried into the Biddlecome home. No serious results attended, however, and he resumed his work the first of the week, with the result of a second attack yesterday.

TERRITORY HAS 8 NEW PHARMACISTS

The Territorial Board of Pharmacy adjourned Thursday evening after having been in session two days, says the New Mexican. The next meeting will be held at Roswell on March 29. Eight applicants passed the examination at this session and are registered pharmacists. They are as follows:

M. W. Hiller, F. W. Siph, Las Vegas; Columbus Talbot, Portales; F. O. Brown, Santa Fe; E. Ottwell, Albuquerque; P. L. Stanton, Alamogordo; K. Stone, Raton; C. C. Pegg, Amarillo, Texas.

Shoe trees keep your shoes in shape make them look better and wear longer. They last a life time and cost only 75 cents a pair at C. May's shoe store, 314 West Railroad avenue.

\$200 REWARD.

Is offered for the capture of Antonio Pettine, the murderer of Benedicto Berardinelli. Crime was committed in Albuquerque Monday, February 4.

C. A. and C. GRANDE.
BELLE SPRINGS BUTTER,
FOUND ONLY AT MALOYS.

GOLD STAR SALOON

Old Albuquerque Beer Hall Place of Recreation.

First Class Wines Liquors and Cigars
FRATI & MONROE

The St. Elmo

JOSEPH BARNETT, Prop'r.

120 West Railroad Avenue

WHY DID WE SELL SEVENTEEN LARGE RUGS LAST WEEK?

Because we have the prettiest line of Axminsters, Wiltons, Velvets and Brussels in the territory.



A Rug With the Sheen of Gems can be seen in our stock of real antique Turkish rugs. But "there are others," rich in color and -cautiful in design, in our exquisite stock of Persian, Bokhara, Daghestan, in our lines of rental rugs, and we have many beautiful domestic rugs in Wilton, Axminster and in the cheaper in-grain art squares that we are selling at wonderfully low prices.

F. H. STRONG,
STRONG BLOCK

WILLIAM MCINTOSH, President

SOLOMON LUNA, Vice-President

T. C. NEAD, Treasurer and Manager



For the
Best Line of
STOVES
In Albuquerque
See Ours



McINTOSH HARDWARE CO.

ANOTHER FIRE IN THE OLD SANTA FE PALACE

Yesterday for the second time within the past fortnight fire was discovered in the old palace at Santa Fe. This time the blaze was in the roof over the postoffice and the conflagration was the result of the careless manner in which the stove pipe had been run through the woodwork of the building. Prompt action by the department officers and clerks prevented the headway of the flames and the damage, which was adjusted yesterday, did not exceed the sum of \$200. Inspectors C. G. Phell, Postmaster Walter and some of the employees of the Santa Fe New Mexican rendered valuable assistance to the fire department in extinguishing the fire. No damage was done to any of the mail matter in the office at the time.

The frequency of fires in the old palace, the great historic value of the building itself, and the many treasures in the way of documents and curios, which are stored there, suggest that prompt measures be taken to improve its heating arrangements, thus insuring it against further liability to destruction in this manner.

ELKS OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY

HARRY B. LINTON

Presents

FRANK BEAMISH

In the

Breezy Comedy with Music

A STRANGER IN TOWN

And a Capable Company

A ROARING FARCE FILLED WITH LAUGHTER AND MUSIC

Absolutely
A GUARANTEED ATTRACTION

Prices, 50c, 75c, \$1.00

J. D. Eakin, President.
G. Giomi, Vice President.

Consolidated Liquor Company
Successors to
MELINI & EAKIN, and BACHECHI & GIOMI.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
We keep everything in stock to outfit the most fastidious bar complete

Have been appointed exclusive agents in the Southwest for Jos. S. Schlitz, Wm. Lemp and St. Louis A. B. C. Breweries; Yellowstone, Green River, W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook, Louis Hunter, T. J. Monarch, and other standard brands of whiskies too numerous to mention.

WE ARE NOT COMPOUNDERS.
But sell the straight article as received by us from the best vinteries, Distilleries and Breweries in the United States. Call and inspect our Stock and Prices, or write for illustrated Catalogue and Price list. Issued to dealers only.

Humphrey OVALS

HEAT with the Whole of it.
COOK with Half of it.

Simple, Cheap, Economical.

The Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light and Power Co.
Corner Fourth and Gold Avenue
Phone Red 98

COAL

BEST CLARKVILLE LUMP PER TON \$6.50
BEST AMERICAN BLOCK PER TON \$6.50

WOOD

BIG LOAD OF MILL WOOD FOR \$2.25 AND \$2.75

John S. Beaven
502 SOUTH FIRST STREET.

P. Matteucci
EXPERT
Shoemaking and Repairing
103 N. First

PIONEER BAKERY,
207 South First Street.

FEE'S HOT CHOCOLATE. WALTON'S DRUG STORE.

If you want results in advertising, try an Evening Citizen want ad.

CIVIL DOCKET FOR MARCH TERM

Judge Abbott Maps Out Extensive Work For Coming Session—Sets 40 Cases.

The following is a list of cases set for jury trial at the March 1907 term of the district court, within and for the county of Bernalillo:

Tuesday March 19.
Case No. 5533—Los Angeles Coal Co., represented by B. S. Roddy, vs. Crescent Coal Co., represented by Caldera & Dobson.
Case No. 6084—Whitney Co., represented by T. N. Wilkerson, vs. A. J. Shaw, et al., represented by H. M. Dougherty.

Case No. 6315—Geo. Lewis, et al., represented by R. W. D. Bryan, vs. E. Becker, et al., represented by S. B. Gillette.
Case No. 6577—Melini & Enkin, represented by E. F. Adams, vs. Atanacio Casaus.

Case No. 6784—Jennie Fischer vs. Dan Dickerson, represented by A. J. Mitchell.

Case No. 6872—Abram Dimas, represented by M. C. Ortiz, vs. Estelita Vigil, represented by W. C. Heacock.

Case No. 6729—Beshara Isaac Bacarat, represented by Chavez & Sedillo, vs. Domingo Valles, et al.

Case No. 6784—Mariano P. Sena, represented by W. C. Heacock, vs. Vicente Armijo.

Case No. 6784—Joel M. Setzer, represented by Klock & Owen, vs. Bell Savely, represented by T. N. Wilkerson.

Case No. 6892—Elias Gradi, appellant, vs. Jose de la Luz Chavez, appellant, represented by W. C. Heacock.

Wednesday, March 20.
Case No. 6441—Goldschmidt Bros., represented by E. W. Dobson and O. N. Marron, vs. B. S. Roddy, et al., represented by W. B. Childers.

Case No. 6843—Cesarito Gonzalez, represented by W. C. Heacock, vs. Antonio M. de Sandoval, represented by Klock & Owen.

Case No. 6896—Carlos B. Chavez, represented by W. C. Heacock and M. C. Ortiz, vs. Beshara Isaac Bacarat, represented by Chavez & Sedillo.

Case No. 6897—Beshara Isaac Bacarat, represented by W. C. Heacock, vs. Isalbas B. Chavez, appellant, represented by M. C. O. and Chavez & Sedillo.

Case No. 7018—J. L. Brod, represented by M. C. Ortiz, vs. Maximo Griego, appellant, represented by R. F. Adams.

Thursday, March 21.
Case No. 6961—D. S. Day and D. S. Day assignee, vs. T. G. Ames, represented by Klock & Owen.

Case No. 7017—C. C. Hudson, represented by T. N. Wilkerson, vs. Frank Armstrong, represented by Hickey & Moore.

Friday, March 22.
Case No. 6988—Territory of New Mexico, represented by E. W. Clancy, vs. Chas. E. Cray.

Case No. 7014—Estelita Vigil, represented by W. C. Heacock, vs. Manuel Lopez, appellant, represented by R. W. D. Bryan.

Case No. 7017—Mercedes Chavez & Co., represented by M. C. Ortiz, vs. Maximo Griego, appellant, represented by R. F. Adams.

Saturday, March 23.
Case No. 6832—W. J. Shoenberger, represented by Klock & Owen, vs. H. Benjamin & Co., represented by W. C. Heacock.

Case No. 6992—M. C. Westbrook, represented by Hickey & Moore and O. N. Marron, vs. Albuquerque Electric Power Co., represented by W. B. Childers.

Tuesday, March 26.
Case No. 7014—Donaciano Gallegos, represented by N. B. Field, vs. M. Mandell, et al., represented by McMillen & Reynolds and Klock & Owen.

Wednesday, March 27.
Case No. 6571—Donaciano Gallegos, represented by N. B. Field, vs. Mauricio Ortiz, et al., represented by Klock & Owen.

Case No. 7172—F. Armijo y Otero, et al., represented by Chavez & Sedillo, vs. Alberto A. Armijo, et al., represented by Klock & Owen.

Case No. 7179—Edgar N. Wilson, represented by R. W. D. Bryan, vs. Henry J. Farmer, represented by W. B. Childers.

Case No. 7180—Teresa Bruno, represented by W. C. Heacock, vs. Jose Vergilio, represented by O. N. Marron.

Case No. 7188—Michael A. Ross, represented by W. B. Childers and O. N. Marron, vs. Clark M. Carr, et al., represented by E. L. Medler.

Case No. 7297—E. V. Chavez, represented by Hickey & Moore, vs. C. E. Apponyi.

Thursday, March 28.
Case No. 7192—Bank of Commerce, represented by W. B. Childers, vs. Oscar Lohman, represented by Bonham & Ward.

Case No. 7208—Andres Trujillo vs. Tomas Ribera, appellant, represented by W. C. Heacock.

Case No. 7257—Robert A. Miller, represented by Hickey & Moore, vs. E. J. Harwick, et al., represented by H. F. Reynolds.

Friday, March 29.
Case No. 7292—Morell & Zito, represented by W. C. Heacock, vs. Harry D. Goodin, et al., appellant, represented by Summers Burkhardt.

Saturday, March 30.
Case No. 7273—Levi R. Thompson, represented by O. N. Marron, vs. Laura Krawinkel, et al., represented by H. F. Reynolds.

Miscellaneous.
Case No. 6759—The Sisters of Charity of Cincinnati, Ohio, vs. Carl Hoffman. Goes to office for jury trial.

Case No. 7176—Joseph Schmitt vs. Southwestern Brewery & Ice Co. First case after adjournment of criminal docket.

Case No. 6995—Geo. L. Kile vs. Clifton Hill, et al. This case follows No. 7176.

Case No. 7196—James Land Co. vs. James Smith. This case follows No. 6995.

Case No. 7256—Petroneila C. Crane vs. James H. Smith et al. This case follows No. 7196.

MINSTRELS GREETED BY A BIG HOUSE

Mahara's minstrels gave a pleasing entertainment to a good house at the Elks' theater last night. Some of the members of the troupe have exceptionally good voices and the song numbers were received with much appreciation. The make-ups of the comedians also were clever, and the actors kept a vein of humor floating through the evening's program. The minstrels have been making annual visits to Albuquerque for the past several years, and their entertainment last night was up to the standard in every particular.

(Continued from Page One.)

house bill No. 159—providing for better observance of the Sabbath day. Referred to the judiciary committee.

PICK-UPS ON THE FLOOR.

There are some ex-soldiers in the house. This fact developed when after a long and arduous session, the hands of the clock indicated 6 o'clock.

There was a lull in the proceedings and the members were lounging in their chairs when Captain Ruppe began to softly whistle "mess call." It may have been that this burst of martial music came unconsciously, but at any rate the legislators took the hint and some one promptly moved to adjourn for mess.

The Capital City is full of rumors these days. Among the reports circulated is that one of the next appointments to be made will be that of territorial auditor, and that the place will continue to be filled by W. G. Sargent. As his friends say, Sargent has earned the job and ought to have it if there is gratitude in politics.

Bob Gortner, the district attorney for Santa Fe county, is connected with the reports concerning the filling of the office of attorney general, soon to be vacated by Reid, who is longing for a more quiet life far from the haunts of administration machine maneuvers. If Clancy doesn't get the place, it is asserted "Bob" is the next on the slate.

Price Waiters, the statesman from Santa Fe county, is full of a job so pure and unadulterated that it resembles first love. That bill passed the house without opposition.

It is currently reported in legislative circles that Captain Ruppe, ex-leader of the minority, and who occupies a handsome position following the band wagon in an effort to "hook on," will never speak again during this session of the legislature. This has caused considerable surprise among his acquaintances here, who did not give him credit for that much self-control. If he doesn't speak it won't do any harm.

AN ACT TO PROHIBIT GAMBLING IN THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the territory of New Mexico, Section 1. It shall hereafter be unlawful in the territory of New Mexico to own, conduct or operate, or to use, or by lease or otherwise permit the use of, any premises for the conduct or operation of any banking or percentage game or game of chance, by whatever name known, played with cards, dice or any other device for money, checks, credit or any other representative of value.

Section 2. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than one month nor more than six months, in the discretion of the court trying the case.

Section 3. Violations of this act shall be prosecuted in the district courts of the territory upon information, but justices of the peace may sit as committing magistrates in all such cases.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the district judges to especially charge grand juries to diligently investigate and inquire into all alleged violations of this act and to return indictments whenever warranted by the evidence adduced before them.

Sec. 5. The fines assessed and collected under the provisions of this act shall go to the benefit of the school fund of the school district, in which the offense is committed, except in incorporated cities, towns or villages in which one-half of such fines shall go to such incorporated city, town or village.

Sec. 6. All laws and parts of laws authorizing the licensing of gambling in New Mexico, and all laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after May 1, 1907.

KEENE BUINGS SUT AGAINST HARRIMAN.

New York, March 8.—James H. Keene has sued E. H. Harriman to gain part of the profits, Harriman acknowledged before the interstate commerce commission he had made out of the Southern Pacific stocks.

The writ was issued today. Keene is also taking steps to sue the bank-rupt firm of Cohn, Loeb & Company, which handled the financial end of some of the big Southern Pacific deals. It is understood that the present action against Harriman is in connection with the sale, four and a half years ago, of 300,000 shares of treasury stock to William Rockefeller, which transaction was intended to defeat Keene's purpose of gaining control of the Southern Pacific stock.

He had bought it far below fifty when he was convinced that the stock was earning about five per cent. He called on Harriman in the name of the stockholders to declare a dividend. Before the time came to vote on the proposition William Rockefeller appeared with the 300,000 shares of treasury stock that had been sold to him secretly.

Harriman asserted the earnings were to be put into improvements instead of distributing them to the stockholders.

AMERICAN BRASS COMPANY INCREASES STOCK.

Waterbury, Conn., March 8.—Stockholders of the American Brass company, which is the largest consumer of copper in the world, at the annual meeting authorized \$12,000,000 additional capital stock. This new stock will participate in the dividends of the company payable August 1st. The company has been expanding its business materially throughout the last year. Numerous additions have been made to manufacturing plants, including those of the holding company's subsidiaries and in most of the shops the men are working on the new machinery.

The company expects a new rolling mill and the Rainier-Cloves company, a competitor, has also increased its manufacturing capacity.

REPORTED STOCK ISSUES DENIED BY READING ROAD.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 8.—Repeated assertions that the Reading road was preparing to issue \$50,000,000 or so short term notes were believed to be the cause of the decline in the stock of that road. Notwithstanding denials from official sources, the report is persistent that the Reading company is arranging to issue short term notes. A house that has close relations with influential interests in the company made every effort to trace the rumor, but was assured no such line of railroad is preparing to turn over to the Reading company \$1,500,000 50-year four per cent bonds in payment of funds advanced by the Reading. The stock touched 112 1/2 or within 1/2 of a point of the low figure in May last, just after the San Francisco fire and earthquake.

How Are YOUR Reckonings?



"Lost his reckonings and went on the rocks." This tells the story of the downfall of many a sea captain—and many another man.

Did you ever see a great vessel feeling its way uncertainly through the fog? Did you ever see one, fearlessly and confidently, hurrying itself into the thickest weather?

Did you ever stop to consider what kind of a navigator YOU are?

No, you didn't, and it's about time you began to size yourself up.

A bright young man with an exceptionally good education, like thousands of other bright young men, once secured an audience with the city editor of a great newspaper.

"What is it?" asked the editor.

"I thought I might get a position as a reporter."

"Has experience?"

"Yes, sir, a little."

"Can you hold down a job in a city as large as this?"

"Well—er—I guess so."

"You can leave your name and address."

The bright young man never got his job.

A few minutes later a rough young man, with far less education than the first, pushed the office boy aside and stood before the city editor.

"What do you want?"

"I want a job on your paper."

"Any experience?"

"No."

"What can you do?"

"I can get the news."

"You're on."

The first young man was but one of many who have never risen above the horizon of the world's work. The second is now one of the greatest powers in journalism on the Pacific slope.

What was the difference?

One had no definite idea of his own capabilities. He groped feebly, helplessly—backward, instead of forward. His reckonings were confused and he went on the rocks of failure.

The other knew where he was going, and brushed aside, as unimportant, all obstacles that blocked his progress. His reckonings were accurate and he knew it. That was all there was to it.

How about you? Do you know where you are now? Better figure it out. The rocks may be nearer than you think.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS

The following quotations were received by F. J. Graf & Co., brokers, over their own private wires from New York. Room 37, Barnett building, Albuquerque, N. M.:

New York Stocks.	
American Sugar	125 1/2
Amalgamated Copper	102 3/4
American Car Foundry	39 3/4
Atchafalpa	81 1/4
Anaconda	81 1/4
American Locomotive	65 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio	104 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	58 1/2
Canadian Pacific	171 1/4
Colorado Fuel	38 3/4
Chicago Great Western	1 1/2
Chicago Northwestern	165 1/2
Denver and Rio Grande	42 1/2
Erie	29 1/4
Louisville and Nashville	119 1/2
Missouri Pacific	20 1/2
Mexican Central	65 1/2
National Lead	26 1/2
New York Central	118 1/2
Norfolk	118 1/2
Norfolk and Western	40 1/2
Pennsylvania	123 1/2
Reading	120 1/2
Rock Island	21 1/2
Southern Pacific	84 1/2
Southern Railway	21 1/2
Texas Pacific	140 1/2
Tennessee Coal	140 1/2
Union Pacific	156 1/2
U. S. S. com.	38 1/2
U. S. S. pf.	38 1/2
Greene Con.	27 1/2
Santa Fe Copper	4 1/2
North Butte	102 1/2
Copper Range	85 1/2
Calumet and Arizona	174 1/2
Old Dominion	53 1/2
Shannon	10 1/2
May cotton	10.02
Total sales	1,996,100.

Summary of Conditions.

New York, Mar. 8.—London market depressed by the financial and influence of decline in New York.

Southern Railway dividend meeting today.

London settlement begins on Tuesday.

London expects stiffer money rates next week on account of Japan loan on Monday and fortnightly settlement.

Grain rates advanced from Illinois to sea board.

Thirty-three roads for fourth week in February show average gross increase of 6.34 per cent.

Twelve industrials declined .76 per cent.

Twenty active railroads declined 1.80 per cent.

Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, Mar. 8.—Cattle receipts 2,000, including 500 southern. Market steady. Southern steers \$4.00 to \$4.25; southern cows \$3.50 to \$3.75; stockers and feeders \$3.75 to \$4.25; bulls \$4.00 to \$4.25; calves \$3.50 to \$3.75; western fed steers \$4.10 to \$4.50; western fed cows \$3.90 to \$4.30.

Sheep receipts 4,000, market strong. Muttons \$1.10 to \$1.75; lambs \$1.00 to \$1.50; range wethers \$1.40 to \$1.50; fed ewes \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Omaha Livestock.

Omaha, Mar. 8.—Cattle receipts 2,500. Market steady. Cows and heifers \$3.50 to \$4.50; western steers \$3.25 to \$3.50; Texas steers \$3.00 to \$3.25; cows and heifers \$2.25 to \$2.50; calves \$3.00 to \$3.50; stockers and feeders \$3.00 to \$3.50; calves \$3.00 to \$3.50; bulls \$3.75 to \$4.25.

Sheep receipts 3,500. Market steady. Yearlings \$5.50 to \$6.50; wethers \$5.25 to \$5.75; ewes \$4.50 to \$5.50; lambs \$6.75 to \$7.50.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Mar. 8.—Cattle receipts 1,000. Market strong. Beef steers \$4.25 to \$4.50; cows and heifers \$3.75 to \$4.25; stockers and feeders \$3.75 to \$4.25; Texas \$4.15 to \$4.75; calves \$6.00 to \$7.50.

Sheep receipts 2,000. Market steady. Sheep \$3.75 to \$5.50; lambs \$4.75 to \$6.00; u.s. wethers \$4.50 to \$5.50; hddi hddi unan n.

LOST BULLION SCHEME BEGAN WITH ROMANCE

There Was an Armored Knight, Wearing Shield of Spain—Thousands Fell Into the Trap.

The following printed in pamphlet form shows the advertising methods adopted by the Lost Bullion Spanish Mines company, which was recently exposed as a wild cat scheme, says the Silver City Independent.

The romance of the Lost Spanish mine is set forth in a pamphlet sent to prospective purchasers of stock. A broad-plated grandee of Cortez' army of conquest is fancied to have crossed the Rio Grande in New Mexico and to have found the mine near what is now known as Silver City.

The grandee is averred to have worked the mine for a decade, extracting untold wealth, which he sent to his relatives in distant Spain, and then a party of savage Indians came along and wiped him out, along with the rest of the mythical army. No one escaped to tell the tale. The mine was lost.

Many efforts are said to have been made to locate it during the last three centuries, and many men are supposed to have lost their lives in the search, but it remained hidden until a lowly half-breed found it again a few years ago. Through devious hands it is supposed to have come into the possession of the Lost Bullion Spanish Mines company.

The above named concern gives a description of the old workings. The only difficulty mentioned is that the old method of carrying out the ore has left the property without a proper means of entrance, and money is needed to drive shafts and tunnels to tap the veins.

The company is incorporated for \$1,000,000 with that number of shares of a par value of \$1 each. The stock has been sold at 40 cents, and the prospectus says the price is to be advanced to 50 cents March 1.

The inspectors claim they found that the old workings, miles in length, are only a natural cave of irregular shape.

Metal Market.

New York, Mar. 8.—Lead quiet. \$6.90 to \$7.20; copper, quiet; unchanged.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Mar. 8.—Wool steady; unchanged.

Spelter Market.

St. Louis, Mar. 8.—Spelter steady, \$6.75.

Little of moment transpired at yesterday's session of the United States court for the first judicial district.

Judge McFie presided and the United States Attorney Llewellyn and Deputy United States Marshal W. H. Forbes was also in attendance.

Toward the close of Wednesday's session after the adjournment of the prosecution that they had no evidence against them, the court dismissed the case of the United States vs. Maxmiano Tofayoa and Cruz Padico, who were charged with adultery.

Yesterday in the case of the United States against Jacob Aurand charged with violation of the postal laws a postponement was secured till the afternoon session. Aurand was at one time postmaster at Santa Cruz, but was removed from his office on a charge of embezzlement.

The case of the United States vs. Dr. Jose Cabellero and Mrs. Capriotta, charged with violation of the Edmunds act, was set for this afternoon.

Toward the close of Wednesday's session after the adjournment of the parties, however, having mean time taken place, the case was dropped.

RANCH EGGS, GUARANTEED.
300 DOZEN, AT MALOYS.

The Baby's Bed

should be a fitting accompaniment to all that important person's belongings. Nothing is more comfortable, sanitary and safe than a

Metal Crib

These come in white and vernis martin.

A Well-Made and Re-Inforced Wire Mattress

completes this desirable piece. Sides drop down to allow the little one to creep into and out of the crib without being lifted.

Come in and see them on our floor.

ALBERT FABER'S

308-310 Railroad Avenue Staab Building

A Checking Account

Puts System Into Your Business

WHEN you pay all bills by check, your business is recorded accurately. Each item shows for itself. There is a correct record of all receipts and expenditures in your bank book.

For every bill you pay, you get a receipt. You have positive proof that you paid each obligation.

We give the same careful attention to both large and small accounts.

The Bank of Commerce

Albuquerque, New Mexico.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$200,000

Chas. L. Keppeler

DEALER IN

New and Second Hand FURNITURE

Furniture Repaired, MATTRESSES Made Over, Upholstering and Picture Framing. All Work Guaranteed.

Household Goods, Stoves, Ranges, Chinaware, Crockery.

315 and 319 South Second Street ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

Santa Fe Restaurant

Open Day and Night.

Meals at all hours. First Class Service Private Dining Rooms in Connection. Fresh Lobsters and Blue Point Oysters Received Daily.

Under Savoy Hotel

C. E. SUNTAAG, Proprietor

Convenience - Comfort - Security

The telephone makes the duties lighter, the cares less and the worries fewer.

The telephone preserves your health, prolongs your life and protects your home.

YOU NEED A TELEPHONE IN YOUR HOME

THE COLORADO TELEPHONE CO.

HANDSOME Souvenir Crockery

VIEWS OF

Alvarado, Cathedral, Commercial Club

Household Goods of Every Description

Borradaile & Co.

117 W. Gold Ave.

Butter Nut

TO PEOPLE THE LAS VEGAS GRANT

Wide Reaching Plans Adopted to Dispose of 100,000 Acres to Colonies.

SETTLEMENTS MUST BE MADE BY STATED TIMES

Father of Scientific Dry Farming Much Pleased With Prospects of Meadow City.

A hundred thousand additional acres of land of the grant east of Gallinas river is to be thrown open to settlement as rapidly as possible. This will insure the colony of Zion City farmers, who have already planned to locate in San Miguel county and will also permit the south and west land company to go to much greater expense in bringing homesteaders here by the train load as the company can afford to advertise heavily in view of the greater profits.

The board of trustees of the Las Vegas grant yesterday agreed to a contract with Fred W. Browne, a leading to him 100,000 acres under the following conditions: He is to receive 60,000 acres of unoccupied land lying east of the Gallinas river for \$1.50 per acre, but will be compelled to put up a cash bond of \$10,000 to have the land disposed of by the first of March, 1908, at which time seventy-five families must be residing on the land and cultivating the soil. If any of these conditions are not carried out, the remaining land will revert to the grant board and Mr. Browne will forfeit the \$10,000. In case the stipulations are fulfilled, Mr. Browne receives the remaining 40,000 acres at \$2.50 per acre, at which time he is to put up another bond of \$10,000 to sell this land within six months, or by August 1st, if the same year, and to have 175 families located and farming the land on the entire tract he is given to sell by March 1, 1909. If these conditions are not carried out, the bond is forfeited and the unsold land reverts to the board.

Mr. Browne already controls a large tract on the mesa. He purchased of A. W. Thompson the 50,000 acres which had been contracted to him by the grant board, which is to be sold, according to agreement, by the first of August of this year. He has been exceedingly successful with this tract. Together with Rev. R. A. Morley, 20,000 acres have been sold and 20,000 remains in his hands, but he says that he has already disposed of 10,000 acres of this. If any portion of this land is not sold by the first of August, it will revert to the grant, but if this occurs, it will in no way invalidate the new contract.

Mr. Browne states that a large colony of Dowlitts is assured. A favorable report has been made to the land and the Zion City farmers are anxious to locate and begin active farming operations. The church wanted 100,000 acres of land before they located here, but Mr. Browne made arrangements with them to start with 50,000 acres and if within one year one hundred families located on the land to make their permanent homes they will be given as much more territory as they need. The vice president and treasurer of the South and West Land company are in Zion City this week to talk the matter over with the leaders of the church, and making arrangements for an extension of the farmers of that faith. Deacon Peters, one of the leading spirits of Zion City, who was here recently looking over the mesa, Deacon Cotton, second to Mr. Peters in influence, and the banker of the church, together with one of the prominent elders of the Zion City faith, will accompany the excursion to this city in about two weeks. The special leaves Chicago on March 12. It is estimated that there are 20,000 heads of families, followers of Dowlitt, who are scattered over the United States who would like to gather into a community for the purpose of worship, but who can not go to Zion City because there is no available farm land owned by the church. Many of these people wish to get in a community where they can have their own churches and mingle with neighbors of their own belief and they welcome the proposition of forming a settlement in the west where land is cheap and fertile. Besides the thousands in America, there are many converts to the new religion residing in Australia, South America, Africa, and Europe who

wish to come to this country, and who will be glad of an opportunity to locate in the western colony to be formed, according to statements of the leaders of the church.

Hereafter the South and West Land company will have two groups of homesteaders for Las Vegas twice a month, one from Des Moines and the other from Chicago, and even this may be increased later.

The board of trustees of the Las Vegas grant will hold all grant land under the government reservoir site and it will not be sold to anyone, for any purpose, at present.

Professor Campbell Talks. Professor W. H. Campbell, father of the Campbell System, Scientific Soil Culture, left the city this afternoon on No. 10 for the Panhandle of Texas, where for the past two years he has had two experimental farms, after making a flying trip of inspection of the grant lands lying east of the Gallinas river.

He was sent here by the industrial department of the Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad company to look over the situation for scientific soil culture, and states that he was very much pleased by what he saw. He says that the soil is ideal, the rainfall better than he expected and that there is apparently nothing lacking but education. He said that it had been his experience during the past twenty years, that the possibility of dry farming was hard to inculcate, but in the present situation of the country, it is a matter of course.

Mr. Campbell drove out over the mesa this morning with N. S. Belden, D. T. Hoskins and A. C. Erb, and was very much pleased by what he saw. He said that the soil is ideal, the rainfall better than he expected and that there is apparently nothing lacking but education. He said that it had been his experience during the past twenty years, that the possibility of dry farming was hard to inculcate, but in the present situation of the country, it is a matter of course.

In an interview, the pioneer farmer of western arid lands, told some interesting stories of his experiences which may help to cheer up the many doubters who continue to croak that this or that cannot be done.

He said that his first attempt at scientific soil culture was undertaken in 1900 in western Kansas. That portion of the state in which he located had once been entirely settled, but was again depopulated as farmers from the east could not make it go. Good looking land was selling at from fifty cents to a dollar an acre. He located on a farm which was said to be the poorest in the country. It had been operated for fourteen years and the owner had never cut but one crop during that time. He had raised since taking hold of it, six consecutive crops, and has never harvested less than 40.5 bushels of winter wheat up to as high as 54 bushels, to the acre.

In the year of 1904 the wheat crop in western Nebraska was almost an entire failure and out of upwards of 20,000 acres sown in Hitchcock county, only ten per cent was cut. The largest yield outside of our farms, said Mr. Campbell, "was ten bushels to the acre. We got forty-one bushels that same season, which tested sixty pounds. The fact is that an unusually dry season cuts no figure when a man prepares for it."—Las Vegas Optic.

When passenger train No. 9 reached the Southern Pacific depot at Col. on Wednesday afternoon a passenger left the train and went in search of the officers, whom he found in the court room, to have them arrest a woman who bit her little brother's ear off, says the San Bernardino Index. Beyond a doubt his story was proven to be true. It seems that in a family on that certain train there were a large number of children. When the train was just this side of Beaumont one good sized boy was missing and one of the men of the party stopped over to hunt him as he was supposed to have left the train. Shortly after the train was under way again, the lad appeared. This angered the older sister to such an extent that she began beating the child and finally bit an ear off before the passengers could rescue the child from the hands of the infuriated woman. Before Officers Bagley, Magill and Adkins reached the station the train had pulled out.

How to Remain Young. To continue young in health and strength, do as Mrs. N. F. Bowman, McDonough, Ga., did. She says: "Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured me of chronic liver and stomach trouble complicated with such an unhealthy condition of the blood that my skin turned red as flannel. I am now practically 20 years younger than before I took Electric Bitters. I can now do all my work with ease and assist in my husband's store." Guaranteed at all dealers. Price 50c.

GALLUP COAL MAN MOVES TO TRINIDAD

Senator Clark Preparing to Spend Millions in Colorado Coal Fields.

W. L. Bretherton, financial representative of former United States Senator William A. Clark, of Montana and New York, Wednesday talked for the first time for publication relative to the vast undertakings which the noted copper king is now launching in this direction of the southwest, says the Trinidad Chronicle-News.

Mr. Bretherton was at his office in the Castle Hall building for the first time in some days, as he has been at Weston and beyond in the interests of Mr. Clark.

"I just returned from Gallup, N. M., where Senator Clark has vast coal interests," he began. "I started the camp at Gallup, and a town has grown up around the camp—a veritable little city."

"But Gallup is essentially a coal camp. The camp where I am building for Senator Clark on the former Adams property will be both coal and coke and we aim to make it the equal of any in the west."

"None of the coal or coke will be offered for public consumption, however. The entire output will be used by the vast industries of Senator Clark, which are so gigantic that they can consume the entire supply."

"As you know, he has mammoth interests in Montana in the Silver Bow country around Butte. This coal and coke camp we are now installing will be just for his own plants."

"As for our railroad, we will naturally tap the first road. This will be the Colorado & Wyoming, and we will tap the same at Weston. No, we will not go to Stonevale. We will zig-zag off quite some miles away, although our line will be in that neighborhood."

"We can tap the Colorado & Wyoming at Weston in a third of the time that it would take to build into Trinidad. What we will do later on is a matter for the future to take care of."

"The senator is now in New York. He may and may not come here. If he starts he would telegraph me at once. He is a very busy man and when he moves he moves very quickly. I should not, however, be surprised to hear of his coming at any hour."

"Senator Clark is not a man to attempt to 'hold up' a city, a statement I have seen credited to certain city officials. He is beyond such a step. On the contrary, Senator Clark is a man who aims to improve and up-build a city and has never attempted to 'hold up' anyone, let alone a municipality."

Mr. Bretherton is here to stay. With his wife he has just taken a suite in the McLaren apartments, and will remain here for the better part of the year at least.

He has been in the west for thirty years or more and has been identified with Senator Clark for a score of years.

Mr. Bretherton has so far been too busy that he has neglected the straightening up of his office fronting on Pine street. Today, however, he is having a curtain run across the spacious room and will also have a big safe installed.

He is essentially a man of action. He is at his desk every morning at 8 o'clock and works until well past the hour for burning his pipe. He is here, there, everywhere, but he pursues a well planned, systematic method of achievement that brings results.

If he knows how to accomplish the greatest results in the shortest time.

'A STRANGER IN TOWN' MARCH 12

It is fair to presume that all of Frank Beamish's friends will be pleased to give him a hearty reception when he appears here next week as the bright star in Harry B. Linton's "A Stranger in Town," the latest farce comedy with music. A carefully selected company has been engaged to support the star and includes such well known players as Edward Allor, Arthur Fitzgerald, Herbert Heir, Albert Homburg, Rita Knight, Jessie Harrington, Louise Frazier, Edna Ward, Annette Peters, Mable Gordon and many others.

WIRELESS FROM DENMARK TO THE UNITED STATES. London, Mar. 7.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Daily Mail says experiments in wireless telegraphy at the Poulson station were begun last week with the United States. The paper adds that the results are said to have been satisfactory.

BOXES SELL AT \$7,000 FOR THE BARNUM BENEFIT

George Ade Will Contribute If Audience Insists.

George Ade will appear at the Barnum benefit, says the Los Angeles Examiner. Mr. Ade, while not particularly famous as a Thespian, will have a few words to say—if the audience insists.

George Barnum is a Lamb. George Ade is a Lamb. That is the answer. Any Lamb will go the limit for another Lamb.

When Mr. Ade learned that Mr. Barnum was to give a benefit at the Palace theater the afternoon of March 12 he immediately announced his intention of purchasing a box and contributing his large \$7,000 smile to the joyous occasion.

What is more, he wired to New York for the prompt book of "Marse Covington," a one-act play which Mr. Ade considers the best thing he has ever done.

The singular thing about this one-act piece is the fact that there are no women in it. It is played by five men; the scene is laid in the ante room of a gambling house and the action revolves around the person of Capt. Covington B. Halliday, a broken-down southern aristocrat without a sou in his pocket, hungry but proud and ready to fight at the drop of the hat.

There are flashes of the Ade humor in the piece. The proprietor of the gambling house is a refined "hick" who has bought himself a Tuxedo and wants nobody but gentlemen in his place. Ade says this part should be played by a good square-jawed actor.

Next to the part of Marse Covington, in importance, is that of Uncle Dan, a slavery days negro, soft-spoken, polite, deferential, well trained, with an overwhelming reverence for the old-time aristocracy of the south and for Captain Halliday in particular, because he was born on the plantation owned by the captain's father.

Our customers who have used them say the Cooper medicines do the work. We sell them.

other brand entirely.

The work has been done recently. Bob Raley lost a calf within the past few days—evidently run off by some one.

Marshall Taylor is working on the case, and offers a reward of \$25 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of those guilty of picking and altering brands. In the meantime, he is traveling the ranges about here daily, searching for the guilty man.

THIEVES PICKING BRANDS IN OROGRANDE DISTRICT

Some one has been running off cattle and picking the brands, says the Orogrande Times.

A calf belonging to W. N. Fleck was found near the reservoir, and brand of which had been picked and altered in such a manner that at first sight it might have passed for another brand entirely.

Tetter, Salt Rheum and Eczema. These are diseases for which Chamberlain's Salve is especially valuable. It quickly allays the itching and smarting and soon effects a cure. Price, 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

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Our Work is right

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Having Added Large Invoices of New Type Faces and Latest Styles of Papers, We Can Please You

All Kinds of Pamphlet and Catalogue Work

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SHORT TALKS BY L. T. COOPER.

CONSTIPATION.

I can tell a person who is constipated on sight. Their complexion is pasty or yellow. Their eyes are dull, and they look and feel sleepy. No wonder they do. The bowels are a sewer. They carry away the poisonous refuse. If they don't act the poisonous matter is absorbed by the body, and headaches, dullness, bad complexion and eventually serious troubles result.

There is no better rule for good health than that the bowels should move every day at the same hour if possible. Regularity can be acquired by making a habit of this. Foolish people neglect this and when chronic constipation effects them they take pills every few days to force the bowels to perform their natural function. As years go on they require more and more pills. This should be stopped. Cooper's New Discovery will build up the stomach and cause the bowels to act naturally. While taking the medicine get the habit of regularity, then gradually stop taking the medicine.

Here is a sample of letters from those who have tried it:

"For sixteen years I have suffered from stomach and liver trouble, and chronic constipation. I had frequent headaches and always felt tired and worn out. I heard of Cooper's New Discovery and began its use. After I had finished one bottle I was wonderfully improved. Constipation gave way to a pleasing regularity of the bowels and I ate better, slept better and felt better than I had for months. It is the greatest medicine I have ever known." Samuel Booren. 1742 Mussey Ave., Scranton Pa.

Our customers who have used them say the Cooper medicines do the work. We sell them.

other brand entirely.

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A pantry, cupboard and work table combined. The only cabinet with an aluminum top, made of the same material as high grade cooking utensils. Can be washed bright and clean in an instant, ready for bread and cake-making. This is only one of the many good features.

Write for booklet whether you buy or not. It is a pleasure to show you this labor-saving device.

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BRASS COLLARS ARE PLAYING A GREAT GAME UP

Relatives of J. J. Hill Get Fat Jobs on Great Northern.

St. Paul, Minn., Mar. 8.—Scarcely is the announcement made of the appointment of H. A. Kennedy as general superintendent of the Great Northern, to succeed George Theron Slade, son-in-law of James J. Hill, than it transpires that Mr. Kennedy is soon to become assistant general manager. This is said to have been fully decided upon. Kennedy will be succeeded as general superintendent by E. L. Brown, formerly superintendent of the eastern lines; C. W. Forest, assistant general superintendent at Minneapolis, N. D., will take Mr. Kennedy's place at Spokane as assistant general superintendent of the western district, and Mr. Forest will be succeeded at Minot by R. W. Bryan, now general superintendent of transportation.

It is alleged that Mr. Slade resigned because he was unable to follow the dictates of Vice President Louis W. Hill. Mr. Slade, it is understood, believed that certain measures would be of benefit to the Great Northern; that Louis Hill flatly opposed his suggestions and Slade's resignation was the result.

The question of salary was not at stake, as Mr. Slade would not resume active railroad work for a year. His inability to work in harmony with Louis Hill is the cause of certain changes that legislation has made imperative ascribed as the actual cause of the rupture.

FATAL COLTON WRECK DUE TO CARELESS TRAINMEN

San Bernardino, Mar. 8.—"Inauguration" came to his death from crushing injuries to the skull, caused by a collision on the Santa Fe line, near Colton, Cal., March 1, 1907, that said collision was caused by gross negligence on the part of G. G. McClellan, conductor of the Colton Lake freight train, and the Santa Fe railroad company's passenger train No. 55 was running at an excessive rate of speed at the time of the collision.

The foregoing verdict was rendered by six prominent citizens of Colton, who composed the coroner's jury investigating the Colton wreck of Friday. Conductor McClellan leaving the switch open after the crew had returned from Colton, where they had lunch. He figured by his watch that he had ten minutes to spare, and he climbed on top of the engine, leaving the brakes on three freight cars. Then he heard the passenger coming, climbed down and tried to stop the train. He was unable to do so, and the switch stand when the passenger took the engine.

Engineer McNeil of the passenger said he saw the freight train coming, but thought they were switching and overlooked the switch target which was weathered out of color. When a few feet from the switch stand he saw the switch was turned.

Fireman Kinney of the passenger train took no notice until he heard a yell and turned off the oil cock. The next instant he found himself in the wreckage. The district attorney will take no criminal action.

S. F. EXPLAINS ITS SHORTAGE OF CARS

Criticism relative to the car shortage on the Hartman line are answered by the officials of the Southern Pacific in a statement of the present conditions from their standpoint, some of the declarations made are:

Today the Southern Pacific has several thousand cars in Oakland and San Francisco, which it is doing its utmost to get unloaded. When fifteen to twenty per cent of the rolling stock of a railroad is tied up at one point, it is a serious situation.

Extreme measures have been taken to relieve the situation and it is thought with the rapidly improving warehouse facilities in the city and better conditions for teaming that within a few months the trouble will be of the past.

The criticism that there has been great congestions in yards and on main lines, because the track room was not sufficient to care for the increased business, is answered by the statement that 7,000 locomotives were built in 1906 compared with an average of 4,000 during the preceding five years. During 1906 nearly 241,000 more cars were placed at the disposal of the Southern Pacific and other railroads in the country. During the same period the Southern Pacific has increased its trackage 1100 miles, or thirty per cent over the total for 1905.

FREIGHT AGENT MILLER LEAVES SANTA FE

E. H. Miller, traveling freight agent of the Santa Fe, has resigned to take a position as assistant traffic manager of the Western States Portland Cement company at Independence. He will leave Monday.

Mr. Miller has been with the Santa Fe for eleven years, for the past four years in his present capacity. He was for years employed in the office of Division Freight Agent. The new position is considered a much better one from a financial point of view, and Mr. Miller will also have the advantage of being able to stay at home instead of traveling around. He regrets to leave Chautau, and many Chautau people share the regret. He

25 FEET OF 11 PER CENT COPPER

First Big Strike in Orogrande District—J. C. Cole Lucky Man.

Orogrande, N. M., March 5.—J. C. Cole is opening up some immense ore bodies in the north end of the camp. He is operating on the Happy Jack, and he is making a mine of it, and is getting to a producing basis. Within a short time he will commence to ship to the smelters.

When he took charge of the property there was considerable ore on sight, but this he disregarded, bending his energies to a greater ore body, but one which required development. In another portion of the claim.

The result is that he has opened a body of ore that measures from eleven to twenty-five feet in width, and that carries 10 to 12 per cent copper, with an average, perhaps, of 11 per cent.

The entire claim is cut, crossed and recrossed by a vein system that forms a veritable network of ore-bearing lodes. Close to the surface the ore is in the form of carbonates, and as the prospect first passed over it, this not only broken, but exposed in the reefs that traverse the ground in many directions.

The new vein, which is the largest opened in that section of the district, is of such grade and width that Mr. Cole is about to pass the Happy Jack into the list of producing mines of the district.

This section of the camp has always responded readily to development, and as long ago as a quarter of a century, the prospect first passed over it, and discovered the wealth that lay in the ground there, but it was impossible of development then.

Mr. Cole has in his work gone after a vein, the width of which was never dreamed of until he opened it—but he read the geology of that section like one would read a book, and developed the ground accordingly.

When he first commenced operations in that section, he erected buildings, and commenced by making comfortable quarters for those who were to work on the property, and then followed the work which has resulted in the exposure of so much ore.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous membrane of the tube, which is inflamed by a cold, or by a catarrh of the throat, or by a catarrh of the nose, or by a catarrh of the lungs. It is a disease of the mucous membrane, and it can only be cured by a remedy that will reach the diseased portion of the ear. It is a disease of the mucous membrane, and it can only be cured by a remedy that will reach the diseased portion of the ear.

Do Not Endanger Life When You Cure Your Kidneys.

Why will people continue to suffer the agonies of kidney complaint, backache, urinary disorders, lameness, headache, languor, why allow themselves to become chronic invalids, when a certain cure is offered them?

Doan's Kidney Pills is the remedy to use, because it gives to the kidneys the help they need to perform their work.

If you have any, even one, of the symptoms of kidney diseases, cure yourself now, before diabetes, dropsy or Bright's disease sets in. Read this Albuquerque testimony:

Ed. A. Kelly, living at 513 West Fruit avenue, Albuquerque, N. M., says: "For pain in the back or any of the troubles which arise from irregularity of the kidneys, there is, in my opinion, no medicine equal to Doan's Kidney Pills. The value of this remedy was first proven to me about a year ago, and so quickly did it relieve me of an attack of pain across my loins that since then I have scarcely been without them, and they have never failed to give me the desired results. My advice to all whom I hear complaining of backache or fault with the kidneys is to take Doan's Kidney Pills. They are what they are recommended to be, and a trial is all that is needed to prove this."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McClellan Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Cause of Stomach Trouble.

When a man has trouble with his stomach you may know that he is eating more than he should, or of some article of food or drink not suited to his age or occupation, or that his bowels are habitually constipated. Take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to regulate the bowels and improve the digestion and see if the trouble does not disappear. Ask for a free sample. Sold by all druggists.

Subscribe for The Citizen and get the news.

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Subscribe for The Citizen and get the news.

BADGER FIGHTS CONDEMNED BY EASTERNERS

Reads Arizonans Lecture on Popular Amusement of Dog and Badger Fights.

To the Editor of the Copper Era:

I am but a stranger in Arizona, and perhaps it is not laudable that I should undertake to criticize the morals of your inhabitants, yet it seems strange to me that western men, who I have always considered had a preponderance of good qualities, should enjoy such scenes as I understand take place at Morenci, near your little city, almost every week, or as often as wild badgers can be obtained.

I remained there over night a short time since and just after dark I noticed a crowd gathering down in that open space in front of the hotel. Being somewhat uneasy about the gathering of a crowd in a western town I asked the cause of the excitement. I was told that it was a "badger fight," and was further informed that a badger and a bull dog make a terrible fight. While I had no desire to witness cruelty to animals, and while I cannot understand that vein of brutality that seems to remain in the average human being from the time of barbarism, I was reassured by the gentleman I was talking to, who also being a stranger to the community, to go down and see what they were doing.

When we arrived I found the crowd greatly excited, and there were several fights over bets, I believe, for bets of greater or less amounts of money were being made freely. It seems that they keep the badger in a sort of dog house from which he has to be drawn, for he will not come out and fight unless attacked by the dog, but when once they get together I am told that often both dog and badger are literally torn to pieces, and it is frequent that both die. I abhor brutality, and it really distresses me to think that men who are otherwise good, respectable citizens, men of business and men of affairs, should enjoy seeing two dumb brutes torture each other, even to death, in this manner. I endeavored to argue with the crowd, but they would not listen, and even in my presence, raised their voices offering to bet on the fight, or the other of the poor brutes.

Over on the other side of the crowd I saw a man with a white bull dog on a chair. The dog was struggling to pull the badger out from the dog house, and it seemed all the man could do to hold him. There was a crowd around the dog and several men were looking on with interest that the dog had been changed since they made their bets and others were loudly claiming that the man selected to pull the badger out for the fight had bet on the dog winning. I never witnessed such an excited crowd, and when I found I could not get towards stopping the fight I returned to the hotel before the final selection was made as to who was to have the "honor" of pulling the badger out from the place where they kept him. It seemed that this particular act of brutality was considered an "honor." A short time after returning to the hotel I heard a shout and supposed that either the poor dog or badger had been torn to pieces by its antagonist.

OUR CLOTHING FOR BOYS

MOTHERS take pride in having their boys well dressed, and this involves correct style. We are as particular about boys' styles as about men's—but careful that exclusiveness does not mean high price. Our boys' section was never so full of novelties—never seemed so bright. You are welcome to look—never under obligation to buy.

A Full Line of Boys' Pants, All Styles, just Received

M. MANDELL

COMING EVENTS

ALMANAC EVENTS.
March 17.—St. Patrick's Day.
March 21.—Spring begins.
March 24.—Palm Sunday.
March 25.—Lady Day; annunciation.
March 29.—Good Friday.
March 31.—Easter Sunday.
May 30.—Memorial Day of G. A. R.

Rheumatic Pains Relieved.
Chamberlain's Pain Balm relieves rheumatic pains and makes sleep and rest possible, which is alone worth many times its cost. H. F. Crocker, Esq., now 54 years of age, and for twenty years justics of the peace at Martinsburg, Iowa, says: "I am terribly afflicted with sciatic rheumatism in my left arm and right hip. I have used three bottles of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it did me lots of good." For sale by all druggists.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**

FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLD. Price 50c & \$1.00. Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Piles, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumor, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted, by druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., 270, 272, Cleveland, Ohio. FOR SALE BY S. VANN & SON.

DON J. RANKIN & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE LOANS.
Automatic Phone 451.
Room 10, N. T. Armijo Building.

A. E. WALKER, FIRE INSURANCE.
Secretary Mutual Building Association. Office at 217 West Railroad avenue.

W. E. MAUGER, WOOL
with Raube and Mauger Office 415 North First St. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

TOTI & GRAD!
Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Hay, Grain and Fuel.
Fine Line of Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Place your orders for this line with us.
213-215-217 NORTH THIRD ST.

THIRD STREET Meat Market
All Kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats Steam Sausage Factory.
EMIL KLEINWORT
Masonic Building, North Third Street

B. A. SLEISTER
—INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE—NOTARY PUBLIC.
Rooms 12 and 14 Cromwell Block, Albuquerque. Telephone No. 126.

Give us your **ROUGH DRY** work, Monday, and get it back Wednesday. Imperial Laundry Co.

CATARRH A UNIVERSAL BLOOD DISEASE

Catarrh is usually worse in Winter, because of the cold, damp and suddenly changing climate. Colds are contracted, and neglected and as the secretions from the different inflamed membranes are absorbed into the blood the unpleasant symptoms of the disease commence. The nostrils are stopped up and a constant dripping of mucous back into the throat keeps up a continual hawking and spitting. The patient has dull headaches, ringing noises in the ears, and often slight fever and a depressed, half-sick feeling accompanies the disease. The blood becomes so fully contaminated with catarrhal matter that stomach troubles are brought on, the kidneys and bladder are affected, and the blood is not purified of the poison the lungs become diseased because of the constant passage of impure blood through them. Catarrh cannot be cured with washes, sprays, inhalations and such treatment; these cannot reach the poison-laden blood where the real cause is located, and can only give temporary relief and comfort. A disease which affects the entire blood supply as does Catarrh, must be treated with a blood purifier. S. S. S. is the best remedy for Catarrh, which has grown to be a universal disease. It goes to the bottom of the trouble, rids the blood of the catarrhal matter, reinvigorates the circulation, and cures this disgusting disease permanently. When S. S. S. has purified the blood every part of the system receives a supply of fresh, healthy blood; then the inflamed membranes heal and every symptom of Catarrh passes away. Write for our book containing information about Catarrh, and ask for any medical advice you desire. No charge is made for either.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

COME TO BELEN, N. M.

Future Railroad Metropolis of New Mexico Located on Belen Cut-off of Santa Fe Railway

The Belen Town and Improvement Company Are Owners of Belen Townsite

The Belen Town and Improvement Co.

JOHN BECKER, Pres. WM. M. BERGER, Sec'y

A Railway Center

ALL FAST LIMITED EXPRESS, MAIL AND FREIGHT TRAINS OF THE SANTA FE WILL GO OVER THE MAIN LINE THROUGH TO BELEN, EAST AND WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

THE LOTS OFFERED ARE IN THE CENTER OF THE CITY, WELL GRADED (MANY OF THEM IMPROVED BY CULTIVATION); NO SAND OR GRAVEL. WE NEED A FIRST-CLASS, MODERN HOTEL AND A GOOD, UP-TO-DATE NEWSPAPER.

OUR PRICES OF LOTS ARE LOW AND TERMS ON EASY PAYMENTS; TITLE PERFECT; WARRANTY DEEDS. ONE-THIRD PURCHASE MONEY CASH. TWO-THIRDS MAY REMAIN ON NOTE, WITH MORTGAGE SECURITY FOR ONE YEAR, WITH 5 PER CENT INTEREST THEREON.

APPLY AT ONCE FOR MAPS AND PRICES IF YOU WISH TO SECURE THE CHOICEST LOTS.

Its Location

BELEN IS 31 MILES SOUTH OF ALBUQUERQUE, N. M. AT THE JUNCTION OF THE MAIN LINE OF THE SANTA FE SYSTEM—LEADING EAST AND WEST FROM CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, GALVESTON AND POINTS EAST TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, AND FROM THE EASTERN AND NORTHERN STATES TO EL PASO AND TEXAS.

1,000 BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE LOTS, 25x140 FEET, LAID OUT WITH BROAD 80 AND 70-FOOT STREETS, WITH ALLEYS 20 FEET WIDE, WITH BEAUTIFUL LAKE AND PUBLIC PARK, A D GRAND OLD SHADE TREES, PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE, COSTING \$14,000; CHURCHES; COMMERCIAL CLUB; A POPULATION OF 1,500 PEOPLE; SEVERAL LARGE MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENTS; THE BELEN PATENT ROLLER MILL, CAPACITY 150 BARRELS DAILY; LARGE WINERY; THREE HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, ETC. BELEN IS THE LARGEST SHIPPING POINT FOR WOOL, FLOUR, WHEAT, WINE, BEANS AND HAY IN CENTRAL NEW MEXICO. ITS IMPORTANCE AS A GREAT COMMERCIAL RAILROAD CITY IN THE NEAR FUTURE CAN NOT BE ESTIMATED.



SAFETY IN OUR SHOES

Our shoes must be good shoes for we give another pair for any that prove otherwise. How could we do the growing business we are doing if we had to exchange new shoes for second-hand ones very often? Our safety lies just where yours lies—in the goodness of our shoes.

So we are careful what we buy and what we sell.

Men's Patent Calf Shoes or Oxfords \$3.50 to \$4.00
Men's Vici Kid Shoes or Oxfords \$2.25 to \$3.50
Men's Calf Skins or Suede Calf Shoes \$1.85 to \$2.50
Women's Patent Kid Shoes or Oxfords \$2.75 to \$3.00
Women's Vici Kid Shoes or Oxfords \$1.65 to \$2.50
Women's Strap Sandals and Slippers \$1.10 to \$3.00
Shoes for Boys and Girls \$1.00 to \$2.75

C. N. BRIGHAM

118-120 S. 2nd. Headquarters for Coffee

Our Leaders--The Celebrated Richelieu Coffees

Packages, 25c and 35c per lb. 2-lb. tins, 85c.
1 lb. tins, 45c. 3-lb. tins, \$1.00.

Capitol Coffee

3-lb. bucket, with premium, Golden Gate coffee—
1-lb. tins, 40c. 2-lb. tins, 80c.
\$1.00.

Something unique—nothing like it in the city. Try a can.
Bulk coffee, 20c to 40c.

GEO. W. HICKOX

T. Y. MAYNARD

HICKOX-MAYNARD CO.

NEW MEXICO'S LEADING JEWELERS

Send in Your Watches for Repairs

THE ARCH FRONT

SOUTH SECOND ST.

Wagner Hardware Co.

Fourth and Railroad Avenue



A Rarebit

to be properly prepared, should be made in a Manning, Bowman Chafing Dish. Always ready, no waiting about fire, simply a match, and in a few minutes the

Manning, Bowman & Co.
Chafing Dish

has produced a dainty morsel to regale your guests. To see to see that your chafing dish is supplied with the patented seamless "Ivory" enameled food pans—found only in Manning, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dishes.

FOR SALE BY

Wagner Hardware Co.

Successors to Albuquerque Hardware Co.
Fourth and Railroad Avenue

EVERITT Diamond Palace

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Cut Glass, Clocks, Silverware. We invite your trade and guarantee A SQUARE DEAL.

DUTCHESS TROUSERS

10 Cents a Button
\$100 a Rip.



Got the
TOWN
On the Run

E. L. WASHBURN COMPANY

The Best Trousers for
Men on the Market
Today at Popular
Prices

\$1.75, \$2.50,
\$3.00 and \$3.50
Per Pair

Try a pair, Sold Only
by

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

WEATHER FORECAST.

Denver, Mar. 8.—Partly cloudy to night and Saturday; colder in east portion tonight.

A. C. Padley of Hagan is in the city.

E. W. Earle of Chicago is a tourist in the city.

Bur Spitz of Kansas City is in the city on business.

A. F. Witzel of Gallup is registered at the Alvarado.

H. Hagerman of Golden is a business visitor in the city.

N. N. Compton of Las Cruces is a business visitor in the city.

D. E. Elliott of Las Vegas is transacting business in the city today.

H. Stuckelode of Isleta is a business visitor in the city over night.

A. T. Wetzel of Gallup came in last night and will remain over the day.

Cattle Inspector Walter O'Brien is in the city from Watrous, N. M.

J. S. Snyder of San Bernardino, Cal., is registered at the Alvarado.

F. F. Moore of El Paso came in last night and will remain over the day.

There will be service this evening at 8 o'clock at the Lutheran church. No services next Sunday.

George E. Kramer and W. C. Baker, railroad men from Kansas City, are registered at the Craig.

Julius Horbin, the well known Indian trader, of Christmas, is the guest of Albuquerque friends a few days.

Dr. G. W. Harrison and F. A. Hubbell returned to the city last night from a few days' visit to Santa Fe.

Charles Bonning, engineer for the American Lumber company at Kettner, N. M., is in the city for a couple of days.

The Whitney company has filed suits in the district court against Ellen Salter, John Hart and Frank Ackerman.

Judge McClellan rendered a decision in the Howell-Starr law suit, giving the plaintiff, Howell, a judgment of \$12.

D. F. McGill, the real estate agent, is enjoying a visit from J. Heary Peetz, an old friend from Chicago, who arrived on delayed train No. 2 yesterday.

The ladies of Temple Albert will give a tea at the home of Mrs. Samuel Neustadt, Saturday afternoon, from 3 until 6 o'clock. Everybody cordially invited.

H. E. Byers, proprietor of the Belen livery and feed stables, was in the city yesterday, having his teeth mended. Mr. Byers was accompanied by Mrs. Byers.

The case in the district court against Judge Heacock has been dispensed with for the time being, stated his attorney today, and Mr. Heacock has been given until March 15 to pay alimony due his wife.

P. E. Giraldo, representing the American Tobacco company, and with headquarters in this city, returned this morning from a two weeks' trip through the territory in the interests of his trade.

G. L. Kile, agent for the Santa Fe at Grants, is spending the day in the territorial metropolis on business and pleasure. Grants is the headquarters of the Toltice Lime company, one of the largest lime burning concerns in the southwest.

Dr. F. G. Patchin, of the Whiting block, is enjoying a visit from his nephew, Dr. D. D. Nice, of Bowen, Ill., who has stopped off in the city for the day, while en route home from a pleasure trip to southern California.

Immigration inspectors have arrested six Scotchmen and three Spaniards at Clifton, Ariz., for going to work for the Arizona Copper company as contract laborers. The Scotchmen are said to be officials of the company.

Mrs. Frank B. Bigelow of Chicago is stopping at the Alvarado a few days. Mrs. Bigelow has been a frequent visitor in Albuquerque for several years, coming west to escape the rigorous lake winds that sweep Chicago.

As a result of Col. Ralph E. Twitcheil missing the train, which should have brought him to Albuquerque last night, the good roads meeting, scheduled to occur at the Commercial club last night, did not take place. The colonel wired Mayor McKee his regrets, and explained the reason of his absence.

Lola Saunders, a colored woman, was picked up by the police and remanded to the city jail until this morning, when she was brought before Judge Craig to answer a charge of vagrancy. The woman pleaded not guilty and her hearing was set for 5 o'clock this evening, when the night policeman, who picked her up, will be heard.

Fire Chief Burtless returned last night from Toledo, Ohio, where he went a week ago on the sad mission of accompanying the remains of his nephew, Clyde Alexander, whose death occurred here last week. Mr. Burtless was accompanied on his return by a cousin, Charles Burtless, who comes with the expectation of buying sheep for feeding purposes.

After their meeting last night, the ladies of Anona Council No. 1, of the Degree of Picochontas, gave the Red Men a good time. Progressive high five was played. Mrs. J. Motzenbacker won the ladies' prize and Mr. Newton the gentlemen's prize. Miss Ella Dragle and Martin Ryan got the consolation prizes. Refreshments were served and all went home well pleased.

On Tuesday of this week The Evening Citizen published a letter from a

boy who thought the city council was too strenuous on him and his playmates in a proposed ordinance which, if enacted, would prohibit boys from playing on the streets. The Citizen would be glad to accept short letters from any other young men who have expressions to make on the proposed ordinance.

The funeral of Rev. J. W. T. McNeill, which was held from the First Baptist church this afternoon, was largely attended. Rev. Ernest E. Crawford of the Christian church delivered the principal address. Other ministers on the pulpit were Rev. J. W. Barron, Rev. Hugh A. Cooper and Rev. J. C. Rollins. The remains will be placed aboard a train tonight and shipped to Rocky Mount, Va., where they will be laid at rest in the family burial grounds.

McCOLLUM STILL LIVES; DOCTORS PUZZLED; WIFE GRIEVES

Strangest Case Yet to Come
to Attention of Albuquerque Physicians.

Mystery deepens and wonderment increases with each passing day in the case of Curtis McCollum, of Las Vegas, who lies at St. Joseph's hospital, unconscious of a single thing around him.

McCollum is the man who was picked up near the Santa Fe tracks at Sunnyside on February 23, the account of which was published in this paper at the time. Unconscious when found, he has remained so continuously ever since.

The man's wife, who sat patiently by his bedside for eight days, hoping and eagerly watching for some sign of consciousness, returned to her home in Las Vegas Sunday without being able to make her husband know of her presence. The trying hours upon the patient wife, her long and constant vigil, the man's pitiable plight, and the absence of any positive evidence of his life, make the case one of the most pathetic ever brought before the physicians of this city.

Dr. Patchin, interviewed today, stated that the man would possibly recover, though the case is such a strange one that its termination cannot be well predicted.

HARRY PATCHIN LIMPS HOME FROM ROCK ISLAND WRECK

Harry Patchin, son of Dr. and Mrs. F. G. Patchin, of north High street, dropped off train No. 10 this morning and hobbled to the home of his parents, in a physical condition not altogether perfect. He limped from sprained limbs and his body showed the marks of many bruises.

Mr. Patchin had the misfortune of being a mail clerk on the Golden State limited, which went in the ditch at Tony, N. M., on the El Paso Southern last Wednesday night. He was among four persons injured, none of them seriously. After the wreck he and the conductor, who also suffered minor injuries, were taken to El Paso where he was given a lay-off. The cause of the wreck, according to Mr. Patchin, had not been reported up to last night.

RANCH EGGS, 30c DOZEN, AT MALOY'S.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR RENT—Large store room, close in \$25; also nicely furnished four-room cottage, desirable location. Call at 312 West Lead avenue.

FOR SALE—A good large work horse with rubber tire runabout and harness cheap. Call at 312 West Lead avenue.

FINAN HADDIES, SMOKED HERRING, BLOAVERS AND ALL KINDS OF SALT AND CANNED FISH AT THE MONARCH GROCERY CO.

Private board and rooms, 429 North Eleventh street.

THE BIGGEST BARGAINS ever known in this city you will find at the Cash Buyers' Union, 122 North Second street.

FLOWER SEEDS AND GARDEN SEEDS AT MALOY'S.

APPLES! APPLES! APPLES!!! TWELVE VARIETIES.

FRUIT HOUSE, 206 S. SECOND ST.

HEAR DR. CHAS. A. PAYNE'S ILLUSTRATED LECTURE "RAMBLES IN EUROPE." FIRST MEMPHIS CHURCH WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13TH.

To Chicken Feeders. Mausara's Mills are selling good wheat at \$1.40 per 100 lbs.

SATURDAY'S SPECIAL SALE.

2 lbs. oyster crackers 15c
2 glasses of strained honey 25c
2 pkgs of Lion coffee 25c
2 cans of pie pears 25c
Gallon can of catsup 40c
Gal jug of Worcestershire sauce 90c
Cream of Wheat 15c
Buckwheat flour, per pkg 11c
California tomatoes 10c
2 cans of California plums 25c
12 1/2 can of pork and beans 10c
Two 10-cent pugs of Cold Water Starch 15c
Horlick's Malted Milk 75c
Ayer's arraparilla 75c

THE MAZE.

Wm. KIERE, Proprietor.

MACHINE CUT ALFALFA. POULTRY WILL NOT BE HEALTHY AND PROFITABLE WITHOUT GREEN FOOD. WHEN CUT ALFALFA IS CONSUMED LESS GRAIN. MANY POULTRY DISEASES ARE CAUSED BY LACK OF GREEN RATION. E. W. FEE, 602 SOUTH FIRST STREET PHONE.

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