

11-18-1899

## Albuquerque Daily Citizen, 11-18-1899

Hughes & McCreight

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Associated Press Afternoon Telegrams.  
Official Paper of Bernalillo County.  
Largest City and County Circulation  
Largest New Mexico Circulation  
Largest North Arizona Circulation

ALBUQUERQUE, — NOV. 18, 1926

This city needs a savings bank.

GEN. MILES will be the guest of this city one day next week.

ADMIRAL DREWY positively declines to be a candidate for the presidency.

JAPAN is restive under Russian aggression and may declare war at any time.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY is putting the finishing touches to his annual message.

DURING the past year actual settlers located on 170,230 acres of government land in New Mexico.

THE chances are favorable that somebody will get whipped in South Africa before Christmas comes.

THE territorial land board met at Santa Fe this week, and favorably considered several school land cases.

CARBOLIC acid poisoning cases have become so common in every community as to suggest an investigation of drugstore practices in this direction.

CONGRESSMAN ROBERTS of Utah will try to hold his seat in congress. He contends that his Mormon religion does not disqualify him from representing his state.

THE republican idea is to keep up the American flag, American credit and American property, and to keep down rebellion, Aguinaldo, bad Americans and bad dollars.

THE people of California are deeply interested in the subject of storing water for irrigation purposes. A largely attended convention of those interested was held in San Francisco this week.

PEARL HART, the ARIZONA bandit, pleaded her own case at the Florence court, and was acquitted by the tender hearted jury. She tearfully stated that she wanted to go to her mother in Ohio.

NEAR Crescent City, Illinois, on the night of the 17th, a falling meteor struck a farm house and completely wrecked it. The aerolite buried itself in the ground about three feet from the foundation of the house.

THE treasury statement for Nov. 11, 1926, shows that the expenditures for the government for the fiscal year to date were \$204,861,152.94. The largest single item was for war, \$63,088,31, but it was followed closely by pensions, \$56,168,176.53.

ONE of the latest triumphs in the engineering world consists in the construction, shipment by steamer and subsequent transfer to railway transportation of a steamer of 4,300 tons displacement, which was finally put afloat in Lake Baikal, Siberia, not less than 5,000 miles from St. Petersburg.

THE government should teach the Navajo Indians the rudiments of agriculture and keep the tribe on its big reservation. They have an immense country, but prefer to roam all over northwest New Mexico and northern Arizona. It is this nomadic habit that now and then leads to trouble with the ranchmen.

THE new government printing office at Washington will cost about \$2,000,000 and it is said that even after its completion it will not be large enough to meet the demands upon it. The new building will be eight stories in height and its floor space will be about nine acres. The floors will sustain a load of 85,000,000 pounds.

THE revolution started in Venezuela about two months ago by General Cipriano Castro against President Andrade has resulted in the deposition and flight of the latter, the organization of a provisional government and the surrender, after a decisive battle and much slaughter, of Puerto Cabello to the revolutionists. The uprising was due to the tyranny of Andrade, and to his general mismanagement of public affairs.

GREAT Salt Lake is receding on account of the excessive drains made upon it by irrigation enterprises. This lake is not fed by underground springs, but by the Jordan and other rivers, and when the waters of these streams are intercepted for irrigation purposes the water supply of the Salt Lake is, of course, diminished so that the evaporation which is constantly going on is not made up by a new supply. In time it looks as if the lake will be only a bed of dry salt.

RAILWAY EXPANSION.

The marvelous development in the railway system of the United States almost passes comprehension, though some idea may be gained of it by a comparison of the figures for the past eighteen years.

According to Poor's Manual there were 93,262 miles of railway in this country in 1880, while last year the total mileage was 180,810, an increase of 100 per cent. While the miles of road had increased 100 per cent, the actual track mileage had increased 112 per cent, from 10,547 to 245,239 miles, show a much greater proportion of sidings and supplemental track. In 1880 there were 33,680 miles of steel rails and 81,967 miles of iron rails, but in 1926 the steel rail mileage had multiplied 565 per cent to 220,894 miles, while the iron rails had decreased 70 per cent to 24,345 miles and will soon be a thing of the past.

FOREIGN TRADE.

The statements of the imports and exports of the United States for the month of October last, issued by the bureau of statistics, shows that the amount of merchandise imported during the month was \$72,046,594, of which \$29,092,014 was free of duty. The exports of domestic merchandise during the same month amounted to \$125,252,972. During the last ten months the exports of merchandise exceeded the imports by \$470,967,157.

The imports of gold during the last month amounted to \$7,562,876 and the exports amounted to \$772,867. During the last ten months the imports of gold exceeded the exports by \$8,190,593. The silver imports during October amounted to \$2,193,126 and the exports to \$4,850,510. During the last ten months, the exports of silver exceeded the imports by \$19,836,721.

## LOCATION OF BRIDGE.

One of the weekly democratic papers of this city asserts that the board of county commissioners has changed the location of the new county bridge across the Rio Grande, putting it three miles farther up the river near Pena Blanca than at first located, and making it more beneficial to Santa Fe than to the people of this county. The weekly paper makes the alleged change the foundation for a personal attack on Mr. Miera, the chairman of the board. The people of this city know of no change in the location as made by County Surveyor Pearson, and there is no reason for putting any credence in the assertions of the weekly paper, which makes the foolish assertion that Jack Akers, of Santa Fe, had the location changed. Mr. Miera is making a faithful county commissioner, and will do nothing injurious to this city.

## NEXT YEAR.

NEXT year it is expected that Rome will draw as many visitors as the Paris exposition. According to calculations which have been made by the Vatican secretary of state, at least 1,200,000 pilgrims will visit Rome—an average of 3,000 a day. The amount of Peter's penny they will bring is expected to reach \$10,000,000, while the amount of money they will spend in Italy is reckoned at \$300,000,000.

## THIS PEOPLE OF NEW MEXICO.

THIS people of New Mexico deplore the untimely death of Lieut. Max Luna. He was a gallant officer, brave and daring, and was making for himself a brilliant military reputation. He was an honor to the territory and his memory will be revered by the people of New Mexico.

## DIAMONDS DISCOVERED IN WISCONSIN.

The report that diamonds have been found in Wisconsin will draw thousands to that state. How madly we rush after riches, and how little we treasure the only true wealth—Health. All of the diamonds and money in the world cannot bring happiness without health. Because of its mad rush for wealth, America has become a nation of dyspeptics. No other people abuses its stomachs as we do, and therefore no other nation is so subject to nervousness, insomnia, indigestion, biliousness and torpid liver. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has restored more weak stomachs to health than can be counted. Its results have been phenomenal. To avoid imitations, be sure that a private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

## Dewey on Deck.

The Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n. with its usual enterprise, has just issued an American Army and Navy Deck of Playing Cards of finest stock, with gilt edges and attractive back in green and gold, the face cards being prominent officers of the army and navy, Dewey serving as the King of Hearts, Schley as the King of Diamonds, etc.

## THESE FACE PLAYING CARDS.

These face playing cards are the finest ever produced, and the first time when the character of the face card has been represented by introducing a face card without destroying the identity or character of the card, and it is as easy and simple to use this deck of cards in any game as if playing with a regular deck.

## TWO-DECK STAMPS SENT TO THE MAIL.

Two two-deck stamps sent to the Mail-Nutrition Dept., Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n., St. Louis, Mo., U. S. A., to pay cost of revenue, postage, mailing, etc., will secure a pack of these novel and attractive cards, and as the supply is limited it will be wise to send early.

## AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to your hearts, as a constipating condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all druggists.

## H. S. KNIGHT.

Wants to buy second-hand furniture, and will give more for it than anybody else. Also agent for J. B. Colt & Co.'s celebrated Criterion Acetylene gas generators. Have for sale, fine oak oak top office desk and leather-back chair, new and complete fixtures for an elegant restaurant. Will trade 320 acres of cultivated land near Riverside, Cal., for property here. Will sell cheap, beautiful homes or real estate in any part of the city; five-stamp mill, and contractor; horses, buggies, surreys, phonograph, piano, and two fixtures, two billiard and two pool tables, a bowling alley. I make a specialty of auction sales. For a small commission I will make money for you in any business you wish transacted. Drop me a card and I will be pleased to call. Have a large store for rent.

## A True Friend.

A friend in need is a friend indeed. That is exactly what Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is. It is the mother's help when she is suddenly awakened in the night by the ominous hoarse cough, and labored breathing of her babe. It is the safe resort of the young mother when he has "caught cold" and there is coughing and irritation of the mucous membrane of the throat. It allays the irritation and cures the cold. For sale by all druggists.

## Walter Bourne of Denver.

Walter Bourne of Denver, is in the city, looking up a location for a Kewley Institute. He is pleased with New Mexico, and will establish an institute here if he can secure a suitable building.

## Sick headache absolutely and permanently cured by using Moki Tea.

A pleasant herb drink. Cures constipation and indigestion; makes you eat, sleep, work and happy. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. 25 cts. and 50 cts. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

## Christmas will soon be here—prepare for a handsome Christmas present by buying your fall and winter supply of dry goods of us and receive a beautiful present free. B. H. Field &amp; Co.

## Stenography and typewriting at THE CITIZEN COLLEGE.

## For Catarrh

Hay-Fever Cold in Head

KEYS CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply to the throat, chest, or head. Sold by all druggists or by mail. KEYS BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

## CHRONIC MALARIA

Is the result of repeated acute attacks. The liver and spleen are principally affected. They act as storehouses for the malarial poison and the blood takes it from them.

The poison must be driven out of the system. HUYDAY will destroy the action of the poison and eventually destroy the last particle of it from the system.

In addition to this, HUYDAY will restore the lost appetite. It will build up the weakened system. HUYDAY will make new blood and new flesh. The pains in the bones will disappear. HUYDAY has cured others and it will cure you. We describe the symptoms. Study them carefully. They are yours. Do not delay longer, but take HUYDAY now and you will be cured.

## HERE ARE YOUR SYMPTOMS.

1. CONSTANT HEADACHE AND TROUBLED BRAIN. Take HUYDAY and your headache will disappear.

2. PALE OR YELLOWISH COMPLEXION. HUYDAY will establish a free circulation of pure blood and cause the flesh to assume its natural color.

3. LOSS OF APPETITE AND ONAWE IN THE STOMACH. HUYDAY will restore the appetite and the digestion of food will become perfect.

4. FEELING OF WEIGHT OVER THE LIVER. This is due to the enlargement of the liver. It is filled with the poison of malarial. HUYDAY will drive out the poison and cause the organ to assume its natural size.

5. HEAVINESS IN THE REGION OF THE SPLEEN. The spleen becomes greatly enlarged. HUYDAY will lessen the congestion and cause the heaviness to disappear.

You are suffering from Chronic Malaria and you can be cured. HUYDAY will relieve every symptom and make you well. HUYDAY can be obtained of all druggists. It costs only 50 cents a bottle. If you are not cured, we will refund your money. Write to the HUYDAY REMEDY COMPANY, 1001 Broadway, New York City, for a free trial.

## HUYDAY REMEDY COMPANY.

Cor. Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts., San Francisco, Cal.

## FLAGSTAFF FLASHES.

A Few Paragraphs from the "Nightlight" City.

From the Gen.

Religious left for Herrington, Kansas, to visit a sister, after which he will visit at his old home at Council Bluffs, Kansas.

William Roden, who was wounded in the thigh in the fight with the Navajo Indians last Saturday evening, is getting along nicely and will be well in a few days.

Deputy Sheriff Dan Hogan's wounds, received Saturday evening in the Indian fight, were not painful enough to keep him from discharging his official duties as though nothing had happened.

The Riordan hose company will give a masquerade ball on New Year's eve. The proceeds will go for the benefit of the hose company and the ball should be well patronized.

The voting contest for the election of a Maid of Honor from Flagstaff, to attend the Queen at the Phoenix Carnival opened at a late hour Thursday. It is predicted that the contest will be lively from now on till the close. Candidates may enter the race at any time before the polls are closed.

Mrs. A. Dutton and Mrs. A. N. Taylor gave a reception at Mrs. Dutton's home to the students of the Normal school. They were pleasantly entertained by these ladies, and expressed themselves delighted with the occasion. Each student now wears his colors, being white and yellow.

## Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every call is a sugar-coated globe of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fog into mental power. They're superior in building up the body. Only 25c per box. Sold by J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

## Arizona Postoffice Receipts.

The gross receipts of the presidential postoffice of Arizona for the fiscal year of 1926 are as follows: Phoenix, \$21,085; Tucson, \$13,474.35; Prescott, \$10,730.10; Jerome, \$6,861.03; Bisbee, \$5,742.53; Flagstaff and Globe, \$4,149.52 each; Nogales, \$3,508.50; Yuma, \$3,485.07; Williams, \$3,013.75; Winslow, \$2,439.10; Tempe, \$2,395.22; Kingman, \$1,710.17; Clifton, \$1,553.70.

## TO CURE LA GRIPPE IN TWO DAYS.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

## Handsome Railroad Folder.

In advertising his California limited, which is running this year four times a week from Chicago to Los Angeles, the Santa Fe has issued one of the most artistic pieces of printing that has been seen in railroad offices.

The main color of the paper cover is a deep, rich blue, upon the front of which is an Aztec design in red, green and yellow. On the back is the picture of an Indian doli, tricked out in the fur and feathers of a brave. Pots and Indian trappings in variegated colors form the design of the interior of the cover. The reading matter, which describes the fittings of the train, is re-inforced by a series of pictures and designs.

J. D. Bridges, Editor "Democrat," Lancaster, N. H., says, "One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy for cough I ever used." Immediately relieved and cured cough, cold, croup, asthma, pneumonia, bronchitis, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. It prevents consumption. —Berry Drug Co.

## A New Store.

A new grocery store and saloon has been opened up for business at 1011 South Second street by Tartaglia Bros. A big line of fancy groceries was received a few days ago, and now a new manager is prepared to fill any and all orders. Choice liquors and cigars will always be found in stock. Remember the number. It will pay you to give us a call.

Moki Tea positively cures sick headache, indigestion and constipation. A delightful herb drink. Remove all eruptions of the skin, producing a perfect complexion, or money refunded; 25 cts. and 50 cts. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

## Rough Voyage to Manila.

Mrs. A. M. Berger, of Santa Fe, has received a letter from Mr. Maximiliano Luna, who is at present with her parents at San Antonio, Texas. Mrs. Luna writes that she received a letter from her husband, Lieutenant Luna, stating that he had arrived at Manila after a very

stormy voyage. The transport on which he crossed the Pacific was tossed about in a storm. The machinery providing the ship with electric light was damaged, and the ship was plunged in utter darkness for some time, during which a boy was swept from the deck by a high wave and was drowned.

## LAS VEGAS.

From the Optic.

Miss Katherine Wilson is suffering from an attack of pleurisy.

Married at the Methodist parsonage on Wednesday evening, November 16, by Rev. J. F. Kellogg, Mr. Will R. Gibble and Miss Clara Doerr.

Last evening, at 8 o'clock, at the home of the groom, on Bridge street, Rev. J. F. Kellogg united in the holy bonds of matrimony, C. D. Rodes, of this city, and Mrs. Mary Ridenour, of Dunlop, Cal.

Only relatives and a few intimate friends of the contracting parties were present, it being a very quiet affair.

Col. G. H. Hutchinson sold to F. V. Palmer, of Minnesota, the Mineral Hill property, known as the John Holland ranch. Mr. Palmer expects to stock this ranch with a fine breed of sheep for the purpose of raising bucks, on account of being acquainted, can readily be sold to growers as they will be far better than bucks shipped in from the east.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Reinech, of Topeka, have arrived in the city. Mr. Reinech is landscape gardener for the Santa Fe road and was here last summer for the purpose of laying out the Castaneda hotel grounds and starting a lawn. The road will ship in fifteen carloads of blue grass seed from Lawrence, Kas., one having arrived yesterday, and if the weather permits the grounds at the depot and around the hotel will be sodded within the next two weeks.

## The King of Hearts.

On the new, fancy playing cards is Admiral Dewey; other face cards represented by other American heroes. These elegant cards are obtainable only by sending ten two-cent stamps to Mail-Nutrition Dept., Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n., St. Louis, U. S. A. The finest ever produced. Send for a pack at once.

## RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Meeting of the Ministerial association in the M. E. parsonage at 10 o'clock Monday morning. W. Jaggard, president.

Presbyterian Church—Silver avenue and Fifth street. T. C. Beattie, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Y. P. S. C. K. at 6:45 p. m. All invited.

German Lutheran Evangelical St. Paul's church, Rev. T. A. Bendat, pastor—German Sunday school, 10 a. m. German services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Highland Methodist Episcopal church, south, J. A. McClure, pastor. Sabbath school 9:45 a. m.; Epworth League 6:30 p. m.; preaching 11 a. m. in the interest of the Ladies' Aid Society. Sermon at 7:30 p. m. against Intemperance. A hearty welcome to everyone.

Lead Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, Lead Avenue and Third Street—Rev. W. Jaggard, pastor—Sunday school at 10 a. m.; preaching, 11 a. m.; Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.; preaching at 7:30 p. m. Week of prayer begins on Monday evening at 7:30. All invited. W. Jaggard, pastor.

First Baptist church, Lead Avenue. Bruce Kinney, pastor; J. B. Brown, superintendent of Sunday school. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Morning service at 11 o'clock, subject "God's Time and Our Time." Christian Kewenaw at 6:30 p. m. Evening service at 7:30, subject "The Supreme Command." All invited.

St. John's Episcopal Church—Order of services for Sunday, November 19: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; at 7 a. m. holy communion; 11 a. m. morning prayer and sermon, subject "Who is the Greatest?" or "Christianity's reversal of the World's judgment." 7:30 p. m. a full choral service and sermon. Subject: "Woe and Found Wanting." Rev. R. Reddon, rector.

Congregational Church—Broadway and Coal avenue. Frank H. Allen, pastor. Sermon at 11 a. m. on "God's Open Door Policy." At 7:30 p. m. the railroad men of Albuquerque are invited to a special service at which Mrs. Knightrider will sing the Holy City. Subject of the service "The Disposition of the School at 9:45 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m.; Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Everyone cordially invited, particularly railroad men.

Beware of Quackery for Quackery that Quackery Merely.

an accursed will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

## WINSLOW WAIFS.

Short Paragraphs from a Good Santa Fe Pacific Town.

From the Mail.

Miss Emma Hoehrer has returned to Flagstaff from a visit to Winslow.

Fred M. French has built an addition to his lively saloon, and is making other improvements.

Wm. Brophy thinks something of going to Fresno, California, and may conclude to locate there permanently.

The ladies of the G. I. A. to the B. of L. E. will hold a grand bazaar on the evenings of the 23d and 24th inst. in the new opera house. It will also be open during the afternoon of the 23d.

The three veteran miners, Messrs. Bauerbach, Flickinger and Bargman, returned from their hunting trip the latter part of last week and succeeded in hanging up in camp nine fine, large bucks, notwithstanding the fact that there had been so much shooting and banging in the mountains during the past six weeks that everything had become wilder than a deer.

Geo. Noland, Rockland, Ohio, says: "My wife had piles for forty years. Dr. Witt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her. It is the best salve in America." It heals everything and cures all skin diseases. —Berry Drug Co.

## MORE ABOUT BLACK JACK.

He is Recognized as one of the Murderers of Young Herstein, at Liberty.

When Tom Ketchum was taken to the train Thursday by United States Marshal Forester and Deputy Marshal Hall in a hack, the train being a little late, a curious crowd gathered around the hack to get a look at the boldest robber and murderer that has operated in New Mexico since the days of Billy the Kid, says the Las Vegas Optic. But Black Jack was not in the humor to stand on exhibition and drew his hat over his face while he remained in the carriage and when he walked to the train threw his overcoat over his head. He is a big man, almost as large as the worst United States marshal. While at the train the only person who was deigned to talk to was a one-armed man who was standing in the crowd and whom he asked where his arm was taken off, saying that his own was taken off at the shoulder.

Among those who were in the court room Thursday when Ketchum pleaded guilty was a Mexican who was working for young Herstein at the time that Herstein and another employee, a Mexican, were killed at Liberty two years ago. This man recognized Ketchum as one of the murderers who after killing Herstein and the other man came up to where the bodies lay to see if they were dead. He says he had thrown himself on the ground and feigned death, and Ketchum, after examining the other two bodies came up to where he lay and rolling him over remarked to his companion who was doubtless Sam Ketchum: "I wonder if he is dead; I have a notion to throw a ball through his head anyway." Whereupon Sam replied, "O, let him alone he's dead enough."

It is said that Black Jack has killed no less than fifteen men during his murderous career and with the evidence against him on three or four different charges, for which he can be tried, it is difficult to see how he can hope to escape for many months more the fate of waiting a hempen cravat, with one end tied to a beam.

## Brave Men Fall.

Victims to stomachic liver and kidney troubles, as well as women, and all feel the result in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, headache, nervousness, backache and tired, listless run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to L. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man who is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and a good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50c a bottle at H. O'Reilly & Co. drug store, every bottle guaranteed.

George Carson and John Lynch, who are doing some development work on the mines of Dr. Hope in the Hell canyon district, came in from the mountains yesterday and will spend several days here. They report the properties of the above district looking fine, and continue to predict a bright future for the Hell canyon district.

## THEY WANT TO TELL.

These Grateful Women Who Have Been Helped by Mrs. Pinkham.

Women who have suffered severely and been relieved of their ills by Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine are constantly urging publication of their statements for the benefit of other women. Here are two such letters:

Mrs. L. E. Dwyer, 258 Merrimac St., Lowell, Mass., writes:

"It affords me great pleasure to tell all suffering women of the benefit I have received from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am hardly able to express my gratitude for what she has done for me. My trouble was ulceration of the womb. I was under the doctor's care. Upon examination he found fifteen very large ulcers, but he failed to do me good. I took several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, also used the Sanative Balm, and am cured. Mrs. Pinkham's medicine saved my life, and I would recommend it to all suffering women."

Mrs. AMOS THOMBLEY, Ellenburgh Cir., N. Y., writes:

"I took cold at the time my baby was born, causing me to have milk stags, and was sick in bed for several weeks. Doctors did me no good. I surely thought I would die. I was all so troubled with falling of the womb. I could not eat, had faint spells as often as ten times a day. One day a lady named Dwyer told me of the benefit she had derived from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine, and advised me to try it. I did so, and had taken only half a bottle before I was able to sit in a chair. After taking three bottles I could do my own work. I am now in perfect health."

## Professor of Music.

Miss Nellie Taylor (holding a diploma from London, England, College of Music) will receive pupils for instruction in piano-forte and singing (voice culture). Address Postoffice Box 316, or inquire at Kewitt's jewelry store, Railroad avenue.

## FOUR PAGE.

Shows the state of your feelings and the state of your health as well. Impure blood makes itself apparent in a pale and sallow complexion, pimples and eruptions. If you are feeling weak and worn out and do not have a healthy appearance you should try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It cures blood diseases, where colds and coughs are so-called purifiers fall. Knowing this, we sell every bottle on a positive guarantee. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

## The Jada Grocery Company.

We quote the following prices which we hope will meet your approval and you will give us a share of our trade:

12 cans assorted fruit.....\$ 1.00

12 cans sweet peas..... 1.00

12 cans green beans..... 1.00

3 lbs. soda or oyster crackers..... 25

Sugar cured ham..... 12 1/2

2 racks honey..... 25

2 cans Anderson jam..... 25

2 cans pumpkins..... 25





SOLE AGENT FOR

Men's Waldorf, Box Calf and Stetson.

Ladies' Tri-on-Fa, Queen Quality, Ultra and Sorosis Shoes.

Children's Security Shoes.

Our stock of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Fine Footwear, is up to date, and, as our expenses are low, we sell them at a closer margin than any of our competitors and save you money.

Don't fail to inspect our stock and verify this statement.

MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED. Repairing Done Neatly and Reasonably.

## THE DAILY CITIZEN

ALBUQUERQUE, — NOV. 18, 1909

### CLOUTHIER & McRAE

#### Fancy Grocers

214 Railroad Avenue.

Agents for  
Chase & Sanborn's  
Fine Coffees and Teas,  
Monarch Canned Goods,  
Adirondack Maple Syrup, and  
Imperial Patent Flour (the best)  
Prompt attention given to mail orders.

## MONEY TO LOAN

On diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, trust deeds or any good security. Terms very moderate.

### H. SIMPSON

207 South Second Street, Albuquerque, New Mexico, next door to Western Union Telegraph office.

### B. A. SLEYSER

#### Fire Insurance

#### Accident Insurance

#### Real Estate

#### Notary Public.

ROOMS 13 & 14 CROMWELL BLOCK  
Automatic Telephone No. 174.

### L. H. SHOEMAKER

205 West Gold Avenue next to First National Bank.

#### New and Second Hand Furniture,

PAINTS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS.  
Repairing a Specialty.

Furniture stored and packed for shipment. Highest prices paid for second-hand household goods.

### A. J. RICHARDS

#### CIGARETS, TOBACCOS,

#### SMOKERS' SUPPLIES.

A share of the patronage of the public is solicited.

#### NEW STORE! NEW STOCK!

113 Railroad Avenue.

### W. C. BUTMAN

#### REAL ESTATE.

#### FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.

Rents Collected.  
Money to Loan on Real Estate Security.

Office with Mutual Automatic Telephone Co.  
CROMWELL BLOCK.  
Telephone 425.

### A. SIMPIER

#### Undertaker.

### H. A. MONTFORT

Embalmer and Funeral Director.

P. F. FOX, Assistant.

Open day and Night. Both Telephones.

1899

### F. G. Pratt & Co.

DEALERS IN  
STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES

214 S. Second St.  
Hillside  
Creamery Butter  
Best on hand

Orders  
Solicited.  
Free delivery

## CITY NEWS.

Steel ranges at Futrell's.

Mechanics' tools. Whitney Company.

Milk drinkers. Try Matthews' Jersey milk.

One mantle, the best made. Whitney Company.

Linen, all grades, at R. F. Hellweg & Co's.

Luscious fruits of all kinds at J. L. Bell & Co's.

Stove repairs for any stove made. Whitney Company.

Headquarters for whips at Keleher's.

10 cents to \$1.50.

Fresh breakfast foods always on hand at J. L. Bell & Co's.

See the fine assortment of iron beds and rockers at Futrell's.

See the ready embroidered lunch cloths, doilies, etc., at the Economist.

Guns for rent. Loaded shells for sale. Albuquerque Cycle and Arms Co.

Ladies kid gloves, every pair guaranteed, \$1.00 per pair. Rosenwald Bros.

We have received a new consignment of Japanese and China matting. Albert Faber.

Look into Kleinwort's market on north Third street. He has the nicest fresh meats in the city.

Buy the Gideon Queen cook stove—best on earth. J. O. Gideon, sole agent. No. 205 south First street.

Now is your opportunity to lay in a good supply of table linen. Lunch cloths, etc., at the Economist.

Be sure and see our stock of men's furnishings. Anything in shirts, ties, gloves, collars and cuffs, suspender, half hose and underwear. We can save you money. B. Hild & Co.

Before making up your mind about purchasing anything in the jewelry or optical line call on us. Our prices are

## Jack Frost

Has arrived, accompanied by a marked demand for heavy wearing apparel. Having preceded the demand by the purchase of an immense stock of heavy winter goods we are placed in a position to supply these wants.

### SOME EXCEPTIONAL VALUES:

Ladies' Fleece and Silk lined Gloves, fur-trimmed in kid and mocha, worth from \$1.25 to \$2.00, while they last at the uniform price of

\$1.00.

Ladies' Nightgowns, made of heavy flannelette, cheap at \$1.25.....

95 Cents.

Gentlemen's Flannelette Night Robes; they won't last long at.....

95 Cents.

Ladies' Wrappers of high grade flannelette

85 Cents.

Come early, before they are all gone.

That Gentlemen's Underwear we are selling at \$1.45

per suit excels any \$2.25 suit in town.

It's not often you get such an opportunity, so don't miss it. You'll be sorry if you do.

## Rosenwald Bros

### LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

An elegant hot free lunch at Zeiger's Cafe to-night.

F. H. Kent went up to Bland this morning, intending to remain several days.

J. Fred Lohman, of Las Cruces, has returned from a visit to relatives in St. Louis.

Information comes that there has been several deaths among children in Los Corrales from diphtheria.

The circus had no White Elephant, but Albuquerque has one, and it is noted for its fine lunches. To-night there will be something extra good served. Don't miss it.

A. J. Richards is putting up a very handsome sign over his new place of business on Railroad avenue, which informs the public that it is "Joe Richards' Cigar Store" and that he has cigars and pipes to sell.

It is reported in this city that J. J. Frey, who has tendered his resignation as general manager of the Santa Fe railway, will accept an important position with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, of which road Hon. George R. Peck is the general counsel. Mr. Frey's resignation takes effect January 1, 1910.

Mrs. Knightlinger, who has won so many admirers for her singing, will render "The Holy City" to-morrow night at the railroad men's meeting at the Congregational church. Rev. Allen will speak on "Minding the Dishwasher." The attention of the public, especially of railroad men, is called to this service at 7:30 o'clock. Closes promptly at 8:30.

Mrs. Smith, proprietress of the Roosevelt house on west Railroad avenue, will leave this evening for Kansas City, Mo., for medical treatment. Mrs. Smith has been quite ill for some time, recently submitting to an operation, and as she does not seem to improve her attending physician has advised her to make a visit to Kansas City.

Judge Stansbury will next week go to the Navajo reservation to defend the government against a claim made by the Continental Coal and Cattle company for destruction of their property by the Indians in 1887. He will make a drive across country for seventy miles from Gallup. The coal company has some difficulty at their trading post with the Indians, in which an Indian was killed and the representatives of the company fled

to escape the wrath of the red men. They did not return for some time, but when they did, they found their property gone and considerable damage done, and so made a claim on the government for \$10,000. They will attempt to prove that the Indians are responsible, but the government thinks the coal company was in the wrong and that other parties committed the depredations. Attorney L. L. Henry, of Gallup, will represent the plaintiff.

Referring to the account of the difficulty yesterday between City Engineer Rose and John Hardin it has since been learned that Brockmeyer & Cox were in no way involved in the matter. The fact is that Mr. Cox was simply accompanying Mr. Rose to have one of his own jobs inspected when Rose stopped at the Minneapolis house to inspect Hardin's work, leaving Cox in the wagon some distance from the scene of the trouble.

Jacob Loebe, with his wife and children, will leave this evening for Los Angeles where Mrs. Loebe and children will remain some time. Mr. Loebe, who is the well-known and popular president of the Southwestern Brewery and Ice company, will be absent from the city about two weeks, as his business here practically demands his attention almost every day.

C. C. Haselton and wife, who were on the Pacific coast in the state of Washington, visiting relatives and friends, have returned to the city, and Mr. Haselton was at his desk this morning as the local agent of the Wells, Fargo Express company.

When down town to-night call on Quicksilver & Bothe at Zeiger's Cafe, friends and strangers are always welcome, and the best of beverages, with courteous service, guaranteed at all times.

Mrs. A. Glover, dressmaker has removed to 114 Railroad avenue, upstairs over Mandell & Gramfeld's clothing store, where she would be pleased to see her old and new customers.

Peter Parenti, the Bland shoe maker, is in the city, visiting his wife.

Hot wild roast turkey free lunch at the White Elephant to-night.

The finest free lunch ever spread in Albuquerque will be found at Melini & Eakin's to-night. Hot roast turkey with oyster dressing.

## And Still They Come!

### More New

## SUITS AND TOP COATS

are arriving daily.

And our stock is always fresh.

A new Grey Mixed Fancy at - \$15.00

A Handsome Striped Suit at - 16.00

A Beautiful Worsted Suit at - 17.00

A nobby fine Striped Worsted 18.00

Your tailor asks  
forty per cent more.

See Our Top Coats, \$12.00 to \$18.00

See Our Heavy Ulsters, \$9.00 to \$15.00

Don't fail to see our stock.

## SIMON STERN.

Railroad Avenue Clothier.



GRANT BUILDING 305 RAILROAD AVE.

Mail Orders Solicited.

New Phone 523.

Headquarters for Carpets, Matting, Linoleum and  
Curtains and House Furnishing Goods.

### To Beautify Your Rooms

at a great expense is  
easy, but to do it at a small  
cost is generally difficult.

We are offering now  
something that will delight  
you and all that see it. We  
have an assortment of

Lace, Bobbinet  
and Muslin Curtains

which are not alone truly  
beautiful, but possess quality  
much superior to that usually  
sold at these moderate prices. You can decorate every  
window without spending much money.

Lace Curtains from ..... 50c a pair up.

Muslin Curtains from ..... 75c a pair up.

Bobbinet Curtains from ..... \$2.50 a pair up.

Remarkable values in Blankets, Comforters, Pillows, Carpets,  
Linoleum and Matting.

## R. F. HELLWEG & CO.

Next to Postoffice.

### Furniture, Carpets and Crockery.

FINEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

### Sewing Machines, Pianos, Picture Frames.

215 and 217 South Second St.

New Phone 194.

### Orchestrion Hall

Three performances commencing  
with matinee

SUNDAY, NOV. 19,

The Big New Rag Time Musical Farce  
Comedy and Travesty

### The Hottest Coon in Dixie.

Sixteen Consecutive Weeks at the  
Fashionable Casino Roof Garden  
in New York City.

Seats now on sale at Matson's.

The Saturday night free lunch  
at Melini & Eakin's is a feature  
of the town to-night. There will  
be hot roast turkey with oyster  
dressing, free to all comers.

Just Received.

Shelled brazil, pignolias, black wal-  
nuts, hickory nuts.

LADY'S CANDY KITCHEN.

Hot roast turkey with oyster  
dressing for free lunch at Melini  
& Eakin's to-night.

Received to-day by express, wild turkey  
from the mountains; will be roasted and  
served free for lunch to-night at the  
White Elephant, by that prince of  
caterers, Charley Vincent.

We give a coupon with each one dollar  
purchase of goods which entitles you  
to a fine present of quadruple plated  
ware to the amount of the coupons you  
hold. B. Hild & Co.

The war continues and the news is in-  
creasing. To get posted and hear all  
sides of the question drop in to Zeiger's  
Cafe to-night; the free lunch will be as  
appetizing as usual.

\*\*\*\*\*

A

Bargain

in

Sewing

Machines

\*\*\*\*\*

The Victor,

Domestic,

Whites,

Cabinet Home,

Singer,

Drop Head

Singer, at

Borradale & Co.

\*\*\*\*\*

Spanish Lessons.

Those desiring Spanish lessons, at reason-  
able rates, are requested to call at  
807 Hunting avenue. Mrs. Jos. Lewis.

IVES, THE FLOREST.

Palms, ferns and chrysanthemums.

Rappe for Rs.

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## A HONEYMOON BREAKFAST....



Doesn't always consist of  
angel's food, but we have  
choice morsels and tid-bits in  
our fine stock of groceries  
that are fit food for the gods,  
and nourishing and wholesome  
enough for the most buxom  
mortal. Our choice stock of  
canned goods in fruits, vegeta-  
bles, fish, oysters, clams,  
soups, olives and sauces are  
tempting and appetizing to the  
most dainty palate.

## A. J. MALOY,

118 Railroad Ave. Albuquerque, N. M.

## E. J. POST & CO., HARDWARE.

### STOVES STOVES STOVES.

American Jewel Base Burners.  
Cole's Hot Blast Heaters.  
Wonder Russia Iron Wood Heaters.  
John Van Ranges—I. X. L. Steel Ranges.  
Soft Coal Heating Stoves.  
Coal and Wood Cook Stoves.

## A COMPLETE CORNICE, SKYLIGHT and TINSHOP

Anything in This Line Furnished at Short Notice.

## T. Y. MAYNARD,

Watches,  
Clocks,  
Diamonds.  
Fine Jewelry.

119 S. Second, Street, Albuquerque.

## Parlor Furniture.

We have just received

Another  
Carload...

and now positively  
have the largest stock  
in the Territory.

We have also re-  
ceived a straight

## Carload of Mattresses

And can supply every kind of mattress on the market.

## O. W. STRONG.

201-209 North Second Street.

Tells  
Its Own  
Story

## CHARLES DICKENS

5c Cigar.

## FLESHER & ROSENWALD,

Successors to D. J. ABEL,  
Distributors....

### DRESS MAKING.

I am prepared to do all kinds of dress-  
making on short notice and guarantee  
every garment to be satisfactory. My  
work is

Matchless in Style. Perfect in Fit.

A cordial invitation is extended to the  
ladies of Albuquerque to call and see me

MRS. SHATTUCK.

Room 23, second floor N. T. Armijo Build-  
ing.

Lamps and lamp trimmings. Whitney  
Company.

### J. A. SKINNER,

Dealer in

### Staple and Fancy

### Groceries,

206 West Railroad Avenue

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

For Sale Cheap.

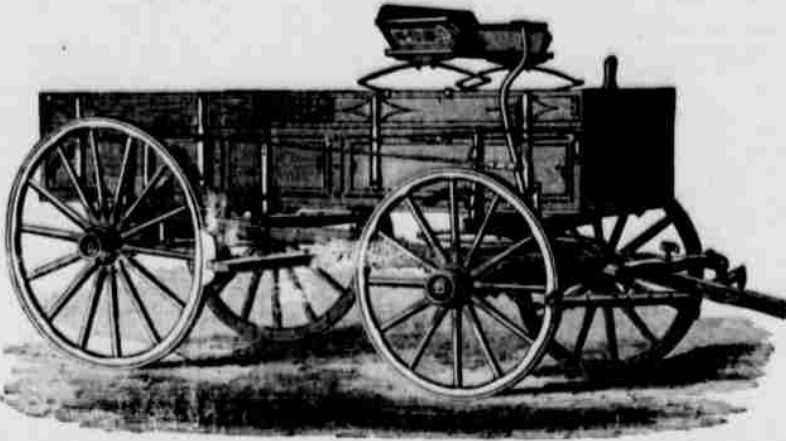
A few alternate blocks in the Terrace  
addition. They will make the purchaser  
big money in the near future.

M. P. STAMM, agent.

# J. KORBER & COMPANY

—DEALERS IN—

## Bain and Schuttler ... Wagons...



## RACINE AND COLUMBUS CARRIAGES

Buggies, Phaetons,  
Spring Wagons.

## A FULL LINE OF HARNESS

Collars,

## HORSE BLANKETS

Lap Robes, Etc.

CORNER OF FIRST STREET AND COPPER AVENUE  
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

### THE DAILY CITIZEN

ALBUQUERQUE, — NOV 18, 1909

#### WHITE LIES IN SOCIETY.

Fair Frauds Who Do Not Mean to  
Fib, But Just Can't Help  
Doing So.

A man of doubtful veracity is responsible for this, according to Polly Pry in the New York Herald:

"Nothing amuses me so much," he writes to me, "as to notice the efforts of two women who have just been introduced to impress each other with their importance."

"It generally takes some such shape as this:

"I am delighted to meet you. I heard Mr. Smith say such sweet things about you."

"Awfully nice of you to say so. Which Mr. Smith was it? The cousin of the Vanderbilts?"

"Not exactly—it was—"

"We know the Vanderbilts very well. And—"

"No, it wasn't that Mr. Smith. It was the one that we met at George Gould's. He is—"

"Did you go to the Bradley-Martin great dinner?"

"No, it was awfully provoking, but we had an engagement that night at the Waldorf to meet Prince—"

"Indeed! That's the great trouble in society, so many dates, eluding, don't you know? Why, the night we made up a box party for the opera—that wonderful performance of 'Faust,' you know—we had to give up attending a musicale that—"

"And so on and so on, until the two fair frauds retire to their respective corners—I mean rooms—each satisfied that the victory is hers."

#### A LOST KING.

That Was Centuries Ago, But His Faithful People Still Wait for His Coming.

In olden times, when European kings were as plentiful as Kentucky colts, it was not an exceptional occurrence for a king to disappear and never be heard of again. In recent times, however, the people have been more careful of their kings. So when King Sebastian of Portugal disappeared in battle July 29, 1578, while fighting the Moors at Alcazar, there was great commotion. The Moors surrendered to the Portuguese a body said to be that of the king, but it was rumored that the Moors had the live king in custody. The surrendered body was buried with royal honors at Belem, but the faithful Portuguese persisted in waiting for the return of their king. Long after he would have died in the course of nature, his countrymen longingly awaited his coming. Even up to this day the legend of the return of King Sebastian is believed by many, and on stormy nights they wrap their cloaks about them and go outside and watch the storm, thinking that the king may appear in a cloud of fire and again rule over his people.

**Clearing the Decks.**

The New Mexican says that there has never been a period when the courts of New Mexico disposed of so much business and gave so much satisfaction to the people as they do at present. This is due partly to the fact that the judges are

industrious and competent, partly to the increased funds available for holding court, owing to the present revenue law, partly to the greater prosperity of the people, enabling taxes to be paid more promptly, and largely to the better jury law, as well as a fuller realization of the duties of citizenship by the majority of the people of the territory.

#### HER SON'S MODEL.

A Mother's Devotion Sends Her Art-ist Boy to Paris for a Two-Year Course.

A young student at one of the large art institutions decided last winter to try for a prize, says Harper's Bazar. He was under 20, and his competitors were all older than he. He wrote his mother about it, begging her to come and pose for him, saying that he knew he could win if only she were his subject. She had a large family at home to look after, and a small boy hardly two months old. Moreover, the spring had come, never an easy time for a mother to break away, pick up a small baby and establish herself alone in a distant town, merely to sit as a model for a son. Most women would have hesitated, as hoped-for prizes being uncertain quantities, particularly for boys still in their teens, and present home duties being, according to all rules of logic, paramount. But this mother did not hesitate. Her son had asked her to come, and so proved a rare loyalty. That was enough for her. At great inconvenience to herself she went, though cheerfully, and the picture was painted. Now the papers announce that the young boy painter has won the prize! This will send him for a two-year course of study to Paris.

It is like some old story of the masters, and certainly few sweeter stories of painters and their mothers have ever been told.

**Tuberculosis in the German Army.**

In an article in the Militar. Wochenblatt it is stated that the number of cases of tuberculosis in the German army has fallen from 2.9 per thousand in 1906-'07 to 1.2 per thousand in 1908-'09. This decrease is attributed largely to Koch's discovery of the bacillus of tuberculosis, owing to which the diagnosis of the disease is easier, and recruits, suffering from it are rejected who would otherwise have passed the medical examination.

**Deaths in France.**

France loses every year by infectious and contagious diseases 240,000 lives, or nearly double the number of lives lost in the Franco-Prussian war of 1870. According to the Pharmaceutical Journal, a committee has been formed to organize a public subscription in aid of scientific research of methods of preventing and treating these diseases.

**Made His Fortune.**

The prince of Wales, while shooting in Austria, caused temporary trouble and ultimately made the fortune of the nearest tailor, by stipulating that all ladies receiving invitations to shoot with him should come in correct shooting costumes. This, in Austria, consists of a short skirt coming half way between the knees and ankle and a short, tight-fitting jacket, with waistcoat of another color, boots of brown leather and a Tyrolean hat with a feather. Some of the ladies had just these clothes at hand, and the tailor had to double his forces to supply them.

Matthew's Jersey milk; try it.

#### A HEROIC NUN.

Rewarded by the King of the Belgians for Her Noble Conduct as Nurse.

King Leopold has just bestowed on Sister Teresa Hickey, an English nun of the Apostoline community established in Belgium, the civic medal of the first class (a decoration instituted as a reward of conspicuous civic merit), in recognition of her heroic services to the people during the outbreak of a terrible epidemic which ravaged the district of Oorddegem, in Flanders. So great was the consternation of the inhabitants that no one would venture to approach the houses in which the victims lay dying, says the Westminster Gazette. During the panic Sister Teresa volunteered to go and tend the unfortunate sufferers, for whom purses could not be found. For several weeks she devoted herself day and night to the noble work of ministering to the sick and dying, receiving no other assistance than that given by the clergy of the parish. With unflinching devotion the brave woman remained unflinchingly at her post of duty until the epidemic abated, although almost broken down by her untiring efforts.

Public manifestations of gratitude for her inestimable services were rendered by the people, and her conduct during the epidemic was the subject of a government order, the king has rewarded her self-sacrifice by bestowal of the honor mentioned. Sister Teresa has been in Belgium for nearly 30 years.

**Julian Ralph's Great Find.**

Julian Ralph tells of his delight in finding green corn in Europe. In the course of many years of extensive travel on the continent he had never seen an ear. He recently stopped at a hotel in Paris and met a porter in the hall carrying a basket of genuine American green corn. "Green corn!" he shouted. "Is it possible that this is what I see?" "Yes, monsieur," said Mme. Brunel, the wife of the proprietor. "It is veritably the green corn of America. We grow it upon our farm. So many of our guests are Americans and so fond are they of this peculiar food that we have seen it to be to our advantage to make for them this singular product in our fields in the country." "I took Mr. Brunel's hand," says Mr. Ralph, "and pressed it. I raised my hand as one does who bestows a benediction. 'God bless you, madam,' said I, with such evident piety that she could not take offense. 'You are the most magnificent and the most wonderful woman in France!'"

**Bread for Horses.**

In Germany potato bread is used by the natives of Thuringia to feed their horses, especially when they are worked hard in very cold weather. The animals thrive on it, and their health and strength are excellent.

**Sample Caps.**

Have just received a line of sample caps—several hundred—for children, boys and men, which we are quoting at less than regular wholesale price. Simon Stern, the Railroad avenue clothier.

**Geo. Noland, Rockland, Ohio, says:**

"My wife had piles for forty years. Dr. Witt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her. It is the best salve in America. It heals everything and cures all skin diseases." Berry Drug Co.

An opportunity to buy embroidery cheap. Special sale of 2,500 yards 4 1/2 yard lengths at one half actual value. H. Hild & Co.

#### GIRL STUDENTS MUST MARRY.

Russian Universities Require That Women Must Be Married on Entering.

If a girl in Russia wishes to study at any of the universities in that country etiquette does not allow her to do so until she is married, so she goes through the civil ceremony of marriage with a man student, whom very probably she has never seen before, and this marriage is quite legal, though perhaps they may never speak to each other again, says Stray Stories.

On the other hand, if they like each other, and they wish it, they are married for life. If they don't, the marriage is dissolved when their university course is finished, and they are free to marry some one else.

The celebrated mathematician, Sonya Kovalevski, went through the marriage ceremony with a student whom she then saw for the first time, and who afterward became her husband.

The education of women in Russia stands better than in most European countries, owing to the persistent efforts of the Russian women themselves. By 1886 they had managed to get four university colleges for women, with 1,442 students; one medical academy, with 500 students, and numerous intermediate schools. There are 700 women doctors in Russia, of whom nearly one-half are employed in the civil service.

#### Peatiferous Higher Criticism.

The Home Magazine recalls a good story which Dr. Newman Hall used to tell on the lecture platform. An illiterate negro preacher said to his congregation: "My brethren, when de fust man Adam was made he was made ob wet clay, and set up agin de pailings to dry." "De you say," said one of the congregation, "dat Adam was made ob wet clay an' set up agin de pailings to dry?" "Yes, sar, I do." "Who made de pailings?" "Sit down, sar," said the preacher, sternly; "such questions as dat would upset any system of the-ology."

#### IN UNCLE SAM'S SERVICE.

The Prejudice Against Women in Government Employ Is Rapidly Disappearing.

"Women are eligible for appointment to many branches of the government service upon precisely the same conditions as men," writes Huston Cheney, in the Ladies' Home Journal. "The question of sex does not enter into the matter when there are vacant positions which are open to women. At the present time there are one-sixth as many women as men in the service. The prejudice that formerly existed against the appointment of women is disappearing, and in 1898, of 418 persons appointed to positions in the departments at Washington, 190 were females. In addition to clerical capacities, women are appointed assistant microscopists, nurses, translators, teachers, matrons, telegraph operators, stenographers and typewriters, as well as to places requiring skilled and unskilled workers. As assistant microscopists they have the first chance of selection, there being always a demand for capable women in this line."

#### RESTLESS ANIMALS.

They Are Always Walking About in Their Cages Because They Need Exercise.

When you see the animals in the park menageries pacing back and forth restlessly in their cages do not take it for granted that the creatures are unhappy or even discontented. It may be that the lion or the tiger or the polar bear that moves about with apparently ceaseless activity is only taking his daily exercise, without which he would pine and die soon. When the wild creatures are in their native jungles they are kept pretty busy hunting food. Thus each day they walk many miles, perhaps. In their narrow cages in the parks they are plentifully supplied with food, but their brawny bodies still demand a great amount of exercise. Mile after mile is paced off daily by the uneasy creatures. Usually they move with a long, swinging stride, but when meal time comes around then the step quickens until, when the keeper appears with his baskets of meat, the tigers and lions and other animals leap against their bars and growl and whine and lash their tails. In fact, they act like great, hungry boys do after a long day's tramp if they find that supper is late.



**MADE CORRECTLY, FROM**  
the right material, our suits made to order always give satisfaction. We will take your measure for coat, vest, trousers—one or all—and pledge our word of honor to give you or no sale. If that's a fair proposition come and see us; if not, give us the go-by. Our NEW FALL AND WINTER MATERIALS are in and you had better examine them before they go to gratified patrons.

**F. TOMEI BROS.,**  
No. 119 Railroad Avenue.  
Albuquerque, N. M.



A cat may look at a king they say. White is not so very bad. But a cat can't wash the dirt away. That makes a shir appear so bad.

But we can wash the dirt away. And starch the shir just proper too. We can iron it precisely right. To make it suit your friends and you.

**Albuquerque Steam Laundry,**  
JAY A. HUBBS, & CO.  
Corner Coal ave. and Second st. Phone 414

O. BACHECHI.

G. GIOMI.

## Bachechi & Giomi,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

## LIQUORS, WINES, TOBACCOS,

CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

## Glassware & Bar Supplies.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

W. J. Lemp's Famous Bottled Beers.

Paloma Vineyard Wine Company.

The Well-Known Edgewood, Mount Vernon and Other Celebrated Brands of Whiskies.

A Full Supply of Cordials and Bitters.

Sample Room Attached.

Orders Solicited and Promptly Filled.

## BACHECHI & GIOMI,

109 SOUTH FIRST ST., ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.



## HAWLEY on the CORNER



HAS MORE AND BETTER

# Pure Home Made CANDIES!

THAN CAN BE FOUND ELSEWHERE IN ALBUQUERQUE,  
AND HIS STOCK OF

## Christmas Toys

Is Just Immense.

HE ALWAYS HAS BEEN THE LEADER  
IN THAT LINE OF GOODS,  
BUT THIS YEAR HIS COMPETITORS  
ARE ALL AT THE BOTTOM  
OF THE HILL WITHOUT A PUSHER.



### MELINI & EAKIN

Wholesale  
Liquors and Cigars.  
We handle everything  
in our line.  
Distillers' Agents,  
Special Distributors Taylor & Williams,  
Louisville, Kentucky.

111 South First St., Albuquerque, N. M.

### CRESCENT COAL YARD

GALLUP COAL—Best Domestic Coal in use. Yard opposite Freight Office.

**F. D. MARSHALL, Agent.**  
New Telephone No. 164.  
Old Telephone No. 58...  
Leave orders Trimble's stable

## H. A. M. PALLADINO,

(Successor to Lombardo & Palladino.)

## Groceries, Flour, Hay, Grain and Native Products.

IMPORTED GOODS  
A SPECIALTY

No. 317 North Third Street - Albuquerque, N. M.

## DOINGS AMONG THE BIG RAILROADS.

**THE LIMITED DOING BIG BUSINESS.**  
General Passenger Agent Black of the Santa Fe is authority for the statement that Santa Fe limited trains will be put on much earlier next year than was the case this year and has been the case since the limited service was inaugurated three years ago.

A reason for this is found in the fact that for over a month preceding the establishment of the service last Tuesday, November 7, the Santa Fe was compelled to run one or more extra Pullman sleepers daily on the overland train from Chicago to the Pacific coast.

The outlook for California travel this year is, particularly bright, and the Santa Fe officials expect the success of the limited service to outlast that of previous years. The Santa Fe has the shortest route into Southern California, and as the bulk of the tourist travel is to Los Angeles and other points in the southern territory, that road has an advantage in the competition for California business.

The fact that extreme cold weather has not yet made its appearance in the east, and travel to California has been extensive seems to be another indication of general prosperity. A winter sojourn in Southern California is an expensive luxury.

It is believed that the limited trains will be run daily next winter. The opening of the Santa Fe line into San Francisco will have something to do with this.

### MORE COMPOSITE CARS NEEDED.

The Santa Fe company has placed an order with the Pullman company at Chicago for the construction of four composite cars. The cars will be delivered some time in December and will be used on the California limited trains.

The cars will be similar to the composite cars now in use on the Santa Fe. The forward end will be arranged for baggage, and the remainder of the car will be divided into smoking and reading, buffet, barber shop and bar compartments. Each of the four cars will cost in the neighborhood of \$5,000.

As soon as turned out of the Pullman shops, the cars will be brought to Topeka to be equipped with the axle electric lighting apparatus.

The Santa Fe is also arranging for the building of a number of new chair cars, similar to the five ordered built at the shops in Topeka some time ago.

The last of the five will be completed within two weeks, and it is expected that the order for additional chair cars will be placed immediately afterward. These will also be built at the Santa Fe shops at Topeka. The additional cars will have wide vestibules, and will be elaborately finished and furnished.

The new equipment now in sight is a part of the plan of the Santa Fe company to replace all antiquated passenger cars.

### THE EXPECTED HAPPENS.

The Central Freight association, which controls the line east of Chicago and St. Louis met in Chicago and determined to drop commodity rates after January 1 and restore the rates which were in effect a year ago. The new rates will be on an average of 10 per cent. higher than those now in effect, and will apply to very nearly two-thirds of the freight handled by the railroads. Now that eastern lines have declared their intention, the western lines will doubtless follow suit and the rates west of the Mississippi river will go up.

### STILL LEFT IN PRISON.

Ed. Turner formerly a Missouri Pacific engineer, running between Wichita and El Dorado, Kansas, is still in jail at Olathe, Mexico, with no better show for his release than when he first wrote his wife in Wichita last summer. He claims that the Mexican authorities will not give him a trial, but persist in keeping him in prison without a hearing or a chance to prove his innocence or secure counsel.

Turner succeeded through the intervention of friends, in getting the United States authorities to intervene in his behalf, but it seems they have not been able to do anything for him. Since he secured their intervention another engineer has been incarcerated in this same prison, and he writes to his wife that there are now four American engineers confined in the Olathe prison, and that their condition is becoming almost intolerable.

### ACQUIRE MEXICAN RAILROAD.

The syndicate American capitalists which was recently organized under the laws of New Jersey, with a capital of \$7,000,000, has acquired the Mexican Northern railroad, which runs from Escalon, on the Mexican Central road, to Sierra Ojeda, in the state of Chihuahua, and the line is to be immediately extended to Monterey and Mineral Belt railway, which was recently purchased by the syndicate. Of S. Towne, the syndicate's mining and smelting man of Mexico, is at the head of the big syndicate. He is also president of the Mexican Northern railroad company.

### MILLIONS FOR IMPROVEMENTS.

To meet the pressing demands made upon its carrying capacity in consequence of the great business revival all over the country, the New York Central Railroad company will spend \$5,000,000 of \$15,000,000 in hand for rolling stock. Many of the contracts already having been let and others will be given out as rapidly as the capacity of the locomotive and car construction companies will permit.

One of the big items in this improvement is ninety locomotives, which already are in course of construction. Five of them will be equipped with the fire box invented by Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr. This feature is not used from sentiment, but because the tests of the invention have been thoroughly satisfactory. The advantages of the Vanderbilt firebox are that it gives greater heating surface, quickens the producing power and is easy to repair.

All over the country the car shops are working to their full capacity. In many instances day and night shifts are being employed. Railroad companies are demanding quick completion of contracts,

and consignors and consignees are crying for a quicker delivery of freight.

To meet the demands made on it, the New York Central has ordered 9,500 freight cars. This contract has been placed with the American Foundry and Car company, which represents a consolidation of the car companies of the country. There will be 9,500 box cars, 4,000 coal cars and 500 flat cars.

Another contract has been awarded to the Pressed Steel Car company of Pittsburgh, for 250 steel flat cars for heavy freight.

Next month the first consignment of this new rolling stock will be received and put in service. In a short time contracts for fifty first-class passenger coaches will be let.

### IMPORTANT MINING DEAL.

The Purchase of the Grey Queen and Lone Cabin Mines at Dozores.

The Las Vegas Optic has learned that the Grey Gold Mining company has just leased its property in the Ortiz mountains, known as the Grey Queen and Lone Cabin mining claims to W. W. Robinson of Colorado Springs, and Joseph Makdon of San Pedro, N. M. This is a very important deal as the property has been lying idle for several years. These mines are considered among the best mining claims in New Mexico, and so closed by many experts. Messrs. Robinson and Makdon expect to spend \$10,000 or \$20,000 in opening up the properties so as to make them big shippers. They think they will be able to ship from one to four car loads of ore per month, but what they propose to do is to open up the property so as to be able in six to eight months to ship a car load, or more, every day. Both gentlemen, it is understood, are highly pleased with their purchase.

This is one of the most important mining deals consummated in New Mexico for some time. The amount involved in the purchase is in the neighborhood of \$50,000.

The fortunate owners of the property who will realize some little sums are mostly Las Vegas parties. Chris Wells and one who owns half the stock of the company, the balance of the stock being owned by J. Van Houten of Elston, and Jas. Haeftner, H. L. Mabey, W. K. Gortner, George Ward, H. F. Brown, Wm. Hays and F. B. January.

### QUALITY AND NEWS.

Fame and Excellence are Determining Factors in Successful Development.

In presenting interesting phases of scientific and economic problems, high-class newspapers frequently give information of great value in their advertising columns as in those devoted to the publication of the principal events of the day; and when the fame of a product is extended beyond its natural limits into foreign lands, and a large demand created throughout Great Britain and her colonies and the principal sea-ports and cities of Europe, Asia and Africa, it becomes a pleasant duty to note the fact, and to tell of the products of excellence which so great a success is based. We refer to the now world-famed laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, the product of the California Fig Syrup company. The merits of this well known excellent laxative were first made known to the world through the medical journals and newspapers of the United States, and is one of the distinct achievements of the press. It is now well known that Syrup of Figs is an ethical proprietary remedy, approved by the most eminent physicians everywhere, because it is simple and effective, yet pleasant to the taste and acceptable to the system, and not only prompt in its beneficial effects, but also wholly free from any unpleasant after-effects. It is frequently referred to as the remedy of the healthy, because it is used by people who enjoy good health and who live well and feel well and are well informed on all subjects generally, including laxatives. In order to get its beneficial effects, it is necessary to get the genuine Syrup of Figs, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

### CAUSE OF APPENDICITIS.

Said to Come From the Crossing of the Legs.

It was recently announced by a well known medical man that the reason men suffer so much from dyspepsia is because the stomach is crowded out of position and cannot readily perform its proper functions. Now comes a surgeon who puts forward the suggestion that appendicitis is common because of the habit of sitting with one leg thrown over the other. Many causes have been quoted for appendicitis, but none have been satisfactory explained why men should suffer more from the disease than women. The habit of sitting with the legs crossed, says the surgeon, "restrains the action of the digestive apparatus, especially of the lower intestine, and causes stagnation of the contents and the stretching of the opening of the vermiform appendix, making it possible for obstructions to reach the latter organ and thus causing appendicitis. The appendix is only loosely attached to the cecum, the portion where the small intestine joins the large intestine, and there is always some half digested food in the caecal bag. By crossing the legs, and it is generally the right leg that is put upon the stretch, the undigested food passes into the vermiform appendix and sets up an inflammation. In the space of a few hours pathological processes set in and an attack of appendicitis has been developed."

### MOVEMENT OF ARIZONA SHEEP.

Three Hundred Thousand Head Going to the Winter Grazing Ground.

Over half the sheep in northern Arizona, comprising fully 300,000 head, are now on their way to the winter grazing grounds on the Salt and Gila rivers, there to stay until lambing and shearing have been completed in the early spring. The sheep industry has never before been in such prosperous condition. With the southward movement of the flocks hostilities with the cattlemen have been resumed. One of the most prominent of the sheep drovers lately received a letter warning him not to drive through Pleasant Valley if he wished to avoid trouble. The Tonto Basin cattlemen are also far from pleasantly inclined, for each passing drove of sheep ruins the grass for a half mile swath. The general feeling, even among the cattle owners, is that the sheep industry will soon become paramount, and that cattlemen will be limited to the districts not favorable to the grazing of sheep. The Sheep Growers association is taking all possible measures to conciliate the cattlemen, and to avoid trouble.

A very bad accident happened at the Vanderbilt mining camp near Marvel last Sunday night. About midnight the cabin of a miner, Jack Phillips, was found to be in flames, and the alarm being given the neighbors did all in their power to put the fire out, but when it had been done the burnt remains of the miner were found in the ruins.

No one knows how the accident happened, although there are many surmises, one being that the miner went to sleep with a light burning near his bed and this may have exploded, or sparks from his stove may have caught the bedding. It has cast quite a gloom over the camp. His parents live at Globe, and telegrams were sent to them.—Needles Eye.

## NEW MEXICO NOTES.

**SAN MARCIAL.**

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Roseberry have gone to Thornton to reside.

Concepcion Rosendo Muldary returned from his southern trip.

News has been received that Geo. Hoffman was married at Safford, Ariz., recently.

Jack Harris is now working at Kingman, Ariz. His wife and children will join him shortly.

Last Saturday, Sunday and Monday not a gallon of coal oil was to be had in San Marcial.

The scholars of Miss Niles room will give an entertainment on Christmas night, under the direction of their teacher.

Charley Crossman moved his household goods out to the Read ranch last week, and that will be the home of himself and wife for some time to come.

The Martin Co. of Rosedale is short of practical miners. Three men quit work last week. They pay \$25.00 per day and free bunk house. Living 25 cents a meal. Wages paid promptly.

**Wool Growers' Resolutions.**

Sheepmen Are Willing to Do the Right Thing.

The following which was published in the Flagstaff Gem, shows a proper spirit on the part of the Arizona wool growers:

"For the purpose of clearing up any erroneous impression that may heretofore have been made upon the minds of the cattlemen with respect to the exercise of the right of the wool growers to graze their herds upon the mountain forest reservation by the fact that the districts within which individual sheep owners are seeking for permits to graze their herds have in some instances included theretofore ranches and ranges of our neighbors.

"We received by the board of directors of the Arizona Wool Growers' association, western division, that it is not the object or intention of this association or of its members to claim or assume any rights or privileges within the districts described by our respective permits, other than a reasonable and equitable division of the range with our neighboring cattle ranchers, such as we have heretofore had. These permits give us no lease of the districts described, but merely permit us to respect to exercise within the boundaries prescribed by the permit the rights and privileges we have formerly had and which our neighboring cattle ranchers still have as to the entire reservation.

"This is well understood by every wool grower, and the association will use its influence to prevent any individual from being therefrom from wrongfully or wilfully going beyond what is reasonable, equitable and right in the matter of range or the detriment of any of our neighboring cattle ranchers. We apprehend no trouble or dissatisfaction from any source when the facts and purposes of the wool growers are properly understood.

"Adopted by the board of directors this third day of November, 1899.

"THOMAS S. BAKER, President.

"R. S. CONNERY, Secretary.

**SURETY DITCH COMPANY.**

An Enterprise That Will Contribute to the Material Enterprise of Winslow.

Last Friday afternoon, in company with R. C. Crawford, F. T. La Prade, J. X. Woods and J. P. Burdett, we drove over to the reservoir site on the north side of the Little Colorado river, located and being developed by the Sunset Ditch company, says the Winslow Mail. The site contains about 450 acres of land, when fully developed. The levee, under construction at the present time, will cover 250 acres to an average depth of five feet.

The site is below the level of the river, and is to be fed by a ditch tapping the river some two miles above. It is a cheap, but safe project, nature having performed the major part of the labor. The only thing left for man to do, was to cut a ditch, put in a headgate and raise one side of the reservoir by a levee. This is now being done by the Sunset Ditch company in a substantial manner, and will be completed before the holidays.

According to the estimate of County Surveyor Frost, who has had considerable experience in such work, the present levee, which is to be about seven feet high in the lowest places, will give an average depth of five feet of water over 250 acres of land. This amount of water, in conjunction with what can be used in the early part of the season, from the river direct, will give three feet of water for irrigable purposes to 1,000 acres, which is more than sufficient to insure a good crop. Every foot added to the height of the levee will increase the depth of the water a foot. The level of the reservoir is twelve feet below the level of the river where the ditch taps it. So that the area of the reservoir can be nearly doubled as well as the depth of the water, by raising the levee which can be done at a nominal cost, in comparison to the land to be reclaimed.

Name Found for an Extinct "Critter." The identity of the monster whose remains were discovered at Tesuque, on Postmaster Simon Nuebaum's farm some time ago, has been a mystery. Professor J. A. Wood, superintendent of the public schools, pondered long and well over the problem and after thorough examination pronounced the remains to be those of an iguanodon. He says that the iguanodon was a species of land lizard several times as large as an elephant. In fact the most gigantic animal that ever existed on this earth. A perfect skeleton recently found in Belgium shows that the "critter" walked on hind legs, supporting itself by a massive tail. It could jump some twenty or thirty feet at a time, and seems to have resembled in that respect the kangaroo. It is considered one of the most wonderful reptiles of prehistoric times. Professor Wood is anxious to secure the remains of the iguanodon, and has secured the remains of the monster are on exhibition at present in H. S. Kaune's store.

Not a Surprise. It will not be a surprise to any who are at all familiar with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, that the use of that splendid medicine in the case of the child who has been cured of whooping cough, is a grand, good medicine. For sale at all druggists.

Sample Caps. Have just received a line of sample caps—several hundred—for children, boys and men, which we are quoting at less than regular wholesale price. Simon Stern, the Railroad Avenue Clothing.

Substantial Savings. Will be yours if you use our standard grades of Gallup and Cerrillos soft lump coal, hard coal and kindling. New phone 415, Bell phone 45. W. H. Hahn & Co.

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## COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

**ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Sept. 2, 1899.**

The board met pursuant to adjournment.

Present, E. A. Miera, chairman; Ignacio Gutierrez and Jesus Romero, members, and J. A. Summers, clerk.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

David Lovato, constable for precinct No. 33, tendered his resignation, which was accepted, and the board appointed Fausto C. de Rios to fill the vacancy.

The bond of Juan Anaya, constable for precinct No. 13, was approved.

The clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for the re-covering of the Corrales bridge with three-inch lumber, a total of 24,948 superficial feet, the board agreeing to pay the full amount of the accepted bid in four equal quarterly payments. Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock, noon, November 6, 1899. The board reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

The following accounts against the county for the quarter ending September 30, 1899, were approved, and the clerk was ordered to draw warrants on the county for the amount of ninety cents on the dollar of the same with the exception of the account of J. A. Summers for postage stamps and express charges, which account is to be paid full.

T. S. Hubbard.....\$1,473.80  
E. A. Miera.....170.00  
Ignacio Gutierrez.....129.80  
Jesus Romero.....215.00  
Hughes & McCreight.....137.00  
J. A. Hall.....150.00  
T. F. Finckel.....150.00  
S. E. Newman.....34.30  
O. W. Strong.....120.00  
Juan Anaya.....17.00  
Thomas W. Weaver.....14.50  
S. E. Newman.....34.30  
O. W. Strong.....120.00  
Juan Anaya.....17.00  
Antonio Gutierrez.....14.50  
Nasario Perez.....8.40  
Trinidad Gubaldon.....8.40  
Nepomuceno Martin.....5.00  
J. A. Hall.....22.00  
Mrs. Rulogia Trojillo.....3.00  
Karlsruhe Bros.....25.00  
J. M. Sandoval.....22.00  
D. J. Abel.....22.00  
Francisco Romero.....24.00  
John Shaffer.....100.00  
New Mexican Pig Co.....45.00  
W. G. Hope.....60.00  
Ant. Jose Garcia.....5.00  
A. Fleischer.....315.00  
S. E. Newman.....210.00  
Carl Gibbs.....130.00  
J. C. Baldrige.....55.00  
John C. Rollins.....4.00  
B. H. Hill & Co.....22.25  
Whitney Co.....8.00  
C. D. Murphy.....17.25  
The Lumber Co.....12.00  
W. A. Armstrong.....94.00  
R. de Palma.....40.00  
Juan Sedillo.....40.00  
J. A. Hall.....15.00  
R. P. Fox.....5.00  
Toti & Gradl.....61.00  
Wm. McGinnis.....21.00  
J. C. Niles.....30.00  
Modesto C. Ortiz.....6.00  
Vicenti F. Armijo.....3.00  
Eugene T. Johnson.....5.00  
D. J. Baker.....25.40  
Mutual Automatic Tel. Co.....9.00  
J. Korber & Co.....55.00  
Adjourned until tomorrow at 10 o'clock a. m.

Attest: J. A. SUMMERS, Clerk.

Approved: E. A. MIERA, Chairman Board of County Commissioners.

**ADJOURNED REGULAR SESSION.**

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Oct. 3, 1899—The board met pursuant to adjournment.

Present, E. A. Miera, chairman; Ignacio Gutierrez and Jesus Romero, members, and J. A. Summers, clerk.

The minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The following resolution was adopted by the board:

Be it resolved by the board of county commissioners, that the DAILY and WEEKLY CITIZEN, published at Albuquerque, New Mexico, shall be, and the same hereby is declared to be the official paper of Bernalillo county for and during the year of 1899, and all official publications heretofore made in said papers, either of them, are hereby declared to have been legally made.

Adjourned until Monday, November 6th, 1899.

Approved, E. A. MIERA, Chairman.

Attest: J. A. SUMMERS, Clerk.

**ADJOURNED REGULAR SESSION.**

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 6, 1899. The board met pursuant to adjournment.

Present, E. A. Miera, chairman; Ignacio Gutierrez and Jesus Romero, members, and J. A. Summers, clerk.

The minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

In response to the advertisement for bids for the refunding of \$175,000 of county bonds, two were submitted, one by N. W. Harris & Co. of Chicago, at 98 cents and W. H. Hurd at 92 cents on the dollar, which were both rejected, and the clerk was instructed to re-advertise for bids to be opened on the second Monday of January, 1900.

The board appointed Juergen Albers county surveyor.

Now comes J. M. Sandoval, assessor of Bernalillo county, and presents to the board the assessment roll for the year 1899, showing a total assessed valuation of \$4,880,367, less \$235,731 exemptions to heads of families, and reductions made by the board. The total tax upon the same being \$185,423.58, divided as follows, and the clerk was ordered to charge the collected tax with same.

For territorial purposes.....\$ 57,863.13  
Cattle indemnity.....73.74  
Sheep sanitary fund.....239.63  
County general fund.....72,045.08  
School fund.....11,901.93  
City of Albuquerque fund.....22,193.44  
County of Bernalillo fund.....10,655.59  
Town of Gallup fund.....10,655.59  
Schools of Gallup.....2,247.29  
School districts 13 and 35.....318.06  
School district 37.....72.93  
Bounty, wild animals.....105.75

Total.....\$185,423.58  
Adjourned until November 13, 1899.

Approved, E. A. MIERA, Chairman.

Attest: J. A. SUMMERS, Clerk.

**LEFT TO THE PEOPLE.**

Hotel Proposition Made to Roswell Citizens by Dr. Veal.

A great many people have expressed the desire that the new sanitarium building to be erected on Main street might be turned into a hotel. The need of a first-class hotel in Roswell is beyond question. Next to a good school building it is the greatest need of the town. This need prompted J. J. Hagerman, promoter of Dr. Veal, the sanitarium, a bonus of \$1,500 if he would erect a \$25,000 hotel instead of a sanitarium, on the block selected for the latter purpose. Col. C. S. Slaughter then came forward with an offer of \$1,000 to be added to Mr. Hagerman's gift.

On Monday evening a meeting of the business men was held at the Roswell club parlors for the purpose of securing the opinion of the citizens generally in regard to the two enterprises. The result of the meeting was a proposition from Dr. Veal to build a \$25,000 hotel for a bonus of \$5,000 or \$3,500 in addition to that already pledged. The benefits to be derived from the hotel, in excess of those from a sanitarium failed to appeal very strongly to those present and it looks as present like the

A JONAH ON SHIPBOARD.

Recurring Misfortunes Soon Make a Crew Believe a Passenger a "Hoax."

It does not take a long series of misfortunes overtaking a ship to convince her crew that a lineal descendant of Jonah and an intrepid sailor, or of his disagreeable disqualifications, is a passenger. So deeply rooted is this idea that when once it has been aroused with respect to any member of a ship's company, that person is in evil case, and, given fitting opportunity, would actually be in danger of his life. This time of religious fanaticism, cropping up among a class of men who, to put it mildly, are not remarkable for their knowledge of Scripture, also shows itself in connection with the paper upon which "good words" are printed. It is an unheard-of misdemeanor on board ship to destroy or put to common use such paper. The man guilty of such an action would be looked upon with horror by his shipmates, although their current speech is usually vile and blasphemous beyond belief. And herein is to be found a curious distinction between seamen of Teutonic and Latin races, excluding Frenchmen, says the London Spectator.

Despite the superstitious reverence the former pay to the written word, none of them would in time of peril dream of rushing to the opposite extreme, and, after madly abusing their bibles, throw them overboard. But the excitable Latins, after beseeching their patron saint to aid them in the most agonizing tones, repeating with frenzied haste such prayers as they can remember, and promising the most costly gifts in the event of their safely reaching port again, often turn furiously upon all they have previously been worshipping, and, with the most horrid blasphemies, vent their rage upon the whilom objects of their adoration. Nothing is too sacred for insult, no name too revered for abuse, and should there be, as there often is, an image of a saint on board, it will probably be cast into the sea.

THE INDIAN WAY OF DRIVING.

How the Noble Red Man Treated Uncle Sam's Gifts.

Commenting on the attempt made by the government in 1867 to civilize the prairie Indians by supplying them with the grub and food of the white man, Col. Bob Dodge, of Dodge City, says: "The authorities sent the Indians thousands of sacks of flour, pantaloons in abundance and a big lot of stiff-rimmed hats bound around the edge with tin or German silver to hold the rim in shape. They also sent them a few light-running ambulances. The savages, to show their appreciation of those unassuming gifts, from the 'great father,' threw the flour on the prairie in order to get the sacks for breechcloths. They cut out the seats of the pantaloons, and they cut the crowns off the hats and used them as playthings, saying then in the air, like a white boy does a flat stone, to see them sail away."

"The ambulances they were proud of. The government neglected to send any harness with them, so the Indians manufactured their own. They did not understand anything about lines, and instead they drove with a quirt, or short whip. When the near horse would go too much 'gee' they whipped up the off horse, and when he would go too much 'haw' they pounded away at the near horse again, and so vice versa all the time. This unique manner of driving kept the poor animals in a dead run most of the time."

"I remember taking a ride with Little Raven, chief of the Arapagos, as I first started off gently, but his ponies did not go straight, so he kept tapping them, now the off horse, then the near, until finally he got them on a rapid gallop, and I thought at one time my head would surely pop up through the roof of the ambulance. The country was very level, fortunately, or I don't know what would have been the outcome."—Kansas City Journal.

DOLLAR OF 1804 IS A MYTH.

This Is the Assertion of a Well-Known American Authority on Numismatics.

Is there an American dollar of the date of 1804? If there is, it is worth a fortune, for it is one of the jack-o'-lanterns of numismatics. In a recent issue the American Journal of Numismatics goes into an interesting account of what it terms the "myth of 1804 dollars," and denies that any such coin, struck in that year, exists. Like comets, these alleged coins have been turning up in most unexpected places for nearly a century. Recently coin dealers were excited by a story from Racine, Wis., which told how a woman went into a dry goods store to buy a spool of thread and tendered in payment a worn silver dollar, saying that she did not know whether it was good or not. The clerk saw the date "1804" on the coin, put it into his pocket, and threw a new silver dollar into the cash drawer. He was offered \$1,500 for the old coin by a dealer, but refused to sell. In this way the story got out and the clerk's employer put in a claim for the 1804 dollar. Both men have employed lawyers to defend their titles, and now the woman shopper is preparing to bring suit for the possession of it.

For years Mr. Nexsen, an expert of Brooklyn, N. Y., has made a study of the subject. He has convinced himself and other competent judges that no genuine 1804 dollar was ever coined. He has become convinced that the alleged dollars of that date are alterations of Spanish, Mexican, Bank of England five-shilling pieces, or some such fraud. It is believed that an experimental die, used and obsolescent made but not used in 1804. In 1812 some one, perhaps surreptitiously, struck a few dollars on this old, unused die, and it is these that are occasionally found.

Demurrage to be Charged.

The car family is becoming seriously felt now by the Santa Fe Prescott & Phoenix and connecting lines are giving them only the required time for cars to reach their destination and are returned to Ash Fork with an addition of ten to fifteen hours for unloading, after which demurrage is charged. On account of this the local road is compelled to enforce the twenty-four hour rule for unloading, and from now on demurrage will be charged on all cars not unloaded within that time. Of course the empty car will be taken greatly in preference to the pitance charged for demurrage. The enforcement of this rule is by no means local, as railroads all over the United States are now enforcing it to get cars at the earliest possible moment. An idea of the extent of the business being done by the railroads at present can be obtained from the fact that there are

fifteen miles of loaded cars on Chicago side tracks awaiting being removed. Not only is there a scarcity of cars, but traffic is so heavy that the motive power of most of the roads is taxed to its utmost to move it.

FILIPINO IS GULLIBLE.

This Is Shown by Some Not Very Seamy Tricks of the Yankee Soldiers.

The native Filipino has the reputation of being the shrewdest among the Asiatic races. Like the Parsee, he is known as the Yankee of the orient, says the Philadelphia Press.

He lost no opportunity to trim up his accidental Yankee brother whenever the opportunity presented itself, but the American Yankee, and particularly he of the Pennsylvania breed, usually gave him a roland for his Oliver.

When the Pennsylvania left San Francisco on their way to the Philippines the Red Cross society gave each one of them an aluminum badge the size and shape of an American quarter, bearing the name of his regiment, his company, and his company number.

Shortly after their arrival in Manila the officers of some of the companies found these identification badges in the hands of the Filipino merchants, upon whom the Pennsylvania had imposed them as quarter dollars in return for articles of barter.

Another trick of the Yankee soldier was to take a new copper penny, mill the edges of it with a file, polish the coin till it shone like gold, and then pass it upon the gullible and unsuspicious natives as a five-dollar gold piece.

The gullibility of the native in this regard led some of the men to write home for samples of a new coin, which, when only received, were put in circulation among the yellow packets, as bona-fide American greenbacks, the natives willingly accepting them as standard paper money of the United States.

THE CREVALLES.

Constantly Circling Fishes at the Aquarium That the Children Call the "Merry-Go-Rounds."

Children looking at the crevalles in their tank at the aquarium call them the merry-go-round fishes, because they are constantly circling around in their tank, following one another like the animals of the merry-go-round. The crevalles are singularly nervous and sensitive, and they are always on the go, says the New York Sun.

These crevalles have now been in captivity more than a year, which is perhaps longer than any ever kept before; certainly longer than any have been kept in the aquarium, these being the first to be carried through a winter, which was made possible by the extension of the aquarium's warmed salt water supply, so that some others than tropical fishes could have the benefits of it. The crevalle goes south in winter, where, in some waters, it is abundant. It does not come north in numbers every summer; its visits are irregular, and sometimes there are none here worth mentioning for four or five years; so that on the whole it is rather a rare fish in these waters. These specimens were taken in Graceland bay; they have doubled in size and weight since they were put into the tank.

Besides being nervous and sensitive and easily frightened fish, the crevalle is a fish of beauty with its sides of solid, silvery pearl.

UNCLE SAM SLOW.

He Takes as Much Time Settling a Sixteen-Cent Bill as Others That Are Larger.

A grizzled veteran of two big wars and several smaller Indian combats was relating stories of his experience while in the service of Uncle Sam. One of them that will show you Uncle Sam's one of the real business men of the world is told by the veteran, as follows: "I went through the civil war, and rose from the volunteer ranks to a first lieutenant, and was assigned to the regular army. In June, 1873, while attached to the quartermaster's department of my troop I disposed of some oil to private parties. In selling the oil I sold one gallon more than I had, and turned the money over to headquarters before I discovered my mistake. I then wrote the department at Washington asking it to return the price of the oil, so that I might have my accounts straightened. As only 16 cents was involved I thought the matter would end by the return mail bringing back the amount of the claim. In that I was much mistaken, as I am still forced to answer documents that read: 'In reply to yours of June, 1873, and so on and so forth, till I have in my possession a stack of documents weighing not less than 50 pounds, and still they come.'"

GIRLS ON A COON HUNT.

A Number of Them Have Great Fun Tramping About Through Swamps.

The young women here have discovered a new kind of sport, which is nothing more nor less than coon hunting. They have been out twice within a week, and had no end of fun in tramping round through the woods and swamps at midnight and later hunting the cunning 'coons. They engaged the services of an experienced hunter, who has had wide experience in hunting big game in the Rocky mountains, and knows all the haunts of the wild animals in this vicinity. Four young women started out under this famous hunter's guidance about ten o'clock of a few nights ago. They wore rubber boots and their shortest and oldest golf skirts. After they had tramped through the swamps and over the steep, rocky hills for three miles the hunters treed a coon. The hunters managed matters so cleverly that each girl in turn had a chance to blaze away at it, and there has been a dispute ever since as to which of the young women brought the creature down, says the New York Journal.

Not satisfied with this, they went out again a few nights ago, but thought it would be more fun to have a young man with them; so they engaged the party, with the old coon hunter for a chaperone. They managed this time, by staying out until two o'clock in the morning, to get two coons. On their way back one of the girls got stuck so fast in the mud that she had to be pulled out by the united strength of several of her friends. The sport will be continued with a large hunt some time next week, when the coon hunter will have a party of about 20. He will divide them up into squads, giving a hunt to each squad, and see which party will have the best success.

All druggists carry every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for the grippe, coughs, colds, croup, whooping-cough, and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia.

"SWAGGER STICKS."

Numbers of Them Whipped Away from Canadian Red Coats as Summer Souvenirs.

According to official returns about 4,000 American lassies have visited Nova Scotia this season, and most of these, coming or going, it is safe to presume, have touched at Halifax for a longer or shorter time, as may be.

Among the treasures of these lassies will be found—unless the reader of feminine nature has gone all astray—a short stick, silver or nickel tipped and ferruled. This is the famous "swagger" stick of Tommy Atkins, who, as one of the citadel's defenders, a brave Leinster, guards the officials of high degree who are unmannered and ferruled. This is the famous "swagger" stick of Tommy Atkins, who, as one of the citadel's defenders, a brave Leinster, guards the officials of high degree who are unmannered and ferruled.

With his scarlet cap, about the size of a wafer, one glove on and one off, and the short swagger stick, which he twirls by times, fiercely, sentimentally, coquettishly, as circumstances may demand, Tommy is by no means an unpleasant sight. Proud is the girl who, by bribery or cajoling, has induced Tommy to part with his swagger stick, when she exhibits it to her chums, who have not been sent to Halifax, and prouder yet when those who have been there are conscious of their own short-sightedness in not noticing this very important part of Tommy Atkins' attire.

EXECUTIONS IN FRANCE.

The Authorities Propose to Employ Electricity by a New Method.

If importance is to be attached to a recent letter from Paris, while Americans are in the midst of a discussion as to whether or not death by electric shock is painless and instantaneous, the French government is considering the advisability of discontinuing the use of the guillotine for the execution of criminals and the adoption in its stead of a method in which needles charged with high-tension currents are shot into the brain, causing instant death. According to the accounts given, the head of the criminal, as he sits firmly strapped in the execution chair, is to be inclosed in a helmet similar to that of a diver. Opposite the temples of the wearer are two holes, through which the needles, duly connected with the source of electric current employed, pass. As the executioner touches a button, and so turns on the current, the two needles leap from their sockets and are forced through the temples into the brain of the criminal. With them they carry powerful alternating currents, which rupture and destroy the brain cells with such rapidity that one convulsive movement of the victim is the only sign that life is extinct. Whether such a mode of execution, if seriously proposed, is more merciful than the electrical method adopted in this country will be doubted by many.

READ IT IN HIS EYE.

The Cuban Understood the Soldier and at Once Gave Up His Prospective Prey.

This occurred at Siboney, while the town was in flames. Panie had held of everybody but the American troops, who were vainly endeavoring to conduct an orderly evacuation.

A lanky rough rider was missing through the town on some mission, says the Philadelphia North American when he came abreast of a half-starved Spanish woman, who bore every trace of wealth and refinement in her face, manner and dress, and was struggling to keep a child, barely able to walk, at her side and at the same time restrain a burly Cuban from robbing her of a walnut box tipped with silver, which she held under her arm.

The rough rider took in the situation at a glance. He couldn't speak Spanish, so he let loose a wild yell peculiar to the genus cowboy, and at the same time leveled his gun at the rascally Cuban.

Then, to relieve his own feelings, he yelled in good vigorous English: "We're down here to fight men, not women and children, and if you don't sneak I'll drop you!"

The Cuban read the message in the soldier's eyes and slunk away, while the rough rider conducted the woman and child to headquarters, and then went about his business.

WOMEN OF BABYLONIA.

Marriage Contracts 2,500 Years Ago Were Very Carefully Drawn Up.

A recent treatise by Victor Marx, a German scientist, defines the position of women in Babylonia during the period of 404-405 B. C., as illustrated by the contract literature of the times. The contracts indicate that Babylonian maidens held property in their own right, and that there were definite marriage stipulations relating to dowry, incidentally indicating the dependence of the son on his father's wishes in the choice of a wife.

The dowry contracts were definite, stating the amount and nature of the property to be given, providing for payment by installments, and arranging for payment by a brother in case of the father's decease, the dowry being regarded as a legally collectible debt, payable in kind if money were lacking.

The legal recipient of the dowry was the son-in-law, yet the daughter (wife) retained such proprietary interest therein that, if invested in realty by the husband, it was in his wife's name.

There are indications that husband and wife enjoyed approximately equal rights with respect to property, the control of children, etc.; there is little reference to the husband's duty to support the wife, though it appears that in case of divorce the husband paid alimony according to his means.

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## SOLDIER SIMPSON WRITES A LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

Our trip from Ft. Logan to Paredito was uneventful save the inconvenience consequent upon the movement of such a body of men. The regiment was moved in three sections in tourist sleepers, each section comprising fourteen cars. The trip enroute was not heralded with that enthusiasm we had read so much about as regards other similar organizations, owing to the fact that we had been preceded by a regiment, which, by their acts of vandalism, had impressed upon the minds of the people that the volunteer army was a lot of rowdy toughs. Upon our arrival at Paredito we went into camp and prepared to settle down for a few months stay as was the general impression. In this, however, we were disappointed, for on the 6th of September we got orders to be ready to embark for Manila on the 8th. There was a hustle and bustle that kept a fellow guessing where he was at. Every one was eager for the move and entered into the preparations with a vim born of old campaigners.

### CLOTHING.

By this time we were literally loaded down with clothing and heavy marching order meant a pretty good load. In addition to mess kit, haversack, knapsack, belt, bayonet and gun, our wardrobe itemized as follows: Blanket, poncho, calf skin and tan shoes, two flannel top shirts, two woolen undershirts, one pair blue pants, one blouse, one fatigue cap campaign hat, one karkha suit, two white summer shirts, two shawl-bath shirts, two nankin undershirts, two suits cotton underwear, six pair of hose, two abdominal supporters and shoe polish. To those of us who had never had as many changes before it was a puzzle what to do with so much paraphernalia so suddenly acquired. We managed after several attempts to get all in our knapsack and ready for the trip.

### THE STAFF.

We boarded the transport Columbia at 4:30 p. m. on Friday the 8th and by 5:30 were aloft upon the broad Pacific with companies K, F, G, H, a portion of L, the band hospital corps and seventeen line officers, making in all about 600 men. The ship's company were all Chinese, but the officers and mates are of different nationalities, mostly English. The transport is owned by the Northern Pacific Steamship company. She is steel lined, about 350 feet long, single screw and will make about 11 knots an hour. The holds aft, center and forward are arranged in four rows of bunks, three tiers high, for the accommodation of the men. It has been newly fitted up, consequently clean and her first trip as a transport. Besides her cargo of men and rations for thirty days, she carries six months' rations for the regiment, which will be delivered at Manila. Thus we began our journey. Our first night at sea was enjoyed greatly, for to the major portion of those aboard, it was a new experience and all were laughing and chatting merrily and drinking in the delightful sea air. By Saturday evening, however, there was a transformation scene in which all of us were actors. That happy contented look was replaced by one of agony and pain. Sea sickness had set in and there was no time for joking. It required no prescription to get a "screw" in an instant provided you were not too busy looking after your own interests. The mess call had a kind of hollow, graveyard sound, and it went entirely neglected. The "rushes" to the side rail were fast and furious and resulted in a dietary for the fishes. In this regard the "private" was not alone. The man of the "straps" had troubles of the same nature, and the saloon deck had the appearance of a party doing an old time Virginia reel, so constant was the movement. To the enlisted man this scene was something of a revolting sensation that was balm for the tired being. By Tuesday the spell had worn off and the mess call was once more a welcome sound. Barring this interruption the voyage to Honolulu was a pleasant one. Our duties aboard ship have not materially changed. We hear the same bugle calls at the same hours. Drill and inspection twice a day. Non-commissioned officer's school, then school for privates. Then our guns are to be looked after and numerous other duties that keep us well employed. The officers seem to take great interest in the preparation of our toilet, either from a source of amusement or from a desire to make of the lightening change artists, for it's a different garb we have to don at every drill or inspection. Seemingly not satisfied with seeing us primed up as if for parade drill, we are ordered to line up in barefoot shirt sleeves and bareheaded. Every evening the band mounts the hurricane deck and renders a few selections and to the music of the "Star Spangled Banner" old Glory would be lowered, when we repair to the hold or remain on deck to amuse ourselves in the best manner possible, such as card playing, singing, wrestling, boxing and conversation. There is considerable talent aboard that affords much amusement.

We sighted the Hawaiian island at 8 a. m., on the morning of the 16th, and at 4:30 dropped anchor in the bay about one-fourth of a mile from the dock, to await the coming of the tide. On first going in it appeared that our arrival was to be enthusiastically welcomed, for the docks, boat house, and all the vessels anchored there, of which there was a goodly number, were gaily decorated with bunting and banners, and crowds of people thronged the wharves. A band at the boat house at our left turned loose on "There'll Be a Hot Time" etc. and the yell that went up was long and lusty enough to have been heard all over the island. Under the impression that we were receiving a royal welcome, and a good brotherly feeling was going out to the Hawaiians, the band was ordered on deck which responded with "Happy Days in Old Virginia," and a salute was fired from two small guns. But imagine our chagrin when it was learned it was "Regatta" day with the Hawaiians—the cause of all the decoration and music—was the chief sport of the inhabitants there. We saw the flash of the big event, after which the crowd dispersed, and we fell to wondering how we were to get to the city. Soon, however, the bay was dotted with small crafts manned by the natives, who would put you on the

wharf for ten cents per head. By 10 o'clock the ship was almost deserted, and the boys were taking in the town.

We were greatly surprised at the appearance of the city. It is situated near the center and at the foot of a long chain of mountains, fronting the bay. Owing to the dense foliage, one viewing the city from the deck of a vessel anchored in the bay would hardly imagine a city of such importance nestled there. As regards public improvements and corporation enterprise it differs in no respect from that of an American city of the second class. Electric lights and street cars were in operation.

The displays in the show windows were up to date, and prices marked on them indicated that it was possible to obtain the necessities of life as cheaply here as in the states. Chinese merchants, however, seem to predominate. Their wares are neatly displayed, and all lines of trade are represented by them, and the stocks carried would credit to any that are in Albuquerque.

Owing to the fact that the day was one of festivity, numerous flower girls lined the sidewalks, and their stock was in protusion.

There is a great Chinese and Japanese population here, and like San Francisco, Honolulu has its Chinese quarters, in which respect it will compare favorably, so if you have ever taken in China town in Frisco by lamp light, you have a fair representation of what is here. We were back on board ship by 12 o'clock for at 11:30 business is suspended until 6 o'clock Monday morning. This law is rigidly enforced, and there are no saloons or gambling houses open between the hours mentioned, neither are there stores or merchants open for business. This, it struck me as being un-American—my only observation that wasn't.

Sunday is a bright, sunny day and we raised anchor and are towed up to the dock. We are privileged to go and come at will, and as on the night previous, the ship is practically deserted. There are many places of interest here, and one is constantly finding something to attract attention. In company with my friend Meyers a stroll over the city was begun. We visited the Queen's Palace, now the governmental headquarters. It is a building of three stories high, with a frontage of about 100 feet, built of stone and modern architecture. The interior is furnished up in up-to-date style, with a view to convenience and comfort. The grounds surrounding are large and commodious, and profusely dotted with native shrubbery. The numerous driveways and walks leading to the different portions of the grounds shows the handiwork of an experienced landscape artist. Beds of flowers of great variety may be seen on every hand, coconut trees, bananae, in fact all the fruits of the tropics may be found within this enclosure, and to the stranger on first beholding it, 'tis a veritable garden of Eden. Directly opposite is to be seen the palace court, now the court house. This is also a fine building, in front of which stands a bronze statue of Kalakaua, the first king of the islands. We next visited the park, which in appearance is similar to the enclosure of the palace grounds, though more profuse in shrubbery and native fruits. It is kept in good shape, and for beauty would compare favorably with similar resorts in the large cities of this country.

Strolling further we find ourselves in front of a large coconut grove; further on we see a dist of banana trees, which tempts us to play the small boy and purloin a few of them. We are constantly passing trees bearing fruit that we never saw before, and it is with great reluctance we turn toward the city again. On our way we pass several fine churches, the Japanese Kindergarten, Hawaiian Orphan's Home, and many other buildings that are of interest to the sight seer. There is also a fine Y. M. C. A. building, and the interior is fitted up as is customary in such institutions, and visitors from the states are made doubly welcome.

We visited the police station, which building is large and commodious, the interior well looked after as to sanitation and ventilation. The fare and accommodations for criminals for surveillance any similar institution in the states that I have seen. Here he is given a good bed, clean cover lids and a mosquito bar. To us it had an inviting appearance rather than a place to be shunned. And the fare, we are told, is both wholesome and plentiful.

The Kalakaua hospital, directly opposite, is also a fine looking structure, and is even more inviting than is a majority of the hotels in the states. There are also several other charitable institutions which we learn, are up to date and a pleasure to visit, among which is the sailors' and soldiers' home, a large three-story brick building fronting the bay near the wharf.

We next come to the depot of the only railroad on the island. This building, in all appearance, resembles the small depot along the railroad lines in America. The track is narrow gauge, and the rolling stock differs in no regard from others of its kind. The length of the road is eighty-five miles, making nearly a circuit of the island.

Many other places of interest to us were visited, but a description of which we have no space to give. There are two daily newspapers, one morning and one evening, and the mechanical departments are up-to-date. Both papers have the Mergenthaler Linotype machines. On the morning paper we found our friend Kelly, rough rider and printer, who many of your readers will remember as having worked on the Journal-Examiner. There are also many job printing offices, and all doing fine business.

From what we can glean in conversation with the Hawaiians, they are not kindly disposed toward the American soldier, or the government of the United States. They attribute their troubles to McKinley, and say "he no good." They are loyal to their queen and long for her return from Washington with her throne restored to her.

The population of Honolulu is about 40,000, consisting of the native Hawaiian, Chinese, Japanese, French American, German, Portuguese and Australian. The dock accommodations for shipping are quite extensive, and will admit ves-

sels of the deepest draught at high tide. While there is considerable importing and exporting, the principal industry of the island lies in the manufacture of sugar, though the raising of rice is carried on in a small way. As time with us was limited, we were unable to get statistics of date, consequently I can not give as favorable impression of the place as a seaport as it deserves. Honolulu is in all respects an up-to-date place, and surpasses in many respects cities of its size in the United States.

There are three companies of artillery stationed here, batteries A, M, and K. The New York and Pennsylvania troops which passed through here, by their many acts of rowdiness left a bad impression of the volunteer soldiers with the populace that will take time to efface.

By Monday evening we are aboard ship, and at 11:30 p. m. anchor is raised and we are once more upon the waters of the broad Pacific.

There is nothing of incident occurred save passing 180 degrees longitude on the 24th, losing the 25th, and sighting a school of whales on the 30th, until October 3, when we entered the China sea. Here we found rough water and the barometer indicating a storm. It gradually came upon us, and by evening the waves were rolling high and occasionally shooting over decks. It began to be whispered around that we were going to have a typhoon. This news created quite a flurry, and while some faces depicted misgivings and fear, others seemed as stolid as ever; the rumor soon became a reality, and by 11 o'clock of the 3rd we were "in it." It was with difficulty we slept in our bunks. The condition Wednesday morning was about the same, but in the afternoon the waves began to increase in height, while the wind was blowing a gale, and the ship crew were making preparations to fasten up the hold. By night we were fastened in our quarters while the water was rushing in torrents over the decks. The ship was swung around and heaved straight for the storm. During this maneuver the ship careened so that we thought she was going over. Sleep was out of the question, and we could do nothing but hold on to bunk railings and listen to the roar of the wind and the breaking of the waves against the ship and on her decks.

Morning dawned, and the situation is not changed. It is with difficulty we eat our breakfast. The storm gradually increased in violence. All aboard are cognizant of the fact that a storm is raging. A passage way to the forward part of the ship is opened up through the coal bunkers for the purpose of giving us as much fresh air as possible. This enables us, after much difficulty and hazard, to gain the hatch forward and reach the deck. Once out we hold on to life lines and view the storm while spray is falling in great sheets. Waves are rolling mountain high and at times the decks are completely submerged in water. The wheelman has been moved from the bridge to the wheel house on hurricane deck, but the captain and first officer of the ship are lashed on the bridge. The ship away from side to side, and every moment it seems as if she will go over. Now a wave breaks over the prow of the boat as she plunges into the mountain of water and we see the bow high in the air; now the situation is reversed, then the waves envelop her from stem to stern, the masts seemingly dipping in the angry waves. To look upon it was a terrifying sight, and we felt as though there was little hope for our lives. We go below deck, to await for the worst, but hoping for the best. Our quarters by this time have become filthy, resulting from the attempt to serve three meals of canned beef, beans and hard-tack, which would go flying over the door at every lurch of the ship. We were in darkness and jolting and bumping against our neighbor in our endeavor to get something to eat, and this performance would bring forth a volume of imprecations not calculated for a Y. M. C. A. library. Thursday night was spent in the same manner as the night previous, holding on to our bunks and thinking every moment would be our last. At about 2 o'clock a tier of bunks came down with a crash, and we thought it was "all off with the big Swede." Those so rudely disturbed emerged from the debris as best they could and then sat around in darkness until morning.

Morning brings the welcome news that the storm has abated, and had reached its height at 3 o'clock. While this was comforting, we were by no means out of danger for the sea was equal to that of Thursday morning. All day Friday the good boat bravely rode the mountains of water, and by dusk the waves were calming down and all was greatly relieved. We lived through the night in anticipation of getting on decks in the morning and a release from our miserable quarters, which by this time are almost unbearable.

Gladly did we mount the deck Saturday morning and draw a sigh of relief. A regular love feast was the order of the morning and we fell to shaking hands with each other. The captain, who had been lashed to the bridge for seventy-two hours, was no longer to be seen, and this fact alone gave us an assurance that was gladdening in its effect. Our situation had been serious and our safe deliverance can be attributed only to the endurance of the officers in command of the ship, who, for hours were at their posts without food or sleep, who say it was one of the worst storms they ever encountered, and they have been years upon the sea.

A look over the ship revealed considerable damage. Of the six life boats on the hurricane deck not one was seaworthy; the lifeboats on the forward end were no longer to be seen; the side rails on the port side had parted company with the ship while the deck water closets were conspicuous by their absence; there were no longer any chain guards on the hurricane deck, and both stairways to the bridge and wheel were down. Not a pane of glass remained in the skylights over the engine room, and a fresh water tank aft on hurricane deck was gone. A portion of the bridge was taken away, and a signal dial and bell were no longer in their usual places. An anchor on the port side was torn away, and the awning that was lashed to the forward sail beam had the resemblance of a mosquito bar. The hospital headquarters on the after deck was completely demolished, while the saloon cabin received severe damage. The kitchen, located in the "crew's way," was put out early in the engagement. In fact everything above deck sustained more or less damage.

During the height of the storm, the

faces of Captains Dame and Russell were to be seen in different portions of the ship, giving encouragement to the men, and in such a manner as permitted, looking after their welfare. They strode the deck like old sailors, and the intrepid spirit which they exhibited for the care of those in their charge has endeared them in the hearts of this portion of the Thirty-fourth. Col. Kennon was also conspicuous on the bridge while the storm was raging and in the evening of Friday came through the ship amid only in a masthead, giving assurance that all danger had passed. Lieut. Verdi sustained a serious fracture of the ankle from being washed the whole length of the afterdeck, landing him in the steering gear. He narrowly missed being washed overboard.

A Chinese seaman was washed overboard Friday and lost. A few moments after the occurrence his companion threw overboard all his effects and enough rations to last him during his journey to Hong Kong, as they say. Several were hurt in the engine room, and one will die from the effects of being blown against the side of the ship.

All of Saturday morning we were going at a slow rate of speed, the cause of which we learned was that the pumps had become disabled during the night before and permitted enough water to get into the engine room that put out the fires. If we had known this that night—well, it's hard to tell what would have been the effect. In the afternoon, however, we were going a good gait, still 1100 miles from Manila. For two days and nights we had been going round and round in a radius of five miles.

Saturday we aired ourselves first and then began to work on our quarters. Hatchets opened up, a terrible odor came from below, and breathing then as we were the fresh sea air, it was the source of much comment how we were able to withstand such a foulness. Heterogeneous, we think is a good word to describe the conglomeration that was to be seen below. Corn beef, beans, hard-tack, clothing, life preservers, coal and war ordnance were in common with each other, and in the language of a New Mexico statesman "it would kill you in a back alley."

Sunday was given over to recovering from the effects of our experience. It was a pleasant day, and the bright rays of the sun were more than welcomed. Monday was airing day, and everything below was put on deck and given a sun bath. Clothes and life preservers were hanging in the rigging, over the rails, and every conceivable place that could be found. At a distance our noble boat must have presented a unique appearance. At night the military and ship's officers gave praise for our safe delivery in a manner that only officers know how to praise. It is said that one of them became so enthusiastic that he robbed himself in his bedding habits and was on the eve of sleeping overboard and took a bath, but for the interference of a sentry who informed him it was orders that no one was allowed on shore until morning, to which he replied, "Very well, sir, orders must be obeyed; officer of the day, the guard is well formed."

Tuesday morning the island of Luzon was sighted on the lee side and every eye on board was turned toward the horizon to catch a glimpse of the faint line of land in the distance. By 8 o'clock we had passed the northern portion of the island, 800 miles from Manila, and all day land was in sight. Wednesday morning found us still in sight of land with a good sea, and going at a fair rate of speed. At night we arrived in Manila bay, after meeting the St. Paul on her return voyage.

From the ship we can get no view of the city. There are several war vessels of different nationalities lying here, and many sailing vessels are anchored in the bay. We can see camp fires on the hills around us, and the comments pro and con upon the prospects of our going on the firing line is varied, but by 11 o'clock we know what it is. Military and naval officers have been aboard and report fighting within four miles of Manila, and the St. Paul returned without troops aboard, as all volunteers have been recalled to the firing line.

Morning brings great activity on board. Instead of drill, ammunition is being served—100 rounds to each man—and we will go to the front this afternoon. Thus we will have no opportunity to tour the city—for the present at least. This letter leaves all the Albuquerque boys—with this detachment—in good health, as is also that of the companies aboard, and all seemingly ready and eager for fight. You may expect to hear from me again soon—barring all accidents.

W. C. SIMPSON.

"Out of Sight  
Out of Mind."

In other months we forget the harsh winds of Spring. But they have their use, as some say, to blow out the bad air accumulated after Winter storms and Spring thaws. There is far more important accumulation of badness in the veins and arteries of humanity, which needs Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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Words cannot describe the prettiness of our Children's and Misses' Dresses. See them yourself and save work and money.

From 40c to \$3 Each

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Dark colors, good fitting, good washing, good wearing, wrappers, neatly trimmed too, and the finished garment costs you no more than you've been in the habit of paying for the materials alone.

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Early buyers are always on the alert for the new things in gown stuffs, and like to pick and choose from the exclusive weaves. Such buyers will hail with much pleasure the news that we have received some choice things in dress goods that call for an early inspection.

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A Fine Assortment of Jackets for you to choose from; tailoring skill and general excellence in everyone of them. Notice the Shape, the fitting, the set and tone are exactly right. You'll need one soon. A special fine quality Melton Jacket, Silk Lined, in the five fashionable colors at \$7.75.

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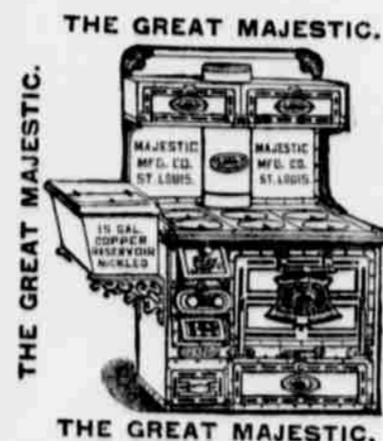
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