

7-26-1898

## Albuquerque Daily Citizen, 07-26-1898

Hughes & McCreight

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VOLUME 12.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, TUESDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 26, 1898.

NUMBER 241.

## SUNK A GUNBOAT!

Spanish Grossly Disregard the Terms of Surrender.

Predicted That the Spanish at Holguin Will Soon Surrender.

Peace Propositions Officially Proposed by Spain.

ITALY'S DEMANDS ON COLOMBIA.

Guantanamo Bay, July 25.—The Spaniards last night sunk the Spanish gunboat Sandoval lying near Caimanera. This is looked upon as a gross breach of the terms of surrender, especially considering the fact that food had been sent by the United States navy into Caimanera.

First Sergeant of Marines Kinnie, of the New York, went north yesterday evening on the Texas to get his commission as second lieutenant of marines. This is almost the only such promotion on record in this branch of the service. The Montgomery left yesterday evening.

It is difficult to see how the large party of Spanish troops at Holguin can fall to surrender very soon, although reinforced by Spanish troops from Gibara. Holguin is one of the commanding points of eastern Cuba, and the surrender of the garrison will be an important event. News from there is expected shortly, and upon it will depend some of the plans of our commanders.

The Vixen and Suwanee returned to Santiago yesterday conveying prize ships brought here for disinfection. The main body of the fleet is coaling here and cleaning as well as the facilities of the bay will permit.

The Texas will leave for New York shortly to undergo repairs. Movements of other ships under Rear Admiral Sampson's command, except those engaged in the Porto Rico expedition depend upon the decisions of the authorities at Washington. The impression is growing among naval officers of high rank in these waters that it is not advisable to send a fleet to Spain without thorough preparation, including going into dry dock in several cases.

Col. Kewer, who was sent by General Shafter to receive the surrender of five thousand Spanish troops at Guantanamo, arrived here Sunday night with two of General Toral's officers and proceeded to Caimanera and Guantanamo yesterday. The colonel expected to return last night. It is said that 1,700 Spanish troops at Guantanamo district are on the sick list.

A bulletin just issued in regard to investigation of the navy's bombardment of Santiago de Cuba, says: "Twenty houses were completely wrecked and one house burned. Sixteen 8-inch shells struck within three blocks on the Calle de Marian. These excavated ground to a depth of about four feet and about ten feet in length. The street was macadamized. It is judged from the fact that many of them struck near the water's edge that a number of shells must have gone into the bay. Army officers have stated that thirty or forty went beyond the northern edge of the bay into the Spanish lines. A dozen or more of the shells had not exploded. In four the base had been simply blown out. One four-inch shell, which was probably a stray shell fired during the bombardment at Aguaduro on July 1, had gone through a tree and exploded in the ground beyond. When the severe effect of the eight-inch shells is considered it is a matter of congratulation that it was not necessary to continue the bombardment longer and fire thirteen inch shells, as the squadron had prepared to do. The effect of these would undoubtedly have been most disastrous to the town."

Italy's Demands on Colombia.

Rome, July 25.—Admiral Candioli, it is announced in a dispatch from Carthage, Colombia, formally demanded on 8th day that the Colombian government accept President Cleveland's award in the Cerruti case in its entirety and guarantee its full execution. The Italian admiral insists upon a definite reply in twenty days. Meanwhile the Italian warships will visit other Colombian ports.

Peace Negotiations.

Actual Propositions Made to the Under Secretary at Washington. There is reason to believe that at last initial steps have been taken for opening negotiations for peace. At this moment it is impossible to learn the details of the project or even obtain official confirmation.

Secretary of State Day, the French ambassador, M. Cambon, and his first secretary, M. Thibaut, are in conference with the president. The interview was arranged between Secretary Day and Secretary Thibaut. It was still in progress at 4 o'clock. The conference, it is believed, refers to peace negotiations, but no particulars yet obtainable.

The conference of the French ambassador and Secretary Day with President McKinley lasted an hour. When the parties to it were asked if the conference brought out a peace proposal the question significantly was unanswered.

The following official statement is made: The French ambassador, on behalf of the government of Spain and by direction of the Spanish minister of foreign affairs presented to President McKinley this afternoon, at the White House, a message from the Spanish government looking to a termination of the war and the settlement of terms of peace.

Secretaries Day, Alger and Long are in conference with the president as a sequence to Ambassador Cambon's call. Spain's communication presented by Ambassador Cambon is general in terms and does not make any distinct propositions as to Cuba, the Philippines or any other possession. It is simply a request that peace negotiations be opened. No armistice is proposed. After Cambon submitted the proposal, general talk followed between him, President McKinley, Secretary Day and M. Thibaut.

The president reserved his answer, an understanding being reached that he would at once lay the subject before the cabinet and then invite Cambon to another conference at the white house when a final answer will be given as to the willing of this government to open negotiations. The manner in which peace negotiations shall be conducted in case the United States accepts Spain's tender has not been determined upon, but it is understood that the method likely to be adopted is to have Gen. Horace Porter, United States ambassador at Paris and Sen. Leon Castillo, Spanish ambassador at Paris, carry forward negotiations from the point arrived at by President McKinley and Ambassador Cambon.

## PORTO RICO CAMPAIGN!

Gen. Miles Lands His Army at Port Guanica.

Skirmish With Spanish Troops, but No Americans Killed.

Colonial Dances of New York Fit Up a Hospital Ship.

NOTHING NEW AT CABINET MEETING.

(Copyright Associated Press.)

Port Guanica, island of Porto Rico, July 25, 2 p. m.—The United States military expedition which left Guantanamo on Thursday landed here successfully to-day after a skirmish with Spanish troops. No Americans killed.

From Porto Rico there is an excellent military road running eighty miles north to San Juan. The whole of Gen. Brooke's force with the New Orleans, Annapolis, Cincinnati, Leyden and Wasp are expected here within twenty-four hours. The ships left Guantanamo early on Thursday evening, and the Massachusetts, commanded by Capt. F. J. Higginson, leading, Capt. Higginson was in charge of the expedition, which consisted of the Columbia, Dixie, Gloucester and Yale. Gen. Miles was on the last named vessel.

The troops were on the transports Tuesday morning. They landed at Ponce, Unionist, Stillwater, City of Macon, and Specialist. This was the order in which the transports entered the harbor here, which consisted of the Columbia, Dixie, Gloucester and Yale. Gen. Miles was on the last named vessel.

At noon yesterday Gen. Miles called for a consultation announcing that he was determined not to go by San Juan cape but by the Mona passage instead, land here, and surprise the Spaniards, and deceive the military authorities. The course was then changed, and the fleet was sent to warn Gen. Brooke at Cape Juan.

Port Guanica has been fully described by Lieut. Whitney, of Gen. Miles' staff, who recently made an adventurous tour in Porto Rico. Ponce, which is situated ten or fifteen miles from this port, is to the eastward and a harder place to reach in addition, the water at Ponce is too shallow for transports to get close in shore. Then again, Ponce is some little distance from where the troops are sent. It has been able to land if that point had been selected for the debarkation of the troops.

THE GALLANT GLOUCESTER.

Early this morning the Gloucester in charge of Lieut. Commander Walnright steamed into Guanica harbor in order to land the troops. With the vessel outside the gallant little fighting yacht braved the mines supposed to be in the harbor and found there were five fathoms of water close in.

Guanica is surrounded by cultivated lands. In the rear are high mountains and on the beach nestles a village of about twenty houses. The Spaniards were completely taken by surprise. Almost the first they knew of the approach of the army of invasion was the firing of a shot from the Gloucester.

The Gloucester landed down their flag floating from the dais in front of a blockhouse standing on the east of the village. First a couple of three pounders were fired into the hills right and left of the bay, purposely avoiding the town lest the projectiles hurt the women and children. Then the Gloucester broke through the line of about six hundred yards of the shore, and lowered a launch, having on board a Colt rapid fire gun and thirty men under command of Lieut. Huze, who was sent ashore without encountering opposition.

Quartermaster Beck thereupon told Yeoman Lacey to haul down the Spanish flag, which was done, and they then raised on the flagstaff the first United States flag to float over Porto Rican soil. Suddenly about thirty Spaniards opened fire with Mauser rifles on the American party. Lieut. Huze and his men responded with great gallantry, the Colt gun doing effective work.

Norman, who received Cervera's surrender, and Wood, volunteer lieutenant, shared the honors with Lieut. Huze.

Almost immediately after the Americans were fired on, the Gloucester opened fire on the enemy with all her three and six-pounders which could be brought to bear, shelling the town and also dropping shells into the hills west of Guanica where a number of Spanish cavalry were seen hastening toward the spot where the Americans landed. Lieut. Huze then threw up a little fort which he named Fort Walnright.

He laid a barbed wire in the street to repel the expected cavalry attack. Lieut. Walnright also mounted the Colt gun and signalled for reinforcements, which were sent from the Gloucester.

The Associated Press dispatch boat Cynthia it was the only boat in the harbor except the Gloucester. While the Mausers were peppering all around, Lieut. Commander Walnright called to the Associated Press correspondent: "They fired on us after their flag was down and ours up and after I had spared the town for the sake of the women and children. The next town I strike I will blow it up."

Presently a few Spanish cavalry joined those fighting in the streets of Guanica, but the Colt gun backed to purging the killing force. By that time the Gloucester had the range of the town and the blockhouse and her guns were helping fire, the doctor and paymaster helping to serve the guns. Soon afterwards while coated galloping cavalry men were seen entering the hills to the westward foot soldiers scurrying along the fences from the town.

The skirmish was between detachments of Spanish troops and a crew of thirty belonging to a launch of the United States auxiliary gunboat Gloucester, formerly J. Pierpont Morgan's yacht Corsica. Forty Spaniards were killed, and no Americans were hurt. Troops were pushed forward promptly to capture the railroad leading to Ponce, only about ten miles west of this place.

By 9:45 a. m. with the exception of a few guerrilla shots, the town was won and the enemy driven out of the neighborhood. The first regulars were the first to land from the transports. Lieut. Huze deployed small forces into the suburbs, but saw no further action. All the boats and the men of war transports were in landing the troops, each steam launch towing four or five boats loaded to the guns with supplies. But everything progressed in an orderly manner and according to the plans of Gen. Miles. The general went ashore about noon, after which he returned to the Gloucester. He thanked Lieut. Walnright for his gallant action.

Ohio Volunteer Troops. Washington, July 25.—Orders will be issued to-day for the First, Third and Fifth Ohio regiments at Tampa, Florida, to prepare for service in Porto Rico. These troops were in the original list,

## KILLED AND WOUNDED!

Official Report of Casualties in Battle of Santiago.

Total Loss Killed Wounded and Missing 1595 Men.

European Nations Anxious to Gobble Up Spanish Possessions.

MISS SCHLEY'S PEACE MISSION.

Washington, July 25.—The following bulletin was posted at the navy department to-day: The ambulance ship Sandoval will sail in a day or two from New York for Admiral Sampson's squadron. While at the navy yard she had an additional ice machine installed and was supplied with a carter and brown canvas awning by the Rhode Island Relief Association and an X-ray apparatus by the national society of Colonial Dames. She will go to Key West and take on board all the naval sick or wounded in the hospital or on the vessels in port, and will assist all vessels on blockade duty around the island of Cuba, taking on board the sick and wounded and leaving them ice, fruit, delicacies and stores for the sick, comfort food and clothing distributed in kind or purchased with money supplied by various patriotic societies throughout the country. Soon as she receives her complement of sick and wounded she will bring them to one of the northern naval hospitals.

CABINET MEETING.

No News Received This Morning From Porto Rican Expedition. Washington, July 25.—When the cabinet assembled today, Secretaries Alger and Long both announced that they had received no dispatches from the Porto Rico expedition. Secretary Alger especially noted the fact that he had received no word from General Miles and was disappointed.

Referring to the expedition of Commodore Watson to the Spanish coast, Secretary Alger said there was nothing new. "It is surely going, is it not?" he was asked. "It is waiting for orders from the president," was the reply.

The voyage from Guantanamo to the Spanish coast was not a success, as the fleet was not able to land if that point had been selected for the debarkation of the troops.

RUSSIAN INTERFERENCE.

European Nations Trying to Mix in the Spanish Trouble. New York, July 25.—A dispatch to the World from Madrid says: It is said that Russia is endeavoring to take the lead in a demonstration of sympathy which the French foreign ministry only reluctantly consented to do. Every since then, Russia and the Vatican with the aid of the Austrian court, though contrary to the judgment of the Austrian chancellor, Count Goluchowski, have been arranging for a concerted action by the continental powers to interfere both when the American squadron comes to Europe and when in general negotiations the question of the Philippine islands comes up. Then Russia and France will play in behalf of Spanish interests to prevent the United States, Germany or Japan interfering.

SOLDIERS WILL FIGHT A JAPANESE.

Santiago de Cuba, July 25.—The first United States infantry under Lieut. Col. Biebes went to Guantanamo yesterday afternoon to occupy that place. Gen. Shafter and staff left this city yesterday for Camp Wood. Military Governor General Wood remains here. Company F, Thirty-third Michigan volunteers, will publish to-day a dispatch in which Gen. Shafter's consent, the first American paper published in Cuba. It is edited and printed by members of the company and will bear the title "Company F Enterprise."

FALSE REPORT.

Berlin, July 25.—It is sent officially announced that there is no foundation for the report that Dr. von Hollenbohm, German ambassador at Washington, has presented President McKinley a personal letter from Emperor William.

GOING TO CORRA.

Berlin, July 25.—A dispatch from Kiel-Chou to-day announces that the German warship Deutschland, having Prince Henry of Prussia on board, started for Fusan, Corea, July 25.

AGENTS TO CORRA.

Madrid, July 25.—Premier Sagasta to-day admitted that the American force "landed a decisive point on the island of Porto Rico."

Mrs. W. C. Hadley and daughter, who have resided at Philadelphia the past year, came in last night and many friends are glad to greet them. Mrs. Hadley stopped off at Baton and Las Vegas en route to this city.

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## THE PHOENIX!

Royal Entertainment!

308 and 307 Railroad Avenue.

FIRE SALE

SHOES

The big crowd which availed themselves of the great bargains offered them yesterday at our Fire Sale will bear us out in the statement that our shoes are the cheapest ever offered to the public this side of the Missouri river. We will continue our Ladies' and Men's Shoe Sale for another day, and have added a beautiful line of Ladies' Oxford Ties, Toe Slippers, Gaiters and Sandals. This is your last chance. Remember, we will sell only Men's and Ladies' Shoes.

B. ILFELD & CO., Props.

Just Received

Gold Band Ham.

Gold Band Breakfast Bacon.

Gold Band Chip Beef.

Gold Band Boiled Ham.

Boston Beauties Mackerel.

New stock of Brick and American Cream Cheese.

We expect to-morrow Imported Swiss Cheese.

If you want to put up fruits use our Heinz & Co. Pickling Vinegar.

We have 10 varieties of Mocha and Java Coffee, from 30 cents to 50 cents per pound.

Our stock of Groceries is complete and our prices the lowest.

The Jaffa Grocery Co.

112 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, July 25.—Wheat—July, 70½; Sept., 65½.

Corn—July, 34½; Sept., 34½.

Oats—July, 25; Sept., 20½.

Money Market.

New York, July 25.—Money on call nominally 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime, mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent.

Silver and Lead.

New York, July 25.—Silver, 50; Lead, \$3.80.

Copper.

New York, July 25.—Copper, 10½c.

THE SULPHUR SPRINGS

STAGE LINE.

WASON & TRIMBLE, Props.

The best equipped tri-weekly four-horse stage in the Southwest. From Thornton to the famous Sulphur Springs in the Jemez Mountains. Leave Thornton Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 a. m. arrive at Alamo 12 noon leave Alamo at 1 p. m. and arrive at Sulphur at 5 p. m. Stage returns from Sulphur on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Parties leaving Albuquerque on Saturday can spend Sunday in the mountains.

Round Trip Tickets for Sale by

W. L. TRIMBLE & CO., - Albuquerque

E. J. POST & CO.,

HARDWARE

BUCKEYE MOWERS.

We Carry a Full Line of Buckeye Mower Repairs. Thomas All-Steel Easy Dump Hay Rakes. Milburn and Studebaker Wagons Write for Prices. Mail orders given prompt attention.

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N. T. Armijo Building.

A Centrally Located Hotel.

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All Patterns 10 and 15c NONE HIGHER

THE ECONOMIST

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Day as Received.

204 Railroad Avenue, Albuquerque, N. M.

The Best Lighted Store in the City.

MID-SUMMER

....CLEARANCE SALE....

Of Nice, Clean, Fresh Stock. Our buyer in New York has already shipped us some fall goods and we must make room for them. Every dollar gets its value almost doubled in the following bargains we now offer you.

SHIRT WAISTS.

See Window Display.—The remainder of our stock of all colored shirt waists, in all sizes from 32 to 42, go in this sale at only 50c. Remember the price, only 50c.

SHIRT WAISTS.

Made of white duck, while they last, take your pick at only 75c.

WHITE GOODS.

15 pieces of white, checked and striped. Nainsooks, to clear up stock, regular 90 cents, take your pick for only 50c.

LAWNS AND ORGANDIES.

25 pieces, sold regularly up to 25c a yard, take your choice of any in the lot, per yard, only 10c.

HOSIERY.

1 line of Ladies' Dark Tan Hose, regular made, double heel and toe, all sizes, special at 12½c.

1 line of Ladies' Seamless Striped Hose, in all sizes at 10c, special at 7½c.

1 line of Infants' and Misses' Hose, full regular made cotton hose, double heel and toe, fine ribbed, also Lisle thread, colors, tan, chocolate and oxford; regular 25c hose, special to close out 10c.

SOX

A full, regular Lisle Hose, in all sizes, regular price 15c per pair, in this sale only 10c.

RIBBONS.

Another lot of fancy stock ribbon, all number 60 ribbons, and worth in regular way from 35c to 50c a yard, special price to clear them out, per yard, only 10c.

LADIES' SHOES.

About 40 pairs of Ladies' Oxfords, colors, Tan, oxford and black; these goods are worth up to \$2 a pair, special price to clear them out, per pair, only 10c.

MISSSES' OXFORDS.

Shoes, sizes 12 to 2; about 30 pairs all sizes black; to clear them out, per pair, only 10c.

KNEE PANTS.

See Window Display. Boys' Knee Pants, ages 4 to 14, summer weight, to clear them out, per pair only 10c.

SHIRT WAISTS.

For boys, ages 4 to 14, made of fast colors, shirting prints; to clear them out, each, 10c.

UNDERWEAR.

Gents' Balbriggan Shirts and drawers, the regular 50c kind, special at 10c.

A fancy mixed blue and white, also tan and white, shirts and drawers, the 75c kind, special at only 10c.

**SPECIAL OFFER....**

The success of our Special Bargains in Watches last week induces us to offer another. We have just received a supply of Full Jeweled (15 Jewels) Nickel Movements, absolutely accurate timekeepers. We have also a large stock of Warranted Gold Filled Cases and offer them complete for

**\$16.00**

Only a dozen of them on hand.

WE OFFER LADIES' WATCHES AT REDUCED PRICES FOR A FEW DAYS.

**EVERITT**

Leading Jeweler, RAILROAD AVENUE, Albuquerque, N. M.

**WATCHES**

**H. E. FOX, ..**

Corner 2d St. and Gold Ave.

**CHIEF WATCH INSPECTOR SANTA FE PACIFIC R. R.**

Railroad Watches—Sold on easy Monthly Payments.

21 Jeweled Elgin  
21 Jeweled Waltham  
21 Jeweled Hamilton  
17 Jeweled Elgin  
17 Jeweled Waltham  
Fine Gold, Gold Filled, Silver and Nickel cases.

We have just received an elegant line of 18k Wedding Rings in Tiffany, Oval and Flat shapes. Fine Watch work, Stone Mounting and artistic engraving promptly done.

Mail Orders Solicited and Satisfaction Guaranteed



## THE DAILY CITIZEN

HUGHES & MCKINLEY, PUBLISHERS  
TUES. HUGHES, Editor  
W. T. MCKINLEY, Bus. Mgr. and City Ed.  
PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.

Associated Press Afternoon Telegrams.  
Official Paper of Bernalillo County.  
Largest City and County Circulation  
The Largest New Mexico Circulation  
Largest North Arizona Circulation  
ALBUQUERQUE, — JULY 20, 1906



WHAT has become of Mike Mandell's battleship?

THE small box is killing more people in New Mexico than the yellow fever in Cuba.

THE war appears to have wiped out the populists along with the other enemies of the United States.

THE United States will soon be in position to carry on a successful war in any part of the world.

THE sale of postal stamps for the fiscal year just ended amounted to \$33,000,000, a gain of nearly 4 per cent over the preceding year.

WHEN General Miles finishes the job at Porto Rico he will have done some thing worthy a page in history, for Porto Rico has never been taken. It has had the storm for ally, fever, too. Twice England attacked it. The Spaniards beat her off. Once they beat the Dutch.

IT is expected that a proposition will soon be made by the postmaster-general of Great Britain for a convention, at which the United States and Great Britain will be represented, whose purpose it will be to establish a postal rate between the United States and Europe of two cents of our money.

THE first bale of cotton of the new crop has been sold at auction in New York for \$600, with the understanding that the money is to go to the United States hospital fund. Wrapped in a large flag and accompanied by a check for \$600 the bale will be sent to President McKinley to be disposed of as he sees fit.

THE navy department has not been obliged in any instance to change any order or reflect in any manner on any action performed by Admiral George Dewey, sailor and diplomat, since he went into the Pacific. The great thing about Admiral George Dewey is that he does his work and writes about it afterwards.

THE newspaper agitation of the question of the loyalty of the Spanish-American residents of New Mexico is going to be a serious handicap to a statehood bill next session of congress, but it may be counteracted by the glorious record being made by the New Mexico troops in the field, predicts the Silver City Independent.

TRADE IN THE WEST INDIES.  
The eastern trade reviews say that merchants and ship owners are making active preparations for the revival of trade with the West Indies that must follow the conquest of Cuba and Porto Rico. These two islands have bought as much as \$25,000,000 worth of goods in a single year from the United States, and they have sent to this country \$60,000,000 worth of merchandise in a single year. This trade will be much larger than ever before as soon as the United States controls the islands and establishes peace therein.

STATE ELECTIONS THIS YEAR.  
The following states have elected state officers this year: Kentucky and Texas in January, Rhode Island in April, Oregon in June.

The next state election this year will be that of Alabama, August 8, for governor and other state officers.

The second will be that of Arkansas, September 4, for governor and other state officers.

Vermont will vote on September 6, and Maine on September 12.

Elections for governor and other state officers will be held in November in the following states: Georgia, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, North Dakota, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Wyoming and Wisconsin.

States that will hold no state elections until presidential year, 1908, are Illinois, Montana, North Carolina, Utah, Washington and West Virginia.

The next state election of Virginia will be in 1901.

BLINDERS OF SHAFER.  
Military experts are of the opinion that Gen. Shafter deserves censure instead of credit for the Santiago campaign. He is accused of making blunders from the beginning to the end of the campaign, and only the bravery of the troops saved them from a humiliating situation. One of those who witnessed the battle on July 1 says:

"If we did strict justice to the army, instead of printing pictures of the large, fat general and calling him a hero, we would first investigate his methods of July 1, with a hope to prevent the placing within such incompetent hands of another expedition of such importance. We were beaten at 10 o'clock, July 1. Every rule of modern warfare, every theory printed in the textbooks of attack and

resistance which our officers have been studying for twenty years would have exposed the field and line officers for ordering a retreat at that hour. But they went forward. They had received no orders during all the morning from Gen. Shafter and they received none during the afternoon. They were simply ordered forward at 8 o'clock in the morning into the jungle within 1,000 yards of the Spanish artillery to take their chances. The position had not been reconnoitered. When they reached the grounds where it was necessary to place the brigades in battle formation they remained under fire for three hours without being able to see a single enemy. They fought blindly and desperately till they reached open ground below the Spanish trenches and block-houses; then they had to go forward or be slaughtered, and they went. The first five hours of July 1 was a hopeless, dreary tragedy.

"During the entire progress of the peace negotiations he (Gen. Shafter) has every day offered some new indications of weakness, while Tunal has every day shown his contempt for Shafter by trying some new plan to outwit him. The credit for the final surrender belongs to President McKinley, who twice ignored Shafter's recommendations and insisted on unconditional terms. How differently this 'hero of Santiago' conducted his affairs from what the 'hero of Appomattox' did at Vicksburg. Had Grant been at Santiago he would never have sent the silly information to Washington that he had just come from an hour and a half's discussion with the Spanish general and 'believed he had made an impression.' Grant would have given Mr. Tunal twelve hours, then he would have closed the truce and reopened the artillery. Shafter was two weeks in completing the surrender, and every step of the tedious affair had to be directed from Washington, where the president awaited every unintelligible telegram from Shafter with great anxiety."

### PATRIOTIC NATIVES.

The Democrat in a recent issue said: "It is idle to suppress the truth. The matter must speak for itself. The native population of New Mexico in this war with Spain has not manifested a proper spirit of patriotism."

While the native people of this territory have not enlisted with the alacrity of the English-speaking population, it is a fact that native volunteers are in every company from this territory except one from this city, in which company they had little chance to enlist. The first blood shed on the soil of Cuba, at the battle of La Quasima, was from the veins of a volunteer Spanish-American from this city. All the rumors of disloyalty on the part of the native people, when hunted down, proved to be utterly false.

Leading native citizens of this territory offer to raise a regiment of native Spanish-Americans for war with Spain whenever their services may be needed. THE CITIZEN at first believed the rumors about the disloyalty of certain of the native people, and was prompt in denunciation of the supposed treason, but it is pleased to give evidence that no more patriotic people live in New Mexico than the Spanish-American citizens. The census shows that only twenty-three natives of Spain reside in New Mexico. They have no influence. The descendants of the conquerors of Mexico who were born and raised in New Mexico are lovers of American institutions, and will give their lives in defense of the stars and stripes, as is abundantly proven by the many volunteers from this territory in the war with Spain.

### THE AMERICAN SOLDIER.

The military experts traveling with the United States army, that they may have opportunities to observe American methods and American characteristics, with one accord, give the highest praise to the American common soldier, so-called. A French officer expresses the greatest admiration for what he is pleased to call the "character of initiative," which term is only another name for self-reliance. "It is," he says, "almost unknown in European armies where every movement, and the move to meet each action of the enemy, awaits the initiative of an officer." This French soldier is surprised to find that our men fight as it arises, overcoming obstacles by their own initiative.

### ORIGIN OF THE EAGLE.

The national emblem is everything in war times. Congress adopted the Stars and Stripes by solemn enactment. But where did we get that glorious totem, the eagle? We did like other nations, appropriate the noble bird. The eagle is a creature whose neither philosopher nor peasant need be ashamed. "His wing is thought; his eye, a flash of light; his breast, an arrow shot into darkness; his glance, defiance of wind and battering; his spirit, supremacy over chaotic elements, and his scream is the cry of liberty and the shout of progress."

### COAL A FACTOR IN WAR.

Coal is the great factor of modern war. It is supreme when it comes to countries whose theater is the ocean. A British board of trade publication on the world's coal supply shows that the United States is second only to England in the amount of production, and that in the cost of production the United States ranks under England and Germany. Trade statistics have just been published which for this country and England cover 1907, a year later than the British official figures which cover the world. In 1897 the British production was 202,128,345 tons; that of the United States was 198,200,000 net tons.

It is in order for the democrat to call their territorial convention and nominate their candidate for delegate. They won in the last campaign, and it is a matter of courtesy that they should hold their convention first this year.

In ninety days the United States has armed, equipped and placed in the field 300,000 volunteer soldiers. This is a fact for the powers to consider seriously before from "humanitarian motives" they do anything rash.

The Cuban insurgents may withdraw from the neighborhood of our army in disgust, but they will not go far enough to endanger their communications with the American stores of hardware and bacon.

The United States attorney's attention is called to the fact that the express company in this city is evading the provisions of the revenue law.

### ROUGH RIDERS' VICTORY.

Cyclonic Tactics Dismayed the Spanish at Quasmas.

### STRIKING COOLNESS OF THE MEN.

Quasmas is the name given to the battlefield where, on June 24, the First United States volunteer cavalry, better known as the Rough Riders, received its baptism of fire and behaved with the coolness and intrepidity of veteran troops. But all the glory of a decisive defeat of the Spaniards did not belong to the Rough Riders. The Tenth cavalry distinguished itself and some troops of the First United States cavalry were also engaged. A New Yorker in the Rough Riders, who witnessed the charge of the Tenth up a ridge on the right of the valley where Colonel Wood's regiment seemed to be caught in a trap, was very enthusiastic after the battle, over the dashing style in which the black troopers went for the position of the Spanish and captured it. "I don't know what kind of cavalry they make," he said, "but they are a glorious success as infantrymen. There can be no better soldiers in the world, and yet I would doubt whether the negro could fight with such dash as the white man."

The First United States cavalry claims the credit of having opened the engagement with the discharge of a Hotchkiss gun in the direction of a force of Spaniards which was plainly in view on the crest of a hill. It is said that the Spaniards did not open fire on the Rough Riders until a few minutes later. There are two things that should be said with emphasis before the battle is described in detail. One is that the Rough Riders were not untrained, so that word is generally understood, and the other is that none of them was shot by his comrades in an overlapping line in the rear. There have been hints that this happened, but they do serious injustice to Colonel Wood and Lieutenant Colonel Roosevelt, and also to General Young, who was in command of the brigade engaged. The brigade was a part, it should be understood, of General Wheeler's corps.

The night before Quasmas General Young sent for Colonel Wood of the Rough Riders and in substance said to him: "Colonel, I have reliable information that the Spaniards have taken a very strong position beyond Sevilla, near the junction of the trail over the mountain at Sitoney and the valley road, and expect to inflict a defeat on us there if we advance. I think the brigade can fight the first battle of this war to-morrow morning and drive the enemy back on Santiago."

Gen. Young got his information about the position of the Spaniards from Gen. Demetrius Scott, and it proved to be correct. Col. Wood's regiment climbed the hill at Sitoney soon after sunrise, and the Tenth took the valley road, starting late. Behind the Rough Riders at some distance marched the First. The country in which the troops were to operate can best be described as a chaos of high hills and mountain peaks. So prodigiously are they massed about it that it should not be difficult for a resourceful and determined enemy to annihilate an invading army. Colonel Wood's men marched with heavy packs at the regulation step and suffered terribly from the heat. Many of them threw away their blankets or coats on the way, and 10 per cent fell out, so that at one time a considerable halt was necessary.

The Tenth cavalry, lured to hot weather marching, went along cheerily enough, but when the battle began they were some distance behind the Rough Riders. The Tenth had, however, a better road to march over. That which Col. Wood's regiment took was a mere trail through the woods, where it was not always possible for four men to march abreast. Let it be understood that the Rough Riders were proceeding along one of the ridges of which there are so many in the valley that ends at Santiago. The course of the Tenth was in the bottom of the valley. Overlooking the ridge on both sides was some high ground, and in front was a considerable hill.

The Spanish position was in the shape of a horseshoe so that valley driving could be directed from three sides on a regiment advancing along the ridge. On both sides of the trail were dense thickets, in which the giant cactus known as the Spanish bayonet, predominated; but the trend of these thickets was slightly upward on the right and sharply downward on the left.

Captain Capron of the volunteers was riding at point, or ahead of the main body, when he became aware of the presence of the Spaniards in force on a hill to the right. He halted his little body of men and sent back word to Colonel Wood. The latter at once gave orders to deploy on both sides of the trail, and enfiladed the enemy, especially on the left, where there were some shouting and laughter, for the men fagged out as they were from heat and marching, were inclined to be hilarious over the prospect of a brush with the enemy. Lieutenant Colonel Roosevelt at once repressed their enthusiasm.

Suddenly from cover on the left front and before the regiment was well deployed there came a rip, rip, rip of musketry. The firing was directed against Troop I, which was in advance. It is said that the Rough Riders on the extreme left anticipated the Spanish firing by a few seconds, but on this point there seems to be some doubt. Reference has already been made to the assertion that a Hotchkiss gun handled by the First regiment of cavalry fired the first shot. Troop I of the Rough Riders replied to the Spanish fire with great spirit and precision. The trail and woods on both sides of it are still littered with empty cartridges fired by them. On the left side of the trail the bushes were thick, and the men could not see the Spaniards who were firing on them from the slope. On the right the enemy could be seen in a little clearing a mile away, and Troop K, and A, after plunging through the bushes, blazed away at them with good will.

There was at first some danger that the Tenth cavalry, which came up quickly as soon as the firing began, would mistake the deploying Rough Riders on the right for Spaniards, and one of the officers of the Tenth afterward said that he was greatly relieved when the guidon of K appeared on a slight elevation in the valley ahead. It is doubtful whether Troops G, K and A, which were in that

order on the right of Company L, could have driven the Spaniards off the hill without support. The truth, on getting the word, swarmed up the hill, firing with great deliberation volley after volley. Their alignment and coolness were remarkable. Whenever a man was hit the cry of "Hospital!" went up calmly, and the troopers pressed on as if engaged in practice maneuvers. Although many of them had never been under fire, there was not the least faltering or confusion. On the left of the Rough Riders Troops D and F did the heaviest work, K and B being farther back and in the rear of L. Captain Capron was shot early in the fight, and the fighting had not gone on long before Hamilton Fish fell mortally wounded. He had been in the front rank pressing on and firing as fast as he could load. Every one who witnessed his behavior under a galling fire speaks of it with enthusiasm. Fish died the death of a brave soldier.

It can be said of the Rough Riders that almost to a man they faced with the coolness of veterans the ordeal of fire, which was the more trying because the foe, attacking from cover, could not be seen. Five times during engagement the order was given to stop firing and it was obeyed instantly. There could be no better evidence that the men kept their heads and army officers speak of the circumstance as an unusual one. One man, however, seems to have lost his head. He rode back to Sitoney when the fighting was fiercest with a story that the Rough Riders were being cut to pieces and were falling back. Nothing could have been further from the truth. Ten men killed and perhaps three times that number wounded was not a heavy loss in a command of 500 men, and far from being driven back, the Rough Riders charged up the hill on the left with a rush that filled the Spaniards with panic.

Troops L, P and K were concerned in the final movement, and Lieutenant Colonel Roosevelt led them in person. Major Brodie having been wounded and taken to the rear. On the top of the slope was a blockhouse, from which the Spaniards were firing with apparently little risk to themselves. The boys yelled like Comanches as they pressed up the hill on the run, and Col. Roosevelt, forgetting in his ardor that he was in command, snatched up a Krag-Jorgensen and pumped shot after shot into the blockhouse.

The Spanish fire was steady enough, but it is sweep the charge of the three troops was cyclonic, and the Spaniards burst from the blockhouse and took to their heels in the brush. Seventeen bodies were counted in and around the house. Meanwhile the other troops, the Tenth cavalry and the First, the last of which was not heavily engaged, flanked the front of the Spaniards on the right and in front. The battle seems to have been deliberately planned, for they took their wounded away in wagons, and there was a long line of them. The Spanish loss in killed was then known to be at least fifty. Some fruit pickers who came out from Santiago the following day reported that the Spaniards returned with the story that they had been fighting the whole American army, and they complained that the more they fired on the Americans the faster they came on. The Spaniards were plainly heart-broken and dismayed by the result of the battle. So sure were they of victory that they brought some of their women with them to witness the defeat of the Americans. The fact is, the unfaltering advance of our men after volleys had been poured into them from the front and flanks was an unpleasant surprise for the Spaniards, who had always seen the Cuban retreat after one raking volley was whipped early in the fight, and so badly whipped that their inevitable volleying and rushing were like the resurrections of a dead man.

About 1,500 Americans were engaged. The Spanish force was not less than 2,000, and some estimates have made it 4,000. Its position should have been impregnable even if it had been outnumbered. If Quasmas had been fought between Spaniards and Cubans it would have figured in the history of the civil war as a great battle—the greatest battle, in fact, of three years of fighting—New York Sun.

### SOLDIERS SING "GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

In Tampa, Fla., the other day American soldiers, who had always seen the Cuban retreat after one raking volley, raised a protest a year ago. They joined in singing "God Save the Queen" in honor of Victoria's birthday. It is really curious how quickly these marauders will not cure, but they are especially valuable in chronic diseases of all kinds, female complaints, nervous debility, heart disease, stomach trouble, tape worm, rheumatism, blood poisoning, venereal diseases, syphilis and all sexual and private diseases.

### THE COST OF THE WAR.

An estimate has been made showing that the expenditures for carrying on the war thus far aggregate \$125,000,000. This is at the rate of about \$1,350,000 a day, an amount not likely to be greatly exceeded during the remainder of the contest which we may reasonably conclude will not last much more than three months. Perhaps \$250,000,000 in round figures will suffice for our share of the expenses of forcing Spain to relinquish her hold on Cuba.

Thus far congress has made provision for the expenditure of \$28,180,000. This amount has been appropriated in specific and lump sums. The money to meet the appropriations has been in the treasury from the beginning. On the first day of the month following the outbreak of hostilities the net cash balance was \$215,810,922. On the last day of July the amount was \$235,557,770.76. It is no part of the duty of the government to pay out of its pockets the balance on hand has steadily increased. On the 21st inst. it was reported to be \$250,322,200. This condition of affairs is likely to remain unchanged to the end of the war.

### REMARKABLE RESCUE.

Mrs. Michael Curtin, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught a snake on her tongue. She was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from the first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottle of this great discovery at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.'s drug store. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

### SMITH PREMIER

Is Endorsed by THE BANKS, LEADING LAWYERS, AND BUSINESS MEN.

N. W. ALGER,

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Also Agent for the best BUILDING and LOAN ASSOCIATION.

"THE INDUSTRIAL."

STOCK FOR SALE. MONEY TO LOAN.

### THE EQUITABLE

### LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

Of the United States.

Outstanding Assurance December 31, 1897. \$951,165,837.00  
New Assurance written in 1897. 156,955,693.00  
Proposals for Assurance Examined and Declined. 24,491,973.00  
Income. 48,572,269.53  
Assets, December 31, 1897. 236,876,308.04  
Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and all other liabilities. 186,333,133.20  
Surplus, 4 per cent standard. 50,543,174.84  
Paid Policy Holders in 1897. 21,106,314.14

### LARGEST

### STRONGEST

Most Insurance in Force. Largest Surplus.

### BEST

Pays Large Claims Prompter. Pays Larger Dividends, (\$1,000,000 more during last five years.) Issues Better Policies.

WALTER N. PARKHURST, General Manager,

NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA DEPARTMENT,

Albuquerque, New Mexico.

### Notice to Sick People.

For the NEXT 30 DAYS everybody who cares to write us regarding their Diseases or afflictions will be treated TILL CURED FREE OF CHARGE. This offer is made in order to introduce our new method of treating and curing both Acute and Chronic diseases, and all private disorders. If you are sick write us at once. YOU HAVE NOTHING TO LOSE OR RISK. Letters strictly confidential.

Address, DOCTOR KEITH, Kansas City, Mo. Post Office Box No. 208. July 2nd, 1898.

### LEE WING BROS.

Chinese Physicians.

For nearly twelve years Dr. Lee Wing has been a licensed resident of Denver and has been permitted by the skillful men of the world to practice his art.

### CHINESE

### VEGETABLE

### REMEDIES

To bring health and happiness to the thousands of the afflicted who had almost given up hope of ever being cured. His patients are found in nearly every state in the Union, his medicines being sent everywhere by mail or express. There is scarcely a known disease which these marvelous remedies will not cure, but they are especially valuable in chronic diseases of all kinds, female complaints, nervous debility, heart disease, stomach trouble, tape worm, rheumatism, blood poisoning, venereal diseases, syphilis and all sexual and private diseases.

### LEE WING BROS.

The renowned Chinese specialists, 1639 Larimer street, Denver. Consultation free. If you cannot call, write, enclosing stamp for circular, and question blank. A cure guaranteed or money refunded.

### Wasting in Children

can be overcome in almost all cases by the use of Scott's Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil and the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. While it is a scientific fact that cod-liver oil is the most digestible oil in existence, in

### SCOTT'S EMULSION

it is not only palatable, but it is already digested and made ready for immediate absorption by the system. It is also combined with the hypophosphites, which supply a food not only for the tissues of the body, but for the bones and nerves, and will build up the child when its ordinary food does not supply proper nourishment.

Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion. See that the fish and fish are on the wrapper.

All druggists 10c and 25c. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Have just received another lot of cash hats. They are very neat and only cost 70 cents. Simon Stern, the Railroad Avenue Clothier.



Ho! for Jemez Hot Springs.

JOHNSTON & MOORE'S Famous Stages Leave EVERY TUESDAY MORNING For the Resort. Livery Feed and Sales Stable. HACKS to any part of the city for only 25c. Old Telephone No. 6. New Telephone No. 114. COPPER AVENUE, Bet. Second and Third Sts.

ESTABLISHED 1852. CHARTERED 1874.

### Academy of "Our Lady of Light."

SANTA FE, BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES. CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF LORETO.

The 46th Academic Term Will Open Monday, Sept. 5th, 1898.

This Academy is situated in a most desirable location in the city so famous for its beautiful and agreeable climate. The building is furnished throughout with modern conveniences, including steam heat, hot and cold water, baths, etc. The course of instruction comprises every branch contributing to a thorough and refined education. Music and Art receive special attention. For PROSPECTUS, address, SISTER SUPERIOR.

### Whitcomb Springs and Health Resort,

Eighteen miles east of Albuquerque, N. M.

### Open All the Year.

Good accommodations at reasonable rates. The following is the analysis of one of the various springs at the Resort:

Sodium chloride, grains per gallon. . . . . 1.927  
Calcium sulphate, grains per gallon. . . . . 1.4360  
Calcium carbonate, grains per gallon. . . . . 8.186  
Magnesium carbonate, grains per gallon. . . . . 1.5188

Total. . . . . 11.3371

Water delivered in the city. Conveyance leaves Albuquerque for the springs every Wednesday and Saturday morning.

FARE \$1 EACH WAY.

Order slate at O. W. Strong's, corner Second street and Copper avenue, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

H. G. WHITCOMB, Proprietor.

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### BATH CABINET

For Sick or Well.

Pleasant, Toning, Cleansing, Rebuilding Invigorating, Strengthening. With it you can have in your own room, a Sanitarium, Hot Springs, Turkish, Russian, Medicinal, Dry Steam, Vapor, Alcohol, Oxygen, Perfumed, Mineral, Quinine, or Sulphur Baths, At a Cost of about 30 cents per bath.

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FLOUR, GRAIN & PROVISIONS.

Car Lots a Specialty. To be found Southwest.

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Native and Chicago Lumber

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Ladies' Button and Lace Shoes of All Descriptions.

### Good Goods at Low Prices.

113 Railroad Avenue, Albuquerque, N. M.

### CANDY

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REGULATE THE LIVER

ALL DRUGGISTS

10c 25c 50c

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Leather, Harness, Saddles, Saddlebags, Saddle Hardware, Cut Sides, Shoe Nails, Hammes, Chains, Whips, Collars, Saddle Pads, Castor Oil, Axle Grease, Boston Coach Oil, Unto Negro, Ruddy Harvest Oil, Neatfoot Oil, Lard Oil, Harness Oil, Linseed Oil, Castile Soap, Harrow Soap, Carriage Sponges, Chamole Skin, Horse Medicines.

Price the Lowest.

Highest Market Prices Paid for Hides and Skins.

### WOOL COMMISSION.

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# THE DAILY CITIZEN

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., JULY 20, 1908

By instructions from Chase & Sanburn we are authorized to sell Java and Mocha Coffee at the following prices:

45-cent coffee at . . . 40 cents.  
40-cent coffee at . . . 35 cents.  
35-cent coffee at . . . 30 cents.  
30-cent coffee at . . . 25 cents.  
25-cent coffee at . . . 20 cents.

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**MONEY TO LOAN**  
On pianos, first-class furniture, etc., without removal. Also on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies. Trust funds of any good security. Terms very moderate.

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**THE INSURANCE MAN**  
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ROOMS 12 & 14 CHAMBERLAIN BLOCK

**H. E. HAYNIE**  
(Successor to J. E. Matthews.)  
**Pure Jersey Milk**  
and Cream.  
Orders Promptly Filled. Outside Order Solicited.

**SHIRTS**  
For 10 cents a time.  
Have your shirt laundered and come on time.  
At the Albuquerque Steam Laundry,  
Corner Canal street, and Second at  
**JAY A. HUBBS, Proprietor,**  
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**BOLLER'S BLACKSMITH SHOP**  
309 Copper Ave.  
Horsehoofing a Specialty. Wagon Repairing and all other kinds of Blacksmith Work Guaranteed.

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Wholesale and Retail Liquor Dealers.  
Family trade supplied at Wholesale prices. Exclusive agents for the famous Yellowstone Whisky. All the standard brands of  
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Bottled beer in stock. Elegant Sideboard and Reading room in connection and War Bulletin fresh from the wires.

**ALBUQUERQUE FISH MARKET.**  
Headquarters for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables in season.  
Fresh Fish and Dressed Poultry.  
206 and 208 South Second Street.

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Sole Agents  
Cigars and  
Candy  
214 S. Second St.  
DRUGS IN  
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**CITY NEWS.**  
Store repairs at Futrell's Co.  
Floor mauling. Whitney Co.  
Room mauling. Whitney Co.  
Fresh vaccine points at Ruppe's drug store.  
Fruit jars and jelly glasses. Whitney company.  
40 cents for 7-foot cloth shades. W. V. Futrell.  
Call at Ruppe's drug store for fresh vaccine points. Ruppe's drug store.  
Merchandise lunch every morning at the White Elephant.

Novelties in our queensware department. Whitney Co.  
Fire sale at "The Fair Store." See their bargain counters.  
Dunham shred coconut, 20 cents per pound, at A. Lombardo's.  
See the fine assortment of new furniture, 206 South First street.  
Union made overalls, only at the Golden Rule Dry Goods company.  
Good evening. Have you seen the bargain counters at "The Fair Store"?  
Cross & Blackwell show-chow, 35 cents per pound, at A. Lombardo's.  
For granite-ware, hardware and stores see J. W. Harding, 212 Gold avenue.  
The newest fad just out. The Roman belt, just received at the Economist.

Old Manse maple syrup, per quart, 35 cents; per pint, 20 cents, at A. Lombardo's.  
The best 25 men's shoes in the city are sold at A. Lombardo's & Co.'s large shoe store.  
For Sale—Steel stove, gasoline stove, iron bedstead, linoleum, etc. Apply 202 North Edith street.  
Attend our mid-summer closing out sale. Good reasonable goods sold at ridiculously low prices. Rosenwald Bros.  
Latest styles, up-to-date, ladies' shoes in lace, congress and button; the best in the city. Wm. Chaplin, No. 113 Railroad avenue.  
Oakley's back, all night, baggage and transfer wagon to midnight. Leave orders at Abel's cigar store. Automatic Phone No. 242.  
A big line of sample blankets from John V. Farwell Co., Chicago, on sale at Golden Rule Dry Goods company, at eastern wholesale cost.  
If you cannot find the goods at the Economist it is no use looking elsewhere. The Economist is the common expression amongst the ladies of Albuquerque.  
See our underwear at \$1 and \$1.25 per suit. They are genuine Habrigans and worth more money. Simon Stern, the Railroad Avenue clothier.

Dealers in Remington typewriters, the standard typewriters of the world. Can supply business offices with experienced stenographers to fill permanent and temporary positions, at short notice. Hahn & Co.  
Ed Carter, who has been working in the railroad shops as a blacksmith's helper, has left the city, leaving behind him a wife and five small children. Apparently it is a case of deliberate desertion. Carter gambled away nearly all of his last check, and when taken to task for the treatment and neglect of his

family, he promised to straighten up, but no doubt it was all an excuse, as he has not been found. Mrs. Carter and her children are destitute at their home, 916 South Third street, and are to be pitied. It is to be hoped that benevolent persons will see that they are not allowed to suffer.

Last evening, at 6:30 o'clock, the funeral of Mrs. Jeannette Shank occurred at Undertaker Strong's, with burial at Fairview. It was first supposed that Mrs. Shank's death was the direct cause of fatty degeneration of the heart, but at the post mortem examination held on the body yesterday afternoon, it was developed that she died from cerebral hemorrhage. The bereaved husband, as stated in THE CITIZEN yesterday afternoon, was a railway boiler-maker, and his associates of that department of the shops attended the funeral in a body.

The fire department will meet this evening at the Ferguson Hook & Ladder company's house, and Chief Ruppe, Foreman Knight, Trimble and several other brilliant members of the department here down for a short address each. Dr. Macbeth announces that he will be present with his Scotch bagpipes, and Lew Hahn boldly declares that he will appear at the meeting in a new role, entitled "How Easily He Bluffed Chief Ruppe on the Original Show Down."

Word reached the city last night that Mrs. Rustamante was stabbed several times by her husband at Gallup Sunday night last. It seems that these two lovely married people were out walking, when a quarrel started, which resulted in the husband using his knife. He had a preliminary hearing before the county justice, and will be brought to-night to linger in the county jail until the next grand jury of this county can investigate his case.

Visitors to Albuquerque are invited to take lodging at the Railroad Avenue house. Everything neat and clean; prices reasonable. The Railroad barber shop solicits your patronage. Everything else goes up, but our prices remain the same. Shaving, hair cutting and baths. Four chairs. You're next.

J. K. SANCHEZ, Proprietor.  
A. A. Grant, owner of the Grant opera house recently destroyed by fire, presented the Albuquerque fire department, through Chief Ruppe, with a check for \$100 this morning, as his token of appreciation for the firemen in their heroic work at the above fire. With this check the department has received about \$350 in the past month.

Letters from Phil. Farmer, now in New York City, gives the encouraging information that he has about recovered from the small pox, and will be right in a very short time. The germs of the disease was carried in his clothing and when he reached New York he was stricken down with the horrible disease. The two latest arrivals at the Santa Fe Pacific hospital are Tomas Montoya, internally injured by a heavy rock falling upon him while at work at Cololito, and E. H. Hulse, one of the yard switchmen from Winslow, who is suffering with a broken collar-bone. Both patients are doing nicely.

Y. K. Mier will leave late this afternoon with 1,000 weathers of Hon. James M. Sanford for Brookline, Iowa. He will spend a few days in Kansas City and Wyandotte, Kan., and will probably visit the Omaha exposition before returning to New Mexico.

Yesterday afternoon, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Strain was the scene of much enjoyment. Their nine-year old daughter, Miss Mildred, had announced a party, and there were present a number of the little people of her neighborhood.

Alex. Bowie, wife and son came in from the west last night and stopped at the Hotel Highland. Mr. Bowie is the general manager of the Caledonian Coal company at Gallup. They left this morning for the James hot springs.

Miss Alice Spencer, daughter of E. W. Spencer, of the Weekly News, left last night for Maxwell City, up north, where she will visit friends for a few weeks.

"What Did Dewey Do to Them," "Our Flag, the Red, White and Blue," "War Songs of '98." Three late war songs for \$1, at Whitson's Music Store.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Lead Avenue Methodist church will meet at the church Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Now is the time to be vaccinated. Call at Ruppe's drug store; he has just received a large invoice of fresh vaccine points.

W. L. Trimble left last night for Trinidad. He has business there that will keep him out of the city for several days.

A new line of fine quality stock ribbon in No. 40, 50 and 60 widths, worth up to 50c a yard; special at 35c, at the Keono mill.

We have just received a full line of \$2.50 and \$3.00 ladies' fine Oxford and high shoes. Give us a call. A. Simpler & Co.

The Electric Light company received this morning a new improved water heater.

The best summer fuel is Cerrillos nut coal, \$2.25 per ton. Hahn & Co.

Wanted—Girl to do light housework. Call at 103 East Silver avenue.

Lamps and trimmings. Whitney Co. New bicycles at Futrell's only \$25. Tin work. Whitney Co.

## Our Annual Midsummer Sale

FROM TO-DAY, until further notice, we will offer our entire stock of summer goods at prices to set them moving. This is not a money making sale for us, directly, but we believe it to be to our interest by closing out this season's goods at cost, or even below cost, in order to get a fresh stock for the coming season. One of the members of our firm is going to the eastern markets within a few weeks, and new goods will begin arriving within a month. We need room, and we need above all, MONEY. The Almighty dollar will be mightier in our store within the next few weeks than it has ever been before, and that is saying a great deal. Just let below prices mislead you as to quality. There's not an article mentioned that isn't worth almost double. You will agree with us when you see the goods.

**LAWNS, ORGANDIES Etc.**  
Lace stripe Lawns, worth 12 1/2c per yard . . . 7c  
Plain Lawns, in floral designs and stripes, worth 12 1/2c 7c  
Organdies, Lappels and Lawns, worth 17 1/2c and 20c per yard . . . 11c  
Organdies, worth 25c per yard . . . 14c

**LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.**  
They are all this year's styles, perfect in fit and workmanship, and not to be compared in quality to many inferior goods offered at so called Bargain Prices. We offer them at our actual cost to close them out. They go now from . . . 45c to \$1.25  
Former price 65c to \$2.50.

**UNDERWEAR.**  
Ladies' Vests, worth 6c, now 3 for . . . 10c  
Ladies' Vests, worth 10c, at 5c  
Ladies' Vests, worth 25c, at 15c  
Ladies' Vests, worth 35c, at 20c  
Ladies' Vests, worth 40c, at 25c  
Ladies' Lisle Vests, 60c, at 40c

**LADIES' SKIRTS.**  
Six weeks ago we had 250 skirts on hand, now we have 50. That's a great many more than we want to have when our new ones come in. We have only the better qualities left, in black and colors, now for \$1.75 to \$3.00. They were \$2.75 to \$5.00.

Equal bargains in all other departments which lack of space does not permit us to mention.

## ROSENWALD BROS.

**THE CITY IN BRIEF.**  
Personal and General Paragraphs Picked Up Here and There.

Misses May Farr and Beulah Borden spent Sunday at Camp Whitcomb, making the trip on horseback.

During the absence of F. E. Sturges in Santa Fe, J. D. Bone is officiating as day clerk at Sturges' European.

Triple Link Rebekah lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F., will meet to-night in regular session. A full attendance of members is desired.

A meeting of clerks, interested in the move to close at 6 o'clock p. m., will be held at the drug store of B. Ruppe this evening at 7:15 o'clock.

C. A. Bottger, of the Sunnyside Inn over in old town, was out driving this morning. He has been sick the last few weeks with a contagious disease.

Dr. J. W. Dodson and Dr. C. Dodson, two practicing physicians and surgeons of Kirksville, Mo., are in the city and can be found at the Grand Central.

Jack Holland, the well known baseball player, came in from Silver City last night, and will accept a position in the local shop of the Santa Fe Pacific railway.

David Weinman will leave this evening for Santa Fe, where he will remain for a week. Mrs. Weinman and baby have been at the capital the past ten days.

Richard Lewis, the cattle inspector for this district, who was called to Gallup business connected with his duties, returned to the city late yesterday afternoon on a freight train.

The German Sunday school will go to Camp Whitcomb on Thursday morning, where a picnic will be held. The members of the school will congregate at the church on North Third street at 8 o'clock Thursday morning.

Prof. J. P. Owen returned last night from a trip to Ilaton and Las Vegas in the interest of the Knights and Ladies of the Southern Home. He reports the new council being organized at the above places as progressing rapidly.

The First National bank will soon hold to the breeze a large United States flag. On yesterday, R. F. Fox, the carpenter, put up the flagstaff on the building. Gold avenue is all right, when it comes to displaying the American flag.

The Howell Register says: Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Jaffe and family left yesterday for Albuquerque on a visit to Mrs. Jaffe's father. They will be gone about three weeks, and may visit Las Vegas and other points in the northern portion of the territory.

Archibald Matson, the four-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Matson, Jr., died last Sunday evening at Casaca, Colo. In response to a telegram from his father, Archibald passed through this city from Fresno, Cal., last Saturday night and



## It's a Pleasure

to show the clothes you buy from us to your lady or gentleman friends. They are so stylish, so just-right. The style stays because they're made right, of the right cloth, too. The linings are honest and the prices are fair and fearless. See our windows, step in the store and note our treatment, our methods; you'll not wonder then at our big success.

**W. J. & F. Co.**  
The make that guarantees you "Style, Service, Satisfaction."

**\$0.75 and \$12.75 a Suit.**  
WORTH MORE MONEY.  
**SIMON STERN,**  
The Railroad Avenue Clothier.

## FIRE SALE

OF ILFELD BROS. STOCK OF  
**CARPETS,**  
Curtains, Rugs, Linoleum,  
Comforts and Everything in the  
House Furnishing Line!

**SPECIAL SALE OF**  
**CARPETS, LACE CURTAINS,**  
**PORTIERS AND TOWELS.**

Having purchased the above mammoth stock from Ilfeld Bros. we will place same on sale at ridiculously low prices.

**MAY & FABER,**  
Gold Avenue. Next to Citizen Office.

**Jas. L. Bell & Co.**  
DEALERS IN  
Staple and Fancy Groceries.

The clearing sale at the Golden Rule Dry Goods company is the most wonderful sale that has ever taken place in this city. You can buy muslin at 15c a yard, India linen at 3c, lace curtains at 35c a pair.

Futrell, corner Gold and First streets will sell you good wall paper at 12 1/2c for 10c and up.

The cleanest and best appointed barber shop in the southwest—Hahn's, N. T. Armijo building.

Always Goods People Want; Prices People Like and unmatchable Values. Mail orders Filled Same Day Received.

**THE FRUIT SEASON**  
In its height now, and you can't have too much fruit when it is in quality, like the water-melons, cantaloupes, berries, balsams, etc. we are now selling at very low prices. First melons than ours were never grown. They're a feast for all who purchase them. Don't forget that the fruit season is going and that coming is the cold season of the year. Now is the time to lay in a store for next winter. Fruit can't be better than now. Now is the time to lay in a store for next winter. Fruit can't be better than now. Now is the time to lay in a store for next winter.

**HOTEL ARRIVALS.**  
GRAND CENTRAL.  
Jas. Campbell, Los Angeles; John S. Harper, Pittsburgh, Penn.; W. H. Nicholson, Mark Ellis, Dodge City, Kan.; Dr. J. W. Dodson, Dr. C. Dodson, Kirksville, Mo.; N. B. Garvin, Las Vegas.

**STURGES' EUROPEAN.**  
C. L. McElvaine, Bland; F. Hastings, Kansas; K. H. Tunison, Santa Monica, Cal.; W. S. Hulse, Williams, Arizona; P. Buch, Las Vegas; Wm. Dazs, Winslow; V. O. Hanna, Chicago; C. Baca, Socorro; J. W. Leonard, San Francisco.

**HOTEL HIGHLAND.**  
R. Cowan, Chicago; Louise S. Dodge, Syracuse, N. Y.; Alex. Bowie, wife and son, Gallup; C. H. Martin, Chicago; C. M. Taylor, Baton; R. B. Worden, Denver; Mrs. W. C. Hadley and daughter, Philadelphia; Sam. O. Smith, Dallas, Texas; Mrs. H. A. Johnson, San Antonio; Dr. K. B. Gosselt, Las Vegas; H. H. Clavin, Joplin, Mo.

Heads in the Grand Jury.  
Venecolado Castillo, charged with obstructing and restraining the passage of United States mails, near Seboyita, Valencia county, had his hearing before United States Commissioner H. H. Whitney this morning, the result of which was that he was held to the United States grand jury in the sum of \$200 bond, which was furnished.

After performing the last sad rites over the body of his father, W. A. Moody, of Union, Mo., the bereaved son, Roy M. Moody, has returned to this city. The son states that his father was 62 years old, and that his remains were buried in the cemetery at Mt. Vernon, Mo.

**A. J. MALOY,**  
DEALER IN  
**Staple and Fancy GROCERIES.**  
AGENT FOR  
**CLUB HOUSE CANNED GOODS,**  
None to Equal,  
**BELL'S SPRINGS CREAMERY BUTTER**  
The Famous.  
118 Railroad Ave., Albuquerque, N. M.

O. BACHECHI. ESTABLISHED 1889. G. GIOMI.

## COMMERCIAL HOUSE

Wholesale Dealers in  
**Liquors, Wines,**  
**Cigars, Tobaccos**  
AND  
**BAR SUPPLIES.**

General Agents for W. J. Lemp's St. Louis Beer.

**ELEGANT RETAIL DEPARTMENT**  
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Outside Orders Promptly Attended to.  
Prices Reasonable and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

**BACHECHI & GIOMI,**  
Proprietors,  
107 & 109 South First Street, - Albuquerque, N. M.

## A DOCTOR'S VISIT

is always followed by a doctor's prescription, and when you want to get it filled promptly, accurately and from the purest and freshest drugs, bring it to us. Physicians' prescriptions are a specialty with us, and we have all the newest discoveries in medicine that can fill prescriptions from the best in the country.

Our prescription counter always in charge of a graduate of pharmacy.  
**J. H. O'RIELLY & CO.,**  
DRUGGISTS.

## Uncle Sam's New Scarf Pin

The "PEARL OF ANTILLES" pleases him immensely. We have Scarf Pins, Rings, Lace Pins, Shirt Waist Sets, Chatelaines, etc., etc., etc., made in handsome designs and attractive effects.

**T. Y. MAYNARD, JEWELER**  
Watch Inspector, A. T. & S. F. R. R.

If you intend to enjoy yourself in the mountains this summer, remember the sulphur hot springs, nestled in a valley of the Jemez mountains, cannot be surpassed for scenery. For particulars write to W. L. Trimble & Co., this city.

Ladies' leather belts, worth 50c, at 30c; belts worth 50c at 25c each. Rosenwald Bros.

## THE GOLDEN RULE

**DRY GOODS COMPANY.**  
Agents For  
**STANDARD PATTERNS**  
The Most Reliable of All Patterns Made. Sure to Please.

## GIGANTIC CLEARING SALE.

**INIMITABLE! IRRESISTIBLE!**  
No stop at the Sale that is the wonder of all Albuquerque. Everybody concedes that it is the Greatest sale and the most favorable opportunity for buyers that the people of this or any other city have ever known; it will be greater than ever this week. Our entire reserve stock goes on sale Monday morning, July 25. Read these sample prices. Remember These Two Facts—First, nearly every article heretofore advertised will be on sale this week at the special price or a lower price.

**Shirt Waists.**  
Detachable Collars and well made . . . 10c  
This is a new lot.  
Detachable Collars and well made . . . 25c  
Detachable Collars and well made . . . 35c  
This lot comprises all of our finest waists.

**Underwear Special.**  
Ladies' Ribbed Vests with wing sleeves, each, at . . . 2c  
Ladies' Ribbed Vests, white only . . . 6c  
Ladies' Fine Quality Ribbed Vests . . . 12 1/2c

**Corset Special.**  
Genuine R. & G. Corsets, best grades only . . . 65c  
Genuine W. B. Corsets, best grades only . . . 85c  
Genuine J. F. Corsets, best grade only . . . 50c  
Thompson glove-fitting Corset at actual cost.  
P. D. Corsets at less than cost.  
Lot of Corsets, different qualities, at . . . 50c

**Neckwear Special.**  
25 dozen Ladies' Neckwear at . . . 10c

**Hosiery Special.**  
Children's Hose, black or tan, pair . . . 8 1/2c  
Children's Hose, seamless, fast black, pair . . . 8c  
Ladies' black or tan Hose, pair . . . 8c  
Ladies' fancy Hose, plaids, dots and stripes, a pair . . . 12c  
Children's finest hosiery, divided into 3 lots, worth up to \$1.50 apiece, at 25c, 35c and 45c each.

**Great Special Sale DRESS GOODS and SILKS.**  
Brilliant, all colors, per yard . . . 25c  
30 pieces dress goods, all kinds . . . 11c  
All wool dress goods, all kinds . . . 25c  
42 inch all wool dress goods . . . 35c  
Few pieces of 54 inches wide, all wool . . . 45c  
Taffeta silk, fine grade . . . 65c  
Wash silks . . . 25c

## Slaughter Sale of Carpets.

In order to make room for our fall stock we will, for a short time only, sell our

## ...Carpets, Rugs and Curtains...

**REGARDLESS OF COST.**

They are all bright, new goods, nice patterns and will be sold regardless of cost. In view of the very low prices at which we offer these goods terms will be cash.

## WHITNEY COMPANY

Furniture, Carpets, HARDWARE, Crockery... Glassware.