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Albuquerque Evening Citizen, 03-07-1907

Hughes & McCreight

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THISTLE AND ROSE TODAY
OBSERVE TWO CENTURIES
OF PROSPEROUS UNION

Two Hundred Years Ago This Day, England and Scotland Were Wedded-- Both are Celebrating the Auspicious Event.

THE UNION HAS BEEN PROLIFIC OF BLESSINGS TO BOTH

Brought About Only By Wise Statesmanship and Mutual Sacrifices and Concessions in Days of Good Queen Anne.

London, March 7.—While Ireland is straining every nerve to bring about a repeal of the legislation uniting her to Great Britain in 1800, Scotland is not far behind her. Today marks an extraordinary landmark in Scotland's history as it celebrates the 200th anniversary of the union between England and Scotland.

Both kingdoms regard the event as a cause for national rejoicing and are emphatic in their belief that the union contracted just two centuries ago has contributed not only to the grandeur of the British empire as a whole, but also to the prosperity of the two parties to the agreement. For, if Glasgow is today second only in Great Britain to London in point of population, wealth and commercial importance, superior in those respects even to Liverpool and Manchester, it is owing to the removal of those restrictions of trade which existed prior to the union, and which would be the inevitable consequence of any repeal of the union now existing between Great Britain and Ireland.

Indeed, at the present moment, when Hungary, following the example of Ireland, is clamoring for independence and for separation from Austria, as indispensable to her economic and political development, and when Norway has just succeeded in cutting herself adrift from Sweden, when secession, in fact, is in the air, it is well worth while briefly to review the lessons taught by the 200 years of union between England and Scotland.

Of course the first step toward the agreement between the thistle and the rose was when James VI of Scotland succeeded to the crown of England as James I, a succession brought about by the sagacity and prescience of Henry VII, who, when nearly 100 years previously he gave his daughter, Margaret, to James IV in marriage, foresaw the eventual union of the crowns, and predicted that it would prove an acquisition of strength to England. For the next 100 years after the accession of James I to the throne of England, Scotland retained her own parliament, and, though owing allegiance to the same king, was deprived of the privilege of commercial equality, being treated by England in all matters relating to trade and industry as a foreign country, the attempt of the king to govern Scotland from London through a Scottish parliament naturally furnishing abundant opportunities of unfair interference on the part of officious English ministers in Scottish affairs. Finally the situation became so intolerable that the two kingdoms were rapidly drifting back to the bitter enmity which had prevailed prior to the union of the crowns and at the beginning of the eighteenth century two English merchant ships being seized in the Forth by the Scottish government in retaliation for the seizure of Scottish shipping in the Thames.

Shrewd and patriotic statesmen on both sides of the Tweed became alive

to the danger, and convinced of the necessity of a closer union between the kingdoms; and King William III, in particular, devoted all the closing years of his life to accomplishing this end, opposed in the matter at every step by France, which knew by her experience of the past that with Scotland as an enemy threatening the northern frontier of England, much of the latter's importance as a foe would vanish. English manufacturers and merchants were intensely jealous of their Scottish rivals and bitterly opposed to the removal of the restrictions placed upon them. The idea of granting their Scotch competitors the same advantages which they themselves enjoyed was abhorrent to them, and all their influence was employed to prevent anything of the kind taking place. The Scotch, on the other hand, did not relish the idea of the loss of their national character and a share in the responsibility of England's national debt. Scotland feared for the existence of her national church and of her time-honored institutions, and then, too, there was to the north of the Tweed a widespread feeling of loyalty to the exiled Stuart princes, who were aware that the true source of their strength lay in Scotland.

It was good Queen Anne who finally brought about the union of Scotland and England, which was rendered possible only by sacrifices and forbearance on both sides, the agreement, while accompanied by many regrets and reservations, being nevertheless regarded both in Edinburgh and in London as on the whole as fair to one side as to the other.

The commissioners appointed to elaborate the act of union began by eliminating two rocks upon which previous attempts of the same kind had been wrecked, namely, by agreeing to leave to each country its own church and its own code of laws. These two sources of difficulty being removed, the remainder of the agreement narrowed down to four main points, namely, the succession to the crown, trade, taxation and the composition of the future parliament. The Scotch commissioners agreed to the demands of the English that the latter's act of succession settling the crown upon the descendants of Queen Anne, and, failing, then upon the Protestant house of Hanover, should be extended to Scotland. The Scotch house of parliament and the Scottish privy council were abolished and Scotland received forty-five seats in the English house of commons and sixteen seats in the house of lords, to which her representatives were to be elected at the beginning of each parliament by the Scotch peer assembly in obedience to a summons from the crown. The national debt and taxation were adjusted by the imposition of the land tax, by the extension of Scot-

land of a part of the responsibility for the national debt of England, which in those days amounted to \$80,000,000 and by the adoption of a uniform rate of customs and excise duties for both kingdoms. But the principal point was the removal of all trade restrictions between the two kingdoms, the establishment of free commercial intercourse between Scotland and a country such as England, in which wealth was much more widely spread, and the admission of Scotland to the same advantages and privileges as those enjoyed by England in trade with foreign countries.

After an agreement based on these lines had been reached by the commissioners, the convention was submitted to the Scotch and English parliaments. In Scotland the majority in favor was 41, the votes being 119 for and 69 against the ratification of the treaty. At Westminster the opposition was considerably smaller, and on March 6, 1707, the act of union between Scotland and England received the royal sanction and the signature of Queen Anne. Since then the representation of Scotland in the house of commons has been gradually increased from forty-five to seventy-two members. Scotland, as mentioned above, was to have the enjoyment of her separate system of laws and legal administration. But the laws of England and Scotland have been in many respects assimilated, the criminal law of the two countries being almost identical, although the methods of procedure are many respects different. The court of session, as the supreme court in civil cases is called in Scotland, dates from 1532, and was formed on the model of the parliament at Bayona held at Edinburgh. It consists of thirteen judges, acting as an inner and outer house. The inner house has three divisions, each presided over by a lord president, the first being presided over by the lord president of the whole court, and the second by the lord justice clerk. In the outer house five judges, called lords ordinary, sit in separate courts. Appeals may be made from the lords ordinary to either of the divisions of the inner house, and, if the occasion demands, the opinion of all the judges of the court of session may be called. Appeals may also be made from the court of session to the house of lords at Westminster. The lord justice general (lord president), the lord justice clerk and five other judges form the high court of judicature, instituted in 1672 for criminal cases, which sits at Edinburgh for the trial of cases referred to it from the circuit courts. The members of the bar who practice in these courts are described as advocates. The principal law officer of crown is the lord advocate, and the crown in England are styled solicitors, are known in Scotland as writers to the signet. Scotland is represented in the cabinet by a secretary for Scotland, who in the present administration is Captain Sinclair, son-in-law of Lord Aberdeen, the viceroy of Ireland. From this it will be seen that 200 years of union have not served to destroy the time-honored institutions of Scotland.



MERRY TWO-YEAR-OLD LAWRENCE HUNT BASSETT, WHO IS SPURNED BY THE FATHER OF HIS BROTHERS AND SISTERS.



PUBLIC PRINTING, EXPECTATIONS

NO THAW TRIAL TODAY
BECAUSE DEATH IN
JUDGE'S FAMILY

No Word So Far Received From Jury in the Steve Adams Trial.

ABE RUEF YET IS IN
HIDING SAYS CORONER

New York, Mar. 7.—Death in Justice Adams' family postponed the sessions of the Thaw trial for today and the court did not sit. On Friday when the court reconvenes the defense will call two more alienists, probably Dr. Graeme M. Hammond and Dr. Smith E. Jelliffe.

STEVE ADAMS JURY IS
NOT READY TO REPORT

Wallace, Mar. 7.—No word has come from the jury deliberations on the case of Steve Adams, charged with the murder of Fred Taylor, but the general impression is that the jury will not agree.

SCHMITZ PLEADS NOT
GUILTY, RUFF NOT FOUND

San Francisco, March 7.—At 10 o'clock this morning, the whereabouts of Abraham Ruff remained a mystery. Coroner O'Neil in the attempt to serve a bench warrant on the indicted man, reported to Judge Dunne at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Mayor Schmitz appeared before Judge Dunne and pleaded not guilty to the charges of extortion, perjury and conspiracy. He was committed to the county jail for the grand jury. By agreement of counsel next Monday was set for the trial. The court then adjourned until 2 o'clock to await the report of the coroner, who had been directed to take Ruff into custody, if he can be found.

UNITED STATES HAS NO
THOUGHT OF INTERVENING.

Washington, March 7.—Mexico and the United States are using kindly offices in an attempt to effect a settlement of the trouble which has arisen in the border between the Central American republics. Mexican Ambassador Creel had a long conference with Secretary Root today, and Minister of Nicaragua Corea and Minister of Costa Rica Calvo also called at the state department, but there were no late advices and none would even comment upon the situation today.

BATTLE WITH MINE
THE UNSUCCESSFUL

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 7.—It is reported at the headquarters of the Union Pacific Coal company here that the No. 2 mine at Cumberland, which closed on December 29, when fire broke out in the lower workings, is still on fire, and the efforts made to extinguish the flames have so far proven unavailing.

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SEAL FISHER WRECKED
IN ICE FLOES BUT
CREW ESCAPES

One Hundred and Three Men Reach the Shore in Safety Without Loss.

BRITISH CHANNEL SHIP
FLOATS OFF SAND BAR

St. John's, N. F., March 7.—The seal fishing steamer Leopard was crushed in ice floes off Cape Race during a terrific gale at midnight, and totally wrecked. The crew of 103 reached the shore in safety.

PASSENGER STEAMER ON
SANDS, BUT FLOATS OFF.

Flushing, Holland, March 7.—The British steamer Cambridge grounded this morning on Nolle Plaet, during a heavy gale. The vessel was not damaged and is expected to be refloated by the end of the day. The passengers are still aboard this afternoon.

Life Not Property Lost.

London, March 7.—There were forty-six passengers on the Cambridge and her crew consists of between forty and fifty officers and men. A telegram received this afternoon says the vessel is not in the slightest danger.

Resumes Trip to Antwerp.

Flushing, March 7.—The Cambridge was floated off the sand bank later in the day. She apparently suffered no damage and proceeded on her way to Antwerp.

Rumor Says Corey Will Resign.

Pittsburg, March 7.—It is stated here on reliable authority that W. E. Corey, president of the United States Steel corporation, will retire June 1.

General Streeter so Notifies Attorneys

For Her Son--Her Congressional Cousin Interviews Her--Prosecutors Fail to List Property.

Concord, N. H., March 7.—With all the lawyers in the Eddy case, with the exception of General Streeter, in Boston, the center of interest has shifted from Concord. General Streeter met John W. Kelly and Nathaniel E. Martin, of counsel for Mr. Glover, and notified them that he would not accept service in the suit for the defendants.

Later General Streeter met in his office Lewis C. Strang, assistant secretary to Mrs. Eddy. He brought a letter to General Streeter from Mrs. Eddy, and carried one back to her.

General Streeter would not discuss the case in any of its phases, but hinted that there might be important developments from his side of the case within a short time.

At the repetition of the report that Mrs. Eddy was planning to make a public statement within a few days, he merely smiled.

"I have always been represented by General Streeter," said Mrs. Tomlin-

HARRIMAN SAYS
HE MADE A
MISTAKE

Reported Sale of Steamship Company to Railroad Company.

NEBRASKA ROADS TRY TO
RETALIATE ON LEGISLATURE

Illinois Wheels Into Line With Two Cent Per Mile Maximum Rate.

New York, March 7.—E. H. Harriman arrived from Washington at noon today. He said he was well satisfied with his visit. He thought the administration had arrived at the conclusion that more attention and consideration should be shown to railway matters. Regarding his views of the general situation, he said: "We make mistakes. We sometimes have to back-track. I have had to do it."

Harriman intimated that he expects to visit Washington again shortly for an appointment with President Roosevelt.

ROAD ACQUIRES VALUABLE
STEAMSHIP LINE OF BOSTON.

Boston, March 7.—The New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has acquired control of the Merchants' & Miners' Transportation company, which operates steamers between Boston and Savannah, Ga., and intermediate points, according to a statement today by Mayor Fitzgerald. The mayor said his information came out at a conference held yesterday between him and Charles S. Mellen, president of the New Haven railroad, concerning transactions pending between the New Haven road and Chas. W. Morse, of New York, for the purchase of the Sound lines controlled by the railroad.

Statement Denied.

New York, March 7.—President White of the Merchants' & Miners' Transportation company, who was in this city today, denied that the steamship company had been purchased by the New Haven railroad.

RAILROADS RETALIATE BY
WITHDRAWING LOW RATES.

Omaha, Neb., March 7.—In retaliation for adverse legislation, the railroads today announced that they were withdrawing the two-cent per mile passenger fare bill, passed by the Nebraska legislature, and which went into effect this morning. All the Nebraska railroads have issued a circular this morning absolutely abolishing all classes of reduced fares.

ILLINOIS JOINS THE TWO
CENT PER MILE STATES.

Springfield, Ill., March 7.—The two-cent maximum railroad fare bill passed the house today by practically a unanimous vote.

BONAPARTE SAYS STATES
MAY BRING IN IMMIGRANTS

Washington, Mar. 7.—A statement was issued by the department of justice today concerning an opinion submitted to President Roosevelt by Attorney General Bonaparte, as to whether certain immigrants, who landed in South Carolina last fall, are legally in this country. The opinion states that the immigrants were entitled to admission to the United States and that they are in this country legally. This opinion agrees with the decision rendered upon the case by Solicitor Eadie of the department of commerce and labor.

FITZ WILL MEET
BURNS FOR \$5,000.

East Liverpool, Ohio, March 7.—Before leaving this city Bob Fitzsimmons issued the following statement: "I received in my mail here revised articles of agreement for my battle with Tommy Burns before the National Athletic club of Philadelphia. We will fight six rounds and my share of the gross receipts will be 30 per cent, with a guarantee of \$5,000. We will close the show in a few days and I will go into training on my farm in New Jersey. I will do only light work, as I am already in good shape and could go into the ring at a moment's notice."

WOMAN WHO SUED WALSH
UNDER FIRE IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 7.—An investigation made here into the affairs of the stock brokerage concern of Mrs. Harrison at 59 Broadway, by the United States postal authorities, revealed the fact that there is no such person as C. L. Harrison. It is simply the business title assumed by Violet Villers, sometimes known as Violet Villers, who brought three actions for \$300,000 damages against Thos. P. Walsh in September, 1904. James H. Mansfield, known as "Red Letter" Mansfield, who ran a "get-rich-quick" brokerage office here, and who disappeared in August, 1905, is associated with her in the new venture. Mansfield, when he disappeared, left a small army of clients, including many women, from whom he had secured a sum aggregating \$150,000. In a circular scattered broadcast the two promises that those who do as they advise will be wealthy before New Year's. Miss Villers filed her certificates as "C. L. Harrison" in the county clerk's office on January 21, and since that time the mails have brought to her office a steady stream of money for investment.

RUSSIA SUPPLIES UNUSUAL
RECORD OF FATALITIES.

Moscow, March 7.—A daring hold-up occurred at the university here today, while the officials were being paid off in the chancellery. Seven armed men arrived, threatened all present with revolvers, and demanded money. The intruders then fired into the air, seized \$20,000 and departed, killing the sergeant of police, whom they met at the door as he was about to enter.

Assassin and Victim Escape.

Warsaw, March 7.—A bomb was thrown at noon today into the street occupied by Prince Argyutynski, director of the government high school. The premises were wrecked, but the prince was not injured. The bomb-thrower, a youth, escaped.

IOWA BANK ROBBED
IN BROAD DAYLIGHT

Dubuque, Mar. 7.—The safe in the Farmers' Savings bank at Masonville, Iowa, was blown open early today, the robbers securing \$4,000.

MINORITY MUCH
HURT BY EX-
POSURE

Baraas Interview Was Thought to Be Great Card in War on Organization.

WHEN FALSITY PROVEN
CONSTERNATION CAME

Ruppe Introduces Bill Against Insurance Rebates by Company or Agents.

Special to The Evening Citizen.
Santa Fe, N. M., Mar. 7.—The exposure of the Barnes interview, alleged to have been authorized by Secretary Garfield, as published in the Journal, has created a sensation here. It was "a general feeling that no official would so atrociously declare himself with so little knowledge of conditions as 1,000 miles from New Mexico could obtain. It has served to show the weakness and desperation of the anti-republican machine and has caused the little minority supporting that shaky combine to tremble in its boots."

The interview, however, is in keeping with the line of fight conducted by the Journal throughout this session of the legislature.

The house this morning received two petitions from Abbott of Santa Fe favoring the educational bill. Holt introduced house bill No. 183, an act for the settlement of disputed accounts of public officials. This is a redraft of council bill No. 45, which recently passed, and was agreed upon by those interested as being more desirable according to an explanation by Mr. Holt in the house today. The bill passed.

House bill No. 184, by Sanchez, of Taos, provides for abolishment of gambling in New Mexico. It is a sweeping measure and will undoubtedly have the desired effect if enacted. It passed the house and will now go to the council. That body will have a chance to really go on record as to whether or not it favors anti-gambling by the government. The outcome is awaited with much interest among all taxpayers as well as gamblers themselves.

The bill provides a minimum fine of \$100 or a maximum of \$500 and a jail sentence for each violation.

House bill No. 185, by Trujillo, relative to listing of tax-exempt property, was referred to the committee on judiciary.

House bill No. 186, by Abbott, of Santa Fe, seeks to amend the act relating to the investigation of alleged illegal land sales, by the committee appointed to investigate the sale by the government. Referred to the committee on finance.

The resolution was very indefinite and stated nothing except rumors. It is said to be a retaliatory measure in its attempt to embarrass the house it was effective, however.

Continuing joint resolution No. 6, appropriating money for a memorial monument at Las Vegas, passed the house by unanimous vote, after eloquent and patriotic speeches by Eadie and others.

House bill No. 182, by Holt, relative to the sale of town sites where title is vested in the probate judge, was passed. The bill was passed by a vote of 18 to 10.

Ruppe this afternoon introduced house bill No. 187, to prohibit rebates by insurance companies or their agents.

Studley introduced house bill No. 188, an act to repeal chapter 6 of the acts of the 36th legislative assembly. The house is expected to take some action on this bill.

The house adjourned at 3:30 p. m. and took up the regular order of business.

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OFFICIAL PAPER FOR
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ATHLETICS WILL BE QUEEN SHOW

Various Events Among Ama-
teurs Have Been Stated for
Jamestown Exposition.

(By A. S. Kelton.)

Norfolk, Va., March 5.—Dr. William Grant, chairman of the championship committee of the South Atlantic association of the Amateur Athletic union, has applied to Honorary Director James E. Sullivan, of the Jamestown exposition athletic events, for the following dates on which to hold the different championships of this district: June 15, track and field championships; July 18, 19 and 20, swimming contests; September 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21, basketball championships; October 11 and 12, wrestling championships.

These events will be open only to the athletes residing in the territory of the South Atlantic association, which includes the states of Virginia, North and South Carolina, Maryland, West Virginia and the District of Columbia. Dr. Grant says that each of these events will draw large numbers of entries, and a most successful series of athletic meets is assured for the exposition.

Arrangements have also been made for the holding of a dual meet between the South Atlantic and Southern associations of the Amateur Athletic union. The southern branch is composed of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Tennessee and Texas. Each district will select a team of its best athletes, who will come together at the Jamestown stadium on October 5th, 1937.

It may be said that the scale upon which the Jamestown exposition is projected will reveal in its finality a climax magnificent, and in the ultimate analysis this will rest upon the original and distinctive features which serve to make this celebration unique in the history of its kind. In all the glory of a record pageant, and with grandeur there will be inaugurated on the shores and waters of Hampton Roads, near Norfolk, Va., a few weeks hence, what promises to be a great American celebration and in many respects the most notable exhibition in the history of the world, which this conclusion is based on a demonstration of the features which are distinctive to the own exposition, and it is with a view to the entire situation in the fact that this is the first great exposition to be held at the seaside. Its situation on the sea, in the midst of a beautiful country, and within the center of a populous civilization are points the potency of which is obvious.

The inspiration of this exposition is the romantic and inspiring event of the nation's history, and the memorialization of the birth of the nation, the country's birth provides a powerful appeal to the patriotism and sentiment of the great American public. It is situated in and surrounded by the most historic section of the United States, a point of no light significance to the multitude who delight in visiting the scenes where history was made.

Its site is a health resort, offering the tonic qualities of both land and sea, and to the pleasure seeker who would combine healthful recreation with sightseeing, no spot in 1937 can compare with that which lies on the border of America's finest harbor. For genuine amusement and real recreation it will offer opportunities possible only to such a site. To those who judge an affair of this kind by the actual monetary value of the exhibition, it may be said that the Jamestown exposition, in its various features, derivative, contributory and accessory, will represent a money valuation of quite \$150,000,000, a fact supported by evidence and easy demonstration. Whatever an exhibition provides for the pleasure and entertainment of visitors is a legitimate asset of such an exposition, and the question of how and whence any feature is derived in no wise alters the fact of its actuality. The participation of the nations of the world with their armies and navies is alone sufficient to make of this a great exposition, and while this might be eliminated and still leave a notable celebration, the addition of these features invest it with the dignity of a great world event and assure a triumph.

In the conception of this enterprise it was realized that the exposition of the twentieth century must offer novelty and originality and things not then met with in the daily walks of life, and so while the industrial and commercial features of the Jamestown exposition will be entirely adequate and equal to the displays of some of the greater of its kind, these have nevertheless been made secondary or subordinate to the romantic, the spectacular, the pleasurable and the historical to the end that it will set an unique precedent.

SAID TO RELIEVE ALL RHEUMATISM.

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup, one ounce; Compound Syrup, one ounce; Compound Syrup, one ounce. Mix by shaking well in a bottle. Take one or two spoonful doses after each meal and at bedtime. These ingredients can be obtained at moderate cost at any good prescription pharmacy, and being composed mainly of vegetable extracts, are harmless and will not injure the most delicate stomach.

This simple prescription is said to perform remarkable cures, in many cases of years standing. It has a peculiar effect upon the kidneys, assisting these most important organs to filter and strain from the blood the uric acid, uric acid, which causes the pain and misery of Rheumatism.

In the history of expositions and demonstrations there is something new under the sun.

Stop by stop, feature by feature, the project has from its inception been steadily rising in an ascending scale of distinction and impressiveness, the ultimate perfection of which will be revealed in the impressive pageantry of the great military, marine and naval displays that will be held within and without its gates. Under the mellow sublimity of a Virginian summer night, on one hand the dazzling illuminations of a stupendous armada, on the other the crowded splendor of an enchanted city fervid with festivity, a spectator at the extremity of the great government pier will enjoy a scene to which the gay revelries of old Venetian nights would offer no comparison.

"A STRANGER IN TOWN," MARCH 12

One of the most successful of our younger stars, Mr. Frank Beamish, will soon be seen in our city in "A Stranger in Town," heralded as a musical play and under the management of Harry B. Linton. Under this management Mr. Beamish is enabled to display his versatility and genius with consummate skill and charm of manner that will be found truly delightful. "A Stranger in Town" is one of those richly humorous and daintily charming musical comedies that is entirely free from the noxious doubt of the most fastidious, yet its action is grotesque, its situations ludicrous and its climaxes of the most intense laugh-provoking nature.

In addition to the bright lines several catchy musical numbers and specialties have been introduced which materially add to the production.

The company carries everything in the way of scenery and properties and a feature of the play is the costuming of the ladies, their gowns being the latest New York creations.

SONS OF MIKADO FAIL TO STEAL INTO UNITED STATES

Arrive on Prohibited Soil Only
to Fall in Clutches of
Immigration Agents.

Nine Japanese, after walking for eleven days through the mountains of Mexico and experiencing severe hardships to find a convenient spot for smuggling themselves into this country, have come to grief and are now in the hands of the immigration inspectors, says the El Paso Herald.

Four of them were captured in El Paso last evening; four were caught in New Mexico, seven miles west of El Paso, and the other one was apprehended at Deming. They are charged with violating the immigration laws by entering this country and they planned to outwit the officers.

To the interpreter at the immigration station the four Japs who were arrested in El Paso stated that they had come to this country from the west and immediately started out for the United States, where they expected to secure employment. Very little money was in the party. They learned that the immigration officers of the United States were stopping Japanese laborers from entering this country and they planned to outwit the officers.

They walked for eleven days through the mountains of Mexico and crossed the border near Marathón, which is about 200 miles east of El Paso. From Marathón they came to El Paso by rail. In El Paso they separated, five going west and four remaining here.

The eight Japs arrested at Las Cruces last week for violating the immigration laws were brought to El Paso by Immigration Inspector Rowe and were given a hearing yesterday afternoon.

The New York Central officials made a speed test at the scene of the recent wreck and made 83 miles an hour without an accident, which proves a train can make 83 miles an hour safely—sometimes.

SELF DEFENSE IN BRIDAL CHAMBER TRAGEDY



BEAUTIFUL GOLDIE NEILL, ARTIST'S MODEL WHO WENT DOWN HILL WITH SATAN AND IS CHARGED WITH SLAYING HER HUSBAND.

Bridgeport, Conn., Mar. 7.—Self-defense will be the plea in the bridal chamber murder case of "Goldie" Neill, artist's model.

Ever since her arrest she has denied that she slew her husband, a big strapping blacksmith. A pointed instrument had been driven into his brain through the eye. His bride's nail file, bloody, was found in her parson, and she was missing. Found in New York, she said he had fallen, striking his head on the wash stand. That did not account for an instrument penetrating his brain.

Now the defense has changed. When arrested, the beautiful woman was not a figure that artists

ONE WAY FOREST RESERVES DO MUCH GOOD

Settlers and Ranchers Near
Them Can Get Free Permits
For Use of Needed Timber.

The government during the past year has furnished \$75,000 worth of timber to settlers and ranchers in or near the reserves, without charge. One of the regulations of the forest service provides that legitimate applicants may secure what timber they need by what is conveniently called the "free use" privilege. Fifteen thousand permits in this way obtained timber to supply their wants.

From these figures it may readily be seen that the settlers are securing very material assistance without cost from the forest reserves. At the same time, the free-use business has been so handled that the material taken out has improved the condition of the forest. Dead timber which would otherwise have rotted or helped to spread forest fires has been removed first of all. Where it was necessary for the settlers to have green wood the ranchers, so far as possible, marked trees which were suppressed, diseased, or from some other cause no longer in a condition to furnish timber. The ranchers secured material which they desired, and at the same time the forest was left stocked with the thriftest trees, whose chance to develop will be unhindered.

The greatest amount of free use was on those reserves which lie in the semi-arid plain of the west, where there is least timber. On a number of reserves the value of the material for which permits were issued exceeded \$3,000, and on the Wenaha reserve in Washington and Oregon, the Bear River reserve in Utah and Idaho, and the Weiser and Henrys Lake reserves in Idaho, it exceeds \$4,000. If there had been no restriction on the settlers in securing this material, great waste would have resulted, because the settlers would have paid no attention to the future good of the forest or its value as a protective covering. Another distinct advantage of the system is that a settler, when he is given a permit, is sure of being able to get the material from the locality assigned to him without interference from other people.

Very little change in the handling of the free-use business is contemplated for the next year. The experience of the past year has shown, however, that methods can be systematized so as to give yet better service to the people and be more economical to the forest service.

This branch of the work of the forest service gives good evidence of the fact that the aim in the administration of the forest reserves is to aid the people in the development of the country and place only such restrictions on the cutting of timber as are necessary for the maintenance of a permanent timber supply and the conservation of water needed for irrigation, for cities, and for the generation of power.

The free-use privilege has been granted freely to ranchers who are building up homes, and enough timber will be reserved to supply their wants even if this will considerably reduce the amount of timber that can be sold.

Editor Most Anything
Do you believe there should be a law in this country preventing aliens from owning property?

CONSTANT READER.
If you mean the law should prevent them from owning property in their own country, no. If you mean preventing them from owning it in this country, yes. John D. Rockefeller and E. H. Harriman are having a hard enough time dividing what little there is.

There's ice in Maine 39 inches thick. And there are ice dealers in this neighborhood with skin thick that thick.

"Don't forget the old saying, 'Never say die.'"
"I don't. I always say bleach or peroxide."

ORDINANCE TO BUILD SIDEWALKS

Notice ordinance to build of cement, six feet in width, the sidewalks on the west side of North High street, from the intersection of Grand avenue, and on the south side of Iron avenue, between Third street and Fourth street.

It is ordered by the city council of the city of Albuquerque, New Mexico, that whereas, in the opinion of the city council, the city of Albuquerque, New Mexico, the building of cement, six feet in width, the sidewalks on the west side of North High street, from the intersection of Grand avenue, and on the south side of Iron avenue, between Third street and Fourth street, is necessary; and the owners thereof being as follows:

- On the west side of North High street, from Railroad avenue to Grand avenue.
- Lots 1 and 2, block 24, Huning Highland addition, J. Ravany.
- Lot 3, block 24, Huning Highland addition, W. D. Chace.
- Lot 4, block 24, Huning Highland addition, H. L. Hall.
- Lot 5, block 24, Huning Highland addition, H. L. Hall.
- Lot 6, block 24, Huning Highland addition, H. L. Hall.
- Lot 7 and 8, block 24, Huning Highland addition, Edna D. Worth.
- Lots 9 and 10, block 24, Huning Highland addition, Dr. F. J. Patchin.
- Lot 1, block 25, Huning Highland addition, A. E. Walker.
- Lot 2, block 25, Huning Highland addition, H. Kaas.
- Lot 3, block 25, Huning Highland addition, T. Nohl.
- Lot 4, block 25, Huning Highland addition, T. E. Ketchum.
- Lots 5 and 6, block 25, Huning Highland addition, A. G. Cook.
- On the south side of Iron, between Third street and Fourth street—
- Lots 7 and 8, block J. Atlantic and Pacific addition, T. B. Reinhardt.

Section 1. That the above described sidewalks and the same are hereby ordered to be built of cement of the width above specified, in accordance with the provisions of the ordinance governing the construction of cement sidewalks in the said city of Albuquerque, and in accordance with the grade to be furnished by the city engineer, and the same shall be begun and completed within sixty days after the publication hereof and service of a copy hereof on the respective owners or the agents of said lots abutting on said sidewalks.

Section 2. The city marshal be and he is hereby ordered to notify the respective owners of the lots abutting lots, or, if they be non-residents, then the agent or person in charge of the lots, by delivering a copy of this ordinance to each of them or to such agents or persons in charge, or, if there be no such agent or person in charge, then by posting a copy hereof on conspicuous places on said respective lots within ten days from the publication hereof, and make due return thereof to the city clerk, with the names of the service agents of each of them, by authority of the city council, and that the said respective owners thereof shall be thereby notified and ordered to build said sidewalks to the full length of their respective abutting lots, of the materials and dimensions, and within the time above specified, and that the respective owners thereof, failing thereof, the city will, by authority in it vested by legislative act of the territory of New Mexico, entitled, "An Act to Authorize the Building and Repair of Sidewalks in Cities, Towns and Villages," proceed to build said sidewalks and tax the cost of the construction thereof against the owners of the same.

Duly passed this 4th day of March, 1937.
Approved: FRANK MCKEE, Mayor.
Attest: HARRY E. LEE, City Clerk.

"Preventives" will promptly check a cold or the grippe when taken early or at the "sneeze stage." Preventives are little candy cold cure tablets, and Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., will gladly mail you samples and a book on colds free, if you will write him. The samples prove their merit. Check early colds with Preventives and stop pneumonia. Sold in 5c and 25c boxes by all druggists.

UNITED STATES GRAND JURY INDICTS DR. JOSE L. CABELLERO—ARRAIGNED AND PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

Santa Fe, March 7.—The first case taken up yesterday was that of the United States vs. Manuel J. Tafay and Cruz Pacheco, and this case occupied the attention of the court the entire day. The defendants are charged with forgery and adultery. Catron & Gortner appeared as counsel for the defendants, while United States Attorneys Llewellyn and Leahy are conducting the prosecution.

One indictment has thus far been returned by the United States grand jury. It is against Dr. Jose L. Cabellero and charges him with adultery. The defendant was arraigned yesterday morning and entered a plea of not guilty, and his case was set for hearing during the present term of court.

The Caballero case promises to be somewhat sensational. A week ago Cabellero was arrested, together with Mrs. Carlotta Howard Segura, upon complaint of the woman's husband, Jose Segura, of this city, who charges the defendant with violating the Edmunds act. At the time of their arrest they were given a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner John P. Victor, who bound them over to await the action of the grand jury in the sum of \$500 each. Being unable to furnish bail, both defendants were taken to the county jail to await trial.

The case of the United States vs. Dr. J. H. Sloan, of this city, who is charged with making illegal entries upon coal lands in this county, has been continued until the next term of the United States court, by agreement of the attorneys for the prosecution and defense.

Never can tell when you'll mash a finger of suffer a cut, bruise, burn or scald. Be prepared. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil instantly relieves the pain—quickly cures the wound.

AN ORDINANCE TO BUILD SIDEWALKS

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When You Need DRUGS

Don't always think how cheap you can get them. Think instead, where you can get the freshest, the purest and strongest and come where you can always get them. We have only one quality the BEST ALWAYS. And our prices are always the lowest, quality considered.

The HIGHLAND PHARMACY

Occidental Life Building.
Corner Broadway and
East Railroad Avenue
Colo Phone, Black 20.

SEEK A RELIABLE DENTIST

Full Set of Teeth
Gold Crowns \$150
Gold Crowns \$50
Painless Extracting 50c

ALL WORK ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED.



B. F. COPP.

ROOM 12, N. T. ARMJO BLDG.

BURDENED BY GREAT LIFE TRAGEDIES, HE TRIES SUICIDE

WEALTHY EXILE, AFTER VAINLY TRYING TO CLEAR NAME, SUICIDES FROM GREAT FIRE, AND SHOOTS HIMSELF OVER WHITTEN RECORDS OF THE PAST.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 7.—Unable to bear a burden trifling compared to one he bore in his youth, John Schaber shot himself twice and died. In his room he was found leaning over a transcript of the case of the king of Wuertemberg against Johann Schaber. It turns out that, although now wealthy and respected, Schaber was a convict in the old country.

However, Schaber was no ordinary convict. He was a little Dreyfus case. It is claimed.

Schaber was the only son of a prominent citizen of Unterhainreith.



JOHN SCHABER.
A Man of Many Great Trials, Who Finally Ends His Burdens Too Great to Bear.

a village. In 1859 a half dozen young men attacked him on the road at night. The assailants—all but one—confessed themselves in the wrong and settled his doctor bill. The other man was found dead a few days later, having crawled away and bled to death.

An ambitious young crown attorney conducted a relentless prosecution of Schaber. He was brought before a court and sentenced to death. Witnesses recanted testimony, and the court recommended clemency. The king commuted the sentence to life imprisonment, and Schaber spent eleven years as convict No. 323 in the prison at Stuttgart before he was pardoned.

At once he came to this country, prospered and married.

About twelve years ago, when he had wealth and prestige, he opened a campaign for a reopening of the case against him in Germany. A great stir was made. An editor who espoused his cause went to jail for it. The former prosecutor was now the chief justice of the court of appeals. Owing to the criticisms of his conduct in the old case he resigned and he said to have died insane.

How to Remain Young.
To continue young in health and strength, do as Mrs. N. F. Bowman, McDonough, Ga., did. She says: "Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured me of chronic liver and stomach trouble complicated with such an unhealthy condition that I was unable to eat. I turned red as flannel. I am now practically 20 years younger than before I took Electric Bitters. I can now do all my work with ease and assist in my husband's store." Guaranteed at all dealers. Price 50c.

Constipation causes headache, nausea, dizziness, languor, heart palpitation. Drastic physics gripe, sicken, weaken the bowels and don't cure. Doan's Regulator acts gently and cures constipation. 25 cents. Ask your druggist.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.—Messenger boys. West ern Union Telegraph office.
WANTED.—At once, a girl who understands starching. The Imperial Laundry Co.
WANTED.—Gentlemen's second-hand clothing. No. 515 South First street, south of viaduct. Send address and will call. R. J. Sweeney, proprietor.
WANTED.—A position by man of 30 years. Honest, sober and not afraid of work. Have references. Address "C. E." care of Citizen office.
AGENTS WANTED.
MEN AND WOMEN ARE MAKING \$10 to \$25 a day selling our embroidery goods. No capital or experience required. Why not you? Write for samples and exclusive agency. U. S. EMBROIDERY WORKS, Omaha, Neb.

FOR RENT.—Three rooms for light housekeeping; \$12. Inquire at 403 North Second street.

FOR RENT.—A furnished house of four rooms; bath and two screened porches. 363 South Fourth street.

FOR RENT.—For two months, six-room furnished home, close in; all modern conveniences. Inquire M. Mandell or Scott Knight.

FOR RENT.—Five room house, partially furnished, electric light and bath, low rent. 203 North Second street. Apply to F. H. Strong.

FOR RENT.—A five-room cottage, well furnished; also two and three-room flats. Apply 110 East Coal avenue.

FOR RENT.—A six room two-story brick house, corner of Seventh street and Tijeras avenue. Inquire at Champion Grocery, 624 West Tijeras avenue.

FOR RENT.—Five-room house in good repair, corner of Railroad avenue and Hill street. Low rent to a permanent tenant. Inquire of J. F. Luthy.

FOR RENT.—Nine-acre ranch, on Mountain road; 3-room house, large chicken yard, 6 acres in alfalfa, 2 acres in fruit trees. Inquire at this office.

FOR RENT.—Cheap, furnished rooms for light housekeeping in the country. Garden chickens, stable. See Miss Philbrick at Kindergarten, 614 West Gold avenue, forenoon.

FOR RENT.—Nicely furnished rooms \$1.00 per week and up; also nice rooms for light housekeeping \$1.00 per week and up, furnished with stove and cooking utensils and dishes. The Minneapolis House, 534 South Second street, Albuquerque, N. M.

FOR SALE.—A one-horse trap, cheap. 295 Buena avenue.

FOR SALE.—A good big cow, will be fresh soon. See George K. Neher.

FOR SALE.—Small business, with horse and wagon, paying \$18 per week. Sell cheap for cash. Address C. B. Clifton.

FOR SALE.—The Claude Girard property on Mountain road, first house west of acequia, near Sixteenth street. Inquire on premises or at 300 North Broadway.

HAIR DRESSER AND CHIROPYDIST.
Mrs. Bambini, at her parlors, No. 209 West Railroad avenue, is prepared to give thorough scalp treatment, do hair dressing, treat corns, bunions and ingrowing nails. She gives massage treatment and manicuring. Mrs. Bambini's own preparation of complexion cream builds up the skin and improves the complexion, and is guaranteed not to be injurious. She also prepares a hair tonic that cures and prevents dandruff and hair falling out; restores life to dead hair; removes moles, warts and superfluous hair. Also a face powder, a freckle cure and pimple cure and pile cure. All of these preparations are purely vegetable compounds. Have just added a vibrator machine for treatment of scalp, face and cure of wrinkles. It is also used for rheumatism, pains and massage.

Don't let the baby suffer from eczema sores or any itching of the skin. Doan's Ointment gives instant relief, cures quickly. Perfectly safe for children. All druggists sell it.

Subscribe for The Citizen and get the news.

Every Woman
An internal and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
the new Kiehl Frigide
Last-Moment-reprieve
in all cases of
menstrual trouble
and all other
gynecological
troubles. It is
a safe and
effective
remedy.
Circular sent on request.

ELKS OPERA HOUSE
THURSDAY, MARCH 7

★ONE NIGHT★
MAHARA'S
BIG MINSTREL
CARNIVAL

Grand Elevated First Part—Comedians, Dancers, Singers, Combined With Lady Chorus.

Second Part
Olio of pleasing Vaudeville Specialties

Acrobats, Musical Acts, Marches, Drills, Song Hits, Latest Musical Numbers, Quartets, Octets, Choruses by Lady Members, Electrical Feats.

Concluding with the one-act Musical Comedy,
Susie's Band

Prices 50c, 75c, and \$1.00

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS

MONEY TO LOAN
On Furniture, Pianos, Organs, Horses, Wagons and other Chattels; also on SALARIES AND WAGES. HOUSE RECEIPTS, as low as \$10 and as high as \$200. Loans are quickly made and strictly private. Time: One month to one year given. Our rates are reasonable. Call and see us before borrowing. THE HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Steamship tickets to and from all parts of the world. Rooms 3 and 4, Grant Bldg. 315 West Railroad Ave. PRIVATE OFFICES. Open Evenings.

You Waited Too Long

and we sold that snap to another party who took time by the forelock. We have one or two more almost as good though. Come in and ask about them.

PORTERFIELD CO.

216 West Gold Ave.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

LAWYERS.
Ira M. Bond.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, 22 F.S.T., N. W. Washington, D. C. Patents, land patents, copyrights, caveats, letter patents, trade marks, claims.

R. W. D. Bryan.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Albuquerque, N. M. Office, First National Bank building.

E. W. Dobson.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office, Cromwell block, Albuquerque, N. M.

SAVING PRECIOUS LIVES ALREADY SUCCESS AT FIRST ANTI-SUICIDE BUREAU AMERICA

POOR, DISCONSOLATE UNFORTUNATES TAKEN IN BY SALVATION ARMY IN NEW YORK AND PERSUADED FROM SELF-DESTRUCTION—HOW THE MAGNIFICENT WORK IS BEING DONE.

(By W. H. Briggs.)
Special Correspondence.

New York, March 7.—Results are already beginning to come in from the suicide bureau, established at the 14th street headquarters of the Salvation Army. It has been in operation only a few days, and the list of persons helped—saved from self-destruction—includes many women as well as men.

Absolute secrecy is maintained about the poor unfortunates who come to the army. Enough is known about the work already done here in New York, however, to say that it is a positive success, and that as soon as practicable like bureaus will be established in other cities, most of them in the west and south.

Captain French, who has general supervision of the anti-suicide work, said:

"We have fixed up pleasant quarters for the work. The men are received on the eighth floor by Commander Thomas Holland, a man who has had vast experience in dealing with poor, discouraged men about to end all. On the seventh floor the women are received and counseled by Mrs. Brigadier Bovill, a woman officer of the army fitted for the work by a similar experience.

"We shall not do any outside work in the prevention of suicide, except when a man, for instance, writes to us that he is going to kill himself. Then, of course, we will look him up. They can come here without the slightest fear of publicity.

"The suicide bureau is kept open until 9 o'clock at night. Men and women can come right in here and unload their troubles until that hour. We shall tell those who think their illnesses are incurable to cheer up and forget all about them. If a man says that he has embroiled or has done anything wrong in secret that is worrying him to make reparation. In some cases we shall give financial aid to those who need it."

From statistics gathered by the army, the number of suicides in New York reach 22.7 per 100,000. In cities like St. Louis the rate is around 23.2 and the average in 50 cities is 17.9. San Francisco reaches high-water mark with a percentage of 49.6.



COMFORTING AND PERSUADING AN UNFORTUNATE, HEART-BROKEN GIRL.

Here is a photograph that has a heart sob in it for everyone. This poor girl, wayward and outcast, and drinking to the dregs her ocean of lonely suffering has sought as a very last resort in her anguish of mind, the woman's department in the anti-suicide bureau. As she neared the desk, crying pitifully, Mrs. Brigadier Bovill arose and tenderly pressing the unfortunate into her own chair, began to soothe and comfort her. This womanly gentleness to woman rarely fails. Persuasion follows. The unfortunate will promise, and if she is in immediate need of help of any kind she will be helped.

For catarrh, let me send you free, just to prove merit, a trial size box of Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. It is a snow white, creamy, healing anti-septic balm that gives instant relief to catarrh of the nose and throat. Make the free test and see. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

COMMANDER EVA BOOTH EXPLAINS ANTI-SUICIDE PLAN

IN EXCLUSIVE STATEMENT FOR THE EVENING CITIZEN SHE CLASSIFIES THE DISCONSOLATES BENT ON SELF-DESTRUCTION.

(By Commander Eva Booth.)

Our anti-suicide bureaus in America will be conducted along the same lines as the one in London, where during the first week over 300 persons intended taking their own lives came to us to talk it over. These included all classes and conditions of society, from gentlemen in silk hats to Billingsgate sweepers, and from ladies in furs to Magdalenes of Piccadilly Circus.

It was necessary to classify the applicants and treat them accordingly, as follows:
The Lonely—Includes those who having lost friends or home ties feel that the whole world no longer has any charm, and whose only thought was to end their misery as quickly as possible.
Sick and Incurable—Includes those hypochondriacs who thought they were in this condition and who, unable to see any light but suffering and helplessness before them, had reached the point of self-destruction.

Unemployed and Financially Embarrassed—Composed mostly of people who through change in circumstances had become poorer and poorer, and suffering from poverty and want, too proud to beg and too honest to steal, had reached the conclusion that life was not worth living.

Victims of Drink and Drugs—Those suffering from dipsomania and from evil results of the drug habit, who had decided they were without hope in the world.

Victims of Nervous Disorders—Composed of those suffering from neurasthenia, and who were also bent on seeking release from their afflictions by death.



COMMANDER EVA BOOTH. She says in an exclusive statement that all classes of society are reached in the anti-suicide work.

MOST ANYTHING

Things You Should Know.
That every good blacksmith is a forger.
Carpenters are the real counter-fitters.
Farmers enact many harrowing scenes.
Prizefighters first introduced knock-out drops.
The coroner always wants the dead facts.
Printers are of various types.
The sages make a great improvement in our dress.
The tailor reaps from what he sows.
The ferryman takes you over for a spell.
The autoist is usually a person of much scent.
Police-men get the "blues" as soon as they get on the force.
Jewelers always work over-time.
Electricians are usually light-fingered.
A glazier's work is sometimes very painful.
Photographers have taking ways.
—Jo Kos.

A Modest Demand.
"I have called," said the up-to-date and progressive suitor to Mr. Gold, "to ask you for your daughter's hand in marriage."

"Do you love my daughter?" ventured Mr. Goldie.
"Sir," replied the progressive suitor, "I absolutely necessary, ab-so-lute-ly! But I must have the assurance that I will be supported in a style befitting to one of my high social standing. And—I might here add that I must be assured of a reserve fund that will cover all divorce proceedings or alimony demands that are liable to arise in the future as a result of an undertaking of this nature. Also, you will be expected to contribute to the grass widowers' fund!"

"Anything more?" gasped the astonished banker.
"Nothing more, sir, unless we insert the mother-in-law clause," replied the young man. "You will now I will attach your signature to the documents and the deal will be consummated."

It Was Freaks They Wanted.
A young Irishman lately applied at a recruiting station in New York city seeking enlistment into the army. Although of apparent fine physique and of the best of character as attested by a letter from his former employer, a well-known lady of Fifth avenue he was unable to pass the physical examination. A few moments later, on being told of his rejection, he assumed a doleful attitude and inquired the reason for his rejection.

"Your hearing is defective," answered the medical examiner.
"What?" demanded the young Irishman, throwing his chin forward and frowning his forehead as though he did not comprehend.
"The reason is, you can't hear 'n one ear!" returned the physician impatiently.

The youth eyed the doctor hard for a moment, then slapped his hat on his head.

"Begobbs, it's freaks ye want in your army, thin!" he exclaimed, moving toward the door. "Onny sinible mon or woman 'll tell ye when ye go 't look fer a job, that only wan ear is fer what ye hear 't go into; th' other is fer what ye hear 't go out of!"

Why He Did Not Mention It.
"This man," announced the doctor, after a long examination of the patient in the hospital charity ward; "this man has adhesions around the lungs and heart, congestion of the liver and stomach and fatty degeneration of the spleen and kidneys. Now—"

"Beg pardon, Doc," said the patient, lifting his head from the pillow. "You omitted to mention 'the brain.'"

"That," rejoined the physician, piquantly, "I have as yet been unable to locate!"

A Hog Title.
Boy—Teacher, Johnny Mack is home sick with a dislocated jaw.
Teacher—How did he do it?
Boy—Taking a bite out of Pansy Fogarty's apple.

Believed in His Own Signs.
"Who is that man who goes by here carrying an umbrella on clear days and having none on stormy days?"

"Oh, that's Billings, the government weather forecaster."

Be careful in small things and the big things will take care of themselves.
Be the first to confess your faults.
It is only the fool who never makes a mistake.
Be not afraid of a strict boss. You will learn nothing from an easy one.
Be willing to work for more than you are paid for. It's credit to your account.
Be wise enough to know that criticism is the friend of success.

Saved Her Son's Life.
The happiest mother in the little town of Ava, Mo., is Mrs. S. Ruppee. She writes: "One year ago my son was down with such serious lung trouble that our physician was unable to help him; when, by our druggist's advice I began giving him Dr. King's New Discovery, and I soon noticed improvement. I kept this treatment up for a few weeks when he was perfectly well. He has worked steadily since at carpenter work. Dr. King's New Discovery saved his life."

RAISED CORN WITH STALKS SEVEN FEET HIGH.
Winson Nelson, the ranchman from Genoa, was in the city yesterday, buying spring calves from the dairymen, says the Las Vegas Optic. He anticipates one of the best seasons for many years, as the soil is in perfect condition for early planting. Last year he produced on unirrigated land corn that reached as high as seven feet and had ears like Kansas corn.

THE POLICY OF THIS STORE

Is to clean up stock once yearly and open season with new goods.

The Name

Wm. CHAPLIN

Not only means the Best Shoes but it stands equally for honest advertising.

3000 Pairs Men's Fine Shoes

All Other Shoes at 10 Per Cent Discount

Our window display will give you an inkling of the shapes that stylish dressers will wear, but come in and carefully inspect the shoes themselves. We feel confident that if you are a man who wants the best money can buy we will have your trade.

Wm. CHAPLIN---SHOE STORE 121 RAILROAD AVE.



COMMANDER THOS. HOLLAND WORKING WITH A DISCOURAGED, WOULD-BE SUICIDE IN THE MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

One of the Important Duties of Physicians and the Well-Informed of the World

is to learn as to the relative standing and reliability of the leading manufacturers of medicinal agents, as the most eminent physicians are the most careful as to the uniform quality and perfect purity of remedies prescribed by them, and it is well known to physicians and the Well-Informed generally that the California Fig Syrup Co., by reason of its correct methods and perfect equipment and the ethical character of its product has attained to the high standing in scientific and commercial circles which is accorded to successful and reliable houses only, and, therefore, that the name of the Company has become a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy.

TRUTH AND QUALITY

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing, therefore we wish to call the attention of all who would enjoy good health, with its blessings, to the fact that it involves the question of right living with all the term implies. With proper knowledge of what is best each hour of recreation, of enjoyment, of contemplation and of effort may be made to contribute to that end and the use of medicines dispensed with generally to great advantage, but as in many instances a simple, wholesome remedy may be invaluable if taken at the proper time, the California Fig Syrup Co. feels that it is alike important to present truthfully the subject and to supply the one perfect laxative remedy which has won the approval of physicians and the world-wide acceptance of the Well-Informed because of the excellence of the combination, known to all, and the original method of manufacture, which is known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

This valuable remedy has been long and favorably known under the name of—Syrup of Figs—and has attained to world-wide acceptance as the most excellent of family laxatives, and as its pure laxative principles, obtained from Senna, are well known to physicians and the Well-Informed of the world to be the best of natural laxatives, we have adopted the more elaborate name of—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as more fully descriptive of the remedy, but doubtless it will always be called for by the shorter name of Syrup of Figs—and to get its beneficial effects always note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package, whether you simply call for—Syrup of Figs—or by the full name—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—is the one laxative remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. and the same heretofore known by the name—Syrup of Figs—which has given satisfaction to millions. The genuine is for sale by all leading druggists throughout the United States in original packages of one size only, the regular price of which is fifty cents per bottle.

Every bottle is sold under the general guarantee of the Company, filed with the Secretary of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., that the remedy is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. U. S. A. New York, N. Y. London, England.

Faywood Hot Springs

FAYWOOD, New Mexico

PLEASANTLY SITUATED.
EASY TO REACH.
RELIEVES PAIN.
BUILDS UP THE SYSTEM.
CURES RHEUMATISM.
CURES KIDNEY AFFECTIONS.
CURES DIABETES.
CURES INDIGESTION.
CURES DROPSY.

ACCOMMODATIONS FIRST CLASS.

See Santa Fe Agent for round trip rates, good for thirty days.

Write us For Catalogue of
PLOWS & ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY



WAGON REPAIRS AND BLACKSMITH SUPPLIES

J. KORBER & CO., WHOLESALE

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M. 212 NORTH SECOND ST.

Albuquerque Foundry and Machine Works

R. P. HALL, Proprietor.
Iron and Brass Castings; Ore, Coal and Lumber Cars; Shaftings, Pulleys, Grade Bars, Babbit Metal; Columns and Iron Fronts for Buildings.

Repairs on Mining and Mill Machinery a Specialty.
Foundry east side of railroad track. Albuquerque, N. M.

WE FILL PRESCRIPTIONS RIGHT At Consistent Prices

B. RUPPE

203 WEST RAILROAD AVENUE NEXT TO BANK OF COMMERCE.

W. L. TRIMBLE & CO.

LIVERY, SALE, FEED AND TRANSFER STABLES.

Horses and Mules Bought and Exchanged.

BEST TOURNAMENTS IN THE CITY
Second Street, between Railroad and Copper Avenue.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Thos. F. Keleher

DEVOTES READY PAINT
One Gallon Covers 600 Square Feet.

PAIEMENT ROOF PAINT
Stops Leaks, Lasts Five Years.

JAP-A-LAC.

408 West Railroad Avenue

Worked Like a Charm.
Mr. D. N. Walker, editor of that spicy journal, the Enterprise, Louisa, Va., says: "I ran a nail in my foot last week and at once I used Buckle's Arnica Salve. No inflammation followed; the salve simply healed the wound." Heals every sore, burn and skin disease. Guaranteed at all dealers. 25c.

Heart Strength

Heart Strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Possessing 100,000,000 nerves in a hundred lb. man, actually, it is almost always a hidden little nerve that really is all at fault.

This obscure nerve—the cardiac, or Heart Nerve—simply needs, and must have, more power, more stability, more controlling, more governing strength. Without that the heart must continue to fail, and the stomach and kidneys also have these same controlling nerves.

This clearly explains why, as a medicine, Dr. Shoop's Restorative has in the past done so much for weak and ailing hearts. Dr. Shoop first sought the cause of all this painful, palpitating, suffocating heart distress. Dr. Shoop's Restorative—this popular prescription—is alone directed to these weak and wasting nerve centers. It builds; it restores; it offers real, genuine heart help.

If you would have strong hearts, strong digestion, strengthen these nerves—re-establish them as needed, with

Dr. Shoop's Restorative
"ALL DRUGGISTS"

THE ALBUQUERQUE CITIZEN

Published Daily and Weekly.

By The Citizen Publishing Company

W. S. STRICKLER,
President.W. T. McCREIGHT,
Business Manager.

ARGUMENT UNANSWERABLE

For sound judgment, clear and unimpassioned expression and unanswerable arguments, The Citizen can truly say that it has not often seen an article in a newspaper which it so heartily commends, as an editorial in the New Mexican last evening. It is headed "Character Assassination," and has reference to the hue and cry raised by the anti-republican press, especially of this city, against H. O. Bursum, as former superintendent of the territorial penitentiary. Here is the article in full:

It is no more the business of the superintendent of the territorial penitentiary to keep the books and accounts of the institution than it is of the chief executive of the territory to keep the books and the accounts of the territory, and he is no more blameworthy for the shortcomings of the other men employed by the board of commissioners or even by himself, than the governor is to be blamed for the shortcomings of the territorial treasurer or auditor or other of his appointees. Both, in a certain sense, are responsible, but only to a well defined extent. It is as reasonable to demand that the chief executive of New Mexico must be the scapegoat for any untoward financial condition of the territory, or any of its counties or cities, as it is to expect that the superintendent of the penitentiary must account for monies spent by the board of trustees in direct charge of the institution. What should be expected of the superintendent is executive ability, a thorough organization of the forces under his supervision, the enforcement of discipline, the prevention of escapes, the suppression of harshness and cruelty to prisoners by understrappers, and the setting of an example of morality, sobriety and clear-headedness that will influence favorably and command the respect of the unfortunate men who are serving sentences in the institution.

But, granting that the superintendent should also be the bookkeeper and should be responsible for the financial sins of those under him, the yellow press of the territory for almost a year has been shrieking their hoarse over two accusations against the former superintendent of the penitentiary, which are utterly incompatible with each other and that disprove each other, so that any thoughtful man or woman can see for him self or herself that the accusations are trumped up, false and ridiculous, and the result of personal spite and hatred. One accusation is that former Superintendent Bursum burned some of the old records of the penitentiary in order to hide the evidence of financial shortcomings, while the other accusation is that the live accounts copied into the new set of books from the old books before the old ones were destroyed, bear on their face the crude evidences of fiscal deficits and wrongdoing.

It is only an idiot who would destroy the original evidence, but preserve the certified copy of such evidence. Even his opponents do not accuse the ex-superintendent of being an idiot. If the new set of books installed while Mr. Bursum was superintendent showed evidence of doctoring, of careful work to hide the traces of financial crookedness, then there might be ground for suspecting someone, not necessarily, however, the superintendent, of having profited at the expense of the territory, but not even the enemies of Mr. Bursum accuse him of having falsified entries, doctored accounts, books, or juggled entries.

It is no wonder, therefore, that his enemies submit with bad grace to a proposition to have a thorough, impartial investigation made by an expert officer of the select court, who will stand above blandishments, influence and other methods that are used to reach even secrets when they are hired at so much per day and understand that they must earn their per diem by finding crookedness, even if such finding does irreparable harm to an upright man who deserves well of the people, of the government and of his party, and who is the very soul of financial probity and honor. What need the imported expert care, for he is not responsible to anyone, and he lives here today, there tomorrow, and must earn his salt by pleasing his employer, who would think he was remiss if he did not find something out of the ordinary or make a learned report that can be taken to mean anything and everything, but that really proves nothing.

AN OBJECT LESSON

The Duluth News-Tribune, in speaking of its own town, has the following to say, which is not without interest to Albuquerque:

"St. Paul is raising a publicity fund of \$50,000. It will all be spent in advertising the city, and the major part has already been pledged. Minneapolis, more than a year ago, raised a very large sum, and we understand that the results were so satisfactory that it has recently been duplicated.

In Minneapolis besides the usual forms of publicity, a man has been employed who devotes his whole time to boosting Minneapolis. It is probable St. Paul will follow this example. Indeed, it is the only certain method of making other kinds of advertising worth the while.

With St. Paul spending \$50,000 to tell of its resources and advantages, with Minneapolis using annually half that sum to reach out for industries for that city, Duluth will need to get busy or be satisfied to sit by the wayside and watch the procession go by.

It is no longer the city with the greatest natural advantages that gathers in the industries; it is the city with the longest reach. The city that trusts to its good looks and resources which were given it at birth, forgets that both can be made and that the artificial are frequently more captivating than those which come by birthright.

Chihuahua Enterprise: The expected has happened. Hon. Enrique C. Creel, Mexico's ambassador to the United States, will be a candidate for governor of the state of Chihuahua, the election for which takes place in June next, and the regular four years' term begins in October of this year. The announcement of Ambassador Creel's candidacy can be set down as a fact, as it was publicly announced on Thursday by the El Norte, a daily newspaper published in this capital. Other Mexican newspapers in the state are to follow. When Mr. Creel resigned the acting governorship to become ambassador, it looked out from people in a position to know that he would not be away long; also that he would be a candidate at the coming election to succeed the present constitutional governor, Gen. Luis Terrazas. While the news is no surprise at this time, it is none the less agreeable to the foreign population in this capital and throughout the state.

The Toledo, Ohio, Blade says that the country may hope next year to find Senator Foraker a supporter of Secretary Taft for the presidential nomination. It adds: "The senator's health nowadays is none of the best. Presidential campaigns are fatiguing even for men in rugged health. He has made for himself a conspicuous place and country-wide reputation where he is. His coming out for his fellow Ohioan and fellow Cincinnati next year would have two assured results, whatever the outcome of the national convention and the election; it would give him a firmer grip on his seat in the senate, and it would clear the political atmosphere in Ohio mightily."

Socorro Chieftain: That plan to have county school superintendents appointed by the territorial board of education is not meeting with favor from the territorial press. The editors doubtless express a popular sentiment when they manifest opposition to a plan which tends to deprive voters of a voice in the choosing of their own officials. It must be conceded that the sentiment is well supported. Experience has taught that one of the best means of educating citizens to an intelligent and wise exercise of their political privileges is to let them exercise those privileges subject to the consequences of their own mistakes. This people can be trusted to become wise by experience. When they have done so, their own administration of their public affairs is the administration which is best for all concerned.

The proposed change in the boundaries of Quay county, if carried out, would take from San Miguel county one of its richest sections, and certainly its best stock section. No doubt the senators from San Miguel will be heard from on this matter later.

It seems there are some now who, like the old negro man, at the close of the civil war, think that if you tell a lie you must stick to it.

Las Vegas is to have a colony of Dowdites to settle on its grant. Better get somebody else.

HOW JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING PROMOTES BUSINESS ACTIVITY

One of the very best signs of the times in the financial world is the awakening of interest in all matters pertaining to investments. This has been brought about in many ways, particularly in the greater diffusion of knowledge concerning established enterprises and also of undertakings about to be consummated. Since the better class of houses began to create a demand for their securities by advertising, an increasing number of publications have become more particular as to the character of the advertising they carry, until now there has come about a marked lessening of prejudice among the more conservative investors. On their part, the publications have given more and more space in the news and editorial columns to accounts of the doings of reputable concerns, while several of the magazines have engaged well known writers to treat of the various phases of investments in an attractive and entertaining manner. In times past it was not difficult to induce men and women to part with their savings or to reinvest their holdings in some doubtful enterprise, but people are getting wise and now demand facts where previously the promise of glittering profits blinded their intelligence.

Financial advertising, so long in a rut, is constantly changing for the better, and the time is nearly here when it will rank with that done by the leading merchants and manufacturers, which has become almost a science. Instead of mere announcements of the size of a company, the names of those most interested and the alluring returns offered, there is a marked tendency, not only to display the facts intelligently, but to persuade and convince. This, then, is the essence of good financial advertising and applies equally to any other enterprise which has got something to sell and wants to find buyers.

Following up their statements in newspapers and magazines, the banker and the broker will add to their list of customers the names of those attracted to the firm's advertisements and endeavor to keep in touch with them by personal calls by circulars, and other announcements, making them feel that the house has their interest at heart and not forgetting the all-important fact that one satisfied customer is the best endorsement of the policy of that concern which is seeking constantly to increase its business.—Wall Street Summary.

COMPARISON OF NATIONS IN COMMERCE OF WORLD

Translating from an article in our contemporary, Le Matin, contributed by M. Jules Roche, which had earlier appeared in the Republique Francaise, we gather that France has fallen from the high estate of second place in the world's commerce in 1886, to fourth place! The article reads:

In 1886, the total commerce of the world was a little more than 69,000,000,000 francs. Of this aggregate, France was credited (in millions of francs) with 7,457; England, 13,920; Germany, 7,240; United States, 6,074; Belgium, 2,517; Italy, 2,486; Switzerland, 1,405; Russia, 3,660; Canada, 919; Japan, 461.

Thus, in 1886, France was second in rank, and was only passed by England, leading Germany and the United States. Our part proportionately in universal commerce was 11 per cent; England's 20 per cent; Germany's slightly less than ours (11 per cent); and the United States 2.8 per cent.

In 1905, the world's commerce is shown to have reached 124,000,000,000 francs, an increase of 55,000,000,000 francs, or about 78 per cent.

This aggregate is credited (in millions of francs): France, 9,645; England, 19,105; Germany, 15,105; United States, 13,358; Belgium, 5,402; Italy, 3,785; Switzerland, 2,382; Russia, 1; Canada, 2,292, and Japan, 2,079.

The spectacle has been transformed! From second place, France has fallen to fourth. Germany and the United States have measurably outstripped us. We have assuredly increased, but only by 2,188 millions, or 29 per cent; and our proportional part in the world's increased trade is only 7.7 per cent in place of 11 per cent within mentioned.

The trade returns of the United States in American currency for 1886 and 1905, respectively, were: \$1,302,000,000 and \$2,636,000,000. The French computation in francs is fairly accurate. If these figures put a crimp in the French statistician's mind, what of our progress in 1905, what must be the sum of our trade total for 1906—\$2,790,126,916? It's so far above the French total he will probably need a telescope.—Wall Street Summary.

HAPPY ESCAPE OF MUCH FRIGHTENED SHIP PASSENGER

It was on board the Northern Light, says Captain Osborn in "A Sailor of Fortune," that a false alarm of fire was sounded and disaster prevented only by prompt action. A passenger looking down through the boiler hatch saw the red-painted boiler fronts, and seeing the flame-like color amid a cloud of steam, shouted "Fire!" Immediately the whole vessel was in an uproar and a dangerous panic was imminent. It was one of the under-officers.

The climax came when the quartermaster saw a minister of the gospel on the rail trying to lower the bow of one of the ship's boats. I ran to him and ordered him to come down on deck. The minister paid no attention, and I seized his coat tails to drag him down by force.

Perhaps it was an old coat, for the seams parted, and a second later I had the ministerial coat tail in my hands. He came down then. He was angry, and likewise a spectacle to look upon.

He started to call an indignation meeting, but most of the passengers had recovered from their fright by this time, and were inclined to be merry at the reverend gentleman's expense.

He went raging to the captain, who summoned me to appear. I came, still carrying the coat tail in my hand.

"Mr. Osborn," he said, "what are your orders in case of a false alarm of fire?"

"My orders," I said, "are to stop it by any means necessary. I may knock a man down, throttle him, or split him wide open."

The captain turned to the frate minister.

"Those are Mr. Osborn's orders," he said. "You are fortunate that it was only your coat that was split open."

The danger from the false alarm of fire on ship-board is second only to the real thing, and is always a peril to be met promptly.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS

The following quotations were received by F. J. Graf & Co., brokers, over their own private wires from New York, Room 37, Barnett building, Albuquerque, N. M.:

New York Stocks.	
American Sugar	129 1/2
Amalgamated Copper	105
American Smelters	133
American Car Foundry	41
American Iron Works	92 1/2
Anacosta	68 1/2
American Locomotive	69 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio	105 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	18 1/2
Canadian Pacific	173 1/2
Colorado Fuel	39 1/2
Chicago Northwestern	155
Erle com	29 1/2
Louisville and Nashville	118
Missouri Pacific	76 1/2
Mexican Central	21 1/2
National Lead	85 1/2
New York Central	121
Norfolk	81 1/2
Northern Pacific	134 1/2
Ontario and Western	40 1/2
Pennsylvania	126
Reading com	119
Rock Island com	22 1/2
Southern Pacific	85 1/2
Southern Railway	21 1/2
St. Paul	141 1/2
Union Pacific	164 1/2
U. S. S. com	40 1/2
U. S. S. pfd	101 1/2
Greene Con	28 1/2
Sanita Fe Copper	4 1/2
Shannon	20 1/2
Calumet and Arizona	177 1/2
Copper Range	88 1/2
North Butte	106 1/2
Butte Coal	33
Old Dominion	52
May cotton	\$10.04
Total sales	1,405,000.

Summary of Conditions.
New York, Mar. 7.—Americans in London irregular; rather below parity.

Car and Foundry dividends unchanged.

Bank of England rate unchanged. Harriman says he has done nothing in the stock market for the past week.

Light demand for stocks in Loan crowd and no indication of scarcity in Reading.

Gould roads cancelling orders for cars and locomotives.

H. C. Frick believed to be most important factor in Reading.

Kansas City Livestock.
Kansas City, Mar. 7.—Cattle receipts, 6,900, including 300 southern. Market steady to strong. Southern steers \$4.00@5.25; southern cows \$3.00@3.75; stockers and feeders \$3.50@5.35; bulls \$3.00@4.25; calves \$4.00@7.50; western fed steers \$4.00@5.50; western fed cows \$3.00@4.50. Sheep receipts, 6,000. Market steady. Muttons \$5.00@5.75; lambs \$7.00@7.50; range ewes \$5.25@6.00; fed ewes \$5.75@5.85.

Omaha Livestock.
Omaha, Mar. 7.—Cattle receipts, 5,000. Market steady. Western steers \$2.25@5.20; Texan steers \$3.00@1.50; canners \$2.00@3.00; stockers and feeders \$2.00@4.85; calves \$3.00@6.50; bulls \$2.75@4.50. Sheep receipts, 4,000. Market steady. Yearlings \$5.75@6.50; ewes \$5.25@6.75; lambs \$6.50@7.50.

Produce Market.
Chicago, Mar. 7.—Closing quotations: Wheat—May 76 1/2; July 77 1/2 @ 3/4.

Corn—May 47; July 46 1/2 @ 3/4. Oats—May 42 1/2 @ 3/4; July 37 1/2 @ 3/4. Pork—May \$6.40; July \$18.57 1/2 @ 16.00.

Lard—May \$9.90; July \$9.62 1/2 @ 1/2.

Ribs—May \$9.12 1/2; July \$9.25.

Chicago Livestock.
Chicago, Mar. 7.—Cattle receipts, 5,000. Market strong for ten cents higher. Beef steers \$4.25@5.20; cowboys \$1.75@5.25; stockers and feeders \$2.75@4.90; Texans \$4.00@4.75; calves \$6.00@7.25. Market steady. Sheep receipts, 12,000. Market steady. Sheep \$3.75@5.65; lambs \$4.90@7.75.

Money Market.
New York, Mar. 7.—Prime mercantile paper 5 @ 6; silver 68 1/2; money on call firm, 4 @ 6 per cent.

Metal Market.
New York, Mar. 7.—Lead quiet, \$6.00@6.30; copper firm \$25.25@25.50.

Spelter Market.
St. Louis, Mar. 7.—Spelter steady, \$6.75.

FOREST RESERVE ORDER UNWELCOME

Washington, Mar. 7.—Western congressmen are not pleased with the proclamation of President Roosevelt establishing ten new forest reserves and enlarging twenty-two already established, making a total of nearly 16,000,000 acres.

It was stated Tuesday by the forest service that no grazing fees would be imposed upon stock grazing in the new reserves and additions this year, and that stockmen who have been ranging stock upon the lands converted into reserves would be permitted to continue such grazing without interruption.

By states the acreage in the new reserves and additions is as follows: Colorado, 3,025,720 acres. Idaho, 965,960 acres. Montana, 3,350,140 acres. Oregon, 4,052,000 acres. Washington, 4,231,000 acres. Wyoming, 137,000 acres. The lands added in Colorado are: Park range 438,000 acres. Holy Cross, 71,600 acres. Uncompahgre, 164,450 acres. San Juan, 740,000 acres. Montezuma, 1,140,000 acres. Medicine Bow, 2,560,000 acres. Las Animas, 192,000 acres. The only addition in Wyoming is the Bear Lodge reserve, 137,000 acres.

\$200 REWARD.

Is offered for the capture of Antonio Pettine, the murderer of Benedetto Berardinelli. Chien was committed in Albuquerque Monday, February 4.

C. A. and C. GRANDE.

GOLD STAR SALOON

Old Albuquerque

Beer Hall Place of Recreation.

First Class Wines Liquors and Cigars

FRATI & MONROE

The St. Elmo

JOSEPH BARNETT, Prop'r.

120 West Railroad Avenue

Finest Whiskies

Wines, Brandies, Etc.

SAMPLE AND CLUB ROOMS

WHY DID WE SELL SEVENTEEN LARGE RUGS LAST WEEK?

Because we have the prettiest line of Axminsters, Wiltons, Velvets and Brussels in the territory.



A Rug With the Sheen of Gems

can be seen in our stock of real antique Turkish rugs. But "there are others," rich in color and beautiful in design, in our exquisite stock of Persian, Bokhara, Daghestan, in our lines of oriental rugs, and we have many beautiful domestic rugs in Wilton, Axminster and in the cheaper ingrain art squares that we are selling at wonderfully low prices.

F. H. STRONG,
STRONG BLOCK

WILLIAM McINTOSH, President

SOLOMON LUNA, Vice-President

T. C. NEAD, Treasurer and Manager



For the
Best Line of
STOVES
In Albuquerque
See Ours



McINTOSH HARDWARE CO.

EMPEROR WILLIAM AGAIN DINES WITH TOWER.

Berlin March 7.—Emperor William dined with Ambassador and Mrs. Charlemagne Tower today. This is the fourth time that his majesty has dined at the American embassy since Mr. Tower has been here. The season of court entertainments is now near over and the emperor is beginning his spring trips to various parts of Germany. He visited the naval station at Wilhelmshaven yesterday and took part in a smoking concert at the Officers' club. It does not appear to be settled whether his majesty is going to the Mediterranean this year.

"VENGEANCE IS MINE."

Boise, Idaho, March 7.—The senate has passed the house bill appropriating \$50,000 for carrying on the prosecution in the Stoumenberg murder case. This bill went through both houses unanimously, as did the bill appropriating \$54,516 for expenditures for which deficiency certificates had been issued.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework, at good wages. Apply forenoon. Mrs. Simon Stern, 702 West Copper avenue.

ELKS OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY

HARRY B. LINTON

Presents

FRANK BEAMISH

In the

Breezy Comedy with Music

A STRANGER

IN TOWN

And a Capable Company

A ROARING FARCE FILLED WITH LAUGHTER AND MUSIC

Absolutely

A GUARANTEED ATTRACTION

Prices, 50c, 75c, \$1.00

J. D. Eakin, President.

G. Giomi, Vice President.

Chas. Melini, Secretary

O. Bachechi, Treasurer.

Consolidated Liquor Company

Successors to

MELINI & EAKIN, and BACHECHI & GIOMI.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

We keep everything in stock to outfit the most fastidious bar complete

Have been appointed exclusive agents in the Southwest for Jos. S. Schiltz, Wm. Lamp and St. Louis A. B. C. Breweries; Yellowstone, Green River, W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook, Louis Hunter, T. J. Monarch, and other standard brands of whiskies too numerous to mention.

WE ARE NOT COMPOUNDERS.

But sell the straight article as received by us from the best vinteries, Distilleries and Breweries in the United States. Call and inspect our Stock and Prices, or write for illustrated Catalogue and Price List, issued to dealers only.

Humphrey OVALS

HEAT with the

Whole of it.

COOK with

Half of it.

Simple,

Cheap,

Economical.

The Albuquerque

Gas, Electric Light

and Power Co.

Corner Fourth and

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VAST RESOURCES OF SONORA, MEXICO

Interview With D. C. Hobart on the Land of Fabulous Natural Wealth.

D. C. Hobart of Silver City, well known throughout New Mexico, has been in Albuquerque for the last day or two, having recently returned to New Mexico from an extended trip through the state of Sonora, Mexico.

In conversation with a representative of The Citizen, Mr. Hobart expressed the very highest appreciation of that country, which he thinks will some day pass to the United States by purchase. At present, nearly every enterprise in a large part of that state is financed by American capital or owned and operated by Americans, while Americans and American capital are flowing in daily in an ever increasing stream. One might expect these Americans to be almost exclusively from the southwest part of the United States, but this is not the case. Very nearly every part of the union is represented.

The condition already existing will be intensified and augmented by the extension of American railways into Sonora. The Phelps-Dodge people have already reached Nacazari and no doubt will make Turicopolampio, on the Gulf of California, their southwestern terminus. The Southern Pacific, starting from Guaymas, runs south as far as the Yaqui river, where it branches, one part going to Guadalupe, while the other circles back to the river through the western part of the state. Each company has several large corps of engineers in the field, and railway construction is going on at rapid rate.

Mr. Hobart says that the natural resources of Sonora are almost inconceivable. Vast and virgin forests clothe its mountains and hillsides with billions of feet of merchantable timber; luxuriant stock ranges stretch over the uplands with food for absent herds; and fertile valleys abound with water and when it comes to mineral stores, the imagination staggers at the reality. Only a small part of these resources are of value because of the lack of transportation to market, but the branching of American railroads into this state is opening up immense opportunities for investments in sections ahead of construction at present, but which will soon be reached by the completion of the railroads. Mr. Hobart said that no American has anything to fear from the Yaqui, whether he be alone or in a crowd of other Americans, and that the Yaqui is against Mexicans exclusively.

As an illustration of the mineral wealth of that country, Mr. Hobart spoke of the Mochizuma mine, owned by the Phelps-Dodge people. Among many openings there is one especially worthy of mention. This is 130 feet deep, 180 feet wide and 250 feet high, in which not a single piece of timber is needed. The entire mine, of which there is a single opening, is lighted and operated by electricity supplied by a plant five miles below, where there is a 600-ton per day concentrating plant. This plant is connected by the Southwest railway. There is now in process of erection another plant of 1,200 tons daily capacity, giving a daily output of 1,800 to 2,000 tons of concentrates. Mr. Hobart thinks the Mochizuma mine will undoubtedly prove the greatest copper producer in the world, but he thinks there are many others in Sonora, not yet developed, which can be made close developments.

GOLDEN STATE LIMITED

The first four cars and the engine of the Golden State limited, which left El Paso Tuesday afternoon for Chicago over the Southwest railway, were on the other side of El Paso, at 11:45 o'clock Tuesday night. The cause of the wreck is unknown at headquarters.

Railway Mail Clerk Graham, who was in the mail car, was slightly injured and one passenger was slightly hurt. The train was in charge of Conductor Oliver, of 1215 Wyoming street, El Paso.

The train tore up several lengths of track when the first four cars and engine left the rails.

The two trains destined for El Paso are on the other side of the derailment.

MONTANO JAILED FOR SHOOTING HERRERA

After an all-day trip through the mountains, Deputy Sheriff Albert Paul arrived here last evening from Chihuahua with Desiderio Herrera, who shot and probably fatally wounded Jose M. Montano at Chihuahua last Monday. The prisoner was placed in the county jail to await the action of the grand jury.

The shooting was the outcome of a drunken row. Montano was a 44 caliber revolver to argue his point, and did so with telling effect. The bullet entered the left shoulder, passed entirely through the body, perforating the right lung. At the time the deputy sheriff left Chihuahua, the wounded man was not expected to live.

M'NEIL FUNERAL SET FOR TOMORROW

Friends of the late Rev. J. W. T. McNeil, whose sad death occurred yesterday morning, who came to view the remains will be given an opportunity to do so tomorrow at A. Borders' undertaking parlors, where the body will lie in state from 8 o'clock in the morning till 2:30 in the afternoon. The funeral will be held from the First Baptist church at 3:30 o'clock, ministers of the numerous churches of the city having charge of the ceremony.

The relatives have been communicated with and requested that the remains be shipped to the old home at Rocky Mount, Va., for burial, and with this in view, the body will be placed aboard train No. 8 tomorrow evening.

"And what," thundered the excited orator, "is the result of this wicked and pernicious system? John D. Rockefeller has gone on, piling dollar on dollar, thousands on thousands—adding millions to millions, until today he is worth \$1,000,000,000."

"Pardon me," interrupted a man in the rear of the hall. "One of Mr. Rockefeller's managers issued a statement two weeks ago, saying the oil man was worth only \$300,000,000."

"And kindly pardon me," retorted the orator, "I said 'today.'"

RAND CONCERT

Tickets Going Fast at Matson's

Friday Evening the 8th

FLATBOAT MEN RETURN BY TRAIN

Johnson-McGaffey Party Reported Shipwrecked; Story Denied.

The hunting party composed of W. P. Johnson, Ralph Johnson and A. B. McGaffey, which went to Espanola a few days ago with a flat-bottom boat with the expectation of floating down the Rio Grande with the current to Albuquerque, has returned, but its members did not come by boat. They rode in on the train yesterday.

All claim that the trip was a great success, but each mysteriously avoids the one question, "Why didn't you come all the way by boat?" Over the telephone Mr. McGaffey told the reporter that the start was made at Espanola and that the party was on the water the greater part of a day, when they landed at Buckman and drove to Santa Fe, where they boarded a train to complete the journey home.

The reporter told Mr. McGaffey that he heard a couple of ladies on the street car say that the hunting party had been shipwrecked and that they had lost their guns. Then the following conversation took place:

"What did you do with the boat?"

"We left it at Buckman."

"Where is Buckman?"

"About twenty miles below Espanola."

"How big a boat was it?"

"It was fourteen feet long and four and one-half feet wide."

"How thick was it? Did it have an airtight compartment?"

"I didn't look to see how thick it was, but it was a good boat."

"But didn't you have a shipwreck?"

"I don't know of any shipwreck."

Mr. McGaffey could not be made to verify the story heard on the street car, and as neither Mr. Johnson or his son could be located by telephone, the above story will have to stand.

The boat was left at Buckman.

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JOHN FISHER GOES TO JAIL IN DEFAULT OF \$500 BONDS

Telltale Hat May Send Painter to the Penitentiary.

John Fisher, the painter, charged with attempting to hold up the New York saloon, was bound over to the grand jury yesterday afternoon and incarcerated at the county jail in default of \$500 bonds. A paint smeared hat was lost by the would-be hold-up at the time the bartender began shooting at him, which the police believe belongs to Fisher. The hat fits Fisher's head exactly.

SOME OF "SUNSET" COX'S SATIRE

(By Ida M. Turbill.)

There was a pretty general frank admission that the war tariffs ought not to go on, but "if you get it for your constituents you must give it to me for mine." It was a phase of the great joy to "Sunset" Cox, and he mocked at it in a speech long remembered.

"Let us be to each other instruments of reciprocal rapine," said Mr. Cox. "Michigan steals on copper; Maine on lumber; Pennsylvania on iron; North Carolina on peanuts; Massachusetts on cotton goods; Connecticut on hairpins; New Jersey on spool thread; Louisiana on sugar, and so on. Why not let the gentlemen from Maryland steal coal from them?"

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JUDGE ABBOTT CALLS JUDGE HEACOCK ON CARPET

Court Wants to Know Why Defendant Does Not Pay Wife Alimony.

Judge W. C. Heacock, a well-known attorney and notary public of this city, is before the district court, in session at the Bernalillo county court house this afternoon, having been called there to show cause why he has failed to pay alimony to his wife, from whom he has been separated for the last several months.

His case was to have been heard at 10 o'clock this morning, but owing to the time taken in making up the civil docket, it was postponed until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

When interviewed by a representative of The Evening Citizen this morning, Mr. Heacock said he wanted to make a statement through the newspaper, but that he could not do so until after he had been before the district court.

Mrs. Heacock, also, was seen by the representative of this paper, but she had nothing to say, more than that she was told that her husband had bought two railroad tickets some time Wednesday afternoon, and that a woman whom she names as co-respondent in the case, used of the tickets in leaving town. Mrs. Heacock said she had been told that the tickets were for Raton, and that again she had heard they were for Kansas City.

Mrs. Heacock, with her three children—two girls and a boy—have been in Albuquerque for about four months, but she had been separated from her husband long before that time. She alleges that he has absconded with the money, and has refused to pay her alimony as ordered by the court, pending the divorce proceedings.

Mr. Heacock was arrested in the old town last night by Under Sheriff Fred Heyn, upon a warrant sworn out by Mrs. Heacock.

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TREATING WATER BY ELECTRICITY AT ALAMOGORDO

Experiment Attracting Attention of Railroads Throughout the Country.

About thirty days ago the El Paso & Southwestern installed a plant for the treating of water electrically by the Jewell system to remove boiler incrusting matter of a soluble and insoluble nature. It has been in operation now for some time at the building formerly occupied by the machine shops and is said to be a decided success.

To a man who is not technically informed the process seems very simple and the men at the plant state that it is as simple as it looks. A series of tanks contain aluminum plates and connections similar to a plating battery. The water runs by gravity from one tank to the next lower through the series and comes in close contact with all the plates through which a current of electricity is flowing.

The electric current has the property of rendering the most of the solids insoluble and ready for precipitation. The water is then run into a large settling tank and allowed to settle. As it is drawn off from the settling tank the water is put through a filter under pressure, and comes ready for the storage tank or immediate use.

The scale of hardness of the Alamogordo water is said to be 38 and by this method of treatment it is reduced to 7 and is said to be about as low as rainwater after the treatment.

The plant will be increased at once from what is now little more than an experimental size to one with a capacity of 120,000 gallons per day, and it is stated further that plants will also be installed at Pintado and Pastura.

The material is now here for installing the plant and the company's bridge carpenters will arrive in a few days to go to work. This method of treatment, which is practically without chemicals, renders the water fine for drinking purposes and is especially recommended for sanitariums and other places where much water is consumed.

The efficacy is indicated in one way visible to anyone, and that is when the settling tank is cleaned out. If the plant has been running for any length of time the bottom is covered to a depth of several inches with a white sediment, and the battery tanks all have the appearance of having had lime thrown at them.

Officials of the Mexican Central are watching the Alamogordo experiment with interest and it is said that road will install plants all along its line for the treatment of water—Alamogordo Advertiser.

The railroad managers in several states declare that if the fare is reduced to 2 cents they'll take off some of the trains. That will have its advantages. There'll be fewer trying to pass on the same track.

APPLES! APPLES! APPLES!! TWELVE VARIETIES. FRUIT HOUSE. 206 S. SECOND ST.

A Pittsburg astronomer, reporting on his investigation of the sun spot, says he was unable to see it. He did not say whether or not he saw the sun.

The American Lumber company mills closed down this morning for the usual spring repairs, and the dredging of the log pond. Mr. Johnson, president and general manager of the company, said this morning that it would probably be a week before work is resumed. The Zuni Mountain railway, the company's log road in the Zuni mountains, is also out of operation, undergoing repairs, both to the track and the rolling stock.

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SUPREME COURT REMARKABLE RECORD

During One Hundred and Seventeen Years [Has Had] But Seven Chiefs.

PRESENT AND PAST OF ITS VARIOUS QUARTERS

Interesting Reminiscences of Many Who Have Sat on Bench as Associates.

Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller has presided over the deliberations of the supreme court for eighteen years, and despite a multitude of rumors in connection with his resignation and retirement to private life, maintains a Sphinx-like silence while receipting candidates for the greatest office in the gift of the president are kept guessing and the politics of a great party are, to a certain extent, depending upon a decision which, if made, has not yet been announced. Since Chief Justice Fuller was appointed in 1888 ten associate justices have been appointed, three of whom have retired and one has died. Associate Justice Shiras, appointed in 1892, retired in 1902, and Associate Justice Brown, who ascended the bench in 1890, doffed his judicial robes in 1906. Associate Justice Jackson, who sat the decisive vote in the famous income tax case, died in 1895, after two years of service upon the bench. Associate Justice Harlan is the only judge upon the bench now who was there when Chief Justice Fuller received his appointment. Harlan was appointed in 1877, and won complete a term of thirty years' service, distinguished by a number of era-marking opinions.

Of the eight chief justices of the United States, Fuller ranks already third in length of service. John Marshall occupied the central chair for thirty-four years during the golden age of the supreme court, and his successor, Roger B. Taney was chief justice for twenty-eight years. Fuller must serve twenty years longer if he desires to exceed Taney's term. Should the instantly rumored plans reach fulfillment with the appointment of the administration's "big controller" to the highest office in the gift of the president, Secretary Taft would be chief justice. Since the organization of the government in 1789 there have been twenty-five presidents, scores of senators, and hundreds of chief justices. But with the passage of these 117 years only seven chief justices if we exclude one who was not confirmed, have presided over the deliberations of the world's greatest court. And while any schoolboy can gibberish the names of the presidents with the dates of their administrations yet it will puzzle many an adult to recall the names in order of the men who have occupied the center seat of the august tribunal. As for the fifty-four associate justices, since 1789 scarcely half a dozen names are familiar save to the student of history. And yet at the time of appointment, practically every one of them was among the country's most distinguished jurists.

The Great John Marshall.
John Marshall so overshadows his predecessors that one is apt to forget that he was the fourth to occupy the office of chief justice of the court during the early years of the republic. It was very difficult to find properly qualified jurists who would accept the appointment. It was with reluctance that John Jay, the first chief justice, consented to take the position, which he held only six years, resigning to become governor of New York. Probably there could not be pertinent or significant commentary upon the changed conditions which 177 years have wrought. It is almost impossible to imagine a chief justice, or even an associate justice, resigning in these days in order to accept any position save that of the presidency itself.

In 1795, Washington appointed former Associate Justice John Rutledge, of South Carolina, to the chief justiceship, in spite of the vigorous opposition of his cabinet, but the senate rejected the appointment. The real reason being that the mind of this illustrious patriot had become seriously impaired. Washington, then commissioned William Cushing, senior associate justice, as chief justice, but the distinguished Massachusetts jurist declined the appointment, preferring to retain his former position. Oliver Ellsworth, of Connecticut, then a senator, was then given the position, which he retained only four years, resigning to become envoy extraordinary to France.

President Adams then offered the position to Jay, who declined reappointment, saying: "I am not a politician. I left the bench perfectly convinced that under a system so defective it would not retain the energy, weight, and dignity which was essential to its affording due support to the national government, nor acquire the public confidence and respect which, as the last resort of the justice of the nation, it should possess."

Voiced General Opinion.
Jay simply voiced a generally prevailing opinion. It was declared that "politicians of that day simply bivouacked in the chief justiceship on their march from one position to another." And the court carried with it so little of the dignity it afterward attained that judges took active part in politics. Chase, in 1860, canvassed Maryland for the administration, and Jay, while chief justice, also held the office of secretary of state for six months, and resigned only when a third office was thrust upon him. Even Marshall, after his appointment by Adams, remained secretary of state for several months, discharging the duties of the two offices concurrently. The boasted independence of the judiciary was a fiction in the early days, and did not become a fact until Marshall was firmly seated upon the bench, and finally lifted the court into that serene and lofty atmosphere that has characterized it since his day and made it in fact a co-ordinate and co-equal department of the government.

The supreme court has had several habitations. Its first sessions were held in the old exchange in New York. It was only a brief residence, however, and soon followed by ten years in Philadelphia, where it sat in the old city hall. Here appeared Randolph, Bradford, and Lee as attorneys general for the United States, and here practiced Hamilton, Marshall, Campbell, Innes, Wickham, and many members of the Philadelphia bar. When the court was transferred to Washington, the leaders of the old Philadelphia bar followed, and maintained their supremacy for many years, during which Dalls, Rawles,

Tilghman, and Ingersoll added fame to their reputations. It is significant of the esteem in which the court was held in those early days that its quarters should be tucked away in the basement of the new capitol. It was established in a small chamber approached by a narrow hall, having an eastern door of entrance upon the capitol grounds. It was known as the "Cave of Trophonius," a name bestowed upon it in derision by John Randolph. It was one of the few rooms spared by the conflagration started by the British soldiers in 1814. Here for thirty-four years John Marshall sat in the midst of his eight associates, and in this unimposing chamber, now used as the supreme court library, the constitution took form and substance in the golden age of the court. The walls of this old chamber, seldom visited by the tourist, bear the profound arguments of Pinkney, Fox, Venable, and others, but always prepared with an elevated and classical, but of considerable legal attainments, Emmet, the consummate lawyer, "daring, dashy and magnetic, and Webster, inspiring and profound."

Abandoned "Cave of Trophonius."
When additional wings were added to the capitol for the senate and the supreme court, the "Cave of Trophonius" to the old senate chamber, which it has occupied ever since. The court, since its establishment, has had to take for its habitation the cast-off quarters of congress. The argument that as an equal and co-ordinate branch of the government it is entitled to a home of its own dignity equal to that of the president and congress has had no effect but opinion now appears to be crystallizing in favor of recognizing the importance of the nation's great court of last resort by erecting for it a temple of justice equal in simple architectural beauty to the court palaces of other nations and in harmony with the existing position the court now occupies in the nation's life.

An appointment to the supreme court is an excellent promise of long life, judging from the records. Of the court as at present constituted, Chief Justice Fuller and Associate Justice Harlan were born in 1833; Associate Justice Brewer, in 1837; Associate Justice Brown, in 1836; Associate Justice White, in 1837; Associate Justice Peckham, in 1833; Associate Justice McKenna, in 1834; Associate Justice Holmes, in 1841; Associate Justice Day, in 1840. The most recent appointment, Associate Justice Moody, of Massachusetts, is the baby of the court, as his birth did not occur until 1857. Of the retired justices, Justice Brandeis was born in 1856, and Mr. Shiras in 1832.

The term of service of Chief Justice Marshall, thirty-four years, has not been exceeded, but has been equalled by the terms of service of story and Field, Wayne, of Georgia, and McLean, of Ohio, served thirty-two years; Bushrod Washington, of Virginia, thirty-one years; Johnson, of South Carolina, thirty years; Catron, of Tennessee, twenty-eight years; Nelson, of New York, twenty-seven years; Duval, of Maryland, twenty-five years; Crier, of Pennsylvania, and Clifford, of Maine, twenty-three years each; Bradley, of New Jersey, twenty-two years; Gray, of Massachusetts, twenty-one years; Cushing, of Massachusetts, twenty-one years; Thompson, of New York, and Swayne, of Ohio, twenty years each.

The shortest service was that of Harrison, of Maryland, who was an associate justice a year. Rutledge, of South Carolina, Trimble, of Kentucky, and Jackson, of Tennessee, were on the bench for only two years. Only twenty-three states have been called upon to furnish members of the supreme court. Of these New York stands at the head of the list with seven members since the organization of the tribunal. Massachusetts and Ohio come next, with six members each. Virginia has had five members, including the great John Marshall. Maryland and Pennsylvania have furnished four members

each, and South Carolina, North Carolina, Tennessee, Illinois and California two each. Connecticut, New Hampshire, Maine, Iowa, Mississippi, Kansas, Michigan, and Louisiana have had one appointment each during the 117 years of the court's existence.

MAHARA'S MINSTRELS IS THE ATTRACTION TONIGHT

Mahara's big minstrel carnival will appear at the Elks' opera house tonight. This is an old-established company of a great many years standing and does not need the newspaper boasting that ordinary traveling companies do that strike our city. The Mahara minstrels carry a first-class entertainment in all details. They open their show with an elevated and classical, but of considerable legal attainments, Emmet, the consummate lawyer, "daring, dashy and magnetic, and Webster, inspiring and profound."

Had dyspepsia or indigestion for years. No appetite, and what I did eat distressed me terribly. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me. —J. H. Walker, Sunbury, Ohio.

NEW POSTOFFICES AND PENSIONS

The following pensions have been granted:
Robert Stewart, Lincoln, N. M.; special act granting him a pension of \$24 per month, from February 6th, 1897.

Jose Enriquez Lopez, El Rito; pension increased to \$2 per month, from \$1 per month, from February 6th, 1897.

James M. Ross, Central; pension of \$2 per month, from September 17th, 1905.

The following changes in postoffices have been made:

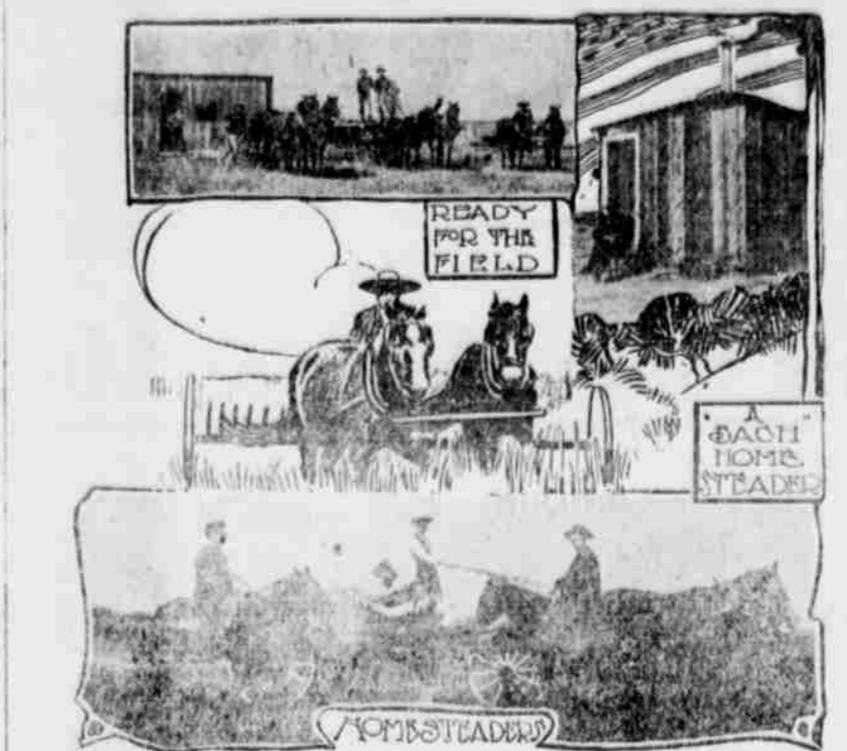
Hidelfonso, Santa Fe county, discontinued; patrons will be supplied from Hobbs.

Padillas, Bernalillo county, Patrio Chaves appointed postmaster.

Postoffice established at Vaughn, Garfield county, and Robert L. Lovick appointed postmaster.

The News—No pure crux, cough laws would be needed, if all cures were like Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is—and has been for 29 years. The national law now requires that if any poisons enter into a cough mixture, it must be printed on the label or package. For this reason mothers, and others, should insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. No poisons marks on Dr. Shoop's labels—and none in the medicine, else it must by law be on the label. And it's not only safe, but it is said to be by those that know it best, a truly remarkable cough remedy. Take a chance, particularly with your children. Insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Compare carefully the Dr. Shoop package with others and see. No poison marks there. You can always be on the safe side by demanding Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Simply refuse to accept any other. Sold by all druggists.

"HOMESTEADING IT"



(By Anna Ballard Reeves.)
I Ranch, Watkins, Colo., March 7. —The widespread interest in the Campbell system of dry farming has caused many a city man to contemplate with longing the quiet life on a farm.

He reads the glowing reports in the papers of the success of the "system" and wonders why fate thrust him into a little niche in the great noisy city.

The mechanic after a hard day in a close dusty shop listens eagerly as he hears on the car snatches of conversation upon the subject of taking up claims.

The longing to own 160 acres possesses him. The thought that he can own land causes such a glow of pride that the thought becomes determination.

He counts his little hoard and consults his wife, who is too tired of the endless struggle to keep the children well clothed. He finds her quite ready, even eager. How to get a claim is the next thing. An endless number of locators infest the real estate offices, but their price is high and their statements unreliable. At last the mechanic runs into an enthusiastic homesteader who "puts him on" to a good quarter section. He goes to see it.

The prairie fascinates him, the miles and miles of unbroken soil turns him faint with its undeveloped possibilities. No more will he work in the hot dusty shop when the fair skies and broad prairies beckon him saying, "Here is health, here is strength and flesh and money for your purse."

He hurries home happy and free already from the tyrant shop. Up in the land office he meets other eager homesteaders and he finds a neighbor at his elbow, that is he will be a neighbor in a few minutes when the number of quarter sections is given in and papers signed.

Hurray! Behold a free and independent man, a man his own boss, a land owner, he has the world by the neck and the filing on his quarter section safe with Uncle Sam.

The work of hauling lumber begins quickly, it's his own house that's going up. Old timers give him advice. Will he take it? No not he. I am independent; I shall do as I please; I shall show these cattle barons how to farm in the good old fashioned way; and he goes on with his work rejoicing.

At last the house is done and his family is moved. The wife rejoices too much in the freedom and the children howl with delight and run wild for a bit. "Never mind school this year, we will get a horse for the kids and let them go the seven miles when they get used to the farm and houses."

That is the way a settler generally gets his quarter section and becomes a land owner.

It's strange in looking over the new settlers of this year how many real city working men are amongst the lot. Once in a while you see a carpenter, but they are mostly in-door workers such as mechanics, smelters, clerks, waiters and even once in a while a minister, a school m'arn and a soldier's widow.

The intense longing for air and sun and to own land makes them willing to forego city pleasures and to work hard and ceaselessly on their claims.

Of course it's a form of gambling, these crops and unirrigated lands in Colorado, but the settlers are game and stand to win. Oftimes a locator puts a man on a bad piece of land, filled with prairie dog holes, cactus and sage brush, but the strange thing that I have noticed, that no matter what the land is, once a man owns it, his quarter section cannot be equaled in the country.

I have questioned many and all feel alike. "My piece" is the best around here; I was lucky to get it. I was just in time. Several others wanted it but I got ahead of them." And he laughs gleefully and tells how many bushels of wheat he is going to raise to the acre and how many cattle he will run and how in a few years he will be rich.

Does coffee disagree with you? Probably it does! Then try Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee. "Health Coffee" is a clever combination of parched cereals and nuts. Not a grain of real coffee, remember, in Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee, yet its flavor and taste matches closely old Java and Mocha Coffee. If your stomach, heart or kidneys can't stand coffee drinking, try Health Coffee. It is wholesome, nourishing and satisfying. It's nice even for the youngest child. Sold by C. N. Brigham.

MONTEZUMA TRUST CO.

ALBUQUERQUE - - - - - NEW MEXICO

Capital and Surplus, \$100,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

With Ample Means and Unsurpassed Facilities.

The Bank of Commerce of Albuquerque, New Mexico

Extends to Depositors Every Proper Accommodation, and Solicits New Accounts—Capital, \$150,000.00.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Solomon Luna, President; W. S. Strickler, V. P. and Cashier; W. J. Johnson, Asst. Cashier; Wm. Matosch, J. C. Baldridge, Solomon Luna, A. M. Blackwell, Geo. Arnot, O. E. Cromwell.

DEPOSITORY FOR THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

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Authorized Capital \$500,000.00
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STATE NATIONAL BANK

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

CAPITAL \$100,000.00

SURPLUS FUND 20,000.00

With ample Capital, Conservative Management and Representative Board of Directors we are prepared to offer unexcelled facilities for the transaction of all legitimate branches of Banking Business.

O. N. MARRON, President; Wm. FARR, Vice President; J. B. HERNDON, Cashier; ROY McDONALD, Assistant Cashier.

GROSS, KELLY & CO., INC.

Wholesale Grocers

Wool, Hide and Pelt Dealers

ALBUQUERQUE AND LAS VEGAS

GROSS, KELLY & CO., INC.



Paint Now

before the vines are green and climbing in your way, before the flowers will shame the appearance of your building. 'Twill be a better job and will do no harm to your plants. As to the paint itself, you can get none better—lots worse—than if your buying of paints, oils, varnishes, putty, etc., is done at

RIO GRANDE LUMBER CO.
Corner Third and Marquette

"OLD RELIABLE" ESTABLISHED 1873.

L. B. PUTNEY

THE WHOLESALE GROCER

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

Carries the largest and Most Exclusive Stock of Staple Groceries in the Southwest.

FARM AND FREIGHT WAGONS

RAILROAD AVENUE. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

THE Albuquerque Lumber Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Lumber, Glass, Cement and Rex Flintkote Roofing

First and Marquette Albuquerque, New Mexico

Here's to Health and a Good Digestion

BLATZ BEER

MILWAUKEE

Quality—Individuality—Purity—

The Quality of the Malt decides the body of a beer. Blatz Malt is produced in the brewery's own malt house by trained Malsters (years in Blatz service). "Not only how much malt—but how good" is here the inviolable rule. This method is expensive, but the desired result is always achieved—the vital ingredients of the malt are thereby brought out and retained. To the Blatz malt is due the prevailing full-bodied state of Blatz Beer. The Hops used in the brewing of Blatz Beer are rich in aromatic properties and tonics (hopbitters), which lend to the beer that fragrance which captivates lovers of the beverage. The tonics act as a mild stimulant to the digestion. Blatz Beer is perfectly fermented and ripened in the coldest and cleanest cellars extant. The most skilled masters zealously guard "Blatz" individuality. The paramount object being to maintain with absolute uniformity every characteristic that has these many years meant Blatz Quality.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee

Always The Same Good Old "BLATZ"

For Sale by STERN, SCHLOSS & CO., Wholesale Dealers, Albuquerque, N. M.



We are exclusive agents for
Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet
A pantry, cupboard and work table combined. The only cabinet with an aluminum top, made of the same material as high grade cooking utensils. Can be washed bright and clean in an instant, ready for bread and cake-making. This is only one of the many good features.
Write for booklet whether you buy or not. It is a pleasure to show you this labor-saving device.

J. D. EMMONS
THE FURNITURE MAN.
Corner Coal and Second.
West End Viaduct Phone 376

JUDGE LOWE'S CAR FOUNDRIES EXONERATED OF BLAME

Indictments Are Quashed—
Jurist Had Not Erred.

El Paso, Mar. 7.—The indictments made against Judge W. E. Lowe, five in number, which were found by the grand jury in December, 1935, were quashed yesterday morning in Judge Harper's court, when the motions were introduced.
The indictments found against Mr. Lowe were based on the connection of the latter with a certain Spanish agency which attempted to dispose of deeds to property in the southern part of the city on the ground that the deeds held by the present owners were invalid. It was represented by this concern that all that part of El Paso south of Overland street and west of Stanton street belonged to Mexico and that the land was held by the interested parties by virtue of an old Spanish land grant.
Judge Lowe, acting for these people, was charged, disposed of this property to Mexicans and others for various sums of money, giving them deeds for the property based on this Spanish grant.
The quashing of these indictments removes from Judge Lowe's shoulders all responsibility for questionable practices in the matter.

GUY CLIFFORD COPPER INCORPORATES FOR \$2,000,000

Chico Springs to Have Sanitarium—Official Matters.

Articles of Incorporation.
The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of Territorial Secretary J. W. Raynolds: Guy Clifford Copper company, Incorporated, Frank Fuqua, J. T. Dook, W. L. Gilbert, C. Coleman and E. H. Bond, all of El Paso, Inc. Territory. Object: Judiciary and depositary business and general mining business. Capital stock, \$2,000,000, divided into 80,000 shares at 25 cents a share; \$1,250,000 capital stock already subscribed. Duration, fifty years. Territorial agent, William Ferguson, Nogal, New Mexico.
Chico Springs Ranch Sanitarium company, Incorporated, S. Strong, Silver City, William Von Bruggen, Chico, Arthur L. Mix, Maxwell City. Object: conducting health resorts and ranches. Capital stock, \$150,000, divided into 15,000 shares at 10 cents a share; \$2,000 capital stock already subscribed. Duration 49 years. Territorial agent, William Von Bruggen, Chico, New Mexico.
Oscuro Copper company, Incorporated, F. W. Hunt, C. E. Weinkon, O. H. Hall, C. A. Patten, all of St. Paul, Minnesota. Object: general mining business. Capital stock, \$1,000,000, divided into one million shares at \$1 each. Duration 50 years. Place of business, Oscuro, Socorro county. Territorial agent, F. W. Hunt, Oscuro.
Hachita Copper Development company, Incorporated, W. R. Thurston, Hachita, O. A. Tolson, Memphis, Tennessee, J. E. Fetherly, Hachita. Object: general mining business. Capital stock, \$200,000, divided into two hundred thousand shares at \$1 each; \$2,000 capital stock already subscribed. Duration 50 years. Place of business, Hachita, Grant county. Territorial agent, W. R. Thurston, Hachita.

Postmaster Commissioned.
Harry D. Nelson has been commissioned postmaster at Victoria, Dona Ana county.

Notaries Public.
The following notaries public have been appointed by Governor H. J. Hageman:
John J. Zimmerman, Las Vegas, San Miguel county; John Tondak, Mora, Mora county; W. L. Padlock, Pecos, San Juan county.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, New Mexico.
Feb. 28, 1935.
Notice is hereby given that Vicente Herrera, of Chilli, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 6, 750, made December 31, 1901, for the SE 1/4, SW 1/4 and S 1/2 Sec. 6, and NE 1/4 NW 1/4 and lots 1 and 2, Sec. 7, Township 3 N., Range 1 E., and that said proof will be made before H. W. E. Otero, U. S. Court Commissioner, at Albuquerque, N. M., on April 5, 1935.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Francisco Garcia, Martin, Aurelio, Rafael and J. M. FERO, Register. Meeting of al Ecceza, for which he is especially called, soon effects a sale. For sale by all due We peria.

Kansas City, Mexico and Orient.
The election of Mr. Harmon is tentative, as it is not known whether or not he will accept.
Aside from the election there was informal discussion of the ordinance passed by the Kansas City council. One of the projects was asked if the inducements held out by the Kansas City aldermen were satisfactory. He said there were no inducements, but the restrictions had been accepted. There was some informal discussion of the financial ends of the great enterprise.

ENGINEER PETTIBONE DIES AT EL PASO
William D. Pettibone, a twenty-five years engineer on the Texas & Pacific and running into El Paso, and one of the oldest engineers in the employ of the company, died Tuesday afternoon after an illness of about ten days, says the El Paso Times. The death came suddenly and was a surprise to many of his friends, who knew that he was ill, but did not consider his illness serious.
Mr. Pettibone was one of the first engineers to pull a train into El Paso on the Texas & Pacific when that road was built into this city. He has been employed by the road since 1881, and has worked continuously until about ten days ago, when he was stricken with partial paralysis. He rallied after the attack and yesterday morning seemed to be quite well, when he was shaved. Later a return to the paralysis stroke came and he succumbed. He will be buried here by the railroad orders to which he belongs.

FREIGHT CONGESTION ON THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL
Probably never before in the history of the Illinois Central railroad, according to officials, has the St. Louis division of that road been in a more congested condition than at the present time. The yards between St. Louis and Mounds, the southern terminal of the division, and between Centralia and Mounds, are taxed to capacity, and in many instances siding tracks have been pressed into service to accommodate the immense traffic. Coal shipments from mines along the St. Louis division have been materially handicapped during the past two weeks, and present indications offer no relief. The railroad company has added extra engines and crews, but as yet they have failed to facilitate conditions. The railroad company attributes the predicament to the limited locomotive power.

MEN IN TRAIN SERVICE OPPOSE FARE HILL
The legislative committee representing the order of locomotive engineers, railroad firemen, conductors and brakemen, has expressed its opposition to the bill pending in the state legislature that will require the railroads to charge passengers for two cents per mile, says a telegraphic dispatch from Grand Rapids. At the last session of the committee, it was stated that the bill would be reduced through a curtailment of train services, and that in some states where such a law has been passed the railroads were better able to stand the reduction of fares than in Michigan.

STRIKING BOILERMAKERS REFUSE ALL ARBITRATION
The strike of the International Union of the Boilermakers, Iron, Ship and Structural Steel Workers, has filled the places of most of the strikers with non-union men, and the shop plant is being operated at a loss, says a dispatch from Chicago. The strikers have refused to arbitrate or to consider terms except their own, and are willing to interest the officers of the company in their demand for more pay, will seek to secure the attention of the directors.

William Carman of Las Vegas, N. M., is confined at the Santa Fe hospital at Topeka, where he is receiving treatment.

Cause of Stomach Trouble.
When a man has trouble with his stomach you may know that he is eating more than he should, or some article of food or drink not suited to his age or occupation, or that his bowels are habitually constipated. Take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to regulate the bowels and improve the digestion and see if the trouble does not disappear. Ask for a free sample. Sold by all druggists.

HAIRMAN SELECTED FOR KANSAS CITY TERMINAL HEAD

H. L. Harmon, manager of the Kansas City viaduct, has been selected president of the Kansas City Terminal company, to succeed John M. Egan, who resigned to accept the management of a big railway enterprise in South America. The railroad presidents held a meeting today and several names were under discussion for the position. Among them, S. Dodge, assistant to the vice president of the Rock Island company; D. R. Eider, superintendent of the Kansas City Belt; H. G. Burt, former president of the Union Pacific, and E. L. Martin, chairman of the board of the

BILLS OFFERED IN THE LAST CONGRESS

Number in Excess of Any Previous Congress in the History of the Country.

Washington, March 7.—More bills were introduced during the fifty-ninth congress than in any congress since the foundation of the government. In the senate there were, up to Saturday, 8,580 bills introduced, and 25,300 in the house. Of this total there were 2,618 introduced in the first session. In the congress reports have been made aggregating 7,500. During the first session 416 public laws were passed and for the second session the total of this class of laws will probably not exceed 300. During the first session a total of 3,573 private laws were enacted, and for the second session just closing the total will run up to 3,000.

The fifty-ninth congress will go down in history as having dealt more heavy blows against the big corporations than any of its predecessors. The rate bill is the most notable example of the class of legislation, to which must be added legislation governing the hours of railroad employees and the general enlargement of federal control and regulation of all corporations that could be brought within the commerce clause of the constitution.

A bill was introduced in the house last Friday that, no matter how meritorious it may be, by reason of the lateness of the session, had no possible chance of being enacted into law, and yet the cost to the government for its printing is rather a pretty penny. The bill was by Mr. Hearst and was entitled "An act to provide for the national incorporation and control of corporations engaged in commerce among the several states." At the time this bill was introduced there remained but one more legislative day of the congress, and it is desired that the measure should be considered by the sixtieth congress it will have to be introduced in print. The bill would cover approximately six pages and would cost the government in the neighborhood of \$115 to print it.

The independence of Senator Tillman, the fiery statesman from South Carolina, is often manifested in debate. The other day he was contending for the retention on the naval bill of an amendment of interest to his state, which the conferees seemed inclined to throw out on the installment of the house managers. In attempting to mollify Mr. Tillman, Mr. Hale, one of the conferees, said smilingly: "We'll take care of the senator on that item at the next session."

The senator from South Carolina doesn't have to be taken care of, he hotly retorted Mr. Tillman. "The strike of the house managers has just been re-elected for another term and he doesn't care three straws for the people down around Charleston who want this appropriation put through so far as their political influence is concerned. But I want this appropriation because it is right and because it is in the interest of the navy. You need not worry about my wanting to be 'taken care of.'"

As a result of the disappearance from congress of a number of the strikers, the fiery statesman from South Carolina, who have been there some years and who now hold assignments on many of the most important committees of the house, there is likely to be a serious shaking up of some of these committees when Speaker Cannon comes to casting about for his committees at the opening of sixtieth

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe! Angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear.

Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child birth can be entirely avoided by the use of **Mother's Friend**, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain.

Sold at 10¢ per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address: **BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.**

COME TO BELEN, N. M.

Future Railroad Metropolis of New Mexico Located on Belen Cut-off of Santa Fe Railway

The Belen Town and Improvement Company Are Owners of Belen Townsite

The Belen Town and Improvement Co.

JOHN BECKER, Pres' WM. M. BERGER, Sec'y



OUR CLOTHING FOR BOYS

MOTHERS take pride in having their boys well dressed, and this involves correct style. We are as particular about boys' styles as about men's—but careful that exclusiveness does not mean high price. Our boys' section was never so full of novelties—never seemed so bright. You are welcome to look—never under obligation to buy.

A Full Line of Boys' Pants, All Styles, just Received

M. MANDELL

COMING EVENTS

ALMANAC EVENTS.

March 17.—St. Patrick's Day.
March 21.—Spring begins.
March 24.—Palm Sunday.
March 25.—Lily Day; annunciation.
March 29.—Good Friday.
March 31.—Easter Sunday.
May 30.—Memorial Day of G. A. R.

Rheumatic Pains Relieved.
Chamberlain's Pain Balm relieves rheumatic pains and makes sleep and rest possible, which is alone worth many times its cost. B. F. Crocker, Esq., now 84 years of age, and for twenty years just of the peace at Martinsburg, Iowa, says: "I am terribly afflicted with sciatic rheumatism in my left arm and right hip. I have used three bottles of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it did me lots of good." For sale by all druggists.



TWO INJURED IN YARDS OF SANTA FE
J. TAYLOR IS CRUSHED BETWEEN ENGINE AND CAR, AND J. SMITH FALLS FROM CAR.
Trinidad, Colo., March 7.—Two men were hurt Tuesday in the Trinidad yards of the Santa Fe railroad—one fatally, one seriously. J. Taylor, a brakeman, while cutting out the air hose between a locomotive and the forward car of a string of boxes, got caught between the two at the hips. He was badly crushed, sustaining severe internal hurts, from which he later died. He was removed to the Sisters' hospital, where he remained until death relieved his sufferings at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Joy Smith, a switchman, was riding on a flatcar loaded with lumber, which was moving along the house track. While tightening the brake handle with his brake staff, the staff broke, hurling him off the car to the ground, where he seriously hurt his head and side. He will probably recover.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by colds. Deafness is nothing but an inflammation of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

J. C. Hooper & Co., Prop., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

COME TO BELEN, N. M.

Future Railroad Metropolis of New Mexico Located on Belen Cut-off of Santa Fe Railway

The Belen Town and Improvement Company Are Owners of Belen Townsite

The Belen Town and Improvement Co.

JOHN BECKER, Pres' WM. M. BERGER, Sec'y

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.
This remedy has been in use for over thirty years and has proved itself to be the most successful remedy yet discovered for bowel complaints. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**
FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS
Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, OR MONEY BACK.

PILES
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Piles, itching, bleeding, and all other troubles. It is the most reliable remedy for Piles and all other troubles of the private parts. Every box is guaranteed. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 25 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS' MANUFACTURING CO., Prop., Cleveland, Ohio.
FOR SALE BY S. VANN & SON.

DON J. RANKIN & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE LOANS.
Automatic Phone 451.
Room 10, N. T. Armijo Building.

A. E. WALKER, FIRE INSURANCE.
Secretary Mutual Building Association. Office at 217 West Railroad avenue.

W. E. MAUGER WOOL
with Raube and Mauger Office, 115 North First St. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

TOTI & GRADY
Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Hay, Grain and Fuel.
Fine Line of Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Place your orders for this line with us.
212-215-217 NORTH THIRD ST.

THIRD STREET Meat Market
All Kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats, Steam Sausage Factory.
EMIL KLIENWORT
Masonic Building, North Third Street

B. A. SLEYSER
—INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE—NOTARY PUBLIC.
Rooms 12 and 14 Cromwell Block, Albuquerque. Telephone No. 138.

Give us your **ROUGH DRY** work, Monday, and get it back Wednesday. Imperial Laundry Co.

A Railway Center

ALL FAST LIMITED EXPRESS, MAIL AND FREIGHT TRAINS OF THE SANTA FE WILL GO OVER THE MAIN LINE THROUGH TO BELEN, EAST AND WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

THE LOTS OFFERED ARE IN THE CENTER OF THE CITY, WELL GRADED (MANY OF THEM IMPROVED BY CULTIVATION); NO SAND OR GRAVEL. WE NEED A FIRST-CLASS, MODERN HOTEL AND A GOOD, UP-TO-DATE NEWSPAPER.

OUR PRICES OF LOTS ARE LOW AND TERMS ON EASY PAYMENTS; TITLE PERFECT; WARRANTY DEEDS. ONE-THIRD PURCHASE MONEY CASH. TWO-THIRDS MAY REMAIN ON NOTE, WITH MORTGAGE SECURITY FOR ONE YEAR, WITH 3 PER CENT INTEREST THEREON.

APPLY AT ONCE FOR MAPS AND PRICES IF YOU WISH TO SECURE THE CHOICEST LOTS.



THE DAINTIEST EVER

It is rather an old story and sounds a little like boasting to say that our new Spring Styles in foot wear are the snappiest and best we ever offered to the public.

But it is true and in justice to our stock we are obliged to say so.

Have you examined our stock lately? If not, we cordially invite you to do so.

Men's high shoes.....\$2.25 to 4.00
Men's low shoes.....1.65 to 3.50
Women's high shoes.....1.75 to 3.00
Women's low shoes.....1.50 to 3.50
Women's slippers.....1.10 to 2.00
Shoes for boys.....1.25 to 2.50
Shoes for girls.....1.00 to 2.25

C. N. BRIGHAM

118-120 S. 2nd. Headquarters for Coffee

Our Leaders--The Celebrated Richelieu Coffees
Packages, 25c and 55c per lb. 2-lb. tins, 85c.
1 lb. tins, 45c. 3-lb. tins, \$1.00.

Capitol Coffee

3-lb. bucket, with premium, Golden Gate coffee--
\$1.00. 1-lb. tins, 40c. 2-lb. tins, 80c.

Something unique--nothing like it in the city. Try a can.
Bulk coffee, 20c to 40c.

GEO. W. HICKOX

T. Y. MAYNARD

HICKOX-MAYNARD CO.

NEW MEXICO'S LEADING JEWELERS

Send in Your Watches for Repairs

THE ARCH FRONT

SOUTH SECOND ST.

Wagner Hardware Co.

Fourth and Railroad Avenue



A Rarebit

to be properly prepared should be made in a Manning-Bowman Chafing Dish. Always ready, no waiting about fires, simply a match, and in a few minutes the rarebit is ready.

Manning, Bowman & Co.

Chafing Dish

has produced a dainty morsel to regale your guests. Be sure to see that your chafing dish is supplied with the patented Manning-Bowman "Every" enamel food pan--found only in Manning, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dishes.

FOR SALE BY

Wagner Hardware Co.

Successors to Albuquerque Hardware Co.

Fourth and Railroad Avenue

EVERITT

THE Diamond Palace
RAILROAD AVE

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Cut Glass, Silverware. We invite your trade and guarantee A SQUARE DEAL.

New Shirts from Earl & Wilson. See Them.

DUTCHESS TROUSERS

10 Cents a Button
\$100 a Rip.



Got the Town On the Run

The Best Trousers for Men on the Market Today at Popular Prices

\$1.75, \$2.50,
\$3.00 and \$3.50
Per Pair

Try a pair, Sold Only by

E. L. WASHBURN COMPANY

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair tonight and Friday.
FRANKENFELD.

H. M. Richard of El Paso is in the city.

B. B. Borden is in Gallup on business.

D. A. Ricker of Denver is in the city today.

E. L. Marsh of Kansas City is registered at the Craig.

W. C. Foster of Travers City, Mich., is stopping in the city.

John B. Smellie of St. Louis is in the city for a few days.

Trainmaster P. Ripley of San Marcial is in town today.

J. M. McCormack of Chicago is stopping at the Alvarado.

Messrs. J. W. and N. E. Marconix of Lead, S. D., are visitors in the city.

Dr. G. L. Hackney of San Marcial was an Albuquerque visitor yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elliott, of Denver, are in the city for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Nenslon of Philadelphia are registered at the Alvarado.

Col. E. W. Dobson returned on the limited today from a business trip to Santa Fe.

John W. Hoke, wife and two sons, of Hannibal, Mo., are in the city, en route to California.

Attorney Ellsworth Ingalls returned on the limited today from a business trip to Las Vegas.

Tickets for the band concert are going like Thaw editions of a Sunday paper. Better get in and get yours.

President W. G. Tigh, of the University of New Mexico, returned last night from a short visit to Santa Fe.

The W. C. T. U. met in regular session this afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the parlors of the First Presbyterian church.

Mrs. L. J. Rummel, who has been confined to her bed several weeks with la grippe, was able to take dinner in the dining room yesterday.

J. A. Blondin arrived last night from Kansas City to accept a position as bookkeeper and salesman for the Leonard & Lindemann Music company.

Mrs. Blanche R. Wynkoop, of this city, has filed suit for a divorce from her husband, Harvey A. Wynkoop. She alleges non-support as the ground for the action.

Owing to the indisposition of Mrs. Silbernagle, her place on the program of the American Lumber band concert, Friday night, will be filled by a solo by Mrs. Hugh S. Collins.

J. H. O'Reilly and several other local Knights of Columbus did the honors this afternoon in showing a party of visiting San Francisco Knights of Columbus around Albuquerque.

Stated communication of Temple Lodge No. 6, A. F. & A. M., this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the Entered Apprentice degree. By order of the W. M. J. C. Ferger, secretary.

Anoma Council No. 1, Degree of Pochoctas, will hold a regular meeting tonight at 8 o'clock. Lunch will be served after meeting. All Red Men are cordially invited to attend.

Contractor William Coullodon, who received a fractured shoulder, two weeks ago Sunday in a runaway between this city and Isleta, is mending fast and hopes to be at work again in a few days.

C. S. Triplett will superintend the erection of the new bridge the Domingo Lumber company is going to build across the Rio Grande, two miles north of Pena Blanca, and left for the scene of operations yesterday. The structure will be about 600 feet long.

Judge McClellan had not rendered a decision in the Star-Shovels damage suit at 3 o'clock this afternoon. He said that both sides asked for damages and that he would likely render a decision giving both damages, with a slight favor toward the plaintiff.

W. E. Brown, district freight and passenger agent for the Santa Fe at El Paso, is in the city accompanied by H. M. Richard, who has just come from Chanute, Kansas, to accept the position of traveling agent for the Santa Fe under Mr. Brown. Mr. Richard was station agent for the Santa Fe at Chanute.

Col. R. E. Twitchell, assistant attorney for the Santa Fe in New Mexico, and one of the most enthusiastic good roads boosters in the territory, is scheduled to make a talk at the Commercial club tonight on the subject of "Good Roads." Any one interested in good roads and caring to hear Col. Twitchell will be welcome.

W. M. McCoy, of McCoy & Co., general merchants at Mountainair, is in the city, with Mrs. McCoy, who is confined at St. Joseph's hospital. Mr. McCoy says that the Santa Fe has begun the construction of a "Y" at Mountainair, and that the indications are that the town on Abo pass will be the best business proposition on the Santa Fe cut-off, when the road is put in operation with regular traffic.

Gen. Hugh Cameron, the Kansas hermit, who is coming to New Mexico to bear a message to ex-Governor Ross, left the Kansas capital Monday morning and is now four days on his great pilgrimage. The leave-taking from Topeka was made from the east steps of the Kansas capitol, and was very impressive, according to a Topeka paper, the hermit making a short talk to a small gathering of people, who had assembled for the purpose of bidding the old man good-speed on his long journey.

HEAR DR. CHAS. A. PAYNE'S ILLUSTRATED LECTURE "RAMBLES IN EUROPE." FIRST METHODIST CHURCH WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13TH.

A few cents will buy a pair of our shoe laces, which will improve the look of your footwear 100 per cent. We have all kinds, leather, cotton, linen or silk, in brown, white or black. Prices run from 25c to 25c. C. May's Shoe Store 314 West Railroad avenue.

CHAMPION GROCERY. WE ARE SELLING AT OUR CANNED FRUITS AT 12 1/2 CENTS A CAN. STRICTLY FRESH RANCH EGGS, 30 CENTS A DOZEN. THE CHAMPION GROCERY CORNER SEVENTH AND TIERRAS AVENUE.

The horsehoofers of Albuquerque in general have decided on a slight advance in horse-shoeing, owing to an advance in the price of material. Beginning with March 1.

Subscribe for The Evening Citizen.

TICKETS BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED Association Office Transactions Guaranteed

R.R. ROSENFELD'S, 118 W. R. R. Ave.

SOCIAL DANCE EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT

AT THE COLOMBO HALL DANCING SCHOOL

Admission 50c Ladies Free

REPLEVIN SUIT IS CONTINUED TILL MONDAY

A suit of replevin brought before Judge Craigmiles by Perfecto Armijo against Natividad Montano was continued by the judge until Monday, March 18, at 10 o'clock a. m. The plaintiff asked for the continuance that a witness in the person of Henry Hernandez might be located and brought into court. It seems that Mr. Armijo had his deputy levy certain property of Montano to satisfy a civil debt, and that when the deputy went to levy the goods he found a team of horses at Montano's place and levied upon them. It now is said that the horses were not the property of Montano, but belonged to two girls, of whom Montano is guardian.

STOCK MARKET STILL FALLING THIS MORNING

New York, Mar. 7.—There was considerable depression and disorder in the early stock market today. The opening movement of prices indicated that the bear party had recovered from the generalization caused by the report yesterday that the control of the Reading had passed to Harriman. A vigorous onslaught of prices was made at the start. The Reading line relapsed three points from last night's close, and there were many other declines. Operations in Reading during the first hour aggregated about 30,000 shares. Frick refused to be interviewed. Harriman's associates said they have no knowledge of any Reading deal. Hill says he doesn't know anything about it. The weakness in the stock market became more general in the final hour than at any time during the day although the volume of liquidation was not noticeably heavy.

POSTMASTER AND PENSION FOR NEW MEXICO.

Washington, D. C., March 7.—Mark C. Hedlin, vice W. T. Mullarky, resigned, has been appointed postmaster at Flora Vista, San Juan county, N. M. In the pension division, pensions for \$2 each have been granted Robert Stewart, Jose Enrique Lopez and James M. Ross.

STREET CAR STRIKE IS PROBABLE IN LOUISVILLE

Louisville, local union of street railway employees today decided to present the entire question of matters in dispute between the Louisville railway and its employees to President Minary, of the company, for arbitration. It was unanimously voted that if the company refused to sign articles of agreement a strike shall be called.

STROTHER BROTHERS NOT GUILTY OF MURDER

Culpepper, Va., Mar. 7.—After being on an hour and a half the jury in the case of James and Phillip Strother, charged with the murder of Wm. E. Bywaters, their brother-in-law, returned a verdict of not guilty today. Bywaters was shot while attempting to leave the house immediately after the marriage ceremony.

BUTTE MINERS CAST LIGHT VOTE AT ANNUAL ELECTION

Butte, Mar. 7.—Considering the large number which gathered at Miners' hall last night, the occasion of the annual election of officers, a light vote was cast. The polls were open from 1 o'clock in the afternoon until 3 o'clock in the evening and the vote polled was 2,256.

FARMER BURNS THROWS JAMES PARR

Omaha, Neb., Mar. 7.—Farmer Burn, catch-as-catch-can wrestling match with James Parr, champion of England, at the auditorium Wednesday night. Parr took the first bout twenty-one minutes and Burns the second and third in thirteen and twenty-four minutes, respectively.

STOPS ANY ITCHING.

Doan's Ointment Cures Eczema and Itching Piles—Albuquerque People Recommend It.

One application of Doan's Ointment stops any itching. Short treatment cures eczema, itching piles, salt rheum, any skin eruption or skin itching. It is the cheapest remedy to use, because so little of it is required to bring relief and a cure. Here is Albuquerque testimony to prove it: Mrs. J. W. Welr, living at 719 Eleventh street, Albuquerque, N. M., says: "I have used Doan's Ointment and found it of great value for relieving eczema, and I firmly believe that this preparation if faithfully tried, will cure the complaint mentioned, or any other skin eruption where there is inflammation." For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other. No. 17

On March 13th Dr. Chas. A. Payne, author and world-wide traveler, will deliver one of his famous illustrated lectures in the First Methodist church. This is Dr. Payne's fifth appearance before an Albuquerque audience.

MACHINE CUT ALFALFA. Poultry will not eat alfalfa and profitable without green food. WHEN FED ALFALFA THEY CONSUME LESS GRAIN. MANY DISEASES ARE CAUSED BY LACK OF GREEN RATION. E. W. FEE, 602 SOUTH FIRST STREET PHONE.

A few cents will buy a pair of our shoe laces, which will improve the look of your footwear 100 per cent. We have all kinds, leather, cotton, linen or silk, in brown, white or black. Prices run from 25c to 25c. C. May's Shoe Store 314 West Railroad avenue.

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SOCIAL DANCE EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT

AT THE COLOMBO HALL DANCING SCHOOL

Admission 50c Ladies Free

Believe Us

We can save you money

NOW

In the purchase of a Piano

TODAY

We Carry the Largest Stock of New Pianos Ever Shown in This Territory.

SECOND HAND Pianos at your own prices—almost.

SEE US before you buy

Do It Today

Learnard & Lindemann,

Established 1900 206 W. Gold Avenue

COAL

Genuine American block, per ton.....\$6.50
Cerrillos Lump.....\$6.50
Anthracite Nt.....\$9.50
Anthracite mixed.....\$9.00
Anthracite, stove and furnace sizes.....\$9.50
Clean Gas Coke.....\$6.00
WOOD.
Green Mill Wood, per load.....\$2.25

W. H. HAHN & CO.

Both Phones.

HONEY

10 lbs. Nice Extracted Honey for \$1.00. Order by Postal.
W. P. Allen, Box 202, Albuquerque.

HATS! . HATS! HATS!

A Tremendous Stock Now In and More Arriving Every Day, Showing Many Important Changes in Styles and Colors, the Most Important being the New

Telescope Styles

In Light Greys, Tans and Blacks

Prices \$2.00 to \$5.00

CALL IN AND SEE THEM

SIMON STERN

The Railroad Avenue Clothier

RAABE & MAUGER

115-117 NORTH FIRST STREET

Between Railroad and Copper Ave., Tel. 74

Hardware Merchants

STOVES, RANGES, ENAMELED KITCHEN WARE, KOSTLAN WASHING MACHINES

SADDLERY HARNESS

AGENTS FOR

Celebrated Diamond Edge Tools and Cutlery

John Deere Plows and Implements

McCormick Mowers and Repairs

Winona Wagons

WHITNEY COMPANY

Wholesale Distributors

Acme Steel Mowers, Rakes and Harvesting Machinery

Not Made by the Trust

Lightest Running, Strongest, Wear Longer, Cost

Less for Repairs

FULLY WARRANTED

Write For Prices

113, 115, 117, South First Street

401, 403, North First Street

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Home Insurance the Best

WE CANNOT refrain from again saying something about Home Insurance. Every time that the proposition presents itself of the tremendous amount of money that is being sent out of New Mexico and Arizona for life insurance to eastern cities, the conviction comes home with increased force that a home company ought to be patronized and the money remain in the West.

The revelations of the past year of the way the enormous surplus of the big Eastern companies has been handled and speculated with ought to emphasize the fact that the people of the West should stop pouring their money into Eastern channels when it can be placed in home insurance, and every dollar of it kept and invested at home.

It is gratifying to note that home insurance is year by year receiving more and more its just deserts. Statistics show that during the past year home companies far exceeded foreign companies in the amount of business written. Why cannot this same record be made here? It can if every individual who takes out a policy the coming year will carefully weigh the proposition of the value it is to keep his insurance at home before he puts his name to the application of any insurance company.

The Occidental Life Insurance Company of New Mexico and Arizona is owned and controlled by the leading business men of the two territories, and offers exceptional opportunities to ambitious and capable men and women to sell its policies.

Address Home Office,

Occidental Life Insurance Company

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.