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CALIFORNIA GIVES ROOSEVELT LESS THAN THOUSAND PLURALITY

Indications Point to Defeat of One Bull Moose Elector Who Was Scratched at Polls by Progressives.

DEMOCRATS LIKELY TO CONTEST RETURNS

James D. Phelan and Rudolph Spreckles Offer Reward of \$5,000 for Each Conviction of Election Fraud.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, Nov. 8.—With seventy-nine small precincts to hear from, the vote of California on president is as follows:

Roosevelt, 281,369; Wilson, 280,618.
These totals were compiled today from correct official returns from the county seats. The 79 precincts remaining unreported are all in remote regions. It is probable that the vote of many of them will not be known before the official canvass.

Out of a maze of uncertainty an entire new tabulation today, based upon corrected returns from virtually all county seats, developed these facts: Roosevelt has a plurality of the popular vote over Wilson that the few remote precincts unreported are not likely to overturn.

Not all of the Roosevelt electors, however, may have won. The name of Lieutenant Governor Albert J. Wallace, which headed his electoral ticket, was scratched by many voters, presumably because of his course in commuting the death sentences of murderers while acting governor.

In many instances, it is said Wallace's name was actually pencilled off the ballot. Attorney General Webb has rendered an opinion that such ballots were invalidated.

Acting upon this opinion, the democratic managers have announced that if the final returns leave Roosevelt still in the lead, they will challenge the vote of Los Angeles county, where the progressives rolled up their heaviest plurality and where Wallace ran behind the other Roosevelt electors.

Wilson and Roosevelt alternated in the lead early in the day, when the distant mountain precincts began to struggle in bringing with them many surprises in the way of reversals from expected results. Toward evening, Roosevelt began to draw away, his margin being augmented by several corrections of totals from county seats, based upon complete and official returns. By 4:00 p. m., it had increased to nearly 1,000 votes and it became almost certain that the unreported precincts in counties carried by the democratic ticket would not overcome this lead.

The final disposition of California's electoral college may be decided by the courts. Democratic managers, in the announcement of their determination to challenge the Los Angeles county vote in the event of a Roosevelt victory on the formal count, declared their action based not only on the alleged counting of progressive ballots invalidated by pencil scratches but on alleged errors and irregularity of republican judges of election in excluding valid democratic ballots.

James D. Phelan and Rudolph Spreckles, state central committee late today to offer a reward of \$5,000 in any one supplying evidence leading to the conviction of any person on a charge of perpetrating election frauds. According to the terms of the offer, this reward will be paid for each individual conviction.

The wide discrepancy in the complete returns from Los Angeles county as compared with the earlier returns—a change that wiped out an apparent lead of approximately 6,000 votes for Wilson in the state—was due in part to a switch in the method of tabulating the popular vote. At the outset, the record was made up from the vote cast for the head of each electoral ticket. Later, when it became apparent that many progressives had not voted for Wallace, the first Roosevelt elector, progressive leaders demanded of the county clerk a recount in which a vote for any elector in the progressive column was tallied as a vote for Roosevelt.

Late returns tonight reversed a progressive plurality in the Eleven congressional district and gave the victory to a democratic elector, increasing the democratic representation from California to four, reducing the progressive to three. William Kettner, democrat, is shown to have defeated Samuel C. Evans, progressive, by a vote of 24,662 to 21,172. The single county of San Diego gave Kettner a plurality of more than 8,000.

SOCIALISTS POLL BIG VOTE IN WASHINGTON.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 8.—It is estimated that the socialists polled 40,000 votes for Debs in the state of Washington last Tuesday. Miss Anna Maley, socialist candidate for governor, did not run nearly so well. In

Snohomish and Kitsap counties, Debs received more votes than either Wilson or Taft. These are both Roosevelt counties, however, and the progressives got the county offices and seats in the legislature.

A socialist representative to the legislature was elected from Mason county. There is a chance that a socialist senator was elected from the district embracing Kitsap, Mason and Island counties. Still other socialist candidates are pressing closely in the uncompleted count.

Owing to the exciting contest for the governorship an attempt has not been made to compile a list of members of the legislature. It is known, however, that a great many progressives were elected, and that the democrats made gains. It is not unlikely that the progressives and democrats combined will have a majority in the house. Half the senators hold over and nearly all are republicans, hence the new senate will be safely republican.

There are no decisive returns on offices below governor, but it is believed the majority of the republican candidates were elected, the other places going to the progressives.

SENATOR DIXON LOSES IN MONTANA ELECTION.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 8.—Belated returns from Montana did not serve today to make a single change in the relative positions of the various contenders or to disturb the commanding lead of Woodrow Wilson and other democratic candidates. On the face of the returns from 517 other precincts of 916 in the state, Montana will have a democratic senator, a democratic governor and two democratic congressmen with a democratic majority of twelve in the lower house of the legislature and three in the senate.

Returns from these precincts give Wilson 20,527; Roosevelt 15,162; Taft 13,380.

For senator, Walsh, democrat, has maintained a lead of 7,000 over Dixon, progressive, who in turn is well ahead of Smith, republican.

For governor, Stewart, democrat, is leading Wilson, republican, by more than 2,000 with Edwards, progressive, third.

For congressmen, Stout and Evans, democrats, continue to lead Pray, republican, their nearest rival, by substantial pluralities.

Official figures from twenty-eight counties incomplete, give Debs' vote 7,742.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE LEADS IN WASHINGTON.

Seattle, Nov. 8.—With seventy-five small precincts missing, Lister, democratic candidate for governor, has 94,615 votes; Hay, republican, 93,362. Lister's plurality is 383. Governor Hay gained steadily in the returns received today and wiped out nearly a thousand of the plurality with which Lister began the day. However, the small counties from which Hay expected pluralities are pretty well cleared up and the precincts outstanding are in many counties. It is possible that tomorrow's returns will take away Lister's plurality, and the official count will be necessary to determine the winner.

The progressive elected all their candidates for the legislature in Pierce county and a number in King and other counties. Some of the members-elect were prominent in the republican movement until the parting of the ways and then decided to stay with the republican party because they were sure of nomination and election. This will probably aid with the progressives in the legislature.

LATE RETURNS SHOW IDAHO LOST TO TAFT

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 8.—Returns received late tonight representing four-fifths of the vote of the state indicate that Wilson has carried Idaho by a small majority. An official count may be necessary.

The returns received up to 1 a. m. gave Taft, 30,241; Wilson, 29,709; Roosevelt, 14,628. Precincts to be heard from are democratic.

WYOMING GOES SAFELY FOR GOVERNOR WILSON.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 8.—With four counties incomplete and not counted, the vote on president gives Wilson 12,314; Taft 11,589; Roosevelt 6,471. Republicans concede Wilson's plurality to be 800.

The senatorship is still in dispute. The vote in the next legislature gives republicans 26; democrats 40, with Lincoln county, holding eight legislators, still in doubt and the republicans conceding the democrats a possible 38 in the legislature.

PROHIBITION IS BEATEN BADLY IN COLORADO.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 8.—Complete returns from twenty-one counties, including Denver, of the sixty-two in the state, indicate the certain defeat of prohibition, in many instances, of the various bills and amendments voted upon at last Tuesday's election. In other cases the vote is so close that only final returns from all the counties will decide their fate.

The count so far indicates that the largest majority for or against any of the measures will be the vote polled against the statewide prohibition amendment. However, the majorities for the headless ballot and the women's eight-hour law will be larger in proportion to the total cast if the present ratio is maintained. The measure providing for the recall of court decisions appears to have passed.

ACCIDENT POLICY IS SPURNED BY ROOSEVELT

New York, Nov. 8.—When Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was informed today that an accident policy for \$25,000 had been taken out last June in behalf of his family by The Outlook, and that the policy was still in force at the time he was shot, he declined to accept any indemnity and directed that the policy be surrendered.

CONTROL OF SENATE BY DEMOCRATS PRACTICALLY IS ASSURED

Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia Sums Up Situation in Outlining Probable Plans of Majority.

PREDICTS HIS PARTY WILL HAVE 50 SEATS

If This Should Prove True, Then Republicans and Progressives Will Clearly be in Minority.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Washington, Nov. 8.—The reorganization of the senate by the democrats on the 4th of March is assured, said Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, today, in summing up the status of the senate after March 4th.

Senator Smith spoke with assurance, due largely to his familiarity with the situation on account of his connection with the senatorial branch of the campaign work. He spent a month in Chicago looking after the legislatures in various states.

"We have thirty democrats who hold over and five who have already been elected, making thirty-five," said the senator. "We have democrats from Georgia, Texas, Kansas, Arkansas, Montana, Oklahoma, North Carolina, South Carolina and two from Colorado, who have been elected in the primaries."

"The democrats undoubtedly have carried the legislatures of New Jersey and Delaware, which insure democratic senators from each of those states. Advances from Nevada and Oregon clearly indicate the election of democratic candidates for the senate. This would give forty-nine democrats or a positive majority of the senate."

Senator Smith was inclined to make additional claims on the states which are considered doubtful. He said that according to his advisers, the democrats will have a majority of the legislature of Tennessee, which would insure a democratic senator from that state. He also counted on further democratic accessions from Illinois and from some of the other states.

"We can rely safely on fifty democrats in the next senate," he declared. "Senator Smith's summary of democratic control in the senate is substantially in accord with the general view taken at the senate wing of the capitol. In other quarters an impartial survey of the returns gives totals up to the present time as follows: Democrats, 45; republicans, 41; doubtful, 7. Total membership, 93."

The seven seats still classed as doubtful are the two from Illinois and one each from Michigan, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee and Wyoming.

Without any of these seven doubtful seats, the present assured democratic strength of forty-eight is exactly half of the total membership and is sufficient, with the vote of Vice President Marshall, on a tie, to control the senate.

The test as to the political affiliation of the progressives will soon come after the convening of congress on the first Monday in December. "If I could have my way," said Senator Oliver, of Pennsylvania, one of the foremost of the standard republicans today, "I would determine the question at the earliest moment. With the vice president no longer with us it will become imperative to elect a president pro tem of the senate as soon as we convene. As is generally known the progressives refuse to support Senator Gallinger, who was the caucus nominee president pro tem of the last session. I would call another caucus to name a candidate for this office and would make his support a test of party loyalty on the part of senators claiming to be republicans."

Complete Program of Educational Association for Today

The complete program of the Educational association for today is as follows:

General Program.

(At Elks' theater, 9 a. m.)
Music—Las Vegas High School Glee club.

Report on school laws passed by the last legislature, by Robert F. Asplund, chief clerk of the state department of education.

Music—Santa Fe High School Glee club.

9:15—Addresses on "Needed School Legislation," by members of the state legislature. General discussion by members of the association.

11:15—Business meeting: Reports of committees, miscellaneous.

(At Elks' theater, 8 p. m.)
8:06—Insurance of Dr. David R. Boyd as president of the University of New Mexico.

Section Programs.

At central high school building, 2 p. m.

Educational council. Superintendent White, chairman.

GOVERNMENT GIVES CONSTANT NOBLE TO CONTINUE IN POSSESSION OF TURKS

People in Ottoman Capital Have Virtually Abandoned All Hope of Serious Resistance to Bulgarians.

ADRIANOPLE MAY SURRENDER SOON

Austria, Germany and Italy Make Clear to Serbia That She Must Not Attempt to Have Port on Adriatic.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
London, Nov. 8.—Judging from tonight's dispatches, Constantinople virtually has abandoned hopes of the dilly of the Turks to offer serious resistance at the Thessalonika line and is showing the necessity of calling the city's manhood to the defense of the city itself. If this is the case the end of the war cannot be far distant. The Greeks today achieved the crowning feat of their campaign by occupying Thessalonika. It is not known whether the Turkish garrison of 15,000 evacuated the city before the coming of the Greeks or surrendered. It is believed, however, they evacuated.

The Greeks still have to capture Adrianople and Scutari, also held out, but it is reported the two principal forces outside of Adrianople have been captured. A despatch to the Vienna Reichspost says four parliors for the surrender of Adrianople have begun.

With the approach of the end of the war diplomatic difficulties are becoming formidable. They are taking the form of a conflict between the triple alliance and the triple entente, which may prove almost an unbearable strain on European diplomacy. The situation is so grave that a special meeting of the British cabinet was summoned today to hear the views of Sir Edward Grey, the foreign minister, as a result of his recent conference with all the interested European governments in London and also to prepare for a statement on the subject which Premier Asquith is to make at the mayor's banquet at the Guild hall tonight.

There is reason to believe that Austria has made it clear to Serbia, and the powers that she never will consent to Serbia occupying Albania or ports on the Adriatic. It is reported that the powers recently have approached the Balkan allies with a view of ascertaining upon what terms they were prepared to accept peace. It is understood the allies were not disposed to commit themselves and insisted upon direct negotiations with Turkey.

It is believed the only outcome of the European parliors thus far is an understanding that the Turks shall not be driven from Constantinople. One result of the conflict of the powers over the division of the spoils has been to strengthen Turkey's determination not to appeal to the allies for peace but to resist to the end.

It is asserted in Vienna that the ministers of Germany and Italy in Belgrade have been instructed to declare that the triple alliance will record the appearance of Serbia on the Adriatic as contrary to their interests.

Testimony that dynamite was taken to the iron workers' headquarters in Indianapolis to within a few weeks before the McNamara were arrested, was given by Martin J. Hyland, chief of police of Indianapolis. He identified newspapers that had been wrapped about four packages of dynamite. They were newspapers from Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, the latest being dated April 3, 1911.

James B. McNamara was then in Seattle and the government charged that Clancy met him there. On August 21st an office building under construction in Seattle was blown up by the iron workers' union executive board to the California building trade council for use in promoting the union at Los Angeles. A receipt for the amount, signed by Olaf A. Teilmoe, secretary of the council, was produced.

James B. McNamara in the mean time visited San Francisco and later went to Los Angeles where he blew up the Times building October 1st. Clancy visited Michael J. Young, of Boston, another defendant, but according to telegrams, hurried back to San Francisco when he heard twenty-one persons had been killed.

The government contends the correspondence shows that McNamara's mission to the Pacific coast was known to Clancy, Teilmoe and to J. E. Munsey, of Salt Lake City, who is charged with harboring the dynamiter for two weeks after the explosion.

MRS. LESH IS HERE TO INTEREST IN RICH ESTATE

Mysterious Disappearance of Child Cleared Up When Woman Confessed to Perpetrating Two Murders.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Jacksonville, Ill., Nov. 7.—Mrs. Pansy Hastings Lesh, who told police authorities in Los Angeles that she had killed two women in Missouri by poisoning them, formerly resided in Jacksonville. She was the daughter of Hiram N. Hastings, who married Cora Luttrell, daughter of the late J. M. Luttrell.

The child was brought here by her parents when two years old. Her mother took the baby to a relative one evening to keep it while she went to a party. That was the last ever seen of the mother. The whereabouts of the daughter was never known after her birth. She has been sought especially since last May, when J. M. Luttrell died, leaving an estate valued at \$75,000, in which the child has a part.

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BANDITS HOLD UP S. P. DE LUXE PASSENGER

One Robber is Killed by Brakeman, Other Escapes to Hills with Registered Mail; Passengers Unmolested.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Reading, Cal., Nov. 8.—The north-bound Santa limited, the Southern Pacific's coast train de luxe, was held up and robbed and one bandit was killed at Delta, thirty miles north of here tonight.

The composition of the dead bandit seemed with the registered mail. None of the passengers were injured. A plucky brakeman nearly frustrated the robbers and accounted for the one killed.

The Santa stopped at Delta for water, and two bandits boarded the train here. One climbed over the tender and covered the fireman and engineer with a revolver. The other seized the mail car and held up the mail clerks.

A brakeman, who had dropped off the train on the side away from the station, saw the extra man on the tender and guessed the situation. He ran to the nearest store, caught up a rifle, and returning, shot the robber who was on the tender.

GUN MEN'S TRIAL IN NEW YORK BEGINS

New York, Nov. 9.—Five of the twelve jurors for the trial of the four gun men accused of the killing of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, had been chosen when the opening day's session of the trial was adjourned, this evening.

The four prisoners, "Dago Frank," "Whitey Lewis," "Lefty Louis" and "Gyp the Blood," were summoned before Justice Coffey in the supreme court in the middle of the afternoon.

The men had elected to be tried together. It is believed the jury will be completed by noon tomorrow.

LETTERS CONTINUE CHIEF FEATURE OF TRIAL

Government Introduces Alleged Damaging Correspondence Between Labor Leaders Regarding Explosions.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Indianapolis, Nov. 8.—I enclose these photographs which took from the gallery. That was the way Edward Smythe, secretary of an iron workers' union at Peoria, Ill., sent to the union's international headquarters at Indianapolis, a photograph of Herbert S. Hookin, member of the executive board which had been taken from the rogue's gallery in the police department, according to letters produced by the government at the trial of the accused "dynamite" conspirators, today.

John J. McNamara's reply to Smythe as read, was:

"That was not the way to send that photograph. Hereafter when you find photographs of members of the executive board in the rogue's gallery, put them in a separate envelope and mark 'personal.' President Ryan was present when your letter came and I told him he had a fine executive board."

Hookin, accused by Orville McNamara as the director of the flying squadron of dynamiters, and now successful to McNamara, was said by the government to have been photographed in Detroit where he formerly lived.

After the loss of life at the Los Angeles explosion and during the six months before the arrest of the dynamiters, McNamara wrote letters to members of the union cautioning them to be "careful" as to the kind of letters they sent to headquarters, it was charged in connection with the reading of a McNamara letter to Murray L. Pennell, of Springfield, Ill., as follows:

"Am surprised at the kind of letter you wrote. Hereafter be more careful, for the Lord only knows who reads these letters."

The government produced a notice headed "Warning" and signed by President Ryan and Hookin which was published in the union magazine a month after the McNamara's were arrested and the purpose of which was to induce the members to destroy evidence about dynamiting.

Accusations that Philip A. Cooley, of New Orleans, had an iron worker admitted to membership in the union to do dynamiting and that Cooley planned an explosion at Houston, Tex., were detailed by the government.

A McNamara letter dated January 18, 1911, to Cooley was read:

"It seems to be common knowledge that a certain member was admitted for a purpose and all these details seem to be known by several people. I am of the opinion that it would be unwise to do anything whatever. Under existing circumstances a person cannot be too careful, for there are so many persons acting as informers."

"Another report received was that you wanted some organizing work done for much less than it was worth and much less than was set aside for this particular job. I can understand what would be if some four-finger got all the particulars then got cold feet, he would justify himself by saying somebody was double-crossing him."

SOCIALIST LEADS TAFT IN ARIZONA BL CLOSE VOTE

While Wilson Carried State, Roosevelt Gave Him Good Run, with Debs Third and Republican Candidate Fourth

(Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal.)
Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 8.—With two-thirds of the precincts of the state heard from, Arizona appears to have sent Wilson by between 2,500 and 2,000. The incomplete returns give the democratic presidential electors 5,774; Roosevelt 5,234; Debs 2,211; Taft 2,585. The significance shown by the returns is that Taft, the republican candidate, is fourth in the race on the incomplete returns, being a few votes behind Debs. The socialist nominee for president, the complete returns will show that Wilson by a large margin, not change the standing of the candidates materially, except that the official count may put Taft ahead of Debs. This, however, is by no means certain.

SHEIK - UL - ISLAM PROCLAIMS HOLY WAR AGAINST INVADERS

Head of Mohammedan Faith in Turkey Calls Upon Priesthood to Join Military and Urge Soldiers to Fight.

MOSLEMS UNITE TO REPEL BALKAN ARMY

It is Believed That Present Ministry Has United Support of All Parties Throughout Ottoman Empire.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
London, Nov. 8.—An unexpected despatch received from Constantinople says:

"Friday—Salonika has been occupied by the Greek troops. Their approach was attended by awful scenes. Before the Greeks entered the town, the elements of disorder broke loose and a terrible massacre of the non-Moslem population took place. Shooting and looting were general. When the Greeks took possession they imprisoned all the pasha's officials and Turkish officials. The Turks in captivity in Salonika number 27,000."

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Constantinople, Nov. 8.—The Sheik ul Islam, head of the hierarchy in Turkey, today issued the following appeal for a holy war in a manifesto addressed to the Ulema and Hodkas: "With a view to exciting and encouraging the soldiers of the enemies who surround us, their priests, cross in hand, are working in the ranks of the army. It is not fitting that our Ulema should neglect the accomplishment of a similar duty."

"In order that the victory and glory promised by the almighty prophet may be granted without delay to the Ottoman army, it is necessary that the venerable Ulema organize a Jihad. Such a holy war has moreover become an obligation if the condition of the Ottoman soldiers, who are all heroes, is to be strengthened."

"Ulema who feel that they possess the aptitude and strength to participate in this important task are invited to present themselves immediately at the Sheik ul Islam, which will send those selected to the army."

There have been rumors for a day or two that the ministry was unstable, owing to its request for mediation by the European powers, but the newspapers say this situation has given way before the demand of the army and of public opinion that the war be continued. The common danger seems to have united all parties.

This is shown by the perfunctory outbursts of the newspapers of all political shades urging a fight to a finish. The explanation of this new born unanimity may be found in the suggestion by a high government official that if it is found impossible to hold the line at Thessalonika, other defenses are possible before the enemy can reach this city. Every male who has reached the age of 15 years will be expected to be ready to perform his share in the duty of protecting the capital.

Mahmoud Shekfat Pasha, ex-minister of war, saw Kiamil Pasha, the grand vizier, today. It is reported that Shekfat will be appointed inspector general of the army.

According to Turkish official reports, Mussulman villages in the Pallas and Kirdare districts have been burned by Bulgarian troops, and Daoud and Topuklu and surrounding villages also were destroyed.

Stories of the distress among the Turkish troops of the panic which seized upon various bodies of the men, and what is worse, tales of pillage, rape and massacre, continue to come in from various points.

It is reported that the Turkish commander in chief, has decided to send to their homes several thousand of his men who have shown the white feather on the fields of battle, but logic would suggest that they deserved severe punishment.

Reports of the excesses of the fleeing Turkish troops in the town of Silivry, a port on the coast of Marmora southwest of the Thessalonika line apparently are authentic. Many of the inhabitants are said to have been massacred and the town almost completely burned. The population of Silivry was mostly Greek.

Such stories as these do not tend to assure the minds of the dwellers in Constantinople, where sufficiently panicky feeling already prevails. Some of the sensational stories telegraphed abroad concerning the situation in Constantinople are not only exaggerated but mischievous, as they are likely not only to react but cause trouble locally among friends of the colonies.

The presence of warships of the foreign powers, which it is understood will number twelve, is the surest guarantee for the safety of the property and lives of Europeans, but the Turkish government also desires credit for the strong measures it has taken for keeping order within the capital.

The authorities are acting under a plan arranged by the foreign officers.

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and the foreign consulates also have devised arrangements to protect their subjects. Two British steamers are lying in the harbor ready to embark British subjects and the people of other countries have similarly been provided for.

The lack of news from the theater of operations confirms the view already telegraphed that the Bulgarians, as well as the Turks, are much exhausted from the fierce battles at Lule Burgas and Tchaus.

Both sides apparently are resting for a few days in order to recuperate, replenish supplies, and await reinforcements.

That Bulgaria is beginning to feel the strain of the tremendous effort to defeat the Turks is proved by the fact that several youths who are being educated in Constantinople, and who are just 17 years of age, have been called to the colors.

The Turks are utilizing the breathing spell to prepare for the final effort to restrain the Bulgarians at the Tchaus line. Large numbers of members of the first reserves are arriving from the southern provinces, and the government is drawing upon the province of Ezerum and Baburt, Asiatic Turkey, which previously had not been touched. Several batteries of artillery have been sent to Tchaus, including fifty-four guns confiscated from the Serbians at the Aegean sea.

The region to be introduced in Albania. The adjustment of the conflicting Austrian and Italian special claims in such a way that the other powers shall not be prejudiced. Apart from all these viable controversies comes news of the proclamation of a Russian protectorate over Chinese territory equal in extent to one-third of the whole of Europe.

GERMANY, AUSTRIA AND ITALY AGAINST SERBIA.
Rome, Nov. 8.—The representatives of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy, during their conference in Berlin, decided to propose to Great Britain, France and Russia the formula of "Alliance for the Balkans" as a solution of the Balkan situation, according to information received here.

Both Austria-Hungary and Italy are represented as having agreed not to make any claims for themselves and jointly to help Serbia from reaching the sea through Albania.

KING GEORGE HEARS OF SALONIKES SURRENDER.

Athens, Nov. 8.—King George received Crown Prince Constantine's telegram announcing the fall of Salonika at night, and left immediately for the capital city by special train. A solemn to do was celebrated in the cathedral here and the streets of the capital were filled with people singing, waving flags and cheering for Crown Prince Constantine and the army.

Details of the battle of Yenidje received here today from Yoh show that 50,000 Turkish troops were engaged, fighting lasted throughout the morning and ended in favor of the Greeks. Two divisions of whom attacked the Turks in the rear and were a decisive blow to the battle.

A special train is now taking four hundred blackheads from the North and ordered to rush in the Turkish coast where, after a three and one-half days' sail, she could arrive a full fortnight ahead of the big cruisers.

Attorney Secretary of State Wilson tonight is considering the advisability of using the Uragua and if he makes the request, she will sail tomorrow.

The Uragua is a fine new craft commanded by Captain R. C. Crook. She carries a crew of seventy men and could furnish refuge for five hundred or more Americans.

The Tennessee, the flagship of Rear Admiral Knight, who will command the expedition, and the Montana, which will carry seven hundred sailors and a company of marines.

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Bulgarian legation here. Bulgarian troops will, however, go to the Turkish capital. The official, in the course of an interview, said:

"Even had other circumstances not rendered such a course necessary, the latest action of Nizam Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, in informing the Turkish grand vizier that his army desires to continue the war, compels Bulgaria to enter the Ottoman capital."

Bulgaria desires to insure a stable and lasting peace. This is impossible so long as any portion of the Turkish army is able to declare it is willing to continue the war. It therefore, is necessary to place beyond all doubt the absolute defeat of the Ottoman army and to prove to the world who is the conqueror by the entry of Bulgarian troops into Constantinople."

Famine menaces the inhabitants of the Turkish fortress of Janina, in the extreme western part of the Balkan peninsula, according to a news agency despatch from Athens. It is reported that the Turkish authorities have been committed there by the Turkish authorities.

While some quarters believe the omens are favorable for an amicable settlement of the present situation arising out of the claims of the Balkan allies and the determination of Austria that their ambitions shall not be realized, it is difficult to adjust the two points of view. It is said, that Germany, Austria and Italy will accept Serbia as a part of the Aegean sea, but Serbia wants part of Albania and a part on the Adriatic coast and her armies are now pushing in that direction.

EUROPEAN POWERS CLASH OVER TURKISH SPOILS.

Paris, Nov. 8.—The two new groups of European powers, known as the triple alliance and the triple entente, which, together compose the so-called concert of Europe, today found themselves badly out of tune over the rupture between Serbia and Austria on the question of Serbian access to the Adriatic sea.

With France leading, France and England are inclined to support the Serbian claims on which Austria-Hungary, encouraged by Germany and Italy, apparently has placed a direct veto.

Among other brilliant international difficulties over which diplomatic Paris is today is gravely concerned, are:

The compensation Roumania will demand as an offset to the aggression of Bulgaria.

The future standing of the Balkan states, Constantinople, Salonika and Turkey in Asia.

The fate of the islands in the Aegean sea.

The region to be introduced in Albania.

The adjustment of the conflicting Austrian and Italian special claims in such a way that the other powers shall not be prejudiced.

Apart from all these viable controversies comes news of the proclamation of a Russian protectorate over Chinese territory equal in extent to one-third of the whole of Europe.

GERMANY, AUSTRIA AND ITALY AGAINST SERBIA.

Rome, Nov. 8.—The representatives of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy, during their conference in Berlin, decided to propose to Great Britain, France and Russia the formula of "Alliance for the Balkans" as a solution of the Balkan situation, according to information received here.

Both Austria-Hungary and Italy are represented as having agreed not to make any claims for themselves and jointly to help Serbia from reaching the sea through Albania.

KING GEORGE HEARS OF SALONIKES SURRENDER.

Athens, Nov. 8.—King George received Crown Prince Constantine's telegram announcing the fall of Salonika at night, and left immediately for the capital city by special train. A solemn to do was celebrated in the cathedral here and the streets of the capital were filled with people singing, waving flags and cheering for Crown Prince Constantine and the army.

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GOVERNOR WILSON MEANS TO HAVE GOOD REST

Policy of President-Elect is to "Listen" During Next Few Weeks After Which He May Talk.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.
Princeton, Nov. 8.—President-elect Wilson intends to follow out his "listening policy" for several weeks before making any announcements of importance.

The president-elect said tonight he had decided to go away next week on a vacation of three or four weeks, during which time he would be out of reach of political callers. The place where he will go will be announced later.

Governor Wilson said he was in need of rest and intended to get himself in good physical condition for the session of the New Jersey legislature, beginning the first of the year, when he will carry the weighty burden of a legislative program for the state and the preliminary arrangements for his presidential administration.

The president-elect took a five-mile walk today around the Princeton battlefield of revolutionary days.

Governor Wilson stopped for a few minutes to talk with Mrs. Anna Ricketts, 55 years old, his next door neighbor.

Governor Wilson likes to chat with Mrs. Ricketts because, though far advanced in years, he said she retained a remarkable cleavage of intellect.

Several telegrams came today, one from Eugene Chaffin, the prohibition candidate for the presidency. He wired his congratulations and added, "I move to make it unanimous."

THE MAKE PRICES.

Reeds, per lb. \$.40
Tacks, per lb. \$.45
Double Point Tacks, lb. \$.45
Hundred Axes \$.75
Oil Cloth Store Squares, 70c to 1.40
Heavy Linoleum, square ft. \$.75
Tubs, \$.50 to \$.65
Wire Clothes Lines \$.20
Table-Top Boards \$.125
Galvanized Wash Boilers \$.100
Clothes, Baskets \$.60 to 1.25
Buggy Whips \$.40 to .65
1 pkgs. Green Starch \$.25
1 pkgs. Corn Starch \$.25
15 lbs. Sugar \$.100
Archie Coffee \$.25
7 bars White Laundry Soap \$.25
10 lbs. Dry Onions \$.25

WM. KUEKE,
211 South First Street.

New pictures—Pastime and Crystal.

GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT SHOWS BUMPER

Aggregate Value of Principal Farm Products for This Year Estimated at Well Above Five Billion Dollars.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.
Washington, Nov. 8.—A corn crop of 1,169,137,000 bushels, or 281,921,000 bushels more than the greatest crop of corn ever grown in any country of the world, is the feature of the country's most remarkable agricultural year in history, according to the November crop report of the federal department of agriculture issued today.

The report completed the government's preliminary estimate of the nation's principal farm crops. This great crop of corn was worth on November 1st, in fact, \$1,234,556,000.

The enormous sum of \$4,171,124,000 represented the farm value on November 1st, of the crops of corn, hay, wheat, oats, potatoes, barley, flaxseed, rice and buckwheat. With the value of the growing cotton crop and the crops of tobacco, rice and apples, the aggregate value of these principal farm products will amount well beyond \$5,000,000,000.

Record crops of corn, potatoes, flaxseed, oats, barley, rice and hay were harvested this year.

An English Author Writes:

"No shade, no shine, no fruit, no flowers, no leaves—November! Many Americans would not be free from fear of this month, but it becomes constantly troublesome. There is a substantial proof that malaria is a constitutional disease. It is related to scrofula and consumption, being one of the worst diseases. Hood's Sarsaparilla has shown that it is capable of eradicating scrofula, completely curing malaria, and taken in time prevents consumption. We cannot show any sufferer can put off taking this medicine in view of the widely published record of its radical and permanent cures. It is undoubtedly America's Greatest Medicine for America's Greatest Disease—Malaria."

Arriving in his private car, Mr. Walter hurried to El Paso and asked the post hospital to see Corporal John D. Walter, aged 25, ill of typhoid fever.

The doctor entered the ward and went over the young soldier's case, and the two talked a short time before the financier's son breathed his last.

"Being the body to my own," said Mr. Walter. "I will have it interred at our old home in Stanton, Va. Corporal Walter is my son."

The father, with the body of his son, left on a late train today with the story of the millionaire's son's enlistment as a common soldier unexploited.

Just arrived: A new lot of fine Navajo rugs. Clarke's Curio Store.

CLASS ROOMS ARE DECORATED WITH SCHOOL WORK

More Than Twenty-Five Institutions Have Exhibits at Central Building for Teachers to View.

Exhibitions from all of the larger schools in the state and many of the smaller ones drew interested crowds of teachers and school patrons to the Central school building yesterday.

The displays were hung on the walls and placed on tables in every classroom in the building. They consisted for the most part of the work of manual training and domestic science classes, but there were also exhibits of penmanship, drawing and composition.

That the teachers were interested in this work was evident in the fact that even while sectional meetings were in session in the exhibit rooms, they poured in and marched around the walls examining the specimens and comparing the work done in other schools with that of their classes.

Here are the schools represented by exhibits:

New Mexico School of Mines, New Mexico Normal University, Indian schools, Quay county, Los Grillos, Eschscholtz, Union county, Santa Fe, Las Cruces, Los Lunas, San Jose, Belen, Peralta, Tularosa, Bernal, Magdalena, Mesa, Durango, District No. 13, Old Town, Albuquerque, Silver City, Carrizosa, Elephant Butte, Socorro.

In addition to the school exhibits, Ginn & Co., and the American Book Company had stalls of text books and works of interest to teachers. W. W. Coulton, superintendent of the Des Moines schools, had charge of the latter display, and R. R. Larkin, of Las Vegas, was in charge of the Ginn & Co. exhibit.

In the assembly room were exhibited the prize winning entries of the boys' and girls clubs at the state fair.

ORE COLLECTION FROM THE SCHOOL OF MINES.

Prof. G. E. Anderson, of the New Mexico State School of Mines, brought with him a collection of iron, copper, lead, zinc, gold and silver ores, and rock formations minerals. All the minerals of the state are represented in his collection, which is on the second floor of the Central school building.

The collection was arranged as an educational set with the particular view of adding these also as interest in rocks and minerals, to become familiar with a few of the rocks and ores as they are in this state.

Professor Anderson says he is willing to furnish duplicate sets to high school principals and instructors.

WILL MAKE SCHOOLS ACTUALLY SELF-SUPPORTING.

An exhibit in the Union county exhibit is the blue prints made by the class in mechanical drawing and the book binding. This county has a large display of the work of industrial classes.

H. H. Errett, superintendent of Union county, plans to make the schools there self-supporting. He will place the articles made by the manual training and domestic science classes on sale. The students will receive a percentage of the sale price of the articles and the remainder will go to the schools.

The domestic science department of the Clayton school, Union county, is perhaps one of the best equipped in the state. It has four electric plates and an electric bake oven.

DIRECTOR TO LEARN HOW TO BURN CLAY.

In the Santa Fe exhibit are several pieces of clay pottery, made by the students. Mrs. Theresa B. White, state director of industrial training, introduced this work in the Santa Fe schools.

Mrs. White says she intends to take a course in clay burning from Indiana so that she may be able to teach it in connection with her work. The pottery introduced by the Santa Fe pupils is made of native clay, obtained about eight miles from the city, but it is not burned.

ONLY THREE WEEKS TO PREPARE EXHIBIT.

An exhibit that ranks with any of the others is that of Cerrillos. The interesting fact about it is that the pupils had only three weeks in which to get it ready, as manual training and domestic science were not taught at that school until less than a month ago.

TRANSIT MADE BY STUDENT EXHIBITED.

A home made transit is a feature of the New Mexico Normal University's display.

The trigonometry class at the university needed a transit—a surveying instrument—but lacked the \$250 necessary to buy one. Manuel A. Sanchez, a student in the manual training class, met this emergency by making a transit. The instrument is as perfect as the others and in addition to the regular surveying use it could be used.

Prof. O. C. Zinn, who has charge of the manual training department, declares that this piece of work exemplifies the aim of this branch of teaching.

POLICE BLOSSOM OUT IN HANDSOME NEW OVERCOATS.

Albuquerque's finest are wearing new overcoats today, the result of an order sent in several weeks ago. The new coats are of heavy blue cloth, cut long and with a military collar. They have the usual brass buttons and are lined as extra in addition to the regular uniform as could be wished.

All the officers are now equipped with them. Winter caps have been ordered and will be here within a few days.

REGISTRATION IS COMPULSORY AT BOND ELECTION

Those Who Would Vote on December 10 for \$100,000 Issue for High School Must Make Preparations.

It was announced yesterday by George S. Klock, attorney for the board of education, and President A. J. Maloy, that all those who would exercise their franchise at the special election to be held on December 10th, to vote on the proposition to issue \$100,000 in bonds for the purpose of building a new high school for Albuquerque, must register at that time.

The law makes the special registration of the voters for elections of this kind absolutely compulsory. While there is no doubt but that the bonds will receive an overwhelming majority, at the same time it is desired that as large a vote be polled in favor of them as is possible, hence the administration to register.

Boards of registration for this election were appointed on Thursday night by the city council at its meeting, following the proclamation of Mayor D. K. R. Sellers calling the election. These boards are expected to organize the first of the coming week and the registration books will be open thereafter for a period of ten days.

The membership of the boards, together with the place of registration, are as follows:

First Ward—H. J. Collins, P. Hanley, R. H. Crowe. Place of registration, New Mexico Cigar Company.

Second Ward—C. G. Cushman, S. E. Roehl, William Klock. Place of registration, Alvarado Pharmacy.

Third Ward—J. P. McGuire, N. G. McDonald, S. E. Roehl. Place of registration, the Smoke House.

Fourth Ward—R. W. D. Hiram, Dr. L. H. Chamberlin, A. Fisher. Place of registration, R. Rupp's drug store.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of R. W. Gilroy. Cures a Cold in One Day, Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.

CLASH ANTICIPATED OVER REPORT ON RESOLUTIONS

Educators Not Expected to Look with Favor on Law Creating Office of Industrial Education Superintendent.

Indications last night were that the business session of the New Mexico Educational Association this morning might be enlivened with a clash. The anticipated conflict is expected to come when the resolutions committee makes its report. Whether the matter will be successfully cleared up before the report is brought in is doubtful.

The phase of the report over which the friction is expected to arise is a resolution offered yesterday, to the committee, condemning the office of state superintendent of industrial education, created by a bill which passed the last legislature. The bill was advocated, it is said, by Mrs. Theresa B. White, the present incumbent of the office it creates.

She is an appointee of Superintendent White, of the department of public instruction, and her term ends with the fiscal year, that is, at the end of this month.

The opposition is not toward Mrs. White, personally, but there is a well defined sentiment that the office is impractical and not necessary, and it is expected that the resolution condemning the passage of the bill will carry.

New pictures—Pastime and Crystal.

LUNA AND GRANT COUNTIES MAY HOLD JOINT MEETINGS

The Grant County Teachers' Association yesterday afternoon decided to ask the teachers of Luna county to hold joint county meetings.

Several Luna county teachers were present and approved of this plan. Nineteen Grant county teachers attended the meeting.

The joint meetings, if the Luna county association accepts the invitation, are to be held at Deming.

M. T. Dye is president of the Grant county organization.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE BLIND HEARD. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Pills. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels.

Take one or two, three or four, five or six, as directed. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels.

Druggists, ask for CHICHESTER'S PILLS. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels. They are the only pills that will cure you of all the troubles of the bowels.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Relieves CATARRH of the BLADDER and all Discharges in 24 HOURS

SANTAL MIDY

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SANTAL MIDY

Roots Barks Herbs

That have great medicinal power, are raised to their highest efficiency, for purifying and enriching the blood, as they are combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

SEAT SALE BEGINS TODAY FOR POLLY OF THE CIRCUS

Because of Big Hit Scored by This Comedy-Drama Last Season, Record Audience is Expected.

The advance seat sale for "Polly of the Circus," a comedy drama which scored a big hit in Albuquerque last season on its first appearance at the Grand theater, and which will play a return engagement here on next Tuesday night, will open this morning at Matinee.

The will of Fanny F. Van Riper, who owned considerable property here, was yesterday filed for probate in the local county clerk's office, together with a petition from A. J. Maloy, counsel for the estate, to sell certain real estate located here and belonging to Mrs. Van Riper. The estate is estimated at \$12,000,000.

The will provides that everything shall go to Kenneth Bradford Van Riper when he shall have reached the age of 30 years. Until he is 25, he will receive an allowance of \$15,000 a year, and from then until he reaches the entire estate, all the profits arising from it, in addition to the conversion of real estate into cash, which shall be reinvested in the same.

WILL OF FANNY VAN RIPER. RIPER IS FILED FOR PROBATE IN COUNTY

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"I am pleased to recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as the best thing I know of and safest remedy for coughs, colds and bronchial trouble," writes Mrs. L. B. Arnold, of Denver, Colo. "We have used it repeatedly and it has never failed to give relief." For sale by all druggists.

The Joy of Getting Home—TIZ

A Ten Minute TIZ Foot Bath and Your Feet are Like New.

Send for Free Trial Package Today.

These are not supposed to be your feet. You may be a busy man, but your feet are not. They are in a TIZ foot bath and are like new.



Away to the corns, bunions, calluses, the chilblains, the pains, aches, soreness and all foot troubles. Follow the millions of happy TIZ feet and you will then realize that TIZ works on a new principle, draws out all the poisons that cause foot troubles, and TIZ is the only remedy that does the work. Don't forget this fact, and don't, under any circumstances, accept a substitute. Be good to your feet and demand TIZ. All drug stores, department or general stores have it at 25 cents a box, and for those who don't know what real foot comfort is write to Walter Luther Dodge & Co., 1223 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill., for a free trial package today.

PRISONERS LEAVE FOR SANTA FE TO COMMENCE TERMS

Five prisoners sentenced in the district court Thursday were taken yesterday morning to the state penitentiary to begin serving their terms. Among them were Theodore Goulet, who drew seventy to ninety-nine years for the shooting of Policeman Alex Knapp last January; Sam Lyle, colored, who drew forty to sixty years for shooting his car, also colored; Sam Armijo, who received a sentence of four to four and a half years for shooting E. W. Lee, James Armstrong, who received a sentence of twelve to eighteen months for the larceny of an automobile, and Eduardo Cruz, who drew a similar sentence for four, shooting a woman.

The men were in custody of Sheriff James Romero.

Philip Raynor, arrested here several days ago on a charge of white slaying, was yesterday taken back to Denver for trial by Deputy United States Marshal Henry Sosa.

"I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, Ore. This remedy is also unexcelled for colds and croup. For sale by all druggists.

All goods reduced and priced the same to all. Clarke's Cigar Store.

Megollon Stage and Auto Line

DAILY.

Leave Silver City—7 a. m.
Arrive Megollon—4 p. m.
Leave Megollon—7 a. m.
Arrive Silver City—4 p. m.
Special Cars on Request.
Call or Address: C. W. Marriott, Prop.
Silver City, N. M.

THE WM. FARR COMPANY

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FRESH AND SALT MEATS
Sausages a Specialty
For cattle and hogs the highest market prices are paid.

Elks' Theater

Nov. 12, 1912

ANNUAL TOUR

Frederick Thompson

Presents

MISS
Elsie St. Leon

IN

Margaret Mayo's Masterpiece
POLLY OF THE CIRCUS
Original Production.

PRICES: 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

Seats on Sale at Morrison's

WATCHES

All standard makes, including Elgin, Waltham, Hampden, Illinois, Rockford and Hamilton at prices from \$2.50 up. Write for list.
E. L. DODGE
Albuquerque, N. M.

GENIUS SMOTHERED IN CLASS ROOMS SAYS DEAN D. E. PHILLIPS

Head of Department of Education and Philosophy of University of Denver Pleads for New Methods.

STUDY OF PECULIAR CHILDREN IMPORTANT

Strong Address Before Educational Association Plea for Deeper Search for Possible Budding Leaders in Thought.

A strong and eloquent plea for a deeper study of the unusual child, rather than the defective child, was the burden of an address delivered last night at the Elks' theater before a large audience. The speaker was Dean D. E. Phillips, head of the department of philosophy and education at the University of Denver. The audience was composed largely of educators, the occasion being one of the meetings of the State Educational Association now in session here. Dean Phillips' address opens up a phase of the educational question strongly in contrast to the present trend of the educational idea, in that it urged special attention for the budding genius, the child which shows possibilities of greatness, rather than for the defective, for which class present day schools men and women are now doing all in their power. It was the old cry of survival of the fittest, only Dean Phillips phrased it differently. He said that it was better to develop the great ones, those who would ultimately be of most benefit to society, rather than to strive to bring the defective ones up to normal. Leaders were what the world wanted, he declared, and not an additional number of mediocre members of society.

Dean Phillips' address was little short of revolutionary, but it was a splendid effort, and it was easily seen that he had presented his case in a manner that made the audience think. He had something to say, and when he had said it, he stopped talking. Although his address occupied practically an hour, attention was concentrated upon it and him all the time and that it made a deep impression there can be no doubt.

Miss Mary McElie, director of music at the University of New Mexico, made a pleasing vocal solo before the address, and was heartily cheered by the audience. Miss McElie was in splendid voice and rendered her number and encore in a way that left nothing to be desired.

The faculty quartette of the Normal school sang after the address had been concluded, receiving the applause which has greeted their every appearance at this meeting.

Dean C. E. Hodgkin, of the University of New Mexico, made a brief address announcing the inaugural exercises of Dr. David Ross Boyd as president of that institution tonight and inviting all to attend.

PHILLIPS' ADDRESS IS RECEIVED WITH INTEREST.

Dr. Phillips really needed no introduction to the audience, having appeared before the Educational Association yesterday morning. Every one who heard him then was on hand last night, with as many friends as he or she could muster.

Dr. Phillips said, in part: "There are a great number of concepts of different kinds of greatness. For educational purposes there have been little or no effort to measure or indicate these different kinds. This lecture is largely a result of an inquiry into the signs and characteristics of greatness as found in representative people of history, with a view that we may make some pedagogical and practical use of the same. We hope to show the foundations on which greatness rests and to create a tendency to help us or take care of the bright child as well as other children. Nearly all attention has been directed to the study of defectives, but talent is the salt of the earth and must be preserved as far as possible. We will proceed to name some of the chief characteristics accompanying greatness as it may be found in history."

"First, We cry aloud for joy, sunshine and optimism. But every form of greatness has been accompanied by a heavy dose of melancholy. It is not melancholy arising from misfortunes, but it is inherent as a necessary part of their greatness. It has dominated the lives of great men from Buddha down to our modern Maeterlincks, Tolstois and Lincolns."

"This sweet, sorrowful pleasure is not incompatible with the outwardly joyous nature. It has always appeared as a necessary accompaniment of greatness. You may wish a Beethoven, a Dante, or a Tolstoi, without this sweet sadness, but that is impossible. Slavery did not sadden the heart of Lincoln. His sad heart simply turned to slavery."

"Second, Greatness usually ripens early or suddenly. This we may show with a countless number of examples. Its pedagogical value in the school room should be very great. Instead of that, it is too frequently ignored by our treadmill system that grinds out everybody in the same way. Not every variation is an evidence of greatness but greatness is always accompanied by variation."

"Third, Greatness is always full of initiative, but there is no quality of greatness so hard for us to tolerate as this necessary quality. The initiative individual questions everything, from our sacred laws of grammar to a larger fulfillment of the laws of God. Goethe has well described our methods of hampering and preventing the development of genius. This gift of greatness causes the individual to come upon us like a thief in the night and be shot at. Schiller's bold stings at the public the robbers of silent books and shocks the critics but claims the public. Rosen's bold inventive spirit caused him to be persecuted and stoned out of his country but he told the whole truth when he said: 'My book is poetry. If it is not, it will be. The conception of poetry in Norway shall be made to conform to the book. In the world of ideas there is no stability.'"

"Fourth, A strong and powerful imagination is a sign of greatness. Great minds, whether they be poets or scientists have possessed this powerful gift. The dreams of the great precede doing and acting. This constructive imagination early dominated the life of Napoleon, Goethe, Edison, Tolstoi, Maeterlinck. Wagner was able to hear, in his imagination, all the parts of a great orchestra."

"Fifth, It will not be denied that greatness is accompanied by peculiarities, but I can not agree with some students that these peculiarities are the cause of greatness. They accompany greatness. Genius resembles brass. Its similarity is merely in appearance. Many a peculiar child is really a gifted child, and often neglected, their peculiarities only being taken note of. And I plead that child because of some peculiarity. Schiller was so attacked by a melancholy that the authorities in a medical institution thought him unbalanced and gave him a case very like himself to analyze. He accomplished his work with such thoroughness that the authorities were no longer alarmed concerning his state of mind."

"Sixth, Greatness is usually incomprehensible. This is why so many boys and girls who appear to be a perfect enigma to most people about them so often surprise us in after life. Greatness is rare enough to be a mystery. In the language of Schopenhauer, 'He who is on the heights must be lonely.' True, greatness outstrips the populace. Those who can not keep up can not understand. The comprehension soul will ever be a mystery to the dwarfed, narrow minded, self-centered individual. It is a shame to think of the manner in which we treat our truly great people. They live, struggle, and are misunderstood. Or, like Dante and Ibsen, are dogged out of their country to starve and to suffer all the vicissitudes of sympathy until their souls sleep too deeply to be awakened by it."

"In poverty, Bobby Burns was allowed to suffer and die. After his death, a great monument is erected to him. At the unveiling of this monument, his old mother broke the silence by saying: 'Poor Bobby! You asked bread and they gave you a stone.'"

"Seventh, Greatness is a psychological necessity of greatness. Imagination greatness that has no truth in itself, is its product. Such is an absurd contradiction. When you read bitter denunciations of such great souls as Goethe, Napoleon, Ibsen, Beethoven, Tolstoi, Edison, Shaw, on account of their egotisms and self confidence, remember that it is only a sign of psychological stupidity on the part of the critic."

"Even Christ did not hesitate to say, 'I am the Way, the Truth and the Life.'"

"Eighth, Greatness has its own peculiar modes of work and manifestation. It bursts forth at unexpected times. Unexpected even to the individual possessor. Genius works by fits and starts and in its own way. This is the chief reason why genius can never find a home in our orderly colleges. Many of the greatest souls have made an honest effort to complete a college course but were absolutely unable to do so. Most of our great pieces of work have been done at unexpected times and by continued application that under other circumstances seemed absolutely incredible. Goethe often worked for forty-eight hours without being seen by any one. Kunkle, a music composer, wrote his four great variations of Foster's famous southern songs in three consecutive nights. Greatness, says its own motto, 'I will have my way.'"

"Ninth, Greatness always aims consciously or unconsciously to serve humanity, agree yet unborn. It aims as Nietzsche says: 'To create the beyond man.' The man of greatness is a destroyer and must ever be ready to burn himself in his own flames. Only he who writes with his own blood shall live."

"Tenth, Finally, all true greatness proceeds from a deep feeling life. From the genetic soul of the race. Feelings is the deepest and most universal language of the soul. Huxley saw and declared in one of his lectures that the great works of science and philosophy are the product, not primarily of intellect, but of intuition, love, single heartedness and self-denial. The feelings of love, war and religion have guided the intellect to triumph and overruling destiny. Feeling best utters the essence of things, best explains the world, best interprets religion, is the greatest mover of human life. Strauss, Wagner, Schiller, Goethe, Raphael, Dante and Mrs. Browning are a few of the great souls that seem to have been love intoxicated. Reading declares that only men of deep feeling can be great."

"Now, my friends, these signs of greatness and others that may be found by any detailed study, I present as a basis for some educational conclusions. There is no intention to imply that every individual having any, or even all, of these characteristics, is a genius. The fool may have many of them. But I am here to suggest that these signs as manifested in children should never be ignored any more than the signs of illness, backwardness and feeble mindedness that have claimed so much attention for several years. It is often said that our schools do not exist for the production and training of genius, but do they then exist to remedy the defects of the Creator? Certainly that is an absurd extreme. Talent is the salt of the earth, the only hope of the world. Only by such innovations as talent has the world been moved on, and particle after its creation, so not the gifted art of your schools, but give their qualities due consideration. Variation is the law of nature, and not uniformity. Our efforts to remedy defects of nature has never been successful and if we should succeed, it would be a miserable failure. Why do we have so much faith in the souls that have passed into the great beyond, and so little in the budding child that unfolds by one side? When we find a child ushered into this world with a deep seriousness, such as characterized all great minds in our little conception of things, we pity the individual and attempt a cure. Some times the very look that these individuals give us in return should be interpreted, 'Get thee behind me Satan, for thou art an offense unto me.'"

"I have personally witnessed many initiative boys and girls run out of college because they were troublesome. The initiative individual destroys your rules and conventions. He can not abide your routine and you are glad to give him the choice to do so or leave, knowing that he will choose the latter. This is a shame on our modern institutions. We should study these people far more than we study the defective classes, because they mean more for humanity, and should endeavor to know how to manage them."

After several illustrations of this point, the speaker proceeded as follows:

"In short, this is a pioneer suggestive effort to arouse interest in the scientific study of those types of minds that alone can improve the race and carry us beyond our present institutions. We will always find many failures and mistakes, but that is not sufficient argument against our making an effort to help the really gifted."

VARSITY GIRLS OUT IN FORCE AT MEETING.

The young ladies of the University of New Mexico attended the address in a body last night, occupying two of the boxes which were draped with varietal colors. The Terrance county delegation was also present in a body and occupied another box.

The house itself was crowded and many had to stand throughout the evening.

The Terrance high school orchestra rendered a number of fine selections.

Commercial club reception is a happy event.

Hundreds Throng Spacious Rooms of Big Building, and Young Folk Dance Until a Late Hour.

The reception last night at the Commercial club for the visiting teachers was a huge success. All of Albuquerque's educators, with their wives and daughters, were on hand to welcome the visitors, and numerous club members did the honors. The rooms were prettily decorated.

The jam was the worst ever seen. Halls and rooms alike were one compressed mass of humanity, party frocks, opera wraps, hats, feather boas, badges and people, especially people. When the throng had cleared out a little the Cavanaugh-Fahrmeyer orchestra began, and dancing was the order of the evening until late. Fruit punch was served throughout the evening. All those who attended had a splendid time and seemed well pleased that they were to return to Albuquerque next year.

STREET CAR EXCURSION PLANNED FOR TODAY.

A street car excursion is planned for this morning for the benefit of the visitors. Cars will leave the corner of Second street and Central avenue at 10:10 for the American Luncheon Company mills, where the visitors will be shown through the plant. Other points of interest will be visited on the return.

Additional cars will leave at 10:20, according to the announcement made at the session last night.

"HOOLIES" INITIATE NUMEROUS TEACHERS.

"The Hoolies" an organization of teachers from all over the state which annually holds its meeting at the session of the Educational Association, met last night at the Commercial club. The organization is one mainly for initiation purposes, and many hopeful teachers were "worked over" to the great delight of the spectators and the disarrangement of their own hair.

A snake dance by Elks school students, singing by the Elks club present, and numerous yells closed the evening.

Former City Attorney Hugh J. Collins, who has been retained by the city to assist in the handling of the \$50,000 debt matter, left last night for Santa Fe to appear before the supreme court in connection with it. Mr. Collins has moved his office to the Crowmell building.



First they buy it by the package. Then they

BUY IT BY THE BOX

It costs less—of any dealer.

The refreshing, cooling, soothing, mint leaf juice is benefiting almost everyone, almost everywhere—day and night. Teeth are being brightened and preserved—appetites sharpened—digestions strengthened by the beneficial juice.

Purify your breath of tobacco and other odors before kissing your little ones. Take them this inexpensive goody that gives greatest enjoyment and continuous benefits. Every stick benefits—the habit benefits more.

Look for the spear

10 The flavor lasts

COMMERCIAL CLUB RECEPTION IS A HAPPY EVENT

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Your Appetite Calls

for food that not only pleases the palate but contains true nourishment for rebuilding daily the tissue cells used up by physical and mental activity.

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

Combines fascinating flavour and the rich, sturdy nutrition of the food grains—wheat and barley.

This delicious food needs no cooking. It is ready for use direct from the package, and makes an easily digested, toothsome dish of decidedly unique flavour, welcome alike to athlete brain-worker and invalid.

"There's a Reason" for GRAPE-NUTS

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

OVERWORK AND MENTAL STRAIN

causes run-down health and sickness. Scott's Emulsion and rest are needed, but **SCOTT'S EMULSION** is more important because it enriches the blood, nourishes the nerves—builds the body and restores strength, vigor and immediate energy without interrupting daily duties. **Scott's Emulsion drives out colds and strengthens the lungs.**



SCOTT & BOWNE, Bloomfield, N. J.

12-42

INAUGURATION OF DR. BOYD WILL OCCUR TONIGHT

Elaborate Ceremonies to Mark
Formal Induction Into Presi-
dency of New Head of State
University.

The inauguration tonight at the Elks' theater of Dr. David R. Boyd as president of the University of New Mexico will close the meeting of the New Mexico Educational Association. Interest in this event, however, is not alone confined to the teachers.

It will be a matter of civic pride with citizens of Albuquerque, who are expected to show their interest in the university by attending the ceremony.

Teachers who expressed regret that they would miss the inauguration on account of the departure of Santa Fe train No. 811, at 7:55 o'clock this evening, yesterday were gladdened by the announcement that the train would be held until 10:55 o'clock tonight. This change was secured through the Commercial club, and it will permit about 200 persons who came here for the teachers' meeting, to remain for the inauguration ceremony.

The program for tonight will be simple. Hon. R. W. D. Bryan, president of the board of regents of the university, who will preside, will begin the ceremonies at 8 o'clock. The program follows:

Overture—Orchestra.
Invocation—Archdeacon W. E. Warren.

Music—Orchestra.
Address—Governor William C. McDonald, represented by Hon. Summers Burkhardt.

Inaugural address—President David Ross Boyd.

Music—Orchestra.
Faculty greetings—C. E. Hodgkin, dean of university.

Greetings from the New Mexico state institutions of higher learning.
Music—Orchestra.

Address—Alvan N. White, superintendent of public instruction.
Short addresses—Representatives of state universities.

Benediction—Rev. A. M. Mandalari, S. J.
Music—Orchestra.

EIGHT UNIVERSITIES WILL BE REPRESENTED

Representatives of eight universities will be present. The men appointed to represent Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota and Pennsylvania are residents of Albuquerque, but the others, with the exception of former Governor W. J. Mills, who will represent Yale, come from the schools, the respects of which they will convey to President Boyd.

Here are the universities to be represented:

Indiana, Prof. L. B. Stephens; Michigan, A. B. McMillen; Minnesota, Prof. A. O. Weese; Pennsylvania, Dr. J. H. Wroth; Arizona, Nathan C. Grimes; Registrar, Kansas, Prof. A. J. Roynson; Oklahoma, President Stratton D. Brooks; Yale, Hon. W. J. Mills.

The four last named will speak, together with the representatives of New Mexico institutions.

The state institutions that will be represented are:

Agricultural college, Dr. John D. MacArthur; New Mexico Military institute, Col. James W. Willson, president; School of Mines, Professor Anderson, of the geological department; New Mexico Normal university, Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts; New Mexico Normal school, Dr. C. M. Light.

President Brooks, of the University of Oklahoma, now occupies the place held by President Boyd before he came here. President Brooks is a graduate of Michigan and Harvard. Before his election as president of Oklahoma university, he was superintendent of schools in Cleveland, O., and Boston. He arrived here last night.

UNIVERSITY ENTERING UPON ERA OF PROMISE

The university promises to grow rapidly under President Boyd. He has the co-operation of the faculty and the high respect generally of citizens of Albuquerque. President Boyd has had experience in university building and he may be expected to promote the State university in scholarship and enrollment. He is enthusiastic over the resources of the state and has said that the chance to build a big university here is most promising.

The inauguration will be an important event to Albuquerque. This will afford the people an opportunity to refute the claims of residents of other cities that Albuquerque shows little interest in the institution that in time is bound to become the center of educational circles in the state.

The change in the schedule of train No. 811 means that practically all of the teachers who have been in attendance at the meeting of the State Teachers' Association will be present, and together with the citizens who will go to the theater tonight, there should be an overflow crowd. The inauguration was set for this date especially to enable the teachers of the state to witness the exercises, and few will leave before late tonight or tomorrow.

SCHOOL TEACHER TELLS POLICE HIS PURSE WAS STOLEN

Porfirio Tafaya, who has been attending the teachers' meeting here, yesterday reported to the police that a purse containing \$44 and a railroad ticket, had been stolen from his room in the Commercial hotel. Tafaya said he left the purse on the bed when he left the room yesterday morning and when he returned shortly afterward it was gone. He is a teacher at Rivera.

they gathered on the sidewalk. The motor, which had been started, so quickly did the firemen respond that it was not long before the truck whizzed past. The firemen ran past the fire plug to show the teachers the pace of the machine. It was traveling at maximum speed when it passed them, and the quickness with which the heavy machine was brought to a stop surprised the spectators.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE TO HOLD MEETING HERE TODAY

Session to Commence This
Morning at 9 O'clock at the
Commercial Club, Mayor J.
J. Shuler, of Raton, Presiding

A meeting of the State Municipal league has been called for this morning at the Commercial club, at which time it is expected that representatives of all the principal cities in New Mexico will be on hand to discuss needed municipal legislation. The meeting is to be made up of the mayors, city attorneys and one councilman each, of the cities represented. It is expected that the total attendance will be near 100.

The first meeting of the league was held here during the state fair and at that time it was decided to call another session as soon thereafter as possible.

The session today will be the first at which any large number has been in attendance.

There is little danger from a cold or from an attack of the grip except when followed by pneumonia, and this never happens when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used. This remedy has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of colds and grip and can be relied upon with implicit confidence. For sale by all druggists.

LEGAL NOTICES.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Last will and testament of Mrs. Lena Doran, deceased.
To Edmond Doran, executor, Frank M. Doran, Lenora Doran, William M. Doran and to all whom it may concern:

You are hereby notified that the alleged last will and testament of Mrs. Lena Doran, late of the county of Bernalillo and state of New Mexico, deceased, has been produced and read in the probate court of the county of Bernalillo, state of New Mexico, on the 25th day of October, 1912, and the day of the proving of said alleged last will and testament was thereupon

fixed for Monday, the 9th day of December, A. D., 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Given under my hand and the seal of this court, this 25th day of October, A. D., 1912.

(Seal) A. E. WALKER,
Probate Clerk.

NOTICE OF SALE.

State of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the District Court.

No. 9015.
Rosa Toti, et al. plaintiffs, vs. Guadalupe Toti, defendants.

Under and by virtue of an order of court made and entered in the above entitled cause on the 7th day of November, 1912, I hereby give notice that I will, on Wednesday, the 4th day of December, 1912, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house of said county, offer for sale, and sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following pieces of property, to-wit:

Lots eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block lettered "B" of the Mandell business and residence addition to Albuquerque, N. M., and also sufficient ground to make the said lot twelve (12), a full lot fronting twenty-five (25) feet on Third street and one hundred and forty-two (142) feet on Carroll alley.

A piece of land on the west side of Third (3rd) street and between Copier and Triguera avenues, in the city of Albuquerque, N. M., measuring seven (7) by five (5) feet on Third (3rd) street and one hundred and five (105) feet in depth and bounded on the south by an alley.

An undivided one-half (1/2) interest in lots seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) in block lettered "B" of the Mandell business and residence addition to Albuquerque, N. M.

An undivided one-half (1/2) interest in and to a piece of land in El Llano, north of Albuquerque, N. M., in Precinct No. 35, Duranes, being forty-three (43) varas or one hundred and eighteen (118) feet in width from north to south, and five hundred and one (501) feet and three (3) inches, more or less from east to west, bounded on the north by lands of Toti and Gradi and an acequia, and on the south and west by lands of Angelo Viviani and to Toti and Gradi by Isidra Baca and wife, by deed recorded in book 34, page 291 of the records of said county of Bernalillo.

An undivided one-half (1/2) interest in a piece of land ninety-eight (98) feet long and twenty (20) feet wide, situated in El Llano, in the old town of Albuquerque, N. M., bounded on the north by property of Ambrosio Martin, on the south by the property of the deceased Manuel Garcia, on the east by lands of Fernandez Smith, and on the west by the property of Manuel Baca, being the property conveyed to Batista Toti by Manuel Ruiz, by deed recorded in book 24, page 396 of the records of said county of Bernalillo.

An undivided one-half (1/2) interest in a piece of land in Duranes, N. M., measuring from north to south one hundred and twenty-five (125) varas and from east to west eighteen (18) varas, bounded on the north by prop-

erty formerly of Manuel Martin, now of Toti and Gradi, on the south by property of Andrea Perea de Garcia, on the east by the property of J. Borradale, and on the west by property formerly of Ambrosio Martin, now of Toti and Gradi, being the same property conveyed to R. Toti by Andrea Walther Martin, et al. by deed recorded in book 19, page 481.

H. B. CORNELIUS,
Special Master.

BANKRUPT PETITION FOR DISCHARGE.

In the Matter of Thomas V. Maynard, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable William H. Pope, Judge of the district court of the United States, for the district of New Mexico, in the county of Santa Fe and state of New Mexico, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 7th day of August, 1912, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of congress relating to bankruptcy, that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 1st day of October, A. D., 1912.

T. V. MAYNARD,
District of New Mexico—ss.

On this 1st day of November, A. D., 1912, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 10th day of December, A. D., 1912, before John W. Wilson, at Albuquerque, in said district, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Albuquerque Journal, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any, they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the referee shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Dated Santa Fe, N. M., November 1, 1912.

(Seal) WM. H. POPE,
Judge.

A true copy.
HARRY E. LEE, Clerk.
Dated November 6, 1912.

JOHN W. WILSON,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Mayor's Proclamation For a Special Election Within the Territory Com- prising the School District of Albu- querque, New Mexico, For the Pur- pose of Voting on a Proposed Bond Issue of \$100,000 For the Construc- tion of a New School Building.

Whereas, At a regular meeting of the Board of Education of the city of Albuquerque held therein on the 7th day of October, A. D., 1912, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted by said board, to-wit:

Whereas, The present high school

building of the city of Albuquerque is inadequate for the convenience and accommodation of the pupils who are eligible for attendance at the high school of said city.

Whereas, The Board of Education of the city of Albuquerque, of the state of New Mexico, heretofore acquired a site upon which to construct a new high school building and.

Whereas, Said Board of Education has determined to have constructed on said site, a new and modern high school building.

Therefore, Be it resolved by the Board of Education of the city of Albuquerque, of the state of New Mexico, That the question of issuing bonds in the sum of one hundred thousand (\$100,000.00) dollars for the purpose of raising funds to pay for the construction of a new and modern high school building in the city of Albuquerque, New Mexico, be submitted to the qualified electors of the said school district at an election to be called for that purpose; said bonds to bear date April 1, 1913; interest payable semi-annually and to be payable at the option of the Board of Education in not less than twenty years nor more than thirty years from the date of their said issue.

And it is further resolved that the mayor of the city of Albuquerque be and he hereby is requested to call an election for the purpose of taking the sense of the qualified electors of said school district thereon upon the question of issuing said bonds, said election to be held on the 10th day of December, A. D., 1912, and that a certified copy of the preamble and of these resolutions be served by the clerk of the board upon the mayor of the city of Albuquerque at once.

And Whereas, The Board of Education of the city of Albuquerque, New Mexico, has requested the mayor of said city to call a special election for the purpose of taking the sense of the qualified electors of the school district of the city of Albuquerque upon the question of issuing bonds in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) for the purpose of raising funds for the construction of a new high school building in the city of Albuquerque, said bonds to bear interest at a rate not to exceed 6 per centum per annum payable semi-annually and to be payable not less than twenty years nor more than thirty years from the date of issue said bonds to be payable at the option of the Board of Education at the expiration of twenty years from their date.

Now Therefore, I, D. K. B. Sellers, mayor of the city of Albuquerque, do hereby call a special election of the qualified electors of the school district of the city of Albuquerque, New Mexico, to be held on Tuesday, the 10th day of December, A. D., 1912, the polls of said election to be held open from the hour of 9 o'clock a. m., to the hour of 6 o'clock p. m., of said day for the purpose of voting upon the question of issuing by the Board of Education of the city of Albuquerque of bonds in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) for the purpose of raising funds for the construction of a new high school building for the school district of said city; said bonds to bear interest at a rate not to exceed 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and to be payable in not less than twenty

years nor more than thirty years from the first day of April, A. D., 1913; said bonds to be payable at the option of the Board of Education after the expiration of twenty years from their date; ballots in favor of the issuance of said bonds shall read as follows, to-wit: "For the issuance of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) of bonds for the construction of a new high school building."

And Whereas, The following described territory adjacent to the city of Albuquerque has been annexed to said city for school purposes and is bounded as follows, to-wit: "Beginning at intersection of Mulberry street and East Marquette avenue, thence east on East Marquette avenue to east boundary, Town of Albuquerque grant, thence south on said line to a point in a direct line with the middle of Bell avenue, thence west on said line and Bell avenue, to intersection of Bell avenue and South High street, thence north on South High street to intersection of South High street and East Coal avenue, thence east on East Coal avenue to intersection of East Coal avenue and Mulberry street, thence north on Mulberry street to place of beginning."

The city council of the city of Albuquerque, has designated the following places for the registration of the qualified electors of said school district, to-wit:

First Ward—New Mexico Clear Company, 113 W. Central, Board of registration: H. J. Collins, P. Hanley, R. H. Crews.

Second Ward—Alvarado Pharmacy, First street and Gold avenue, Board of registration: S. E. Roehl, C. O. Cushman, William Kiehl.

Third Ward—Smoke House, 206 W. Gold avenue, Board of registration: J. P. McGuire, N. G. McGroden, N. E. Stevens.

Fourth Ward—R. Ruppel drug store, 202 W. Central, Board of registration: R. W. D. Bryan, Dr. L. H. Chamberlain, A. Fleischer.

And the city council of the city of Albuquerque has designated the following as the polling places of said election:

First Ward—Office of police judge, Korber building.
Second Ward—Office of Chas. Chadwick & Co., 108 W. Gold.
Third Ward—Office of E. H. Dunbar, Third and Gold.
Fourth Ward—Office of A. W. Hazden, 412 W. Copper.

All qualified electors in the annexed territory as above described, residing north of Gold avenue and east of Second street will register and vote in the First ward, and all qualified electors residing in said annexed territory south of Gold avenue and east of Second street, will register and vote in the Second ward.

Done at the city of Albuquerque, this 8th day of November, A. D., 1912.

D. K. B. SELLERS,
Mayor of the City of Albuquerque.

The seal of the city is hereto affixed.

Attest: H. CHAS. ROEHL,
(Seal) City Clerk.

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND
A DEMONSTRATION OF
Electrical Cooking Devices
By Miss Marshall
Of The Westinghouse Electric And Manufacturing Company
At the Offices of
THE ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY
TODAY---Afternoon and Evening

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

The Albuquerque Morning Journal

(Official Newspaper of New Mexico)

Published by the

JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

D. A. MACPHERSON, President
W. T. MCHUGH, Manager
W. L. LISK, City Editor
M. L. FOX, Business Editor

Western Representative,
C. J. ANDERSON,
Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.

Eastern Representative,
RALPH K. MULLIGAN,
38 Park Row, New York.

Entered as second-class matter at the post-office at Albuquerque, N. M., under act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

THE MORNING JOURNAL, IN THE LEADING REPUBLICAN PAPER OF NEW MEXICO, SUPPORTING THE PRINCIPLES OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ALL THE TIME AND THE METHODS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY WHEN THEY ARE RIGHT.

Larger circulation than any other paper in New Mexico. The only paper in New Mexico issued every day in the year.

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"The Morning Journal has a higher circulation rating than is accorded in any other paper in New Mexico."—The American Newspaper Directory.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO



"YELLOW" NEWSPAPERS.

There are "yellow" newspapers, as well as yellow newspapers. The American Magazine is just now engaged in exposing newspaper "faking" and apparently by implication is trying to fasten the crime against the Journal on all newspapers. In the November number it began the publication of the confessions of a newspaper writer under the caption of "Faking as a Fine Art."

The author had served for twelve years, presumably on the Hearst papers, under the "master faking of the business." The revelations bear the stamp of truth. From what we know of the methods of the Hearst papers, it is safe to say that the experiences related in the editorial rooms actually occurred. For instance, the Hearst newspapers had no correspondent with either the Japs or the Russians during that war, yet it gave eye-witness account of every battle, splendidly written, but, as subsequent developments showed, absolutely false as to detail.

The following from the "confessions" show how it was done:

"It was at Liao Yang I achieved a triumph as an eye witness. Last summer I shall tell as nearly as possible, what happened. I had gone home at 4 o'clock that afternoon. At 5 o'clock I had telephoned ordering me back to the office. He was waiting.

"A great battle has been fought," he said.

"Yes."

"The Japanese have been victorious."

"Yes."

"I want a full page story by an eye witness."

"Yes."

"The battle was at Liao Yang. The Russians are in full retreat. On each side thought I had seen columns in twenty-four point on the first page with seven-column head, write about three hundred and fifty words graphically for that, then finish first page in two column measure and all the second page. I'll have a four column picture for page two."

"All right. Give me the dispatches."

"We have no dispatches."

"No?"

"No. Our other paper has two hundred and fifty words. Associated Press. It is not allowed to send us any A. P. stuff."

"What is there?"

"We have the headlines of the other paper. I had them telegraphed on. That isn't against the rules."

"I read the headlines and, unhampered by facts, leaped to the Gray, one side to think such things may creep into history. I stood with Marshall Oak's staff on a hill to the left and watched the battle. Just then I saw strong for the First Siberians, the Russian regiment that stood the brunt of every battle, and for Mitshchenko's Cossacks. If you remember the battles from the Yala to Mukden were strikingly similar. Now, I had, Oak struck the Russian right, then came the crushing assault on the center. Always with the Siberians—the First Siberian Rifles, leaders of the center's line, stand the assault, covered the retreat and, yielding suddenly, went to the right. Some day the true story of the First Siberian Rifles will be written.

"At Liao Yang I sent Mitshchenko's Cossacks, green and gold, and gold, crashing into the ranks of the brown men. Four times the huge Cossacks bent the advancing line. Then I hurried Oak's horse forward and broke the Russian right. I centered the fight in a corn field running upward from a little creek, over open ground to the hills beyond, where the guns were. There was a stone wall, and along that wall I wrought horrible carnage. Hour after hour I sat on my horse watching the short, quick rushes of the brown men and shattered them again and again as they recoiled from the grim resistance of the stupider Siberians, who, as they died, stabbed with their bayonets and

held aloft their ikons. Then I set fire to Liao Yang, pictured the Siberians doggedly dying to save the army as it wallowed in mad flight through the mud of the pass to temporary safety. I rode forward with the staff and followed the waves of Nipponese, who, wild with lust of blood and victory, swept over the field of carnage. I followed up the hill over the heaped corpses of the Siberians, into burning Liao Yang. Then, seeing the Russians had made good their retreat I remounted my trusty steed, and galloped to the telegraph office to send the breathless world the first story of an eye witness of the world's greatest battle to the world's greatest newspaper.

"Considering the fact that it was 220 miles to the nearest seaport where I could reach ship and that the nearest available cable was at Hong Kong, I galloped some to reach Hong Kong, write 7,500 words and cable it to the paper in less than eight hours. Still no one complained and I still treasure a note congratulating me. A couple of years later, Little, who was at the battle, got home and as we greeted each other, he examined my eyes.

"Marvelous, marvelous eyes!" he exclaimed. "I read the story of Liao Yang. Marvelous eyes! You saw things eighteen miles away through a range of hills."

The fact is, that every reputable newspaper—and that means nearly all of the newspapers of the country—spares no pains to insure accuracy in what it prints. Large sums of money are spent in efforts to prevent errors from creeping into news columns.

The purpose of a real newspaper is to chronicle every event of the day that has public interest. It wants to give facts.

The American and some other magazines are just now trying to discredit the accuracy of the newspapers, yet the articles, other than fiction, in all such magazines are generally based on information gleaned from the newspapers of the country.

Besides, a number of magazines, including the American, have been making desperate efforts during the past few years, to rival the Hearst papers in yellowness.

THE LAW'S DELAY.

The Minneapolis Journal has the following excellent editorial on the delays encountered in efforts to execute the law:

"Notwithstanding the promptness with which Lieutenant Becker was brought to trial for the Rosenthal murder, the country is going to be treated to another exhibition of the law's delays as spectacular, perhaps, as the proceedings following the conviction of Patrick for the murder of Rice. Patrick got stay after stay. Himself, a lawyer, he conducted his campaign of delay from the death house at Sing Sing, and succeeded finally in escaping the electric chair. He is now a free prisoner with great hopes of one day emerging a free man to contend for the fortune which Rice left to the institute recently opened at Houston, Texas, and to which Patrick lays claim under a forged will.

"In the Becker case his attorneys will immediately appeal, which will act as a stay of execution. They will have six months in which to file their case. The district attorney will have three more in which to reply. The case will then go on the calendar, and may be reached in three months more. Here is a full year of delay as a minimum. It may be stretched to two years.

"The Becker and Patrick cases are not exceptional. The records of the New York criminal courts are filled with such cases. The expense of the judicial system is greatly increased by the facility with which appeals are taken. The public gets an impression that a conviction is merely a formality, to stand only until some complainant court is ready to grant a new trial with the chances that material witnesses of the state may have died or disappeared. No doubt, powerful influences will work to obtain for Becker sufficient delay to allow of the demise or disability of one or more of the four men, Schopp, Rose, Vallon and Webster, whose testimony chiefly brought about his conviction. Then with a new trial he might go free, or secure a succession of disagreements ending in a dismissal.

"President Taft called the law's delays a disgrace to our civilization. He did not overstate the evil. The public is alarmed at the facility of legal proceedings against those charged with capital crime. It begins to doubt whether they mean security for life or put a premium on crime."

The Journal predicted that Mr. Taft's showing in the electoral college could not exceed twelve, probably would be eight, and might be nothing. A change of less than five hundred votes in Vermont would have lost him that state, and a change of less than two thousand in Utah would have lost that state. Thus, less than two thousand votes stood between Mr. Taft and a "whitewash."

The Journal again reminds the state republican executive committee that the thing for it to do is to meet in solemn convocation, carefully outline a program, including determination for every member to retain his position at the head of his county politics, and then sit exactly and rigorously the opposite—which would be the beginning of wisdom.

Things doomed to disappear for four years are: Mr. Hilleg's predictions; "Woody" and the Bull Moose; Things that will remain are the U. S. the climate, the crop; the Morning Journal.

DR. BOYD'S INAUGURATION.

Dr. David Ross Boyd will be inaugurated tonight as president of the New Mexico State university. Under his brief management, indications are not lacking that the university is about to begin a career of greater usefulness. Heretofore, the people of Albuquerque have taken little interest in the school that means so much to this city and to the people of the state.

The attitude should be changed. prominent educators from all parts of the country will be here to take part in, or witness, an event of really great importance. It is asking little of the people of this city to express their interest by going to the opera house tonight and witnessing the ceremonies. Few of them have ever had such opportunity before, and it will give them a number of new ideas that will be beneficial to the future of the university and to themselves.

Let Albuquerque show that it is interested in the future of the university. It will be a source of encouragement to the incoming president, to the regents, to the faculty—to the cause of education in this state generally.

Mr. Hilleg's—remember the name?—was in charge of a school for the feeble minded before he reached the chairmanship of the republican national committee by way of a secretaryship to the president.

Our evening contemporary may have had the election reports first, as it asserts, only it failed to take the public into its confidence.

The new minister of finance in Ecuador is Senator Juan F. Gamio. He should play it fair.

The Turks bungled every forward pass.

BAD COLD? YOUR HEAD STUFFED?

One Dose Pape's Cold Compound Gives Relief—Cure in Few Hours.

You will distinctly feel your cold breaking and all the gripe symptoms leaving after taking the very first dose.

It is a positive fact that Pape's Cold Compound, taken every two hours, until three consecutive doses are taken, will melt the cold and break up the most severe cold, either in the head, chest, back, stomach or lungs.

It promptly relieves the most miserable headache, dizziness, head and nose stuffed up, feverishness, sneezing, sore throat, running of the nose, mucous nasal discharges, soreness, stiffness and rheumatic twinges.

Get a 25-cent package of "Pape's Cold Compound" from your druggist and take it with the knowledge that it will positively and promptly cure your cold and end all the gripe misery, without assistance or bad after-effects and that it contains no quinine—don't accept anything else so said to be just as good. Tastes nice—gets gently.

Notice to Contractors.

Pursuant to action of the Board of Regents of the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts taken October 26, 1912, a call for bids is hereby made to cover the erection of a fire-proof engineering building on the college grounds as per plans and specifications prepared by Frost & Frost, architects, of El Paso, Tex. Plans and specifications may be secured either at the offices of the architects or at the college office. Sealed bids will be received and opened at 10:00 a. m., November 23, 1912, in the office of the college president. The board of regents reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the board of regents,
J. H. FANTON, President.
M. O. LEWELLYN, Secretary.

Dated October 26, 1912, State College, New Mexico.

SALE OF TIMBER. Albuquerque, New Mexico, October 12, 1912. Sealed bids marked outside "Timber sale" application Oct. 2, 1912, Manzano," and addressed to the Forest Supervisor, Manzano National Forest, Albuquerque, New Mexico, will be received up to and including the 11th day of November, 1912, for all merchantable dead timber, standing or down, and all the live timber marked for cutting by a Forest officer, located on an acre to be definitely designated by a Forest officer before cutting begins, including about 220 acres. In approximately Sec. 26, T. 1 N., R. 5 E.; Sec. 1, T. 6 N., R. 1 E.; Sec. 6, T. 6 N., R. 4 E.; N. M. P. M. within the Manzano National Forest, estimated to be 200,000 feet, board measure, of live Western Yellow Pine saw timber, log scale, more or less. No bid less than \$2.00 per thousand board feet. Board measure will be considered, and a deposit of \$100.00 payable to the order of the First National Bank of Albuquerque, New Mexico, must be sent to that bank for each bid submitted to the Supervisor. Timber upon valid claims is exempt from sale. The right to reject all bids is reserved. For further information and regulations governing sales, address Forest Supervisor, Manzano National Forest, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

H. G. CALKINS, Forest Supervisor.
Oct. 12, 1912; Nov. 2, 1912.

For pains in the side or chest dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Liniment and bind it on over the seat of pain. There is nothing better. For sale by all druggists.

All goods reduced and priced the same to all. Clarke's Curls Store.

ASSOCIATION WILL CLOSE SESSIONS AT EXERCISES THIS EVENING

Inauguration of Dr. David Ross Boyd as President of University of New Mexico Final Feature of Meeting.

ALBUQUERQUE CHOSEN FOR 1913 MEETING

W. B. McFarland Selected as New Head of Educational Society at Business Session Yesterday Morning.

The New Mexico Educational Association will close its latest and most successful annual session here tonight, following the inaugural exercises in which Dr. David Ross Boyd, of the University of New Mexico will



PROF. W. B. MCFARLAND
Silver City Educator Elected President of New Mexico Educational Association for Ensuing Year.

be formally installed as president of that institution. The session is the twenty-sixth to be held in the state, and during the years of the organization's existence there has been none so well attended or so generally successful. From a scanty gathering of forty to fifty teachers, the attendance has increased each year until this session had more than 125 registered teachers, chaffed for members.

Albuquerque gave the educators such a good time that they yesterday decided to meet here again next year. Of course, the central location of the city with reference to the rest of the territory to be drawn upon for visitors had a good deal to do with the selection, but the deciding feature of the choice was the splendid entertainment provided for the visitors by the Commercial club, the business men, the city officials and every one else.

The High school and Commercial club officers, with Superintendent John Milne, of the city schools, performed wonders in getting the visitors well located, and every one who did what he or she could to see that they enjoyed their stay in the metropolis of the state.

A business session was held yesterday morning at which officers for the new year were elected.

W. B. MCFARLAND CHOSEN PRESIDENT FOR 1913-14

The election of officers resulted in the choice of Superintendent W. B. McFarland, of Silver City, as president; Mrs. S. P. Culbertson, superintendent of Roosevelt county schools, as vice president; Charles L. Bart, superintendent of Terrell county, as treasurer; Robert F. Asplund, assistant superintendent of public instruction, as secretary; John V. Clark, of Albuquerque, as local secretary, and Prof. H. R. Larkin, of Las Vegas, as railroad secretary.

Mr. McFarland was unanimously elected to the highest office in the gift of the association. He is a school man of much experience and marked ability and will make a capable and efficient officer.

Mr. McFarland was a member of the executive committee of the association, but resigned upon election to the presidency. Two vacancies in the committee were thus left to be filled by the association. J. H. Wagner, superintendent of the Santa Fe city schools, and L. C. Mersfelder, superintendent of the Curry county schools, were elected to these vacancies. Frank Carroon, of East Las Vegas, is the third member of the committee.

The county directors will be appointed by the president within the next month.

Numerous speeches were delivered at the session yesterday morning. The principal one was delivered by Dr. P. E. Phillips, dean of the department of education and philosophy at the University of Denver. Dr. Phillips' subject was on "Some Causes of Failure in School." His address was a plea for better facilities for understanding and helping the unusual student. Dr. Phillips was apparently in favor of specialized education for the individual rather than of general education for the entire mass, which makes all of a single type.

Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts, president of the New Mexico Normal university, spoke on "Health and Education." Dr. Phillips urged a careful investigation into the physical defects of each child and an early application of a suitable remedy. He stressed the effect of poor health, due to uncorrected physical defects, which he declared filled the prisons with criminals, as a reason for his stand. Dr. Roberts declared that many a young man or woman went wrong because of some physical defect in youth which had

never been corrected and which had spoiled their whole life.

Superintendent W. W. Conway, of the city schools of Alton, delivered yesterday the address which had been postponed from Thursday. His subject was "The Next Most Important Step in Educational Progress in New Mexico City Schools." Mr. Conway's paper was of a type which showed the most careful preparation and study. It was an exposition of the need for better methods of teaching, for a better understanding of the pupil, and for better co-ordination between the teacher and the class.

Superintendent Conway's address was an appeal for "Vital Education." Mr. Conway thought that it was quite possible that too much attention was being devoted to the work of preparing the average student for college, whereas, as a matter of fact, the average student never gets to college at all, and this work is consequently wasted. He urged that special attention be given the matter of making education practical.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS IS IMPORTANT FACTOR

The address of President W. A. Poore, of Carlsbad, was one of the vital factors of the meeting. This address is always of importance, but this year it was even more important than usual.

The paper read by Mr. Poore was entitled, "The Recognition of Teaching as a Profession." After an introduction, in which he outlined the difficulty of the teacher's position between a struggle to keep pace with the age, yet resist the radical demands of agitators, the speaker said that teachers were beginning to recognize the need for changed, advanced ideas. Three distinct phases of specialized work were named by him—work for the mental or physical misfit, the child who does not continue in school and the child in the stage of puberty. He declared that effort was being made on the education of the average child, in that there were no average children. Taking up the "misfit" first, he recited the efforts made to provide for them in special classes, the medical inspectors now recognized as so important and other factors.

He devoted an entire paragraph to the discipline of the open air school, and praised its success in certain cases. He urged this school as the cheapest means of saving to society large numbers of children, saying in part:

"The extent of the problem of the physical misfits is enormous, wherever school systems have taken the trouble to investigate. It has been found that at least one child in each class has some physical disability. This problem cannot be solved by the teacher alone; but the teacher must ascertain to what extent it affects local communities, and must make the public acquainted with the facts, if it is to be understood that the failure in school of defective children cannot always be attributed to the methods of the teaching profession."

"Until recently, it has been customary to find fault with the subject or teacher's method when a child does not seem to be interested in school work. In many cases the curriculum was modified to arouse the child's interest until the public used the adjective 'sweltered' to characterize school courses of study. It should be the business of educators to make it generally understood that the child must be regarded as heir to all human ills rather than as a machine."

Mr. Poore discussed the phases of retardation due to physical and mental causes, and then took up the question of the child that leaves school early. He criticized severely the curriculum which forces the adolescent child to go over the work of the lower grades and deny him work that satisfies his new-found capacity for real thinking. He continued:

"Now if the school is to serve adequately the child just entering the adolescent period, a reorganization will have to take place. There is no question about that. If the schools of New Mexico lose 60 per cent of the children between the sixth and seventh grades, something is wrong with the schools. The present organization goes back to the academy of the immediate post-revolutionary period. The work of these academies was grouped into departments which were supposed to occupy the child's time from about his eighth to his eighteenth or twentieth school year, thus representing about ten or twelve years of his school life. The high school, which came later, took the place in this respect formerly occupied by the latter years of the academy course. Educational inertia has maintained this system even until this good day. Under this plan it takes eight years to get ready for an education. The rest of the time is taken up in getting it, or in preparing for another education which lies out in the uncertain future."

Discussing the industrial training now being advocated, Mr. Poore said:

"Manual training and commercial subjects in an elementary form should certainly be put in the seventh and eighth grades, before they should be put in the high school, if the needs of the majority of the children are to be considered. Then, too, if a child can

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Little Boys' Sweaters 25c
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Men's Sweater Coats 60c and up
Men's 35 Cent Hats \$1.00
Men's Hats 50c
5 bars Laundry Soap 15c
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Sunny Brook reached the top because it surpassed all others in mellow flavor, exquisite bouquet and pure properties. The friends Sunny Brook made fifty years ago because of its high quality and purity are still its friends, and all over this broad land a majority of the discriminating public demands Sunny Brook and absolutely refuses substitutes of any kind. Sunny Brook is a real honest, straight Kentucky Whiskey and is bottled in bond. Every bottle is filled and then sealed with the "Green Stamp" under the direct supervision of U. S. Inspectors. If you want to know you are getting the best always ask for Sunny Brook—The Pure Food Whiskey. **READ THE LABEL.**

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learn modern languages, the elements of sociology, English literature, practical geometry and commercial arithmetic in the seventh and eighth grades, why not give them to him then? If one waits until the high school is reached, the chances are strongly in favor of the child's not being there to take the course. And if these subjects are worth anything at all, the greater number of the children should have them. No fine spin theory, or beautiful system, will excuse taking opportunities from the majority of children if they have the power of profiting thereby. Teachers must begin to take into account actual scientific fact in their work. When is a normal child at the psychological stage for best learning a foreign language? When does the interest in questions of sociology, natural science, political economy, and English literature naturally arise? Experts in child study say at the early adolescent period. Then why not teach these subjects in the early adolescent period? If it is urged that the curriculum is overcrowded already, it may be replied that this is only another fault of the system which keeps such subjects on the list.

Mr. Poore then took over the discussion of the post-adolescent child. He declared that the teacher must stand or fall by the results he produced, as the doctor or lawyer does, or by the work he did. Continuing, he said:

"And there is one other thing to be said about the public's standard, or professional recognition. There is a strong tendency, not yet pronounced, for which teachers should be profoundly grateful, to pay in proportion as the right kind of results come. If a lawyer or doctor continually fails to produce results of the right kind a diminishing income will remind him of the decrease in the public's confidence."

"Now the professional recognition of the teacher is beginning to demand more and more on the same general principles that apply to the recognition of members of other professions. When teachers ask the public for an increase in salary the public has a

NEW CONSTITUTION IS READ FOR FIRST TIME

The new constitution was read at the business session for the first time, but definite action on it was postponed until today. Much discussion was held, and it appears likely that several other changes will be made in the proposed draft before it is accepted. The general scheme, however, will be generally accepted.

Mayor Sellers is very anxious that Albuquerque be well represented at the annual convention on Monday and Tuesday in Santa Fe of the Occidental-Hispanic association. Colonel Sellers yesterday asked that the association be held here, that all persons who intend making the trip to Santa Fe on Monday in automobiles, notify him or E. B. Schwentker. Such arrangements might be made for the start of the auto caravan and other details of the journey agreed upon.

Children Poorly? Go To Your Doctor

Talk with your doctor about Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla. Ask him if he prescribes it for pale, delicate children. Ask him if he recommends it when the blood is thin and impure, and when the nerves are weak and unsteady. Ask him if it aids nature in building up the general health.

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envelopes.

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Want It."

Professor Arthur J. Boynton, repre-
senting the University of Kansas, ar-
rived last night from Lawrence, Kan.,
to attend the inauguration of Dr. Boyd
tonight.

Judge John R. McPhe, former judge
of the supreme court of New Mex-
ico, arrived last night from Santa Fe,
to visit his daughters, Misses Mary and
Amelia McPhe, who are at the state
university here.

The First Ward Giants, the aggres-
sive football playing youngsters of the
Highland school yesterday defeated
the eighth grade team by the score of
18 to 15 in one of the fiercest games
ever played in the city.

Edward M. Otero, executor of the
estate of the late Solomon Luna, left
yesterday morning for an inspection
trip of all the estate properties. He
will make the trip in a Ford car,
driven by George Hottinger.

Born, November 8, 1912, to Mr. and
Mrs. J. M. Crawford, of 702 East
Hazelwood avenue, a ten-pound son.
Mr. Crawford is an electrician, em-
ployed by the Albuquerque Gas, Elec-
tric Light & Power Company.

H. F. Zillmer, who has just com-
pleted a new school building at Rito,
is in Albuquerque for a few days be-
fore proceeding to McCharty's, where
he has secured the contract to build
a new school house for the Laguna In-
dians.

A telegram announcing that Jake
Levy, of Santa Fe, had suffered a re-
lapse, received yesterday, called his
brother, Mark Levy back to Santa Fe.
Mr. Levy is suffering from an attack
of pneumonia and was believed to be
on the road to recovery, when a sud-
den change for the worse occurred.

Colonel George W. Prichard, sec-
retary of the progressive state central
committee, and who carried on an ac-
tive campaign for this party in the
recent election, was a visitor in Albu-
querque yesterday. Colonel Prichard
expressed himself as well satisfied
with the showing made by the pro-
gressives on Tuesday.

It was announced yesterday that Ar-
thur Everitt, the jeweler, will at once
begin erection of a modern two-story
building on Central avenue. Mr.
Everitt will occupy the ground floor
with his "Diamond Palace," while the
upper floor will be rented. The Everitt
building will conform in architecture
to the building to be erected by Hugh
Trotter, the grocer, construction of
which already has begun.

Gregoria Barola, one of the teach-
ers attending the Educational Associa-
tion meeting, last night unwittingly
left her purse in Elks' theater. The
handbag contained a \$10 bill and some
small change, together with a receipt
from the school board of the district
in Torrance county, where she is em-
ployed. Miss Barola is very anxious
to recover the purse, which may be re-
turned to her uncle, Frank Barola, at
Sturges cafe, or to Miss Barola her-
self.

The business known as the A. W.
Anson cement works, at 624 South
First street, has been purchased by
Herman Hein. Mr. Hein knows this
business thoroughly, having been as-
sociated with Mr. Anson as manager
since the business was started about
ten years ago. The specialty of the
plant is the manufacture of cement
building blocks. The immaculate
Conception church and other struc-
tures in the city were built under Mr.
Hein's direct supervision. In connec-
tion with the manufacture of cement
blocks, the plant also will handle ma-
sonry work and supplies of every de-
scription.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS PILOTED TEACHERS TO VACANT ROOMS

A committee of High school boys
met all trains during the influx of
teachers into Albuquerque and di-
rected them to hotels. This saved
numbers of teachers the trouble of
searching for satisfactory rooms in a
strange city, and many who found the
hotels or rooming houses they intended
to go to crowded, were assisted by
the boys who were informed by Sec-
retary T. J. Nelson of the Commercial
club, of all vacant rooms. Mr. Nay-
ton assisted the boys.

The boys' piloting committee con-
sisted of Joe McChase, Desmond Far-
rell, Louis Hreschick, William Arnot,
Jacob Barth, Paul Camp, Donald Wil-
son, Ray McChase, Howard Living-
ston, Leslie Briggs and Harold Sel-
lers.

TELEPHONE DIRECTORY WARNS AGAINST FIRES

The telephone directory, published
recently by the Bell system, contains
a warning against forest fires. It also
publishes a reward, offered by the
government, for any one who leaves
a fire unextinguished in a national
forest and causes campers and
hunters not to throw cigar stubs or
matches in timber covered areas. This
is done by the telephone company in
co-operation with the forest service.

Good saddle ponies at the O. K.
barn, 313 W. Silver.

TEACHERS MAY OFFER AGRICULTURAL PRIZES

A resolution is to be introduced this
morning at the meeting of the teach-
ers' association by Superintendent
Conway, urging the Boys' and Girls'
Industrial Clubs to compete for prizes
at the next meeting.

It is Superintendent Conway's idea
to have them exhibit their agricultural
and industrial exhibits at the teach-
ers' meeting instead of at the state
fair. The fair is too early, he says, to
allow crops to mature and that they
would be in better condition later in
the season when the teachers meet.

In addition to the usual individual
prizes, Superintendent Conway will
ask the association to offer three cir-
culating libraries as prizes to the
counties having the highest percent-
age of local clubs organized and also
having the best collective display. The
libraries would be under the charge
of the superintendents of the winning
counties.

The subject matter of the libraries,
Superintendent Conway believes,
should be agricultural and industrial.

CLARK'S IMPERIAL BAND MAKES HIT WITH THE VISITORS

One of the features of the annual
meeting of the New Mexico Educa-
tional Association has been the
excellent music furnished each evening
by Clark's Imperial band, which
has donated its music for the educa-
tion of the visiting teachers and stu-
dents. The band has played each evening
on the platform, at the corner of Cen-
tral avenue and Second street. Its
music is of the highest class and it has
received much praise from the visitors,
who have thoroughly appreciated the
concerts.

SCIENCE TEACHERS FORM ORGANIZATION

Teachers of science and mathemat-
ics yesterday afternoon organized an
association, a branch of the New Mex-
ico Educational Association. They
met in the Central school building.

Prof. T. C. MacKay, professor of
physics and mathematics at the State
School of Mines, was elected presi-
dent and J. C. Baker, professor of
science at the New Mexico Normal
university, was elected secretary.

The meeting yesterday was informal.
This was the first time the
teachers of science and mathematics
met apart from the other teachers
and no program had been prepared.
The organization will be permanent.

ROBERTS PREACHES AT TEMPLE ALBERT ON BROAD THEME

Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts, D. D.,
president of the New Mexico Normal
University at Las Vegas, last night
preached at Temple Albert on "What
Shall I do to Inherit Eternal Life?"
He took up first a series of articles
published some time ago in the Cos-
mopolitan, entitled, "Muck-Raking
the Colleges," and showed that the
statements contained in them were not
well founded, in that they accused the
colleges of tearing down religion. Dr.
Roberts contended that they did not
tear down any sentiment for the bet-
ter.

Taking up the topic of his sermon
proper, he showed that all creeds
pointed the same way, that the road
to eternal life was alike in both He-
braic and Christian religions, namely,
keeping of the commandments.

GIRLS' CLUBS SERVE TEA TO THE TEACHERS

The girls' clubs of the High school
and eighth grade have served teach-
ers with refreshments in the rest
room at the Central school building
during the meeting of the New Mex-
ico Educational Association.

The refreshments are prepared in
a room on the second floor and the
girls carry the trays of tea and cakes
to the rest room on the lower floor.
The girls who are assisting in ser-
vicing the visitors are members of
the Alhambra and Setawa camp
fires. To the former belong Pauline
Borradale, Gladys Hayden, Annie
Cristy, Katherine McMillen, Rebecca
Borner, Elizabeth Arnot, Annette
Weinman and Flora Chess, and to the
latter, Louise Trippenberg, Winona
Bixon, Grace Storz, Clyde Wilson,
Irene Fee, Lee Cavanaugh and Ellen
Mordy.

"PINO" SUSPECTED OF STEALING BLANKETS

Jose A. Pino, alias "Pino," was held
last night by the police for investiga-
tion in connection with recent blanket
thefts. Three blankets have been
stolen within a week from porches.
The man recently was ordered to leave
town by the police.

While "Pino" was in jail last night
the theft of another blanket was re-
ported. This may detract from the
evidence the police have against him,
for it may indicate that he was not
alone in these operations.

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Radical Reduction on All Trimmed Hats

We specialize on the remodeling of hats, and have pleased
many customers. Bring in your old hat and let us see what we
can do for you.

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Classy Winter Shoes

We ask the attention of every man, woman and
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Come see the handsome new models—there are
new dull and bright leathers, new Suede, Velvet, Satin
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RUPTURE EXPERT HERE

Seely, Who Fitted Czar of Russia,
Called to Albuquerque.

F. H. Seely, of Chicago and Phila-
delphia, the noted truss expert, will
be at the Alvarado hotel and will re-
main in Albuquerque Saturday, Sun-
day and Monday only, November 9, 10
and 11th. Mr. Seely says: "The
Spermathe Shield Truss as now used
and approved by the United States
government will not only retain any
case of rupture perfectly, affording
immediate and complete relief, but
closed the opening in 10 days on the
average case. This instrument receiv-
ed the only award in England and in
Spain, producing results without sur-
gery, harmful injections, treatments or
prescriptions." Mr. Seely has docu-
ments from the United States govern-
ment, Washington, D. C., for inspec-
tion. All charity cases without charge,
or if any interested call he will be glad
to show the truss without charge or
fit them if desired. Any one ruptured
should remember the date and take
advantage of this opportunity.

Good saddle ponies at the O. K.
barn, 313 W. Silver.

If you need a carpenter, telephone
Hesselden, phone 377.

Phone 501-502 for light hauling,
parcels, messengers. Prompt service.

Just arrived: A new lot of fine
Navajo rugs, Clarke's Curio Store.

L. B. PUTNEY,
WHOLESALE GROCER.
Albuquerque, N. M.

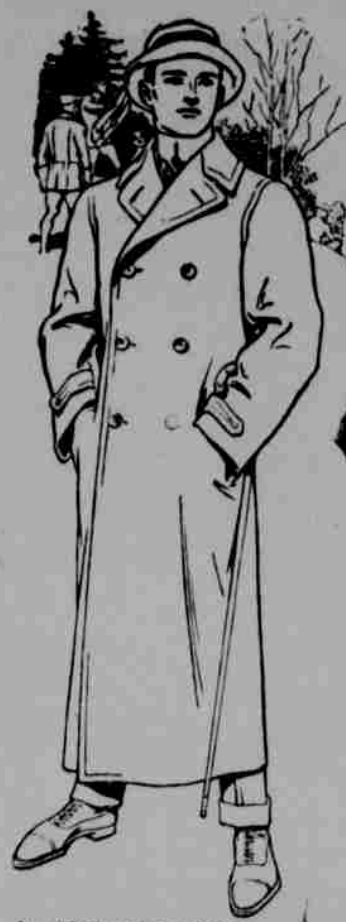
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Overcoats \$20.00 and
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up.

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This store is the home of Hart Schaff-
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Colorado Beet Sugar Syrup
100 Per Cent Pure Beet Sugar and
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65c; 1 gal., \$1.25; at all retailers.
CHARLES ILFELD CO.,
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Results from Journal Want Ads

Continued Price Cutting AT BALLEW'S MILLINERY

Many people have taken advantage of our generous re-
ductions during the week. Although it is but the middle of the
season, our prices are as low as it is possible to make them
even at an end of the season sale.

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12 and 16-button
KID GLOVES
in black and white
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colors, we are closing out at
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