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Albuquerque Evening Citizen, 01-29-1906

Hughes & McCreight

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Albuquerque Evening Citizen.

VOLUME 20

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 29, 1906.

NUMBER 39

PACKERS WANT TO BE IMMUNE

Court Begins the Trial of This One Particular Point.

WHAT GARFIELD PROMISED

On This Promise Packers Were Advised to Show Their Books.

GARFIELD WILL PROBABLY DIFFER

Chicago, Jan. 29.—All efforts by attorneys in the packers' case, to reach an agreement upon the facts at issue, having failed, the case was resumed today and the taking of evidence was commenced. The first witness was Louis C. Krauthoff, of New York, formerly general counsel for Armour & Co. He was placed on the stand to narrate his interview with Commissioner Garfield at the Chicago club, April 13, 1905, when the packers alleged that Garfield said certain things, the import of which was that if he received the information for which he asked, the packers should never be prosecuted criminally. Judge Humphreys ruled that if the packers had divided evidence against themselves under pressure from the government, it would be competent to show the nature of the legal advice under which the defendants were acting.

Legal Adviser Testifies.

The witness described his meeting with the commissioner as follows: "Charles G. Dawes telephoned me and said that Mr. Garfield was in the city and asked if I desired to meet him. I said that I would, and in company with Samuel McRoberts I called at Dawes' bank. We went to the Chicago club. I was introduced by Dawes to Garfield. After some remarks Garfield opened the matter and it was discussed nearly two hours.

Assurances Garfield Made.

"Garfield stated in a formal way, apparently in his own language, substantially this: That the Martin resolution imposed upon him the duty of investigating the packing industry; that in order to do this he must have access to the books of the packers. His purpose in coming to Chicago was to gain this access. He said he had held conferences with the president and others in respect to this investigation, and that it was of very great importance. He said he was particularly anxious that the investigation should be fair, extensive and thorough, so that the usefulness of the department would be shown.

Advised to Show Book.

"I knew the power of his office and produced a pamphlet, a report of the secretary of commerce and labor, and remarked that of course I knew of his power to get information. He again said he spoke for the president and that of course we would have the protection necessary under the law creating his department.

"I told him if the law was valid there was no doubt he could compel information; that if the results of this submission to his requirements were to be to furnish newspaper notoriety and litigation, I would of course contest the law. He said that the letter of the law protected my clients. He said his department was separate from the department of justice and must necessarily be so, for if it were known that his department was affiliated with the department of justice, of course people would not give him information.

Krauthoff declared that acting on further assurance of protection from Commissioner Garfield, he advised Swift & Co., Nelson Morris & Co., and Armour & Co., to submit their books to his investigation.

BIG STRIKE IMMINENT IN NEW YORK BUILDING TRADES.

New York, Jan. 29.—A strike embracing 150,000 men and involving the entire building industry of New York, is being aimed at the city by the structural steel workers here, who have been on an unsuccessful strike for the past seven weeks. They say that such a step is necessary to preserve their waning organization from complete ruin. Next Friday will decide the fate of the proposed strike. Back of all is the question of the open shop.

New York Money Market.

New York, Jan. 29.—Money on call, easy, at 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 per cent. Silver, 65 1/2 c.

CARNEGIE TECHNICAL SCHOOL OPENED TODAY

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 29.—The first department of the school for apprentices and journeymen was opened here today in connection with the Carnegie Technical School. Three years courses in this school are offered to students desiring to pursue studies preparing them for service in any of the following occupations: Machinists, pattern-makers, bricklayers, molders, blacksmiths, plumbers, electrical wiremen, sheet metal and cornice workers, sign painters. In every instance preference will be given to students who, when applying to the various classes for admission, are already at work as apprentices or journeymen. The instruction includes mechanical drawing and mathematics, shop practice and theory underlying the practice. Apprentices will receive two-thirds of their instruction in their several shops and one-third divided between lectures, class-room and drawing room. Journeymen will receive two-thirds of

TRANSACTIONS AT WASHINGTON

Statehood Bill Was Reported From Senate Committee Today.

CHANGES ARE UNIMPORTANT

Imboden and Hill, Denver Bank Wreckers, Denied Habeas Corpus.

CASE OF ANTHONY MICHALLEK

Washington, Jan. 29.—The house statehood bill was favorably reported to the senate today by Beveridge, chairman of the committee on territories, by which the bill had been under consideration in committee for three days. No announcement was made by Beveridge in reporting the bill. Patterson of Colorado, from the territories committee, gave notice that there would be a minority report.

IMBODEN AND HILL MUST SERVE SENTENCE.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The supreme court of the United States today refused to grant leave to Leonard Imboden and J. A. Hill, to file petitions for writs of habeas corpus. They are under sentence of imprisonment for ten years in the Colorado penitentiary on the charge of wrecking a bank in Denver.

QUESTION OF CITIZENSHIP RAISED ABOUT MEMBERS.

Washington, Jan. 29.—On the morning of today the house authorized its election committee No. 1 to take testimony regarding the charge that Anthony Michalek, elected to congress from Illinois, is not a citizen of the United States.

SENATOR BURTON'S CASE IS ADVANCED.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The supreme court of the United States today granted the motion to advance the case of Senator Burton, of Kansas, and set the hearing for April 3, next.

HONORS THE DEAD VETERAN OF TWO WARS.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The name of General Wheeler was honored in the house today by the passage of a bill renaming a street in this city "Wheeler" street.

MORE MONEY FOR ELECTION EXPENSES.

Special to The Evening Citizen.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—The joint statehood bill reported to the senate today has no material amendment on the Arizona end, save that it gives \$175,000 to pay for elections. The consensus of opinion is that the bill will pass the senate, but it will require work.

Delegate Andrews has introduced a bill to make the Seventh judicial district in New Mexico, Senator Elkins escorted Manderfield to the White House.

CARNATION DAY IS GENERALLY OBSERVED.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—Under the auspices of the Carnation League which was organized to perpetuate the memory of the martyred President McKinley, the anniversary of the birth of the late president was celebrated here today in all circles of society. Carnations, the favorite flowers of McKinley, were in evidence everywhere, and there were few men in or around the capitol, who did not wear carnations in the buttonhole.

American Residents in Cuba.

Havana, Jan. 29.—As usual, Carnation Day, the anniversary of the birth of the late President McKinley, was celebrated here by a large gathering of American residents and tourists. Several addresses were delivered and his favorite hymn was sung by the audience.

At McKinley's Ohio Home.

Canton, Ohio, Jan. 29.—The anniversary of the late President McKinley's birthday was celebrated generally in this city today. There were special memorial services in nearly all the churches this morning, and masses of floral gifts, mostly carnations. President McKinley's favorite flower, were deposited at the foot of the McKinley monument. Nearly everybody wore carnations in honor of the assassinated president.

SOCIETY OF GOTHAM GLOATS AT THE TOWN TOPICS' DOWNFALL

New York, Jan. 29.—Poor, long-suffering fashionable society, which has considered that it has been maligned, criticised and ridiculed for long years at the hands of Town Topics, has finally had its innings. For a paragraph in Collier's Weekly reflecting upon his connection with Town Topics, Justice Joseph M. Deuel secured an indictment against Norman Hapgood, editorial writer of Collier's, whose trial at once put Deuel and Editor W. D. Mann on the gridiron, where they have been toasting and roasted to a turn.

Fair dames and damsels have entered the dingy court house that they might learn how the much whiskered Colonel Mann likes a dose of his own medicine. The aristocratic feminine throng has had a leader in an Astor. Mrs. Robert Collier was in almost a constant attendance as her hand-



NORMAN HAPGOOD, Editor of Collier's Weekly, whose trial for libeling Judge Deuel, brought out all of the sensational testimony about Town Topics.

some, well groomed husband, in whose weekly appeared the article of which Justice Deuel complained. Mrs. Robert Collier was Sarah Van Alen until a very few years back. Her mother was an Astor. When she chose to make a love match with a man who was not strictly of the ultra-exclusive set. Town Topics acted as though it was personally affronted. On the slightest provocation it wrote blistering paragraphs of Mrs. Collier. Witnessing Colonel Mann's flesh fairly creeping under the lash of "Jim"



COLONEL W. D. MANN, PUBLISHER OF TOWN TOPICS. Called by a New York paper, "Colonel of Industry," because he commanded the captains of industry to give up the "dough."

Osborne, it would have been no more than humanely feminine if pretty Mrs. Collier had not smiled.

When the protesting colonel attempted to defend his lifelong "friendly associate," Justice Deuel, on the scandal gossiping paper, he resembled a human Niagara. Words, words, words poured from his mouth with a volume that fell into a whirled whirlpool below. When he was asked the simplest question he attempted to lose himself, or perhaps his listeners, in a flood of answers.

Over and over again Colonel Mann protested that he was a reformer of the deepest dye; that everything that his paper printed was with motives for truth and goodness. He told of the vast sums that had been "given" up to him, but those who sent the thousands of dollars, he assured District Attorney Jerome were most anxious to become stockholders in the

organization of which he is the head. Colonel Mann is a hale and bluff-looking man, well into the '60's. He has a great deal of white beard and is much given to cardinal neckties. He was most carefully groomed and gotten up for his appearance in the witness seat. His trousers and frock coat were dark, and relieved by a showy waistcoat. He carried his overcoat jauntily over his arm when approaching the chair, and held his silk hat in his hand. After seating himself comfortably and leaning well back, he thought better of his position and moved to the edge of his chair. He squirmed continually while giving his testimony.

Norman Hapgood, whose paragraph is responsible for all the light that the public has had in the Town Topics scandal, was an interested listener to all that went on. He is tall and delicate, possibly in his first '30's.

SANTA FE SUFFERS FATAL COLLISION

Three Train Men Killed and Four Passengers Seriously Hurt.

IN EARLY MORNING HOURS

Freight and Passenger Collided With Loss of Life and Property.

POPULARITY OF FREE RURAL MAIL DELIVERY

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—A determined effort will be made during the present session of congress to obtain a sufficient increase in the postal appropriation to make it possible to extend the rural free delivery system over a much larger area than heretofore. The friends of the system point to the remarkable growth of the system, its popularity and immense value to the rural communities. On the last day of June of last year the service was in operation on 32,121 rural routes, from 13,539 distributing offices. From the reports of rural carriers which have been compiled in the Division of Rural Delivery, it is shown that more than one billion pieces of mail were handled by the carriers in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1905, or, to be more exact, 1,387,057,711.

The number of pieces of mail delivered and collected, of the various classes, the value of stamps cancelled, the value of money orders sold, the number of parcels delivered, and the number of registered mail pieces delivered and collected, 1,357,323; letters and postals delivered and collected, 462,134,284; newspapers and periodicals collected and delivered, 775,639,284; circulars, delivered and collected, 121,701,030; packages, 26,334,863. Grand total, 1,387,057,711. Value of stamps cancelled, \$3,421,357.01; value of stamps sold, \$3,348,471.27; number of money orders sold, 4,260.

GALLUP GETS FLOW OF ARTESIAN WATER

Mullholland Goes For It and Finds It in Dakota Sandstone.

IT COSTS FOUR THOUSAND

Less Than Thousand Feet Deep but the Water is Pure and Soft.

ANOTHER AND LATER ACCOUNT GIVEN.

Special to The Evening Citizen.

Gallup, N. M., Jan. 29.—An artesian flow of water was struck at the city well today at a depth of 1,000 feet. The flow is from the Dakota sandstone. The total cost is \$4,000. The water was obtained in the Puerto vasquez. Mullholland, the driller, says that the flow will increase with depth.

MAGOON HANDS BIGELOW A FEW GENTLE RAPS.

New York, Jan. 29.—Governor Chas. E. Magoon, of the Panama canal zone, who arrived from Colon yesterday on his way to Washington, talked with reporters about the recently published article by Pauline Bigelow, on conditions in the canal zone. He said that Bigelow's visit was very brief. He reached Colon at 10 o'clock on the morning of Thanksgiving day, caught the train that departed in Panama at 4, remained there an hour and a half and returned to Colon. He left the isthmus at 2:10 the next day. As it was a holiday no one was working.

JAPANESE BUDGET IS NOW QUITE LARGE

Tokyo, Jan. 29.—The budget which has been introduced in parliament, has not caused any surprise. It shows that the expenditures for the next fiscal year are estimated at \$515,000,000, including \$115,000,000 for ordinary administrative expenses. The ordinary receipts are estimated at \$120,000,000. The deficit of more than \$395,000,000 will be met in part by the war taxes and the sale of surplus war material, leaving a balance of \$215,000,000 to be liquidated mainly by the proceeds of a loan. Of this balance, \$15,000,000, which is to be devoted to the payment of rewards, will be paid in bonds. The government also expects to receive about \$40,000,000 from other sources, principally from the Russian government, in payment of the cost of maintaining Russian prisoners of war in Japan. The loan to be floated will approximate \$100,000,000. The estimate does not include the expenses to be incurred in the development of Korea and Manchuria.

STANDARD OIL CASE HAS BEEN POSTPONED.

New York, Jan. 29.—Henry Wollman, in whose law office Attorney General Hadley of Missouri took his testimony in the proceedings against the Standard Oil company, stated yesterday that he had no information as to when Justice Gildersleeve would announce his decision in the contempt proceedings against H. H. Rogers. It had been intended by Hadley to resume taking testimony in this city tomorrow, but important matters in Missouri have caused him to adjourn the case to February 12.

St. Louis Wool Market. St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 29.—Wool market here is steady and unchanged.

LAID TO REST WITH HONORS

For the Hero of Two Wars Taps Have Been Sounded.

THE LAST SALUTE FIRED

Small of Stature He Had Lion's Heart for Duty's Demand.

THE NATION HONORS HIS VIRTUES

Washington, Jan. 29.—With full military honors, the body of Gen. Joseph Wheeler, veteran of two wars, was laid to rest today in the national cemetery at Arlington. Homage was paid by both the blue and the gray. The veterans of the two conflicts in which General Wheeler distinguished himself, personal friends, representatives of both branches of congress and many citizens joined with the nation's military in paying tribute to



GEN. JOS. H. WHEELER.

the dead general. The body lay in state from 10 o'clock this morning until 2 o'clock this afternoon, at St. John's church. At 2 o'clock brief services were conducted and the solemn procession for the cemetery started. After the casket was lowered into the ground a squad fired three volleys over the grave and taps were sounded.

[Personally General Wheeler was a small man, weighing about 110 pounds. He was the very personification of energy and nerve force. His every action either in speech or movement was quick, nervous, but the result of deliberation. He was a courteous southern gentleman, very companionable, and very interesting in conversation. His efficient and patriotic service in the war with Spain and his long and efficient service in the house of representatives for 18 years won for him public favor and the private esteem of all who were personally acquainted with him.—Editor.]

KANSAS WANTS BIG ANNIVERSARY FAIR.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 29.—More than one hundred and fifty delegates, representing various cities and towns in Kansas, met today in Representative Hall in accordance with a call sent out from here, to consider the proposition of celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of Kansas' statehood by a large exposition in the year 1911. "The plan has been agitated for some time, but not until lately have the citizens in general shown any enthusiasm for it. The outlines of the plan are still rather hazy, but it is expected that some more definite suggestions will be made in the course of the deliberations and that it will be definite enough to form a basis for a more definite program."

REVOLUTIONISTS KILL A COUNT AND A BARON.

Takum, Courland, Jan. 29.—Count Frederick Lamsdorff and Baron Roenne, two of the most prominent land owners of this district, while out driving yesterday were attacked by a band of revolutionists, pulled from their sleigh and murdered. Count Lamsdorff is not the foreign minister of the same name.

NEW YORK, JAN. 29.—CHANGES OF REVOLUTIONARY SIGNIFICANCE ARE BEING MADE IN THE CONDITION OF LIFE IN NEW YORK.

Skyscrapers are filling the narrow confines of Manhattan Island—skyscraper offices, skyscraper apartment houses, skyscraper colleges, skyscraper churches—soon the city will be a vast workshop with an overwhelming demand for numberless trains to take the human workers to their homes in the suburbs in lightning like time.

To handle the local traffic from points near the city, transportation lines are constantly multiplying their facilities by additional trackage, new stations and under-river tunnels. The New York Central's huge new station is ready for occupancy mainly by the crowding thousands who must be brought to and carried away from the city morning and evening. The Pennsylvania's station, the foundation for which now looks like the swath of a whirlwind through the densely built up section of the west side, will provide for only a tithe of the army that invades the New York shore from Jersey every morning only to swarm back again at night.

When transportation plans now under way are carried out, a map of Manhattan Island will look like a centipede, from every side of which will stream the lines indicating tunnels, ferries and bridges, to Jersey, to Brooklyn, to Long Island City, and additional lines of rails to the northward, spreading fan like from the

DENMARK'S KING JOINS MAJORITY

Passes Peacefully Away at Age of Nearly Eighty-eight Years.

MODEL KING OF HISTORY

Sons and Grandsons Were Selected by Other Countries Needing Kings.

DAUGHTERS MARRIED EMPERORS

Copenhagen, Jan. 29.—King Christian of Denmark died at 3:30 this afternoon. The king passed away quietly, surrounded by the crown prince and crown princess and their children, and his daughter, the dowager empress of Russia. The news of his majesty's death spread with great rapidity, and the signs of greatest grief were to be seen everywhere.

[Christian IX, King of Denmark, was born April 8, 1818, and succeeded to the throne of Denmark on the death of his kinsman, Frederick VII, in 1863. His wife, nee Princess of Sweden, died Sept. 28, 1898. His children are Prince Frederick, who will succeed him, and who is the father of the new king of Norway; Queen Alexandra of Great Britain and Ireland; King George of Greece; Dowager Empress Dagmar, mother of the czar of Russia; the duchess of Cumberland and Prince Waldemar. Through these marriages and those of his grandchildren, the royal family of Denmark is intimately connected with nearly every reigning house of Europe. The home life of the deceased king was a model for all, whether in palace or cot.—Editor.]

AGED TRAGEDienne HAS HAPPY BIRTHDAY

Rome, Jan. 29.—Adelaide Ristori, the famous Italian tragedy queen, is celebrating her eighty-fourth birthday today, and all Italy paid homage to the venerable artist. Letters and telegrams of congratulation arrived for her from all parts of the world and with them many rare and costly presents from her admirers, who are scattered all over the globe. Many of the letters and gifts came from America.

In the evening there will be a special performance in honor of the tragedienne at the Teatro della Valle. All fashionable Rome will be present and many of the most distinguished dignitaries of the city will sit with Mme. Ristori and other members of her family in her box. The most famous actors of Rome will take part in the performance, which will be in the nature of an ovation for the great actress, now Marquise del Grillo. The many beautiful gifts received by the tragedienne will be exhibited on the stage.

Mme. Ristori was born at Cividade, Italy. On her first appearance in Paris in 1855, she was harshly criticised for posing as the rival of Rachel, then at the height of her fame. But her popularity, however, and everywhere, especially in the United States, she was received with enthusiasm. Among her leading parts were Francesca di Rimini, Maria Stuart, Pia del Tolomei, Myrrha, Phaedra, Judith and Lady Macbeth. The last character she played in America was Edwin Booth. She retired from the English stage in 1873, but has since then appeared in Italy on several occasions.

CONFERENCE PUSHING ALONG VERY SLOWLY.

Algiers, Jan. 29.—The Moroccan conference this afternoon devoted itself to tax problems.

SKYSCRAPER BUILDINGS CHANGE NEW YORK LIFE

New York, Jan. 29.—Changes of revolutionary significance are being made in the condition of life in New York. Skyscrapers are filling the narrow confines of Manhattan Island—skyscraper offices, skyscraper apartment houses, skyscraper colleges, skyscraper churches—soon the city will be a vast workshop with an overwhelming demand for numberless trains to take the human workers to their homes in the suburbs in lightning like time.

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Automatic 183 Colorado 15APACHES AT WAR
WITH THE WHITESIn a Legal Battle at Tularosa,
Over the Question of
Water Rights.

GOVERNMENT UPHOLDS INDIANS

Special Correspondence.

Tularosa, N. M., Jan. 27.—During the past week the inhabitants of the northern part of Otero county have been profoundly interested in the initial proceedings in the case of a large number of farmers against the government, arising out of the appropriation of the waters of the Tularosa river by the Indians on the Mexican Apache reservation. Evidence has been taken on behalf of the people interested, before Referee H. P. Flint. Hon. A. R. Fall and Attorney Paxton, of Las Cruces, conducted the case for the people, and Assistant United States Attorney Medler appeared for the government. The proceeding is one of most vital importance to a relatively large number of the inhabitants of the agricultural region of Otero county, its success or failure meaning almost life or death to many who have been using the waters of the Tularosa river for irrigation. The case when decided, will establish an important precedent.

As early as 1858 a number of the Mexican inhabitants of the Rio Grande valley endeavored to locate on the fertile and easily irrigable lands on and near the site of Tularosa, but were driven away by the Indians. In 1860 they returned, and little by little, made appropriations of water from the Tularosa river. In 1862 the townsite of Tularosa was plotted by government surveyors. Ditches were built and the water was concentrated from a number of small streams flowing westward from the mountains.

During the Apache Indian troubles of this period an agency was established on a spot which covered a large portion of the headwaters of this stream, and an experimental garden or farm was laid out for the purpose of educating the Indians in the art of agriculture. To do this it was found necessary to take water from the headwaters of the Rio Tularosa. The colonists who had secured earlier rights protested against this action, but in vain. Other settlers located along the canyon and began diminishing the supply. Protests lodged against this action were likewise in vain. The work at the agency, at first conducted on a small scale, now began to be enlarged from time to time, in spite of repeated protests. The original colonists located further down the stream soon found their limited water supply reduced to nothing at all during certain months of the year. When a deputation of the Mexican settlers from the vicinity of Tularosa visited the newcomers in the foot hills and mountains with a demand that they refrain from diverting the water, the party returned to town minus four of their number, who had been killed.

The inhabitants of the valley have now reached that desperate condition where they feel compelled to make a fight in the courts for what they consider their rights. Hundreds of acres of exceedingly fertile land in Tularosa and vicinity, which has produced splendid crops of fruit, grain and alfalfa, is being rendered valueless by reason of the death of water at the period when it is most needed, but the Indians on the reservation are securing what water they need. The feelings of some of the people have been further excited and the injustice of the government's action has been accentuated by an incident which under most circumstances, would be considered too trifling to notice. In the main street of Tularosa stands a brand new giant traction engine, coupled to a great big red threshing machine—the acme of the inventor's art. This is a present from the United States government to the Apaches. The citizens of the United States, located under supposed government protection on land to which they have secured legal title, and with water rights dating back forty-five years, have never been able to own, individually or as a community, any such piece of machinery as this, and it is producing tumultuous and turbulent thoughts. On Sunday afternoons in Ciudad Juarez they use a red cloth to enrage and provoke the bull to fight. The government employs the same color on its threshing machine. And the light is on full tilt.

About a year ago the people who feel themselves aggrieved secured an injunction against the further use of the water of the Rio Tularosa by the Indian agents. Last summer the injunction was dissolved. Unless the residents of the valley can make good as the direct outcome of the case now before the referee, the death knell to agriculture in that part of New Mexico will be sounded forever.

A Friend in Need—

THAT thin, little, 10-cent Box of Cascarets.

When carried constantly in your Vest Pocket, or in "my Lady's" Purse it will ward off ninety per cent of Life's ordinary ills.

Eat one of the six candy tablets contained in that "Vest Pocket Box" whenever you suspect you need one.

It can't hurt you, and is sure Insurance against serious sickness.

Want of Exercise, indoor Employment, weaken the Bowel Muscles, just as they weaken Arm and Leg Muscles.

The Muscles lose tone, tension, strength, to force the food onward.

And the longer they stay in that state the weaker they become, because the less exercise they get through the slow passage of food.

Cascarets contain the only combination of drugs that acts on the Muscles of the Bowels and Intestines, just as Cold Water, or Exercise, act on a Lazy man.

They act like Exercise.

When you have Heartburn, Colic, Coated Tongue, Suspected Breath, Acid-rising-in-throat, Gas-belching, or an incipient Cold, take a Cascaret.

Remember, all these are not merely Discomforts, but indications of a serious Cause.

Nip them in the bud—eat a Candy Cascaret. Cascarets don't purge, nor punish the stomach like "Bile-driving" "Physics."

They act like Exercise on the Bowel-Muscles that propel Food, and that squeeze the natural Digestive Juices of the body into Food.

Cascarets ward off, or cure, the following diseases:

Constipation Bad Breath
Biliousness Diabetes

or at least until an extensive and expensive system of irrigation by wells is devised. Experts have shown that the soil of this section is exceedingly fertile, and with the rare climatic conditions that prevail there, will successfully produce alfalfa, hay, grain and nearly all fruits common to the temperate zone. Figs also have been grown in Tularosa for fourteen years, with but one single failure, due to a late spring frost. Four crops of alfalfa, or five tons per annum, is an average yield. Peach culture produces extraordinarily large returns.

"We are hanging on desperately," said one of the influential men of Tularosa, "in the belief that the government will at least give us a square deal. If on the contrary, our original water rights are to be denied us, and the privileges we have considered ours by law and every principle of right and justice are to be transferred to the Apache Indians, it will not only result in ultimate ruin to the inhabitants of the valley, but will cause many a loyal citizen, including many of Spanish descent, to spend the remainder of their natural lives in wondering whether an Apache Indian is more highly regarded at Washington than a full fledged citizen of the republic."

MAJOR PATRICK COGHILAN HAS
DISPOSED OF HIS RANCH

IS ONE OF THE OLD TYPE OF
WESTERN FRONTIERSMEN—HE
SETTLED IN NEW MEXICO IN
1874.

Special Correspondence.

Tularosa, N. M., Jan. 27.—Hon. A. R. Fall, of El Paso, yesterday purchased Major Patrick Coghilan, the latter a large ranch near this place, paying therefor \$20,000.

Major Coghilan, who in this disposing of his extensive ranching interests retires entirely from active participation in business, for more than thirty years has been one of the most widely known residents of southeastern New Mexico. Born in Ireland in 1822, he immigrated to America in 1848, the following year settling in Texas, where he was engaged in the cattle industry until 1874. During that period, in common with all early settlers of Texas, he experienced great trouble with the Apaches and Comanches at times. In 1872 and 1873 he drove cattle into New Mexico to secure better grazing. In 1874 he established himself permanently on a big ranch in Lincoln county, about 25 miles north of Captain. Soon afterward he opened a general merchandise store at Tularosa, which he conducted jointly with his ranch for several years. During the so-called "Lincoln county war," this store was repeatedly robbed by the cattle thieves.

It is a well known historic fact that the depredations of the notorious Apache chief, which began the campaign which finally led to his undoing, commenced on Major Coghilan's ranch, though Victorio always had professed great friendship for the brave and hardy ranchman.

Major Coghilan's wife died about a year ago, since which time he has lived alone at his home in Tularosa. Though now nearly 84 years of age, and but recently the victim of a painful accident which has necessitated constant professional care, his magnificent physique and erect carriage give little indication of his great age. He is one of the last representatives of that strong type of western frontiersmen which is well-nigh extinct in New Mexico.

MERCHANT TAILORING

UPSTAIRS, OVER NO. 209 WEST
RAILROAD AVENUE, O. BAM-
BINI, PROPRIETOR.

My merchant tailoring shop is upstairs over No. 209 West Railroad avenue, where I solicit the patronage of the public. All work guaranteed first class, as I have had fifteen years' experience in the business. Suits made to order. Clothes cleaned, pressed and repaired. The specific I use will not injure the cloth. Ladies' garments also cleaned and walking skirts made to order. Give me a trial.

O. BAMBINI.

HEAVY LOSS IN THE
FREEZING OF APPLES.

W. L. Guion has informed the Capitan News that the Ellis ranch, now owned by Dr. J. W. Laws, is loser on last year's apple crop to the extent of two tons, the result of freezing. This is a net loss of \$1,000.

Indigestion Headache
Dyspepsia Diarrhea
Torpid Liver Flatulence
Nervousness Hives
Rheumatism Jaundice
Colic Nausea
Scalds Eruptions
Women's Troubles
Worms Blotches
Piles Eczema
Ulcers Dysentery

In such cases a little Cascaret in time is worth fifty dollars worth of Treatment later on, to say nothing of the suffering, discomfort, loss of Business Energy, and loss of Social Sunshine it saves.

A coming Headache can be warded off in short order, by a single Cascaret, and the cause removed.

Heartburn, Gas-belching, Acid-ridings in the throat, and Colicky feeling are sure signs of bowel trouble from food poisons, and should be dealt with promptly.

One Cascaret will stop the coming trouble, and move on the Bowel load, if taken at the first signs.

Don't fail to carry the Vest Pocket Box of Cascarets with you constantly.

All Druggists sell them—over ten million boxes a year.

Be very careful to get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "COC."

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a Special Free-designed, GOLD-PLATED HONOR BOX, hand-colored in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents stamps to cover cost of postage and to cover cost of Cascarets, with which this dainty trinket is loaded. 719 Second Street, New York, N. Y. Address: Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

SPORTING...
...BREVITIES

Jake Kilrain, the old time fighter, occasionally acts as a referee at some of the three round affairs pulled off in New York.

Dick Padden is a newcomer in the American Association, but he already lays claim to the pennant for 1906. Force of habit is strong, etc.

New York fight clubs now have their fighters undergo a medical examination before they are permitted to enter the ring. The death of a fighter from a blow over the heart the other night was the cause of the medical inspection.

George Tebeau denies that he will sell the Kansas City franchise in the American Association. He will try to give the Missouri town and Louisville each a winning team in the same association, and George is just the boy to promise to land the pennant for both towns.

Billiard experts believe that Willie Hoppe, because of his victory over the veteran Vignaux, will be the favorite in the coming championship tournament in New York, but the western followers of Schaefer predict that he will carry off the honors. Schaefer is said to be playing the best game of his career.

Louis Cure, the great French billiardist, has announced his intention to participate in the international billiard tournament in New York next April. He will cross the ocean with George Suttou, early in March. The coming of Cure to America is the coming of a notable strong tournament player.

Herman Schaefer, who was a competitor of Fremont, the Pathfinder, is threatened by the contract presented to him by the Detroit club, and is threatening to leave the reservation. He says that under the terms of the club no one but a perfect ball player could collect a cent of money. Schaefer may pool issue with Jimmie Callahan in a City League in Chicago.

Benny Yanger and Kid Goodman fought before the Chelsea A. C. the other night and Goodman was the favorite in the betting. To the astonishment of the club officials and the crowd, Yanger fought Goodman off his feet. Before he could land a knockout blow the police suddenly discovered a weak tier of seats and stopped the mill for fear that some one might get hurt in case the seats should fall. The charge is made by newspaper correspondents and friends of Yanger that the club officials resorted to this subterfuge to prevent their man from being defeated. The club has gained considerable unpleasant notoriety from the incident.

The defeat of Mike Sullivan by Joe Gans must have been bad news to Al Herford. As long as the negro fighter looked good to the Baltimore promoter, Herford worked him for all he was worth. When Gans showed signs of going back, Herford handed him his hat and heaved a sigh for a hard winter coming on. Gans was broke; Herford had all kinds of money he had made out of the colored fellow's fighting ability. Cut adrift from his white man manager, Gans seemed a hopeless has-been. But he showed his old-time punching ability, and it's dollars to doughnuts that Herford wishes he had held on to him a little longer for the money there was in it.

There's money in prize fighting—for the fellows that are at the top. Battling Nelson and Terry McGovern have signed articles to fight before a Philadelphia athletic club which guarantees that there will be \$17,000 in the house. Seventy-five per cent of the money goes to the fighters. It was stipulated in the articles that Nelson should get the big end of the purse, win or lose, which means that his share will be \$7,500 to McGovern's \$5,100. The men are to fight six 3-minute rounds—18 minutes of fighting for a year's salary for a successful professional man. Do you, gentle reader, earn \$7,500 a year—do you earn that much in two years? Probably you earn that much, but do you get it?

Try a Citizen want ad.

DO YOU WANT THE
NAME AND ADDRESS

of the man who should be working for you?
of the man who would gladly lend you money?
of the man who would like to buy your horse?
of the man who would buy an interest in your business?
of the man who would buy that lot of ground?
of the man who would buy your old bicycle?

The Citizen Want Ads, furnish you
with names and addresses
of people who are
"Necessary to Your Prosperity"

PERMANENT SALARIED POSITIONS

For men of business-getting ability. We need at once hundreds of men who can present high grade propositions and produce results. Previous experience not essential. Excellent teaching and training. Excellent opportunity for advancement. We also have listed in our office many Executive, Clerical and Technical positions, and good opportunities for men having money to invest with their services. Write us today, enclosing resume.

HAPGOODS (Inc.), Brain Brokers
217 Chemical Building, St. Louis

WANTED

WANTED—Position, general housework preferred. Address B. V. Citizen.

WANTED—Boards and roomers at the Green hotel, 821 South Third street.

WANTED—A live apprentice boy, to learn the pattern trade. See Hudson, the South Second street painter.

WANTED—Gentlemen's second-hand clothing. No. 515 South First street south of viaduct. Send address and will call. R. J. Sweeney, proprietor.

WANTED—To figure on painting, tinting, paper hanging, decorating and sign writing; best and cheapest in town. Address, R. B. this office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ANY PERSON to distribute our samples; \$18 weekly; steady. Mgr. "Empire," 4 Wells street, Chicago, Illinois.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Rooms for housekeeping. 524 West Railroad avenue.

FOR RENT—Newly furnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 522 West Lead avenue.

FOR RENT—New three-room cottage, furnished complete for light housekeeping. Inquire at 506 South Arno street.

FOR RENT—Alfalfa and truck ranch for rent; one hour's drive from town. Address William A. Brown, Alameda.

FOR RENT—Newly furnished rooms, single and en suite. Call 519 W. Railroad avenue. Mrs. V. Maestas.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms with steam heat. Grant building, 309-308 1/2 Railroad avenue. Inquire room 3.

FOR RENT—The nine-room brick house with bath and laundry, at 211 North Fifth street. Excellent location for first-class boarding or rooming house. Address, Maycar-Gunsul.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—All lots in Coronada Place. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—A good, strong pony; also fine saddle. Inquire at 210 North Sixth street.

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy and harness. 408 Mountain road.

SELL, RENT OR TRADE—List your property with T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A good business for city property. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—Indian trading post; good location and a paying business. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A good Schumaker piano. A bargain. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a six-room brick house on North Second street; 114 North Second street.

FOR SALE—Small stock merchandise at a bargain. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—Handsome Hardman piano in fine condition and almost new, at a bargain. For particulars, call at this office.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Are you interested in mines? I have some said to be good deals. Talk with me. T. L. McSpadden, 300 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—\$25,000 ranch at a bargain; will take small property in exchange. Write, wire, phone or talk with F. L. McSpadden, 303 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—\$700 will buy equity in first-class residence on the best street in the city; will rent for \$45 month; owner leaving town. F. L. McSpadden, 303 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—A first-class, double-barreled, 12-gauge shotgun; brand new; never been used; one of the best makes. Call at The Citizen of fee for particulars.

FOR SALE—A good paying hotel in small town. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—A bargain, if sold at once, one six-room house, with bath, cement walks, furnished or unfurnished. Electric lights or gas. Address, A. T. this office.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—2 rooming houses. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

FOR SALE—1,000-acre ranch, plenty of water, 20 cows, 2 good horses, harness and wagon; 4-room house, barn, etc., \$3,000. N. Peach & Co. real estate dealers, 208 1/2 West Gold avenue.

FOR SALE—One corner lot, containing two 4-room frame cottages; bath; cement walks on both streets; good shade; electric light and fuel gas on premises. Address, T. A. this office.

FOR SALE—Hotel, European plan; 20 rooms, newly furnished in new building; best location in city; a fine business proposition. Reason for selling, poor health. Address, F. J. this office.

BUSINESS EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—I have property in Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado and Arizona to trade for Albuquerque property. Talk with me. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

TO EXCHANGE—I have some ranches to trade for city property. T. L. McSpadden, 300 South Broadway.

See him for business exchanges. 300 South Broadway.

LOST.

LOST—Brown alligator-skin bag, containing cards of Charlotte Stuart. Return to Citizen. Reward.

FOUND.

FOUND—Small bunch of keys in Atlantic saloon. Owner can have same by calling at Citizen office and paying for this notice.

Money to Loan

On Furniture, Pianos, Organs, Horses Wagons and other Chattels; also on SALARIES and WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, as low as \$10.00 and as high as \$200.00. Loans are quickly made and strictly private. Time: One month to one year given. Goods remain in your possession. Our rates are reasonable. Call and see us before borrowing.

THE HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO.

Steamship tickets to and from all parts of the world.
Rooms 3 and 4, Grant Bldg.
315 West Railroad Ave.
PRIVATE OFFICES.
Open Evenings.

Reliable REAL ESTATE. Responsible Up-to-Date.

Several Houses for Rent.

\$250.00
CORN LOT
on South Walter Street.
\$250.00
If Sold This Week.

PORTERFIELD CO.,
110 W. Gold.

Keep Your Eye on This Space.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DENTISTS.

DR. J. E. KRAFT,
Dental Surgeon.

Rooms 15 and 16, Grant block, over the Golden Rule Dry Goods company. Both phones. Appointments made by mail.

Edmund J. Alger, D. D. S.
No. 306 Railroad avenue. Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.; 1:30 p. m. to 5 p. m. Telephone 462. Appointments made by mail.

LAWYERS.

Bernard S. Rodey,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Albuquerque

N. M. Prompt attention given to all business pertaining to the profession. Will practice in all courts of the territory and before the United States land office.

Ira M. Bond,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 32 F street N. W., Washington, D. C. Patents, lands, patents, copyrights, caveats, letter patents, trade marks, claims.

R. W. D. Bryan,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Albuquerque

que, N. M. Office, First National Bank building.

E. W. Dobson,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office Cren well block, Albuquerque, N. M.

John H. Stingle,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Suite 16, N. T. Armijo building, Albuquerque N. M.

ARCHITECTS.

F. W. Spencer and V. O. Wallingford, rooms 46-47, Barnett building Albuquerque, N. M. Both phones.

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

A. L. Morgan,
THE INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER—Estimates are cheerfully furnished; job work solicited. Automatic phone, 724; shop at 911 North Second street, Albuquerque N. M.

PHYSICIANS.

A. L. MAHAFFEY, M. D.
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon

Room 25, Whiting building, over Vann's drug store. Automatic telephone, 410.

DR. R. L. HUST,
Office, 5-8, N. T. Armijo Bldg.

Tuberculosis treated with High-Frequency Electrical Current and Germicide. Treatments given each day from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Trained nurse in attendance. Both 'phones.

DR. J. D. NUSBAUM
Practice limited to diseases of the nose, ear, throat and lungs.

Rooms 14 and 15, Grant Bldg. Office Hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 3 to 5 p. m. Telephone: - Colo. 154; Auto. 272.

DR. W. G. SHADRACH,
Practice limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Oculist and Aurist for Santa Fe coast lines. Office, 313 1/2 West Railroad Avenue.

Hour: 9 to 12 a. m. and 1.30 to 5 p. m.

UNDERTAKER.

Auto. 'phone 316. Colo. Red 115.

A. BORDERS,
City Undertaker.

Commercial Club Building. Black and white bears, \$5.

ASSAYERS.

CORSET & COLLINS,
Civil and Mining Engineers. United States Deputy Mineral Surveyors.

ASSAYERS.
East side of Plaza, Santa Fe, N. M.

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J. R. Farwell,
Room 23, N. T. Armijo Building.

LAND MATTERS.

H. W. S. Otero,
United States Court Commissioner.

703 West Silver avenue. Will attend to matters before the land office.

John A. McCall has sold his \$600,000 house. No, no, the money is not to be distributed among the policyholders.

BANK INSTITUTIONS

Montezuma Trust Co.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

Capital and Surplus \$100,000

Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

WASHINGTON NEWS
CITIZEN SPECIALHow the President Carried
Statehood and Ended
Insurrection.

RATE REGULATION IS NEXT

Senators Delay Its Discussion.
Secretary Taft's Elephant
Present.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—It will be a long time before there is another insurrection in the House of Representatives. The one that ended on Wednesday in a complete and decisive victory for the house organization, was as carefully organized and as carefully planned as any future rebellion could be. It was a perfect model of insurrection.

It was a long and hard fight that Speaker Cannon and his lieutenants had, and there were days at a time when they despaired of victory. In a considerable degree, it was a personal triumph for President Roosevelt. When the outlook seemed darkest for the house organization, an appeal was made to the White House, and on Monday and Tuesday of last week, the insurgents were taken to the executive offices in droves. Mr. Roosevelt represented that not only were the republican party and the administration pledged to statehood, but that the success of measures for which the country clamored depended on a peaceful adjustment of the statehood question. That the president's appeal was one hard to resist was evidenced by the fact that several insurgents who went to the White House loudest in their declarations, came away silent and subdued.

There was also a striking change of tactics on the part of the speaker and his lieutenants during the few days immediately preceding the test. Pleading was used instead of threats, and it became a familiar sight to see "Uncle Joe" with his arms around the shoulder of some insurgent, whispering "sweet nothings" in his ear.

NOW RATE REGULATION

WILL HOLD THE BOARDS.

Now that the statehood bill is out of the way, so far as the house is concerned, the railroad rate regulation legislation will hold the center of the stage. On this score, the president will have little trouble with the house, as it already is arranged that the administration bill shall be put through with the least possible delay. There will be attempts, it is true, to secure more railroad action than that contemplated, but these will avail nothing. Mr. Roosevelt and Speaker Cannon have a working agreement as to what shall be done, and there will be no important alteration in the program.

As to what the senate will do, no man is able to foretell. Ten days ago, it seemed as if the senate lines of opposition were giving away, and the prediction was freely made that the president, backed by the force of public opinion, would eventually triumph. Now, the lines have tightened up, and the senate is showing its teeth. Senator Ekins' committee is making a show of industry, but so far as any outsider is able to learn no considerable progress has been made.

Under the instruction by which the committee held recess sessions, it was to report a bill to the senate within ten days after congress convened. Congress has now been in session for three months, and the bill is not yet forthcoming. While no authoritative statement can be procured, there is a fixed belief that April is likely to find the senate in just about the same situation in which it is today.

There is every reason why those who oppose rate legislation should seek delay. By waiting until near the close of the session, they will have opportunity to more accurately judge the minimum of relief which will pacify the public, and also there would be a better chance of putting through a bill that looked more stringent than it really would be. The house has some able men who are sincerely in favor of carrying out the president's program. Were the senate to send over a "phony" bill early in the session, they would have opportunity to examine and pick it to pieces. By waiting until near the wind up, the house would be almost forced into taking whatever the senate saw fit to give, or let rate legislation fall entirely.

Nothing could be more pleasing to the railroad advocates than the latter of these alternatives. Those able and adroit statesmen would experience no difficulty in fixing up a bill that looked well on the surface, but which in reality gave the public no substantial relief. Were this to go to the house and be rejected, the senate would be in a position to say that the house and not upon the senate rested the burden of failure. The public mind has been so befuddled as to the fine points of this intricate question that the senate would have little trouble in making its claim look good.

Delay, therefore, is the thing for which the senate strives. And there are not ninety men anywhere on earth who can fool away time as artistically as can the members of the United States senate. Just when the senate is doing the least in when it appears the busiest. When all other recourses fail, there is always left the certainty that Senator Tillman can be baited into an explosion.

THIRD TERM TALK

FOR THE PRESIDENT.

The statement has been made a hundred times this week that the friends of President Roosevelt are discussing the possibility of his becoming a third-term candidate. The question naturally arises, are they friends or enemies of Mr. Roosevelt who are agitating this subject? Had the thing been started by those who wish the president ill or those who oppose some of the policies of legislation he is advocating the selection of time and subject could hardly have been happier.

If the public can only be convinced that in urging railroad rate and other corrective legislation the president is

IMPORTANT NOTICE

From one to seven Options are
now on all but three lots in

THE NEW GRANT TRACT

Those having first options must call at the office of the Surety Investment Company between 8 a. m. and 9 p. m. Thursday, February 1st, and make good, otherwise second option will have preference. Remember the terms are \$10 down, balance \$5 per month for each lot purchased.

D. B. K. SELLERS, Agent.

playing politics with a third term in view, his influence will be greatly undermined. It is because the public believes that Mr. Roosevelt is sincere and unselfish that there is such unanimity of support throughout the country for his policies.

The statement made by Mr. Roosevelt on election night, 1904, bearing on the subject of a third term, is just now being re-read with a great deal of interest. The statement was as follows:

"I am deeply sensible of the honor done me by the American people, in thus expressing their confidence in me. I have done and what I have tried to do. I appreciate to the full the solemn responsibility that the confidence imposes on me, and I shall do all that in my power lies not to forfeit it."

"On the 4th of March next, I shall have served three and a half years, and this three and a half years shall constitute my first term. The wisest custom which limits the president to two terms regards the substance and not the form, and under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination."

When Statement Made.

In this connection, the Washington Post prints what it asserts is the first authentic story of the circumstances leading up to the making of the statement. All the members of the cabinet were receiving returns from the states. About 12 o'clock, at night, when it was obvious that Mr. Roosevelt's election was sweeping and overwhelming, he told the Post's authority that he intended forthwith to issue a statement to the American people expressive of his gratitude for the confidence they had shown in him, and also to assure them that, contrary to the claims of his adversaries in the campaign, he would not be a candidate to succeed himself.

This gentleman attempted to dissuade him from the course. He pointed out that the statement was not occasion for it, that it was beyond human ken for the president to force what the confidence of the country would be four years hence; that there might be an actual demand for his re-election by all the people in all the sections, irrespective of politics; that night, Mr. Hay immediately agreed that the advice that had been given to the president was sound and correct. Moreover, he sought out the president, got him away from the crowd, and proceeded to argue against his making the statement. But it was too late. Mr. Roosevelt had given the statement to the press associations, and it was at that moment being speeded to the uttermost parts of the earth. To Mr. Hay the president is represented as talking in this way:

Talk to Secretary Hay.

"They lied on me in the campaign. They accused me of being an imperialist, a dictator, a Caesar. I don't want to be misunderstood by the people. I want them to know that I am to be their president in my own right. There are certain reforms I am determined to carry out. If I should be suspected of further presidential ambitions my motives would be questioned, my course would be hampered, and the reforms I have in mind would be more or less discredited. I have tried faithfully to carry out Mr. McKinley's policies, and for doing this I have been subjected to assault and belittling arraignment. No man can be free and independent in the presidency who has designs upon another term. I refuse to be placed in that position."

As the Roosevelt majorities continued to grow the third term was the chief topic of discussion among the president's friends at the White House that night. Mr. Roosevelt could not help hearing much of it, and although he insisted, whenever forced by the trend of the conversation that the statement was the wise and proper course to pursue at that time, he did not forbid his guests to further discuss the third term proposition.

What has been detailed here is known to many of the republican leaders in congress. This is the reason why they are now studying the statement. They want to see if there is in it a loophole of escape. Thus far none of them is known to have found it. But this does not satisfy them quite. That is why several of them have undertaken to sound the president in the last week, or since the Hills interview provoked the liveliest sort of interest in the question of the republican leadership in 1908.

AN ELEPHANT FOR
WAR SECRETARY TAFT.
Secretary of War Taft has been hav-

ing the time of his life lately trying to figure out how to avoid wounding the sensibilities of an eastern potentate, and at the same time save himself from becoming the owner of an elephant.

Some time ago there appeared in the American newspapers reproductions of a photograph of Secretary Taft on horseback, accompanied by a story that the war secretary, who weighs over 300 pounds, had great difficulty in finding a horse sufficiently strong to carry him.

The picture and story, by some chance, found their way into the hands of the ruler of an Asiatic people. The heart of the potentate was touched, not only for the secretary, but likewise for the horse.

"What he should have, and what he shall have," cried the yellow king, "is the choicest, and likewise the strongest, elephant, from my sacred herd."

Accordingly, the bland and smiling representative in Washington of this Asiatic ruler, was instructed to express to the Secretary of War the wish of his gracious master that the sacred elephant should be accepted as a token of the king's esteem, as well as in the cause of mercy to man and beast.

Secretary Taft had one fleeting mental picture of himself on Pennsylvania avenue astride the elephant's back, then he began to shudder. He feared the ocean voyage would not agree with the elephant; that the climate of Washington would be injurious to its health; that he would be lonesome here, away from the other members of the herd. As each objection was urged the Asiatic diplomat smiled his blandest smile and with a differential bow assured the secretary that there was no ground for fear.

Mr. Taft finally said he would have to take the matter under advisement, as it was not the custom for American cabinet members to accept gifts from foreign rulers. He appealed now to his friends to show him a way out.

CONGRESS REEKS WITH GRAFT;
HOUSE PRACTICALLY ABOLISHED

Special to The Evening Citizen:

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—Shall the United States senate be abolished?

That is the question which is soon to be answered in the affirmative, by Lincoln Steffens, special writer on graft, who has been in Washington making a study of that institution.

There has been a rush of special graft students to Washington—Mr. Palmer, Ray Stannard Baker, Will Payne and a considerable raft of lesser lights.

The result, it is learned on direct authority, is a batch of indictments on all known statutes against grafting, and a recommendation that the accused be held to answer to the general elections. Steffens adds a sentence of extermination for the senate.

Investigators do not have to scratch very deep below the surface to find that representatives and senators are nearly all grafters. Some graft in a large way; others in cheap, trifling things. But one of the most interesting discoveries is to the effect that one form of graft has already nearly abolished the house of representatives.

The house is one man—Joe. G. Cannon. The rest of its nominal members have abdicated.

The little congressman from Four Corners sells out his vote on any and all general legislation for the sake of an appropriation for his local postoffice or harbor improvement.

Local appointments and local legislation are cheap prices for which the rank and file of the members of the house of representatives have surrendered their votes. The dare not have an opinion on any matter of legislation which affects the country as a whole. Those matters are determined absolutely by the speaker of the house, with the aid, perhaps, of half a dozen henchmen.

There is no real house of representatives.

Soothing and Comforting.

The soothing and comforting effects of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, when applied to Piles, cuts, boils, etc., reduce pain almost instantly. This Salve draws out the inflammation, reduces swelling and acts as a rubefacient, thus circulating the blood through the diseased parts, permitting of a safe and permanent removal of the trouble entirely. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

Beats the Music Cure.

"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Ben Brown, 22 Lafayette Place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.: "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 1076.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 29, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on the 8th day of February, 1906, viz: Trinidad Jaramillo y Maxwell, of the Small Holding Claim No. 1076, in Secs. 8 and 10, T. 6 N., R. 2 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Manuel R. Otero, of Tome, N. M.; Pedro Gallegos, of Tome, N. M.; Jose Aragon y Bernal, of Tome, N. M.; Manuel Salazar y Otero, of Albuquerque, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 569.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 28, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on the 7th day of February, 1906, viz: Jesus Garcia, for the Small Holding Claim No. 569, in Secs. 24, 25 and 26, T. 7 N., R. 2 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Jose Aragon y Bernal, of Tome, N. M.; Juan Apodaca, of Valencia, N. M.; Verio Martinez, of Valencia, N. M.; Gregorio Apodaca, of Valencia, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 323.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., January 2, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on February 9, 1906, viz: Donatiano Pino, for the 1 and 2, section 20; lot 3, sections 17 and 20; lot 4, section 17; lot 5, sections 8 and 9, township 10 north, range 7 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Gorgonio Figueroa, of Cubero, N. M.; Pablo Lucero, of Cubero, N. M.; Benito Lucero, of Cubero, N. M.; Juan Apodaca, of Valencia, N. M.; Benito Armiño, of Valencia, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

This Day in History.

Jan. 29, 1803.—Russell Sage cashed a check for a stranger.

Jan. 29, 1772.—Citizens of Cleveland demanded a new union station.

Jan. 29, 1853.—Trust official not only fined but sent to jail for demanding rebates.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 445.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., January 8, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on the 15th day of February, 1906, viz: Beatriz C. de Sanchez, widow of Jesus H. Sanchez, deceased, for the S. H. C. No. 445, situated in Sec. 25, T. 7 N., R. 2 E., and Sec. 30, T. 7 N., R. 3 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Manuel R. Otero, of Tome, N. M.; Mariano Perea, of Valencia, N. M.; Jose G. Chavez, of Valencia, N. M.; Miguel Silva, of Valencia, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 661.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 28, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on the 7th day of February, 1906, viz: Pedro Gallegos y Gonzales, for the small holding claim No. 661 in Secs. 3, 10 and 11, T. 8 N., R. 2 E., and Sec. 30, T. 7 N., R. 3 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Jose Aragon y Bernal, of Tome, N. M.; Juan Apodaca, of Valencia, N. M.; Manuel Gallegos, of Tome, N. M.; Bernardo Gallegos, of Tome, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 662.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., January 17, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on the 7th day of February, 1906, viz: Federico Sanchez y Montoya, for the Small Holding Claim No. 662, situated in Sec. 24, T. 7 N., R. 2 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Meliton S. Otero, of Peralta, N. M.; Juan Apodaca, of Valencia, N. M.; Benito Armiño, of Valencia, N. M.; Estanislao Garay, of Peralta, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

JUDGE FREEMAN REMEMBERS

A SOCRORO YOUNG LADY.

Miss Josephine Baca, daughter of District Attorney and Mrs. Elfigo Baca, is the proud recipient of a handsome present from Hon. A. A. Freeman of Carlsbad, says the Socorro Chieftain. The present is an elegant silver bracelet of gold set with gem stones of rare beauty. It would be a fitting ornament for a princess, and Miss Josephine is to be congratulated on being its fortunate possessor.

"Is your husband a handy man at making things?"
"Yes—excuse me."

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 1054.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., January 9, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on the 18th day of February, 1906, viz: Abel Romero, for the S. H. C. No. 1054 in Secs. 13 and 24, T. 7 N., R. 2 E., and Secs. 18 and 29, T. 7 N., R. 3 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Bracilio Garcia, of Peralta, N. M.; Jesus Garcia, of Valencia, N. M.; Meliton S. Otero, of Peralta, N. M.; Hilario Chavez, of Peralta, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 655.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 29, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on the 8th day of February, 1906, viz: Romulo Aragon y Baca, agent of Teresa Baca y Garcia de Aragon, for the Small Holding Claim No. 655, Sec. 25, T. 7 N., R. 2 E., and Sec. 30, T. 7 N., R. 3 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Tafael Gurule, of Peralta, N. M.; Antonio Jose Aragon, of Valencia, N. M.; Gregorio Aragon, of Valencia, N. M.; Francisco Aragon y Baca, of Valencia, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 709.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., January 9, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before U. S. Court Commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on the 7th day of February, 1906, viz: Juan Apodaca, for the lot 1, Secs. 23 and 24, and lot 2, Sec. 23, T. 7 N., R. 2 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Benito Armiño, of Valencia, N. M.; Jesus Garcia, of Valencia, N. M.; Canuto Apodaca, of Valencia, N. M.; Tomas Martinez, of Valencia, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

WILLING HELPERS.

What's the use of a helper, if he isn't willing? Willingness is an ample mantle which will protect most cover all the sins of servitude. But a classified advertisement in The Evening Citizen is a willing helper that is not only absolutely competent, but also is a willing worker. It works all the time for you. It is the best and most economical publicity in the world.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 588.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., January 24, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of her claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before the United States court commissioner at Albuquerque, N. M., on March 10, 1906, viz: Beatriz Moya de Sedillo, widow of Jesus Sedillo, deceased, for the S. H. C. No. 588, in lot 1, sec. 36, T. 7 N., R. 2 E., and sec. 31, T. 7 N., R. 3 E., and lot 2, sec. 36, T. 7 N., R. 2 E.

She names the following witnesses to prove her actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Esteban Rael, of Valencia, N. M.; Bernardino Sedillo, of El Cerro, N. M.; Estanislao Otero, of El Cerro, N. M.; Amada Otero de Sedillo, of El Cerro, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 326.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., January 3, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before the United States court commissioner at San Rafael, N. M., on February 9, 1906, viz: Barbara J. de Plata, for the lot 1 and 2, section 20; lot 3, section 16 and 17, township 10 north, range 7 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Gorgonio Figueroa, of Cubero, N. M.; Pablo Lucero, of Cubero, N. M.; Benito Lucero, of Cubero, N. M.; Juan Apodaca, of Valencia, N. M.; Benito Armiño, of Valencia, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the interior department why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(Small Holding Claim No. 617.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., January 9, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed

THE ALBUQUERQUE CITIZEN

Published Daily and Weekly
By The Citizen Publishing Company

W. S. STRICKLER
President

W. T. McCREIGHT
Business Manager

Admission of Greed.

The National organization of retail grocery dealers the other day declared against any parcels post, on the ground that it would injure their business. How such result would follow the establishment of the parcels post, is by no means plain to the understanding of the ordinary citizen. But even should there be a slight loss to a small number of retail grocers, in a few places, the question arises whether this would be worse than for the country to remain in the grasp of the extortionate express companies, for the existence of rural free delivery to be endangered, and for the postal service to have an annual deficit rapidly rising to the \$20,000,000 mark, which the people must yearly pay by general taxes?

That this is the actual condition which now confronts the country can be denied by none and is unknown to but few. The Globe-Democrat recently called attention to the fact that over 31,000 rural free delivery routes are now in operation in the United States, and the number is increasing fast. They are the most recent postal development, and a commendable idea. But singular restrictions are imposed upon the service. Congress will not allow rural carriers to deliver a parcel of merchandise except on payment of 16 cents a pound postage, and the weight must not exceed 4 pounds. On such a 4-pound parcel the postage is 64 cents, which is ordinarily a prohibitory rate. The same 4-pound parcel can be mailed to England, postage prepaid for 49 cents. Apparently congress has not heard of this remarkable absurdity. At all events, no legislative remedy is in sight. The subject appears to be sidetracked, session after session.

Each rural free delivery carrier serves an average of 125 families on a twenty-five mile route. Congress will not permit him to convey parcels except at ridiculously high rates, nor take baggage, nor give room to a passenger. So the carrier at present runs his wagon with possibly a load of twenty pounds of letters, newspapers, and circulars. In many cases the load is not over two pounds. Each wagon run on this Chinese mail system nets an average loss of \$1 a day. The postal deficit last year was \$14,000,000, and is estimated at \$13,000,000 this year. Is it any wonder, with the management that establishes 31,000 rural delivery routes and, at the same time, exercises great ingenuity in preventing them from doing much of anything?

Those who are well informed know that the parcels post would give the postoffice department a handsome yearly surplus in the place of the annual deficit; but so far the express companies have been able to thwart the needs of the people, and to continue exacting from the nation millions of money where only thousands should be charged. And now comes the retail grocers' national organization, and for fear that some one might send to a department store for a pound of butter, throws the weight of its influence to the grasping express companies, and demands that there shall not be any parcels post.

Aid For Unemployed.

Recent reports show that Germany stands at the head of the list of countries which are engaged in ameliorating the condition of the unemployed. Pecuniary aid is furnished in that country either through the trade unions, now numbering nearly 500,000 members, or through insurance against lack of work, the latter plan having been tried in several places and advocated as a national measure of relief.

In the first three months of 1904, the German trade unions are credited with distributing over \$100,000 to persons out of work. The insurance scheme is said to have been unprofitable as a financial enterprise, and where deficits occurred they were made up from municipal funds and private philanthropy.

Germany furnishes nearly 500 lodging houses for traveling laborers and also has laborers' colonies. The most material aid to the unemployed, however, is found in the system of employment bureaus, including private agencies, the lodging houses and aid stations, the trade unions, some associations of most important of all public employment bureaus. It is said that by frequent communications there is an equalizing of supply and demand. In Prussia in 1900, 68.2 per cent of the applicants found work; in 1901, 73.2 per cent; and in 1902, 75.2 per cent. In Wurtemberg, the proportion was slightly lower, and in Bavaria almost as high.

Our Foreign Born.

In commenting on the remarks of Chairman Hamilton when presenting the report of his committee on statehood, the Arizona Star says:

"It will appear from the report that there are less than 17,000 foreign born Mexicans in New Mexico. This is a less number than Arizona has. Taking Morenci, Clifton, Globe, Bisbee, and Tucson, there are more than 20,000 foreign born Mexican population, which of course includes men, women and children, as does the estimate of New Mexico. Now wherein rests the soundness of the protest of the leaders of the Arizona democracy against the foreign Mexican population when Arizona has a greater number of like population? Mr. Hamilton's statement in a few words expresses the absurdity of the opponents to statehood on the grounds of the Mexican population in New Mexico."

The Star misapprehends the statement of Chairman Hamilton. He said "foreign born inhabitants," not "Mexicans." His figures cover all the foreign born residents of New Mexico, regardless of nationality. The number of foreign born "Mexicans" in this territory is so small indeed, as hardly to be counted by thousands.

Collier's Weekly: What rich men give back to the community, increasing as it does, bears no comparison to what the public gives away to corporations. Comptroller Myers said in 1890, that it would pay any man to run the New York city government without levying any taxes, provided he could get possession of all the franchises which the city had in former times given away, together with those franchises which it still controlled. "Those franchises are now so valuable," he said, "that if their present incumbents were reasonably taxed a sufficient revenue would be obtained to meet the expenses of city government, thus permitting the abolition of taxes on property." The rights which public service corporations get for nothing from the cities they would be compelled to pay millions for if they had to buy such rights in property owned by individuals. "No people," said Mr. Louis Brandeis, about a year ago, "would have submitted to such robbery if the facts had been kept before them."

A handsomely furnished "sobering-up" room for intoxicated men was advocated by the Rev. J. W. Altom, pastor of the Elm Street Methodist church, Chillicothe, Mo., in the course of a temperance talk at a union prayer service there. He said: "These poor men who get drunk are the men who really pay the saloon licenses. They are the men who reduce our taxes 25 cents or 30 cents a head, and when we depend on these saloons for revenue and license them to sell intoxicants it is not just or fair to lock up in a 'cooler' the man who patronized them. What we should do is to provide a handsomely furnished room, with luxurious couches and other comforts, in order that the fellow who is paying the taxes can sleep off his 'drunk' there."

San Francisco Chronicle: If we must have a tariff war with Germany we need not fear the result. Except potatoes, we import nothing which we could not produce ourselves and save money by it. In chemicals only are we at a disadvantage, and that we can change by permitting the use of denatured alcohol in the arts, free of tax. There should be no difficulty in settling these matters in a just and dignified manner. The only reason why we are in such a tangle is that we send to congress no statesmen, but the roustabouts of intriguing trusts.

Fields of The Farmer Have Turned to Gold

From The Denver News.

The American Farmer arises, agricultural report in hand, to remark that it is all a mistake about his being "stolid and stunted, a brother to the ox."

He owns the ox, horse, and it is the fattest and sleekest ox that treads the earth. The ox's value, together with that of the rest of the farmer's stock, figures up to the immense sum of \$6,000,000,000.

The wealth of the American farmer is the wonder of the world. With the magic of a Midas he has turned all the fields to gold. The wealth production on farms in 1905 has reached the highest amount ever attained by the farmer of this or any other country.

The total figures—\$6,415,000,000—are almost beyond comprehension. It may help in realizing the enormity of this amount to know that if the farmer keeps up this rate of production three years more he will have produced an amount of wealth within ten years equal to one-half of the entire national wealth produced in three centuries.

The farmer is king of the land. The cornstalk is a humble scepter, but it yields 2,700,000,000 bushels, and that is more than any other king's scepter, though of gold and jeweled, ever did for him in all the history of the world.

The farmer may have hayseed in his hair, but he has \$605,000,000 worth of hay in the market.

We may laugh at the straw in his mouth, but must bow down in respect before the most valuable wheat crop ever produced in any year in any land.

Thirst For Knowledge

Is Like Gold Thirst

J. M. Green, in Medical Talk.

Is this what our civilization in the end amounts to—the thirst for knowledge (hand in hand with the thirst for wealth) marching on regardless of cost, regardless of justice, compassion and all the nobler parts of human nature? Is this the result of nearly 2000 years of Christianity? Is it this to which to humane societies and bands of mercy, laboriously founded by the true lovers of mankind, are doomed; that the lessons of kindness to all creatures which they implant in the minds of youth, are to be torn up and scattered to the winds by the example of so-called "educators," who inflict the worst cruelties, not only unrebuked but applauded, upon the "dumb creatures" they—the children—have been taught to love?

But he who can without compunction slowly torture an insect to death soon finds he has capacity for expansion in that direction of which he never dreamed. The unhalloved and ungoverned thirst "to see" has not only blackened the world with the deepest infamy of modern times—the cruel vivisection of dumb animals—but has and is today desecrating with its pestilential influence the sacred rights of the hospital poor. So has the trend ever been—the abuse of the human species, excused by various false and unworthy pleas, leading to their torture for mere curiosity's sake, resulting finally in the vivisection of the friendless and helpless human. The trend is natural and inevitable.

This thirst for knowledge, without the guidance of the higher faculties, is like the thirst for gold, proving to us a curse, dwarfing in its frightful results any physical thirst for liquor or drug. For many years our civilization has been relaxing all restraints in this direction. We have set up material "science" as an idol, forgetting that it forms but a part of that broader science which includes the domain of morals, conscience and duty. We, as a nation, have fought for material wealth, material success, material glory, almost exclusively, and as a result are drifting to that ignoble destiny which in the past has always been in store for those nations which have traveled the same road.

Approaching Marriage

Calls Reminiscences

Washington Letter.

These coming nuptials recall those held in the executive mansion during the last half century, and particularly the international marriage of Nellie Grant and Alphonse Sartoris, while General Grant was president. Happily, the circumstances surrounding Nellie Grant's wedding are not applicable to the courtship and the approaching nuptials of Miss Alice Roosevelt. The marriage of Miss Roosevelt to Mr. Longworth is not only heartily sanctioned by her father, but it meets with the cordial approval of the nation. Such was not the case on Nellie Grant's wedding day.

There have been many alterations in the White House since General Grant was president, but the beautiful home life of the Grants is daily recalled by the natural American home atmosphere which President Roosevelt and family create. The home life of General Grant was somewhat similar to that of President Roosevelt. The pride of General Grant's heart was his only daughter, Nellie, and the outside world probably never knew, nor could it realize, how hard it was for him to give her in marriage to the dashing young Englishman, whose subsequent career was attended with so much matrimonial infelicity.

Although there have been only four White House weddings in the last fifty years there is no topic more interesting to the daily visitors to this historic mansion. Tourists, especially women, are delighted when they can hear "Po" Pendle, the venerable usher, who is 82 years old and who has been on duty at the White House for more than forty years, relate the details of Nellie Grant's wedding. They are shown the exact position of the bride party, and most of the women regard it as a special privilege to be permitted to sit on a divan which marks the spot in the east room where Miss Grant stood during the ceremony.

Much interest still is manifested in the marriage of President Cleveland to Miss Frances Folsom. This took place in the blue parlor and was a comparatively private function. Miss Folsom was the daughter of an old friend of President Cleveland and many years younger than he, but the marriage has proved in every respect to be a happy one. The officiating clergyman was Rev. Byron Sunderland, whom President Cleveland had known during his early manhood and at whose church the Cleveland family worshipped while in Washington. Miss Folsom came to Washington, and with her mother took apartments at one of the prominent hotels a day or two prior to the wedding, after which the couple spent their honeymoon at Deer park.

The latest wedding in the White House was that of a niece of Mrs. McKinley, who was a daughter of General Hastings, and who married an officer in the United States army. This ceremony was also performed in the blue room in the presence of immediate relatives of the young people.

An Error Somewhere.

"There seems to be something wrong with this quotation, but I can't just make out what it is."

"What is the quotation?"

"Kind hearts are more than coronets and simple faith than Mormon blood."—Minneapolis Tribune.

A Diplomat.

"Why do you teach your children to recite and sing?"

"Well," answered the practical woman, "there has to be some way of starting people who come to see you and forget when it's time to go home."—Washington Star.

CARDINAL GOTTI ON HIS DEATHBED



Advices from Rome say that Cardinal Gotti is thought to be dying.

Cardinal Gotti is one of the foremost men of the Roman Catholic church. His name was one of those voted on by the college of cardinals when electing a successor to Pope Leo XIII.

Cardinal Gotti is 72 years old. As prefect of the congregation of propaganda, as the organization having charge of the church's foreign missions is called, Cardinal Gotti exercised authority over all the bishops of Asia, Africa, Australia, the British possessions, South America and some sections of North America.

CHURCH, CLUB AND SOCIAL GATHERINGS

The Tuesday club's semi-annual reception to new members will be given tomorrow afternoon at the residence of Mrs. R. H. Lester, on East Railroad avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Clark, of 724 Railroad avenue, have issued invitations for a reception to be given at the Clark home Friday evening, February 2.

Mrs. L. B. Putney has sent out cards for a 1 o'clock luncheon to be served at the Alvarado Saturday, February 3 to be followed later in the afternoon with cards at the handsome Putney home on West Copper avenue.

Several church entertainments have been arranged for the month of February, among them being a "Banquet of States," by the ladies of the Congregational church, arranged for February 20 and an entertainment of the W. C. T. U. by Mrs. L. T. Delaney, the second Saturday in February.

The ladies of the Degree of Honor have arranged for a valentine card party to be given in Odd Fellows' hall, Wednesday evening, February 7, at which time refreshments will also be served. A small admission fee will be charged and the public at large is extended an invitation to be present.

Yesterday evening at their home on Gold avenue, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Neustadt entertained the out of town guests who are here for the Snellenburg-Schuster wedding, which occurred this afternoon, with a sumptuous dinner. Last Saturday afternoon the visitors were given a trolley ride around the city.

Mrs. S. E. Newcomer will receive informally tomorrow afternoon at her home at 205 North Walter street in honor of the friends of Mrs. J. P. Kaster, of Topeka, Kan., who is in the city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Newcomer. Mrs. Kaster is the wife of the chief surgeon of the Santa Fe railway.

Dr. and Mrs. John F. Pearce will receive at their new home on West Railroad avenue Wednesday evening, at 8:30 o'clock. A large number of cards have been issued for the affair, the house will be especially decorated for the occasion and it is expected that the affair will be among the most pleasant of the present season.

Last Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. Max Schuster entertained the out of town guests that were here for the Snellenburg-Schuster nuptials, with an elaborate 6 o'clock dinner. The table was tastefully decorated with snail and carnations, the color scheme being pink. The favors were Indian papooses, and these, with the decorations, made a very odd appearance, which was highly effective. Among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Snellenburg, Miss Horton Snellenburg, Milton, Harry Snellenburg, Mrs. Clara Snellenburg of Philadelphia, Mrs. Josephine Nichols of Dassel, Germany, Mr. and Mrs. Kempenich and Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Schuster of Los Angeles, Cal.

The card party given at the home of Mrs. J. F. Luthy, corner of East Railroad avenue and Arno street Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, full particulars of which were given in the Citizen was one of the most elaborate and successful entertainments of the present social season. Six-handled eucher was the feature of the afternoon and the successful prize winners were Mrs. A. J. Maloy, first prize, a beautiful Bohemian glass dish; Mrs. Frank McKee, consolation prize, a handsome cut glass dish; and Mrs. E. Crawford, the lovely prize, a bouquet of beautiful flowers. Mrs. J. P. Kaster, of Topeka, Kan., and Miss Bosse Baldrige assisted Mrs. Luthy in receiving and entertaining. About eighty-five guests were present, four tables being in use for the card games.

A native woman was seized with an epileptic fit at the corner of Railroad avenue and Fifth street this afternoon and fell to the sidewalk. She was carried by by pedestrians and subsequently recovered sufficiently to continue on home.

Special Sale of Children's Suits and Overcoats

All \$3 and \$3.50 Suits, special.....	\$2.50
All \$4 and \$4.50 two piece Suits, Special.....	\$3.50
All \$5.50, \$6 and \$6.50 three piece Suits, Special.....	\$4.75
All three piece Children's Suits, 2 to 6 years, ranging from \$3.50 to \$6, Special price.....	\$3.00
Boys' Overcoats, all \$4 ones at the Special price of.....	\$2.75
Boys' Overcoats, all \$6 ones at the Special price of.....	\$4.00
Boys' Overcoats, all \$6.50 ones at the Special price of.....	\$4.50
Boys' Overcoats, all \$8 ones at the Special price of.....	\$5.50
Boys' Overcoats, all \$10 ones at the Special price of.....	\$6.00

M. MANDELL

FINE CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS

COMMERCIAL CLUB DIRECTORS TO MEET

There will be a meeting of the board of directors of the Commercial club tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of completing arrangements for the reception of Governor Hagerman on February 15. It is intended to make this reception one of the most brilliant affairs of its kind ever held in Albuquerque, and as the Commercial club has a territorial reputation for "doing things," it is safe to assert that they will succeed in their endeavors in this line. Governor Hagerman state he will be present unless some unforeseen circumstances should arise to prevent him, and also that he will endeavor to have his father and mother, who have also been extended an invitation to the reception, be present.

Mrs. James Grunsfeld and son have gone to El Paso, called there by the serious illness of her father.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR RENT—Furnished front room in a private family. Board if desired. 1102 North Second street.

WANTED—By man and wife, position to cook in small hotel, restaurant or boarding house, in or out of the city. Address James Kelly, 110 East Oak avenue.

Albuquerque Hardware Company
FOURTH ST. AND RAILROAD AVE.

THE UNIVERSAL BREAD MAKER
mixes and kneads bread thoroughly in Three Minutes. The hands do not touch the dough.

Albuquerque Hardware Company
FOURTH ST. AND RAILROAD AVE.

Elks Theatre

Tuesday, January 30

Coming Around Again
Northland Singer

BEN HENDRICKS

Bringing you what you want

GOOD OLD
OLE OLSON

They just won't let him play anything else

TURN OUT Hear Him See Him AND Greet Him

All New Songs this Time
Seats on sale Monday, January 29. Prices, 50c, 75c and \$1.

THE ATTRactions of A GOOD SMOKE.

Are not alone for the smoker, but for those who smell the true tobacco aroma. That's why the man who smokes a poor cigar is a public pest—that's why the man who smokes a White Lily cigar is a public benefactor—he adds to the gaiety of the nation. If he is selfish at the same time he can get a huge amount of self-satisfaction out of a White Lily cigar. Five cents for one; \$2 for a box of 50.



A. J. RICHARDS
113 1/2 WEST RAILROAD AVENUE



THE FIRST LESSON IN BREAD MAKING.
Is the most important of all; that is the selection of proper flour. There is no difficulty about this if Empress flour is chosen. It is so good and makes such sweet, white and nutritious bread as to be unsurpassed by any milled. The best bread makers use it for that very reason.

M. BERGER,
Wholesale Agent,
114 West Copper Ave.

MONOBAT
TRADE MARK

LOW PRICES EASY PAYMENTS
FURNITURE, CROCKERY, STOVES AND RANGES

Borradaile & Co.

Bad Weather
Suggests—HAVE YOU A TELEPHONE IN YOUR HOME? Enables you to order groceries; call the physician; perform social duties, etc. Rates from five cents per day up. Let us tell you about it.

The Colorado Telephone Co.
Room 18 N. T. Armijo Building.

MELINI & EAKIN, Wholesale Liquor and Cigar Dealers
Exclusive Agents for Yellowstone and O. F. C. Whiskies, Moet & Chandon White Seal Champagne, St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian and Jos. Schlitz Milwaukee Bottled Beers, and owners and distributors of the Alvarado Whiskey. Write for our Illustrated Catalogue and Price List. Automatic Telephone, 199. Salesroom, 111 South First Street, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

... JUST IN ...
Whitman's Candies
The finest candy made at any price; absolutely pure; always fresh, healthy and wholesome. Choc o-lates and bon-bons, the purest of the pure.

J. H. O'RIELLY CO., Druggists - Barnett Building

O. W. Strong's Sons
STRONG BLOCK

UNDERTAKERS
Superintendents Fairview and Santa Barbara Cemeteries.

MONUMENTS
201-211 N. Second St., Both Phones.

THE FUEHR UNDERTAKING CO.
307 West Railroad Avenue.
Both Phones. Day or Night

CLARKVILLE PRODUCE CO
HAY, GRAIN AND FEED
Wholesale and Retail
HIDES, FELTS AND WOOL
J. B. MacMANUS, Mgr.
602 South First Street—Both Phones

RANKIN & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, LOANS
Automatic Phone 451.
Room 19, S. T. Armijo Building

SILVER CITY IS WAKING UP

From a Lethargic Sleep, and Bursts Into a State of Feverish Activity.

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT TOWN

Special Correspondence.

Silver City, Jan. 28.—Much has been said and written about the present prosperity of Silver City, but the cause and extent of it has been only vaguely touched upon. Silver City, many years ago, was considered a town of some importance from a mining point of view. Those were the years of the Hearst smelter, and when this smelter closed down, so went the importance of Silver City, and only did the town retain its place on the map beyond the degree of a terminal point of a branch of the Santa Fe through the cattle industry of Grant county, of which it is the county seat and trading center. From the time the Hearst smelter closed down until a year ago, Silver City passed through a period of quietude, with the exception of its annual flood, which has promised complete obliteration several times, and the occasional season fight or shooting scrape which frontierism it has not yet outgrown.

The Awakening.
But a year ago this period of lethargy was broken and now the whole of Grant county, as well as the county seat, has burst into a state of feverish activity and the era promises to be long lived. The primary cause of this change for the better was the taking over of all the Hearst interests in the vicinity of Silver City, including the fragments that remained of the old Hearst smelter, by the Comanche Mining and Smelting company, an Arizona corporation composed of eastern capitalists.

Immediately on taking over the properties, the new company set about to do things. The old smelter was rebuilt with a capacity of 500 tons daily and a new concentrating mill was set up with 400 tons capacity daily. The plans upon which the new company is doing things, are those mapped out by the Hearst people and were about to be put into effect, when the smelter trust cabbaged the old smelter. These plans included all the improvements to the smelter and smelting plants and forty-five miles of narrow gauge railroad extending to some fifteen or twenty mining properties in the mountains surrounding Silver City. Fourteen miles of this road is now completed to the camp of Santa Rita, and the manager for the company says that the rest will be built forthwith, and probably more, too. The company also has under consideration the construction of additional smelting furnaces of 250 tons capacity. The concentration and smelting plants are at present idle owing to the dismantling of the old smelter, which are also to be increased.

Properties Being Worked.
Besides developing and working its own properties and smelting its own ore, the Comanche Mining and Smelting company is engaged in doing a custom business on outside ores at the smelter and buying outright ore and shipping to them. The writer was pointed out ores on the dump that came from mines of Arizona and New Mexico and even Colorado, but more extensively from New Mexico mines. A large amount of copper and lead ore from the Magdalena district filled one bin.

The properties owned and being worked by the Comanche company are the Jelliet low grade mine near Pinos Altos, which is now down 100 feet; the Pacific, Atlantic and Deep Down, each down between 800 and 1,000 feet; the Mina Grande, Mogul and Keft Woman, which are now producing daily a large tonnage of copper-silver-gold ore; the Burro, Obono, Quinqua and Klondike are a quartet of young mines under extensive development that promises well; and Chloride and Chloride Flats, formerly good silver producers, that are not considered by any means exhausted. The offices of the Comanche Mining and Smelting company are: S. S. Curry, of Ironwood, Mich., president and director; Carl Landsee, of Milwaukee, director; T. G. Atkinson, Breen Gay, Wis., director; Chas. K. Longhorne, secretary and general manager; Henry W. Edwards, superintendent; John K. Snyder, cashier. The company pay-roll carries 175 men, which does not include a large number of contractors, doing contract work on the mines and on the road. Four locomotives are owned by the company and it builds its own ore cars. The cars are built entirely of steel, with dump bottoms.

Other Grant County Mines.
The creation of a local market for ore by the rebuilding of the smelter has caused many abandoned mines to reopen, stimulated the development of new ones and given those working at a living profit a new lease of life and increased a general activity all over the district.

The Burro Mountain Copper company, operating at Burro Mountain, Silver City, is working 100 men and producing daily 200 tons of concentrates.

The Ernestine Mining company, operating 90 miles west of Silver City, with a cyanide plant, is producing between \$20,000 and \$40,000 in silver and gold monthly.

The Hermosa company, at Hanover, the Rockefeller mines at Santa Rita, and the Colorado Fuel and Iron company at Pinar, are other active camps working in close proximity to Silver City.

What Town is Doing.
Geo. Bell, proprietor of the Cave saloon, is building a two story brick block, 75 feet deep with 50 foot front, just west of Farnsworth Bros. grocery store, which is to be occupied by a new bank, said to be a branch of the State National bank of Albuquerque. Another new two story brick building is planned just across the street west of the Bell building.

A new hospital capable of taking care of a large number of patients, has been built within the past six months, two miles from Silver City. Gallup coal is sold here at \$5 per ton, the same price it brings in Albuquerque. This is \$2 less than it brought in Silver City a year ago. The reduction was brought about by the reopening of the smelter, which influenced the Santa Fe to reduce the freight 95 cents a ton, and by a coal war which is going on between the three coal dealers in Silver City. The aggressive element in the war, which began in the fall with the cold weather. The manager for this com-

pany, which also has a branch at Deming, explained that in their business, selling beer and ice, they had practically nothing in the winter for their teams to do, so they concluded to sell coal.

This company put the price down and the other dealers of the town had to come to it. Although many people of Silver City burn wood and the demand for coal is not as great as otherwise, it has experienced a scarcity of coal like other places in New Mexico. Domestic coal is worth \$7 per ton in Deming, and hard coal brings \$13.50. Hard coal is worth \$10.50 at Silver City.

Twenty-four Homesteads.
Twenty-four homestead claims and one desert claim were filed on in Grant county during the year 1905, which is not quite half the number taken up in Luna county the same year. I believe, however, that Grant county will show the larger percentage of real home-seekers in the filings made, as a large part of the land taken up in Luna county was filed upon for speculation when it was thought that the Federal sanitarium was going to be located there.

Silver City Wide Open.
Silver City is one of the few towns of the territory in which the Sunday closing law is not observed, and according to one of the county officials, the fault is entirely that of Sheriff Farnsworth, who is charged with not combining with the district attorney in securing evidence upon which the saloonists might be indicted.

Two years ago several Silver City jointists were punished for not obeying this law and Judge Parker is quoted as ordering them to keep close to the law, but since the last election, the saloonists have had little regard for the court's instructions. However, it is believed that the appointment of Herbert J. Hagerman as governor will have a tendency to put the lid on tight, for according to some of the more prominent people of Silver City, the matter will be brought to the governor's view.

NEW LUTHERAN CHURCH WAS DEDICATED SUNDAY

REV. G. WENNING, THE PASTOR, AND REV. L. P. LUDDEN, OFFICIATING CLERGYMEN.

M. L. Albers yesterday turned over to the congregation the keys to the new St. Paul's Lutheran church, which in the morning was dedicated with all due ceremony.

Rev. G. Wenning, the pastor of the church, was assisted in the dedication services by Rev. L. P. Ludden, of Omaha, Neb., the western field secretary of the Lutheran church. They were both impressive and interesting.

The new church is located on South Sixth street, and has just been completed at a cost of \$4,000. It is with out a doubt among the handsomest temples of worship in Albuquerque.

At 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon at a fellowship meeting the greetings of Albuquerque pastors were extended by Rev. Mr. Rollins of the Lead Avenue Methodist church. Rev. Mr. Rollins read the scriptures and an address was made by the Rev. Ludden.

Last evening's services were conducted by the Rev. Ludden. His theme was "Individuality," and a very forcible discourse it was.

Today Rev. Mr. L. P. Ludden and Rev. Mr. Wenning were at Belen where religious services were conducted. This evening Rev. Mr. Ludden will conduct divine worship at the new church here at 8 o'clock.

W. C. T. U. SECURES FIRE DRILL IN SCHOOLS

The most important matter brought up at the meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance union held late Saturday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ira D. Cassidy, was the fact that through the efforts of the union, the board of education had decided to put the children of the public schools through a fire drill.

This is a daily part of the routine in most of the eastern schools, and in case of serious fires has been the means of saving many lives, as by it, pupils are dismissed from the buildings in a quick, orderly and systematic manner. A panic is thus averted, which inevitably results in great loss of life. So adept to pupils get in leaving school buildings during fire drill that in some of the largest eastern high schools it has been ascertained that within five minutes after the alarm is sounded, the buildings are free from human beings.

THE OLD LADY IS BEGGING AT GALLUP

Special to The Evening Citizen.
Gallup, N. M., Jan. 29.—Mrs. King, the old crippled woman, who held forth in the ladies' waiting room at Albuquerque, and touched all who entered who had her hand on the ball in a quick, orderly and systematic manner. A panic is thus averted, which inevitably results in great loss of life. So adept to pupils get in leaving school buildings during fire drill that in some of the largest eastern high schools it has been ascertained that within five minutes after the alarm is sounded, the buildings are free from human beings.

The boys at the depot soon got next, but tender hearts kept dropping in and she worked them to a faint. She claimed that her baggage had not arrived, but when asked by the agent for her check that he might wire for it, she could not produce, and made other excuses.

It seems a shame to say anything against a cripple, but when deformities are exaggerated and used to extort money by working on the sympathies of the passers-by, as she is most certainly doing here, something must be said to protect the easy and unthinking from such professional impostors.

SEVEN YEAR OLD CROSSES CONTINENT

Osborne Rollins From Warren, Pa., to Pasadena Arrived in Albuquerque Safely.

YOUNGSTER'S INTERESTING TALK

There arrived in Albuquerque Saturday evening on No. 1, Osborne Rollins, who hailed from the good old state of Pennsylvania and was bound to Pasadena, Cal.

Osborne Rollins is a boy but 7 years old and without a doubt is the youngest tourist who has travelled over the Santa Fe railroad, for any distance, in a long period.

Osborne lives in Warren, a town of about 19,000 inhabitants just over the New York state line. He has travelled all the way from that far off city alone, a distance of nearly 1,800 miles.

The boy is on his way to Pasadena, to join his father, with whom he will make an extensive visit.

Osborne stepped off the train here and walked to the Alvarado lunch room with as decided a step and calm manner as would a man who has travelled all his life. The incoming conductor kept a watchful eye upon the youngster, however, and kept him under surveillance until relieved by the conductor who took the train over the next division.

Osborne, in telling about his long ride, said: "I got on a big, long street car at Warren and rode on it all the way into New York state. At Jamestown a man named Garfield, who owns the Erie road, met me, gave me a long bunk of paper and put me on the cars. It was a dandy ride over that slick road. The men that came around now and then and punched holes in my paper were always asking me if I was all right. 'Course I was, for hadn't I been to Indiana before that? The paper puncher came around at Chicago and led me into the station, Goe, but that is a big place. Cars coming in and out all the time. A man that looked like a con came in with a red cap on and put me on this car and here I have been ever since."

The boy was so busy talking that he failed to eat his sandwich before the conductor yelled, "Board!" and after he had lifted his charge on the train. He hung onto the sandwich for dear life, however, and was munching away at it when No. 1 pulled out.

By this time Osborne is with his father and probably the happiest kid in the United States.

The trip of the 7-year old boy demonstrates most clearly the safety with which even a child can ride from New York City to San Francisco. To travel on the Erie railroad in its luxurious equipment, trains, is not necessary to even change depots at Chicago. The moving palaces operated by the Santa Fe are waiting for you to step aboard. Then across the continent you are whirled to the sunny clime of New Mexico, Arizona or California.

CLAIMS RELATIONSHIP TO A PHILANTHROPIST

MR. PEABODY WEAVES THIS CLAIM INTO HIS HARD LUCK YARN FOR ALMS.

The authorities have another charitable charge on their hands. His name is Peabody, and according to reports reaching the police department, the fellow uses this cognomen to excellent advantage. In approaching a party for alms, Peabody lays particular emphasis on the fact that he bears relationship to the Philadelphia philanthropist of that name.

Peabody has only one good limb. The other, in slangology, is a "bum" leg, made supposedly of cork. The man is often accompanied on his begging tours by his wife and children. It is reported that he is addicted to the "hop" habit. The authorities are planning to move him and his family on to Gallup. Gallup will probably do likewise. The family have only been here a short time.

MOTUARY.

Florence Anderson.
Mrs. Florence Anderson, who came to this city about one month ago from Chicago, died in this city Saturday, at the age of 32 years. The remains have been shipped to Chicago for burial. She leaves a child three months old.

PRISONERS AT JAIL TO HAVE CHURCH

Prisoners at the Bernalillo county jail will no longer be denied the privilege of listening to preaching of the gospel, as the W. C. T. U. of this city has decided to satisfy all wants in this direction.

Beginning Wednesday gospel services will be conducted in Sheriff Anderson's sanctum under the leadership of Mrs. Davis. Again on Thursday, services will probably be held in order to get things working satisfactorily. After that it is planned to conduct divine services at the jail every Sunday.

WERE WEDDED THIS AFTERNOON

Miss Irma J. Schuster and Abraham Snellenburg United in Marriage.

THE CEREMONY WAS IMPRESSIVE

This afternoon at 5 o'clock the wedding bells rang their sweetest, when Miss Irma J. Schuster, of this city, was joined in holy wedlock to Abraham Snellenburg, of Philadelphia, Pa.

The nuptials were the prettiest celebrated in Albuquerque in many years, the impressive services being solemnized at the Congregation Albert temple, in the presence of thirty-six relatives and close friends of the contracting parties residing in this city.

Just prior to the entrance of the bride party, Miss Ada Campbell sang in splendid voice "Naomi and Ruth." As the bride party entered the temple, Prof. T. L. Krebs filled the auditorium with the strains of Wagner's wedding march from Lohengrin. Little Miss Lillian Kempenich, the flower girl, and a niece of the bride, preceded the bride and groom down the central aisle, strewn a pathway of flowers as she went.

At the altar handsomely and profusely adorned with palms, amylas, white hyacinths and carnations, a fine bower of beauty, Rabbi Kaplan met Cupid's couple and spoke the words that made them man and wife.

The bride was attired in a becoming princess gown of chiffon, trimmed in Duchesse lace. She carried a large bouquet of orchids. She was attended by Miss Hortense Snellenburg, a sister of the groom, and Miss Margaret Schuster, her sister. The bridesmaids wore handsome creations of pink and white and carried pink roses.

Mr. Milton Schuster, a brother of the groom, acted as best man. Both the groom and his best man were attired in the conventional black. The flower girl, little Miss Lillian Kempenich, wore a pink and white gown. To the delightful strains of Mendelssohn's march the bride party and guests left the temple and were driven to the palatial home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Kempenich, a sister of the bride's mother, where at 6 o'clock an elaborate wedding dinner was served.

During this period of conviviality, the guests were regaled with a repertoire of choice selections from an adjoining room.

The guest of honor during the ceremony was Mrs. Josephine Elchholz, of Germany, the mother of Mrs. Max Schuster and Mrs. Kempenich. Among others in attendance were: Mr. and Mrs. R. Snellenburg, parents of the groom; Milton, Harry and Stanley Snellenburg, brothers of the groom; Mrs. Joseph Snellenburg, all of Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Schuster; Los Angeles; A. Staab, Santa Fe.

The ushers were: Harry Snellenburg and Julius Staab.

The bride and groom were the recipients of many useful and beautiful presents. Both were closely guarded where their bridal tour will take them. To the Citizen representative the bride said: "No, we have not yet decided where we will go."

Tint the usual deluge of rice, etc., was not necessarily dispensed with, a close watch will be maintained over Mr. and Mrs. Snellenburg in order to prevent them slipping out of the city.

Following this journey, whosoever it may be, Mr. and Mrs. Snellenburg will make their future home in Philadelphia.

DEPUTY MARSHAL FORNOFF LEAVES FOR GALLUP

GOES TO INVESTIGATE THE CASE OF FRANK BELL, SAID TO HAVE CONFESSED TO KILLING COL. J. FRANCISCO CHAVES.

Deputy United States Marshal Fred Fornoff left Albuquerque Saturday night for Prescott, Ariz., where he goes to look into the case of Frank Bell, said to have confessed to the assassination of Colonel Chaves in November, 1904.

Bell, it is said, gave himself up to the officers at Prescott, saying that he had killed Colonel Chaves, but later advised state that he has since denied this alleged confession, and now says that he can prove that he was elsewhere when the assassination occurred. It is said that his motive in confessing to the crime was to save a friend of his who is in jail at Santa Fe under charge of the murder, although many believe that Bell is lying to gain some cheap notoriety.

As advice concerning the case have been received at yet at the office of United States Marshal Forker in this city, and it is thought that inasmuch as Deputy Fornoff did not arrive in Prescott until Sunday afternoon or night, he has not had time enough in which to investigate the case sufficiently well to make a report to Marshal Forker. Advice from Deputy Fornoff regarding the case are expected to be received by tomorrow.

Bell is not known at Torrance at all, and a message of inquiry sent by The Evening Citizen to Willard, in reference to the identity of Bell, was replied to as follows:

Bell has not been known in this vicinity for over a year back. Try Torrance. (Signed) COL. A. DALIES.

HORSES CAN NOT BE CHECKED HIGH

Women's Christian Temperance Union Will Ask Council to PROHIBIT THE PRACTICE

PROHIBIT THE PRACTICE

The common council of Albuquerque will be asked at its next meeting to do all within its power to stop one of the greatest abuses a horse is subjected to, viz., over-checking.

They will receive a visit from several ladies of the Duke City who are members of the Woman's Christian Temperance union. Their names are Mrs. G. E. Wilson, Mrs. Mary J. Borden, Mrs. Bert Drury, Mrs. Porterfield and Mrs. L. T. Delaney.

These ladies form a committee appointed at a recent meeting of the union when the welfare of the horse was among the principal topics discussed. It was decided that this animal was abused in many ways. The most common and general maltreatment, however, is the cruel manner in which he is checked up.

In the spasm which the bringing up of this subject resulted in it was the opinion of all present that some effective method must be adopted to eliminate this unnecessary cruelty. The decision was finally reached to bring the matter before the common council.

The city dads will be addressed at some length by the committee. They will be urged to pass an ordinance prohibiting the checking of horses. If this can not be the dads will be asked to pass an ordinance prohibiting the checking of a horse unnecessarily high, etc.

As the ladies of Albuquerque usually get what they ask for within the bounds of reason, and they never file but the wisest of requests, there is little doubt but what teamsters and others owning horses will have to use more care in checking their animals after the council meets again.

BUILT IN THE STATES ERECTED IN PORTO RICO

RELATIVE OF ALBUQUERQUE LADY GOES TO INSULAR POSSESSION ON BUSINESS.

Harley L. Ellsworth, of Dunkirk, N. Y., brother of Mrs. Charles H. Eddy, of this city, sailed yesterday from New York City for San Juan, Porto Rico. Mr. Ellsworth's luggage, among other things, consisted of a two-story frame house which he constructed in such a manner that it could be taken to pieces readily and made into a parcel.

This house, modern in every particular, will be erected on a plantation near San Juan, for a fruit company composed of American capitalists. It will be the first structure of its kind ever made in the United States and put up on the insular possession.

JEWISH SITUATION NOW IN RUSSIA

Brussels, Jan. 29.—The General Jewish Congress called by the Zionists organization to consider and discuss the situation of the Jews in Russia, met here today. The attendance is very large and nearly every country in the world is represented by delegates. The brutal outrages against the Jews in Russia have aroused general indignation all over the world and have given a strong impetus to the cause of the Zionists, who aim at the establishment in Palestine of a legally secured home for the Jewish people.

The leaders of the Zionist movement have sent an appeal for financial help to all over the world and have addressed Jews and Gentiles alike, urging them to contribute toward a fund, which would enable the Zionists to help the oppressed Jews in Russia. All Jews sympathize with the Zionist movement, and are urged to purchase a share each of twenty-five cents, which will entitle the owner to vote for a delegate to the Zionist congress. Those Jews who are not Zionists and persons who are not Jews, but sympathize with the oppressed Jews in Russia, are urged to purchase a share, which also costs twenty-five cents a piece, but confer no rights or privileges, but are merely a token of the owner's sympathy with the oppressed or with the work of the Zionists.

LITHOGRAPHERS CONSIDER THE EIGHT HOUR LAW.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Twelve important questions will be considered and decided at the annual convention of the International Lithographers' Protective and Beneficial Association of the United States and Canada, which opened its sessions here today. One of the questions is whether the members of the organization should demand the general introduction of an eight hour day and the other question is, whether it would be advisable to demand the cutting down of the working week to 48 hours a week. It is expected that the pressmen, helpers and plate pressmen will join in the eight hour agitation, and will support such a demand if necessary, by going on an eight hour day. This decision will involve 20,000 workers throughout the United States and Canada. About 200 of these men are employed in New York.

WANT OF GALLANTRY BY A KANSAS CLUB.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 29.—There is considerable indignation among the members of the Woman's Republican Club of Kansas over the action of the Kansas Day Club, a republican organization of men in this city, organized to perpetuate the memory of the day on which Kansas became one of the states of the Union. As usual, the Kansas Day club will celebrate the anniversary of Kansas' admission by a banquet tonight. The Women's Republican Club of Kansas has suggested to the Kansas Day Club, that it would be glad to celebrate the day by joining the latter club at its annual banquet, but the ungrateful officials of the Kansas Day Club informed the ladies that the young men of the republican party of Kansas would not stand for that kind of fusion. The women are highly indignant and it is said that they will arrange some kind of entertainment, from which the men will be excluded.

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Latest Designs Just Received, from
SHOP OF THE CRAFTERS
Ladies' Desks and Chairs, Customers' Plate Racks, Book Racks, Hat Racks, Hall Trees, Library and carlor Stand Tables, Medicine Cabinets and Rockers.

The McBrien Furniture Co.

The Things Necessary
To insure a good drug store, are experience, energy, accuracy, reputation to sustain—and cash. "We've got 'em."
B. H. BRIGGS & COMPANY
PROPS. ALVARADO PHARMACY
First St. and Gold Ave. Both Phones.

We carry a complete stock of motors for alternating and direct currents.
HOUSE WIRING A SPECIALTY.
Electric, Gas & Combination Fixtures
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ANTONIO ARMIJO, Prop.
HOME GROWN PURE CHILE
Special Sales Every Saturday. Auto Phone 601. 121 N. Third Street.

Albuquerque Foundry and Machine Works
R. P. HALL, Proprietor
Iron and Brass Castings; Ore, Coal and Lumber Cars; Shafting, Pulleys, Grade Bars, Rabbit Metal; Columns and Iron Fronts for Buildings.
Repairs on Mining and Mill Machinery a Specialty.
Foundry east side of railroad track. Albuquerque, N. M.

STEAM CARPET CLEANING
THORNTON THE CLEANER
Cleans everything. He is the Furniture Man. Moving, packing and shipping, unpacking and setting up, and is no upstart at the business. There is no other—just Thornton. That's all. Both phones.

JEMEZ HOT SPRINGS STAGE LINE
Carries the United States mail; only line with a change of stock en route; good rigs, horses and drivers; rig leaves Albuquerque every Monday Wednesday and Friday at 5 a. m. For particulars, address W. L. Trimble & Co., agents, Albuquerque, N. M., or J. B. BLOCK, Proprietor, Pecos, N. M.

Crown Studio
OVER POST HARDWARE CO.
215 1/2 West Railroad Ave.
Auto Phone, 320.

THE CELEBRATED O. F. C. WHISKEY
Bottled in Bond.
The Geo. T. Stagg Co.
Distillers, FRANKFORT, KY.
MELINI & EAKIN
Sole Agents, Albuquerque, N. M.
Automatic Phone, 199.
Albuquerque Novelty Works
F. S. HOPPING, Proprietor
321 South Second Street
Just received, large shipment of Cleveland, Rambler, Columbia, and Tribune Bicycles. Repairing of all kinds. Before buying give us a call.

CHICAGO'S MOST GREWSOME RECORD OF CRIME

SECOND CITY OF THE COUNTRY AT THE MERCY OF FIENDS AND DEGENERATES—CHIEF OF POLICE'S ADMISSION THAT WOMEN ARE NOT SAFE OUT AT NIGHT.

LIFE TERM FOR YOUTHS.

That the laws of Illinois are stringent enough, if enforced, is indicated in the cases of Peter Brady, 20; Jos. Hase, 20, and Lawrence Roscoe, 19, who have just been sentenced to prison for life. They were charged with committing eight highway robberies in one night. They were convicted for a robbery that netted them only 15 cents apiece. They blame Dance Halls and Saloons for their downfall.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 29.—This city, used as it is to violence and crime, is aghast at a remarkable epidemic of homicides of the most revolting description. The latest victims were

three women who were murdered by male assailants. The most terrifying murders, robberies and other serious crimes remain unsolved mysteries.

Holdup men lurk in almost every alley; gangs of masher loungers in front of saloons on streets frequented by young women returning from work at dark; young rowdies prowl the streets; gambling flourishes under cover of barrooms and clubs, and burglars enjoy a nightly harvest in flats and stores.

Degenerates of the most abhorrent type infest downtown sidewalks and, despite the vigilance of 50 detectives, detailed for the sole purpose of preventing their practices, these social outcasts subject women and young girls to the insult of sight, sound and touch. They are so numerous they are recognized as a class.

62 Murders in Six Months. On the records of the police depart-



CHIEF OF POLICE COLLINS.

ment are 200 unsolved murder mysteries. Many of them are more gruesome and horrible than the "Murders in Rue Morgue." Since July 26 there have been 62 murders. Twenty-

four of the victims were women who died at the hands of rascals, robbers and moral degenerates.

Sergeant John DeLong, statistician for the police, has a record of 1999 murders since 1872. Of the last 20 murders, 10 escaped.

Fourteen persons accused of as many crimes have been executed within the past five months, only three have been sentenced to be hanged—Johann Hoch, bigamist and the suspected slayer of 20 women; Robt. Newcombe, colored, slayer of Mrs. Florence Poor, Wm. Blue and Police Sergeant John Shine, and John Miller, who slew his wife and their two small children.

Dr. Oliver Hart, a young physician, and pervert, drugged Irene Klokow, an adopted child, and fatally misused her. Hart pleaded guilty. In spite of abundant evidence of his outrages on other little girls, he escaped with a sentence of 45 years in an asylum for the criminal insane. If he recovers his reason, or convinces the authorities he has done so, he will be liberated. Dr. Hart's father, a rich resident of St. Louis, paid many alienists to prove his son's insanity.

Asks More Police. Chief of Police Collins ascribes the prevalence of crime to an inadequate police force, a growing contempt for law, the abuse of the parole system which liberates habitual criminals from the state prisons almost as rapidly as the police send them there, and the effectiveness of lawyers of political influence, who prevent the enforcement of punitive laws. He says:

"Chicago has fewer policemen today than it has had since 1891. We need 1,500 more young men and the displacement of 500 superannuated men now on the force. We need better educational facilities and abolition of the saloons and club rooms which afford rendezvous for young hoodlums. Habitual criminals should not be given pardons and criminals of the upper classes should be punished as well as the moneyless and friendless criminals."

Chief Collins made the remarkable admission that it was dangerous for women to be out at night in Chicago, and advised them to remain indoors.

The Criminal "Pull."

In a remarkable annual report made to Chief Collins, Detective Woodridge, the department's expert, says: "The police are hampered in the performance of their duty. The worst snag is interference. Everybody arrested is somebody's son. Politicians, clergymen, friends, relatives, and fellow criminals go to extreme ends to defeat justice. The first move is an endeavor to induce the policeman to drop the prosecution. Criminals employ lawyers who are obstructively 'technical' if not worse. They procure numerous continuances to tire out witnesses and officers. Annoyances of all kinds are encountered by the witness who prosecutes a criminal. They drop out at various stages of disgust. If the criminal is convicted interference continues. The judge is importuned in 'chambers' to be lenient, or grant a new trial. If the prisoner has the money his attorneys seem to secure new trials and other legal processes without difficulty until his money is gone. If he is finally sentenced and started to the penitentiary he uses more money when it can be procured by misguided friends and relatives to induce the pardon board to liberate him. Every department of the courts is amenable to the influence money can buy. One of the commodities that is a staple, among others of judicial favor is the 'Law's delay.'"

Always increases the Strength.

A reasonable amount of food thoroughly digested and properly assimilated will always increase the strength. If your stomach is a "little off" Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest what you eat and enable the digestive organs to assimilate and transform all food into tissue-building blood. Kodol relieves Sour Stomach, Belching, Heart-Burn and all forms of indigestion. Palatable and strengthening. Sold by all druggists.

Good Reason for Editor's Pride.

When Watson was prosecuting attorney, the first question he put to a man who was going to sit in the jury box was "Do you read the Sharp Shooter?" And if he said "No" then he was well and duly qualified. Rolla (Mo.) Sharp Shooter.

May Live 100 Years.

The chances for living a full century are excellent in the case of Mrs. Jennie Duncan of Haynesville. She is now 70 years old. She writes: "Electric Bitters cured my chronic dyspepsia of 20 years' standing, and made me feel as well and strong as a young girl." "Electric Bitters cure Stomach and Liver Disorders, Blood Disorders, General Debility and bodily weakness. Sold on a guarantee at all druggists. Price only 50c."

Ensnaring Victims

Steps Should Be Taken at Once to Prevent Further Trouble.

Here in Albuquerque, as in other cities and towns, dyspepsia and stomach troubles are ensnaring victims in a most insidious way.

Use Mi-o-na now and soothe the irritated walls of the stomach and strengthen the gastric follicles so that they will pour out their daily supply of digestive materials with regularity. The nthe headaches, sleeplessness, specks before the eyes, poor appetite, tired feelings and nervousness will disappear, and you can eat what you want at any time you like. Just one little tablet out of a 50-cent box before meals, for a few days and you will soon regain perfect health and strength, and have no fear of indigestion or stomach troubles. Ask J. H. O'Reilly & Co. to show you the guarantee under which they sell this remedy.

BEAUTY CULTURE.

MRS. M. HELENA LEONARD, Graduate of Parisian Institute. Late of New York city. The latest scientific appliance and up to date methods for treating the hair, face and scalp. Complexion steaming and bleaching; manicuring and shampooing. Electrolytic automatic water massage. 614 West Gold avenue. Auto phone 279.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION.

MRS. W. H. MILLS. Vocal instruction and voice building a specialty. Studio, 412 South Fifth street. Automatic phone, 741.

D. & R. G. System

...SANTA FE BRANCH...

Effective December 10, 1905

Eastbound.	Westbound.
No. 426.	Stations.
11:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe Ar.	3:30 p.m. Española
12:51 p.m. Embudo	12:26 p.m. Embudo
3:00 p.m. Barranca	11:36 p.m. Barranca
4:02 p.m. Servilleta	10:29 p.m. Servilleta
4:32 p.m. Tres Piedras	10:00 p.m. Tres Piedras
6:45 p.m. Antonito	8:10 p.m. Antonito
8:30 p.m. Alamosa	6:40 a.m. Alamosa
3:00 a.m. Pueblo	11:05 p.m. Pueblo
4:35 a.m. Colo. Springs	9:40 p.m. Colo. Springs
7:30 a.m. Ar. Denver Lv.	7:00 p.m. Ar. Denver Lv.

Trains stop at Embudo for dinner, where good meals are served.

Connections.

At Antonito, for Durango, Silverton and intermediate points.

At Alamosa, for Denver, Pueblo and intermediate points, via either the standard gauge line via La Veta Pass or the narrow gauge line via Salida, making the entire trip in daylight and passing through the FAMOUS ROYAL GORGE. Also for all points on the Creede branch.

S. K. HOOPER, G. P. A., Denver, Colo.

A. S. BARNEY, Traveling Freight and Passenger Agent.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

(In effect November 12, 1905.)

Eastbound.	Westbound.
No. 2, Atlantic Express, arrives 7:55 a. m., departs 8:30 a. m.	No. 4, Chicago Limited, arrives 11:59 p. m., departs 12:09 a. m.
No. 8, Chicago & Kansas City Express, arrives 6:45 p. m., departs 7:45 p. m.	No. 10, Chicago Fast Mail, arrives 6:50 a. m., departs 7:30 a. m.
No. 1, California Express, arrives 7:30 p. m., departs 8:15 p. m.	No. 3, California Limited, arrives 11:10 a. m., departs 11:20 a. m.
No. 7, Mexico & California Express, arrives 10:45 p. m., departs 11:59 p. m.	No. 9, Fast Mail, arrives 11:35 p. m.
No. 6, Mexico Express, departs 12:15 p. m.	

Local freight train, No. 99, southbound, departs at 5 a. m., and carries passengers.

Arrives From South.

No. 10, Mexico Express, arrives 6:50 a. m.
No. 10 makes all local stops east of Albuquerque.
No. 1 runs direct to Los Angeles.
No. 7 runs direct to San Francisco.
No. 3 runs direct to Los Angeles and San Francisco.
All trains daily.
T. E. PURDY, Agent.



Wishes to

help settle your country

Do your friends back East a good turn by sending us a list of their names and addresses. We will send them descriptive land literature about your section of the Southwest. Write today to

Gen. Colonization Agent, A. T. & S. F. Ry., Railway Exchange, Chicago.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR CONSUMPTION, CROUPS, COLDS, WHOOPING COUGH, AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES, OR MONEY BACK.

Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.

Guaranteed to cure all cases of Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Circular sent on request.

Communication Made Easy

El Paso & Southwestern System

Between the Great Southwest and Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, and all points North and East by the

Rock Island System

Shortest, quickest, therefore, the best. The only way with two through trains daily, carrying standard and tourist sleepers, observation dining cars, chair cars and coaches. For any trip, anywhere, any time—TAKE THE SOUTHWESTERN.

For full particulars see any agent, or address

GARNETT KING

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V. R. STILES

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EL PASO, TEXAS.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE SYSTEM

"Scenic Line of the World"

Shortest and quickest line from Santa Fe to Denver, Pueblo and Colorado Springs, and all Colorado points. Connection at Denver and Pueblo with all lines east and west. Time as quick and rates as low as by other lines.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS, TOURIST CARS, CHAIR CARS.

On all through trains. No tiresome delays at any station.

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A. S. BARNEY, T. P. A., Santa Fe, New Mex.

Santa Fe Central Railway System

SUNSHINE ROUTE, via TORRANCE GATEWAY.

Fast passenger and freight service. Steamship tickets to all parts of the World.

Connections at Torrance, N. M., with the El Paso & Southwestern, and Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railways. At Kennedy and Santa Fe, N. M., with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway. At Santa Fe with the Denver & Rio Grande railroad.

Special attention given to handling of passengers and freight. Send your freight via the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway, via Torrance, N. M.

Your business respectfully solicited.

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GENERAL OFFICES.....SANTA FE, N. M.

HERE IT IS--THE OFFICIAL WEDDING GOWN OF MISS ALICE

EXACT PICTURE OF THE WHITE HOUSE BRIDE'S ROBE AND VEIL, DRAWN BY CARL HURLBUT, WITH A DESCRIPTION OF THEM.



Special Correspondence The Citizen: Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—Miss Roosevelt's wedding gown, in fact, the entire trousseau, is of American manufacture. The materials, of heavy pearl white satin and brocade, was designed especially for the White House bride by a firm in Paterson, N. J. This same firm designed and manufactured Mrs. Roosevelt's famous inauguration gown brocade. Mrs. Roosevelt selected her own design. It is a fine cross pattern with a crescent scattered at irregular intervals. This brocade will be used in the full court train of three yards, while the plain satin will make the bodice and panels.

Nearly all of Miss Roosevelt's trousseau is in the hands of a Baltimore modiste firm that has gowned three generations of the Washington and Baltimore smart set.

Miss Roosevelt will become Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, Jr., in a Princess robe, built on severely plain lines. Her robe will be fashioned according to court regulations, for it is to do dual service, first at the wedding and then at the court of King Edward VII. The train will measure three yards and will come from the back widths and swell into billowy folds, with a soft ruffle of chiffon peeping beneath.

Miss Roosevelt, who has gained the reputation of being one of the best gowned women in America, has spent much thought on the details of her bridal robe. The bodice will be embroidered in seed pearls and a wide leaf design of soft silk. Some rare old lace which has adorned the wedding finery of several generations of the Lees, the maternal ancestors of the bride, will be draped on the sleeves and form a bertha effect. A veil of tulle and orange blossoms will complete the toilet and Miss Roosevelt may carry an ivory prayer book, which her mother used when she be-

came the bride of Theodore Roosevelt.

Some of the evening gowns which Miss Roosevelt is having made may give the Londoners and Parisians a new idea of American fabrics and American dressmakers. One gown is made of green tissue built over deep yellow moire with drapery of frosted leaves and exquisitely embroidered bodice. Another evening gown is a fetching combination of fine silk lace, tulle and satin in deep cream with drapery and combinations of the most effective style.

A broadcloth gown of old rose trimmed with sable and Persian embroidery is another of the handsome toilets being prepared by a Washington tailor for the trousseau. In the matter of lingerie, Miss Roosevelt has been equally patriotic. All the dainty embroidery and stitching has been given to a girl's industrial home in Washington.

SMOKE La Cintillo

HAVANA CIGARS

Rich and Fragrant Sold by all Dealers

The St. Elmo

JOSEPH BARNETT, Prop'r.

120 West Railroad Avenue

Finest Whiskies

Wines, Brandies, Etc.

SAMPLE AND CLUB ROOMS

Thos. F. Keleher

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES AND BRUSHES.

Leather, Harness, Saddles, Lap

Robes, Horse Blankets, Etc. Pal

metto Roof Paint; lasts five years and

stops leaks. Cash paid for Hides and

Pelts.

109 WEST RAILROAD AVENUE

Subscribe for The Citizen and get

the news.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big 44 for unnatural

discharges, inflammation,

irritations or obstructions

of the male system. It is a



B. F. COPP, D. D. S.

Room 17, N. T. Armijo Building.

W. L. TRIMBLE & CO.

LIVERY, SALE FEED AND TRANS

FER STABLES

Horses and Mules bought and ex

change.

BEST TURNOUTS IN THE CITY

Second street, between Railroad and

Copper avenues.

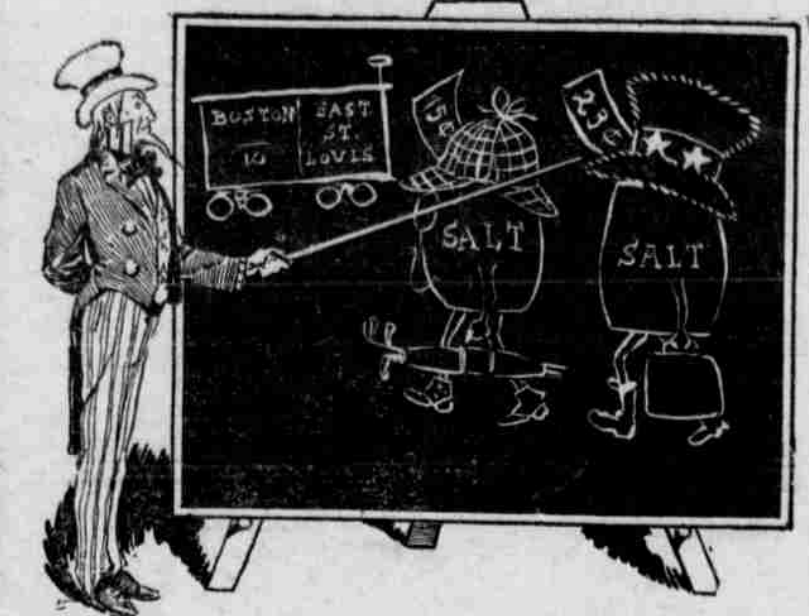
REAL BEAUTY



and unsurpassed quality are the features in our mammoth furniture emporium, which, coupled with a low price, makes a pleasing combination to the eye as well as the pocketbook, and appeals to the artistic and economical alike. See out line of dining room sets, all prices; pictures in new and original designs, with frames finished to match the furniture. Mail orders solicited.

J. D. EMMONS,
COR. COAL AVE. & 2D ST.
474. West and of viaduct.
Colo. phone, 177; Auto phone,

FAVORITISM IN RAILROAD RATES



What is the answer to this picture? Or rather, what is the question to it? The question is this: What is the use of a protective tariff? Imported salt goes from Boston to East St. Louis at 15 cents per 100 pounds. If it is domestic salt, it pays just 23 cents. Could anybody stand pat on this? The difference seems to wipe out the 8 cent per 100 pounds duty on bulk salt. In this case, your long suffering friend, Mr. C. People, pays the freight and the duty, too.

RAILROAD TOPICS

P. Ripley, trainmaster, was in from San Marcial yesterday, returning to that place today.

J. R. Cook, Hugh Gallagher and F. A. Baird, all employees of the Santa Fe, were in the city yesterday from San Marcial, returning today.

J. J. Coleman, of Chicago, assistant general freight agent for the Santa Fe system, has arrived in the city and will remain several days on company business.

Mrs. W. K. Etter, wife of the superintendent of the Rio Grande division of the Santa Fe, arrived in the city yesterday from San Marcial, and spent the day with her husband, W. K. Etter.

A shipment of laborers by the Lantry-Sharp Construction company, was made from this city Saturday night to Needles, Cal., about twenty-five teamsters and laborers being in the party.

Arthur Lovell, superintendent of motive power for the Santa Fe, arrived in Albuquerque last night and will continue on his way to his headquarters at Topeka, Kan., today. Mr. Lovell has been making a tour of the coast lines.

H. S. Young, of Brookfield, Mo., accompanied by his wife, arrived in the city and in all probability will make Albuquerque their home in the future. Mr. Young is a car constructor and will likely go to work for the Santa Fe in this city.

E. J. Gibson, division superintendent of the Winslow division of the Santa Fe, left in his private car, No. 411, this morning, a special engine pulling the car, for Winslow, after spending Sunday in this city on an inspection trip.

Mrs. M. A. Helm, the wife of a Santa Fe trainman at Winslow, who has been visiting in Albuquerque, has gone to Pueblo, Colo., where she will visit with friends, prior to her return home to Winslow the first week in February.

Frank R. Armstrong has tendered his resignation as chief clerk, to E. G. Humphrey, division freight and passenger agent of the Southern Pacific at Tucson. Mr. Armstrong has accepted a position as freight agent of the Pacific Electric Railway company, with headquarters at Los Angeles.

Al Moore, of Newton, has landed another big contract from the Santa Fe. He will build a fifty-five mile branch on the Pecos Valley line from Canon City, thirty miles south of Amarillo, to Plainview. Mr. Moore expects to commence the work in a week or ten days. He will use the men and equipment that are just now finishing the work on the Eldorado branch south of Florence, Kansas.

The Newton Republican says: Operating officials of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe have decided to transfer the headquarters of the superintendent of the eastern Kansas division of the system from Topeka to Emporia. C. T. McLellan is the superintendent of this division and will be sent to Emporia an office force of eight or nine persons. It is expected that the change will take place within the next sixty days.

R. B. Burns, chief engineer for the coast lines of the Santa Fe, with headquarters in Los Angeles, accompanied by Mrs. Burns and Mrs. J. T. Barclough, of Oakland, Cal., arrived in the city Saturday night on board of Division Superintendent E. J. Gibson's private car, No. 411, leaving last night for Santa Rosalia, Mexico, where he goes in the hope that the waters of the hot springs there will relieve him

strange to some of the Banner's readers that, although the sunflower is the state flower, persons will chew the seed. But the seed, the hulls of which are so annoying to Mr. Kuglar, are not from our beloved state flower. If they were, Kuglar wouldn't care how many hulls were spit on the floor—but the seeds are from a sunflower which is a native of Russia and are brought to this country by the Russians, who love to chew the seed. This variety of sunflower will not grow in Kansas on account of hot winds. The Russians who live in Marion county have them shipped from North Dakota, and at Lehigh, a small town in that county, over 200,000 pounds were sold last year. When the Russians go for a little trip they will fill their pockets with sunflower seed and are as happy with a mouthful of these seeds as some with a wad of tobacco, but it irritates the genial conductor of the M. & M. branch to state through the coaches on a coating of freshly spit hulls.—Holyrood, Kansas, Banner.

TARIFF OF SECOND CLASS COLONIST RATES

The passenger department of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway company has issued a tariff of second class colonist rates to take effect February 15, and to be in effect until April 7. Some rather startling differences in rates from Chicago to points in California, and from Chicago to Albuquerque are brought out. For instance, the rate from Chicago to Los Angeles, a distance of 2264.9 miles, is \$33, while the rate from Chicago to Albuquerque, a distance of only 1276.8, or 883 miles less, is \$32, the extra 883 miles from here to Los Angeles only costing \$1 more. The rate from Kansas City to Los Angeles, a distance of 1,806.5 miles, is \$25, while the rate from Kansas City to Silver City, N. M., a distance of 1,196.6, or 610 miles less, is \$25.90. It costs but 25 cents more to go from Kansas City to Los Angeles than it does to go from Kansas City to Santa Fe.

Albuquerque is gaining a world-wide reputation as a health resort and there is no doubt but what if the Santa Fe railroad would make a rate from their eastern points to this city that would be any ways near proportionate to the rate they make to their favorite city, Los Angeles, this city would get many of those who continue on to Los Angeles, simply because it costs them nothing more, and sometimes not as much, than it does to come to Albuquerque.

A Modern Miracle.
"Truly miraculous seemed the recovery of Mrs. Mollie Holt of this place," writes J. O. R. Hooper, Woodford, Tenn., "she was so wasted by coughing up pus from her lungs. Doctors declared her end so near that the family had watched by her bedside forty-eight hours; when, at my urgent request Dr. King's New Discovery was given her, with the astonishing result that improvement began, and continued until she finally came completely recovered, and is a healthy woman today." Guaranteed cure for coughs and colds. 50c and \$1.00 at all druggists. Trial bottle free.

CAUGHT IN A WRECK AND STOPPED OVER HERE.
F. G. Caldwell of Pittsburg, Pa., is here renewing old acquaintances. Mr. Caldwell was here twenty-two years ago and had charge of the famous Solitaire mine near Kingston. When on his way here Mr. Caldwell got caught in a railroad wreck and was so badly injured that he was compelled to remain in Albuquerque two weeks or more and he now gets about with the aid of a cane. Mr. Caldwell is here on mining business.—Hillsboro Advocate.

Indigestion Overcome.
Indigestion is easily overcome by the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, because this remedy digests what you eat and gives the stomach a rest—allows it to recuperate and grow strong again. Kodol relieves indigestion, belching or Gas, Sour Stomach, Heart-Burn, etc., and enables the digestive organs to transform all foods into the kind of rich red blood that makes health and strength. Sold by all druggists.

SPECIAL RATES TO COLORADO.
Western live stock show and joint convention of the American Stock Growers' association, National Live Stock association and National Wool Growers' association, Denver, Colo., January 29 and February 3, 1906. For the above occasion the Santa Fe will sell excursion tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo and return at the rate of one fare plus \$2 for the round trip.

RUSSIANS CHEW SUNFLOWER SEEDS SAME AS TOBACCO.
Conductor Harry Kuglar, of the M. & M. branch of the Santa Fe, can stand lots of "grief" in his railroad work, but it makes him lose his gentle disposition to have passengers spit the hulls of sunflower seeds on the coach floors. It may seem

A FAIR CHANCE

is all we ask in order to demonstrate the wonderful merit of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in cases of Stomach, Liver or Bowel disorders. You'll be agreeably surprised and wonder why you suffered so long when the medicine to cure you was within your reach.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

is the only medicine you need to cure Poor Appetite, Flatulency, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Chills, Colic, Grippe, Costiveness or Biliousness.

MINERAL PRODUCTION OF PINOS ALTOS AND CENTRAL DISTRICTS.

The following tables show the production of two of the principal mining districts of Grant county, for the years 1903 and 1904, as compiled from statistics gathered by Prof. F. A. Jones:

Central District—1903.
Gold—Fine ounces, 2,036.30; value, \$54,497.
Silver—Fine ounces, 5,321; value, \$2,851.
Copper—Pounds, 5,958,958; value, \$788,688.
Lead—Pounds, 4,012; value, \$170.
Total value, \$846,186.

Central District—1904.
Gold—Fine ounces, 260.02; value, \$5,375.
Silver—Fine ounces, 282; value, \$163.
Copper—Pounds, 3,264,208; value, \$424,247.
Lead—Pounds, 11,977; value, \$515.
Total value, \$430,390.

Pinos Altos District—1903.
Gold—Fine ounces, 1,379; value, \$28,506.
Silver—Fine ounces, 21,039; value, \$11,265.
Copper—Pounds, 11,209; value, \$1,483.
Lead—Pounds, 25,005; value, \$1,062.
Total value, \$42,316.

Pinos Altos District—1904.
Gold—Fine ounces, 2,777.21; value, \$57,410.
Silver—Fine ounces, 37,229; value, \$21,534.
Copper—Pounds, 104,069; value, \$13,529.
Lead—Pounds, 2,633; value, \$114.
Total value, \$92,587.

Perfection Attained.
Perfection can only be attained in the physical by allowing Nature to appropriate and not dissipate her own resources. While DeWitt's Little Early Riser simply expel all putrid matter and bile, thus allowing the liver to assume normal activity. Good for the complexion. W. H. How, Houston Tex., says: "For years I have used Little Early Riser Pills in my family. No better pill can be used for constipation." Sold by all druggists.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash, on the 9th day of February, 1906, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the postoffice in the City of Albuquerque, New Mexico, the following described property, to-wit: Fifty thousand shares of stock of the Ojo de Espritu Santo company, the par value of which is one dollar per share. Said stock to be sold for the purpose of satisfying judgment recovered by Gustav Becker against the American Valley company and T. B. Catron in case numbered 6611, Bernalillo county, on the 21st day of October, 1904, for the sum of \$8509.32, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum and costs of suit.

McMILLEN & RAYNOLDS,
Attorneys for Gustav Becker.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Francisco Armijo y Otero, has been duly appointed by the probate court of Bernalillo county, New Mexico, as administrator of the estate of his deceased wife, Margarita Montoya de Armijo. All persons who are indebted to her said estate are hereby notified to call upon the undersigned and pay the same, and all claims against said estate must be presented to the undersigned within the time required by law.

FRANCISCO ARMIJO Y OTERO,
Administrator of the estate of Margarita Montoya de Armijo, deceased.
Old Albuquerque, New Mexico, January 6, 1906.

THIRD STREET Meat Market

All Kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats. Steam Sausage Factory. EMIS KLEINWORT, Masonic Building, North Third Street.

LONDON CLUB LIVERY AND FEED STABLES

Corner Second and Marquette.
C. GRANNIS, Prop.
Auto Phone, 311, Colo., 300 Red.
Day and Night Hack.
Albuquerque, New Mexico.

PIONEER BAKERY

SIMON BALLING, Proprietor.
(Successor to Balling Bros.)
WEDDING CAKES A SPECIALTY.
We desire patronage and we guarantee first class baking.
207 S. First Street. Albuquerque.

F. G. PRATT & CO.

Sole agents for Casino Canned Goods. Jas. Heekin & Co.'s Coffee, Imboden's Granite Flour.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

Hillsboro Creamery Butter—Best on Earth.
Orders Solicited. Free Delivery.
214 South Second Street.

A. E. WALKER, FIRE INSURANCE.

Secretary Mutual Building Association. Office at J. C. Baldrige's Lumber yard.

TOTI & GRAD!

Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Hay, Grain and Fuel.
Fine line of Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Place your orders for this line with us.
213-215-217 NORTH THIRD STREET.

M. DRAGOIE

—Dealers in—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Groceries, Cigars and Tobacco, and all kinds of Fresh Meat.
300 North Broadway, Corner of Washington Avenue. ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

A. D. JOHNSON

Sampson wind mills, ranch pumps and supplies and horse-power pumping outfits.
Automatic 'Phone, 308. Colorado Red 131.

N. PEACH & CO.

REAL ESTATE DEALERS
Automatic 'phone, 535. Office, 208 1/2 West Gold Avenue.

B. A. SLESTER

—INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE—
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Room 5, Cromwell Block, Albuquerque.
Automatic Telephone, 174.

WE GIVE

You best satisfaction in mill work.
ALBUQUERQUE PLANING MILL.

CORRILLOS.....American Block

COAL

\$6.00 Per Ton
COKE - MILL WOOD
KINDLING

W. H. Hahn & Co

BOTH 'PHONES

GROSS, KELLY & CO., INC.

Wholesale Grocers

Wool, Hide and Pelt Dealers

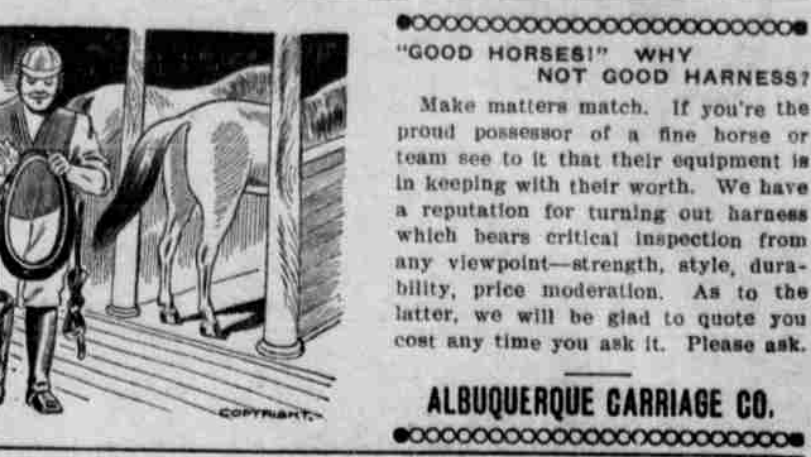
ALBUQUERQUE AND LAS VEGAS

GROSS, KELLY & CO., INC.

FOUND AT LAST

Woolens laundered without shrinking. We have added to our already well equipped laundry a machine with which we can handle woolens without shrinking. When we are through with them they are just like new. If other laundries shrink them, bring them to us and we will straighten them out for you.

IMPERIAL LAUNDRY CO "Red Wagons" BACK OF P. O.



RIO GRANDE LUMBER CO.

General Building Supplies
SCREEN DOORS
Both Phones Third and Marquette

BAIN

—and—
OLD HICKORY
WAGONS

J. Kurber & Co.
WHOLESALE and RETAIL
Albuquerque, N. M.



WE EXPECT

to be called upon to doctor burst water pipes this coming cold spell, and we have made provision for emergencies. Among them let's name the telephone and night calls. We like to sleep as well as the next fellow, but if you're in plumbing trouble don't hesitate to let us know promptly. Our excellent work and moderate charges will keep us busy.

The Standard Heating & Plumbing Company

Colorado phone 284. Auto phone, 671.

...OUR...

Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry

is not as good as a prescription from your doctor, but it is prepared with as much care and is the best all 'round 'hit or miss' Cough Syrup we know of.

The Williams Drug Co.

117 WEST RAILROAD AVENUE. Both 'Phones.

Subscribe for the Citizen and Get the News

COME TO BELEN, N. M.

The Future Railroad Metropolis of New Mexico

Located on the Belen Cut-off of The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway

Belen is 31 miles south of Albuquerque, N. M., at the junction of the Main Line of the Santa Fe system—leading east and west from Chicago, Kansas City, Galveston and points east to San Francisco, Los Angeles, El Paso and Old Mexico

The Belen Town and Improvement Company Own the Belen Townsite

Of 1,000 business and residence lots, size 25x142 feet, laid out with broad 80 and 70-foot streets, with alleys 20 feet wide, with beautiful lake and public park and grand old shade trees; public school house, costing \$16,000; churches, Commercial club; a population of 1,500 inhabitants; largest mercantile establishments in New Mexico; the Belen Patent Roller mill, capacity, 150 barrels daily; large winery; three hotels, restaurants, etc. Belen is the largest shipping point for wool, flour, wheat, wine, beans and hay in Central New Mexico. Its importance as a great commercial railroad city in the near future cannot be estimated.

ALL FAST LIMITED EXPRESS, MAIL AND FREIGHT TRAINS OF THE SANTA FE ROUTE WILL GO OVER THE MAIN LINE THROUGH TO BELEN, EAST AND WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

The lots offered are in the center of the city, well graded, (many of them improved by cultivation); no sand or gravel. We need a first-class bakery, tailor shop, shoe house, jeweler, plumbing shop, planing mill, coal and wood yard, drug store, harness shop, etc., etc. Also a first-class modern hotel.

OUR PRICES OF LOTS ARE LOW AND TERMS ON EASY PAYMENTS; TITLE PERFECT; WARRANTY DEEDS.
APPLY AT ONCE FOR MAP AND PRICES, IF YOU WISH TO SECURE THE CHOICEST LOTS TO

The Belen Town and Improvement Company

JOHN BECKER, President

WM. M. BERGER, Secretary



Men's \$3.50 Shoes

Patent Colt, Box Calf, Vici Kid, Kangaroo, style, strength, service, taste in every pair. The best fitting because they are carefully made over correct lasts. The best service because the exact Goodyear welt stitching will not allow other than the best quality of leather. An insole free from wax, tacks and threads.

TEN STYLES TO CHOOSE FROM



New Goods

are being constantly received, which insures our customers receiving perfectly fresh articles. We handle only the best and most reliable brands of every kind of food products, and sell them at bed-rock prices.

F. F. TROTTER

Nos. 118 and 120 South Second St.

GEO. W. HICKOX & CO.

NEW MEXICO'S LEADING JEWELERS

Successors to Mr. H. E. Fox.

Having purchased the stock and good will of Mr. H. E. Fox in the above business, we respectfully solicit your patronage. We shall offer for sale for delivery February 1, two black walnut wall cases and some up to date show cases, to make room for our new furnishings. Call at the store and inspect them.

The Arch Front

South Second Street

Money to Loan

DIAMONDS

All sizes and values; watches, rings and general jewelry stock, at bargain rates. UNREDEEMED PLEDGES AT LOW PRICES.

HENRY YANOW, the Pawn Broker

114 WEST RAILROAD AVENUE.

Private entrance on side street.

Lumber, Sash, Doors, Glass, Cement and Rex Flintkote Roofing. Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER CO.

First and Marquette, - Albuquerque, N. M.

EVERETT

THE Diamond Palace RAILROAD AVE.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Cut Glass, Clocks, Silverware. We invite your trade and guarantee A SQUARE DEAL.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

DAY AND WEATHER.

Fair tonight and Tuesday. Yesterday was the fourth Sunday after Epiphany. Mostly, the day was clear, but cloudy toward evening. The sun rose at 7:05 and set at 5:22, making the day 10 hours and 17 minutes long. Warm and without much wind. It was the 1082 anniversary of the death of Charlemagne.

The sun rose this morning at 7:04 and will set this evening at 5:23, and the sunlight will last for 10 hours and 19 minutes. The moon will set at 9:31 tonight. The day has been generally cloudy, but pleasant. William Windom, secretary of the treasury, died at a banquet on this day, 1891.

Mrs. Estelle Greenwald, of Socorro, is here on a visit to her friend, Mrs. Mary Reed.

United States Marshal C. M. Foraker has returned from a visit to his cattle ranch at Engle, N. M.

Major John Epsley and wife, of St. Paul, Minn., have arrived in the city and will remain several days the guests of friends.

Senator Philip Keck has arrived in Albuquerque from Golden and will remain several days transacting business connected with his mining interests.

Colonel J. A. Wood, manager and president of the Gold Bullion Mining company at Golden, is in the city, and will remain several days transacting business.

Regular meeting of Mineral Lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, tonight, in the Elks' lodge room. Important business. All members are requested to attend.

John O'Connor and wife of Bland, spent Saturday in this city, leaving for their old home in Melrose, Iowa, Saturday night, where they will remain for several months.

Mrs. Frank Abeyta, who has been visiting with her daughter, Mrs. M. C. Armijo and family for the past few days, has returned to her home in Socorro.

O. L. Flisk, an attorney of Buffalo, N. Y., is in the city for a few days, visiting with his old friend, Attorney Herbert F. Reynolds. Mr. Flisk is en route to El Paso on a legal business trip.

The Hillsboro Advocate says: S. O. Andros, of Albuquerque, arrived here this week. We understand his mission here is to examine some mines at the placers owned by the Mesa del Oro company.

H. C. Paulsen, who has disposed of his ticket brokerage business in this city, will leave some time this week for El Paso, together with his family, where he will engage in the ticket brokerage business.

C. N. Gossett, accompanied by his daughter and mother, is in the city and will spend a few days looking after matters for clients in Kansas City, where Mr. Gossett is a member of the law firm of Cork and Gossett.

The Optic says: Joseph C. Sharp, reporter for the Optic, will leave on No. 7 this evening to spend Sunday at Albuquerque with an old schoolmate, Anell T. Brown, who recently accepted a position in the railroad offices in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bedweg of Quincy, Ill., who have been in Albuquerque a few days, the guests of John and Thomas Binkert and families, left last night for their home in Quincy. They have been touring California the past three months.

Owing to the fact that Eugene Taomas, the vaudeville performer, for whom a benefit performance was to have been given by the Eagles' lodge, secured a place with the Franklin-Houston company here last Saturday, the performance will not be given.

The Socorro Chieftain says: Josephine, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Smith, has been quite sick this week. It was feared that the sickness was from a dangerous contagious disease, but it is now doubtful whether the fear was well founded.

J. C. Jamieson and wife have gone to Bay City, Mich., where they intend to reside in the future. Mr. Jamieson, who was employed on the Zuni Mountain railroad, was married here Friday evening to Miss Mae Muggley, a well known young lady of this city.

Work on the new Christian church being erected on the east side of Broadway, between Silver and Railroad avenues, is progressing rapidly, and when completed will be one of the prettiest little churches in the city. It is being constructed of brick.

Mrs. V. P. Edie, wife of one of the owners of the wool scouring mills in this city, accompanied by her children, left last night for Los Angeles, where she will join her husband, after which they will proceed to the Edie ranch near Imperial, Cal., for a three months' visit.

R. H. Greenleaf, familiarly known to his large number of acquaintances and friends, as "Dad," has received

news of the death of his son, J. A. Greenleaf, which occurred at Portland, Ore., where the young man, who was 35 years of age, had been working. The message did not give any particulars, further than saying that he had been accidentally killed. The remains will be embalmed and shipped to this city for interment. The deceased formerly resided in this city.

About 6 o'clock Saturday evening Charles White, an employee at the Bank of Commerce, and J. Porter Jones, effected the capture of one Juan Lopez, alias Juan Martinez, following a hot chase, during which White discharged a revolver two or three times with a view of making the alleged thief halt. Lopez was turned over to the police. It is claimed by White that the prisoner stole a pair of trousers from him while at his home a few days ago. This morning Lopez accompanied Mr. White to a pawn shop where he had "hooked" the trousers. He will not be prosecuted.

Colonel William McIntosh, the Chilili sheep raiser, has requested the Citizen to deny the published report that he has purchased, or even contemplates purchasing, an automobile. He likes fun, but seriously objects to being made the butt of ridicule. Mr. McIntosh has some bronchos on his ranch that can carry him as fast as he desires to travel, and if they cannot and he wants to go a little faster, he will not squander his money for an automobile. He will take a ride on the Albuquerque Eastern, or for that matter on the Santa Fe Central.

The Mesa Agricultural Park association at a meeting held the other day, adopted articles of incorporation and selected a set of by-laws. The company will incorporate with a capital stock of \$200,000, and these named to be stockholders are C. E. Newcomer, W. L. Trimbles, C. M. Foraker, Jacob Levi and Simon Schless. Another meeting will be held Friday night, at which time an election of officers and board of directors will take place, provided the incorporation papers have been returned by that time.

D. J. Leahy, of Las Vegas, assistant United States district attorney, while in the city last evening, en route to Durango to prosecute a number of Chinese cases, remarked that the towns of Las Vegas and Raton, and all northern New Mexico for that matter, were booming as never before. Much building is in progress, he stated, people are flocking in in large numbers and an era of prosperity is on.

As a token of esteem Governor Hagerman has presented every member of the executive committee of the inaugural ceremonies at Santa Fe with a scarf pin, which was highly appreciated by the members of the committee, which was composed of Messrs. Arthur Seligman, Amado Chavez, Levi Hughes, A. B. Renahan, J. D. Sena, Paul A. F. Walters and J. W. Reynolds, the chairman of the committee.

Captain W. E. Dame, clerk of the Second judicial district court, has gone to Washington, D. C., and New York, for a brief business trip. The captain refused to state his errand, further than to say that it was a personal business, but there is a rumor that he is there for a temporary appointment that will be well looking after. He expects to be absent from Albuquerque about ten days.

Colonel D. K. B. Sellers, of the Surety Investment company, states that the opening of the Grant tract will mean the continuation of Sixth street through to Mountain road, which will be greatly appreciated by those living in that neighborhood. Fifth street will also be opened through to Marble and both streets graded as soon as the ground thaws sufficiently to allow of this.

The band concert at Traction Park yesterday afternoon was well attended and the program as rendered by the Second Regiment band, under the leadership of James Devine, was excellent and thoroughly enjoyed by those who heard it. These concerts are free, and will be given each Sunday at the Casino building throughout the season.

The old crippled woman giving her name as Mrs. King, who held the fort at the local Santa Fe depot as long as she could work anybody for the price of a meal, was finally prevailed upon to leave town by Ticket Agent Potts. When purchasing her ticket to Gallup she displayed a roll of bills that almost took away the breath of the ticket agent.

The Catholic ladies of the church of Immaculate Conception have tendered a \$50 check to Sister Alexandria, the good woman in charge of St. Joseph's hospital, to be expended for the poor. The Citizen has been requested to extend thanks to the Catholic ladies for such a worthy contribution to an equally worthy cause.

Colonel W. S. Hopewell, who was delegated by the Commercial club to deliver the invitation requesting the presence of Herbert J. Hagerman to attend a reception here in his honor, to the governor, has returned from Santa Fe and announces that the governor has accepted the invitation as stated in these columns last week.

Charles T. Connell, Chinese inspector of the department of immigration for the United States, arrived in Albuquerque yesterday from his post at Douglas, Ariz., and left last night for El Paso. Mr. Connell has been in this part of the government service for many years and is considered one of the most efficient officers.

Willie Arnett, whose parents reside in this city, occasioned them some alarm yesterday by running away from the St. Michael's school at Santa Fe, where he has been for some time. He was found last night at Lamy and returned to the school.

Walter C. Strickland, representing the Houson Paper company, of St. Louis, Mo., is in the city with his samples and is calling on the printing offices.

Herndon Lehr, nephew of J. B. Herndon, cashier of the State National bank in this city, left Saturday night for Nashville, Tenn., where he

goes to take a course in mechanical engineering at the Vanderbilt university. Mr. Lehr has not been keeping books at the bank for some time past.

Mrs. Daniel Barto, of Oyster Bay, N. Y., and her cousin, Miss Peterson, of Columbus, Ohio, sojourned a few days in the city, and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Shinick. The ladies were delighted with their visit here. They left last night for the Grand Canyon of Arizona, and after seeing the sights of this wonderful freak of nature, they will continue on to southern California.

Attorney E. V. Chaves and A. B. McMullen, with Harry P. Owen to take down the testimony, left last night for San Marcial on some important legal matters. It is understood they will be absent from the city for about a week.

Mrs. R. S. Goodrich, who was here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. McDonald, has returned to her home in Los Angeles. Mrs. Goodrich, nee Miss McDonald, has many friends here, and her trips are always pleasant and much enjoyed.

The Surety Investment company has purchased the red automobile from M. W. Flournoy, and yesterday morning Colonel D. K. B. Sellers, the agent of the company, took a party of friends for a spin around the city.

Eight sheep herders left this city last night for the salt lakes of Socorro county, where they go to look after the sheep of J. H. Nations, who recently purchased the herds of Hild Bros. of this city.

There will be a butterfly tea in the church parlors of the Lead Avenue M. E. church tomorrow afternoon, from 2:30 to 5 o'clock. All are invited. A souvenir given to each lady.

C. J. Sharp, of the Las Vegas Optic, spent Sunday in the metropolis, returning to Las Vegas last night.

Comfort and durability in shoes are first consideration with people careful about their health and they are our first thought in designing our shoes, no matter how low the price or how dainty the design. And the make of shoes that we have here at the present time prove that these qualities need not be costly; nor need they be absent from the smartest and most stylish shoes that are made. C. May's Shoe Store, 314 West Railroad avenue.

CORN CHOP, COARSE \$1.15
CORN CHOP, FINE 1.25
THE BEST HAY AND FEED.
CLARKVILLE PRODUCE CO.,
602 SOUTH FIRST ST.

There will be an oyster supper, given by the ladies of the A. M. E. church Tuesday evening, January 30, on Second street at No. 206. Supper will begin at 6 o'clock p. m. Everybody invited.

BURGLARY.
Protect yourself against Burglars by taking out a policy. Sure protection.
F. H. KENT,
112 South Third street.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS
For Wood of all kinds. Phone your orders or call at 502 South First street.
JOHN S. BRAVEN.

THE Green Tag Sale Ends

Wednesday Night, Jan. 31

HAVE YOU BEEN IN?

Every day of this sale has been a "howling success." Crowds came, they saw, they were pleased, they purchased, and sounded our praises to their friends. We now start on the last three days. If you miss this last rare opportunity for bargains you will be sure to regret it.

Men's Good Clothes Cheap

All Suits which sold up to \$20.00, now	\$14.90
All Suits which sold up to \$16.00, now	11.90
All Suits which sold up to \$12.50, now	8.90
All Overcoats which sold up to \$22.00, now	16.75
All Overcoats which sold up to \$16.50, now	12.75
All Pants which sold up to \$5.00, now	3.90
All Pants which sold up to \$4.00, now	2.90
All Pants which sold up to \$3.00, now	1.90

SIMON STERN THE RAILROAD AVENUE CLOTHIER.

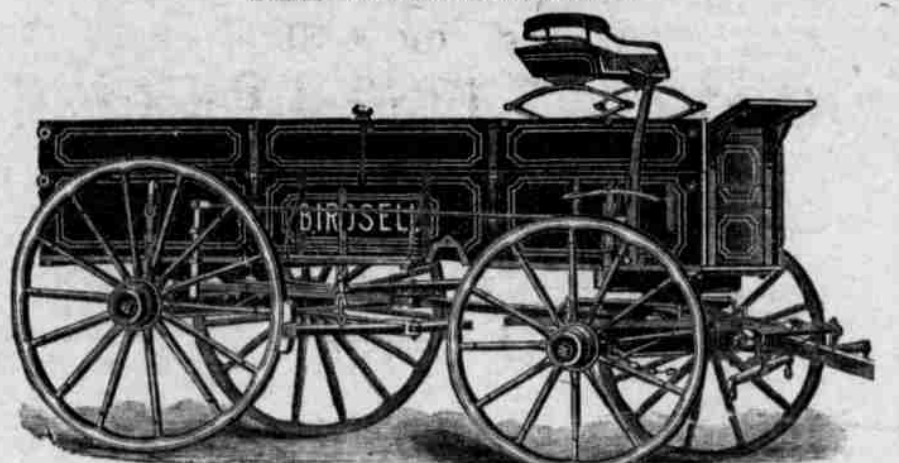
Liquid Measure

4 gills	equal 1 pint
2 pints, 1 of oysters, 1 of water,	equal 1 quart of tub oysters
2 pints, solid meats, NO water,	equal 1 quart of Sealshipt Oysters

Sealshipt Standard *San Jose Mt* Sealshipt Selects
Sealshipt Blue Points

THE BIRDSSELL WAGON

"THE WORLD'S BEST."



THE CUSHIONED DOUBLETREE SAVES THE HORSE'S SHOULDER.

WHITNEY COMPANY

113-115-117 South First Street

401-403 North First Street

Wholesale Distributors for New Mexico and Arizona.

Write for Wholesale Prices on Plows and Other Farm Implements.

The largest stock west of Kansas City.

RANCH EGGS

FROM RIO GRANDE VALLEY RAISERS, 40 CENTS A DOZEN. SEE J. F. PALMER, 501 NORTH FIRST STREET.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD CLOTHING.

M. Langer,
303 SOUTH FIRST STREET,
Corner of Silver Avenue.

WHERE TO DINE WELL

Santa Fe Restaurant

REGULAR MEALS, 25 CENTS.

Service a la carte, Day and Night. Private dining rooms. OYSTERS RECEIVED DAILY. FISH, LOBSTERS AND GAME IN SEASON.

Under Savoy Hotel, opposite Passenger Hotel.
C. E. SUNTAGG, Proprietor.

E. J. POST & CO.

WHOLESALE

HARDWARE

RETAIL

C. F. MYERS | Proprietors | WM. McINTOSH

Auto. Phone 185

Colo. Phone 197

NOW IS THE TIME to buy your Heating Stoves. We are selling them out at **actual cost.**

CALL AND INSPECT the largest stock of Stoves and Ranges in the Southwest.

215 West Railroad Ave.
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

Great Clearance Sale

The sale goes steadily on. We are clearing our shelves of all Winter Goods. Ask to see our Suits at \$10.50, \$13.50 and \$14.75

SPECIAL ON MEN'S SHOES

All Odd Pairs of Shoes in this Sale only \$2.25, worth from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per pair.

E. L. WASHBURN CO.

119 WEST GOLD AVENUE

122 SOUTH SECOND STREET

"SHE" LIKES FLOWERS

Whether "she" is wife or sweetheart, the most acceptable remembrance is a bouquet of beautiful flowers. We just mean this, thinking, perhaps, you forgot.

IVE'S, THE FLORIST

119 WEST SANTA FE AVENUE.
Auto Phone, 118.