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POWER HELD BY SAFFORD SHOWN IN APPEALS FOR POLITICAL HELP

I Know You Can Do More for Me in Santa Fe Than Any Six Men in the Country,' Wrote Man.

WHISKY AND CIGARS FIGURE IN ACCOUNT

Workings of Invisible Government Still Further Shown by Letters of Former Secretary of Republican Committee.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—That Charles V. Safford, secretary of the republican central committee and personal friend of the men who conducted the invisible government of the territory under the regime of the old republican ring, held the power to bind and loose and was one of the most potent figures in the community at the time he was playing his part on the stage of New Mexico politics, is evidenced by countless letters, one of which found in an old, forgotten file of correspondence that lay unnoticed in the corner of an office in Santa Fe, for many years and was only the other day dragged from its hiding place, covered with the dust of nearly a decade.

Mr. Safford never held any other office under the territory of New Mexico than that of traveling auditor and bank examiner—a position, the duties of which were almost entirely clerical, involving, one would suppose, no necessity for political knowledge, ability or experience. But he was much more than a traveling auditor and bank examiner—more indeed than secretary of the republican central committee. He was the personal and political friend and confidant of the men who actually formed the invisible government—of Holm O. Bursum and Frank A. Hubbell, and Charles A. Sloss and Thomas B. Catron and Charles Springer, and of the other members of that small but select group of politicians who were accustomed to deciding the destinies of New Mexico citizens by holding the reins of power in their hands.

How to Help

"They have me under bond and I have to throw myself on the mercy of the republican party, as I have done before," wrote a saloon-keeper to "Friend Charley" on one occasion. "Being as you are the only best friend I have I thought I would write to you. The government marshals worked a dishonest scheme on me this time. They sent an educated Navajo around in the night and I took him for a burglar. I know you can do more for me in Santa Fe than any six men in the country. Last time I was indicted I agreed to quit the saloon business, and I sold out to Blank, and in less than a year he turned it back to me. But that cuts no ice—I am into it and the next thing is to get out. Try and help me, Charley. I may be able to do something for you some day."

Apparently, "Friend Charley" did not turn a deaf ear to this pathetic appeal for help, for we find the correspondent, four months later, just after the November election, writing again to tell of his services to the party in the campaign. Four republicans, it seems, were about to be swayed from their party allegiance by a depraved and abandoned democrat who held a note of one of them on which there was an unpaid interest charge of \$15. "It would kill me to let them four republicans vote so," wrote the "Friend Charley," so he had the interest on the note and held these weak-kneed patriots true to the Grand Old Party of Lincoln and Grant and McKinley. In his letter narrating the incident, however, he asked to be reimbursed for his expenditures in this behalf.

Strictly Business

In this letter "Friend Charley's" correspondent shows himself to have been a man with proper ideas of business accountability for the itemizes the account for which he desires to be reimbursed. This account, which embraced other matters besides holding the interest on the note and holding the weak-kneed patriots true to the Grand Old Party of Lincoln and Grant and McKinley, is illuminating in the fact that the elections were carried in the days of the old republican ring. Here it is:

For the four votes I told you about.....	\$15.00
Pay to the blind fellow.....	5.00
Pay to P. A.	5.00
Pay to the democrat I sent to	5.00
Pay to J. H.	5.00
And five dollars for whiskey and cigars Nov. 21st.....	10.00

"The letter concludes, 'Is what the election cost me.'"

How to Handle a Petition

With what tender regard the old time matter of appointments to office is indicated by the letter of a certain police magistrate asking that the influence of "Friend Charley" be exerted in behalf of a postmaster who desired to be reappointed.

It is not that there will be any large filing," writes the post-

Can the Leopard Change Its Spots?

The extracts from old letters exchanged by republican bosses in years gone by, which have been published in the Journal during the last two or three days, have a much more vital bearing on the present campaign than might appear at a casual glance.

Those letters, written at a time when the bosses didn't think it worth while to consider public opinion in anything that they did—when they didn't think it necessary even to disguise—speak eloquently of what the people of New Mexico may expect if they return to power the old republican ring represented by the candidates on the republican ticket.

One politician notifies another of his appointment as referee in a case involving the investigation of a public official. He considers the case "all over" with the appointment of the referee, and in the picturesquely inelegant phrase of the old day, "he writes to Mr. Safford, appointing him as a 'gut shot.'"

Another politician congratulates the referee upon a report that he has not seen, tells him that he shall be president some day, and sends regards to the "plunderbund." Reports on the financial condition of public officials were sent to the "old man." Men in the toils of the law relied not on the orderly processes of the courts but threw themselves on "the mercy of the republican party." Accounts were sent in to the secretary of the republican central committee to settle for money spent on election day for whiskey and cigars.

The Safford letters, again, point out clearly, Safford is not a man of himself was unimportant. His position, that of traveling auditor and bank examiner, was one which carried no political power that could be legitimately used. Safford was powerful because he stood close to the bosses—to the Hubbells, the Bursums, the Springers, the Catrons, the Springers and the other men who made up the invisible government.

Now these men are asking to be returned to power. Has the leopard changed its spots? Evidence to that effect is lacking. Do the people of New Mexico want the conditions that prevailed at the time when the Safford letters were written to prevail again?

If they do, the surest way to bring them about is to vote the republican ticket at this election.

HITCHCOCK SAYS HUGHES' ELECTION IS NOW ASSURED

Former Republican National Chairman Claims 308 Certain Electoral Votes for G. O. P. Candidate.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Frank H. Hitchcock, former chairman of the republican national committee and a member of the advisory committee of the present campaign, tonight issued a prediction regarding the outcome of the election, basing his conclusions on reports received from experienced political leaders in each of the states concerned. His statement is as follows:

"Hughes will be elected on November 7. He will carry the following states, having an aggregate electoral vote of 308, or forty-two in excess of the required 266: Maine, 3; Massachusetts, 12; Rhode Island, 4; Connecticut, 12; New York, 45; New Jersey, 14; Pennsylvania, 23; Delaware, 3; West Virginia, 12; Indiana, 15; Illinois, 21; Michigan, 15; Wisconsin, 12; Minnesota, 12; Iowa, 12; Kansas, 10; South Dakota, 5; North Dakota, 10; Wyoming, 7; Idaho, 4; Utah, 4; New Mexico, 3; Washington, 7; Oregon, 5; California, 15.

"He will probably carry also Ohio, 24; Nebraska, 8; and Colorado, 6, making his total 346, or a majority of 50."

"He has a good prospect of carrying in addition certain so-called doubtful states with an aggregate vote of 49, as follows: Maryland, 8; Kentucky, 12; Missouri, 12; Montana, 4; Nevada, 3; and Arizona, 3.

"This would give him a total vote of 395, or a majority of 129."

CURRENCY ACT ALONE SHOULD ELECT WILSON

H. A. Jastro Believes That by Itself Justifies Keeping the President at the White House.

H. A. Jastro, largely interested in livestock and other enterprises in this state, arrived in Albuquerque yesterday. Mr. Jastro when seen by a Journal reporter expressed himself as being of the opinion that the passage of the currency act would alone justify him to re-election.

Mr. Jastro, who is well informed on financial affairs, states that the passage of this act has done more for the country than any other act ever passed by the legislature of the United States. It has turned the tide of finance from New York to an even distribution throughout the country, he says, practically eliminating the possibility of a financial panic. He quotes the tremendous increase of deposits in New Mexican banks, one institution jumping from thirty millions to fifty millions.

DYNAMITE PLACED TO BLOW UP CALLES' TRAIN

Naco, Ariz., Oct. 29.—On clearing up the wreck on the Southern Pacific of Mexico railway, which occurred near Del Rio, Sonora, three days ago, it was found that dynamite had been placed under the track, obviously with the intention of blowing up the special train bearing General Calles, military commander of Sonora. However, the Calles train escaped, and the dynamite exploded under the heavy freight train which followed it.

Reports brought here say that the Carranza government is placing soldiers at different points along the Southern Pacific Mexican lines and at Cananea. There are also rumors that revolutionary forces are gathering in the mountainous parts of Sonora.

FAMOUS TEUTONIC AVIATOR LOSES LIFE

London, Oct. 29.—Captain Boelcke, the famous German aviator, falling at the famous German aviator, during an air fight on Saturday, came into collision with an enemy aeroplane and was killed, according to a Berlin dispatch. His machine landed within reach of the German lines.

On Friday, Captain Boelcke shot down his fortieth aeroplane.

TEUTONS GAIN IN DOBRUJA; ALLIES MAKE SUCCESSFUL DRIVE ON SOMME

Russo-Rumanian Forces Are Retreating and Attempting to Cross the Danube, According to Sofia Reports.

SLAV OFFENSIVE IN VOLHYNIA REPULSED

Greek King Is Trying to Convince Entente Powers of Sincere Friendship; Moves Objectifiable Army.

Aside from the continued progress of the Teutonic allies in the Dobruja region of Rumania and fresh gains by the French and British in the Somme region of France, there is little change in the situation in any of the war theaters.

Rumanians and Russians in Dobruja are still in retreat and are now endeavoring to make their way across the Danube, according to the Sofia war office.

Gains by Rumanians.

On the Transylvanian front Rumanians and Rumanians are operating against Teutonic allies near the junction of Bukovina, Transylvania and Rumania, and near Campulung and in the Jiu valley. Rumanians are declared to have captured two howitzer batteries. According to Berlin the Teutons have made additional gains south of Kronstadt and near Campulung.

Gains on the Somme.

The British have captured another German trench northeast of Les Bois in the Somme region, while the French made fresh advances near Salles-Sablon and Baches.

Again, according to Berlin, another heavy Russian offensive along the Stokhod river in Volhynia has been put down. Potemkin reports successful reconnaissance by the Russians along the River Stokhod, a tributary of the Stokhod.

Both Sides Claim Victory.

The Macedonian front is still the scene of somewhat vigorous fighting, especially at the bend of the Cerna river. Both sides claim victories.

Except for bombardments the bad weather on the Austro-Italian front is keeping down the operations.

In order to allay suspicion as to his sincerity, held by the entente allies, King Constantine of Greece has ordered the transfer of all the Greek troops from Thessaly and Epirus, except sufficient number to maintain order.

FRENCH ANXIOUS TO PROMOTE U. S. TRADE RELATIONS

American Industrial Commission Members Report Business Interests Doing Everything in Their Power.

New York, Oct. 29.—Business interests of France are anxious to do everything in their power to promote trade relations with the United States, according to a report made by members of the American industrial commission, who arrived today on the steamship Philadelphia from Liverpool, following a two month visit to France.

The commission was organized under the auspices of the American Manufacturers' Export association, to return the visit of a like commission of French interests made to the United States last winter.

According to E. F. Douglass, the secretary, the party was treated with every courtesy while in France. At Paris, the military attaché of the American embassy was assigned to accompany them in full uniform.

"We went to the front," Mr. Douglass said. "At least we were close enough to hear the sounds of the bombardment."

"We talked with David Lloyd George in Paris, and were given a cordial invitation by him to extend our visit to England. In talking with us of trade and commercial matters to follow the war, he stated that it is not planned that Germany shall be put entirely out of the running by war—that she will have to be considered and dealt with in a commercial way after peace is declared."

A full report of the commission's visit will be made later.

AUSTRIAN MINISTERS' MISSION IS SECRET

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 29.—Admitting his mission was secret and that he could not discuss it at this time, Count Kaiman Karla Volkov, Austro-Hungarian minister to Mexico, today said he would be in Washington. He said he would be in the United States possibly a month and then would return to Mexico. Asked about conditions in Mexico, the count replied:

"Excellent. Further than this, he would not discuss conditions here the Rio Grande."

HUGHES ISSUES PRE-ELECTION STATEMENT OF HIS PURPOSES

Candidate Tells What Policies Will Be in Case He Is Elected Chief Executive of Nation

VIEW OF PRESIDENCY DIFFERS FROM WILSON'S

While Man of Peace, Power of Country Is to Be Used If Necessary for Protection of Rights of Citizens.

Charles Evans Hughes, republican candidate for the presidency, has issued the following pre-election statement, which is printed as received, without date, over the telegraph wires, except the article has been sub-edited in the Journal office to break the monotony of its typographical appearance:

MY CONCEPTION OF THE PRESIDENCY

By Charles Evans Hughes.

On the eve of election day, the American people are entitled to a summary of the things I have stood for in this campaign, as they are the things I shall stand for as president.

No man can tell in advance what unexpected demands the next four years may present, but one whose conception of the presidential principles rests upon the fundamental principles can describe with entire sincerity how the problems of administration would be approached and in what spirit they would be solved.

A man charged with the duty of reaching a desired goal knows that the road to it is found in following that path which sound judgment and clear vision opens up, step by step. I can show the road I expect to travel.

EXPECTS TO START TIGHT

I propose, first of all, to start tight. The president is primarily an executive. It is his supreme duty, as I see it, to take the nation, to safeguard its interests, to anticipate its needs, to enforce its laws.

The first act of a president who takes this view of his duty is to call about him the ablest cabinet in the country, men who can deal with the financial, international and domestic problems which will confront us in the next four years.

HUGHES STANDS BY FOR MR. WILSON

John M. O'Hanlon, Editor of Legislative Labor News, Says He Has Been Supporting President in Every Way

Troy, N. Y., Oct. 29.—The only conspicuous representative of labor on whom Mr. Hughes has been able to rely in his report to alienate wage earners from President Wilson, today gave out a statement declaring that he would support Mr. Hughes' election. He is John M. O'Hanlon, editor of the Legislative Labor News of New York state, whose editorial endorsing Mr. Hughes' record as governor has been widely circulated by the republican managers, and reported to him by the platform for Mr. Hughes himself.

Has Been Supporting Wilson.

Mr. O'Hanlon said: "I have been supporting President Wilson for reelection both in the columns of my paper and wherever I have had the opportunity to express my convictions. I have since he has accepted a re-election. Mr. Wilson has earned the unstinted support of every wage-earner of the country by the splendid program of humanitarian legislation he has championed and put into effect at the national capital."

"The quoted article in the issue of the Legislative Labor News of October, 1916, giving credit to Governor Hughes for his approval of labor law while governor of this state, is based on fact. A similar approval of Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, since that period both have occupied national spheres of action. Mr. Wilson as president has fulfilled every expectation aroused by his career as governor. Mr. Hughes has been a champion of the laboring man. Hughes has declared his opposition to the Wilson program of legislation and seized upon the eight-hour law for railroad men to emphasize his opposition. In discussing this he has attacked the sincerity and intelligence of organized labor and charged it with greed by declaring that it intended to create extra wages for more than eight hours of work a day. The chief object of the railroad men and all other workers is to prevent more than eight hours work a day by exacting higher prices for extra hours."

The entire labor movement of the state of New York almost without exception is in favor of the reelection of President Wilson. The record of his achievement in congress is such that no wage-earner, whether a member of organized labor or not, should not fall to support him for re-election."

ANGER AFTER WAR ENDS

One of two things must happen—either millions of men will be seeking work in vain or else there must be thought out in advance the problem of commercial organization as France and England Germany are seeking to think out the problem today. Every one of these nations is preparing to defend its own market by a protective tariff. The end of the war will end also the opportunities for labor created by the war. The millions in the trenches today will be our industrial competitors tomorrow. If we are to save our laboring men from a catastrophe, we must plan a tariff protection along sound, just and economic lines. To this endeavor I pledge myself and the men who are to be my colleagues."

IN THIS MATTER AGAIN I DIFFER ABSOLUTELY FROM THE POLICY OF THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION

Democratic platform has no right to levy tariff duties except for income. This is the fundamental faith of the democratic party. I pledge myself and those who stand with me to deal with the needs

of laboring men the country over, whatever their trade organization, upon the principle of giving the largest participation possible in the prosperity of our industries with special favors to none.

Finally it is to be remembered that every European government is putting itself behind its industries, organizing them, encouraging them and suggesting economies. When the commercial struggle begins anew, the industries of every European country will go into the world market backed by the effective co-operation and intelligent oversight of the government.

Our national policy requires that government maintain a strict supervision of business organization. This can be done effectively and yet leave the government free to encourage legitimate and wholesome enterprises. I stand for such supervision and control of business. I demand also that business, great and small, and especially the small business, be extended fairly and justly, only under such conditions as business pay living wages or compete with foreign manufacturers.

Scores Wilson's Policy.

In this respect, the present administration holds a policy entirely opposite. It has viewed business enterprise with suspicion and has made the government a brake to stop the wheels of legitimate industrial progress. It has treated the business men of this country as though they were suspicious characters. It is assumed that business capital is a national enemy. For years it has been the country further on the road to class war than has been accomplished in a generation before. The men who stand with me believe in the honesty of the American business man, and they believe that the common good is to be found not in class war, but in mutual justice and fair dealing, not as between capital and labor in the abstract, but as between men and men.

Bryan and Daniels.

"You know the road we have traveled this last four years. Mr. Bryan and Mr. Daniels are its monuments of executive efficiency. Our murdered and forsaken citizens of Mexico reveal a conception of American citizenship plan enough to see, but a new one for American patriotism to adopt, the monument of class hatred now raised by this administration throws a sinister shadow across our political horizon; the unmet accusation against business men has left a bitter taste in our national life. If you prefer this path, it is plainly marked. And the end of it is class war."

"You ask what road I propose to travel? These are the milestones which mark it—an executive responsible to the whole nation, a cabinet chosen from the ablest Americans, a foreign policy that protects the American in his lawful rights wherever his legitimate business may take him, a preparation for trade competition which shall protect all groups of American workers, a government oversight of business which will fearlessly eliminate abuses but will act on the assumption that the average business man is honest, and, finally, a domestic policy which looks to industrial peace and to sound and permanent prosperity, based upon the development of American trade and the building up of American industry. We Americans are in the boat. You cannot strike a blow at one group without injury to all. Common justice and fair play will settle our difficulties if suspicion and bitterness are let alone. These are the principles by which I propose to be guided."

WOMEN SUBSCRIBE TO ANTI-WILSON FUND

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Chicago, Oct. 29.—A partial list of campaign contributions to the national woman's party, which is opposed to President Wilson, was made public at the headquarters of the party here today. Among the contributors were Mrs. J. B. Belmont, New York, \$25,000; Mrs. (Theodore A. Hearst), \$10,000; Mrs. William Crocker San Francisco, \$10,000; John Milholland, father of Mrs. Milholland Boileau, New York, \$5,000.

TEXAS MINE SCHOOL BUILDING BURNS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 29.—The main building of the Texas School of Mines, a part of the University of Texas, burned here today. The loss is estimated at \$200,000. The school has been burning since 1915, and a large number of valuable ore specimens.

Private Roy E. Teel, of the Eighth United States cavalry, who was assisting the firemen, fell from the burning building and sustained a broken hip.

Wilson Makes No Comment.

Long Branch, N. J., Oct. 29.—Renewal of claims by the state of Massachusetts that President Wilson had eliminated a weakening postscript from the "strict accountability" note in connection with the sinking of the Lusitania, brought forth no statement from President Wilson tonight. Officials here taking the position that denials by cabinet members were sufficient.

Jews to Raise \$10,000,000.

New York, Oct. 29.—What was said to be the largest charitable project ever undertaken was started here today when it was announced that a campaign to raise \$10,000,000 in 1917, for Jewish war sufferers in Europe, had been begun by the joint distribution committee. This will be in addition to \$5,000,000, which already has been expended.

TIRED, WORN-OUT AND MISERABLE

Many Albuquerque People in This Condition.

There is little rest for many a kidney sufferer. The kidneys feel congested, sore and painful. Urinary passages are started often and distressing. The sufferer, tired, worn out, depressed. Weak kidneys need quick help—Need a special kidney remedy. Doan's Kidney Pills have stood the test. Have proven their merit to thousands of kidney sufferers. Can any Albuquerque reader doubt this evidence?

A. Simpler, prop. shoe store, 218 S. Second St., Albuquerque, says: "I was troubled by weak kidneys. My back was lame and I felt all tired out. Two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and the cure has been permanent."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that cured Mr. Simpler. Foster-McMillan Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

ONE OF STATE COMMITTEES IS ADDING IN A FOOL'S PARADISE

Republicans Lay Claim to a Majority of More Than 5,000 to 6,000 on the State for Their High Men.

EXPECT TO CARRY EVEN GRANT COUNTY

On the Other Hand Democrats Concede Reluctantly Only Valencia to Be Sure for Their Opponents.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)

San Jose, Oct. 29.—One of the two state central committees is living in a fool's paradise. The republican committee today put forth the claim that the three highest men on their ticket, Bursum, Hernandez and Wagner, will carry the state by 5,000 to 6,000 majority and with them will carry even Grant county, a democratic Gibraltar for many years. On the other hand the democratic committee concedes only one of the twenty-six counties to the republicans and even that one reluctantly. That is Valencia county, where the democrats expect to cut the usual republican majority of 1,500 to less than 1,000. Both sides admit that Wilson and Jones will run stronger than their party but even then the democratic committee has figured out a majority of 6,550 for E. C. de Baca.

Carried Only Nine Counties.

The democrats point out that five years ago Bursum carried only nine of the twenty-six counties. Even of those nine only five were carried for the republican ticket. McKinley, Rio Arriba, Santa Fe, Taos, Valencia. Mora elected a democratic representative at that time; Rio Arriba, a democratic sheriff; Socorro, a democratic county clerk, state senator, treasurer, superintendent of schools, sheriff and a county commissioner; Torrance, a democratic sheriff and three democratic county commissioners. McKinley county Bursum carried by only 26 votes, Taos by 267 votes and Santa Fe by 292 votes, so that a change of only 284 votes would have carried the republican ticket in the democratic column. That leaves only San Miguel and Valencia as republican bulwarks. But in San Miguel there has been a republican revolt and the independent republicans have fused with the democrats.

Not only that, three of the big democratic candidates, A. A. Jones, E. C. de Baca and Antonio Lugo, come from San Miguel, making democratic victory in that county reasonably sure even if it were not for the fusion. We Americans are in the boat. You cannot strike a blow at one group without injury to all. Common justice and fair play will settle our difficulties if suspicion and bitterness are let alone. These are the principles by which I propose to be guided."

Democrats Count Majorities.

But according everything remotely in doubt, the democrats still count on the following majorities: Bernalillo, 250; Chaves, 1,500; Colfax, 300; Curry, 800; Dona Ana, 150; Eddy, 1,400; Grant, 750; Guadalupe, 200; Lincoln, 250; Los Alamos, 1,000; Mora, 200; Otero, 250; Quay, 800; Roosevelt, 900; San Juan, 600; Sierra, 250; Union, 600, or a total of 10,050. The republicans may carry Rio Arriba for some of their candidates by 450. Sandoval by 200. San Miguel by 500. Santa Fe by 1,000 although there, too, a fusion ticket has been placed in the field; Socorro, 600; Taos, 250; Torrance, 200, where a fusion ticket also is in the field, and Valencia, 800, making a total of 3,250, leaving a democratic majority of 6,800. Naturally it is conceded that not all of the democratic candidates will run equally strong, for the vast pocket vote on November 7 will be far larger in New Mexico than it ever was before, but an average majority of 2,500 is enough to carry the state through even the weakest candidate by something like 2,900 majority.

The Legislature.

The democratic committee is taking a variety of the names of the republican committee and will try to land its legislative candidates in the doubtful counties. The senatorial nominations already some excellent material. They have been completed as follows:

First district, San Miguel county—Democrat, Mariano Romero; republican, Ramon Gallegos.

Second district, San Miguel and Mora—Democrat, Sacramento Baca; republican, Severo Salazar.

Third district, Guadalupe and San Miguel—Democrat, Elmer E. Veeder; republican, John S. Clark.

Fourth, Rio Arriba—Democrat, N. E. Quintana; republican, Perfecto Esquivel.

Fifth, Bernalillo—Democrat, Isaac Balth; republican, W. H. Chisholm.

Sixth, Rio Arriba and Sandoval—Democrat, Fabian Romero; republican, Enilliano Llovera.

Seventh, Bernalillo—Democrat, Andres Romero; republican, George A. Kaseham.

Eighth, Colfax—Democrat, A. V. Loreto; republican, Celso J. Chavez.

Ninth, Union and Colfax—Democrat, G. C. Smith; republican, J. P. Branson.

Tenth, Santa Fe—Democrat, Melvin T. Dunlavey; republican, E. F. Fankley.

Eleventh, Taos—Democrat, Porfirio Alben; republican, Ramon Sanchez.

Twelfth, Valencia—Democrat, Dr. Tobias Espinosa; republican, Nabor Mirabal.

Thirteenth, Sierra, Grant, Luna and Socorro—Democrat, H. E. Kerr; republican, W. C. Cox.

Fourteenth, Socorro—Democrat, W. P. Medley; republican, J. A. McDonald.

Fifteenth, Otero, Lincoln, Socorro—Democrat, Richard Stackpole; republican, J. V. Tully.

Sixteenth, Dona Ana—Democrat, Numa Fronzer; republican, J. E. Reinburg.

Seventeenth, McKinley—Democrat, A. T. Hammett; republican, John A. Gordon.

Eighteenth, Otero, Lincoln—Democrat, William Rutherford; republican, James Baird.

Nineteenth, Chaves—Democrat, Jesse S. Lea; republican, Meldrum Gray.

Twentieth, Eddy—Democrat, M. P. Skeen.

Twenty-first, Roosevelt—Democrat, R. G. Bryant.

Twenty-second, Quay—Democrat, Albert Calish; republican, J. H. Bridges.

Twenty-third, Curry—Democrat, L. C. Merfeldt; republican, Dr. J. B. Westfield; socialist, C. B. Blackburn.

Twenty-fourth, Grant—Democrat, James Royall; republican, W. D. Murray.

For the special work in hand, twenty-five extra wires are strung into the Associated Press offices in New York, giving direct and exclusive connection with the principal cities. Before the election the Associated Press had a network of printed forms, whose blank spaces await the figures that tell the story. There are pink forms, blue forms, buff, green, yellow and white to make the various complications of the vote for president, governor, senate, congress, and the two houses of the state legislature.

In an adjoining room there have been assembled a staff of a hundred men to serve as tabulators. Previous to the election the Associated Press has arranged with some of the best banks in the city for the export accountants for this work. They work in relays, the first crew reporting at the close of the polls at 5 o'clock, compiling the figures until 2 o'clock in the morning.

Less than ten minutes after the closing of the polls the work begins. The first returns in New York are invariably from some of the up-state cities where voting machines are employed. There are, however, some localities on Cape Cod and down in Maine which for years have prided themselves on being the first in with

REPUBLICANS TO UTILIZE GROGGES OF DISGRUNTLED MEXICAN CHIEFS

True to the Policy of Embarrassing President, Grievances of Carranza to Be Brought Into Campaign.

OLD GUARD DESPERATE IN THE ELEVENTH HOUR

To Print Reported Attacks on Wilson by Leaders of de Facto Government, Is Report.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)

New York, Oct. 29.—The republican national committee, desperate at the eleventh hour, and true to its policy of embarrassing the president of the United States in every possible way in his dealings with foreign countries, is now preparing to utilize the grievances of such Mexican chiefs as have been angered by Woodrow Wilson's firm stand for law, order and justice. Senator Henry Lodge of Massachusetts, having failed in his effort to embarrass him when his statements of Thursday last that the cabinet had risked a break with his cabinet in endeavoring to put an appendix to his second Lusitania note, which would have nullified the strict accountability clause of the first note, was promptly branded by three members of the cabinet as absolutely false. Chairman Wilcox plans a new drive.

Report Mexican Attack Wilson.

The publicity bureau is to release for publication Monday morning, October 30, an article which is to appear in the Outlook of November 1, that contains interviews given by First Chief Carranza, General Obregon, General Gonzalez and Secretary of Foreign Relations Aguilar, in which they are reported to have made specific attacks upon the president of the United States.

"Wilson has not kept faith with Mexico," is the declaration of Carranza.

"Wilson's policy has made Mexico feel as much at sea as the United States," is the declaration of Aguilar.

"I can say, however, that in case the imperialistic reputation of the republican party should be confirmed, I will prefer aggression from Mexico to the American friendship of Mr. Wilson," is the statement credited to General Obregon.

These "reputations" of President Wilson are interpreted by the republicans as proving the failure of the Wilson policy of fair and helpful dealing toward Mexico. They will be used as showing that the Mexican leaders are without confidence in his honesty and good faith.

Bitterness Proceeds From Expedition.

What they will not emphasize, however, is that in each case the alleged bitterness of Carranza, Obregon, Gonzalez and Aguilar proceeds from the fact that the president of the United States dared to send General Pershing's expedition into Mexico to punish Villa for his numerous raids into American territory and upon American citizens.

By giving official publication to these attacks, passing them through the publicity bureau, the republican central committee goes on record in opposition to the Wilson policy of protecting the American border against the Carranza government is able to maintain the American position in the campaign of a foreign power in controversy with the United States.

It remains to be seen whether the republican committee, however, will have the honesty to publish the interviews and Aguilar proceeds, the latter attacks that the four Mexican leaders base upon the Pershing expedition, and the article might well serve as Wilson campaign literature.

Not Tolerating Huerta, Noble.

Among the finest things that any American president has ever done, Carranza admits in the course of his interview, "was Wilson's refusal to tolerate tyrant Huerta. It was such a noble act as one would expect from an emancipated and democratic people and it was an inspiration to all."

"He is grateful to Wilson for understanding, as President Taft did not, that the revolution in Mexico is a genuine social movement."

erat, William Rutherford; republican, James Baird.

Nineteenth, Chaves—Democrat, Jesse S. Lea; republican, Meldrum Gray.

Twentieth, Eddy—Democrat, M. P. Skeen.

Twenty-first, Roosevelt—Democrat, R. G. Bryant.

Twenty-second, Quay—Democrat, Albert Calish; republican, J. H. Bridges.

Twenty-third, Curry—Democrat, L. C. Merfeldt; republican, Dr. J. B. Westfield; socialist, C. B. Blackburn.

Twenty-fourth, Grant—Democrat, James Royall; republican, W. D. Murray.

NORMAN PRINCE'S BODY TO BE BROUGHT HOME

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Oct. 29.—Dr. Morton Prince, of Boston, an uncle of Norman Prince, the American aviator, recently killed in France, returned here today on the American line steamship Philadelphia from Liverpool. He had been aboard the Russian representative of the Serbian relief committee.

Dr. Prince said he was in England when the news of his nephew's accident reached him and the British government placed at his disposal a destroyer to take him to France. The aviator was dead when he arrived. The body of the young American, he added, is now in a vault at Luxeuil, awaiting removal to America.

Another passenger on the ship was Peter A. Jay, counselor of the American embassy at Rome, who has returned here after fifteen years' absence.

THE LONG ARM OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS SYSTEM

This Organization Will Send a Bulletin That Will Thrill the United States on the Night of Nov. 7.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Oct. 29.—(Fila-a-sh!) is elected! On the night of Tuesday, November 7, the winning name in the foregoing sentence will be supplied by the Associated Press.

In the business of news-gathering as developed by this world-wide organization, the first word sent over the wires telling of any extraordinary event is "Flash!" It is the signal of the Associated Press, and it is the signal of the Associated Press. The word "Flash!" is often punctuated with the word "Fila-a-sh!" Operators from Boston to San Diego, from Tampa to Tacoma, tighten their lagging nerves, and editors come scurrying to the wires to hear a pope is dead, a Titanic sunk, another country at war, a Lusitania torpedoed, a battle won, a king deposed, or a president elected.

Latter Thrill Periodical.

The latter thrill has a recognized periodicity, like the passage of a comet and the experience of it is again imminent. Within a few hours after the election of the president, the Associated Press will have flashed the verdict which you and sixteen million fellow voters have rendered—will have flashed it perhaps within a few minutes after the last of these sixteen million ballots has been dropped in its box in some of the western states where three hours' difference in time makes late the closing of the polls.

How, in this brief time, anything approximating an accurate accounting of these sixteen million votes can be achieved, the returns assembled, and the result made known throughout the land is a process both simple and marvelous. It is true, of course, that all of these sixteen million votes are not counted, but when the Associated Press announces the election, that announcement will be as trustworthy as if they were.

The gathering and distribution of returns this year will mark one of the greatest co-operative efforts that has been made on any similar occasion to accomplish this purpose. In previous elections, the Associated Press has done its own work, but this year it has done the work of the Associated Press. The service has been such that it has invariably brought to the executives of the organization a flood of telegrams on the day after the election to the "comprehensiveness," "speed" and "accuracy" with which the work has been done. This year it is possible that all records will be broken, for the Associated Press has for the coming election enlisted the co-operation of its members from coast to coast in a more concerted effort than ever before.

Began Preparations Two Years Ago.

More than two years ago preparations were begun, under the direction of the general manager of the Associated Press, to "cover" the news which will be served to the public on the night of November 7. Election experts of the organization have done these two years canvassed every state in the union and arranged with the papers of each state to work together on a co-operative basis under the supervision of the established Associated Press bureaus. Thousands of special forms have been prepared, thousands of typewritten sheets distributed listing candidates and showing votes four years ago as a basis of comparison, special correspondents appointed and special wire facilities arranged for this particular work.

In the collection of returns, the country is everywhere made the unit, and it is the purpose of the system to hear definitely from every election district of the more important states. In New York alone, election districts are over 5,000 and in other states a proportionately large number of districts to be heard from. Taking New York state as typical of the system that will be followed in principle at least by other states, the system there is worked out broadly as follows:

Having arranged for some competent man to take charge of each county or state and for co-operative effort with the New York City News Association for the collection of the metropolitan returns, the Associated Press is made the center of tabulation. The up-state county man is stationed at the most convenient center, usually in the county seat, from which he throws out his net for the gathering of his local returns.

The accuracy of the Associated Press figures has seldom since been questioned. In connection with the recent New York state primary, in the fight between Calder and Bacon for the republican nomination as candidate for governor, the United States senate, the majority given by the Associated Press was only 73 votes at variance with the official count. In a Massachusetts state election last year the Boston bureau scored a record by announcing the returns only three votes off from the official figures.

The election machinery of the Associated Press is at work in all the states, but it is developed to its highest pitch of efficiency in the states having the largest electoral votes and the smallest average of consistency in presidential years.

Given a definite line on New York state, on Massachusetts, which is invariably prompt, and a reflection of the vote in the central and western states, where a difference in time is a handicap to early returns, the result of the presidential election may be pretty definitely announced at an early hour and often the full extent of the victory indicated, so accurately has the entire election figures been fixed by previous experience.

Not Enough for Morning Paper.

Knowing with a near certainty whether it is Wilson or Hughes will be sufficient for the throngs at the

their vote. In such small places the law permits the opening of the ballot boxes as soon as it has been made certain that the full vote of the place has been polled and the result is then made known.

Figures Drivable in at First.

It is only by driftings that the first figures come in, but once the avalanche is started there is no let-up in the tick of the telegraph sounders and a swarm of colored blanks is kept flying from the receiving operators to the tabulators. The figures are first entered by the tabulators and passed along to the designated chief, who keeps a "Doomsday Book" showing the running total of the vote throughout the night. Every fifteen minutes the business of tabulation is punctuated by the issue of a bulletin on New York state, which is rushed to the leased trunk wires of the Associated Press and over these main arteries and secondary ones—some 47,000 miles of them, some eighty different circuits—the news circulates, keeping all of the nine hundred and forty newspaper-members of the association posted on how the country is going.

bulletin boards on election night, but the Associated Press goes on to a still bigger task than the mere announcement of the result. That would not go far to complete the morning paper. There are columns to fill with state tabulations, with lists of governors elected, the detailed constitution of the next United States senate and the house of representatives, and similar tables for each state, locally handled, on the constitution of the state legislature. There are columns to fill with state tabulations, with lists of governors elected, the detailed constitution of the next United States senate and the house of representatives, and similar tables for each state, locally handled, on the constitution of the state legislature.

There is one human coin in the election night machine that is even more interesting than the general manager of the Associated Press. He is the Paul Revere of the backwoods districts who gallops his horse or drives his motorcycle on election night to the nearest telegraph station. There are many of them—where the polling of a presidential vote is almost a game of solitaire, and from some of them couriers must ride twenty miles before they can release by wire to a waiting nation the fact that a plural vote has been cast. (It would be particular to anticipate the name) had been cast at Ranch 49. There are several such remote districts even in New York state, where news travels almost as slowly as in Montana or Idaho. And there is no depressing the importance of the vote that is cast at Clover Four-Corners. It is the will of the people that rules, and the Associated Press can know no distinction when it comes to the counting of honest ballots. Otherwise it would not pay for that twenty-mile ride.

New Jersey Thorns in the Flesh.

New Jersey has been a thorn in the flesh of the election tabulators for many years. In the first place it refuses to close its polls until 7 o'clock, and its law requires that the counting of the entire ballot from top to bottom shall be completed before another ballot is taken up. There are upwards of 240 names on the Jersey ballot this year in some of the cities, and it is doubtful whether on election night President Wilson will know how his own state has gone. The Jersey method is employed in some of the central and western states, adding a further handicap to the difference in time, but New York and a majority of the eastern states put the presidential election on a separate ballot to facilitate the counting.

If the foregoing has not helped you to visualize the process by which the greatest news gathering organization tries to make your election curiosity and furnish masses of figures to back up its announcement of the victory, picture to yourself this one fact: On election night the facilities for wire communication over practically the entire country are for the moment devoted almost exclusively to the collection and distribution of returns. The millions of those wires you will find run up into the millions. The Associated Press leased wire system itself is almost doubled on election night, and the telegraph companies in their own way are co-operating directly or indirectly in the great effort to bring the figures to a head.

Consider Human Factor.

Consider also the human factors—thousands of operators at the key and telephone transmitters, newspaper reporters and editors at work on local Associated Press men examining all their matter, and you arrive something like a general glimpse of the efforts that will be made on election night.

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Given a definite line on New York state, on Massachusetts, which is invariably prompt, and a reflection of the vote in the central and western states, where a difference in time is a handicap to early returns, the result of the presidential election may be pretty definitely announced at an early hour and often the full extent of the victory indicated, so accurately has the entire election figures been fixed by previous experience.

Not Enough for Morning Paper.

Knowing with a near certainty whether it is Wilson or Hughes will be sufficient for the throngs at the

Smash the Hubbell-Gillenwater Machine

then night to supply the missing in the first sentence of this article.

Surprising thought it will prove a rest in the crowd war, or in the continuous events that the world contributes to the excitement of breakfast table, the news of a presidential election will by no means detract all of the arcades of a civilization whose field is the soil. So chaotic is the system of the clocking house for news, that is no accident in Peking may come in the height of excitement over election with a new resident of China, its representative in Peking with a disastrous slide in Calcutta its bureau in Petrograd with a strong speech in the drama, or its message front with a great victory. The Associated Press men are on deck to handle any emergency in the election of it.

Attacks of Indigestion

"I believe Chamberlain's Tablets saved my life, writes Mrs. M. C. Golden City, Mo. "I had pains in my stomach so bad, I thought I could not live. Our doctor said it was indigestion, and I went to bed and wake up in the night as bad as ever. Our doctor said it would be no good to give me medicine internally, but to inject medicine in my arm. Starting Chamberlain's Tablets I can tell you, I want nothing but what is hurting me." The form of indigestion is extremely painful, often dangerous, and taking Chamberlain's Tablets after each meal, and especially when you have eaten and weight in the stomach after eating the dinner may be warded off and avoided. Chamberlain's Tablets not only aid digestion, but strengthen and regulate the stomach.

and especially when you have eaten and weight in the stomach after eating the dinner may be warded off and avoided. Chamberlain's Tablets not only aid digestion, but strengthen and regulate the stomach.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Cold-in-head Paine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for use in treating catarrh, inflammation, ulceration of nose, throat, and caused by feminine flits it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Paine Medicine Co. has recommended Paine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured of it is "worth its weight in gold." At drugists, 50c. large box, or by mail The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Smash the Hubbell-Gillenwater Machine

INSURGENCE OF REPUBLICANS IN SEVEN COUNTIES AIDS DEMOCRATS

Disaffection in Grand Old Party
Relied on to Give Mat-
terial Assistance to Nomin-
ees for State Offices.

RACE FOR PRESIDENT HINDRANCE TO FUSION

Statewide Movement Impos-
sible Under Circumstances,
but Revolts Against Local
Nominations Have Effect

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—A comparison
of the present campaign for state of-
fices with the first one held under
statehood, in 1911, reveals one in-
stantaneous point of comparison and one
sharp point of difference.

In this campaign, as in that of
1911, the main issue is one of per-
sonalities—of the personal fitness of
the candidates for the various offices
at stake. In the matter of govern-
ment policy there is little differ-
ence between the two party plat-
forms. Both favor practically the
same things, the main point of argu-
ment being as to which party will be
most apt to perform its duties. If
most apt to perform its duties, if
placed in power. The past records of
candidates and their fitness or lack
of fitness, as indicated by those re-
cords, are furnishing the fireworks of
this campaign, as was the case five
years ago.

In 1911, however, there was a state-
wide revolt from the republican party
which undoubtedly was largely re-
sponsible for the democratic wave
that swept William C. McDonald and
the other successful candidates into
office. This year there is no such
wave. There are, however, quite a
number of wavering voters who are
here and there which bid fair to
dampen quite a few republican hopes
when the votes are counted on Tues-
day night of next week.

Obstacle to Fusion.

Of course, it is idle to speculate on
what would have happened that didn't
happen, but those who are most fa-
miliar with New Mexico politics en-
ertain the belief that if the presiden-
cy had not been involved this year
there would have been the same
statewide fusion of democrats and
independent republicans that there
was in 1911. There are hundreds of
republicans in New Mexico who are
going to vote this year for the demo-
cratic state ticket but who also are
going to vote for Hughes for presi-
dent. To these republicans the ticket
announced by their party in Santa
Fe last August is no less objection-
able than the one nominated in Las
Vegas in 1911—so many it is even
more objectionable. They consider
that the same dish has been served
to them by the republican bosses this
year as then, and the lapse of five
years has not made it any more pal-
atable or appetizing to them.

But these republicans, like the most
part of the party men in national pol-
itics, or else followers of Theodore
Roosevelt who have taken the col-
or's advice and fallen in behind
Hughes, hesitated to take any con-
sidered action that might injure the
chances of the national ticket in New
Mexico. They didn't like Hubbell or
Bursum any more than they did in
1911, but they were slightly anxious
not to injure in a body, for fear it
might hurt Hughes, but to do their
insurgency individually and without
making any fuss about it.

Next Best Thing.

But while there is no general state-
wide fusion movement between demo-
crats and independent republicans
this year, there is, from the democ-
ratic standpoint, the next best thing, for
in a number of counties that hereto-
fore have been counted as normally
republican there is fusion on county
tickets which in the very nature of
things is compelled to draw strength
from the republican state ticket. The

IS YOUR HEALTH WORTH \$5.00?

Woman Tells How Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable Com-
pound Restored Her
Health.

Lima, Ohio.—"I was all broken down
in health from a displacement of my
body friends came to
see me and she
advised me to
commence taking Lydia
E. Pinkham's Vege-
table Compound
and to use Lydia E.
Pinkham's Sanative
Wash. I began tak-
ing your remedies
and took \$5.00 worth
and in two months
was a well woman
after three doctors said I never would
stand up straight again. I was a mid-
wife for seven years and I recommended
the Vegetable Compound to every woman
to take before birth and after-
wards, and they all got along so nicely
that it surely is a godsend to suffering
women. If women wish to write to
me I will be delighted to answer them."
—Mrs. JENNIE MOYER, 342 E. North St.,
Lima, Ohio.

Women who suffer from displace-
ments, weakness, irregularities, nerv-
ousness, backache or bearing-down
pains, need the tonic-strengthening
properties of the roots and herbs con-
tained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable
Compound.

If you want special advice, write to
the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine
Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

WILSON'S SPEECH AT LONG BRANCH LAST SATURDAY

The President Deals in Sharp
Shafts of Sarcasm at Claims
of Republican Campaign
Speakers.

The following is the text of the ad-
dress delivered by the president at
Long Branch last Saturday:

"The campaign that is now en-
gaged in has reached a point where
perhaps it is possible and permissible
to characterize the results," said Pres-
ident Wilson. "The field has been a
very confused one, because the forces
of the opposition are confused."

"They are moving in no single di-
rection, they have no single body of
principles, they have no single pur-
pose in mind. It has been impossible
to conduct the campaign as if it were
a regular battle, because as soon as
we sought some section of the enemy
it was found that they had dispersed."

"They possess no stamp of definite
policy. They suggest no line of defi-
nite action. On the one hand the
vocal element says that we have ac-
complished the purpose that they did
have in mind; that they desire peace,
but they do not like the way in which
peace was accomplished. They prefer
a peace that is produced by the meth-
ods of those who defy, of those who
bring of those who threaten. In order
to establish their process they have
forgotten their manners. They want a
peace, indeed, but they do not want a
peace obtained as gentlemen obtain it,
but only as braggarts obtain it."

Peace Sincerely Based.

"We have peace. We have a peace
founded upon the definite understand-
ing that the United States, because it
is powerful, is self-possessed because
it has definite objects, does not have
to make a noise about them; because
it knows that it can vindicate its right
at any time, does not have to proclaim
its right in terms of violent exagger-
ation."

"You know that there used to be
an ancient art in politics which seems
to have been revised—the art of talk-
ing without saying anything, and the
people of the United States, my
friends, are very tired of that. They
look and they are looking with more
and more admiration and confidence
upon this contrasted picture."

"On the one hand, a body of men
casting about for an issue, a body of
men casting about for some means to
throw those out of power who are now
in power, seeking any sort of support,
scrapping at nothing in the way of
their statement of facts and of policy,
grasping at anything in order to make
an impression, whether it be a false
impression or a true impression."

Forces Not United.

"They see that this is nothing but
a picture of forces that cannot unite,
of forces that do not constitute a
party, and the intimation that I just
saw referred to is this, that those who
are doing the thinking, the definite
thinking for the opposition, are desir-
ing to destroy the republican party as
it was in 1912, in order that they may
make it what they then failed to make
it by organizing their opposition
against it."

"Think of it, my friends, in order
to reunite the republican party by
giving dominance to that section of it
which has been rejected by that party
(itself), a time of world crisis is to be
used in which it is absolutely neces-
sary that the councils of this nation
should be united and unimpaired."

"What are we to say of the patriotism
of men who take advantage of a crisis
of the world, when the fortunes of
men hang in uncertain balance, when
the peace of this great nation can be
maintained only by the most thought-
ful and considerate means, in order to
settle a question among
themselves. The thing is incredible.
The thing is not to be endured by men
who love America and more and more
the attention of this country is being
concentrated upon the democratic
party and the thoughtful men who
are now aligning themselves with the
democratic party."

Definite Democratic Policy.

The president then outlined what
he characterized as the definite policy
of the democrats.

"The only thing that those of us
have done who have tried to lead,"
he continued, "has been to purge our
hearts and understand what we heard,
because, my friends, a man who tries
to serve a free nation must try to
have in his own heart the thoughts
of a free nation."

"If he believes that men ought to
work only eight hours, he is expected
to say so, and if he is asked whether
he means everybody, he ought to an-
swer, 'yes, everybody for whom it is
possible.'"

"Have you noticed the interesting
negations of the opposition with re-
gard to the protective tariff? You
know for a long time they said this
ought not to be a matter of partisan
politics. Very well, we gave them the
tariff commission. It is going to be
put upon a scientific footing, and so
far as I am concerned, I am going to
theoretically have no more to do
with the facts than republican theo-
ries."

"But that does not satisfy them.
Now that they know they are going
to have a commission, they are un-
easy because they are not going to
appoint it. And not only that, but
they say we cannot wait for it. Are
we to assume, fellow citizens, that
they are insincere in desiring a sci-
entific basis for the tariff, or are we
to assume that they don't know what
they are talking about?"

"Unfounded Predictions.

"These gentlemen make predictions
about what is going to happen after
the war, which are absolutely incred-
ible. I wonder that they can make
them with straight faces."

"If they can get anybody but them-
selves to believe this, why then, per-
haps we ought to make ready for it,
but they don't know what is going to
happen after the war. I don't know
what is going to happen after the war
and you don't."

Mr. Wilson then ridiculed the re-
publican statement that if they were
successful in the election, there
would be a strong cabinet. "They are
always about to be great," he said,
"and the birth is still-born."

"My fellow-citizens," he went on,
"reaction in the United States at this
juncture of the most serious things that
be one of the world's affairs at this
ever happened in the world. When
the world is expecting America to
know what she is about and lead
straightforward, to have her stop to
settle the intrigues of one party would
be an absolute calamity. Quite apart
from who is leading the hosts of de-

mocracy, just because the hosts of
democracy are faced themselves to-
wards the light and towards the pro-
gress upon which the future depends,
and at this time, when the world
needs some weight in the balance,
some quiet, compelling weight, to keep
the scales from tipping the beam, it
is important that the United States
should hold steady, and it is particu-
larly important that the United States
should say:

"We will cast out of our politics
every suspicion, even that any foreign
influence will control the results of
our election. We are our own mas-
ters; we are the captains of our own
fate, and the policy of no other gov-
ernment, the policy and interest of no
other nation, is to be injected into the
determination of our own destiny and
action."

Reply to Governor's Charges.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—Judge Edward
L. Medler as well as Receiver La-
fayette Clapp of the First State bank
of Las Cruces have replied to the
charges made by Governor McDonald
at Las Cruces at a recent political
meeting. Judge Medler characterizes
the governor's statements as a reflec-
tion upon the court and asks the gov-
ernor to present to the court such
information as he may have regard-
ing the receivership of the bank. Receiver
Clapp categorically denies that the
\$25,000 worth of land mentioned by
Governor McDonald in his address
bank had an equity against the sale
on a mortgage was a transaction in
which the bank had a part.

FAVORS WILSON ON ACCOUNT OF MEXICAN POLICY

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)

Denver, Oct. 29.—Strongly com-
mending President Wilson's Mexi-
can policy, Francis J. McConnell,
in charge of the work of the Metho-
dist Episcopal church in Mexico, has
issued this statement:

"I favor the re-election of President
Wilson because of my interest in the
Mexican situation. I believe that the
situation can be depended on to think
of Mexican as well as American in-
terests. Making all reasonable allow-
ances for any legitimate criticism of
him, the fact remains that he has
shown himself concerned for the wel-
fare of Mexico."

"I cannot see that the republican
program has any need for Mexico,
except for the American interests there.
If the United States is to take
the lead in protecting the rights of
worker nations, one good step would
be to support President Wilson in his
resistance to the forces which make
for the military conquest of Mexico."

FEDERATION OF LABOR SUPPORTS NO SPECIAL SET

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Pittsburgh, Pa., Oct. 29.—Denial
that the American Federation of La-
bor is supporting any one set of can-
didates in the present political cam-
paign was made today by Frank Morrison, secretary
of the organization.

"The chief deception practiced in
this campaign is the charge that trade
union officials are trying to de-
velop the votes of the membership to
one candidate or set of candidates,"
said Secretary Morrison. "And al-
ways such charges, oddly, contain the
intimation that another and different
set of candidates should be favored.
Let there be a misunderstanding of
the position of the American Federa-
tion of Labor, let it be stated that the
federation is supporting in this cam-
paign, republican, democrat and so-
cialist candidates for office, where
these candidates have declared in fa-
vor of legislation for the amelioration
of the conditions of the wage work-
ers of the country."

Jump from Bed in Morning and Drink Hot Water

Tells why everyone should drink
hot water each morning
before breakfast.

Why is man and woman, half the
time, feeling nervous, dependent,
worried, some days headachy, dull
and unstrung; some days really in-
capacitated by illness?
If at all would practice insis-
tently, what a gratifying change
would take place. Instead of thou-
sands of half-sick, anaemic-looking
souls with pasty, muddy complexions
we should see rosy, healthy, vigor-
ous, healthy, cheerful people every-
where. The reason is that the human
system does not rid itself each day
of all the waste which it accumulates
under our present mode of living. For
every ounce of food and drink taken
into the system nearly an ounce of
waste material must be carried out,
else it ferments and forms ptomaine-
like poisons which are absorbed into
the blood.

Just as necessary as it is to clean
the sides from the furnace each day,
before the fire will burn bright and
hot, so we must each morning clear
the inside organs of the previous day's
accumulation of indigestible waste and
body toxins. Men and women who
sick or well, are advised to drink each
morning, before breakfast, a glass of
real hot water with a teaspoonful of
limestone phosphate in it, as a harm-
less means of washing out of the
stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the
indigestible material, waste, sour bile
and toxins. Thus cleansing, sweeten-
ing and purifying the entire alimen-
tary canal before putting more food
into the stomach.

Millions of people who had their
turn at constipation, bilious attacks,
acid stomachs, nervous days and
sleepless nights have become real
cranks about the morning inside-bath.
A quarter pound of limestone phos-
phate will not cost much at the drug
store, but is a sufficient demon-
strate to anyone, its cleansing, sweeten-
ing and refreshing effect upon the
system.

NEUTRAL STEAMER IS SET ON FIRE BY SUBMARINE

Two Members of Crew Cast
Adrift by German U-34
Drown; Others Are Rescued
by Dutch Ship.

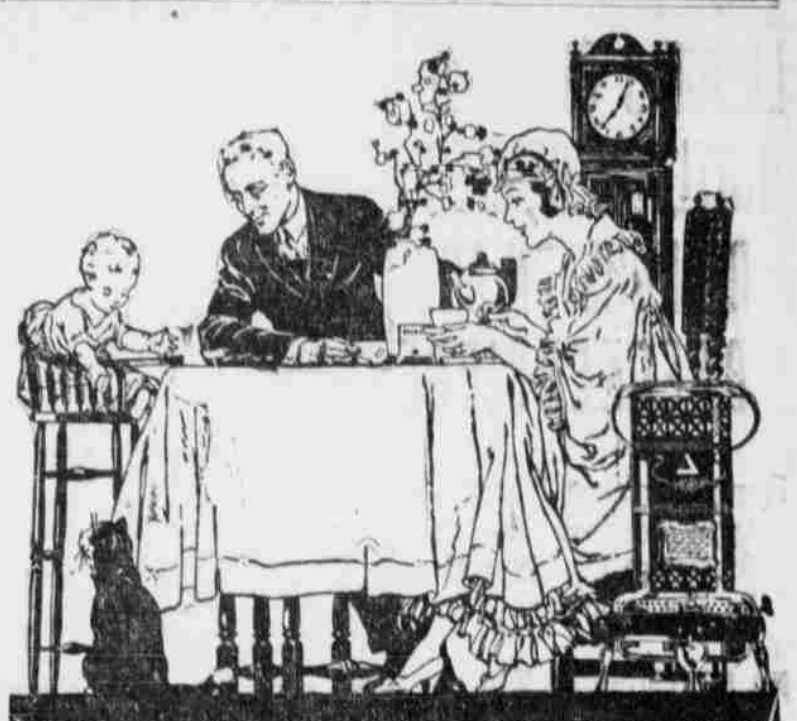
(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

London, Oct. 29.—The Norwegian
sailing ship Regatta of Skien, was set
on fire by the German submarine U-
34 while the ship was on her way
from Norway to England, and two
members of her crew were drowned,
according to a Reuter dispatch today.
The Dutch steamer Hector picked up
the captain and two members of the
crew. These sailors were taken on
board the U-34, from which they
were transferred to the Hector.

STEAMER TORPEDOED IN GREEK WATERS

London, Oct. 29.—The steamer An-
gelika, conveying volunteers to Na-
tionalist, has been torpedoed at Eleus,
says a Reuter dispatch today.

No steamer of this name is listed
in available shipping records. It
was possible that the volunteers
mentioned were recruits for the force
being gathered by the provisional gov-
ernment, recently formed in Crete for
the furtherance of what is now char-
acterized as an "anti-Balkan" movement
by Greek subjects work-
ing in co-operation with the allies.



A WARM MEAL IN A WARM ROOM

Your food will taste better if the din-
ing room has been made cozy and
comfortable with a PERFECTION
SMOKELESS OIL HEATER.

A single gallon of Conoco Safety Oil
will give you ten long, comfortable
hours of warmth.

THE CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY
(A Colorado Corporation)



Smash the Hubbell-Gillenwater Machine

Bursum's

"Litigation"

H. O. Bursum's libel-agent declares that the reason Mr. Bursum has paid only \$88.26 taxes out of a total of more than \$5,000 assessed, covering a period of ten years, is to be found in "litigation caused through no fault of Mr. Bursum."

Voters of New Mexico may believe this statement when the libel-agent becomes more specific and tells what that litigation was, who it was between and how it could have affected Mr. Bursum's tax-paying ability for so many years. It will also be interesting to learn whether it was this "litigation" that prevented any advertisement of the property for tax sale until a democrat, Max Montoya, was elected treasurer and collector of Socorro county.

And Then Again

As everybody knows, H. O. Bursum is supreme boss of Socorro county and dictates all nominees for office by the republican party in that county. The percentage of taxes collected in Socorro county for the last four years is 72, one of the lowest percentages of all the counties of the state. Up to the time that Max Montoya, a democrat, was elected treasurer and collector it averaged around 60 per cent. That was during the palmy days of Mr. Bursum's supremacy as boss of Socorro county. Mr. Montoya has steadily increased this percentage during his incumbency of the office, but it is still far from what it should be.

In Lincoln county, the home of Governor McDonald, who has been made the special target of the Bursum libel-agent, the percentage of taxes collected during the last four years is 99, the highest in the state.

Has all Socorro county been in litigation that prevented the payment of taxes? Or has it been merely a case of an overdose of Bursum?

And is this the reason that in spite of an abnormally high tax levy Socorro county is today practically broke?

CAN NEW MEXICO AFFORD TO HAVE A MAN OF BURSUM'S TAX RECORD AT THE HEAD OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT?

(POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.)

Smash the Hubbell-Gillenwater Machine

LODGE'S CHARGES HOTLY RESENTED BY HUSTON AND BRECKENRIDGE

Former Assistant War Secretary Declares No Such Statement Ever Was Made by Him to Anyone.

NO POSTSCRIPT EVER
SUGGESTED BY WILSON

Lusitania Note Went as Prepared; President Never Hedged for Moment, Is Emphatic Statement.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
New York, Oct. 29.—Henry C. Breckinridge, former assistant secretary of war, today denounced the attack of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge on President Wilson as "beneath contempt." Mr. Breckinridge also charged Senator Lodge's alleged informant as "a scoundrel." The statement of the former assistant secretary of war is in the form of a telegram which was sent to the Philadelphia Public Ledger, which called his attention to Senator Lodge's declaration that President Wilson had added an appendix to the "strict accountability" note to the effect that its contents were not to be taken seriously and that he approved it only after several members of the cabinet had threatened to resign.

Mr. Breckinridge telegraphed from San Mateo, Calif., as follows:
"To the Public Ledger, Philadelphia, Pa.
"Any one who quoted me to Senator Lodge as represented in your telegram as quoted, is a scoundrel. No member of President Wilson's cabinet ever threatened him on any subject. This malice that would seek for partisan advantage to emulate the potency of one's government in a vital international affair by the mangering of back stairs gossip is beneath contempt. (Signed)
"HENRY C. BRECKENRIDGE."

Another member of the cabinet today also denounced as false the statement of Senator Lodge. D. P. Houston, secretary of agriculture, sent the following telegram to democratic national headquarters:
"I have received telegram from Philadelphia Public Ledger reporting Senator Lodge as having said at Brooklyn that after the second Lusitania note had been read the president's postscript informing the German government that the words 'strict accountability' and other strong phrases were not to be taken seriously, and that I threatened to resign if the postscript was added. Of course this is a fabrication pure and simple. The president would have been incapable of conceiving such a crooked course. I never heard of such a postscript and did not threaten to resign at no other time threatened to resign. I would have been astounded at the reported statement if I had noted other irresponsible, unpatriotic and disloyal utterances of republican leaders, especially those raising and dealing with sectionalism. Surely the republican leaders are very desperate and in need of money when they lend themselves to such things."

DR. BAILEY ASSERTS
TRUTH OF STATEMENT

Boston, Oct. 29.—A reaffirmation of the truth of his statement that Henry Breckinridge, former assistant secretary of war, had told him that President Wilson had estimated a postscript to the second Lusitania note after several members of his cabinet had threatened to resign if it were included, was made today by Dr. Charles H. Bailey, a professor at the Tufts Medical School.
Dr. Bailey was quoted last night in a letter read at a political meeting in Somerville by Senator Lodge, as having had a conversation with Mr. Breckinridge on a train from San Francisco last July, in which the former assistant secretary of war made the alleged assertion regarding the postscript.

According to a statement issued by

the republican state committee, Dr. Bailey replied tonight to an inquiry he has received from the Philadelphia Public Ledger, that his letter as read by Senator Lodge was "a fair and not at all exaggerated" story of his conversation with Mr. Breckinridge. The committee's statement added:
"Dr. Bailey said in his reply that he expected there would be denials all around, but that he affirmed the truth of his letter, and called attention to the fact that Mr. Breckinridge had made no denial of the most important feature of the letter, which said that President Wilson, without the knowledge of any member of his cabinet except Secretary Bryan, had added a postscript to the Lusitania note, saying that the German government was not to put too serious an interpretation on the words 'omit no word or act.'"

"Dr. Bailey was introduced to Breckinridge on the train. He had never seen the gentleman before, he said, but finding they were occupying compartments in the same sleeping car, naturally conversed considerably with him on the way east. This talk on politics did not occur until the second day after they left San Francisco, after an acquaintance of about thirty-six hours.

Senator Lodge said tonight that if he had anything further to say on the subject, he would do so at an address in Pittsburgh, tomorrow night.

HORSE AND BUGGY
TAKEN WHILE COUPLE
ARE IN SHOW HOUSE

Mr. and Mrs. Pete Tenorio, who live on the North Fourth street road, drove to Albuquerque last night to see a motion picture show. Mr. Tenorio tied their horse at Third street and Central avenue and he and his wife went to the show. When they returned to the place where they left the horse it was not there. Neither was the buggy. Mr. Tenorio reported the loss to the police.

ROSWELL MAKES
BETS ON STATE
TICKET RESULT

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Roswell, N. M., Oct. 29.—Election bets are being posted almost hourly here now, the bulk of them being on the state ticket. There are a few bets posted that Hughes will be elected and some of them have been taken. The largest offer of today was \$1,000 that Turson would be elected. There are several other bets posted that he will receive more votes than Jones, with no takers. One bet was offered today, \$50 to \$100, that Hubbard is elected by 500 votes.

Only One Republican.
The democratic campaign party which has just returned from the plains country to the east declares they found only one republican on the whole trip, that he was strong for Hughes but would not vote for Turson. They report most enthusiastic support of the democratic state and national tickets.

Third McElure was the headliner for the republicans in Roswell this week, and while there he drew a very small crowd at the armory here last night, the republicans say, to a storm. He was enthusiastically received by the few present.

Bull Moosemen Want Curry.
The bull moose wing of the democratic party made another effort to get C. W. Curry back on the ticket yesterday by asking a writ of mandamus directing the clerk to place his name on the ballot. Judge J. T. McElure had already ruled that C. N. Moore was the legal candidate for commissioner in the Third district, but the new writ was asked for in Judge H. A. Richardson's court. Judge Richardson referred the case to Judge McElure, who sustained his former ruling.

The visit of A. J. Jones and W. B. Walton in Roswell this week was the occasion for celebrating among the democrats and the two candidates received a most enthusiastic welcome. There was an enormous crowd out to hear them and the democrats are well satisfied with the visit. They say Jones and Walton will receive a majority of 1,000 votes in Chaves county, both of them being expected to poll the full strength of the ticket.

Colo. Artillery to El Paso.
Deming, N. M., Oct. 29.—Batteries B and C of the Colorado artillery, left here tonight for El Paso to join the provisional brigade of field artillery there.

GOPHERS SEEM TO BE SURE OF CHAMPIONSHIP

Minnesota Piles Up 236 Points to Its Opponents' 14 in Four Games; Will Meet Illinois Next.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)
Chicago, Oct. 29.—Scoring 236 points in its last four games, as compared with a total of 14 points registered by its opponents, the University of Minnesota football eleven, appears to be so firmly entrenched in the lead for the "big nine" championship that none of the three other contenders is conceded much of a chance to dislodge it.

Minnesota made its first start in the western conference last year, defeating Iowa under a 67 to 6 score, and eliminating the Hawkeyes from further consideration. The Gophers' face Illinois next Saturday and should annex another victory.

Wisconsin, by its 20 to 7 triumph over Chicago, killed the last chances the Maroons had of even finishing close up in the race. Although Wisconsin played a tricky game and is conceded to be better than a year ago, critics believe it will have to play in much improved form to hold Minnesota to a close score.

Northwestern ran over the heavy Drake university team, winning 49 to 0. Chicago, one of Northwestern's backfield men, suffered two broken ribs and will be unable to play again this season.

Illinois won its first game of the conference by downing Purdue, 14 to 3, in a rather loosely played contest. Purdue is considered hopelessly out of the running.

Results of the sectional contests—the Michigan-Syracuse game, and the clash between Indiana and Tufts—were big surprises to close followers of western football. The fact that Indiana scored a touchdown on Tufts—the only touchdown registered against the eastern eleven this season—is hailed as a triumph for Coach Stollin's players, for they entered the game with the expectations of being trounced by an overwhelling score. Critics are of the opinion that the eastern eleven, which had conquered Harvard and held Princeton to a 3 to 0 count, was lucky to get away with a 12 to 10 victory over Indiana.

Forward passes played an important factor in Michigan's 14 to 13 victory over Syracuse. The Wolverines came from behind, when defeat appeared certain, and turned the tide in their favor.

Notre Dame defeated Wabash in the worst defeat of five years. Wabash did not make its first down during the game and lost, 59 to 0.

MISSOURI MAY BE A REAL
CONTENDER AGAINST N. U.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 29.—None of the football games played yesterday had any bearing on the Missouri valley conference race, but wide interest attached to the meeting of Missouri and Oklahoma, in which Missouri continued its winning streak and afforded ground for belief that the team may be a real contender against Nebraska for premier honors.

In the far southwest, Texas virtually was eliminated from consideration in the state race by losing to Baylor. The Texas Aggies repeated last year's victory over the Haskell Indians.

While Oklahoma's defeat was the third straight for that team, this year the Norman contingent found solace in considering prospects for victory over Kansas next week. Oklahoma defeated both Kansas and Missouri last year. The game of Norman yesterday also seemed to forecast an heroic struggle between Texas and Missouri this coming Saturday, the first time the two teams have met since 1907, when Missouri triumphed 5 to 4. Texas defeated Oklahoma this year, 21 to 7.

Kansas was credited with holding the Kansas Aggies to a scoreless tie, but statistics of the game show that the farmers outplayed the university men in virtually every department.

In what were nothing more than practice affairs, Nebraska defeated Nebraska Wesleyan 21 to 0, St. Louis found Williams and Yashti an easy victim, 36 to 7, Oklahoma A. & M. defeated the Warrensburg (Mo.) Normals, 16 to 7. Washington had more difficulty with the Missouri School of Mines, winning 1 to 6.

AMERICANS PRESENT
FLAGS TO ATHLETES
IN SWEDISH STADIUM

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)
Malmo, Sweden, Oct. 29.—The visiting American athletes, Ted Meredith, Joe Loomis, Fred Murray, Bob Simpson and Andy Ward, competed here this afternoon in games with Swedish and Danish. The meet was held at the Malmo stadium and many thousand spectators were present, including a number of Americans, who presented their countrymen with large silk American flags. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed. The Swedes cheered the United States.

The summaries of the event:
100 meters hurdles, won by Murray Thorson, Sweden, second time, 16 to 19 seconds.
200 meters run, won by Ward Simpson, second and Murray, third time, 23 to 26 seconds.
300 meters run, J. Bolin, Sweden, won. Time, 1 minute, 57 to 19 seconds. Meredith, second. Time, 1 minute, 58 to 19 seconds.
Broad jump, won by Simpson, with 6 meters, 69 centimeters; Olson, Sweden, second, with 6 meters, 67 centimeters; Loomis third, with 6 meters, 63 centimeters.

Relay race, 400 meters, won by the American team in 1:13 to 10 seconds. Sweden was second with 44 to 18 seconds.

After the games, Joseph Westberg, the American consular agent, at Malmo, distributed silver cups to the winners. The American athletes will now go to Gottenburg, where they will return to the United States.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

At San Lake City, 7; Oakland, 4.
At San Francisco, 10-7; Portland, 5-2.
At Los Angeles, 1-10; Vernon, 10-0.

OLD METHODS OF OFFENSE CAN NOT WIN ALONE

This Conclusion Drawn From Showing Made by Eastern Teams With Perfected Overhead Attack.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)
New York, Oct. 29.—Football play which swept through the gridiron gamut from superlative to mediocre and was interspersed with thrills, marked the week-end games when eastern eleven competed almost without exception. The competing eleven showed that another two, or three weeks will be required to put the teams on edge for the games which mark the climax of the season.

Still another development of the day's play was the demonstration that no team, however big and powerful, can hope to win from a rival of reasonable strength with an attack based entirely on the old school methods of advancing the ball. In a broad view of Saturday's contests, it will be seen that almost without exception, the team which showed an attack equally divided between line plunging and skirting, coupled with a perfected overhead offense, was the one which emerged the victor.

Cornell went down before Harvard by a surprisingly one-sided score. With one of the biggest and most powerful teams that has entered the Cambridge stadium in many seasons, and with the vaunting Yale made marked in their favor, the Harvard players failed completely to live up to the expectations of their supporters. Harvard's aggressiveness and generalship appeared to take all the snap and strategy out of the visitors early in the game.

Next to the Harvard-Cornell game, chief interest centered in the play of Princeton and of Yale and while both teams came through to victory, the showing of the Tigers was not by any means as convincing as that of the Elis. Princeton managed to win from Dartmouth by the margin of four points, but it was due to the prowess of an individual player, as has frequently been the case in the past.

In defeating Washington and Jefferson, respectively, Yale made marked progress. It is conceded to be one of the most expert in the country in the use of the forward pass. Yale, while holding the visitors to two touchdowns in this aerial attack, piled up more than double that score which an offense that embraced both the running and overhead methods of advancing the ball.

The gridiron juggernaut built up at the University of Pittsburgh rolled over Pennsylvania without being seriously threatened at any time. The Quakers were unable to cope with the speed and all-around superiority of the Panthers, although showing a fighting spirit that promises much for the future.

Both the army and navy teams found little difficulty in disposing of Villa Nova and Georgia, both teams hardly being in the same class with the two former teams.

The invasion of the middle west by Syracuse and Tufts resulted in an even break at the end of the day's play for while Michigan won from the orange eleven, Indiana fell before the New Englanders. Both games were thrillers from start to finish. Michigan showed that it has another round of fighters by turning defeat into victory in the closing minutes of play by the use of several of Coach Yost's sensational open field plays after the big and powerful Syracuse team had rolled up what appeared to be a safe lead.

Indiana just failed to accomplish a similar feat against the eleven which two weeks ago defeated Harvard and the easterners were perfectly satisfied when the final whistle halted Indiana's savage rally.

COAST LEAGUE GOES
INTO HIBERNATION;
ANGELS HOLD GUIDON

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)
San Francisco, Oct. 29.—Today's games wound up the Pacific Coast league baseball season. More than a week ago Los Angeles clinched the leadership and Vernon second place. The fight for third place was decided today between Salt Lake and San Francisco, the former team capturing the position. It was a prosperous season for the league, according to officials.

North Carolina Guard Killed.
El Paso, Tex., Oct. 29.—Private Lee Portie, of Troop A, North Carolina cavalry, was accidentally killed today in his tent, while writing a letter home. His pistol was discharged and the bullet passed through his heart. He enlisted at Mount Island, N. C., his enlistment papers state.

CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH
MONEY.

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with stamp and mail it to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for bronchial coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills for lame back, weak kidneys, rheumatism, bladder troubles, and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic for constipation, biliousness, headache and sluggish bowels. Sold everywhere.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.
FOR RENT—\$20.00, six-room, modern furnished house. Best location in city. Western Realty Co. Phone 964.

FOR SALE—Good Ford touring car body, \$15. Phone 1292 W.

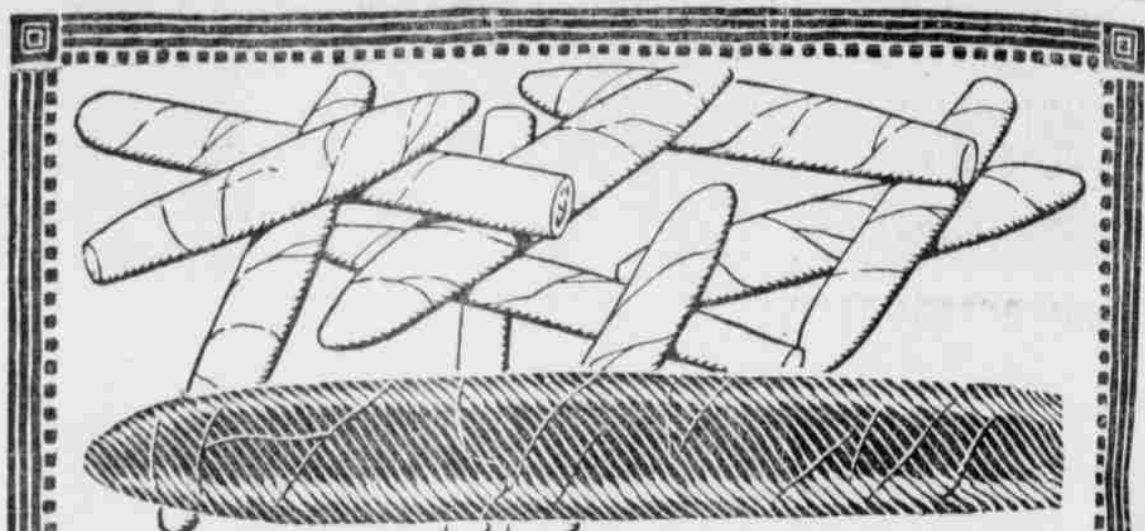
FOR RENT—Three furnished houses, keeping rooms in modern home; no sick. Apply 712 West Lead.

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What's your favorite shaped cigar?

Isn't it the cigar
that burns best?

PROBABLY you've noticed that some cigars burn better than others. The shape has something to do with that. A cigar made in the square-end shape of the Owl is a little surer to burn correctly because there are no air spaces formed inside the tapering tip.

Speaking of shapes—have you noticed that many of the highest priced cigars are made in the blunt "Londres" shape of the Owl? Doesn't that prove something?

Remember that the cigar which burns best, smokes best. You seldom get a poor smoke from the Million Dollar Owl.

OWL 5¢
The Million Dollar Cigar

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Distributors Denver, Colo.

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and miscellaneous
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Tuesday, October 31st, at Republican Headquarters 213-215 West Gold Avenue

Republican County Ticket

For Senator From Bernalillo County:

GEORGE A. KASEMAN

For Senator From District Composed of Bernalillo, Sandoval and San Juan Counties:

W. H. CHRISMAN

For Representatives:

R. P. BARNES

FELIPE J. ARMIJO

SOTELO CHAVEZ

For County Commissioners:

DAVID J. METZGAR--
First

MANUEL R. SPRINGER--Second

ALFRED GRUNSFELD
--Third

For Sheriff:

JESUS ROMERO

For County Clerk:

NESTOR MONTOYA

For Treasurer:

O. A. MATSON

For Assessor:

J. M. SANDOVAL

For Probate Judge:

FRANCISCO LUCERO
y MONTOYA

For Superintendent of Schools:

ATANASIO MONTOYA

For Surveyor:

A. E. HUTCHINSON

For District Attorney for Counties Composed of Bernalillo, Sandoval and McKinley:

GEORGE R. CRAIG



Republican State Ticket

For Presidential Electors:

JUAN ORTIZ, Santa Fe
L. C. HILL, Dona Ana
C. H. HAMMOND, Curry

For United States Senator:

FRANK A. HUBBELL,
Bernalillo

For Member of Congress:

B. C. HERNANDEZ,
Rio Arriba

STATE CANDIDATES

For Governor:

HOLM O. BURSUM,
Socorro

For Lieutenant Governor:

W. E. LINDSEY, Roosevelt

For Justice of Supreme Court:

CLARENCE J. ROBERTS, Colfax

For Secretary of State:

GILBERTO MIRABAL,
Valencia

For State Auditor:

W. G. SARGENT, Rio Arriba

For State Treasurer:

GREGORY PAGE, McKinley

For Superintendent of Public Instruction:

J. H. WAGNER, Dona Ana

For Attorney General:

FRANK W. CLANCY,
Santa Fe

For Commissioner of Public Lands:

R. P. ERVIEN, Union

For Corporation Commissioner:

MALAQUIAS MARTINEZ,
Taos

Ladies Especially Invited to Attend!
MUSIC BY ELLIS' BAND *Speaking at 8 o'Clock*

UNDER AUSPICES OF THE BERNALILLO COUNTY REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER
The Albuquerque Morning Journal
 Published by the
JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

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 11 Park Row, New York.

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 Subscribers to the Journal when writing to have their paper changed to a new address must be sure to give the old address.

The Morning Journal has a higher circulation rating than is either the Albuquerque Journal or the New Mexico Herald.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1916

WHAT THE POLL DOESN'T SHOW.

The result of last week's poll by the New York Herald, published in the Journal Sunday, may be interpreted as favorable to the democrats or unfavorable to the republicans, according to the views of the figurer. Or it may be interpreted, as the New York Herald interprets it, neck and neck, and anybody's race at this time.

The whole nation is watching New York. The poll shows Wilson gaining in the city and Hughes gaining upstate. The party carrying New York state's forty-five electoral votes will, almost inevitably, win. Should Illinois go for Wilson, it would be enough for him to lose New York, and still win. The poll shows that Hughes is gaining among the men and Wilson among the women voters of that state.

Aside from figuring to suit his prejudices, no man can draw any other inference from the polls of the Herald than that the race for the presidency is an exceedingly close one, and that the election will be won and lost during the present week.

The Journal will publish the Herald's poll and its only forecast next Sunday. We have no idea at this time what that poll and forecast will show. We are supporting President Wilson for re-election. The Herald's forecast is unfavorable. If so, we shall publish it under just as big headlines as if the prediction were along the lines of our hope and desire. No reputable newspaper should do otherwise; none could do otherwise and be true to its readers and the public.

Wilson should be re-elected, but a plurality of the voters of the country may not be wise enough to see it in that light. It is about an even chance today between the candidates of the two great parties.

New Mexico is included in the Hughes estimate by the New York Herald's poll. The results may show the inclusion justified, but so far as we may be able to judge of the trend of politics in this state, indications point to a majority on election day favorable to Wilson.

This, however, like the vote in the nation, is likely to be decided during the coming week. The party organization which makes the best finish will win the election. At this time it looks like the democrats would carry the state for president and for a majority, if not all, of the state ticket.

One week from tomorrow night we shall know who has won and who has lost, unless the vote should be so close, both in state and nation, as to require practically a count of the votes of every precinct before the results can be known.

You will read the complete election news in the Journal on Wednesday morning.

There are golden days and frosty nights.

THE MEXICAN MUDDLE.

One thing upon which we may depend, whether Wilson or Hughes is elected, is that Mexico will be brought up with a short turn soon after the election is over.

For eight weeks Carranza commissioners and eminent Americans have been holding daily conferences in Atlantic City. The purpose of the discussions is to arrive at some sort of understanding regarding the safety of our border from Mexican raids and the safety of American lives and property in Mexico.

The Mexican commissioners have tried to confine the discussion to the withdrawal of Pershing's forces from Mexican soil. That is Carranza's demand. He says if that is done order will be restored quickly. Now and then he threatens to drive the Americans out unless they voluntarily get out.

Senor Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican commission, issued yesterday a vitriolic attack upon the American government, virtually charging that arms and ammunition are being shipped across the border to Villa, and other insurgents against Carranza's authority, with the connivance of the United States authorities.

Of course, nothing of the sort is

true, and the Carranza authorities know it is not true. The United States permits shipments of war supplies to the Carranza government, and the Villa bandits have taken much of such supplies away from the Carranza forces.

The recent raid into Chihuahua relieved General Trevino of most of his surplus rifles and cartridges, as well as of a big supply of bombs and dynamite. He lost in that surprise attack eight machine guns and two pieces of light artillery. A few days ago, Villa seized two whole trains of supplies from the army Trevino sent against him. That army of more than 2,000 men was defeated, almost annihilated, and the remnants chased to the outskirts of Chihuahua itself.

If the United States is to prevent arms and ammunition falling into the hands of the bandits, it will have to place an embargo against further shipments to the de facto government. There is every evidence that Washington is becoming impatient with the palaver going on at Atlantic City, and if Wilson is elected he will bring things up with a sharp turn very soon.

When Villa's shot of ammunition, he takes it from the nearest Carranza force.

NEW MEXICO'S MUDDLE.

Does New Mexico wish to turn back the clock for twenty-five years? Do the old days, when road taxes were collected and no roads built; when school taxes were collected and no schools taught, appeal to them? Do they wish for conditions in which, if they offend a county boss, their assessments will be increased as a punishment?

The voters are face to face with exactly those questions.

New Mexico has made wonderful progress during the past five years. Public monies have been intelligently employed for the public good. If the taxes on any piece of property were too high, the owner had recourse to the courts without cost to himself. More than one thousand suits have been filed in Eddy county alone.

If the taxes assessed were not high enough, the tax commission has the power to raise them, and has done so until there is fairly equal distribution of the burden.

This condition was made possible by the election of W. C. McDonald to the governorship. He undertook to see that the people of the state had a run for their money. He went after the tax dodgers, and got most of them. He sent the traveling auditor into all counties, regardless of whether the officials were democrats or republicans, and where ever there was graft, or carelessness, or any form of inefficiency, such officials were brought to book. Some of them were removed through action of the courts, and others were compelled to make good shortages in their accounts.

From first to last, the McDonald administration has been the friend of the schools and the roads, which means that it has been the champion of progress for a state whose affairs in territorial days were models of mismanagement.

Do you want to go back to the days of the burro trail and the miserable, little, one-room, heatless and windowless school house, taught by a man who had to sign his voucher with a mark, or at best a third grade certificate?

Colonel Roosevelt has been caught with another batch of misstatements on his person.

CHOOSE THE SAFE PILOT.

Between this and the close of the great conflict in Europe, situations of the utmost delicacy are sure to arise. Germany may resume her policy of sinking merchantmen without warning. In such circumstances, who should be trusted to guide the ship of state? Would we feel safer with Hughes, the inexperienced man, who has just had some dealings with the partitions of one of the belligerent powers of Europe, or with Wilson, the experienced pilot who has carried us safely through the gravest dangers?

The result at the polls may be very close—so close that New Mexico's three electoral votes may decide who shall be the next president of the United States. There are a hundred reasons why we should prefer Wilson to Hughes. Is there one reason why you should prefer Hughes to Wilson?

When the war is over, what will be the next excuse for boosting the cost of living?

The country is plastered all over with prosperity that won't come off.

With Scissors and Paste

JAPAN'S MARK TWAIN.

There once lived in Japan a humorist named Ikku, whose "Hissakurige" gives a picture of feudal times on much the same general lines as the Pickwick Papers. On his deathbed in 1821, he gave to his sorrowing friends, to be buried with his body, some parcels which they imagined contained the usual license and fragrant woods. But when the last solemn rites were being performed and the priests and mourners were standing around, a fuming, popping and hissing of fireworks suddenly started from the funeral fire. Could Mark Twain have done more?

THIS CLOCK STARTED THE FIRE.

The famous clock of the late John Muir, the noted naturalist and explorer, which not only woke him up in the morning, but dumped him out of bed, which delivered his books to him in regular sequence when he was studying and which lighted his fire in the morning, has just been presented to the Wisconsin State Historical Society's museum at Madison by the

LITTLE TALKS ON THRIFT

By S. W. STRAUS
 President American Society for Thrift



Portrait of S. W. Straus.

Among those who are interested in the advancement of thrift in America it is pleasing to note that progress is being made.

This was shown in the deposits in postal savings banks in August, which increased nearly \$5,000,000, the largest monthly gain since the system was established. On September 1st there was a total of 621,000 depositors who had accounts aggregating \$95,000,000—a splendid tribute to the growth of thrift in the country.

One of the chief causes of thriftlessness among Americans is false pride. Many men and women have the inclination to save money, but the desire to make an appearance of affluence or power, to go in debt for luxuries is an exceedingly bad practice. It amounts to spending, unnecessarily, money not yet earned.

It is unfortunate, perhaps, that people are judged somewhat by their clothes, and by their methods of livelihood. It is also unfortunate that the exactions of modern business, especially in the great cities, demand often that a man, in order to hold his own with his associates,

must maintain a constant appearance of prosperity, even though it is false. One of the realities of human nature is the fact that the world has little or no sympathy for failure, and the mere appearance of being "hard up" is a detriment to a man of business. In these matters, however, there always is a happy medium, and while the world may turn a cold shoulder to the man whose appearance suggests that he is not prosperous it still treats him more kindly than one who is out of money and in debt. Sensible thrift, or, as I have said before, the greater thrift, should be practiced in these matters to the end that a man will never allow himself to become hopelessly involved in debt and at the same time avoid an existence of miserliness.

The high cost of food and clothing, and the exacting demands of changing fashions, are stumbling blocks to those who would live frugal lives. But the rewards of thrift are so satisfying and so substantial that they are worth the sacrifices of personal pride that are demanded.

The importance of thrift has been given official recognition by the Canadian government in connection with its new war loan. The Minister of Finance declares that a thrift campaign must be conducted in the Dominion in order that money may be obtained for munitions and supplies for the army. This shows the national value of personal thrift. While it means considerable from a monetary standpoint, its greatest virtue, perhaps, lies in its reflected influence on the lives of the people.

Wisconsin Alumni Association of northern California.

The clock was used by Mr. Muir during his school days at Wisconsin university in the early '60s. Because of his desire to work, he kept late hours and found it hard to get up. First he tried tying a string to his toe and having the janitor pull it at 5 a. m. This worked until some of the students nearly pulled him out of bed. Then he built a clock which would do the work.

He built a bed of pine boughs with three legs, two at the head and one at the foot. The leg at the foot was in two sections and operated on an elbow. The elbow was held by a peg so that if the peg was released the bed would drop to an angle of 45 degrees. A strong cord, fastened to the peg, led to the clock; on the end of the cord near the clock was a large stone. Before retiring the cord was attached to the clock and at 5 o'clock would do its deadly work. The noise of John falling out of bed and the falling stone awakened everyone in the building.

While teaching in a country school, house he used the clock to start a fire before he arrived at school. The clock upset a tube of sulphuric acid into a mixture of chlorate of potash and sugar placed under the kindling and wood the night before. Instant combustion took place.

NATIONAL DECADENCE.

In a recent article appearing in the Detroit News, under the heading of "Rottenness in the Movies," the writer after describing some of the lewd and lascivious plays which are featured in some of the popular vaudeville scenes, asks: "Whether we are drifting? Are we reaching a point of national decadence that will permit every form of vice to be paraded before even children—chief patrons of the residential motion picture house?"

The child mind is presented with the most degraded of all life under the flimsy pretext that there is a moral hidden somewhere in the filth that is paraded over the celluloid. The depths of wickedness are sounded for him—and of tender years for the price of admission, one dime.

There is the darkness of theaters the young of our city are having displayed before their eyes all that any sane mother or father would shield them from. When is there to be a revolt from the vicious in the motion picture world?

"Are the motion picture producers ever to learn or refusing to learn, are the authorities to remain ever idle instead of teaching them a sadly needed lesson?"

SURFAX ON VACANT LANDS.

The surfax on vacant lands in Alberta and Saskatchewan provinces, Canada, is working so satisfactorily that there is talk of adopting it in Manitoba. It has been found that this form of taxation not only increases the public revenue, but moves landholders, absentee and others to do something with their real estate in order to make it productive. Thus the landholder who, under the system which enabled him to draw unearned increment from vacant land because of his neighbor's industry and enterprise, and to hold it "for a rise," finds it necessary under the surfax system, either to improve the property himself or to sell it to those who will improve it.

The rule, from time immemorial, has been to penalize the property improver. Everything he did to increase the value of his holdings increased the value of other holdings in his neighborhood, but while a vacant farm, or a vacant lot next door, took on value from his effort, the owner of the vacant farm or vacant lot, escaped the increased tax levy due to land improvement. A law which makes it unprofitable to hold land for speculative purposes is not only wise but just, in any community, new or old.

A RUBBER BALL FENDER.

If the plans of a wild imaginative Texan inventor go through, all motor vehicles will soon be equipped with a huge rubber ball, projecting out in front. And its purpose? Oh, it just gently bumps the careless pedestrian instead of knocking him senseless or dead. What matters it that the ball will be more than a yard in diameter when puffed out to its capacity?

Of course you think that the rubber ball safety guard bounces the careless pedestrian to one side, allowing the automobile to proceed on its way. You are wrong. It is intended to envelop the victim in its folds, but that is not all. It applies the brake automatically when a careless man sinks in its expense. This is accomplished by means of a compressed air arrangement.

W. H. Hamby Back From Taos.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—W. H. Hamby returned last night from a three-day trip to Taos, perfectly delighted with his experience and pleased with the literary material he has gathered in this section. He left today for the Pacific coast.

Notes of Interest From State Museum

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.

The following registered at the museum: H. P. Jones, Kansas City, Mo.; J. E. Chipper, M. D., Valley Center, Kan.; James Van Buren, Kansas City, Mo.; Silvestre Mirabal, San Rafael, N. M.; Beth M. Grover, Rena C. Tremble, Charles M. Grover, M. D., Clarence Merrick, Edgar Redding, Grants, N. M.; C. W. Berman, Kansas City, Mo.; J. W. Everett, Los Angeles; A. L. Bradley, Dodge City, Kan.; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas O'Brien, South Bend, Ind.; J. B. Hamby, Missouri; Charles M. Spare, Philadelphia; J. J. Jeffers, Los Angeles; A. L. Westgaard, New York City; L. E. Taylor, James A. Westgaard, Los Angeles; R. G. Thompson, C. B. Thompson, Jr., Sioux City, Ia.; Mrs. A. L. Bradley, Dodge City, Kan.; Dr. Evelyn F. Frisbie, Bertha Becker, John Tombs, Albuquerque.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET IN VALENCIA COUNTY IS UNUSUALLY STRONG

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.

Low Lunnas, N. M., Oct. 29.—The democratic county ticket recently named by the convention of that party held here is considered one of the best ever put out by the democratic party in this county, and is commanding the united support of all elements of the democracy in Valencia county. While this section of the state is usually considered a republican stronghold, there has been a decided drift of sentiment toward President Wilson and the democratic ticket recently, and democrats are confident that big inroads on the republican majority will be made and are hopeful of electing some members of the county ticket.

The ticket named at the recent convention here is as follows:

Senator—Dr. Tobia Espinosa, Belen.
 Representatives—William C. Kennedy, Seboyeta, and Charles W. Gooch, Tolme.
 Assessor—E. O. Reese, Belen.
 Treasurer—John Becker, Jr., Belen.
 Sheriff—John B. Raff, Jr., Los Lunas.
 District Attorney—M. J. Heinick, Socorro.
 Surveyor—R. G. Marmon, Socorro.
 County Commissioners—Don Antonio Pino, Chubasco, Alvario Sals, Casa Colorado, and Medardo Sanchez, Belen.

To Take Movies of Cliff Dwellings.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—A. L. Westward, vice president of the National Highway association, accompanied by L. E. Taylor of the Father people, and James Westgaard, taking motion and colored pictures for travelogues, left today for the cliff dwellings of the Rito de los Friles, four other automobiles starting out for the same destination this morning. After filming the cliff dwellings, the Westward party will visit the sanctuary at Chimayo, Nambé, the mission churches, Spanish plazas, Indian villages and lumber camps north from Santa Fe to Picuris and Taos, returning here Wednesday to take more films. They photographed the Palace and other views in and about Santa Fe. State Engineer James A. French is furnishing them all the assistance and directions at his command and Westward is high in his praise of improvement in New Mexico roads.

Santa Fe Court Notes.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—Robert Carter pleaded guilty in the federal court yesterday to selling cocaine without a license. The following were arraigned: A. C. Smith, robbery of postoffice; Mariano Lente, introducing liquor into an Indian county; R. C. de Laney, forgery and impersonating an officer; Benicio Carpio, introducing liquor into Indian county; Simon Garcia, selling liquor to Indians; Frank Bioso, stealing two cows and three calves; Vernel Williams, murder of the Port Baxary reservation. Among those indicted for selling liquor to Indians were: Juan Martinez, Marcelino Ortega, Frank Lawson, Simon Gonzales, Juan Torres, Salvador M. Fernandez, Furin Ramirez and Juan Cardiel, the grand jury handing down an additional twenty indictments and three no true bills.

GENTLE—BUT SURE.

A powerful cathartic sometimes does as much harm as good. Foley Cathartic Tablets are mild and gentle, but sure in action. They are a wholesome physic that thoroughly cleanses the bowels, sweetens the stomach and benefits the liver. For indigestion, biliousness, bad breath, bloating, gas or constipation, no remedy is more highly recommended. They cause no griping, pain or nausea. Stout persons recommend them because of the light feeling they bring. Sold everywhere.

RUSSO-RUMANIAN FORCES RETARD TEUTON PROGRESS

Retirement of Austro-Germans Has Been Forced at One Point; Two Howitzer Batteries Are Captured.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEARNED WIRE.

Bucharest, Oct. 29 (via London).—Along the Rumanian-Transylvanian front, the Rumanians and Russians are more than holding their own against the Austro-German armies at some points, according to today's war office announcement. Retirement of the Teutonic troops has been forced in one sector north of Campulung and along the Jiu valley, where two howitzer batteries were captured by the Rumanians.

AUSTRO-GERMANS GAIN ON TWO RUMANIAN FRONTS

Berlin, Oct. 29 (The Wireless to St. Petersburg).—Austro-German troops have made further progress in the region south of Kronstadt and in the direction of Campulung, army headquarters announced today.

The situation in Dobruja is reported unchanged.

Edward W. Fox Dead.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—Word comes to Santa Fe of the death of Edward W. Fox, at Clayton, after brief illness. Fox was receiver of the federal land office at Clayton for years and was well-known throughout the state.

Alamogordo Has New Mayor.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—Alamogordo has a new mayor, L. N. Jones being named by the board of trustees to succeed J. H. McRae, resigned.

Mining Man Drugged From Pond.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—John Stewart, a



A jar of this old reliable remedy for all affections of the skin and all inflammation and irritation should be in every household, in every traveling bag because of its remarkable efficacy in affording quick relief.

FRO-ZONA

Composed of only the very best ingredients known to science, including a precious admixture of soothing menthol. Invaluable for emergency use in burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, and all forms of rheumatism and Neuritic Pain. FRO-ZONA has an almost endless number of uses. As a treatment for Piles or Hemorrhoids, it is unsurpassed.

FRO-ZONA is used with great success for different ailments—Colds, Catarrhs, Cough, Croup, Sore Throat, Hay Fever, Asthma, Chapped and Chafed Skin, Irritation and Itching of all kinds, Eczema, Pimples, Heat, Insect Bites, and Stings, Suppurations, Abscesses and Foul Sores, "Stiff" Joints, Tired, Swollen and Sore Feet, etc.

"EXCELLENT FOR CATARRH."

I strongly recommend FRO-ZONA for catarrh of the nose and throat. It is an excellent remedy for catarrh, and acts quickly.—G. M. Montgomery, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Thousands have testified to the effectiveness of this tried and proved remedy. Many users testify themselves to you—stop at the drug store "FRO-ZONA" and get a jar. Try FRO-ZONA and you will never be without it.

CHAS. HILFED CO., Wholesale Distributors, Albuquerque, New Mexico.
 Stewart Drug Co., Gallup, N. M.
 M. A. Grindle Co., Raton, N. M.

Succ Santa Fe for \$10.00.

Santa Fe, Oct. 29.—Suit for \$10,000 damages has been filed against the Santa Fe by Mrs. Gladys Cooper in the death of her husband, J. T. Cooper, Sr., at Helen, where on May 1 he was crushed to death between the cars while coupling them.

WRIGLEY'S



Soldiers cheer it because it cheers them. On the march or in camp, this delicious, soothing, thirst-quenching confection sustains, refreshes and steadies nerves. The armies in Europe have consumed great quantities. It has proven its merits to them.



Don't forget WRIGLEY'S after every meal. Write for the Wrigley Spearmint's free book of jingles and pictures, in color. WM. WRIGLEY JR. CO., Dept. 1627, CHICAGO.

Smash the Hubbell-Gillenwater Machine



ELECTION PROCLAMATION

The Board of County Commissioners of Bernalillo County, New Mexico, in pursuance of the requirements of paragraph 1877 of the codified laws of the State of New Mexico, hereby give public notice that an election will be held in said county on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, nineteen hundred and sixteen, the same being the seventh day of said November, that the object of said election is the selection by the people of the following officers: one Representative in Congress; one Governor; one Lieutenant Governor; one Secretary of State; one State Auditor; one State Treasurer; one Attorney General; one Commissioner of Public Lands; one Commissioner of Public Instruction; one Justice of the Supreme Court; one member of the State Corporation Commission; one State Senator for the fifth Senatorial District, comprising the counties of Bernalillo, Sandoval and Santa Fe; one State Senator for the sixth Senatorial District, comprising the counties of Bernalillo, McKinley and Sandoval; three County Commissioners; one Probate Judge; one County Clerk; one Sheriff; one Assessor; one County Treasurer; one Superintendent of Schools and one County Surveyor.

And it is further proclaimed that the names of the candidates for each of said offices, and their postoffice addresses, are as follows:

For Presidential Electors—Juan Ortiz, Galisteo, N. M.; C. L. Hill, Las Cruces, N. M.; H. J. Hammond, Clayton, N. M.; Felix Garcia, Lumberton, N. M.; J. N. Upton, Dominga, N. M.; Jose G. Chavez, Los Lunas, N. M.; McK. Smith, Melrose, N. M.; T. Smith, Melrose, N. M.; I. S. Chapin, East Las Vegas, N. M.; L. A. Sandoval, East Las Vegas, N. M.; W. F. O'Connell, Roswell, N. M.; P. C. Peterson, Deming, N. M.; For United States Senator—Frank A. Hubbell, Albuquerque, N. M.; A. A. Jones, East Las Vegas, N. M.; A. J. Melton, Albuquerque, N. M.; For Representative in Congress—Benigno C. Hernandez, Tierra Amarilla, N. M.; W. B. Walton, Silver City, N. M.

FOR SALE

\$1,600—5-room frame, modern, sleeping porch, garage, two blocks from Central avenue, on highlands. \$5,500—16-room brick, 2 sleeping porches, hot water heat, close in, suitable for high class boarding house. \$500—3-room bungalow, lot 25x142, near Santa Fe shops; half cash, balance terms. \$2,650—6-room bungalow, modern, lawn, shade and fruit trees, good outbuildings, lot 50x150; good location, fourth ward. \$2,500—7-room, 2-story, adobe, stuccoed, modern, furnished; also 3-room adobe in rear; all on lot 75x142; third ward, close in. \$3,000—5-room brick, modern, good outbuildings, West Silver avenue. Many other bargains in improved and unimproved property.

A. FLEISCHER
Real Estate, Insurance, Loans
111 South Fourth Street

If You Have a Want Tell It Through the

FOR SALE
Sealed bids will be received by the Forest Supervisor, Albuquerque, New Mexico, up to and including November 28, 1916, for all the merchantable dead timber standing or down, and all the live timber marked or designated for cutting on an area embracing 80 acres in N. 1/4 NW 1/4 Section 23, T. 5 N., R. 2 E., N. M. P. M., Muniz Canyon watershed, Manzano National Forest, New Mexico, estimated to be 240,000 feet B. M., more or less, of western yellow pine sawtimber. No bid of less than \$2.00 per M. feet will be considered. Bids must be accompanied by cash to the order of the Forest Supervisor, Albuquerque, N. M., in the sum of \$100.00, which will be refunded to the bidder if the bid is not accepted. Before bids are submitted, full information concerning the timber, the condition of sale, and the submission of bids should be obtained from the Forest Supervisor, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

216 North Second street.
Precinct No. 12, Election District No. 2, at the office of John G. Albright, 121 North Third street.
Precinct No. 13, Old Albuquerque, at the public school house.
Precinct No. 14, San Ignacio, at the house of Nicolas Herrera.
Precinct No. 15, Santa Barbara, at the house of Toribio Archuleta.
Precinct No. 22, La Tijera, at the house of Jose Dominguez.
Precinct No. 23, San Antonio, at the house of Juan Gutierrez.
Precinct No. 25, Atrisco, at the house of Pedro Aranda.
Precinct No. 34, Chilili, at the house of Anastasio Gutierrez.
Precinct No. 35, Los Duranes, at the public school house.

And it is further proclaimed that the polls of said general election be open on said 11th day of November, 1916, from 9 o'clock in the forenoon to 6 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF BERNALILLO COUNTY
Attest:
A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

JOURNAL CLASSIFIED COLUMNS

A Great Big Snap

Seven-room modern house with sleeping porch, electric lights, gas; corner lot, fine barn or garage; on car line. A fine home or the house will pay for itself if you want to rent rooms.

THE PRICE IS ONLY \$2,650.
Terms, if desired.
You can't beat this in Albuquerque, come in and let us show it to you.

SEE
Porterfield Co.
116 WEST GOLD.
REAL ESTATE.
FIRE INSURANCE AND LOANS

A Big Bargain

Eight-room modern brick home, very close in, on corner lot, with east front. Fine place for renting rooms. This property is worth \$4,500 to \$5,000, but can be bought right now for only \$2,300 and \$2,000 can remain on mortgage at 7 per cent. If you want a good, big, roomy house it is worth your time to investigate.

TEAXTON & CO.
211 West Gold Ave.

THE EXCHANGE

SECOND HAND GOODS BOUGHT AND SOLD
Bicycle Headquarters.
Phone 1111.
120 West Gold

HAVE MOVED
Cross street, 200 West Gold. A great bargain in business property, also houses and lots.
Money to loan.

W. H. McMillion

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ATTORNEYS
JOHN W. WILSON
Attorney
Rooms 11 and 12, Crowell Building
Phone 1172.

KODAY & KODAY
Attorneys at Law
Suite 3, Law Library Building

DENTISTS
DR. J. E. KRAFT
Dental Surgeon
Rooms 2-3, Barnett Bldg.
Appointments Made by Mail

R. E. COFF
Dentist
Rooms 4-5, Melini Building
Over Penny Store
Phone 75

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS
SOLOMON L. BULTON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Phone 617
Barnett Bldg.

DR. TULL & BARKS
Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
State National Bank Bldg.

DR. S. G. VON ALMEN
Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Office Hours: 10 to 12; 1 to 4
210 1-1/2 West Central Avenue.
Phone 109.

DR. T. F. TANNES
Specialist in Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Melini Building, Albuquerque
Hours: 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Phone 72

THE MURPHY SANATORIUM
Tuberculosis of the Throat and Lungs
City office, 211-1/2 West Central Avenue
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.
Physicians in charge:
W. T. MURPHY, M. D.
FINLEY VAN ORBAILLE, M. D.

E. E. ROYER, M. D.
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
Office: Whitely Building
Phone 25

DR. MARGARET G. CARTWRIGHT
Practice Limited to Women's and Children's Diseases
117 E. Central, Phone 521, Albuquerque, N. M.

LAND ATTORNEYS AND SURVEYORS
PITTS, ROSS, County Surveyor; Edmund Ross, U. S. Mineral Surveyor, 210 West Gold avenue, Box 41, Albuquerque, N. M.

VETERINARIAN
JOHN J. HAMILTON, Ph. C., D. V. M.
Pharmaceutical Chemist and Veterinarian
25 S. Second
Phone 624 or 1914W

TYPEWRITERS
All kinds, both new and second-hand, bought, sold, rented and repaired. Albuquerque Typewriter Exchange, Phone 514, 122 South Fourth street.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS
New machines, first class rentals. Repairs and high grade rebuilt typewriters. Export mechanism in charge of shop, 211 West Gold, Phone 411. Underwood Typewriter Company.

FOR SALE—Real Estate
FOR SALE—Three blocks from car line. A real bargain if taken soon. Price, \$900. City Realty Co.

FOR SALE—One-fourth section, one land, 20 miles east of Albuquerque; all fenced; about 25 acres broken; some timber; school house on place; on main auto road, three-fourths mile to U. S. Indian School office. G. M. Barton, Indian School, Phone 1901.

FOR SALE—Two of the best residences or apartment house lots, 100 by 145, in the Highlands, at a bargain, if taken at once. Part payment cash, balance on time. Lots on corner and one block from public library, two blocks from high school. Address: Owner (Journal)

TIME CARDS
EDWARDS AUTO SERVICE.
Socorro, N. M.
Trips to Any Point, Any Time, Wire or Phone for Information at My Expense.
Winkler Hotel, Socorro, N. M.

Silver City-Mogollon
DAILY AUTOMOBILE STAGE.
Six-hour Passenger Service.
Leave Silver City 1:30 p. m.
Leave Mogollon 6:00 a. m.
Cars meet all trains. Largest and best equipped auto livery in the southwest.
HENNETT AUTO
Silver City.
New Mexico

Roswell-Carrizozo Mail Line
Daily and Sunday.
Operated by Roswell Auto Co.
East-Bound. Town. West-Bound.
Arrive. Leave.
8:30 p. m. Roswell 7:30 a. m.
9:30 p. m. Carrizozo 8:30 a. m.
10:30 p. m. Lordsburg 9:30 a. m.
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Stoves, Ranges, House-Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

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ARIZONA RANGE-RAISED RAMBOUILLET RAMS—ONE AND TWO YEARS OLD.

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MARIE WALCAMP in

"THE FLIRT"

BLUEBIRD PHOTOPLAY IN FIVE ACTS.

METRO TRAVELOGUE—One Reel

Crisco

Is a fine shortening. By placing large contracts some time ago, we are in a position to continue the old price of—

30c FOR SMALL SIZE

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JUST RECEIVED

A fancy line of new Dried Fruits; also a barrel of new Kraut.

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601 W. Tijeras. Phone 15

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Undertakers

PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE 75. STRONG BLDG., COPPER AND SECOND.

LOCAL ITEMS

OF INTEREST

Eat your meals at Pullman Cafe. Martin & Thoma. Tel. Phone 372.

See Berthold. Spitz, 214 West Gold. Real estate and general insurance.

Nestor Montoya, Jr., of Company E, First New Mexico Infantry, left last night for Columbus, N. M. He has been here on recruiting duty.

The local chapter of the American Red Cross society will meet tonight at the Commercial club. This will be the annual meeting and officers will be elected.

Alfred Grunsfeld, chairman of the board of county commissioners, yesterday announced that the board intended to redeem \$10,000 more in county bonds before January 1.

Guthrie Smith, newspaper man who has been traveling with H. O. Bursum, republican gubernatorial candidate, on his speaking tour, reached Albuquerque from El Paso last night. He will go to Los Lunas today to meet Mr. Bursum.

NO MORE BACKACHE FOR HER. Mrs. J. M. Gaskill, Eliza Green, Ind., writes: "I suffered from severe backache, and sharp pains shooting through my back until I could not stoop over and get up without aid. Urinary trouble seemed to be the cause of it all. A single box of Foley Kidney Pills gave me such relief that I cannot praise them too highly. This standard remedy for kidney and bladder ailments can be taken with safety for backache, swollen ankles and rheumatic pains. Sold everywhere."

Woman's club Halloween ball at the Armory. Booster orchestra, Admission and refreshments, \$1.50 per couple, extra lady, 50 cents. Tickets on sale at Grimsbaw and Matson's.

Livery and saddle horses. Trimble's Red Barn.

Henry hauls baggage and other things. Phone 939.

PALMS HOTEL

Under new management. Rooms thoroughly renovated. By day, week or month. First door west of Post-office. Phone 214.

SPRINGER

Bigger and Better

DEMOS TO HAVE DEMONSTRATION SATURDAY NIGHT

Will Close Campaign in Albuquerque With Big Parade and Possibly Meeting at Wilson Club.

The Woodrow Wilson club will close the campaign here Saturday night with a big demonstration in which all approved political methods of raising enthusiasm to a high pitch are to be used. The showing will be in the nature of a parade and possibly a meeting which leading democratic campaign orators will address.

Plans for the affair, however, are as yet vague. Only this much is certain. It will be a monster in size. It will be impressive. Col. D. K. Sellers, president of the Woodrow Wilson club, says so, and the colonel knows how to get results in a booster affair.

The plans are expected to take a definite form tomorrow night. The Wilson club will meet then at its headquarters, 211 West Central avenue, to make arrangements. Colonel Sellers wants every member of the club to attend this meeting. He wants every one to have a hand in planning the demonstration. Then, too, it will be perhaps the club's last chance to make a showing of its strength.

Colonel Sellers last night knew little of the state central committee's plans for Albuquerque for the final week of the campaign. He had been notified that W. B. Walton, of Silver City, the party's candidate for congressman, would speak in Albuquerque. He did not know whether E. C. de Baca, candidate for governor, was coming. A. A. Jones, senatorial candidate, already has spoken here.

BURSUM WILL SPEAK TODAY AT LOS LUNAS AND BELEN

H. O. Bursum, republican candidate for governor, will speak this afternoon at Los Lunas and tonight at Belen. From there he will come to Albuquerque to speak tomorrow night at the Hughes-Fairbanks club's headquarters, 213-215 West Gold avenue. United States Senator A. B. Fall, who was with Mr. Bursum at Silver City, will speak tonight at a republican rally in El Paso.

Mr. Bursum will spend tomorrow morning and afternoon in the outlying precincts of Bernalillo county, making four or five speeches in small towns in addition to his address before the Hughes-Fairbanks club to be given tomorrow night.

Wednesday Mr. Bursum will speak at Espanola, Rio Arriba county. Thursday and Friday he will spend in San Miguel county, closing for that county with a speech in East Las Vegas Friday night.

GIRLS' LEAGUE IS ORGANIZED BY HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS

Girls of the high school last week organized a Girls' Student League with Irene Fee, president; Beatrice Hill, vice president; Alice Gould, secretary; and Robbie Chesnut, treasurer. The league's activities will follow three courses—program, social welfare and civic.

The program department plans during the course of the year to arrange for talks from various people in the city. The department also plans to give programs in general assemblies and in their own gatherings. The social department will give teas and socials and do all it can to create a friendly atmosphere among the students.

It is the civic department, however, which will be working almost continually. Its duties are the care of the rest room and locker room, not the actual cleaning, but attending to the little things which count toward making a pleasing whole. This department will try to work up a still greater pride in the building so that the students will be more careful to keep it in order. But its work will not be confined wholly to the school. The department intends to aid in any way it can in the community.

The welfare department will see that all strangers become acquainted, will act as a sort of "big sister" to them until they in turn are ready to do the same for others.

Already, although the league has just been organized, the departments are busy. A constitution committee will report this afternoon at the weekly meeting. The social department has made arrangements for a tea to be held Thursday. The welfare department is seeing that strangers are becoming acquainted. Through the kindness of the school board the rest room is being renovated and will be opened this week and turned over to the care of the civic department.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE WANTS DEMOCRATS OF STATE TO CONTRIBUTE

New Mexico democrats are expected to contribute to the national campaign fund. George C. Taylor, chairman of the national finance committee for New Mexico, has a letter from W. W. Marsh, New York, chairman of the national finance committee, urging New Mexicans to send contributions as soon as they can.

Mr. Taylor has written local committees, conveying to them Mr. Marsh's request. The majority of towns and cities in the state have committees. Mr. Marsh also has written them. Plans have been laid for a clean-up campaign to be conducted by every committee November 6, the day before election. It is not necessary to wait until then, however, to send contributions.

In towns where there are no local committees contributors may send their bit to Mr. Taylor, Crenshaw building, Albuquerque, or directly to Mr. Marsh in New York.

New Mexico so far has given about \$500.

Ladies of Oak Grove, No. 46, Woodman Circle, will give a mask ball Halloween night at W. O. W. hall. Good music. Prize given to best costumed couple. Admission, \$1.00 per couple. Refreshments. Extra ladies free.

B. M. WILLIAMS

Dentist

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Phone No. 684.

ALBUQUERQUE IN ARIZONA, SAYS WORLD HEADLINE

Report of Roosevelt Meeting Tells of Cheers for Wilson, and Part O. N. Marron Took in Getting Order Restored.

Albuquerque gets fame in the New York World as one of Arizona's cities. The World correspondent with Colonel Roosevelt gave a glowing report of the colonel's speech in front of the Alvarado hotel, but the headline writer in the World office captioned the story thus: "Arizona cheers for Wilson bring Roosevelt jeers."

Regarding the Wilson cheers and Roosevelt's jeers, the World story says: "Theodore Roosevelt cheered for President Wilson in the course of a speech here today, but he did it jeeringly in a passage with a group of Wilson supporters in his audience who interrupted his speech with cheers for the president."

Colonel Roosevelt had hardly begun to address the crowd gathered before a platform erected in front of a hotel when a score of men grouped together began shouting, "Hurrah for Wilson." The colonel bit off his speech in the middle of a word and turned toward the group with his jaw thrust out.

"Hurrah for Wilson," he echoed sarcastically. "Hurrah for Wilson! I'll give you something to hurrah for Wilson about. Hurrah for Wilson and the California! Hurrah for Wilson and Villa! Hurrah for Wilson and Carranza! Hurrah for the murdered babies and women of Mexico and hurrah for the murdered Americans along the border."

"State Treasurer O. N. Marron, a democratic leader, asked the Wilson supporters to remain quiet as a matter of courtesy to a distinguished visitor, and there were no further interruptions."

"THE FLIRT," ONE OF THE BEST PICTURES. AT THE LYRIC TODAY

No matter how many successful pictures the makers of photoplays may direct, there is always one presentation in the lot which they consider their best work, and the Smalleys, who have produced scores of greatly successful movie-plays, declare that "The Flirt," which will be the attraction at the Lyric theater tonight, is by far the best work they have done.

The limitations of the picture's scope made the production all the more difficult, for the entire action of the piece takes place in a small village with the natural details of daily life under such conditions rather barren of sensations. Nevertheless, the "sensations" are there just the same and those who witness the photoplay will be amazed at the great amount of lively interest the Bluebird Photoplayers have injected into the incident.

Floortje Tarkington's serial story, published in the Saturday Evening Post, was adapted to the screen by Lois Weber (Mrs. Spaulley) and Phillips Smalley directed Marie Walcamp and her associate players, headed by Juan de Cruz, in the photoplay of "The Flirt." When the production was made and passed from Mr. Spaulley's hands, he said of Miss Walcamp's creation of the role of the Flirt:

"I am more than pleased with the cast the Bluebird people gave me with which to play 'The Flirt.' Miss Walcamp fits the part exceptionally well and she will unquestionably make one of the greatest hits of her splendid career in the star part of this fine play. She has every requisite for the successful presentation of the character—youth, vivacity and a knowledge of what is necessary before the screen to help make her portrayal the most notable of any she has ever attempted."

MASQUERADE BALL

Halloween night, Tuesday, October 31, at the Orpheum. Prizes for most comical and best costumes. Five cents the dance, ladies free. Hall will be decorated in real Halloween style.

Painting and Paperhanging

Done by A. CHAUVIN, means a guaranteed job. The only union wall paper and paint store in town. Corner Fourth and Central avenue.

Attend Cottonwood Grove dance and card party Wednesday evening, November 1, I. O. O. F. hall, Couples 50c, extra lady 25c. Refreshments.

40 PER CENT DISCOUNT

To close out an extra lot of high grade Navajo Rugs—sent us to dispose of Fair Week. THESE RUGS MUST BE SOLD OR RETURNED BY NOVEMBER 1st. Don't miss this short opportunity to buy a high grade, wool warp Rug, 40 per cent less than regular price. UNTIL NOV. 1st ONLY.

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MASQUERADE BALL

Halloween night, Tuesday, October 31, at the Orpheum. Prizes for most comical and best costumes. Five cents the dance, ladies free. Hall will be decorated in real Halloween style.

GREAT MUSICAL TREAT AT CRYSTAL THEATRE TONIGHT

Rounds' Ladies' Orchestra and Specialty Company, Noted Entertainers, Will Appear This Evening.

Not a dull moment from start to finish. Before one number is finished the next one begins, a delightful intermingling of the heavy classic numbers with the lightest, popular, fancy numbers, latest popular songs, and the old-time favorites—orchestra music for the critical and more for those who desire to be entertained. Mirth-provoking, monologues, novelties, pianologues—every member of the company a talented entertainer—truly "America's Greatest"—and they will appear at the Crystal theater tonight at 8:30. Tickets are now on sale at Matson's store.

The Lynchburg, Va., News, in commenting on the entertainment given recently in that city, says: "One of the greatest treats of the season, was the unanimous verdict of the audience who heard H. O. Rounds and his orchestra of talented young ladies at the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium last night."

"It was truly an all-star company. Mr. Rounds, besides being a masterful leader of his orchestra, won the audience with his genial manner and fun humor, which did not permit a dull moment in the program from the opening to the conclusion."

"The entire program was one of the finest and most enjoyable in every respect that has ever been rendered at the Y. M. C. A."

Some Good Points for the Ladies

They are also good for bachelors. To every lady or bachelor calling at my new coal office, 212 South Second street, on and after November 8 will receive one of these cases free. See show cases, 406 West Central and 312 South Second.

JOHN S. BEAVEN.

The Coal Man.

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"IMA A. NUT GETS A BITE"—Comedy

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A MOST UNUSUAL PICTURE FROM WM. FOX STUDIOS.

TIME OF SHOWS—1:00, 2:15, 3:30, 4:45, 6:00, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45

Admission—Adults, 10 Cts. Children, 5 Cts.

Stephen E. Roehl

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