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The lawyer who functions in his profession, whether as private practitioner or as public servant, is an integral part of the system by which a democratic society governs itself. If he is properly to discharge the responsibilities of this role, his education for the profession must be both broad and intensive. In its breadth it must encompass a full understanding of and belief in the democratic respect for the individual personality and the democratic processes designed to allow the individual to develop and participate in a free, self-governing society. In its intensification it must impart a high degree of competence in the craftsmanship of the law—in those skills and insights essential to an adequate performance of the lawyer's function as advocate, judge, legislator, teacher, administrator, or civic leader.

Such education neither begins nor ends in the law school, and the School of Law is continually concerned not only with its own curriculum but also with the quality of pre-legal education and with the continuing self-education which should be pursued by all members of the profession. In consequence, it is urged that students enter the School with as broad a cultural and educational background as it is possible for them to obtain. Accordingly, the basic requirement for admission is now a baccalaureate degree from an approved college or university.

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