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PERSONNEL OF NEW CABINET IS CHIEF INTEREST IN ENGLAND NOW

Few If Any of the Liberal
Members of Asquith Admin-
istration Will Serve Under
Lloyd-George, Is Believed.

GIVE NEW GOVERNMENT FAIR CHANCE, IS PLEA

Not Much Time Will Be Spent
in Getting Together the
Men Who Are to Take
Charge of Nation, Prospect.

London, Dec. 7.—David Lloyd-George, at Buckingham palace to-night, formally named the king's hand-picked cabinet. The new premier sees his way to the formation of an administration, and he probably was able to submit to the king a preliminary list of some of the proposed ministers.

But much remains to be done in the way of the allocation of the new posts, and so far as the public is concerned, the personnel of the ministry is a matter of pure speculation. But the premier still has plenty of time before he has to meet parliament on Tuesday to complete details, and he will doubtless be in a position to present to the house of commons his new national ministry, representing all parties with the possible exception of the nationalists, and, if common report is to be trusted, comprising strong elements.

Misgivings, to a large extent, have disappeared, mainly owing to the fact that he has been able to gain the support of the labor party by an offer of two ministerial posts and three under-secretariats.

As for the vote of the laborites, together with the bulk of the unionists and a large section of the liberals demanding more energetic prosecution of the war, Mr. Lloyd-George will probably command a working majority in the house of commons, while the further support will be the benevolent neutrality, even of the supporters of the late cabinet in the national interests.

Probably many parliamentary and ministerial traditions will be jettisoned, for Mr. Lloyd-George has indicated that he declares that the premier was too occupied to be able to preside over the war council, is still one of the problems unsolved.

Provincial liberal newspapers like the Manchester Guardian and the Liverpool Post make a plea to the liberals to give the government a fair chance, as it is generally assumed that it is embodiment of British determination to win the war. According to one estimate, Mr. Lloyd-George can rely on the support of virtually all the unionist members and of several liberal members, and hopes to obtain the backing of the labor war council, who will come to a final decision at a meeting today. It is also represented that Mr. Lloyd-George believed he will be able to offer concessions to the nationalists which will bring them into power.

As for the cabinet is concerned, the new premier has a nucleus in A. Bonar Law, Lord Derby, Lord Curzon, Sir Frederick E. Smith and Sir Edward Carson. While Viscount Reading, the lord chief justice, is likely to join the ministry.

Other liberal members may be drawn from men such as Sir Frederick Cawley, member of the house of commons.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.

Met at noon.
Resumed debate on corrupt practices bill.
Discussed Hoke Smith bill for retirement of federal judges who reach 70 years of age.
William J. Bryan opposed exclusive federal regulation of railroads before joint railroad investigating committee.
Adjourned, 2:39 p. m. until noon Saturday.

HOUSE.

Met at noon.
Secretary Baker advocated diversion of waters to American side of Niagara Falls before foreign affairs committee.
Consideration of omnibus fish hatcheries bill resumed.
Adjourned at 2:43 p. m. to noon Saturday.

THE WEATHER

WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, Dec. 7.—New Mexico: Friday fair, continued cold; Saturday fair, not so cold.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

For twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday.
Maximum temperature, 52 degrees; minimum, 11 degrees; range, 21; temperature at 6 p. m., 48; north wind; light.

of commons from the Preswick division of Lancashire, and Sir George Pollard, member from the Eccles division of Lancashire, who although the public has heard little of them, have done efficient work in committees. Dr. Christopher Addison, parliamentary under-secretary for munitions, is almost certain to have a place in the cabinet, and Colonel Winston Spencer Churchill, former first lord of the admiralty, is slated for a high office.

Under the circumstances it is believed the construction of the cabinet will be a matter of only a day or so, and that by Monday the new government will meet the house of commons to learn what manner of reception will be accorded it. A test of strength can be made on the vote of credit which must be moved immediately.

Twelve Members.

It is understood Mr. Lloyd-George is aiming at a cabinet of twelve members, five of them unionists, five liberals and two labor representatives. From this number a small war council is to be appointed. The labor parliamentary party today adopted a resolution expressing the hope that "in this supreme crisis an endeavor will be made by the new government to settle the Irish question and bring about the widest measure of co-operation for all forces and energies of the nation and the empire."

The Chronicle says Mr. Lloyd-George is bound to favor a more strong labor policy, including state control of all coal fields and other large developments in the direction of collective ownership.

It is asserted unanimously in the press that if Mr. Lloyd-George succeeds in his cabinet will be a national administration pure and simple, looking to the needs of the war alone, which the newspapers say is the prime necessity of the movement. There are further manifestations of anxiety in the press lest domestic strife have disastrous effects for the nation.

Foreign Secretaryship Problem.

The greatest centers in the personality of the new foreign secretaryship. Two names are mentioned—Mr. Lloyd-George himself, and Lord Curzon.

Lord Northcliffe, who has disavowed any intention of entering the cabinet, said in an interview with the Associated Press this evening:

"I strongly urged Mr. Lloyd-George to take the foreign secretaryship. I consider that he is eminently fitted particularly in view of his knowledge of America and his sympathetic feeling for the American people and institutions. We are through with those who knew little of America, and who were not in sympathy with the support of the labor party by an offer of two ministerial posts and three under-secretariats."

The announcement in the court circular tonight—that he had accepted the post of prime minister and first lord of the treasury—seems to show that Mr. Lloyd-George has no present intention of taking the foreign portfolio, and that he apparently leaves the field to Lord Curzon.

Irish Attitude Unknown.

One of the most interesting matters still to be decided is the attitude of the Irish party. Mr. Redmond now has perhaps the greatest opportunity he has to secure a settlement of the home rule question. The position of the new cabinet will not be so secure in the house of commons as it is likely to be in the house of lords, hence, the nationalists will have an opportunity to bargain, of which they are likely to take full advantage.

DEMOCRATS FILE FINAL REPORT OF CAMPAIGN COSTS

More Than Million and Half
Expended by National Committee for Election; Dodge Is Largest Contributor.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The final report of the democratic national committee on its campaign receipts and expenditures filed with the house today shows total receipts of \$1,808,348 and total disbursements of \$1,634,590. In addition there are: Ascertained liabilities, \$97,095; claims subject to audit, \$28,740; and loans to be repaid, \$22,000.

The report was submitted by Treasurer Wilbur M. Marsh. The largest contributor was Cleveland H. Dodge, President Wilson contributed \$2,500. Of the contributions, \$490,115 were in sums less than \$100. The loans to be repaid are: Henry S. Priest, St. Louis, \$30,000; and E. S. Peabody, Chicago, \$2,000. Another loan by Mr. Peabody of \$30,000 has already been repaid.

The Woodrow Wilson Independence League through Henry Bruere, New York, treasurer, in its final report today, acknowledged contribution of \$47,119 and expenditures aggregating \$46,405, in addition to \$7672 spent for the league by the democratic national committee. The contributors included \$2,000 by Charles R. Crane.

The National Hughes alliance, through Arch W. Shaw, treasurer, reported receipts of \$12,242; disbursements, \$21,259, besides unpaid bills of \$8,273. William Wrigley, Jr., Chicago, who gave \$4,250, was the principal contributor.

Western Union Must Pay Taxes.

Houston, Tex., Dec. 7.—Holding that the incorporation of the Western Union Telegraph company under the federal post-roads act does not exempt its franchise from taxation, the Galveston court of civil appeals handed down a decision today in which the case of the city of Houston against the Western Union for \$5,000 taxes was affirmed. This according to a precedent by which every city in the United States which has granted the company a franchise may assess it for taxes.

RUMAN ARMY IS RETREATING ON ENTIRE FRONT BEFORE GERMANS

Berlin Reports Little Fighting
Immediately Preceding Capture
of Bucharest; People
Rejoice.

BULGARIANS MAKE GAINS IN MACEDONIA

Explanation of Military Activities Is Demanded of Greece by Allies; Little Except Artillery Fighting.

The Rumanian army is still falling back east of Bucharest, from the Transylvanian Alps to the Danube. On the Moldavian front, and farther north along the Bukovina border, the Russian attacks against the Austro-German forces have failed. Berlin says Bucharest, from the Bulgarians entered the town from all sides, being received enthusiastically by the populace and decorated with flowers.

Lloyd-George Accepts.

David Lloyd-George has formally accepted from the king the post of prime minister and first lord of the treasury, a fact which is considered as indicating that he will be able speedily to form a ministry. The probable make-up of the cabinet has not been announced.

On none of the fronts is an important battle in progress. For the most part, the artillery wings are doing the greater portion of the work. Berlin reports that the Bulgarians have forced back the British to the Sava river lowlands, in Macedonia, and that the Bulgarians and Germans have compelled the evacuation by the Serbs of captured positions near Trnovo, in the Cerna river sector.

Tentons Gain in Volhynia.

West of Lutsik, in Volhynia, the Teutonic allies have captured a Russian position. Vienna reports that the Italians launched two futile attacks on the Carso front of the Austro-Italian theater.

Artillery duels and exploits by raiding parties continue on the fronts in Belgium and France. The Germans and French are engaged in a spirited artillery battle in the region of hill 304.

An explanation of the military activity of the Greeks has been demanded by the British, French, Italian and Russian ministers at Athens, according to an unofficial dispatch.

LITTLE OPPOSITION OFFERED AT BUCHAREST

London, Dec. 7.—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent sends the following official Berlin dispatch, which describes the fall of Bucharest:

"At 10:20 Tuesday morning, Captain Lange of the general staff was sent as a parliamentary to the commandant at Bucharest, bearing a letter from Field Marshal von Mackensen demanding the surrender of the fortress. A second letter notified the commandant that 'fire' would be opened unless the parliamentary returned within twenty-four hours."

"Captain Lange returned before the expiration of the limit, the commander-in-chief of the Russian Danubian army having refused to accept Field Marshal von Mackensen's letter on the ground that Bucharest was not a fortress, but an open town. He declared that there existed neither a fortress nor troops destined for its defense, and there was neither a governor nor a commandant. Captain Lange pointed out the character of Bucharest as a fortress and said that such an evasion would not hinder the German operations."

"On the evening of Wednesday morning, portions of General Schmitz's cavalry corps took possession of a fort on the north front, and portions of the fifty-fourth army corps pushed on and took the line of forts from Chialpa, on the west front, to Adale, on the north. The enemy infantry offered resistance, which was quickly overcome."

EL PASO USELESSLY ALARMED, BILL SAYS

El Paso, Texas, Dec. 7.—The movement of cavalry and artillery through a section of El Paso tonight gave rise to a report that Villa bandits were about to attack Juarez, but the report met with a sharp denial from General Bell, who said it was merely routine "huff practice."

Another rumor current tonight credits General Funston with ordering the troops to get ready to cross the border against Villa, but General Bell said he had received no such order.

Indicted For Wife Murder.

Osmeepe, N. H., Dec. 7.—Frederick J. Small, formerly a Boston broker, was indicted today by the grand jury which investigated the death of his wife, Mrs. Arlene C. Small, who was strangled, shot and beaten to death in her home here, which was burned. It is said, in an attempt to conceal the crime on September 25, last.

JACK RABBITS USED FOR MEAT SUPPLY

Albuquerque, Tex., Dec. 7.—In an effort to at once lower the cost of living and relieve the farmers of northwest Texas from the inroads of a burdensome pest, Weldon Winn, agent of the state department of agriculture, today announced that next week a jack rabbit drive will be made through the 66,515 square miles of the panhandle. The catch is expected to fill 150 freight cars. These will be shipped to eastern and northern markets for the Christmas trade.

Formerly every part of the panhandle are expected to join in the drive. So rapidly has the pest multiplied in recent years that the state has been paying a bounty for rabbit scalps. Bounties will be claimed before the animals taken in the drive are shipped.

This fall the jack rabbit was found to be a table delicacy. Rabbit sausage, which appeared this week, is expected to lower the cost of living.

TWO ARE KILLED IN UTAH TRAIN WRECK

Price, Utah, Dec. 7.—Two men were killed and six injured when a raised passenger and freight train collided with a freight train one mile west of Price at 10 o'clock this morning. The dead: TONY VERDA, Helper, Utah; laborer. WILLIAM WALLACE, Cameron, Utah; mine watchman.

GOVERNMENT IS BUILDING FIRMLY IN THE BOPP CASE

Dynamiting Conspiracy Trial
Promises to Be Long Drawn
Out; Unimportant Witnesses
Testify on Fourth Day.

San Francisco, Dec. 7.—Taken by surprise by unexpected concessions of the Bopp defense, the government probably will relinquish many of its preliminary witnesses tomorrow and put Louis J. Smith, its star witness, on the stand.

German Consul General Franz Bopp, with Baron E. H. van Schack, Lieut. George Wilhelm von Brinken, and others, are undergoing trial in the United States district court here on charges of conspiracy involving the neutrality of the United States.

The government has subpoenaed about 250 witnesses in the dynamiting conspiracy trial, but announced today that it is now practically ready to take up the German consul general's alleged connection with the outrages of May, 1915, in the state of Washington and subsequently in Canada.

Smith, one of the seven under indictment whose testimony is relied upon by the prosecution to convict Bopp and his associates, and his removal with C. C. Crowley, one of the defendants, formed the chief theme today.

Crowley, a detective, is alleged to be the go-between through whom the consul general used Smith's dynamiting proclivities.

District Attorney Preston introduced one of Crowley's alleged telegrams to Mrs. Margaret W. Cornell, his secretary, sent from Tacoma to San Francisco, following the Seattle garage explosion, as follows: "Work was good. No connection with the big circus. It was an accident to the elephant."

The message was signed "C." According to Mrs. Preston it proved so cryptic that Mrs. Cornell had to telegraph for an interpretation. It was indicated by the prosecution that this message was intended for transmission to the German consulate general.

After introduction of several telegrams sent by Smith from Tacoma and Seattle, with C. C. Crowley, an indicted co-defendant in the case, apparently to establish Smith's presence in the northwest in connection with his alleged confessed attempt to place bombs on munitions ships to Russia, the government shifted to another phase of its case. Mrs. Louise Eckhardt, a waitress in a San Francisco apartment house, was called.

She said Mrs. Margaret Cornell, a detective employed by Crowley, lived in the apartment house and noted her movements. The prosecution intended to show it was explained that Mrs. Cornell was in communication frequently with Crowley, who, the German consulate has admitted, was in its employ.

All of the telegrams were in a code of apparently plain English and were supposed to concern buying and selling, according to the government, but really referred to dynamiting schemes, their success and failure.

With the rapid introduction of three more witnesses the government's initial purpose—that of proving relations between the alleged conspirators—outlined itself.

Mrs. Margaret Pierce, a telephone operator at an apartment house where Bopp and Crowley were believed to be, a defendant consulate attaché, lived, testified that Mrs. Cornell frequently called to see von Brinken and telephoned to him.

GERMAN REPLY IN ARABIA CASE PRESENTS GRAVE PROBLEM TO U.S.

Statement That Commander
of Submarine Mistook
Steamer for Transport Is
Far From Satisfactory.

MERELY REPETITION OF SUSSEX QUIBBLE

One More Note Is to Be Sent
to Berlin Merely for Purpose
of Clearing Up Possible Doubt.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Germany's acceptance of responsibility for the sinking without warning of the British liner Arabia, with the explanation that her submarine commander took the vessel for an auxiliary warship, has brought the issue over submarine warfare to a more serious and clearer basis than anything that has happened since the threat of the United States last April to break diplomatic relations after the torpedoing of the channel liner Sussex.

Such information as the American government now has tends to show that the Arabia was a passenger ship of the Peninsular and Oriental line, sailing through the Mediterranean on a regular voyage. Among the passengers was an American citizen, who was rescued.

Regrettable Mistake.
The German note, made public today by the state department, says if official data is furnished showing the vessel was an ordinary passenger steamer, "this then would be a regrettable mistake from which the German government would promptly draw the appropriate consequences."

It is assumed here that the consequences would be an expression of regret and offer of reparation for any injury or danger suffered by the American on board.

The note has been referred to President Wilson, who is considering personally a review of the recent German submarine activities, which, in the vessel was an ordinary passenger steamer, "this then would be a regrettable mistake from which the German government would promptly draw the appropriate consequences."

The note, addressed by the Berlin foreign office to Charge Grew, in reply to his inquiries made on instructions from Washington, follows:

Statement by Berlin, Dec. 5, 1916.

"The undersigned has the honor to inform Mr. Grew, chargé d'affaires of the United States of America, in reply to the note of the 21st ultimo, that the investigation conducted by the German government concerning the sinking of the British steamship Arabia has led to the following results:

"On the morning of November 6 a German submarine encountered a large steamer coming from the Corio straits, one hundred nautical miles west of the island of Egeo. The steamer was painted black and had a black superstructure and not, as is otherwise the case with P. and O. line superstructures, a light color. The steamer, which was identical with the Arabia, was not traveling the route regularly used by the passenger steamers between Port Said and Malta, as was made plain on the enclosed map, but was taking a zigzag course toward the west, 120 nautical miles north of that route. This course, on which the submarine passed, three similar steamers at the same spot on the same morning, leads from the Aegean to Malta, so that the Arabia was going on the transport route Corio-Malta, used solely for war purposes, according to experience, until now."

What Commander Saw.
The commander of the submarine further ascertained that there were large batches of Chinese and other colored persons in their national costumes on board the steamer. He considered them to be workmen, soldiers or ordinary passenger steamer, such as the front by the enemies of Germany. In spite of the clear weather and careful observation he did not perceive any women and children.

In these circumstances, the commander of the submarine was constrained to sink the steamer, which was concerned with a transport ship for troops in the service of the British government which is to be considered an auxiliary warship, according to international law and can therefore be treated like warship. He accordingly considered himself justified in attacking it without delay and sank it."

"Should the American government give the official data showing that the Arabia was at the time of the torpedoing an ordinary passenger steamer, the action of the commander would not have been in accordance with the instructions given him, since these instructions are now as before in agreement with the assurances of the German government, which is now a regrettable mistake from which the German government would promptly draw the appropriate consequences."

Explanation Is Weak.

In official quarters the German explanation is regarded as weak and unsatisfactory, no weight being attached to the statement that the Arabia was painted like a transport and was following a route usually taken by transports, and that the submarine commander saw many Chinese but no women and children aboard her. It is realized, however, that if official data finally establishes the innocent character of the vessel, in view of the Sussex note virtually but one course of action remains open to the United States and that would not be taken.

until every possible consideration has been given Germany's position.

Grave Situation Likely.
While Secretary Lansing refused all comment today beyond publication of the note, it is known authoritatively that Germany's admission in the Arabia case, her similar admission in the Marina case, when six Americans were drowned, and the early facts in the sinking of the American steamer Chemung, have combined to create much anxiety. The temporary quietude in submarine operations which followed the pledges in the Sussex case apparently has been dispelled and officials are recalling the belief then announced that submarine warfare is "utterly incompatible with the principles of humanity, the long established and incontestable rights of neutrals, and the sacred immunities of non-combatants."

WARNS AGAINST PORK BARREL APPROPRIATIONS

Washington, Dec. 7.—Brig. Gen. William M. Black, chief of army engineers, addressing the National Rivers and Harbors congress today, warned committee members against seeking appropriations for canal or river channels which cannot be put into operation promptly. He said such activities injured legitimate waterways movements and retard the country's development.

Wilfred H. Schoff of Philadelphia, secretary of the Atlantic Deepwater Waterways association, declared that the cost of an Atlantic coastal canal, connecting bays or sounds between Boston and North Carolina, estimated at \$41,800,000, would be saved in prevention of shipwreck losses, which in the past twenty years have amounted to \$40,000,000 along the Atlantic coast.

The congress held two sessions today and will adjourn tomorrow with election of officers and the adoption of a new declaration of principles.

ENTENTE MINISTERS ASK AN EXPLANATION

Athens, Dec. 6 (via London, Dec. 7).—The Russian, Italian, French and British ministers called in a body at the foreign office this afternoon and demanded an explanation of the Greek military activity.

The French commander, General Sarraill, is quoted as saying that he prefers Greece openly hostile to an unsettled situation.

The members of the Russian colony will leave here tomorrow. Only the Greek colony of the entente remains at Athens.

The entente allied diplomats see no prospect of an arrangement by the Greek government, and it is believed that they will demand at least the re-establishment of allied control of the police, post and telegraph, railways, ports, customs and passports.

CREW OF TORPEDOED PALERMO ALL SAVED

New York, Dec. 7.—All the crew of the Italian steamship Palermo, which was torpedoed and sunk off the Spanish coast on Tuesday were saved, according to a cable received from the Italian consul today by Hartford, Conn. and local agents of the ship.

The cable dispatches from Madrid reporting the sinking said that one sailor, said to be an American, died in a hospital from wounds and that three others were seriously injured. There were a number of horse traders on board.

SON OF NOTED GENERAL KILLED BY BANDITAS

Guillermo Snyman Is Murdered on Big Ranch Between Santa Rosalia and Chihuahua City in Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 7.—Guillermo Snyman, a son of the late Gen. W. D. Snyman of New York fame, was shot and killed by Villa bandits at his ranch near San Pablo de Mequiqui, according to a message received by his friends on the border. Snyman was the owner of a big alfalfa ranch near Mequiqui, which is between Santa Rosalia and Chihuahua City. His father died in Philadelphia recently, where another son lived at the present time. Snyman was said to have been a British subject.

Young Snyman lived on the big ranch which his father purchased, following the close of the Boer war, and upon which he planned to establish a large Boer colony at San Pablo Mequiqui, which is near Ortiz, Chihuahua.

General Snyman was at one time a member of the Boer cabinet and came to the United States after the close of the war, bringing his family with him. In addition to his son, who was reported to have been killed at Mequiqui, General Snyman had four sons and two daughters. Two sons live in the state of Campeche, Mexico; another, G. C. Snyman, left here for Philadelphia soon after his father's funeral here, and a small son and a daughter left here with Mrs. Snyman for New Orleans when her health failed after her husband's death last month.

Mrs. J. C. Viljoen of Chamberino, N. M., said tonight over the long distance telephone she had received no word of her brother's death but feared he would be killed. She said she had heard nothing from him for two months and that he did not know of his father's death.

Would Make Washington Dry.

Washington, Dec. 7.—First efforts of prohibition leaders in congress at this session, are to be directed toward making the national capital dry. The initial move will be made by Senator Shepard of Texas, and Senator Kenyon of Iowa, both champions of the measure from the republican side.

NATIONAL GUARD SYSTEM SHOWN TO BE FAILURE, MOST COMPLETE

General Hugh L. Scott, Chief
of Staff, Does Not Mince
Words in Annual Report on
Military Affairs.

HAY LAW MUST BE PROMPTLY REPEALED

Senator Borah Has Measure
Designed to Abolish Voluntary Plan of Securing Trained Soldiers.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The failure of the voluntary system, as embodied in the Hay Law, is now admitted on all sides, the latest testimony to that effect being given in the annual report of Maj. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the army, which was made public today. Regarding the federal allied national guard, General Scott says:

"In my judgment the country will never be prepared for defense until we do so as other great nations do that have large interests to guard, like Germany, Japan, and France, where everybody is ready and does perform military service in time of peace as he would pay every other tax, and is willing to make sacrifices for the protection he gets and the country gets in return. There is no reason why one woman's son should go out and defend or be trained to defend another woman and her son who refuses to take the training or give service. The only democratic method is for every man in youth to become trained in order that he may render efficient service if called upon in war."

Taking up the question of the national guard in its federal status, General Scott declares the training period of seventy-five days in three years provided by the new national defense act is wholly inadequate.

On the War.

"In my judgment," he says, "it precludes this force from being made fit for war service until it has received at least six months' additional training in time of war."

The report reiterates the opinion that it takes a year of incessant drill to make a soldier, and adds that the country and congress appear to have a vital misconception of the facts in this regard. Unless the federalized guard which congress substituted for the citizen volunteer army is given greater drill, General Scott says, the country faces a serious situation.

"And it is very doubtful," he continues, "we will be able to do so and keep the force recruited. The difficulty that is now being experienced in obtaining recruits for the regular army and for the national guard in service on the border, raises sharply the question of whether we will be able to recruit the troops authorized in the national defense act."

In spite of the fact that the preparedness agitation stimulated interest while the effort now being made to bring the border forces up to war strength, General Scott adds, "three months of recruiting, left many national guards units still without minimum strength. Every effort was made to get the men, he says, a house-to-house canvass being conducted in some sections."

"The failure," says the report, "should make the whole people realize that the volunteer system does not and probably will not give us either the men we need for training in peace or for service in war."

General Scott gives at length statistics on the national guard mobilization available when his report was written September 30. He shows that in all states with 15,600 enrolled guardsmen guardsmen at the time of the call, more than 10 per cent failed to respond and 29 per cent of the remainder could not pass required physical tests, making the force 42 per cent raw recruits when it went to the border. Brought up to war strength, he says, the force would have been 75 per cent green men and useless for war purposes for many months.

"These figures probably hold good for the entire body of the national guards," the report adds.

What the Facts Show.
An aggregate force of 151,056 officers and men of the guard were mustered into the federal service under the call and about 116,957 were on the border a month and a half after the call was issued. The general commands highly the efficiency of the railroads in handling the mobilization.

Turning to the recruiting in the regular army, the report says that the service was 29,151 shorter of its authorized strength on August 21 last. Between March 15, when congress authorized bringing the army up to war strength by adding 20,000 men, and August 31, only 8,463 men were enrolled.

"It is cause for very sober consideration on the part of every citizen in the country when the fact is fully understood," General Scott says, and also "that the units of the national guard and regular army has not been recruited to war strength in the crisis we have just passed through."

The report shows that the mobilized national guard force not only was more than 97,000 below war strength, but was more than 4,000 below authorized minimum peace strength.

Garrison Was Right.
At the outset of the new congressional session it is apparent that a strong opinion exists among senators and representatives that the federalized national guard has failed to attain its purpose. This opinion, it is expected, will soon crystallize in gross

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posals to rescind the national guard provisions of the national defense act. Congressmen make obnoxious to Lindley M. Garrison, ex-secretary of war, and acknowledge that he was right in his contention that state troops were not suitable for the first line of national defense.

Congress, or a considerable part of it, has come back to its work imbued with the idea that some change should be made in the existing scheme, and the present session is very likely to see a reorganization of the volunteer army system. There are many differences of opinion as to the course of action called for, but democrats and republicans alike are dissatisfied with the provision of the Hay law which seeks to create a national military force by administering the federal oath to the state militia.

Strong Factors at Work.
Two inter-related factors have contributed most strongly to bring the national guard question very pointedly

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Butts Says:

Some Reasons Why We Solicit and Merit Your Drug and Drug Sundry Business.

When I think of the number of Albuquerqueans who have not yet patronized THE REXALL STORES, I am reminded of the milkman when he saw the ocean for the first time: "Oh! What possibilities."

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\$1.25 Hot Water Bottle, guaranteed	79c
\$2.00 Hot Water Bottle, guaranteed	\$1.29
25c Rexall Tooth Paste, two tubes for	26c
25c Rexall Skin Soap, 2 cakes for	26c
50c Harmony Face Cream	39c
50c Violet Dulce Face Powder, three colors	39c

We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps on All Purchases Except Specials Above.

These Prices Are Good for Saturday and Monday Only

Squibb's Chemicals Used Exclusively in Prescriptions

to the attention of congress and have helped in some measure to direct sentiment away from the federalization feature. One, applying chiefly to the democratic side, is the emphasis laid by the opposition during the recent campaign on the detention of the federal guard at the Mexican border. The other, affecting both parties alike, is the overwhelming mass of letters which have poured in on senators and representatives from the parents of boys on the border, seeking their release from the service.

These two factors have emphasized so clearly the dissatisfaction with the federalization plan that even strong supporters of the national guard system, men who still maintain its utility and want it continued in the separate states, are ready to admit in private the failure of the federalization provision. Many, probably the majority of them, have not made up their minds exactly what they want to do with the system finally, but there is certain to be a great deal of warm support particularly in the senate, for a repeal of the federalization feature subjecting the guardians to an oath requiring him to give the nation indefinite service.

Borah to Take the Initiative.
Senator Borah of Idaho has prepared a bill providing for the repeal of that section of the Hay measure, its exposure to introduction is tomorrow. The reasons for his action, which he outlined today, seem common among most of the opponents of the federalization provision.

"I believe the federalization of the national guard has been a complete and abject failure," Senator Borah said. "With no reflection on the individual members of the guard, the scheme has failed to give us a really efficient national force. Mexico has demonstrated it conclusively. In the first place, a large number of guardsmen refused at the beginning to take the federal oath, and I know of any number of those who took it the first time who declare they will never renew it. Recruiting has fallen down, with no prospect of our being able to re-establish it on a successful basis."

"Many of the members of the guard now on the border firmly believe that they are carrying more of the burden of defense than they should, and that the whole community ought to be assisting instead of placing it all on the shoulders of men picked out with no particular consistency and according to no well-regulated system. A good percentage of them have duties to which they ought to be giving their attention, and it can hardly be regarded as fair that they should have to neglect their business while the greater mass of the manhood of the nation is set free from the disagreeable duty. I have been showed particularly with letters from the fathers and mothers of boys who should be in school or in offices, asking that measures be taken to secure their son's release. Such a demand on members of congress alone establishes an almost impossible situation."

Senator Borah has not made up his mind just what form his further suggestions for legislation on the army question will take. He is introducing the present bill with the hope that, as it is brought before the public, it will induce great discussion of the problem and may prove helpful in working out a solution. He thinks the measure will receive large support. While Mr. Borah is hardly willing to say that he advocates universal military service, he does believe that some form of military training is necessary, both for efficiency and democracy in administration.

Approved by Chamberlain.
Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, chairman of the committee on military affairs, said that he sympathized thoroughly with Mr. Borah's position, as far as it related to the breakdown of the federal militia. He said, however, that he could not commit himself outright to the support of Mr. Borah's bill until he learned what substitute suggestion would be offered. He, himself, is a hearty advocate of universal military training, and introduced in the last session of

congress a bill providing for such a system.

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania was equally emphatic in endorsing Mr. Borah's views on the federalization provision.

"There is no doubt," he said, "that the militia plan has failed on the Mexican border. As a substitute scheme I would like to see a plan providing for an enlargement of the regular army and a system of reservists who would enlist voluntarily in yearly training classes. I think if we have them the proper inducements we could get 500,000 young men every year to take up training, especially if we arranged it so they could have a chance to travel to places like the Panama canal and see something of service as it actually would be under war conditions. After the year in which they trained they could be given inducements to give say a few hours a week in keeping in condition. In this way we would rapidly secure a big reserve force. I do not believe that universal military service is either practicable or necessary."

TUG GOES TO AID OF DISTRESSED STEAMER

ASTORIA, Ore., Dec. 7.—The tug Wallula left here today to search off the Oregon coast for the lumber schooner Santa Barbara, reported in distress when a ring buoy, bearing the vessel's name, attached to what was believed a cabin step, washed ashore last night. Brighten Beach, with lumber thought to be a part of the deck cargo of the vessel, lumber ashore at Nehalem and Manzanita beaches. It was estimated that 12,000 feet of lumber came ashore at Manzanita beach.

It was believed part of the Santa Barbara's deckload slipped overboard, although but moderate seas were reported running off the coast yesterday.

FINES NO GOOD AS DETERRENT TO LAW VIOLATORS

Judge Sabath Tells Safety First Convention Best Thing Is to Reason With Those Who Fracture Ordinances.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 7.—After trying twenty illegal cases in the traffic court in Chicago, Judge Joseph Sabath today expressed the belief before the Safety First federation convention here that fines and penalties are the least important phase of his work.

"The man who is fined usually leaves the courtroom defiant," said the judge. "He considers himself squared with the law. His penalty is paid and he owes nothing more to society. But if he finds a judge who patiently and earnestly points out to him the seriousness of his offense because of its danger to society, his better self responds."

Improvements Suggested.
In addition to a uniform traffic code, drafted by traffic experts from all over the country, the report of the street traffic committee of the federation contained the following recommendations:

Uniformity in number plates and gear shifts; transparently illuminated number plates; examination into the qualifications mental, moral, and physical, of every applicant for a license, and the permanent disqualification of every operator twice convicted of operating while under the influence of intoxicating liquors.

BRIBES OFFERED WITNESS IF SHE CHANGED STORY

ROCKFORD, Iowa, Dec. 7.—Mrs. Alice Willard, defense witness in former State Senator F. P. Jones' libel suit against J. N. Wilkerson of Kansas City, today testified that Monday night one Jim Atkinson said to her she would be taken care of for the rest of her life if she would retract testimony unfavorable to Jones.

"He asked me how much the Moores were paying me for my testimony," Mrs. Willard said. "All you've got to do, he said, is to go on the stand and swear you wasn't sure it was Jones."

Mrs. Willard previously testified she saw Jones, his son, Harry Whipple, Blakely Mansfield and John Oviatt, at night, near the Joseph Moore home in Villisca, Ia., plotting the murder of the Moores.

Jones is suing Wilkerson for \$60,000 damages for circulation of alleged rumors connecting him with the eight axe murders at Villisca in 1912. One of the victims, Joseph Moore, was Jones' business rival.

Mrs. Willard testified a man named Morris walked toward the depot in Red Oak with her. She said he, too, told her she would "be well paid" to retract her statements about the conference.

Albert Wolfe testified he had talked with A. V. Jones, son of the plaintiff, when the grand jury was investigating the Moore murders and that Jones said to him:

"We have three friends on the jury who will look out for us," Wolfe said he and Jones were discussing what they had heard was an attempt to have F. P. Jones indicted.

Price Steer Sold at Auction.
Chicago, Dec. 7.—California Payors, Inc., awarded the grand steer championship of the International Live-stock exposition here, was sold at auction today to a Detroit packing firm for \$1,960. The price is declared to be the highest ever paid for beef.

Veteran Telegrapher Dead.
Utica, N. Y., Dec. 7.—Dr. Samuel H. Beckwith, veteran telegrapher, known during the war as "Grant's shadow," as he handled all the cipher dispatches of that general and accompanied him from Fort Donelson to the surrender of Vicksburg in a ship's home in Hampton Roads, Va., today.

THREE AMERICAN NAMES ADDED TO VILLA VICTIMS

Guillermo Snyman, Son of Boer General, Howard Weeks, and Man Named Foster Reported Murdered.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 7.—Three more names were added to the list of foreigners who have been killed in Mexico by bands since the revolutions started. Guillermo Snyman, son of the late Gen. W. D. Snyman of Boer war fame; Howard Weeks, or Howard Gray, as he was known in Mexico, and an American named Foster, were the fresh names added to the foreign death scrolls. Although they were believed to have been killed many days ago, the news of their fate only reached the border today, when messages and refugees told of their fate.

Young Snyman was reported to have met his death at the hands of Villa bandits at San Pablo Mequillo, Chihuahua, near Chihuahua City. He was said to have died without knowing of his father's death recently. Howard Weeks, an employee of the Alvarado Mining and Milling company, an American concern, was called to the door of his home near Parral, while he was eating supper with his family, shot through the head by Villa bandits and then hanged in the doorway, according to information brought to the border today by Spaniards. Weeks, who went by the name of Gray, was married to a Mexican woman and had five children.

Little was learned of the third victim of the bandits. A letter from a Spaniard in Torreon, to a countryman here, said an American named Foster had been horribly maltreated and then burned to death at a stake while his son saw him die. The murder occurred at a hacienda near Torreon, the letter said. The man's first name, his home in the United States and his relatives are not known.

Villa's bandits wreaked their vengeance on American property in Chihuahua City by looting many American homes, carrying off large quantities of American-owned property, and destroying what they were unable to haul away, messages received here late today from the Chihuahua state capital say.

The home of Donald R. Gillies, an American mining operator in Chihuahua, was looted of practically everything it contained. This home was one of the most beautiful on Paseo Bolivar, and was robbed by Villa, Villa bandit leader. Everything was taken from the house, including the piano, the talking machine, and even the carpets. Mr. Gillies, who has been making his home here, estimated his loss to be \$10,000 tonight, having lost everything in the home but the silver, which was brought to the border with the family cache.

German Store Looted.
The curio store belonging to Howard Schneider, said to be a German subject, was entered and quantities of curios, hats, shawls, and other finery taken. However, most expensive jewelry in the store was overlooked for the cheaper articles, according to a message received here today by Schneider's son.

Dunnis & Son's store was also looted and an automobile taken from the yard near the store, another message stated. Dunnis & Son had recently received a large shipment of shoes, it was said, and these were all taken by the bandits.

The dry goods store owned by an Arabian company was robbed of practically its entire stock. Almost a solid block of stores belonging to Arabs and other foreigners was burned on the street back of the Chihuahua cathedral, according to another report. The buildings in this block were owned by Iannico Jimenez, a former Carranza sympathizer, and were destroyed.

A delegation of American mining men are planning to leave here next week to make an investigation of conditions in Chihuahua City. Two agents of the Chinese government are said to have left Juarez for Chihuahua City to investigate the reported killing of at least sixty Chinese citizens by Villa's men.

MURDERED MAN WELL KNOWN IN CINCINNATI

Cincinnati, Ohio, Dec. 7.—The man murdered by Villa bandits and known in Mexico as Howard Gray, is in fact Howard Weeks, brother of Dr. R. H. Weeks, a dentist of this city, according to the latter here today. Dr. Weeks said that he had not seen his brother for a number of years, but had heard of him indirectly several times through a sister living in El Paso. He said that Weeks had used the name of Gray while in Mexico for business reasons. Howard Weeks formerly lived in Denver, according to his brother.

According to Dr. Weeks, while Howard was in Denver he got into trouble with the law. He left for Mexico, changing his name at that time to Gray. Dr. Weeks claimed that the man was his full brother.

BODY OF AMERICAN IS HORRIBLY MUTILATED

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 7.—Unspeakingly mutilated, then chained to a stake and burned alive was the fate of an American hacienda superintendent named Foster, near Torreon, Coahuila, said to be a letter received here from Torreon by a refugee and delivered to United States government agents.

The letter was written by a countryman of the refugee's who said in the letter he had talked with a son of Foster after the execution. According to this letter the son was in hiding at the hacienda and saw his father maltreated and burned from his hiding place.

The government agents sent a report to Washington today based upon this letter. The letter also stated sixty Carranza soldiers had been seen at Torreon with their cars cut off.

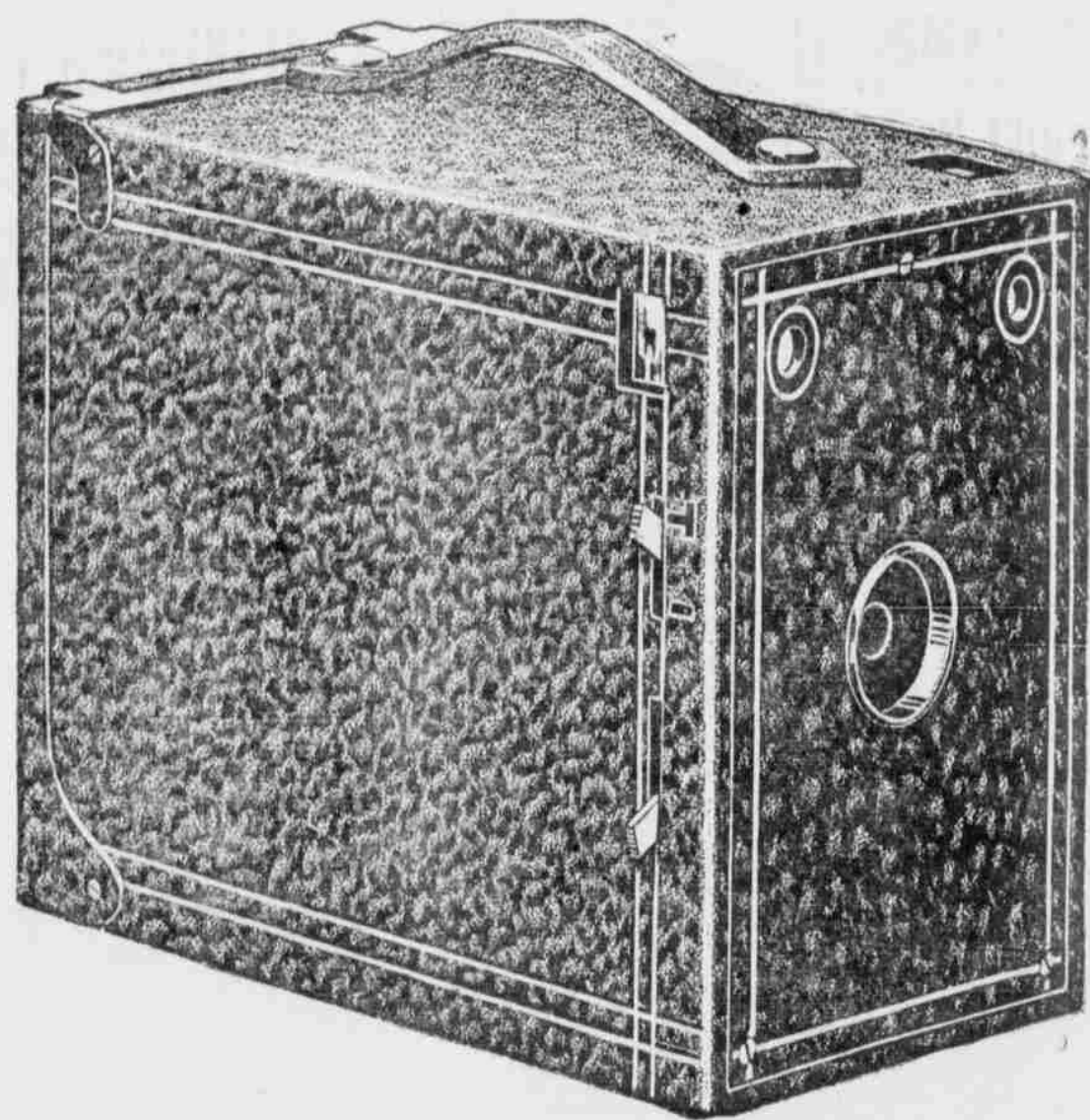
Foster's first name, his home in the United States and his relatives are not known here.

VILLA BELIEVED TO BE GOING TO PARRAL

Juarez, Mex., Dec. 7.—Villa was reported to have reached Saltillo, forty-five miles southwest of Chihuahua City and seventy miles northwest of Parral, Tuesday, with his main command and large quantities of loot from Chihuahua City, an officer of Gen. Francisco Gamales' staff, who accompanied Villa in a ship from Chihuahua City, said. It was believed at the

The Ideal Christmas Gift

Get That Camera Today



Owing to the strong demand, we have had for Cameras since the close of our recent campaign, we have ordered an additional supply which we will give away with each \$5.00 Account Opened Before January 1, 1917.

Present Your Child With a Camera and a Savings Account in

The First Savings Bank & Trust Company

Albuquerque, New Mexico.

capital Villa was going to Parral.

This officer said more than sixty Chinese were killed by the Villa bandits after taking the city, three Spaniards being reported to have been killed and three Mexican women carried away to the mountains by the bandits.

A train left here today for Chihuahua City. Many civil employees of the Carranza government in Chihuahua returned on this train.

Motorcyclists Make Long Trip.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 7.—Traveling from McAlan, Texas, to Albany, by motorcycle, with a message from Mayor General John F. O'Keefe, two national guardsmen were made to deliver their communication to Governor Whitman today because he was out of town. The militiamen, Corporal Harvey A. Edwards of Brooklyn, and Private Daniel Dwyer of New York, made the trip in fourteen days.

POUND SALE

On Friday the 8th day of December, 1916, at 10 a. m., in front of the City hall, I will sell one buckskin horse about ten years old, 14 hands high, branded on left thigh, left hind foot white; will weigh about 300 pounds.
J. H. GALUSHA,
City Marshal.

CHRISTMAS at MATSON'S

THIS YEAR, as usual, we have the most artistic line of Books, Stationery and Christmas Cards ever brought to Albuquerque. The Christmas Cards have been selected from the line of the A. M. Davis Co. Prices range from 2½ cents up.

Books	Christmas Stationery
Cloth and leather bindings, dainty and artistic. From 25c to \$10.00.	The largest selection of Christmas stationery ever seen in Albuquerque. Hurd's Celebrated Lenox Lawn and Damask Liners from 35c to \$8 per box. In white and tints. Gold edge and colored linings. 35c up.
Illustrated Books. Books of Travel. All the Late Fiction. The largest line of Juvenile Books ever seen in the city.	Initial Stationery and Correspondence Cards, 35c to 75c.
10c to \$3.00	Leather Goods
Bibles International, 35c to \$6.00. Prayer Books, 25c to \$4.00. Resurries.	Auction Bridge, 500, Chess, Craps, Dominoes, Poker, Congress Playing Cards in Leather Cases. Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens, all at Conklin's Pens.

AND HUNDREDS OF THINGS FOR CHRISTMAS

O. A. MATSON & CO.

PHONE 19

208 WEST CENTRAL

BRITISH DENY REPORTED PLANS FOR TRADE WAR FOLLOWING PEACE

Lloyd-George Tells Chicago
Editor England Cannot Live
Without Good Relations With
United States.

KEENER COMPETITION REGARDED AS CERTAIN

When Struggle Is Over Eng-
lish Trades Will Be Found
More Efficient; Bankers
Criticize Reserve Board.

By James Keeley.
Editor of the Chicago Herald, in
Special Dispatch to New York Times.
London, Dec. 6.—Before I left Chi-
cago I was asked by a number of
leading business men to make an in-
vestigation as to the business con-
ditions that would be likely to ob-
tain between the United States and
the allies and more particularly Eng-
land after the war is over.
During the last week I have put
that question to four members of the
British government, to some of Eng-
land's leading bankers and financial
men with tremendous interests in
America to three editors of London
daily newspapers, to the president
of the best known weekly
journal in England, to at least fifty
business men who are known to me
and who are circumscribed only by
the populated areas of the earth, to
various minor officials connected with
governmental departments that are
directly concerned—in fact, to every
man with whom I have come in con-
tact since November 11, 1914. I
have worked as steadily as an inter-
rogation point from that moment un-
til now.

The only answer I have received is:
"Who knows what is going to hap-
pen after the war is over? We are as
much in the dark as to that as we
are to the date of the end of the war."

Then I asked question No. 2:
"Did the Paris conference mean
that after the restoration of peace
there will follow a trade war in
which the hands of the allies will be
raised not only against their enemies,
but all other commercial competitors
with America singled out for special
attention in this direction?"

David Lloyd-George, minister of
war, epitomized the official point of
view when he said to me:

"Such an idea never entered any-
body's mind. It is absurd. The idea
that Great Britain could live without
America; that Great Britain, with its
enormous position and its configura-
tion of coast, its river mouths and
estuaries, could lock both the back
and front doors, is the notion of a
maniac."

Neither Mr. Russell, president of
the board of trade; Mr. McKenna, the
financial head of the government;
nor Viscount Grey would talk for
publication, but I am violating no
confidence when I say that they
share Mr. Lloyd-George's views. It
was pointed out that at the Paris
conference the deliberations were al-
most entirely German.

Not "Bent on Economic Suicide."
Premier Asquith has made an offi-
cial statement on the subject. He
said:

"It has been suggested in neutral
countries that we allies have a sinis-
ter design after the war is over to
combine against them and build up
an impregnable stone wall against
their trade. That is childish fiction.
For, if it were true, it would mean
that we, one and all, were bent on
economic suicide. When the time
for peace comes, nothing will be more
essential to the allies from the stand-
point of simple self-interest than to
establish and maintain the best in-
dustrial and financial relations with
all neutral powers."

As far as it is possible to judge
from the various extended and frank
conversations I have had, I think it
is fair to assume that if one may
speculate on a future problem based
on conditions that may change at any
moment, there is absolutely no dis-
position here to take any action of

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR CROSS, SICK, FEVERISH CHILD

If little stomach is sour, liver
torpid or bowels
clogged.

Mothers can rest easy after giving
their children "Syrup of Figs" because in
a few hours all the clogged-up waste,
sour bile and fermenting food gently
moves out of the bowels, and you have
happy, playful child again. Children
never will not take the time from
play to empty their bowels, and they
become tightly packed, liver gets slug-
gish and stomach disordered.
When cross, feverish, restless, see
if tongue is coated, then give this de-
licious "Fruit Laxative." Children love
it, and it can not cause injury. No
difference what age your little one—
if full of cold, or a sore throat, diar-
rhea, stomach-ache, bad breath, re-
member, a gentle "inside cleanser."
It will always be the first treatment
given. Full directions for babies, chil-
dren of all ages and grown-ups are
printed on each bottle.
Beware of counterfeit fig syrups.
Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle
of "Syrup of Figs." Then by the
look carefully and see that it is made
by the "California Fig Syrup Com-
pany." There is a new and more
alert hand at the industrial lever;
there is a keener brain directing pro-

any king against American business
or commerce when the European
slaughter pen has closed.

I have heard nothing, read nothing,
seen nothing that gives the faintest
support to the theory that because
America has kept out of the bloody
struggle, because all the gold of the
world is flowing westward, there will
be any organized effort to punish us
in the world's markets.

But One Plan for Reserve Action.

Many of my interviews took place
during the early part of the week,
and before the federal reserve board
issued its sensational statement, ad-
vising American banks, in the inter-
est of liquidity of their assets, against
the purchase of the short-term paper
of the allies. Within the last forty-
eight hours there has developed, to
put it mildly, a critical tone and con-
siderable comment. Some of the
London papers are extremely bitter.
One member of the board is the prin-
cipal object of suspicion.

"Bluntly speaking," said one influ-
ential banker, "this action is in ef-
fect a suggestion to American busi-
ness men not to sell their goods to
us and the other allies, because our
credit is not good. It is a perfectly
unjustified attack upon the financial
standing of solvent nations."

Another man, who because of the
public position he occupies could not
permit the use of his name, went
even further.
"It is an actual embargo," said he.
"Can it be what you will, that's what
it amounts to."

The feeling in England, however, is
mild compared with the emotions
aroused in France.
To France America has poured out
her heart, her sympathy and her
charity. Young America has flown
for her and fought her battles in the
sky. Our doctors have tended the
wounds of French soldiers. Dr. Carrel,
from his store of knowledge and skill, has
developed a wonderful life-saving and
limb-preserving method of treat-
ment, the description of which has
been or will be forwarded by John
Rass, war correspondent of The Chi-
cago Daily News. American lads
have driven ambulances over roads
sprinkled with the victims of sudden
death. American nurses have tend-
ered the sick, comforted the dying,
American love, American sympathy,
and American charity have performed a
noble part in ministering to the stric-
ken of a sister republic.

Knowing all these things, France
can not understand the fact and is
stunned by the action of the federal
reserve board. Why its financial
honor, its commercial credit should
be stabbed to the vitals is to France
incomprehensible. France is aston-
ished and grieved.

I met in London today a French of-
ficial with whom I had several pleas-
ant visits in Paris. Then, conversa-
tion was of American generosity and
American aid. Today—well, listen to
what he said. The utterances that
he poured out were emphasized and
dramatized by his deep emotion and
feeling.

"Why is your nation doing this
thing to my nation? Why this as-
sault on democracy, fighting for its
life and for democracy, by the great-
est democracy of the world? We are
shedding our blood, our most pre-
cious young blood freely and copious-
ly, and at this critical moment in the
struggle your country, in effect, re-
fuses to sell to us the things we need
to preserve our existence, our very
life."

"When England was trying to op-
press you with the aid of hired Hes-
sians, the peasants of France, under
Lafayette, came to your assistance.
They fought with you and for you;
they died for you. Today, in our hour
of stress, it is unkind, unjust and most
ungrateful for you to help the descen-
dants of those Hessians to impose the
same military tyranny on us from
which we helped you to escape.
France can not understand it."

At this distance, with only the most
meagre cable reports before me, I
can not pretend to judge on the just-
ness or injustice of an attempt
of our federal reserve board. But, as
a reporter, it is my duty to let the
readers of The Herald know the feel-
ing that exists—a feeling that may be
pregnant with possibility for the fu-
ture.

Reverting to the London banker
quoted above as to the action of the
federal reserve board, our conversa-
tion drifted to the various attempts
made in America to impose an em-
bargo on the exportation of munitions
and the possibility of an attempt
to revive the project as part of a
plan to end the war.

"I wonder," said this banker, "if
the advocates of the plan ever con-
sidered the possibility that European
warships, on the exportation of munitions
and the possibility of an attempt
to revive the project as part of a
plan to end the war."

"I discussed this subject last evening
with a cabinet minister. He was en-
raged as to just what foodstuffs might
be prohibited."

"Not wheat," he said. "You have
no surplus wheat, and we are not buy-
ing any from you."

"But," said I, "in the event of an
embargo, and in the event that we
have a surplus of wheat next year,
how would you regard an embargo?"

I can not give his answer, but a fair
inference is that such action on the
part of America is a matter of last
or necessary resort. It might be from
the American point of view, would not
be forgotten when the war was over
and the question of trade relation-
ships came up for discussion.

"We expect an enemy to try to
starve us out," said another promi-
nent man. "But for a friend to do so
would hurt. A nation will forgive
and forget many things, but starva-
tion is hard to efface from the mem-
ory."

In what state the business world
will be when the rivers of blood are
dammed to one should be a hazard
a concrete prophecy. Here in London
there are optimists and pessimists.
One man sees a financial debacle,
with all nations, belligerent and neu-
tral alike, bearing equal shares of
the burdens. Others—and here
again I may quote Lloyd-George—see
no possibility of disaster.

"For we have the land, the source
of everything, and with that there
can be no real or lasting trouble for
any nation."

Shorper British Competition Sure.
As matters stand, America will have
no official hurdles placed in her way
in the battle for trade when peace
resumes her sway. But the business
men of the United States may as well
realize right now that they will have
to make all necessary preparations for
much sharper competition from
England. There is a new and more
alert hand at the industrial lever;
there is a keener brain directing pro-

duction. Sloth, or what has been re-
garded as sloth, in mill and factory
has disappeared. The ambition of
the English manufacturer and the
English workman has been sharpened
on a German grindstone. There is
a new and keener cutting edge, and
English trade will follow the English
flag. It will invade other lands with
a vigor that is going to shock with
surprise all England's commercial
competitors.

In this campaign the British busi-
ness man is going to have the whole-
hearted support of the national gov-
ernment, even to the violation of
Great Britain's rock-ribbed policy of
free trade. Mr. Russell, president
of the board of trade, has said that
the government fully appreciates the
importance of preserving and extend-
ing British trade in neutral markets,
particularly with reference to "cer-
tain important branches of British in-
dustry after the war."

Mr. McKenna, addressing a confer-
ence of business men a short time
ago, declared:
"We have already shown that we
are prepared to give the assistance
of the government to the develop-
ment of our foreign trade, in order to
insure that those rivals who are now
our bitter enemies shall not have con-
trol of the foreign trade which they
have enjoyed in the past."

At this meeting the following reso-
lution was adopted:

"Resolved, That this association is
of the opinion that, with the object
of obtaining and increasing our trade
after the conclusion of the war, it is
desirable that provision be made:

"A—For preferential reciprocal
trading relations between all parts
of the British empire.

"B—For reciprocal trading rela-
tions between the British empire and
the allied countries.

"C—For the favorable treatment
of neutral countries, and

"D—For restricting by tariffs and
otherwise our trade relations with all
enemy countries so as to render
dumping and the return of pre-war
conditions, impossible, and for the
stimulating and developing of home
industries and a consequent in-
creased employment of native labor."

"These resolutions, of course, do not
represent the considered, determined
opinion of all England. No such radi-
cal departure from precedent can
come without a full expression by the
electorate. But they do represent a
decidedly growing tendency."

New Tariff Policy Certain.
Free trade is not going to be aban-
doned, but it is a safe assumption that
a protective tariff in some form or
other is going to be a part of Eng-
land's future fiscal policy.

Whether it will take the form of
graded tariffs, as suggested in the
foregoing resolution, or whether duties
will be put on only to foster new
industries, or what we term in Amer-
ica "infant industries," the future
will reveal.

One new trade that is certain to se-
cure this advantageous aid is the dye
industry. The discovery of aniline
dyes was made by an Englishman.
With the discovery English effort
stopped. German chemists develop-
ed the dye, and when the war came
the dye came from Germany. The
world was in German hands.

By government subvention a firm
of British manufacturers two years
ago started to make dyes. The new
concern has been successful. It has
announced the manufacture of a blue
dye which German chemists said it
would take ten years to make, and it
promises soon to put other important
colors on the market. The English
dye industry is not expected for
years after the war ends to be able
to compete with German dyes. So
it is no secret that a protective tariff
will be imposed on some German
dyes until such time as the English
dye manufacturers are able to com-
pete on equal terms.

The helping hand that will be held
out to the dyemakers will not be
withheld from other businesses in a
similar state of development.

One curious fact about the growth
of tariff reform, as they call it over-
here, is the fact that trade unions,
that were adamant against any in-
terference with free trade, are split
over the question now, and 25 per
cent of the labor members of the pro-
posed radical departure.

American Efficiency in Britain.
The conclusion I have reached as to
the keenness of future competition
between American and English man-
ufacturers received added weight by
the investigations during the last ten
weeks of William Hard, the well-
known American magazine writer,
who is writing an authoritative series
of articles for the London Times on
the subject of American efficiency in
Britain. The Chicago Herald on this
highly important subject. Mr. Hard
said to me today:

"The general conclusion I have
come to is this: The war in the long
run is going to send Great Britain up,
and be going to send it up very fast,
and very far—not down at all—as a
competitor of the United States for
trade in South America and every-
where else throughout the world. Be-
fore the war we had two big com-
petitors—Great Britain and Germany.
Germany was a new free-bling all-
over. Great Britain was an old fire,
with cooling embers and streaks of
ashes. This war is making Great
Britain into a new fire, too."

"I see new American machines all
over Great Britain. I also see some-
thing a great deal more important
than new American machines, and that
is new American ideas—ideas about
the layout of machines in the
factory room, ideas about the using
of unskilled labor efficiently by plan-
ning the work all the while ahead in
the brains of staff specialists; ideas,
in short, of scientific management. I
have met young engineers in Scotch
shipyards who were filled to the teeth
with the writings of Frederick Tay-
lor and Harrington Emerson and all
our other important American effi-
ciency engineers. They are building
warships at a speed that would make
Josephus Daniels say: 'I can't be-
lieve it.'"

"At the end of the war the British
will still have all their own ideas,
which, after all, made London the
world's biggest business center, and
in addition they will have American
ideas as well. We are importing cash
from them; they are importing brains
from us."

An American business man in
business in England as well as in the
United States, said the other day:
"When this thing is over these
people are going to have what they
never had before—a numerous race
of expert business managers of the
scientific sort."

"But that is only one part of the
story. The British are also going to
have a combination of science, capital,
government, and labor that we never
had. The British government is now
in business on its own account on a
large scale not merely as an adver-
sor to business, like the American gov-
ernment. The British government is now
itself a business concern, with railroads,
canals and large numbers of factories
and shipyards under its own control.
It has learned business at first hand."

THE ECONOMIST

Today and Tomorrow

Coats—Suits—Dresses

At Twenty-Five Dollars

Coats

In this lot are many of the hand-
somest coats that have been shown
during the entire season, and a
call and inspection of these values
will indeed convince you that the
very model you are looking for is
here, at a bargain price. Values
to \$32.50.

SPECIAL
\$25.00

Suits

We shall carry no suits over in this
department into the coming season
and have therefore placed the price
of our better suits within the reach
of all. At this popular price we
have assembled suits in the best
materials and made by the very
best high class tailors in the coun-
try. Values to \$35.00.

SPECIAL
\$25.00

Dresses

Silk and wool dresses in every con-
ceivable style, but most of them in
just the mode that is mostly in de-
mand at this time. The qualities
and workmanship are of the best,
and at the price they are offered af-
fords a rare opportunity to possess
a beautiful afternoon or party dress
at little cost. Values to \$32.50.

SPECIAL
\$25.00

Extra Special

A limited number of very handsome fur sets, consisting of the
new shape neck piece and muff, A-1 quality fur, guaranteed lin-
ing, values to \$32.50. Special **\$25**

Coats Suits Dresses

SPECIAL \$25.00

See Our Window Display

The Economist

See Our Window Display

ROCKEFELLER ATTENDS FUNERAL OF ARCHIBOLD

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE.
Tarrytown, N. Y., Dec. 7.—While
Tarrytown's business interests are
devoted their activity for half an hour
today the funeral services of John D.
Archibold, president of the Standard
Oil company of New Jersey, who died
Monday, were held at the Archibold
residence. Chancellor Bay of Sym-
ons university and Stephen Lathrop, B.
Wilson of the Methodist church, were
among those who officiated.

John D. Rockefeller and his son
and many Standard Oil officials were
among the mourners.

BILL TO RELIEVE AGED JUDGE PASSES SENATE

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE.
Washington, Dec. 7.—By a party
vote of 23 to 25, the senate today
passed Senator Hoke Smith's bill au-
thorizing the president to appoint an
additional federal circuit judge in any
district where the incumbent has
reached the age 70, has served ten
years, and is suffering from mental or
physical disability of a permanent
character.

Many republicans contended the
bill is unconstitutional. Senator Cum-
mings proposed the language adopted,
relating to mental or physical disabil-
ity, replacing the original words per-
mitting action where the president
finds the "official conduct of the busi-
ness of the court" requires it. The
bill now goes to the house.

"Y" to Pay Off Mortgage.

East Las Vegas, N. M., Dec. 7.—
With the funds received from the im-
portant sale of the Montezuma hotel and
Las Vegas hot springs to the newly
formed Bible Film company, the Y.
M. C. A. will pay off a mortgage which
has embarrassed it for years and will
make a number of improvements to
the building. An indoor lighting
system will be installed, the locker
room will have a new cement floor
and new lockers will be installed, a
new system of shower baths will be
put in, located in a room built espe-
cially for them, and the dormitory
will be improved.

Can't Locate Relatives.

East Las Vegas, N. M., Dec. 7.—
Despite the fact that the woman lived
here for twenty years preceding her
death, officials here are unable to
locate the family of the late Mrs.
E. E. Clark. Mrs. Clark led a re-
tired life at her home on Railroad
avenue, and if she had any relatives
never mentioned them. She never
made an effort to make friends with
Las Vegas folk. It is likely her body
will be buried in the potter's field.

BANK OFFICIAL RECOMMENDS THEM.

T. J. Norrell, V. P. Bank of Cotton-
wood, Tex., writes: "Beyond doubt I
have received great relief and taken
great pleasure in recommending Foley
Kidney Pills. Kidney trouble makes
one worried and hopeless; my aches,
pains, soreness, stiffness, backache,
rheumatism, these symptoms, as well
as sleep disturbing bladder disorders,
yield quickly to Foley Kidney Pills.
They cast out poisons and purify the
blood. Sold everywhere."

Want a high grade employee? or the bet- ter grade of servants? Make use of the want

ALMOND CREAM CAKE

Cream 1/2 cup of butter and
Cottolene packed together, add
one cup of sugar, and mix in
alternately 1/2 cup of milk or
water and two cups of pastry
flour sifted three times with
two teaspoons baking powder.
Beat well, flavor and add five
stiffly beaten whites. Bake in
two layers.

Whipsweetened cream until stiff; flavor with almond ex- tract and sherry; add chopped blanched almonds and spread between and over the layers. Garnish with cherries.

From "HOME HELPS" mailed
free if you write our General
Office, Chicago

"Cottolene makes good cooking better"

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

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Sunny Brook
the
PURE FOOD
WHISKEY
makes a fine
XMAS
GIFT

ALWAYS
Acceptable and Appropriate.
Will add cheer and make
"MERRY XMAS"
MERRIER
The Meyers Co., Inc.
General Distributors ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

relating to mental or physical disabil-
ity, replacing the original words per-
mitting action where the president
finds the "official conduct of the busi-
ness of the court" requires it. The
bill now goes to the house.

Cottolene

"The Natural Shortening"

Cake that "melts in
your mouth!"

Cottolene creams up easily and beautifully and in-
sures the lightness and delicacy that good cake requires.

By using Cottolene in cake-making you will always
be sure of the best results.

This excellent pure food product is the ideal shortening for bis-
cuits and pastry of all kinds. Used for frying it makes foods
better, more tasty and more digestible.

You can have it in large or small
pails, as you like. Arrange with your
grocer to supply you with Cottolene
regularly.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

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THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Four

Another Wonderful Recovery From Kidney Trouble

For nearly nine years I was a great sufferer from what my doctor said was kidney trouble and my blood was out of order, enduring all that time excruciating pain in my back and across my bowels. I was drawn down so that I could only walk with my hands on my knees. My doctor said he could do nothing for me. I tried many kinds of medicine but all to no avail. A friend told me about Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and as I had tried everything else that I heard of, I bought a bottle of Swamp-Root and it did wonders for me. I prize it higher than any other medicine and I shall recommend it to my friends. I wish to add right here that after using Swamp-Root for two months I began to straighten up and am now sound and well, and feel like I might live a long time yet to tell what your medicine has done for me.

Yours very truly,

T. C. CLAY,
710 Sugar St.,
Marion, Ohio.

Personally appeared before me this 15th day of December, A. D. 1914, T. C. Clay, who subscribed to the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

CHARLES W. HADELIMAN,
Notary Public,
Marion, Ohio.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Hingham, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You.

Sent ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Hingham, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will continue anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Albuquerque Morning Journal. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Clear, Peachy Skin Awaits Anyone Who Drinks Hot Water

Says an inside bath, before breakfast helps us look and feel clean, sweet, fresh.

Sparkling and vivacious—merry, bright, alert—a good, clear skin and a natural, rosy, healthy complexion are assured only by pure blood. If only every man and woman could be induced to adopt the morning inside bath, what a gratifying change would take place. Instead of the thousands of sickly, anaemic-looking men, women and girls with pale, watery, complexion, instead of the multitudes of "nervous wrecks," "rundowns," "brain fags" and pessimists we should see a virile, optimistic throng of rosy-cheeked people everywhere.

An inside bath is had by drinking each morning, before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the waste, sour fermentations and poisons, thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Those subject to sick headache, biliousness, nasty breath, rheumatism, colds and particularly those who have a jaundiced complexion and who are constipated very often, are urged to obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store which will cost but a trifle, but is sufficient to demonstrate the quick and remarkable change in both health and appearance, awaiting those who practice internal sanitation. We must remember that inside cleanliness is more important than outside, because the skin does not absorb impurities to contaminate the blood while the pores in the thirty feet of bowels do.

FAYWOOD HOT SPRINGS

For Rheumatism, Stomach Troubles, Kidney Ailments, Inflammations, Arterial Hardening, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Breaking, Perfect Treatment, Perfect Climate, Health, Pleasure, Large Modern Hotel, Booklet, Round Trip to Faywood from Albuquerque, \$13.70.

T. C. McDERMOTT
Faywood, N. M.

DUKE CITY Cleaners-Hatters

220 West Gold Phone 446



AMERICAS ELECTRICAL WEEK

MEMBER OF THE SOCIETY OF ELECTRICAL DEVELOPMENT NEW YORK

DO IT ELECTRICALLY

Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light and Power Co.

"Do It Electrically"

PHONE 98 Corner Fifth and Central

COURT WILL TAKE FINAL ACTION ON LUMBER CO. SALE

Judge Pollock Gives Stockholders' Committee Ten Days to Satisfy Court It Will Make Bid of \$475,000

Judge John C. Pollock of the United States court will confirm the sale of the American Lumber company unless the stockholders' committee gives assurance that it will bid \$475,000.

If this committee gives the court sufficient assurance he will order the re-selling of the property.

Judge Pollock made this announcement Tuesday at Kansas City, Kan. It was learned here last night, when application was made to the court for confirmation of the sale held here last month.

The court gave the stockholders' committee ten days from that day in which to satisfy him of its intention. The assurance may be given by putting up bond or otherwise.

Judge Alex H. Angel of Detroit represented the protesting stockholders and bondholders who objected to the confirmation of the sale made here, saying that a greater price could be obtained if the property was resold.

Shirley Newell of Cleveland represented the bondholders' committee and Col. E. W. DeLeon of the Detroit Trust company.

The property was bought by Otis & Co., managers for the bondholders' committee. Parties to this agreement hold more than 94 per cent of the bonds, it was said.

The bondholders' committee announced Tuesday, before Judge Pollock gave his decision, that those holding the rest of the bonds would have ten days from that date to decide whether they wished to become parties to the agreement.

"Well, you can say that it's a fine show," says Manager Floyd Lee, of the "Go Ask Willie" company, whose job it is to appear at the Journal office every day and press-agent the variety play to be held at the Crystal Theater, December 15.

"Dr. can you suggest any little item in connection with the production that will prove of interest to the public," we say helpfully.

"No, that is—well, brightly, 'The chorus changes to clothes eight times, and—well, it sings once in a while, you know. It's a fine show."

"No murders or blackmail or anything in connection with the performance so far?" we ask politely. "The hero's hand is scratched himself on the hero's scarfpin or caught her hair on a coat button?"

"Why, I—well, we don't rehearse the love part, you know, we leave that till the last night," blushes Mr. Lee. "But as—well, that wasn't what he said, but we are a lady and anyway the paper wouldn't print it, and he disappeared out the door, murmuring."

"Anyway, it's going to be a fine show."

MAN KILLED; ANOTHER INJURED BY TRAIN

Socorro, N. M., Dec. 7.—A freight engine struck two Mexicans, who were walking on the Santa Fe track, today, south of here, killing one outright and injuring the other. The men were employed at the gravel pit, three miles south of here. The injured man was brought to a hospital here. His left leg was crushed and his left side injured. The dead man was Pedro Calumera.

The grinding of oats makes them 25 per cent more digestible. As high as grain is now this 25 per cent is a great saving. We have a high power machine that makes the grinding perfect. To most stock owners are just about as much as leather, especially in this country where the dry air soon takes the moisture. When stock is fed grain that they can't digest, it is doing them an injury. A great many horses remain poor when at the same time they are fed an abundance of hay and grain. That is because they are not fed just what they need.

If you have such a horse, let us look him over. We'll not cost you anything. E. W. FEE, 212-214-216 West Lead Ave.

Not What You Spend but What You Get

Be sure you get your money's worth this Xmas.

The best gifts are those that are useful.

Electrical gifts give both pleasure and service.

Something electrical for everybody. Percolators, toasters, grills, foot warmers, plate warmers, vacuum cleaners, flash-lights—all these things will bring lasting happiness to your whole family.

Nothing that you can buy will give quite so much pleasure the whole year round as an electrical gift.

Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light and Power Co.

"Do It Electrically"

PHONE 98 Corner Fifth and Central

THREE ESCAPE BURNS WHEN STOVE EXPLODES AT SAN JOSE HOUSE

The explosion of an oil stove in the San Jose rooming house at Duran called the central fire company to the place late yesterday afternoon for the second time in a month. The first fire was caused by the explosion of an oil stove.

Three persons were in the room where the stove blew up yesterday, but none was injured. The flash set fire to a bed. The bedding was carried outside and drenched. The room was not damaged. The fire was out when the fire engine reached the place.

This was the second alarm responded to by the central company yesterday. A burning shed behind J. A. Hudley's home, 1405 West Roma avenue, caused the first. The damage was small, a hole having been burned in the side of the shed and another in the roof. Firemen said dumping hot ashes against the shed started the blaze.

AUTOMOBILE, STOLEN EARLY THIS WEEK, IS STOPPED AT HOLBROOK

Frank George's automobile, stolen Monday night, has been recovered at Holbrook, Ariz. Chief J. R. Galusha, who had sent a description of the car to Holbrook, learned yesterday from Sheriff R. L. Newman that the machine had been stopped there.

Two men and two women were in the car when it reached Holbrook. They gave their names as Ines Corral, Ruth Corral, Harry D. Beckler and Maud A. Bellerose. The police know none of them. They have consented to return without requisition, Sheriff Newman wired. A deputy sheriff will go to Holbrook for them.

Mr. George left for Holbrook last night to drive his car back to Albuquerque.

\$31,000 COST OF STATE CAMPAIGN TO 'UNTERRIFIED'

The democratic state central committee has a reminder of its severe victory in its pockets amounting to \$32,000. The state committee's final report of receipts and expenditures, filed yesterday by T. J. Guilford, secretary, with County Clerk A. E. Walker, says that amount is owing.

The state committee received \$38,027 in contributions from various sources, including the assessments of candidates for office. Nearly all of this has been paid out. The total disbursements amounted to \$29,523, Mr. Guilford's report shows.

The democratic county central committee also has a deficit, according to the report filed by Warren Graham, treasurer of the committee. The county committee received \$1,945 and paid out \$1,935, the report shows. Unpaid bills amount to \$264.15.

The republican county central committee spent more than did the democratic organization in Herkell county. Also, it had more to spend. Contributions received by the committee totalled \$3,419, according to the report filed by Fred B. Heyn, committee treasurer. The same figures are given for expenditures, making an exact balance.

Mr. Heyn made another report for the republican club. The club came through the campaign with a surplus, although it amounts to only 95 cents. The club received \$275 and spent \$274.15, the report shows. The club's report contains an item reminiscent of the Iliad, showing that \$6.50 went as costs for an injunction.

DR. CHARLES A. FRANK BRINGS DIVORCE SUIT

Dr. Charles A. Frank, former county health officer, brought a suit in the district court yesterday afternoon for divorce. His complaint, filed by Laurence F. Lee, attorney, was withdrawn shortly after filing. Mrs. Frank was a leader in musical circles here. She went east to study music and gained prominence as a singer there. She has been in Albuquerque for some time, however.

THREE-EYE HEAD IS FOR RE-DISTRICTING OF MINOR LEAGUES

Chicago, Dec. 7.—President A. B. Tarnsey of the Three Eye league, in an appeal issued tonight to presidents of minor leagues throughout the country, and presidents of all clubs, urges that a special meeting of the National Association of Professional Baseball leagues be called to perfect legislation which might relieve the financial condition of minor leagues.

Mr. Tarnsey believes that certain leagues, principally the Western, Central, Three Eye and the Central association, should be re-districted so that the question of mileage should not be such an important factor. Salaries paid ball players, he said, are exorbitant. The remedy for this situation, he believes, lies in the re-classification of the leagues and a new salary limit agreed upon.

CHICAGO GETS GRAND AMERICAN TRAP SHOOT

New York, Dec. 7.—At the twenty-eighth annual meeting of the Interstate Association for the Encouragement of Trap Shooting, held here today, the Grand American Handicap tournament for 1917 was awarded to the South Shore Country club of Chicago. The western tournament will be held under the auspices of the St. Joseph Gun club, St. Joseph, Mo. The Roanoke Gun club, Roanoke, Va., was chosen to take charge of the southern tournament. —Hartford, Conn., will be the scene of the eastern tournament, and the Pacific coast handicap will be shot over the traps of the San Jose Gun club.

The dates for all these shoots will be arranged early next year. T. E. Foreman of Wilmington, Del., was re-elected president, and T. H. Keller of New York, vice president; E. R. Shaner of Pittsburgh, secretary, and Elmer E. Shaner of Pittsburgh, manager and treasurer, also were re-elected.

FIVE PERSONS IDENTIFY WAX AS ADVENTURER

Girl He Married Under Name of "Maise Mahon Nye" and Deserted Two Days Later Recognizes the Prisoner.

New York, Dec. 7.—Five more persons, including one young woman, whom he married, recognized in Charles H. Wax today the man they had known as "Oliver Osborne," or under some of his other assumed names. Wax, who is held under \$50,000 bail as a material witness in a federal case, was brought here from Chicago to clear the name of James W. Osborne, a prominent attorney who had been accused by Miss Rae Tanzer of breach of promise after courting her as "Oliver Osborne." Wax has admitted that it was he who was Miss Tanzer's admirer.

Wax was identified by Miss Ethel Brooks as the man she married in Holbrook, N. J., early in 1914, under the name of Maise Mahon Nye. Wax admitted the accusation, but asserted that "Miss Brooks is the only woman that can prove I did marry."

Assistant United States Attorney Roger R. Wood, in charge of the case, admitted this contention was true.

"The woman in Chicago who posed as his wife, Mrs. Francis Burke, he did not marry, we believe," he said.

To Answer Larceny Charge, Mr. Wood said that as soon as Wax's services are no longer required as a material witness in the perjury and other cases against those figuring in the Tanzer breach of promise suit, he will be turned over to the local police to answer to a charge of grand larceny, made against him by Miss Katherine Meisenheimer, a nurse maid, who claims never to have seen Wax after giving him \$200 to invest for her two years ago.

Fourteen persons now have identified Wax as the adventurer the federal authorities claim him to be. For the first time since his arrival Wax showed emotion when he was confronted by Miss Brooks, whom he admits deserting a few days after married her. His face paled and he slunk back as she unhesitatingly identified him as the man who had married her.

Mrs. Lillian Miller, who corroborated her sister, Miss Brooks, stepped up to Wax and struck him several times on his chest with her fist.

ATHLETICS IN SMALL COLLEGES IN SOUTH GIVEN ENCOURAGEMENT

Falton, Tex., Dec. 7.—Measures to foster athletics in the smaller colleges were voted upon favorably by the Southwestern Athletic association, in annual session here today. After disapproving of "scouting" for athletic material by representatives of larger schools, the association voted permission for schools having an enrollment of less than 400 persons to play first year students on athletic teams. This rule is expected to prove of advantage to University of Arkansas, Baylor and Southwestern university of Georgetown, Tex., but will not affect the other schools of the association.

A motion was adopted that student members of the national guard now on the border should be given credit for the fall term if they are discharged and re-enter college during the winter term.

The southwestern track meet will be held at Norman, Okla., on May 11, 1917, with University of Oklahoma as host.

John C. Futrell, president of the University of Arkansas, was elected president of the association.

MEDICAL CORPS MAN ORDERED TO CHICAGO

Honolulu, Dec. 7.—Captain John B. H. Waring, U. S. A., medical corps, stationed at Schofield barracks, and recently the central figure in a court-martial which involved a charge of malfeasance, was ordered today to report to the central department headquarters in Chicago. He had asked for leave and permission to visit the mainland.

It was alleged in the court-martial proceedings that Waring's claim that he was suffering from eye trouble was a pretext to prevent his transfer from Schofield. In his defense, Waring maintained that the charges against him constituted persecution by fellow officers in the army medical corps.

He was sentenced to dismissal from the army by the court-martial, but the president commuted the sentence to a loss of 25 files in the list of captains.

PEPPER AMMUNITION IN LOS ANGELES ROBBERY

Los Angeles, Dec. 7.—A robber threw pepper in the face of an express wagon guard today in the rear of a downtown building, seized \$20,000 in gold currency from the express wagon and escaped.

The money was in two bags. W. H. Williams, the express driver, had just placed the bags in the express wagon for delivery to the First National bank, three blocks away. Witnesses said the robber was joined by a confederate who helped him carry the money.

STOPPED CHILDREN'S CROUP COUGH

"Three weeks ago two of my children began choking and coughing, and I saw they were having an attack of croup," writes Willie Mayberry, Eckert, Ga. "I got a bottle of Foley's Honey & Tar and gave them a dose before bedtime and soon their cough stopped and they fell asleep. Next morning their cough and all sign of croup was gone." Foley's Honey and Tar is a standard low-priced remedy for colds, bronchitis, la grippe, coughs, sold everywhere.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

F. REENT—Housekeeping room with sleeping porch. —620 North Sixth.

WANTED—Apprentice girl. We do—acording, side and box plating, dressmaking, evening gowns, ladies' tailoring. 215 North Seventh street. Phone 1241.



Kiddies Kerchiefs

Small real silk handkerchiefs with colored borders and different scenes in the corners. Something entirely new for the little folks. Price per box of twelve assorted designs \$2.00

One only 25c
Three for 55c
Six for \$1.00

Oriental Rugs

Beautiful Turkish Prayer Rugs in five different color backgrounds. Red, Green, Cream, Blue and Navy. Size 25x45 inches. Special price for the holidays—

\$3.35 Each

A Big Assortment of Japanese Novelties Just Received for the Holidays.

Crepe Luncheon Sets
Painted Gauze Luncheon Sets
Pincushions, Book Marks
Tie Hangers, Clippers
And Many Other Articles We Will Be Glad to Show You.

Navajo Moccasins in Three Styles. Prices Range According to Size.

A Fine Line of Chimayo Pillow Tops, Table Runners and Couch Covers.



John Lee Clarke INC.

105 W. Central



LUMBER

Paints, Oils, Glass, Moulding, Roofing and Building Paper.

J. C. BALDRIDGE LUMBER COMPANY

THE WM. FARR COMPANY
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FRESH AND SALT MEATS
Sausage a Specialty
For Cattle and Hogs the Ruling Market Prices Are Paid.



"Like Father—like son"

If you like Tom Moore it's safe to say you'll enjoy Little Tom, too

TOM MOORE CIGAR

(Genuine Filled)

TEN CENTS

LITTLE TOM 5c

THE LAFAYETTE FUND

SENDS COMFORT KITS TO THE SOLDIERS' FUND FOR TWO DOLLARS EACH

THE KIT CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:
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FARMERS' WEEK AT STATE COLLEGE TO BE WORTH WHILE

Educational Feast Along Agricultural and Home Economics Lines Assured All Who Will Attend.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) State College, N. M., Dec. 7.—Preparations are being made at the State Agricultural college to provide an unusually interesting program for farmers and their wives at the Farmers' Week and Home-makers' Conference, to be held at the college at Mesquite Park, January 8 to 15. The week is to be devoted to the interests of the farmers especially, although there will be many lectures, short courses and entertainment features attractive to the general public. A number of prominent speakers, experts in their lines, from many parts of the country, have been engaged for the program, which will be conducted under the direction of the extension division of the college.

The farmers' week last January was a decided success, with a large attendance. It is believed that the coming program will be even more instructive and entertaining than the last one, and that the attendance will be much larger.

Those who may contemplate attending the Farmers' Week and Home-makers' Conference may obtain programs and complete information by writing to the extension division at the State College.

COLORADO INDUSTRIES' ACCIDENT RATE HIGHER

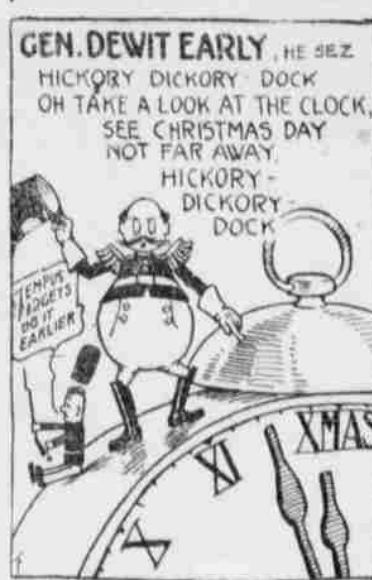
(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) Denver, Dec. 7.—Since August 1, 1915, there have been 16,887 accidents in Colorado industries, according to a statement given out today by the Colorado industrial relations commission, to which the accidents were reported.

"The number of accidents reported for the past two months," the statement says, "is a slight increase over the average for the preceding six months." The increase is attributed to increased employment in certain factories.

Local grievances were reported amicably settled by the commission in six cases all in the coal fields, during the past three months.

Found Guilty of Murder. Cincinnati, Dec. 7.—Harry Tucker, who shot and killed Mrs. Minnie Beatty, a mission worker of national reputation, here last May, was found guilty of murder in the first degree today by a jury in the common pleas court. The jury, however, recommended mercy and Tucker was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Kaffir Corn and Milo Maize, ground or whole, E. W. EISE, 212-214 216 West Lead Ave.



Notes of Interest From State Museum

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Dec. 7.—The New Mexico mission style of architecture in Santa Fe, France! Sounds like an impossibility but the current number of the Literary Digest prints the picture and description of an apartment house in Paris built like a Pueblo community house, with protruding vigas just like those of the Old Palace and with architectural features like those of the new museum building.

There isn't a day without some publicity, direct or indirect for Santa Fe and New Mexico. The current Country Gentleman prints a half-tone picture of eight Tesuque Indians at work in the fields and irrigation ditches near Santa Fe. The Saturday Evening Post prints the following: "Out in New Mexico even public signs come direct to the point. They do not waste any time in wondering how the reader will feel about it. In a garage at Albuquerque is posted: 'Don't smoke round the tank. If your life isn't worth anything, gasoline is.' And on the wall of a barber's shop at Taos is prominently displayed: 'If you can't raise 15 cents, raise whiskers!'"

R. E. McKinley, well-remembered in Santa Fe where he was in the forest service from Tombstone, Ariz., that "there are two old stage coaches here—the great wheels, French tops, leather springs. They have no 'home' here, exposed to the weather. They were in an old leaky stable without roof—and now they have even been taken away. I hate to see anything like that go to the dogs and you Santa Fe folks might get hold of them cheaply."

The Baltimore Society of the Archaeological Institute sends invitations to a meeting this week, to be addressed by Herbert J. Spinden, who has visited in Santa Fe, his theme being "Artistic Record of Two Thousand Years in the Land of the Maya Indians."

The National Geographic Magazine for November, just received, is given entirely to "The Larger North American Mammals," illustrated with thirty-two pages of color engravings, giving an intimate study of the larger wild animals of North America, including the New Mexico coyote, by the foremost authority, The Museum of Fine Arts Bulletin of Boston for October, also just received, is finely illustrated with pictures of ancient tapestries and Peruvian fabrics.

The following registered at the museum: W. R. Alford, J. S. Miller, H. E. White, L. E. McElroy, J. J. Hawke, C. H. Moon, Z. W. Schackelford, R. L. Huddleston, J. L. Dagley, Lockney, Tex.; Z. J. Cox, Stanley, N. M.; H. S. Jones, Florio, Tex.; L. A. Wofford, J. E. E. Pate, Lockney, Tex.; R. C. Cowperwhite, Salt Lake City, Utah; Dec. Moore, Stanley, N. M.; Alva C. Shinn, Luckecheik, Ariz.; R. B. Sprull, Kansas City; John Garlach, Carriazo, N. M.; C. L. Jacobson, Detroit, Mich., who is taking motion pictures of Santa Fe, Tesuque and the cliff dwellings; Ray Blount, Denver; Mrs. A. A. Anheuser, Alameda, Dr. and Mrs. S. S. Jacquelin, Los Angeles.

DEFENSE BILLS ARE FRAMING IN LOWER HOUSE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) Washington, Dec. 7.—Rapid progress in congress toward framing national defense bills to appropriate about \$500,000,000 was forecast today when the house military committee took up its share of the work. Chairman Dent said he expected to report the army appropriation bill before Christmas. The naval committee has been in session for nearly two weeks and expects to complete its hearings within a few days.

While Quartermaster General Sharpe was advising the military committee of the probable cost of the army in 1918, Dr. Charles D. Walcott, chairman of the national advisory committee on aeronautics, told the naval committee that control of the sea now depended upon control of the air, because it was the aviators who gathered information and directed the fire of long range guns.

Dr. Walcott, who appeared to support his request for \$107,000 to continue the work of the advisory committee, also discussed peaceful uses of aircraft, saying the postoffice and state departments would utilize them as letter and dispatch carriers. He told of steps in contemplation for the preparation of "charts of the air," over all continental United States, and urged the development of lighter than air cruisers of the Zeppelin type for the army and navy. In this he was supported by Henry Southern, consulting engineer of the army and navy aviation section, who said that a study already was in progress based on Germany's development of this type of aircraft.

The committee was given the view of civilian experts as to the desirability of establishing a joint army and navy aviation base on the shores of Chesapeake bay.

Rocky Mountain Region Cold. Denver, Dec. 7.—Temperatures in the Rocky mountain region tonight were from 20 to 30 degrees below normal, according to the local district weather forecaster. Southeastern Colorado was the center of the cold wave, which extended to the Texas panhandle and as far southwest as Flagstaff, Ariz. The cold wave will extend until Saturday, when warmer weather will prevail, the report stated.

NEW MEXICO HAS MADE PROGRESS IN LAST FEW YEARS

Livestock Conditions Unusually Encouraging; Better Farming Practices Adopted; Dairy Cows Imported.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) State College, N. M., Dec. 7.—A splendid summary of conditions existing in New Mexico at the present time, contrasted with those of three and four years ago, is contained in an editorial published recently in the New Mexico Farm Courier. The agricultural outlook for the state, the editorial says, is indeed promising.

The summary, brief and to the point, is as follows: As one travels over the state of New Mexico, he cannot fail to note the progress being made along agricultural lines. As compared with three or four years ago, the improvement is very marked. Not only is the livestock business in an unusually healthy and prosperous condition, but it is evident that better farming practices are being adopted. Silo construction is going forward rapidly both in the dry-farming and the irrigated districts; dairy cows continue to be shipped into the state, and crops that a very few years ago were grown only in a very limited way are now produced by the hundreds of thousands of bushels. It is estimated that the New Mexico crop alone will this year be worth about \$1,200,000.

In the state as a whole there is more farming and less speculating being done at present than at any time in the recent past. Years of experimentation have, in many cases taught what the different states are best suited to, as well as the best agricultural practices to be followed under the varying conditions of soil and climate. There is also a greater tendency toward co-operation, and excellent results have already been secured by some of the co-operative associations of recent years.

With the improved agricultural conditions have come, in many cases, better country schools, better roads, and improved living conditions generally.

With new and more drought resistant crops being brought forward every year or two, and the demand for livestock products growing steadily, the agricultural outlook for the state is, indeed, promising.

GOVERNMENT PURCHASE OF FOODSTUFFS WANTED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) London, Dec. 7.—Purchase by the government of all essential imported foodstuffs, the commandeering of control of all home products and of ships and the placing of supplies on the retail market at prices which would give to the consumer the full benefit of these measures was advocated today at the national conference of trades unionists.

During the discussion, Charles G. Ammon, of the British Trades Union League, who attended the convention of the American Federation of Labor in San Francisco last year, made a violent attack on David-Lloyd George, who he "figured had lied the trades unionist congress and sold his political faith."

While the conference was in progress the labor members of the house of commons, including the members of the independent labor party, were summoned to a conference with Mr. Lloyd-George.

NEW FOUNDLAND TO BAR AMERICAN PUBLICATIONS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) St. John's, N. F., Dec. 7.—The New Foundland government, under the provisions of the war measures act, has prohibited the admission in New Foundland of the American publications that have been excluded from English and Canadian territories.

The regulations specifically forbid the bringing in of these newspapers either by mail or freight and makes it illegal for any person to have a copy in his possession, even if sent by friends abroad. A heavy fine is provided for violation of the prohibition.

"Gets-It" Never Fails for Corns!

There's Nothing on Earth Like It for Corns and Calluses.

"Whenever you get corns and calluses, don't experiment—just use 'GETS-IT' and nothing else. Easiest and simplest thing I know to use—just a few drops on in a few seconds."

Wear Shoes That Fit Use "Gets-It" Tonight



"GETS-IT" does the rest. The old way is to bundle up your toes in harnesses and bandages, use solvers that make toes raw, cotton rings that make your corns pop-eyed, knives and "diggers" that tear your heart out and leave the corn in. No wonder they make you limp and wince. Forget all these—use "GETS-IT"—the simplest corn remedy in the world, easiest to use, never fails or sticks, painless. Your corn loosens, then you lift it off. You can wear smaller shoes.

"GETS-IT" is sold and recommended by druggists everywhere. 25c a bottle, or sent on receipt of price, by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Albuquerque and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by Otwell Drug Co., Highland Pharmacy, Butt's Drug Store, Inc., and Alvarado Pharmacy.

OMAHA RAILWAY TO ISSUE SECURITIES

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 7.—The state railway commission today approved an application of the Omaha, Lincoln and Pacific railway for an issue of \$2,000,000 worth of new securities. Three years ago the commission authorized an issue of \$3,100,000 worth of securities. Since then, according to the company, the price of building material has so increased that the new issue is necessary.

Commissioner Hall refused to approve the new issue on the ground that there were already two direct railroad lines between Lincoln and Omaha. These lines, said Mr. Hall, are not complaining that their profits are too small and one of them has an injunction against the state and is charging 2 cents a mile passenger fare.

THE MERE FACT THAT Scott's Emulsion

is generously used in tuberculosis camps is proof positive that it is the most energizing preparation in the world. It has power to create power. It warms and nourishes; it enriches the blood, stops loss of flesh and builds you up.

SCOTT'S IS PURE AND RICH AND FREE FROM ALCOHOL.

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Known throughout the South for their unusual goodness and food value. Used for all syrup purposes—making candy, with hot cakes or just for itself as a mealtime sweet. 10c a can and up.

New Orleans Coffee Company, Ltd., New Orleans, La.



NEW SOUTH PURE SUGAR CANE SYRUP

EVERYBODY'S BRAND FANCY SYRUP

NEW ORLEANS COFFEE CO. NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Of Course Santa Claus Would Prefer TO "DO IT ELECTRICALLY"

If you give Santa Claus first choice he will prefer to bring electrical gifts.

A chafing dish, for instance, on which a dozen different wholesome fishes can be prepared electrically, at the mere pressing of a button, would be ideal.

Electrical gifts are appreciated because they usually mean doing things better with less work. Doesn't that chime in with the spirit of Xmas?

Better come in and look while you're shopping early.

"Do It Electrically"

Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light & Power Co.

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GOD BLESS THE KING!



Rumanian Government has been transferred from Bucharest to Jassy.—News Note.

from Secretary of War Baker or Chief of Staff Hugh L. Scott, for the people of this country to know there must be a radical change, and at once.

The strain on the national guard of long service on the border has been such that a complete collapse of the militia system is imminent. Guardsmen are refusing to take the federal oath, or to re-enlist when their terms expire. It is predicted that when the guardsmen finally get home, they will gradually disintegrate. Not enough of the men will stick to secure federal aid for the organizations. The states will in such cases confront the alternative of maintaining expensive militia establishments, or of being deprived of such services within their borders when they are most needed.

As to the regular army, as pointed out in the annual report of the secretary of war, voluntary enlistments have fallen far below the mark necessary, if it is to be increased to the desired two hundred thousand basis. The army experts are worried, and fear that it required no statements with reason. If the militia is to disintegrate, so much the more reason for enlisting the regular establishment up to the maximum authorized by the law. Yet there appears to be no prospect, whatever, of this. Already a bonus of five dollars has been offered to postmasters for each enlistment, and it is now proposed to pay a two dollar bounty to any one who brings in a man for enlistment. These are measures of desperation.

What if the powers at Washington do not always succeed in keeping us out of war? What if we should be forced much against our will to clean up Mexico? The complete failure of the Hay law which is now admitted by those high in the administration, gives these questions grave import.

Universal military training is better for the boys, and, within ten years, it would insure the United States against war being made upon us by any nation of the world.

Laura Jean Libby says young people should love sensibly. That thought never occurs to people until, like Laura Jean, they are no longer young people.

A. D. CRILE'S APPEAL

Without wishing to discriminate between addresses, all of which were good, it is fair to say that the best address, from a practical standpoint, delivered at the meeting of the state teachers' association at Santa Fe, was that of A. D. Crile of Roswell on the value of utilitarian education. Among the many notable utterances of Dr. Crile the following may be cited as stating a fact rarely considered by educators:

"Again it is argued that the study of Latin and Greek languages develops in the pupil a high regard for law and order. That the study of Greek develops an aesthetic taste and an ethical training. I submit that the best moral that the Greek nation ever afforded and crystallized into dogmatic statements are not compatible with any modern statements of right and wrong and of proper conventional conduct. As for notion of law in the Roman nation, as it may be reflected in the Latin language, it is not in keeping with our present notion of the supremacy of law and is inferior to the great statements of the Apostle Paul. All the lauding of characters of the ancient Greeks and Romans, much of which I have heard before in this convention in previous years, is either in ignorance or in attempt at great scholarship. The facts are that Socrates' personal life should be obnoxious to every school teacher in New Mexico."

Dr. Crile's contention was that in the devotion to the ancient Greek and Latin literature, we ignore the work of two thousand years of Christian civilization in building the accomplishments of heathen civilizations. His reference to Socrates' morals was particularly apt, because Socrates, beyond question, represented the highest ideals attainable by any heathen civilization.

Consider any of the great modern poems of love, compare their conception of love with the conception celebrated in the beautiful poems of love in the Greek and Latin literatures. The comparison makes evident that Christianity introduced a spiritual element into love of which Sappho with all her beautiful passion and Catullus with all his exquisite appreciation knew nothing.

The Roman woman was a respected and safely person. She was honored as wife and mother in the family. She had a high position due chiefly to the fact that her husband and sons were largely engaged in wars which took them away from home and she was the real head of the household and handled the business affairs of the family. Roman law legalized her place and rights, and there are not many states in the union which give by law to women such position as they enjoyed in Augustan Rome.

But even early Christianity was repressing that violence of passion which, as Dr. Jung of Zurich observes, characterized all pre-Christian civilization. Christianity forbade the circus with its gladiatorial combats, the saturnalian mysteries with their outbreaks of lust, all those sensuality which even today survive throughout Asia and Africa and are accepted as commonplace. Likewise early Christianity forbade the master's misuse of his female slaves.

To do justice to the consequences of Christianity in the development of civilization, doesn't today require belief in it. The denial of its profound spiritual import which the great rationalists of half a century ago voiced, is no longer possible to anyone acquainted with science which approaches the subject, not as censor but as historian of the process of the soul.

It was acquaintance with modern

languages and with science that Dr. Crile insisted should have first place in the schools, instead of so many years being devoted to mastery of the parts of speech of languages which are today entirely dead. The literature and the history preserved in those languages can be better appreciated, a thousand times, in good translations than in digging through them, a few times at a time, with the assistance of lexicons.

The Journal wishes to repeat that the man who stands in the way of modernizing the courses of study is bound to be run over by the steam roller.

Champ Clark would begin reforming congress by abolishing the congressional record, which would stop congressmen from killing so much time by making speeches.

WOULDN'T PAID HUNTERS PAY?

From the New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' association, we learn that gray wolves cost the cattlemen more than a quarter of a million dollars annually, and that the sheepmen lose annually from the depredations of wild animals about 1 per cent, or not less than \$1,500,000. In other words, wild animals are costing the livestock growers of this state more than a million and a half dollars each year.

Since the passage of the bounty law in 1909, New Mexico has paid out in bounties more than \$250,000, and the bounty tax now amounts to more than \$48,000 each year.

Wouldn't it be better for the state to hire hunters than to pay bounties? Wouldn't salaried hunters kill more mother wolves than are killed by the bounty hunters? The Journal merely puts this out as a suggestion for the members of the legislature to think over when they meet in January.

Mexico should become interested in golf. In that game the most violent opinions are expressed, but there is rarely ever any actual fighting.

With Scissors and Paste

PERCIVAL LOWELL.
(G. R. Agassiz in Boston Transcript.)
During all his early activities the late Percival Lowell had kept a live interest in mathematics and astronomy. In 1877 the Italian astronomer Schiaparelli began a systematic study of the planet Mars, which led to his discovery of a remarkable series of markings which he called canals, a word which has been incorrectly translated into canals and has proved a source of much subsequent confusion. Lowell followed with deep interest the discoveries of the Italian savant, for the character of the work was calculated to fire the enthusiasm of a man of imagination of scientific proclivities.

By the early 80s Schiaparelli's discovery had so far failed that it was evident that his observing days were over. And Lowell determined to give his energies and his fortune to continuing the work. Before founding an observatory he was devoted chiefly to the study of the planets, with characteristic intelligence he said

his assistants spent many months in a systematic series of explorations and tests to discover the most suitable spot. The site finally chosen was on a plateau above the town of Flagstaff, Arizona, at an elevation of over 7,000 feet.

In order to obtain the best "seeing" it is necessary that the air should be quiet and undisturbed. It is a singular fact that most observatories have been placed with a view of being seen rather than seeing in the neighborhood of great cities or institutions of learning, while the few observatories that are more intelligently placed have not profited by Lowell's discovery that the currents of air swirling about a mountain top make it a far less ideal locality than a plateau.

Around the dome of the original observatory, 24 ft. refracting telescope, erected in 1894, has grown up a small village with quarters for his employees, and separate houses for his assistants, whom he treated with unflinching generosity, courtesy and consideration. Here, under a separate dome, a 16-inch reflecting telescope was also eventually installed, one of whose chief uses has been to establish the uselessness of that class of instrument in the study of planetary detail. Lowell's own house, a low, picturesque structure, looks out on as magnificent a view as ever gladdened the eye of a seeing man, or warmed the spirit of a contemplative philosopher. Below a steep foreground of rugged pine stretches a broad forest covered plain, broken with patches of natural park. Directly across rises the mighty mass of the San Francisco peaks, their lower slopes clothed with huge pines, which melt into the stunted vegetation of the higher regions. All the last frostlike verdure is lost in a riotous mass of barren rocks capped with the jagged edges of their snowy summits.

He died looking out on this scene that he so dearly loved and it is pleasant to think that he will be there surrounded and honored by his assistants who are carrying on this work.

Here for many years Lowell and his assistants have accomplished a mass of spectroscopic, photographic, visual and mathematical work of the highest class, which entitles him to a distinguished place in the history of astronomy. Just what that place will be undoubtedly depends on how time deals with his later known theories of the presence of intelligent life on Mars.

No one of good eyesight and open mind, who has enjoyed the privileges of a protracted study of the planet, under the unique advantages enjoyed at Flagstaff, can doubt the correctness of the essential facts; it is purely a question of their interpretation. The surface of Mars is covered with an extraordinary network of singularly artificial looking lines. The intensity of these lines waxes and wanes in periods that show a remarkable relation to the melting of the winter polar snow caps. The atmosphere of Mars is too tenuous to support some sort of intelligent life. The planet appears to have but little water on its surface. If we adopt Lowell's theory that the intelligent inhabitants of a dying Mars are struggling to keep alive by a planisphere system of irrigation, from the water of the melting polar snow caps, we shall find that the theory accounts for all the observed facts. He supposes that the so-called "canals" are bands of cultivated vegetation dependent on some system of irrigation forced down their centers. It is these bands of vegetation which we see, and not the water irrigating them. Just as an observer at a distance from our earth would see the fertile strip of the valley of the Nile stand out against the desert

long before he could distinguish the river. Moreover, it is found that the intensification of the markings on any part of the planet's surface takes place a sufficient time after the beginning of the melting of the adjacent polar snow cap to allow for the water to reach that point and to be ready to grow.

FROM LONGSHOREMAN TO ADMIRAL

(Nation's Business.)
For a genuine dramatic episode in the great moving picture of American business, attention is respectfully called to the case of H. F. Alexander, of Tacoma, Washington, who twenty-two years ago was a longshoreman on the Tacoma docks, is now, at the age of 37, head of the Pacific Steamship company, with a \$12,000,000 fleet, and as such, the dominating figure in Pacific coastwise shipping from the Arctic circle to the Tropic of Cancer.

The Pacific Steamship company is a recent consolidation of the two largest companies on the coast, the Pacific Coast Steamship company and the Pacific Alaska Navigation company. The announcement focused the attention of the public on a new and striking figure that has appeared on the screen of "big business."

The ko-to-hell policy of some of the old companies, Mr. Alexander says, made it possible for him to win out by bending backwards in the matter of courtesy.

TALKING AND WORTH

(Confucius.)
A man of worth can always talk, but talkers are not always men of worth. Love is always bold, though boldness is found without love.

THE GENTLEMAN

(George Henry Calvert.)
The gentleman is never unduly familiar; takes no liberties; is chary of questions; is neither artificial nor affected; is as little obtrusive upon the mind or feelings of others as upon their persons; bears himself tenderly toward the weak and unprotected; is not arrogant; does not let his superiority be self-denying without struggle; is not vain of his advantages, extrinsic or personal; habitually subordinates his lower to his higher self; is, in his best condition, electric with truth, buoyant with veracity.

Gentlemanhood is not compassed by imitation, because inward life is not imitable; nor is it purchasable, because refinement can not be bought; nor is it partially inheritable, because Nature disdains monopolies. It is not superficial, its externals being the tokens of internal needs; its embellishments part and parcel of its substance.

LAND OF "LITTLE HELLS"

(World Outlook.)
The person who thinks of all Central America as a jungle will be surprised to learn that Salvador has more people to the square mile than any country in the world, except Belgium. The density of population is six times that of the United States. The people even crowd close up to the masses of the eleven dangerous volcanoes, some of them so active as to be called "infernal" or "little hells." There are other "little hells" in Salvador, even worse than the volcanoes. One is lack of sanitation. One is the tremendous burden upon the women.

STORY OF A FAMILIAR HYMN

(Pittsburg Post.)
The familiar hymn beginning "God Moves in a Mysterious Way," known as "Cowper's Hymn," had its origin as follows: Cowper was all his life the victim of melancholia and more than once attempted suicide. One day,

ANURIC, The Newest Discovery.

Oh! My Back!

When the kidneys are weak or diseased, these natural filters do not cleanse the blood sufficiently, and the poisons are carried to all parts of the body. There follow depression, aches and pains, heaviness, drowsiness, irritability, headaches, chilliness and rheumatism. In some people there are sharp pains in the back and loins, distressing bladder disorders and sometimes obstinate dropsy. The uric acid sometimes forms into gravel or kidney stones. When the uric acid affects the muscles and joints, it causes lumbago, rheumatism, gout or sciatica. This is the time to try "Anuric," the new discovery of Doctor Pierce for kidney trouble and pains in back and all over body! Write Dr. Pierce, send 10c for a large trial package—this will prove to you that "Anuric" is 37 times more potent than lithia and eliminates the uric acid from the system as hot water melts sugar—or ask your druggist now for a fifty-cent box of "Anuric."

Folks in town and adjoining counties are delighted with the results they have obtained by using "Anuric," the newest discovery of Dr. Pierce, who is head of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. They daily voice their praises of the merits of "Anuric," the discovery of Dr. Pierce, of "Favorite Prescription" and "Golden Medical Discovery" fame. Here is a letter for instance, that of Mr. HENRIER BROWN. He says: "For some time I was troubled with my kidneys. Had pains through the back. My back felt as if it had a load on it all the time. It was hard for me to bend to tie my shoes. When I arose from a chair I had to do so gradually in order to ease the pain it caused. The kidneys were in a highly congested condition. In spite of everything I used I obtained no relief until lately I used Doctor Pierce's Anuric. This remedy gave the relief I wished for, as I am now better in every way."

Just step into the drug store and ask for "Anuric," 50 cents, or send Doctor Pierce 10 cents for trial package.

tent upon destroying himself, he got into a cab and ordered the driver to take him to a certain point on the river, where he intended to drown himself. The cabman, noting his strange appearance and feeling that all might not be right with him, drove him about the city and finally stopped

in front of the poet's door. Stepping out and recognizing the old, familiar surroundings, and shocked at the thought of his narrow escape, Cowper exclaimed, "God moves in a mysterious way His wonders to perform," and, rushing in, immediately composed the immortal hymn.



No guess work
You can know

You will get good results
and have healthful, wholesome foods by using

KG BAKING POWDER

Ask your grocer—he knows

On Your Front Door

You want a varnish that will keep its lustre through years of exposure to summer sun and winter snow. Ask us to tell you about

DEVOS
THE GUARANTEED
VERNOSITE THE LONG LIFE SPAR VARNISH

We guarantee that Vernosite will not turn white from rain or sleet. The sun's heat will not blister it. Scratches will not show up white—as it contains no rosin or other adulterant.

Vernosite dries dust free in ten hours. It is the perfect varnish for kitchens, bath-rooms, store-fronts and every surface exposed to water. If you have a boat, Vernosite is the right varnish for the deck, rails and spars. Uniformity assured by the guaranteed formula on every can.

Come in and let us tell you more about Devos Vernosite. Our customers tell us that it always gives satisfaction and we recommend it on that account.

THE GIBSON-FAW LUMBER CO.
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.
PAINT DEVOS PAINT

CRESCENT HARDWARE CO.

Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

218 W. CENTRAL AVE. TELEPHONE 315

FOURTEEN-YEAR-OLD

"FOUR ROSES"

In the Protective Bottle. It Costs the Dealer More.

PAUL JONES & CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.

L. GIACOMELLI & SONS—107 North First St. PHONE 990

Pineapple Has Advanced;
Our Price Has Not Advanced

Why? Because we anticipated the coming advance and bought and now have in stock hundreds of cases; a larger stock than ever before. You profit by our quantity buying. Pineapple is very healthful, is enjoyed by almost every one and can be served in many ways.

Extra Fancy Hawaiian, per can 10c to 25c
According to Size.

Electro-Silicon for cleaning silver and plated ware, 2 boxes 25c

Polish your silver now. Have it ready for the holidays.

WARD'S STORE

HOMER H. WARD
315 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299

Crescent Grocery

ROBERT JONES
Coal & S. Walter. Phone 576

Oleomargarine

can be used wherever butter is for table or cooking purposes with good results. Per lb. 30c
Fat Mackerel, 2 for 25c
Oscar's Sauce, per jar 20c

Matteucci, Palladino & Co.

GROCERIES AND MEATS
601 W. Tulara. Phone 15

Strong Brothers

Undertakers
PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE 75. STRONG BLDG., CORNER 1ST AND SECOND.

LOCAL ITEMS

OF INTEREST

Eat your meals at Pullman Cafe.

Martin & Thon. Tel. Phone 273.

Guaranteed auto springs, all makes.

Korber Co., Albuquerque, N. M.

Dr. Provinces—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Citizens Bank Bldg. Ph. 938.

M. A. Otero of Santa Fe was a local visitor last night.

Here to Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Stewart of Rio Grande boulevard, yesterday, a daughter.

A lesson to marry yesterday was issued to Father Hughes, Dallas, and Julia Pollock, Dallas.

Mrs. Max Schuster of Los Angeles is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. Kempner, for a few days.

T. N. Hogan was appointed yesterday by Chief Galusha to take Tom A. Summers' place as traffic policeman.

Albuquerque Lodge No. 53, Fraternal Aid Union, will meet tonight at 8:45 o'clock in A. O. U. hall.

There will be election of officers.

Attorney E. P. Davies of Santa Fe arrived here yesterday from Estancia and will leave today for his home.

Mc. Davies was in Estancia for two weeks on court business.

Barb's Males, Bettman left last night for El Paso, where he will deliver a sermon at the dedication of a new synagogue in that city. In his absence, H. Rott will conduct the services at Temple Albert.

The Rotary club held its luncheon at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday. L. M. Hilde of Denver and H. C. Burton of Phoenix gave short talks. City Engineer Edmund Ross and Walter Connel were taken into the club as members.

The Woman's club this afternoon will discuss the high prices of foodstuffs. The club has asked M. L. Fox to talk on the subject of the causes lying behind the increased cost of living. The meeting will open at 4:30 o'clock.

IF TOO FAT GET

MORE FRESH AIR

BE MODERATE IN YOUR DIET

AND REDUCE YOUR WEIGHT.

TAKE OIL OF KOREN.

Lack of fresh air is said to weaken the oxygen carrying power of the blood, the liver becomes sluggish, fat accumulates and the action of many of the vital organs is hindered thereby. The heart action becomes weak, work is an effort and the beauty of the figure is destroyed.

Put out on by indoor life is unhealthy and if nature is not assisted in throwing it off a serious case of obesity may result.

When you feel that you are getting too stout, take the matter in hand at once. Don't wait until your figure has become a joke and your health ruined through carrying around a burden of unsightly and unhealthy fat.

Spend as much time as you possibly can in the open air; breathe deeply, and get from any designer a box of oil of koren capsules; take one after each meal and one before retiring at night.

Weigh yourself every few days and keep up the treatment until you are down to normal. Oil of koren is a scientific business; it is pleasant to take, helps the digestion and even a few days treatment has been reported to show a noticeable reduction in weight. But's, Inc., can supply you.

SPRINGER

YOUR SATISFACTION IS OUR

AMBITION

Engraved
Christmas Cards

A full line of handsomely engraved Christmas Greeting Cards—one of the finest selections to be seen in any of the leading stores of the country. We shall be glad to have you look them over.

PRICES FROM
35c Per Dozen to 35c
Each or \$4.00
Dozen

Dennison Christmas Enclosure Cards.

Seals and Tags—"Do Not Open Until Christmas" Seals.

Christmas Place Cards and Decorations.

Mail Orders Receive Careful Attention.

STRONG'S
Book Store

"Your Money Back If You Want It."

SANTA FE TO BE
SANTA CLAUS TO
MANY EMPLOYEES

Those Who Are Paid According to Contract Schedule Not to Be Remembered in Distribution of \$2,750,000

The Santa Fe railway will be a beneficiary of the Santa Claus to many of its employees, distributing approximately \$2,750,000 among them during the holidays, says an announcement of President E. P. Ripley, received here yesterday.

Employees to participate in this Christmas present must have been in the service of the road at least two years and must not be paid according to contract schedules, the announcement says. That eliminates the trainmen. The size of each employee's present will be ten per cent of his year's wages, if they do not exceed \$2,500.

Here is the announcement: "E. P. Ripley, president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway company gave out the following statement in New York Tuesday afternoon, December 5:

"In the last two years, especially since the influence of the European war has been fully felt, our railway system has enjoyed what appears to be an abnormal prosperity. The same prosperity which has produced this increase in the cost of living which, it is hoped, will be temporary.

"In recognition of these conditions, our board of directors today authorized us to make in a lump sum the distribution of additional compensation equal to 10 per cent of a year's pay to all employees who have been in the service of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe system for at least two years and whose annual compensation does not exceed \$2,500, and whose compensation is not paid according to present or former contract schedules. The payments of the amount thus authorized will be made as soon as the necessary computations can be completed. It is estimated that the amount thus to be distributed will be approximately \$2,750,000. It is President Ripley's intention to have the distribution made during the holidays."

Candy Sale--Saturday Only

Taffy, all flavors, lb. 15c
Soft Buttercups, lb. 25c

"GRIMSHAW'S"

"Grimshaw Wants to See You"

CRYSTAL
THEATER

Friday, Dec. 15, 1916

"GO ASK
WILLIE"

Book and Lyrics by Ethel Hickey. Music by E. Stanley Seder.

Famous American Beauty
Singing and Dancing
Chorus!

Portrayed by a Company of 40 MUSICAL COMEDY STARS

A Rip-roaring Spectacular Musical Comedy

Seats at Matson's Wednesday

EXAMINATION WILL BE
HELD BY CIVIL SERVICE

The United States civil service commission announces open competitive examinations as follows: January 2, shot firer (male), \$840; January 3, leading draftsman, ordinance department at large (male), \$2,400.

Upon request, further information will be furnished by H. F. Fagan, local secretary, or C. L. Snyder, district secretary, Postoffice building, San Francisco.

ALBUQUERQUE WOMEN
MAY TAKE UP BOYCOTT

Domestic Science day at the Albuquerque Women's club with a national butter and egg boycott the important topic of conversation, promises to be one of the most interesting of the season's greetings this afternoon at the club house.

Mrs. H. F. Aspinwall is to lead the meeting, and Mrs. H. C. Strong will demonstrate the preparation of salads. Mrs. Ray Bailey is to sing and Miss Winifred Doyle will read.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors for the kindness shown us during the recent illness and death of our beloved father and husband, and also for the many floral offerings.

MRS. FRED DEMPWOLF and FAMILY.

Make Table Reservations

NOW FOR

Elk's New
Year's Concert and Ball

MIDNIGHT AT MAXIM'S
New Features—Better Than Last Year

Best of Service

Concert Begins at 10 o'clock
P. M. Dancing at Midnight.

Welcome in the New Year

Table Reservations,
\$1.00 Per Plate

APPLY AT ELKS CLUB

ELMS HOTEL

(Formerly New Hotel)
FIRST ST. AND TULARA AVE.
Steam Heated, Comfortable Rooms
\$2.50 a Week and Up. Phone 888

BUY THIS BRAND OF
"TELMO"

CANNED GOODS AND YOU
HAVE THE BEST

Let Us Send a Man
To Replace that Broken Window Glass.

ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER CO.
Phone 421. 423 N. First.

Cut Flowers

At Popular Prices in the New
Flower Department of

Grimshaw's

Carnations, Roses, Violets and
Chrysanthemums.

J. D. MEER - Manager

"Grimshaw Wants to See You"

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HEARTS TREATED FREE

By Dr. Franklin Miles, the Great Specialist, Who Sends a New \$2.50 Treatment, Free.

Heart disease is dangerous, hundreds drop dead who could have been saved. Many have been cured after doctors failed. To prove the remarkable efficacy of his new Special Personal Treatment for heart disease, short breath, pain in side, shoulder or arm, oppression, irregular pulse, palpitation, smothering, puffing of ankles or dropsy, also nerve, stomach and rheumatic symptoms, Dr. Miles will send to afflicted persons a \$2.50 Free Treatment. Paid cases usually soon relieved.

These treatments are the result of 20 years' extensive research and remarkable success in treating various ailments of the heart, liver, stomach and bowels, which often complicate each case.

Send for Remarkable Cures in Your State.

So wonderful are the results that he wishes every sick person to test this famous treatment at his expense. Afflicted persons should avail themselves of this liberal offer, as they may never have such an opportunity again. Delays are dangerous. No death comes more suddenly than that from heart disease.

Send at once for his new Book and Free Trial Treatment. Describe your disease. Address, Dr. Franklin Miles, Dept. HF 89 to 99, Franklin St., Elkhart, Ind.

PAY CASH--SAVE MONEY

PHONE YOUR ORDERS IN. NO SOLICITORS. ALL GOODS DELIVERED.

PHONE 624

TODAY

U. S. FLOUR, 100 LBS. \$5.50

None Better on the Market

SWEET YAMS, 6 LBS. 25c

COAL OIL, GALL. 15c

FINE APPLES, COOKING AND EATING.

New Soft Shell Walnuts, lb. 20c

Black Walnuts and Shell-Bark Hickory Nuts.

SUGAR 12 POUNDS \$1.00

New Quaker Goods—A Full Line.

Rolls, 5 lbs. 25c

Cracked Hominy, 5 lbs. 25c

Hominy Grits, 5 lbs. 25c

Corn Meal, white or yellow, sack 35c

Bulk Barley, 3 lbs. 25c

Best grade of Grape Juice, plus and quart 20c and 35c

Soups, 3 cans 25c

Wedding Breakfast Coffee 25c

Quaker Corn Flake, per pkg. 7c

Walter Baker's Chocolate, 1 lb. 35c

Kellogg's Corn Flakes 9c

Shredded Wheat Biscuits 12c

Puffed Rice 14c

Puffed Wheat 14c

Post Toasties 9c

High Altitude Baking Powder, lb. 15c; guaranteed pure or money refunded.

NEW GOODS--NEW PRICES

CASH ONLY

FRANK TROTTER

116 WEST GOLD

Don't Fall

Into the error of thinking it is economical to do your own baking. How can it when you have to pay retail prices for all materials while we buy them at wholesale. Try our bread, biscuits, rolls, etc. for a while and you'll find your bread expense considerably reduced. Worth a trial anyway.

Pioneer Bakery

S. N. BALLING, Prop.

207 South First St.

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GET YOURS TODAY

Flowering Plants and Ferns in genuine Indian Baskets; a 50c value for only 15c EACH.

Tickets will be sold for only a few days and the plants will be ready for you Thursday, Friday and Saturday before Christmas.

There will only be five hundred of these plants, so be sure to get your ticket right away.

John Lee Clarke, Inc.
150 WEST CENTRAL AVENUE

Cut Flowers
Potted Plants

SATURDAY

Another Big Sale of Cut Flowers and Potted Plants Beginning at 10 o'clock Saturday Morning, December 9.

Carnations, assorted, dozen 25c

Roses, assorted, dozen 75c

Violets, bunch 25c

Royal Drug Co.

Phone 121. 115 S. Second.

C. H. CARNES
OPTOMETRIST

Eye Glass and Spectacle Fitting
BARNETT BLDG.—Ground Floor
202 W. Central. : PHONE 452

WANTED—Friends to remember

Lutheran ladies Christmas sale, 118 South Fourth street, Saturday, December 9. Needlework, home baking, luncheon; business people's hot noon lunch, cafeteria style.

LEGAL NOTICE

State of New Mexico. State Corporation Commission of New Mexico. Certificate of Incorporation. United States of America. State of New Mexico.

It is hereby certified that the annexed is a full and complete transcript of the Certificate of Incorporation of the International Investment Company, Incorporated, (No. 372), with the amendments thereto as same appears on file and of record in the office of the State Corporation Commission.

In Testimony Whereof, the State Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico has caused this certificate to be signed by its Chairman and the seal of said commission to be affixed at the City of Santa Fe on this 6th day of December, A. D. 1916.

HUGH H. WILLIAMS, Acting Chairman.

Attest: EDWIN F. COARD, Clerk.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY, INCORPORATED.

We, the undersigned, in order to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter stated, under and pursuant to