

2-26-1907

Albuquerque Evening Citizen, 02-26-1907

Hughes & McCreight

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Albuquerque Evening Citizen.

VOL. 21. NO. 49.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 26, 1907.

The Evening Citizen, in Advance, 50 per year.
Delivered by Carriers, 60 cents per month.

LEGISLATURE IS NOW DOWN TO HARD WORK

Captain Ruppe Again Leaves
the Minority in Unre-
lieved Lonesomeness.

MANY BILLS OFFERED AND SEVERAL PASSED

Work of Both Houses Is Satis-
factory and of the Very First
Class Character.

Special to The Evening Citizen.
Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 26.—The
only new bill in the council this
morning was one by Duncan, an act
defining property rights of husband
and wife. There being no commu-
tee on matrimony, the bill went to
the judiciary committee.

The following bills from the house
reached the council today and were
referred as follows, after reading:

House bill No. 83, relative to dis-
crimination against saloonkeepers in
granting of licenses.

House bill No. 95, relative to the
sale of liquors of trains.

House bill No. 59, relative to juris-
diction of justices of the peace.

House bill No. 76, relative to the
issuance of worthless checks.

House joint resolution No. 7, the
pay roll for extra employees and con-
tingent expenses, passed the council,
Cameron, democrat, dissenting.

The council passed the following:
Council bill No. 7, an act defin-
ing punishment for unintentional
crimes, by a vote of 11 ayes, no
nays, Martinez not voting.

House substitute for house bill No.
33, relative to the transfer of real
estate records of Colfax and Union
counties—unanimous vote.

Council bill No. 49, relative to the
annual reports of corporations—Vote
unanimous.

The council then adjourned until
10 a. m., Wednesday.

This Afternoon in the House.
Special to The Evening Citizen.

Santa Fe, Feb. 26.—The house, af-
ter a busy session, adjourned until 2
p. m., tomorrow. The only bill in-
troduced was by Baca, an act relative
to Manzano land grant. Referred to
the committee on territorial affairs.

The following bills passed the house:
House bill No. 94, relative to taxa-
tion of telegraph lines at a rate of
\$100 for each wire.

House bill No. 93, an act relative to
the duties of auditor.

House bill No. 20, an act for the
building of a brick wall, stable and
walks around the Santa Fe county
jail.

Council bill No. 12, an act to ex-
empt from taxation best sugar factor-
ies, etc., for six years to encourage
the erection of same.

The following bills did not pass:
House bill No. 79, an act to build
a bridge across the Pecos river at
Santa Rosa, carrying a \$3,000 ap-
propriation, and introduced by Gal-
legos. Reason was it conflicted with
organic act.

House bill No. 27, an act for the
printing of the rules of the supreme
court. This bill will be embodied in
the general appropriation bill.

YESTERDAY IN HOUSES
AND ON THE FLOORS

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 26.—The fifth
week of the thirty-seventh legislative
assembly opened yesterday, with busy
sessions of both the council and the
house. There were absent from the
council Mr. Martinez, delayed in
reaching the capital from his home
and in the house Mr. Aldrich, who is
ill, and Mr. Sanchez of San Miguel,
delayed en route here from Las Ve-
gas. Captain Dr. Littlefield, Ruppe
and "Maybee" Walters, the San Juan
county statesmen, were also present.

The session proceeded peacefully
enough in the house until Mr. Holt
introduced house joint resolution No.
7, for the payment of extra employes
and contingent expenses of the legis-
lature. This resolution is to pay the
employees and expenses in the house
and council, amounting in total to
\$7,262. The house receives \$4,198
and the council \$3,064, the warrants
to be drawn in favor of the speaker
and the president respectively, the ob-
jections of the governor to the con-
trary notwithstanding.

The resolution was no sooner read
in full than Mr. Hudspeeth, who plays
half-back on Littlefield Ruppe's cri-
ppled seven-come-eleven, was on his
feet. He said that he did not think a
discussion of the resolution would
change the vote to any appreciable
extent thereon, but he only wanted to
remind the house that it was over-
drawing its bank account and might
have to run on one meal a day if it
continued this extravagance. He so-
lemnly asked for a roll call and had
the pleasure of being the only one
who voted no when the house passed
the resolution. Captain Littlefield
Ruppe, M. D., voted "aye" and threw
the minority into such confusion that
it lost the ball on the first yard-line.

Mr. Mullins solemnly observed that
he "reckoned as soon as we spend the
money we kin go home," when pressed
for a reason for not voting. He
then voted to pay the employees.

The band wagon was so crowded
that Captain Littlefield Ruppe was in
constant danger of being shoved off
and falling under the wheels.

A Very Good Bill.
Upon the recommendation of the
officials of the reclamation service, H.
B. Holt of Las Cruces, introduced a
bill which is in the nature of a long
roll call in New Mexico. It is house
bill No. 120, entitled an act to regu-

SENATE PASSES MONEY ASKED FOR THIS

Territory in Irrigation—Cun-
ningham and Jones Lost
\$75,000 Fee

CLAIMED FOR SELLING COAL LANDS ON MAXWELL GRANT

Other News From the National
Capital of More, or Less
General Interest.

Special to The Evening Citizen.
Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—An-
drews introduced a bill for a public
building between Las Vegas and East
Las Vegas, to cost \$100,000. Re-
ferred to the committee on public
buildings and grounds.

The sundry civil appropriation bill
for the Rio Grande reclamation serv-
ice, carrying \$1,000,000, and for the
Fort Bayard water service, \$90,000,
passed the senate.

In the supreme court, Cunn-
ingham vs. Springer, Spless for Springer,
wins; Field for Cunningham, Field
loses.

Medler was admitted to practice
before the supreme court.

W. M. Berger has left for home.

Attorney's Fees Denied.
Washington, Feb. 26.—In an opin-
ion handed down yesterday, the United
States supreme court decided the case
of Cunningham and Jones vs. Spring-
er and Dawson, growing out of an
old litigation over the Maxwell
land grant in New Mexico, in favor
of Springer and Dawson. Cunn-
ingham and Jones were suing for \$75,-
000 attorney fees, in selling coal
lands for Dawson to the El Paso &
Northeastern road.

River and Harbor Bill.
Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—Con-
ferences of the two houses on the river
and harbor bill have almost reached
an agreement and are expected to re-
port some time today.

Ship Subsidy Bill.
Washington, Feb. 26.—The house
resolved itself into a committee of the
whole for consideration of the ship
subsidy bill. Five hours are to be de-
voted to the general debate.

**PERKINS IS CLEARED OF
GRAND LARCENY CHARGE.**
Albany, Feb. 26.—The state court
of appeals decided today in favor of
George W. Perkins, vice president of
the New York Life Insurance com-

pany and member of the firm of J.
P. Morgan & Co., in the matter of
the charge of grand larceny made
against him in connection with the
payment of funds of the New York
Life to the republican national cam-
paign in 1904.

Fatal Fire in Canada School.
Montreal, Feb. 26.—The Hochelaga
Protestant school was burned this
afternoon. The bodies of seven
children have already been taken
from the ruins.

**When the Muder is
Said to Have Been Done**

Wallace, Feb. 26.—Blit by blit the
attorneys for Steve Adams, charged
with the murder of Fred Tyler, are
laying the foundation for their theory

and universal. Then why should we
put ourselves in such condition? Have
we not everything to lose by such con-
duct and nothing to gain by it? Is it
not a case of merely burning our
paws to get Danny's chestnuts out
for him?

"Oh!" says Danny's paper, "how
can you ask the legislators from this
country to sacrifice what they know is
right and consent to what they know
is wrong, for the sake of getting a
little appropriation of some sort for
their own county?" This reply, the
only one Danny's paper has been able
to make is so absurdly and prepos-
terously ridiculous that it would
nearly make a dead man laugh.

Does any one outside of bedlam,
imagine for the smallest fraction of a
second that there is any question of
right and wrong as between whether
the district attorneys of New Mexico
shall be elected by the people or ap-
pointed by the governor? Is there
any great fundamental and eternal
principle of ethics, founded on a fiat
of God or involve in the constitution
of nature, which says that it would be
sin to elect district attorneys in New
Mexico but that it would be right to
appoint them? Why should they get
burned raking Danny's chestnuts for
him? Why should they lose impor-
tant measures which could be se-
cured, merely in order to sustain Dan-
ny in a fight which is entirely for his
own benefit and in which neither the
legislators from this county nor their
constituents have one particle of in-
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What is the district attorney's bill
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EVELYN NESBIT THAW—A STUDY BY E. S. GOODNOW

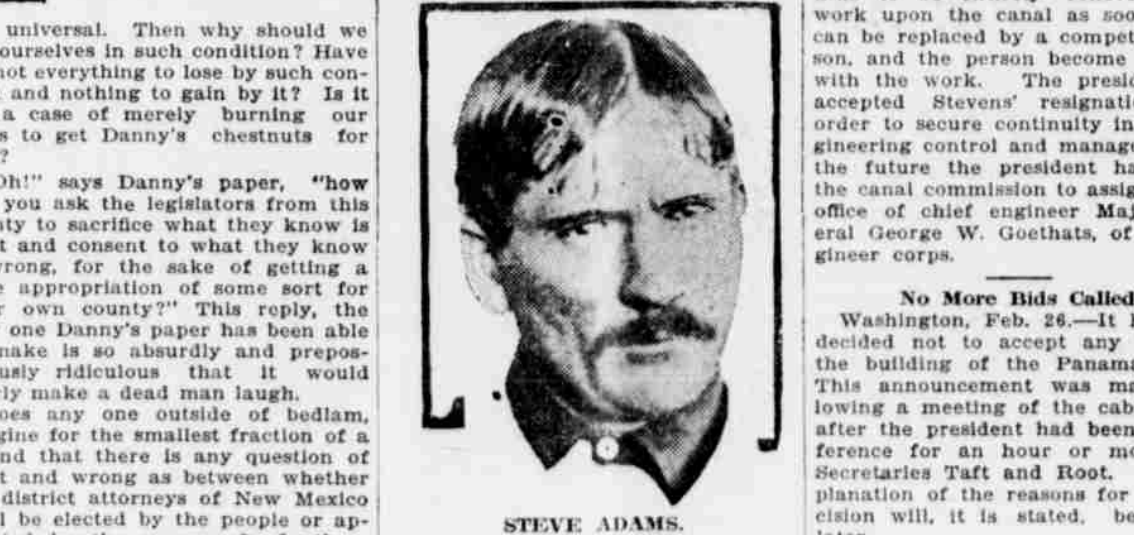


ATTORNEYS FOR STEVE ADAMS LAY A FOUNDATION

For Abal, Intending to Show
He Was Not in That Sec-
tion of Country

WHEN THE MUDER IS
SAID TO HAVE BEEN DONE

Wallace, Feb. 26.—Blit by blit the
attorneys for Steve Adams, charged
with the murder of Fred Tyler, are
laying the foundation for their theory



STEVE ADAMS.

that Adams was not in the Marble
Creek region when Tyler was killed,
but was in Spokane. This morning
was taken up mainly with the testi-
mony of some early settlers in that
region, telling of the coming of claim
jumpers and describing the topo-
graphy of the country.

**VON L. MYER ARRIVES
TO BE POSTMASTER GENERAL.**

New York, Feb. 26.—George Von
L. Myer, former American ambas-
sador to Russia, arrived here today
from Hamburg. He returns to the
United States to become postmaster
general.

**BURNED BRIDGE TIES
UP TRAFFIC 24 HOURS**

Special to The Evening Citizen.
Las Vegas, N. M., Feb. 26.—A
100-foot bridge burned at Ri-
bera station at 4 o'clock this
morning. The cause of the fire
is not known. Traffic will be
delayed at least twenty-four
hours. Ribera is a small station
about thirty miles south of here.
Santa Fe officials announced
this afternoon that mails and
passengers would be transferred
around the burned bridge, and
that there would not be a delay
of more than five or six hours
of the arrival and departure of
trains. East bound trains will
depart as usual. The California
limited transferred with No. 4 of
last night and arrived here this
afternoon only three hours late.

**MURDERED HIS FAMILY
FOR ANOTHER WOMAN.**

Denver, Feb. 26.—Benjamin C.
Wright last night confessed that he
murdered his wife and five-year-old
daughter on account of his attach-
ment for Stella Good. He is now
charged with murder. The Good
woman was arrested in Colorado
Springs this morning and will be
brought back to Denver.

THAW TRIAL HAS BUT LITTLE EX- CITEMENT

Abe Hummell Is Chief Witness
For Contradiction
of Evelyn.

HE MAKES LITTLE IF ANY HEAD WAY, IS

Dismissed and Mrs. Harry Thaw
Is Recalled to the Stand
by Jerome.

New York, Feb. 26.—Abraham H.
Hummell, the lawyer who drew up
the affidavit to which Evelyn Nesbit
is said to have sworn and signed,
which charged Thaw with cruelty
during 1903 while on a trip to Eu-
rope, was the first witness in the
Thaw trial today.

Hummell was shown a photo-
graphic copy of the last page of the
famous affidavit, to refresh his mem-
ory, as to the date Evelyn called at
his office. Delmas objected to the
use of the photograph but the court
allowed the questions.

Jerome asked Hummell if he dic-
tated to the stenographer while Eve-
lyn was present. Delmas objected to
the question saying that Jerome was
apparently trying to show Mrs. Thaw's
evidence false, and he could not inter-
rupt the cross examination for such a
purpose. Jerome claimed that if the
witness told Thaw in Paris that there
was no truth in her statement about
White he should be allowed to put it
in. The affidavit contains such an al-
legation and says that Thaw whipped
Miss Nesbit when she told him there
was no truth in it. Fitzgerald over-
ruled the objection and Hummell said
he did dictate the statement in the
presence of Evelyn. Jerome asked
Hummell several other questions but
objections were sustained to them and
Hummell was temporarily excused.

Delmas Blocks Jerome.

Delmas having successfully blocked
for the time all testimony regarding
the alleged affidavit, Jerome asked

THE EVENING CITIZEN

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OFFICIAL PAPER FOR
CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE

GYPSY BAND IN NEW YORK OF INTEREST

Lead Life of Ease and Comfort in Their Cozy and Well Furnished Tents.

TEXAS SENATE CLEARS BAILEY OF CHARGES

How the Courts Some Times Spend Money to Gratify Spite Rather Than to Obtain Justice.

New York: Blissfully indifferent to zero weather and snowstorms, a band of gypsies is spending a delightful winter in New York city. Their tents, some of which are supplied with electric lights and other modern conveniences, are clustered near the subway station at 174th street, in the Bronx. They are the real simon pure gypsies, whose ancestral lines run back to the lost tribes of Israel, and in many ways are the most interesting group of Romany people possible to find in this country.

Most of them are descendants of the ancient Lovell and Smith tribes, but one among them is a white man, gotten for almost half a century, was at one time a conspicuous person throughout civilization and one of the best known gypsies in the world. He is Poorley Mace, brother of "Jem" Mace, who was for many years the champion pugilist of the world, and no doubt the most widely known and remarkable accuracy teller of the century. During the great champion's triumphs in Europe and this country Poorley Mace traveled with him as his sparring partner, and now, when one has gained the old man's confidence, he sits in his cosy tent, surrounded by his children and grandchildren, and with a memory of remarkable accuracy tells of the scenes and the men of forty or fifty years ago, when he and his brother were the lions of the sporting classes wherever they went.

Twenty years ago, when the champion retired from the ring with wealth and his trophies, including many gifts from Europe's nobility, Poorley Mace returned to his people and his wandering life, with no desire, he says, to renew the acquaintance of the thousands of prominent men who cultivated his friendship in the years gone by.

When he is in the mood he tells you of the reception that was given to his famous brother in Madison Square Garden; he tells you of the ovals in Boston and other cities, of the good old days in England when the present king was his brother's intimate friend. He talks of Heenan, Morrissey, Coburn, and relates many interesting incidents of the old time sporting aristocrats in New York and other cities, now and again asking in a tone of solicitude, "I wonder if he is dead?"

SOME MEASURES IN THE TEXAS LEGISLATURE.

Austin, Texas: The governor is still going over the El Paso charter, which is voluminous, and he may sign it today.

Green, chairman of the senate investigation committee, filed a resolution yesterday asking for further time and authority to send a committee to hunt up Pierce, to get his evidence and to examine the records in St. Louis.

The resolution was vehemently objected to by Bailey's friends and the argument was warm.

The substitute resolution by Looney completely exonerating Bailey and discharging the committee was adopted—15 yeas and 11 nays.

Insolvent Corporations.

The house committee has reported favorably an amendment to the constitution defining an insolvent corporation and since the action of the committee it is discovered to be one of

Don't Imagine

That because you have suffered for a long time from a weak stomach there is no cure for you. You haven't tried the right medicine, that's all. Thousands of sufferers during the past 53 years voluntarily testified that

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

cured them after all else had failed. You should therefore try it at once. It always cures Poor Appetite, Sour Risings, Nausea, Cramps, Indigestion, Chills, Colds, or Female Ills. We guarantee it absolutely pure.

the original Hogg amendments and is exceedingly drastic in its provisions. At least railroad lawyers look at it that way, and they have asked to be permitted to appear before the committee to present their objections to the measure. The railroad men hope to present such facts as will induce the committee to rescind its action and recommit the bill for further argument and amendment.

Agricultural Department.
The senate passed the joint resolution amending the constitution providing for an agricultural department and bureau of labor.

The senate passed house bill creating the Ballinger independent school district.

The senate passed house bill creating the Cristoval independent school district for Green county.

SENSELESS WAY TO WASTE MONEY OF THE PEOPLE.
Chicago: When President Cornelius P. Shea, of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and his fellow defendants, who have been on trial on a charge of conspiracy committed during the teamsters' strike against the department stores in Chicago two years ago, were found guilty by a jury in the criminal court, there was ended a second senseless and useless trial, the jury having disagreed on the first trial. The second trial was a direct contrast to the first, owing to the quick progress made in securing the jury and in presenting the evidence. It was begun on February 1 and the jury was completed nineteen days later, whereas seventy-eight days were consumed in securing the former jury. One of the trial lasted in all 151 days. The trial was a waste of money, and the liberty extended the jurors by Judge Cavanaugh, who permitted them to visit their homes, accompanied by deputy sheriffs, so that they might give attention to important personal business and see their families.

Special arrangements were also made for the teamsters and their families. The cost of the trial is estimated at \$10,000. The former one is said to have cost \$100,000.

The chief witnesses for the state in this, as in the former trial, were Albert Young, president of a rival teamsters' organization, and two other general defendants, all of whom turned state's evidence during the progress of the former trial.

PEOPLE DEMAND BETTER RAILWAY ACCOMMODATION.

South Bend, Ind.: Following the example set by several other rapidly growing commercial centers, South Bend is preparing to inaugurate a campaign having as its object a fine railroad passenger station. This may also carry with it track elevation. The South Bend Tribune has for years been fighting for a union station and its efforts seem to have made some impression, for a committee has been appointed to look after the matter. Track elevation may also be insisted upon. Probably no city of 60,000 has enjoyed so few privileges from the railroads as South Bend. Such great and wealthy roads as the Lake Shore, Grand Trunk, Western, Vandallia and Michigan Central, to say nothing of the lesser roads, provide miserable passenger accommodations and some fifty trains a day enter the city.

South Bend feels that its enormous manufacturing and commercial interests entitle it to better consideration from the railroads. Track elevation and a union passenger station, therefore, may be insisted upon.

MINE SALE IN GRANT, NEAR SILVER CITY.

Silver City, N. M.: The large group of copper mines known as the Copper Plate, just outside of Hanover, were sold during the past few days to Martin Fishback, a mining engineer representing eastern capitalists.

The properties were owned by J. B. Gilchrist, of El Paso. The consideration was private.

Activity in mining in Silver City and the surrounding districts continues unparalleled.

Mining sales of considerable magnitude are being pushed through by the mining men here almost every day and the purchasers in nearly every case are men of money who will thoroughly develop the properties.

The mining industry tributary to Silver City never looked brighter and in more stable shape than it does today.

BACKACHE IS NATURE'S DANGER SIGNAL

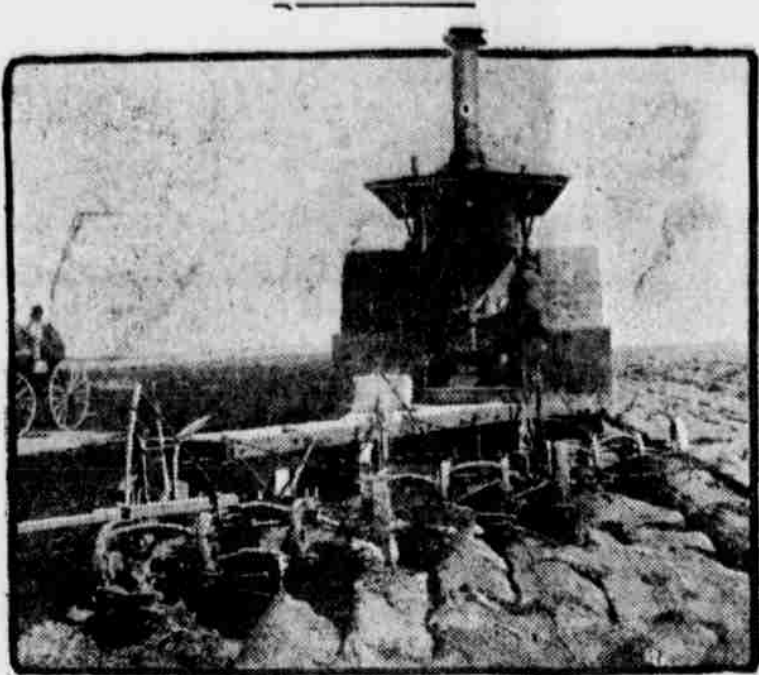
More people succumb each year to some form of kidney trouble than to any other cause. The slightest form of kidney derangement often develops into Bright's kidney disease, diabetes or dropsy. When either of these diseases are suspected the sufferer should at once seek the best medical attention possible. Consult only a good first-class physician, leave patent medicines alone.

There are many of the lesser symptoms of kidney trouble which can be treated at home, is stated by a well known authority. For some of these such as backache, pain in the region of the kidneys, weak bladder, frequency, (especially at night), painful urination and other urinary troubles, try the following simple home remedy: Fluid Extract Dandelion one-half ounce, Compound Karsagon one ounce, Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. These vegetable ingredients are harmless and can be obtained at any good prescription pharmacy and anyone can mix them by shaking well in a bottle. The dose for adults is a teaspoonful after each meal and again at bedtime.

There is no better general remedy known to relieve all forms of rheumatism either, because it acts directly upon the kidneys and blood. It cleans the clogged up pores in the kidneys so they can filter and strain from the blood the poisonous uric acid and waste matter which if not eliminated remain in the blood, decompose and result in the joints and muscular tissue causing the untiring suffering and deformity of rheumatism.

Backache is nature's signal notifying the sufferer that the kidneys are not acting properly. "Take care of your kidneys," is now the physician's advice to his patients.

HEAVEN'S RAIN TO MAKE FERTILE HOME FARMS OF 300,000 MORE WESTERN ACRES



THE STEAM PLOW IS THE MAIN AGENT IN "DRY FARMING." "A traction engine is hitched to a string of plows which turn over 40 acres of sod a day. Then a headlight is put on the engine and it turns over 40 acres more in the night. This is the western plains being transformed."

WONDERS OF THE NEW WESTERN IDEA OF "DRY FARMING." BY WHICH EVERY DROP OF RAIN IS TO BE UTILIZED IN THE ARID LANDS EAST OF ROCKIES.

(By C. M. Harger.)

Special Correspondence.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 26.—"Three hundred million acres of land lie between the western limit of a rainfall greater than 20 inches annually and the Rocky Mountains," declared Professor Elwood Mead, government irrigationist at the 40th farming congress, where were gathered 1,000 delegates representing 16 states.

"This land can be transformed into farms and homes if we can utilize all the rainfall. This semi-arid region and other separated semi-arid sections in the western half of the United States present the greatest problem now before the people of this country."

This congress was the first ever held in America in the interest of the dry lands. It was composed of scientific farmers and men of wide acquaintance with the west.

"The responsibility of making the upland prairie a fit place for homes lies with the farmers," said J. L. Donahue, of Denver. "Upon these lands hosts will surely settle."

"At no station in Wyoming," declared a weather bureau authority in an address, "has the rainfall fallen below 10 inches, except at Cheyenne."

Crops can be raised every year, say the dry farming experts. If such a rainfall can be conserved. They hope to save the moisture of one year over until the next, thus getting enough for the grain roots.

Take a lump of sugar and a spoonful of loose sugar. Upon each pour a spoonful of water. What happens? The lump retains a little and the remainder runs off; the loose sugar absorbs it and retains the moisture. That is the secret of "dry farming."

H. W. Campbell started it up in Dakota in the early '80s and it turns over 40 acres more in the night. This is the western plain being transformed.

A few years ago 500 bushels of durum wheat was imported from the arid regions of the old world; now 50,000,000 bushels are raised in the United States. It is a dry farming crop, one that stands the drought. It is not time for thick settlement of the high plains, but many can find homes if they will farm intelligently.

That is what the dry farming congress will do. It will reveal the irrigation congress in getting benefits from the great west. What crops to raise, how to select seed, how to till the soil, how to keep the moisture—these things dwellers on semi-arid lands want to know and they believe the government should help them.

Commenting upon the cheapness of human life as it exists in the coal mines of West Virginia, emphasized by the recent disasters in that state, President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, has given this special interview, in which he reviews the conditions that underlie the fatalities. He concurs in Governor Dawson's view that the mining laws of West Virginia are inadequate. He declares that the conditions of employment are un-American.

Special Correspondence.
Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 26.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, has given your correspondent the following special interview:

There is no doubt that conditions of life and labor among the miners of West Virginia, especially in the New River, Fairmont and Norfolk & Western fields, to say the least, are intolerable.

The guard system, by which irresponsible and often vicious men are employed ostensibly to protect property, but in reality for the purpose of keeping the employees in subjection, is a curse to the working people and a disgrace to the state.

The numerous explosions and the great number of fatalities incident to them could be reduced fully one-half by the enactment of wise laws or even the rigid enforcement of those now on the statute books.

It is of interest to note that the number of persons killed per 1000 employed is greater in West Virginia than in other states, notwithstanding the fact that the natural danger incident to mining is less than in other states.

In 1905 the number killed was 194, and 250 were seriously injured, or 424-100 per 1000 employed, or one for each 181,773 tons of coal produced. In five years 786 persons have been killed in the mines of West Virginia, and the number is increasing each year.

The mining laws of West Virginia, as compared with those of Ohio, Illinois and Indiana, are totally inadequate. It has been an evil practice in West Virginia to import foreign miners from other points, usually under misrepresentation as to wages and conditions of employment.

The governor of West Virginia, in a special message to the legislature now in session, says: "In certain parts of the state the miners are oppressed and wronged. They are compelled under some circumstances to work in ill-ventilated and otherwise unfit mines. They are cheated in the payment of compensation for their labor. They work on condition that they receive so much a ton for the

THE CONDITIONS.

Thousands of settlers want homes. Ranches are being broken in to farms. Land values are increasing. Less than 20 inches of annual rainfall.

THE DEMANDS.

Practical methods of agriculture. Conservation of the rainfall. Systematic cultivation of lands. Government assistance in experiment.

Then the "Campbell system" spread and the railroads took it up.

"By keeping the top of the ground fine you have a dust blanket that receives all the water that falls and keeps in all the water that goes below the surface." That is his platform, the platform of the dry farming.

It wins, too. Out in Western Kansas and eastern Colorado last summer were raised as good crops of wheat as those in eastern Kansas and eastern Nebraska. They are starting homes and are preparing to stay. Practically all the land owned by the railroads in those sections has been sold. It has doubled in price. It is being fenced and cultivated.

A traction engine is hitched to a string of plows which turn over 40 acres of sod in a day. Then a headlight is put on the engine and it turns over 40 acres more in the night. This is the western plain being transformed.

The News—No pure eras laws would be needed, if all cough cures were like Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is—and has been for 20 years. The national law now requires that if any poisons enter into a cough mixture, it must be printed on the label or package. For this reason mothers, and others, should insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. No poison marks on Dr. Shoop's labels—and none in the medicine, else it must be law by the label. And it's not only safe, but it is said to be by those that know it best, a truly remarkable remedy. Take no chance, particularly with your children. Insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Compare carefully the Dr. Shoop package with others and see No poison marks there. You can always be on the safe side by demanding Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Simply refuse to accept any other. Sold by all druggists.

HAIR DRESSER AND CHIROPD.
Mrs. Bambini, at her parlors, No. 209 West Railroad avenue, is prepared to give thorough scalp treatment, do hair dressing, treat corns, bunions and ingrowing nails. She gives massage treatment and manicuring. Mrs. Bambini's own preparation of complexion cream builds up the skin and improves the complexion, and is guaranteed not to be injurious. She also prepares a hair tonic that cures and prevents dandruff, hair falling out, restores life to dead hair; removes moles, warts and superfluous hair. Also a face powder, a freckle cure and pimple cure and pile cure. All of these preparations are purely vegetable compounds. Have just added a vibrator machine for treatment of scalp, face and cure of wrinkles. It is also used for rheumatism, pains and massage.

"Preventives" will promptly check a cold or the gripe when taken early or at the "anemic stage." Preventive cure seated colds as well. Preventives are little candy cold cure tablets, and Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., will gladly mail you samples and a book on colds free, if you will write him. The samples prove their merit. Check early colds with Preventives and stop pneumonia. Sold in 5c and 25c boxes by all druggists.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., January 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Santiago Garcia, of Chilli, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 6589, made December 3, 1901, for the SE 1/4 NW 1/4, and E 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 26, Township 10 N., Range 10 W., and that said proof will be made before Jesus M. Luna, Probate Clerk at Los Lunas, N. M., on March 7, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz: Jose R. Candelaria, Rafael Baldes, Manuel Sanchez, Bilenste Padia, all of San Rafael, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., January 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Santiago Garcia, of Chilli, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 6591, made October 2, 1901, for the SE 1/4 NW 1/4, E 1/4 SW 1/4, and SW 1/4, Section 3, Township 8 N., Range 6 E., and that said proof will be made before H. W. S. Otero, United States Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz: Manuel Y. Acuna, Antonio Sandoval, Julian Lucero and Jose Mora, all of Chilli, N. M.

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A Habit to Be Encouraged.
The mother who has acquired the habit of keeping on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, saves herself a great amount of uneasiness and anxiety. Coughs, colds and croup, to which children are susceptible are quickly cured by its use. It contracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia, and if given as soon as the first symptoms of croup appear, it will prevent the attack. This remedy contains nothing injurious and mothers give it to little ones with a feeling of perfect security. Sold by all druggists.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

When You Need DRUGS

Don't always think how cheap you can get them. Think instead, where you can get the freshest, the purest and strongest and come where you can always get them. We have only one quality the BEST ALWAYS. And our prices are always the lowest, quality considered.

The HIGHLAND PHARMACY

Occidental Life Building.

Corner Broadway and
East Railroad Avenue
Coke Phone, Black 30.

SEEK A RELIABLE DENTIST

Full Set of Teeth \$8
Gold Filling \$1.50 up
Gold Crowns \$6
Painless Extracting 50c

ALL WORK ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED.

B. F. COPE,
ROOM 12, N. T. ARMJO BLDG.

coal mined by them. The coal is not weighed, but is calculated by the mine cars. These cars, at least in some localities, are rated at a capacity of two and one-half tons, whereas they often have a capacity of four and in some cases up to six tons, but the miner is paid for only two and a half tons, and for all above that he mines he gets no pay whatever. This is robbery of the poor and oppression of the weak.

In so far as the state government does not take the initiative in remedying these wrongs, then correction can be left to no other agency than the organization of labor. Unfortunately, the miners of West Virginia are poorly organized, and as a consequence they fall easy prey to the avariciousness of their employers.

It is but just to say that there are in West Virginia many fair and humane employers, who would welcome a change in these conditions, but even those consciences rebel against the un-American system are compelled to adopt it in order to enable them to compete with their more unscrupulous neighbors.

FOR SALE—A good big cow, will be fresh soon. See George K. Neher.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A Yost typewriter. See The Citizen.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Good tent house, Lloyd Hunsaker, 205 West Gold avenue.

FOR SALE—Underwood typewriter, good as new; a sacrifice. Address in care of Citizen office.

FOR SALE—The Claude Girard property on Mountain road, first house west of aqueduct, near Sixth street, corner of Railroad avenue and Hill street. Low rent to a permanent tenant. Inquire of J. F. Luthy.

FOR SALE—Five-room furnished house, also two and three room flats, very reasonable to good tenants. Apply at 415 West Railroad avenue.

FOR SALE—Majority of stock in established and paying retail business, incorporated. Owner wishes to leave city. Address No. 1126, Daily Citizen.

FOR SALE—At the "Variety" you will find fine home made bread, 5c a loaf; doughnuts, pies, baked beans, soup and other good things strictly home made. Phone 710. Mrs. Downs, 506 South Arno street.

LOST—An Elk's tooth. R. W. D. Bryan.

Gas in the Stomach.
Belching and the sense of fullness so often experienced after eating is caused by the formation of gas. The stomach fails to perform its functions and the food ferments. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct this disorder. They aid digestion and strengthen and invigorate the stomach and bowels. For sale by all druggists.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., January 29, 1907.

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.

WANTED—At once, a girl who understands starching. The Imperial Laundry Co.

WANTED—A woman for general housework. Inquire of Miss Baldrige, 108 South Arno street.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper by an experienced lady. Address housekeeper, care Citizen.

WANTED—Second-hand typewriter; must be cheap and in good condition. 201 E. Railroad.

WANTED—Young man as night clerk in small hotel; one living at home preferred. Apply 109 North First street.

WANTED—Three or four rooms furnished for light housekeeping in modern house. Highlands preferred. Address J. T. Z.

WANTED—Graduate Brownberger college, Los Angeles, desires position as stenographer; thoroughly capable. Address B. this office.

WANTED—Gentleman's second-hand clothing. No. 515 South First street, south of viaduct. Send address and will call. R. J. Sweeney, proprietor.

WANTED—Teams—The Santa Fe Gold & Copper Mining Co. wants teams for coal haul from Hagan to the mines, near San Pedro, and for other purposes. All good teams making application will be given work. Geo. O. Marrs, Superintendent.

WANTED—A woman for general housework. Inquire of Miss Baldrige, 108 South Arno street.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper by an experienced lady. Address housekeeper, care Citizen.

AGENTS WANTED.

MEN AND WOMEN ARE MAKING \$10 to \$25 a day selling our embroidery goods. No capital or

A PICTURE FOR THAW--LIFE IN MATTEAWAN ASYLUM AS WELL THE GRAVE OF THE DEAD

NEW YORK'S ABODE FOR THE CRIMINAL INSANE A PLACE WHERE "PATIENTS" PASS INTO STRICTEST DISCIPLINE AND ESCAPE IS IMPOSSIBLE.

WHAT THE WOULD FIND AT MATTEAWAN.

- Dull, dead monotony.
- Early rising.
- Plain food.
- Conversation strictly limited.
- Hard wooden chairs; tables without napery.
- A cot in a ward.
- Nearly everything done by drill.
- Constant surveillance.
- Frequent searches.
- Perfunctory exercise.
- Punishment by solitary confinement.

(By Katherine Leckie.)
Special Correspondence.

Fishkill Landing, N. Y. Feb. 26.—Harry Thaw might well prefer the electric chair rather than to come here," emphatically declared an official of Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane, which is conducted at this village by the state of New York.

To this novel penal institution the young Pittsburgh millionaire will have to come if he is found insane now and his trial for slaying Stanford White discontinued. Although its inmates are called "patients," this asylum is essentially a prison. However, patients who recover their sanity are allowed to stand trial and take the chance of acquittal. Sometimes trials have been avoided by time removing all the witnesses upon whom depended the case against the defendant.

Confinement in the Matteawan asylum is terminated usually only by death, but in the breast of every patient, no matter how friendly, is ever burning that constant hope for freedom that is the attribute of human nature.

The relatives and friends of a prisoner in this state institution are permitted in a small measure to add to his comfort. He may have a letter from Thaw would bring him three things. He could have his own food and his own clothes, and he could avail himself fully of the common privilege of receiving visitors briefly three times a week. No valet, however, could aid him in dressing; he would have to eat his food from a tin bowl with a pewter spoon, just as does every other inmate.

Day In, Day Out.

The daily life of Harry Thaw would be one of such dull, monotonous routine that one day could scarce be told from another. At 5 in the summer mornings—a half hour later during the winter months—he would rise. The privilege of a shower bath is a matter of choice with the "patients." He would then dress, assist in making his bed and putting the ward in order, for he would occupy a ward with dozens of others. Breakfast is served at 7:30. If Thaw broke his fast with the hospital fare it would be upon a bowl of mush with strap, a cup of coffee and a piece of bread. The long, dull day with its few diversions would actually begin.

No Club Features.

The inmates at Matteawan help in the kitchen, the dining room and laundry, but the greater portion of the time is spent in the big, long ward, lounging and reading. Conversation is permitted, but of what is there to talk? Whenever three or four "patients" are seen to group themselves together into an apparent intimacy one of the number is instantly transferred to another ward, for fear insubordination may result from the discussion.

Out-of-door exercise is taken winter and summer, but there is little liberty attached to it. The prisoners walk in an uncovered corridor. Around and around they go, one following quickly upon the footsteps of another, like in a treadmill.

Solitary Confinement.

Sulkiness and resistance to control are severely disciplined at Matteawan by isolation.

The isolated quarters consist of a small square room, utterly barren of furniture. The windows are so high that they afford no view, and three or four days alone brings the most stubborn of the inmates to a sense of his amenability to the rules.

Everyone Suspected.

Unceasing vigilance against attack is the attitude of the institution officers. Frequently every inmate is stripped of his clothing, it is taken away and fresh given him. This is to prevent any instrument being hidden in the boot, the stocking, or even the bosom of the shirt. Each "patient" is considered vicious, no matter what his former social record.

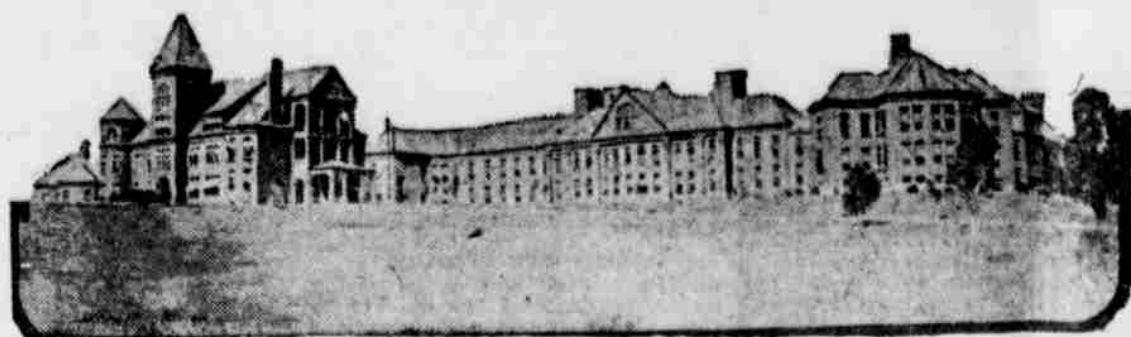
All this surveillance will be Harry Thaw's if he is sent to Matteawan—this man who from his boyhood, through boyish days, his youth and young manhood has had every wish gratified. He will never have a moment alone, except as a mode of correction, his food coming from his mother's table would be scrutinized, and his clothes carefully searched that no secrets may be kept from the officials.

Indigestion

Stomach trouble is but a symptom of, and not in itself a true disease. We think of Dyspepsia, Heartburn, and indigestion as real diseases, yet they are symptoms only of a certain specific Nerve sickness—nothing else.

It was this fact that first correctly led Dr. Shoop in the creation of that now very popular Stomach Restorative—Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Going direct to the stomach, nerves, alone brought that success and favor to Dr. Shoop and his Restorative. Without that original and highly vital principle, no such lasting accomplishments were ever to be had. For stomach distress, bloating, biliousness, bad breath and salivary complaint, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tastes or Liquid—and see for yourself what it can and will do. We sell and cheerfully recommend.

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MATTEAWAN ASYLUM, EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE CRIMINAL INSANE, AT FISHKILL, LANDING, N. Y. THE PLACE WHERE HARRY THAW WILL BE CONFINED IF FOUND INSANE NOW.

STOCK EN ROUTE MUST NOT BE NEGLECTED

Lobbyists Excluded From the Floor of West Virginia Legislature by Speaker.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—If the crusade inaugurated by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is effective, the railroad engaged in the shipment of live stock will be compelled to handle these dumb creatures in a humane manner and thus keep them in better physical condition and add to their value at the point of destination. Department officials say that it has been the policy of the railroads to do all within their power to cause the cattle raisers to become dissatisfied with the law and cause them to bring pressure to effect its repeal or modification.

Under the present law it is forbidden that cattle shall be kept confined in cars without food, water and rest for more than 28 hours except that with the written consent of the shipper this period may be extended to 36 hours. In technically complying with this law, inspectors of the department have made discoveries that live stock has been dumped out in the middle of the night in any and all kinds of weather, into improvised pens, and that this has resulted in enormous damage to the stock. Secretary Wilson has issued circulars to the cattle carrying roads that they will be required to unload all stock in a humane manner and in properly equipped pens within the period required by law. This will compel the roads along whose lines millions of head of live stock are shipped annually, to construct suitable enclosures and treat cattle with some regard to their condition and comfort. As a further means of compelling cattlemen to protect against existing laws, the department says the railroads have undertaken the plan of delaying cattle shipments and that this has been done to the extent that frequently cars are moved not more than thirty or forty miles in an entire day. To prevent this method of coercion, congress has been asked to provide a minimum limit of distance over which cattle trains must pass during a given period.

Down on Lobbyists.

The recent bold stand taken by Speaker Seaman, of the West Virginia legislature, in warning lobbyists not to ply their business on the floor of the house and threatening them with exclusion if such practices did not cease, has attracted the attention of members of congress to one method that might be applied to prevent them from being subjected to the importunities of this class of citizens. The situation in Washington, however, is different from that in any other capital in the country. Once a man is a member of the house or of the senate, he is forever entitled to the privilege of the floor. Thus it happens that the most valuable lobbyists are men who have served in one branch of congress or the other. They are in Washington today probably one hundred men who are professional lobbyists, although they call themselves attorneys. They represent special interests, and not a

piece of proposed legislation adversely affecting the interests they guard can be introduced that they are not promptly on hand before committees and on the floor log-rolling against the bill, utterly regardless of the merits of the measure. The value of the privilege of the floor to men engaged in this business can easily be understood. They can move about at will gathering information and throwing out suggestions and hints and playing their business of lobbying and "moulding public sentiment" without being put to the inconvenience of sending in for members and button-holing them in corridors, as ordinary lobbyists are required to do.

This sort of thing has come to be almost a disgrace, and members who are not susceptible to the "arguments" of these lobbyists are convinced that the time has come when the rules should be changed so that none but members and members-elect should be permitted to enter upon the floor when the house is in session. Several former members who served in the house without any particular distinction have grown rich as "attorneys" and may be seen almost any day at the capitol looking after the interests of their clients.

Bacon Wants Extra Session.

If Senator Bacon, of Georgia, can bring it about there will be an extra session of congress, and it is understood there is behind Mr. Bacon's present action in opposing the Dominican treaty, a matter that is largely personal to himself. The Dominican treaty cannot be reported to the senate without the vote of Mr. Bacon, and that he refuses to give, saying he shall insist that the republicans wait until they have a two-thirds vote—after March 4—before this treaty shall be ratified. If Mr. Bacon can carry his threat into execution an extra session seems assured.

Now for Mr. Bacon's personal reason. He was elected to the senate in 1894 and has been serving continuously since. During that time he has worked up to a position of influence in the senate and is spoken of more than any one else as the successor to Senator Joe Blackburn as minority leader after March 4th, at which time the Kentucky senator goes out. Mr. Bacon is chairman of one of the minority committees which gives him some patronage, and is a member of the important committee on foreign relations and on rules, besides being on the committees on the judiciary, railroads and one or two minor committees. These assignments give him a commanding position among the minority of the senate.

He has been nominated by popular vote in his state for the term to succeed himself after March 4, but two years ago the legislature changed its times of meeting from November to June. Had it met last November Mr. Bacon would have been re-elected. As it does not now meet until June Mr. Bacon cannot be elected until that time. It is said that under the Georgia constitution the governor can appoint to fill a vacancy only by death or resignation. Should he decide that he has no authority to appoint Mr. Bacon and the continuity of his term of office in the senate is broken, Mr. Bacon fears he may lose some of his important committee assignments in the reorganization of the senate and thereby be robbed of his prestige. It is no wonder that Mr. Bacon wants an extra session so that if his governor can be prevailed upon to appoint immediately, Mr. Bacon can at once qualify and no hiatus will be created in his senatorial career.

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TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF LEGISLATURE

Joint Resolution No. 7. Expense Bill. Was Passed.

I RENIG. SAYS HUDSPETH

House Gets \$4,198. Council \$3,064
---Fourteen New Bills Introduced.

THE HOUSE.

Twenty-fifth Day—Monday Afternoon
Pursuant to adjournment, the house met at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Speaker Bacon in the chair. The chief clerk read the roll. Absent—Mr. Aldrich, Mr. Luceor, Mr. Martin and Mr. Sanchez, of San Miguel. The chaplain offered the invocation. Upon motion of Mr. Holt, seconded and carried, the journal was approved without reading.

A number of petitions and fourteen new bills were introduced. The house passed house joint resolution No. 7, for the payment of employees and contingent expenses of the legislature. The resolution appropriates \$4,198 for the house, and \$3,064 for the council. Mr. Hudspeth was the only one dissenting.

THE COUNCIL.

Twenty-fifth Day—Monday Afternoon
The council met yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, with all members present.

DELEGATES TO NATIONAL HIGHWAY CONGRESS

A. A. SEDILLO IS APPOINTED NOTARY PUBLIC—OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Governor Hagerman has appointed the following as delegates from New Mexico to the National congress of state highway commissioners, and other officials interested in highway construction in connection with the fourth annual convention of the American Road Makers' association at Pittsburgh, March 12 and 13: Frederick H. Pierce of Las Vegas; David M. White of Santa Fe; R. W. Had-den of Albuquerque; J. C. Carrera of Las Cruces; D. L. Newkirk of Artesia, and John L. Zimmerman of Las Vegas. The names of the five first named delegates were recommended to the governor for appointment at the recent meeting of the New Mexico Good Roads association. Mr. Zimmerman is the secretary of the organization and the governor also included him in his list of delegates.

Notaries Public Appointed.
The following have been appointed notaries public by Governor Hagerman: Bernard Cleave, of Elk, Chaves county; A. A. Sedillo of Albuquerque; Bernallillo county; Louis F. Nohl of Espanola, Rio Arriba county.

For catarrh, let me send you free, just to prove merit, a trial size box of Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. It is a snow white, creamy, healing antiseptic balm that gives instant relief to catarrh of the nose and throat. Make the free test and see. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

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Nellie is Keeping Lent.

(From the Detroit Press.)
Nellie is keeping Lent. She is wearing a suit of gray; in devotions her mornings are spent. And candy she's shunning today. The theaters! Oh, not at all. Though seats in the parquet were free; What is worse, when upon her I call, She even declines to see me.

Nellie is keeping Lent. And shunning the pleasures of earth; Her mind is now wholly intent On spiritual matters of worth. She's denying herself, but I swear When I called the fair maiden to see;

I was thunder-struck! Up-in-the-air, When Nellie declined to see me. I think she is going too far, I think she is overly zealous; I can't think Lent's purposes are To torture a man who is jealous. Though she gives up her candy and cakes, The dance and her afternoon tea; Abas the religion that makes Fair Nellie, through Lent, give up me.

A Valuable Lesson.

"Six years ago I learned a valuable lesson," writes John Pleasant, of Magnolia, Ind. "I then began taking Dr. King's New Life Pills, and the longer I take them the better I find them." They please everybody. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c.

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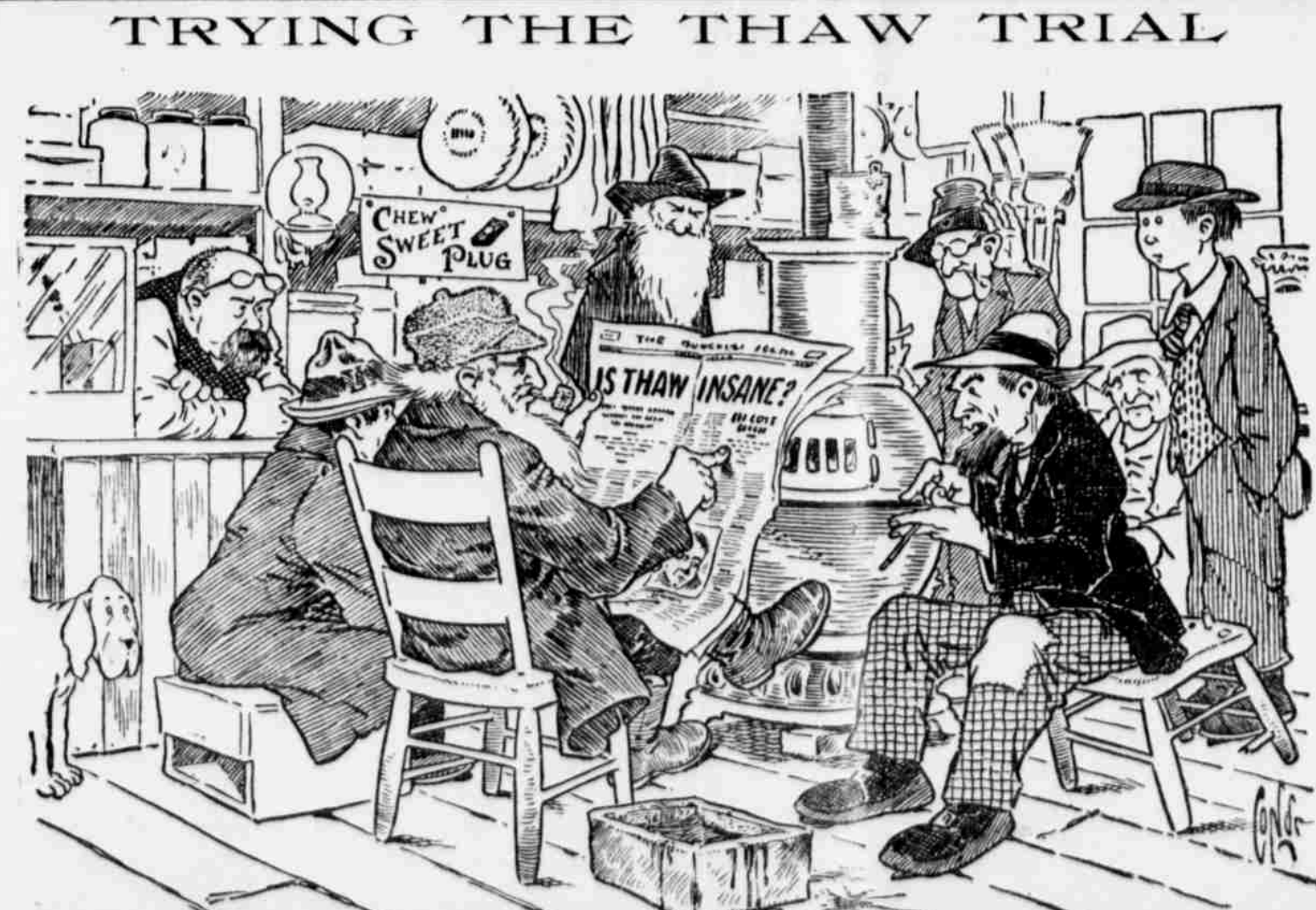
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THE ALBUQUERQUE CITIZEN

Published Daily and Weekly.

By The Citizen Publishing Company

W. S. STRICKLER,
President.W. T. McCRIGHT,
Business Manager.

POINT AT ISSUE

The Daily Citizen is found urging the representatives of this county in the present assembly to sell themselves out; to abandon a straightforward, manly position, etc., etc.—Morning Journal.

The Daily Citizen has suggested to Mr. Sulzer the wisdom of supporting the district attorney bill—because it is a good measure, because it is sanctioned by the majority of the voters of this judicial district, because as a member of the council from this county Mr. Sulzer's duty is to represent the wishes of his constituents, and not merely the personal ends of the political clique, and supported his candidacy in November. If Mr. Sulzer accepts the broader view of his obligations to the people he can develop for himself an influence in the upper house and secure for this county the passage of some much-wanted measures. If he allows his actions to be dominated by the Morning Journal—which has no interest in the present legislature other than opposing the majority—he will find his efforts at Santa Fe not only come to naught, but his political career go down in history as a failure and a discredit.

Every intelligent citizen knows that the cry of "selling out" is an adroitly concocted bit of blackmail which the Morning Journal is attempting to hold over Mr. Sulzer's head; that it is attempting to frustrate the passage of a good bill to serve its own political end. Mr. Sulzer will do well to allow the public sentiment of the county a fair hearing before binding himself to the autocracy of an anti-republican organ.

INCOMPETENT RAILROADING

Sometimes it is a rear end collision. Sometimes it is an open switch. Sometimes it is a misread order. Sometimes it is a careless train dispatcher. Sometimes it is a broken rail, or a broken axle, or a broken flange. Sometimes it is a reckless engineer. But it is always something. Nothing interferes with the American railroad's beneficent work of reducing its patrons to pulp.

In the matter of rigging the stock market the American railroad manager has no superior. In the matter of providing safe and expeditious facilities for transportation he has no inferior in any nation of the first rank. He can manipulate political conventions. He can debauch legislatures. He can send his paid attorneys to congress and sometimes put them on the bench. In these matters he is a master, just as he is a master in the art of issuing and juggling securities. It is only in the operation of railroads that he is deficient. The mere detail of transporting lives and property safely and satisfactorily he seems to regard as unworthy of his genius. His equipment is usually inadequate. His road-bed is generally second class or worse. His employees are undisciplined and his system is archaic.—New York World.

RAID ON LEGISLATURE

The powers that be of the local democratic organization are to be headed for Santa Fe today. Wonder if Boss Marron really has designs on the legislature.

The democrats went a hundred strong.
(Minus ninety-seven)

To Santa Fe to right what's wrong
With the Ruppe "lonesome seven."

Democracy is on its way—

"Boss" Marron, Burkhardt, Neil E. Field—
Sad, sad news for Santa Fe;
See the majority quickly yield.

New Mexican: In the mind of the decent and reputable citizens of the territory, there is no doubt that the lies, the slanders and libels published by the Albuquerque Morning Fakir among leading citizens of the territory and prominent members of the legislative assembly are "a territorial disgrace." This is too plain a fact for successful contradiction. For sinister reasons and in order to get even, that sheet has pursued a most rotten course in its comments on the acts of the present assembly from the very outset; its baseless hostility has now increased greatly in vindictiveness, in bitterness and in venom because of the expulsion of its representative from the privileges of the floor and galleries of the house of representatives, hence it out-herods Herod and injures the fair fame and good reputation of the territory of New Mexico, of its people and of the thirty-seventh assembly by its baseless and trumped-up charges, by its falsifications of records and news and by its libelous and slanderous attacks on patriotic and good citizens. This is an unfortunate condition of affairs to be sure. New Mexico has never had a more bitter traducer and a more cowardly calumniator than the sheet, but the territory will get over it all right.

Having definitely stated that it did not do much object to the election of district attorneys by the people as it did to the proposed method of their appointment prior to the first election, there seemed a faint hope of one gleam of intelligence on the part of the anti-republican organ of this city; but, alas, it was but the momentary gleam of the wintry sun through the rift in impenetrable clouds. The organ has returned to the flesh pots of Egypt and now opposes the election of district attorneys altogether. It says the people of Sandoval and Valencia counties might elect the district attorney, which would not only deprive Albuquerque of electing him, but would place the election of the district attorney entirely in the hands of the bosses. If this is not a mean and contemptible fling at the people of Valencia, of Sandoval and even of Bernalillo outside of Albuquerque, then language signifies nothing. It is a plain and unmistakable assertion that the people of these counties are not only unfit to elect their own officials, but that they are so boss-ridden as to be unable to do it. Will this unceasing maligner of the people of New Mexico tell whose these bosses are?

The Morning Journal's dissertations on Joseph and Pharaoh are interesting diversions as a modern interpretation of biblical history. But then a "mere slip of the pencil" regarding current events being "naturally" to be expected, Mr. Holt, how could the poor thing keep straight on mere history?

The anti-republican organ of this city, the other day, asked why Judas should not have sold Christ, when he could get thirty shining pieces of silver for it. Why did it not add, "or get the public printing for it?" This would have shown the organ's position to a tee.

The G. Washington "cannot tell a lie, father," story is evidently of some moral benefit even after the lapse of a century. The only retraction the Morning Journal has made to any of its numerous wholesale falsehoods was written on February 22. Let us hope for the best. Maybe next year Danny will do it again.

No, gentle reader, Danny Macpherson did not go to Santa Fe as chaplains for the "democratic lights." Danny is busy at home writing those good jokes and sharpening that "slippery pencil."

The Morning Journal's "slip of the pencil" habit is growing worse daily. You really ought to take something for that, Danny.

Henry Crows, in Weekly Financial Review: The outlook for the money market continues perplexing. Local bank reserves ought to have risen materially at this period; instead they continue far below the average of previous years at this season. This is disappointing. According to the last reports of the national banks in

the United States the loans stood on January 26th at the high figure of \$4,463,000,000, an increase of \$392,000,000 over the same time last year. Furthermore, loans at that date were nearly \$550,000,000 in excess of deposits, compared with an excess of only \$17,000,000 a year ago. A glance at the local bank statement shows that New York is being largely financed by interior and European bankers, local resources having been long ago exhausted.

With the "poetical license" allowed by overlooking "mere slips of the pencil," one can do wonders in writing "news."

Poor Mither Dooley! That excreting wit of his just has to boll over.

Isn't Danny just the really cutest boy?

HOW THE DARK AGES HAVE COME BACK TO WEST VIRGINIA

In medieval days men owned other men. The lords called on their serfs to work, to fight, to die. The great mass of the people was so much property, the goods and chattels of the lords. We call those days the Dark Ages.

Men are owned now in West Virginia. The barons had some sympathy; the mine owners have none. Even the old lords had hearts; the West Virginia mine owners have no hearts. One might have been happy in the Dark Ages, even though a slave; happiness is far removed from West Virginia coal mines as is the beggar in the bosom of Abraham from the rich man crying out in torment. In West Virginia men are chattels. The corporations own the mines, the railroads into them, the house in which the miner lives, the furniture in the house, the clothes he wears, the bread he puts into his mouth, the air he breathes, and the grave into which they throw him when he chokes in the after-damp or is torn to fragments by the explosion. The widow may pay the funeral expenses out of what the company owes the dead man. It is a bondage worse than death, because there is some hope in death, and there is no hope in West Virginia.

They buy their goods at the company's store. The company charges what it pleases. There is no other store. There is not even liberty of speech. Men have been dismissed for the mere mention of unionized labor. The company gives all its miners credit. That is part of the game. The man gets in debt. His average wage is \$49 a month. His children must work, too. There are many of them—wasted, white-faced boys. There is much typhoid. The man falls ill, but he cannot stop work. He owes the company too much. Of his \$49 a month, they are taking \$15 for the furniture. He drags himself again to the inky depths. There is another accident. The company seizes his wages for debt.

His wife? His children? What does the company care? Hundreds of ignorant foreigners are shipped in. They have heard of the land of the free and the home of the brave. They do not find it in West Virginia. These wretches live like animals. The company furnishes the living. It is all there is. Recently, it is charged, there came a cattle car full of men who were sold to the mines at \$2 a head. It is the barter of flesh and blood for money—money—money. It is a disgrace to the state of West Virginia and a blot upon the nation. What is the West Virginia legislature to do about it?

LOST ART OF AMERICA IS TO SHOW RESPECT TO THE AGED

Educational circles are warmly aroused out in Los Angeles over the question as to the respectful terms that children shall use in responding to their elders. The teachers of the public schools wish the children to include in their speech the old-fashioned "sir" and "ma'am" when addressed by their instructors. The parents of the boys and girls who attend the public schools of that Californian city, however, object, probably thinking that it takes on too servile or humble a sound.

In so-called smart circles in this country, in these very modern days, servants are the only ones who add these small verbal expressions of respect. The western parent may wisely argue that a teacher and pupil are on a widely different footing from mistress and cook, or coachman and the master who is driven. But are they? Is not the one who teaches, or performs the service, really superior? Although the scholar may be a prince of the blood, and the teacher be of the most obscure origin, is not the pupil the lowly one? There does not seem to be anything particularly vulgar about a small boy or girl adding the little word "sir" when replying to an adult. In the early American days it was as much a sign of good breeding to thus respond as to rise to the feet when an older person entered the room, and every child was then polite enough to thus observe the entrance of a newcomer. But, alas, many of the good old manners are too rapidly vanishing.

If parents feel a decided repugnance to the old time "sir" and "ma'am" of our great grandmamma's day, then do have the children, when replying to their teachers and elders, do it with a "Yes, Miss So and So," and "No, Mr. Ectra," always giving them the courtesy of their name. Not with the "Noppe" and "Yep" that are too often the careless answers that are made.

We have cast off many fine old customs that we might with beneficial propriety have retained, and with them seem to have fled all courteous titles formally extended to our seniors.

SICKENING SIGHTS PRESENTED IN HOMES OF RUSSIA'S WORKERS

Polakoff and I drove through the falling snow to the outskirts of Moscow. He led me through a doorway guarded by a porter in a great sheepskin coat—night and day these porters sit at the entrance of every Russian house to carry to the police news of any suspicious incident or person—into a yard in which houses were clustered about as in a village. We passed through a door into the usual stifling air (from autumn till spring no Russian window is opened), climbed a rough wooden stairway, heads down to avoid the low ceiling, knocked at a door and went in. I took one gulp of the air, then bolted back into the hall. I leaned against the wall, faint. The air within that room was dead, rotting.

After a space, I re-entered. The room was large and low. One corner was almost filled by a huge, white-washed brick oven on whose top were two tin tea-kettles and a few dishes; against opposite walls were two calico-curtained beds; on the floor were two chairs and a table bearing a smoking oil lamp; on the wall were exactly ten brass ikons. Other furniture the room had not. And here lived two families, and the last remnant of another. At the table, standing amid a miscellaneous assortment of children that covered floor and beds, a middle-aged woman was ironing, sprinkling the clothes in the Russian fashion by blowing upon each piece a mouthful of water in a fine spray. Besides the table sat a younger woman repadding an off-patched coat, and a shriveled, bent old figure vaguely fumbling with a needle at a new waist.

"And where do you live?" I asked of the old seamstress.

She crossed to a dark corner that I had not before observed. In it was curtained off, to the height of my shoulder, a space two feet by four. She drew the curtain and I saw, upon a wooden box, a bag of straw and some rags of covering.

"This is my house," she said.
Polakoff explained to me that this was a typical workingman's home; and as I had been in many others just like it I did not doubt his word.—From "Russia as Seen in Its Workingmen," by Leroy Scott in World's Work.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS

The following quotations were received by F. J. Graf & Co., brokers, over their own private wires from New York. Room 37, Barnett building, Albuquerque, N. M.:

New York Stocks.	
American Sugar	132 1/2
Amalgamated Copper	110 1/2
American Smelters	141 1/2
American Car Foundry	44 1/2
Atchafalpa	101 1/2
Anaconda	284 1/2
American Loco	72 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio	109 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	71 1/2
Canadian Pacific	185
Colonial Fuel	94 1/2
Chicago Great Western	15 1/2
Chicago Northwestern	160 1/2
Erie com	34 1/2
Louisville and Nashville	129 1/2
Missouri Pacific	79 1/2
National Lead	68 1/2
New York Central	125 1/2
Norfolk	83 1/2
Northern Pacific	147 1/2
Ontario and Western	43 1/2
Pennsylvania	129 1/2
Reading com	117
Rock Island com	24 1/2
Southern Pacific	94 1/2
St. Paul	145 1/2
Southern Railway	25 1/2
Union Pacific	170 1/2
U. S. S. com	44 1/2
U. S. S. pf	103 1/2
Greene Con	30 1/2
Shannon	21 1/2
Santa Fe Copper	4 1/2
Calumet and Arizona	193
Old Dominion	56 1/2
Copper Range	93 1/2
North Butte	114
Butte Coal	35

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, Feb. 26.—Cattle receipts 8,000, including 300 southern. Market strong to 10 cents higher. Southern steers \$3.75@4.25; southern cows \$2.50@3.75; stockers and feeders \$3.60@4.90; bulls \$2.75@4.15; calves \$3.25@7.25; western fed steers \$4.00@5.50; western fed cows \$2.75@4.50. Sheep receipts 10,000. Market steady. Muttons \$4.60@5.75; lambs \$6.75@7.30; range wethers \$5.25@6.50; fed ewes \$4.00@5.40.

Omaha Livestock.

Omaha, Neb. 25.—Cattle receipts 5,000, market steady to strong. Cows and heifers \$2.50@4.50 western steers \$3.00@5.25; Texas steers \$2.00@4.40; cows and heifers \$2.25@4.25; canners \$2.00@3.00; stockers and feeders \$2.30@5.00; calves \$3.00@6.50; bulls \$2.50@4.25. Sheep receipts 12,500 Market shade lower. Yearlings \$5.75@6.25; wethers \$5.25@5.60; ewes \$4.50@5.25; lambs \$5.00@7.25.

Produce Market.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—Closing quotations: Wheat—May 77 1/2 @ 78 1/2; July 78 1/2 @ 79 1/2. Corn—May 47 1/2 @ 48 1/2; July 48 1/2 @ 49 1/2. Oats—May 35 1/2 @ 36 1/2; July 37 1/2 @ 38 1/2. Pork—May \$16.40; July \$16.50. Lard—May and July \$9.70. Ribs—May \$9.05; July \$9.10@12 1/2.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—Cattle receipts 3,000. Market steady. Beeves \$4.40@5.90; cows and heifers \$1.50@5.25; stockers and feeders \$2.50@4.70; Texas steers \$3.65@4.75; calves \$6.00@7.50. Sheep receipts 1,300. Market strong. Sheep \$3.50@5.60; lambs \$4.75@7.65.

Metal Market.

New York, Feb. 26.—Lead \$6.00@6.30; copper firm, \$25.00@25.25.

St. Louis Wool Market.

St. Louis, Feb. 26.—Wool steady; unchanged.

Money Market.

New York, Feb. 26.—Money on call firm, 4 1/4 @ 5 per cent.

Spelter Market.

St. Louis, Feb. 26.—Spelter lower, \$6.75.

MR. AND MRS. PELLOW CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Pellow of the Alvarado, celebrated their fifth wedding anniversary last night by entertaining a small circle of friends. The interesting game of "Five Hundred" was played. Mr. John Stein secured the first prize, a Morocco card case; Mrs. D. A. Macpherson the ladies' prize, a card tray, and H. Sweltzer the booby prize, an Indian doll. Luncheon was served after the game. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Macpherson, Captain and Mrs. R. M. Spivey, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Babb, Herman Schweitzer and the host and hostess.

For a mild, easy action of the bowels, a single dose of Doan's Regulators is enough. Treatment cures habitual constipation. 25 cents a box. Ask your druggist for them.



Myrtle--The Hollingsworth Twins--Maude
That good Huston-Franklin Dramatic Company.
TONIGHT, "Tris" or Beyond the Rockies.
ELK THEATER. Prices.....15, 25 and 35 cents



HOME, SWEET HOME, with its cozy air and comfort-giving luxury, is the place one likes to be above all others, especially if you have your easy chair or rocker ready to spend the evening in. Look at our fine display of rockers, easy chairs, sofas and furnishings for bedrooms, dining rooms, parlors and libraries, and you will want to secure them at our present prices.

15 Per Cent
Lower
In Price



BARGAINS IN RUGS. matting, linoleums and oil cloths make the opportunity now presented by us a rare chance to get the highest quality of goods at the lowest possible figures. We have just received a new supply of over seventy-five rugs.

F. H. STRONG,
STRONG BLOCK

WILLIAM MCINTOSH, President

SOLOMON LUNA, Vice-President

T. C. NEAD, Treasurer and Manager



For the
Best Line of
STOVES
In Albuquerque
See Ours

McINTOSH HARDWARE CO.



Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion; headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale, sickly. Burdock Blood Bitters makes the blood rich, red, pure—restores perfect health.

Mrs. William Farr invites the friends of the Congregational church to spend a social afternoon at her home, 301 South Edith street, Thursday, Feb. 28th.

P. Matteucci
EXPERT
Shoemaking and Repairing
103 N. First

EAT MORE



of the most nutritious of foods—good, wholesome bread—and less of the non-essentials, and note your gain in health. Ditto in money saving, because bread is cheaper than meats and non-essentials, just as gratifying to the appetite. To get the best bread and other flour products, always order "BUTTER CREAM."

PIONEER BAKERY,
South First Street.

J. D. Eakin, President.
G. Glom, Vice President.

Chas. Melini, Secretary
O. Bachechi, Treasurer.

Consolidated Liquor Company

Successors to
MELINI & EAKIN, and BACHECHI & GIOMI,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

We keep everything in stock to outfit the most fastidious bar complete

Have been appointed exclusive agents in the Southwest for Jos. S. Schlitz, Wm. Lem and St. Louis A. B. C. Breweries; Yellowstone, Green River, W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook, Lyle Hunter, T. J. Monarch, and other standard brands of whiskies too numerous to mention.

WE ARE NOT COMPOUNDERS. But sell the straight article as received by us from the best vinteries, Distilleries and Breweries in the United States. Call and inspect our Stock and Prices, or write for Illustrated Catalogue and Price List. Issued to dealers only.

Humphrey
OVALS

HEAT with the
Whole of it.
COOK with
Half of it.

Simple,
Cheap,
Economical.

The Albuquerque
Gas, Electric Light
and Power Co.
Corner Fourth and
Gold Avenue
Phone Red 98

(Eighty-five Years the Standard of Piano Construction)

Conceded today to be the best in the world

Chickering & Sons Pianos

...SOLD ONLY BY THE...

WHITSON MUSIC CO

(Established 1882.)

Come in and examine our new Holiday Stock. Everything in music from a talking machine to a Grand Piano—Sold on our new easy payment plan.

116 South Second street. Albuquerque, New Mexico.

J. F. PALMER

Hay, Grain, Groceries and Fresh Meats,

PRUSSIAN POULTRY AND STOCK FOODS, FRUITS AND VEG-

TABLES. ORDERS TAKEN AND DELIVERED.

601 North First Street. Both Phones.

The St. Elmo

JOSEPH BARNETT, Prop'r.

120 West Railroad Avenue

Finest Whiskies
Wines, Brandies, Etc.

SAMPLE AND CLUB ROOMS

GEN. HUGH CAMERON HAS REACHED KANSAS CAPITAL

Jayhawker Hermit Says That it Is By the Will of God That He Visit Senator Ross--With Divine Guidance Makes Start.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 26.—In the avowed interests of a higher patriotism, Gen. Hugh Cameron, the Kansas hermit, is going to Albuquerque, N. M., to pay his respects to Edmund G. Ross, former United States senator from Kansas. Since the day he voted against the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, president of the United States, it is claimed that Senator Ross has suffered as practically an outcast.

Among his admirers for this stand he took, and sympathetic with him for sufferings which he has endured, is General Cameron. For a number of years Senator Ross has been living obscurely in Albuquerque, securing a livelihood in whatever way was possible. Since his retirement from public life he has worked at the printer's case a good deal. His condition appeals to General Cameron as that of a man who has been deeply wronged merely because he dared to do that which his conscience told him was right.

Gen. Cameron came to Topeka yesterday preparatory to starting on his trip to the southwest. It has been said that he would walk the entire distance from the capitol building, Topeka, to the unpretentious abode of the aged ex-senator. General Cameron does not commit himself finally upon this point. He probably will make the start on foot. How long he will be able to hold out, he can not tell. It is considered a great task for a man 81 years of age, as is General Cameron, to make the trip. But he has performed other feats requiring great physical endurance, and he says he is in better physical condition than he has been for some time. General Cameron says he is doing the will of God in making the pilgrimage; that acting under divine guidance he remains ever fresh and alert, physically and mentally.

There is a possibility that General Cameron may appear before the state legislature before his departure. He would like to do so. Just when he will make the start has not been finally settled.

In anticipation of the trip, General Cameron has issued this official announcement:

General Cameron says that the new word coined to which he refers was "carpet-bagger." On the subject of party spirit and spite running riot he cites Washington's farewell address, as substantiating his own views.

But it is by the pilgrimage to Albuquerque and the meeting with Senator Ross that General Cameron hopes to call the attention of the country to the need of higher patriotism. He explains that when the cause of the public is to be enlisted in any great

undertaking, that public must be attracted by some unusual act. And it is this projected trip to New Mexico possibly on foot that is to call the attention of the United States to the cause of patriotism.

General Cameron thinks it would be well for a number of young men of Kansas to get together and accompany him along the way as far as they see fit, thus giving impetus to the movement for patriotism which he is inaugurating. He says that these young men proceeding with him would be at liberty to quit the pilgrimage at whatever point they might wish.

General Cameron and former Senator Ross have been acquaintances for many years. It has been twenty years or more since they saw each other. When Senator Ross was on his way to New Mexico to take his post as territorial governor, having been appointed by Grover Cleveland, the two met on a railroad train in Ohio. Previous to that, General Cameron had been in Washington and had had an acquaintance with Senator Ross.

With him General Cameron will take a number of letters from prominent men of this section, bearing up his trip.

The action of Senator Ross in the impeachment proceedings are endorsed by Col. H. L. Moore, of Lawrence, in a letter which he sends to the ex-senator through the Kansas hermit.

Col. R. T. Van Horn, former member of congress from the Kansas City, Mo., district and founder of the Kansas City Journal, writes in a letter that Ross will be "more and more vindicated as posterity sees the calamities that it avoided."

There are numerous other letters in possession of the Kansas hermit praising the course of Senator Ross as having been wise and withal as saving the country from a blot that would have remained forever.

Senator Ross went to the senate, apparently, not as a man from whom anything unusual was to be expected. When the impeachment proceedings against Andrew Johnson reached the climax only one vote was needed to impeach. It was the vote of Senator Ross, of Kansas, that prevented this action. The action raised a wild storm of protest from many parts of the country. Threats were made against Ross, and it was vowed at that time, it seems, that he should find no other political preferment.

With the exception of his term of governor of New Mexico, this seems to have been lived up to. General Cameron enjoyed a personal friendship with Andrew Johnson, and was a strong admirer of the president.

ent laws relative to pharmacy. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

House bill No. 124, by Holt, an act to amend section 2357 of the compiled laws of 1897, relative to the payment of employees of corporations. Referred to the committee on finance.

House bill No. 125, by Abbott of Santa Fe, an act relative to the National Guard, which provides for the succession by seniority of officers instead of their election. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

House bill No. 126, by Denniston, an act to amend section 2 of chapter 116 of the laws of 1905, relative to jury service. Referred to the committee on territorial affairs.

House bill No. 127, by Abbott of Colfax, an act to amend section 137 of the laws of 1897, relative to the publication of estray notices. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

House bill No. 128, by Mullins, an act relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors. Referred to the committee on liquor.

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House bill No. 130, by Mullins, an act relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors. Referred to the committee on liquor.

House bill No. 131, by Mullins, an act relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors. Referred to the committee on liquor.

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House bill No. 137, by Mullins, an act relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors. Referred to the committee on liquor.

House bill No. 138, by Mullins, an act relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors. Referred to the committee on liquor.

House bill No. 139, by Mullins, an act relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors. Referred to the committee on liquor.

House bill No. 140, by Mullins, an act relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors. Referred to the committee on liquor.

request, an act regulating special levies and for other purposes. Council bill No. 62, by Miers, an act relative to the assessment of timber and coal lands.

Bill Passed by Council. The council passed the following bill: House bill No. 68, an act assenting to the congressional act for an increased annual appropriation for the agricultural experiment station in New Mexico.

The council adjourned until Tuesday at 10 a. m.

*Picked Up on the Floor. Ruppe may lose his title of "Littlefield" father of the anti-gambling law and become "Carrie Nation." He introduced a prohibition measure in the house to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors. His friends may express him a hatchet and a white ribbon—they buy him a drink.

Who was it said: "Lave Holt of me?" Speaker Baca will need to have his clothes pressed. He has carried so many bills to the house for introduction that the pockets are getting baggy.

"Take the hand of a working man," said Representative Beach as he was introduced to a county divisionist.

If Representative Abbott's bill for the promotion of seniority of militia officers becomes a law, it is whispered about the house that Ruppe will become a "gingeral." This caused an hour and a half caucus of the minority.

"As soon as we spend the money we can go home," Mullins. Homelessness cannot be attributed to cold feet.

Special to The Evening Citizen. Philadelphia, Feb. 26.—Much has been said in the country at large about the return of Philadelphia to the republic fold, the character of the political color of the commentator. Here, the matter is fully understood.

"I talked too much." This famous expression of the loquacious parrot, supplemented by the further assertion "We promised too much," might well form the epitaph of the city party, organized to redeem a city, but which went down to ignominious and complete defeat when Congressman John E. Reuburn was elected mayor of

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DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

The finest in the world

When ordering ask for Dr. Price's by name, else the grocer may forget the kind you are accustomed to.

WHY REFORM DID NOT MAKE GOOD CURTIS M'COLLUM STILL UNCONSCIOUS

In Recent Philadelphia Election--Too Much Cry and No Wool.

Special to The Evening Citizen.

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There is little change today in the condition of Curtis McCollum, of Las Vegas, who was picked up in an unconscious condition near Soane Saturday night, and brought to Albuquerque. The man lies at St. Joseph's hospital unconscious.

How he came by the mishap or whatever it was that resulted in the injury is still unexplained. Mrs. McCollum arrived last night from Las Vegas and is at the hospital with her husband.

The Las Vegas Optic of yesterday says: Mrs. Curtis McCollum, who resides at 812 Prince street, in this city, received a telegram from Albuquerque today notifying her that her husband is dying at the Santa Fe hospital at Albuquerque. She left on No. 1 in an endeavor to be at his bedside before he passed away.

Mr. McCollum, who has been working in a lumber camp near Thoreau, N. M., about 150 miles from Albuquerque, was found lying unconscious along the railroad track late Saturday night. His injuries were serious and he was unconscious, but his identity was determined by a letter found on his person.

Mrs. McCollum had written to him just a week ago informing him that their oldest daughter, Alice, had fallen from the fence and broken her arm, and for him to come at once. It is thought that he was trying to board a moving train in order to reach Las Vegas as soon as possible when the accident happened.

The family are in poor circumstances and there are three children, the oldest being but 10 years of age.

Philadelphia on the regular republican ticket by over 25,000 majority.

On these grounds he was attacked during the campaign, and the verbal attacks along these lines were loud and continuous. In fact they were too loud in view of the fact that every charge of graft so far made against the state republican organizations, remained unproven, although all municipal improvements were held up and contracts annulled in the effort to secure such proof.

The Reuburn majority simply means that the people are tired of delay and want a change.

It is conceded that the city party as a party is dead.

Member of congress, who has just been elected mayor of Philadelphia by a large majority.

Hastening to Santa Fe in response to a message announcing the critical illness of her husband, whom she believed was improving in health, only to have him die in her society on the train, which was carrying him from a high altitude to a lower country, is the sad plight of Mrs. Joseph H. Mutchie of Racine, Wis. She is stopping at the "Clare" hotel in Albuquerque.

Her husband's body lies at a local undertaking establishment. It will be shipped to Racine tonight for burial. The sorrowing wife will accompany it. Seven children mourn his loss with her.

Mr. Mutchie's death occurred last night between Santa Fe and Lamy. They were en route to Albuquerque, where they thought a change of altitude would prove beneficial to his health. Mr. Mutchie was feeling badly when the journey from Santa Fe was begun. He died before the train reached Lamy. The body was put aboard No. 7 last night and brought here.

Mr. Mitche, who was a wholesale merchant in Racine, had been in Santa Fe about a month. He was a sufferer from tuberculosis and left the rigorous weather of his native state for the sunshine territory.

After a short stay in the capital his health improved. A friend of the family, who visited him there reported to the wife upon his return, that Mr. Mutchie was getting better.

"I will surprise him with a visit," she told the friend.

She was about to leave her home for the railway station when a telegram was handed to her announcing that he was in a critical condition. When she arrived at Santa Fe they decided to leave for Albuquerque, but it was too late.

Just One Plain Drink. A solitary plain drunk was arraigned before Judge Craig this morning. He was Ignatio Anya, a native, whose thirst for mountain dew has secured him an unenviable acquaintance with the police in their professional capacity as peace guardians. The magistrate gave Ignatio the usual punishment for the offense. He will probably be the city's guest for five days.

THE HOLLINGSWORTH TWINS MAKE GOOD

The Hollingsworth Twins company gave the best show last night that has been seen at the Elks' opera this winter for 35 cents. The company is composed of about a dozen people, every one of them a hard worker. The bill last night was "Under Southern Moss." Laid way down south where the mistletoe grows in the trees in the winter and the mosquitoes are as thick as the holes in the screen in the summer, there was a plot in which the Hollingsworth children made very good. One as a child stolen by an ugly Italian and made to sing on the streets and the other was a newsboy selling the "Picayune." There was a lawyer, not so good and there was a young lady, with whom the lawyer and a very hard villain were in love, who was not so very good, and there was a black "mamy" that made a great hit. Specialties with a dash and go to them were given between the acts.

The bill tonight is "Triss or Beyond the Rockies."

OUT WEST

U. N. M. Dramatic Club at Casino

FRIDAY NIGHT



The Baby's Bed

should be a fitting accompaniment to all that important person's belongings. Nothing is more comfortable, sanitary and safe than a

Metal Crib

These come in white and vernis martin.

A Well-Made and Re-Inforced Wire Mattress

completes this desirable piece. Sides drop down to allow the little one to creep into and out of the crib without being lifted.

Come in and see them on our floor.

ALBERT FABER'S

308-310 Railroad Avenue Staab Building

A Checking Account

Puts System Into Your Business

WHEN you pay all bills by check, your business is recorded accurately. Each item shows for itself. There is a correct record of all receipts and expenditures in your bank book.

For every bill you pay, you get a receipt. You have positive proof that you paid each obligation. We give the same careful attention to both large and small accounts.

The Bank of Commerce

Albuquerque, New Mexico.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$200,000

Chas. L. Keppeler

DEALER IN

New and Second Hand FURNITURE Household Goods, Stoves, Ranges, Chinaware, Crockery. Furniture Repaired, MATTRESSES Made Over, Upholstering and Picture Framing. All Work Guaranteed.

THOSE TRACTION PEOPLE RE- TARD THE

Subway Construction De-
manded by New York for
Convenience of Traffic.

NEW YORK CENTRAL IS IMPROVING CITY GREATLY

Increase of School Children Con-
tinues to Outstrip Erection of
School Houses.

New York, Feb. 26.—New obstacles seem to develop every day to block the city in its attempt to proceed with the construction of more rapid transit subways. It is now six years since work was begun on the present subway, which has been open to the public for nearly two and a half years.

In spite of the lapse of time the city has progressed no further in subway construction than to prepare plans and specifications for twenty new routes, practically all of which now may have to be revised to meet the wishes of the men in control of the local traction companies who insist upon the alterations as conditions for bidding on the new contracts. Whenever the city appears to be ready to go ahead with the work, which is not often, the traction people step in and delay things interminably. This situation has existed so long the public is becoming convinced the local traction men are not anxious to expedite the construction of new subways while they can continue collecting fares from every strap-hanger on the existing elevated, surface and subway lines.

It was expected that the rapid transit board would finally approve the plans for the new subways ten days ago and would proceed at once to advertise for bids for the construction work. All, supposedly, was in readiness when, at the last minute, representatives of the traction companies stepped in and urged many radical alterations in the proposed contracts. The changes which the company desire, if made by the rapid transit commission, will place the city in about as disadvantageous a position, as far as control over the subways is concerned, as it is in the present subway.

The city believed it would have complete control of the present subway, under the contract for its construction, in return for furnishing the money with which to build the great work. In this, however, it found itself greatly mistaken, and the traction magnates, who got control of the property, have been running things their own way ever since.

Various propositions have been advanced to safeguard the city's interests in the new subways, but it does not seem likely that any of them will be adopted. One of the best of these reform plans was to have the new subways built and equipped in their entirety by the city and then to award to the lowest bidder contracts for operating the lines. Under such contracts the city would collect its own fares from passengers and would pay the operating company a fixed charge for running the trains.

Goodness knows the city of New York needs new subways and at once, for it is growing at the rate of 250,000 a year, and in regard to traction facilities, it now is like a big fat boy wearing the clothes of his little brother. In view of the many obstacles presented, however, there is

grave question as to when contracts for the new subways can be awarded, especially as at least three different interests are waiting with legal sabres, in the shape of injunction proceedings, to hold up the contracts because of unfavorable provisions as soon as the bids are in.

Vast City Improvements.
One section of the metropolis which now is undergoing a most radical change is along Park avenue from Sixtieth street to the Harlem river. The big terminal improvements of the New York Central railroad are responsible for this, as the substitution of electric power for steam in bringing trains through the Park avenue tunnel to Grand Central station will make it possible to cover completely all of the tracks now sunken in Park avenue.

When the work is through a handsome and unbroken thoroughfare will be left, with no more sign of the presence of transit than are to be found now on the street surfaces over the subway lines. From Sixtieth street south to Forty-second street Park avenue will be given over to the railroad terminal, but north of Sixtieth street Park avenue soon will become a fine residential street, like the same avenue is today from Thirty-fourth to Forty-fifth streets. The rebuilding of the avenue from Sixtieth street north as a residential section already is well under way.

Elithu Root, secretary of state, recently finished the construction of a massive five-story house at the corner of Seventy-first street and rented it to Paul Morton, president of the Equitable Life for the time Mr. Root is in Washington. James J. Higginson has purchased another corner of Seventy-first street and will erect a handsome residence. Just north of Seventy-first street Douglas Robinson, who is a brother-in-law of President Roosevelt, and Miss Helen Robinson are building handsome dwellings on adjoining plots. J. Edward Davis is building at the corner of Seventy-second street, Robert S. Brewster at Seventeenth street and George S. Brewster diagonally opposite.

Land in this section now ranges in value from three to four thousand dollars a front foot and, in less than five years, the whole section promises to be transformed into one of New York's handsomest residence districts.

Fifth avenue and Broadway, from Fifty-ninth street south, also are being practically rebuilt. Handsome new ten and twelve-story office buildings are being constructed every three or four blocks, while operations now under way indicate that within the next ten years practically every one of the old buildings on these thoroughfares will be replaced by steel-frame structures.

One of the great obstacles that has stood in the way of rebuilding these streets has been removed through the change of policy on the part of the directors of the Astor estate. This estate controls large blocks of realty in all of the different business sections, and for years its managers refused to give long-term ground leases except on terms that were practically prohibitive. Now they have adopted a more liberal policy and there is a decided boom in the construction of business buildings, at least a dozen of which now are going up in Fifth avenue between Madison Square and Central park.

Handsomes big steel-framed office buildings, all the way from eight to forty-six stories in height, are being built on Broadway from the Battery to Central park, while east and west of Fifth avenue handsome old dwellings are being torn down by the wholesale to make room for tenements, flat houses, and apartment hotels from six to twelve stories in height.

Builders estimate that fully \$600,000,000 worth of new buildings are now being constructed on Manhattan Island alone.

Life Insurance Publicity.

An interesting departure from the usual methods of the larger insurance companies was shown by the Mutual Life Insurance company this week in making public figures for 1906, bearing the certificates of Haskins & Sells as certified public accountants. The Mutual is among the first of the large companies to publish its 1906 figures and, in securing the certification

of independent public accountants, as this course, it is believed, will prove decidedly reassuring of policyholders. The action was taken by the Mutual as a result of the insurance agitation of the last two years, and the Mutual even went so far last year as to have a firm of English accountants co-operate with the American firm, so that there could be an additional certification abroad.

In adopting this policy of having its accounts reviewed by an outside firm of accountants the Mutual Life is following the plan first adopted by some of the leading railroad companies, and during recent years all of the annual public reports of such railroads as the Erie, Reading, Lehigh Valley, Atlantic Coast Line, Louisville & Nashville, and Mobile & Ohio have had certifications of Haskins & Sells attached to them.

The public is recognizing the value of such certificates as positive assurances regarding assets on hand, and incomes and disbursements for the year.

Population Out-runs Buildings.
Try as the city officials will, it seems to be impossible for them to build new schoolhouses fast enough to take care of the children of school age who apply each year for sittings. For years the overcrowding of the schools, and the consequent necessity for placing a large number of the pupils in part-time classes, has caused the greatest concern.

Appropriations aggregating \$15,000,000 have been made in the last two years for additional schoolhouses but, as has been the case for years, the available land for the time Mr. Root is in Washington. James J. Higginson has purchased another corner of Seventy-first street and will erect a handsome residence. Just north of Seventy-first street Douglas Robinson, who is a brother-in-law of President Roosevelt, and Miss Helen Robinson are building handsome dwellings on adjoining plots. J. Edward Davis is building at the corner of Seventy-second street, Robert S. Brewster at Seventeenth street and George S. Brewster diagonally opposite.

Superintendent William H. Maxwell, who is in charge of all the public schools of the city, has reported to the board of education that eleven per cent of all the children in the public schools are being taught upon the part-time plan. This eleven per cent aggregates 86,417 pupils, an increase of 9,532 from a year ago, and no relief is in sight for years to come.

Anti-Traction Decision.

A bomb has been thrown in the ranks of the local traction managers by a decision rendered by the appellate term of the supreme court to the effect that street car transfers given at all points must be good in both directions, so that a person may go by either way he chooses, in hopes of knocking out the rullin already made. Under the decision a man can use different car lines and transfer around three sides of a rectangle if he desires. In fact, there would be nothing to prevent the passenger from completing a trip to encircle the entire two every time he boarded a car, and this is the feature of which traction people strongly disapprove.

For a long time the traction companies in New York have had things pretty much their own way and they were able for many years to block the inauguration of any transfer system. Now the tables appear to be turned, and while this latest decision may in some respects be an injustice to the companies, the general public is making the most of its opportunity to smile.

Telegraph Action Hurts Customers.

The action of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies in withdrawing the special rates which for years have been in force between the stock exchange and like boards in this city and the principal business centers of the country, will make little or no difference to the Wall street houses, which have leased wires, but their rates will not be affected.

The action of the telegraph companies, however, falls upon the customers of the various brokers, who will be compelled to pay full commercial rates on all orders and other dispatches which they send to their

SHORT TALKS BY L. T. COOPER.

THE STOMACH.

My hut peoples' stomachs do cause a lot of trouble. I offered to wage some doctors in St. Paul, Minn., that one half of all sickness is caused by the stomach. After I assured them that my medicine did nothing but put the stomach in shape and they had spent a day listening to what people who called on me had to say, they had to agree with me. They heard people come in and tell me that for years they had been near the grave with Bright's disease, or lung trouble, or kidney complaint and all manner of diseases and that the New Discovery had cured them. Of course these people were mistaken, it was nothing but their stomachs. As a matter of fact when the stomach gives out most everything else is thrown out of order too.

When a person feels tired and dull and despondent, is losing flesh and doesn't sleep well, has a poor memory, a bad taste in the mouth, a coated tongue, and other troubles he's liable to believe a lot of things are the matter with him. Nine chances to one it's his stomach. I've seen Cooper's New Discovery bring back health to too many people to just state a shape to believe anything else. Here's a letter about it:

"I suffered for a long time without knowing just what was the matter with me. I seldom felt like eating. I lost greatly in weight. My digestion was extremely poor and when I did eat I invariably suffered afterward. I was constipated and frequently suffered from nerve racking, violent headaches. When I heard of what the Cooper remedies were doing for others I resolved to try them. I got relief came with the first bottle. My appetite and digestion improved rapidly. I am no longer constipated nor do I have those dreadful headaches. I sleep well and am gaining flesh." C. H. Powell, 13 Harrison Addition, Duluth, Minn.

We are selling immense quantities of these medicines and our customers express great satisfaction.

brokers. The amount of business being carried on by Wall street firms over private wires is enormous. For instance, fully twenty wires between New York and Chicago are leased by different firms. These wires each cost \$16,000 a year, and each wire, in addition to the business of the first lessee, carries business from other brokerage houses which make individual arrangements with the firm controlling the wire.

New York firms having New Orleans connections have to pay \$28,000 a year for each wire, while St. Louis and many points in the south are connected at annual expense of \$25,000 for each wire.

Outside of the regular stock houses the wire business of the bucket shops is enormous. One of the largest of these concerns in the country is said to pay \$35,000 monthly to the telegraph companies for its lease wire privileges.

Impure Milk Supply.

Much criticism is being directed at the New York board of health for its continued refusal to aid in purifying the milk supply of the city. All efforts on the part of medical and civic organizations to have the board of health insist upon pasteurization, sterilization or even sanitary inspection of all milk used in the city have been in vain.

This is in spite of the fact that scientists agree raw milk contains more germs of tuberculosis and other contagious diseases than any other source of communication. The New York board of health gives an adequate explanation for its action, but continues to use its inspectors for the sole purpose, of detecting diluted milk, whether the water used be pure or impure, and will not permit these inspectors to do anything to prevent the selling of milk that may be laden with microbes.

In view of the various scarlet fever epidemics that have been reported from different parts of the country as a result of impure milk, all possible pressure is being brought on the local board of health to change its tactics.

New Graft for Middle Man.

So great has become the demand for American-made motor cars that a new form of business has sprung up by which some active men are making handsome profits. The industry developed because the factories turning out popular makes are so busy they are unable to fill orders until several months after the time they are received. Some shrewd men started in months ago and invested each in several machines of popular makes. They filed their orders and made their payments. When the time approached to have their machines delivered they sold for prices ranging from \$500 to \$1,000 above the price of the car, their rights to the machines about to be delivered.

The purchasers in each case were persons further down on the order lists of the factories. They had one thing in common, so far this year they had rights to five cars turned out by one factory.

EDWARD STAATS LUTHER.

COTTON EXPORTS LARGE DURING PAST SEASON.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 25.—The United States sold to England last year \$173,000,000 worth of cotton, or about three-quarters of her whole supply. With this three million bales taken from this country and probably about another million bales obtained from other sources, England supplied her home demand and exported manufactured cotton goods of a value of \$484,729,500. American goods alone were valued at \$11,000,000. British sales in these markets were \$45,000,000. American sales in Japan were \$72,500,000, while the British sales were \$2,000,000. American sales in South America were \$3,500,000, while those of Britain were \$38,000,000. In Cuba where this country has an agreement, drafted by an expert in Cuban tariff, intended to give us every advantage, England sold nearly three times as much as the country did. United States total exports were \$2,000,000,000. England's total exports exceeded 6,000,000,000. United States sales of yarns amounted to \$400,000,000. England's \$27,000,000. England sold nearly \$20,000,000 worth of thread for sewing. It is seen therefore that England's exports of cotton goods, manufactured chiefly from American cotton, exceed the total output of all the mills in the United States.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.
Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 25, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Luis Garcia of Carpenter, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry No. 9220 made April 17, 1906, for the NW 1/4 SE 1/4, NE 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 19, Tp. 20N., Range 6E., and that said proof will be made before H. W. S. Otero, United States court commissioner, at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Carlos Lopez, Federico Lopez, Faustino Garcia and Luis Garcia y Garcia, all of Carpenter, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.
Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 25, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Jose Griego y Garcia of Carpenter, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry No. 9678 made July 17, 1906, for the SE 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 25, Tp. 10N., Range 6E., and lot 1 and SE 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 2, and lot 4, Sec. 1, Tp. 9N., Range 6E., and that said proof will be made before United States Court Commissioner H. W. S. Otero, at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Venceslao Griego, Jose Armenta, Rafael Griego and Carlos Griego, all of Carpenter, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.
Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 25, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Melchior Garcia of Carpenter, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry No. 9228 made May 1, 1906, for the SE 1/4 NW 1/4, and N 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 20, Tp. 20N., Range 6E., and that said proof will be made before H. W. S. Otero, United States court commissioner, at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Candelario Ruiz, Pedro Garcia y Garcia, Jose Griego and Luis Garcia y Garcia, all of Carpenter, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.
Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 25, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Daniel Jinos of Carpenter, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry No. 9451 made May 22, 1906, for the SW 1/4 SE 1/4 and SE 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 12, Tp. 10N., Range 5E., and that said proof will be made before H. W. S. Otero, United States court commissioner, at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Leonardo Jaramillo, Jesus Garcia, Donaciano Gutierrez and Manuel Gutierrez, all of Carpenter, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.
Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 25, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Eduard Carter of Chilli, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry No. 6752 made Jan. 2, 1902, for the E 1/4 NE 1/4, Sec. 12, Tp. 2N., 6E., NW 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 7, and SW 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 6, Tp. 2N., Range 12E., and that said proof will be made before H. W. S. Otero, United States court commissioner, at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Miguel Apodaca, Pablo Beldonado, Cildio Montoya and Celso Carter, all of Chilli, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.
Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 25, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Carlos Griego of Carpenter, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry No. 9679, made July 17, 1906, for the SW 1/4 NW 1/4, NW 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 1, and N 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 2, Tp. 2N., Range 12E., and that said proof will be made before H. W. S. Otero, United States Court Commissioner, H. W. S. Otero, at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Venceslao Griego, Jose Armenta, Rafael Griego and Jose Griego y Garcia, all of Carpenter, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.
Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 25, 1907.
Notice is hereby given that Juan Antonio Garcia of Carpenter, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead entry No. 9297, made May 1, 1906, for the SE 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 19, and N 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 20, Tp. 2N., Range 6E., and that said proof will be made before H. W. S. Otero, United States Court Commissioner, at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Faustino Garcia, Pedro Garcia y Garcia, Carlos Lopez and Jose Griego, all of Carpenter, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

FEE'S PEERLESS HOME-MADE CANDIES, AT WALTON'S DRUG STORE.

MONTEZUMA TRUST CO.
ALBUQUERQUE - - - NEW MEXICO
Capital and Surplus, \$100,000
INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

With Amp's Means and Unsurpassed Facilities.
The Bank of Commerce of Albuquerque, New Mexico
Extends to Depositors Every Proper Accommodation, and Solicits New Accounts—Capital, \$150,000.00.
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Solomon Luna, President; W. S. Strickler, V. P. and Cashier; W. J. Johnson, Asst. Cashier; Wm. McIntosh, J. C. Baldrige, Solomon Luna, A. M. Blackwell, Geo. Arnot, O. E. Cromwell.
DEPOSITORY FOR THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.

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With ample Capital, Conservative Management and Representative Board of Directors we are prepared to offer unexcelled facilities for the transaction of all legitimate branches of Banking Business.
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GROSS, KELLY & CO., INC.
Wholesale Grocers
Wool, Hide and Pelt Dealers
ALBUQUERQUE AND LAS VEGAS
GROSS, KELLY & CO., INC.

Notice These Buildings!
(we will give you street addresses, with numbers) if you wish to see what can be done with lumber of the lasting kind. We want your trade, certainly. Let's add that we can prove by quality and price that we deserve it.
RIO GRANDE LUMBER CO.
Corner Third and Marquette

"OLD RELIABLE." ESTABLISHED 1873.
L. B. PUTNEY
THE WHOLESALE GROCER
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS
Carries the largest and Most Exclusive Stock of Staple Groceries in the Southwest.
FARM AND FREIGHT WAGONS
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Lumber, Glass, Cement and Rex Flintkote Roofing
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One of the Important Duties of Physicians and the Well-Informed of the World

is to learn as to the relative standing and reliability of the leading manufacturers of medicinal agents, as the most eminent physicians are the most careful as to the uniform quality and perfect purity of remedies prescribed by them, and it is well known to physicians and the Well-Informed generally that the California Fig Syrup Co., by reason of its correct methods and perfect equipment and the ethical character of its product has attained to the high standing in scientific and commercial circles which is accorded to successful and reliable houses only, and, therefore, that the name of the Company has become a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy.

TRUTH AND QUALITY

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing, therefore we wish to call the attention of all who would enjoy good health, with its blessings, to the fact that it involves the question of right living with all the term implies. With proper knowledge of what is best each hour of recreation, of enjoyment, of contemplation and of effort may be made to contribute to that end and the use of medicines dispensed with generally to great advantage, but as in many instances a simple, wholesome remedy may be invaluable if taken at the proper time, the California Fig Syrup Co. feels that it is alike important to present truthfully the subject and to supply the one perfect laxative remedy which has won the approval of physicians and the world-wide acceptance of the Well-Informed because of the excellence of the combination, known to all, and the original method of manufacture, which is known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

This valuable remedy has been long and favorably known under the name of—Syrup of Figs—and has attained to world-wide acceptance as the most excellent of family laxatives, and as its pure laxative principles, obtained from Senna, are well known to physicians and the Well-Informed of the world to be the best of natural laxatives, we have adopted the more elaborate name of—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as more fully descriptive of the remedy, but doubtless it will always be called for by the shorter name of Syrup of Figs—and to get its beneficial effects always note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package, whether you simply call for—Syrup of Figs—or by the full name—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—is the one laxative remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and the same heretofore known by the name—Syrup of Figs—which has given satisfaction to millions. The genuine is for sale by all leading druggists throughout the United States in original packages of one size only, the regular price of which is fifty cents per bottle.

Every bottle is sold under the general guarantee of the Company, filed with the Secretary of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., that the remedy is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal.
U. S. A.
London, England.
New York, N. Y.



SCHOOL SHOES

For Boys and Girls

THE KIND that will stand hard wear. They are made of good, honest, all solid leather and have the proper shape to fit the foot of a growing child without pinching. At the same time they look neat and dressy. The clumsiness is left out of our children's shoes, not the wearing quality. Give them a trial, they will save you money.

Shoes for Boys	8 1/2 to 13	\$1.25 to \$1.75
	13 1/2 to 2	1.50 to 2.25
	2 1/2 to 5 1/2	1.75 to 2.75
Shoes for Girls	8 1/2 to 11	1.00 to 1.60
	11 1/2 to 2	1.25 to 1.85
	2 1/2 to 6	1.75 to 2.25

C. N. BRIGHAM

118-120 S. 2nd. Headquarters for Coffee

Our Leaders--The Celebrated Richelieu Coffees
 Packages, 25c and 50c per lb. 2-lb. tins, 85c.
 1 lb. tins, 45c. 3-lb. tins, \$1.00.

Capitol Coffee

3-lb. bucket, with premium, Golden Gate coffee--
 \$1.00. 1-lb. tins, 40c.
 2-lb. tins, 80c.

Something unique--nothing like it in the city. Try a can.
 Bulk coffee, 20c to 40c.

GEO. W. HICKOX

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HICKOX-MAYNARD CO.

NEW MEXICO'S LEADING JEWELERS

Send in Your Watches for Repairs

THE ARCH FRONT

SOUTH SECOND ST.

Wagner Hardware Co.

Fourth and Railroad Avenue



A Rarebit
 to be properly prepared should be made in a chafing dish. Always use a good quality of rarebit. Simply a matter of a few minutes.
Manning, Bowman & Co.
Chafing Dish
 has produced a dainty morsel to regale your guests. It is so easy to use that your chafing dish is supplied with the patented seamless "livery" enamel-lined food pan--found only in Manning, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dishes.
 FOR SALE BY

Wagner Hardware Co.

Successors to Albuquerque Hardware Co.
 Fourth and Railroad Avenue

EVERITT

THE Diamond Palace
 RAILROAD AVE.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Cut Glass, Clocks, Silverware. We invite your trade and guarantee A SQUARE DEAL.

"STEIN BLOCH NOBBY CLOTHES ARE THE BEST MADE."

New Stiff Hats

For Spring Have Arrived

Young's Nobby Blacks for Young Men

\$3.00

John B. Stetson Hats of all kinds on display.

E. L. WASHBURN COMPANY

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Ed Lacey came in from Belen last night.

Don't neglect paying your poll tax before March 1st.

Mrs. A. F. Weitzel is here from Silver City on a visit.

Hon. Solomon Luna was a passenger for Santa Fe yesterday.

Frank E. Cram, of Fort Defiance, Ariz., is an Albuquerque visitor.

Maynard Gunsel and R. W. Hadden are in Santa Fe boosting for Albuquerque.

R. G. Marmon, one of Laguna's representative citizens, is here today on business.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Chadbourne returned home last night from a brief visit to Chicago.

County Superintendent A. B. Stroup spent yesterday in Santa Fe, attending to educational matters.

Neil B. Field is among the Albuquerque attorneys at law attending supreme court at Santa Fe.

Bert Graham, the heavy hitting outfielder of the McIntosh Browns, is home from Biabea on a short visit.

There will be a regular meeting of Albuquerque lodge No. 461, B. P. O. E., tomorrow (Wednesday) evening, Feb. 27.

Mrs. Coral Roberts is enjoying a visit from her brother, Edward Lippett, who arrived last night from Trinidad.

Miss Irene Shipp, of the Benham Indian Trading company, has gone to Los Angeles to make her home with her parents.

Hon. H. A. Jastro, general manager of the Albuquerque Traction company, left last night for his home at Bakersfield, Cal.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter York, of 916 South Third street, has recovered from a severe illness of diphtheria.

There will be a meeting of the Woman's Relief corps at 7:30 this evening at Red Men's hall. A full attendance is desired.

A. G. Abraham has gone to Milwaukee on the sad mission of attending the funeral of his father, who passed away on last Friday.

R. L. Babcock, postmaster and general merchant at the lively camp of Kelly, Socorro county, is registered at the Alvarado.

Triple Link Rebekah lodge No. 10 will meet this evening at 7:30, at I. O. O. F. hall. All members are requested to attend.

N. S. Williams, representative of the Capital Life Insurance company, of Denver, has returned from an extensive trip in Mora county.

District Attorney F. W. Clancy and wife are in Santa Fe, Mr. Clancy to argue cases before the supreme court and Mrs. Clancy to visit friends.

Hon. Jacobo Chavez, of Valencia county, returned to Santa Fe yesterday, after spending Saturday and Sunday with his family at Los Lunas.

Building Inspector A. M. Whitcomb has moved his office from Gold avenue to the office of City Engineer Gladding, in the public library building.

Mrs. F. L. Erbeek, of White Plains, N. Y., who was the guest of her brother, Dr. D. H. Carns, for several weeks, left last night on her return home.

Madam Stewart Lamb and Miss Strausenback are expected to arrive on Wednesday from the east, where for the past two weeks they have been studying the styles in millinery.

Mrs. E. C. Whitson, of the Whitson Music company, returned home this morning from a business trip to Deming and Silver City accompanied by Prof. Mark Johnson, who has a skating rink at Deming.

Mr. and Mrs. Abousleman, of the Jemez Hot Springs, are in the city visiting and shopping. Mrs. Abousleman has a general store at the springs.

Chas. R. Newman expects to leave this evening for New York, where Mrs. Newman is awaiting him, in preparation for a pleasure trip to the West Indies.

Sixteen years ago this passing day the law passed congress which created the public schools in New Mexico. A year later the first public school building was completed in Albuquerque.

Mrs. Moore, wife of F. E. Moore, trainmaster of the Inter-Oceanic railroad of Mexico, is visiting the family of G. H. Moore, at 1110 South Edith street. She arrived here last night from her home at Puebla, Mexico.

A marriage license was issued at the probate clerk's office in the Benaville county court house this morning to Francisco Antonio Garcia y Candelaria and Vicentita Chavez. Both the parties reside in Atrisco.

DOCTOR MCCORMICK.
 LIQUOR HABIT CURED.
 522 WEST RAILROAD AVE.

Chavez, the groom, is 40 years old. The bride is 16, and it was necessary to secure the consent of her parents, who signed the application blank.

S. H. Kinkel and wife, of Las Vegas, arrived here this morning from El Paso and other points, where they have been on a pleasure trip. They had breakfast at the Alvarado and departed for the Meadow City on No. 2.

The Raabe & Mauger Hardware company has been awarded the McCormick binder agency for New Mexico, which, with the agency of the John Deere Plow company, form two of the most important implement accounts to be had.

Mrs. E. C. Whitson, of the Whitson Music company, has purchased a Baby Grand Boston Chickering piano, costing \$1,000, for her own personal use. The instrument, which is one of the most beautiful ever brought to Albuquerque, was moved to Mrs. Whitson's residence on North Second street this morning.

THIS CITY TO HAVE REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT TOOK TEMPORARY STEPS IN THAT DIRECTION.

Albuquerque is to have a real estate exchange all the firms of the city will charge the same commission for selling property and an effort will be made to have passed a law which will protect the purchaser go behind the commission man and doing business with the property owner.

This was the result of a meeting held last night in the office of W. P. Metcalf. Nearly every real estate firm in the city was represented and steps were taken toward the formation of an exchange. W. P. Metcalf was elected temporary chairman, and W. Wootton temporary secretary, and these officers and J. Porter Jones, were selected as a committee of three to draft rules and by-laws for a permanent organization. The object of the exchange will be to provide for the protection of the members, as explained above.

Walking made easy by using our Iredan heel cushions. Worn inside the shoe, better than rubber heels; more spring, less weight, more wear, less expensive, pneumatic, hygienic, quickly adjusted. Only 25c a pair. C. May's Shoe Store, 314 West Railroad avenue.

"Dr. Thomas Electric Oil is the best remedy for that often fatal disease--croup. Has been used with success in our family for eight years."--Mrs. L. Whiteacre, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you don't want to laugh, stay away from the Elks' theater tonight.

Coming--"Out West."

AUCTION.

Thursday afternoon, February 25, 1:30 o'clock, sharp, at 518 West Copper avenue, I will sell the entire furnishings of a 6-room home. The furniture is in good condition and will go to the highest bidder for cash. Sale will consist in part of one 6-hole range, dining table, kitchen utensils, dishes, refrigerator, sewing machine, iron and wooden beds, mattresses, springs, drawers, commodes, carpets, rugs, chamber sets, writing desk, pictures, center tables, rockers, three heating stoves, lace curtains, \$500 Cabinet Grand piano, and other articles too numerous to mention. See goods Wednesday before sale.

H. S. KNIGHT, Auctioneer.

Ask your friends if the Huston-Franklin show at the Elks' theater wasn't good last night. They know.

PRATT'S SPECIALLY PREPARED WORM POWDER FOR HORSES AND COWS. KILLS AND EXPELS WORMS. QUICK. A STRONG TONIC. A POSITIVE CURE.

E. W. FEE, 602 SOUTH FIRST ST.

'PHONE 16.

A sure cure for indigestion. Go see Tires and the bunch of funny comedians tonight. Elks' theater.

TO THE PUBLIC.

We, the undersigned, have this day sold to the Wagner Hardware company the stock and good will of the Albuquerque Hardware company, who will collect all accounts due said Albuquerque Hardware company and pay all bills contracted by said company. We also, in this connection wish to thank you kindly for the very liberal patronage extended to the Albuquerque Hardware company in the past, and trust you will continue the same courtesy to the new company.

Yours very truly,

WHITNEY COMPANY.

COAL

BEST CLARKVILLE LUMP PER TON\$6.50
 BEST AMERICAN BLOCK PER TON\$6.50

WOOD

BIG LOAD OF MILL WOOD FOR\$2.25 AND \$2.75

John S. Beaven

502 SOUTH FIRST STREET.

List your property with

Live Men

Crawford & Jones

110 South Second St.

R.R. TICKETS BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED
 Association Office Transactions Guaranteed

ROSENFIELD'S, 118 W. R. R. Ave.

SOCIAL DANCE

EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT

AT THE

COLOMBO HALL DANCING SCHOOL

Admission 50c Ladies Free

Believe Us

We can save you money

NOW

In the purchase of a Piano

TODAY

We Carry the Largest Stock of New Pianos Ever Shown in This Territory.

SECOND HAND Pianos at your own prices--almost.

SEE US before you buy

Do It Today

Learnard & Lindemann,

Established 1900 206 W. Gold Avenue

COAL

Genuine American block, per ton\$6.50

Cerrillos Lump\$6.50

Anthracite Nut\$8.50

Anthracite mixed\$9.00

Anthracite, stove and furnace sizes\$9.50

Clean Gas Coke\$8.00

WOOD.

Green Mill Wood, per load.....\$2.25

W. H. HAHN & CO.

Both Phones.

HONEY

10 lbs. Nice Extracted Honey for \$1.00. Order by Postal.

W. P. Allen, Box 202, Albuquerque.

On Display and Sale

In Our Window and in Our Store

First Showing of Spring

HATS!

Soft and stiff styles--in the celebrated Knox and Tiger Makes.

See them for a correct showing of the Newest and latest styles for spring 1907.

Knox Hats
 \$3 & \$5

Tiger Hats
 \$3

SIMON STERN

The Railroad Avenue Clothier

RAABE & MAUGER

115-117 NORTH FIRST STREET

Between Railroad and Copper Ave.

Stoves and Steel Ranges

HARDWARE and RANCH SUPPLIES

Wagon Covers,

Sheep Shears,

Dipping Tanks,

TIN SHOP

In Rear of Store

Harness,

Horse Blankets,

Saddles.

WHITNEY COMPANY

Wholesale and Retail

HARDWARE

Iron Pipe, Pumps, Valves, Fittings--Steam and Water Supplies--Hose and Belting.

Stoves, Ranges and Granite Iron Ware.

Bar Iron, Steel, Wagon Wood Stock, Blacksmith Supplies.

Mail Orders Solicited

113, 115, 117, South First Street
 401, 403, North First Street

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Home Insurance the Best

WE CANNOT refrain from again saying something about Home Insurance. Every time that the proposition presents itself of the tremendous amount of money that is being sent out of New Mexico and Arizona for life insurance to eastern cities, the conviction comes home with increased force that a home company ought to be patronized and the money remain in the West.

The revelations of the past year of the way the enormous surplus of the big Eastern companies has been handled and speculated with ought to emphasize the fact that the people of the West should stop pouring their money into Eastern channels when it can be placed in home insurance, and every dollar of it kept and invested at home.

It is gratifying to note that home insurance is year by year receiving more and more its just deserts. Statistics show that during the past year home companies far exceeded foreign companies in the amount of business written. Why cannot this same record be made here? It can if every individual who takes out a policy the coming year will carefully weigh the proposition of the value it is to keep his insurance at home before he puts his name to the application of any insurance company.

The Occidental Life Insurance Company of New Mexico and Arizona is owned and controlled by the leading business men of the two territories, and offers exceptional opportunities to ambitious and capable men and women to sell its policies.

Address Home Office,

Occidental Life Insurance Company

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.