

10-9-1916

Albuquerque Morning Journal, 10-09-1916

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TWO TO ONE NOW BEING OFFERED ON RED SOX TO WIN THE SERIES

Showing Made by Boston Team in Opening Game Gives Confidence to Their Backers and Odds Lengthen

BEANEATERS WORK WITH SMOOTHNESS OF MACHINE

Interest in Great Fight for Title Not So Keen as in Former Years and Attendance Shows Falling Off.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.
Boston, Oct. 8.—The Boston Americans and the Brooklyn Nationals will renew their battle for the world's championship in Braves field tomorrow when they meet in the second game of the series. Every player was reported on edge tonight by their respective managers and eager to resume the conflict.

Brooklyn, nothing daunted by its defeat Saturday, is preparing to reverse the decision in Monday's game. The weather forecast for tomorrow is for a clear day.

Those who witnessed the opening game claim to have seen nothing that aroused fear that the record of unbroken victories in past world's series is to be upset this season. They are willing to concede that the Brooklyn team is a game, hard-working group of players, but contend that there is lacking the smooth, machine-like effectiveness of Boston. They strengthen their opinions by willingness to wager two to one on the outcome of the series.

Neither team practiced today. The chief topic of conversation and argument among fans was based upon the choice of pitchers for tomorrow's game. It was the consensus of opinion that Carrigan would send either Ruth or Leonard to the mound for Boston, while Robinson would counter with either Combs or Pfeffer.

In either case, Boston will have to outplay the Sox against the Brooklyn team. Robinson will be called upon to face a right-hander, since Brooklyn played its best left-handed twirler when Marquard was worked on Saturday.

There is a wide difference of opinion among baseball magnates here regarding the reason for the falling off in attendance at Saturday's contest, as compared with the games played here a year ago, there being six thousand less than the opening game here last fall and five thousand less than the second contest.

One explanation is that many fans made no attempt to attend, upon the supposition that there would be no chance of getting inside the park, owing to the huge crowds that were believed to be storming the grounds. Another is that the world's series, like any novelty in Boston, where four have been held in the past five years.

Another puzzling feature was the rather apathetic hearing of those who were present. One magnate advanced the opinion that it was due to a lack of interest in the outcome, but came about as the result of the composition of the crowd. He said:

"It was a 'five dollar crowd,' and by that, I mean it was composed of a great extent of persons who are accustomed to attending the theater, opera, and like amusements, and who express their approval in a rather cold manner from the baseball standpoint. Many, too, were not the close followers of the game and the play in its intricate places went over their heads."

The Brooklyn players agree with that manager that it was Harry Hooper, the Boston right-fielder, who broke the leading offensive of the Brooklyn in the fourth inning, when he made a marvelous catch of Cutshaw's seemingly sure hit and an offer falling to the ground, recovered himself and by a fast line throw got Wheat at the plate.

That was the turning point of the game, said Jack Combs, the former Brooklyn pitcher, and now one of the Brooklyn's double-headers.

"Our offense was snuffed at a point when it was apparent to all that we were on the road to making several runs. Once in the lead, all Marquard had to do was to pitch a fine game. His support and the breaks of the game beat him."

Superbs Still Confident.
The Brooklyn players do not think the Boston system of a run at a time will prevail against their heavy attack, and what has imbued them with confidence of victory is to come in the pitching of Ernest Shore. Manager Robinson says that all his players remarked that Shore did not have much on the ball except a bit of a fadeaway, which seemed to puzzle Jake Daubert more than anyone else.

While Manager Robinson would not say who his pitcher for tomorrow's game would be, it was said that either the veteran Combs or Jack Pfeffer would be used.

Janvin came in for much praise today for his playing, substituting for

Can the Leopard Change Its Spots?

The Journal has called upon the friends and political managers of Frank Hubbell to name one single qualification that he has for United States senator. There has been no response to this call.

The Journal has also called upon any one in possession of the information to tell what right Hon. O. Bursum has, in view of his past official record, to ask to be elected governor of New Mexico. Silence—complete and dense—has greeted this request.

So far as is apparent from the arguments advanced in their behalf, the only possible reason for electing Hubbell and Bursum is that they want the offices.

The Journal now calls upon the friends of Frank A. Hubbell and upon Hubbell himself to say whether, if he is elected United States senator, he will enter upon the discharge of the duties of the office in any different manner from that in which he conducted the affairs of the office of county tax assessor of Bernalillo county.

The Journal calls upon Hon. O. Bursum to know if, in the event he is elected governor of New Mexico, he will run that office with the same regard for efficiency and the rights of the people with which he ran the office of superintendent of the New Mexico penitentiary.

To put it a little differently: Will Hubbell make the same sort of senator that he made a county tax assessor? Will Bursum make the same sort of governor that he made superintendent of the penitentiary?

The people of New Mexico are entitled to this information. They have a standard of comparison in the past records of both Hubbell and Bursum. It is due that they should be advised as to whether the political ideals and standards of these candidates have changed, so that they may be enabled to cast their ballots intelligently.

Captain Jack Barry, who is out of the game with an injured hand, taking thirty-four very good chances offered, while Brooklyn accepted nineteen out of twenty-two. The batting of the two teams was heavier than a casual glance at the score would indicate. Brooklyn had a total of fourteen bases and Boston fifteen. In the ninth inning Brooklyn had ten men at the plate.

The probable line-up for tomorrow's game are:—BOSTON: BROOKLYN: Johnston, rf. Hooper, rf. Culbert, lb. Johnston, 2b. Myers, cf. Shorten, c. Wheat, if. Hubbell, 1b. Cutshaw, 2b. Bursum, 3b. Miller, c. Scott, ss. Combs or Pfeffer, p. Ruth, p.

AUTHOR ASKED TO FORM A SERVICE CABINET

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.
London, Oct. 8.—A Reuters dispatch from Athens today says:

"Prof. Spyridon P. Lambros, author of many historical works, member of the Hellenic Academy, and occupant of the chair of history in the University of Athens, has been asked to form a service cabinet."

"The result of the latest attempt to form a cabinet is not expected to develop until Monday."

BURNING SHIP BEING TOWED IN BY TWO TUGS

Passengers and Crew of Antilla Saved by Cutter While Tugs Bring Steamer Into Hampton Roads.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.
Old Point Comfort, Va., Oct. 8.—Radio messages received tonight from the coast guard cutter Onondaga said that two tugs are towing the burning Ward line steamer Antilla to Hampton Roads and that the passengers and crew, which took to the small boats, 129 miles off Cape Henry last night, are being brought ashore.

The message also asked that another tug be sent out to assist in fighting the fire.

The Onondaga reached the Antilla at 8:30 o'clock this morning in response to radio distress signals early last night. The passengers and crew, in small boats, were picked up and transferred to the cutter.

The Antilla should arrive at Cape Henry about noon tomorrow. The extent of the fire is not known here.

CAPTAIN OF ANTILLA, DAUGHTER AND CREW SAFE

New York, Oct. 8.—Capt. J. E. Bluebacker of the Antilla, reported by wireless telegraph today to the Ward line officials here that he and his thirteen-year-old daughter, and the crew, had taken to the lifeboats, and that the Onondaga and the Steamer Castle of the Ward line were standing by the burning ship.

MISS FRANCES MYERS TO WED A. E. HAYWARD OF LAMY TUESDAY

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.
East Las Vegas, N. M., Oct. 8.—A wedding that will be of interest in Albuquerque as well as this city will be celebrated here Tuesday night, when Miss Frances Myers will be united in marriage at St. Paul's Memorial Episcopal church to Mr. Albert E. Hayward of Lamy. Miss Myers is the daughter of Superintendent P. L. Myers of the New Mexico division of the Santa Fe railway and Mrs. Myers and formerly resided with her parents in Albuquerque, when her father was connected with another division. Mr. Hayward is manager of the Lamy hotel at Lamy, N. M. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. J. S. Moore, rector of the Episcopal church, and will be followed by a reception at the Hotel Cosmopolitan.

Miss Myers will be attended by her sister, Miss Lucy Myers, as maid of honor, and Mrs. Aaron Gornbacher of Fort Worth, Tex., as matron of honor. Miss Mildred Myers and Miss Carrie Greenberger will be bridesmaids. The best man will be Earl Whitehead of La Junta, Messrs. Jay Stern, Ogden Blum and Herbert Gehring will be the ushers.

NORWOODS BEAT RAIL LIGHTS

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 8.—The Norwoods of this city defeated the Rail Lights of Toledo here today, 2 to 1, in the third game of a three game series for the championship of Class A of the National Amateur Baseball association.

THE WEATHER

THE WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, Oct. 8.—New Mexico: Monday thundershowers and colder; Tuesday fair in west, showers east portion, colder southeast portion.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.
For twenty-four hours, ending at 6 p. m. yesterday.
Maximum temperature, 74 degrees; minimum, 54; range, 20; temperature at 6 p. m., 61; northwest wind, cloudy.

WORLD WAR IS CARRIED ACROSS ATLANTIC OCEAN BY GERMAN SUBS

Sinking of Vessels by U-53 Off Nantucket Event of Chief Interest in Hostilities Now Raging.

RUMANIANS WITHDRAW BEFORE STRONG FORCE

Artillery Duels Characterize Fighting on Macedonian Front; British Gains Recorded in France.

U. S. PROSPERITY DEPENDS LITTLE ON WAR, SAYS SCHWAB

Domestic Business Is as Profitable at Present Prices as the Manufacture of War Munitions.

THINKS RESERVE ACT IS BUSINESS --NOT POLITICS

Likelihood of Present Comparative Ease of Money Continuing Makes an Impression on Wall Street.

LAS VEGAS TO RECEIVE AND ENTERTAIN MASONS

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.
Las Vegas, N. M., Oct. 8.—Las Vegas expects to turn the town over to the Masons of the state next week when the various grand lodges of the Masonic fraternity of the state will meet here. The Shrine from Ballant Ahab temple of Albuquerque will initiate a class of fifty or more on Monday afternoon and will enjoy a luncheon at the Cosmopolitan on Monday night. The grand lodge, A. F. and A. M. will meet Monday morning and will be in session three days. Grand Master Anna W. Pollard presiding. On Monday evening the Masons and their families will be guests of the Normal university at an entertainment in the chapel. On Tuesday evening Chauman Lodge No. 2, A. F. and A. M., the local Masonic body, will be guests of honor. On Wednesday evening a banquet will be given at the Cosmopolitan in honor of the grand lodge of delegates.

On Thursday, the grand chapter, Royal Arch Masons, will meet here, and on Friday the grand chapter, Knights Templar, will meet here. The annual session of the Eastern Star state assembly will be held here.

A number of interesting social events will occur in connection with the meeting of the Masons here.

Neutrality Violation Charged.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 8.—George Holmes was indicted by the United States grand jury late yesterday evening on a charge of violating neutrality laws in connection with the expedition of Manuel Ochoa, a former Villa general, who crossed the Mexican border to join the forces of Pancho Villa.

A party of Villistas are said to be in the vicinity of Ochoa, with a view to murdering and capturing him. It is learned that the Mexican bandits who killed a French-Mexican and a Mexican boy on a ranch near San Carlos, a few days ago, crossed into Mexico from the American side.

AMERICANS WARNED NOT TO CROSS BORDER

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.
Brownsville, Tex., Oct. 8.—The departure of Col. Jose Rios, commander of the Mexican garrison for El Paso, has followed by a warning to Americans not to cross the border.

A dispatch was received from the U. S. S. Jarvis and other destroyers had left for the vicinity of Nantucket should light vessel, in answer to S. O. S. calls.

Low Tide to Educational Meet.
East Las Vegas, N. M., Oct. 8.—A rate of one fare for the round trip has been secured by R. R. Larkin, railway secretary for the New Mexico Educational association, for the meeting of that organization which will be held in Santa Fe next month.

This is the most liberal rate the way of the state ever have given for educational meet. It is expected to increase the attendance materially. The tickets will be on sale from November 22 to 25, and will be good for use in returning as late as December 2.

SUB SITUATION PUTS OFFICIAL WASHINGTON ALL UP IN THE AIR

Further Complications With Germany Not Necessarily a Result of Activities of U-53.

DEVELOPMENTS MAY LEAD TO PRACTICAL BLOCKADE

Belief Prevails in Naval Circles That Flotilla of Submersibles Is Close at Hand Ready for Campaign.

SEVENTH VICTIM OF SUBMARINE IS REPORTED

Newport, R. I., Oct. 8.—Four destroyers of the American fleet came into the harbor here early today bringing 216 persons rescued from the ships sunk off Nantucket Sunday by a German submarine. The Ericsson, the first of the destroyers to arrive, brought 81, the Drayton 68, the Fishburne 26 and the Jenkins 31.

Thirty-five women and ten children are among those on the Ericsson.

The information came by wireless in advance of the actual docking of the destroyers.

While the rescue ships were steaming into the bay, word came that still another had fallen victim to German submarine torpedoes, making the total number of ships wrecked in the day's work of the adventurous submersible seven. The name of the seventh vessel was not given, but it was said that destroyers of Rear Admiral Gleaves' fleet were searching the sea for her survivors.

With a view to offering assistance to any of the shipwrecked people who might need it, two members of the board of officers of the fleet, Philip E. Clark and R. E. Downing, went to the stricken Birmingham, the flagship of Rear Admiral Gleaves to confer with him.

It was reported that today's operations marked the opening of an organized campaign in the waters adjacent to America against all commerce of the allies. It is expected that attacks also will be directed at transatlantic communication lines.

Many officials here to that view and pointed out that one lone submarine, 3,000 miles from a base, would scarcely have been able to accomplish so prodigious a feat.

Naval officials thought it possible that one submarine could have done today's work unaided, but they leaned strongly to the theory that probably a flotilla of German U-boats was at work. It was regarded as significant that German embassy officials while disclaiming information, said they suspected there was more than one submarine.

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SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN IS WAGED AGAINST BRITISH SHIPS IMMEDIATELY OFF UNITED STATES COAST

DUTCH AND NORWEGIAN VESSELS ALSO FALL PREY TO UNDERSEAS CRAFT IN WIDESPREAD RAID

Steamer Stephano, Carrying More Than 100 Passengers, Some of Them Americans, Is Sent to Bottom by Torpedo; So Far as Known No Lives Are Lost; Whether Work Was Done by U-53 Alone or Flotilla of Submersibles Causes Difference of Opinion Among Naval Experts; Situation Causes Grave Concern in Washington, Where Fears of Further Complications Are Felt, Teuton Diplomats Frankly Pleased at News.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

vessel sailed from New York Saturday for London.

The sensation created yesterday when the U-53 quietly slipped into Newport harbor, and as quietly slipped away three hours later, was nothing to the shock in shipping circles when wireless reports of submarine attacks began to come in to the naval radio stations just before noon today. Within a few minutes the air was literally charged with electricity as wireless messages of warning were broadcasted along the coast.

The submarine, or submarines, had taken a position directly in the steamer lanes.

Vessels of the entente allies nations and neutral bottoms carrying contraband of war hurried to get within the three mile limit of the American shore. Several that were following the outside course shifted and made for the inside lane. However, the Red Cross line, however, was caught outside the neutral zone.

The destruction of this vessel was perhaps the biggest prize of the day. The craft had been sold to the Russian government and would have been used as an ice-breaker after her present trip.

Up to late tonight, none of the British and French patrolling fleet had been sighted. The commander of the British naval station at Halifax refused to divulge what steps were being taken to meet the submarine attacks.

The passengers and crews of destroyed vessels who were being brought into Newport were not expected to reach there until after midnight. Preparations to care for them had been made by Rear Admiral Knight, commander of the Narragansett Bay naval station, and Rear Admiral Robert Gleaves, commander of the destroyer flotilla, now at Newport.

Crew Taken to Safety.
The crew of the Strathmore, nearly all of them Germans, were taken aboard the Nantucket lightship. Officers and men of the West Point took to their small boats after summing up the situation from shore.

The distress signals of the West Point were picked up by the government radio station at Newport, R. I. Rear Admiral Albert Gleaves, commander of the destroyer flotilla of the American Atlantic fleet, ordered his ships to the rescue. The West Point gave her position as five miles southwest of Nantucket, but the navy officials said that later reports indicated that the vessel was not more than ten miles off shore. The weather was thick. It was expected that the crew would not be brought into Newport before midnight.

The booming of the submarine's mine was distinctly heard at Nantucket. It was plain that the submersible had placed herself in the lane of passenger and freight traffic and interrupted shipping along the coast.

In a flash wireless messages were sent up and down the coast and far out to sea, warning everything afloat that a German ship was operating in the steamer lanes.

Warning Given by Wireless.
Every vessel in contact with the three mile zone and the commanders of merchant vessels of the entente allies lost no time in shifting their course.

Those that were following what is known as the outside course turned to the inside course that would bring them closer to American land.

British consular officers who had been advised by the British embassy to warn British shipping against the U-53, removed their caution on learning that the submarine had gone into action.

Panic possessed the minds of shippers at points along the coast when the first reports of the torpedoing were received. The news that the U-53 had attacked British vessels traveled fast. Anxious inquiries were made at newspaper offices from seemingly almost every one who had a friend on the water or owned a share of stock in a merchant bottom.

Gerard Searing Home.
The Frederick VIII of the Scandinavian-American line, which is bringing home the American ambassador to Germany, Jaroslaw W. Gerard, and Mrs. Gerard, was 600 miles east of New York at noon today. Assurance that the ambassador and his wife were on a neutral vessel were given to inquiring friends by newspapers. Government radio stations were suddenly closed to the press by orders

The Stephens, British passenger liner, plying regularly between New York, Halifax and St. John, N. E., torpedoed southwest of Nantucket, about late tonight. Passengers and crew, numbering about 170, were picked up by the destroyer Dutch and brought to Newport. The attack was made at a 20 p. m.

The Kingston, British freighter, torpedoed and sunk southeast of Nantucket, about late tonight. The vessel was carrying about 170, were searching for them. This vessel is not accounted for in maritime registers, and may be the Kingstons.

The attack occurred at 8 p. m.

Dutch Freighter a Victim.
The Boomsdijk, Dutch freighter, torpedoed and sunk south of Nantucket. Crew taken aboard a destroyer. The steamer was bound from New York for Rotterdam, having sailed last night.


The Christian Knudsen, Norwegian freighter, torpedoed and sunk near where the Boomsdijk sunk. Crew picked up by destroyers. The

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BRITISH RULE
SUDAN PROVINCE
OF DARFUR NOW

The People of the Country in
Co-operating to Bring Eng-
lish Administration Have
Been Benefited.



Hudson for Signs

Wall Paper

HUDSON for Picture
Frames

Fourth St. and Copper Ave.

Don't Smoke
ANYONE'S
CIGARETTES
OR GAS
ANYMORE

as Co.
JUNE 98
**R Glass-Paint
Cement-Plaster**

signs and dispatched a small force of the Egyptian army under the command of Colonel P. J. Kelly. This force crossed the Barfui frontier on March 26 and during the months of March and April successfully occupied the well-fortified and heavily garrisoned town of Jebel el Bilka and Alind, thus pinning the Sultan's army to Fasher and closing the main road to the east. The Anglo-Egyptian force continued to advance, and on May 22 attacked and defeated the troops of Ab Dinar which occupied a strong position near Fasher. The Sultan's force, which was estimated

BUILDER

roads in New Mexico. He
he state will be criss-crossed
ing joy-ride over Bursum-built
it is,
introduced by Representative
y of two mills by Socorro
nd from Socorro to Mogollon,
built, at a cost of \$27,145.24.

most important men. Several thousands of rifles were given up and the people returned their attention to peaceful pursuits. Ali Dinar himself is still

NEARLY HALF THE

To Property Owners Under Paying
Ordinance No. 578 of the City of
Albuquerque, N. M.

was thus employed for 15 months in April, 1915, although his contract did not take effect until June, he received his salary just the same. The salary of which was for a trip to Socorro to remove as sheriff of Socorro monthly lump sums of \$50.00 for his services as sheriff and for his expenses in Socorro and for his expenses in the field.

You and each of you are hereby notified that transmission for delivery

...D BUILDER.
...LONG WILL IT TAKE TO
...TALKING ABOUT? HOW
...PAXPAYERS WILL GO TO
...INTERESTED AND TO
...S IN HIS NEXT SPEECH

DUKE CITY

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER
The Albuquerque
Morning Journal
Published by the
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MONDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1916

POLITICAL INTOLERANCE.

Holm O. Bursum's friends in Socorro are doing him no good by prohibiting the dissemination in that city of arguments in favor of his political opponents, and the sooner Mr. Bursum repudiates their action in compelling a bill-poster to cover up a democratic poster and passing an ordinance prohibiting the exhibition of political slides in moving picture theaters the better it will be for his political fortunes.

There are countries where newspapers publishing information disapproved by persons in authority are forced to suspend publication and where all efforts at independent expression are sternly repressed. But that is not America. Freedom of speech and thought is the very foundation of American liberty, and so firmly is the passion for it implanted in the minds of citizens of the United States that any one in whose behalf an effort is made to abridge it will surely be made to suffer the consequences.

Mr. Bursum's friends should remember that if his claims to the office that he seeks are so frail that they will not stand against the arguments of his opponents he has small chance of election. If it is necessary to exclude all light of the opposition to him in order for him to succeed then he does not deserve to succeed.

The people of New Mexico want all the information they can get regarding the qualifications of the candidates for office on both the republican and democratic tickets in this campaign. Furthermore, they will not be denied information by the mere edict of this or that partisan, and the effort to exclude from public exhibition in Socorro arguments favoring the democratic candidates is certain to result in a large increase in the following of those candidates all over New Mexico.

The ordinance prohibiting the exhibition of political slides in theaters is not only clearly illegal but it violates every principle of Americanism—that Americanism for which the republican candidates claim so fervently to stand. The manager of the theater in Socorro affected by the ordinance would be fully justified in treating the ordinance as a nullity, but he, like the bill-poster who was compelled to violate his contract with a client to prevent the revocation of his license, must make his head and butt in Socorro after the election is over, and it is hardly likely that he will contest the law in the courts.

It is especially unfortunate for Mr. Bursum that these instances of intolerance should have taken place in his own home town—the town of which he is mayor. Their occurrence naturally leads to the suspicion that he himself is part of a system, if not the head of a system, under which free speech is repressed and citizens are persecuted in the innocent pursuit of their daily vocations. Mr. Bursum has long been reputed to be the dominant political power in Socorro county. It does not speak well for his political methods that such occurrences are possible in his home town and in behalf of his candidacy for governor.

Political intolerance is scarcely less detestable than religious intolerance. Neither has any place in an American community. The Socorro incident is a disgrace to the men responsible for it.

If H. O. Bursum's political opponents are to be severely dealt with while he is a candidate for governor, what may they hope in the event he is elected governor?

MORE U-BOAT TROUBLE.

The visit to Newport of a German naval submarine, followed by her immediate departure and the torpedoing of a British steamer in the immediate vicinity of American waters leads to the fear that the United States is about to come into possession of a brand-new lot of U-boat trouble. Just what diplomatic turn the occurrence will take is a matter that will be watched with keen interest all over the country.

The purpose of the visit to this

country of the Deutschland would now seem to be at least partly disclosed. It is doubtful if there was ever any foundation for the story that Germany contemplated the construction on any large scale of a fleet of merchant submarines, and the many news dispatches relating the anticipated arrival of the "Frederick" may be taken as part of the German strategy to conceal the real reason for the visit of the Deutschland.

The Deutschland was carefully constructed in such a manner that by no possible distortion of the rulings on the subject could she be considered a war vessel. It will be remembered that attention was called at the time of her arrival at Baltimore to the fact that not even was there a revolver on board of her. The cargo that she carried, while valuable, was too small in volume to have warranted the extreme care that was taken in her construction and the hazards that she took in making the trip across the Atlantic.

What the Deutschland came across for was to blaze the path for the U-52—to ascertain the best route for a submarine to take so as to avoid enemy vessels and to gain information in this country that would be invaluable in the prosecution of a submarine campaign on this side of the Atlantic. Up to this time the danger zone for merchant vessels of the allies has been far removed from American waters. If that zone is to be extended in such a manner that British shipping will not be safe until actually within the three-mile limit of the American shore it can be seen at a glance that the power of the submarine has greatly increased and British security on the high seas correspondingly lessened.

The visit of the U-52 makes it certain that the German submarine is to be a factor in international correspondence for quite a while to come.

The speeches that the colonel hasn't made during the present campaign would live on classics if they had only been preserved.

LAWS FOR CHILDREN.

The New Mexico Federation of Women's Clubs is to be commended for taking a stand in favor of the enactment of legislation in this state for the establishment of special tribunals for the trial of offenses committed by children, and it is to be hoped that the legislature to be elected this fall will give the matter their prompt and careful attention.

An awakened public conscience has at last begun to realize that the old method of treating all violators of the penal code as criminals to be dealt with alike is nothing short of barbarous—that all of us, and especially children, are largely creatures of environment and subject to the influences by which we are largely surrounded, and that the prevention of crime is more to be desired than the punishment of the criminal.

There has been mere stupid blundering in the handling of juvenile offenders by the police authorities than in anything connected with the administration of the laws of the land. The system in vogue for many years, in fact until within the last few years, has been responsible for making criminals rather than curing them—for ruining young lives that might have been directed along lines of usefulness and profit. It is only recently that humane men and women have been able to drive home upon the public consciousness the fact that special cases require special treatment and that the child, if given a fair chance in the world, will make a good citizen rather than a criminal.

Judge Lindsey, of Denver, was a pioneer in this class of work, and universal childhood owes him a deep debt of gratitude for the stand that he took in the face of cynical ridicule in appealing for the little fellow who never had a chance. The Lindsey ideas were considered foolishly sentimental and impractical when they were first advanced—now they are recognized as essentially sound and of the utmost importance in the development of the manhood of any community. The child is no longer considered a felon. He is considered as what he is, a child, subject to just whatever influences are exerted upon his young life and susceptible to good impressions as readily, if not more readily, than to bad ones, and just as society treats him, so will he treat society.

It is well for New Mexico to fall in line at once with the enlightened spirit of the times in the treatment of her children. Childhood is the same here as in Massachusetts or California or Florida. Its temptations and its rights and its wrongs are the same, and the same or similar laws for its protection are desirable.

The federation of women's clubs has pointed the way to needed legislation. The members of the next legislature should not be slow to follow the suggestions that it has made.

It is remarkable with what regularity stones thrown at the Las Cruces bank failure manage to hit "Cap" Gilbenwater.

O. T. 257

Council Adopts Budget.

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—The city council met last night and adopted a budget for the coming year involving total expenditures of about \$28,000, of which about \$14,000 will come from taxes. In the budget was included \$50 a month for the public library, in accordance with the pledge of the republicans at the city election, the mayor and every alderman being republican.

THE SICK MAN OF MEXICO



Villa is wearing a long black beard, limps badly from a bullet wound and walks with a crutch.—News Note

Notes of Interest From State Museum

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—The annual meeting of the Santa Fe Society of the Archaeological Institute and of the Archaeological Society of New Mexico will be held at the Palace of the Governors on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Another Santa Fe mission style residence is being built at Coronado, a suburb of San Diego, the architect being W. Templeton Johnson of the New Mexico Archaeological Society. The house is being erected for Dent H. Robert, managing editor of the San Francisco Examiner. The house is being built on Gloria avenue and in outward appearance resembles the forestry offices in Santa Fe built by L. A. Hughes opposite the federal building. Says the San Diego Union of the interior: "The portal will resemble that of the historic Palace of the Governors at Santa Fe. On the rough hewn beam above the portal will be carved 'Anno de 1916' in quaint and curious letters found in an ancient Spanish mission wall. The carvings will surround the weathered cedar posts as capitals will be rich with carving and the floor is to be paved with rough red tiles. In the living room will be a broad, open fire place of cedar logs and the fire place is to be unique in design. The floor will be paved with brick, with flower beds around the edges and will form one of the most attractive features of the house. The grounds will be shrubbed with cactus and desert-loving shrubs. The exterior of the house will be so treated that when it is finished the rough timber and plaster work will look as if it had been done for years."

And that in southern California, the Simpson of the Burlington and the California mission style. The San Diego Union prints a fine three-column picture of the house.

Victor Higgins, the Taos artist, and R. G. Bunker, George Smith, San Francisco, will be in the museum today. Mr. Higgins will make an exhibit of his pictures in the palace some time in November. He will leave for his Chicago home, the beginning of December. Together with Mr. Randall he has just visited the Pecos mission church ruins as restored by the School of American Archaeology and is enthusiastic over the beauty of their location.

The following registered at the museum: R. M. Middleton, Fair Park, Tex.; Charles Raderberg, Pony, Tex.; Lillian D. Smith, F. Eleanor Calister, M. D. Detroit, Mich.; Margaret Simakoff, Staten Island, N. Y.; Joseph C. Striker, Buffalo, Victor Higgins, Chicago; H. G. Randall, Taos; Miss Veta Abrah, Miss Sofia Abrah, Rayado, N. M.; R. C. Lenthall, Louisville, Ky.; W. R. Warner, Morris Haas, Chicago; J. G. Heuler, George Smith, San Francisco; E. R. Stewart, wife and son Harry, Kohaka, Mo.; Mrs. Alice C. Maik, Long Beach, Calif.; Mrs. Harry Goss, Champaign, Ill.; C. H. Ford, Kansas City, Parker Spencer, Guthrie, Okla.; L. R. Castle, Bridgeport, Conn.; I. A. Robinson, Great Bend, Kas.

After Columbus Check Forger. Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Requisition papers have gone forward to Sheriff Simpson of Luna county for C. L. Ortega charged with issuing a forged check at Columbus on an El Paso bank. Sheriff Simpson has also gone to El Paso for James Murphy, under arrest there, and charged with burglary at Columbus.

TWO CASES ARE HANDED DOWN BY SUPREME COURT

Rehearing Denied in Suit From Bernalillo County and Judgment Affirmed in Litigation Involving Mechanic's Lien.

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—In the state supreme court this afternoon, in an opinion by Associate Justice Frank W. Parker, a rehearing was denied in the case of Lyle L. King, et al., vs. A. H. Stroup, from Bernalillo county.

In the case of George W. Pease, appellee, vs. John Grekar, from Colfax county, the lower court was affirmed in an opinion by Associate Justice R. H. Hanson. The case was one in equity to foreclose a mechanic's lien, arising out of the erection of a two-story brick building in Haton. Appellant demurred to the complaint, subsequently answering and setting up a counter-claim and alleged waiver of the lien, in which appellee replied, asserting an absence of consideration for the waiver and fraud in its procurement. To the reply appellant demurred but did not in this demurrer or the demurrer to the complaint raise a jurisdictional question. The demurrers were overruled by the trial court and the parties proceeded to trial before the court, which resulted in a judgment for appellee for the sum of \$241.81 and attorney's fees in the sum of \$30.

Syllabus by the Court.
1. An application for extension of time to settle and sign a bill of exceptions made within ten days of the return day violates the provisions of Sec. 4505, Code of 1915, and where an extension of time has been allowed within said ten day period and a bill of exceptions settled pursuant to such order of extension of time, it must be stricken on proper motion therefor.
2. A demurrer waives his right to object to an adverse ruling on his demurrer by proceeding to trial on the merits or by subsequently pleading over to the merits.
3. In every ancillary or supplemental pleading filed by a party it is necessary for him to therein re-state his entire cause of action, defense or reply, and all matters set forth in his original pleading are abandoned.
4. Where the appellant complains of the fact that the court omitted to make findings of fact but did not call this omission to go to the attention of the trial court, the point is not available in this court.

Well-expanded Lungs Not Enough.
Pure blood is indispensable to the health and strength of the lungs. The delicate structure of these organs makes it necessary. When the blood is impure the lungs lose their tone, and even if they are permitted to expand freely, they have not the power fully to perform their important work. The fact is, there is nothing more necessary in our physical economy than pure blood—the kind of blood that Hood's Sarsaparilla makes. This medicine is the good old reliable family remedy for diseases of the blood, scrofula, rheumatism, catarrhs, and low or run-down conditions of the system. At this time, when coughs and colds are so prevalent, Hood's Sarsaparilla is an invaluable tonic, it cures, and begins to take at once. Accept no substitute.

PECOS VALLEY TO ESTABLISH SUGAR FACTORY

Provided Ten Thousand Acres Are Put Into Beets, Company Represented by J. M. Hervey Will Build Plant.

Rowell, N. M., Oct. 8.—If plans formulated at a meeting of business men and farmers mature there will be a sugar beet factory in the Pecos valley. J. M. Hervey is representing a company which will establish a factory here provided at least 10,000 acres will be planted in beets.

A preliminary step a number of farmers have agreed to plant is an experiment of one acre patches of beets during the coming season. An analysis will be made and some idea obtained as to the worth of the beets in this section of the country. It is thought, moreover, that this will be an excellent way for the farmers to learn how to handle the beets preparatory to planting a larger acreage. The first year the beets will be used for stock feed, and if everything works out as the promoters believe it will, the factory will be built.

Some experiments have been made with sugar beets here and a sufficient amount has been grown to demonstrate that the per cent of saccharine obtained is very high on Pecos valley land.

The farmers in this section are branching out more and more in live stock and especially dairying and the stock men are very anxious to have the factory here because of the value of beet pulp as a feed for stock and especially dairy cattle.

It is believed the whole plan will work out well for many of the farmers and all the stock men. It is this well planned out scheme of crops in which the by-product may be utilized that the leading farmers and stock men are striving for in the Pecos valley. They believe that the big mistake in the past has been the carrying of all the eggs in one basket and that if there is greater diversity the results will be much more satisfactory and profitable.

STATE SCHOOL FINANCES TO BE INVESTIGATED

Santa Fe, Oct. 8.—Rupert F. Asplund of the state tax commission has begun the systematic and detailed investigation of school finances in New Mexico. Santa Fe county will be the first county in which he will analyze and separate as well as compare the expenditures of each school district and the expenditures of the county as a whole.

NEW SCHOOL IN MOUNTAINAIR IS NEARLY FINISHED

Carpenters and Painters Putting on Final Touches to Building That Will Be an Ornament to Community.

MOUNTAINAIR, N. M., Oct. 8.—The new school building, although in use so far as the recitation rooms are concerned, is receiving the finishing touches at the hands of the carpenters and painters. The building, which is of native stone and brick, public-dashed, stands at the upper end of Broadway, overlooking the village. It has a spacious basement, which will provide laboratories for the manual training and domestic science departments, lavatories, toilet rooms, etc.

On the first floor one enters a roomy hallway, which leads into a commodious auditorium, which will be used as an assembly room for the school children and as a gathering place for the school patrons for various meetings. The room will be seated with opera chairs of pleasing design. On either side of the hallway are classrooms for the pupils, and near the main entrance the superintendent's office. Also on the first floor are four well-lighted and splendidly ventilated recitation rooms. The building is heated by steam, the plant finding room in the basement. The building has metal ceilings throughout, painted "ivory," which blends well with the woodwork and walls.

A thirty-two inch bell, weighing 650 pounds has just been installed and is giving splendid satisfaction, its pleasing tones vailing the pupils from all points of the compass. The structure complete shows an investment of about \$15,000, which is more than good for the people of Mountainair and vicinity.

The enrollment has already passed the hundred mark, with a number of students yet to enter. The teaching force is showing good work and consists of: E. C. Woolward, superintendent in charge of the high school work; Mrs. J. H. Vay, sixth, seventh and eighth grades; Mrs. McKenney, third, fourth and fifth grades; Miss Alice Heyland, first and second grades.

Farmers in this vicinity are beginning to market their bean crop, which is the best in the history of the country, both as to the acreage and yield. During the first week, after shipments commenced, twelve cars averaging 1,000 pounds each were shipped to eastern points. These represented a valuation to the farmer of \$27,000.

Two power outfits are kept busy cleaning the beans, preparatory to shipment.

Some of the bean "stories" are almost beyond comprehension. Milton C. Hopkins, who came to Mountainair last March, filed on a small tract of land and seeded a portion to beans,

which he cultivated carefully, in spite of a dry spell during the summer his crop kept growing, and he has disposed of his beans for \$2.00 a bushel. His land is now being planted to beans from a measure here. He has threshed only a portion of his crop, sixty-five acres, weighing him 75,000 pounds, in an average 1,125 pounds per acre. The produce of this vicinity are averaging 2,000 pounds per acre, according to reports from John Cooper, whose farm is on the mesa, and whose crop this year covered 250 acres. His son did practically all the work required to grow the crop. He has not threshed as yet.

B. L. Shaw and C. S. Kitching have been marketing their potatoes. The latter dug 4,000 pounds from a 1/2 acre, the tubers being firm, well-cured and of good size. He says the crop brought him at the rate of \$1.00 per acre, the land being ordinary for an acre land. These dry crops are strong are of better keeping value than the irrigated soil.

The members of the boys' and girls' clubs who attended the state fair at El Paso, Tex., are expected to return to Mountainair in the near future. There will be keen competition among the youngsters another year.

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Third.—The great number of unhealed testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., many of which are from time to time published by permission, are proof of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, in the treatment of female ills.

Fourth.—Every ailing woman in the United States is cordially invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free, will bring you health and may save your life.

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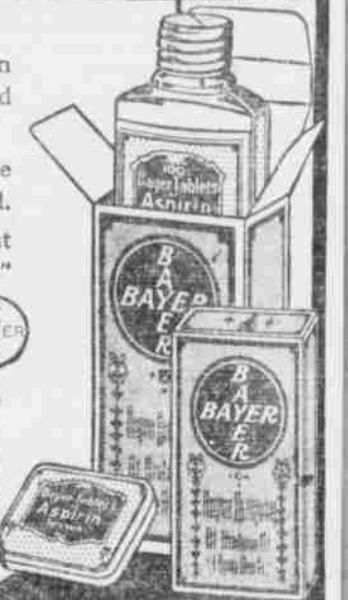
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By George McManus

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