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Albuquerque Evening Citizen, 02-18-1907

Hughes & McCreight

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PLAN UNDERWAY FOR FEDERAL BUILDING

In Albuquerque-Will Be Similar to Federal Building in El Paso.

DELEGATE ANDREWS GETS CHANGE OF CHARACTER

Immigration Bill Passes the House by Good Big Majority Over All Opposition.

Special to The Evening Citizen. Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—An interview with Delegate Andrews has developed these facts: In the appropriation for a public building at Albuquerque, \$100,000, which Mr. Andrews secured in the closing moments of the first session of the present congress, the structure was spoken of as a postoffice building.

The delegate had great trouble in getting this straightened up, but he finally succeeded in having it corrected by a bill, so that Albuquerque can now have a public building.

The architect tells Mr. Andrews that he can plan only on the basis of the money appropriated. He cannot design a building to cost over \$100,000, hoping that subsequent appropriations may make good the deficit. Hence, his plans will be for a building about the style of the federal building at El Paso. He claims that he can make a first-class building for \$100,000, as the government owns the ground already. Of course, the furniture will be extra, but the next congress may be relied upon for that.

Solomon Luna is here and he seems much pleased with the plan. Every one familiar with the southwest knows that the El Paso federal building is a magnificent structure of four stories and basement, accommodating the postoffice, the federal court, weather bureau and the customs departments. Such a building would be all that Albuquerque could need had she 75,000 inhabitants. Work is to be begun at once.

Conditions are not so favorable with reference to the validation of the "blueprint" issue of city bonds. Delegate Andrews has had this matter up with the committee several times, and still believes that he will be able to get them to report favorably upon it, although many of the members of the committee are opposed to any such action on general grounds, and they fear that when the measure comes before the house, some one will object and that will kill it. However, the delegate intends to push the measure if it be possible to do so.

The Andrews bill conferring jurisdiction on the court of claims in the case of Manuella Swope, has been referred to the committee on claims, and his bill, granting lands to Anna Johnson, has gone to the committee on public lands. Andrews has taken up with the pension division the cases of Antonio Jose Mares for a \$12 pension, and Joseph Feutler for \$17.

IMMIGRATION BILL IS CARRIED IN THE HOUSE. Washington, Feb. 18.—The house soon after convening today began the consideration of the conference report upon the immigration bill which was agreed to by the senate Saturday.

Burnett Loses Point of Order. After the reading of the report, Burnett, of Alabama, made a point of order against the first provision, which undertakes to regulate the incoming of Japanese coolies by giving the president authority to refuse to recognize their passports, and also against the whole of section 42, having relation to the air space in vessels bringing immigrants to the United States. The speaker decided against the point and Burnett appealed. The chair was supported by 126 to 104.

By Fifty-six Majority. Washington, Feb. 18.—The conference report on the immigration bill was agreed to by the house—157 to 101.

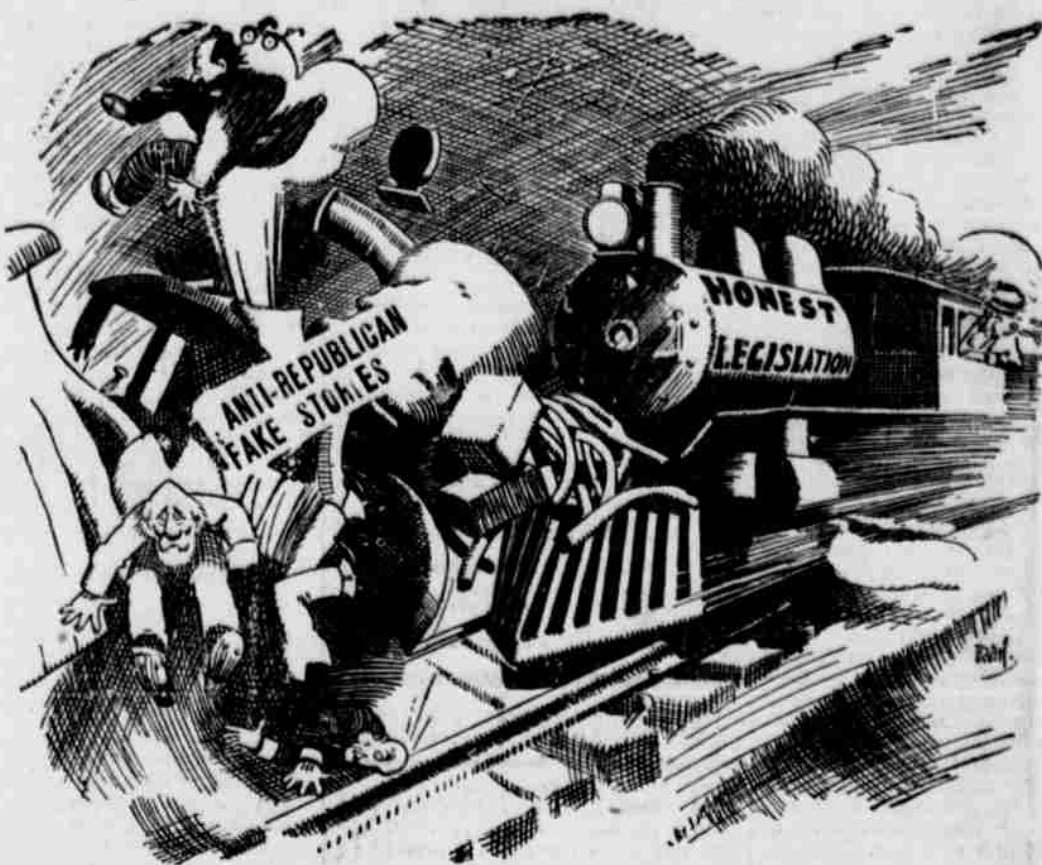
MORNING JOURNAL IS BARRED FROM FLOOR OF HOUSE

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 18.—Mr. Henning, Journal's correspondent, barred from the floor of the house by a resolution introduced by Sanchez of San Miguel and carried by a vote of 16 yeas, 7 nays after a hot debate. Reason given was his reports untruthful, misleading and libelous.

ANNUAL INSPECTION OF GEORGIA TROOPS.

Augusta, Ga., Feb. 18.—The annual inspection of the Georgia state troops, by Inspector-General W. G. O'Neal, took place today. The Oglethorpes and the Clinch Rifles first marched past and were congratulated by the inspector-general on their efficiency and appearance. Tomorrow the volunteers and hussars will parade for inspection.

A HEAD-ON COLLISION



SHOWING THE ONLY THING OF AN ACCIDENTAL NATURE THAT COULD AFFECT THE EQUANIMITY OF OUR LOCAL AND TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS.

FOUR BLOWN TO ATOMS BY EXPLOSION OF DYNAMITE

Barges Cast on Massachusetts Coast and Several Lives Are Lost.

HUNDREDS OF FAMILIES HOMELESS FROM RIVER

London, Ky., Feb. 18.—Foreman Sutton and three of his crew were blown to atoms by a dynamite explosion today at Hazle Patch in this county while constructing a double track on the Louisville & Nashville railroad.

COAL BARGES ARE LOST NEAR HIGHLAND LIGHT

Highland Light, Mass., Feb. 18.—The barge Girard, coal laden, went ashore today near Highland Light, the life saving station, and two of her crew were drowned. The barge will be a total loss. Later: Shortly after 11 o'clock two other barges were sighted driving ashore on Peaked Island bar, where the barge with the Girard were in town of the tug Valley Forge. In a heavy gale they broke away and drifted toward the shore. Shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon another of the barges was blown on the bar by the heavy breakers and a few moments after went to the bottom. It is believed that there were at least three or four aboard.

ICE GORGE IN SOUTH DAKOTA VERY DESTRUCTIVE.

Sioux City, Feb. 18.—An ice gorge in the Missouri near Vermillion, S. D., has caused the river to leave its banks. Hundreds of families have been made homeless. Not since the great flood of 1881 has the water been so high.

JEROME TO INVESTIGATE SATURDAY CENTRAL'S WRECK.

New York, Feb. 18.—District Attorney Jerome's office will be represented at the coroner's inquest into the wreck of the electric train on the New York Central Saturday evening, when twenty-two were killed, fifty seriously injured and 145 slightly hurt. An effort will be made to ascertain just what caused the rail to be torn up and the breaking of the wheel upon the leading motor. Of the injured, four are reported today in a critical condition.

RAILROAD EXPENDITURES TO BE LARGELY CUT.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—Investigation shows that roads entering Chicago have curtailed estimates for the year's work in an amount which will exceed \$125,000,000. This applies to roads which enter Chicago only. It is estimated that the Burlington will spend \$20,000,000 less this year than would have been spent had monetary conditions been better. The road will proceed with the terminal and development work now under way. Several eastern trunk line roads have been conducting negotiations looking to the transfer of new equipment commitments to other lines, particularly western lines. It is said on good authority that in one or two instances there is a desire to transfer two-thirds of the equipment ordered. The causes for this are largely to be found in the antagonistic sentiment manifested toward the railroads and in some instances the curtailment of expenditures is owing to the difficulty which the roads know they would meet if they endeavored to get money.

"IAN MACLAREN" ARRIVES IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 18.—The Rev. Dr. Watson, better known as "Ian MacLaren," author of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," is at present in this city, having arrived from Liverpool a few days ago. Dr. Watson is lecturing in this country. He preached in the Fifth Avenue Baptist church last night before a full congregation. Dr. Watson is of the opinion that Dr. Aker, who is to take charge of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, will make a favorable impression here.

HARRIMAN SUMMONED BY INTERSTATE COMMISSION

Governor Hughes Calls Kelsey. Abe Ruef Is Compelled to Plead.

FEANK HOTTMAN TRIES TO COMMIT SUICIDE

New York, Feb. 18.—A subpoena was served today on E. H. Harriman, calling for his appearance before the interstate commerce commission in this city next Monday. Harriman accepted service.

FIRST STEP TOWARDS REMOVAL OF KELSEY

Albany, Feb. 18.—Governor Hughes served notice today upon Otto Kelsey, state superintendent of insurance to appear before him at 2:30 this afternoon to give testimony concerning the condition in the insurance department. This is regarded as the first step of the governor towards the removal of Kelsey as superintendent of insurance.

RUEF IS COMPELLED TO PLEAD TO INDICTMENT

San Francisco, Feb. 18.—Abraham Ruef was compelled by Judge Dunne this morning over the objection of his attorneys to enter plea in the indictment cases against him. He pleaded not guilty.

AGGY MEYERS' ACCOMPLICE TRIES TO KILL HIMSELF.

Kansas City, Feb. 18.—Frank Hottman, under sentence of death with Mrs. Aggy Meyers for killing Clarence Meyers, the woman's husband, attempted suicide in his cell in the county jail here this morning, by stabbing himself in the breast. His condition is serious and he may die.

AMERICANS GREET IRELAND'S ENVOYS.

Brooklyn, Feb. 18.—The Irish envoys, J. Kettle, M. P., and W. Field, M. P., met with a great reception in the Bijou theatre here last night. Borough President Coker welcomed the envoys. The members of all the branches of the United Irish league turned out in force and after the speeches there was a program of Irish music and dancing. In the course of his address Mr. Kettle, referring to the house of lords said it was entirely out of harmony with modern democratic institutions and should go down. The government, he said, will endeavor to give effect to the will of the people, which the peers will promptly throw out, and that will lead to a combination between the crown and the people to defeat the aristocracy. Mr. Field said the prospect for Ireland was never better. Before the end of the present year the cause for which the Irish people were struggling for more than a century will become an accomplished fact.

ANNUAL AUTOMOBILE CONVENTION OPENS.

Buffalo, Feb. 18.—The fifth annual automobile show under the auspices of the Automobile Club of Buffalo, opened in the Convention hall today and was splendidly patronized. This show has, for the past four years been by far the best local show in the country. It was admitted at the last show that the decorations were the best ever seen outside the New York show, but the electrical effects at the present show will entirely eclipse all past effect in this direction. The Convention hall is packed with exhibits by all the best known makers in this country and abroad and great interest is being taken by the public in the show.

WILL INVESTIGATE CANADIAN FREIGHT PROBLEM.

Montreal, Feb. 18.—A royal commission to investigate the transportation system of Canada is about to be appointed. The facilities have proven so inadequate that business men are a unit in demanding a radical change. Freight orders have been cancelled by hundreds of thousands of dollars worth and the companies have cancelled most of the freight traffic. The situation is growing desperate. Merchants are

met with the explanation that the west's development has been so rapid that the railroads could not meet it. The reply is that the companies knew of the development but failed to prepare for it.

WILLIAM CROMWELL RE-TIRES FROM PANAMA CANAL.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 17.—William Nelson Cromwell has severed his connection with the Panama canal enterprise. In a letter received here from him, from Europe, he declares his intention of resigning from the board of directors of the Panama Railroad company at its meeting in April. It is taken for granted that he will cease to be general counsel of the railroad at the same time.

No objection will be offered by the administration to Mr. Cromwell's retirement. Should the house pass the bill, already favorably acted upon in the senate, closing the separate corporate existence of the Panama Railroad company, and placing its operations directly under the isthmian canal commission, the office of general counsel will be abolished.

ENGINEER WOLF RUN DOWN AT LAS VEGAS

Special to The Evening Citizen. East Las Vegas, Feb. 18.—Engineer Charles A. Wolf was seriously injured in the railroad yards here last evening by being struck by a switch engine. He had just come in on engine 1610 and after looking it over on the pit track, started to leave. As he stepped on the new track, a switch engine shot down rapidly from the coal chute and struck him before he could get out of the way. Four ribs were broken and he was injured internally. He is now unconscious and in a precarious condition. Wolf is about 45 years old and has been an engineer on the Santa Fe here for a number of years.

SHERWOOD B. IVES SHOTS HIMSELF AT DATIL, N. M.

Was Son of New York Banker and Former Captain of Yale Rowing Crew. Death Beats Medical Aid.

Special to The Evening Citizen. Magdalena, N. M., Feb. 18.—Sherwood B. Ives, son of Burton Ives, a wealthy New York banker, and erstwhile captain of the Yale rowing crew, accidentally shot himself Saturday afternoon at Datil, 50 miles west of here, and died at 10 o'clock Saturday night as he was being brought here.

The shooting took place at the ranch of Ray Morley, former football coach of Columbia, New York. Ives had been riding during the early part of the day and had come into the house, with pistol strapped at his belt. The holster came loose letting the gun fall to the floor. It was an automatic pistol and exploded. The bullet entered the thigh and ranging upward lodged in the intestines.

A courier brought the news here post haste and a surgeon was telegraphed for from Albuquerque. New York relatives when notified, wired to employ special train to take surgeon to Magdalena if necessary. The courier bringing first news of the shooting had relayed arranged for ambulance, which left Datil for this place bringing Ives here, so that he could be given medical attention at the earliest possible moment. Ives died before reaching half way point of the journey from a hemorrhage. The body will be shipped to Albuquerque.

The first news to reach Albuquerque of the shooting, came in a dispatch to Chas. Chadwick, the sheep commission broker, who was a friend of Ives. The telegram instructed him to secure a special train at any cost and take the best surgeon in the city to

THAW TRIAL RESUMED AFTER SEVERAL DAYS REST TO ALL CONCERNED

Dr. Evans Gives Strong Testimony as to the Insanity of Defendant When Visited by Him.

EVANS CORROBORATED BY DR. WAGNER, WHO IS RECALLED

Part of Thaw's Will Was Permitted to be Introduced by Jerome, Who No Longer Offered His Usual Objections.

New York, Feb. 18.—The serious difference among the lawyers, who are engaged to defend Thaw, was patched up last evening and it is probable that for the remainder of the trial there will be at least an armed truce among them. For a time it looked as if the trouble had reached the stage where Delphin M. Delmas, who has conducted the defense, would withdraw from the case; but now it appears he will go on. The intervention of Mrs. William Thaw is said to be responsible for patching up the quarrel. An open rupture among the lawyers would be very serious for Thaw, and the realization of this fact doubtless had much to do with the settlement of the difficulty.

Juror Bolton Reports. After an interruption of four days, the trial of Harry K. Thaw was resumed today. Juror Joseph B. Bolton, the death of whose wife caused the postponement of the case and the release of the jury from close confinement since last Thursday, was early at the criminal court building, declaring he felt perfectly able to go ahead with the trial.

During the long adjournment there has been many rumors of conflict among the defendant's counsel, but at the opening of court today all six of the attorneys, who have represented Thaw during the proceedings, were at his counsel table, consulting together as usual.

Dr. Britton D. Evans, superintendent of the New Jersey state hospital for the insane, at Morris Plains, was on the stand last Thursday when the trial adjourned and was recalled today as the first witness. Delmas took the direct examination of the witness, thus retaining his position as leading counsel.

Dr. Evans Gave Testimony. Evans was asked to relate the conversations he had with Thaw during the first three visits to the defendant at the Tombs. The witness had heretofore testified that as the result of these conversations he had concluded Thaw to be insane.

Jerome demanded that the witness produce his notes and Evans explained that what few notes he had taken had been lost after he turned them over to his stenographer. "I may omit some details, but will have to depend entirely on my memory," said the witness. Here Jerome objected. "This witness," he declared, "says he may omit essential facts." "What can he do," replied Justice Fitzgerald.

Dr. Charles G. Wagner, superintendent of the state hospital for the insane at Binghamton, N. Y., was then recalled to the stand. When on the stand previously he was not allowed to relate his conversations with Thaw. He was recalled to tell these.

Dr. Wagner told practically the same story as Dr. Evans and agreed with the latter's conclusion that Thaw's idea was that he was acting as the agent of Providence in killing White. At the conclusion of Wagner's testimony Delmas said he would like to introduce parts of Thaw's will. Jerome said if any of it should be offered, all would have to go in, as there were elements as to handwriting, etc., which must be considered by the jury. This indicates Jerome is no longer opposed to the introduction of the will. At this point recess was taken until this afternoon.

Part of Will Put In. District Attorney Jerome this afternoon permitted the reading of the provision in Thaw's will setting aside \$50,000 for prosecution of any persons who might be suspected of having caused his death by violence.

CAPTAIN JOHN KIRWIN, FENIAN LEADER, DEAD.

Dublin, Feb. 18.—Captain John Kirwin, a Fenian leader, who has just died in Richmond hospital, took an active part in the Fenian rebellion in 1867, serving in the Papal brigade, and subsequently enlisted in the United States army. Kirwin was present at the attack on the Mallory police barracks and in connection with this was sentenced to five years penal servitude. He retired some years ago, with the rank of captain, on a pension from the American government and came to spend his last days in this country.

STOP IMPORT OF BUFFALO HIDES TO UNITED STATES.

New York, Feb. 18.—Judge Hazel, of the United States circuit court today handed down a decision ruling that buffalo hides from India cannot enter the United States. The imports of hides from India have within the past few years greatly increased, the merchandise being used in the manufacture of shoes and in other lines. Judge Hazel in his decision states that the term "hides of cattle" in the Dingley tariff act does not include buffalo hides or the skins of the hump cattle of India or Africa. As the decision will seriously effect the leather trade an appeal to Judge Hazel's ruling will be lodged.

LEGISLATORS IN SANTA FE AGAIN

Council Got Down to Work This Morning and House This Afternoon.

BOOSTERS LET THEIR ARRIVAL BE KNOWN

Visit to Estancia Valley Quite Enjoyable and Doubtless Will Produce Much Good.

Santa Fe, Feb. 18.—About seventy members of the Boosters' club reached here at 11 a. m. They marched through the streets shouting their club yell, and then called on Mayor Governor Hagerman, who received them in his private office. The governor and the club members made speeches. At 1 o'clock they held a banquet at the Palace hotel, at which the governor, the attorney general and other territorial officials were present. The club is having a good time.

The council held a short session this morning. Council bill No. 47 was introduced by Sargent, which provides that county commissioners upon petition from twenty-five taxpayers may make a levy of 2 mills to support charitable institutions in any county where institutions are not under territorial appropriation.

The house substitute for house bill No. 29, an act to force county officials to maintain their offices in county seats, reached the council and was referred to the committee on territorial affairs.

Council bill No. 12, to allow justices of the peace to issue marriage licenses passed the council by a vote of 3 yeas 0 nays.

The council is in recess until 3 p. m., when the house also convenes. Councilmen Dalles and Richards are too ill to attend. Miera is absent from the city.

Spies introduced a bill in the council to prohibit gambling, provides minimum fine of \$100, maximum fine of \$500. Six months in jail for each offense.

Holt introduced in the house a bill to prevent expropriation on sidewalks in all towns an dto provide for fumigating rooms occupied by tubercular persons.

The council is considering the tax bill and the house is still in session.

Back From the Excursion.

As far as entertainment went, the excursionists could not be prejudiced against either town. As far as possibilities are concerned, there are no limits to them anywhere in the great valley.

The hat was passed on the train before reaching Santa Fe and every one was asked to cast a vote either in favor of Estancia or Willard for the location of the county seat. All but about twenty persons voted. The result was: For Estancia 78; for Willard, 12. Whether this will in any way represent the sentiments of the house members when council bill No. 15, for the change of the county seat from Estancia to Willard comes up, is a matter of doubt.

"Hurrah for Estancia valley—the new farming district of New Mexico," will at least be remembered as the slogan of the Thirty-seventh assembly.

No Fight on Councilman Dalles.

William Gregg, justice of the peace at Estancia, returned with the excursionists to Santa Fe. He said:

"We residents of Estancia want to be heard, but not to fight on Councilman Carl A. Dalles. We believe that we are entitled to the county seat because we have the largest, most up to date and most central town in Torrance county."

"We desire it understood that we are not making a fight on Councilman Carl A. Dalles. There is no disposition on our part to cause a rupture in the republican party in Torrance county over this matter. We, for the most part, are republicans who advocate the keeping of the county seat at Estancia and we believe that from what the legislators saw of the Estancia valley of Estancia and of our development, citizenship and loyalty, to party and territory that they will not remove the county seat to Willard."

JAPS AND CUBANS NEED SOME ADMONITORY SPANKS.

Honolulu, Feb. 18.—A mass meeting of Japanese will be held tonight to protest against the exclusion of Japanese from the mainland, and against any form of Japanese exclusion.

Cuban Liberals Get Offensive.

New York, Feb. 18.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says that open and signed threats of war against the United States if it does not get out of Cuba are now made by the leaders of the liberal party, to whom everything has been given by the American provisional government except absolute control.

The party is impatient and has grown impatient over the delay of the Americans in withdrawal, when it was promised that they would be left masters of Cuba.

The suggestion of the conservative classes of Americans that a protectorate might be better, is resented bitterly and the liberal papers assert that annexation or protectorate would be followed by war.

ERUPTION FEARED FROM ETNA SMOKE DISCHARGE.

Paris, Feb. 18.—Dispatches from Taormina report smoke issuing from the lower and upper craters of Mount Etna and an eruption is feared.

THE EVENING CITIZEN

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mail as second class matter.OFFICIAL PAPER FOR
CITY OF ALBUQUERQUEAN INCREASE OF
WORK RESULT
OF BILLFor Service Pensions. Thus
Preventing Proposed
Force Reduction.HOW CONGRESSMEN FAVOR
THEIR CONSTITUENCYHorses and Dogs Are Slaughtered
For Food in Germany Where
Meat Is Scarce.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—The service pension bill, which recently passed both houses of congress and was approved by the president February 6, will entail a vast amount of additional work on the part of the commissioner of pensions. Already it is apparent that old soldiers will not be backward in taking advantage of a law that gives them a pension merely upon proof of honorable discharge, ninety days of service and age. The day following the passage of the act and before official notice of the fact that the law was in operation had reached the commissioner of pensions, fifty applications for pensions under the new law were received. The next day these applications were trebled and the third day almost four hundred applications from various states in the union were filed. Since then these applications have come in at the rate of between 2,000 and 3,000 a day.

The new law has demonstrated the fact that there cannot be any further diminution of the force of the pension office, as the commissioner had expected and as he told congress in his last annual report. It will not be such an easy matter, apparently, for the old soldiers to prove a stumbling block to many. Unless one stops to think that it never occurs how difficult it is to prove one's age. With the family and church records existing it might be comparatively easy but in all cases such records are not available. Then, too, for various reasons, in the cases of old soldiers, the records are frequently discrepancies in the age given at the time of enlistment and at discharge. Owing to the desire of many men to enlist at the outbreak of the war they represented themselves as older than they were; their correct ages were not recorded and they were discharged and this has caused endless confusion. When a matter of a year or a few months means the difference in this service pension of \$5 a month, these discrepancies will prove very material to the applicant. At all events, the law must prove his age absolutely and this is going to be a difficult matter for some of the veterans these long years after their service and their discharge. At the present rate of application, it is believed that practically every survivor of the Union army will eventually get on the pension roll.

Transfer of Invitation Cards.

There are several senators and members of the house who understand the value of invitations to the white house receptions held every winter, when those invitations are distributed among their constituency. These little tickets that admit the holder to the dress parade in the east room, where Washington's society is out in force and where everybody who is anybody can be found, are valuable perquisites for the member who wishes to impress his visiting constituents. When the supply runs short members frequently turn over their own invitations to those whom they wish to favor, although all cards are marked "not transferable," and there would be an accounting on the part of somebody if the deception were discovered.

However, there is little chance of detection, as the admission card enclosed in its neat little envelope, is scarcely ever opened by the doorkeeper; he doesn't have the time. Admitted in the cloak rooms, the guests form in line and are admitted along the receiving line past the president at a double quick pace, and almost before the president's purely formal word of greeting is heard, the guests have been pushed on and are almost out of hearing.

"I got sixteen of these invitations for my constituents to the army and navy reception," said a New York member of the house, the other day. This member certainly had a great run of luck, for this particular reception is the favorite among Washingtonians. The gold lace of the army and navy officers and the glittering regalia and uniforms of the diplomatic corps make it a most attractive sight, not to mention the handsome gowns of the women. "My constituents," thought that reception was the greatest thing they had ever witnessed. They had never been to one and were thoroughly impressed with the whole show. It ought to help me some in my next campaign, for these little bits of paper that carried them by the doorkeepers has certainly established my station at home with the man in the white house."

German Use of Dog Meat.

When the exposure of conditions in the meat packing business of the west was made, a great hue and cry went up in Europe in protests against American meats and the way in which

they were prepared for the market. Nowhere was this protest more emphatic than in Germany. A few days ago document was read before the house committee on agriculture that indicates the existence of practices in Germany that would never be tolerated in this country. It appears that horses and dogs are common articles of consumption as human food and that the laws of Germany recognize them as such.

This document was a report of Consul-General Hugh Pitcairn, of Hamburg, summarizing a report of the German department of health, recently published with regard to the results of the cattle and meat inspection in the German empire during the year 1904, from which the following extract read to the committee, was of more than ordinary interest:

"It is worth mentioning that during the year under report, the number of cattle slaughtered was exceptionally high, owing to the scarcity of feed-stuffs. There were submitted to inspection 3,328,903 head of heaves over three months old; 4,287,491 calves less than three months old; 15,663,116 hogs; 2,267,729 sheep; 423,742 goats; 122,768 horses, etc., and 4,787 dogs."

It is needless to add that whatever may have been the carelessness of American packers with regard to sanitary surroundings, horses and dogs, in this country, are unknown as an article of food.

Territorial
Topics

CRUSHED TO DEATH

IN CARTHAGE MINES
Francisco Luna, a coal miner, was crushed to death in the Carthage coal mines on Friday. The deceased lived at Lemitar, was a man of about forty years of age, and leaves a wife and two children to mourn his sudden loss. The mine, in which the accident occurred, is owned and operated by the Carthage Fuel company.

SIERRA CONSOLIDATED HAS

NEW ORE CRUSHER
A new 15,000 pound ore crusher for the Sierra Consolidated company arrived here last night from Lake Valley on Friday. The crusher was delivered this morning, says the Sierra County Advocate. Owing to the soft condition of the roads, in places, it took about a week to get the "peanut cracker" from Lake Valley to Hillsboro.

PEACH BLOSSOMS ON

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY.
February is a little bit early in most peach growing countries for the peach trees to be in blossom, but Roswell is in a favored land, says the Roswell Record. This year there were peach blossoms out on St. Valentine's day. They can be seen by all Missourians and other doubters in the yard at the residence of W. R. Clements, at the corner of Sixth street and Richardson avenue.

FARMERS AT WORK

IN SOCORRO COUNTY
Plowing and planting have been in full progress in the vicinity of Socorro this week, says the Socorro Chieftain. The buds have started on the fruit trees and are so far advanced that some fears are expressed for the sake of the fruit. Such fears are always entertained in the spring, however, especially if the spring happens to be an early one, but this locality never fails to have a good crop of some kind.

MCCRISTEL STAYED IN

STATION JUST THE SAME
John McCristel of Ponil has a kick coming against the Santa Fe, says the Raton Gazette. Wednesday he purchased tickets to Leavenworth, Kan., intending to leave on No. 2 that night. The train was several hours late. Mr. and Mrs. McCristel desired to use waiting room at the depot until train time, but, as he states it, he was given to understand that the room would not be open for the public. Mr. McCristel stayed just the same and wants to know what a depot waiting room is for anyway.

JESSE KIMMICK IS

SAVED FROM PENITENTIARY
The case of Jesse Kimmick has been docketed before the supreme court of the territory, says the Sierra County Advocate. Kimmick was tried here at the last term of district court for killing Roy Sliff at Hancock, Grant county, and was found guilty of murder in the second degree and was sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary. After sentence was pronounced the attorneys for the defense entered a motion for an appeal, which was granted. The case came from Grant county on a change of venue.

A Habit to Be Encouraged.

The mother who has acquired the habit of keeping on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, saves herself a great amount of uneasiness and anxiety. Coughs, colds and croup, to which children are susceptible are quickly cured by its use. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia, and if given as soon as the first symptoms of croup appear, it will prevent the disease. This remedy contains nothing injurious and mothers give it to little ones with a feeling of perfect security. Sold by all druggists.

MERCURY DOES NOT CURE
BLOOD POISON

While Mercury and Potash may mask the disease in the system and cover up the outward symptoms for awhile, they cannot cure Contagious Blood Poison; when the treatment is left off, the disease will return worse than before. Mercury and Potash eat out the delicate lining of the stomach and bowels, produce chronic dyspepsia, cause the teeth to decay, make spots, tender gums, affect the bones and nerves, and often cause Mercurial Rheumatism, the most hopeless form of this disease. Thousands have taken the mineral treatment faithfully for years to find when it was left off, that the disease had only been smoldering in the system, and the old symptoms of ulcerated mouth and throat, falling hair, copper-colored spots, swollen glands, sores and ulcers, etc., would return in all their hideousness, and they were no nearer a cure than when they first commenced the treatment. S. S. S. is the only certain, safe and reliable treatment for Contagious Blood Poison. It is the one medicine that is able to go into the blood and cure the disease permanently, and without injury to any part of the system. S. S. S. does not cover up anything, but so completely removes the poison that no trace of it is ever seen again. This medicine will also remove entirely of roots, herpes and leprosy; we offer a reward of \$1,000 for proof that it contains a particle of mineral in any form. Write for our home treatment book, and if you desire special medical advice, our physicians will be glad to furnish it, as well as the book, free of charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

A MIRACLE THAT
PROVED A
FAILUREAn Incident in Early Mormon
History Very Nearly
ForgottenBUT REVIVED BY THE
SMOOT SENATE TRIALJoseph Smith Walked on the Water
Once Too Often For His Re-
putation For Miracles.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—The long discussion in the senate of the various phases of the Reed Smoot case has had the effect of stimulating investigations of a number of the obscure features of Mormonism. A mass of historical matter has been brought to light by students of the growth of the cult and a great volume of material widely scattered, has been rediscovered and added to the data of origins.

Among this material is the story of the miracle that failed, involving the tragedy of a budding prophet, who could not deliver the goods, a misfortune which came very near costing Joseph Smith a fortune. The story of a miracle which failed, involving the tragedy of a budding prophet, who could not deliver the goods, a misfortune which came very near costing Joseph Smith a fortune.

It happened at the little town of Afton, where Smith was married in 1827 and where he had lived for some time. Here he organized his society and practically began the strange propaganda that as the years passed trailed itself nearly across the continent until it reached the promised land on the shores of the great Salt Lake. At Afton Smith drew about him a body of earnest converts, and his vigorous preaching, his strange personal magnetism, and his startling avowals of prophecy and inspiration attracted large crowds to his services. Finally, to put the substance of achievement to the test of predictions, and to prove to the sneers and revilers, of whom there were many, that he had divine attributes, he walked from shore to shore upon the waters of a creek that flowed near the town.

The feat came as the dramatic climax to a powerful sermon by which his hearers had been aroused to a state of frenzy and the ocular demonstration of his professed divinity, greeted with a Greek chorus of "Amen," removed the last vestige of doubt from the minds of converts. According to the relation in the old county history, the news of this marvelous feat spread like wildfire throughout the adjacent countryside. It was discussed at every crossroads store and was the one topic of conversation at every farm house and village home, even the revilers were subdued for the moment.

Still there were many skeptics, for the Smith family had a very unsavory reputation in the neighborhood, and Joseph Smith in particular, according to the affidavits of some sixty of the prominent men of the vicinity, was held to be a person of unimpeachable moral character, and of vicious drunken habits. They doubted and waited.

Smith's success was his undoing, according to the old history. The converts hungered for miracles. They wanted some more of the water-walking business, as secular proof for the flock of new adherents and Smith rather reluctantly consented, for none knew better than he how repetition cheapens. When the day came great crowds lined the shore of the creek, every one upon the tip of expectancy. At the appointed hour, Smith appeared, and with a true dignity and assurance, approached the bank at the spot roped off for him to make the trial. He removed his shoes and stockings and waded in. The great crowd held its breath. Weeks were craned and staring eyes watched every movement of the prophet.

A murmur of surprise, a gasp of wonder swept over the crowd as Smith slowly and dramatically walked toward midstream, the water, well known to be ten or twelve feet deep at this point, coming only half way between his feet and the shore. Unbelieving eyes the skeptics watched the progress of his majestic glide. Then suddenly, with a splash that threw the water of the muddy creek high in the air, the prophet disappeared. A moment later, puffing and splurging around like any ordinary mortal under similar cold-bath circumstances.

A roar of laughter swept over the crowd, and a battery of sharp, crude, brutal epithets and criticisms were turned loose upon him as he swam to the shore, and was pulled out by his devoted adherents. Some of the bawler sort wanted to give Smith a coat of tar and feathers, but the discredited miracle worker was whisked away out of danger by some of his supporters, and the advice of the cooler-headed among the crowd prevailed.

Investigation showed that Smith, according to the allegations, had built a submerged pier out into the river on piles, the tops of which came within about a foot of the surface of the muddy water. On the piles boards had been placed, by means of which walking on the water was reduced to a fine and practical art.

It happened that while Smith was practicing this miracle in order to perform it without any change of mishap, some boys who had sought the secluded spot for a swim, surprised him at work. They watched him from hiding, and when he left they investigated. Keeping the secret of their discovery to themselves, they waited until the day when he announced that he could repeat the miracle, and then removed one of the boards from the submerged pier at a point where the water was about ten feet deep. The prophet's involuntary bath was the dramatic result.

The same old history gives another story of Smith's failure. He had declared from his pulpit that his person was divine, and that no one could with safety law hands upon him to injure or hurt him. Soon after this rash assertion Smith was passing the house where lived Nathan Apollonio, a stonemason, a strict inductive method of his sprang at the prophet, knocked him down, and gave him a bird of a wallop, while Smith yelled for mercy, and was finally released much the worse for wear. Nathan said he simply wanted to show that Smith was a liar.

Smith had quite a vogue in the vicinity of Afton as a counter-claim of devils. Upon his trial upon the charge of being an impostor, several witnesses testified that they had seen Smith turn the trick. One said he saw a devil about the size of a woodchuck leave one of the prophet's father and mother, another witness said that a devil he had seen Smith exercise from one man looked like a yellow dog when it left its victim.

But, of course, this testimony of the prophet's failures and shortcomings is from his home section, where no man can be either hero or sage. Driven from his own state, he succeeded in laying the foundation for a great church that has been powerful enough at times to defy even the "Peepstone Joe" of Afton, became the Mormon messiah of the Utah wilderness.

heavyweight of Australia, is to be Jack Johnsons first opponent in a battle in Australia. The men are to battle twenty rounds in Melbourne early in March and Johnson is guaranteed \$1,500 for his end if successful in beating Felix. Johnson will be matched to fight Bill Squires.

MISCELLANEOUS.
There will be plenty of high class wrestling in and about New York City this year. The Metropolitan association will hold its championships same time in March, and in all probability the National Amateur Athletic union championships will be open to all registered amateurs of the United States, will be held in Newark.

The famous hackney show mare Mildred, which Eben Jordan has shown at the leading horse shows for the past four years with such notable success has been purchased by E. T. Bedford, of Brooklyn, for his daughter, Miss Emily H. Bedford. The purchase price is stated to be \$25,000.

Eben Byers, of Pittsburg, national amateur golf champion, has sailed for England to play in the British amateur championship tournament at St. Andrews course in Scotland. London sports are worked up over the coming championship battle between "Gunner" Moir and "Tiger" Smith which is stated to take place before the National Sporting club on Feb. 25th.

Peter Maher is the most unlucky fighter in the ring. He knocked out his mother-in-law in one punch and had to go to jail for it.

The international dory race will take place in Nova Scotia on July 15. It will be held under the auspices of the Shelbourne Yacht club of Nova Scotia.

Bill Squires, the champion heavyweight of Australia, has sailed from Melbourne for San Francisco. He issued a challenge to all American heavyweights.

N. Dymont, a well known Canadian turfman, is dead. He was 74 years old and had amassed millions in the lumber business. As a breeder of thoroughbreds he was known both in Dominion and United States.

His horses twice won the Kings Plate. He owned Fort Hunter, Kinley Dale, and other good racers and last year purchased the two year old colt, Tourenee, by Oddfellows for \$10,000. He kept up his large stable with no object to gain but solely for the sake of sport.

Herreshoff, of Bristol, the builder of the Reliance, Constitution, Columbia and Defender is building a defender for the Canada cup.

The Harvard and Columbia crews on the Charles river on May 11.

Harvard will not row Cornell on Lake Cayuga on memorial day unless the Cornell authorities give their assurance that no steamers will follow the two crews over the course.

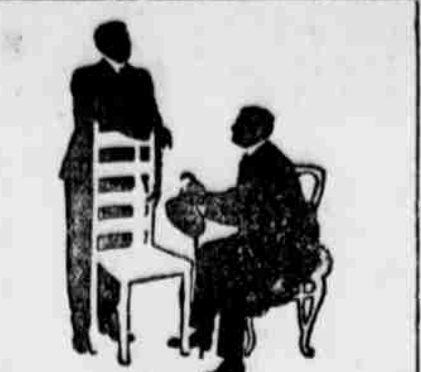
Mishlimpan Samuel L. Henderson, of Imboden, Ark. has been appointed manager of the naval academy boat crew to succeed Mishlimpan Claudius R. Hyatt, of Jonesville, Pa., who has graduated. Care E. Dreutzer, one of the best oarsmen ever produced at the academy, is now rowing in the crew of the University of Wisconsin.

Whitney Landgon, the plunger, has gone to the wall again. During the past season he made \$5,000 but last week met a run of hard luck and dropped it all.

The fourth annual tourney of the Indoor 22 Calibre Rifle League of America will be next held in Rochester, N. Y. The date has not yet been fixed.

Hackenschmidt, the wrestler, has written a book on wrestling which will be published in a few days.

The council of the English Hackney Horse Society have offered to the New York Horse Show society a challenge cup valued at \$500 as a mark of the friendly feeling of the English breeders.

Persuasive
Talk.....

Is sometimes necessary, but we depend upon the merit of our goods and fair dealing with every customer, to insure our continual success in the drug business.

ALVARADO
PHARMACYCor. Gold Ave. and First St.
B. H. BRIGGS &
CO. Proprietors

SEEK A RELIABLE DENTIST

Full Set of Teeth \$8
Gold Filling \$1.50 up
Gold Crowns \$5
Painless Extracting 50c

ALL WORK ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED.

B. F. COPP,
ROOM 12, N. T. ARMJO BLDG.Sporting
Notes

RACING.

Dion Kerr, the gentleman rider, has a promising four year old by Kercheval, he has named Chorist. He is a perfect jumper. Kerr has planned to take him to Canada after the Benning meetings. If he makes good on the Canadian circuit he will race him at Benning again in the fall.

When Light Nate started in a race at New Orleans recently he was backed all over the country and his victory would have been a costly one to layers. He ran well for seven furlongs and then was beaten. In the betting and at 40 to 1 defeated a good field.

Charles F. Sanders, an eastern horseman, who went to California about twelve years ago, died recently. He at one time in the east trained for the late Adolph Nelson, the first caterer at Morris park. Among the horses handled by Sanders for Nelson was the Potentate.

Kercheval, Koerner is under an engagement to ride for Harry Payne Whitney this year.

Charles Marvin, aged sixty-eight years, one of the most famous drivers and trainers of race horses in America, died recently in a Kentucky hospital. During his career he owned many horses of national reputation and probably won more money with harness horses than any other American trainer.

William Cherry, the jockey, is now training for Henry McDaniel at Hot Springs. He will try to get into condition to ride during the coming season.

Thomas has just elected a senator who is said to have paroled himself from the pig-skin to the toga. Danny Maher, Tommy Burns and Lucien Lyne should take courage. By keeping their eye on the main chance some day they may be serving their country for \$1,500 a year instead of the paltry sum of \$30,000 which they get now.

PUGILISM

Johnny Carroll, one of the cleverest welterweight fighters in New York is out with a challenge to fight any of the best men in his class. He is anxious to meet Martin, Sailor Burke, Honey Melody or Willie Lewis. He knocked Burke out in one round last year. Joe Falvey his backer and manager is willing to post a forfeit of \$1,000 to bind a match with any of the top men.

John Allen, the Philadelphia fighter, and Darkey Allen, the clever little Englishman have been matched to fight ten rounds for \$500 a side. They will enter the ring at 142 pounds.

By declaring that he will not attempt to prevent prize fights, the Rev. Governor H. T. Buchtel, Colorado's new preacher-governor, will probably make this state the home of glove contests in the future.

According to the committee in charge of the fund for Terry McGovern, after paying all expenses there remains a balance of nearly \$15,000 which will go to the stricken pugilist's family.

It begins to look as though the mammoth tourney idea has been abandoned. That the Britt-Gans championship fight will be the only one decided in the Tonopah arena in March, if even that goes. Some people are pessimistic enough to think that the Britt-Gans affair is in none other than a great loss.

The runner-mongers can hardly be blamed for waxing suspicious. Peter Felix, the giant colored

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.

WANTED—Good second hand gunny sacks. Hahn's Coal Yard.

WANTED—To borrow \$50.00 for two years; good real estate security. Box 403, city.

WANTED—To buy two or three teams from \$60 to 1,000 pounds. Inquire at Sturges' corner, R. J. Sweeney.

WANTED—Gentleman's second-hand clothing. No. 612 South First street, south of viaduct. Send address and will call. R. J. Sweeney, proprietor.

WANTED—An experienced clerk for a general merchandise store; must speak Spanish and have good recommendations. Good salary for the right person. Address F. J. Citizen office.

WANTED—Good timber men, sawyers and teamsters; also female help—cooks, housekeepers, wash women, etc. Colburn's Employment Agency, 109 West Silver avenue.

WANTED—Teams—The Santa Fe Gold & Copper Mining Co. wants teams for coal haul from Hagan to the mines, near San Pedro, and for other purposes. All good teams making application will be given work. Geo. O. Marra, Superintendent.

WANTED—Lady or gentleman of fair education to travel and collect for firm of \$250,000 capital. Salary \$1,072 per year and expenses. Salary paid weekly and expenses advanced, references required. Address, with stamp, J. A. Alexander, Albuquerque, N. M.

AGENTS WANTED.

MEN AND WOMEN ARE MAKING \$10 to \$25 a day selling our embroidery goods. No capital or experience required. Why not you? Write for samples and exclusive agency. U. S. EMBROIDERY WORKS, Omaha, Neb.

SALESMEN WANTED.

WANTED—Salesman, experienced in any line to sell general trade in New Mexico; an unexcelled specialty proposition, commission with \$35 weekly for expenses. The Continental Jewelry Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—capable salesman to cover New Mexico with staple line; high commissions with \$100 monthly advance; permanent position to right man. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR RENT.

FOR SALE—A 10x12 tent; practically new. Call at 1023 North Fourth street.

FOR RENT—A twelve-room modern house, unfurnished, at 119 North First street. Call at Rico cafe.

FOR RENT—Five room house, partially furnished, electric light and bath, low rent. 209 North Second street. Apply to F. H. Strong.

FOR RENT—A six room two-story brick house, corner of Seventh street and Tijeras avenue. Inquire at Lomori & Matteece, 624 West Tijeras avenue.

FOR RENT—Seven-room new brick house, furnished part or whole; large barn and chicken house; two acres of land. See P. F. McCanna, or Mrs. P. M. Gavin.

FOR RENT—Five-room house in good repair, corner of Railroad avenue and Hill street. Low rent to a permanent tenant. Inquire of J. F. Luthy.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms \$1.00 per week and up; also nice rooms for light housekeeping \$1.00 per week and up furnished with stove and cooking utensils and dishes. The Minneapolis House, 524 South Second street, Albuquerque, N. M.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good big cow, will be fresh soon. See George K. Meher.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A Yost typewriter. See The Citizen.

FOR SALE—Three lots, corner of Silver avenue and Fifth street, one and one-half blocks from the new postoffice site. \$2,000 cash.

FOR SALE—The Claude Girard property on Mountain road, first house west of aqueduct, near Sixteenth street. Inquire on premises or at 300 North Broadway.

FOR SALE—Majority of stock in established and paying retail business, Incorporated. Owner wishes to leave city. Address No. 1126, Daily Citizen.

FOR SALE—Cheap, Edison Mimeograph, Smith-Premier typewriter, DeLong's 200 watt power gas lamp, buggy, scale, show cases, Old Albuquerque Postoffice store.

FOR SALE—At the "Variety" you will find fine home made bread, 5c a loaf; doughnuts, pies, baked beans, soup and other good things strictly home made. Phone 718. Mrs. Downs, 596 South Armo St.

Neighbors Got Fooled.

"I was literally caught myself to death, and had become too weak to leave my bed; and neighbors predicted that I would never leave it alive, but they got fooled, for thanks be to God, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It took just four one dollar bottles to completely cure the cough and restore me to good sound health," writes Mrs. Eva U. Greiner, of Grovetown, Stark county, Indiana. This king of cough and cold cures, and healer of throat and lungs, is guaranteed by all druggists, \$50 and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.

January 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Santiago Garcia, of Chilli, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 6889, made December 3, 1901, for the E½ NW¼, E½ SW¼, and Section 26, Township 10 N, Range 19 W, and that said proof will be made before Jesus M. Luna, Probate Clerk at Los Lunas, N. M., on March 7, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: Jose R. Candelaria, Rafael Balde, Manuel Sanchez, Blente Chaber, all of San Rafael, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.

January 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Juan de Dios Padilla of San Rafael, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 6889, made December 3, 1901, for the E½ NW¼, E½ SW¼, and Section 26, Township 10 N, Range 19 W, and that said proof will be made before Jesus M. Luna, Probate Clerk at Los Lunas, N. M., on March 7, 1907.

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MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.

January 29, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that Juan de Dios Padilla of San Rafael, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final

GAMBLERS ARE RAIDED IN EL PASO

Bank Roll Contained American and Mexican Money--Proprietors Were Mexicans.

El Paso, Feb. 18.—Captain Walbridge of the police force and several of his men raided two gambling dives in the southern part of the city.

At a saloon on the corner of the alley on Second street, between El Paso and Santa Fe, the police found C. O. Barnes, a negro, running a monte game, and there were about twenty negroes in the place, some of them gambling. Barnes was arrested and taken to jail and his outfit, consisting of two decks of cards and \$35 cash, was taken by the police.

Barnes stated at the police station that he had recently bought the game from a man who told him he had everything fixed up to Saturday and that after then he (Barnes) would have to make his own arrangements.

Next the officers raided the Big Four saloon on the corner of Utah and Seventh streets and found two games of monte in full blast. There were about 150 Americans, Mexicans and negroes in the place and all who could get to the tables were gambling. One game was run by Miguel Flores who had a bank roll of \$79.85 American money and \$51.75 Mexican. The police took Flores, his bank roll and three decks of cards. The other game was run by Jose Medrano, who had in eight \$90.15 American money and \$59.40 Mexican. His cash, cards and chips were taken with him to the police station.

Flores and Medrano were bailed out by Louis Vidal and Frank Curtis. The police did not arrest any of the men found in the gambling rooms, but warned them that they would be arrested next time.

PHILADELPHIA COPPER MINES SOLD FOR \$75,000

WISCONSIN PEOPLE, NEW OWNERS, PROPOSE TO INCREASE CAPACITY OF WORKINGS IMMEDIATELY.

Special to The Evening Citizen.

Silver City, N. M., Feb. 18.—A mining deal of more than usual importance has been consummated in the Hanover copper district, whereby the Philadelphia group of mines were sold by F. C. Bell, of Pinos Altos, to the Native Copper Mining company, of Milwaukee, Wis., the consideration being \$75,000. The same company owns adjoining this property the Copper George group, comprising fifteen additional claims covering in all an acreage extending from the Hanover to the Santa Rita mining camps.

It is the intention of the Milwaukee people to increase one of the present shafts to triple compartment and also to sink and operate two additional shafts. Several eastern gentlemen connected with the company are now in the city in company with B. F. Baker, of Hanover, who represented the Bell interests in the transaction.

It is also understood that the Native Copper company will continue work on the Philadelphia mine, begun by Mr. Baker, who has had the property under bond and lease for the past six months, and who has been working a force of twenty-four men. The mine is now shipping a car of copper ore daily to the Silver City smelter. The Philadelphia and Copper George groups are properties of known merit, and with the extensive developments planned, will place this property among the foremost producers of the central mining district.

HAM AND EGGS USED WITH DEADLY EFFECT

INDIANA WOMEN FAIL TO GET SUFFRAGE BECAUSE THEY LOVE THEIR HUSBANDS.

Indianapolis, Feb. 18.—The senate sustained its long-continued attitude toward woman suffrage one day last week by voting against the bill introduced at the instance of Mrs. Helen Gough, and which was so drawn that women could vote in all elections and would be eligible to hold office in cities and towns. Mrs. Gough and several other suffragists were present, and the women frequently applauded the votes that favored their measure. Though they went down to defeat, it was by the narrowest margin that ever attended the taking of a vote on a similar measure, for the totals were but 24 against 22 in favor of the bill. The women were naturally encouraged, and were congratulated on all sides by their supporters on the apparent growth of suffrage sentiment.

Senator Bens, of Dubois, Crawford and Perry, made a speech in favor of the bill, and greatly amused the senate by the reasons which he gave for its support. "I am for this bill," said he, "because I realize that it was women who brought about my election in a republican district. There was a republican majority of 325 in the district and I was elected by 105. I will tell you how it came about. I got the name of every republican who had a democratic wife and I called to see them. I told them of the morning of election to cook their husbands some ham and eggs, so with them to the gate, put their arms about their husbands' necks and then told them 'to go vote for John Benz.' They did this and I was elected."

Lame Back.
This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles and may be cured by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm two or three times a day and rubbing the parts vigorously at each application. If this does not afford relief, bind on a piece of flannel slightly dampened with Pain Balm, and quick relief is almost sure to follow. For sale by all druggists.

SHOPMEN OUT ON IRON MOUNT- AIN ROAD

Strike Is Basis of General Movement and Demand For Higher Wages.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 18.—The boiler makers, blacksmiths and blacksmith helpers employed at the shops on the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain lines have gone out on strike under instructions of the grand officers of the union. It would appear that the union officers are forcing the wage issue on the Gould system as the basis for a general movement for an increase all over the country.

There are 725 boiler makers employed on the Gould lines, distributed at the shops of the system located in St. Louis, Sedalia, Kansas City, Oswotomie, Holmdel, Fort Scott, Atchison, DeSoto, Little Rock, McGeehe and Ferriday. There are 373 blacksmiths and helpers employed at those shops.

The Missouri Pacific management states that the boiler makers were given an advance in wages of 1 cent per hour last November. On the 14th of the present month the management offered the boiler makers 2 cents per hour additional, making an increase of 3 cent per hour over the wages paid to November 1, 1906, placing them on the same basis as the machinists at all points on the system, as has been the practice heretofore, and which put their pay on the same basis as the Union Pacific, Frisco and Rock Island, with which roads the boiler makers have recently made settlements.

This offer, however, the management states, the committee declined to accept, demanding that the Missouri Pacific pay 1 cent per hour more than other roads in the same territory for the same work.

Settlement was made with the machinists on February 7 and they are not disturbed by the present movement. The management will determine upon its future course in a few days, but at present the shops are all open. The increase offered to the men on strike would have brought their pay up to an average of \$100 to \$115 per month.

Itching Piles.

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggists.

FARMINGTON HAS OIL AT 2100 FEET

At a depth of 2100 feet a small flow of oil was encountered on Monday, which added much interest to the efforts of the Milwaukee-Times-Hustler.

Before the oil seep was struck, very salt water in small quantity had been encountered and a sample of that is also in the Hustler office. It seems to be about as salty as sea water.

Last night about 5 o'clock the key on the drum that carries the sand line came loose just as the bucket full of muck had reached the top of the casing. The result was that bucket and sand line all went to the bottom like greasy lightning. The bucket weighed about 750 pounds, while the three thousand feet of steel cable weighed something like a ton, so you can easily imagine how rapidly it all went to the bottom. It took the force until about midnight to recover the bucket and line.

The drill is going again today and is now entering a sandrock formation after having passed through over 1,200 feet of shale. The rock is getting very hard and it is believed that as soon as this rock is passed through it will enter the oil. The well is now over 2,300 feet.

PURITY OF PROMISE

"Make Good" and you'll Be Prosperous

put on the market, was to make no PROMISE in our salesmanship, that was not characterized by PURITY and TRUTH and HONESTY, so that we could always DELIVER what we AGREED.

It was our own PURE DRUG law and our PROMISE has always been FULFILLED.

The best inducement we can offer our friends in our advertising, past and present, is to TRY CASCARETS ONLY ONCE! We promised and promise now, that these dainty, little candy tablets, if faithfully tried, would prove to be the most perfect Bowel Medicine ever placed before the American family,—as dependable for their effects as nature herself.

In our eleven years of PROMISE, we have never failed to fulfill, and that's why we have gained the friendship of millions of the American people, who have experienced the reliable quality of our product.

If the ONE TIME that we can induce the reader to try Cascarets proves to be a failure and disappointment, it means a BROKEN PROMISE and NEVER a repetition of his patronage. The fact that at the present time over ONE MILLION of boxes of Cascarets are sold every month PROVES that we believe in "Purity of Promise" and have delivered the goods.

So we ask you with the endorsement of the American people behind our statements, to accept our promises and try Cascarets as the best all-around personal and family medicine for all STOMACH and BOWEL troubles, especially CONSTIPATION and all its complications. Nearly every serious illness is caused by a derangement of the Stomach and Bowels. Cascarets will strengthen the walls of the weakened intestines and make them act exactly as nature intended them to do—NO VIOLENCE, but plain, soothing action.

Another PROMISE we are willing to make is that Cascarets will prove to be a great PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE. They are anti-septic, destroy disease germs all through the FOOD-CHANNELS, and are what soap is for the outer body—a perfect cleansing means for the inside body.

One of our mottoes has been: "Keep clean inside!" and Cascarets will help you to do it and avoid disease resulting from internal neglect.

If you have never tried Cascarets before, go to your druggist TO-DAY and buy a little box. It will convince you. BE SURE TO GET WHAT YOU ASK—THE GENUINE!

DEADLY RAW MILK, THOUS- ANDS SICK AND DYING IN CHICAGO

DISEASED CATTLE AND FILTHY MILK DEPOSITS THE CAUSE OF AN ALARMING EPIDEMIC AND A WILD MOVEMENT FOR REFORM IN WINDY CITY.

Results of Epidemic.

Four thousand people down with scarlet fever.

Five thousand more with other diseases.

Forty thousand are in quarantine.

Wave of sickness has extended more than twenty miles.

Cause of Epidemic.

Filthy dairies and diseased cattle.

In the city 3,000 dairies with no adequate supervision.

Six county inspectors to watch 1,000 scattered dairies.

Milk fed to cows.

Chicago spends eight cents per capita for health; other cities from 25 cents to 35 cents; Pittsburg spends \$1.08.

Sanitary Measures Proposed.

To increase health department 300 per cent.

Isolation hospitals proposed.

National health bureau suggested.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—As a result of filthy dairies, diseased cattle and ridiculously inadequate inspection, Chicago now has 4,000 children, and even grown up people, down with scarlet fever, 5,000 more affected with other infectious diseases, and over 40,000 residents of the city are in quarantine. A heavy daily death list adds to the horror of the situation.

The epidemic started a month ago in the north shore suburbs, and has now extended over twenty miles from Evanston, until nearly one in every 500 of Chicago's inhabitants has scarlet fever as a result of infected milk.

Not since the packing house investigation has Chicago been so exercised. The health department has been at its wits' end on account of a force utterly incompetent to handle the trouble or its sources.

The beginning of the epidemic is traced to a certain north shore dairy, but even such further investigations as the meager force has been able to make has resulted in exposures of the most shocking character, showing that Chicago's 3,000 city dairies are indescribably unsanitary, and that its 1,000 country dairies are possibly in even worse condition.

Aside from the loose practices of the dairymen, Chicago is faced with the fact that her sanitary squad is quite inadequate to cope with the situation. J. P. Biehn, head of the city laboratories, cannot begin, with his force, to keep the city dairies inspected, and six country inspectors have been supposed to oversee 1,000 more or less widely scattered country dairies.

Where owners of unsanitary dairies have been fined and had their licenses revoked, they have continued business without reform, secure in the knowledge that suits would be slow and policemen negligent. One small dealer was caught 25 times, and now has many suits filed against him, delayed hearing since November. City Building Inspector Barten tried to help the sanitary department, and through inspectors reported numerous cases of rotten and filthy dairies, generally insanitary conditions, and are feeding of malt to cows. These difficulties in spite of a record of 100,000 gallons of milk condemned last year and 114 cows condemned.

Now Chicago has awakened. The sanitary force is to be increased 300 per cent, and a high salaried health commissioner will probably be chosen. A national health bureau is being widely discussed, and isolation hospitals are proposed.

Chicago has heretofore expended 8 cents per capita in guarding the health of her people, while its eastern cities from 25 cents to 35 cents has

been the average. Pittsburg spends \$1.08 per capita.

In the meantime the present force of sanitary policemen is doing as best it can. Houses are being fumigated, a quarantine is being more or less strictly enforced, and squads of officers with wagons are passing from one milk depot to another gathering up filthy bottles, infected measures and cans, which are taken to suburban lots, heaped upon huge bonfires and reduced to uselessness.

HOW TO PASTEURIZE MILK.
Pasteurization of milk is a simple process. The milk is placed in a closed vessel for half an hour at from 60 to 65 degrees C. (140 to 150 degrees F.) Then it is cooled as quickly as possible by placing the vessel in cold water or on ice. By this means only the injurious organisms in the milk are killed, and it will keep much longer.

There are pasteurizers for large dairies and creameries, and there are also a variety of small pasteurizers suitable for family use.

Milk is sterilized by heating it to the boiling point. This, however, changes the character of the milk, making it less suitable for drinking and giving it a cooked taste.

**"NO RAW MILK" IN
NEW YORK CRUSADE.**

New York, Feb. 18.—An agitation the purpose of which is to influence the residents of this city to discontinue the use of raw milk as a food, has been started.

A British commission after an exhaustive investigation has just reported to parliament that bovine tuberculosis is easily transmitted to humans, and that as a matter of fact thousands of cases of consumption are traceable to the tubercles from diseased cows.

The report directly antagonizes the findings of an investigation made by the famous Dr. Koch, of Germany, a few years ago. He declared with emphasis that bovine tuberculosis was not transmissible to the human. Physicians, however, have never accepted his views, and today they are receiving the British report with universal approbation.

The newspapers of this city are giving the report wide publicity and printing interviews with physicians and sanitary experts advising the people to pasteurize all raw milk whether for use on the table or for infants and children.

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PATHETIC TRAGEDY RE- SULT OF FORCING GRINDING POLICY ON FRIENDS

MANAGER O'BRIEN, OF THE W. U. IN 'FRISCO, KILLED HIMSELF AFTER DISCHARGING UNION OPERATORS.

(By A Union Telegrapher.)

Special Correspondence.

The trouble which threatened a general walkout of Western Union operators at Chicago and other large cities of the country but which was happily averted, had been gradually coming to a head since the commercial telegraphers began organizing some five years ago.

It has been the policy of the Western Union to summarily dismiss any employee who was active in union matters or suspected of being friendly to the organized effort.

In San Francisco, when the union was still an infant, the Western Union discharged thirteen of its first-class men for affiliation with the

union. The manager, Mr. O'Brien, merely followed the instructions of Superintendent James, and explained to the operators, some of whom were his personal friends, that he had no voice in the matter; that he received his instructions from above.

So bitter was the fight that no one received written notice of the meeting place, and it was changed at each meeting and the notice whispered around among the faithful that there would be a meeting tomorrow in some room in a large business block, a cellar or a garret, as the case might be.

Manager O'Brien could not stand it to meet his old friends on the street and be passed up, and finally, after writing a little note about the conditions surrounding him, shot himself in the office of the Western Union at San Francisco and was bur-

ied at his old home in Meridian, Miss.

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Wm. CHAPLIN---SHOE STORE 121 RAILROAD AVE.

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THE ALBUQUERQUE CITIZEN

Published Daily and Weekly.

By The Citizen Publishing Company

W. S. STRICKLER,
President.W. T. MCNEIGHT,
Business Manager.

APPEAL TO COMMON SENSE

The republican party is in overwhelming majority in the legislature. It can pass any measure which it desires. It can defeat any measure which it opposes. Where, then, is the wisdom of antagonizing the party in the legislature? The democrats and their revolting republican allies and abettors made their fight before the people. They were routed—horse, foot and artillery. They were overwhelmingly routed. The people spoke in thunder tones. The democrats, even with the aid of such republicans as were misled by the hypocritical cry of reform, went down to disaster almost unparalleled. This was true in the nation and was true in the territory. Only in Bernalillo county did the combine get a crumb of comfort. Three republicans were sent to the legislature from this county, on their avowed hostility to the republican party. They are there, and what can they do? They can only rattle around like three dried peas in a gourd. Even their four democratic allies can do them no good, can enable them to accomplish no purpose. As far as the Bernalillo members are concerned, they had as well be at home attending their private affairs. They have done no good so far, they have no prospect of doing anything in the remainder of the session. Again The Citizen would enquire, Where is the wisdom of their continuing to antagonize their party?

The Good Book tells us that the wiseman foreseeth the evil and hideth himself, the foolish pass on and are punished. No one can be other than foolish who continues to kick against the inevitable. The bull calf that tried to butt the moving locomotive off the bridge, met the fate which was inevitable. He was tossed aside, the locomotive passed unheeded upon its way. A spectator said he admired the spunk of the little fellow, but he could not say much of its discretion. The Bernalillo members of the legislature, who no doubt love their party and its principles, who desire doubtless the welfare of the territory and would like to do something for the county which sent them to Santa Fe, should cancel their unholy alliance with the democrats, should return to the party fold, and no longer give aid and comfort to the few papers in the territory—all democrats in fact and all such in name, with a single exception—which, by villainous, libelous and inexcusable abuse of the republican party, are making the Bernalillo legislators absolute zeros in the legislative session.

LESSON OF THAW TRIAL

"What did they do at the trial today?" There is no need to ask what trial. The Thaw case looms above all the others. The whole world is like a gossiping village. As in the country side men and women roll the latest scrap of scandal under their eager tongues so the world awaits every detail of this trial, eager for every new feature.

The world does well to pay attention, because here upon a stage is being told the old, old tragedy of love and hate and lust and lust—where all can see and learn a lesson. True, the story is noxious and sometimes nauseating, but its effect is not unwholesome. Every so often people need to be shown the dangers that linger in dissipation and unholy passion, the dangers of giving way to luring temptations and the sure punishment that lurks in violation of moral law.

At this trial is given an object lesson of the frailty of human life, the forces that play upon it, the weaknesses that betray it to its undoing. There sits a spoiled boy, over-indulged, lacking in the self-control of real manhood. Was he insane when he wrote the last chapter with his pistol? Or was he wrought upon by jealousy under brain weakness? Or was there left in his decadent soul a spark of manhood that flamed up to avenge the wrongs of a wife? The jury must say.

There sits the woman-child who was the cause of the tragedy. A frail butterfly, a singed moth. Is she to blame, or did her mother push her too close to the candle flame? Was there a corner in her wayward heart for the man she called husband? Was she in real danger from White? This the world wants to know.

There is the sad-faced mother of the defendant. Does conscience torture her and tell her she pampered her boy into weakness? Has the sin of the father, through her, been visited upon her son? Is her boy degenerate, or congenitally warped, or only mortal frail? The jury must decide.

There also, though unseen to mortal eye, sits the wrath of the murdered man. What sort of man was this poor ghost in his mortal life-time? Was he a man of kindly instincts who wanted to help the poor and struggling genius, or was he what he has been painted—a villainous despoiler of innocence? The jury must determine.

Somewhere in all this tangled skein lies the truth which the jury—which, fortunately is not made up of derelicts or men of low intelligence—will unravel; and the world reads its evening newspaper and watches, but underneath the moving pictures is the legend which always remains and which he who runs may read: "The soul that sinneth it shall die."

No one can look at a map of New Mexico and not be convinced that as soon as the limit has been reached in the creation of necessary new counties, the demand will be imperative to rectify county lines, which now generally look as though they had been laid out by haphazard. Santa Fe and Eddy are the best exceptions; San Juan, Luna, Quay, Guadalupe, do fairly well; Bernalillo projects a finger into Torrance, and so it goes. If the new county of Torrance, as proposed, shall cut off this finger, thus straightening the line of that county as well as the line of this county, The Citizen sees but little objection thereto. But when it is proposed to reverse the present condition, by sticking a finger from Torrance into Bernalillo, in order to add to Torrance the Escabosa neighborhood, it seems to this paper that the act is alike needless and improper.

Newton Republican: A great aid is being made over the gift of Rockefeller to the cause of education. Thirty-two millions is a handsome sum for one man to give, but John D. did not give away his own money. His son John announced that at a certain date in the future the sum would be available and the cute father then proceeds to put up the price of gasoline and other oil products to take effect immediately. So the great philanthropist is only giving away the surplus money obtained from consumers. Of course he was not doing business at a loss before he raised the price, and as the raise in due time will furnish the millions given away, we can hardly see why any great credit should be given to John D. for his generosity. It is our money he is giving away.

A telegram from Imperial, Cal., last week, conveyed the information that the last water coming through the break in the Colorado river had been shut off, after a long and hard struggle by the Southern Pacific Railroad company. The New and Alamo rivers carrying water from the Colorado to the Salton sea are rapidly going down in the valley. It is expected that the Salton sea will now fall steadily and will fully disappear through evaporation in about ten years. The floods have caused little actual damage to the cultivated lands of the valley.

During the past few years experiments have been made by the office of experiment stations in co-operation with the state of California to measure the losses of water by evaporation from irrigated orchards in California, and to determine the effectiveness in checking these losses, of various methods of applying the water, and of cultivation after irrigation. The experiments included applying the water at different depths, varying from the surface to two feet, and of cultivation at varying

depths, showing in every case a noticeable decrease in evaporation with increase in depth of applying the water and of cultivation. Application for this bulletin should be made to the director of the office of experiment stations, Washington, D. C.

In speaking of the effort to exclude from the mails in Canada, and to a small extent in this country, particulars of the Thaw trial, an exchange says that it is useless to legislate to prevent people from having what they want. This is an enunciation of great fact, but too often overlooked, and because so overloaded is the reason that there is such a vast number of dead laws on the statute books of the country. If the sentiment of a community is against any law, it may remain on the statute book, but it will be dead as to execution.

SECRETARY LEFFINGWELL OF FRISCO SCHOOL BOARD TALKS

San Francisco's board of education, in declaring for the separate schooling of the Japanese, did nothing more than to put into effect a law of California. This law, it is true, was made operative for the first time in San Francisco; yet, had not the state legislature previously passed the law, there would have resulted no triangular controversy between Washington, Tokio, and San Francisco. Thus San Francisco was not the originator of a sudden or radical policy, as those ignorant of the local situation would have it.

The people of California wanted the law, and the entire Pacific coast upheld the attitude of the school board with impressive unanimity.

It must be understood at the outset that San Francisco does not deny, and never has denied, the Japanese entrance to the public schools. The yellow children have received as careful instruction and as just treatment as the children of citizens. For years the Chinese pupils have been educated in the Oriental school, formerly in Chinatown, and have preferred a seclusion in which their special needs may be better attended to.

When the Oriental school was rebuilt, after the April fire, in a more central location, allowance was made for the accommodation of the Japanese pupils. An order segregating the Japanese with the Chinese and Korean pupils in the new oriental school was thereafter passed by the board of education. Then it was that the local Japanese newspapers took up the cry that the Mikado's subjects were being treated with indignity; that they were evidently viewed as an inferior race. As the Japanese are an extremely proud, as well as excitable people, the appeal of the local Japanese consul to boycott the school was taken in earnest. Highly colored accounts traveled across the Pacific, and the Mikado's government was given to believe that wrongs had been inflicted in violation of treaty rights. President Roosevelt later intervened in behalf of the disputed treaty. These facts, in short, underlie the Japanese school controversy.

While it is the purpose of this article to treat the school matter as a thing entirely apart from the growing movement for the restriction of Japanese immigration, certain phases of the industrial and economical situation on the western coast must be briefly alluded to. Critics far from the scene have misunderstood some fundamental points which, we venture to say, even the Japanese concede. A brief review of these points is, therefore necessary to an intelligent understanding of the school situation.

In the territory of Hawaii, the half-way station between San Francisco and the Orient, the Japanese have for the past eight years outnumbered the combined population of all other nationalities on these islands. The Hawaiian Japanese have used their earnings out of the sugar plantations to embark into business, monopolizing all of the minor trades. They have also been able to underbid all other competitors—even Chinese—in mechanical and industrial lines. With their earnings they fill the steerages of steamships leaving for the Pacific coast, their places being taken by fresh arrivals from Japan. This endless tide of low-class coolie immigration has caused fear on the part of white laborers on the coast that their standard of living would be lowered and their occupations ultimately taken from them, as happened in Hawaii. For this reason, labor has stood together against admitting Japanese competition into the skilled trades and the labor necessary to maintaining these trades. However, the Japanese already monopolize house cleaning in San Francisco, and have thrown many cooks, waiters and shoemakers out of work. Yet the demand for labor of all kinds is so great that no spirit of antagonism has developed among the whites unless in fear of the future. The rights of the Japanese are as carefully guarded as those of the whites. The Japanese walk the streets unmolested and have suffered no persecution of any kind, although unjust reports have been circulated in some instances to the contrary. It may be said that the Japanese found no stronger sympathy in their war with Russia than in San Francisco.

After the calamity of last April they received not only Red Cross supplies and clothing along with the whites, but were given the money appropriated for their relief by their own government. Nevertheless, the Japanese are justly considered aliens apart from America in thought, custom and sympathy. They have no wish to do else in this country than acquire wealth or the knowledge that will assist Japan in competition with other nations. So much for the exclusion movement, its cause and object.

The board of education, however, took none of these phases into consideration in the Oriental school matter. Objections of parents to their small sons and daughters sitting with adult or adolescent Japanese, it may be said, was perhaps the greatest factor in determining the change. The attitude of the board may properly be stated as follows:

The fire, condensing the population into the unburned and the entirely new districts, placed the school department in a serious predicament. Temporary buildings were erected where possible, but desk-room was barely sufficient to accommodate white children.

In as much as no foreigners are allowed to acquire property by purchase or lease or to conduct business of any description in Japan except in the foreign sections of the few treaty ports, it was not foreseen that Japan could with justice or reason dictate the manner in which her subjects should receive free education at the expense of the citizens of San Francisco.

Again, the coolie class is distinctly a servile class in Japan. The coolies are almost a separate people from the representatives of the upper strata who are ever welcomed to our western colleges. They land in America with a small knowledge of the "three R's" in their own tongue, and with no knowledge of English. Nor are they by any means bright in their studies above any other similar class of immigrants.

The Japanese have justly acquired the reputation of being a cleanly race. This does not prevent those who are struggling to save money, by any means, from violating the cubic air law. The Japanese, as a rule, sleep in as crowded quarters as the Chinese, although without the Chinese habit of boarding up windows and air spaces. This herding spreads contagious disease and infections, of which fear of quarantine prevents their notifying the health authorities. Moreover, rigid government inspection fails to prevent the entrance of immigrants afflicted with the dreaded eye-disease, trachoma. This latter phase has as much as anything else prejudiced white parents against the association of their children with the Japanese in the schools.

The board of education has from the first made its position clear in the matter of the Oriental school. It has not desired to antagonize the Japanese people, and has hoped that they might see the advantage of separate education. Certainly, the controversy that has followed its action would seem out of proportion to the cause. If San Francisco has been excited at all over the question, the provocation lies in the unfounded and unjust assertion that the Japanese were denied a free education in her schools. Rash criticism by those away from the scene of knowledge and action has never, as history shows, been conducive to a friendly understanding in any dispute. San Francisco is no exception to this rule.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE HOLDS MEETING

Annual Report of W. W. Havens Is Listened to With Great Interest.

The largest audience in the history of the new Presbyterian church gathered last evening for the purpose of listening to the first annual report of Rev. W. W. Havens, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New Mexico and Arizona. Not only was the main auditorium of the church filled but the Sabbath school rooms and the gallery also. All the Protestant churches in the city united in the service and the pastors with few exceptions were present either on the platform or in the pews. Rev. Hugh A. Cooper, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, presided over the meeting. Rev. J. T. McNeil of the First Baptist church delivered the opening prayer; Rev. O. B. Holliday of the Highland Methodist church pronounced the benediction, while the main portion of the service, including the address, was left for Mr. Havens.

The address of the superintendent was mainly interesting from the facts which he recited in relation to the progress made by the national organization in other portions of the country. He said that "in 1905 one-fifth of the United States was dry and in 1906 the proportion had increased to one-third." The attention of the audience was called to the fact that the greatest gains which the temperance sentiment has made, is in those portions of the country, where the liquor manufacturing interests are the greatest. The report showed that in such states as Kentucky, Tennessee and Ohio no license is gaining with wonderful rapidity, 101 counties out of 119 having voted no licenses. This he said was wonderful in view of the fact that the state has 23 distilleries. In speaking of the work in the territories Mr. Havens said that "the league had been started but thirteen months ago and that so far the time had been taken up with perfecting the organization through the addition of local bodies in the principal towns." He pointed with pride, however, to the advance made in Arizona through the anti-gambling legislation and to the growth of the anti-saloon sentiment in the Pecos district and through the northern portion of New Mexico.

At the close of the service a subscription and collection was taken up for league purposes. Special music was furnished by the choir of the First Presbyterian church and the service was a most interesting one throughout.

CONVICT AT LARGE DEFIES MOUNTED POLICE

Gabriel Romero Announces His Intention to Die Fighting.

"Go back and be imprisoned, but tell the mounted police that I will never return to the penitentiary. I am armed and ready for them. They may kill me, but they will never take me alive."

Such was the word which Juan Gomez, alias Gonzales, the Guadalupe county horse thief and cattle rustler, who, together with Gabriel Romero, also a horse thief, escaped some three weeks ago from the territorial penitentiary, delivery to Captain Fred Fornoff, of the mounted police, on Saturday. After the escape the two criminals made their way into the mountains of Guadalupe county, whence they were pursued by the mounted police with bloodhounds. The chase was a most exciting one and on several occasions the runaways narrowly escaped capture. Finally Gomez, weary by the privations which he underwent and apparently realizing the hopelessness of escape, announced his intention of giving himself up, which he did by walking into the Santa Fe Central railway station at Torrance on Friday and announcing his identity to the agent. Before leaving his companion he received the above message from him, which he delivered to Capt. Fred Fornoff on Saturday. Gomez is now in solitary confinement at Santa Fe and the opportunity to escape will not again be offered him. He told Captain Fornoff that while he was with Romero in the mountains they had robbed a cabin and that in that way had secured a plentiful armament, which was still in the possession of Romero. He believes that the convict still at large will fight desperately before surrender.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo. In the District Court, George L. Brooks, plaintiff, vs. A. J. Hamilton, defendant.—No. 7139.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned sheriff of Bernalillo county, that I will on Tuesday, the 26th day of February, A. D. 1907, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house, of the county of Bernalillo, offer for sale and sell to the highest and best bidder for cash, the following described property, belonging to the said defendant A. J. Hamilton, to-wit: One dresser, one wash stand, one cot and one box; the property having been levied upon by me, under and by virtue of an execution issued in the above entitled cause, upon a judgment rendered therein, on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1907, against the said A. J. Hamilton, for the sum of \$324.95, which with interest to the date of the sale, will amount to \$340 and costs.

PERFECTO ARMILLO, Sheriff of Bernalillo County, N. M.

\$2000 REWARD.
Is offered for the capture of Antonio Pettine, the murderer of Benedetto Berardinelli. Crime was committed in Albuquerque Monday, February 4.

C. A. and C. GRANDE.

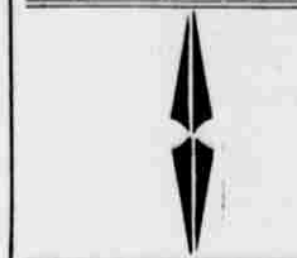
The Charm of Simplicity.



is getting to be more and more appreciated by those who prize themselves on the beauty and comfort of their homes. Therefore, in furnishing your parlor do not be misled by any display of over embellished furniture, but select the styles which show that simplicity of elegance which marks the truly artistic.

Rugs, Ranges, Furniture.

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Corner Second and Copper

Linoleum

The Advice of Wisdom



prompts purchases of rugs and carpets here. It's easy to tell you that, perhaps harder to prove. Our only object in inserting this ad. is to get you to call here and put us to any reasonable test as to rug value—any floor covering—you to be the judge as to designs and figures—selling figures, we mean.

Axminster, Velvet, Smyrna or Body Brussels.

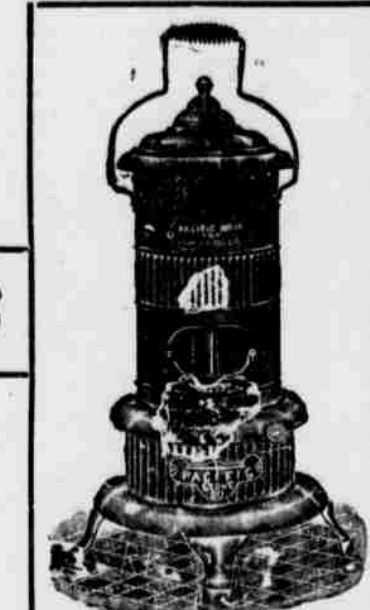
WILLIAM MCINTOSH, President

SOLOMON LUNA, Vice-President

T. C. NEAD, Treasurer and Manager



For the Best Line of STOVES In Albuquerque See Ours



McINTOSH HARDWARE CO.

The Martha society of the Lutheran church will serve a lunch at the home of Mrs. H. Westerfield, 415 Fourth street, Wednesday afternoon.

Willis Maxwell Goodhue's Superb Dramatization of Marie Corelli's Marvelous Romance

Thelma With Carolyne McLean Thelma

has been read by more people than any novel since "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and Ranks as the masterpiece of English fiction.

AT Elks' Opera House February 18

Prices 50c, 75c and \$1.00
Seats on sale Saturday, Feb. 16.

COAL

BEST CLARKVILLE LUMP PER TON \$6.50
BEST AMERICAN BLOCK PER TON \$6.50

WOOD

BIG LOAD OF MILL WOOD FOR \$2.25 AND \$2.75

John S. Beaven 502 SOUTH FIRST STREET.

EAT MORE



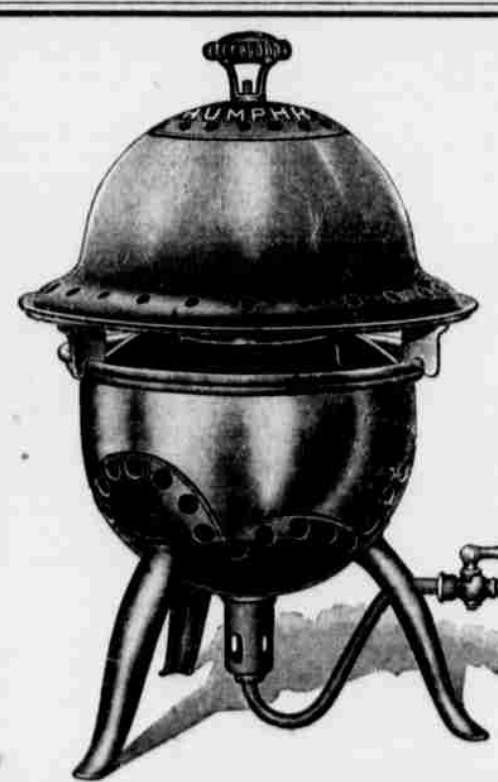
of the most nutritious of foods—good, wholesome bread—and less of the non-essentials, and note your gain in health. Ditto in money saving, because bread is cheaper than meats and non-essentials, just as gratifying to the appetite. To get the best bread and other flour products, always order "BUTTER CREAM."

PIONEER BAKERY, SOUTH FIRST STREET.

J. D. Eakin, President. G. Giomi, Vice President. Chas. Melini, Secretary. O. Bachechi, Treasurer.

Consolidated Liquor Company Successors to MELINI & EAKIN, and BACHECHI & GIOMI. WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Wines, Liquors and Cigars We keep everything in stock to outfit the most fastidious bar complete

Have been appointed exclusive agents in the Southwest for Joe. S. Schlitz, Wm. Kemp and St. Louis A. B. C. Breweries; Yellowstone, Green River, W. H. McBrayer's Cedar Brook, Louis Hunter, T. J. Monarch, and other standard brands of whiskies too numerous to mention. WE ARE NOT COMPOUNDERS. But sell the straight article as received by us from the best vinteries, Distilleries and Breweries in the United States. Call and inspect our Stock and Prices, or write for Illustrated Catalogue and Price list, issued to dealers only.



Humphrey OVALS

HEAT with the Whole of it. COOK with Half of it.

Simple, Cheap, Economical.

The Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light and Power Co.

Corner Fourth and Gold Avenue Phone Red 98

(Eighty-five Years the Standard of Piano Construction)

Conceded today to be the best in the world Chickering & Sons Pianos ...SOLD ONLY BY THE... WHITSON MUSIC CO (Established 1882.) Come in and examine our new Holiday Stock. Everything in music from a talking machine to a Grand Piano—Sold on our new easy payment plan, 116 South Second street. Albuquerque, New Mexico.

J. F. PALMER

Hay, Grain, Groceries and Fresh Meats, PRUSSIAN POULTRY AND STOCK FOODS, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES. ORDERS TAKEN AND DELIVERED. 501 North First Street. Both Phones.

The St. Elmo

JOSEPH BARNETT, Prop'r. 120 West Railroad Avenue

Finest Whiskies Wines, Brandies, Etc.

SAMPLE AND CLUB ROOMS

MISS GEHRING LIKELY TO RECOVER

She Survives the Operation.
Young Carson Prostrated
With Grief.

Miss Helen Gehring, 17 years old, who was accidentally shot by a 22 calibre rifle in the hands of Ray Carson, a 13-year-old boy, is reported to be doing well at St. Joseph's hospital, where she was removed after the shooting yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Gehring, 1015 South Third street. An operation was performed after her removal to the hospital and hopes are entertained for her speedy recovery. At the hospital this morning it was announced that the young lady appeared to be in good spirits.

The shooting occurred at the home of Charles Shelley, 311 Pacific avenue. Mr. Shelley is an uncle of the Carson youth, who lives with him. A number of boys were playing in the rear of the place and Miss Gehring, who had come across the street from her home, was joking with them. They adjourned to the front room of the house, where it is said, some of the other boys wanted Miss Gehring to kiss Ray Carson. The boy secured a cat rifle which stood in the corner of the room and playfully defended himself with it. Miss Gehring grabbed the weapon by the muzzle and a struggle for the possession of the gun followed, during which it was accidentally discharged. The bullet entered Miss Gehring's side below the heart and penetrated the intestines.

She bravely walked to her home two blocks away after she was shot. A physician was summoned and she was later removed to St. Joseph's hospital.

Miss Gehring was to have been confirmed in St. John's church by Bishop Kendrick last night.

The Carson youth did not know the rifle was loaded.

Mrs. Gehring, mother of the unfortunate child, is prostrated with grief. So is young Carson. It was reported last night that he attempted self-destruction with a pocket knife, but the rumor is denied by his friends. After the shooting he ran away, with several other children close after him. He was very much excited and the suicide story probably got its start from this fact. The young man is a carrier for The Evening Citizen, but will not be able to carry his route for several evenings owing to his nervous condition as a result of the accident.

The gun, which is the cause of all the trouble, is a cat rifle. Some of the boys present when the shooting occurred, had the rifle down along the river in the morning, and it had been returned to the place where it was kept in a shed loaded. Young Carson did not know this. It is positively known that Miss Gehring, playfully, was trying to kiss the boy, and that he took the gun to defend himself.

BURNS REMANDED JAIL AFTER HEARING

CONFERRED THAT HE SECURED
ENGINEER'S WAGES ON PAY
CHECK.

One Burns, alias C. V. Lawton, who was arrested by the police late Saturday afternoon for obtaining money under false pretenses, was arraigned before Judge Craig this afternoon and bound over to await the action of the grand jury. He was remanded to the Bernalillo county jail.

Burns, who worked a short time at firing a Santa Fe yard engine in the Albuquerque yards, confessed to Chief McMillin that he presented himself as Engineer J. C. Timms and asked for his pay check for \$92.60. He signed the receipt and later cashed the check.

When the police got Burns he had succeeded in disposing of nearly all of the money. He had but 60 cents on his person.

Burns as a fireman has about \$18 coming to him from the Santa Fe. This is said to have been garnished by a local merchant.

PROF. STERLING GIVES ADVICE TO CHILDREN

IT IS A CRIME TO POINT A GUN
OF ANY KIND AT ANY PER-
SON AT ANY TIME.

Superintendent's Office, Feb. 18.

Dear Principal:
You have doubtless heard of the distressing accident resulting in the shooting of Miss Hazel Gehring, of the eighth grade, Central school. A like occurrence last year in these schools, and the constant repetition of this old, old story everywhere, the country over, makes it quite necessary that someone should instruct children emphatically in the matter of handling guns of any kind, or perhaps I had better say, "in the matter of letting firearms alone." Children should be taught that it is a CRIME TO POINT A GUN AT ANY TIME AT ANY PERSON AT ANY TIME. There is no danger of giving this matter over-emphasis, and I would suggest that you show this letter to each of your teachers, with a view to having this matter brought before the pupils most forcibly.

Yours sincerely,
W. D. STERLING,
Supt. City Schools.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—Furniture of a five-room house; all new; used only five months. 306 West Hunting. Afternoon.

FOR RENT—Five-room furnished house, also two and three room flats, very reasonable to good tenants. Apply at 415 West Railroad avenue.

OLD CONCERN CHANGES HANDS

Wagner Hardware Company
Buys Out the Albuquerque
Hardware Company.

This morning the announcement was made that the well-known Albuquerque Hardware company had changed hands and that the new style of the concern would be the Wagner Hardware company. The president and manager of the new company is John G. Wagner, who has been prominent in the business circles of the territory for the past twenty years, and who has since he first came to New Mexico been engaged in the hardware business. Mr. Wagner first entered the business at Kingstons, N. M., after which he opened a store in the same line at Las Vegas. For the past two years he has been acting in the capacity of general salesman for the Whitney company.

Frank Coulthard, who has been with the Albuquerque Hardware company for several years, will be associated with Mr. Wagner in the management of the new concern, which will undoubtedly meet with the same generous patronage from the public which was accorded its predecessor.

SHERIFF IS COMING.

Sheriff Cunningham of Golden, Col., has wired the local police that he will leave Golden this evening with requisition papers for Charles Cobb, alias Robert Perry, and W. P. Strickland, who were arrested here Saturday by the police upon receipt of telegrams from the Colorado authorities. Sheriff Cunningham is expected to arrive here about Wednesday evening to secure their prisoners.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS

The following quotations were received by F. J. Graf & Co., brokers, over their own private wires from New York. Room 37, Barnett building, Albuquerque, N. M.

New York Stocks.	
May cotton	\$9.38
American Sugar	135 1/2
Amalgamated Copper	114 1/4
American Smelters	144 1/2
American Car	107 1/2
Atchafalpa com	109 1/2
Anaconda	294
Baltimore and Ohio	113 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	73 1/2
Canadian Pacific	187 1/2
Colorado Fuel	49 1/2
Erie com	35 1/2
Louisville and Nashville	135 1/2
Missouri Pacific	83 1/2
National Lead	73
New York Central	128 1/2
Norfolk	85 1/2
Northern Pacific	154
Ontario and Western	45
Pennsylvania	130 1/2
Reading com	124
Rock Island com	26 1/2
Southern Pacific	92 1/2
Southern Railway	26 1/2
St. Paul	149 1/2
Union Pacific	175 1/2
U. S. S. com	45 1/2
U. S. S. pfd	105
Greene Con	31 1/2
Green Copper	5
Arispe	5 1/4
Calumet and Arizona	190 1/4
North Butte	112 1/2
Butte Coal	37
Nipissing	13 1/2
Old Dominion	58 1/2
Shannon	25 1/2
Copper Range	94 1/2
Greene Cananea	22

Kansas City Live Stock.
Kansas City, Feb. 18.—Cattle receipts 12,000, including 1,000 southerners. Market steady to a shade lower. Native steers \$4.20 to \$6.50; southern steers \$3.50 to \$5.25; southern cows \$2.50 to \$3.75; native cows and heifers \$2.50 to \$3.90; stockers and feeders \$3.40 to \$4.80; butchers' calves \$3.25 to \$7.25; western fed steers \$4.00 to \$5.90; western fed cows \$2.75 to \$4.50. Sheep receipts 10,000. Market steady. Muttons \$4.50 to \$6.00; lambs \$7.00 to \$7.50; range wethers \$5.25 to \$6.60; fed ewes \$4.50 to \$5.50.

Chicago Livestock.
Chicago, Feb. 18.—Cattle receipts 28,000, market for best steady; others weak to 10 cents lower. Beesves \$4.00 to \$6.90; cows and heifers \$1.60 to \$5.25; stockers and feeders \$2.50 to \$4.70; Texans \$3.60 to \$4.75; calves \$6.00 to \$7.75.

Sheep receipts 30,000, market 10c lower. Sheep \$3.40 to \$5.50; lambs \$4.50 to \$7.50.

Produce Market.
Chicago, Feb. 18.—Closing quotations: Wheat—May 75 1/2; July 76 1/2. Corn—May 47 1/2; July 48 1/2. Oats—May 40 1/2; July 37 1/2. Pork—May 14 1/2; July 16 1/2.

Lard—May \$9.65; July \$9.67 1/2. Ribs—May \$9.22 1/2; July \$9.30.

Money Market.
New York, Feb. 18.—Money on call firm, 5 1/2 to 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper 5 1/2 to 6 per cent; silver 6 1/2 to 7.

St. Louis Wool Market.
St. Louis, Feb. 18.—Wool market steady. Territory and western mediums 23 to 25c; fine mediums 18 to 20c; fine 14 to 16c.

Metal Market.
New York, Feb. 18.—Lead steady \$6.00 to \$6.30; copper firm \$25.00 to \$25.25.

Spelter Market.
St. Louis, Feb. 18.—Spelter lower, \$6.75.

JUST A WORD TO YOU.
It may be that you have been considering the advisability of purchasing a piano. If so, we ask you to inspect our line of pianos now, as we will reduce our large stock in order to make more room in our store during the progress of improvements now under way. Ask for our special terms and prices.

LEARNARD & LINDEMANN,
206 West Gold Avenue.

Subscribe for The Evening Citizen.

FLOODED WITH BOOSTERS IS SANTA FE

One Hundred Go up From
Albuquerque—Legislature to
Hear From Bernalillo Co.

It required two coaches to carry the crowd which left Albuquerque for Santa Fe on train No. 10 this morning. The special rate of \$2.20 round trip fare proved a strong inducement for an exodus to the territorial capital and then there were the delegates to the good roads convention, who were named at the meeting of the board of county commissioners Saturday, and the legislators who Sunday at the depot this morning were going to Santa Fe. The ticket office gave it out that 100 tickets were sold.

The occasion of the cheap rate to the capital and return this evening was the pilgrimage inaugurated by the Boosters' club, which goes capitalward armed with certain representations they wish to make to the legislature with respect to flood protection for Albuquerque from the Rio Grande and measures, which will result in the reduction of county officials' salaries.

Just how the Boosters propose to go about getting what they want from the legislature is not quite clear but they hope to make a showing in Santa Fe of the amount of interest that is taken in Albuquerque and Bernalillo county by the people thereof. It was a jolly, good natured crowd which got aboard the cars just before the conductor signalled for the train to depart and most of the number will return home this evening, while the remainder will stay to look after personal business matters or continue their journey to other parts after a visit to the capital.

Among those who departed this morning were Mayor Frank McKee, Axel V. Tegner, J. L. LaDriere, Frank A. Hubbell, E. W. Dobson, H. R. Ferguson, Wallace Hesselein, John Lee Clark, Dr. Geo. W. Harrison, Thos. N. Wilkerson, Maynard Gunsul, Wm. B. Childers, R. W. Hadden, Dr. C. H. Connors and others.

Mr. Childers goes to Santa Fe on private business. This evening he will leave the capital for Baton, where he represents Delegate Andrews in the election contest, testimony in which will be taken tomorrow at three named places in the Mouse City. Judge E. V. Long of Las Vegas represents Mr. Larrazolo.

Dr. Connors is president of the New Mexico Board of Osteopathy. The board meets, pursuant to the president's call, in Santa Fe tomorrow for the purpose of examining applicants to practice in the territory.

The goods roads convention, which assembled in Santa Fe today, will discuss the matter of better highways and outline plans for securing them. The representation from Albuquerque and Bernalillo county includes:

Albuquerque—C. M. Foraker, H. Blueher, J. E. Mattheis, William Farr, Jacobo Yrisari and Francisco Otero. Old Albuquerque—Jesus Romero, and Santiago Garcia.

Atrisco—Manuel A. Jaramilla.

Parajito—K. B. Clark.

MR. JOHN JONES WAS REALLY "BILL" THAW

Drops \$500 in Albuquerque.
Then Flutters Away
to El Paso.

A young man stylishly dressed, of medium height and weight, with a springy step, climbed the steps at Sturges' European hotel, on Friday night with a great deal of labor. He was slightly indisposed, apparently from excessive drink.

"Haven't got a cent, but would like to have a room; got a letter of credit for \$5,000," he said.

"John Jones," he wrote on the register, after asking the clerk if he had to register his own name.

The following morning, as Mr. Jones came from his room, he ran into the colored porter.

"Good Lord, Mr. Thaw, where did you come from?" said the darky, in a voice trembling with fear.

The young man brushed the negro to one side with, "Get out, you black rascal; you don't know me."

The porter, who just recently came to the European, said that he would have sworn that the man was Harry Thaw, the man on trial in New York for his life for the killing of Stanford White. He says that he used to work for the Thaws in Pittsburgh. At the White Elephant saloon, where Mr. John Jones spent some time and money on Saturday, he told the bartender that his name was Willie Thaw and that he was a cousin to Harry Thaw. The letter of credit story proved to be true, and Mr. John Jones drew \$500 at a local bank. This money he spent quite liberally at the bars around town. While in his cups he made no pretense of being anything but the real Mr. Thaw; in fact, he seemed to be very proud of the relationship. He explained his presence in the city this way: He and a party of hunters were on their way to Mexico. He left the train at the station, to come over to the city, and when he came to his train had been deserted. As a sample of his fastidious taste, on Saturday evening he hired a cab to ride from the corner of Second street and Railroad avenue to the European hotel, a distance of one block.

He paid his hotel bill and disappeared last night, and it is thought that Mr. Thaw, alias Mr. John Jones, is now in El Paso.

A RICH TREAT IS IN STORE FOR LOVERS OF GOOD LECTURES WHEN "CYCLONE" SOUTHERN DELIVERS HIS GREAT LECTURE AT THE FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, ON "IF I WERE THE DEVIL."

FREE LUNCH AT THE WHITE ELEPHANT.

TWO-CENT FARE CRUSADE SWEEPING ENTIRE COUNTRY

Bills Now Pending in Nearly a Score of
State Legislatures—The Pennsylvania House Passes Bill.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—The two-cent railroad fare crusade is sweeping through the United States. In nearly a score of state legislatures bills fixing a maximum rate for the carrying of passengers on railroads at two cents a mile are pending, and in most of these states the bill seems certain to be passed.

Ohio led the way a year ago by passing a two-cent fare law. The railroads of that state adjusted themselves to the law and made the rates without an appeal to the courts. Already this year the legislatures of West Virginia and Arkansas have sent two-cent fare bills to the governors for their signatures. In Iowa, Indiana and Pennsylvania the two-cent bill has passed one or the other of the two houses of the legislature. In Missouri both houses have passed two-cent bills which differ only slightly and can be readily reconciled. In only one state so far, South Dakota, has the two-cent fare bill been definitely defeated.

The movement is more general in its scope than the famous granger legislation of many decades ago, when many states of the middle west cut passenger fares to three cents a mile. Their right to do so was upheld by the United States supreme court after a bitter legal fight. The following is a summary of the status of the two-cent fare legislation in the various states:

Arkansas—Passed without giving the railroads a chance to present their side of the case.

Indiana—Senate bill making a passenger ticket rate of 2 cents per mile, and 2 1/2 cents per mile when collected on trains, passed house; final passage certain.

Iowa—Passed house Tuesday, now before legislative committee of senate; may be held there until action is taken by the railroad commission of Wisconsin on a similar bill now before that commission.

Illinois—Bills pending in one branch of legislature.

Kansas—Bill in legislature.

Minnesota—Pending before the senate committee on railroads; certain to pass.

Missouri—House and senate both passed, now awaiting conference over amendments.

Nebraska—Bill drafted by joint house and senate committee, vote expected in house today; both houses favorable to bill.

North Carolina—House passed 2-cent bill; senate considering 2 1/2-cent fare bill.

Ohio—Two-cent fare bill passed in spring of 1906.

Oklahoma—Two-cent fare provision may be included in the constitution.

Pennsylvania—House passed 2-cent bill yesterday; goes to senate.

South Dakota—Bill defeated.

West Virginia—Two-cent fare bill passed by both houses of legislature.

Wisconsin—Pending before the state railroad commission. Decision not expected within the next two or three weeks; legislature waiting report.

NEW DRY CONCENTRATOR MADE BY A DENVER MAN

Denver, Colo., Feb. 18.—Dry concentration is coming in as a powerful factor in our milling of ores. S. K. Behrens, of Denver, has, after two years spent in experimental work, perfected a machine which bears every appearance of being a decided success.

Mr. Behrens has had much experience with wet methods and his present invention is the concrete result of such experience, combined with earnest study and mechanical skill. Dry concentration is not a new thing by any means, but the device under present consideration seems to be a very desirable improvement upon others that have been applied elsewhere. This machine is twenty-two inches wide by five feet in length, is run by electricity, but may be propelled by steam or water power. The length of the table now used will be shortened; those which are to follow having a length of only four feet.

The Method Employed.

The Behrens dry concentrator works entirely on the vacuum principle, drawing the air in through the mouth of a rapidly vibrating table and down through hollow metallic riffles. The air, in passing through these riffles, which are perforated, carries the silica and lighter material through the riffles onto a board, discharging the same as tailings, while the heavier material or concentrate is deposited over the lower end of the table in a receptacle placed there for this purpose. The top of the table is of glass, placed just above the riffles. The entire process is extremely simple and very effective in saving the values. The minerals of various specific gravities are separated each by itself by removing the heavier first and throwing all the lighter over as tailings, which are subsequently worked for their respective specific gravities. Much depends upon the sizing, which is accomplished by a separate machine when the crude ore is reduced and sized as a condition precedent to concentration.

Absolutely Dustless.
The machine is absolutely dustless.

It handles about eight tons of ore in the usual working day. Larger tons, up to any amount, will be cared for by duplicate machines, the same as in any other form of table concentration. The cost of the dry machines is \$200 each, and they will be manufactured in Denver. The one I saw in operation was working tailings from Wilfley tables, produced at the Colorado zinc mill in West Denver. Two mine operators were there—one from Aspen, the other from Leadville—both watching it with the keenest interest. "For," said the Leadville man, "I have a very large body of low grade ore which for want of proper and economical concentration I am unable to work. If this method will do the business, it will mean a great deal to me and to many other mining men who are similarly handicapped."

Both will send lots of ore here to be tested by Mr. Behrens' process.

Expulsion of Tailings.

In a large mill, according to the inventor's statement, all the tailings and the dust arising from crushing or grinding, will be carried down beneath the flooring and deposited in the open air outside the building, so that the workmen will not be subjected to annoyance. He is making a 75 per cent extraction from mill tailings, but thinks he can make a 90 per cent saving on the bulk of the ores produced from Colorado mines. He feels sure of beating the methods of wet concentration now employed. The machine is running at 1711 California street and is attracting the attention of a great many mining and mill men, who are interested in concentration. It is certainly very interesting and looks as if it might be several steps nearer to the final solution of the great problem on which some of the best talent in the country has for the last twenty years been engaged. There is no organization, no stock company connected with it—just the inventor, acting for himself alone. If he succeeds, it will be the beginning of a large, new manufacturing establishment in Denver.

MR. MYERS CHOPPED MRS. REYES WITH ONE HAND AX

Gallant Spouse Came to Rescue of Wife in Most Violent Manner.

One, Myers, who resides in Old Albuquerque, was arraigned this afternoon before Justice of the Peace Jose Romero of precinct 13 on a charge of having assaulted Mrs. Legoria Arriaga, a native woman with a deadly weapon and bound over to the grand jury. The weapon was a hand axe, which weighs probably a pound and a half. Mrs. Reyes showed the justice a scalp wound that appeared as if it had been made with a sharp instrument of some description.

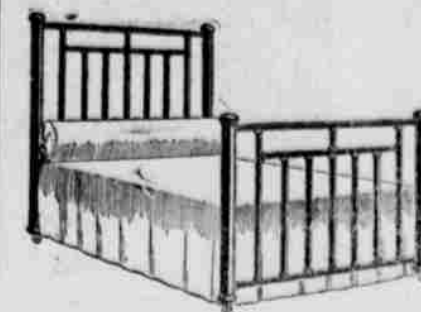
The alleged assault occurred Saturday afternoon about 4 o'clock. It followed a hair-pulling between Mrs. Reyes and Mrs. Legoria. The testimony showed that Myers came to the relief of his wife with the hatchet.

The quarrel between the women resulted over Myers refusing to permit the woman to cross his yard when she went after water in a neighboring yard.

COMMISSIONERS AWARD
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Garcia & Gurule have been awarded the contract for repairing the bridges and approaches to Chamisal

This Exquisite Brass Bed A Value of Values



An offering far above what you have ever known at the price. Stylish and highly artistic design, having two-inch tubing in the highly polished or satin finish; thoroughly well made, with cross supports and heavy spindles.

Come prepared for a big surprise, as you will pronounce this the most decided bargain you have ever seen.

In placing your order before the late advance, we are able to offer this bed in either finish, full size or three-quarter size at

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS worth THIRTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

Other Brass Beds in all Prices, Varieties and Designs.

ALBERT FABER'S

308-310 Railroad Avenue Staab Building

A Checking Account Puts System Into Your Business

WHEN you pay all bills by check, your business is recorded accurately. Each item shows for itself. There is a correct record of all receipts and expenditures in your bank book. For every bill you pay, you get a receipt. You have positive proof that you paid each obligation. We give the same careful attention to both large and small accounts.

The Bank of Commerce Albuquerque, New Mexico. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$200,000

Chas. L. Keppeler DEALER IN

New and Second Hand FURNITURE
Household Goods, Stoves, Ranges, China, Crockery.
Furniture Repaired, MATTRESSES
Made Over, Upholstering and Picture Framing. All Work Guaranteed.

315 and 319 South Second Street
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

Where to Dine Well Santa Fe Restaurant Open Day and Night.

Meals at all Hours. First Class Service Private Dining Rooms in Connection. Fresh Lobsters and Blue Point Oysters Received Daily.

Under Savoy Hotel
C. E. SUNTAAGG, Proprietor

Convenience - Comfort - Security

The telephone makes the duties lighter, the cares less and the worries fewer. The telephone preserves your health, prolongs your life and protects your home.

YOU NEED A TELEPHONE IN YOUR HOME
THE COLORADO TELEPHONE CO.

HANDSOME Souvenir Crockery

VIEWS OF
Alvarado, Cathedral, Commercial Club
Household Goods of Every Description

Borradaile & Co.
117 W. Gold Ave.

REMOVAL .. French Bakery ..

From 213 West Railroad Ave.
To 202 East Railroad Ave.
Raynolds' New Building

Albuquerque, New Mexico

J. C. BALDRIDGE
DEALER IN NATIVE AND CHICAGO LUMBER

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT—Covers more, looks best, wears the longest, most economical; full measure. BUILDING PAPER—Always in stock. Plaster, Lime, Cement, Paint, Glass, Sash, Doors, Etc.

FIRST STREET AND COAL AVE. ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEX.



Mrs. Housekeeper

You Cannot Afford to Miss This Opportunity. Cash Talks

now and for a very small amount of the wherewithal you can replenish your china closet with some very pretty pieces of broken sets at less than half regular price.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

J. D. EMMONS, The Furniture Man
COR. COAL and SECOND WEST END VIADUCT

MORE CREOSOTE FOR PICKLING TIES

New Method Will Be Applied at Belen Plant-Where Creosote Comes From.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 18.—Edwin O. Faulkner, manager of the tie and timber department of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway company, has gone to Galveston, Texas, to be there upon the occasion of the unloading of a creosote boat. Creosote is delivered by boat three times each year from Germany, and the cargo is dived among several purchasers. The Santa Fe buys creosote for the purpose of treating ties.

A new method of treatment of ties will also be adopted by the Santa Fe at the new plant to be built at Belen, N. M.

The new method has been found to be very satisfactory and consists of the treatment of the ties with California crude oil. Mr. Faulkner says in the current issue of the Railway Age:

"The statement having been made by timber experts that in order to produce decay two conditions must be present at the same time—that is, heat and moisture, from a combination of which spring the organisms producing decay—it was considered that by taking thoroughly air-seasoned wood in which condition the cells or pores would be comparatively empty, and then blocking them up with some heavy substance, moisture could be kept out of the wood, and decay thereby prevented.

"There is one special kind of California crude oil of very low gravity, which has about 75 per cent asphaltum base and the rest light oils, the greater part of which vaporize on being heated. In the fall of 1901 the company took a few New Mexico, Arizona and Texas pine ties, thoroughly seasoned, and treated them with this oil, heated to 180 degrees F., and forced in under a pressure of 150 pounds per square inch, the different ties taking up from four gallons minimum to eight gallons maximum.

"In the early spring of 1902 these ties were placed in the experimental track on the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe, between Cleveland and Pelican, where an ordinary loblolly tie will not last over two years, or an untreated loblolly tie much over three years.

"In November last, when the general officials were making their annual inspection, they personally examined these ties and found that at the end of four years and nine months the oil-treated ties were perfectly sound. One was sawed through the middle and under the rail base it was just as sound in the interior as though it had been only a month in the track. Since then other ties of the same test have been bored into and examined, and they all showed up very well. Accordingly the company has determined on adopting the oil treatment for ties while continuing with creosote for the bridge timber and piling.

"This oil at ordinary temperature is like molasses, but when heated it becomes perfectly fluid so that there is no difficulty in getting all the penetration necessary, and it appears that by applying a light vacuum at the close the pores are sealed so that after the ties are taken out of the cylinder they can be handled without any difficulty, and very little of the oil seems to run out. In the case of the ties in the Texas track sufficient oil has come to the outside of the tie to give it what is practically a thin asphalt covering.

"In the new timber treating plant to be built at Belen, N. M., to replace one in Arizona destroyed by fire, the oil process will be used for ties. This plant is to have two cylinders 74 inches in mean diameter inside and 122 feet long."

PENN ACKNOWLEDGES IT

DREW AGE LIMIT TO CLOSE

The Pennsylvania railroad is convinced, as the result of experience, that it drew the line too close when it fixed 35 years as the age limit at which men may enter the company's employ. It will raise the limit to forty years for the good of the service. Expediency has already compelled other railroads that had adopted a similar rule to abandon it in practice.

No great business institution can afford to cripple itself for the sake of an inflexible theory. The predicament the Pennsylvania railroad created for itself was that it could not get enough competent men. Experienced men whom it needed were barred by reason of the thirty-five years rule. In instituting a pension system for employees first thought was given to the time of retirement and length of employment and but little attention paid to the immediate requirements of operating the railroad. A better way would seem to be first of all to employ men who are capable and then adopt the pension system to their various conditions. It is absurd to say that a man at thirty-five or forty would not be justly entitled to a pension of a certain value until thirty years later. His value to an employer, whether he is young or middle-aged, depends upon what he can

Josh Wise Meets Teddy and Talks Over Situation



PHILOSOPHER AND PRESIDENT DISCUSSING THE SITUATION AND THE CRISIS.

By Special Dispatch to the Editor of "The Evening Citizen."

Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—Well, I arrived here all safe and sound. I pose you'll laugh when you read that an' say t' yourself, "Ain't he th' old rube t' begin a letter that way?" But you're wrong. When a man c'n take a railroad trip over 50 miles long an' arrive at th' end uv it safe an' sound it's something worth mentionin'.

I wish you'd telephone t' my wife th' I got here O. K. She's a great hand t' worry. Ev'ry time I've made a trip away from home in th' last 35 years my wife's had a presentiment th' something wuz goin' t' happen t' me er t' th' train I wuz on. If she had a dream a week before I wuz ready t' start she'd be so blamed nervous I'd haf t' put off th' trip. I'll bet she's bought ev'ry edition uv your paper ever since I've been away, lookin' for news uv railroad accidents, an' I c'n see 'er now, standin' at th' telephone, callin' up th' union depot askin' if there's been a wreck anywhere. If she read uv a couple uv Alpean mountain climbers slidin' down a cliff 2'er 3 miles high she'd throw up 'er hands an' yell, "I jist know 'one o' them men wuz Josh!" He always wuz so venturesome!" Then she'd go roottin' 'round in th' bureau drawers t' find any life insurance policies. So jist telephone 'er an' relieve 'er mind. Tell 'er I didn't make a stop in Pittsburgh an' that I ain't goin' t' New York t' attend th' Thaw trial, both o' which will be comfortin' news for her. Also say I've got a good warm room at th' hotel an' that I'm sleepin' next t' blankets, so there's no danger uv rheumatism.

On thinkin' it over, I guess it'll be better t' send this letter by special telegraph dispatch instead uv by mail, so I c'n get word t' Mrs. Wise quicker. Ev'rybody I've met so far in Washington seems glad t' see me. They treated me uv cordial uz though I'd been a United States senator from a gold mine state. Mebby my pluck had done it, mebby my whiskers. I dunno which, but it wuz one o' th' two. I've always noticed that a man with either on c'n git a welcome when th' dogs would be put on a barefaced man who didn't have th' insignia uv dignity, statesmanship an' hack-drivin' on his head. Be that as it may, nowhere did I receive a more cordial welcome th'n when I called at President Theodore Roosevelt's office. Theodore himself come an' th' door when I rung th' bell an' let me in. "Dee-lighted!" says he. "Come right in."

In I come an' we talked over a few ordinary things, like th' poor street car service an' th' trouble in gettin' help in th' kitchen, when I says: "Mr. President, I come down here t' investigate th' situation an' th' present crisis." "Glad t' hear it, Josh," says he, jumpin' up, all excited. "Sorry it's so sloppy we can't have a game o' tennis an' talk it over calm. Come up t' th' gymnasium an' put on th' gloves for a few rounds."

"Dee-lighted!" says he. "Come right in."

"The Ladies' Auxiliary of the B. of L. E., will give their eleventh annual ball at Colombo hall, February 22. Music furnished by Ellis' orchestra. Tickets, \$1.00.

To Chicken Feeders. Maunard's Mills are selling good wheat at \$1.50 per 100 lbs.

Men's High Grade Shirts

The Most Important Accessory to a Man's Apparel is His Personal Linen. I Have Given My Shirt Stock Special Attention This Season.

Just Received the Celebrated

Earl & Wilson Lure Linen Shirts and Manhattan Shirts

M. MANDELL

Fine Clothing and Furnishing

WORKS WONDERS.

A Wonderful Compound—Cures Piles, Eczema, Skin Itching, Skin Eruptions, Cuts and Bruises.

Doan's Ointment is the best skin treatment, and the cheapest, because so little is required to cure. It cures piles after years of torture. It cures obstinate cases of eczema. It cures all skin itching. It cures skin eruptions. It heals cuts, bruises, scratches and abrasions without leaving a scar. It cures permanently. Albuquerque testimony proves it.

A. M. Whitcomb, living at 325 North Eighth street, Albuquerque, N. M., says: "I have nothing to retract from the recommendation I gave for Doan's Ointment some five years ago. What I then stated was to the effect that this preparation had cured me of a breaking out, which, if not cured, closely resembled this trouble and was confined to a spot about the size of a silver dollar just below one of my knees. Off and on for ten years it had annoyed me, always being worse when I was in bed or if I would sit near a fire. I consulted two of our leading physicians but what they gave me proved of no more avail than all the different kinds of salves and ointments that I tried. I had no faith in Doan's Ointment, expecting that it would act similarly to the other remedies I had used, but I was surprised to find that the first application stopped the itching and a short continuation of its use healed the place affected. The fact that I can say after this long interval that there has been no return of the trouble is pretty good reason for my willingness to confirm my original statement. At the time of my using Doan's Ointment one of my grandchildren had salt rheum on his arm and the irritation was so great that it caused him to scratch continually. Despite the fact that it had related all treatment, Doan's Ointment affected a cure and one which has been permanent. I can recommend this preparation at all times as one that can be relied upon to act as represented."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Rising From the Grave. A prominent manufacturer, Wm. A. Fetzell, of Lucena, N. C., relates a most remarkable experience. He says: "After taking less than three bottles of Electric Bitters, I feel like one rising from the grave. My trouble is Bright's disease, in the Diabetes stage. I fully believe Electric Bitters will cure me permanently, for it has already stopped the liver and bladder complications, which have troubled me for years." Guaranteed by all druggists. Price only 50c.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. Owing to the interior improvements now being made in our store, we have decided to reduce our stock of pianos so as to make more room and avoid any possibility of marring the pianos during the progress of the work. During the next ten days we will quote special figures on all our pianos. It will pay you to investigate now. Call or write.

LEARNARD & LINDEMANN, 206 West Gold Avenue. Subscribe for The Evening Citizen

HAIR DRESSER AND CHIROPDIST.

Mrs. Bambini, at her parlors, No. 209 West Railroad avenue, is prepared to give thorough scalp treatment, do hair dressing, treat corns, bunions and ingrowing nails. She gives massage treatment and manicuring. Mrs. Bambini's own preparation of the skin and improves the complexion, and is guaranteed not to be injurious. She also prepares a hair tonic that cures and prevents dandruff and hair falling out; restores life to dead hair; removes moles, warts and superfluous hair. Also a face powder, a freckle cure and pimple cure and pile cure. All of these preparations are purely vegetable compounds. Have just added a vibrator machine for treatment of scalp, face and cure of wrinkles. It is also used for rheumatism, pains and massage.

We do it right, ROUGH DRY. Imperial Laundry Co.



COMING IN OUT OF THE COLD We appreciate a perfectly heated house, but it is not every house that is properly warmed. If yours is lacking in any way, or if you are undecided what is the best system to install in a new house and need information that is trustworthy and valuable, let us know of your trouble. We are specialists for hot water, hot air and steam heating.

Standard Plumbing & Heating Co

...The... "SHORT LINE"

to the mining camps of Colorado, Utah and Nevada; to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, by way of Santa Fe, N. M., and the

DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD through the fertile San Luis valley; also to the San Juan country of Colorado.

For information as to rates, train service, descriptive literature address.

S. K. HOOPER, General Passenger & Ticket Agent Denver, Colo.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS

Best and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind Piles, Itchiness and Bleeding, always the itching at once, as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Proprietors, Cleveland, Ohio. FOR SALE BY S. VANN & SON.

DON J. RANKIN & CO.

FIRE INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE

Automatic Phone 451. Room 10, N. T. Armijo Building

THE "HIGHLAND LIVERY"

SALE, RENT, BROCK, PROP.

LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLE

SADDLE HORSES SPECIALTY

The "Saddle" for Mountain Parties and at special rates on week days

Auto. Phone 604. No. 112 John St.

A. E. WALKER, FIRE INSURANCE.

Secretary Mutual Building Association. Office at 217 West Railroad avenue.

W. E. MAUGER WOOL

with Raube and Mauger Office, 115 North First St. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

TOTI & GRAD!

Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Hay, Grain and Fuel.

Fine Line of Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Place your orders for this line with us.

213-215-217 NORTH THIRD ST.

THIRD STREET Meat Market

All Kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats

Steam Sausage Factory.

EMIL KLIENWORT

Masonic Building, North Third Street

B. A. SLEISTER

INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE—NOTARY PUBLIC.

Room 5, Cromwell Block, Albuquerque, Automatic Telephone 174

Give us your ROUGH DRY work, Monday, and get it back Wednesday, Imperial Laundry Co.

COME TO BELEN, N. M.

Future Railroad Metropolis of New Mexico Located on Belen Cut-off of Santa Fe Railway

The Belen Town and Improvement Company Are Owners of Belen Townsite

The Belen Town and Improvement Co.

JOHN BECKER, Pres.

WM. M. BERGER, Sec'y

Its Location

BELEN IS 31 MILES SOUTH OF ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., AT THE JUNCTION OF THE MAIN LINE OF THE SANTA FE SYSTEM—LEADING EAST AND WEST FROM CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, GALVESTON AND POINTS EAST TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, AND FROM THE EASTERN AND NORTHERN STATES TO EL PASO AND TEXAS.

1,000 BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE LOTS, 25x140 FEET, LAID OUT WITH BROAD 80 AND 70-FOOT STREETS, WITH ALLEYS 20 FEET WIDE, WITH BEAUTIFUL LAKE AND PUBLIC PARK A. D. GRAND OLD SHADE TREES; PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE, COSTING \$16,000; CHURCHES; COMMERCIAL CLUB; A POPULATION OF 1,500 PEOPLE; SEVERAL LARGE MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENTS; THE BELEN PATENT ROLLER MILL, CAPACITY 150 BARRELS DAILY; LARGE WINERY; THREE HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, ETC. BELEN IS THE LARGEST SHIPPING POINT FOR WOOL, FLOUR, WHEAT, WINE, BEANS AND HAY IN CENTRAL NEW MEXICO. ITS IMPORTANCE AS A GREAT COMMERCIAL RAILROAD CITY IN THE NEAR FUTURE CAN NOT BE ESTIMATED.

A Railway Center

ALL FAST LIMITED EXPRESS, MAIL AND FREIGHT TRAINS OF THE SANTA FE WILL GO OVER THE MAIN LINE THROUGH TO BELEN, EAST AND WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

THE LOTS OFFERED ARE IN THE CENTER OF THE CITY, WELL GRADED (MANY OF THEM IMPROVED BY CULTIVATION); NO SAND OR GRAVEL. WE NEED A FIRST-CLASS, MODERN HOTEL AND A GOOD, UP-TO-DATE NEWSPAPER.

OUR PRICES OF LOTS ARE LOW AND TERMS ON EASY PAYMENTS; TITLE PERFECT; WARRANTY DEEDS. ONE-THIRD PURCHASE MONEY CASH. TWO-THIRDS MAY REMAIN ON NOTE, WITH MORTGAGE SECURITY FOR ONE YEAR, WITH 8 PER CENT INTEREST THEREON.

APPLY AT ONCE FOR MAPS AND PRICES IF YOU WISH TO SECURE THE CHOICEST LOTS.



OUR SHOES PLEASE

THE EYE, THE FOOT AND THE POCKETBOOK

FASHIONABLE to the highest degree they have distinguishing marks that raise them above the ordinary and makes them stand out conspicuously in comparison with the usual kind. Every pair is carefully inspected to see that they are rightly made to fit the foot properly and comfortably. Our prices are the very lowest consistent with reliable quality.

Men's High Shoes	-	\$1.75 to \$4.00
Men's Low Shoes	-	1.75 to 4.00
Women's High Shoes	-	1.50 to 5.00
Women's Low Shoes	-	1.50 to 3.50
Women's Slippers	-	1.10 to 3.00
Shoes for Boys and Girls	-	1.00 to 2.50

C. N. BRIGHAM
118-120 S. 2nd. Headquarters for Coffee

Our Leaders--The Celebrated Richelieu Coffees
Packages, 25c and 35c per lb. 2-lb. tins, 85c.
1-lb. tins, 45c. 3-lb. tins, \$1.00.

Capitol Coffee
3-lb. bucket, with premium, \$1.00. Golden Gate coffee--1-lb. tins, 40c. 2-lb. tins, 80c.

Something unique--nothing like it in the city. Try a can. Bulk coffee, 25c to 40c.

GEO. W. HICKOX T. Y. MAYNARD

HICKOX-MAYNARD CO.
NEW MEXICO'S LEADING JEWELERS

Send in Your Watches for Repairs

THE ARCH FRONT. SOUTH SECOND ST.

ALBUQUERQUE HARDWARE CO.
Fourth and Railroad Avenue

A Rarebit
to be prepared should be made in a Manning, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dish. A rarebit is a dish of meat, usually rabbit, served with a sauce of tomato, onion, and celery. It is a popular dish in many parts of the world.

Manning, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dish
has produced a dainty morsel to regale your guests. It is so easy to cook that even a novice can prepare it. The Manning, Bowman & Co. Chafing Dish is the only one of its kind in the world. It is made of the finest materials and is guaranteed to last for ever.

ALBUQUERQUE HARDWARE CO.
Fourth and Railroad Avenue

EVERITT THE Diamond Palace
RAILROAD AVE.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Cut Glass, Clocks, Silverware. We invite your trade and guarantee A SQUARE DEAL.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

TRAIN ARRIVALS.

No. 3--6 p. m.
No. 1--First section, 8 p. m.; second section, 8:15 p. m.
No. 2--3:50 p. m.
No. 5--10:25 p. m.
No. 4--1 a. m.

"Thelma" tonight.
T. W. Seery is here from Belen.
E. P. Ortiz is here from Las Vegas.
Albert and E. Stern were in the city yesterday from Las Vegas.

Ward Darley and wife, of Raton, are among the guests at Hotel Craig.
W. L. Oster, of El Paso, is among the transient visitors to Albuquerque.
Rev. E. McQueen Gray of Carlsbad, N. M., is spending the week in Albuquerque.

Henry M. Hanson and Nels J. Hanson are here from their home at Christine, N. D.

L. H. Fairies, of El Paso, is in Albuquerque on a business and pleasure trip.

Mrs. L. J. Rummell of 222 West Silver avenue, is quite ill with the la grippe.

Simon Neustadt, general merchant and postmaster of Los Lunas, is transacting business in the city today.

W. P. Goodwin, of the New Mexico School of Mines, arrived here last night from Socorro for a brief visit.

J. D. Caldwell, formerly with the Globe Store company, has accepted a position with L. B. Stern at the Lion store.

O. S. Moore, secretary of the Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light and Power company, is in the city from Denver.

C. G. Morrison, of Las Vegas, a well known Meadow City business man, is here on a business mission today.

There will be a regular review of Alamo No. 1, L. O. T. M., tomorrow, at L. O. T. M. hall, at 2:30 p. m. Refreshments.

The Fraternal Brotherhood meets tonight at Elks' hall. Regular bi-monthly meeting and a full attendance is desired.

Secretary J. W. Reynolds, Mrs. Reynolds and Miss Baum of Denver came down from Santa Fe yesterday in the secretary's automobile.

The ladies of St. John's Guild are requested to meet at the residence of Mrs. B. S. Roddy, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, to sew and plan Lenten work.

There will be a stated convocation of Pilgrim Commandery No. 3, Knights Templar, this evening at 7:30. By order of the eminent commander, J. C. Fenger, secretary.

Attorney Chas. W. G. Ward of Las Vegas spent yesterday in the city and went to Santa Fe this morning. Mr. Ward is a member of the Meadow City law firm of Long & Ward.

Prof. John H. Crum, of the department of elocution at the University of New Mexico, will deliver his stereoscopic lecture-recital at the Las Vegas Y. M. C. A. tomorrow night.

Mrs. J. D. Smith and daughter, Mrs. C. Sherman and Mrs. Adam Hanna and daughter, of Adamana, Ariz., arrived here last night and will spend a few days in the city.

Bishop John Miles Kendrick of the diocese of New Mexico and Arizona, spoke at St. John's Episcopal church yesterday and last evening confirmed a large class. He expects to go to Santa Fe during the week.

There will be an important business meeting of the board of managers of the Woman's club at the new club building tomorrow afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. All members urged to be present. Mrs. D. H. Carns, secretary.

Col. W. A. Harris, the pioneer mining man of Hillsboro and Kingston, Sierra county, N. M., is in the territorial metropolis on one of his periodical business trips. The colonel says that things are lively in mining in Sierra county.

The A. B. C.'s met this afternoon with Miss Madeline Northrup, at her home on Fourth street. The club is thinking seriously of changing their name to the "Daisies."--Las Vegas Optic. A few sober minds are wondering if some of Albuquerque's hot air A. B. C.'s are not "daisies."

That there is a strong demand for the Albuquerque cantaloupe in the middle west is evidenced by the fact that Frank M. Barber, a Chicago commission merchant, has written Charles E. Glickler, of Albuquerque, with a proposal to contract for the entire season's crop of 500 acres.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Johnson of West Tijeras avenue are mourning the death of a very fine maitre d' cat, which was the victim of a foul bullet. However, the shooting is thought to have been unintentional on the part of the man behind the gun. Some Belgian hares have been eating the bark from

DOCTOR MCCORMICK.
LIQUOR HABIT CURED.
522 WEST RAILROAD AVE.

trees in the neighborhood in which Mr. Johnson lives and it is very possible that some one mistook the cat for one of these pests.

Ambrose E. McKenzie of Denver is in the city representing the National Manufacturing company of St. Joe, Mo. Mr. McKenzie is one of the finest shot gun shots in the American field. He says that Denver is arranging a shoot that will last five days, at which will be given away the neat sum of \$5,000.

Juan Jose Hubbell, a native, walked through a plate glass window in the front of the Golden Rule Dry Goods company's store, on Railroad avenue, Saturday night. He was badly injured by his contact with the glass, which was 7x10 feet, and valued at \$50. The circumstance is regarded as significant of the drawing power of an advertisement.

MORTUARY

Flora Garcia Gutierrez.
Mrs. Flora Garcia Gutierrez died yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at her home, 507 Nicolas avenue, Bernalillo. Deceased was in the 33rd year of her age and was the wife of Abran Gutierrez, who is a machinist in the Santa Fe railroad shops at this point. Beside her husband Mrs. Gutierrez leaves two children and numerous relatives in this vicinity. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock in the church of the Sacred Heart, where high mass will be said by Father Thomas. All friends of the family are invited. Interment in San Jose cemetery will follow the service.

Buy a package of our reliable shoes and you will make in the looks of your footwear, besides keeping the leather soft and pliable. Tan, chocolate, white, or black, 10, 15 and 25c. C. May's Shoe Store, 314 West Railroad avenue.

A fine assortment of Kansas City meat, including a shipment of choice spiced corned beef, has just been received and is on sale at the Highland Meat Market.

YOU WILL FIND IT AT THE MAZE.

Buggy Whips from 15c to 75c
Heavy team whips 50c
Rubber tire go-carts \$3.00
Folding lawn seats \$1.75
Saddle pads, 45c and 60c
Boys' saddles \$3.00
Meat grinders \$1.25 to \$1.50
One-man four-foot saw \$2.25
Our new stock of garden and flower seeds has arrived. Every package fresh and reliable.

THE MAZE.
WM. KIEKE, Propr.
TO THE PUBLIC.

We, the undersigned, have this day sold to the Wagner Hardware company the stock and good will of the Albuquerque Hardware company, who will collect all accounts due said Albuquerque Hardware company and pay all bills contracted by said company. We also, in this connection wish to thank you kindly for the very liberal patronage extended to the Albuquerque Hardware company in the past, and trust you will continue the same courtesy to the new company.

Yours very truly,
WHITNEY COMPANY.

PAY DAY SPECIAL

At the Cash Buyers' Union, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday.
17 lbs. of sugar \$1.00
Arbuckle's Coffee, 2 for 35c
35c M. & J. coffee 25c
75c Tea, green or black 50c
50 lb Best flour 1.25
1 gal best sugar 45c
Cream of Wheat, pkg 15c
H. O. Pancake flour, pkg 10c
15c sugar corn 10c
2lb. tomatoes 9c
2 1/2 lb tomatoes 11c
25 pairs of ladies' \$2 shoes 1.35
25 pairs of ladies' \$1.50 shoes 85c
Men's and boys' suits 1-3 off.
Men's and boys' overcoats 1-3 off.
Blankets and quilts 20 per cent off.
122 North Second Street.

PRIVATE SALE.

The furnishings of a five-room house, complete. Practically new. Jewel range, solid oak dining room suite, solid oak bed room suite. Must be sold at once, party leaving town. 416 East Railroad avenue, across from Public Library.

"IF I WERE THE DEVIL" IS THE SUBJECT OF DR. SOUTHERN'S LECTURE TUESDAY NIGHT AT THE M. E. CHURCH. ADMISSION 50 CENTS. THIS IS A GREAT LECTURE. SOUTHERN IS KNOWN AROUND THE WORLD AS AN ORATOR.

Ladies of the G. A. R., John A. Logan circle No. 1, will give a card party on Saturday evening at Odd Fellows' hall. Admission 25 cents, including refreshments.

IT HAS BEEN OUR POLICY

To hold each year our annual sale of used and slightly used pianos. Owing to extensive interior improvements now under way in our store, we will quote our special sale prices on all pianos in stock. Our stock consists of the most complete line of high grade pianos ever shown in this city and we can truly add, in the great southwest. If interested, call or write today.
LEARNARD & LINDEMANN,
206 West Gold Avenue.

HONEY

10 lbs. Nice Extracted Honey for \$1.00. Order by Postal.
W. P. Allen, Box 202, Albuquerque.

List your property with
Live Men
Crawford & Jones
110 South Second St.

R.R. TICKETS BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED
Association Office Transactions Guaranteed

ROSENFELD'S, 118 W. R. R. Ave.

SOCIAL DANCE
EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT

AT THE
COLOMBO HALL DANCING SCHOOL

Admission 50c Ladies Free

Believe Us

We can save you money

NOW

In the purchase of a Piano

TODAY

We Carry the Largest Stock of New Pianos Ever Shown in This Territory.

SECOND HAND Pianos at your own prices--almost.

SEE US before you buy

Do It Today

Learnard & Lindemann,

Established 1900 206 W. Gold Avenue

COAL

Genuine American block, per ton \$6.50
Cerrillos Lump \$6.50
Anthracite Nat \$8.50
Anthracite mixed \$9.00
Anthracite, stove and furnace sizes \$9.50
Clean Gas Coke \$6.00

WOOD.

Green Mill Wood, per load \$2.25

W. H. HAHN & CO.

Both Phones.

The firm of Lommori & Matteucci corner Seventh and Tijeras, will hereafter be known as

THE CHAMPION GROCERY CO.

Our new telephone number is 51.

RESOLVED
HE NEVER TOLD A LIE AND WE SHOULD ALL BE THE SAME. A SUCCESSFUL MERCHANT CANNOT AFFORD TO MISREPRESENT AND A SUCCESSFUL MERCHANT DOES NOT MISREPRESENT.
BUSTER BROWN.

The greatest thing George Washington ever did was to tell his father that he cut down the cherry tree. He set a good example. It is easy to tell the truth when telling the truth will do you no harm. But are there not many who tell falsehoods for immediate benefit rather than the truth? Is the man who tells you that he will sell you a suit worth \$20.00 for \$10.00 telling the truth? If it is worth \$20.00 why does he ask only \$10.00? We mark our goods in plain figures and sell you a \$10.00 suit for \$10.00, and charge you \$20.00 for a \$20.00 suit. Would you not rather do business this way?

SIMON STERN
The Railroad Avenue Clothier

RAABE & MAUGER
115-117 NORTH FIRST STREET
Between Railroad and Copper Ave.

Stoves and Steel Ranges

HARDWARE and RANCH SUPPLIES

Wagon Covers,

Sheep Shears,

Dipping Tanks,

TIN SHOP

In Rear of Store

Harness,

Horse Blankets,

Saddles.

WHITNEY COMPANY
Wholesale and Retail
HARDWARE

Iron Pipe, Pumps, Valves, Fittings--Steam and Water Supplies--Hose and Belting.
Stoves, Ranges and Granite Iron Ware.
Bar Iron, Steel, Wagon Wood Stock, Blacksmith Supplies.

Mail Orders Solicited

113, 115, 117, South First Street
401, 403, North First Street
Albuquerque, New Mexico

Home Insurance the Best

WE CANNOT refrain from again saying something about Home Insurance. Every time that the proposition presents itself of the tremendous amount of money that is being sent out of New Mexico and Arizona for life insurance to eastern cities, the conviction comes home with increased force that a home company ought to be patronized and the money remain in the West.

The revelations of the past year of the way the enormous surplus of the big Eastern companies has been handled and speculated with ought to emphasize the fact that the people of the West should stop pouring their money into Eastern channels when it can be placed in home insurance, and every dollar of it kept and invested at home.

It is gratifying to note that home insurance is year by year receiving more and more its just deserts. Statistics show that during the past year home companies far exceeded foreign companies in the amount of business written. Why cannot this same record be made here? It can if every individual who takes out a policy the coming year will carefully weigh the proposition of the value it is to keep his insurance at home before he puts his name to the application of any insurance company.

The Occidental Life Insurance Company of New Mexico and Arizona is owned and controlled by the leading business men of the two territories, and offers exceptional opportunities to ambitious and capable men and women to sell its policies.

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