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ALBUQUERQUE MORNING JOURNAL.

TWENTY-NINTH YEAR

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, MONDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1907

By Mail, \$5.00 a Year. PRICE 5 CENTS
By Carrier, 5c. a Month.

BALLOON MEN READY FOR BIG RACE

GERMANY, FRANCE AND
ENGLAND SEND ENTRIES

Nine Airships Start This Afternoon in Effort to Smash Recent Record Established by McCoy and Chandler.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
St. Louis, Oct. 20.—Arrangements have all been completed for the second international aeronautic contest, which will begin at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. Nine balloons have been entered, representing America, Germany, France and England.

The first international contest was held last year at Paris, at which Lieutenant Frank P. Lahm of the United States cavalry, by a flight of 492 miles won the James Gordon Bennett cup, the trophy of the contest. The cup is an object of art in massive silver, valued at \$2,500, and was offered by James Gordon Bennett to the aeronaut covering the longest distance in a single flight. If the cup is won three times in succession by an aeronaut it then becomes the property of the aeronautic club of which he is a member. The winner of the cup in each international contest, by the terms of the donor, will receive in addition, a prize of \$2,500 in cash, together with one-half of the entry fees and forfeits. The contest at finishing second will receive one-third and the contestant finishing third the remainder of the entry fees and forfeits. This second competition for the Bennett cup was organized by the Aero club of America under the rules of the International Aeronautic Federation and will be conducted under the auspices of the Aero club of St. Louis.

The first five days of the week will be devoted to aerobatics. On Monday the principal feature of the entire aeronautic meet will open the program, when the nine balloons will ascend in the international long distance race for the Bennett cup. Tuesday there will be a contest of aerobatics, flying machines of 450 heavy-berth-air type, with total cash prizes of \$2,500. Thursday the contest of flying machines for the Scientific American cup will be held. Friday will be "free-for-all" day, in which any kind of air craft that will get above the ground may participate in the contest to win the Lahm cup, which has just been won by Aeronauts McCoy and Chandler in their long balloon flight from St. Louis to West Virginia.

Aeronautic interest centers chiefly on the international balloon race. According to the announcement of the Aero club, the first balloon, the Pommeren, will be sent up at 4 p. m., Monday, and others will follow at not less than five minute intervals. The balloons entered in the race, their pilot and the companies who will accompany each pilot, the country represented, and the cubic feet of gas capacity of each balloon are as follows, given in the order in which they will start:

Pommeren, Germany; Oscar Erling, 10,000; A. Lawrence, 77,000.
United States, America; Major H. E. Hertz, A. T. Hertz, 15,250.
L'Éclair de France, France; Alfred Le Blanc, E. W. Mix, 77,000.
Dusseldorf, Germany; Captain Hugo von Abercron, H. Heidemann, 77,000.
Lotus II, England; G. Brewer, Le Brabant, 75,500.
America, America; J. C. McCoy, Captain De F. Chandler, 77,000.
Anjou, France; Rene Gasnier, Charles Levee, 75,500.
Abercron, Germany; Paul Meckel, Herr Polanski, 50,000.
St. Louis, America; Alan H. Hawley, August Post, 77,000.

All the details of the race are in charge of a commission appointed by the Aero club of America. Next in importance in the features of the program is the competition by aerial vehicles of every kind, which are divided into classes as follows: First—Dirigible airships which are lighter than air, being made so that the bag or envelope contains a gas lighter than air. Second—Machines heavier than air, which are designed to be lifted from the ground and propelled by the pressure of planes or extensive surfaces of some light or material against the air.

All the air craft have reached St. Louis and are being assembled on the plot of ground in Forest Park where the ascensions will be made. The plot of ground is at the eastern end of Forest Park, about two miles from the site of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, and is one of the highest points in the city. Its height makes the selection agreed on for aerobatics as it is far removed from wires that might entangle the baskets and smoke stacks that might interfere with the flight.

The ballooning ground proper is about 100 yards wide by 170 yards long and is enclosed by a fence of wire netting. Twenty feet inside this fence is still another wall of netting, this inner court being reserved exclusively for the aerobatics, contest officials, members of the United States signal corps and the scientific men who will assist in the inflating, and as strong will the cordon of soldiers be that none other may enter, no matter what his rank or title.

Through the center of the inner court runs a twelve-inch gas pipe 100 yards long with alternating off-shoots of smaller pipes from which the cup contenders will be inflated. The main pipe runs from a gasometer with a capacity of 4,000,000 cubic feet, one of the largest in the world.

On three sides of the outer enclosure and duly decorated with red, white and blue bunting, are stands that will seat 20,000 people. On the fourth side are the tents in which the airships and flying machines are being assembled to await the departure of their crews, but clustered closer, the delicate skeleton-like frame work being scattered in profusion among the big drums or generators which are to provide the special gas for the dirigibles.

On the fourth side also are the tents of the two provisional battalions of United States soldiers from Jefferson barracks, placed there at the request of President Roosevelt to guard the grounds and assist the special detail of police.

All the dead grass has been burned away from the slopes of the hills leading to the grounds, that a chance spark may not in a few moments destroy many thousands of dollars worth of valuable property and prevent the great race.

As a sure safeguard, rules have been made to prevent anyone from smoking near the enclosure, and the watchful care of the aeronauts who are to man them. Each has been carefully examined for possible weak spots, the ropes, cords and valves have been tested and talcum powder has been sprinkled where the canvas was sticky. Today all were taken to the grounds and final arrangements were completed for the contest.

FRENCHMEN HAVE NEW PLAN FOR AERIAL NAVIGATION

Paris, Oct. 20.—A new principle of aerial navigation with heavier-than-air machines has been employed in some recent experiments and gives promise of large results. Instead of using planes on the box kite principle, driven by a vertical propeller, as is the case in the aeroplanes of Santos Dumont and other experimenters up to this time, rotary horizontal planes are used. In other words the gyroscopic principle is employed and the machine is called the gyrodrome. The theory is that by employment of horizontal propellers the machine can be easily lifted and lowered after the fashion of the old "helicopter" toy, longitudinal motion being obtained by the forces of gravitation by allowing the machine to dip and glide on one plane in the same way that the heavy birds soar. Count de Lambert believes that this is the true solution of aerial flight, but the honor of constructing the first machine on this principle belongs to Louis Requet. He has built a machine in the general form of a Saint Andrew's cross, each arm having at its extremity eight revolving blades or propellers slightly inclined. These thirty-two paddles present a total surface of twenty-five square meters and are revolved by a ferry ship motor at the center of the cross, which is where the pilot sits. The total weight of the machine is 575 kilograms. In the preliminary trial the machine left the ground instantly when the motor was set in motion and was easily sustained in the air with seventy-eight revolutions a minute. When the motor was slowed down the gyrodrome descended gently. Perfect equilibriums were maintained. Longitudinal flight has not yet been attempted, but the inventor thinks it will be easy to make seventy-five kilometers an hour.

BLUE LAWS DEFIED IN KANSAS CITY

Actors and Actresses Face Indictment by Grand Jury For Participation in Sunday Plays.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Kansas City, Oct. 20.—All the theaters of this city were open today in violation of the Sunday closing order of Judge Wallace of the criminal court and all the actors and actresses who participated in the various performances will be indicted by the grand jury next Tuesday. Scores of city detectives and deputy marshals were busy today securing evidence against the violators of the Sunday closing order which will be presented today to the same grand jury that has already indicted all the theatrical managers here for keeping their playhouses open on Sunday. The persons indicted will be released on bond and Judge Wallace believes that this method of procedure, if adopted every Sunday, will prove as inconvenient to traveling actors as the theaters will be compelled to close.

The theaters which play to capacity every Sunday, turned away a greater number of persons than usual today, although the attractions were only ordinary in character. There was no disturbance of any kind.

PRAIRIE FIRE SWEEPS FARMS IN MINNESOTA

Boy Playing With Matches Starts Disastrous Blaze.

Barnesville, Minn., Oct. 20.—A prairie fire is devastating the northeastern part of Wilkin county and three farms have already been wiped out. The damage thus far is estimated at \$50,000. The fire was started yesterday afternoon on the farm of Charles Funderback by a boy who was playing with matches. All the buildings on that farm were soon destroyed. Thus far efforts to check the progress of the fire have been unavailing, but all the farmers in the vicinity tonight are plowing the country in an attempt to stop the flames.

AMERICANS IN RUSSIAN PRISON

ACCUSED OF HELPING TO
FINANCE REVOLUTION

William E. Walling, Wife and Sister-in-law, In Hands of Czar's Secret Police on Serious Charge.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
St. Petersburg, Oct. 20.—William English Walling, of Indianapolis, his wife and sister-in-law, Miss Rose Strunsky, were arrested in this city tonight by a force of gendarmes because of their association with several members of the Finnish progressive party. They were being held at the gendarmes' headquarters at a late hour tonight. A representative of the American embassy appeared at the headquarters in their behalf, but he could take no action until tomorrow morning.

Kellogg Durland, another American and a friend of Mr. Walling, who has been in St. Petersburg gathering material for a series of lectures, was also taken into custody, but later he was released. There was no evidence on which to hold Mr. Durland.

For several years past Mr. Walling has taken an active interest in the Russian struggle, and this is the third time he has visited Russia.

The Finns with whom Mr. Walling has been associated also were arrested. In this party there are three men and one woman. The woman is the wife of Professor Malmberg, of Helsinki university. The Finns have been in St. Petersburg for several days. They have been under close police observation. Yesterday and today the Finns, Mr. and Mrs. Walling and Miss Strunsky dined together, and tonight the entire party was taken into custody.

The arrest took place at the Hotel de France, one of the leading hotels of this city. The room of the Walling party and the Finns were thoroughly searched by a colonel of gendarmes and several assistants. All the baggage and effects of the Walling party and the four Finns were opened and the gendarmes took possession of a large quantity of books and other documentary material.

Mr. Walling and his wife, who is known to the literary world as Anna Strunsky, and Miss Strunsky, were taken to the gendarmes' headquarters because all the prisons are overcrowded and no other place to confine them could be found. After much telephoning by the authorities places were finally found for the prisoners. The three Americans were separated. Mr. Walling was sent to the detention prison, his wife to the women's prison and Miss Strunsky, who apparently is regarded as the most important captive, to the new jail recently built for the famous third section or secret police.

It was impossible to learn tonight what the charge was against the Finns. It will determine the accusation against Mr. Walling, but a member of the secret police who accompanied the gendarmes who made the arrest, said the order of arrest had originated in his section and that the secret service had been shadowing Mr. Walling constantly for two years past. The police have been instructed to look also for James M. James, a New York newspaper man, who has been over here for a New York weekly, and several socialist leaders. Mr. James left St. Petersburg several days ago and has not yet returned. He has been taken into custody twice during raids on revolutionary gatherings in this city, but was released upon proving that he was present in his journalistic capacity only.

Mr. Walling has just returned to St. Petersburg from attending the socialist congress in Germany and France. He has also spent several months recently in Geneva, where he frequented the headquarters of the Russian revolutionists. He is intimate with many leading revolutionists and liberals. Mr. Walling is accused by the police of furnishing financial aid to the revolution, though this charge is not the foundation for his arrest tonight.

The arrest of Walling bears a striking resemblance to certain reports of his arrest in the Russian capital in January, 1906, which originated with the editor of a Jewish newspaper in New York, but which was at once denied from St. Petersburg, and declared to be without foundation.

Mr. Walling is thirty years old. He is a son of Dr. Willoughby Walling of Chicago, formerly United States consul at Edinburgh. He is a graduate of the University of Chicago. He inherited a considerable fortune from the estate of his grandfather, William H. English, of Indianapolis, and after working among the poor of Chicago and New York City, he associated himself with the University settlement at Rivington and Eldridge streets. He lived there for two years, and was an intimate associate of J. G. Phelps Stokes and Robert Hunter.

Mr. Walling is described as having been a quiet, reserved man until he was aroused on the subject of child labor. Then he forced himself to the front as an aggressive champion against children working in factories. His energies and his means were enlisted in this cause. At one time he was a state factory inspector in Illinois.

Mr. Walling, who was Miss Anna

Strunsky, is a graduate of Stanford university. She has done much literary work. She is a Jewess, twenty-six years old, and was born in Russia. She has lived in the United States since childhood. Her father is a business man in San Francisco.

WALLING WELL-KNOWN INDIANA PHILANTHROPIST

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 20.—William English Walling, of this city, who is mentioned in a dispatch from St. Petersburg as having been arrested with his wife and sister-in-law, has for the past several years been engaged in "settlement" work among the poorer classes. It is thought his energies in this direction in St. Petersburg brought about his arrest, together with his wife and sister-in-law.

Walling is a grandson of the late W. H. English, who was a candidate for the Vice presidency in the democratic ticket in 1880. On the death of W. H. English he was left property to the value of about \$500,000. He still owns considerable real estate in Indianapolis. His wife is of the Jewish faith.

GOLD OUTPUT SHOWS BIG INCREASE

\$94,393,400 PRODUCED
IN PAST TWELVE MONTHS

Alaska and Nevada Leaders in Yellow Metal; Colorado Reports Decrease; Arizona Leads in Silver.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Washington, Oct. 20.—George E. Roberts, who retired from the position as director of the mint on August 1, 1905, has completed a compilation of the statistics on the production of gold and silver in the various states and territories of the United States for the calendar year 1906. Mr. Roberts estimates the production of gold in the United States during the calendar year 1906 to have been \$94,393,400, as against \$88,190,700 for the calendar year 1905, a net gain in 1906 of \$6,202,700. The principal gain was in Alaska, which reported a net gain of \$4,221,974 in 1906. The net gain in the production of silver during the calendar year 1906 in Arizona was \$63,500 ounces.

The average price of silver for the calendar year 1905 was \$0.617 per ounce, as against \$0.67531 for the calendar year 1906.

Mr. Walling and his wife, who is known to the literary world as Anna Strunsky, and Miss Strunsky, were taken to the gendarmes' headquarters because all the prisons are overcrowded and no other place to confine them could be found. After much telephoning by the authorities places were finally found for the prisoners. The three Americans were separated. Mr. Walling was sent to the detention prison, his wife to the women's prison and Miss Strunsky, who apparently is regarded as the most important captive, to the new jail recently built for the famous third section or secret police.

DENVERMAN THROWS BOMB AT WIFE

Startling Attempt of Would-Be Murderer Foiled by Mother-in-Law.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Great Bend, Kas., Oct. 20.—E. E. Stacy, soon after his arrival here from Denver today, made an attempt to kill his wife with a dynamite bomb. Stacy's mother-in-law saw her daughter's peril and shoved her out of danger before the bomb exploded. Stacy followed the women and struck both of them with his fist after which he was arrested. No one was injured by the explosion of the bomb, but the house in which the bomb was thrown suffered some damage.

A few weeks ago Mrs. Stacy left her husband in Denver and came to live with her parents here. Her refusal to return to Denver with her husband caused the trouble today. Stacy tried to put the bomb in the bosom of his wife's dress, but the mother-in-law knocked it from his hand and pushed her daughter from the room before it exploded.

OUSTER SUIT AGAINST STANDARD IN MISSOURI

Celebrated Case Comes Up Before Supreme Court at Jefferson City Wednesday.

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 20.—The case of the attorney general against the Standard, the Republic and the Waters-Pierce Oil companies will be argued in supreme court on Wednesday. These cases are for ouster of the defendants for violation of the anti-trust laws of the state in combining to create a monopoly of the oil business in the state and to fix and maintain the price for the same. Judge Anthony, of Fredericktown, Mo., took the testimony and made a report, finding the companies guilty. The companies filed exceptions to the report and the case will be argued on the report and the exceptions thereto. In his brief Attorney General Hadley says:

"This case is, with the possible exception of the Northern Securities case, the most important case that has come before a court in this country since the Dred Scott case."

PRESIDENT NO TENDERFOOT SAYS GUIDE

JUDICIOUS JOLLY BRINGS
TWENTY DOLLAR REWARD

Roosevelt Back From Hunting Trip Gleefully Recounts Adventures in Wilderness; Ate Everything but the Bobcat.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Stanhope, La., Oct. 20.—"We got three bears, six deer, one wild turkey, twelve squirrels, one duck, one possum and one wildcat. We ate them all except the wildcat, and there were times when we almost felt as if we could eat it."

This was President Roosevelt's summing up of the result of his hunt on Bayou Tenness and Bear lake. He arrived at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of Leo Shields, where he will be a guest until he makes his departure for Vicksburg tomorrow. He came in on full gallop and accompanied as he was by about a dozen of his hunting companions, all mounted and attired in hunting garb, the cavalcade presented a tableau as picturesque as it was animated. The president is slightly more bronzed than when he entered the wilderness from this point fifteen days ago, but notwithstanding this fact and the additional circumstances that his clothes bear evidence of contact with the cane and other brush, he was never in better spirits in his life.

"Yes, we got three bears," he added, "all that we saw, and I think that is a pretty good record. I am perfectly satisfied."

"You might add," interjected one of the Metcalf brothers, who has been the president's principal guide throughout the hunt, "that we hunted a country of vast extent, and in which there were but five bears all told, and that of those, as you see, we got three."

Assenting to this amplification of his statement, the president entered upon an enthusiastic account of his hunt, of his life in camp and the meats with which he had been supplied while there.

"Was the 'possum good?" he was asked.

"Absolutely the best dish we had, except the bear's liver," he responded with a relish.

The president, when he said this, stood on the lawn in front of Mr. Shields' home. Around him were gathered Mr. Shields and a number of guests whom he had invited to dine with the president.

In the distance were gathered the negro hunters, Holt Collier, Alex. Ennolds, Brutus Jackson and numerous cooks, teamsters and messengers, while the horses stood in the yard, and the dogs lay around licking their lacerated bodies, many of the animals being in bad condition on account of the long chase, and others as a result of contact with wild hogs, wildcats and other wild things.

The central figure of the group, as he never appeared in a happier frame of mind than on this occasion, declared that his health had been perfect, his appetite equally good, and with the exception of a day or two lost on account of rain, he had been in the saddle every day from daylight till dark. He ended by declaring that he had never in his life had finer sport.

The arrival of the party brought out the fact that a third bear had been killed on Friday, a two-year-old, which was slain by one of the Osborne brothers when it was in a fierce fight with the dogs. The one bear that was obtained by the president, was killed on Thursday, and the killing was witnessed by one of the McKenney and Alex. Ennolds. They agree in saying that the president's bearing was extremely sportmanlike.

The animal had been chased by the dogs for three hours, the president following all the time. When at last they came within hearing distance the president dismounted from his horse, dashed off his coat and tore into the canebrakes, coming to within twenty paces of the bear. The dogs were coming up rapidly with the president's favorite, Rowdy, in the lead, and the brute had stopped to look defiance to them when the president sent a bullet from his 45-70 rifle after it. But the shot went through the animal's lights and would have been fatal, but with the little life left in it the bear turned upon the dogs. The president concluded to end all and lodged a second bullet between the shoulders which broke the creature's neck.

I did not have the fear of alligators that some seem to have."

The president will leave here tomorrow at 10 o'clock, and will spend four hours in the afternoon at Vicksburg. He will arrive at Delta, directly across the river from Vicksburg, at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

In honor of the president the name of this place was today changed to Roosevelt.

MOORS AMBUSH FRENCH SOLDIERS; TWO SLAIN

Paris, Oct. 20.—A dispatch has been received here from General Druce, commander of the French expeditionary forces in Morocco, saying that the French reconquering party was ambushed today while proceeding in the direction of Taddert. Captain Janley and one private of the Chasseurs de Afrique were killed and six men wounded. General Druce at once went out with a battalion, but when he got to the place the Moors who had made the ambush had disappeared.

TELEGRAPHERS HISS FALLEN PRESIDENT

STORMY SCENES AT
STRIKERS' MEETING

Small's Effort to Justify His "Go Back to Work" Proposal Almost Results in Riot; Assessments Increased.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Chicago, Oct. 20.—S. J. Small, former president of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, was hissed and jeered by 6,000 members of the Chicago local union, before whom he appeared this afternoon in an effort to justify his action in seeking to end the strike. Nearly a third of those present left the hall after shouting insults at their deposed leader.

When order had been restored, action was taken increasing the assessments upon leased wire operators from one day's pay per week, as at present, to two days' pay per week, for the benefit of the strike treasury. Four operators were suspended from the union for non-payment of their assessments.

Vice President W. W. Reuther, of Washington, was named as the choice of the Chicago local for successor to Small.

LONE HIGHWAYMAN BOBS UP IN UTAH

Male Passengers Robbed by Gallant Bandit Who Scorns to Interfere With Women Wayfarers.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 20.—The Murray stage, used for the conveyance of passengers on the line between Brigham Junction and Sandy, was brought to a halt today at Levenshulth. The driver and the male passengers in the coach were ordered down from their seats and when the robber faced them with drawn revolver, they readily complied with his demand for money and valuables.

Only \$12 was obtained from the party, it was said today, but the driver, who had a considerable sum of money in his possession, managed to secrete it under the seat of the stage while his passengers were climbing down from their seats. The purse was overlooked by the robber. The women passengers, whom there were a number, were not molested. The bandit escaped under cover of darkness.

RAILROAD OPERATORS' WAGES AGAIN RAISED

Telegraphers of Kansas City Southern Rejoice in Second Increase Since January.

Kansas City, Oct. 20.—The Kansas City Southern Railway company has granted a voluntary increase in salary of seven dollars a month to its telegraph operators. The new salary schedule became effective October 15. This makes the second increase in salaries on this road since January 1. Officials of the road say that the increase was made because of the general advance of salaries which have been made in other departments of the road this year.

Tokio College Celebrates Anniversary.
Tokio, Oct. 20.—The twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of Waseda university in Tokyo, of which Count Okuma is the founder and president, was celebrated this afternoon.

Hurricane Sweeps Norway.
Tromsø, Norway, Oct. 20.—A violent hurricane has been raging over the province of Singsmark since last Thursday. Many fishing boats are missing, and up to the present time seven lives have been lost.

FINDS ALL NEW YORK BANKS SOLVENT

REASSURING REPORT OF
CLEARING HOUSE PEOPLE

Heinze, Morse and Thomas Interests Eliminated, Committee Will Extend Necessary Help to Shaky Institutions.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
New York, Oct. 20.—At a late hour tonight the Associated Press was assured by the clearing house committee that the Heinze, Morse and Thomas interests had been eliminated from the banking organizations of New York City, and in the light of this fact the clearing house association announced its readiness to lend all necessary aid to any of the banks which have been under suspicion, the clearing house investigation having established their solvency.

It is believed that this action will prevent any crisis in New York banking circles.

William H. Havemeyer, one of its directors, was today elected to the presidency of the National Bank of America, succeeding Alfred H. Curtis, resigned.

It is understood that the Mercantile National bank will undergo a process of slow liquidation.

At a regular meeting of the board of directors of the Mercantile National bank, this afternoon, Seth M. Milliken was elected president of the bank to succeed F. Augustus Heinze, resigned.

William Skinner and Gerish H. Milliken were elected additional vice presidents, Gerish Milliken being added to the board of directors.

The clearing house committee met with the directors of the bank and the two boards were in session for about four hours. Later William H. Shorer, manager of the clearing house association, on behalf of the association, gave out the following statement:

"A committee of the council has examined several banks of the association that have been under criticism and find them solvent. The clearing house committee has decided to render them such assistance to meet their deposits as the committee may think necessary."

Neither the members of the board of the Mercantile National, nor the clearing house committee would add to these announcements. The statement of Mr. Shorer is, however, taken to mean that the clearing house committee is perfectly satisfied with the reorganization of the Mercantile National bank and will see that the bank is enabled to meet any crisis that the widely published story about its condition, following the collapse of the Heinze corner in United Copper may force it to face.

After the meeting of the Mercantile National directors, E. R. Thomas, one of the directors, announced that he had disposed of all his holdings in the Hamilton bank to a syndicate composed of men interested in the bank. The action had been expected.

Mr. Milliken, who heads the new list of officers of the Mercantile National, is one of the best known of New York's capitalists. He had been for some time a member of the board of directors of the bank. He is a rich man and a member of the firm of Deering, Milliken & Co. He is an officer or director in a score of other banks, companies and southern cotton companies. He is well known in business circles and is said to be the choice of the clearing house committee to the position to which he was elected today.

William Skinner, who was elected vice president of the bank, is president of William Skinner Manufacturing company and is a director in a large number of railroad companies, including the New York, New Haven and Hartford.

Gerish H. Milliken is a son of Seth M. Milliken. While none of those connected with the Mercantile National or the clearing house would discuss any phase of the matter today, it is known that it is the belief of the clearing house committee that the election of Mr. Milliken as head of the bank will relieve the uneasiness in the financial district and the action was taken today that it might have a quieting effect on the market on the opening of the stock exchange.

Charles W. Morse today announced his resignation from the directorate of every local bank with which he was connected. He gave out the following formal statement:

"Owing to my connection with the affairs of the Mercantile National bank and the seemingly disturbed condition of the public mind, I have determined, without the slightest suggestion or solicitation on the part of anyone, that my resignation from the various boards of directors of the other banks with which I am associated might be for the best interests of the depositors, stockholders and others interested in those banks. Accordingly I have this day tendered my resignation in all the banks in which I have been serving as director."

Alleged Blackmailer Released.
New York, Oct. 20.—Hugo Voelck, arrested last night on the complaint of Raymond Hitchcock, the actor, on a charge of blackmailing, was arraigned today and held in \$10,000 bail. Frank O. Tornberg, arrested with Voelck, was discharged, there being nothing to show that he had anything to do with the blackmailing.

COLD STORAGE PLANT TO BE BUILT AT ONCE

Putney Cold Storage and Ice Company Behind Big Business Enterprise Now Well Under Way.

WILL SUPPLY ENTIRE SOUTHWESTERN MARKET

Eighty Thousand Cubic Feet of Cold Storage Space in Plant Which Will be in Operation by April 1st.

Nothing better illustrates the advance of Albuquerque as a commercial center than the announcement of the immediate construction here of a great cold storage plant, the first of its kind to be built in the territory and one of the largest establishments of the class in the west. The Putney Cold Storage and Ice company, incorporated last week with a capital stock of \$40,000, proposes to begin at once the construction of such a plant in Albuquerque, to supply not only the local market, but the entire southwest with cold storage products. The company has purchased its site and contracted for its building. Quietly and without making any noise about its plans, it has arranged to supply one of the greatest needs of this market, and to supply it completely. The Putney Cold Storage and Ice company is incorporated by Robert E. Putney, head of the Putney wholesale grocery house, of this city; John R. Price, for twenty-two years secretary and treasurer and manager of the Cleveland Storage company, of Cleveland, Ohio, one of the largest cold storage establishments in the lake states, and Nell B. Field, of Albuquerque. Mr. Price became president and manager of the company and will have full charge of its construction and operation. Mr. Putney is secretary and treasurer. The corporation is a close one and is controlled entirely by Mr. Putney and Mr. Price.

The company has purchased four lots on North First street, next to the warehouse of the Lemp Brewing company. The property fronts on the east on the Santa Fe tracks, giving ideal warehouse location and on the west on First street. The company will build at once a complete cold storage plant, and an ice plant in connection, the latter not only supplying the cold storage rooms, but being designated to supply the local trade as well.

STORAGE PLANT WILL BE BUILT UP TO DATE.
"It is our plan," said Mr. Price yesterday, "to build here an absolutely modern and up-to-date cold storage plant that will supply all the needs of the southwestern market. Our plant will be a large one, the building as planned allowing for 80,000 cubic feet of cold storage space. This is equal to about fifty carloads of ordinary cold storage products, such as butter and eggs. This space will be divided into sixteen storage rooms, each one of which will be supplied with a different temperature, the plant being arranged so that the temperature of any one of the sixteen rooms can be graded from zero to 35 degrees, depending on the needs of the commodity to be stored."

The plant will be as complete as money and modern methods can supply. The coils through which the cooling brine from the low plant passes will not come in contact with the storage rooms at all, but will be in a separate room. From this room cold air, chilled to the temperature desired, will be carried direct to the storage rooms by means of fans, or what is called forced air circulation, the most modern system of refrigeration.

"It is our purpose to deal as merchants in eggs, butter, cheese, California and northern fruits, which we will buy direct from the producers and sell to the retail trade. We are going not only into the local market with this produce, but into the entire southwestern field. This market has never been covered in this way before. I am informed that it is almost impossible to secure a desirable storage in the local market now. With proper cold storage facilities there is no reason why this market should not be supplied at all times with this fruit in its most desirable form. There is vast difference between cold storage products taken from storage direct to the consumer and products which come out of cold storage, stand a long shipment and are then sent into the market for storage again. Products handled so are bound to deteriorate, and this market has never known what direct cold storage service means. It will insure here not only better, fresher goods for the consumers, but it will enable the local market to keep in hand a supply of fresh products at all times."

"In addition to dealing direct in cold storage products, a portion of our plant will be devoted to public warehouse purposes for the storage of fresh meats and all other goods which have cold storage as a basis. In addition to our cold storage business, our plant will be of large capacity, and modern in every way. It is our intention to serve the local ice market and to ship as well. We will begin construction just as soon as we can get the material, and it is

hoped to have the full plant in operation by the first of April or sooner." Mr. Price is an expert in cold storage and ice manufacture. His connection for almost a quarter of a century with the big Cleveland concern, which he left to come to Albuquerque, is sufficient evidence of his knowledge of the business, and during his comparatively short stay here he has acquired a thorough mastery of conditions in the local and southwestern business field, having spent some time in familiarizing himself with the market and market conditions.

Mr. Putney is too well known through his long and highly successful business career in Albuquerque to need any introduction, and the big enterprise is certain of immediate success under such competent direction. The project is a large one and means a very great deal to Albuquerque, supplying it with a long felt want and indicating the rapidly increasing importance of Albuquerque as a commercial center and distributing point.

COPPER BULLS BLAMED FOR SLUMP

ATTEMPT TO CORNER RED METAL FLAT FAILURE

Wall Street Hopes For Better Things Since Real Cause of Recent Flurry Has Been Located.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
New York, Oct. 20.—The principal source of the serious disturbance of the stock market last week was traced finally to the copper world, but before the conditions had become sufficiently well defined the financial district was kept nervous by all kinds of rumors of the nature of the trouble that was threatening. The result was seen in the range of quotations published, which presented the lowest for several years in a considerable list of important stocks. Foreign money centers were kept well supplied with all the alarming rumors current, and originated others on their own account, sending securities for sale in this market meanwhile, and restricting credits to New York in many ways. Under these circumstances something like relief was felt when the circumstances became known regarding the flat position of the United Copper stocks and the failure to attempt to corner the stock and to administer discipline to the bear party which had been interfering with the liquidation of the stock. The reduction in the dividend on Amalgamated Copper for the quarter from two per cent to one per cent naturally aggravated the bad effect of the United Copper episode, and successive reductions in the price of the metal kept open the real cause of the disturbance. The reduction in the price of the metal failed to bring any effective buying and the possible limit of the drop remained indefinite. Reports were in circulation of intended entire shutting down of production in the Montana mines. Fears of coming business contraction that might run into depression very stimulated by the course of the copper trade and had some incentive also to the advice from the iron and steel trade. Nevertheless, the copper pre-emptive activity in the trade, there is a feeling that the falling off in orders for future purchases, contraction on an important scale. The railroad and steel trade authorities are reported to be still at variance over the pattern of the steel rail, with orders held up in consequence. There is some apprehension that the insistence of the railroad authorities on their contention may well a disposition to defer expenditures for rails from motives of economy.

The money market continues tight, and the growth toward ease in the call loan market was checked by the disturbance in the stock market. There was evidence of forced liquidation in many points here, and this was attributed to growing strictness on the part of the banks as to collateral and the throwing out of some securities held as collateral for loans. Foreign selling of securities here and some maturing of indebtedness to foreign lenders for which renewals were refused kept the foreign exchange rate up and kept alive the discussion of possible gold exports. Bankers do not look for an outflow of gold, while money rates are sustained as they are by the gold market. The question of treasury relief for the money market is complicated by the high rate for foreign exchange which carries the information that any marked increase in the market supplies of money might induce gold exports. The September foreign trade statement carried some reassurance as to the existing situation. The decrease of \$2,145,652 in the value of exports compared with last year was regarded as moderate as was the \$2,609,475 in the volume of imports, as compared with an average for recent months running to \$2,800,000. The corresponding months of last year. The excess of exports of \$2,832,285 for September, although \$2,843,128 below September of last year, compared with a balance payable to us in August of less than \$2,000,000, a showing which aroused discussion of a possible actual excess of imports for September. In the prospect there is considered to be an assured foreign demand for our grain surplus and the high prices prevailing and the cotton which is held from the market is expected to go out in large volume. New York's control of international exchange is expected, in that way, to increase, with the effect of easing the money market, although the declining tendency in value of imports which has set in may be accepted as another index of contracting demand for commodities.

CASSIE'S COIN DECLARED A MTH

PITTSBURG BANK DENIES STORY OF BIG DEPOSIT

Confession of Swindler's Aged Victim Is to Remain Government Secret to Protect Innocent People.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 20.—The confession of Banker Beckwith, of Oberlin, which first laid bare to federal officials the huge financial transactions of Mrs. Cassie Chadwick, will remain a secret of the government. United States Marshal Frank M. Chandler, to whom the confession of the Oberlin banker, now dead, was made, returned from Washington today, where he laid before the department of justice the question of whether the Beckwith stenographic statement made to Marshal Chandler should be given out for publication. Mr. Chandler says that the creditors of Mrs. Chadwick have unanimously agreed that he should not publish it, but that he has never done so, for the reason that it would injure innocent persons. The department of justice, Mr. Chandler said, informed him that the matter was wholly optional with him. He has decided that he will continue to suppress it for the reason that the charges contained in it against many persons, while they were believed by Beckwith to be true, were false.

"Beckwith accepted Mrs. Chadwick's stories about people," said Mr. Chandler, "just as he did about her money, and he was badly fooled. It would not be right, however, to have these people's names hawked about and those stories go out, seriously reflecting upon them, when every one of the charges has since been refuted by the conclusive evidence."

Nathan Loesser, receiver in bankruptcy for the Chadwick estate, when informed tonight that the Pittsburgh bank officials denied that Mrs. Chadwick had any account with the Second National bank of that city, replied that he expects all the past books with other banks will also be withheld. Mr. Loesser also contradicted the statement of Marshal Chandler that there are no assets in sight belonging to the estate.

EMPEROR ENDURES BAD NIGHT

Francis Joseph Insists on Receiving Government Officials Despite Warning of Doctors.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Vienna, Oct. 20.—Emperor Francis Joseph passed a rather unsatisfactory night. He was disturbed frequently by fits of coughing, which were followed by nervousness and restlessness. This morning the emperor, who is now in his usual hour, but he was not able to attend the religious services that had been arranged for today, and consequently the news was not said.

In spite of the doctors' advice, the emperor today insisted upon receiving the heads of his civil and military cabinets. General Hoffmann, his aide-de-camp, stayed with him for a hour. At the end of this interview his majesty was somewhat fatigued.

The doctors found this morning that the emperor was slightly better, but the patient still had fits of dry coughing. "Considerable care is necessary in COMMON SENSE."

Leads most intelligent people to use only medicines of known composition. Therefore it is that Dr. Pierce's medicines, the makers of which prize every ingredient entering into them upon the bottle wrapper and attest its correctness under oath, are daily growing in favor. The composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines is open to everybody. Dr. Pierce being desirous of having the search light of investigation turned upon his formula, he has a booklet containing the full composition of these medicines is known the more will their great curative merits be recognized. Being wholly made of the active medicinal principles extracted from native herbs, and by exact processes original with Dr. Pierce, and without the use of a drop of alcohol, triple-refined and chemically pure glycerine being used instead of extracting and preserving the curative virtues residing in the roots employed, these medicines are entirely free from the objection of doing harm by creating an appetite for either alcoholic beverages or habit-forming drugs. Examine the formula on their bottle wrappers—the same as sworn to by Dr. Pierce, and you will find that his "Golden Medical Discovery," the great blood-purifier, stomach, tonic and bowel regulator—the medicine which, while recommended to cure consumption in its advanced stages (no medicine will do that) yet does cure all those catarrhal conditions of head and throat, weak stomach, torpid liver and bronchial troubles, weak lungs and hard coughs, which, if neglected or badly treated lead up to and finally terminate in consumption.

Take the "Golden Medical Discovery" in time and it is not likely to disappoint you if only you give it a thorough and fair trial. Don't expect miracles. It won't do supernatural things. You must exercise your patience and persevere in its use. It is not given away by all dealers in medicines at reasonable prices.

conserving the strength of the emperor. Archduke Franz Ferdinand, heir to the throne, visited the castle today and remained for an hour. He inquired regarding the emperor's condition, but did not see him.

DAN O'LEARY FINISHES THOUSAND MILE WALK

Cincinnati, Oct. 20.—Dan O'Leary, the world famous long distance walker, finished his 1,000 mile walk at Norwood in this city at 7 o'clock this morning. He has walked one mile during each hour for 1,000 consecutive hours, and although he is nearly sixty-five years old, he is at no time during this test of his strength has shown any signs of faltering. This is one of the most remarkable walking tests ever witnessed in America, and all the medical world has been intensely interested as to the outcome. It is said that the International Tuberculosis association persuaded O'Leary to attempt the walk, and that he is to receive \$5,000 for accomplishing the feat.

WOUNDED THIEF, TAKEN, RESTORES STOLEN GOLD

Confession of Mexican Captive Leads to Wholesale Arrest of Confederates.

Mexico City, Oct. 20.—Special dispatches to this city report that the leader of the gang which last week stole \$150,000 worth of bullion from the precipitating room of the Guadalupe Consolidated Mining and Milling company, has been captured after being wounded three times. With him were taken all the stolen bullion. In his confession he implicated forty persons, who have been arrested.

AUTO CRASH BRINGS DEATH TO TIMID MAN

Alarmed at High Speed Victim Grabs Controller Sending Flying Car Into Trolley Pole.

Pontiac, Mich., Oct. 20.—In an automobile accident here early today Harry Wood, aged 40, was killed, and Karl E. Smith, an automobile owner for a local factory, had his right arm broken. Smith was driving home when Wood and three other men asked for a ride. Smith took the men into his machine. While running about forty miles an hour the automobile began skidding and Wood, accustomed to riding in a machine, became frightened and grabbed the controller, swerving the machine into the ditch, where it hit a trolley pole. The other three men were uninjured.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE MEETS AT CAPITOL

Preliminary Steps for Republican National Convention to Be Taken November 6.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The republican national committee will meet in this city November 6 and 7 for the purpose of deciding upon the place and time for holding the next republican national convention.

Formal announcement of this effect was made tonight by Harry S. New, acting chairman of the republican national committee.

Acting Chairman New, who arrived today, had a conference with Elmer Feyer, secretary of the committee, when the time for holding the meeting of the committee was decided upon. The official call for the meeting will be issued within a day or two.

According to Mr. New, a number of cities have made formal application to secure the next convention, among them being Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, Denver, Seattle, Atlanta City and Pittsburgh.

From Milwaukee and St. Paul also have come inquiries as to the prospects for securing the convention, but Mr. New said that at this time he was not committed to any particular city.

"The next convention is going to attract a larger number of people than have heretofore attended," said Mr. New, "and there are four considerations to be taken into account in deciding upon a place for holding the convention. The first is the accessibility of the town. It must possess adequate transportation facilities. Second, it must have ample first class hotel accommodations. Third, it must provide a good ball sufficient in size and susceptible of being arranged for the accommodation of the convention, and further, it must possess adequate facilities for distribution of news."

THE JAFFA GROCERY CO.

Good Things to Eat.

NEW CROP OF WALNUTS JUST IN

Also—Almonds, Brazils, Filberts.

Other varieties to follow in a few days.

NEW DATES NEW FIGS

Ask to see our assortment of Salt Fish and

FRESH SALADS

nothing like it in New Mexico.

DON'T FORGET HOT ROLLS

every day in time for Supper. Out of the oven every day at 5 o'clock.

If you want Good Cakes buy our makes.

The Jaffa Grocery Co.

Good Things to Eat.

Mail Orders Filled Same Day as Received.

camp at Bear Lake. There he will deliver one of three set speeches which have been arranged as a part of his homeward journey. He will speak at Vicksburg on Monday. On Tuesday the president will speak at the Hermitage, on Wednesday he will speak at Nashville, and from that city he will proceed immediately to Washington.

The conferences on trusts and combinations, which is to meet in Chicago on Tuesday and continue for three days, is expected to be the largest meeting ever held in this country for the purpose of discussing trade combinations.

Mr. Bryan will come to New York as the guest of the New York Progressive Democratic league. His first speech will be in New York City on Monday.

The suit brought by the state of Missouri to oust the Standard Oil company of doing business in that state will come up in the supreme court at Jefferson City next Friday. The case is to be argued on the report of the special commission, which is alleged to have found an illegal combination of the Standard oil company, the Waters-Pierce oil company, and the Republic Oil company, and the exceptions filed by the companies to the report.

Want something? Turn to the classified columns of the Morning Journal—you may find it in two minutes.

MONTEZUMA TRUST COMPANY

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO
Capital and Surplus, \$100,000.00

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

NO DISHONOR

There is no dishonor in true economy; saving money does not mean that you are either miserly or stingy. It is your privilege to lay aside a reasonable portion of your income. The best results are attained by adopting a system of regularity in your saving, depositing a certain sum each week or month. We shall be pleased to serve you.

STATE NATIONAL BANK

ALBUQUERQUE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

WITH AMPLE MEANS AND UNSURPASSED FACILITIES

The Bank of Commerce of Albuquerque

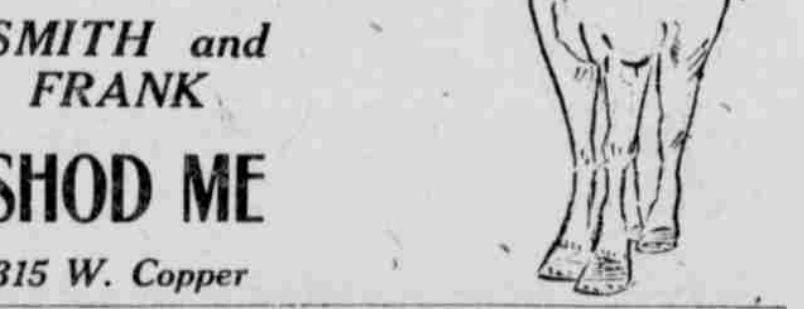
Extends to Depositors Every Proper Accommodation and Solicits New Accounts. Capital, \$150,000.00. Officers and Directors: Solomon Larna, President; W. S. Strickler, Vice President and Cashier; W. J. Johnson, Assistant Cashier; William McIntosh, George Arnot, J. C. Baldridge, A. M. Blackwell, O. E. Cronwell.

Why Shouldn't I SMILE?

SMITH and FRANK

SHOD ME

315 W. Copper



LIGHTNING HAY PRESSE S. J. Korber & Co., N. Second



LIGHTNING HAY PRESSE S. J. Korber & Co., N. Second

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

OR

The First National Bank

AT ALBUQUERQUE, IN THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS AUGUST 23, 1907.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$1,642,287.61
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	45,285.95
United States bonds, secured	200,000.00
United States bonds to secure United States deposits	100,000.00
Premiums on United States bonds	8,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	54,376.84
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	25,500.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	89,813.45
Due from state banks and bankers	56,150.33
Due from approved reserve agents	187,025.91
Checks and other cash items	12,055.95
Exchange on clearing house	17,285.95
Notes of other national banks	14,000.00
Practical paper currency, notes and coins	1,897.82
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Specie	\$101,221.45
Legal tender notes	56,908.00
Redemption fund with United States treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	107,234.46
Total	\$3,296,879.66
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$200,000.00
Surplus fund	1,184.72
Undivided profits, less reserves and taxes paid	\$0,000.00
National bank notes outstanding	\$0,000.00
Due to state banks and bankers	\$0,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	\$150,281.82
Certified checks	\$150,000.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	\$15,874.46
United States deposits	\$2,728.47
Deposits of United States disbursing officers	\$4,711.00
Reserved for taxes	\$0,000.00
Total	\$3,296,879.66

Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, ss:
I, Frank McLean, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of August, 1907.
FRANK MCLEAN, Cashier.
J. R. RAYMOND,
M. W. MCINTOSH,
A. B. MCINTOSH,
Notary Public.

BRAINSTORM PLEA SAVES NAVAJO WIFE-SLAYER

Smashed in Squaw's Skull
With Rock in Order to Have
Company to the Happy Hunt-
ing Grounds.

BELIEVED HE WAS CHUCK
FULL OF BAD DEVILS

Interesting Trial of Cho-Gin-Sy
at St. John Brings Out Pic-
turesque Indian Supersti-
tions.

(Special Correspondence Morning Journal.)
Prescott, Ariz., Oct. 20.—Cho-Gin-Sy, the Navajo Indian, who when told that he was hopelessly possessed of devils and would die, smashed in his wife's skull with a rock, was acquitted on murder in the district court at St. John on a plea of insanity. The killing of the squaw was a particularly brutal one, her lord and master beating her over the head with a fourteen-pound stone until her skull was crushed to a pulp. There appears to be little doubt, however, that the Indian, crazed by the treatment given him by the Navajo medicine men, believed that he was going to die and simply killed his wife in order to have her cheering company on the long and mysterious journey to the happy hunting grounds. It is probably the first case on record where the "brainstorm" plea saved the life of an Indian.

Attorney Leroy Anderson of Prescott defended the Indian. In an interview with a representative of the Prescott Journal Miner Anderson thus described the trial:

"In a way, the trial of Cho-Gin-Sy was the most amusing criminal case I

was ever connected with professionally.

He was accused of the murder of his wife, Chah-yah-hi-lah, on a plea of insanity. The case was replete with sensational revelations of the customs and traditions of the Navajo tribe, as well as the peculiar methods in vogue with them for treatment for sickness by their medicine men.

Was Full of Devils.

"Previous to the killing of Chah-yah-hi-lah, on the night of April 25, Cho-Gin-Sy had been ill about one month. The Indian man of the tribe, according to the testimony of the murderer's mother, also his brother, who gave the name of Laughing Blacksmith's Son, told the accused that he was possessed of a Navajo devil, a foreign devil, the spirit of the wind. The medicine man informed the sick one and his relatives that he could banish the Navajo devil but that he could not chase away the foreign devil. An Indian seer, or enchanter, was then consulted, and she told Cho-Gin-Sy that he was possessed of several breeds of devils, and that there was no hope for him. He believed her and became very depressed. She told him that he became possessed of a Navajo devil in passing over a horizon where a Navajo died a short time before. She said that he got another devil while digging in some ancient ruins, and that the third, and worst devil of them all, took possession while he slept in blankets belonging to a dead Mexican.

Takes Medicine Man Treatment.

"It was fully decided that the devil-possessed man should be treated by the medicine man, and he was stripped naked for the dance and the 'mountain chant' treatment, which the medicine man testified he always administered in such cases. During the ceremony Cho-Gin-Sy's wife sat by his head as he lay on the ground, soothing him. At the conclusion of the treatment he was informed that the Navajo devil had made his escape, but that the foreign devil was still in him.

Kills Wife With Rock.

"He became very depressed when informed that the foreign devil was still with him, and was left in the care of his wife. While the medicine man and other Navajos were still present, he walked a short distance from the hogan with his wife and after knocking her to the ground, crushed her skull with a rock weighing fourteen pounds.

Reason for the murder, he explained, was that he was satisfied he would die and that it was the Navajo belief that when two persons die about the same time they traveled together to the happy hunting grounds. He also explained that he was very fond of his wife and desired her company in preference to any other. Testimony was introduced to the effect that this was the Navajo belief, and in the case of the death of a prominent Navajo, when no other death occurs about the same time, it is the custom to kill his best horse and place it on his grave, with a good supply of provisions for himself and the best, on the ride to the happy hunting grounds.

Had Two Wives.

"It also developed in the trial that Cho-Gin-Sy had another wife, whom he had abandoned for Chah-yah-hi-lah, without going through the formality of securing a divorce. In explanation of this it was shown to be the custom among the Navajos that when a man and his wife did not agree they separated, and almost always both married again without being divorced by law.

"Demencia Americana" Saves Him.

"My only defense, after I had heard Cho-Gin-Sy's confession, was that with which Delmas endeavored to clear Thaw. Demencia Americana, only in this case it was a Navajo, but I cleared my client. However, I recommended to the court that he be held and examined on an insanity charge, and this will probably be done.

Another Interesting Case.

"Scarcely less interesting was the case of Katie Jones, tried for shooting 'Red' Smith, and that of her husband, Albert Jones, accused of beating her accomplice," continued Attorney Anderson, "which was held at St. John last week, and in which I appeared for the defendants.

HEARING OF TIMBER LAND SUITS POSTPONED

CASES GO OVER BY
COUNSEL'S AGREEMENT

Actions Against Pennsylvania and Alamogordo Companies and Gross Kelly Set for Saturday.

(Special Correspondence Morning Journal.)
Alamogordo, N. M., Oct. 20.—The three cases on the United States civil docket, in which the United States is plaintiff, and the Alamogordo Lumber company, the Pennsylvania Development company and Gross, Kelly & Co., are the three defendants, which cases were filed by Grimsby McHarg and Peyton Gordon on behalf of the government, the hearing of which was set for yesterday before Judge Mann, have been postponed by agreement of counsel. In these three cases the government seeks to have the defendants enjoined and restrained from cutting any more timber from the lands now in their control, the Alamogordo Lumber company's land being situated in Otero county, and the land of the other two defendants being in Torrance county, and which it is alleged is unlawfully in their possession. The date of the postponed hearing has not yet been fixed.

APACHE MURDERER GOES TO ASYLUM

Man Who Sliced Off Head of
Mother-in-Law With an Axe
Is Declared Out of His Mind.

(Special Correspondence Morning Journal.)
Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 18.—Hoe Ahnee, the Apache Indian who cut off the head of his mother-in-law with an axe after a quarrel, has been placed in the territorial insane asylum. Other Sam Day of Navajo county left today for his home after bringing the Apache here. The Indian is being handled with the utmost care, for while sane on all other subjects, he is violently crazy on "spirits," and goes into a murderous frenzy without a moment's warning.

CATTLEMEN ARE UP AGAINST IT

Car Shortage on Pecos Valley
Line Places Them in Serious
Predicament — Thousands
of Cattle Waiting Shipment.

A dispatch from Roswell says thousands of cattle have had to be turned loose up the line of the Pecos valley line of the Santa Fe after holding them weeks for shipment, because of the failure of the company to procure cars. The situation in which the cattlemen find themselves is said to be serious.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure any case of kidney trouble that is not beyond medical aid. J. H. O'Reilly, C.

PHONE CONNECTION WITH ESTANCIA PROMISED

Sunshine Valley Utilities Company to Extend Lines to Albuquerque Soon as Possible.

The installation of an auto line which practically brings Estancia to Albuquerque's very doors, is to be followed at once by telephone connection. Incorporation papers have recently been filed by the Sunshine Valley Utilities company, with headquarters at Willard. The officers of the new company are: W. A. Wilson, president, C. D. Otis, secretary, E. P. Davies, treasurer, and H. A. Hart, general manager.

The Estancia News says: "The company already has a system of twenty-five phones in operation at Willard and will extend the same throughout the valley as soon as material can be procured. A metallic toll line will be built to Albuquerque, with exchange in all towns on the line. At Albuquerque connections will be made with the Colorado Telephone company, thus giving communication with all the cities and towns from Denver to El Paso.

"Besides building to Albuquerque and connecting the railroad towns, lines will shortly be constructed to Vaughn, Duran, Encino, Pinos Wells, Torrance and all the mountain towns. Farms and ranches will also be connected when desired."

A Card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Kidney Cure fails to cure your case, or if it stops the cough, breaks the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Cures in grippe cough and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. J. H. O'Reilly, C.

W. J. PATTERSON LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLES

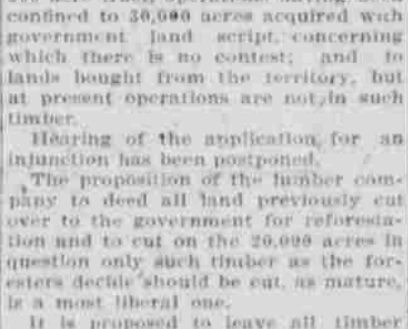
311-313 West Silver Avenue. Telephone 57. Albuquerque, New Mexico

BALDRIDGE'S YARD IS THE PLACE

For Lumber, Shingles, and Lath. Large stock of Windows, Doors, Paints, Oils, Brushes, Cement, Building Paper, always on hand

J. C. BALDRIDGE

405 SOUTH FIRST STREET ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO



THE WAY IT'S DONE

Our lumber is manufactured at our own mills from the pick of the best body of timber in the southwest, according to the report of the government's experts. A large stock of dry spruce dimension on hand.

Why not buy the best when it is as cheap as the other kinds.

Rio Grande Lumber Co

Phone 5. Corner 3d and Marquette

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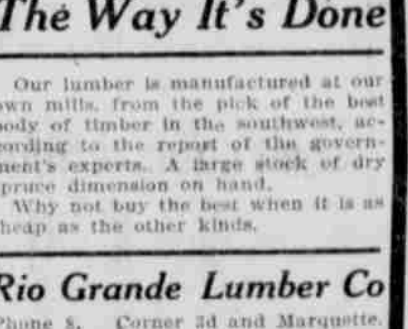
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The Albuquerque Morning Journal

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THE MORNING JOURNAL IS THE
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TIME AND THE METHODS OF THE RE-
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ATBUQUERQUE, N. M. NEW MEXICO

NOT A SQUARE DEAL.

Our neighbor, the Roswell Record,
presents in a recent issue a lengthy
article on the pending statehood ques-
tion, from which we copy below quite
liberally, giving all the essential por-
tions. After declaring itself in favor
of the measure, the Record says:

A year ago the president said, in
effect if not in words, that New Mex-
ico alone was not fit for statehood, and
that if we had it at all within a gen-
eration we must marry Arizona to get
it. Senator Beveridge, the chairman
of the senate committee on territories,
said the same thing in even more con-
fident language.

The president is reported to have
changed his mind and to have prom-
ised Governor Curry that he will do
all in his power to secure our ad-
mission to the union at the next ses-
sion of congress. If the president was
right a year ago in his belief of the un-
fitness of our people to govern them-
selves unaided by the people of Ariz-
ona, he must be wrong now, or in one
short year the people of New Mexico
have been politically, socially and edu-
cationally born again and regenerat-
ed, and fitted to take a seat with the
forty-five other states composing the
choir of the union. If he is correct
now, there must have been a political
and social change here within two
years to which the history of the
world does not find a parallel. But,
of course, the president must be right,
and it would be next thing to "lose
majesty" to hint otherwise. Until
about two years ago he had never
paid much attention to the affairs of
New Mexico, but during the last eight-
een months, particularly, he has
taken a very active hand, and this, no
doubt, accounts for our political re-
generation in so short a time. The
reason that it has often taken a cen-
tury for other peoples to accomplish
what the people of New Mexico seem
to have accomplished in less than two
years is because they had no Theodor-
e Roosevelt to lead them.

Of course we must show he fit for
self-government, or the president
would not now favor statehood for
New Mexico. Otherwise it would be
a danger which we ought not to as-
sume, and it would be a great wrong
to the rest of the nation. It goes
without saying that he would not fa-
vor statehood for any reason of tran-
sient party politics, because he never
does anything of that sort. (Remem-
ber, this article is entirely serious.)
Some narrow-minded men are saying
that the president favors immediate
statehood for us so we will send to
Washington two republican senators
to offset the two democratic senators
to be sent by Oklahoma. That would
be unworthy of the president, and
therefore can not be true. None but
an "undesirable citizen" dare hint
such a thing. Statehood, once grant-
ed, can never be taken away—it will
be permanent as the everlasting hills
—but the political complexion of both
Oklahoma and New Mexico may
change many times in one generation.

Besides this, the president is too
good a politician to bet on New Mex-
ico being safely republican, even at
the beginning of its existence as a
state. He must know that the repub-
lican majority has been rapidly trav-
eling towards the vanishing point, and
is almost sure at the next general
election to be changed to democratic.

In 1897 the republican majority was
about 5,800 for Rodes, who had peace-
fully an opposition. In 1898 Ariz-
ona, who was not then known, but
about 2,400 majority. In 1904, when
Mr. Andrews was known, he got a
majority of 55 votes. If he, or any
other candidate elected by the Plum-
derbund, should run now against any
good democratic or even against any
good independent candidate, he would
be beaten by 2,000 or more. The
chances are that the next legislature
of New Mexico, be it republican or
state, will have a large majority made
up of democrats and of independent
republicans who have kicked out of
the machine traces. The president
must certainly know these facts, and
it can not be that he favors the per-
manent condition of statehood for the

uncertain chance of getting two re-
publican senators. * * *

It may arouse the suspicion of
some people here at home to know
that what is known as the republican
gang in New Mexico are red-hot for
statehood, to a man. It goes without
saying that this would not be the case
if they did not feel sure of controlling
the new state. * * * But we believe
that from the very outset they could
not control the new state. We believe
they do not now represent twenty-five
per cent of the voters. This gang of
graffers and reptilian assassins have
ruined their own party, but this they
can not themselves see, and they have
misled the president into believing
that they represent the sentiment of
the majority in New Mexico. Never
was there a greater mistake. All the
people want is a good square oppor-
tunity to clean out the gang, and
statehood will give that chance.

Now, if our Roswell neighbor is
really in favor of an honest and ear-
nest effort in favor of statehood, why
does he treat the subject in the fore-
going cynical manner? Such a hand-
ling of the case under the guise of
friendship is not dealing squarely
with the cause, with the president of
the United States, with the honest
friends of the measure in New Mexico,
or with the public good. Admitting
that Mr. Roosevelt was mistaken in
his attitude toward the territory a
year ago, does that warrant us in
turning the cold shoulder to him in
his efforts in our behalf at this time?
on the contrary, if he has seen his
mistake in this matter it is to his
credit that he is willing to correct it.
If the members of the "old gang" are
enthusiastically in favor of the move-
ment, why should we attempt to dis-
courage their efforts as long as we
know, according to the Record, that
they will never be able to control the
new state? We agree with the Record
that statehood will seal their doom,
and for that reason we wel-
come them to the statehood ranks,
and encourage them to render the
cause all the assistance they can. Give
us statehood first, and we will fight
out all the minor issues afterwards.
First give us full-fledged American
citizenship, and then if we can't
achieve and maintain the rights and
privileges that pertain to American
citizenship, the fault will be our own.

But the main point at present is to
show congress that the people of the
territory, without regard to party or
faction, are a unit in favor of state-
hood for New Mexico. With that ac-
complished, we believe we stand a
fair chance to get in, because
fair-minded men in congress will re-
gard admission as our due, on account
of reasons with which every one is
familiar, and politicians in congress
will favor our admission because they
believe the delegation from the new
state will strengthen the dominant
party—provided such articles as the
one we have quoted from do not serve
to dissipate that impression.

THE FLOOD OF IMMIGRATION.

The monthly statement of the com-
missioner general of immigration,
given to the public last week, shows
that in September 58,696 immigrants
were admitted to the United States, an
increase of 25 per cent over the ad-
missions for September, 1905, and a
per cent over the admissions for Sep-
tember, 1906. In the month 879 per-
sons were debarred, a decrease of 182
from the number debarred in Sepem-
ber, 1906.

Immigration for the six months
ended September 30 aggregated 379,
521 persons, an increase of 14 per
cent over the corresponding period
last year. In the same period 9,336
persons, or 2,466 less than in the cor-
responding six months of 1906, were
debarred.

From Russia 17,296 persons were
admitted in the month, and 149,682
for the six months' period. This was
a decrease of 24 per cent for the
month and 5 per cent for the six
months, the comparison being with
the similar periods of last year.

"X-RAYS" AND ELECTRICITY.

Among all the long-sought cures
that have elicited the painstaking and
persistent search of medical men and
scientists the cure of cancer has espe-
cially appealed to the present genera-
tion. The discovery of radium, with
all its unknown possibilities, has stim-
ulated to experiments in the direction
of cancer-cure that must rank with
the most ingenious ever made.

Last week, at the congress of
French surgeons held in Paris, the
principal interest is said to have cen-
tered on the discussion of the effect
of "X-rays" on cancer. While it was
agreed that he case of complete cure
had as yet been recorded, it was also
shown that beneficial effects had
been obtained by the Roentgen ray
treatment of cancer. In summing up
the results of the congress Dr. Te-
moin, chief surgeon of the Rougem-
Hospital, said: "One thing is certain.
No case of cancer has yet been cured
by 'X-rays'."

Almost while this discouraging sum-
mary of investigation was being an-
nounced, says the New York Comm-
ercial, there was a demonstration un-
der way at Drexel hospital in Paris
before several scores of surgeons of
the electrical treatment of cancer.

otherwise known as "fulguration."
This was conducted by an Irish sur-
geon named Hart, the patient being
the victim of an advanced internal
cancerous growth. For a half hour
the patient was submitted to high-
frequency sparks created by a current
of from sixty to two hundred thousand
volts. On examination by the sur-
geons present the patient was pro-
nounced completely cured.

Allowing for any reasonable modifi-
cations of the surgeons' encouraging
verdict in this case, there can be no
doubt that in electricity has been
found a powerful curative agent. The
forthcoming experiments along the
lines marked out by Dr. Hart will be
watched with interest, especially in
our own country, where the interest in
cancer-cure is especially keen. It is
only recently that we noted the en-
dowment of a chair of special re-
search, in this line in one of our uni-
versity medical schools, while wealthy
individuals in other parts of the world
have been moved to give generously
for the encouragement of the search
for a cancer cure.

A STREAK OF LIGHT.

From one of the most politically-
corrupt counties in Maryland—and
that is saying a great deal about a
Maryland county—but from the county
of Frederick, in the state of Mary-
land, comes a ray of hope which
seems to presage the coming of bet-
ter and cleaner things in the way of
popular elections. In the county
named, it is reported upon good au-
thority, a compact has been entered
into between the republicans and the
democrats to the effect that they will
each use methods of bribery or cor-
ruption at the polls, and strive hon-
estly to secure hereafter a fair and
free expression of the real sentiments
of the voters. The contract provides,
among other things, that each party
shall religiously abstain from vote-
buying, the use of whiskey, from
threats and promises of every kind,
and resort to no trick or scheme of
any sort to prevent any voter from
expressing his real sentiments through
his ballot.

Many years ago, for the purpose
of preventing disorder and lawlessness
at or about the polls, Maryland passed
a law strictly prohibiting the sale of
liquor throughout the state on every
election day, and required every sal-
oon to close its doors. But the polit-
ical machines needed the liquor in
their business and nullified the law by
the simple device of serving whiskey
free in the vicinity of the polls. This
law, was made illegal, but no atten-
tion has been paid to the prohibition
of "free liquor" by the campaign man-
agers. The committee chairman of
Frederick county are ready to stop
the practice by hard-and-fast agree-
ment. Whiskey is to be used neither as
a bribe nor as a method of "disab-
ling" voters of the opposite party by
making them "full" on the night be-
fore election and locking them up.

All that is very beautiful, when re-
garded in type, and serves to arouse
a hope that the long deferred mil-
lennium may yet succeed in getting here
in time to let some of us see how it
works—but how it will look by the
time it runs the gauntlet of the polit-
icians is another question. Still, let
us not imagine anything that will tend
to weaken our faith in human nature;
that is feeble enough already; let us
rather believe that Jesus of Nazareth,
and all the long line of martyrs, have
not died in vain, that the world is
growing better, and that it is only a
question of time when the politician,
as well as the trust magnate, the mer-
chant, and the newspaper editor, who
shall not deal honestly and squarely
with the people, will be relegated to
the rear. And the millennium will be
here then.

The rain, like the king of terrors,
seems to have all seasons for its own,
this year.

A gentleman in West Virginia is
going to run for governor, to please
his wife. And yet there are those who
doubt whether he would attempt to
match a ribbon for her at the dry
goods store.

Judging from his latest utterances,
it must be pretty nearly time for Dr.
E. Benjamin Andrews to seek the
frontier again. The standard of civi-
lization seems to be getting too high
for him in Nebraska.

Speaking of jokes on doctors and
undertakers, a philosophical exchange
says, "But we can't be too respectful
toward the first man we see in the
world, and the last one, who, with
screw driver in hand, sees us."

The demand for that new hotel
makes itself known with increasing
emphasis all the time. This is the
season when visitors of that class that
we should like to have with us
through the winter, come here, stay a
day, and then move on.

Those United States attorneys at
Santa Fe are not making as much
noise as a nail mill, but they seem to
be "sawing wood" all the time, not-
withstanding the many stories put
about by interested parties to the ef-
fect that they had been "called off."

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Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder, it cures pain-
ful, itching, nervous feet, and instantly
takes the sting out of corns and bunions.
Allen's Foot-Powder makes feet of new shoes
feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating,
chilblains, eczema, itchy feet, etc. Try it
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By mail for 10c in advance. Don't accept any
substitute. For FREE TRIAL, send 10c to
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Ginsell, La Bop, N. Y.

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corrupt counties in Maryland—and
that is saying a great deal about a
Maryland county—but from the county
of Frederick, in the state of Mary-
land, comes a ray of hope which
seems to presage the coming of bet-
ter and cleaner things in the way of
popular elections. In the county
named, it is reported upon good au-
thority, a compact has been entered
into between the republicans and the
democrats to the effect that they will
each use methods of bribery or cor-
ruption at the polls, and strive hon-
estly to secure hereafter a fair and
free expression of the real sentiments
of the voters. The contract provides,
among other things, that each party
shall religiously abstain from vote-
buying, the use of whiskey, from
threats and promises of every kind,
and resort to no trick or scheme of
any sort to prevent any voter from
expressing his real sentiments through
his ballot.

Many years ago, for the purpose
of preventing disorder and lawlessness
at or about the polls, Maryland passed
a law strictly prohibiting the sale of
liquor throughout the state on every
election day, and required every sal-
oon to close its doors. But the polit-
ical machines needed the liquor in
their business and nullified the law by
the simple device of serving whiskey
free in the vicinity of the polls. This
law, was made illegal, but no atten-
tion has been paid to the prohibition
of "free liquor" by the campaign man-
agers. The committee chairman of
Frederick county are ready to stop
the practice by hard-and-fast agree-
ment. Whiskey is to be used neither as
a bribe nor as a method of "disab-
ling" voters of the opposite party by
making them "full" on the night be-
fore election and locking them up.

All that is very beautiful, when re-
garded in type, and serves to arouse
a hope that the long deferred mil-
lennium may yet succeed in getting here
in time to let some of us see how it
works—but how it will look by the
time it runs the gauntlet of the polit-
icians is another question. Still, let
us not imagine anything that will tend
to weaken our faith in human nature;
that is feeble enough already; let us
rather believe that Jesus of Nazareth,
and all the long line of martyrs, have
not died in vain, that the world is
growing better, and that it is only a
question of time when the politician,
as well as the trust magnate, the mer-
chant, and the newspaper editor, who
shall not deal honestly and squarely
with the people, will be relegated to
the rear. And the millennium will be
here then.

THE ALMANAC warns that the
handsome new variety buildings here
are "mad shacks." Isn't he just too
naughty.

PAIRBANKS is now preparing to
make some speeches on "Deep Water,"
which would indicate that he has re-
gated the cocktail to oblivion.

AN EASTERNER driving along the
salt river valley was so entranced
with the scenery that he lost his way.
It is often happens around Albu-
querque.

A WOMAN was injured last week
by the explosion of a giant firecracker
in Tucson. The Fourth of July must
come at a curious time of the year
down there.

MAN is sore on the superintendent
of public instruction and thinks the
system of education is going to the
dogs. It must be that the printing is
being let to him.

A CHICAGO exchange tells about a
man in that city who has attempted to
commit suicide six times within a year.
A bad habit like that will be the death
of him some day.

IN THE PRESENT depressed state
of the Almanac's fortunes, the tender
of a five dollar bill would likely put
an end to published stunts on the Water
and Light company.

ONE HUNDRED thousand men
watched Steepie Jack climb a flagstaff
in New York. More than that have
watched Apple Jack in some of his
justly celebrated stunts.

A NEW YORK man has applied for
a divorce because his wife persists in
wearing a décolleté dress. No doubt
the court will refuse to consider any-
thing but the bare facts.

THE AMERICAN in the Orient
are making a car because they allege
Taft is making the same speeches he
did on his last trip. Curious how
much people sometimes expect of a
man.

THE INDIANA Methodists won't
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might come out here and start a col-
ony with some of the gentlemen who
have been "rolling" the taxpayers in
the last few years.

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the brilliant educational system ex-
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"DELEGATE W. H. Andrews is in
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GENTLEMEN who manipulate the
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Or the fancy little legends—
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What the Editors
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Let Me Tell You
Whatever we have become of the
flies in the winter time it is true that
they are going somewhere.—(Montez-
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Stand's Last Resort.
W. T. Stand is organizing a peace
pilgrimage through the Latin-Ameri-
can countries. If all other peaceful
means fail he can be relied upon to
talk the Central and South American
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In New Mexico 200,000 American
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Herald.

Throwing the Switch.
Neither Governor Curry nor Presi-
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about there being any opposition to
statehood among the people of the
territory. Opposition to the rule of
the old gang of grafters and carpet-
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The Gay Mr. Leake.
Just to prove that he is not scared
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The Herald is talking up a fair at
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the nurses.—El Paso Times.

A Democratic View.
The Record is informed that the
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If we fail to get statehood and
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then will be time enough for the
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which he receives notification from
the bureau of pensions in order that
he may make political capital. And-
rews is a candidate for a third term
nomination, and he is leaving no stone
unturned to further his ambitions. But
it is a mistake for the newspapers to
try to fool the people by such state-
ments.—Silver City Independent.

Obvious.
"Got a new baby at our house? I
hear. Does it take after you?"
"No; it's a girl. Takes after his
mother."—New York Telegram.

Books and Eyes.
Sing a song of shirtevels,
White or blue or black;
Four and twenty books and eyes
That fasten up the back.
And the language father uses,
When clumsily he tries—
To fasten mother's books,
Only opens mother's eyes.
—Harper's Weekly.

No home is so pleasant, regardless of the
comforts that money can buy, as when the
entire family is in perfect health. A bot-
tle of Orin's Laxative Fruit Syrup cost 25
cents. It will cure every member of the
family of constipation, sick headache or
stomach trouble. J. H. Connelly Co.

ROBERT J. BURDETTE.
Better known as "Bob" Burdette, will
lecture at the Opera House Tuesday evening
on "Handies." Hear him.

IF YOU LIVE IN A SMALL TOWN AND
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