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ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1913.

SECTION ONE.

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GERMAN MILITARY MEN ORDERED TO USE WEAPONS ON CIVILIANS

Lieutenant Baron Von Forstner, Who Caused Trouble at Zabern, Is Cashiered and Sent to Prison.

SEMI-COMPULSION IS DEFENSE PLEADED

Colonel of Regiment Admits Giving Drastic Instructions to Subordinates Regarding Insults From Citizens.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 19.—(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Lieutenant Baron Von Forstner, who was the cause of the recent troubles between military and civilians at Zabern, Alsace, was today sentenced to pay three days' imprisonment and deprived of his commission as an officer. He was charged with assaulting a name shoemaker.

In the course of his testimony, the lieutenant showed that he had acted in the way he did under "semi-compulsion." He had been threatened with impeachment before a court of honor if he showed the slightest reluctance against using his weapons. He testified that the officers had received repeated orders from the German army headquarters and from the regimental commander to adopt an aggressive attitude and to stand no nonsense from civilians and to permit no insults or abuse.

Lieutenant Von Forstner said he acted under the prevailing German assumption that an officer was irretrievably dishonored if he permitted himself to receive a blow. He said that the same shoemaker might have got away from the men and might have struck him before the soldiers could remove him again and then Lieutenant Von Forstner would have been disgraced.

Colonel Von Reuter, the commander of the Ninety-ninth regiment, said he had instructed his officers to act as aggressively as possible. A Prussian officer, he complained, must not permit disrespect to be shown him. He had threatened, he said, to bring down before a court of honor if they did not follow his instructions and he had advised Lieutenant Von Forstner, who in another report the colonel had characterized as inexperienced and hasty, to use both his sabre and his revolver if necessary.

The colonel also admitted he had ordered the non-commissioned officers and privates of his regiment, if attacked, to use their weapons energetically and to bring down their assailants.

The evidence given indicated that it was highly doubtful whether the shoemaker was at all culpable. One cadet asserted he had heard the name man say:

"Wait, youngsters; you will be done up yet," but the court evidently did not believe him.

GENERAL VILLA IS AWAITING ARRIVAL OF CARRANZA

Mercado Is to Be Relieved of Command at Ojinaga and Orozco Is to Take Charge of Federal Forces.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

Juaréz, Mex., Dec. 19.—The situation in northern Mexico appeared today to be one of waiting, so far as military operations were concerned. General Villa with his rebel forces at Chihuahua, was waiting for definite word as to where he was to be joined by General Carranza, the head of the revolution, who is now at Hermosillo.

At Ojinaga, where practically all the northern federal forces are camped, preparations continued for that place. General Mercado, federal commander, who is to be relieved of active campaign, had said he intended to march against Chihuahua, but others believed the federal had another plan in mind, possibly a march along the border toward Juaréz.

A quarter of a million dollars in Mexican money was sent to Ojinaga by way of Marfa, Tex., to pay the federal troops, who have been without funds for weeks. The buying of food on the Texas side of the river continued, the federal having taken over enough provisions for an extended campaign. When there were not enough wagons to carry the freight, women camp followers waded into the water head deep with heaps of boxes on their heads. The anxiety of the federal troops to obtain provisions indicated the troops might leave Ojinaga next Monday.

A report that William Severy, son

GEN. OROZCO TO COMMAND NORTHERN FEDERALS

Ojinaga, Mex., Dec. 19.—General Salvador Mercado, commander of the federal army, will be removed from office within a few days and his place will be taken by General Pascual Orozco, according to reliable information received today. Mercado's evacuation of Chihuahua without waiting for a rebel attack is given as the cause for his removal.

Within three days the federal army will leave Ojinaga and advance against the rebels in Chihuahua, according to federal officers. Enough provisions for an extended campaign will have been obtained by Monday when the departure from here is to take place. Federal scouts who patrolled the country for miles around found few rebels in this vicinity.

ALLEGED WIFE HELD ON FORGERY CHARGE

Los Angeles, Dec. 19.—Mrs. M. C. Black, said to be the wife of a wealthy Chicagoan, was arrested today with Frank Brown and charged with forgery.

The charge was the result of a draft transaction at a Los Angeles bank. Mrs. Black's husband sent her a draft for \$200. It is alleged that Brown forged her name to it and received the money. Mrs. Black then obtained a substitute draft saying that the original had been lost and obtained \$200 more.

Federal authorities have instituted an inquiry to learn whether the woman under arrest really is Mrs. Black.

PARCELS POST NEEDS \$1,000,000 IMMEDIATELY

Washington, Dec. 19.—Postmaster General Burleson today asked the house postoffice committee for an immediate appropriation of \$1,000,000 to operate the parcels post until June 30. Of \$1,000,000 appropriated to begin the new system, Mr. Burleson reported all but \$22,000 had been spent on December 6.

Belgium to End Congo Troubles. Brussels, Dec. 19.—The Belgian government has decided to make every possible effort to end the trouble in the Congo colony, which greatly disturbs the plantation and mining societies. It is believed that the government will make such modifications as will permit the immigration of Chinese.

ZAPATA PROCLAIMS DEATH TO HUERTA AND FRIENDS

Formidable Bandit Chief Sends Letter in to Mexico City Forecasting Fate of All Federal Officers.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

Mexico City, Dec. 19.—The traitors, Huerta and Blanquez, after a very short process, will be publicly degraded and hanged from the balconies of the national palace as a warning to all. The rest of the cabinet will be shot after being judged.

Such is the sentence passed on the executive and his official family by Emiliano Zapata in a circular dated Hija Alta, December 16, which appeared in the capital tonight. It was addressed to the inhabitants of the City of Mexico.

Zapata says that at a war council it was resolved to take the city by fire and sword on a day, which, for the better success of the assault, is to be unknown until the moment the fight begins. The circular continues:

"The lives and interests of foreigners will be respected if they remain neutral. Only those who have had direct participation in the politics of the country will be punished after being given a trial. Severe justice will be done all the enemies of our cause who are found guilty by the military authorities appointed for the purpose. The property of those sentenced will be applied to the maintenance of the army.

"All officers and chiefs of the so-called federal army, will be shot without trial, as they are the only ones sustaining the usurper. If their surrender before the fight begins the lives of those not responsible for other crimes will be respected.

"Five days will be allowed in which the inhabitants of the city who desire may withdraw. All executions will be public in the Plaza de la Constitución (in front of the palace)."

"The university press always declares that the troops have defeated us, but this is false as we only see the backs of the federals."

Zapata's threat is not taken seriously here.

Provisions of Cardinal's Will.

Rome, Dec. 19.—Cardinal Rampolla's will, dated 1889, makes provision for his sister to the amount of \$60,000. Jewelry to a similar amount is bequeathed to the church of St. Cecilia, and \$600 to the cardinal's valet. The reported will of later date has not been discovered.

MORE PLACES PROVIDED FOR GOOD DEMOCRATS

Washington, Dec. 19.—All assistant postmasters will be exempted from the civil service order the postoffice appropriation bill completed today by the house committee on postoffices and in to be reported immediately after the holiday recess.

The democrats of the committee voted to put into the measure a provision substantially similar to the one in the senate civil bill under which deputy collectors and deputy marshals were exempted from civil service. The bill carries approximately \$203,000,000, a cut of about \$2,000,000 from the estimates submitted by the postoffice department.

PRESIDENT TO GO TO PASS CHRISTIAN

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 19.—That President Wilson intends to spend a part of his winter vacation at Pass Christian, Miss., is indicated in a telegram received by Judge W. H. Hardy, of this city, today, from Senator Vandenberg in Washington, requesting the jurist to locate a furnished cottage at Pass Christian suitable for occupancy by the president.

The telegram further stated that the president intended to spend his vacation on the golf course and urged that no attempt be made to ask him to make any addresses, as he was in need of rest.

Portugal to Send Warship to Frisco. Lisbon, Dec. 19.—The American legation has been advised that Portugal will be represented by a warship at the celebration of the opening of the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco.

HUERTA RELEASES THREE AMERICAN PRISONERS

Nelson O'Shaughnessy Becoming Impatient of Delays by Minor Officials, Appeals to Dictator.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

Mexico City, Dec. 19.—By appealing directly to General Huerta today, Nelson O'Shaughnessy, American chargé d'affaires, obtained from him almost immediate unconditional consent to the release of three Americans now in jail, whose liberation has long been delayed by legal maneuvering. The men ordered set free by General Huerta are B. J. Kidder, William Krause and John Parker.

It developed apparently that General Huerta had known nothing of the incarceration of the men or of efforts that had been made by Mr. O'Shaughnessy to procure their release. Made impatient by long series of evasions and excuses given him from other quarters, O'Shaughnessy risked incurring the displeasure of minor officials and found Huerta apparently willing and anxious to demonstrate, by the order for release, his determination to insure fair play. He declared that as long as he was president, he would refuse to countenance any discrimination against Americans or any persecution of them because of their nationality.

Parker is in jail at San Luis Potosí. Krause and Kidder are in jail here. The cases against the men are not to be dismissed, but the men will not be forced to remain in jail.

The conditions of release oblige the men to present themselves at the American embassy. The military government of San Luis Potosí has been ordered to send Parker here for that purpose.

Krause was general manager of the Sulteque Light & Power Co., of the state of Mexico. Several months ago he was arrested charged with sedition. No evidence has been brought against him and the case has been delayed on one excuse or another. In the meantime, he has been in prison in the military barracks, part of the time in a room with fifty other prisoners.

Kidder was general traveling sales agent of the Western-Pierce Oil company. He was arrested at San Luis Potosí, charged with being a spy for the rebels and with complicity in the dynamiting of trains. Such evidence as was presented against him was regarded by his friends and employers as absurd. He was released on bail, but subsequently re-arrested and imprisoned here.

The liberation of the three Americans, granted by President Huerta, on the request of the charge, has been made unconditional. The charge's position was presented most informally. He was in a cafe arranging for a luncheon with Colonel Gage, a British attaché. President Huerta was in an automobile and invited the charge into his car. While chatting with the president, Mr. O'Shaughnessy accomplished what he had been unable to do by months of solicitation through the usual channels.

Stronger Children in West.

San Francisco, Dec. 19.—It used to be said of the California pioneer that none but the brave started and none but the strong arrived, and this process of natural selection is worked out according to the clinical findings of Dr. Arthur L. Ritter, a specialist in the physiology and pathology of children. In a better average physique among the sons and daughters of the golden west than among those of the east.

BELL TELEPHONE TO DISPOSE OF STOCK IN WESTERN UNION CO.

Alleged Trust to Dissolve Voluntarily, According to Statement of Attorney General McReynolds.

LONG DISTANCE CALLS GRANTED INDEPENDENTS

President Wilson Writes Congratulatory Letter on Agreement by Which Competition Will Be Restored.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Attorney General McReynolds made public tonight details of an agreement for reorganization of the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., the telephone trust, which will prevent litigation to dissolve the corporation under the anti-trust act, and under which competitive conditions will be restored in the telephone service of the entire country and the combine will dispose of its holdings in the Western Union Telegraph company.

The reorganization plan originated with the company, although it followed many reports that a suit against it might be filed. It was regarded by department of justice officials tonight as the most striking indication offered in a decade that "big business" has come to the conclusion that it is better to follow the Sherman law than fight it.

The plan met not only the approval of the attorney general and his chief "trust buster," G. C. Todd, and officials of the subsidiaries of the combine, but was heartily approved by President Wilson. In a letter to Mr. McReynolds, the president expressed his admiration for the attitude of the telephone company and his conviction that such conduct on the part of business men meant a building up of business on sound and permanent lines.

Coming on the heels of the announcement that Postmaster General Burleson is seriously interested in government ownership of telephone lines, the action of the department of justice took an added significance and some officials went so far as to express the opinion that it indicated that legislation to acquire the country's telephone business would not be pressed by the administration at the present time. In brief, the agreement provides that:

The American Telephone & Telegraph company will dispose promptly of its holdings in the Western Union Telegraph company so that each concern shall be under distinct management and entirely independent.

The company will not hereafter acquire control of other telephone companies and where control of telephone companies has been acquired and no actual physical union has been effected, the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., will submit the course it is to pursue to the Interstate Commerce commission and to the department of justice.

The company will promptly make arrangements by which all other telephone companies in the United States shall have access to its toll lines.

Department officials tonight declared that the plan gave the government everything it wanted. That it was a concession so that each concern should be under distinct management and entirely independent. The last part of the agreement, by which the Bell company gives long distance service to subscribers of other companies and did not deny that they never had hoped to gain such a point by suit under the anti-trust act.

The agreement will not affect the suit entered several months ago to dissolve the connection of the Bell company with the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Co., the coast branch. This suit will be pressed by the department to determine how far the Sherman anti-trust act applies to telephone companies.

President Wilson's letter, written to the attorney general today, was one of the most interesting documents made public in connection with the settlement. It reads:

"Thank you for letting me see the letter from the American Telephone & Telegraph Co. It is very gratifying that the company should thus voluntarily to adjust its business to the conditions of competition. I gain the impression more and more from week to week that the business men of the country are sincerely desirous of conforming with the law and it is very gratifying indeed to have occasion, as in this instance, to deal with them in complete frankness and to be able to show them that all that we desire is an opportunity to co-operate with them. So long as we are dealt with in this spirit, we can help to build up the business of the country on sound and permanent lines.

Cordially and sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

Mr. McReynolds, in accepting the American Telephone & Telegraph Co. offer, wrote to N. C. Kingsbury, vice-president of the company, as follows:

"Permit me to acknowledge, your letter of September 19, outlining the

course of action which the telephone companies composing the Bell system obligate themselves to follow in the future.

"Your frank regulations in respect of these matters compel the belief that what you propose will be carried out in good faith; and it seems to me clear that such action on your part will establish conditions under which there will be full opportunity throughout the country for competition in the transmission of intelligence by wire.

"May I take this occasion to say that the administration earnestly desires to co-operate with and to promote all business conducted in harmony with law; and that, without abating the insistence that the statutes may be obeyed, it will always welcome opportunity to aid in bringing about whatever adjustments are necessary for the re-establishment of lawful conditions without litigation."

The announcement of the agreement for reorganization came tonight at the conclusion of several months of negotiations in which the attorney general and Mr. Todd and Mr. Kingsbury, Theodore N. Vail, president of the American Telephone and Telegraph, and other parties on both sides conferred. Mr. McReynolds took up the question early in his administration of the department of justice and officials of the telephone company showed a willingness from the first to do anything in reason to satisfy the government's lawyers.

As point by point a tentative scheme was worked out, Mr. Kingsbury carried it to New York, submitted it to the directors of the American Telephone and Telegraph and to other companies interested and in every instance secured the approval of the department and of officials of the companies concerned. There never was a serious hitch in the plans and Mr. McReynolds clearly indicated the government's attitude.

(Continued on Page Two.)

POLITICAL GRAFT IS UNEARTHED IN NEW YORK

Whitman Finds That Corporations, in Violation of Law, Contributed Money to Norman E. Mack.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

New York, Dec. 19.—Testimony that William Kelley, democratic leader of Onondaga county, solicited a campaign contribution from a corporation, an indictable offense, was added today at District Attorney Whitman's investigation into political graft in the state highway department. It was also testified that Arthur A. McLean, treasurer of the democratic state committee, accepted a contribution from a corporation, an offense for which he already stands twice indicted.

The evidence against Kelley was given by Isaac A. Cole, of Rochester, secretary of the Green Construction company, a corporation with state road contracts. Cole said that at Kelley's written consent, he went to Syracuse in October, 1911, to see Everett P. Fowler, the so-called Tammany "big man." The witness said Fowler was not present when he arrived at the committee's headquarters but Kelley told him the democratic state committee wanted a contribution from him.

He reminded Kelley it was unlawful for him to make a contribution for a corporation, but Kelley, he swore, said to him: "That makes no difference," and gave him the address of Norman E. Mack, then chairman of the democratic state committee, as the person to whom to send his check. Cole said he sent his personal check to Mack and charged it later to the corporation. The contribution was not reported by the state committee, so far as Mr. Whitman knew.

The new accusation against McLean was brought out in the testimony of C. H. Aikenhead, president of Aikenhead, Bailey & Donaldson, Inc., of Rochester. The witness said Kelley had been solicited for a contribution by Fowler in 1912, and that the company had decided, as a corporation, to contribute \$500. Aikenhead produced a cancelled check for that amount, made out to the order of McLean, signed with the name of the corporation and countersigned by himself and Donaldson. He also produced a receipt for that amount to which McLean's signature was affixed. This check, likewise, was not reported.

Frank H. Falls, of Falls Brothers & Fletcher, a contracting corporation of Rochester, testified that he had sent his personal check for \$100 to McLean in 1912, at the solicitation of Fowler.

John Julian, of Brooks & Julian, of Rochester, a co-partnership, testified that he was asked to contribute by Fowler in 1911. Julian sent \$500 to McLean. He said that when he protested against so large an amount, Fowler told him that the size of this job called for that amount.

Julius Frederick, of Julius Frederick company, another Rochester corporation, told of having been asked to contribute by Fowler both in 1911 and 1912. When he told Fowler his concern was a corporation, Fowler told him, he said, that he did not want any corporation checks, but would accept a contribution from him as an individual. Accordingly, he sent \$250 individually to Norman E. Mack. This was charged against his corporation, he thought, as "material." The next year, he testified, he gave \$500 of the corporation's money to a friend to give to Fowler.

LOOK OUT FOR BOGUS \$5 AND \$10 CURRENCY

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

Washington, Dec. 19.—New counterfeit \$5 and \$10 bills are on the market, according to warnings just issued to merchants and bankers throughout the country. Fred M. Tate, special secret service agent of the government, says that the \$5 bill is a good imitation of the genuine currency. It is printed on a bluish tinted paper and the counterfeit is of the series of 1899, letter "V," date No. 1589, with the names J. C. Nadler, register of the treasury, and Lee McChung, treasurer of the United States, on it.

The \$10 bill is said to be of very crude workmanship and is printed on ordinary bond paper. The serial letters of the genuine note are imitated with pen and ink, while the color of the seal and counter is black red.

There were 165 persons arrested for counterfeiting in the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, last, according to the annual report of W. J. Flynn, chief of the secret service division of the treasury department. The amount of counterfeit and altered notes confiscated aggregated \$22,147, and the amount of counterfeit coins totaled \$19,934.

SALOON MEN CIRCULATE PROHIBITION PETITION

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

San Francisco, Dec. 19.—It was found today that saloonists in San Francisco, and their opponents in Los Angeles, are busy seeking signatures to the same petition—one for total prohibition of manufacture and sale of intoxicants in California.

Liquor men backing the measure here expect to give it a trouncing at the polls from which it will take long to recover. At Los Angeles, Fred G. Wheeler, manager of the "dry" campaign, said of the San Francisco publication:

"We do not need their assistance. We now have over 60,000 signatures for the petition. Only 32,000 are needed to place it on the ballot in November, 1914."

MONA LISA IS SENT TO ITALIAN CAPITAL

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

Florence, Dec. 19.—Dr. Ricci, director general of fine arts, personally supervised today the packing of the painting of "Mona Lisa," which will be forwarded to Rome tomorrow. The picture will be guarded by police and museum officials, while the carabinieri will be on duty at all stations along the railroad line. The school children, accompanied by their teachers, were allowed to view the Mona Lisa today.

An unknown man visited Perugia's lower this afternoon and offered to advance \$1,000 for Perugia's bill.

LAST SURVIVOR OF CRIMINAL GANG GOES TO JAIL

Mollie Mott's Famous Band of Thieves, Pickpockets, Burglars and Holdup Men No Longer Exists.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

Chicago, Dec. 19.—The last survivor of Chicago's first fully organized band of criminals, which flourished a generation ago under the picturesque Mollie Mott, named from the stage today, probably forever, when Michael Sage, white of hair and showing every one of his sixty-three years, made no defense against a sentence of one year in the Chicago house of correction. His active days are over in the opinion of the police, even if he lives out his sentence.

Half of Sage's life has been spent in prison. He began stealing when 12 years old and never learned anything else. "I was a good thief," he said with an appearance of pride as he straightened his rheumatic frame and looked at Judas Wade.

The old man was arrested last Wednesday night for attempting to break into a private residence. "I didn't get in, Judge," he said, and then added as if to excuse his failure to do so, "I guess I am getting too old and stiff—not the man I was. I won't mind a year; I am more at home in prison than out, anyway, and I can't work the way I used to."

The Mott gang of pickpockets, thieves, burglars, holdup men and general utility thieves twenty years ago, lived the scenes that usually are found in dime novels and no member of the gang was more resourceful in crime or in evading or repudiating the police than Sage. Mollie Mott, who by her beauty and personality led the gang, was the crime of more than one affray between jealous members of the gang.

Their operations were well organized and successful. In emulation of their exploits, other criminals not in the Mott gang gradually formed themselves into another band known in police annals as the Sheelin gang. The gangs fought the police and fought each other until Mollie succeeded in the charms of one of the Sheelin gang and brought the two tribes under her harmonious leadership.

Relentless war with the police, disease and prison cells in the succeeding years broke up the band and its members for the most of them are dead. Sage is the last one the police know of.

BANK BILL PASSES SENATE AND IS NOW READY FOR CONFERENCE

Final Vote Stands 54 For and 34 Against, Six Republicans and One Progressive Favoring Measure.

HITCHCOCK IS BACK IN DEMOCRATIC FOLD

Catron Against Measure and Fall Absent When Test Comes in Upper House of Congress.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The administration currency reform bill proposing a revision of the financial system of the United States and the creation of regional reserve banks to act as strengthening elements in the banking and financial world, passed the senate tonight by a vote of 54 to 34.

Forces that had fought together for improvement and amendment of the measure to the last, divided when the final vote came. Senator Hitchcock, who led the opposition to the bill, returned to the democratic ranks, and Senator Weeks, one of the leaders on the republican side, with five other republicans, and Senator Poinsett, progressive, voted for the passage of the measure.

Wide differences exist between the form of the legislation passed by the senate tonight and the bill that passed the house several months ago. Democratic leaders have partly adjusted these differences, however, and it was predicted tonight that the bill will be completed by a conference committee and sent to President Wilson for his signature by Monday night.

The adoption of the administration bill, known as the "Owen bill," followed upon the defeat of the "Hitchcock bill," which had been endorsed by Senator Hitchcock and the five republican members of the evenly divided senate committee that passed on the legislation. The senate had previously rejected, without a roll call, a "central bank" bill offered as a substitute by Senator Burton.

The senators who voted for the bill were:

Democrats—Ashurst, Bacon, Bankhead, Bryan, Chamberlain, Chilton, Clarke, Fletcher, Gore, Hitchcock, Hollis, Hughes, James, Johnson, Kern, Lane, Lea, Lewis, Martin, McMillan, Myers, Newlands, O'Gorman, Overman, Owen, Pittman, Pomerene, Randall, Reed, Robinson, Sutherland, Shafroth, Sheppard, Shields, Shively, Simmons, Smith of Arizona, Smith of Georgia, Smith of Maryland, Smith of South Carolina, Swanson, Thomas, Thompson, Tillman, Vandenberg and Williams—47. Republicans—Crawford, Jones, Perkins, Norris, Sterling and Weeks—6. Progressives—Poinsett.

Those who voted against the bill were:

Republicans—Borah, Bradley, Brady, Brandegee, Brewster, Burton, Catron, Clapp, Colt, Cummins, Dillingham, Dupont, Gallinger, Goff, Gurnea, Jackson, Kenyon, La Follette, Lippitt, McBurney, McLean, Nelson, Oliver, Page, Penrose, Root, Sherman, Smith of Michigan, Smart, Sutherland, Stephenson, Townsend, Warren and Works—24.

Absent and paired—Clark (Wyoming), Culberson, Fall, Lodge, Stone, Thornton.

Vacancy—Alabama.

Throughout the afternoon when a vote on the bill was momentarily expected, Mrs. Wilson, with a party of friends from the White House; Secretary McAdoo and Joseph P. Tumulty, President Wilson's secretary, were interested spectators of the senate's proceedings. Mrs. Wilson stayed in the private gallery until 7 o'clock, but left before the bill had passed. Galleries and the floor of the senate were crowded throughout the day and the passage of the measure which has held congressional attention for many months, was greeted with uncheered applause from the galleries.

To hasten final enactment of the bill, that is expected to reorganize and give balance to commercial and financial conditions, the senate named tonight its conference committee which will work with a house committee to compromise the differences between the bill. The members are Senators Owen, O'Gorman, Reed, Pomerene, Shafroth and Hollis, democrats; and Nelson, Bristow and Crawford, republicans.

Members of the house conference committee already determined upon are Representatives Glass and Korbly, democrats, and Representative Hayes of California, republican.

The house will name its conference committee tomorrow. Many of the chief points of difference have already been gone over between currency leaders of the two houses, in conference with Secretary McAdoo, and it is believed that a short time will be required to reach a compromise.

Among the chief points of difference between house and senate are the following:

The house provided for twelve regional banks; the senate for "from

For the Boys' Christmas

EXPRESS WAGONS
\$1.00 and up

MINIATURE FARM WAGONS
with Shafts, \$8.50

ROLLER SKATES
75c to \$2.25

.22 RIFLES
\$2.50 to \$10.00

BOY SCOUT AXES

Raabe & Manger
115-117 NORTH FIRST ST.

Gallup Stove Coal

\$6.50 per ton

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and Dealers.
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eight to twelve, depending on the
size of the order. Delivery made
to the hotel or home.

The house added a provision re-
quiring that to guarantee the deposits
of failed banks that are members of
the reserve associations.

The house limited the redemption of
commercial paper at the regional
banks to that maturing in ninety
days; the senate provided that 120-
day agricultural paper may be ac-
cepted under certain limitations.

The gold reserve required of the
regional reserve banks against cir-
culation notes was placed at 2 1/2 per
cent for the time and at 40 per cent
by the senate.

Banks could be permitted to loan
on five-year farm mortgages by the
regional banks on any-year mortgages by
the federal bank.

Senator La Follette proposed two
amendments just before the bill came

FILIPINO PEOPLE NOT READY FOR INDEPENDENCE

Former President Taft, W. Cameron Forbes and Dean C. Worcester Speak on Serious Insular Problem.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEXIS WIRE
New York, Dec. 19.—A compilation of the views of W. Cameron Forbes, former governor general of the Philippine Islands, Dean C. Worcester, former secretary of the Philippine Islands, and the Hon. William H. Taft, former president of the United States, on the insular problem, was published today.

Former President Taft was the principal speaker. His address dealt with the problem of the Philippine Islands. He said it had been demonstrated that the Philippine people were not ready for independence. He said that the Philippine people were not ready for independence. He said that the Philippine people were not ready for independence.

Mr. Forbes spoke on the economic condition of the Philippines and described the insular problem. He said that the Philippine people were not ready for independence. He said that the Philippine people were not ready for independence.

Mr. Worcester spoke on the insular problem. He said that the Philippine people were not ready for independence. He said that the Philippine people were not ready for independence.

Mr. Taft spoke on the insular problem. He said that the Philippine people were not ready for independence. He said that the Philippine people were not ready for independence.

Unsettled Christmas Weather.
Washington, Dec. 19.—Christmas weather is likely to be unsettled, the government forecasters said tonight. While they are not yet able to predict exactly whether Christmas day will be cold or warm, stormy or calm, the experts are reasonably certain that there will be a change next week over practically all the country from the pleasant weather which has been prevailing for the last ten days.

BELL TELEPHONE TO MANY DESERTIONS OF FEDERALS AT GUAYMAS

(Continued From Page One.)

to the telephone officials not only his desire to avoid litigation, but his aversion to any scheme for government ownership.

Although exact information as to the extent of Western Union stock held by the Bell company was not available here tonight, it was understood to be about thirty percent. Mr. McKeen's desire to do the right thing, however, that it has left such matters to the officers and any reasonable amount of time asked for will be granted.

From the point of view of a subscriber to an independent telephone system, one of the most interesting parts of the agreement is that promising him use of the through lines of the Bell company. Under the agreement, an independent company may secure connection with the Bell lines, supplying standard trunk lines in connection with the Bell lines. The Bell company, operating the entire toll circuit when connections are made, connections will be given with Bell subscribers or subscribers of other independent companies, served by independent companies, served by independent companies, served by independent companies.

The authorized capital stock of the Bell company, December 31, 1913, was \$249,999,999, and its bonded indebtedness at that time was about \$105,000,000. From October, 1906, to April of the current year, it has paid 5 per cent dividends. The Western Union had an authorized capital of \$100,000,000, practically all of which has been issued.

Officials do not believe that either company will be affected greatly by the announced merger. They say that telephone officials have established that the connection between the two concerns has never been such that the earnings of one went to pay the dividends of the other and the operating expenses and operating charges and all other accounts of each have been quite distinct. Mr. McKeen has been told that the American Telephone & Telegraph, despite its stock holdings in the Western Union, has treated the Postal Telegraph company with equal opportunity for use of its facilities.

PHILIPPINE RESERVATION ABANDONED.
Washington, Dec. 19.—President Wilson has directed the return to the civil government of the Philippines of the military reservation at Bougainville, one of the small islands of the Solomons group. The land will be subject to disposition under the laws for the benefit of the inhabitants. The reservation has been condemned by the military authorities as unnecessary for army use.

Carriage and auto foot warmers make riding a pleasure in winter. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Now on special sale, 25 per cent off. J. K. Kaylor and Co., 208 N. 2nd St. Phone 878.

Only the "BROMO QUININE" that is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of Dr. W. Grove. Cures a Cold in One Day, Cures Grip in Two Days. 50c.

Xmas Holly, Mistletoe, Wreaths, Christmas Trees

In large assortments to please every buyer, at prices never before offered in Albuquerque.

Xmas Mixed Candy, Gum Drops, Taffy, Crinkled, etc. All Pure Sugar. Wholesome Candy, in large quantities. See our varieties before you buy.

Have you ever bought Ripe, Sweet, Juicy Oranges before in this city at 17c per dozen; 2 dozen for 35c? That is what you can do this year. We have them.

Fancy Boxes of Fancy Chocolates, good, sweet and pure, as high grade as anyone can make. Pound Packages, full weight, 40c to 75c. One-half pound, full weight, 20c to 40c. We have a tremendous assortment, and want your business in this line.

If you save 2 cents per pound on your Turkeys you ought to be satisfied. Get our price and find out for yourself.

NUTS AND RAISINS, FIGS AND DATES.

We don't need to say much about these. If you want something nice and fresh at the right price, you know where to get them.

We sell lots of Figs and Raisins in 5-pound packages, that are good to look at as well as good to eat. Try a package.

Crystallized Fruits in Glass Jars, very little higher than in packages, and very much better. They are nice and fresh, and stay that way.

Order your Fruit Cake early, as the supply is getting short. We are selling more and more each year, and this year far exceeded our anticipation.

We have many other special Xmas Cakes, and can supply you with any kind you may want.

For today we will have our usual large assortment, and you will not be disappointed if you send in an order for a cake for your Sunday dinner.

Fresh Bread and Rolls every day at 11 o'clock.

Jaffa Grocery Co.

221 West Central. Phones 31 and 32.

Journal Want Ads Bring Results

HELPFUL HOLIDAY HINTS FROM THE JEWELRY SECTION

Here are a few suggestions that may help to solve your gift problem. Articles that will give the utmost pleasure as well as being useful, and priced at most any figure you may desire.

Hull Interchangeable Umbrellas

A beautiful line of the celebrated Hull Interchangeable Umbrellas; Sterling Silver, Gold Plated, Plain or Carved Wood Handles, fine quality silk tops, ladies' or gentlemen's styles. \$2.50 to \$35.00

Electroliers

A complete assortment of exquisite Electric Bedroom and Reading Lamps, in sizes from the smallest bedroom kind to the handsome reception styles, \$3.50 to \$10

Thermos Bottles and Leather Cases

HANDY ARTICLES THAT ANYONE WILL APPRECIATE.

Thermos Bottles and Thermos Carafes \$1.50 to \$5.00
Thermos Leather Cases and Lunch Equipments \$2.00 to \$20.00
A large variety of Traveling Rolls, from the skeleton kind to the completely fitted ones. \$2.00 to \$35.00

Jewelry Section, First Floor

ROSENWALD'S

DOLLS DOLLS DOLLS DOLLS DOLLS



Commencing today we will sell any doll that we have in stock at just HALF PRICE. We have the very best selection of Dolls from toyland. Large Dolls, Small Dolls, Medium Size Dolls, Dressed Dolls, Kid Body Dolls, China Dolls, Celluloid Dolls and Dolls of every size and kind. Come early and get your choice for only half price.

25c Dolls for only 12 1/2c
50c Dolls for only 25c
\$1.00 Dolls for only 50c

And so on through the whole stock.

THE FAMOUS THE DOLL STORE

311 WEST CENTRAL

311 WEST CENTRAL

The Model Company's Christmas Gift to All of Their Many Friends

10 Big Extraordinary Specials for Today
The Last Day of Our Big Pre-Inventory Sale—From 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.—14 Big Hours of Busy Selling

All Calicoes in stock, regular 85c values, while they last 35c yard
 All Gingham in stock, regular 15c values, while they last 7c yard
 All Percales in stock, regular 15c values, while they last 7c yard
 All Wash Silks in stock, regular 35c values, while they last 12c yard
 All Poplins in stock, regular 50c values, while they last 20c yard
 All Raines in stock, regular 50c values, while they last 20c yard
 All Muslin Underwear, while it lasts, at HALF PRICE
 Every Ladies' Coat Suit, Long Coat, Dress, Walking, Skirt and Balkan and Tango Sweater in stock to go at 1-3 less than actual cost price to us. Only a few left, so come early before all are sold.
 All Embroidery in stock to go at exactly HALF PRICE

The Greatest Bargain Event Ever Offered in Albuquerque

You will never again have the opportunity to buy this class of merchandise at these prices. So don't fail to grasp this last chance and buy your year's wants at less than half of what you will have to pay elsewhere.

The Model Dry Goods Company

Phone 243

Phone 243

PASSENGER TAKES POISON TABLETS ON LIMITED

Henry G. Brandon, of Indianapolis, Says He Mistook Bichloride of Mercury for Headache Cure; May Die.

Henry G. Brandon, 40 years old, a factory worker, whose home is in Indianapolis, Ind., took poison on the Santa Fe's southern California limited about two hours before the train arrived here at 10:20 o'clock last night, nearly four hours late.

Mr. W. H. Lovelace, who boarded the train here and examined Brandon, said it was imperative that he stop here, and he was taken to St. Joseph's hospital. The doctor said that his condition was serious, but he could not determine whether he would recover for two weeks. The length of time required to ascertain the effect of the poison taken by Brandon is due to the nature of the drug, bichloride of mercury.

Brandon, his wife and Frederick G. Fox, of Indianapolis, were traveling together from Los Angeles, where they had been visiting for several weeks. Neither Mr. Fox nor Mrs. Brandon knew that her husband had the bichloride tablets, and they did not know that he had taken them until he told the train crew. Passengers said they believed he had taken some kind of a dose of the tablets.

The man was conscious when the train arrived and remained conscious after he had been taken to the hospital. He said that he had been suffering from a headache and thought the tablets were headache pills.

The trainmen and passengers seemed to be in a state of alarm, and the train was stopped at the station. The man was taken to the hospital and is now being treated by Dr. J. H. Fox.

The fact that it was two hours after leaving the train before medical aid was obtainable and because the anti-dote upon him on the train appeared to have had little effect, Brandon's

NEW MEXICO ASKED TO LEND MONEY TO RAILROAD

Quick Action Is Necessary to Insure Building of Line From Farmington to Roswell; \$125,000 Is Needed.

The only thing that stands in the way of taking the New Mexico Central railroad out of the hands of a receiver is the extension of the Atlantic and Pacific and the construction of a new line from Farmington to Roswell. The New Mexico Central is now in the hands of a receiver, and the Atlantic and Pacific is now in the hands of a receiver. The construction of a new line from Farmington to Roswell is necessary to insure the building of the line. The cost of the line is \$125,000.

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JUDGE COTTERAL IS HEARING PETITION IN BIG SUIT

Rival Land Companies Battle at Santa Fe for Possession of 2,500,000-Acre Tract in State of Chihuahua.

The judge who is presiding over the hearing of the petition in the big suit between the rival land companies is Judge Cottoral. The suit is for the possession of a 2,500,000-acre tract in the state of Chihuahua. The companies are the Santa Fe Land Company and the Chihuahua Land Company. The suit is being heard in Santa Fe.

CHANGES MADE IN COMMANDERS OF ATLANTIC FLEET

Rear Admirals' on Duty in Mexican Waters Are Shifted About on Orders From Navy Department.

The changes made in the commanders of the Atlantic fleet are being made on the orders of the Navy Department. The rear admirals who are on duty in Mexican waters are being shifted about. The changes are being made to improve the efficiency of the fleet.

REPORT ON CARABAO INCIDENT IS APPROVED

Washington, Dec. 19.—President Wilson today approved a report by Secretary of War Woodrow Wilson and Secretary of the Interior Charles D. Smith on the Carabao incident.

The report on the Carabao incident was approved by President Wilson. The report was prepared by Secretary of War Woodrow Wilson and Secretary of the Interior Charles D. Smith. The report was approved on December 19, 1913.

TOY! BETTER TOY! CHEAPER TOY! AT THE LEADER, 309 W. CENTRAL.

H. H. MAJOR AND HIS SON INSTITUTE SUIT FOR INSURANCE. The complaint was made to the court by the son of H. H. Major, who is now in the hospital. The suit is for insurance on the life of H. H. Major.

TUBERCULOSIS CURE AGAIN IS CLAIMED

Washington, Dec. 19.—Two men and a woman arrived at the White House today, claiming to have walked from Los Angeles, Calif., to the capital. They are claiming to have a cure for tuberculosis.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

Its superiority is unquestioned
Its fame world-wide
Its use a protection and a guarantee against alum food

The low-grade powders are made from "alum," or "sodium aluminum sulphate," which is also alum, a mineral acid, which does not make the food healthful.

One pound of the low cost powders contains three ounces of alum, a mineral acid. Is it safe to put that on your pantry shelf along with your food ingredients?

Food baked with alum baking powders is found to contain a portion of the alum unchanged.

Read the ingredient clause of label on the can. Unless it shows cream of tartar don't use the powder.

1,000 Yards Xmas SILKS on Sale This Morning 9 to 11

Beautiful Satin Messalines, 27 inches wide, all colors, also black and white.—The famous Cheney Bros. Shower-Proof Foulards in select patterns.—Also elegant Dresden Taffetas. These silks worth from \$1.00 to \$1.50 a yard. On sale this morning for TWO HOURS ONLY

75 Cents Yard GOLDEN RULE Dry Goods Company

WE DO WHAT WE
ADVERTISE

SUES FOR EXPENSES FOR TRAILING A THIEF; LOSES

Court Decides Against W. O. Peck, Who Asks Judgment for \$161 Against Sheriff Who Previously Paid \$50.

Judge B. F. Reynolds, of the district court yesterday decided that W. O. Peck was not entitled to \$161 for the capture of a horse thief and rendered judgment in favor of Sheriff James Rogers in the case instituted by Peck against the county officers.

Peck, who lives south of here, got a commission from the sheriff to follow a horse thief who had stolen a horse owned by him. He overtook the man, recovered the horse and arrested Daniel Gillen, who was charged with the theft. Gillen pleaded guilty to the charge May 5, 1912, in the district court and was sentenced to serve from one year to eighteen months in the state penitentiary.

The sheriff paid Peck \$50 as expenses in capturing Gillen, according to the evidence. Peck, however, brought suit asking judgment against the sheriff for \$161, including \$5 a day for himself, \$3 for his team and \$25 for a man who went with him, according to the evidence.

MRS. ADELA FIERA LOSES
SUIT AGAINST J. A. LOWE

Judge Reynolds rendered judgment in favor of the defendant in the case of Mrs. Adela Fiera against J. A. Lowe, an attorney. She asked judgment for \$150. The case was the outcome of a dispute over attorney's fees. Lowe represented Mrs. Fiera when she obtained a divorce in Socorro county.

CONTRACTOR FILES SUIT
AGAINST BUTLER AUTO CO.

Edward Pomeroy, a contractor, has filed suit for \$412.21 in a suit filed yesterday against E. C. Butler and the Butler Auto Garage company. He entered into a contract with the defendants August 1, to build an office in the garage at Sixth street and Copper avenue, and alleges that he completed the work, but has not been paid.

RABBI MOISE BERGMANN
HAS ACCEPTED CALL
TO TEMPLE ALBERT

As foretold in the Journal several days ago, Rabbi Moise Bergmann, of Denver, will be the next pastor of Temple Albert congregation. His acceptance of the call to this city was signified in a telegram received yesterday by Dr. Mendel Silber.

Dr. Bergmann is a personal friend and college mate of Dr. Silber, and is a minister of high standing and wide experience, having been in charge of important churches in New Orleans, Grand Rapids and Denver. Like Dr. Silber, he is a young man, being only 28 years old. He is married and has two children.

Word has not yet been received as to when Dr. Bergmann will arrive in Albuquerque, but it is expected that he will reach the city several days prior to the departure of Dr. Silber for New Orleans. Dr. Silber intends to take up his work in his new field the first of the year, and will probably leave Albuquerque about December 28.

COMMISSION OF WHICH
MARTINEZ IS MEMBER
HAVING MUCH SUCCESS

According to a postcard received by the Journal from Hon. Felix Martinez, president of a Pan-American commission now touring South America for the purpose of arousing interest in the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco in 1915, the commission is meeting with great success. Mr. Martinez sent the postcard from Avenida Boira-Mar Rotaford, Brazil. He described briefly the cordial reception the United States cruiser, bearing the commission, received on its entrance to the harbor, warships of foreign nations joining in firing a salute.

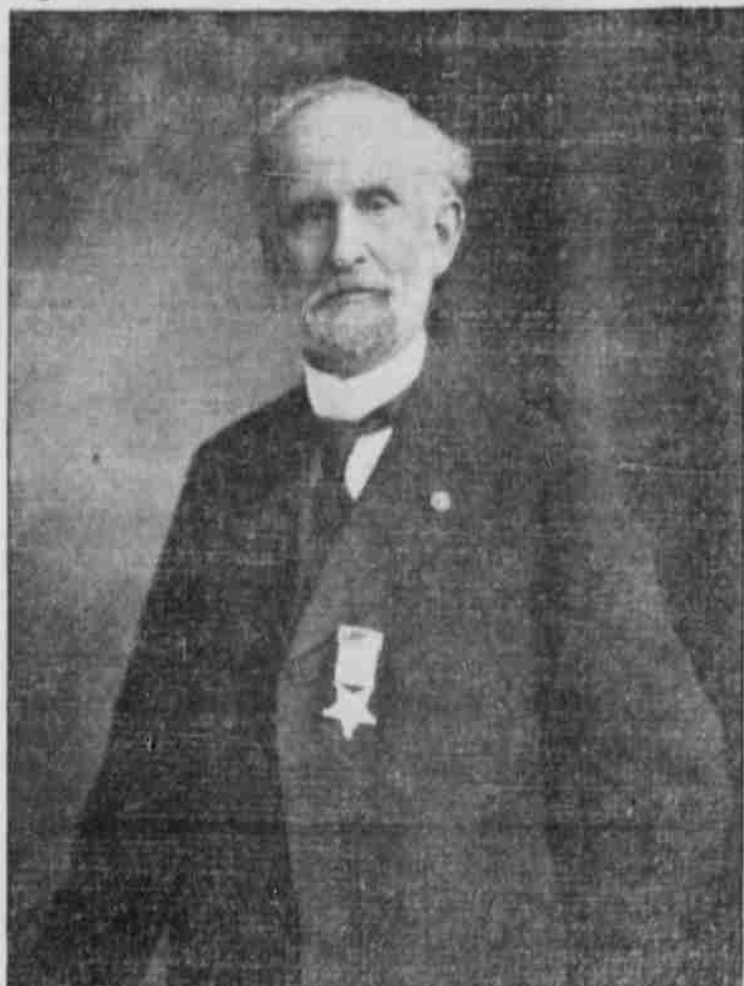
INDIANA POULTRY MAN
OFFERS WHITE ROCK
EGGS FOR CONTEST

A. B. Fabel of Hope, Ind., will give four settings of eggs as prizes for the essay-writing contest to be held for New Mexico school children. Mr. Fabel raises White Rocks. Deputy United States Marshal J. R. Galusha, who is a personal friend of Mr. Fabel, received the letter from him and turned it over to John Ruch, who is promoting the contest. Mr. Ruch expects to be able to announce the complete list of prize donors soon. He has been promised thirty-five sets of eggs.

Cure Your Colds While You Can
More real danger lurks in a cold than in any other of the minor ailments. The safe way is to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and rid yourself of the cold as quickly as possible. For sale by all dealers.

Try Tongue Coal, the new coal from Algodones. The best for all uses. Gallup, lump and stove. Carriage, lump and stove. Mountain Wood. Phone 912. Hugh Trotter, 402 North First.

Dr. Thomas Harwood, Pioneer Educator and Clergyman, Dying



Dr. Thomas Harwood.

Dr. Thomas Harwood, 54 years old, for many years superintendent of the Harwood Industrial school, north of Albuquerque, is dangerously ill. Last night his death was expected immediately.

Dr. Harwood gave up the superintendency of the Harwood school only a few months ago when, on account of his age, he decided to retire from active management of the institution.

He has continued to occupy his home opposite the school, however.

He was taken ill a week ago with a cold and his condition became worse rapidly. Thursday, Thomas M. Harwood, his nephew, who was in El Paso, was called home.

Dr. Harwood is a pioneer educator and Methodist clergyman of New Mexico, having entered the territory in 1869. He did not come to Albuquerque until 1895, however.

STATESON'S ROYAL CONCERN FELT FOR

BLUE SHOE STORE SAFETY OF JUDGE

OPENS TODAY COLIN NEBLETT

Modern in Equipment and Completely Stocked, Self Footwear Establishment Starts Auspiciously.

Stateson's Blue Royal Blue Shoe store, Albuquerque's newest and most luxuriously equipped business house, will make its bow to the public today, being formally opened at 2 o'clock this morning at 214 1-2 West Central avenue, next door to the Vain jewelry store.

George D. Stateson, well known in Albuquerque business circles, is proprietor of the new store. Mr. Stateson has installed the most modern self-mechanism fixtures and a store front, not only attractive but affording an excellent display effect. The fixtures are finished in leather.

The favorably known and extensively advertised line of Seta Royal Blue shoes will be handled exclusively by the store carrying a complete stock of men's, women's and children's shoes. The store service will be the very best, accommodation being the keynote. "One price to all" will be the policy; the marked prices will be adhered to strictly and business will be done on a cash basis, thus insuring the maximum of value.

A cordial invitation is extended to the public to inspect the new store today.

TEMPTING DISHES AT ROSENWALD'S

At the big Rosenwald Bros. store, on the second floor, tempting dishes for shoppers are being served by an expert demonstrator. Ladies, even the men, are welcomed to the "good things to eat" from the many delicious products of the National Biscuit company, Hunt's Quality of Fruits, and H. and K. coffees. Many took advantage of these free dishes yesterday, and many more are expected to avail themselves likewise today.

ARMY CHRISTMAS TREE FOR SUNDAY SCHOOL ON TUESDAY NIGHT

Captain Shattuck, of the Salvation Army, has announced that there will be an entertainment for the benefit of the army Sunday school at the hall on North Third street Tuesday evening. There will be a big Christmas tree for the scholars and a program that promises an evening of unusual entertainment for the little ones. The army will not have a Christmas tree for the benefit of the poor children this year. Instead, baskets containing Christmas toys and goodies will be distributed on Wednesday morning among deserving families who otherwise would not be on the terms with Santa Claus. Experience has shown that in this manner the best results are obtained without offending the sensibilities of many worthy people who would resent an offer of charity.

Beautiful Hand Painted China Pieces—only 50c, 95c and \$1.50. The Leader, 309 West Central.

DISTRICT INVESTIGATIVE COMMITTEE MEETS HERE

Judge Reynolds yesterday discharged Esquivela Montoya upon his filing a peace bond, without requiring him to pay the costs of the justice court. Montoya in a petition for a writ of habeas corpus, alleged that Justice (Gusar) Garcia of Pecos No. 15, sent him to jail because of his failure to pay costs of peace proceedings in his court. Judge Reynolds issued a writ, returnable yesterday, upon Montoya's petition, which was filed Thursday.

Concern was felt last night for the safety of Judge Colin Neblett, of the Sixth judicial circuit, while headquarters at Silver City, who left here yesterday morning in an automobile for Estancia, to hold court for Judge E. L. Meeker, who is disappointed in pending cases. Judge Neblett had failed to reach Estancia at a late hour last night, although he should have reached the town by 10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The party met with an accident. The judge left here in a touring car driven by Harry Bolson, with Ivan Mehan, also a passenger, as relief driver.

The trip through Tijeras canyon last at this time is very dangerous for automobiles since the mountain road is covered with ice and snow and a slide might precipitate a car to the bottom of the canyon.

When Judge Neblett, who had gone to McIntosh to meet Judge Neblett, telephoned to Albuquerque at midnight, asking whether the judge had started, and if he had, what had happened to him, friends here became alarmed. Early this morning Oakey Clifford, of the Clifford Taxi company, was dispatched to Tijeras canyon to ascertain if the car carrying Judge Neblett had met with an accident, or was merely stalled some place on the road.

Strong Blood

Or weak blood governs for good or ill every part of the body. The medicine that makes weak blood pure and strong is HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA. For over a third of a century it has been the leading blood purifier.

SITE IS PURCHASED FOR A BUSINESS COLLEGE HOME

J. E. Goodell Acquires Fifty-Foot Lot on Central Avenue at Northwest Corner of Sixth Street.

With a view to erecting thereon a three-story business block to be occupied as a home for the Albuquerque Business college, J. E. Goodell, president and manager of that institution, yesterday purchased the lot at the northwest corner of Central avenue and sixth street, 56x132 feet. The deal was closed by P. F. McCann, acting as agent for Miss Lena Armijo, owner of the property. The consideration was not announced.

Yesterday's transfer of the property was the third in its history. The first transfer was made in 1881, when the government transferred the property to the Albuquerque Townsite company. The townsite company later transferred it to Francisco Armijo, and upon his death, it reverted to one of his heirs, Miss Lena Armijo. By her it was transferred to J. E. Goodell.

By this purchase yesterday, Mr. Goodell has shown his faith in the future of Albuquerque as a city of metropolitan size. The property is one of the most desirable in the business district, the lot being in the same block in which stands the magnificent Masonic temple.

The remarkable growth of the Albuquerque Business college, which now occupies the Kopher block on North Second street, has made imperative larger quarters within the not distant future. The present lease is understood to run for two years, but this will enable Mr. Goodell to plan carefully for the future success of the school and decide on a building which will be adequate for all needs of the business college for some years to come.

From a school with one teacher and an enrollment of seven pupils four years ago, the Albuquerque Business college has grown into a school with a staff of six trained instructors and a combined enrollment for day and night schools of 130. It is recognized as the peer of any business college in the southwest and draws students from Colorado, Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona.

Speaking of his investment, Mr. Goodell said: "We have seen for some time that it would be necessary to provide larger quarters and a permanent home for the business college. The growth of the school has been gratifying to us and has really exceeded our expectations. Our present quarters have been overcrowded for some time and when the opportunity offered to purchase this property we took it, having not only every faith in the future of Albuquerque business property, but in property in this location.

"As soon as our present lease expires, we will begin construction of a three-story building on the property, using the first floor for business purposes and designing the two upper floors for the use of the college, making quarters which will be thoroughly modern and up-to-date.

HAROLD BELL WRIGHT WROTE NOVEL WITH NO THOUGHT OF GAIN

Occasionally some play strikes a note that rings out clear and true in the midst of the commonplace and impresses its auditor with the thought that it was written not for gain, not for pastime, but because some man had something to say to other men and he took this means of expression.

"The Shepherd of the Hills," Harold Bell Wright's dramatization of his novel of the same name, is this kind of play. Mr. Wright had felt within his soul the peace and beauty of the hills and he wished to set down their meaning before him. He made a play that in plot is compelling, one that never fails in sincerity. The people who move in it are so human that the auditor will pick them out for like and dislike as if he really knew them.

There is the shepherd, the man who came to the hills to learn, and remained to teach; old Matt, who cherished the memory of a wrong;

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.
The salicylic powder to be shaken into the shoes. If you want rest and comfort for tired, aching, swelling feet, use Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures corns and bunions of all pain and prevents chafes, sores and chilblains. Just the thing for dancing parties, Patent Leather shoes, and for breaking in new shoes. It is the greatest comfort discover of today. Try today. Sold everywhere. Don't accept cheap substitutes. For FREE trial package, address Allen S. Quinlan, Le Roy, N. Y.

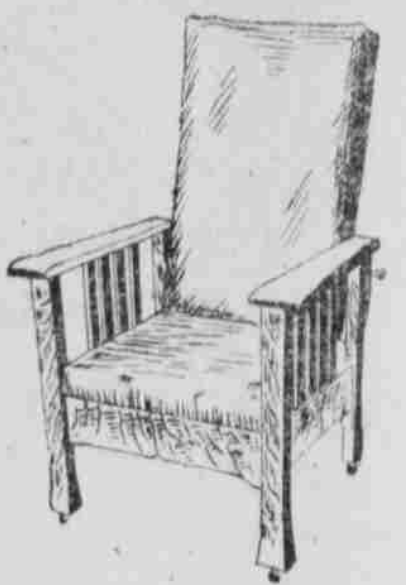
Removal Sale

Morris Chairs

Sale Price \$6.00; regular price \$10.00.

Sale Price \$10.00; regular price \$15.00.

Sale Price \$16.00; regular price \$21.50.



Ladies' Desks

Sale Price \$6.50; regular price \$10.00.
Sale Price \$8.50; regular price \$12.50.
Sale Price \$12.00; regular price \$15.00.

Music Cabinets

Sale Price \$8.50; regular price \$12.00.

Sale Price \$13.50; regular price \$17.50.

Sale Price \$18.65; regular price \$25.00.

Sale Price \$20.00; regular price \$27.50.

Every article in our store at a Reduction of from 20 to 50 per cent.



BUCKS Albert Faber ALBUQUERQUE, N. M. 308-310 West Central

ADVANCE DEPOSIT OF FEES TO BE REQUIRED IN LOCAL JUSTICE COURT

Justice George R. Craig announced yesterday that after January 1, an advance deposit for fees would be charged. The list made by the judge, follows: For simple suits, \$2.25; for garnishment cases, \$4.50; for attachment cases, \$4.25; for replevin, \$4.50; for forcible entry and detainer, \$2.75. This list does not include officer's costs, and any additional costs will be assessed at the time of the entry of judgment.

"The Shepherd of the Hills" will be the attraction at the Elks theater, matinee and night, December 25. The enormous popularity of Harold Bell Wright's novel indicates that the engagement of this, his first play, will prove a great popular success.

Many landlords and tenants first met through the want columns of The Journal.

Back at my old stand and will give all orders my personal attention. Quantity and quality guaranteed. Hugh Trotter, Coal and Wood.

Yellowstone

The Greatest American Whiskey

We made it great. Our friends have made it greater.

TAYLOR AND WILLIAMS
Distillers Louisville, Ky.

Consolidated Liquor Co.
Distributors Albuquerque, N. M.

EMPLOYEES BLAMED FOR MAJOR PART OF ACCIDENTS ON RAILWAYS

Interstate Commerce Commission Charges Seventy-Four Per Cent of Mishaps to Their Carelessness.

DEMANDS LEGISLATION TO REMEDY CONDITIONS

Violation of Simple Rules Which Should Have Been Easily Understood Causes Harrowing Results.

Washington, Dec. 19.—(By Associated Press.)—The Interstate Commerce Commission today made a report to Congress which makes a charge of carelessness against the employees of the railroads. The commission also recommends that it be given authority to supervise the issue of railroad securities and some measure of control over the capitalization.

Conditions disclosed by the commission's investigation of railroad accidents during the year present a situation which, the commission believes, ought to be the subject of immediate legislation. Seventy-four accidents investigated comprised fifty-one collisions and twenty-five derailments, and caused the death of 282 and the injury of 1,386 persons. Commenting upon these facts, the report says:

"The commission again is compelled to note the exceedingly large proportion of train accidents due to dereliction of duty on the part of employees. Fifty-six of the accidents investigated during the year, or nearly 74 per cent of the whole number, were directly caused by mistakes of employees. These mistakes were of the same nature as those noted by the commission in its last annual report, namely, disregard of fixed signals; improper flagging; failure to obey train orders; improper checking of train registers; misunderstanding of orders; occupying main track on time of approaching train; block operator allowed train to enter occupied block; dispatcher gave up order or used improper form of order; operator made mistake in copying order; switch left open in face of approaching train; excessive speed; failure to identify train that was met.

"These errors are exactly the ones which figure in the causes of train accidents year after year. Their persistence, leading always to the same harrowing results, points inevitably to the truth of one or the other of the following alternatives. Either a great majority of these deplorable railroad disasters are unavoidable or there exists a widespread lack of intelligent and well directed effort to minimize the mistakes of employees in the operation of trains. It is not believed that all these accidents which are caused by the mis-

Classical Statuary For Great Exposition Courts, Panama-Pacific International Exposition, San Francisco, 1915.



Copyright, 1913, by the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Co. Photo by W. W. Swadley, staff photographer. ONE of two ornamental groups, designed by sculptor Albert Jaegers, for the Court of the Four Seasons in Panama-Pacific International Exposition. This group will be placed on the terrace of the central garden of the court. The figures are of heroic size, made of imitation Travertine marble. The group is known as "The Harvest."

takes of employees are unavoidable. It is quite true that man is prone to error, and as long as absolute reliance is placed upon the human element in the operation of trains, accidents are bound to occur, but until it can be shown that all reasonable and proper measures have been taken for its prevention no accident can be claimed as unavoidable.

"All of the mistakes noted above are violations of simple rules, which should have been easily understood by men of sufficient intelligence to be entrusted with the operation of trains. The evidence is that in the main the rules are understood, but they are habitually violated by employees who are charged with responsibility for the safe movement of trains. The evidence also is that in many cases operating officers are cognizant of this habitual disregard of rules and no proper steps are taken to correct the evil. Many operating officers seem to proceed upon the theory that their responsibility ends with the promulgation of rules, apparently overlooking the fact that no matter how inherently good a rule may be, it is of no force unless it is obeyed. On very many railroads there is little or no system of inspection or supervision of the work of train service employees so far as pertains to those matters which vitally affect safety. Employees are not examined on the operating rules except at the time of their promotion, and only the most perfunctory efforts are made to determine

their fitness to perform the duties assigned to them from time to time.

"This lack of supervision and inspection with respect to matters affecting the safety of trains is inexplicable when the careful supervision of all matters directly affecting the revenue of the roads is considered. The auditing and checking systems used for detecting the dishonesty of employees are marvels of ingenuity and careful attention to detail, but means of determining whether trains are operated in accordance with the requirements of safety and in conformity with the rules are almost entirely lacking.

"In previous reports the commission has recommended legislation requiring the standardization of operating rules. It is vital to the safe movement of trains that rules should be explicit and uniform in character, so that they may be easily understood and that there may be no doubt as to their application. To this end federal legislation is necessary.

"Disobedience of signal indications on block-signalized railroads is one of the most serious phases of the accident situation. Such disobedience often occurs in passenger trains, and when it results in a collision or derailment a most deplorable casualty list is its inevitable accompaniment. Fourteen of the investigated accidents which have occurred on block-signalized roads since July 1, 1911, were caused by enginesmen running past signals or failing to reduce speed as directed by caution signals. In these fourteen accidents 195 persons were killed and 314 were injured. In seven of these accidents the culpable enginesmen themselves were killed.

"No adequate reason can be offered for these serious lapses from duty by men who in many cases suffer death as a consequence. Frequently it is hard even to suggest a plausible explanation for the disobedience of signal indications. That they are disobeyed, however, is a fact, and the lives that are annually sacrificed from this cause call loudly for some means of arresting its results. The most disastrous accidents of this character occur on roads equipped with modern systems of automatic block signals, where elaborate precautions to prevent accidents (short of guarding against the consequences of signal disobedience) have been taken. The trains involved in these lamentable disasters generally are operated by trusted employees of long experience, but the record abundantly proves that even splendid signal equipment and admirable discipline, coupled with long experience and high moral character on the part of employees, cannot prevent the occasional human failures which produce such fatal results.

"These facts are brought to the attention of the Congress, with the suggestion that these human failures indicate the necessity for the development and perfection of some system of automatic train control to be used in connection with existing signal systems.

"High speed was an important contributing cause of several serious accidents during the past year. On many roads there is no limit to the speed at which passenger trains are allowed to run. Enginesmen are thus encouraged to run their trains at excessive speed in an effort to make up time lost on schedules that are in many cases already sufficiently fast for safety. Such high speed is especially dangerous in times of fog or storm, when signals can be seen but a comparatively short distance. The maximum allowable speed of trains on all roads should be established at a safe limit, and it should not be left entirely to the judgment of enginesmen to determine whether or not this limit is exceeded.

"Inasmuch as the only purpose of investigation, the report continues, 'is to learn the true causes of accidents, so that such causes may be

eliminated as fully as practicable, it is manifestly impossible for the commission fully to accomplish such purpose unless empowered by law to enforce its recommendations. Furthermore, the commission should be authorized to conduct independent investigations with respect to all matters affecting the safety of railway travel, the object being to prevent accidents as far as possible rather than, as at present, merely to point out the causes of accidents after their occurrence. There is particular need for an investigation of the conditions surrounding the use of steel rails and our wheels upon railroads."

Among the important recommendations for new legislation are the following: That one period be fixed for the beginning of all actions relating to transportation charges and that that period be within three years from the completion of the service as to which damages are claimed.

That a carrier which fails to demand payment of charges for any transportation service within a period of ninety days shall be deemed guilty of giving a rebate to the shipper. That all suits brought to enforce or set aside orders of the commission be directly under the supervision of the commission, instead of as now, under the direction of the department of justice; and that the commission be charged primarily with the duty of the department of justice or private individuals to intervene to protect public or private interests.

That the commission be authorized to make orders, after investigation, respecting the construction and maintenance of the physical properties of railroads engaged in interstate commerce and rules and regulations pertaining to the use and operation of such properties.

That the commission be given control and supervision over railway capitalization.

That, further to minimize the danger of accidents, the commission be empowered to require the use of block signal systems and to require the adoption and use of steel of steel underframe cars in passenger service.

That explicit authority be given the commission to examine all books and records of common carriers subject to the law.

That the commission be relieved of all duties under the parcel post law, "or that such duties and the standards to be applied be more clearly stated."

The report gives some consideration to the law providing for physical valuation of railways. Up to the present time it has not been possible to do more than prepare an outline of the plans for the great task of valuing American railroad property.

FOUNDER OF JUNIOR REPUBLIC SAYS CHARGES ARE UNTRUE

Alleged Immorality Never Has Existed, Declares William R. George in a Statement to Country.

SCANDAL RESULTS FROM DIFFERENCES

People Opposed to Self-Governing Principle of Organization Go After Position of Well-Known Philanthropist.

New York, Dec. 19.—(By Associated Press.)—Differences between two hostile factions, William R. George, attributed this afternoon the recent recommendation of the state board of charities that he be removed from all active participation in the affairs of the George Junior Republic at Freeville, N. Y., founded by him more than ten years ago. Mr. George asserted the innocence of all charges made against him.

"It is misleading," he said, "after having established in the world a reputation for good character and service to have my name dragged in the mire as a debaucher of womanhood. Those who know me need no reassurance from me that I am perfectly innocent, but my tortures began in earnest when I think of the tens of thousands of people in whom I have spoken on public platforms and that they may say, 'that it is true after all that David George is a lying hypocrite and villain in disguise.'"

"The seat of the whole trouble is radical difference of opinion between two hostile camps; those who believe in the self-governing principles of the junior republic as the best means for training boys and girls for good citizenship, and those who believe in paternalism and discipline from above and institutional methods.

"Now what about this miserable stuff? A six-year-old charge, long ago investigated and discredited, even repudiated at one time by the one making it, has been dragged out with the idea of discrediting me.

"Finally in 1912 at my insistence the national association of junior republics appointed a joint committee to investigate everything about me from my birth. My entire life has been one of sexual purity, as certain detectives have found to their chagrin. All my life has been spent in Freeville and New York City, and every little word and cranny of my existence has been combed in vain. This committee, in order to settle this

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By Mrs. Janet McKenzie Hill

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Our instructions to the famous editor of the Boston Cooking School Magazine were: "Get up a book of recipes of the things people like best. Find the best way to make and bake each one. Then write it out so plainly that even an inexperienced housewife can't have a failure."

"The Cook's Book" was the result. Some of the 90 recipes were originated, many of them were improved upon, and all were personally tested by this best known authority on cooking in America, and she tells so clearly how she made everything that one cannot go astray.

While some of the cakes and pastry are elaborate enough for any occasion, the recipes are all thoroughly practical and call for no expensive and unusual ingredients. In addition to telling how to make them, the book is beautifully illustrated in colors showing how to arrange and serve the dishes appetizingly.

More than half a million of "The Cook's Book" are now in use in American households. Yet the demand is constantly increasing. Many send for two or three at a time to give to friends or young housekeepers. Don't depend on borrowing one from a neighbor—have one of your own.

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EUGENIC LAW MAY NOT BE ENFORCED

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 19.—(By Associated Press.)—"There is absolutely no likelihood of the calling of a special session of the legislature to consider the so-called eugenic marriage law," said Governor F. E. McEvoy today.

Never before have the people of Wisconsin been so aroused over a state bill. Ministers appear to be leading the defense of the bill, while doctors are heading the opposition.

Ministers said that the measure will lead to a general uplift of the future generations and have all of their arguments on the ethical side, while the doctors oppose the law, saying that the \$2 fee for examination of all prospective bridegrooms specified in the law is far too small and that they will refuse to make the examinations. Country physicians who are permitted to make the examinations say they cannot do so because they are not equipped to make the tests as required by the law.

News Go to Florida Home. Washington, Dec. 19.—Secretary and Mrs. Bryan left Washington tonight to spend Christmas at their winter place in Miami, Fla.

STORE OPENS AT 8:30 THIS MORNING!

Today will be the busiest day during this Holiday Shopping Season—come this morning sure—attend the big Discount Sale—and get FREE a handsome and useful KITCHEN CARVING SET, given away while they last to each customer spending \$1.00 or more.

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WATCHES, LAVALIERES, SLEEVE BUTTONS, BROOCHES, CHAINS, BRACELETS, STERLING SILVER, TOILET SETS, BRUSH SETS, CUT GLASS, CHIME CLOCKS, and everything you will find in an exclusive jewelry store.

If in the city, you will find it at Everitt's.

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"The Morning Journal has a higher circulation than any other paper in New Mexico."—The American Newspaper Directory.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1913.

PROPHETS OF EVIL.

Speaker Champ Clark replied vigorously and fully to the prophets of disaster. Chairman Hiles, who knows about as little of business as he does of politics, started it. Senator Reed made a speech that should not have been made by a man of his prominence before the country, because it had little warrant in fact and might have done great harm. Then Republican Floor Leader Mann emitted a wail.

As pointed out by the Journal before, there is a world-wide shortage of fluid capital. The chief reason for the shortage of the money shortage abroad lies in the fact that more than a billion dollars was wasted in the Balkan wars and the Russian and Austrian mobilizations. At home, conditions have been affected by the change in the tariff laws, to which business was forced to adjust itself, the prospect of drastic anti-trust legislation, labor troubles, the Mexican war scare, continued persecutions of combinations alleged by the government to be in restraint of trade, the financial embarrassment of the New Haven road and the passing of its dividend for the first time in forty years, the reversion of the Frisco, and the effect of the Balkan war extended to this country.

The embarrasment of the New Haven and the Frisco were not produced by the political or financial conditions of the country. Bad or dishonest management, or both, was responsible.

The expansion in Canada has been too rapid and the expenditures for the armies and navies in Europe have been too great. Production has been hindered too greatly by wasteful consumption. As a matter of fact economic conditions are sounder in the United States than anywhere else in the world today.

The currency bill will be a law within a few days. There will be injected into the circulation several hundred million dollars just as soon as the machinery of the new measure can be put into operation. That there is danger of over-inflation has been pointed out. That warning, the men in charge of the regional reserve banks probably will proceed with caution in the issuance of notes.

Not one thing should be borne in mind, while there has been security of money, the economic conditions of the country are sound and there is no reason for the founding of a false alarm by any man. Speaker Clark was more than justified in his criticism of the croakers.

THE SAVING POLICY.

During the Roosevelt administration there was an extreme development of federal intervention in local and private affairs. Like the benevolent father of the family, the president had a finger in every pie, from frank spelling to the size of families.

Under the Wilson administration, the federal government is hiding rather than giving in the development of the country. The states are not being hindered, people are permitted to breathe a little more freely and take a needed rest occasionally. The strenuous life is not so much in evidence. The White House is more like a dignified private residence than a menagerie.

The country likes the change.

SLIZER'S FUTURE FILL FLAT.

Mr. William S. Slicer, recently elected of the governorship of New York state, has been on a lecture tour, but he has not been greeted by waiting and sympathetic throngs. Only a few people have heard him anywhere. His receptions have been frigid at best. In most places they have been hard frozen.

The newspapers in the cities where he has appeared have noted his heavy clay nose and have joked about it a bit. Further than that he has had little attention from the press. Nothing either hostile or friendly has appeared anywhere. He has been ignored.

About twenty years ago, W. C. P. Breckenridge, the silver tongued orator of Kentucky, became involved in a scandal and a damage suit in which Miss Pollard was the plaintiff. Breckenridge lost the case and also lost a re-nomination for congress. Like Slicer, he was always hard pressed for

money, and on the advertising that had come to him as defendant in a malicious lawsuit and his reputation as an orator of the old school famous type, he started on a lecture tour. But the people failed to respond and after filling three or four lecture dates he quit the platform and went back to his law practice in Lexington.

While we are somewhat an emotional people, no man yet has successfully capitalized his infamy. Breckenridge tried it and failed. Slicer is failing. All of which inspires more confidence in the common sense and integrity of the American people.

THINGS ARE SHAPING.

Conditions are shaping themselves more and more in Mexico to the liking of President Wilson. The Huerta administration is crumbling. Reports come of autists among the federal soldiers because they have not been paid. The banks of the national capital are in a bad way and the notes of the central bank are being exchanged for hard money until now little or no more gold and silver can be had.

General Villa has been a great light and knows now that he cannot conduct war exactly as his semi-savage instincts might direct. Last Sunday furnished enough inflammatory news to hurt a continent into war. But as the week has passed the excitement has been allayed. So much of the federal news from Mexico City is untrue and so much of the rebel news from Juarez and Chihuahua is unreliable that it always is best to wait for confirmations from responsible sources before becoming excited.

As the days pass the danger of intervention becomes more remote and the downfall of Huerta more certain. Meantime this country can well afford to wait for events.

FOOLED BY FIGURES.

The people of the country are congratulating themselves on the fact that the United States has just produced the most valuable crop in history, measured by sale prices.

But the crop produced was next to the smallest for ten years. We would live to enthusiasm over the economic situation presented, but fail to see reason for doing so. While the farmer will get more money for his products, the consumers of the country will pay more money for their necessities.

As we see it, it would have been far better if the yield had been greater and the prices lower.

People are fooled about as easily by figures as they are by phrases. Usually they do not stop to analyze either.

Congressman Denver C. Church, of California, serving his first term, has introduced a bill to make adverse criticism of the business of the country a felony. Since the bookkeeper has not been active in Washington for some time, it is not believed that Mr. Church is in immediate danger.

The congressman who found chaos in the Philippines should have waited about making his report until after a visit during the early days of the independence that is to be conferred. Chaos is a hard word to beat.

It is said that Mr. Bryan cannot understand why the forty thousand dollar peace prize should have passed him by and gone to Senator Root. Mr. Bryan has been working for peace and he wants the money.

The damon hens put up their eggs in smaller packages just now. That is a better policy than reducing the eggs.

The Day in Congress

SENATE

Met at 10 a. m.

Completed debate on currency bill, with the expiration of passing it before adjournment tonight.

Senator Chamberlain introduced a bill to prevent discrimination against the soldiers of the United States and prohibit life insurance.

Passed administration currency bill by a vote of 74 to 24. Adjourned at 7:45 p. m. to noon Saturday.

HOUSE

Met at noon.

Representative Chandler of New York, addressed the foreign affairs committee on the treatment of Jews in Roumania.

Judiciary committee heard arguments on bill for an interstate trade commission.

Roads committee appointed a subcommittee of five members to agree on a special good roads bill.

Secretary Garrison endorsed before the military committee a bill to prohibit discrimination against army, navy and marine uniform.

A constitutional amendment for election terms for representatives in congress, subject to the will, proposed in a bill by Representative Kent of California.

Adjourned at 6:10 p. m. to noon Saturday.

Cautious.

Little Clara (to her small brother) "I heard papa saying you a little while ago."

Small Bobbie—"Did you? What did he say, Robert?"

Little Clara—"He said 'Robert'."

Small Bobbie—"Then I better go and see what he wants."—Chicago News.

A Danger Signal.

Hearings in a child that is subject to group in a sure sign of an approaching attack of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse and the attack may be warded off. For sale by all dealers.

GARRISON TALKS ON THE PHILIPPINE PROBLEM

Declares It Is One of Most Difficult Questions With Which Present Administration Must Deal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Secretary of War Lindley M. Garrison, in an interview on the Philippine problem, makes the following interesting statement for publication:

"One of the most difficult problems with which the United States has to deal is the Philippine problem. The American idea of government was expressed by Abraham Lincoln in the phrase 'government of the people, for the people, by the people.' That was also the idea of Thomas Jefferson, the founder of democracy, who wrote into the Declaration of Independence 'government is instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.'"

"That has been the guiding principle always of the political party founded by Jefferson, which is now, happily, in control of all branches of our government; the principle which found its expression as to the duty and obligation of the United States toward the Philippines in the declaration of the democratic national convention at Baltimore in these words: 'We have an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippine islands as soon as a stable government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed by us until the neutralization of the islands can be secured by treaty with other powers.'"

"This skeleton was clothed in flesh and blood, had the breath of life breathed into it, if you please, by the president's prospect to Burton Harrison, when he was sent to the Philippine people as the governor general of their government, saying: 'We regard ourselves as trustees, acting not for the advantage of the United States, but for the benefit of the people of the Philippine islands. Every step we take will be taken with a view to the ultimate independence of the islands and as a preparation for their independence; and we hope to move toward that end as rapidly as the safety and the permanent interest of the islands will permit.'"

"The last word on the policy of the United States toward our territories was spoken by the president in his address to the Congress at the beginning of the present session thus: 'Here we are trustees. Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippines, are ours, indeed, but not ours to do what we please with. Such territories, once regarded as mere possessions, are no longer to be selfishly exploited; they are part of the domain of public conscience and of serviceable and enlightened statesmanship. We must administer them for the people who live in them as toward our own people in our domestic affairs.'"

"No doubt we shall successfully enforce and Porto Rico and the Hawaiian islands to ourselves by ties of justice and interest and affection, but the performance of our duty toward the Philippines is a more difficult and delicate matter. We can satisfy the obligations of generous justice toward the people of Porto Rico, by giving them the ample and full rights and privileges accorded our own citizens in our own territories, and our obligations toward the people of Hawaii by perfecting the provision for self-government already granted them, but in the Philippines we must go further. We must hold steadily in view their ultimate independence, and we must move toward the line of that independence as steadily as the way can be cleared and the foundations thoughtfully and permanently laid."

"In performance of the pledge of his party and in keeping with his own well-considered view of what should be done, the president has already acceded to the people of the Philippines a majority in both houses of their legislative body and appointed five instead of four native citizens to membership in the governing commission. As the president said in his address to congress: 'In this we shall make proof of their capacity in counsel and their sense of responsibility in the exercise of political power.'"

"I have said in my annual report as secretary of war that the president's course in this matter had been well received both in the United States and in the islands, and this step will be carefully observed. Those best acquainted with conditions in the islands anticipate no evil consequences therefrom. The foreign trade of the Philippines during the last fiscal year reached \$19,000,000, an increase of a little over \$5,000,000 as compared with the preceding year. Of the imports of \$8,000,000, 45.1 per cent were from the United States, and of the exports of \$11,000,000, 27.4 per cent were to the United States. This year there will be more production of all the principal crops, and as I have said in my annual report to the president, the year in the Philippine islands has been one of orderly progress. There was during the year no incident which disturbed the peace of the Christian provinces of the archipelago."

"It may be that I shall be forced to repeat the recommendation of my predecessors that the limit of the bonded indebtedness for public works by the Philippine government be increased to \$15,000,000, but I shall make no such recommendation unless I shall be convinced on further study that such increase is absolutely necessary. If it be shown that the program has gone far enough in the direction of public works until revenues have been materially increased from existing sources, it

would be unwise at this time to enter into additional indebtedness. "I agree wholly with the president that 'step by step we should extend and perfect the system of self-government in the islands, making test of them and modifying them as experience dictates their successes and failures; that we should move and more put under the control of the native citizens of the archipelago the essential instruments of their life, their local instrumentalities of government, their schools, all the common interests of their communities, and as by counsel and experience set up a government which all the world will see to be suitable to a people whose affairs are under their own control. We are beginning to gain the confidence of the Philippine people, by their counsel and experience, rather than by our own. We shall learn best to serve them and how soon it will be possible and wise to withdraw our supervision."

BLACKMAILER OF OLD WOMEN PLEADS GUILTY

LOS ANGELES, Calif., Dec. 18.—F. E. Young, a church man and business man of Long Beach, is in the county hospital following his plea of guilty entered yesterday to charges that he had victimized several elderly women in a "love fraud" scheme.

According to the allegations, Young would pay ardent attention to elderly widows, and then, under the name of the Sunset Detective agency, threaten them with exposure unless they paid various sums as hush money.

After entering his plea of guilty, Young asked for probation.

GOETHALS ASSERTS HE AND METCALFE ARE FRIENDLY

Difference as to Plans for Administration of Canal Zone Does Not Justify Newspaper Criticisms.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE.

Franklin D. Roosevelt, in a report published in the United States that reflects the opinion of George Goethals, chairman of the Panama canal commission, and Richard L. Metcalfe, head of the department of civil administration, were strained, the following letter sent by Colonel Goethals under date of December 18, to Mr. Metcalfe, was made public today:

"Your letter of even date with enclosed newspaper clipping received. No one regrets more than I the attacks made upon you in the public press. That we hold different views on the question of permanent organization in no wise affected the relations which existed between us, and the congressional hearings will show that there entertained similar views to yours without prejudice to them."

"You were the first to inform me that an employee of the territorial department was circulating information concerning the commissary, alleging graft on the part of some officials connected with the department. You at the same time offered your service and expressed a desire to protect the work against scandal, consequently assisting me in the preliminary investigation and in securing all information in regard to the matter."

"There is no truth in the statement that I became offended because you recommended Mr. Thompson as the successor to Mr. Burke, and I recognized in this your desire to assist me by recommending a man you considered possessed of the necessary qualifications."

"The newspaper article in question misrepresents your attitude and the relations existing between us. No friction has existed at any time. You have loyally co-operated with me as stated when you first came to the isthmus and I appreciate the services you have rendered."

A Primer of Proposal

ENGAGEMENT—A pre-nuptial contract, executed upon a sofa, unwitnessed, sealed with kisses and attested by a ring.

OLD MAN—The director of home affairs, who puts either a seal or a heel to the engagement.

YES—A life sentence.

NO—A phrase from the eternal feminine eventually meaning "Yes."

DIAMOND—The winning trick in a heart suit.

DET—The value of a duke, international measure; a kind of rub thrown in by a desirable for good measure when giving his daughter away at an international wedding.

PROPOSAL—The answer to "What does girl do to when the rent comes round?"

FINANCE—A life sentence prisoner on parole.

BROTHER—A six-inch projectile used by the parental home guard in repelling heart breakers.

FOREVER—A love term signifying "Until the first quarrel."

INTENTIONS—What a five-dollar-a-week soda-fountain clerk would have if he could afford 'em.

RING FINGER—A bit of femininity entirely surrounded by promiss.

—STUART H. STONE, in Judge.

The Secret.

"Did you notice the great quantity of diamonds Anna is wearing?"

"Yes. She said her father blew him out for them."

"He probably did. Her father is a glassblower, I understand."—Judge.

The kiddies will tell you they like our Toys best. The Leader, 309 West Central.



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Of fine quality, made from carefully selected high-grade cocoa beans, skillfully blended, prepared by a perfect mechanical process, without the use of chemicals or dyes. It contains no added potato, possesses a delicious natural flavor, and is of great food value.

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Rewarding Watchful Employee Has Merit

(Christian Science Monitor).

ONE of the larger railway corporations of the United States, it is understood, has adopted a policy of rewards for those of its employees who are watchful enough of its interests to discover and report where savings may be made or efficiency may be advanced in the operation of any of its departments. The matter is reported to the press, the idea of the corporation would seem to be the enrichment through this method of the constant and best thought of its workers in its behalf. It may be held, and it might be held, that the corporation has a right to claim this of its workers by very reason of the fact that their names are on its payroll. Yet it will strike those acquainted even in a slight degree with the complexities of human character that the better course is to recognize, with the view of correcting it, the tendency of employees to assume that their obligations are fulfilled when they have performed as well as required, the particular tasks assigned them.

It has been a problem among managers of men to discover and to apply some means whereby the average worker might be induced to feel a real interest in the affairs of the concern employing him. That this has not been more generally accomplished accounts for differences that characterize one of the heaviest taxes upon modern industry. Thinking people, of late have been trying to devise remedies for a condition recognized universally as undesirable—a condition that makes for the separation of and, worse still, antagonism between these classes. Hence we have in these days much discussion of profit-sharing in various forms, and a growing sentiment favorable to the creation of something more tangible and substantial than a sentimental alliance between labor and capital.

The experiment of this railroad corporation may lead to far greater things than its managers anticipate. The individual reward, in itself, is of little consequence. What is important is the realization by a great corporation that it should enlist the interest of its employees more closely and more deeply in its affairs. If the employees are made to feel that they are equally a part of the concern they serve—that the concern they serve has a real interest in them—they will, it is certain, return in loyalty all they receive in appreciation. What is needed is that the stone wall between master and man should be broken down, and there are innumerable reasons why the master should be first in the work of demolishing it.

On Christmas Eve.
I think of the Christmas yet to come.
And those of the past, so pleasant;
But, truth to tell, I am most concerned
With the near-by Christmas present.
—Judge.

Journal wants being results because everybody reads The Journal.

Dolls and Toys

AND ALL KINDS OF GIFT GOODS FOR LESS.

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Doll Heads, 5c to 10c	10c
Doll Bodies, 10c to 50c	50c
Doll Beds, 25c to 50c	50c
Express Wagons, 25c to 50c	50c
Rocking Horses, \$2.75 to \$5.00	50c
50c Merry-Go-Round	25c
50c Tea Boxes	25c
15c Large Tin Tops	10c
50c and Cream Set	25c
Toy Sets of Dishes, 10c to 50c	50c
Hundreds of Toys, 5c to 10c	10c
Beautiful Handkerchiefs, 5c to 25c	50c
Large Silk Handkerchiefs	25c
Large Silk Mufflers, 75c and \$1.00	50c
President Suspenders	45c
Beautiful Wreaths	25c
10c Box Candle Holders	50c
Box of Christmas Tree Candles, 10c	50c
Puro, Fresh Candles	10c and up
Extra Mixed Nuts, 10c	20c
Extra Large Walnuts, 10c	20c
Sweet Oranges, doz.	20c
50-lb. box new Apples	\$1.00
50-lb. box large Red Apples	\$1.25
Wedding Coffee, 10c	20c
Wedding Breakfast Coffee, 10c	20c
Good Quality Roast Coffee, 10c	20c
Fancy Grade of Tea, 10c	45c

We are making a very low Price on Boys' Good Suits.

\$5.00 Suits at	\$3.50
\$4.00 Suits at	\$3.00
Boys' \$8.00 Overcoats	\$4.25
Boys' \$4.00 Overcoats	\$2.75
Boys' Shoes	\$1.25 and up
Men's Shoes	\$2.00 and up
Girls' Shoes	\$1.00 and up
Women's shoes	\$1.50 and up

Closing out of ALL FURS.
They make nice presents.

\$1.25 Baby Fur and Muff Set	85c
\$1.00 Fur Neck Piece	65c
\$1.50 Fur Neck Piece	\$1.00
\$2.00 Fur Neck Piece	\$1.25
\$3.50 Fur Neck Piece	\$2.25
\$6.00 Fur Neck Piece	\$2.75

and hundreds of other nice Gift Goods at Money-Saving Prices.

DOLDE'S

210-212 South Second Street, Phone 601.
ALL GOODS DELIVERED.
OPEN EVENINGS.

Real estate problems—purchases, sales or trades—are easily solved by Journal want ads. Read them, use them. Do it today.



Give it by the box for Christmas!

Nearly every dealer can now sell you a twenty package box of clean, pure, healthful

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

for 85 cents

You can send this sure-to-be-welcome delicacy to all you want to "remember." It's a big gift in long enjoyment—it's little in cost to you. Get it for yourself!

Be SURE it's Wrigley's

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPSIN GUM

THE FLAVOR LASTS

Chew it after every meal
Give regular help to teeth, breath, appetite and digestion

Crescent Hardware Co.

Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.
818 W. CENTRAL AVE. TELEPHONE 318

That Delicious MILK and CREAM**MATTHEW'S**

Phone 420

BOSS PATENT FLOUR

NEEDS NO PREMIUMS NOR COUPONS TO GIVE IT VALUE.
ITS VALUE IS IN THE QUALITY.

Try
L. B. P.
CANNED GREEN
CHILI

Strong Brothers Undertakers

PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE
75. STRONG BLDG. COPPER
AND SECOND.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.
SUBSCRIBERS who fail to re-
ceive the Morning Journal
should telephone HRYANT'S MES-
SAGES—Phone 794—giving
name and address, and the paper
will be delivered by a special mes-
senger. Phone 786.

\$5.00—REWARD—\$5.00
THE ABOVE REWARD will be
paid for the arrest and convic-
tion of anyone caught stealing
copies of the Morning Journal
from the doorways of subscribers.
JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

FORECAST.
Washington, Dec. 19.—New Mexico,
Fair Saturday and Sunday.

WEATHER REPORT.

For the twenty-four hours ending
at 6 o'clock yesterday evening:
Maximum temperature, 40 degrees;
minimum temperature, 29; range, 11.
Temperature at 5 p. m. yesterday, 32.
Northeast winds, partly cloudy.

Dr. Schwentker, Osteopath, Tel. 717.
For Candy Store—Beautiful boxes
of candy at 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

J. S. MacAvoy, a merchant of Mag-
dalena, arrived here last night for a
short business visit.

S. D. Hendy, Santa Fe coast lines
conductor, is confined to his home by
a severe attack of rheumatism.

Lincoln circle No. 3, Ladies of the
G. A. R., will hold a meeting at the
hall at 2 o'clock this afternoon. All
members are requested to be present.
By order of the president.

Train No. 1, due at 7 p. m., arrived
at 8:20 p. m., and the eastbound Cal-
ifornia limited, due at 6:40 p. m., ar-
rived at 10:20 p. m., last night. Draw-
heads in both trains were pulled out,
causing the delay.

Licenses to marry yesterday were
issued by County Clerk A. E. Walker
to Flaviano Sabedra and Barbara Ar-
mijo, both of Rancho de Atrisco; Sal-
mon Jaramilla, of Los Lunas, and
Mercedes Tafaya, of Albuquerque.

The Moose club rooms will be the
scene tonight of an enjoyable dance,
card party and banquet. The affair is
to be participated in by Moose and
their friends and though informal,
promises to be none the less deligh-
tful. The grand march starts at 8:45.

SPRINGER

TRANSFER CO.
MOVE PIANOS

Give a Navajo Rug

A first-class NAVAJO RUG
will last a lifetime; then why
not give something worth
while?

Ours are all First Class

EVERY RUG is distinct and
attractive in design. EVERY
RUG guaranteed all wool and
made by the NAVAJO IN-
DIANS.

Strong's Book Store

"Your Money Back if You Want It"

Don't forget the number

Everything to delight the
palate in the way of drinkables
at the CONSOLIDATED
LIQUOR COMPANY'S big
store, corner First and Copper.
Come and select the goods
yourself, or phone in your
Holiday order. Watch for our
Christmas window display.
Prompt Attention. Free Del-
ivery. Phone 138.

and all Moose are expected to be pre-
sent to show their guests a good time.
Music will be furnished by the Di-
mond orchestra.

John A. Logan Circle No. 1, Ladies
of the G. A. R., will meet in regular
session this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.
Refreshments will be served. Com-
rades are invited to be present. All
members are urged to attend. By or-
der of the president.

Two of the handsomest folders ever
written out to advertise the Santa Fe
de luxe and the California limited are
those which have just been issued by
the advertising department. Well de-
signed and carrying many original
drawings and designs printed in col-
ors, within their embossed covers, they
form two of the most artistic concep-
tions in the high art of present-day
railroad advertising.

SANTA FE CALENDAR FOR 1914 ONE OF FINEST EVER ISSUED

Perhaps the handsomest calendar
ever issued by the passenger depart-
ment of the Santa Fe railway, is that
for 1914.

Following out the Indian art of
the last few years, the calendar this
year, copyrighted by W. J. Black,
passenger traffic manager, is repro-
duced from an oil painting of E. Ir-
ving Cassou, a well known artist of
New York City, who spends his sum-
mers among the Taos Indians, of
northern New Mexico. Cassou has an
adobe studio home in the Mexican
village of Fernandez de Taos, in the
vicinity of the many-stered communal
dwellings of the Taos pueblo.

The picture itself represents a hand-
some and almost naked Taos youth,
named Wab-ah-ah (Good Medicine),
sitting beside the fireplace after the
day's work is done. The light of the
flames play upon his supple bronzed
body and upon the water jar in the
corner—a jar similar to a calendar
given by the Santa Fe some time ago.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Tom Boyer.
Tom Boyer, 25 years old, died at
1:20 o'clock yesterday morning at his
home, 314 South Edith street. He is
survived by a widow and one child,
who live in St. Louis, and a brother,
who is in Albuquerque. Funeral ser-
vices will be held at 8 o'clock this
morning at the Church of the Immacu-
late Conception, Father A. M. Man-
gall, S. J., officiating. Burial will be
in Santa Barbara cemetery.

Harry Baker.
Harry Baker, 25 years old, died
early yesterday morning at his apart-
ments in the Highlands. He was the
son of a prominent attorney in Los
Angeles and the body is held by
Strong Brothers, pending instructions
in regard to funeral arrangements
from the father, who was notified of
the death yesterday by telegraph.

Funeral of Mrs. Sandoval.
One of the largest funerals here re-
cently was that of Mrs. Antonia M.
Sandoval, held at 9 o'clock yesterday
morning from the Church of San Fe-
lippe de Neri, in Old Albuquerque.
Burial was in Santa Barbara ceme-
tery.

CHINESE LILIES.
Genuine Chinese Lilies for sale at
C. O. D. Laundry, 507 S. Second street.
CHONG LEE, Prop.

B. M. WILLIAMS
Dentist.
Rooms 1 and 3, Whiting Building,
Corner Second and Gold.
Phone No. 484.

CHOICE NAVAJO BLANKETS
FOR XMAS PRESENTS. LOUIS
WELFELD, 113 JOHN ST.

J. P. M'MURRAY IS VETERAN EMPLOYEE OF SANTA FE

Master Mechanic of Albu-
querque Shops Started Work
With Road as Engine Wiper
at Pueblo in 1877.

The December number of the Santa
Fe Magazine has a story concerning
J. P. M'Murray, master mechanic at
the Albuquerque shops, illustrated by
a picture of Mr. M'Murray. The lo-
cal master mechanic is a veteran em-
ployee of the Santa Fe system, as the
following story shows:

"J. P. M'Murray, master mechanic
at Albuquerque, N. M., was born in
Marshallton, Ia., on August 21, 1858.
He was graduated from the Brooklyn,
Ia., high school in the spring of 1877.
On October 8, 1877, he secured a po-
sition as wiper on the Santa Fe at
Pueblo under Master Mechanic E. D.
Cook, and on May 16, 1878, he was
promoted to be a locomotive fire-
man.

"He fired on several divisions at
the front, building the line from La
Junta south. On January 25, 1881,
he was promoted to be a switch en-
gineer in the San Marcial yard, and
on February 12, 1881, he was made
a road engineer. He was on a main
line freight engine of the Rio Grande
division from February 12, 1881, un-
til the spring of 1882, when he was
promoted to be a passenger engineer,
and he handled passenger engines
continuously on the Rio Grande di-
vision until February 1, 1908, when he
became road foreman of engines, hav-
ing jurisdiction over the Third dis-
trict, New Mexico division, and the
Rio Grande division.

"Mr. M'Murray served as road
foreman of engines on the New Mex-
ico and Rio Grande divisions, the
Western, Arkansas River and Colo-
rado divisions until May 15, 1912,
when he was made master mechanic
at Albuquerque, with jurisdiction over
the Albuquerque roundhouse and the
Rio Grande division. This position
he now holds.

"Mr. M'Murray's service has been
continuous since October 8, 1877,
nearly thirty-six years, and not a
person has been injured by machin-
ery under his charge, as "Safety
First" has always been his hobby.

SUSPECTED SMUGGLER TO BE TRANSFERRED TO JAIL AT DEMING

Deputy United States Marshal J. R.
Gallagher left last night for Columbu-
s, N. M., where he will receive Eugene
La Couture, charged with attempted
violation of the neutrality laws, from
the military authorities and transfer
him to the Luna county jail at Dem-
ing. The Frenchman is charged with
attempting to smuggle ammunition
across the Mexican border.

M. GEORGE will call with a fine se-
lection of Handmade Laces and Em-
broideries; everything in Ladies' and
Babies' Apparel. ALL KINDS OF
HANDMADE HOUSEHOLD LINENS,
CHRISTMAS GIFTS, PRICES REA-
SONABLE. Wedding Gifts. Costs
Nothing to See Goods. Phone 1725.

Journal wants bring results because
everybody reads The Journal.

CRYSTAL—PASTIME TODAY

"THE BIRTHDAY KING"
Biograph.
"ALEXIA'S STRATEGEM"
Edison Two-Reel Feature.
"ENOCH AND EZRA'S
FIRST SMOKE"
Comedy.
For Tomorrow—"For the Love of a
Toreador"—In two reels. During
the action of this play a Bull-
fight at Seville, Spain is
shown in its entirety, at-
tended by 36,000 people.

High Class Licensed Pictures and Exclusive Service

Skinner's Grocery**SPECIAL CHRISTMAS CANDY**

WE ARE OFFERING THE BEST VALUES IN THE
CITY. OUR QUALITY AND OUR PRICES
CANNOT BE BETTERED.

HEAD LETTUCE
CAULIFLOWER
TOMATOES
WHITE CELERY

IMPORTED FIGS
DROMEDARY DATES
LAYER RAISINS
FRESH COCONUTS

All New Crops Nuts, mixed as you buy them—
5 lbs. for \$1.10

Give us the order for your Turkey and have a good one.

J. A. Skinner
205 S. First St. Phones 60 and 61

TEACHER'S APARTMENTS AT ATRISCO MISSION SCHOOL BURGLARIZED

While Miss Leas, teacher of the Con-
gregational Mission school at Los
Ranchos de Atrisco, was in Albuquer-
que shopping Thursday night, a bur-
glar entered her room at the school
and stole a diamond ring and several
rare coins. The burglary was reported
to the sheriff's office yesterday.

Deputy sheriffs made an inspection
of the grounds about the school yester-
day, but owing to the multitude of
children's tracks about the build-
ing, they were unable to trail the
burglar.

Miss Leas discovered her loss upon
her return to the school Thursday
night, but owing to the fact that tele-
phone communication is impossible
between the school and Albuquerque,
she was unable to notify the officers
until yesterday morning, when she
sent a messenger.

Cut Glass Sherbet Glasses,
Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Gob-
lets—finest quality, most ar-
tistic designs. The Leader,
309 West Central.

C. H. CONNELL, M. D., D. O.
Osteopathic Specialist.
I treat all curable diseases. Office
Stern Bldg. Phone 656 and 335.

Auction!

On Monday,
the 22nd Inst.,

Starting sharp 2:00 p. m., at the
residence of Mrs. Mendel Sil-
ber, 114 South Seventh street,
I will sell at public auction the
contents of this residence,
consisting as follows:
1. Axminster Rugs, 9x12;
Rocks, Chairs, Leather
Lounge, Brass Beds, Springs
and Mattresses; Mahogany
Dresser, Chiffonier, Baby Bed,
Dining Room Pedestal Exten-
sion Table, 6 Dining Chairs to
match; Buffet, China Closet,
Office Desk and Office Chair,
Chiffonier, Dishes, Pictures,
Curtains, Refrigerator, Kitchen
Table, etc.

MONDAY NEXT—2 P. M.

Ed Frank, Auctioneer

LET US SEND A MAN

To Replace That Broken Window
Glass.
ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER
COMPANY
Phone 421. 433 N. First.

JOHN HERBOTH

THE PAINTER WHO GIVES
YOU A SQUARE DEAL.

Phone 1493-J. 201 Lewis Ave.

WALLACE HESSELDEN

General Contractors.

Figures and workmanship count.
We guarantee more for your money
than any other contracting firm in
Albuquerque. Office at
SUPERIOR PLANING MILL
Phone 377.

Gifts for Men

As we cater to the
needs of men only,
we are better pre-
pared to supply
your wants in that
line than a general
store. See our lines
of

Bath Robes
House Coats
and Neckwear

We believe we can give you more actual
value than any store in town.

SIMON STERN

(INCORPORATED)

A Merry Christmas

Our spread of Christmas Footwear is certainly a grand one.
This is the verdict of everybody who has seen our display.

The Very Best of Christmas Gifts

Shoes for the Street, Shoes for the Evening, Shoes for Dress
—the Swellest of the Swell.

All sorts of cold and wet weather Footwear protection—
Rubbers, Arctics, Rubber Boots, Felt Shoes, Overgaiters.
Choice Slippers of every description—we have a regular
Christmas Slipper Banquet. Opera Slippers, Pumps, Ever-
etts, Romeos, in felt or leather.

We Can't Tell You the Half! Won't You Come To See?

Men's Shoes	\$2.50 to \$5.50
Men's Slippers	\$.75 to \$2.50
Women's Shoes	\$1.25 to \$5.00
Women's Pumps	\$2.00 to \$3.50
Women's House Slippers	\$.65 to \$2.00
Shoes for Boys and Girls	\$1.00 to \$3.00
Shoes for the Babies	\$.50 to \$1.50

C. MAY

314 WEST CENTRAL AVE.

HAHN COAL CO

ANTHRACITE, ALL SIZES, STEAM COAL.
Coke, Mill Wood, Factory Wood, Cord Wood, Native Kindling, Lumber

Gallup Lump Cerrillos Lump Gallup Store Cerrillos Store
PHONE 91.

Only Five Days More

SHORT days, with something for
everyone to do for Christmas.

TO NOT think ahead, or to neglect
attending to what would be nice
to do, as you have honestly said to your-
self, will be a disappointment to two per-
sons—yourself and another.

IF YOU would like us to "suggest" we
know we can solve your gift problems.

YOU WILL say so yourself when you
see the complete stock of better and
prettier merchandise we have collected.
The assortments are so large and varied,
you will be sure to find something you
will like.

Kistler, Collister & Co.

ALBUQUERQUE'S DRY GOODS SHOP
PHONE 283 313-315 W. CENTRAL

**OVERCOATS**

We still have a complete line of Overcoats in all colors rang-
ing in price from \$15 to \$30.

YOUTHS' COATS \$5.00 to \$18.00

THESE MAKE ELEGANT PRESENTS.

Mail Orders Delivered Free.

E. L. Washburn Co.