

2-20-1907

Albuquerque Evening Citizen, 02-20-1907

Hughes & McCreight

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COUNCIL KEPT HARD AT WORK ALL DAY. HOUSE SET

Seven Bills to Upper Body, Which Were Referred to Committees, and Eight Bills Were Passed.

REPRESENTATIVE RUPPE GETS CLOSER TO BAND WAGON

Very Important Bill Providing For Veterinary Bee Surgeon to Look After the Industrious Friend of Man.

Santa Fe, Feb. 20.—The council held a busy session this morning. Owing to the fact that the committee on judiciary is congested with work, President Spies today named two additional members, Martinez and Miera, who will aid in clearing the burden of bills.

Seven bills were reported to the council from the house today and sent to the proper committees. The bills are house bill No. 2, relative to the issuance of bonds for sanitary purposes by cities and towns; house bill No. 28, relative to poll tax; house bill No. 29, to change the time of the election of justices of the peace and constables to the general election; house bill No. 50, fixing time for the session of the First judicial district court; house bill No. 57, relative to recognition; substitute for house bill No. 71, relative to qualifications of county and territorial officials; house bill No. 102, to allow the leasing of an acre of ground at the Agricultural college to the Y. M. C. A., which passed the council without opposition. Two bills were introduced, one to grant and sell to Deming a tract of land for a cemetery by Mr. Murray, and one by Mr. Murray, relative to incorporation of towns.

Bills Passed in Council.

The following bills passed the council:

Council bill No. 37, for the protection of bridges; council bill No. 36, relative to territorial appropriations; house bill No. 13, relative to territorial depositories, with trust companies stricken out; council bill No. 12, an act to exempt sugar factories, smelters, etc., from taxation for six years; house bill No. 24, an act relative to larceny by embezzlement; council bill No. 23, relative to taking of depositions; house substitute for house bill No. 25, relative to assault with words. The vote on this bill was 8 ayes, 3 nays, Spies, Miera and Martinez opposing. Council bill No. 16, to repeal chapter 2 laws of 1905, relative to special levies for feeding county prisoners. The house is now in session.

Trust Companies Cut Out.

The house today adjourned until 2 p. m. tomorrow. The following bills were passed: House bill No. 32, an act relative to the distribution of waters in community ditches; house bill No. 73, an act relative to the creation of a new district; house bill No. 69, relative to issuance of warrants on information or belief; house bill No. 70, an act providing penalty for attempts to secure malicious indictments; house bill No. 51, an act relative to filling of vacancies in county offices by county commissioners with the exception of vacancies on that board to be filled by the governor; council bill No. 29, an act relative to building of sidewalks; house bill No. 13, an act relative to territorial depositories, which was returned by the council with an amendment eliminating trust companies as depositories. The house concurred in the amendment.

SIDE LIGHTS ON YESTERDAY'S WORK

Santa Fe, Feb. 20.—Yesterday was the busiest day of the legislative assembly in Santa Fe. The council held a busy session in the morning and continued work on the tax bill. The house met at 2 o'clock. A number of bills were introduced. Representative Walters came to the floor as a statesman. There has never been any doubt that Mr. Walters was a statesman, however, this was signally shown when he introduced house bill No. 105, an act relative to the inspection of bees. This was not due to the fact that Mr. Walters had been "stung" with the apportionment bee—at least so it is understood, but on the contrary the bill is a result of a long felt want among half a dozen residents of San Juan county, whence the statesman hails. The bill has a number of provisions. It creates the greatly demanded office of inspector of bees. The bill provides that upon the application of a stated number of bee owners, to be named by county commissioners setting forth the fact that disease is known to exist among the bees, the said board of county commissioners shall name some bee keeper as an inspector who shall hold office during the pleasure of the board. The bee keeper must inspect the bees. It is not known whether he shall run down the individual bees and put them through a process of dipping such as is done in the case of sheep with scab, or whether he shall cut them together upon a rose in his coat lapel and there inspect them. At any rate he is expected to visit the bee hives and to make a report on the work done, expenses, etc. All diseased colonies of bees and their hives are to be destroyed, either by fire or military burial. The bill also contains provisions for a variety of fines, for a variety of offenses. The inspector may appoint constables to help him destroy the diseased bees

(how would you like to be a constable?) This grand triumph of legislation was referred to the committee on territorial affairs from whose office in the capitol building a buzzing sound has been issuing ever since.

Radical Education Bill.

Among the important matters of legislation in the house is house bill No. 107, introduced by the house committee on education. An act to revise the school laws of the territory and for other purposes. The bill contains thirty-one closely written pages. It has been in process of preparation by joint committees from both houses, members of the territorial board of education, territorial educators, superintendent of public instruction, Hiram Hadley, and others interested and disinterested. There is no question as to the fact that the bill will entirely revise the educational laws of New Mexico. It was so lengthy and so bulky that no one had the temerity to ask for its reading in the house and it was referred by the speaker to the committee on education. Another important bill was house bill No. 108, introduced by Speaker Baca, providing for an addition to the territorial capitol at Santa Fe. Mr. Baca together with Mr. Martin introduced a bill to limit the sale of native liquors without a license on premises where they are made.

Dr. Ruppe Votes With Majority.

House bill No. 49 was reported unfavorably by the committee on judiciary and a substitute for the same offered. This seemingly insignificant bill, which is an act changing the time for election of justices of the peace and constables from "any old time" to the same time as the general election, caused a furor in the house. The report of the committee, however, was adopted, the original bill was tabled and the house substitute passed. Mr. Mullins objected to the passage of the bill on the grounds that it was not feasible to hold the election of the justices of the peace at the general election. Mr. Sanchez of Taos replied that it saved the time of the voters in that they did not have to attend so many elections. He also said it saved additional expense. Mr. Holt, Mr. Mullins, Mr. Hadley, Mr. Bierbaum, Mr. Abbott of Santa Fe, also spoke at some length on this bill. Mr. Bierbaum attempted to choke off the flow of oratory by moving that house substitute for house bill No. 39 be tabled indefinitely. The motion was carried. Mr. Abbott of Santa Fe in explaining his vote said he was opposed to tabling this substitute because he had not heard one reason why it should be tabled. He further said that if the justices of the peace and constables were elected at a general election, they would be picked more for political reasons than any other. He stated that he knew personally that the people of Taos county were in favor of changing the law as proposed in the substitute.

Beach said his constituents favored the election of justices of the peace and constables at the general election. Mr. Bierbaum favored the present law, saying that on a general election there would be too much politics in the selection of candidates. Mr. Gallagies said the election of justices of the peace and constables at the general election would conflict with county conventions. Mr. Green said Walters' bees had escaped and he heard them buzzing around the hall. It would be impossible for a discussion of any measure on the floor of the house to pass by without Captain Littlefield Ruppe butting in. "I thank the Lord for this opportunity to say a few words," said the reformer of the other fellow from Bernalillo county. Then Mr. Ruppe waving his hands in his usual tragic manner climbed meekly to a seat on the band wagon. He said the law was a good one (no cheers from the gallery), as it did away with so many elections. He said the best men would be picked out for justices of the peace and constables at a general election to strengthen the ticket. The house gave a sign of relief and Mr. Ruppe sat down. The motion to table the substitute was lost, the vote being six in the affirmative and sixteen in the negative. Mr. Holt then moved that house substitute for house bill No. 39 be passed. After the fire works the house passed the bill. The original bill was tabled indefinitely.

The Poll Tax Bill.

The report of the committee on judiciary, which offered a substitute for house bill No. 28, an act relative to poll tax, was adopted. The substitute provides that all male persons 21 years of age or over shall pay a poll tax of one dollar each for the support of the public schools. It provides that the clerk of the school district shall make these collections and shall receive ten per cent for so doing. After the list of those subject to poll tax is made out the clerk

(Continued on page four.)

SENATOR SMOOT SUSTAINED BY BIG

Majority in Senate—That Long Agony Is Over at Last.

POSTAL CLERK RAISE IS CUT FROM APPROPRIATION

New Mexico Interested in Two Large Amounts For Improved Irrigation Service.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—The president today signed the immigration bill.

Smoot Case Occupied Senate.

In anticipation of closing the debate and of the final vote upon the resolution declaring Reed Smoot not entitled to his seat as senator from Utah, fixed for 4 o'clock today, the galleries were filled. DuBois took position of opposition to Smoot. He charged that the senators supporting the Utah senator had taken advantage of all the tactics of special pleading, and declared that Hopkins had put the Mormon church above all other churches and all Christian organizations.

"The senator is making an absolute misrepresentation," shouted Hopkins. After DuBois refused to yield to him, DuBois took direct issue with Senator Knox in the statement that "Polygamy is ended. Five out of twelve apostles have gone into it since the manifesto," said DuBois. "The president of the church performed the ceremony between an apostle and his fourth wife," DuBois declared that there are not ten senators who would vote for Smoot if they had read the testimony. The president of the United States, he said, is an open friend of the Utah senator and his strong influences are at work. Beveridge made a strong plea for Smoot.

Smoot Is Successful.

3:09 p. m.: The Hopkins amendment to the Smoot resolution that the clerk of the senate is required to unseat Smoot was agreed to. The adoption of the Hopkins amendment was by a vote of 49 to 22. The resolution to unseat Smoot, as amended, is defeated and Smoot retains his seat. The vote by which Smoot retains his seat was 42 to 25.

Clerk Salaries Cut Out.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The house today resumed consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill. Amendment increasing by 20 per cent the salaries of clerks of the first and second class postoffices went out on a point of order.

NEW MEXICO INTERESTED IN BIG APPROPRIATIONS

Special to The Evening Citizen.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Delegated Andrews appeared repeatedly before the house committee—having in charge the sundry civil appropriations bills. This bill carries \$1,000,000 for the Rio Grande reclamation project, as well as \$90,000 for the Fort Bayard reservation water service.

NEW YORK STATE FARMERS ARE ORGANIZING.

Utica, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Plans for the organization of the farmers of New York state on lines similar to the labor unions were perfected here today by the Central New York Farmers' club, and the task of organizing agriculturists will be undertaken forthwith. The combination will be known as "The Milk and Farm Producers Association." The object of the association will be "to establish fair prices for all milk and farm products, to regulate the supply and to adopt it to the demand and thus mitigate the evils arising from a surplus; to insure justice to producers as to weight, etc.; to handle milk, butter, cheese, eggs and all other farm products, and to deal more direct with the consumer. The association will be incorporated under the laws of the state. All producers of agricultural products are eligible for membership. All cheese and butter factories, milk and shipping stations, cold storage plants and necessary storehouses for farm products will be owned and controlled by the local unions in the thirteen districts into which the state has been divided. Twelve hundred members have already been enrolled.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY OF TIN IN NOVA SCOTIA.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 20.—Hundreds of prospectors are rushing to Nova Scotia, where valuable discoveries of tin have been made. It is pointed out that as the world's great tin mines are becoming exhausted, and in view of the high prices now prevailing, the discovery of the new deposits here will be a matter of significance.

DISCUSS ENGLAND AND GERMANY'S TROUBLES.

London, Feb. 20.—At a meeting of the Imperial Defense league in the army and navy club last night Lord Roberts, who presided, said the British nation could not lose sight of the fact that all the new equipment of Germany was aimed at Great Britain. The fact was, he said, Germany must have space to colonize in and suitable space for that purpose could only be had after defeating England. Directly Great Britain was reduced to the rank of a third rate power, Germany would be world supreme.

EVELYN THAW PROVES HERSELF MATCH FOR JEROME

MRS. HARRY THAW IN COURT



Sketched By J. C. Fireman, the New York Artist

RECALLED TO BE QUESTIONED BY HIM

He Tried Vainly to Confuse or Lead Her Into Self-Contradiction.

NO PROGRESS WAS MADE DESTROYING GOOD EFFECT

Produced by Her Direct Testimony Some Days Before, Though Jerome Tried Very Hard.

New York, Feb. 20.—A ruling was made late in yesterday's session of the Thaw trial that Jerome may examine Evelyn Thaw as to the truth of her statements. It had been held all along that under the law it is immaterial whether the story that Evelyn told Thaw was true or not, the point being that Thaw believed it true. Justice Fitzgerald, however, held that Jerome could investigate the truth of the story in order to attack the credibility of the witness.

Jerome Gains Nothing.

The cross-examination of Mrs. Thaw was continued when the hearing was resumed this morning. Jerome jumped from one part of her story to another in his examination. By his questions he indicated that he did not intend to spare the feelings of the young woman in any way. He interrogated her sharply as to the details of her dress when she posed for artists in Philadelphia and New York, and persisted in certain questions even after Delmas objected. He insisted on definite answers, though Mrs. Thaw usually said she could not exactly remember.

Mrs. Thaw fenced with the district attorney quite skillfully at times, keeping her wits well about her. Jerome spent an hour or more upon the subject of Stanford White's letters. Mrs. Thaw declared that the fourteen letters which Thaw turned over to Harbridge were the only ones she positively knew were in existence. "When Jerome would ask occasionally a very pointed question with the purpose, evidently, of tripping her, Mrs. Thaw would reply with an emphatic nod of the head, 'I didn't say that.'"

Nothing New Elicited.

Finally Jerome dropped the subject of letters and turned to Mrs. Thaw's story to her husband. "How long were you unconscious in the Twenty-fourth street house at the time of your experience with Stanford White?" asked Jerome. "I don't remember," said she thought it was after midnight when she became unconscious, but it was some time before daylight when she recovered. Jerome read from Mrs. Thaw's direct testimony the statement that she sat up all night. She replied that she meant all the rest of the night after she had been taken home.

Jerome asked her if there was anything to show that Mrs. Nesbit was willing to sacrifice her daughter for pecuniary considerations. "No," said Mrs. Thaw, shaking her head indignantly. Jerome asked the witness about a man named Hoppe or Hopley. He pressed her closely about this man and wanted to know if he had not lived in the same house with her, which the witness denied. "Have you seen him since 1901?" "I may have passed him on the street," "I don't mean that way," "No," said Mrs. Thaw, with a stamp of her foot.

White Had Right of Way.

The district attorney asked her if she had not quarreled with her mother over her going with a married man, James A. Garland, and that her mother considered she was becoming unruly in the spring of 1901. This the witness denied. She also denied that she had ever posed in the nude or had a cast in nude made. She did not know Garland long and the acquaintance ceased when she met White. Her mother always met her at the theater except when White came.

Will Reduce Sleeping Car Rates in Texas.

Dallas, Tex., Feb. 20.—The case in which the Pullman company is seeking to enjoin the railroad commission from putting into effect the order reducing sleeping car rates came up before Judge Meek in the federal court of the northern district of Texas here today. The Pullman company is applying for an injunction to set aside the reduction order of the commission. Judge Claude Pollard, office assistant attorney general, is opposing the application on behalf of the railroad commission.

CORPORATION TO DEVELOP MANY NEW MINING CLAIMS.

London, Feb. 20.—The Central Development Company, limited, was incorporated here today with a capital of \$500,000. One-half of the stock has been subscribed by English interests and the other half by Americans. Alexander McNab, a director of the Arizona Copper company, is the chairman of the new company. The company is organized for development purposes. It will be in close alliance with the Mines Syndicate of New York and will develop such properties as the syndicate has examined and approved.

HUGHES ASKS THE STATE SENATE FOR REMOVAL

Of Insurance Superintendent Kelsey—Philadelphia Elects Republican Mayor.

MISSOURI'S CAPITAL IS SMALL POX VICTIM

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Governor Hughes sent to the senate today a message recommending the removal from office of State Superintendent of Insurance Otto Kelsey.

The reason given by the governor for the recommendation is "because as head of the insurance department he (Kelsey) has conspicuously failed to perform obvious duties of first importance and his neglect has demonstrated his unfitness for the trust confided to him."

REPUBLICANS AGAIN CARRY CITY OF BROTHERLY LOVE.

Philadelphia, Feb. 20.—The plurality of John E. Reyburn, republican, who was yesterday elected mayor of Philadelphia over William Potter, democratic-city party, was 33,003. While the fusionists lost the majority, they gained two seats in the select council and fifteen in the common council and constitute a stronger minority than has existed for many years.

MISSOURI LEGISLATURE IS SCARED BY SMALLPOX.

Jefferson City, Feb. 20.—The senate today adopted resolutions requesting the state board of health to convene at once and take such action as may be deemed necessary to prevent the spread of smallpox. The city physician says there are only thirty-eight cases in the city, and thinks there is no danger of the disease spreading.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF NEW MEXICO BANQUET.

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 20.—The annual meeting of the Historical Society of New Mexico, which was held in the chamber of the capitol last night, was largely attended by members of the house of representatives. Professor W. E. Garrison spoke on the archaeology of the territory and Col. R. E. Twitchell on "A Coronado Celebration." Judge A. J. Abbott gave an interesting history of the Pueblo Indians and Professor English described the rise and fall of the Spanish language in New Mexico. President L. Bradford Prince told of the advance made by the society in the last two years and expressed a hope that the society's archaeological collection, which was being rearranged, would be ready for the next meeting of the society which will be held on the night of the 26th.

MASS MEETING DISAPPROVES GOVERNOR SWEETENHAMA

And Asks Aid of England For Building Again the City of Kingston.

SCHOOL QUESTION NOT SETTLED WITH TURKEY

Kingston, Feb. 20.—A mass meeting of citizens held Monday night condemned Gov. Sweetenham for preventing monetary assistance from coming here. The meeting adopted a petition to parliament for the granting of \$700,000 and a loan of five million dollars to assist in rebuilding the city. Plans are now on foot for rebuilding a vastly improved city. Dead bodies are still being recovered from the ruins, and while the actual number of killed will never be known the total cannot fall short of 1,100.

Vigorous Terms Used.

Constantinople, Feb. 20.—The settlement of the American school question is still delayed, owing to obstructive tactics of certain high placed officials. Ambassador Lelmsman continues to press for solution and has again sent a letter to Porte Couched in most vigorous terms, demanding early action in the matter.

English Suffragists at Work.

London, Feb. 20.—A dozen women suffragists were released from prison this morning and subsequently were entertained at luncheon by their colleagues. Much enthusiasm arose by reading congratulatory messages from the National Woman's Suffrage association, which closed its convention in Chicago yesterday, and from woman's suffrage leaders in New York. The text of the Sir Charles Dikes bill, enfranchising women, was issued this morning. It is similar to the one he introduced last year and which was defeated.

French Incensed at Russians.

Toulon, Feb. 20.—The sailors of a Russian squadron, which anchored in this harbor, in buying provisions from Greek and German houses has incensed French merchants, who placarded the streets with denunciations of France's allies and forwarded indignation resolutions to the minister of marine.

WILL OVERHAUL FAMOUS BATTLESHIP OREGON.

Brooklyn, Feb. 20.—The famous battleship Oregon is expected here tonight or tomorrow morning for a complete overhauling in the navy yard. She is to be modernized at an expense of over one million dollars. She will be changed on the same lines as her sister ship, the Indiana, and will be provided with balanced elliptical turrets to prevent her from heeling when all four of her twelve inch guns are pointed over the same side of the ship.

BUTTE WORKMEN DEMAND INCREASE IN WAGES

Strike Will be the Probable Result—Manager Styner Commits Suicide.

BANK HAS TRACED ONLY FEW OF ITS SECURITIES

Butte, Mont., Feb. 20.—Notice was served today on all employers of a raise in the wage scale by the Butte Workmen's union, the largest organization in the city outside of the mining trades. The members have been getting three dollars a day. The new scale to take effect March 1 calls for \$3.50. Many employers will refuse the demands.

General Manager Styner Dead.

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 20.—E. E. Styner, late general manager of the Mexican Central railroad, who attempted suicide in Mexico City Monday night by stabbing himself six times, died last night. Suicide was caused by despondency over his severance in connection with the Mexican Central, with which he had been connected over twenty-four years.

BANK SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN LOCATED

New Britain, Conn., Feb. 20.—That William F. Walker, defaulting treasurer of the Savings Bank of New Britain, who got away with \$644,000, was the victim of all kinds of sharpers and disreputable brokers, is ascertained in a statement made public today by W. H. Hart, of the bank's committee, which was appointed to straighten out the bank's affairs. Hart denied that \$180,000 of the bank's securities had been located but admitted that a few had been traced.

VOTE ON SENATOR SMOOT'S CASE TODAY.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—By agreement entered into between Senator Smoot's friends and the members of the senate on Feb. 20, the senate will this afternoon vote on the resolution declaring him not entitled to his seat. The program of dealing with the report of the committee, as tentatively discussed when the matter was last before the senate, provides that a democratic senator, presumably Mr. Bailey or Mr. Overman, will propose to replace the committee resolution, which provides that Mr. Smoot's seat shall be declared vacant, with a substitute which shall declare in favor of the expulsion of the Mormon senator from Utah. This move will, it is understood, receive the support of the republicans. Its effect will be to place the question of expulsion before the senate, and the indications are strong that the resolution providing for expulsion will be rejected or tabled by the vote of a large majority of the senate.

THE EVENING CITIZEN

Published Daily and Weekly by
The Citizen Publishing Company

Entered at Postoffice for transmission through the
mail as second class matter.



OFFICIAL PAPER FOR
CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE

PLAYING PRANKS
GETS SOLDIER
IN TROUBLE

Court Martial For Assuming
Uniform of Officer and
Hectoring Privates.

AMERICAN RAILROAD TO
EXTEND TO MONTREAL

Most Successful Kennel Show Ever
Known in History of New
England Club.

Cardiff, Wales, Feb. 20.—Private Morgan, of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers, is being court-martialed here today for a remarkably daring exploit. Morgan, whose parents reside in Stafford, while on furlough, recently conceived the idea of masquerading in his captain's uniform. He appeared sometimes in the auditorium when the proceedings commenced. A male chorus of one hundred voices has been organized to lead the music. Among the speakers will be Robert E. Speer and Dr. Halsey, of the foreign board; Dr. Geo. Alexander, of New York, and Dr. Robert F. Coyle, moderator of the general assembly of the church is presiding. Tonight John Wanamaker will speak on men and money for foreign missions, and tomorrow W. J. Bryan will speak on "What I Think of Foreign Missions." A convention of the foreign missions of the church will be held tomorrow when over 600 representatives from other synods and the foreign mission field will be present.

DELAWARE & HUDSON TO
EXTEND TO MONTREAL

New York, Feb. 20.—With the new \$5,000,000 at six per cent the Delaware & Hudson has decided to proceed with the construction of its line to Montreal. At present, the route extends only as far north as Rouses Point and goes into Montreal over the Grand Trunk. Several years ago it purchased the Quebec Southern, which has a line part way from Quebec to Montreal and it was then generally supposed that the Delaware & Hudson intended to get into both Quebec and Montreal, Canada, but the construction work was long delayed. A few months ago several of the influential stockholders started a movement to force the management to make what they considered much needed changes in policy. One of the first results was an increase in the dividend. The protesting stockholders also objected to the slowness with which the Canadian extensions were being prosecuted, and the new loan was the result of their final efforts. The loan was made by the Quebec, Montreal and St. Lawrence, a subsidiary of the Delaware & Hudson. The first piece of construction will be between Rouses Point and St. Constant, a town near Montreal. The work will be carried out with all possible dispatch.

NEW ENGLAND KENNEL
CLUB SHOW OPENED.

Boston, Feb. 20.—Liberalty of classification and a long list of valuable prizes have not lost power to draw entries for the 23rd annual dog show of the New England Kennel club, which opened in the Mechanics building today, is the most successful of its kind ever held. The entries break all records and no stone is left unturned by the club to please fanciers. Some of the finest pointers and setters in the country are shown, as well as fox-hounds and beagles. What will probably prove to be the most valuable trophy ever offered for bench show competition has been put up by the club for Boston terriers. It is a cup valued at \$200. One French bulldog has forwarded \$50 in gold to be awarded in two prizes of \$25 and \$20, the first for the best French bulldog owned in New England, and the second for the best of opposite sex to the winner. Other special medals and cups will also be awarded in this class. The Cocker Spaniel club will give gold medals, cups and money in this class, and Nathan H. Brown, of Brooklyn, also offers a valuable cup. Mrs. Hamilton Fish, through the Ladies' Kennel Association of America, is giving a cup for the best parti-colored spaniel dog in the novice class. Cups will be given by the Brunswick Fox-hound club, Willis Sharpe Kilmer, of Binghamton, N. Y.; the French Bulldog Club of America and the St. Bernard club. Entries have come from all parts of the country and include those from

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH CURE. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
We, the undersigned, have known P. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. Wauding, Kinnon & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 50c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

some of the best known breeders of dogs in the United States. John P. Morgan is exhibiting a number of collies from his Cragston kennels and there are a large representation from the Greystone kennels, owned by Samuel Untermyer. The Cairn Terrier kennels and the Revere collie kennels have entered their best, while the exhibits of R. Vanderbilt and W. Gould Brockway are attracting considerable attention. A large number of great Danes, Mastiffs and St. Bernards are shown. The show will remain open until the 22nd.

COMMON STOCK OF
NOVA SCOTIA STEEL

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 20.—It has been announced that the common stock of the Nova Scotia Steel company will be immediately put on a six per cent basis and that a dividend of three per cent for the six months ended March 31st will be paid in April. The dividend will take only \$75,000 out of the net earnings for 1906, which are estimated at over \$1,000,000, and which after payment of the bond interest would leave about \$450,000 for extensions and improvements, so that after the payment of the dividend there would be left over \$400,000 for extensions and improvements. From the unfilled orders on hand it is certain that the company's net earnings for 1907 will exceed those of 1906.

FOREIGN MISSIONS CON-
VENTION AT OMAHA.

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 20.—The board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian church has opened a convention unique in the history of the missionary movement. This is a men's foreign missionary convention. The women of the church have been holding such gatherings many years, and have been doing missionary work to the present important stage, but to-day the men of Omaha and Kansas decided to band themselves together, and in future do all in their power for missionary work. There were sixteen hundred delegates in attendance in the auditorium when the proceedings commenced. A male chorus of one hundred voices has been organized to lead the music. Among the speakers will be Robert E. Speer and Dr. Halsey, of the foreign board; Dr. Geo. Alexander, of New York, and Dr. Robert F. Coyle, moderator of the general assembly of the church is presiding. Tonight John Wanamaker will speak on men and money for foreign missions, and tomorrow W. J. Bryan will speak on "What I Think of Foreign Missions." A convention of the foreign missions of the church will be held tomorrow when over 600 representatives from other synods and the foreign mission field will be present.

CONFERENCE ON BLIND-
NESS BEING HELD.

New York, Feb. 20.—The problem of the blind was the subject of the second 1907 conference of charities which took place in the United Charities building yesterday. Miss Winifred Holt, secretary of the New York Association for the Blind, spoke on "New Hope for the Blind," exhibiting in connection with her address a variety of products of the industries which have been started for blind operatives. Eben P. Morford, state commissioner of blind, and superintendent of the Industrial Home for the Blind in Brooklyn, and volunteer director of the New York workshop for blind men, spoke on "Industrial and Educational Training and Employment for the Blind." The conference was largely attended by the general public and it was intended to be primarily a Chautauqua for practical workers in philanthropy.

WANT TO ADOPT QUEEN-
ING LAW ENFORCED.

Dublin, Feb. 20.—At a meeting of the Irish parliamentary party in the Rotunda last night, John Redmond, M. P., presiding, resolutions were passed urging Irishmen in the United States to take steps to induce the American government to adopt measures for the protection of Queenstown as a landing place for American mails instead of sending them to Plymouth. Resolutions were received from all public bodies in the country calling upon the entire body of the Irish members of parliament to oppose any withdrawal of the American mail service from Queenstown and urging all railway companies and public bodies to co-operate in resisting the withdrawal.

WANT NATIONAL STAMP-
ING LAW ENFORCED.

New York, Feb. 20.—An organization of jewelry and silverware manufacturers has been formed to secure the enactment in all states of statutes which will conform to the national stamping law passed by congress last winter, to become effective on June 13, 1907. The bill, which the legislators of forty states will be asked to pass, provides that all articles made of gold must bear a stamp showing the quality, and the metal must not show on assay divergence from the standard of more than one-half carat. In gold cases and other flat articles the maximum divergence allowed is 3-100 of a carat. In plated articles the stamp must show the quality of the plating.

ILLINOIS STATE FARMERS'
HOLD ANNUAL CONVENTION.

Quincy, Ill., Feb. 20.—There were over 800 delegates present at the annual convention of the State Farmers' association today. A. V. Schemerhorn, of Kilmadine, the president, referred to the great progress the association was making and the benefits it was conferring on the state. There are several new features in connection with this year's convention, including a dairy school and a corn school. There are also exhibits of poultry, horticulture, domestic science and school exhibits. Delegates from the Domestic Science association will give demonstrations in cooking each day and those attending the convention will have the use of the Farmers' Institute library. The proceedings will last until Thursday night.

SPAIN'S LEMON CROP
REMARKABLY RUINED.

New York, Feb. 20.—Reports from Madrid state that the weather is the severest ever known in Spain. There have been heavy falls of snow and railway traveling has become impossible. The lemon crop has been completely ruined.

Rising From the Grave.

A prominent manufacturer, Wm. A. Feltwell, of Lucama, N. C., relates a most remarkable experience. He says: "After taking less than three bottles of Electric Bitters, I feel like one rising from the grave. My trouble is Bright's disease, in the Diabetes stage. I fully believe Electric Bitters will cure me permanently, for it has already stopped the liver and bladder complications which have troubled me for years." Guaranteed by all druggists. Price only 50c.

PRESIDENT NOT
RADICAL ON
FINANCE

Is Now Claimed by His Wash-
ington Intimates Who Say
He's Misunderstood.

BAILEY INVESTIGATION
PROBABLY HAS CLOSED

Texas Wants Clay Pierce, of Oil
Fame, to Prosecute Him for
Felony Down There.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Every time a man belonging to the financial circles comes here to see the president there is a report directly afterward of Mr. Roosevelt having backed down or changed his attitude toward corporations. Such reports have been more insistent of late because rather more than the usual number of financial persons have seen the president within a short period. None of them, however, has received the slightest indication that the president has changed his attitude; and so far from having changed it, he is at the present time beginning the preliminary studies on some recommendations he will submit to congress in his long session for additional legislation.

The visiting financier has only himself to blame for this disillusionment. He usually comes here with an insufficient knowledge of what the president's views are. When the president tells them, he is usually surprised, and some such conversation as this ensues:

"Mr. President, why don't you put out a public statement of these views, just as you have outlined them to me in this conversation?"

"But I have put out such a statement."

"When? Where?"

"In my messages."

The fact is that the president always has regarded himself as the true friend of the corporations here, in that he is undertaking to secure reforms in obedience to a great public demand, and that, if it were not for the public confidence that he would discontinue his mind of two recurring ideas; first, that the president is a dangerous lunatic, and second, that there is ever going to be any change or modification whatever in what these friends consider the salutary and moderate reforms he is urging.

Many of the president's friends here think Wall street would save itself a lot of mental excitement if it would discontinue its mind of two recurring ideas; first, that the president is a dangerous lunatic, and second, that there is ever going to be any change or modification whatever in what these friends consider the salutary and moderate reforms he is urging.

BAILEY EXPLAINS, AND
EL PASO GETS CHARTER.

Austin, Texas, Feb. 20.—At 3 o'clock yesterday the senate finally passed the El Paso city charter bill, as passed by the house after Hudspeeth put on perfecting amendments. The bill will now go to the governor for his signature.

TEXAS DETERMINED TO
HAVE H. CLAY PIERCE.

Austin, Texas, Feb. 20.—Governor Campbell yesterday confirmed the St. Louis report that he had issued a requisition for H. Clay Pierce, of the Waters-Pierce Oil company, wanted here on a charge of making false affidavits to secure the readmission of his company into Texas.

STORY OF HOW TWO
STOMACHS WERE CHANGED.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 20.—Peter Jordan, fairly well dressed, but lacking funds, is hastening to that dear Philadelphia as fast as freight trains and sympathetic brakemen will take him. He wants his stomach. His brother has it. Peter told Police Judge Whelan that, if necessary, he would renege that very useful and at times troublesome bit of internal mechanism. Jordan's trouble, so far as Cleveland is concerned, started when he told Judge Whelan in police court that

RHEUMATISM BREAKS
DOWN
THE STRONGEST CONSTITUTION

Rheumatism is caused by a sour, acid condition of the blood, brought on by chronic constipation, weak kidneys, poor digestion and a general sluggish condition of the system. Because of these irregularities the refuse and waste matters of the body are not promptly expelled, but are left to sour and ferment, producing irritating acids which are taken up by the blood and distributed to all parts of the system. This acid matter weakens and diseases the blood so that instead of supplying the body with nourishing, healthful properties it deposits the poison with which it is loaded into the muscles, nerves, bones and joints, and Rheumatism gets complete control of the system. Some suffer almost constantly with the disease, while others have intervals of freedom, during which they live in constant dread of the next attack, when an exposure to cold or dampness or some other irregularity will cause the symptoms to return. If the cause is not removed Rheumatism will progress and reach a point where it becomes incurable, and the strongest constitution will break down. S. S. S. has been curing Rheumatism for more than forty years. It attacks the disease at its head by going down into the blood and removing every particle of the acid matter and build it up to a state of purity and richness. S. S. S. is the King of blood purifiers, just what is needed for the cure of Rheumatism. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice sent free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

the reason he had been haled into court was that he had stomach trouble. Jordan exhibited all the symptoms of a man afflicted with a bad attack of "the morning after."

"That stomach trouble was old," said the judge. "That is no excuse for drinking. Five dollars and costs and thirty days in—"

"May it please the court," interrupted Jordan, "you cannot justly imprison a man because his brother's stomach led him astray, and then he told his story."

He and his brother John lived in Philadelphia, and both were stricken with stomach trouble, and went to a hospital for treatment.

"John was addicted to liquor and used a bunch of words," said Jordan. "I was a church member and a teetotaler. While we were in the hospital, being operated on, the boiler or something exploded, and the doctors and nurse ran out and left us. Not much damage was done by the explosion and they came back. We both got better, and later I found I had contracted the liquor habit, while my brother joined the church."

"I could not understand this change in me, neither could my friends. I became discouraged and went west. A week ago, while I was out in 'Frisco, I got a letter from the doctor who performed the operation in the hospital. Here it is; it says: 'In the past during the explosion at the time of your operation, a nurse has confessed to me she mixed your and your brother's stomachs.'"

"Judge, I'm on my way back to Philadelphia to replenish that stomach and make the doctors put it back where it belongs."

"Go!" said the judge.

FEW CATTLE MAY BE
EXPECTED FROM MEXICO.

Chihuahua, Mexico, Feb. 20.—Shipments of beef cattle to Mexico City from this state are about one train a week, as formerly. The shipments always decrease at this time in the year, as cattle farther south in the warmer climate are in better condition than they are here.

Socialistic Religious Colony.

Louis Evans, of the Evans & Morse Co., a real estate concern of Los Angeles, Cal., was here and stated that he was on a colony enterprise, which he expects to establish between this city and Jimenez. He would give out no particulars as to the exact location of the proposed colony, but said that his people belonged to a quasi-socialistic religious sect. He said that the bishop of this sect was to meet him on the southern Mexican train last Wednesday night to go down to look at the land.

SALTON SEA IS NOW
COMPLETELY JUGGED.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—A telegram received yesterday by the reclamation service from the engineers on the lower Colorado river in Mexico, re-opens the successful closing of the break in the bank, after a mighty struggle with this unruly river, which all the energy of 1,000 men, supplied with the equipment of the Southern Pacific railroad, has been employed for weeks, the Colorado has been controlled and once more is proceeding on its way to the Gulf of California.

A determined effort is being made to fortify the break by constructing many miles of levees. The problem from now on will be to preserve these levees from destruction during the period of floods.

WEAK, WEARY WOMEN.

Learn the Cause of Daily Weakness and End Them.
When the back aches and throbs. When housework is torture. When sleep brings no rest nor sleep. When urinary disorders set in. Women's lot is a weary one. There is a way to escape these woes Doan's Kidney Pills cure such ills. Have cured women here in Albuquerque.

This is one Albuquerque woman's testimony.

Mrs. J. R. Grubb, living at 217 South Broadway, Albuquerque, New Mexico, says: "For about two weeks my condition was so that whenever I would be around my pains and sharp stitches would take me in my loins. Further proof of a disturbed condition of the kidneys existed, evidenced by a too frequent action of the secretions from these organs, as was mostly noticeable in the fore part of the day. A lady, who had been similarly troubled and had been cured by Doan's Kidney Pills, advised me to use them. Procuring a box I used only a small portion and the benefit I derived was so pronounced that I was given proof of the genuineness of this medicine as a cure for backache and all ills arising from deranged kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Those Harvard professors must have an idea that a young man goes to college to study. They have decided no student can be on more than two athletic teams.

When You Need
DRUGS

Don't always think how cheap you can get them. Think instead, where you can get the freshest, the purest and strongest and come where you can always get them. We have only one quality the BEST ALWAYS. And our prices are always the lowest, quality considered.

The HIGHLAND
PHARMACY

Occidental Life Building.

Corner Broadway and East Railroad Avenue

Colo Phone, Black 30.

SEEK A RELIABLE DENTIST

Full Set of Teeth \$8
Gold Filling \$1.50 up
Gold Crowns \$6
Painless Extracting 50c

ALL WORK ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED.

B. F. COPP,
ROOM 12, N. T. ARMJO BLDG.

Sporting
Notes

Joe Thomas is tipped as Honey Melody's next victim.

Providence team has a pretty good start for a "stone wall" infield. Rock plays at short.

One of the delights of hockey playing at Montreal is dodging whisky bottles thrown on the ice.

Morris Wood retains his title as champion skater of America for another year at least.

We knew it all the time—Tommy Ryan and Hugo Kelley are getting ready for a fight.

The Amis anti-racing bill is a law in Arkansas and racing is a corpse at Hot Springs.

Miller is again leading the jockeys. In 29 days he has had 49 winners out of 135 mounts.

Jerome Koogh has finally mustered courage to challenge Hueston for a return match at continuous pool. The games are to be played in New York.

Memphis turf men are planning a meet this spring under any betting. Prominent men are to subscribe \$12,000 purses. Everything's all right except raising the coin.

SOUTHERN RAILROAD COM-
PANY TERMINAL BONDS.

Mobile, Ala., Feb. 20.—The stockholders of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad company at the annual meeting tomorrow will be asked to approve the joint guarantee by the Southern Railway company and the Mobile & Ohio Railroad company of an issue of \$250,000 bonds of the Meridian Terminal company and of \$700,000 of the general mortgage bonds of the Mobile & Ohio. The proceeds of the bonds will be used for the construction of immense terminals at Meridian, Miss., and in this city. The terminal companies are controlled by the Southern railway.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS CELE-
BRATE ANNIVERSARY.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Members of the Knights of Pythias throughout the land yesterday celebrated the forty-second anniversary of the establishment of the order. They believe they have good cause for jubilation in the rapid growth and flourishing condition of the order throughout the country. Since it was founded by Justice H. Rathbone, in this city four decades ago, the Knights of Pythias have spread to every state and territory of the union to Alaska, Cuba, Hawaiian Islands, Mexico and the province of Quebec. The membership is now increasing.

Neighbors Got Fooled.

"I was literally catching myself to death, and had become too weak to leave my bed; and neighbors predicted that I would never leave it alive, but they got fooled, for thanks be to God, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It took just four one dollar bottles to completely cure the cough and restore me to good sound health," writes Mrs. Eva Unsapfer, of Grovetown, Stark county, Indiana. This king of cough and cold cures, and healer of throat and lungs, is guaranteed by all druggists, \$50 and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Jay Gould is the champion at court tennis and has a gold racket to prove his prowess in the recent tourney.

Paul Veeder, Yale's wonderful foot ball half, is practicing for the Yale base ball team. He is learning to pitch.

To Chickadee Feeders.
Mausard's Mills are selling good wheat at \$1.50 per 100 lbs.

The Limit of Extravagance.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.

WANTED—Good second hand gunny sacks. Hahn's Coal Yard.
WANTED—A girl for general housework; also nurse girl. 906 West Railroad avenue.
WANTED—Position by young lady stenographer with experience. Address B. Citizen office.
WANTED—Gentleman's second-hand clothing. No. 515 South First street, south of viaduct. Send address and will call. R. J. Sweeney, proprietor.
WANTED—Teams—The Santa Fe Gold & Copper Mining Co. wants teams for coal haul from Hagan to the mines, near San Pedro, and for other purposes. All good teams making application will be given work. Geo. O. Marra, Superintendent.

AGENTS WANTED.

MEN AND WOMEN ARE MAKING \$10 to \$25 a day selling our embroidery goods. No capital or experience required. Why not you? Write for samples and exclusive agency. U. S. EMBROIDERY WORKS, Omaha, Neb.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished room with bath; board if desired. 606 South Walter street.

FOR RENT—A twelve-room modern house, unfurnished, at 119 North First street. Call at Rico cafe.

FOR RENT—Five room house, partially furnished, electric light and bath, low rent. 209 North Second street. Apply to F. H. Strong.

FOR RENT—A six room two-story brick house, corner of Seventh street and Tijeras avenue. Inquire at Lomax & Mattheucci, 624 West Tijeras avenue.

FOR RENT—Seven-room new brick house, furnished part or whole, large barn and chicken house, two acres of land. See P. F. McCanna, or Mrs. P. M. Gavin.

FOR RENT—Five-room house in good repair, corner of Railroad avenue and Hill street. Low rent to a permanent tenant. Inquire of J. E. Lathy.

FOR RENT—Five-room furnished house, also two and three room flats, very reasonable to good tenants. Apply at 415 West Railroad avenue.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms \$1.00 per week and up; also nice rooms for light housekeeping \$1.00 per week and up furnished with stove and cooking utensils and dishes. The Minneapolis House, 524 South Second street, Albuquerque, N. M.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good big cow, will be fresh soon. See George K. Neher.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A Yost typewriter. See The Citizen.

FOR SALE—A good family horse and buggy, cheap. Apply at 521 South Walter.

FOR SALE—Furniture of a five-room house; all new; used only five months. 306 West Hunning. Afternoons.

FOR SALE—The Claude Girard property on Mountain road, first house west of acequia, near Sixteenth street. Inquire on premises or at 300 North Broadway.

FOR SALE—Majority of stock in established and paying retail business, incorporated. Owner wishes to leave city. Address No. 1126, Daily Citizen.

FOR SALE—Cheap, Edison Mimeograph, Smith-Premier typewriter, Doran 2,000 candle-power gasoline lamp, buggy, saw, law cases. Old Albuquerque Postoffice store.

FOR SALE—Three lots, corner of Silver avenue and Fifth street, one and one-half blocks from the new postoffice site. \$2,000 cash. M. P. Stamm.

FOR SALE—At the "Variety" you will find fine home made bread, yeast, loaf, doughnuts, pies, baked beans, soup and other good things strictly home made. Phone 710. Mrs. Downs, 506 South Arno St.

A Habit to Be Encouraged.

The mother who has acquired the habit of keeping on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, saves herself a great amount of uneasiness and anxiety. Coughs, colds and croup, to which children are susceptible are quickly cured by its use. It contracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia, and if given as soon as the first symptoms of croup appear, it will prevent the attack. This remedy contains nothing injurious and mothers give it to little ones with a feeling of perfect security. Sold by all druggists.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.
January 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Santiago Garcia, of Chilli, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 6591 made October 2, 1901, for the SE 1/4 NW 1/4, E 1/2 SW 1/4 and SW 1/4, Section 3, Township 8 N, Range 8 E, and that said proof will be made before H. W. S. Otero, United States Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 5, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of the land, viz: Manuel Y. Acuna, Antonio Sandoval, Julian Lucero and Jose Mora, all of Chilli, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Neighbors Got Fooled.

"I was literally catching myself to death, and had become too weak to leave my bed; and neighbors predicted that I would never leave it alive, but they got fooled, for thanks be to God, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It took just four one dollar bottles to completely cure the cough and restore me to good sound health," writes Mrs. Eva Unsapfer, of Grovetown, Stark county, Indiana. This king of cough and cold cures, and healer of throat and lungs, is guaranteed by all druggists, \$50 and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

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Paul Veeder, Yale's wonderful foot ball half, is practicing for the Yale base ball team. He is learning to pitch.

To Chickadee Feeders.
Mausard's Mills are selling good wheat at \$1.50 per 100 lbs.

The Limit of Extravagance.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Furniture, Pianos, Organs, Horses, Wagons and other Chattels; also on SALARIES and WAGES; HOUSE RECEIPTS, as low as \$10 and as high as \$100. Loans are quickly made and strictly private. Time: One month to one year given. Goods remain in your possession. Our rates are reasonable. Call and see us before borrowing.

THE HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO.

Steamship tickets to and from all parts of the world.
Rooms 3 and 4, Grant Bldg.
315 West Railroad Ave.
PRIVATE OFFICES.
Open Evenings.

You Waited
Too Long

and we sold that snap to another party who took time for the forelock. We have one or two more almost as good though. Come in and ask about them.

PORTERFIELD CO.

216 West Gold Ave.

AMAZING DEATH LIST AND INTOLERABLE LIFE CONDITIONS IN WEST VIRGINIA COAL MINES FORCES SENSATIONAL INQUIRY

ASTOUNDING REVELATIONS of the cheapness with which human life is held in the coal mining regions of the little state of West Virginia are here given to the world for the first time.

Catastrophe follows catastrophe, lives by the hundreds are snuffed out from year to year, man's greed overshadows his sense of the value of his brother's life and the frightful, pitiful conditions continue to exist unchanged. Here is the situation in West Virginia:

One hundred and twenty-four dead in three accidents in the last seven weeks.

Thirty more killed in single accidents.

In 1906 more than 250 men killed in mine accidents.

In the last six years 2,563 killed or injured. In the last ten years 1,276 killed.

WHY WEST VIRGINIA IS A STATE OF HORROR.

Unenforced laws, corporation disregard of the sacredness of human life, official indifference, inspection which does not inspect, inefficient laws.

There are 740 mines, and only one-third of them are inspected every year. There are 55,000 miners. To safeguard them only \$15,000 is spent every year by the state.

GRINDING EXISTENCE OF A WEST VIRGINIA MINER.

Low wages, long hours and prohibition against even discussing unionism and better conditions.

Children compelled to work at an early age.

Compelled to live in company houses, rent company furniture and buy groceries from the mine company.

Then death—sudden, terrible—a prospect.

Shabby, forgotten—maybe unknown graves—on the hillside.

Hundreds of widows and orphans mourning in the midst of privation.

DISGRACE OF WEST VIRGINIA

Copyright, 1907, by the Newspaper Enterprise Association.

(By H. G. Salsinger.)

Special Correspondence.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 20.—West Virginia's wealth from its principal industry is amassed at the price of human lives. West Virginia is appalled at the cost.

In this year—since Jan. 1, less than two months—the known death list in the coal mines of West Virginia is 124. Over six score breadwinners have been immolated.

They were killed in blocks of 12—25—37. There is no accurate or definite list of single deaths.

Here is a list of the three biggest

of mine victims are buried without public knowledge of their death.

Carelessness of Life.

Carelessness is the verdict in the Stuart disaster. It is blamed directly upon Dick Lee, aged sixty-one, colored, a miner of many years' experience. But he was working in a one-shaft mine, in which the state law allows no more than twenty men to be employed at a time. Yet, like his employers and scores of fellow workmen, he saw over 100 men working in it day after day. He knew that the mine at times was full of coal dust. He went in, and in the course of his work made an extra large blast, carelessly prepared. The blast set the coal dust in the mine

they were driven back by guards. Canvas screens were being hoisted around the shaft. Visitors were kept away. No trains came in for two days. The mine operators did not care to have the extent of the horror known. One reporter, who trudged twelve miles over the mountain, ventured inside the line and was ejected. The bodies were buried on the hillside as fast as they could be carried from the mine.

VIOLATION WAS KNOWN.

Greek and Slav, Hungarian and Roumanian, Italian, American and Afro-American, died alike, horribly.

Now widows and orphans huddle round the pitiful stoves in the cold, frame company houses, wondering what is to become of them.

State Inspector Paul's duty was to know that the law was being violated at this mine. His records of the mine show that 73 men were employed there. Had the law been enforced, at least 60 lives would have been saved.

FELT DEATH'S APPROACH.

Here is the story of the Thomas mine. The mine was closed down Saturday night. A gas well had been struck and gas accumulated over Sunday for 24 hours. The gas continued accumulating as a result of no inspection and no warning was given to the miners of the danger that existed inside the mine. Twenty-five men walked to death the following Monday morning.

Sandy Deandry, 29, was the only survivor. The men started into the mine, lamps lighted. Deandry says the men were all silent that morning. He, too, felt nervous. He didn't know why. He brought up the rear of the file. Slowly they wended their way into the cavern of death. They had gone several hundred feet. The leader detected gas. He turned and screamed. It was his death cry. The

employees in charge of the operating machine.

Arthur Stuart, 66, had been appointed fire boss a long time ago, because the law required a fire boss. Later on Stuart was made assistant superintendent. No one was appointed to succeed him as fire boss. Therefore he didn't actively act as fire boss. Four days after the accident the company appointed him fire boss.

These are mine accidents typical of West Virginia's carelessness of human life. In the meantime disaster upon disaster multiplies the list of dead. Living martyrs toil on awaiting their fate. Negligence, indifference to the first law of Christian duty, "Love thy neighbor as thyself," is on every hand. The mine owners violate the laws. It lines their pockets with gold, although it lines the hillside with graves. Yes, and the miners also violate the law. They must to exist.

The West Virginia legislature is in session, but it was not until after the staff correspondent of The Evening Citizen appeared at Stuart and began an inquiry into the disaster there, that a resolution was introduced and adopted, providing for an official legislative investigation of the mining catastrophes in this state.

THEY DON'T SUE ANY MORE IN WEST VIRGINIA.

"Will any of you sue the company for damages?" a survivor of a West Virginia mine disaster was asked.

"No," was the answer.

"Why?"

"It isn't any use," he explained. "I never hear of anybody getting anything by suing a mining company in this state. They don't sue any more."

HOW CLAM GETS INSIGHT OF LOBBY

Now Able to Tell France All About This Great American Institution.

(M. Clam, the renowned Parisian Journalist, makes the acquaintance of members of the lobby at Washington, and is admitted to one of their secret sessions.)

(Copyrighted by S. S. Cline.)

PART I.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—At the first, when I did study the congress and those people at the capitol, I did think all persons were legislators or speculators. More study, with experience, convinces me that those Americans at the capitol are divided into many classes, all of them the most important and interesting to the student of affairs American. I shall now tell to the France what I have seen of those lobbyists.

Two days before, when the grand debate was expected in the senate, I did hurry to that capitol. It was to make studies of great senators that I did hurry. Yet, on a stairway of marble one gentleman did pluck me by the sleeve. He had great age, and those clothes of him did shine with ancient use. The eye of this man was bright, like the sun upon ice. Almost I could not look at it. The hair and whiskers of him had whiteness. He said:

"You, dear sir, are M. Clam, of Paris?"

My reply: "You, sir, are not mistaken. Yet, I have embarrassment if you do not tell me your name."

He said: "Come with me to this window. I shall tell you wonderful things of the congress. Also, you shall help me."

In the recess of one window that aged American did take from the pocket one large roll of papers, very yellow, wrapped with the rubber bands. Trembling he did unfold them. He said:

"My name, M. Clam, is Neverdie Johnson. You start! You have heard of that great Johnson claim?"

No? Well, the grand pleasure awaits you. I, M. Clam, am the descendant of Holdfast Johnson, of the Vermont state. In the 1834 year, Holdfast Johnson did invent one telegraph machine. Here are those papers. Yet, afterward, one villain named Morse did steal that invention. Now, Morse does have great honor, yet my father, Holdfast, is forgotten. On the deathbed of him he said: "Neverdie, you shall go to the congress and present that claim for the million dollars. Those United States shall pay for my grand invention." Each year since, I have come to the congress. Almost in the 1875 year, I did get one favorable report from the committee on claims. Yet that committee on disposal of useless documents did fight for jurisdiction of my case. So I had the disappointment. Yet I have hopes. Almost one year, One Year, means that the congress will soon pay me. You, M. Clam, shall see those papers."

M. Johnson did unfold many papers. I did read them all. All doubt was destroyed. I am sure M. Johnson is the victim of the ingratitude. He shall have my help. How could that villain Morse do such things? Almost it made my blood to boil when I did think of these wrongs. While we did talk, M. Proctor, the senator of the Vermont state, impetuously I did call to him. I said:

"You, M. Proctor, do remember me? At the M. Fairbanks reception we did converse on the maple syrup?"

His reply: "Ah, yes, my dear Clam! What shall I do to make you more happy?"

I said: "Here, M. Proctor, is M. Johnson, of the Vermont state. Why do you make him to wait forever for those millions of dollars? This is the debt of honor!"

His reply: "I do remember now this great claim. You, M. Johnson, shall file those papers with my secretary, M. Blotter. We shall then investigate this case. If this republic does owe money to people of the Vermont state, I cannot sleep until I get the settlement. I have scheme if those other senators do beat me to that treasury. With thanks, M. Clam, for your kindness."

M. Proctor did embrace me and go his way. M. Johnson's eyes became bright with joy. Almost he did reel with excitement. I had pleasure, soon, I think, M. Johnson will get those millions of dollars. How easy to arrange these matters, if one can get the ear of the great!

THE POLICY OF THIS STORE

Is to clean up stock once yearly and open season with new goods.

The Name

Wm. CHAPLIN

Not only means the Best Shoes but it stands equally for honest advertising.

3000 Pairs Men's Fine Shoes

All Other Shoes at 10 Per Cent Discount

Our window display will give you an inkling of the shapes that stylish dressers will wear, but come in and carefully inspect the shoes themselves. We feel confident that if you are a man who wants the best money can buy we will have your trade.

Wm. CHAPLIN---SHOE STORE 121 RAILROAD AVE.

Glowing with the satisfaction of good deeds, I left M. Johnson and went up those stairs. In the gallery were many people listening to one discussion on the coal lands of the Indian Territory. I had ennuil, with weariness. Turning to one large American, I said: "You, sir, do understand this debate?"

His reply: "If they did not, these congressmen would ruin them. I don't know what we are coming to. Prices go up all along that line. Congressmen have more fierce hunger than before. That lobby business is hard work, with poor profit. You, too, are the lobbyist."

I told this gentleman my name. Already he had heard of me. He said: "You shall come with me, M. Clam. Please tell to France that we are not the thieves. We mean well. Are we to blame if those congressmen demand pay for doing the duty? How can we get bills through if we do not pay? Answer me to that!"

I replied: "You, dear sir, are right. Those congressmen are to blame."

This large American, who said his name was M. Riggs-Ebbitt, did conduct me through those corridors, past the supreme tribunal, through one little door downward to the sub-basement. There was one trap-door. Under it was found steps leading to that lobbyist chamber. Almost it was like those catacombs.

Many lobbyists were there. It was the session executive. M. Riggs-Ebbitt did explain to his colleagues that I would write of them favorably, to the people of France. I was greeted with huzzas. "Huzzas for M. Clam!" they cried. "He is not like those journalists American! He does not make the embarrassment to us!"

(CONTINUED.)

COMING EVENTS

Feb. 22.—Dance at Colombo hall by the G. I. A. to the B. of L. E.

February 25 to March 2, "The Holdingsworth Twins."

ALMANAC EVENTS.

Feb. 20 and 22.—Ember Days.

Feb. 22.—Washington's Birthday.

March 17.—St. Patrick's Day.

March 21.—Spring begins.

March 24.—Palm Sunday.

March 25.—Lady Day; annunciation.

March 29.—Good Friday.

March 31.—Easter Sunday.

May 30.—Memorial Day of G. A. R.

Our ROUGH DRY work don't have to be washed over. Imperial Laundry Co.

There is only one
"Bromo Quinine"

That is
Laxative Bromo Quinine

CURES A COLD IN ONE DAY
PREVENTS THE GRIP

Similarly named remedies sometimes deceive. The first and original Cold Tablet is a WHITE PACKAGE with black and red lettering, and bears the signature of
E. W. Grove

Faywood Hot Springs

FAYWOOD, New Mexico

PLEASANTLY SITUATED.

EASY TO REACH.

RELIEVES PAIN.

BUILDS UP THE SYSTEM.

CURES RHEUMATISM.

CURES KIDNEY AILMENTS.

CURES DIABETES.

CURES INDIGESTION.

CURES DROPSY.

ACCOMMODATIONS FIRST CLASS.

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PLOWS & ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY



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Iron and Brass Castings; Ore, Coal and Lumber Cars; Shafting, Pulleys, Grade Bars, Rabbit Metal; Columns and Iron Fronts for Buildings.

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Foundry east side of railroad track. Albuquerque, N. M.

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LIVERY, SALE, FEED AND TRANSFER STABLES.

Horses and Mules Bought and Exchanged.

BEST TOURNOUTS IN THE CITY

Second Street, between Railroad and Copper Avenue.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box, 25c.

Thos. F. Keleher

DEVOTES READY PAINT

One Gallon Covers 600 Square Feet.

PALMITO ROOF PAINT

Stops Leaks, Lasts Five Years.

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408 West Railroad Avenue

NURSERY PRODUCTS

FRUIT AND SHADE TREES, SHRUBS, VINES AND FLOWERS.

BUY OF SOME ONE YOU KNOW.

N. W. ALGER, 124 SO. WALTER STREET.

HERE DEATH--TERRIBLE AND SWIFT--SWEEP 87 FATHERS SONS AND BROTHERS INTO ETERNITY AT A FLASH



THE STUART COLLIERY COMPANY MINE PROPERTY AT STUART, W. VA.

Away below the buildings shown in the photograph, down in the bowels of the earth, a terrific explosion occurred on Jan. 29. It was dynamite. Enough of the deadly explosive had been recklessly taken down the shaft at one time to wreck the entire workings and kill every one of 87 miners scattered through the tunnels. Men's bodies were ripped and torn, and the dismembered, mangled parts scattered with debris over hundreds of rods. So great was the shock that the earth swayed and shook miles away. The company's loss was \$150,000.

West Virginia mine disasters of 1907:

Jan. 26.—Explosion in Pennsylvania Consolidated Coal company's mine at Lawrence. Twelve killed.

Jan. 29.—Explosion in Stuart Colliery company's mine at Stuart, Fayette county. Eighty-seven killed.

Feb. 4.—Explosion in Thomas Drift mine, Thomas, Tucker county. Twenty-five killed.

The total death list, 124, is all that has been published. It is estimated by State Mine Inspector Paul that more than 30 men have met death by falling roofs. These deaths are only infrequently reported. Few deaths by accidents in mines are hardly ever made known unless it is a big disaster. The largest portion

of the mine was wrecked. Of course, Lee is dead. He was one of the many bodies blown to fragments. Some of the 87 bodies of men and boys are still down there. Rescue was slow because the air fan was wrecked.

Ten minutes before the explosion fifteen men came up the shaft. These survivors have been working doggedly day and night to recover the bodies of their fellow workmen. Widowed women and fatherless children still linger before the company store awaiting news of their dead.

HUSHING IT UP.

Immediately after the explosion the whole population of the little town hurried to the scene of the disaster. One hundred feet from the mine

others halted. Then came the terrible blast. Deandry was shot toward the opening like a cannon ball, a human torch. He had life enough to crawl out. His blistered lips murmured the fate of his companions.

Twenty-three of the victims were foreigners. Another victim was a sturdy lad of 17, Oscar Allen. The little pine slabs on the hillside mark the resting place of the foreigners. Even now news of their death has not been received by their loved ones across the sea.

DUTIES UNPERFORMED.

The coroner's jury held that the explosion was due to failure of the fire boss and the mine foreman to perform their duties, and the failure of the company to place competent

NECESSITY DRIVES MINERS TO THE PIT MOUTH FIRST WORKING DAY AFTER THE WORST CATASTROPHE



This photograph was taken at the pit mouth of the Stuart Colliery company on the morning of the first working day after the catastrophe which instantly killed 87 miners. New men appeared with dinner pails ready to take the place of the comrades who had died deep down in the bowels of the earth. The hour is 6:15 a. m., but the men in the photograph are awaiting assignment in the mine workings.

THE ALBUQUERQUE CITIZEN

Published Daily and Weekly.
By The Citizen Publishing Company

W. S. STRICKLER, President.
W. T. McCREIGHT, Business Manager.

The interest on New York city's debt is \$20,759,850, or about \$2,500,000 less than that of the national debt. It will spend this year \$25,620,361 on its schools. Its police department costs \$13,849,841; its fire department, \$6,883,495; its street cleaning, \$6,268,257; it spends in charities, \$6,765,610; on its parks, \$2,657,863; for public health, \$1,847,819, and for other public affairs enough to make the annual tax budget \$130,421,425. Moreover, it will cost \$13,516,000 more to pay the city's expenses this year than it did last year, and the debt has been increased the past two years \$89,668,310, making the total now \$500,123,874. Yet, fast as the debt grows and rapidly as the expenses of the city increase, the growth in wealth is still greater. The assessed valuation for real estate alone is \$5,800,632,132, or \$1,450 for each of the population, and, as every one knows, the combined wealth of its citizens in their personal and movable possessions is many times five billions. The industrial system that has made possible the accumulation of such wealth, which is beyond the power of actual conception, side by side with such abject poverty as perfumes the east side, cannot yet be claimed as ideal.

New Mexican: That the national administration still adheres to its policy of laying greater stress upon ability and good record than upon political endorsement in filling vacancies in the higher class of post-offices, is shown by the sending to the senate of the name of J. A. Smith to be postmaster at El Paso, Texas. Mr. Smith had taken temporary charge of the post-office last year on behalf of the bondsmen of the retiring postmaster. He gave such satisfaction that he was tendered the permanent appointment, but he declined, as he could earn more in private business than as postmaster at El Paso, although the position pays \$3,000 a year. The republican organization recommended another man and there were several candidates besides with strong backing, but nevertheless, the president appointed Mr. Smith against his will and against the will of the local republican organization, simply because Mr. Smith had given good satisfaction to the post-office department. This is a radical departure from the old methods, but is in strict accordance with the civil service ideas of President Roosevelt.

The Citizen has received a marked copy of a pamphlet, "Salton Sea and the Rainfall of the Southwest," by Prof. Alfred J. Henry, reprinted from the Monthly Weather Review for December, 1906. The following is the closing paragraph: "The amount of vapor taken into the air over Salton sea must be considerable in the course of a year, but to adduce definite and satisfactory proof that it has increased the relative humidity in a slight measure, is undoubtedly true. Aqueous vapor in the absence of a strong wind circulation is diffused very slowly throughout the atmosphere. It is, therefore, improbable that any considerable portion of the local supply of vapor ever passes beyond the immediate confines of the desert. The writer knows of but one case where there is a reasonable presumption that the local evaporation has increased the rainfall, and the increase in this case amounts to but two or three inches annually over the immediate area whence the evaporation proceeds."

Miss Harriett B. Saxe having said that "the working girl has come to stay," an eastern journal, in an effort at wit, remarked: "Wish we could be sure that that were true at our house." The Rochester Democrat makes the following true and happy comment: "It should be true in every house where there are girls, and, as a rule, always has been true in this country. The mothers, grandmothers and great-grandmothers of this country with rare exceptions were working girls in their day. To be a working girl it is not necessary to go into a factory, a school, or a store. The home is the finest field for industry ever discovered. The best results are worked out there by working girls. Many girls, unfortunately for them, can not confine their activities to the home; but the necessity for going abroad to earn a livelihood for themselves, and sometimes for those dependent upon them, while it is met bravely and worthily in thousands of cases, is not to be regarded as a better thing for them or for society than the ministries, the labors and the sacrifices of home life."

"Lest we forget," it is well enough to recall the fact that the anti-republican organ of this city deliberately stated that Mr. Holt, member of the legislative house, was removed from the office of district attorney for general incapacity. The attention of the paper was called to the fact that Mr. Holt is still district attorney, was never removed, had never even been asked to resign. Has the organ retracted its false assertion? Not in the least. Is it a wonder that the people have come to understand that if they want truthful and fair reports of the legislature they must seek them in The Citizen.

Daily Optic: Secretary Shaw, in his speech before the Springfield chamber of commerce recently, said two things which it would be a pity to forget. The first was this: "Though a strong protectionist myself, I concede there is much in free trade arguments. Undoubtedly the American people in the swing of years, would be prosperous were this a free trade country." This is so important a declaration that the Tribune omits it from an otherwise adequate report of the secretary's speech. The man who said not long ago that it was "measurably unimportant" what prices we paid for our goods, so long as we paid them to ourselves, repudiates at once the notion that free trade and protection are like Mr. Micawber's ratios of income to expenditure, leading always and inevitably to ruin on the one hand, happiness and prosperity on the other.

Reports from Santa Fe indicate that Representative Ruppe is coming to realize the uselessness of continued opposition to the majority, simply because it is the majority, and the absurdity of a life-long republican sulking in the tent of the party enemy. The Citizen said the other day that as far as any good the members of the legislature from this county were doing or could do for Albuquerque or the county, they had as well be at home attending to their own private affairs. The Citizen goes further. As far as getting anything for their constituents while maintaining their fight against the majority, it would be better if the county had no members in the legislature. No minority can build a majority.

Telegraphic information is to the effect that the lemon crop of Spain is a failure this year. However, this will cause no anxiety to the morning paper of this city. Thanks to the action of the legislative house, that paper has an ample supply of lemons to last it for many days.

Socorro Chieftains: That feature of the plan for securing better qualified county school superintendents which vests their appointment in the territorial board of education is not meeting with very favorable comment.

The Roswell Record does not believe the report that Governor Hagerman has made up his mind to retire from the gubernatorial chair until a democratic president is elected. This would give the governor quite a long occupancy of the office.

From over the country generally comes the statement that the legislatures are making haste slowly. Almost everywhere, the record is of but few bills passed, and in the case of these only after mature deliberation.

FACTS FOR USE IN CAMPAIGN AGAINST CHILD EMPLOYMENT

The increasing interest in child labor reform is strongly reflected in the March Woman's Home Companion, which contains a department of child labor information officially furnished by the national child labor committee. The important question of physical injury caused to boys and girls by child labor is treated in part as follows:

"Laymen usually underestimate the physiological importance of the play hours of children between the ages of ten and sixteen years. Work during this period of life in factory and workshop has the effect of causing excessive fatigue in certain groups of muscles. This fatigue results in muscular degeneration, and the assumption of certain faulty attitudes which are at first habitual, but later assume the place of the normal, leaving the child more or less permanently deformed, and to some extent incapacitated.

"These deformities are to be regarded on the one hand, however, not simply as disfiguring, but as interfering with wage-earning capacity later on, or as menaces of health and the normal tenure of life on the other hand.

"The work of boys is for the most part done in the standing position. This work usually constitutes an apprenticeship for work to be done in the same position as journeymen adults. A very frequent result of such premature and excessive toil in boys is the breaking down of the feet, which results in what is popularly known as 'flat foot.' Under these circumstances it is seen quite frequently in its severest forms, and thus often results in permanently forbidding the continuance of the trade learned as a boy.

"The girl, on the other hand, does her work in the factory in a sitting position, as a rule. The effect now is frequently the development of what is known as 'rotary lateral curvature of the spine.' This results in disabling the expansive power of the chest, crowds the heart and lungs abnormally, and even affects the capacity and shape of the pelvis. For this reason it is well known that severe cases of lateral curvature result in bringing the tenure of life far below the average by its effect upon the heart and lungs. The deformity of the pelvis has long been known as being productive of serious harm in the maternal function.

"While these deformities do not occur in the greater number of toiling children, they are known to be particularly frequent among them. And the baneful effects of these deformities are greatly intensified by unfortunate home environment and improper nourishment."

Shortage of Children.

The cry has recently been raised in Baltimore that the new child labor law makes it impossible for some of the factories to operate successfully because of the number of children taken out of their employ and sent to school. Mr. Schonfarber, of the bureau of labor statistics, says the truth is that factories are always short of child labor merely because it is cheap labor. "Their cry of shortage is purely a question of economy with them. They could get all the men they want at from a dollar and a quarter to two dollars a day to do the carrying out and cleaning up, but they want boys because boys are cheap, and if they cannot get boys they want girls or women who are forced to work for what they can get."

Governor Hughes on Child Labor.

Governor Hughes, of New York state, is in favor of child labor reform, says the national child labor committee in its official department in the Woman's Home Companion for March. The governor's emphatic stand as outlined in his message will be of great assistance in the contest with those who are ever seeking to weaken the child labor laws of that state, especially where he says:

"The children under sixteen should have an eight-hour day; such a provision will not only furnish protection, but will also aid the administrative officers in their enforcement of the law. I also recommend that in order to protect children against dangerous employment, there shall be a more precise prohibition, specifying the occupations in which children under sixteen shall not be employed. General prohibitions as to such matters are apt to be found unoperative."

Bryan and the Beverage Bill.

The national child labor committee in its department officially conducted in the Woman's Home Companion, announces the receipt of a letter from William Jennings Bryan, in which the latter expresses his approval of the Beverage bill and his plan to favor it editorially in the Commoner. Mr. Bryan adds:

"The plan which Beverage adopts for the prevention of child labor is identical with the plan which I have urged for the suppression of the trusts. I believe the control which congress has over interstate commerce enables it to apply a very simple and effective remedy."

BLACK INFAMY AS FOUND IN WEST VIRGINIA COAL MINES

In the columns of The Evening Citizen today is published a story of labor conditions in the West Virginia coal mines. It is an astounding revelation of the cheapness in which human life can be held for the sake of money.

It is the story of 124 men killed already this year, in ten years in a single locality and in practically the same way.

It is the story of 124 men killed already this year, an average of nearly three each day.

It is a story of widows and orphans and their sufferings.

It is a story of deadly fire-damp, of explosions and mangled forms, of the absolute domination of souls and bodies by a corporation, and of secret graves where men were thrown while their wives were waiting for them at home.

It is a story of men chained and fettered. "I can't go away," they say; "the company won't let me!"

It is a story of men in whose dull eyes the last spark of resentment has been crushed, who reply to you in heavy, hopeless apathy: "Sue the company? Nobody's ever made anything out of the company yet. It ain't no use, I guess."

It is a story of blackest infamy.

These things are not happening over-sea, not in some obscure corner of the world, but in the very heart of our civilization, half-way between Chicago and New York, where the ringing speeches of the patriots at Washington can almost be heard above the monotonous echo of the pick.

Go to Stuart, W. Va. They will have some funerals soon. It is a part of the day's program, like breakfast and a woman weeping. Orphans are an asset at Stuart. They work for less than their fathers got, and they cost less when they are killed.

It is an awful example of the value in which men's greed holds human lives.

No sooner had the investigators for this newspaper reached the field than a light suddenly broke upon the legislature of West Virginia, and an official investigation was begun.

There will be more news. The story is too pitiful to probe its depths at once. There will be developments whose details will make you wonder if history can show their equal for hard-hearted cupidity.

Read these stories. Think them over. If there is any such thing as the brotherhood of man, these unfortunate are our brothers. Surely we are not all so uncumbered with the daily struggle that we have lost our capacity for sympathy, and this is your business as well as that of every other enlightened man and woman.

"This commandment have we from Him, that he who loveth God love his brother also."

COUNCIL KEPT HARD AT WORK ALL DAY

(Continued from Page One.)

must make demand upon every one whose name there appears within thirty days. If any person does not pay his poll tax within thirty days after it has been demanded, the clerk must file suit to collect this sum or pay the amount himself. This makes effective the poll tax law by forcing the clerk to collect all poll tax without fear or favor. The bill passed the house, the original bill being tabled.

Two Financial Bills Acted On.
House bill No. 58, which was reported favorably as amended by the committee on finance, also passed the house. This is an act relative to bounties on wild animals and providing a fund for the payment of the same. The amendments are: That the bounties on coyotes, wild cats and lynx shall be \$2 instead of \$3 as originally provided; it also re-enacts a statute of the compiled laws of 1857 giving the probate clerk a fee of 15 cents of each cancellation of a scalp. The committee on finance reported unfavorably on council bill No. 8, an act to allow the territorial treasurer and auditor to harmonize certain discrepancies on their books. Upon the recommendation of the committee Speaker Baca appointed a committee of three, Messrs. Holt, Beach and Abbott to meet with a like committee from the council and discuss the bill. Upon motion of Mr. Holt council bill No. 8 was then tabled indefinitely, this ending it so far as the house is concerned.

Mr. Ruppe Again Votes Well.
An important bill is house bill No. 71, which was reported unfavorably by the committee on judiciary, which offered a substitute entitled: An act to prescribe the qualifications of county officers.

This substitute provides that no person shall be qualified to hold any territorial or county office either elective or appointive who has not resided for at least two years in the territory of New Mexico. Had there been as comprehensive a law on the statute books of New Mexico the territory would not have had some inefficient officials and the same applies also to the counties.

Considerable surprise was manifested in the house when Captain Littlefield Ruppe, who was still hanging onto the band wagon, moved the adoption of the report of the committee. The substitute bill then passed the house.

Mr. Holt took occasion to congratulate the "immortal seventeen" on the addition to its ranks of the gentleman from Bernalillo. Mr. Ruppe graciously acknowledged the same.

Minority Measure Tabled.

After considerable minor business had been transacted and it was near time for adjournment, Mr. Hudspeth was given unanimous consent to introduce house resolution No. 8. The resolution in question is a feeble attempt to stir up trouble. It asks for an accounting from the chairman of the finance committee of the last assembly, regarding an appropriation of \$12,000. Upon motion of Mr. Holt the resolution was promptly tabled. Mr. Hudspeth was given to understand that the present assembly had too much on its hands in the way of needed legislation to waste any time in digging into the doings of preceding legislatures.

GOLD AVENUE CITY DITCH BRIDGE UNSAFE

A heavy dray from the Trimble stables laden with sacked oats, went through the wooden culvert across the city ditch in the 200 block on Gold avenue this morning. One of the rear wheels of the wagon went in to the hub, the planks giving way beneath the weight. A second wagon was ordered from the stables and the cargo had to be shifted before the wagon wheel could be lifted up. The stretch from the ditch was enough to give a buzzard a bilious attack.

CELEBRATE ARCHBISHOP RYAN'S BIRTHDAY

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 20.—Archbishop Ryan is celebrating his seventy-sixth birthday today. In compliance with the archbishop's request that no special demonstration be made, the only official observation of the day was a low mass of thanksgiving, which was celebrated early in the morning in the Cathedral. During the forenoon many members of the clergy of this city and other cities, called at the archbishop's residence to offer congratulations. Archbishop Ryan is still hale and hearty and is twenty years younger than he really is. He was born in 1831 in Thurles, Tipperary county, Ireland. He attended private schools until he was sixteen years old, when he entered Carlow college. Here he received his ecclesiastical training and was ordained a sub-deacon. When twenty-one years old he came to America entering the diocese of St. Louis, and the same year was appointed professor of English literature at Carondelet seminary. Not long afterward he was ordained deacon with the privilege of preaching in St. Louis cathedral. On September 8, 1853 he was ordained priest and made assistant pastor of the cathedral, which position he filled until 1856, when he became its rector. In 1860 he was transferred to the Annunciation church, St. Louis, where he remained for twelve years, acting also during the civil war as chaplain of a military hospital and prison. He was consecrated Coadjutor bishop of St. Louis in 1884, and was given the honorary title of archbishop of Salamanca by Pope Leo XIII. On June 8, 1884, Archbishop Ryan was removed from St. Louis to Philadelphia as successor to the late Archbishop Wood.

\$200 REWARD.

Is offered for the capture of Antonio Pettine, the murderer of Benedetto Berardinelli. Crime was committed in Albuquerque Monday, February 4.

C. A. and C. GRANDE.

J. S. BAGLEY
Accountant.
Books checked up, small sets of books kept up; grocers', butchers' and physicians' books looked after and collections made. Able corps of assistants. Rooms 44, Barnett block.

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STOVES
In Albuquerque
See Ours



McINTOSH HARDWARE CO.

JURY TRIALS OF CIVIL CAUSES BEGIN MARCH 2

JUDGE ABBOTT MAKES ANNOUNCEMENT TO FACILITATE COURT BUSINESS

Judge Ira A. Abbott of the Bernalillo county district court has made the following announcement regarding the trial of civil causes at the approaching term of court: Jury trials of civil causes will begin the second day of the coming term, March 19th. All civil causes, whether or not notice has been given by either side or not will be for trial at that term, unless upon agreement, or good cause shown to the contrary. Cases will be set for trial some day early in March, to be announced later.

IT HAS BEEN OUR POLICY

To hold each year our annual sale of used and slightly used pianos. Owing to extensive interior improvements now under way in our store, we will quote our special sale prices on all pianos in stock. Our stock consists of the most complete line of high grade pianos ever shown in this city and, we can truly add, in the great southwest. If interested, call or write today.

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EXPERT
Shoemaking and Repairing
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COAL

BEST CLARKVILLE LUMP
PER TON\$6.50
BEST AMERICAN BLOCK
PER TON\$6.50

WOOD

BIG LOAD OF MILL WOOD
FOR\$2.25 AND \$2.75

John S. Beaven

502 SOUTH FIRST STREET.

EAT MORE



of the most nutritious of foods—good, wholesome bread—and less of the non-essentials, and note your gain in health. Ditto in money saving, because bread is cheaper than meats and non-essentials, just as gratifying to the appetite. To get the best bread and other flour products, always order "BUTTER CREAM."

PIONEER BAKERY,
SOUTH FIRST STREET.

J. D. Eakin, President.
G. Giomi, Vice President.

Chas. Melini, Secretary
O. Bachechi, Treasurer.

Consolidated Liquor Company

Successors to
MELINI & EAKIN, and BACHECHI & GIOMI.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

We keep everything in stock to outfit the most fastidious bar complete

Have been appointed exclusive agents in the Southwest for Jos. A. Schlitz, Wm. Lemp and St. Louis A. B. C. Breweries; Yellowstones, Green River, W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook, Louis Hunter, T. J. Monarch, and other standard brands of whiskies too numerous to mention.

WE ARE NOT COMPOUNDERS.
But sell the straight article as received by us from the best vinteries, Distilleries and Breweries in the United States. Call and inspect our Stock and Prices, or write for Illustrated Catalogue and Price List, issued to dealers only.



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HEAT with the
Whole of it.
COOK with
Half of it.

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Economical.

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Gas, Electric Light
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JOSEPH BARNETT, Prop'r.

120 West Railroad Avenue

Finest Whiskies
Wines, Brandies, Etc.

SAMPLE AND
CLUB ROOMS

CHECK GRAFTER OF THREE ALIAS' LANDED BY JUDGE

Officers Mistake Each Other for Crooks. Mr. Rogers was the Smoothest Yet to Tackle Albuquerque Merceants.

Justice of the Peace W. W. McClellan is entitled to a star. He had in his custody at the central police station this morning the strongest forger that has ventured to ply his craft on the merchants of Albuquerque for some time.

Yesterday afternoon a man of medium height entered the wholesale house of the Consolidated Liquor company, on First street, with a sprightly step.

"I am a liquor man from Las Vegas," he said. "I want to buy some liquor from your firm," he told James Eakin, president of the company. He wanted to do business with the man high up, and after exchanging greetings of the day, proceeded in a very business-like manner to buy two barrels of whisky, costing \$273.99.

proffering to Mr. Eakin a check for \$300 in payment for the same. The check was drawn on the Montezuma Trust company, of this city. W. F. Rogers was the name on the check.

Mr. Eakin was giving Mr. Rogers his change, and congratulating himself in his mind on the good fortune of having secured such a good customer, when Mr. McClellan came into the store.

"That man don't look good to me," said the judge, sniffing the air. "He has no saloon at Las Vegas, I'll just telephone and see."

Deposited Draft Only. Mr. Rogers toyed with the bank, with keen knowledge of how he might easily victimize Albuquerque merchants. He deposited a check on the First National bank of Fresno, Cal., for \$1,500 with the Montezuma Trust company, receiving in return a check book and a pass book. Equipped with such evidence of funds, Mr. Rogers waited until after banking hours and then started out to reap a small fortune in time to take a night train out of town.

The E. L. Washburn company was the first place Mr. Rogers transacted business. His purchases there included a suit of clothes, an overcoat and sundry other useful articles, amounting to about \$90, for which he tendered a check for \$100 drawn on the Montezuma bank. The suit was ordered to be delivered within two weeks. The overcoat and other things were to be delivered at the Alvarado immediately, but they never were.

"Why," said Mr. Washburn, "what reason have we to believe that you have money in the Montezuma bank?"

Washburn Turns Detective. Right here Mr. Washburn turned detective. "I did not like his looks from the start," said Mr. Washburn this morning. "We didn't get stuck, and I would like the statement made in the Morning Journal corrected. The man had no more than left when I telephoned the Alvarado that I thought they had a sharper there. We did not deliver any goods, and when Mr. Eakin, the wholesale liquor dealer, called me up a little while later, I told him that I didn't think that Rogers was much good."

Rogers was at the Washburn store about 3:30 in the afternoon. He must have gone direct from there to the Consolidated Liquor company's store, as he appeared there about 4 o'clock.

Rogers Had Fastidious Tastes. When Mr. Rogers arrived in the city Monday evening he took a room at the Alvarado, telling the clerk that he expected his wife and baby down from the Meadow City on Wednesday evening and made arrangements for \$50 a week apartments, which he said that he would likely occupy ten days or two weeks.

He was dressed in a very good quality of dress suit case, but his appearance was not strong enough to entrap the clerk to cash a \$25 check.

"I am just out of cash," the clerk told him. "Sturges across the street will cash it for you."

Mr. Rogers went over to the European bar and came back presently, to tell the clerk that he had got the check cashed all right, but had lost \$300 doing it.

Had Fancy for Diamonds. Mr. Rogers also had a fancy that he would like to own a diamond ring. He called at the Diamond Palace, conducted by Arthur Everitt, and selected a beauty costing about \$200, for which he produced a check for \$250. Mr. Everitt telephoned the Montezuma Trust company to see if the check was good. Mr. Lassiter, of the bank, answered the phone and explained his dealings with Mr. Rogers. Mr. Rogers did not buy a diamond from Mr. Everitt. This put Mr. Lassiter on his guard, and he ambled forth to notify the police.

A still hunt was started for Mr. Rogers. Mr. Lassiter taking with him Patrolman Babbitt.

Mr. Everitt's refusal to cash his check, it is thought, also put Rogers on his guard, as he paid his bill at the Alvarado and moved his suit case down town.

Wrestle for Possession of Prisoner. It was about 8 o'clock before Judge McClellan received an answer from his telephone message to Las Vegas. It was to the effect that no such man as Rogers owned a saloon in the Meadow City, and the judge started out immediately to find his man. In front of the Alvarado, standing about half way between the hotel and the gate, he found Rogers in a study, as if he knew not which way to turn.

McClellan and Rogers were in the office of the Consolidated Liquor company's store when Lassiter and Babbitt came in. The former pointed Rogers out and the officer took hold of him. The judge, believing that his prisoner was being taken away from him, jumped up and interfered. Lassiter, not knowing McClellan, also took a hand in the scuffle, thinking that the judge was a pal of Rogers and was attempting to take the forger from the officer.

"This is my place of business and I am his prisoner," said the court. "I want to know who you are, anyway?"

By this time Babbitt had begun to understand the situation and un-

toned his coat, revealing his star. "Well, I'm Judge McClellan," said the court, and the two men shook hands, and Rogers was landed in the county jail.

On being searched the officers found evidence which leads them to believe that the name Rogers is an alias with the forger. A letter found on him, written by a woman thought to be his wife, is directed to W. Barrington. On a card found on his person from the Great Northern hotel of Chicago is the name of W. F. Foley. Mr. Foley, if such should be his right name, used to be a bell boy at the Great Northern.

Rogers, alias Barrington, alias Foley, was bound over to the grand jury this morning under \$500 bonds.

Rogers is Wanted at Fresno. Chief of Police McMillin is in receipt of a telegram from Fresno, Cal., stating that Rogers is badly wanted there, and it is very likely that when the Bernalillo district court is through with him, he will be given over to the California authorities. He is charged here with issuing bogus checks with attempt to defraud.

Big Poison Display ATTRACTS MANY PERSONS

HIGHLAND PHARMACY WINDOW CONTAINS NO LESS THAN FORTY VIOLENT DRUGS.

A clever display of poisons in a show window of the Highland Pharmacy in the new Reynolds building excites the attention of every passer-by on that busy thoroughfare.

The display is the work of Miss Minnie Mathews, who is in charge of the store. She has conceived an idea which is destined to bring a black book of death upon the heads of those who are careless of their health.

The spectacle is a gruesome one to say the least, the central figure being a grinning skull with the attack of cross bones. Around this is grouped no less than forty poisons in different quantities, which embrace everything from the most virulent drugs known to the seductive but no less certain cigarette.

Possibly there is a subtle fascination in the suggestion of coffin screws and spike nails which lie across the boxes of paper cubes for the person who is addicted to the cigarette habit. These are featured conspicuously in the poison display, which is arranged upon a black background. The whole is distinctly suggestive of the possibilities of the poisons but that it is decidedly interesting is attested by the people who pause to look at it.

ELLIS WILL DIRECT JUVENILE BAND, TOO

LEARNARD & LINDEMANN ORGANIZATION TO AFFILIATE WITH REAL THING.

At a meeting of the boys' band last night new life was given the organization by obtaining the services of E. K. Ellis as teacher. The band will practice two nights each week in the American Lumber Co. band hall and will be permitted to attend as spectators and observers all band meetings of the famous Lumber Co. band. This will be in itself of great benefit to the boys to mingle in an atmosphere of real band music and they will have as teacher one who has had much experience in teaching young bands.

New music of the proper grade has been ordered and the boys now take renewed interest. Other boys in the city who can play a little on any band instrument are invited to join and take advantage of this opportunity.

The band meetings will be strictly private for a few weeks, after which the band hall will be open for public concerts once each month to show the citizens and parents the progress being made. The boys should be encouraged in their undertaking and the popular music house of Learnard & Lindemann congratulated upon the selection of Mr. Ellis and its desire to promote a successful juvenile band.

SHOOTERS SPLINTER CLAY SAUCERS AT PARK

At Traction park yesterday afternoon A. E. McKenzie, of Denver, and members of the Albuquerque Gun club, splintered a few clay saucers for the entertainment of a number of persons who had gathered there to witness the shoot. The shooters were Mr. McKenzie, of Denver; Harry Johnson, Arthur Henry and L. H. Overmeyer.

Two events of twenty-five targets each were shot off. Johnson and McKenzie shot from the twenty-eight-yard line in both of them, while the remaining shooters stood at the sixteen-yard line. The scores were:

First event—Overmeyer, 16; Johnson, 15; McKenzie, 13; Henry, 12; Second event—Johnson, 15; McKenzie, 16; Henry, 13; Overmeyer, 21.

Mr. McKenzie, who is something of an expert with the shotgun, gave some pretty exhibitions of fancy shooting during the afternoon. The runners were not shooting in "dead earnest"; they were just having a little practice, as Johnson explained it.

JUST A WORD TO YOU. It may be that you have been considering the advisability of purchasing a piano. If so, we ask you to inspect our line of pianos now, as we will reduce our large stock in order to make more room in our store during the progress of improvements now under way. Ask for our special terms and prices.

LEARNARD & LINDEMANN, 206 West Gold Avenue.

GOOD ROADS PROMISED MILLION; BANKER BECOMES DEFAULTER

Connecticut Churchman With Lust For Gambling in His Blood Falls Into Net Spread by Shrewd Band of Wire Tappers.

Over One Hundred Delegates Discuss Highway Construction.

The convention of the New Mexico Good Roads association, which met in the chamber of the house of representatives at Santa Fe on Monday evening and Tuesday morning of this week, was one of the most enthusiastic gatherings in the interest of highway construction so far held in this territory. The meeting was presided over by ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince, John L. Zimmerman, of East Las Vegas, acting as secretary. Besides the delegates, which numbered over 100, many visitors from various portions of the territory were present in the galleries and about the lobbies, while the convention was in progress.

The meeting was opened with an address of welcome by Governor Hagerman and the first session was largely devoted to speeches, several of which proved of great interest to the delegates. President Prince spoke on "The Aims and Objects of the Association." Hon. T. B. Catron, on "The Santa Fe Trail." R. E. Gifford, on "Good Roads an Asset," and Capt. Arthur Treifford, superintendent of the New Mexico penitentiary, on "Success of Prison Labor on Road-making." At the evening session, besides the speeches noted above, discussion was indulged in and a committee on resolutions, consisting of one member from each county, was appointed by the chair.

Among those who participated in the discussion which followed the various resolutions, the introduction of which opened the session of Tuesday morning, were Col. H. H. Betts, Jose D. Sena, L. Sparks, Jose I. Robal, J. C. Carrera, A. W. Gifford, C. Abbott and E. Ruppe. Two notable addresses also were delivered at this session. The first of these was by David M. White, B. S. C. E., territorial irrigation engineer, on the subject, "Good Roads Advertise, Develop and Strengthen the State."

The other was by Frank Owen, superintendent of the Santa Fe Water & Light company, on "Convict and Free Labor as Applied to Practical Road-making." The latter was read by the secretary from Mr. Owen's manuscript, and was deemed of such importance by the convention that it was referred to the committee on legislation to be brought to the attention of the legislative assembly.

Frederick H. Pierce, of East Las Vegas, president of the New Mexico board of penitentiary commissioners, who was on the program for an address, and M. W. Willis, of Springer, were unable to be present, and sent their regrets in the form of letters expressing their sympathy with the cause of the good roads.

At noon yesterday the convention adjourned, after approving the selection by Governor Hagerman of five delegates and five alternates to the fourth annual convention of the American Road-makers, to be held at Pittsburg, Pa., on March 12th, of the present year. The names of the gentlemen are as follows: Delegates—Frederick H. Pierce, of East Las Vegas; R. W. Hadden, of Albuquerque; David M. White, of Santa Fe; J. C. Carrera, of Los Lunas, and D. L. Newkirk, of Artesia. Alternates—L. Bradford Prince, of Santa Fe; W. S. Hopewell, of Las Alamos; George A. Fleming, of Las Alamos; J. Van Houten, of Raton, and E. W. Gifford, of Las Cruces.

Albuquerque was selected as the next meeting place of the association, and it was decided that it should be held during the next territorial fair. The exact date will be decided upon after conference with the Wool Growers' association, so that the two meetings may not be so arranged as to interfere.

Other matters touched upon by the convention were the importance of properly constructed bridges, proper laws and appropriations for the construction of highways, the immediate completion of the "Camino del Real," government aid for the construction of a road through the Pecos forest reserve and the appointment of a committee to confer with the proper legislative committees on all matters affecting highway construction which may come before the legislature from time to time for enactment.

MORTUARY

John Mooney, formerly of Cleveland, Ohio, where he was retired from the city fire department on a pension because of failing health, died at his home in Albuquerque of tuberculosis this morning. Mr. Mooney was 32 years of age. He leaves a widow and two children.

The Mooneys reside at 518 Cooper avenue. They moved to Albuquerque about three years ago, hoping that a change of climate would benefit the health of Mr. Mooney, who had served the city of Cleveland long and faithfully as a brave and dauntless fireman. About seven months ago another sad affliction befell the family, when they buried a daughter, aged 15, who died of a brain complication.

Mr. Mooney was a member of the Knights of Columbus and a firemen organization in Cleveland. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from the house, Rev. A. M. Mandalari presiding.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—At once a girl for general housework in a small family. Apply 717 West Gold avenue.

WANTED—A woman for general housework. Inquire of Miss Baldridge, 101 South Arroyo street.

WANTED—Young man as night clerk in small hotel; one living at home preferred. Apply 109 North First street.

Subscribe for The Citizen and get the news.

New York, Feb. 20.—Baited by promises that he would make a million dollars in a day, William F. Walker, the absconding treasurer of a New Britain, Conn., savings bank, fell into the net of the shrewdest band of wire tappers in the country and lost \$350,000.

On his first visit to their fake pool room in Twenty-eighth street he lost \$110,000, and on the second and last visit \$240,000. He made the risk after he had always lost heavily in wildcat mining speculations and proved easy prey for the sharpers who "discovered" him in a downtown bucket shop.

Details of the swindle, which excels in cleverness and the amount involved any wire tapping game ever worked in this country, were disclosed today to Pinkerton detectives, and an immediate search was instituted for the sharpers.

Regular police detectives also scoured the city, but only to find that one of the wire tappers is in Europe and that the three others fled several days ago to various parts of the country. The case of which the Connecticut banker and churchman was lured into the swindlers' trap was surprising to the detectives, and the mere fact that he, their ideal citizen, could for a moment even consider a

proposition to become a partner of wire tappers was doubly shocking to the people of New Britain.

It was in October that the confidence men first laid plans for ensnaring Walker. In a Wall street bucket shop one of their emissaries had seen Walker pointed out as a Connecticut banker who had lost steadily and heavily.

On the assumption that he probably had already looted the bank and was playing desperately to recoup his losses, they sent one of their number, who has an English police record and a reputation of being a smooth talker, up to New Britain to see him. Mr. Walker received the visitor, who is described as being 35 years old and of immaculate dress, and expressed interest in the proposition he made to him.

The sharper explained that he represented the manager of the Western Union Telegraph company, that he had a scheme for holding back racing reports, that with \$100,000 or more in cash for a day he could make Walker a millionaire and the manager, and, independently, a wealthy man. The banker questioned him at length about the details of the game and told him to return two days later for an answer. From that time on it was easy money for the sharper.

CATTLE MARKET IS SHOWING STRONGER

Mutton Receipts Are Short of Last Year—Lambs Are 10 Cents Off.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 18.—The general cattle market recovered somewhat from its bad condition the first of last week by the close, and the situation is steady to strong today, except on medium class fed steers, which are barely steady. The run today is about normal, at 11,000 head, with sheaf and stockers and feeders selling best. Country demand continues strong as the near approach of spring is an important favorable item in figuring on the purchase of stockers, while the sentiment is generally favorable regarding the future fat cattle market, with the usual large number of buyers such a condition of thought naturally makes. Heavy feeders are approaching prohibitive figures, bulk of feeders selling at \$4.40 to \$4.55, a few below \$4.25, while stockers bring \$3.50 to \$4.60. Top corn fed steers here lately sold at \$6.25, bulk of steers \$4.65 to \$5.35, cows \$3.00 to \$4.75, heifers \$3.50 to \$5.00, bulls \$3.00 to \$4.15, calves 25 to 50 cents lower than a week ago, at \$3.75 to \$7.25, according to weight, age and flesh.

Mutton receipts are running short of last year at this time, although there is a liberal supply of lambs at 13. The market on lambs developed declined 10 to 15 cents last week, yearlings, wethers and ewes holding steady, account of scarcity. The general market is 10 cents lower today, covering all kinds, partly due to the liberal supply, but mainly on account of adverse reports from Chicago. Buyers claim the market here has been too high, and are attempting to put it on an equality with other points today. Bulk of lambs sold today at \$7.25 to \$7.50, weighing 65 to 69 pounds, nothing choice or fancy included, some \$8 pound yearlings from the Arkansas valley today at \$6.65, ewes at \$4.90 to \$5.10, although some fancy ewes sold at \$5.25 to \$5.40 late last week. Very few wethers have been included lately, one lot at \$5.35 last week, and one medium lot today at \$5.40. The market is in a good healthy state, and likely to remain so on the reduced supplies that appear available for the immediate future.

STOCK SALES

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 15.—Representative sales of Colorado cattle here this week:

Owner, Westfield, Colo.—175 stockers, 729 lbs., \$4.50.

Owner, Walsenberg, Colo.—87 stockers, 881 lbs., \$4.40.

Bromming L. S. Co., Lamar, Colo.—77 killers, 990 lbs., \$4.25.

W. A. Colt, Las Animas, Colo.—191 cows, 875 lbs., \$3.75.

J. F. Nesbit, Rocky Ford, Colo.—29 stock heifers, 808 lbs., \$3.90.

Representative sales of western sheep and lambs here this week:

Monday, February 11.

F. L. Bishop, Monte Vista, Colo.—567 lambs, 72 lbs., \$7.40.

C. F. & L. V. Bishop, Monte Vista, Colo.—291 lambs, 70 lbs., \$7.40.

Drake S. & W., Lamar, Colo.—523 lambs, 74 lbs., \$7.35; 168 ewes, 110 lbs., \$5.40.

Kelly & Co., Monte Vista, Colo.—849 lambs, 68 lbs., \$7.40.

L. Milner, Monte Vista, Colo.—490 lambs, 63 lbs., \$7.30.

F. L. Bishop, Monte Vista, Colo.—872 lambs, 71 lbs., \$7.50.

C. F. & L. V. Bishop, Monte Vista, Colo.—293 lambs, 70 lbs., \$7.50.

Kelly & Co., Monte Vista, Colo.—561 lambs, 69 lbs., \$7.50.

Drake S. & W., Lamar, Colo.—729 lambs, 76 lbs., \$7.40.

Turney & B., Woodruff, Kas.—328 ewes, 119 lbs., \$5.40.

C. H. McCormick, Zeeland, Kas.—212 ewes, 116 lbs., \$5.25.

Kern, Kansas.—22 wethers, 107 lbs., \$5.85.

Wednesday, February 13.

Drake S. & W., Lamar, Colo.—728

This Exquisite Brass Bed

A Value of Values



An offering far above what you have ever known at the price. Stylish and highly artistic design, having two-inch tubing in the highly polished or satin finish; thoroughly well made, with cross supports and heavy spindles.

Come prepared for a big surprise, as you will pronounce this the most decided bargain you have ever seen.

In placing our order before the late advance, we are able to offer this bed in either finish, full size or three-quarter size at TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS worth THIRTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

Other Brass Beds in all Prices, Varieties and Designs.

ALBERT FABER'S

308-310 Railroad Avenue Staab Building

A Checking Account

Puts System Into Your Business

WHEN you pay all bills by check, your business is recorded accurately. Each item shows for itself. There is a correct record of all receipts and expenditures in your bank book.

For every bill you pay, you get a receipt. You have positive proof that you paid each obligation.

We give the same careful attention to both large and small accounts.

The Bank of Commerce

Albuquerque, New Mexico. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$200,000

Chas. L. Keppeler

DEALER IN

New and Second Hand FURNITURE

Household Goods, Stoves, Ranges, China, Crockery.

Furniture Repaired, MATTRESSES Made Over, Upholstering and Picture Framing. All Work Guaranteed.

315 and 319 South Second Street ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

Where to Dine Well

Santa Fe Restaurant

Open Day and Night.

Meals at all hours. First Class Service Private Dining Rooms in Connection. Fresh Lobsters and Blue Point Oysters Received Daily.

Under Savoy Hotel

C. E. SUNTAAGG, Proprietor

Convenience - Comfort - Security

The telephone makes the duties lighter, the cares less and the worries fewer.

The telephone preserves your health, prolongs your life and protects your home.

YOU NEED A TELEPHONE IN YOUR HOME

THE COLORADO TELEPHONE CO.

HANDSOME

Souvenir Crockery

VIEWS OF

Alvarado, Cathedral, Commercial Club

Household Goods of Every Description

Borradaile & Co.

117 W. Gold Ave.

Butter Nut Bread

Better Than Ever

French Bakery..

202 East Railroad Ave.

J. C. BALDRIDGE

DEALER IN NATIVE AND CHICAGO LUMBER

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT—Covers more, looks best, wears the longest, most economical; full measure. BUILDING PAPER—Always in stock. Plaster, Lime, Cement, Paint, Glass, Sash, Doors, Etc. FIRST STREET AND COAL AVE. ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEX.

GOVERNOR'S VETO MESSAGE READ

Disapproves Council Bill No. 2 Relating to Session Laws of 1901.

BUSY SESSION OF HOUSE
Number of Important Measures Introduced and Considered.

THE COUNCIL.

Twenty-first Day—Tuesday Morning.
Pursuant to adjournment the council met this morning at 10 o'clock. President Spies in the chair. The chaplain offered the invocation and the chief clerk read the roll. All answering present except Mr. Cameron, absent with leave.

The minutes of the previous session were read and upon motion of Mr. Chavez, ordered approved as read. The committee on rules, Mr. Martinez chairman, reported on the governor's veto message vetoing council bill No. 2, an act relative to the filling of vacancies in county offices with the recommendation that it, together with the bill, be referred to the proper committee. The veto message was read and, together with council bill No. 2, was referred to the committee on territorial affairs. The veto message is as follows:

Veto Message No. 2.

February 18, 1907.
To the President and Members of the Legislative Council, of the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico.

Gentlemen—I have the honor most respectfully to return to you herewith council bill No. 2, entitled "An act to repeal chapter 2 of the session laws of 1901 and to provide for the appointment of county officers in case of vacancies," without any approval of the same.

Chapter 2 of the session laws of 1901 provided that after the passage of said act, whenever any vacancy occurred in any county office in any of the counties of this territory, by reason of death, resignation or otherwise it should be the duty of the governor of the territory to fill such vacancy by appointment.

Section 38, of chapter 1, of the laws of 1875, (Sec. 688 of the compiled laws of 1897) provided that any vacancy that might thereafter occur in the board of county commissioners of any county by reason of death, resignation, removal or otherwise, of one or more county commissioners, should be filled by appointment to be made by the governor of the territory.

Section 12 of chapter 17 of the laws of 1889 (Sec. 619 compiled of 1897) is as follows: "In the event of any vacancy in any county office, now existing or which may hereafter occur, in any county (except boards of commissioners) or in any precinct or demarcation in any county by reason of death, resignation, removal or otherwise, the county commissioners of the said county shall have power to fill such vacancies by appointment until an election can be held, as now provided by law." (See also section 15 of Sec. 664 of the compiled laws of 1897.)

Chapter 2 of the session laws of 1901 is obviously made in the nature of special legislation and should be repealed. It is well known that the measure was passed for the purpose of preventing the possible appointment by the county commissioners in a particular instance of a certain man to office. The appointment of county officers other than county commissioners has until 1901 been in the hands of the board of county commissioners; but they have not had the power to fill vacancies in their own number, as would be the case were the measure returned to you to become a law. The reason for asking the exception provided for in section 619 of the compiled laws is obvious. Circumstances could arise in the case of death, removal or resignation of all three members of the board of county commissioners where there would be no power to fill the vacancies created. The practical reasons against giving the power to fill vacancies in their own number in the hands of the county commissioners is also evident. It frequently happens that two members of a board are of opposite political parties or of opposing factions. If the third member should die or retire, much practical difficulty, endless complications and great bitterness might easily arise over the question of appointing a successor, if the power of doing so lay in the remaining members.

As the act of 1901 was in the nature of special legislation, it is proper to repeal that act should, in my opinion, be so framed as to place the appointment of county officials on the same basis as it was prior to 1901, leaving the method of filling vacancies in the hands of county commissioners as it has been since 1875. I have the honor to be, gentlemen, Your obedient servant,

H. J. HAGERMAN,
Governor of New Mexico.

On the motion to adopt the report of the committee on rules the vote stood 7 ayes, 4 nays; Messrs. Martinez, Mierra, Richards, Spies, Dalles, Murray and Stockton being in the affirmative, and Messrs. Duncan, Chavez, Sulzer and Sargent being in opposition.

Council petition No. 5 was presented by Mr. Martinez. It asked for the repeal of section 4 of chapter 27 of the school laws of 1905, relative to the granting to school teachers by county superintendents of temporary teachers' certificates. The petition was read and referred to the committee on education.

Council petition No. 6 was presented by the chair. It was a communication from the grand jurors of Torrance county asking that the county seat of that county be located at Willard instead of Estancia as at present. As the council had already passed upon council bill No. 15, providing for the change, the petition arrived too late to materially benefit Willard, but it was read in full by request.

Council bill No. 61 was introduced by Mr. Martinez, an act to repeal chapter 2 of the laws of 1901 relative to the filling of vacancies in county offices and giving that power to the board of county commissioners, excepting, however, any vacancy on such board in which case the power to fill the vacancy was left in the hands of the governor.

The bill was read the first time and

upon motion of Mr. Martinez, duly seconded and carried. The bill was read the second and third times by title preparatory to its passage, under suspension of the rules.

Mr. Martinez moved that the "bill do now pass." The roll was read and the bill passed the council by a vote of 11 ayes 1 nay—Mr. Duncan casting the dissenting vote.

The committee on municipal and private corporations, Mr. Chavez chairman, reported favorably on council bill No. 29, an act relative to the construction of sidewalks in cities, towns and villages. The bill came up in regular order for third reading preparatory to its passage. Mr. Murray then moved that the bill "do now pass." The chief clerk read the roll and the bill passed the council without discussion, the vote being 11 ayes, 0 nays.

Mr. Dalles then announced that the committee on judiciary would meet at 7:30 o'clock this evening at the Palace hotel, room 57.

President Spies then asked Mr. Mierra to take the chair while he took the seat of the gentleman from Sandoval on the floor. The council then resolved itself into a committee of the whole to consider council bill No. 33, an act relative to taxation.

At 11:30 o'clock the reading of council bill No. 33 was completed and the title and enacting clause were adopted.

Mr. Dalles asked permission to take up section 12 on page 12 of the bill, an amendment taxing sheep in the counties where the owners reside. He objected to the amendment as a great injustice to the counties he represented.

President Spies defended the amendment on the ground that sheep being migratory, fed on the public domain, and that the counties they grazed in should be taxed.

Mr. Dalles moved to strike out the amendment.

The motion was lost by a vote of nine to three, Messrs. Dalles, Murray and Richards voting yes.

President Spies moved that the report of the committee of the whole which had considered council bill No. 33, be accepted and recommended the passage of the bill as amended.

The council was called to order at ten minutes to twelve and Mr. Mierra reported council bill No. 33 from the committee of the whole and recommended the passage of the bill. The report of the committee was adopted.

Mr. Mierra then moved that the bill "do now pass."

Upon roll call the bill passed by a vote of ten to two, Dalles and Richards voting no.

Mr. Duncan then moved that the council adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, which motion carried.

THE HOUSE.

Twenty-first Day—Tuesday Afternoon

Pursuant to adjournment the house met this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Speaker Baca in the chair. The roll was called and all answered present except Mr. Aldrich, excused owing to illness.

The chaplain offered the invocation and the chief clerk started to read the journal of the previous day when Mr. Beach, in a motion duly seconded and carried, asked that the journal be approved without reading.

A message from the council was announced.

The chief clerk of the council, Mr. Martin, informed the house that the council had concurred in house substitute for council bill No. 31, an act relative to admission to the institute for the blind.

Also council bill No. 39, an act relative to corporations.

The committee on finance, Mr. Holt chairman, reported unfavorably on council bill No. 8, an act to allow the territorial auditor and treasurer to correct their books, and suggested that the speaker appoint a committee of three to confer with a like committee from the council relative to this bill.

This committee reported favorably on house bill No. 58 with amendments, an act relative to bounties on wild animals.

Also council bill No. 39, an act relative to corporations.

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LENT NOT OBSERVED AT CAPITAL

As in Former Days. Dinners, Dancing, Theatricals Continue During Time.

(By Catherine Aliman.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—The state receptions and state dinners are over and official entertaining of 1907 is past history but it by no means follows that the hospitality of President and Mrs. Roosevelt has been discontinued or that it will be suspended during the month of Lent. In former years the old-time social season opened on new year's day with a wild flourish and closed on Ash Wednesday with a bang, and that was all there was to it. Formal dinner parties were out of question during the forty days. It is true that the prayerful meditation and spiritual communion and hostesses were given a blessed chance to recuperate.

The society belle who would have dared to set her wedding day between Ash Wednesday and Easter was considered beyond the pale of good society, and only entertaining of the most informal and simple character was tolerated. But, as statesmen and orators are fond of saying, we have progressed, and the spirit of Lent makes way for the spirit of the times. It is true that the big affairs are over, but during the next forty days there will be a countless round of dinner parties, followed by bridge or dancing, musicales, tableaux, theatre parties and informal suppers and every other form of amusement indulged in by restless pleasure seeking spirits. And from a social standpoint this season of entertaining must be highly regarded since the official side is largely obliterated and one is invited according to one's personal standing with the powers that be.

It is quite probable that Mrs. Roosevelt will follow the precedent set by her in other years and give the usual number of smart dinner parties which add so much to the social life of the capital, and it is also likely that she will continue to give her teas, receptions and garden parties which have won deserved fame and favor. Invitations for these functions are invariably given in Mrs. Roosevelt's name only and, are, therefore, considered as a personal compliment from the first lady of the land to those whom she delights to honor.

Embassies Continue Functions.

The diplomatic set bids fair to contribute largely to the social calendar during the lenten season, for the Japanese, German and Russian embassies have cards out for series of dinners during the month of February. The first large entertainment was given at the German embassy Monday evening when the Ambassador and Baroness von Sternburg gave the first of the two at home for which cards have been sent out. The balls and large drawing rooms were profusely decorated in American beauty roses and white lilies, and in the hall where the guests were received azaleas formed the floral motif. Baron Speck von Sternburg possesses a collection of Chinese pottery which caught the eyes of the guests. The first large entertainment was given at the German embassy Monday evening when the Ambassador and Baroness von Sternburg gave the first of the two at home for which cards have been sent out. The balls and large drawing rooms were profusely decorated in American beauty roses and white lilies, and in the hall where the guests were received azaleas formed the floral motif. Baron Speck von Sternburg possesses a collection of Chinese pottery which caught the eyes of the guests.

The Baroness von Sternburg, who was formerly Miss Lily Stangor, of Kentucky, wore an exquisite toilet of yellow satin, the sole trimming of which was ruchings of yellow tulle draping the low cut corsage and finishing the long trained skirt. With this costume she wore a diamond necklace, a necklace and corsage ornaments of the same priceless jewels. The American baroness is one of the most beautiful women in the diplomatic corps, and she possesses a collection of diamonds worth a king's ransom.

A buffet supper was served in the dining room where the table was adorned with a huge gold bowl brimming with white azaleas, and lighted by tapers in golden candelabra.

The Japanese Ambassador and Viscountess Aoki were hosts Tuesday evening. Their first reception in their new home on M street when they received over 500 guests. Masses of yellow jonquills against backgrounds of palms formed an effective floral scheme which was carried through the house. The dining room of the Marine band, stationed in the hall, played during the evening. The viscountess received in a handsome gown of renaissance lace over cream satin; a beautiful dog collar of pearls encircled her throat, while in her corsage she wore a large diamond brooch. Countess Hatzefeldt, the daughter of the Ambassador and Viscountess Aoki, wore a fetching toilet of red tulle with touches of gold lace with which she wore diamonds and pearls.

No Tax on Diplomats.

This government no longer collects the \$2 head tax of diplomatic representatives of foreign governments coming to this country on duty. Notice to this effect was issued last week to all customs and revenue officers. It was one of the first official acts of Secretary Strauss, of the department of commerce and labor. The secretary has been in the diplomatic service and he knew how galling it was to members of the corps coming to this country to be placed in the same category as steerage passengers. The American law applies generally to all aliens coming in. The fee is paid by the steamship companies who add the amount to the passage money with the addition of fifty cents to pay them for their trouble. The diplomats did not object to the money but to the principle involved. They came to this country as representatives of their sovereigns and in theory while here are the guests of the United States. To assess this tax against them was obnoxious. 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Mrs. Housekeeper

You Cannot Afford to Miss This Opportunity. Cash Talks

now and for a very small amount of the wherewithal you can replenish your china closet with some very pretty pieces of broken sets at less than half regular price.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

J. D. EMMONS, The Furniture Man
COR. COAL and SECOND WEST END VIADUCT

TAKE NO STOCK IN RIOGRANDE EXCUSES

Increased Earnings Shown and Engineers' Wages Raised.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 20.—The reason given by the Denver & Rio Grande officials for the discharge of about 100 machinists from the several shops along the road, that they had to let them go in order to cut down expenses, is not taken with good grace by the men. They point to the fact that the engineers and firemen have recently been given a 10 per cent raise, and that this does not indicate any necessity for reducing expenses. The gross earnings of the railroad are also larger than they were in the corresponding period last year.

Every year about this time the Denver & Rio Grande discharges a certain proportion of its men, mostly the younger men, those who have been in its employ the shortest time. The number let go is larger now than ever before. It is notable that the machinists have just asked for a small increase in pay, an increase big enough to bring the standard set by that paid by the other railroads in Denver. Machinists on the Rio Grande have been getting thirty-five cents per hour, while on the other lines they are getting thirty-seven cents per hour. They think it fair that all lines should pay the same.

On the question of the discharge of the force, the machinists will not approach the railroad management, because they would meet with the answer that it was the regular practice each year. Conferences will, however, be held with General Manager Ridgeway on the increased pay subject, and it is hoped that a peaceable settlement will be reached. The demand of the men is so small that they do not expect any trouble. At the headquarters of the International Order of Machinists, there is no evidence of trouble, and the spirit of the men is friendly. The number of men discharged is greater in the other cities than in Denver, and the total let go at the Burnham works is only eighty.

The men say that there is an immense amount of work at the Rio Grande shops. There are more dead engines than ever. Rolling stock is in bad shape. Business is very heavy. They do not think that the railroad can continue long without making additions to its force of skilled repair men.

PROMISING OUTLOOK FOR THE PHILIPPINE RAILROADS.

With the construction of the proposed railway lines in the Philippines, those built and projected having a total mileage of between 900 and 1,000 miles, it is believed that the agricultural and commercial interests of the islands will enter upon a period of prosperity such as they have never enjoyed. The backwardness of the archipelago in railway building is remarkable. The first line, the Manila & Dagupan railroad, 120 miles in length, was not opened until 1892, and was the only line in the islands when the American occupation took place in 1898, although the archipelago, with its area of 115,000 square miles, had a population of nearly 8,000,000. When it is considered that in Algeria, with a population of 5,000,000 and an area of 184,000 square miles, there are about 2,000 miles of railway under operation; that in New Zealand, with a population of 840,000 and an area of 104,000 square miles, there are 2,400 miles of railway in operation; that in Queensland, with a population of 500,000 and an area of 664,000 square miles, there are 2,800 miles in operation; that in Tasmania, with 172,000 inhabitants and 26,000 square miles, there are 120 miles in operation, it will be understood what a lack of progress there had been in the Philippines under the Spanish regime.

The first steel postal car ever constructed has just been turned out of the shops of the Pennsylvania railroad. The new car is ten feet longer than the ordinary postal car and more roomy. Eighteen windows admit light and seventeen specially constructed electric lights illuminate at night.

At a meeting of the Central Passenger association, this week, it is expected that the transcontinental association in abolishing free transportation to officers of the Young Men's Christian association, except those of the railroad branch, and to other members of religious orders.

Gas in the Stomach.
Belching and that sense of fullness so often experienced after eating is caused by the formation of gas. The stomach fails to perform its functions and the food ferments. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct the disorder. They aid digestion and strengthen and invigorate the stomach and bowels. For sale by all druggists.

Subscribe for The Evening Citizen.

THATCHER PROPOSES AUTO LINE ACROSS CONTINENT

Albuquerque-Torrance and Torrance-Roswell Line Is to Form Link in Air Castle Undertaking.

(Published by Request.)

Charles W. Thatcher is engaged in a work which will ultimately be of the greatest importance to thousands and may lead to the building of at least one recognized highway from coast to coast. Mr. Thatcher is engaged in the location of an automobile route. He is now operating in western New Mexico. Mr. Thatcher is also called the "movable news dealer" and is engaged in supplying railroad camps and settlements along his route with daily papers and magazines.

In a letter from him to the Phoenix Republican he outlines his plans and sends clippings from Texas and New Mexico newspapers. He is now laying the route out along the Santa Fe Pacific.

A newspaper clipping further describes his project as follows:

C. W. Thatcher, the cross-country news dealer, whose original methods of transportation along the Santa Fe cut-off have won him the notice of railroad men and newspapers all over the west, is leaving Albuquerque early this morning for his last trip over the cut-off, from Albuquerque to Texas. Mr. Thatcher will go out with his mountain wagon laden with newspapers and magazines and other things and he will say good-bye to many men who have become his regular customers and who have come to look for him as regularly as they look for the pay check, for rain nor sunshine, storm, blizzard nor prairie fire has served to stop Thatcher in his hard drives across New Mexico. It will be good-bye to the Santa Fe grading camps for a time at least, for on his return to Albuquerque about three weeks hence, Mr. Thatcher will leave with his trusty mules to blaze a trail from Albuquerque to San Francisco; not for the mules and other newsdealers to follow, but for a transcontinental automobile route, which if the Thatcher plans mature, as it now seems certain that they will, is likely to become not only nationally but world famous. Some months ago, when it was shown to him that a string of railroad grading camps would soon be in existence, with a few short breaks, from Kansas City to San Francisco, Thatcher determined to cover all of these camps in his news dealing business. He knew that he could not do it with his mules, and so the idea of an automobile line across half of the continent occurred to him. It was a big idea; almost too big at first thought to be possible. But Thatcher lives with big things. His work is out of doors in the southwest, where the out of doors is bigger than any other portion of the earth; and so the prospect of driving an automobile across 2,000 miles of unexplored territory did not daunt him in the least. On the other hand, he set about learning to drive an automobile, and with such determination that he can now drive a gasoline, steam or electric car with equal ease and dexterity. It had been Mr. Thatcher's intention to wait until late next spring before making his first trip across the western half of the United States, since the mountain roads are almost impassable during the snowy season, but the prospect of exploring a route through the mountains appealed to the newsdealer and so he is first going over the line with his mules. The transcontinental automobile news service project has appealed to automobile owners all over the country. Mr. Thatcher has had hundreds of letters from automobilists, newspaper manufacturers and others asking for information as to his project and expressing deepest interest in it. Magazines have asked the privilege of featuring his first trip. The matter has aroused so much interest that the Albuquerque man will probably be asked to find the most feasible route through the Rocky mountains for the transcontinental automobile route of which adventurous drivers have talked so much of late. This matter has been put up to Mr. Thatcher by prominent automobilists and he is seriously considering the task of finding such a route.

"It is easy to suppose," said Mr. Thatcher, "that at the present rate of improvement of the modern motor car the average Chicago business man, before very long, will be driving his own car to the Rocky mountains for his summer vacation. Indeed, the greatest handicap to such a vacation now is the lack of knowledge of the roads. But the transcontinental automobile trip will presently be a matter of every-day business or every-day pleasure, and the sooner we can supply the owners of the cars with the road the sooner they will come. For my part I am convinced from my knowledge of the Rocky mountains that an automobile road through these mountains to the coast will not be hard to find, and I propose to find one. And, having found it, I will use it."

That Mr. Thatcher is in earnest no one who can talk with him for a few minutes will doubt, and no one who is familiar with the success he has made of his cross-country news service with his mules and spring wagon will doubt that he will succeed in his larger project. Mr. Thatcher proposes to leave for Denver immediately after his return from Texas. He will go direct to the office of the Denver Post, thence to Durango, thence to Salt Lake City, thence along the right of way of the Western Pacific to the office of the Examiner in San Francisco. It will be one of the longest drives ever made through the west and will be followed with deep interest by automobilists as the forerunner of a fast automobile road across the Rockies to the coast.

A Valuable Lesson.

"Six years ago I learned a valuable lesson," writes John Pleasant, of Magnolia, Ind. "I then began taking Dr. King's New Life Pills, and the longer I take them the better I find them. They please everybody. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c."

BILLY TWO DRINKS HAS AUTOMOBILE

THE MODERN INDIAN—WHAT MONEY AND EDUCATION WILL DO TO A RED MAN

Lo, the poor Indian, will become but a reminiscence if many of the nation's wards emulate the example of Billy Two Drinks of the Rosebud reservation in South Dakota. He bought a big touring car in Sioux City recently with which he will start an automobile stage line through Tripp and Gregory counties in South Dakota. "Indians here like to ride," explained Billy Two Drinks, before starting for the reservation. "Indians here causer out on grass and spend all money to ride when I set there. Make Billy heap rich."

Two Drinks will use his car for both passenger and freight traffic. He says he can carry a load of passengers and at the same time draw a wagon load of grain with a tow line. For towing service he will charge slightly less than the usual amount for teaming in the reservation. He is a thoroughly modern Indian, too, and will make a sort of "rubber-neck" coach out of his car, transporting white sightseers and land speculators through Tripp and Gregory counties. Those familiar with the Indian disposition say that the redskins will never leave the car, once they obtain a seat until all of their money has been exhausted paying fares.—Indian's Friend.

"It is easy to suppose," said Mr.

Men's High Grade Shirts

The Most Important Accessory to a Man's Apparel is His Personal Linen. I Have Given My Shirt Stock Special Attention This Season.

Just Received the Celebrated

Earl & Wilson Pure Linen Shirts and Manhattan Shirts

M. MANDELL

Fine Clothing and Furnishing

TEXAS LIQUOR GOES BY FREIGHT TO AVOID LAW

BANKS CASH DRAFT WITH BILL OF LADING—CARRIERS HAN- DLE NO MONEY.

Denison, Tex., Feb. 20.—The loss of C. O. D. business in liquor shipments by the express companies through the effectiveness of the Thompson bill signed by the governor Tuesday is thought by some to mean that the railroads will benefit greatly. It appears that while the express agent is prohibited by the terms of the law, unless he complies with its requirements, from handling such business, the railroads are enabled to ship liquor by freight to the same point and generally the same agent.

The liquor houses collect for the liquor through the local bank by means of a draft with bill of lading attached. Thus the carrier will not handle the money at all, the consumer paying the bank before he secures his bill of lading. The situation of the collection bank in the premises has not been acted upon, nor has the status of the procedure whereby the customer pays the bank for liquor in prohibition territory been fixed.

GOLDEN STATE LEAVES BEFORE HER TIME.

About ten passengers were left here Sunday afternoon by the north-bound Golden State limited, that is due to leave here at 2:47 in the afternoon, says the El Paso Herald. It is said that the train was reported to the information bureau at the union depot to be two hours and thirty minutes late, making the train due here at 4:57. The hotels were notified by the information bureau that the train was late and the hour of arrival was given.

The train arrived here at 4:07, according to trainmen's books, and it left not many minutes later, the time of departure being earlier than the reported time of arrival at the bureau. The hotel busses that were at the hotels when the train was leaving started with their passengers for the old southwestern depot and some of them made it, but some passengers missed the train, it is said. Some of the dining car waiters are also said to have missed the train because they were told at the information bureau that the train would not arrive until a certain time, and at about that hour, it is said, the train was pulling out.

HAIR DRESSER AND CHIROP- DIST.

Mrs. Bambini, at her parlors, No. 209 West Railroad avenue, is prepared to give thorough scalp treatment, do hair dressing, treat corns, bunions and ingrowing nails. She gives massage treatment and manicuring. Mrs. Bambini's own preparation of complexion cream builds up the skin and improves the complexion, and is guaranteed not to be injurious. She also prepares a hair tonic that cures and prevents dandruff and hair falling out; restores life to dead hair; removes moles, warts and superfluous hair. Also a face powder, a freckle cure and simple cure and pile cure. All of these preparations are purely vegetable compounds. Have just added a vibrator machine for treatment of scalp, face and cure of wrinkles. It is also used for rheumatism, pains and massage.

We do it right, ROUGH DRY. Imperial Laundry Co.



COMING IN OUT OF THE COLD we appreciate a perfectly heated house, but it is not every house that is properly warmed. If yours is lacking in any way, or if you are undecided what is the best system to install in a new house and need information that is trustworthy and valuable, let us know of your trouble. We are specialists for hot water, hot air and steam heating.

Standard Plumbing & Heating Co

Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Hay, Grain and Fuel.

Fine Line of Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Place your orders for this line with us.

213-215-217 NORTH THIRD ST.

THIRD STREET Meat Market

All Kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats

Steam Sausage Factory.

EMIL KLIENWORT

Masonic Building, North Third Street

B. A. SLEYSER

—INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE—

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Room 5, Cromwell Block, Albuquerque, Automatic Telephone 174

Give us your ROUGH DRY work, Monday, and get it back Wednesday, Imperial Laundry Co.

They act like Exercise.

Cancretin

-for the Bowels

Ten Cents

All Druggists

COME TO BELEN, N. M.

Future Railroad Metropolis of New Mexico Located on Belen Cut-off of Santa Fe Railway

The Belen Town and Improvement Company Are Owners of Belen Townsite

The Belen Town and Improvement Co.

JOHN BECKER, Pres.

WM. M. BERGER, Sec'y

Its Location

BELEN IS 31 MILES SOUTH OF ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., AT THE JUNCTION OF THE MAIN LINE OF THE SANTA FE SYSTEM—LEADING EAST AND WEST FROM CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, GALVESTON AND POINTS EAST TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, AND FROM THE EASTERN AND NORTHERN STATES TO EL PASO AND TEXAS.

1,000 BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE LOTS, 25x140 FEET, LAID OUT WITH BROAD 80 AND 70-FOOT STREETS, WITH ALLEYS 20 FEET WIDE, WITH BEAUTIFUL LAKE AND PUBLIC PARK, A GRAND OLD SHADE TREES; PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE, COSTING \$16,000; CHURCHES; COMMERCIAL CLUB; A POPULATION OF 1,500 PEOPLE; SEVERAL LARGE MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENTS; THE BELEN PATENT ROLLER MILL, CAPACITY 150 BARRELS DAILY; LARGE WINERY; THREE HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, ETC. BELEN IS THE LARGEST SHIPPING POINT FOR WOOL, FLOUR, WHEAT, WINE, BEANS AND HAY IN CENTRAL NEW MEXICO. ITS IMPORTANCE AS A GREAT COMMERCIAL RAILROAD CITY IN THE NEAR FUTURE CAN NOT BE ESTIMATED.

A Railway Center

ALL FAST LIMITED EXPRESS, MAIL AND FREIGHT TRAINS OF THE SANTA FE WILL GO OVER THE MAIN LINE THROUGH TO BELEN, EAST AND WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

THE LOTS OFFERED ARE IN THE CENTER OF THE CITY, WELL GRADED (MANY OF THEM IMPROVED BY CULTIVATION); NO SAND OR GRAVEL. WE NEED A FIRST-CLASS, MODERN HOTEL AND A GOOD, UP-TO-DATE NEWSPAPER.

OUR PRICES OF LOTS ARE LOW AND TERMS ON EASY PAYMENTS; TITLE PERFECT; WARRANTY DEEDS. ONE-THIRD PURCHASE MONEY CASH. TWO-THIRDS MAY REMAIN ON NOTE, WITH MORTGAGE SECURITY FOR ONE YEAR, WITH 3 PER CENT INTEREST THEREON.

APPLY AT ONCE FOR MAPS AND PRICES IF YOU WISH TO SECURE THE CHOICEST LOTS.



Buy Our Men's Work Shoes

And Get the Best for Your Money.



We are just as particular about selecting our lines of every-day footwear as we are about the most fashionable Dress Shoes. They must be right in every respect, but especially so as far as the comfort of the foot and good wear are concerned.

At the same time they must look neat and have enough style to be worn most anywhere. We have a big variety of styles with light, medium or heavy soles, plain or Cap toes, Lace or Congress. They are made of such reliable leathers as Satin Calf, Box Calf and Kangaroo Calf and Colt Skin.

Our Prices \$1.85 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50

C. N. BRIGHAM

118-120 S. 2nd. Headquarters for Coffee

Our Leaders--The Celebrated Richelieu Coffees

Packages, 25c and 35c per lb. 2-lb. tins, 85c. 1 lb. tins, 45c. 3-lb. tins, \$1.00.

Capitol Coffee

3-lb. bucket, with premium, Golden Gate coffee-- 1-lb. tins, 40c. 2-lb. tins, 80c.

Something unique--nothing like it in the city. Try a can. Bulk coffee, 20c to 40c.

GEO. W. HICKOX

T. Y. MAYNARD

HICKOX-MAYNARD CO.

NEW MEXICO'S LEADING JEWELERS

Send in Your Watches for Repairs

THE ARCH FRONT

SOUTH SECOND ST.

Wagner Hardware Co.

Fourth and Railroad Avenue



No. 202

A Rarebit

to be properly prepared should be made in a Mangle, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dish. Always add, no waiting about first, simply a mangle, and in a few minutes the

Mangle, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dish

has produced a dainty morsel to regale your guests. Be sure to see that your chafing dish is supplied with the patented seamless "Ivory" enamel. Cook pans--found only in Mangle, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dishes.

FOR SALE BY

Wagner Hardware Co.

Successors to Albuquerque Hardware Co. Fourth and Railroad Avenue

EVERITT

THE Diamond Palace RAILROAD AVE.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Cut Glass, Clocks, Silverware. We invite your trade and guarantee a SQUARE DEAL.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

TRAIN ARRIVALS.

No. 1--First and second sections, on time.
No. 8--On time.
No. 4--On time.
Nos. 7 and 9--No report.

Miss Anna Heilbrun is here from Peralta on a short visit.

George J. Sallie, of Silver City, is here on a business visit.

L. S. Thompson, of Alamogordo, is registered at the Alvarado.

Fay Sperry, banker of Las Cruces, was in the city between trains yesterday.

City Attorney Hickey went up to Santa Fe this morning on professional business.

E. F. Gaul will depart tonight for El Paso, Texas, where he expects to remain for a week.

Max Paul Kempenich is here from Peralta, where he is engaged in the mercantile business.

Mrs. Mas Brown, of Los Angeles, is in the city for a short visit to her sister, Mrs. Richard Doyle, of 209 South Arno street.

L. M. Fee, the candy man, and Harry Hoffman, the prescriptionist, are hunting docks in the vicinity of San Antonio, N. M.

A full attendance is desired at the Congregational church at 7:30 this evening to hear the report of the pastoral supply committee. By order of the trustees.

Wm. C. Burgess, clerk at Ruppe's drug store, is handling cigars around to his friends today and he wears a broad smile. It's a boy at his home, 119 North Sixth street. The stork brought him last night.

In the Bernalillo county district court this morning Judge Abbott granted Teodoro Morales a divorce from her husband, Manuelita Morales, upon the ground of abandonment. Both parties reside at San Rafael.

The attention of the city council is called to the arc light at the corner of Santa Fe avenue and South Third street. A prominent resident of the immediate neighborhood says that it is not kept well trimmed and that it is frequently not burning.

There will be a farewell reception given for Miss Mabel Van Eaton at the home of Mrs. A. H. Holmboe, 811 North Fourth street, Thursday evening, Feb. 21. All the young people of the Baptist and Congregational churches are cordially invited.

The school children of Miss Kaplan and Miss Tway will give a fitting Washington birthday celebration in the Third ward school, room 6, tomorrow afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, to which the public, and most especially those interested in school work, are cordially invited.

The body of Dr. Sherwood B. Ives, who died on a ranch near Magdalena last Saturday night and was sent to Albuquerque on a special train, will be shipped to New York this evening. Miss Ives, a sister of the deceased, arrived from New York today on Santa Fe train No. 3. She will accompany the body to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Barnett, who journeyed several months on the Pacific coast, on business and pleasure, returned home the other day. They report having had a fine time, but Joe missed his usual duck hunting, and to make up for lost time he and some friends are now hunting the web footed fowls along the river south of the city.

The concert to be given Saturday night by the American Lumber company band will take place at the corner of Third street and Railroad avenue, instead of Second and Railroad. Mr. Ellis wishes it understood that each time the band plays on the streets it will be at a different corner, thus giving all of the merchants the benefit of these concerts.

Jacob Loeb, of the Southwestern Brewery & Ice company, is planning to build a \$10,000 residence at the corner of New York avenue and North Second street. The new house will be two stories and a half in height, and contain nine rooms, a reception hall and baths. It will be built of Albuquerque pressed brick. J. L. La Driere is the architect.

The Presbyterian Brotherhood quartet will sing patriotic songs and Mr. Ellis will give a trombone solo a medley of national airs next Friday evening in the Presbyterian church, as a part of the musical program provided in connection with Col. Farley's lecture on personal experiences during the civil war. No charge for admission and all are cordially invited.

George Harris, who was arrested on a warrant sworn out by H. T. McKinley yesterday, was discharged this afternoon after a preliminary hearing before Judge Craig, in precinct 26.

DOCTOR McCORMICK.
LIQUOR HABIT CURED.
522 WEST RAILROAD AVE.

who found that the evidence did not warrant holding Harris longer to answer to the charge. The warrant charged Harris with carrying off property from a house and mill in Hell canyon valued at \$50.

Maria Garcia and another native woman had a fight at Third and Railroad avenue shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They called each other names that would not look well in print. A deputy sheriff arrested the women, who were given a hearing before Justice of the Peace Romero at his office in the Bernalillo county court house this afternoon. The trial was not over at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Sult has been brought for the First National bank of Albuquerque by Attorney H. F. Reynolds, in the Bernalillo county district court, against H. B. Rutherford on three promissory notes for small amounts, and Louis Galles on one promissory note. Mr. Rutherford is manager for the Capital Life Insurance company, of West Texas and New Mexico territory. The home office of the company he represents is at Denver.

The New Mexico board of osteopathy, of which Dr. C. H. Conner, of Albuquerque, is president, admitted one candidate to practice within the territory of New Mexico at its recent meeting in Santa Fe. He is Dr. Mitchell Miller, of Las Vegas. Dr. Miller will practice his profession in the Meadow City. The board meets again in June, when it is expected there will be other applicants examined. Sickness prevented one applicant from taking the recent examination.

William Wescoe is dragging the bottom of the Rio Grande with grab-hooks, about a mile south of the Barcelona bridge, for an L. C. Smith shotgun and a Winchester .30 calibre rifle, which he lost there Sunday afternoon when he started down stream in a duck boat. The frail craft struck a cottonwood snag in the river and overturned, dumping out Mr. Wescoe and his guns. The arms have not been recovered. Wescoe is employed by Kirster Bros., cigar makers, at 505 South Second street.

Col. W. A. Root, representative in Nevada and southern California for the Mining World, of Chicago, is in the city. The Mining World is rapidly becoming the leading mining journal of the United States and is recognized as authority editorially, technically and in general mining news from all the mining states and territories. Col. Root is an old personal friend of W. S. McCreight, business manager of The Citizen, and is on his way to Los Angeles from a trip to the office of the Mining World at Chicago.

The remains of Miss Hazel Gehring were laid at rest this afternoon at Federal cemetery, in the presence of a large number of sorrowing friends. The funeral took place from St. John's Episcopal church, of which Miss Gehring would have been a confirmed member had she lived a day longer. Bishop Kendrick, of El Paso, said the rites and paid a beautiful tribute to the little girl. The pupils of the grade in the Central school building of which Miss Gehring was a member attended the funeral in a body, accompanied by their teacher, Mrs. La Bar.

Children's feet deserve care. It is most important to get good fitting shoes for the little ones. Our shoes are so made that they conform immediately to the foot of the child. When it comes to boys' and girls' shoes, then we do feel proud of our offerings. They are constructed with particular care as to fit, but with extra caution as to stock. The better the stock, the better the wear. Prices range from \$1 to \$2.50. C. May's Shoe Store, 314 West Railroad avenue.

SILVER PINE HEALING OIL.
FOR ANIMAL USE. CURES
BRUISES, SORES, ALL FLESH
WOUNDS, EXTERNAL INFLAM-
MATIONS, BARK WIRE INJURIES,
SWELLINGS, ETC. 25, 50 AND \$1
PER BOTTLE.
E. W. FEE,
602 SOUTH FIRST ST.
PHONE 16.

A fine assortment of Kansas City meat, including a shipment of choice spiced corned beef, has just been received and is on sale at the Highland Meat Market.

PRIVATE SALE.

The furnishings of a five-room house, complete. Practically new. Jewel range, solid oak dining room suite, solid oak bed room suite. Must be sold at once, party leaving town. 416 East Railroad avenue, across from Public Library.

TO THE PUBLIC.
We, the undersigned, have this day sold to the Wagner Hardware company the stock and good will of the Albuquerque Hardware company, who will collect all accounts due said Albuquerque Hardware company and pay all bills contracted by said company. We also in this connection wish to thank you kindly for the very liberal patronage extended to the Albuquerque Hardware company in the past, and trust you will continue the same courtesy to the new company.
Yours very truly,
WHITNEY COMPANY.

FEE'S HOT CHOCOLATE. WAL-
TON'S DRUG STORE.

HONEY
10 lbs. Nice Extracted Honey for
\$1.00. Order by Postal.
W. P. Allen, Box 202, Albuquerque.

List your property with
Live Men
Crawford & Jones
110 South Second St.

R.R. TICKETS BOUGHT, SOLD
AND EXCHANGED
Association Office
Transactions Guaranteed
ROSEFIELD'S, 118 W. R. R. Ave.
SOCIAL DANCE
EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT
AT THE
COLOMBO HALL DANCING SCHOOL
Admission 50c Ladies Free

Believe Us

We can save you money

NOW

In the purchase of a Piano

TODAY

We Carry the Largest Stock
of New Pianos Ever Shown
in This Territory.

SECOND HAND Pianos at
your own prices--almost.

SEE US before you buy

Do It Today

Learnard & Lindemann,
Established 1900 206 W. Gold Avenue

COAL

Genuine American block, per
ton\$6.50
Cerrillos Lump\$6.50
Anthracite Nut\$8.50
Anthracite mixed\$9.00
Anthracite, stove and furnace
sizes\$9.50
Clean Gas Coke\$6.00

WOOD.
Green Mill Wood, per load.....\$2.25
W. H. HAHN & CO.

Both Phones.

The firm of Lommori & Matteucci
corner Seventh and Tijeras, will here-
after be known as

J. THE.

CHAMPION GROCERY CO.
Our new telephone number is 61.

LOOKING FOR TROUBLE!

JUST a year ago we began to sell the celebrated Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothing. Our success has been phenomenal. We have sold several hundred suits and overcoats of this make and believe we have given universal satisfaction to the wearers of this make of goods.

However, as we sell Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothing under an absolute guarantee as to material and workmanship, we desire to be assured that no imperfect garments have been sold by us.

Now, if you have purchased any clothing from us bearing the H. S. & M. label, which is faulty in any manner whatever--if the coat don't hold its shape properly--if the lining did not wear well--if the cloth faded or wore poorly, or if you have any other grievance in regard to it--resulting from ordinary wear, we would esteem it a favor if you would return such garment and let us make it good--either by relining or repairing it--or making a proper price allowance--fair and square to both of us.

We shall continue to make the sale of Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothing the main feature of our business and want you to know--beyond a doubt--that these goods are absolutely warranted in every respect.

SIMON STERN

The Railroad Avenue Clothier

RAABE & MAUGER

115-117 NORTH FIRST STREET
Between Railroad and Copper Ave.

Stoves and Steel Ranges

HARDWARE and RANCH SUPPLIES

Wagon Covers,

Sheep Shears,

Dipping Tanks,

TIN SHOP

In Rear of Store

Harness,

Horse Blankets,

Saddles.

WHITNEY COMPANY

Wholesale and Retail

HARDWARE

Iron Pipe, Pumps, Valves, Fittings--Steam and Water
Supplies--Hose and Belting.
Stoves, Ranges and Granite Iron Ware.
Bar Iron, Steel, Wagon Wood Stock, Blacksmith Supplies.

Mail Orders Solicited

113, 115, 117, South First Street
401, 403, North First Street

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Home Insurance the Best

WE CANNOT refrain from again saying something about Home Insurance. Every time that the proposition presents itself of the tremendous amount of money that is being sent out of New Mexico and Arizona for life insurance to eastern cities, the conviction comes home with increased force that a home company ought to be patronized and the money remain in the West.

The revelations of the past year of the way the enormous surplus of the big Eastern companies has been handled and speculated with ought to emphasize the fact that the people of the West should stop pouring their money into Eastern channels when it can be placed in home insurance, and every dollar of it kept and invested at home.

It is gratifying to note that home insurance is year by year receiving more and more its just deserts. Statistics show that during the past year home companies far exceeded foreign companies in the amount of business written. Why cannot this same record be made here? It can if every individual who takes out a policy the coming year will carefully weigh the proposition of the value it is to keep his insurance at home before he puts his name to the application of any insurance company.

The Occidental Life Insurance Company of New Mexico and Arizona is owned and controlled by the leading business men of the two territories, and offers exceptional opportunities to ambitious and capable men and women to sell its policies.

Address Home Office,

Occidental Life Insurance Company
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

New Shirts

Our elegant new Spring Line of the Latest Creations
in fancy Negligee Shirts is now on display

SHIRTS---75c, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75 up to 2.50

This is the largest line of fine goods in the city. A
glance at them will convince you.

E. L. WASHBURN COMPANY

122 South Second St.

119 West Gold Avenue