

12-14-1915

Albuquerque Morning Journal, 12-14-1915

Journal Publishing Company

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/abq_mj_news

Recommended Citation

Journal Publishing Company. "Albuquerque Morning Journal, 12-14-1915." (1915). https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/abq_mj_news/1509

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the New Mexico Historical Newspapers at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Albuquerque Morning Journal 1908-1921 by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact disc@unm.edu.

PACIFIC MAIL SHIPS BOUGHT BY COMPANY IN NEW YORK CITY

Action of Capitalists Affiliated With National City Bank Avoids Breaking Up of Fleet.

SHIPPING TRADE WITH CENTRAL AMERICA SAFE

William R. Grace and Company, Noted Exporters and Importers, Are to Have Active Management.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) New York, Dec. 13.—The American International corporation, controlled by interest connected with the National City bank and other prominent financiers, today announced the purchase of the entire remaining fleet of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, consisting of seven steamships.

In this venture the corporation has secured the co-operation of William R. Grace & Co., importers and exporters between the United States and South America, who are represented on the board of the new international corporation. Incidentally by the group the last fleet of vessels under the United States flag on the Pacific ocean will not suffer complete disintegration.

Company Desires to Sell. The statement issued by the officials of the American International corporation says: "It has been known for some time that the Pacific Mail Steamship company desired to dispose of all its vessels. Recently it sold to the International Mercantile Marine corporation its four large trans-Pacific steamships, which have just been purchased, were engaged chiefly in the Central American trade. The breaking up of this fleet would have taken from the Central American ports on the west coast all shipping accommodations and would have practically shut off all trade relations between our Pacific ports and this part of Central America.

Will Continue Service. "Since the organization of the American International corporation appeals have been made to it to take up the situation, especially with a view of saving, if possible, the shipping service between Pacific ports and the west coast of Central America. "In order to maintain the shipping service with Central America so that trade relations can be continued, the fleet has been acquired and will be kept intact, enabling the continuance of the service for the present.

"W. R. Grace & Co., who have had wide experience in shipping will manage and direct the operation of the ships.

WANT PROTECTION FOR INFANT INDUSTRY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) Philadelphia, Dec. 13.—David Kirchbaum, president of the National Association of Clothiers, announced here tonight that a meeting of representative men engaged in distressing directly or indirectly affected by the present distress situation, will be held on Wednesday in New York. The reason for the meeting is that the English embargo on woollens from America will be especially considered. The plan as outlined by Mr. Kirchbaum in his statement is to send to Washington a delegation of representatives, business men to present their case to the secretary of state and President Wilson. Later they will place the matter before congress, and ask for a tariff law "that will protect American business men willing and ready to invest millions of dollars in the creation of an American dressmaking industry, provided their investments are fully protected."

SAYS GREECE ASKED ALLIES FOR TROOPS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) London, Dec. 13 (11:25 p. m.).—"Are you aware," Sir Arthur Markham asked Foreign Secretary Grey in the house of commons today "that the neutral press has stated repeatedly that the allies, by sending troops through Greece, violate Greek neutrality in the same way in which Germany violated Belgian neutrality and that the government take steps to make it known in neutral countries that Greece requested the allies to send troops?" Lord Robert Cecil, parliamentary under-secretary for foreign affairs, replied for the foreign secretary, saying: "I am aware that statements have been made but they have been absolutely contradicted."

THE WEATHER

WEATHER FORECAST. Denver, Dec. 13.—New Mexico: Tuesday fair, warmer north portion. Wednesday fair south, cloudy north portion.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT. For twenty-four hours, ending at 6 p. m. yesterday. Maximum temperature, 60 degrees; minimum, 25 degrees; range, 35 degrees; temperature at 6 p. m., 45 degrees; southwest wind, clear.

EXPLOSION IN BELGIUM DOES APPALLING DAMAGE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) Havre, Dec. 12 (11:19 p. m.).—Delayed in transmission.—Appalling effects of Saturday's explosion in the Belgian munition factory are more clearly shown as the investigation of the disaster proceeds. All of the sheds of the plant, which covered 150,000 square feet of ground, were completely destroyed. The spot where the first explosion occurred is marked by a chasm 136 feet deep.

Towns and villages within a radius of fifty miles of Havre were shaken by the explosion and those in the immediate vicinity sustained serious damage. At Harfleur every house was injured and the church is in a state of collapse. At Folleville all windows in the spinning mills were broken and considerable damage also was done on the other side of the Seine at Honfleur, St. Sauveur and Rivecourt.

E. H. HARRIMAN SOUGHT TO BUY B. & M. RAILROAD

Mellen Declares Such Purchase Would Have Been Ruinous to Transportation in New England States.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) New York, Dec. 13.—The late E. H. Harriman wished to purchase the Boston and Maine railroad and at one time Charles S. Mellen was almost ready to sell it to him, according to Mr. Mellen's testimony today at the trial of the eleven former directors of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad under the Sherman anti-trust law. But the New Haven finally declined to sell and obtained from Massachusetts the legislation which enabled it to hold the Boston and Maine under the laws of that state.

Had Mr. Harriman acquired the road, Mr. Mellen testified, the entire New England railroad system would have lost its independence. The New Haven, with Mr. Harriman in control of the Boston and Maine, would have been unable to maintain its independence of the trunk lines to the west.

Kept on the String. Mr. Mellen said that in 1908, the late railroad financier made proposals to him for the purchase of the Boston and Maine and that he "kept him as a possible purchaser in case the Massachusetts legislation failed."

On May 13, 1908, he telegraphed to T. P. Byrnes, vice president and legislative agent of the New Haven in Boston, saying that he had had a talk with Mr. Harriman.

"It is useless to contend," the telegram read, "if we are to have public sentiment against us. Why is it not better to let Harriman have the fight and we retire with the profit. It seems to me it administers justice in addition to letting us out."

Efforts Continued. "If we had sold," Mr. Mellen testified, "it would have meant the passing over to the trunk lines of the entire New England railroads."

Mr. Harriman, he added, continued his efforts to get the road almost until he died. While in Europe, in May, 1910, four months before his death, he sent Judge Robert S. Lovett, then attorney for the Union Pacific, to see the witness on the matter.

Attorneys for both sides said they hoped to finish with Mr. Mellen tomorrow, which will have been his thirty-fifth court day on the stand.

EXPECT IMMIGRANTS TO FLOCK TO AMERICA

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) New York, Dec. 13.—A campaign to obtain reliable information concerning the probabilities of immigration to this country after the close of the European war, was started today by the immigration committee of the United States.

CAUCUS AGREES ON PLAN WHICH WILL PREVENT GRAVE DEFICIT

Democrats Will Pass Resolution Before Holidays, Extending Emergency War Tax for Year.

ONLY TWO MEMBERS FOUND IN OPPOSITION

Floor-leader Kitchin Says \$125,000,000 of New Revenues Are Needed for President's Program.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) Washington, Dec. 13.—House democrats in a caucus tonight agreed to support a resolution designed to extend the life of the present emergency tax, without change, until December 31, 1916, or for one year.

The resolution will be introduced tomorrow. It probably will be voted on Thursday. Democratic leaders tonight predicted its adoption in both houses not later than Saturday when the Christmas recess will be taken if the measure is out of the way.

Only Two Opposed. Only two of the 150 democrats who attended the caucus declined to be bound by its rules. Representative Keating, of Colorado, and Representative Callaway, of Texas, said they had promised their constituents to oppose a continuation of the tax, and that they intended to keep faith with them. The chairman, Representative Sanders, of Virginia, said the caucus rules would not be binding upon them under the circumstances.

Majority Leader Kitchin, who presented the proposal tonight and who will introduce the resolution, warned the members that they must do their utmost to have all democratic members on the floor Thursday. Otherwise, he said, grave danger would be ahead for the resolution.

Kitchin Interrogated. Mr. Kitchin was interrogated extensively on revenue plans generally and was on the floor almost an hour. Several representatives who had threatened a fight on any plan to extend the law indefinitely remained quiet when the limited time proposition was broached.

Representative Kitchin explained after the caucus that the year's extension did not mean necessarily that the tax would be imposed during this full period. Its future will depend, he said, solely on what the course of other revenue legislation takes. It is possible, he said, that the present tax law will be entirely repealed or amended materially.

\$125,000,000 Revenue Needed. Mr. Kitchin estimates that if the present administration plans carry the tariff in kept on sugar \$125,000,000 more than can be raised by the emergency tax will be required to run the government during the coming year.

At present the emergency tax is netting between \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000 monthly.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY PAGEANT IN CAPITAL

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) Washington, Dec. 13.—An elaborate pageant picturing the life and work of Susan B. Anthony, the pioneer suffrage leader, was staged here tonight as the closing event of the annual convention of the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage.

More than 400 persons appeared in the pageant, including many young women prominent in the social circles of this and other cities. Five "friezes" symbolizing the progress women have made in their march toward freedom in their political life alternated with scenes picturing ten episodes in Mrs. Anthony's life. Episodes of the fashion of various periods since the civil war days were worn.

Tomorrow representatives of the Congressional union will seek a hearing before the republican national committee.

The executive council of the National American Woman Suffrage association held a meeting here tonight preliminary to the opening tomorrow of the forty-seventh annual convention of the association. Delegates already on the ground are chiefly interested in the election of a new president to succeed Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, who has announced her intention to retire after serving eleven years.

Smoking, she said today, certainly had not shortened her life and in her opinion her common sense and a simple, modest diet had nourished her vitality.

Summary of War News of Yesterday

Although outnumbered ten to one by the Bulgarians who were well supplied with ammunition and guns, the British forces in Serbia have been able to recross the Greek frontier and now are said to have an open pathway before them back to their base at Saloniki.

Whether the Bulgarians will keep up their pursuit and invade Greece has not been made known.

Unofficial advices from Athens say that the Greek troops in the region which the entente allies must use in their operations have been withdrawn and that the zone between Saloniki and Decian is now open and free for their movement. In addition it is said that assurances which were regarded as satisfactory have been given personally by King Constantine to the entente minister in Athens.

Accounts vary as to the losses suffered by the British during the retreat.

Berlin officials announce that approximately two British divisions were annihilated. Other reports have indicated that the withdrawal was being effected in an orderly manner and without heavy casualties.

Two companies of the Royal Scots, who were sent to the front to help the British, were taken back to the rear by the Bulgarians for two hours while their comrades took up a new position, but were virtually exterminated in their valiant effort.

Along the Albanian frontier and in Montenegro the Bulgarians and Austro-Hungarians continue, although slowly, their gains against the retreating Serbs and the Montenegrins.

On the other war fronts there have been no battles of great magnitude.

Artillery bombardments have prevailed almost exclusively on the French-Russian and Austro-Italian lines.

The Turkish attack on Kut-el-Amara, where the British retreated from the Bagdad region, has been repulsed with heavy losses and British reinforcements are being rushed forward to that point.

The destruction of a Zeppelin airship in the Libyan region is reported from Petrograd.

The entire crew of the airship was burned to death.

WIRELESS SEALED ON INTERNED STEAMER

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) Baltimore, Dec. 12.—The wireless apparatus on the German steamer Bulgaria, interned in the harbor here, was sealed by a United States naval officer from Washington today.

Local officials of the government admitted that charges had been made that messages were received and sent recently from the ship, but would not further discuss the matter.

The Bulgaria was interned early in the war. The officers and part of the crew still make their home on the ship. No watch has been kept on their movements.

ANTI-SUFFRAGE WOMEN SHARP IN THEIR COMMENTS

Deplore Annoyances to President and Congress at Time When Grave Problems Are Demanding Attention.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) Washington, Dec. 13.—The National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, in annual convention here today, re-elected the principal officers and adopted a resolution declaring that a lack of patriotism was shown in the efforts of suffragettes to "torment congress during a session which is called upon to solve the greatest national and international problems that have confronted the United States since the civil war."

Delegates from most of the twenty-four states represented in the association were present. The business of the convention was concluded today by a delegation of forty will call on President Wilson at the White House.

Reviewing the debate of suffrage in eastern states last month, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, president, in her opening address, said:

"The voters have asked two questions: First, is suffrage expedient? and their common sense has led them to say 'no.' Second, do the majority of women stand behind the demand for the vote? and the negative reply has emphatically followed the investigation of fact."

The resolution adopted by the convention reads in part as follows:

"This association deprecates and condemns the lack of patriotism exhibited by the suffragettes in useless annoying the president of the United States and congress in making a sham fight which is a scandal and a reflection on the intelligence of American womanhood."

THREE INDICTED AS CONSPIRATORS IN BOMB PLOTS IN UNITED STATES

Baron Wilhelm von Brincken Leader of Scheme to Destroy American Munitions Shipments.

GOVERNMENT POSSESSES DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

Investigation of Nation-wide Plots Is Just Well Commenced, Says Federal District Attorney.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) San Francisco, Dec. 13.—Baron George Wilhelm von Brincken, an attaché of the German consulate here; E. C. Crowley, a detective employed by the consulate; and Margaret Cornwell, a secret agent in Crowley's employ, were indicted today by the United States grand jury on two counts each. The first count charges conspiracy to interfere with and destroy commerce between the several states of the union and the United States and foreign countries; the second count charges use of the mails to further arson, assassination and murder.

Bonds Are Procured. Bail was fixed at \$55,000 on each count in the three indictments. Counsel for the defendants, all of whom had been arrested previously, promised to appear in court tomorrow.

Baron von Brincken and Crowley were previously charged in conspiracy to interfere with and destroy commerce and they have been at liberty on \$10,000 bail, while Mrs. Cornwell, arrested as a detained witness, gave \$10,000 bail. The statute upon which the second count is based was discovered by Mrs. A. A. Adams, who at the time of her appointment was said to be the only woman deputy United States district attorney.

Documentary Evidence. The overt acts set out in the indictments were not made known tonight, but it was said the government was in possession of documentary evidence to support the charges.

It was shared at the time of Crowley's arrest on November 25, that he was a directing agent in German plots to destroy, by fire and dynamite, ships bearing munitions to Great Britain, France and Russia. An explosion of a large of dynamite in Seattle harbor last May was charged to him by government agents.

Crowley's operations, the government charges, extended throughout the United States and he conspired frequently with superiors in New York City and vicinity, Louis J. Smith, who was brought here from Detroit, was said to have been implicated with Crowley but a warrant against him was not served and he testified against Crowley before the grand jury.

More to Follow. The investigation which resulted in today's indictments has only begun, according to John W. Preston, district attorney. Government agents said today the government was in possession of the most vital data yet obtained, if statements said to have been made concerning alleged German bomb plots by J. P. Van Koolbergen were substantiated.

Van Koolbergen, a San Francisco civil engineer, was reported to be in custody in western Canada, and it was thought he would be brought here late this week or next week to testify. His testimony was described today as "the most startling yet produced."

Federal agents said today they had already connected alleged Pacific coast conspirators with forty explosions.

HILL LINER NEAR TO SAN FRANCISCO

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) San Francisco, Dec. 13.—The disabled Hill freighter Minnesota, in tow of tugs, was sighted late today off Point San Pedro, fifteen miles south of here, proceeding north. She was expected to reach here tonight and pass in tomorrow.

Investigation of the disablement of the vessel was set for tomorrow by John W. Preston, United States district attorney. Orders were issued that the Minnesota should stay in mid-stream in the bay when she arrives until Mr. Preston can inquire into the causes of the accident which was reported to have put all her sixteen hulls out of commission. Officers and crew were instructed not to discuss the vessel's condition.

RUSSIANS SINK TWO TURKISH GUNBOATS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) Petrograd (via London, Dec. 13, 8:15 p. m.).—Details have been received of the destruction of two Turkish gunboats near the Island of Kefken, in the Black sea about sixty miles east of the entrance to the Bosphorus, by three Russian torpedo boats under the command of Captain Count Tolstobrokov. The announcement of

Austria Intensely Angered by Note

(London, Dec. 13 (2:00 a. m.).—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Amsterdam says:

Reports from Vienna say that the American note concerning the sinking of the Italian steamer Ancona has caused intense anger in the Austrian government and a diplomatic rupture is considered probable. The question before Baron Buriak, the Austrian-Hungarian foreign minister, is only whether a rupture with the United States would not force Austria to a like step.

Capt. Tusa, the Hungarian premier, has been summoned to Vienna to discuss the situation with the government.

the sinking of the vessel was contained in the Russian official communication of last Saturday. After a battle of an hour the Ancona was disabled and also had been set on fire by Russian shells. An explosion on board the ship of the Ancona typical in the belief that she carried munitions. The other ship had lowered her flag before the end of the battle. A Turkish submarine arrived off the island during the fighting but was put to flight by the Russian fire. The Russians suffered no damage. A short distance eastward they sunk a coal laden Turkish ship.

ENGLAND GETS READY TO SELL U. S. SECURITIES

Mobilization to Begin With View to Stabilizing Exchange in New York Financial District.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) London, Dec. 13 (10 p. m.).—After an explanation by the chancellor of the exchequer, Reginald McKenna, and a short debate, the house of commons passed this evening the second reading of the bill empowering the government to mobilize American and Canadian securities by purchase or by borrowing them, to be used primarily as collateral for loans or in case of necessity to be sold to meet Great Britain's liabilities in the United States.

The scheme is an entirely voluntary one and the chancellor made it clear that the government had no intention of swamping the American market with American securities which would be unfair to holders here, as they were to be paid for at the market price.

Trade Balance Exhonerated. Mr. McKenna explained that the usual trade balance in favor of Great Britain had been exhausted in huge demands made upon America for goods for England and her allies and the amounts paid in interest on foreign securities held here or earned by British shipping were not sufficient to set this right. Consequently, in order to meet liabilities in the United States, they were obliged to go outside the ordinary course of trade and had to borrow or sell securities. He estimated that the securities held here were valued anywhere from 130,000,000 to 180,000,000 and expressed the hope this would be sufficient to "meet our liabilities and to maintain exchange in the United States for the period of the war."

Do Not Fear New York. The bill met with general approval, although David Marshall, M.P., doubted whether the scheme would offset exchange, while Frederick II. Booth hoped the government would assist traders who had to meet liabilities in America and that "these transactions will not lead to New York replacing London as the financial center of the world."

Replying to the question of Sir George Younger as to whether the government intended to confine itself to borrowing in America upon the securities, it would acquire, Edwin S. Montagu, financial secretary to the treasury, speaking for Chancellor McKenna, said that the government certainly did not propose to confine itself to either borrowing or selling. regard must be had to the position of affairs in America and the government proposed to do in every case what seemed most advantageous for the object in view.

Asked if securities to the amount of 100,000,000 were offered in the next fortnight, would the government purchase them, Chancellor McKenna said the government would be prepared to do so but he did not anticipate anything of the kind.

STILL HOLD MORE THAN \$2,000,000,000 WORTH

New York, Dec. 13.—The decision of the British government to make outright purchases of American securities caused no surprise here, the plan having been treasured as one of several which British treasury officials were known to have under consideration.

International bankers regarded the proposition as in the nature of a tender or bid that is being made solely in the interest of strengthening and maintaining exchange between this country and London.

The recent revival of liquidation of our securities by British owners has further reduced the amount of American stocks and bonds owned in Great Britain, but conservative estimates place the total of holdings at this time as well in excess of two billion dollars.

ALLIED TROOPS OUT OF SERBIA; MAKE SALONIKI MILITARY BASE

Retreat of British and French Is Successfully Accomplished and Clear Road Is Assured by Greek Government.

TWO DIVISIONS WIPED OUT, DECLARES BERLIN

Question of What Bulgars and Austro-Germans Will Do Next Now Uppermost in International Situation.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE) London, Dec. 13 (11:20 p. m.).—The British and French troops have successfully carried out their retreat from Serbia across the Green frontier and by an arrangement with the Greek government a clear road has been left for them to fall back on Saloniki, which is being organized as a base.

The German official report of today claims that "approximately two English divisions were annihilated" during the retreat, but this is considered here an exaggeration. Accounts from Athens and Saloniki say the retreat was carried out in an orderly manner and without heavy losses. By the destruction of railway bridges and roads, and by stubborn rear guard actions, in one of which two companies of the formidable regiment sacrificed themselves to save their comrades, the Bulgarians were kept at a fairly safe distance.

The question now arises whether the Bulgarians and Austro-Germans intend to follow the British and French troops into Greece, and what action the Greek government will take should they do so. The impression gained from dispatches emanating in Athens is that neither the Bulgars nor the Austro-Germans are reported to have arrived near the frontier, would be welcomed in Greece, and that, therefore, if it has been decided to follow the entente allies the task will be undertaken by Austrians and Germans.

Serbia Still Resisting. However, with the railway destroyed, it may be some days before Greece is called upon to take action and by that time the Anglo-French force should be safe in the defenses of Saloniki and under the guns of their ships.

The remains of the Serbian army are still resisting the Austrians and Bulgarians in Albania, while the Austrians are making very slow progress in their efforts to overwhelm Montenegro, where heavy fighting continues.

Only small actions have taken place in the eastern and western fronts. On the Gallipoli peninsula a fall of snow is impeding the operations, although the entente allies ships keep things lively for the Turks, whose attempt at an offensive last week seems to have failed.

A British official report says that the Turkish attack at Kut-el-Amara, where British reinforcements are arriving, has been repulsed. The attacks were made from all sides but the British position was so strong that the Turks were unable to make any impression on it.

LITTLE ACTIVITY IN RUSSIAN WAR ZONE

Petrograd, Dec. 13 (via London, 10:12 p. m.).—The following official communication was issued today:

On the western (Russian) front there is no change in the situation. In the region west of Lake Rogenko a detachment of our troops, having outflanked the enemy, dislodged a half company of Germans at the point of the bayonet from the village of Vornomy, capturing an officer and some soldiers and a machine gun.

On the Caucasian front there is no change.

FIGHTING IS CHIEFLY ON ITALIAN FRONT

Venice, Dec. 12 (via London, 11:55 p. m.).—The following official communication was issued today:

Italian front. In Tyrol the Italian artillery bombarded our positions at Riva, Rovereto and on the Colliana. Attacks by Italian infantry northeast of Cadova were repulsed.

In Ghibberia, the Italian infantry is approaching our positions. The fighting continues.

In northeast Montenegro, at Roskice we took 500 prisoners. Our airmen have successfully dropped bombs on the enemy's camp at Berane.

BRITISH ACTIVITY IS REPORTED BY FRENCH

London, Dec. 13 (10:35 p. m.).—Field Marshal Sir John French sends the following report from the British front in France:

Last night we blew up a mine in front of Givochy and occupied the crater. Today there was considerable activity at various points on the front. We bombarded the enemy's position east of Ypres and in the neighborhood of Froidshausen and shelled

PAY DAY SPECIALS

EACH ONE OF THEM A MATCHLESS BARGAIN AND EQUALLY A HANDSOME XMAS PRESENT.

Casseroles at	\$1.75
Six Bouillon Cups and Saucers, Basket, rose pattern, at	\$1.50
Six After Dinner Cups and Saucers, same china and pattern as above	75c
Six Chocolate Cups and Saucers, Creamer and Sugar, Austrian floral	\$1.80
Individual Tea Set	80c
Brass Finger Bowls, each	15c
Electric Portable Lamps at	\$3.25 and \$4.50

ONE DAY ONLY STRONG BROS.

HOME FURNISHERS
Strong Block Corner Second and Copper
WE GIVE GREEN TRADING STAMPS



GALLUP LUMP
GALLUP STOVE
SUGARITE LUMP
O'MERA LUMP
ALL KINDS WOOD

AZTEC FUEL CO.
PHONE 251

with heavy howitzers and enemy mine shaft north of La Buzca canal.

In the neighborhood of the Somme there was some fighting with trench mortars and rifle grenades. The weather today was bright and cold.

GREEK KING ASSURES ALLIED DIPLOMATS

London, Dec. 12 (10:30 p. m.)—The king of Greece in the course of an audience accorded the members of the diplomatic body at Athens on Saturday gave personal assurances which are regarded as satisfactory. This information is conveyed in a dispatch from Athens to Reuters Telegram company.

CARRANZA HAS NULLIFIED ALL HUERTA DEALS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 12.—Formal notice of the nullification by General Carranza of "all acts, contracts and concessions," of the Huerta and conventional government in Mexico, reached the Mexican embassy here today from Mexico City.

The order, in line with an announcement of his intention by General Carranza several months ago, is effective immediately. It notified individuals and corporations holding concessions granted by Huerta and conventional government officials that it will be necessary for them to make new applications "exactly as though no such concessions had heretofore existed."

The embassy also was advised today that persons charged with sedition in Mexico would be tried by the Carranza government under the special law of 1912, which gives authority for imposition of the death penalty and allows no appeal.

Permission granted today by the state department for passage of Carranza troops through American territory from Agua Prieta to Ojinaga is believed here to have given General Obregon an opportunity to close off three sides of the big rectangle in which General Villa is operating. The fourth side is the American boundary line.

Villa, with most of the force of 4,000 with which he arrived at Madera Saturday, continues to move closer to the southern side of the rectangle and is expected to reach Chihuahua tomorrow, according to the department's advice. He is said to be without adequate supplies. Obregon has a large force concentrated a short distance south of Chihuahua.

GET IT FIRST—NOT LAST

When a cold grips your system it is convincing proof that your condition is weakened—remember that. It is risky indeed to simply trust your strength to throw it off, because neglected colds have brought more serious sickness than any other one thing, while weak encephalitis and stimulatingsymp are often depressing and dangerous.

The one best treatment for any cold—the one often relied on when others fail—is the powerful blood-nourishment in Scott's Emulsion, which feeds the very sources of bodily strength to suppress the present cold and generate strength to thwart further sickness.

Get Scott's first, not last—and insist on the genuine—always free from alcohol and injurious drugs.

Scott & Borne, Bluefield, N. J.

ST. LOUIS MAY GET REPUBLICAN MEETING ALSO

Both Philadelphia and San Francisco Are Against Chicago; Convention May Precede That of Democrats.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 12.—Preliminary skirmishes before the republican national committee to decide tomorrow the time and place for the 1916 republican national convention to nominate the party's candidate for president were held here today. On the surface the only contest of importance was that of the cities seeking the convention.

After a day spent in strenuous effort on the part of the cities contending for the convention, St. Louis and Chicago were looked upon tonight as the two most prominent in the race.

Friends of San Francisco and Philadelphia apparently are ready to support the Missouri city in case of a deadlock and some of the members of the committee who talked for Chicago yesterday were inclined to be less optimistic tonight.

If surface indications were to be trusted, the convention would go to St. Louis, but Chicago boosters claimed not to be discouraged.

Many political leaders seemed to lean toward the suggestion that the convention be held before that of the democratic party in St. Louis on June 14, but there had been no canvass of members. Opinion was divided. The claims of the contending cities will be presented at length when the committee meets tomorrow.

Committee Meetings.
Two of the important meetings today were those of the committees on call and apportionment. The committee on apportionment decided it would abide by the action of the national committee two years ago in reducing the number of southern delegates to the convention. This decision was reached with the approval of two members of the national committee from southern states. This was said tonight by committee officials to mean that the convention will have 800 instead of 1,870 delegates as in 1912.

New York Delegation Cut.
New York is the only northern state to lose delegates. The committee will cut will abide by the laws of the several states, including those which restrict delegates to primaries, but it reserves the right where the law disfranchises the republican party to leave the final decision as to the seating of delegates with the national committee. About 600 of the delegates to the convention will be chosen at primaries and the other 120 at state conventions.

The league of republican state clubs and the national republican league held a banquet tonight with Senators Weeks and Sherman. John H. Hammond and Henry D. Eastman were the principal speakers.

3 SERIOUSLY INJURED IN C. & N. W. WRECK

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Harrison, Neb., Dec. 12.—Several people were injured Tuesday morning when Northwestern passenger train No. 622 was wrecked near Van Tassell, Wyo. today. The train collided with an extra engine of a Water tank. Among the most seriously injured were:

John W. Nowell, president of the bank at Lusk, Wyo., back limb.
George Thomas Crawford, Neb. bank clerk.

In Elgin, Fremont, Neb., city about the face.

Three men probably sustained internal injuries. Several other passengers were slightly injured, but were able to continue their journey.

Three Lives Lost in Fire.
New York, Dec. 12.—A woman and five children lost their lives in a tenement house fire on the upper east side late today. Firemen, hampered by freezing water and a blinding white storm rescued more than thirty women and children from five escape while the police dragged a score of frightened persons from burning hallways.

BLIZZARD NOW RAGING; TRAINS ARE ALL STUCK

Telegraphic Communication Is Demoralized and Many Cities Are Isolated; Snow Eighteen Inches Deep.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New Haven, Conn., Dec. 12.—Railroad and trolley traffic in Connecticut received its worst blow in years tonight by a blizzard. The power and signal wires in the electric zone on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad between Bridgeport and New York are down and no trains have been running for hours. About 200 people are stranded in the Stamford depot.

No trains are running into Waterbury. Trains elsewhere are from four to ten hours behind schedule time. A trolley car to Naugatuck, with 122 passengers was stalled from 5 o'clock to 11 o'clock tonight. Forty-two women were removed to their destinations in alleys and the rest walked home through the deep snowdrifts.

The weather bureau in Hartford reported eighteen inches of snow at 5 o'clock. Telegraphic communication is demoralized and many cities are isolated.

FIRST HEAVY SNOW FALLS IN NEW YORK

New York, Dec. 12.—New York today experienced its first heavy snow storm of the winter. Heavy, wet snow, driven by a high wind, fell throughout the afternoon and greater part of the night, interfering with traffic in the city and tying up shipping in the harbor.

Outgoing vessels, especially coastwise craft, did not sail and many incoming vessels were unable to make their plans in account of the blinding snow.

Owing to the abnormally condition of the streets, accidents were frequent. Fourteen hundred men were called out to attack the blanket of snow, estimated at three inches, and indications were tonight that as many more men will be needed tomorrow, the weather bureau reporting that the snow fall would continue. The temperature remained at about the freezing point.

The storm increased in intensity late tonight and the snow fall before morning it was predicted, would amount to six inches. In some sections of the greater city street traffic came to a standstill. In the outlying sections where they are not heated, the telephone and telegraph wires came down.

When the storm was at its height the fire alarm system in the Bronx was rendered useless and firemen worked in conjunction with the police in patrolling the streets in that borough on the lookout for fires.

All points adjacent to New York, especially on Long Island in New Jersey, suffered. White Plains was thrown into darkness when the electric light wires running from the plant at New Rochelle fell. Between six and seven inches of snow fell in Yonkers. Trolley service to Mount Vernon and Tarrytown was abandoned at midnight.

HEAVY SNOWSTORM BAGES NORTHEAST

Washington, Dec. 12.—The storm which in the last twenty-four hours brought to the north Atlantic seaboard and the Great Lakes region the first heavy snowfall of the season was central tonight off Sandy Hook, New York, and was moving northeastward.

The weather bureau's forecasters predicted more snow tomorrow in New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and in New England, and because of high winds accompanying the disturbance ordered warnings to shipping displayed at coast points from Sandy Hook north.

No measurable temperatures were recorded in the storm area but a cold wave in the northwest today sent the mercury down to new low marks for the season. North Dakota reported the winter's first snow weather.

PHILADELPHIA GRIEVED BY SEVERE STORMS

Philadelphia, Dec. 12.—One man was killed, several were seriously injured and there were numerous minor accidents as a result of the snowstorm which swept the eastern section of the state today.

The flakes began to fall here in the early morning hours, and tonight the instruments in the weather bureau showed that nearly seven inches had fallen. Street and steam railway was completely as well as the city had large forces of men at work all day keeping the streets and tracks cleared and traffic was only slightly impeded.

The death due to the storm was that of a laborer employed by one of the railroad companies, who was struck by a train while shoveling snow from the tracks.

ENDOWMENT FUND OF \$2,000,000 FOR TUSKEGEE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Tuskegee, Ala., Dec. 12.—Creation of a \$2,000,000 Booker T. Washington memorial endowment for the Tuskegee institute was authorized today by the institute's trustees, who announced that \$450,000 already had been pledged, some of it contingent upon raising the remainder.

The task of selecting a successor to Dr. Washington as president of the school was referred to a sub-committee, composed of Seth Low, New York chairman of the board; W. W. Campbell, Tuskegee; Victor Tulane, Montgomery, Ala.; Frank Trumbull, New York; and Edgar A. Rutherford, Chicago.

OBREGON GOES TO MEXICO CITY FOR CONFERENCE

Commander-in-chief Expects to Try to Pacify Yaqui Indians of Pacific Coast Region en Route.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Douglas, Ariz., Dec. 12.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza, chief of the de facto government of Mexico, has summoned his commander-in-chief, Gen. Alvaro Obregon, to Mexico City for a conference, according to information received here today from an official source. The purpose of the conference was not stated.

It was said that General Obregon would temporarily delegate the command of the forces in northwestern Mexico to Gen. M. M. Diezguiz. General Obregon will proceed to Mexico City by way of the west coast and en route will seek a conference with chiefs of the Yaqui Indians, in an endeavor to induce them to lay down their arms. His efforts in this direction will be expedited chiefly in the case of the tribe known as the Bronco-china Yaquis. Word is received here that 127 Villa soldiers surrendered yesterday to the Carranza garrison at El Tigre. Some of them were exhausted, it was said, that food had not been sent before they could muster strength enough for the trip into camp. It was reported simultaneously that the management of the El Tigre mines was making preparations for resuming work by the end of this week.

The Carranza Consolidated Copper company's smelter at Cananea, Sonora, which reopened Saturday, turned out the first refined copper today, according to a message received late today. The plant is now operating on a basis of one-fourth its capacity.

From the Altar district of Sonora, comes a report that a band of 150 Villa soldiers were engaged in raiding towns and ranches at the same time advocating war against all Americans.

MAXIMO GARCIA HAS SURRENDERED TO CARRANZA

Laredo, Tex., Dec. 12.—Gen. Maximo Garcia, famous guerrilla warrior, together with five Villa generals, surrendered to Carranza soldiers today, according to advices received by Carranza authorities in Nuevo Laredo, Mexican officials also claim former Villa Gen. Rosendo Hernandez is fighting for Carranza in Chihuahua.

Military circles believed today a battle south of Chihuahua City is imminent.

SWISS SYSTEM IS ADVOCATED BY ADMIRAL PERRY

Aerial Patrol Stations Would Cost Little and Protect American Coast From Surprise.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New York, Dec. 12.—The adoption of the Swiss system of military training by state and the establishment of an adequate aerial coast patrol as means of preparation for national defense were urged by Rear Admiral P. P. Perry, United States navy, retired, at a dinner of the Economic club of New York here tonight.

The rear admiral said, would some be quoted at Camp Bay, Maine, with a high-powered hydroplane. In charge of two trained aviators.

The station was established at the suggestion of John Hays Hammond, Jr., and has the approval of the secretaries of war and the navy and the support of the Aero Club of America, the Society of Aeronautical Engineers and members of the navy advisory board.

Sufficient stations to cover the coasts of the country would give the United States, Rear Admiral Perry said, a system in obtaining information invaluable in concentrating forces and preparing for an attack. By an aerial patrol with stations 100 miles apart, the speaker declared, a surprise attack on any point of our coast would become virtually impossible. The estimated cost of such a patrol, the rear admiral stated, would be from \$100,000 to \$125,000.

The system, he said, is economical and the time and money expended on it is not wasted even if it should not come as it is valuable as a peace asset because it would teach the youth of the country physical hygiene, manliness, discipline, system, self-control, self-reliance, obedience, loyalty and determination.

Other speakers who discussed "Our National Defense" were former Ambassador David Jayne Hill, former Ambassador Andrew White, Prof. A. H. Russell, Dartmouth University, and Oswald Garrison Villard.

Serb Crown Jewels Found.

Berlin, Dec. 12 (by Wireless to Times, N. Y.)—A special dispatch received here from Nish, says the Croonian News agency, reports that the hidden Serbian crown jewels have been found in the house of former Serbian ministers. It is said that the Serbian crown also has been found.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box, 25c.

VILLA PREPARES FOR OBREGON'S NEW OFFENSIVE

Strong Reinforcements Reach Juarez; Carranza Movement to Ojinaga Through U. S. Is Allowed by Washington.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
El Paso, Tex., Dec. 12.—An advance report in Washington dispatches today that the Carranza government had secured permission to move troops from Agua Prieta to Ojinaga, opposite Presidio, Tex., resulted today in a long conference by telegraph between Colonel Hipolito Villa, financial agent of the Villa organization at Juarez, across the border here, and his brother, General Villa, at Chihuahua City.

Later it was learned that Villa had ordered a concentration of troops from western Chihuahua at the capital.

A large body of troops of the brigade of General Manuel Bland's division arrived at Juarez today from Casas Grandes equipped with a small supply of artillery.

Advices at the Carranza consulate today were to the effect that a column of Carranza troops has reinforced General Luis Herrera at his headquarters at Jimenez, just below Chihuahua City.

The Peabody company, an American business concern of Juarez, has been forced to close, according to advices from Mexico City to the consulate. The advices read:

"The honest growers of Yucatan have been liberated from the bondage of the harvest trust. The house of Muntes & Co., a Spanish concern, which operated with the trust, is opposing the producers, has been forced to close. Its doors as has the Peabody company, an American concern, for the same reason. The co-operative company, organized for the benefit of the growers, now has a working capital of one hundred million pesos. In the first ten days of November the new company handled 145,000 bales of fibre and returned far better prices to the producers than ever before."

Colonel Hipolito Villa left Juarez late tonight for Chihuahua City to confer with his brother concerning the invasion of Carranza troops from Ojinaga. He said the friction between General Villa and General Jose Rodriguez, incidental to the guerrilla campaign, had been smoothed out and that Rodriguez would remain in Sonora just west of the Chihuahua state line conducting guerrilla warfare.

VILLA FORCES RAVIDE COUNTRY DURING RETREAT

Douglas, Ariz., Dec. 12.—General Francisco Villa left a despatch that behind him in his eastward flight to Madera, Chihuahua, after his defeat north of Hermosillo, according to delayed official reports received tonight by General Alvaro Obregon, the Carranza commander at Agua Prieta, across the border from here. Accounts of plundering, rapine and executions figured prominently in the reports.

After leaving the Southern Pacific railroad, Villa's route led through La Buzca mines, Prietas, San Pedro and Bani, all of which places and the surrounding country, because of practical freedom from previous raids, were rich and prosperous. Those places were stripped bare, according to the advices received, and the inhabitants left with little or nothing for their own sustenance.

The only resistance offered was at San Pedro where the advance guard was repulsed though later Villa and 400 picked men are said to have taken on the town and to have executed many of the inhabitants, sparing only forty young girls who, the report states, were forced to accompany the Villa troops.

At Mimas and Prietas, Villa is said to have personally directed the looting of twenty Chinese stores and the execution of their owners.

Similar reports were received tonight at the headquarters of General P. Elias Calles, who returned to Agua Prieta yesterday from Colonia Maricao, sixty-five miles southeast of here in Sonora, where it is said that on Friday the retreating forces of General Jose Rodriguez confiscated all they could carry away and destroyed what was left. This, the reports stated, applied also to Bacigoe, Bucerace and in both places the youngest and prettiest women and girls were mistreated and then forced to accompany the retreating soldiers.

The flying Carranza cavalry column under Major Francisco Ortega was ordered by General Calles to Colonia Oaxaca, to intercept Rodriguez, if possible, and attempt the rescue of the women and girls said to be held prisoners.

UNITED STATES MAY RESCUE GERMAN WOMEN

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Dec. 12.—Under orders from Washington, Edmund Blum, collector of the port today began inquiries regarding the possibility of chartering an American steamer to send to Capetown by bringing back 150 German women and children reported to be anxious to leave South Africa, up to tonight his agents were unsuccessful in their quest.

Accompanying the orders was a copy of a letter from the United States consul general at Capetown describing the plight of the women and children, forced to remain in territory of an enemy country against their wishes. The letter explained that the trouble arose over the refusal of the British steamship lines to take them as passengers. This action, it was explained, was not due to any antipathy from the steamship lines but because of feeling that existed among crews and passengers of the vessels.

Do you want \$63.75

Pay to the Order of you \$63.75 Our Bank

Next Christmas? PUT ONLY 5 CENTS IN OUR BANK AND INCREASE IT 5 CENTS EACH WEEK; YOU'LL HAVE \$63.75 NEXT XMAS

IT COSTS NOTHING TO JOIN OUR CHRISTMAS BANKING CLUB. IT IS THE EASY WAY TO HAVE MONEY NEXT CHRISTMAS.

JOIN THE CLUB YOURSELF. TAKE OUT A MEMBERSHIP FOR EACH ONE OF YOUR CHILDREN AND TEACH THEM TO SAVE.

IN 50 WEEKS:	
1-CENT CLUB PAYS	\$ 12.75
2-CENT CLUB PAYS	25.50
5-CENT CLUB PAYS	63.75
10-CENT CLUB PAYS	127.50

WE ADD 4 PER CENT INTEREST. YOU CAN DEPOSIT 25 OR 50 CENTS, OR \$1.00 OR MORE EACH WEEK. COME IN—WE WILL TELL YOU ALL ABOUT IT. COME IN AND GET A CHRISTMAS BANKING CLUB BOOK FREE.

FIRST SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

Albuquerque, N.M.

EDEN MUSEE WAX FIGURES AT AUCTION

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New York, Dec. 12.—The wax figures of world famous persons in the Eden musee in Twenty-third street, which for thirty-four years has been one of the points of interest in New York were sold at auction today.

The Eden musee contained perhaps the largest known collection of wax figures and historical groups in the United States. At the auction reproduction in wax of George Washington and his father were sold for \$5.

INCOME OF HARVARD STUDENTS INCREASED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 12.—Through the efforts of the Harvard students' employment bureau, 588 undergraduates were able to add a total of \$30,000 to their incomes last year in various vocations which did not interfere with their studies.

The 1915 earnings amounted to \$17,000 over the previous year due, it was claimed, to the action of the faculty in abolishing tutoring during the college term.

Purely Personal

As regards habits of living, that, of course, is purely a personal matter with each of us.

But some folks go on for years wondering what causes their nervousness, heart flutter, biliousness, headache and various other ailments.

A frequent, though often unsuspected cause, is coffee drinking. This, because coffee contains a powerful, habit-forming drug, caffeine, (about two and one half grains to the average cup) which, taken regularly, finally drifts many into ill health.

Think it over.

Of course, it's your own affair. If you can go on drinking coffee and feel no evil effects, why—bless your heart, keep it up—but there are hundreds of thousands who have quit coffee and now use

POSTUM

—the pure food-drink.

They know from the better health that follows, that freedom from the drug, caffeine, in coffee makes life brighter and happier.

Postum is made of wheat and a bit of molasses—has a rich, snappy flavor much like that of mild Java coffee, yet contains no caffeine or other harmful element.

Postum comes in two forms. The original POSTUM CEREAL requires boiling; INSTANT POSTUM is soluble. A level teaspoonful in a cup of boiling water makes a delicious drink—instantly. Cost per cup is about the same for both kinds.

Personally, the change to Postum is a little thing to do. The benefit is great.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Send 2c stamp for 5-cup sample of INSTANT POSTUM. Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

AUSTRIA'S REPLY TO AMERICA IS EXPECTED SOON

Submarine, Which Sunk Arizona, May Be Lost as No Report, Since Incident, Has Been Received.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS)
Washington, Dec. 13.—Austria-Hungary's reply to the American note on the sinking of the Italian steamship *Arizona* is looked for by state department officials by the end of this week. This expectation was expressed today after Baron Arsh Zwiendek, of the Austro-Hungarian embassy had conferred with Secretary Lansing regarding the note and attempted, it was understood, to gain informally the information of his government an understanding of what would satisfy the United States.

The charge, it was said, did not indicate what the action of Austria-Hungary might be, explaining that he had not heard from the foreign office upon the subject.

Germany Involved.
Much attention has been attracted in official and diplomatic circles by that portion of the note which referred to "the acquiescence of Germany" in the attitude of the United States toward the use of submarines in attacking vessels of commerce. This reference served to accelerate speculation as to what effect a satisfactory or unsatisfactory answer to the note would have upon the negotiations between the United States and Germany regarding the American lives lost on the *Lusitania*.

Conversations between Secretary Lansing and Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, looking toward a settlement of the *Lusitania* controversy have been in progress many weeks and it is stated authoritatively that the views of the United States and Germany still are so widely different that faint hope is seen of any early agreement. The ambassador has no appointment to confer further with Mr. Lansing in the immediate future.

Submarine May Be Lost.
Officials here were very interested in press dispatches from Vienna which reported that the Austro-Hungarian government had been unable to communicate with the commander of the submarine which sank the *Arizona* and suggesting that the undersea vessel might have been destroyed. Should the commander actually be missing, the fact, it is believed, would play an important part in the consideration by Austria-Hungary of a reply to the American note.

Detailed information will be awaited by the state department before any action is taken regarding the recent attacks upon American tank steamers in the Mediterranean by submarines flying the Austrian flag.

Communism Mystery.

Dispatches relating to the Standard Oil tank *Communiaw* have been particularly puzzling. A consular cablegram from Malta, tonight, announced that she had arrived today at Alexandria, Egypt, and that "assurances" would be reported by Alexandria. A previous dispatch had told of the arrival of the *Communiaw* at Alexandria, December 5, with a report that she had been stopped by a submarine and allowed to proceed on December 7, and of her sailing December 7. Tonight's report is presumed to mean that the ship had returned to Alexandria after encountering a submarine which attacked her and killed or wounded some of her crew.

Southern Suffrage Elect Officers.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 13.—The Southern States Suffrage association today elected Miss Kate Gordon of Louisiana, president. A resolution was adopted calling upon the democratic party as the dominant party in the south to adopt a plank favoring woman suffrage.

Why's "Gets-It" for Corns, Like a Kiss?

Because Everybody Likes It, Everybody Likes It, It's Painless and Takes But a Moment to Apply.

"Gets-It" is the wonder of the corn-piercing world. Millions say so, because millions have used it. That's what makes it the biggest selling corn remedy on earth today.

"Gets-It" is the wonder of the corn-piercing world. Millions say so, because millions have used it. That's what makes it the biggest selling corn remedy on earth today. Millions say so, because millions have used it. That's what makes it the biggest selling corn remedy on earth today.

"Gets-It" is the wonder of the corn-piercing world. Millions say so, because millions have used it. That's what makes it the biggest selling corn remedy on earth today. Millions say so, because millions have used it. That's what makes it the biggest selling corn remedy on earth today.

"Gets-It" is the wonder of the corn-piercing world. Millions say so, because millions have used it. That's what makes it the biggest selling corn remedy on earth today. Millions say so, because millions have used it. That's what makes it the biggest selling corn remedy on earth today.



Beauty Chorus of the James P. Lee Musical Comedy Company, now playing at the Crystal.

IRISH FIGHTERS SACRIFICED TO SAVE THE ARMY

British Force, Outnumbered Ten to One, and Poorly Equipped, Is Overwhelmed by Bulgarian Attack.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS)
London, Dec. 13 (15.35 p. m.)—How two companies of the Royal Inniskilling Grenadiers, and another of the Irish regiments forming the British divisions, which are making a fighting retreat from Serbia, sacrificed themselves to cover the retreat of their comrades, is told by the wounded who have reached British headquarters in Macedonia.

The British, according to the correspondent of Reuters Telegram company in a dispatch from the British headquarters, were outnumbered ten to one by the Bulgarians, who were well supplied. Last Monday morning they were awakened by a heavy bombardment by the Bulgarians, who poured a hail of shot and shell on them. Splintering rocks intensified the effect of their fire.

The Bulgarian infantry then advanced to the attack in massed formations and were punished severely, but the scarcity of British guns did not permit them to take proper toll of the advancing Bulgarians. The British emptied their rifles rapidly into the crush and tried to stem the tide with bayonets but were overborne by sheer weight of numbers and the position was lost. Similarly, the second line was lost and the British fell back on the third line of defenses.

Two companies of Inniskillings, however, held on to the ridge, known as Kevic Crest, and kept back the Bulgarians the whole morning, though they were supported only by rifle fire. Hardly a man escaped, but their stand impressed and delayed the Bulgarians, thus giving the British much needed time to complete defensive dispositions in the third line, where the Bulgarians were finally held up for four days.

PLACER GOLD FOUND IN JICARILLA DISTRICT

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Dec. 13.—Mining engineers have recently determined that there are 3,000 acres of placer ground north of Jicarilla mountain in the Jicarilla district that averages \$2.25 per cubic yard. The deposits are twelve to fourteen feet in depth. The scarcity of water thus far has prevented the working of the Jicarilla placers on an extensive scale. A well sunk to a depth of 400 feet yields an abundance of water, however.

The gold is of unusual fineness, running \$15.50 per ounce. The placers can be worked only with pans and rockers and much of it is done by Mexican "vaqueros" and a few Americans. They sink holes during the dry weather to bedrock and throw the dirt out on dump piles near the gulch. When the winter rains melt and water runs down the gulch, they sluice the dirt and save the gold. One old Mexican has made a good living for forty years panning gold in the rainy season. George Weisser, postmaster at Jicarilla does well on the claim called "The Doctor," on which he has sunk a shaft seventy-five feet deep on a four-foot vein.

W. A. Franklin is developing the Sallis Deer claim at the base of Archa peak. The vein is twelve feet wide and runs from \$8 to \$12 per ton. A twenty-horse mill and a concentrating plant are to be installed.

MANY VISITORS ARE SHOWN BEAUTIES OF NEW MEXICO BUILDING.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Dec. 13.—Four hundred pupils of the Grant building at San Diego visited the New Mexico building

and learned much about New Mexico history and geography. They were divided into four sections and to each section Walter Twitchell, lecturer on the state's architecture, the cliff dwellings, history and resources, while Mr. Dudley told of the forests, the wild life, the scenery. The pupils were especially interested in the models of the pueblos of Chaco and Mesa, and the two towers and bell-shaped.

Of the eighty-six new names on the register, the entire list was from states east of the Rockies, excepting two visitors from Los Angeles and one from Venice. The New Mexicans who registered were L. V. Sloan, actor, Albuquerque; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Malette, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Miller, Gallup; E. R. Turner, Albuquerque; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Planteaux and daughter of Santa Fe.

Mr. Sloan, of the United States Forest Service, declared that the San Diego exposition far exceeds that at San Francisco in beauty and interest. With the addition of the foreign exhibits, San Diego will have the greatest exposition ever held, according to Mr. Sloan. New Mexico certainly was also when it exhibited at San Diego instead of San Francisco.

Mark Sennett's famous "Keystone Motion Picture company," with Michael Norman, Rascoe Arbuckle, Mack Swain, Ford Sterling, and others equally famous in the crowd, spent some time in the New Mexico building.

San Diego is crowded with tourists. The hotels and apartment houses at the outskirts are three-fourths filled, while in the center of the city they are crowded.

ZEPPELIN AIR SHIP DESTROYED BY RUSSIANS

Craft, After Being Hit by Shell, Explodes and Debris, With Bodies of Crew, Falls Inside Slav Lines.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS)
Petersburg (via London, Dec. 13, 15.35 p. m.)—Russian artillery destroyed a Zeppelin airship the night of December 5, according to details which have just arrived here, near the station of Kalkin on the Ekibastuz railway.

The dirigible made its appearance from the direction of Novo Alexandrovsk, passing over the Russian positions going toward Livinsk. It was located by a powerful searchlight and Russian artillery opened fire. The Zeppelin, however, rose to a higher altitude and became lost in the clouds.

Presently the airship, reappeared over Kalkin. Its motors had been stopped, which is usually the indication that bombs are about to be dropped. At that time the machine was directly over the railway station and the artillery began shelling it. One of the shells made a hit and the airship became enveloped in flames. Under the glare of the searchlights watchers saw it disappear in a cloud of smoke and heard a loud explosion.

What was left of the machine fell inside the Russian lines. The charred bodies of the German crew were extracted from the debris. A cross was erected over their grave with the inscription, "Honor to the brave, though they were our enemies."

MARKS AND KRONEN AT LOWEST FIGURE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS)
New York, Dec. 13.—The value of the purchasing power of German money in this market as represented by marks fell to its lowest level today when bills of exchange on Berlin dropped to seventy and one-half a decline of a cent from the recent minimum. In substance, marks, normally quoted at 22 3/4 cents, were worth only 19 3/4 cents.

HEAVY INCREASE IN LIQUOR TAX IS SUGGESTED

It Is Asserted That Spirits Can Stand One Dollar a Gallon Raise; Tobacco Also May Be Levied On.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Washington, Dec. 13.—When President Wilson told the democratic national committee that the Underwood tariff act is not in the slightest degree a failure, he touched the button which means trouble for the whiskey, beer and tobacco interests.

Many democrats had been smothering all else at the tariff as a way out of the system of direct taxation suggested and recommended by the president in his message to congress.

"A tariff for revenue is what we always have stood for. Now we need revenue. Why not get it from the tariff?" This was the way they discussed the subject.

Tariff Amendments Stopped.
But when the president declared the Underwood tariff law perfect he stopped the democratic of congress from amending that law for the purpose of raising the revenue needed. At the same time his recommendations for direct taxes on various things have caused a storm of revolt, participated in by some men who are in a position to make their opposition felt.

These men are searching for some other means of raising money and have hit upon an increase in the tax on liquors, such as whiskey, beer and tobacco. They assert that the president's proposed tax on automobiles and gasoline never will go through.

Coolie Stand \$1 a Gallon.

Last year the country produced more than 140,000,000 gallons of distilled liquors, including fruit brandies. On account of the enormous difference between the retail and wholesale price of this stuff, it is claimed that it could stand a tax of an additional dollar a gallon and that this tax would be absorbed without hardship to a single human being.

With more than \$140,000,000 start on the proposition of the plan say they can then levy enough additional upon beer and tobacco to add any demand which the administration "preparations" program makes necessary.

Some of the members even make the statement that the beer and tobacco industries would not be harmed if the present tax were to be doubled, and that if this were to be done the increased revenue of the government would foot up as follows:

From whiskey \$115,000,000
From beer \$70,000,000
From tobacco \$80,000,000

Total \$265,000,000
It is known that this plan, subject to various modifications, has the support of men in the two houses of congress who are in a position to block any scheme to inflict any such inequitable taxation plan as that proposed by the president. And they say they are prepared to fight to the last ditch.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best French wines, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHESLEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

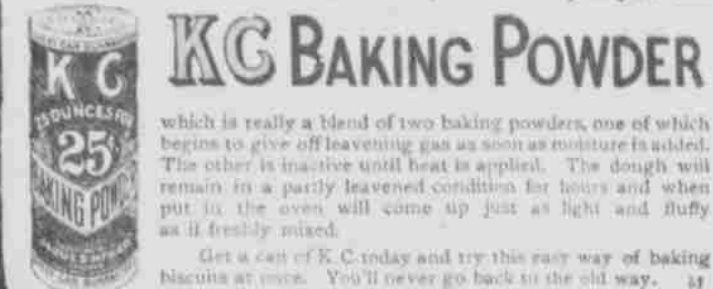
Mix the Breakfast Biscuits the Night Before—

Set Them
Away in a
Cool Place
and Bake
them Fresh in
the Morning



If the family do not all eat breakfast together, you can bake a few at a time. If you are having hot biscuits for supper, mix and cut out enough more for breakfast. They will be much nicer freshly baked than warmed over.

Of course you can't do this very successfully with sour milk and soda or with any of the old-fashioned, single acting baking powders, but this convenient way of making hot biscuits and muffins for breakfast is entirely satisfactory if you use



which is really a blend of two baking powders, one of which begins to give off leavening gas as soon as moisture is added. The other is inactive until heat is applied. The dough will remain in a partly leavened condition for hours and when put in the oven will come up just as light and fluffy as if freshly mixed.

Get a can of K.G. today and try this easy way of baking biscuits at once. You'll never go back to the old way.

NO PEACE PROPOSALS POSSIBLE FROM TURKS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS)
London, Dec. 13 (15.35 p. m.)—The Turkish government is not in a position to make any peace proposals, according to a statement made today by the Turkish government. The statement was made by the Turkish government in a communication to the British government.

A letter from Postmaster H. C. Bond in regard to opening San Antonio is referred to County Surveyor.

It is ordered that the matter of the election of 1915, for \$1,500.00 be paid on the 15th with all members of the board are present.

At the request of Superintendent of Schools A. Alonzo Mr. Bond is authorized to survey the boundaries of H. C. Bond, 17, 18, 19 and 20.

County Surveyor Bond reports that the election of the 1915 is making a direct cut into its west bank at Bonanza de Arizone. The Surveyor is instructed to place a current defect in a cost of not to exceed \$75.00.

The following bills were ordered paid:

M. A. Zepher, salary for 1915 \$250.00
M. A. Zepher, salary for 1915 \$250.00
Gabriel Alonzo, salary and 1915 \$175.00

Charles P. Arnold, salary \$120.00
Health officer, expenses and 1915 \$25.00
A. Shonk, cash for postage \$2.00
A. Shonk, salary for 1915 \$300.00
A. Shonk, postage \$10.00
Fred B. Hays, salary and 1915 \$1,000.00
John H. Bond, salary for 1915 \$75.00
R. Lewis, salary for 1915 \$25.00
Mariana Duran, salary as 1915 \$150.00
M. H. Springer, salary as 1915 \$200.00
A. E. Walker, salary as 1915 \$150.00
Martha Williams, salary as 1915 \$25.00
Gertrude Walker, salary as 1915 \$200.00
Lucy M. Harris, salary as 1915 \$75.00
A. E. Walker, salary as 1915 \$150.00
T. K. D. Madison, salary as 1915 \$100.00
Don Post, Clerk, June 1915 \$21.90
James Rogers, supplies for 1915 \$17.00
John H. Bond, assistant of J. H. Arnold, interpreting 1915 \$10.00
Polk Rogers, salary and 1915 \$214.00
John H. Bond, salary as 1915 \$200.00
Dolores Munn, salary for 1915 \$15.00
Quinn Cooker, salary, after 1915 \$15.00
Gregorio Romero, salary, 1915 \$15.00
Pedro H. Tovarilla, J. P. et. fees 4.18
W. H. Heavely, fees on behalf of Antonio Chavez, J. P. et. fees 1.75
For further, see report of J. S. Bacon, road for 1915 \$19.50
It is ordered that renewal will be made.

ARROW COLLARS

Commissioners' Proceedings

At a called session of the Board of County Commissioners of Terrell County, held on June 20, 1915, there are present: M. E. Springer, President; M. E. Walker, Clerk; and M. E. Walker, Clerk.

It is ordered by the Board that Mr. Springer act as temporary chairman during the absence of Mr. Grunfeld from this county.

M. E. Springer, before the Board on behalf of Quinn Cooker, Dolores Munn and Mariana D. Ortiz and asks that the Board reconsider its former order disallowing their claims for additional back pay, and that it order warrants drawn in payment of said claims. The Board refusing to rescind its order, Mr. Ortiz files notice of appeal to the District Court.

W. H. Heavely, fees on behalf of Antonio Chavez, J. P. et. fees 1.75
For further, see report of J. S. Bacon, road for 1915 \$19.50
It is ordered that renewal will be made.

It is ordered that the Board of Commissioners of Terrell County, held on June 20, 1915, there are present: M. E. Springer, President; M. E. Walker, Clerk; and M. E. Walker, Clerk.

It is ordered by the Board that Mr. Springer act as temporary chairman during the absence of Mr. Grunfeld from this county.

M. E. Springer, before the Board on behalf of Quinn Cooker, Dolores Munn and Mariana D. Ortiz and asks that the Board reconsider its former order disallowing their claims for additional back pay, and that it order warrants drawn in payment of said claims. The Board refusing to rescind its order, Mr. Ortiz files notice of appeal to the District Court.

W. H. Heavely, fees on behalf of Antonio Chavez, J. P. et. fees 1.75
For further, see report of J. S. Bacon, road for 1915 \$19.50
It is ordered that renewal will be made.

It is ordered that the Board of Commissioners of Terrell County, held on June 20, 1915, there are present: M. E. Springer, President; M. E. Walker, Clerk; and M. E. Walker, Clerk.

It is ordered by the Board that Mr. Springer act as temporary chairman during the absence of Mr. Grunfeld from this county.

M. E. Springer, before the Board on behalf of Quinn Cooker, Dolores Munn and Mariana D. Ortiz and asks that the Board reconsider its former order disallowing their claims for additional back pay, and that it order warrants drawn in payment of said claims. The Board refusing to rescind its order, Mr. Ortiz files notice of appeal to the District Court.

W. H. Heavely, fees on behalf of Antonio Chavez, J. P. et. fees 1.75
For further, see report of J. S. Bacon, road for 1915 \$19.50
It is ordered that renewal will be made.

It is ordered that the Board of Commissioners of Terrell County, held on June 20, 1915, there are present: M. E. Springer, President; M. E. Walker, Clerk; and M. E. Walker, Clerk.

It is ordered by the Board that Mr. Springer act as temporary chairman during the absence of Mr. Grunfeld from this county.

M. E. Springer, before the Board on behalf of Quinn Cooker, Dolores Munn and Mariana D. Ortiz and asks that the Board reconsider its former order disallowing their claims for additional back pay, and that it order warrants drawn in payment of said claims. The Board refusing to rescind its order, Mr. Ortiz files notice of appeal to the District Court.

W. H. Heavely, fees on behalf of Antonio Chavez, J. P. et. fees 1.75
For further, see report of J. S. Bacon, road for 1915 \$19.50
It is ordered that renewal will be made.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELEC. TRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

PHONE 98.

Crescent Hdw. Co., broom	4.90
Joan Romero, shif., hearing	801.10
Jaffa Geo. Co., groceries for	6.00
Singing H. Co., insurance for	138.75
Clark's office	2.15
L. H. Paine, toilet paper for	2.15
Joan Romero, shif., deputy	204.60
Joan Romero, shif., exp. H.	41.45
Katy to reform school	3.60
Jaffa Grocery Co., groceries	10.90
for beer	21.17
St. Anthony's, Orphanage,	243.00
board for boy	4.83
Manuel Myer & Co., clothing	82.60
for prisoners	16.00
Crescent Hdw. Co., 4 spades	2.50
Joan Romero, shif., boarding	2.50
prisoners, May	2.50
Pedro H. Tovarilla, J. P. et.	4.18
fees	4.18
W. H. Heavely, assignee of St.	1.75
Joan's hospital, board of	1.75
fees	1.75
W. H. Heavely, assignee of P.	1.75
U. S. Marshal, surgical assistance	1.75
W. H. Heavely, assignee of G.	1.75
S. M. Landress, anesthetics	1.75
for Carlsbad	1.75
M. Mandel, postage stamps	1.75
M. Mandel, recording Treas.	1.75
bond	1.75
M. Mandel, Treas., express	1.75
and telephone	1.75
St. States Tel. & Tel. Co.,	1.75
telephone service	1.75
Fred Crockett, burial of pauper	1.75
Ramon B. Ortiz, constable fee	1.75
Water Supply Co., water for	1.75
C. H. and jail	1.75
J. G. Rice, autopsy	1.75
Chas. A. Frank, autopsy and	1.75
salary	1.75
Nestor Montoya, pub. notices,	1.75
et c.	1.75
Charles Schellko, constable	1.75
fees	1.75
J. R. Van Allen, analysis of	1.75
stomach	1.75
Thos. Werner, interpreting J.	1.75
P. et.	1.75
D. E. Kates, J. P. et.	1.75
Pitt Ross, Surveyor, payroll	1.75
Flood work	1.75
J. H. Biber, interpreting	1.75
Terrell County	1.75
Joan Romero, shif., serving	1.75
process	1.75
Joan Romero, shif., expenses	1.75
in civil cases	1.75
Joan Romero, shif., telephone	1.75
auto hire, etc.	1.75
Albright & Anderson, blanks,	1.75
Hilban Perez, guarding	1.75
Antonio J. Garcia, J. P. et.	1.75
fees	1.75
Antonio J. Garcia, J. P. et.	1.75
fees	1.75
Luis Rivas, constable	1.75
fees	1.75
W. H. Hahn Co., wood & coal	1.75
Fred Crockett, ambulance hire	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
J. A. Young, animal bounty	1.75
S. Karcenia, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mike Duran, animal bounty	1.75
W. H. H. Metzger, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Santiago Teunorio, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Eulogio Duran, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Damaso Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Lucero, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Eliaz Lucero, animal bounty	1.75
Manfred Garcia, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Alejandro G. Sandoval, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Jose Garcia, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Lucero, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Onofre F. Sandoval, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Candelario Sedillo, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Eulogio Duran, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
M. D. Wyles, animal bounty	1.75
Antonio Garcia, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Garcia, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Francis Francevar, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Abrahan Lucero, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Friede, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Peniz, animal bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
J. L. French, animal bounty	1.75
Guil J. Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Jose Rael, animal bounty	1.75
Henry Gahaldon, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Alejandro G. Sandoval, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Lucero, animal bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	1.75
Espritidon Ballegos, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Espritidon Chavez, animal bounty	1.75
Manuel Chavez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Mariano Saavedra, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
H. Newman, animal bounty	1.75
Andrew Whiting, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Fernando Aranda, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Antonio Sanchez, animal	1.75
bounty	1.75
Henry Eden, animal bounty	

BASKETEERS WILL OPEN SEASON AT HOME JANUARY 1

Stenos Will Meet Quintet and
Also Sextet From Valencia
County High School at Na-
tional Guard Armory.

The "Big Red" basketball team will open its home season on January 1 at eight o'clock in the evening at the National Guard armory. The team, coached by Coach J. H. Toulson, will meet the Valencia County High School team, which is expected to be a strong one.

The team, which has been practicing for some time, will be in excellent condition for the opening game. The Valencia team, which is coached by Coach J. H. Toulson, is expected to be a strong one. The game will be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

The first game will be played at the armory. All business college games, played at home, probably will be played there. The college was able to make highly satisfactory arrangements with Capt. J. H. Toulson, who has charge of the building. The captain has had the basketball courts marked off.

The opening game will be followed by a dance, basketball and dancing having proved a popular combination before.

NEW GAME LICENSES TO BE CANARY YELLOW

Starting Jan. 15—The game and fish licenses for 1916 will be canary yellow, on loan check, with shipping permit and coupon attached. They were made up by the state printer and will be distributed to the state game and fish commission at the state capital.

The United States mail one today distributed game and fish licenses for 1916. The licenses, which are on loan check, with shipping permit and coupon attached, were made up by the state printer and will be distributed to the state game and fish commission at the state capital.

CARL O. NEIN FINISHES WITH A PERFECT SCORE

The result of the motorcycle club's Turkey race, held Sunday, was announced yesterday after the committee had carefully examined all entries. Carl O. Nein, of the Santa Fe club, finished with a perfect score of 100 points.

Three prizes were given to the winner, a first prize of \$100, a second prize of \$50, and a third prize of \$25. The race was held at the state capital and was a highly interesting one.

Kilbane Boat Postponed.

Cincinnati, Dec. 13.—The ten round bout between Johnny Kilbane, of Cleveland, and Eddie Mitchell, of Milwaukee, was again postponed to Saturday, January 1. Kilbane, who is recovering from an attack of acute rheumatism, and Mitchell, who is recovering from an attack of acute rheumatism, are both expected to be in good condition for the fight.

INCREASING NUMBER OF HARVARD STUDENTS TAKE PART IN SPORTS

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The number of Harvard students taking part in sports in Albuquerque is increasing. The students, who are here for the winter, are taking part in a variety of sports, including basketball, football, and tennis.

15,000 TROUT TO BE SET FREE IN NEARBY STREAMS

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that 15,000 trout will be set free in the nearby streams. The trout, which were caught by the commission, are expected to be in good condition for the release.

The trout will be set free in the nearby streams, including the Rio Grande, the Rio Pecos, and the Rio Chama. The release is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

The release is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show. The trout will be set free in the nearby streams, including the Rio Grande, the Rio Pecos, and the Rio Chama.

FOR RENT—Room, 2545, facing

alley in business section, suitable for plumbing or tin shop, or storage; heat and water included. Apply this office.

AGAINST PLAYERS WHO TAKE PEN IN HAND FOR PAPERS

San Johnson to Have Another
Try at Stopping This Prac-
tice May Settle Cleveland's
Affairs.

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will take action against players who take pen in hand for papers. The commission is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

The commission is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show. The commission is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show. The commission is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

HEAVEN AND HELL WILL PLAY A SERIES IN APRIL

NEW YORK, Dec. 13.—Heaven and Hell will play a series of games in April. The games, which are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

The games are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show. The games are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show. The games are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

Home Run Baker Slated for Yankees

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—Home Run Baker is slated for the Yankees. Baker, who is expected to be a highly interesting one, is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

ENGINEER LEAVES TO SURVEY STATE ROAD

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—Engineer Clyde Walker left today to survey the state road through the desert. Walker, who is expected to be a highly interesting one, is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

THEORETICAL BURNING OF WARRANTS TODAY

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will burn the warrants today. The warrants, which are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

DELEGATES NAMED TO MINNEAPOLIS MEETING

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will name delegates to the Minneapolis meeting. The delegates, who are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

ROLLS OF MCKINLEY COUNTY ARE RECEIVED

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The rolls of McKinley county are received. The rolls, which are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

ADVERTISERS INCORPORATE

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will incorporate the advertisers. The advertisers, who are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

FOUND SALE

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will hold a found sale. The sale, which is expected to be a highly interesting one, is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

RESULTS FROM JOURNAL WANT ADS.

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will publish the results from the journal want ads. The results, which are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

NOTICE

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will publish the notice. The notice, which is expected to be a highly interesting one, is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

For 90c You Can Get the Ideal Gift for Every Man

A crystal glass humidor jar containing one pound of Tuxedo, the mildest, most fragrant tobacco. At every store where tobacco products are sold.

Last Christmas more Jars of Tuxedo were given to men throughout the United States than any other single trade-marked article!

Because Americans are learning to make suitable gifts at Christmas time—and learning that Tuxedo is the best gift of all for a man.

Tuxedo is the mildest, pleasantest pipe tobacco in the world—made absolutely non-biting and delightfully mellow by the original "Tuxedo Process" that has never been successfully imitated.

Last Christmas the demand for Tuxedo humidor jars was so great that the supply of many dealers was exhausted, and thousands of people were disappointed. The safe plan is to place your order with your dealer now. He will be glad to set your jar aside for you until Christmas.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY
111 Fifth Avenue, New York



Illustration About One-third Actual Size

TUXEDO IS SOLD IN MANY CONVENIENT SIZES:

In Glass Humidor, 50c and 90c In Curved Pocket Tin, 10c
In Tin Humidor, 40c and 50c In Moisture-Proof Pouch, 5c

SCHOOL CENSUS SHOWS BIG POPULATION GAIN

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The school census for Valencia county is 11,000, and that for Luna county is 10,000. The census shows a big population gain in both counties. The census is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

Not to Keep Coach Smith.

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—President W. E. Stone of Purdue University, issued a statement today announcing that Coach Smith, of the Purdue football team, will not be re-employed. The statement is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

Hollenback on Commission.

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—William M. Hollenback, captain of the 1908 football team, who has been leading a fight against the present football management at the University of Pennsylvania, was elected a member of the board of directors of the athletic association at the annual meeting today.

ENGINEER LEAVES TO SURVEY STATE ROAD

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—Engineer Clyde Walker left today to survey the state road through the desert. Walker, who is expected to be a highly interesting one, is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

THEORETICAL BURNING OF WARRANTS TODAY

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will burn the warrants today. The warrants, which are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

DELEGATES NAMED TO MINNEAPOLIS MEETING

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will name delegates to the Minneapolis meeting. The delegates, who are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

ROLLS OF MCKINLEY COUNTY ARE RECEIVED

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The rolls of McKinley county are received. The rolls, which are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

AUTO TAGS FOR 1916 REACH STATE CAPITAL

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The new license tags for automobiles, which are expected to be a highly interesting one, are expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

SPANISH TAUGHT

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., Dec. 13.—The state game and fish commission has announced that it will teach Spanish. The teaching, which is expected to be a highly interesting one, is expected to be a highly interesting one, and the fans are expected to see a good show.

THE WM. FARR COMPANY

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FRESH AND SALT MEATS Sausage a Specialty For Cattle and Hogs the Highest Market Prices Are Paid

DUKE CITY Cleaners-Hatters

220 West Gold Phone 418
Hatters, Saddles, Beavers, Hats, Roof, Etc.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS

Harness, Saddles, Beavers, Hats, Roof, Etc.
THOS. F. KELEHER
PHONE 410 408 W. CENTRAL
Albuquerque.

Want a high grade employee? Or the

Hudson for Signs

Wall Paper

HUDSON for Picture Frames
Fourth St. and Copper Ave.

LUMBER

Paints, Oils, Glass, Malthoid Roofing and Building Paper.
J. C. BALDRIDGE LUMBER COMPANY

LUMBER

Glass-Paint Cement-Plaster
Albuquerque Lumber Company
421 NORTH FIRST STREET

SUNNY BROOK

The PURE FOOD Whiskey
As A Pleasant Beverage and A Pure Wholesome Drink It Has No Equal.

THE MEYERS CO. INC.

General Distributors Albuquerque, N. M.

SPANISH TAUGHT

Translations a specialty. Information and consulting bureau on legal and business matters about any place in Old Mexico. T. MEYER, Y. SALLAS, Mexican lawyer, 1010 Broadway, rooms 6 and 8, Albuquerque, N. M.

THE WM. FARR COMPANY

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FRESH AND SALT MEATS Sausage a Specialty For Cattle and Hogs the Highest Market Prices Are Paid

DUKE CITY Cleaners-Hatters

220 West Gold Phone 418
Hatters, Saddles, Beavers, Hats, Roof, Etc.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS

Harness, Saddles, Beavers, Hats, Roof, Etc.
THOS. F. KELEHER
PHONE 410 408 W. CENTRAL
Albuquerque.

Want a high grade employee? Or the

Hudson for Signs

Wall Paper

HUDSON for Picture Frames
Fourth St. and Copper Ave.

LUMBER

Glass-Paint Cement-Plaster
Albuquerque Lumber Company
421 NORTH FIRST STREET

IMPORTANCE OF DYE-MAKING IS NOW REALIZED

Effect of War on American Industries Shown by Way in Which New Enterprises Have Sprung Into Existence.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
Washington, Dec. 13.—The United States has realized how dependent the great textile industries have been on foreign sources of dyestuffs. There has been much complaint from users of dyestuffs and much comment as to how the needs of users could be met, or how being temporarily met, but much remains to be done to assure the upbuilding of a permanent dyestuff industry sufficient to the country's needs.

By the raw material, coloring coal, the United States has abundant supplies, and the potential output of coal tar and the light oils from gas plants, "benzene," is far greater than that of Germany. However, the actual output of the basal substances has been much less. In 1913 the United States, with an output of 475,000,000 tons of bituminous coal, the source of coloring coal, produced only 150,000,000 gallons of coal tar and 7,500,000 gallons of "benzene."

Germany, with coal output of 285,000,000 tons in the same year, produced more than 25,000,000 gallons of benzene. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 1914, Germany exported coloring coal worth \$35,000,000, whereas the United States in the same year imported dyes worth \$10,000,000, almost the entire consumption in this country. With imports of dyestuffs valued at \$10,000,000, and with an extraordinary demand for benzene, phenol and other "intermediate" products, there has been an increased domestic production. But so far this increase has been greater in intermediate products than finished dyestuffs.

Raw Materials Abundant.
Not only is there an abundant source of coloring coal in this country, but another source of benzene and toluol has been developed by Dr. Pittman, of the bureau of mines, who obtains them from petroleum. The United States leads the world in the output of petroleum and produces more than 60 per cent of the total annual yield. Clearly, from coal tar and petroleum the products necessary for the manufacture of synthetic dyestuffs can be produced in quantities far in excess of our needs.

That the urgent needs of textile manufacturers in the United States can be met in part, at least, by the use of natural dyes obtained from logwood, fustic and the turmeric, which can be had in large quantities, is true, and no doubt they will be a permanent increase in their production. As new, more brilliant and easily applied synthetic dyes substituted logwood, fustic and turmeric, and one country has almost monopolized the production of synthetic dyes, it remains to be seen whether vegetable dyes can hold their own when competition really begins keen.

The establishing of a synthetic industry on a permanent basis in the United States is necessary to our industrial independence. How to meet the competition at another country in which the services of the ablest chemists and millions of dollars have been given to upbuilding the industry is a problem of first importance.

Investigation in Order.
The subject should be carefully investigated by this government in order that congress, users of dyestuffs and the public may be informed regarding the work to be done in conducting and upbuilding the industry. This investigation should be undertaken by the bureau of mines as part of its investigations for the increase of efficiency in utilization of mineral resources.

Such an investigation should cover the present output of coal tar, benzene and toluol in the United States and the means whereby this output can be increased.

SUDDEN DEATH

Caused by Disease of the Kidneys.

The close connection which exists between the heart and the kidneys is well known nowadays. As soon as kidneys are diseased, arterial tension is increased and the heart functions are attacked. When the kidneys no longer pour forth waste, uricemic poisoning occurs and the person dies, and the cause is often given as heart disease, or disease of brain or lungs.

It is a good insurance against such a risk to send 10 cents for a sample package of "Anuric"—the latest discovery of Dr. Pierce. Also send a sample of your water. This will be examined without charge by expert chemists at Dr. Pierce's Invalid Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. When you suffer from backache, frequent or scanty urine, rheumatic pains here or there, or that constant tired, worn-out feeling, it's time to write Dr. Pierce, describe your symptoms and get his medical opinion without charge—absolutely free. This "Anuric" of Dr. Pierce's is found to be 37 times more active than lithia, for it dissolves uric acid in the system as hot water does sugar.

Simply ask for Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets. There can be no imitation. Every package of "Anuric" is sure to be Dr. Pierce's. You will find the signature on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for worry and stomach.

WORRY, DEPRESSED.
Kidney Disease is suspected by medical men when patients complain of backache or suffer with irregular urination, disturbed, too frequent, scanty or painful passages. These general symptoms are rheumatic pains or neuralgia, headaches, dizziness, irritability, despondency, weakness and general misery. Worry is a frequent cause and sometimes a symptom of kidney disease. Thousands have testified to liquidation relief from these symptoms after using Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets.

can be most economically increased; (2) the present status of the manufacture of the intermediate compounds, phenol, naphthal, aniline oil, etc.; in this country, the increase in output since the beginning of the war in Europe and the outlook for domestic producers when hostilities cease; (3) the possible development of more economical methods for making these products; and (4) the measures that can be taken to assure the maintenance of production when, with the ending of the war, methods prohibited to manufacturers in the United States are used by foreign manufacturers to nullify the efforts made to upbuild a dyestuff industry here.

Coal Tar Products.
The excellent quality and fine appearance of coke made in low-sulfur ovens from high-grade coking coals of Pennsylvania, and the absence of a large demand for tar, benzene and other substances recoverable as by-products, but wanted at low prices, have led to an enormous loss of potential wealth. At the base of coke ovens of this country, in 1912, recoverable by-products with a value of over \$100,000,000 (dyestuffs, etc.) being estimated products went up in flames and smoke.

Such waste has gone on simply because of the known excellence of the coke produced, and the loss of the by-products was not generally regarded as a matter of state concern. One result has been brought home during the year by the shutting of all the industries making use of coal tar products and by the fact that many consumers had to say they lack the normal price.

This experience has taught that, vast as are our natural resources, their mere possession does not make us industrially independent.

Decrease in Waste.
Slowly we have lessened wastes in the use of coal. The first by-product ovens, twice in number, were erected in this country in 1892. By 1902 nearly 1,700 had been completed, and by the end of 1912, 5,200 were in use, producing more than 11,000,000 tons of coke.

In 1914 there were 5,800 by-product ovens, which yielded 11,200,000 tons of coke, or about one-third the total production. By-products recovered had an estimated value of \$17,500,000 or a little more than one dollar for each ton of coke produced. This progress has come about largely through the great iron and steel companies.

This year the enormous increase in demand for coal tar products, in consequence of the war, stimulated the building of by-product ovens, and more than 7,000 ovens are now completed or under construction. In addition, many by-product plants that were not equipped to recover benzene and other chemicals are now equipped to save these valuable products. The increase in the number of by-product ovens the possible annual production of by-product coke has been increased to about 15,000,000 tons. The value of the by-products recovered this year may exceed \$20,000,000.

In large part this gain for greater efficiency should be permanent. Such prices as now obtain for by-products will not continue with the return of normal trade conditions, but, on the other hand, the supplementing of the two-hive oven by the by-product oven is an industrial change that is likely to continue at an increasing rate.

There is a large and increasing demand for cresote oil, obtained from coal tar, for preserving wood. In 1912, between 90,000,000 and 100,000,000 gallons of cresote oil, valued at \$6,000,000, were consumed in this country. Two-thirds of this was imported.

The light oil distilled from tar contains benzene, toluol and other compounds, and is the source of coloring dyes, many compounds for explosives, and various synthetic drugs. It is not practical in this country, and in general we are not dependent on Europe for acids, alkalis and other chemicals required in their production. Sufficient naphthalene and anthracene for making naphthal and alizarin dyes can be obtained from American coal tar.

Phenol, or carbolic acid, is used in preparing antiseptics, artificial resins and peric acid, used in the manufacture of dyestuffs and high explosives.

With characteristic boldness, one of this country's great inventors, who uses large quantities of phenol, finding his supply interrupted after the war in Europe began, planned to make enough for his own needs. The output of his plant, according to a statement he gave a newspaper, had grown in July of this year to 12,000 pounds daily. Other plants are reported making phenol. That this country will ever return to its former condition of dependence seems impossible.

One company had begun the manufacture of aniline oil in this country on a considerable scale three years before the war, but its financial progress had been held back by the competition of a foreign company which controlled prices and conditions. With the outbreak of the war and the stoppage of imports this company increased its output decidedly and is reported to be preparing to make 5,000 tons annually, or more than the entire consumption of the country under former conditions. Other concerns are now making aniline oil.

Five concerns in this country were making aniline colors before the war. These concerns have increased production as rapidly as they could procure or make the necessary intermediate products, and they are reported as now being prepared to make nearly four times the amount they were making. This achievement speaks well for the development of industrial chemistry in the United States.

Another substance obtainable through the use of by-products is ammonium sulfate, which can replace Chilean nitrates needed for the fertilization of our fields.

Want Proper Commission.
Washington, Pa., Dec. 13.—Count Celliers, the Italian ambassador, and Secretary Lansing today discussed the personnel of the investigating commission to be created under the terms of the new peace treaty between the United States and Italy. It is desired that the commissioners named by one country shall be fully acceptable to the other.

CHINESE BELIEVE JAP AGGRESSIONS ARE CONTINUING

Representations Against Monarchical Form of Government Constitute Another Move to Strengthen Grip, Is Opinion.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Peking, Nov. 2.—The Chinese press in most of the treaty ports is unanimous in declaring that the representations made in Japan, supported by Great Britain and Russia, against the monarchical movement in China constitute another move on the part of Japan to entrench itself on Chinese soil.

Active steps have been taken by the Chinese government to suppress the general circulation of the representations especially in the Yangtze valley cities. They are centers for revolutionaries and the promoters of the monarchical movement were afraid, apparently, to let the Chinese in that section know the international effort produced by the effort to remove the monarchy.

Chinese papers in sympathy with the monarchical movement are making much of the refusal of the United States to join with Japan in requesting a postponement of the restoration of the monarchy. They have little to say, however, concerning the dispatches from America printed in treaty ports which announce the American public sentiment in opposition to the abandonment of the Chinese republic.

America Not Concerned.
The Peking Daily News, which is the avowed organ of the government, has this to say concerning the refusal of Secretary Lansing to cooperate with Japan: "A telegram which was published yesterday concerning America and the intervention of Japan in regard to the proposed change in the form of government in China is worthy of more than passing notice. Powers that are occupied in the enormous task of war have little leisure to devote to diplomatic niceties. America is one great power that has the good fortune not to be directly concerned in the war, and consequently the American state department has been able to give to the Japanese suggestion to interfere with China's domestic concerns more attention than was apparently paid by the entente powers. As a result, Mr. Lansing on behalf of his government informed Baron Gihon, the Japanese minister at Washington, that America would not take part in representations to China in regard to matters which might be deemed to be China's domestic policy."

"The importance of this action on the part of America is not likely to be overlooked by China. Had America acquiesced in bringing pressure to bear upon China at this critical moment any country that was bent upon predatory adventure under the never-failing guise of 'maintaining the power of the Far East' would have been encouraged. As it is, America is evidently watching events with very close attention, a fact that may be disquieting to others, but which is a source of comfort and encouragement to China."

Resentment Towards Japan.
The News expresses its resentment of the Japanese representations in the following terms: "However well meant interference may be, it invariably savors of meddling, intermeddling perhaps, and even the best of motives can not atone for an unwarrantable action. The note verbally presented by Mr. Ohara, the Japanese charge d'affaires concerning warnings and advice to the Chinese government, can not be regarded other than as gratuitous, constituting, in spite of its friendly language and in spite of its avowed to the contrary, an unneeded for intervention in the domestic affairs of China which bears some resemblance to aggressiveness."

"The statement issued by the Japanese foreign office refers itself. It assumes that the status quo be maintained by the president that the process of restoring order and tranquillity disturbed districts will not be interrupted but will be completed ere long. This pronouncement overlooks entirely the fact that his excellency decided two years ago that the status quo could not be maintained, and it is only since then that he has been able to consolidate the administration and establish law and order throughout the land in a degree unknown before."

"Again, it is feebly suggested, that 'should a sudden move be made by the president to establish a monarchy, it is quite possible that the spirit of the opposition would immediately give the risk of disorder and disturbance, and China would once more be thrown into serious danger.' Could anything be more opposed to fact? There has not been the slightest suggestion that the president contemplated a sudden move with the object stated. He has all along expressed himself in favor of maintaining the existing form of government, and he cannot be accused of a hasty decision or attempting a coup d'etat when he referred the question to a constitutional body which in turn referred it to the tribunal of the ballot."

Honeyed Words Used.
"Admittedly, the note is couched in gentle terms, but honeyed words and smooth phrases do not disguise its real purpose, which, we reiterate, is an unjustifiable interference in the internal affairs of this country. The fact that it has been presented at the eleventh hour imports unmistakable verisimilitude to this view. If any reason could be found justifying this intervention, it existed one or two months ago, but after the assurance from the civil and military governors of all the provinces published ten days ago, that law and order prevailed there is little excuse for this intermeddling."

"The advice that the change be postponed may be well intentioned, but it is extremely embarrassing. The president having put his hand to the plow cannot turn back. If he did he would be accused of betraying his country and having failed to uphold China's sovereign rights."

ENGLAND WANTS GENERAL STAFF RECONSTRUCTED

Popular Impatience Voiced by General Sir Ivor Herbert in Question Asked Premier Asquith in House of Commons.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
London, Dec. 13.—When General Sir Ivor Herbert asked Premier Asquith in the house of commons whether any steps had yet been taken to reconstruct the general staff of the army, he expressed the popular impatience of the country over this question, which is worrying civilians as well as military men. The premier's reply that the age and effectiveness of the staff was being gradually improved did not entirely satisfy the extremists.

Germany's efficiency in the war is largely attributable to its general staff, as no one here denies. But the general staff is an integral part of Germany's government, and of the autocratic system. Its success now is the result of methods worked out and practiced in time of peace. In England, such a general staff would have small scope in peace time.

There has been considerable looseness in the British way of managing campaigns, as critics point out. It is said that only the most general instructions were given to Field Marshal Sir John French, general in command of the expeditionary force in Flanders. They were told little more than to inflict the greatest possible damage to the enemy by means of their superior fire power.

Convicted of Selling Liquor to an Indian.
(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 13.—Joseph Zambelli, of Gallup, was found guilty of selling liquor to an Indian today in the federal court. The verdict was reached after a long trial which began last Friday, but not opened until this morning.

An effort of Judge Pollock to start the trial of the conspiracy case of the United States vs. Elfrida Bueh at 10 tomorrow instead of Wednesday, the date originally set, failed, because all the defendants could not be in Santa Fe a day earlier than originally planned.

ENGLISH BLACK LIST FOR GERMAN TRADERS

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
London, Dec. 13 (11:20 p. m.).—The government proposed to form a "black list" of enemy traders in neutral countries with whom British firms will be prohibited from trading, said Lord Robert Cecil, under-secretary for foreign affairs in moving in the house of commons today the second reading of the bill which he presented in the house on December 8, designed to restrict trading with possible hostile interests.

In South America, said the under-secretary, there was a number of German firms at present assisting Great Britain's enemy and trade with these firms by British firms could be rendered illegal by the bill.

The solicitor general explained that the purpose of the bill was to force another weapon with which to strike the enemy. The bill was read a second time.

ENGLAND AGREES FOR EDITORS TO USE JUDGMENT

Plaintiffs, the suppression of censorship by the press bureau, insofar as foreign affairs are concerned, Lord Robert Cecil, under-secretary for foreign affairs, in the house of commons tonight said that it was considered by the foreign office when the change was initiated, that while once it had been under the provisions of the defense of the realm act, broad rules as to what, or ought not to be done in the public interest, it was really better that those who were skilled in presentation of the news to the public should be left free to carry out their duties for themselves.

This proceeding, said Robert Cecil, had nothing to do with what the naval and military authorities might think necessary.

There was no intention on the part of the government to trap or trip papers, or to ven their indignation against any particular paper by legal proceedings, the under-secretary said, and declared that if the foreign office could give assistance to the press in the danger to be guarded against they would be glad to render it.

The policy of the British staff here, before has been, in accord with British tradition and British prejudice, to give all possible latitude to the commander, trusting him either to succeed by his genius, or at least to make the most of his own campaign, to an improvised harness made of rope, easy to patch up, and Blucher's to a perfect set of harness which depends for success on not breaking, still holds true to a considerable extent, or did in the earlier stages of the war.

Professional soldiers have long advocated a general staff on the Teuton plan for Great Britain, just as they have fought for conscription. Their professional bias leads them to believe that the empire's safety and power demands the military system. But the mass of the people, on the contrary, are content with a small army of untrained influence in time of peace, backed by a militia system. They accept the staff idea either as a measure or because they have only a vague idea of its meaning. At any rate, they believe it will prevent more blunders of the Dardanelles type.

While the general staff will probably not assume the power and influence of the German staff, a considerable margin, it will undoubtedly bring about a better coordination of one branch of the service with another, and of each expedition with the

BEST MEDICINE FOR SEVERE COUGHS, BRONCHIAL AFFECTIONS AND COLDS

BUTTS, INC., SELLING MEDICINE AT HALF PRICE.

Any person, taking in bottles, the best medicine, will be entitled to a bottle of Butts' New Concentrated Expectant for half price. With a view to giving those who have not yet used this excellent remedy an opportunity of seeing it in the treatment of all bronchial affections, including bronchitis, influenza, whooping cough, croup, whooping cough, croup and whooping cough, to prove its merits, all persons applying are thus given a chance to obtain a bottle of Butts' New Concentrated Expectant for half price. The remedy is not in need of such medicine as the present time, it will do to buy now, as some such medicine is sure to be required before the winter is over, but this remedy cannot be obtained at half price again.

This excellent new remedy is so concentrated that 2 or 3 doses when mixed at home with simple water of sterilized sugar and one-half pint of water (according to printed directions) makes a whole family supply. It is transparent as much as would ordinarily cost \$2.00 to \$3.00 for the same quantity of the old, ordinary, ready-made kind of cough medicine, or about of most and without a guarantee. It is prepared from strictly botanical plants, contains absolutely no morphine, opium, or any other narcotic or injurious drugs, and is safe for children and for those who are given to children with perfect safety. It is pleasant to take and children are fond of it. Besides, absolutely no risk whatever is run by using this remedy, as Butts' Inc., will refund your 25¢ just the same as with the 25-cent bottle of famous Ashland, if it does not find the very best remedy ever used. If a neighbor or friend could be induced to divide and pay for half the quantity, the cost would then only be about 12¢ to each.

NAME _____ ADDRESS _____

Very Effective Method for Banishing Hairs (Modes of Today.)
At very little cost any woman can rid her face of hairy growths. It also will use the delicate treatment. This is made by mixing some water with a little powdered lactone. This paste is applied upon the hairy surface for 3 or 5 minutes, then rubbed off and the skin washed, when every trace of hair will have vanished. No harmful results from this treatment, but care should be used to buy real lactone.

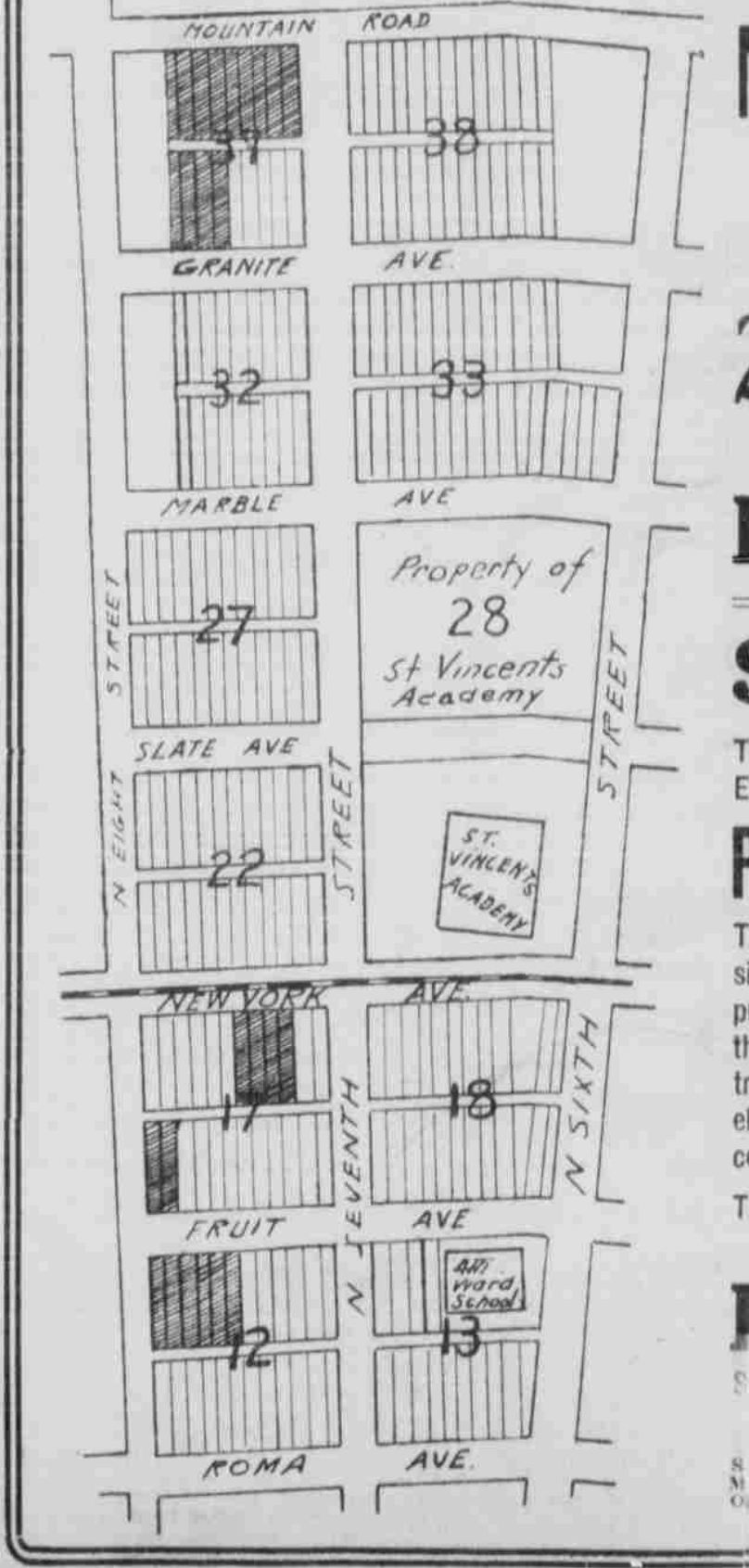
ENGLAND AGREES FOR EDITORS TO USE JUDGMENT

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Dec. 13 (11:20 p. m.).—Explaining the suppression of censorship by the press bureau, insofar as foreign affairs are concerned, Lord Robert Cecil, under-secretary for foreign affairs, in the house of commons tonight said that it was considered by the foreign office when the change was initiated, that while once it had been under the provisions of the defense of the realm act, broad rules as to what, or ought not to be done in the public interest, it was really better that those who were skilled in presentation of the news to the public should be left free to carry out their duties for themselves.

This proceeding, said Robert Cecil, had nothing to do with what the naval and military authorities might think necessary.

There was no intention on the part of the government to trap or trip papers, or to ven their indignation against any particular paper by legal proceedings, the under-secretary said, and declared that if the foreign office could give assistance to the press in the danger to be guarded against they would be glad to render it.

Real results problems—purchasers, send or had—very easily solved by Journal Want Ads. Read them, use them. Do it today.



NOW IS THE TIME

To Buy a Lot and to Think of BUILDING A HOME. Take Your Pick of

25 CHOICE LOTS

Situated in the Fourth Ward

Pay \$10 Down

AND \$10 a Month

The Plat Shows the Location of the Lots Offered on the Easy Payment Plan. Those in heavy black are for sale.

Prices From \$225 to \$275

These lots are in one of the most healthful and most desirable residence locations in Albuquerque. Public and private schools nearby; ten to fifteen minutes walk to the business section of town; New York avenue car line traverses the area in which the lots are located. Gas, electric light, telephone, sewer and other public utility connections easily accessible.

THINK IT OVER CAREFULLY! THEN BUY A LOT! A CHANCE THAT WON'T COME AGAIN

P. F. McCanna

Sole Agent, Ground Floor, State National Bank Building

SIGNS ON THE LOTS WITH PRICES

8 DESEEN WILL BE GLAD TO SHOW THEM TO THOSE WHO M. B. INTERESTED, WHETHER THEY WISH TO BUY OR NOT. OFFICE OPEN UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK EACH EVENING THIS WEEK.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

The Albuquerque Morning Journal

PUBLISHED BY THE JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

D. A. MATHIAS, President
W. T. MATHIAS, Business Manager
R. L. MATHIAS, Editor
M. L. MATHIAS, City Editor
M. L. MATHIAS, Editor

Western Representative
C. J. ANDERSON,
Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.

Eastern Representative
RALPH E. MILLER,
10 Park Row, New York.

Published as second-class matter on the
postoffice of Albuquerque, N. M., under Act
of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Largest circulation than any other paper
in New Mexico. The only paper in New
Mexico owned every day in the year.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
Daily, by carrier or mail, one month, \$1.00
Three months, \$2.50
Six months, \$4.50
One year, \$8.00

ADVERTISING RATES
First insertion, 10 cents per line
Second insertion, 8 cents per line
Third insertion, 6 cents per line
Fourth insertion, 5 cents per line
Fifth insertion, 4 cents per line
Sixth insertion, 3 cents per line
Seventh insertion, 2 cents per line
Eighth insertion, 1 cent per line
Ninth insertion, 1 cent per line
Tenth insertion, 1 cent per line

THE JOURNAL takes and prints
city news and thirty
minutes of exclusive Associated Press
news service each week.
No other newspaper published in
New Mexico takes more than
twenty-four hours of Associated
Press service during the week.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1915

THE NOTE TO AUSTRIA.

The full text of the American note to Austria regarding the sinking of the Italian steamer, Ancona, with American citizens aboard, many of whom lost their lives, published in the Journal, yesterday morning, indicates determination of the part of the administration to compel observance of international law by the belligerents where American lives are at stake.

From the facts developed and the admissions of the Austrian admiralty, the sinking of the Ancona was nothing less than cold-blooded, deliberate murder. It was peculiarly atrocious, and Austria had been fully warned, during the submarine controversy with Germany, of the firm position of this government.

The note denounces in terms of unprecedented severity the action of the Austrian submarine commander, whose punishment is demanded along with disavowal by Austria of the offense against the law of nations. Austria must agree to pay an indemnity for the American lives lost and not to permit the recurrence of such outrages.

Refusal of the demands in the American note is to be followed by the immediate severance of diplomatic relations, which is but one step removed from war. However, that does not mean that the final step is likely to be taken. The danger of an outbreak of war with Austria is not nearly so great as was the danger when the controversy with Germany was at its most acute stage. But even the controversy with Germany has not been settled, and there is a chance, a large chance, that this nation may become involved in war before the struggle in Europe ends.

Reports from Washington indicate that the only opposition to the president's preparedness program is found in the democratic ranks. We may be pardoned for being reminded of Sixty famous cartoon which has become the antithesis of the elephant.

MUST BE PAID TO RAILROADS.

Still the news comes of factories that are finding it more to their advantage to make goods for home production than for war orders. The country is on the high tide of prosperity. There are no unemployed who want employment, capital is both seeking and finding profitable investment, interest rates are low in the financial centers because of the unprecedented amount of money that has found its way into the banks.

One thing, however, remains to be adjusted. Railroads are not yet on a sound financial basis. They are not able to get the money for their required improvements for the simple fact that freight and passenger rates have not been permitted to advance with the wages of employees and the cost of material.

Capital will not invest where it can not see a good chance for a secure profit. Men will not buy either stocks or bonds in any enterprise so hedged about as to make the investment questionable. That is the situation of the railroads today as responsible for that condition we must place the first blame on the railroads for the abuses practiced up to ten years ago. They forfeited the confidence of the country and have been made to suffer for it.

The next blame must be placed upon politicians who, instead of trying to arrive at a proper adjustment of the situation, appealed to the prejudices of the people and invoked hostility against and punishment of the roads. The result has been that both the people and the railroads have suffered and are suffering.

The railroads are the arteries of trade, they represent the greatest single industry of the nation—on which practically all other industries depend for their success. They should be given a chance to breathe freely once more and to expand to meet the demands of the country.

WE ARE PRO-AMERICAN.

Mr. Bryan remains in Washington to talk about making other nations love us. Every warring nation in Europe is our friend to exactly that degree in which it needs us. Every belligerent is our enemy in exactly that degree in which it will pay to oppose us.

We have troubles of our own. We are—if we have any sense—intensely determined and resolutely partisan. We are for the United States, first, last and all the time, and it is a glaring fact that at this particular time our own country is in greater need of our sentiment and practical participation than is any other country in the world.

At this instant we should be neither pro-German nor pro-English, our opportunity, our duty, our job, is to be pro-American. Granting that we shall never be involved in this war, the best we can get out of the war is to have our own country, our own friends and our own enemies, determined and resolutely partisan. We are selling them a lot of goods, but if by sudden turn we should be forced into the fighting, what would we get out of that? Peace or war, where "do we get off?" That is a question far enough and vital enough to occupy us and keep us from "taking sides."

The Journal is not neutral—it is positively and absolutely pro-American. Also this nation, in its government, is pro-American. It has warned England and France to "keep off the grass" with the same degree of positiveness that it used in its warning to Germany some months ago, the same as that employed with Austria a few days ago.

We have inherent and unassailable national rights. We are for the United States, as against any and all the other nations of the world. And right now is the time for us to make that plain. The business of attending to our own business is big enough to keep us all busy for some time. And that "good" for every American citizen, no matter what his percentage of his racial origin. If this country is your country, it needs you now.

We are informed that the next war will be caused over the Monroe doctrine, which is likely true. But we need have no fear of the outcome when Mr. Bryan rallies his million farmers armed with pitchforks and Ford cars.

THE DUTY OF CONGRESS.

It is now up to congress to decide whether we shall be prepared to protect the great inheritance bequeathed to us by our forefathers, or, by short-sightedness, leave it naked before our enemies, as we are now. From ignorance and want of thought, members of congress, in the past, have been unconsciously responsible for much of the waste of military organization and appropriations in useless politics.

We have more than a hundred and fifty army posts scattered over the country, for an army of less than 20,000, hardly big enough for the active police duty of peace. Germany, with a nation in arms, has only sixteen big camps and about the same number of smaller stations in time of peace. Here is one example of the waste that makes our military expenditures greater than those of full-armored Austria-Hungary, Italy or Japan.

The very last service congress can do to the country now is to forget the "pork" for their districts, take the advice of the experts of the war and navy departments and try to place this nation, at the earliest possible moment, in a position where she can resist the aggressions of the predatory nations of the world.

The Americans at Madera were advised over the phone to get out of the way before Villa arrived, because he was in a bad temper. Some of these days quite a lot of bad temper will be removed from Villa by a firing squad.

The British retired from Serbia because they were greatly outnumbered, but it will not occur to the British mind before next year that the force there should have been big enough not to be outnumbered.

A Dutch editor wrote, "There are in central Europe a number of scoundrels who are responsible for the war," and he was sentenced to six months in prison. Holland is taking no chances.

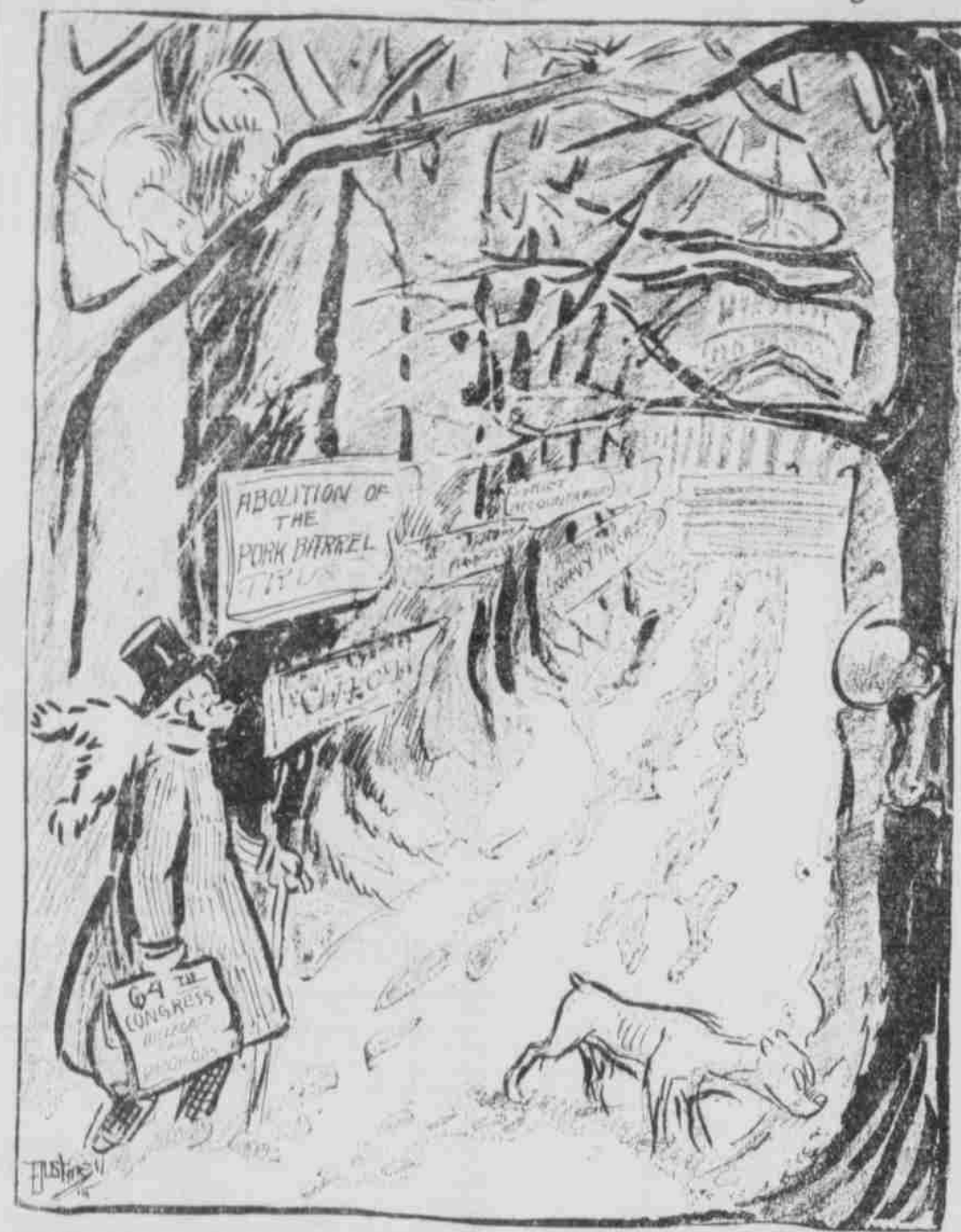
Mrs. Ford says she has no doubt that Henry will succeed in bringing peace to Europe, which goes to show that he also is one of a large number of husbands who have their wives fooled.

The Boston Advertiser says Henry Ford's mind lacks terminal facilities, which doubtless accounts for his failure to know where to "get off."

Grain shipments break record. Port William, Ont., Dec. 13.—Shipments of grain by steamer from the head of the lake eastward since September 1, reached 1,000,000 bushels, of which 137,000,000 bushels was wheat, it was said today. The greatest total shipments of grain through these ports for any previous season was in 1913 when 123,000,000 bushels of all grains were shipped between September 1 and the close of navigation.

Owens Her Good Health to Chamberlain's Tablets. "I owe my good health to Chamberlain's Tablets," writes Mrs. R. G. Neff, Crookston, Ohio. "Two years ago I was in a bad way due to stomach trouble. I took three bottles of these Tablets and have since been in the best of health." Obtainable everywhere.

The Blazed Trail



With Scissors and Paste

DREAM-TELLER.
(Thomas Lovell Beddoes (1832-1844). "A Isolated Elizabethan," Steadman calls him, and the reader of "Elizabeth's Book," his strange tragedy, will find the term apt, even if these verses do not absolutely show it.)

If there were dreams to sell,
"What would you buy?"
Some cost a pawning bell;
Some a light sigh
That shakes from life's fresh crown
Only a rose-leaf down.
If there were dreams to sell,
Merry and sad to tell,
And the price under the bell,
"What would you buy?"

A cottage lone and still,
With bowers high,
Shadows, my woe to still,
Until I die.
Such pearl from life's fresh crown
Fain would I check me down.
Were dreams to have at will,
This would beat best my ill,
This would I buy.

But there were dreams to sell,
Oh, didst thou buy?
Life is a dream, they tell,
Waiting to die.
Dreaming a dream to prize,
Is wishing ghosts to rise,
And if I had the spell,
And the price under the bell,
Which one would I?

If there are ghosts to raise,
What shall I call
Out of hell's murky haze,
Heaven's blue pall?
Raise my loved long-lost boy
To lead me to his joy.
There are no ghosts to raise,
Out of death lead no way,
Yam is the end.

Knownest thou not ghosts to sue?
No love thou hast,
Else he, as I will do,
And breathe thy last.
So out of life's fresh crown
Fall like a rose-leaf down.
Thus are the ghosts to woo,
Thus are all dreams made true,
Ever to last!

LONDON'S NEW WAR SONG.

(London Chronicle.)
Jack Northworth's song, "Private Michael Cassidy (pompom), V. C.," recently sung in a London theater, was the hit of the evening. "Looking Around." The audience was whistling the refrain after the very first verse. And altogether Mr. Northworth must have sung about ten. All England will soon be humming that catchy air. One verse runs as follows:

Who was it when he found his boots
were looking one day,
Went out to get a new pair from a
German straightaway?
Who was it came back late and said I
must apologize,
I had to kill nineteen of them before
I got my size.

Cassidy, Private Michael Cassidy,
He's the boy of wonderful audacity.
Private Michael Cassidy,
(bang) (bang) (bang) V. C.

REACHES AGE OF ONE HUNDRED.

(Boston Transcript.)
Mrs. Hanna Kaufman of 63 Monmouth street, East Boston, observed on Sunday the 100th anniversary of her birth. In possession of all her faculties, and showing most of her time, Mrs. Kaufman would readily pass for a woman of 20 years less than the age she has reached. She was born in Grinnady, Russia. She has six daughters, twenty-eight grandchildren, twenty-seven great-grandchildren and two great-great-grandchildren. Mrs. Kaufman's father lived to be 110 years old and her mother to the age of 101 years. When asked

yesterday by one of her friends if she cared to live to be much older she half seriously replied: "I hope I'll never be an old woman."

"BATTLE BUNNY."

CA half century ago, when the battle of Malvern Hill was fought in our own civil war, one of the first reports of the engagement made simple record of the fact that a white rabbit, frightened by the sweep of the grape and the roar of musketry, took refuge in the breast of a slain soldier. Not victory, not the loss of life, not the agony of the wounded, not the rush of the charge loomed large in the mind of the writer. To him the one great incident was the dumb appeal of terror of the rabbit. Yet out of this one fact, somehow, a better idea of the battle of Malvern Hill than he might obtain were he to read the official reports and the historian's commentary. And, by way of proof, there is Bret Hart's poem, "Battle Bunny."

Bunny, lying in the grass,
Saw the shining column pass;
Saw the starry banner fly,
Saw the charger's feet and mane,
Saw the flapping hat and plume—
Saw them with his moist and slip
Astonished, unresponsive eye,
Thinking only in the dew
That it was a fine review—
Till a flash not all of steel,
Where the rolling cannon's wheel
Through a rumble and a roar
Rolling down that velvet floor,
And like blows of autumn flail
Sharply thrashed the iron ball.
Bunny, thrilled by unknown fears,
Rained his soft and pointed ears.

As the sharp vindictive yell
Rose above the screaming shell;
Thought the world and all its men
All the charging squadrons meant—
All were rabbit hunters then
All to capture him intent.
Bunny was not much to blame,
Where folk have thought the same.

Wildly panting here and there,
Bunny sought the freer air.
Till he heaved below the hill
And saw, lying close and still,
Men with muskets in their hands.

One—a grave and quiet man,
Thinking of his wife and child
Far beyond the Rapidan,
Where the Androsoggin smiled—
Felt the little rabbit creep,
Nodding by his arm and side
Wakened from strategic sleep,
To that soft appeal replied.
Drew him to his blackened breast,
And—
But you have guessed the rest.
Softly over the chosen pair
Omnipotent love and cure
Drew a mighty hand and arm,
Shielding them from every harm,
Right and left the bullets waded,
Saved the soldier for the saved.

Who believes that equal grace
God extends in every place,
Little difference he scans
Twist a rabbit's God and man's.

THE FOOD OF WAR.

In America we are training in our public schools an army of boys; training them to enter the marts of trade, the industrial life of a busy nation; training them to take up the serious part of life where their fathers shall leave off. Sometimes we contemplate with sadness what this transition means. It seems cruel even to think of it. In France today 400,000 boys, still in their teens, boys almost too young to think of serious things, boys whose lives might yet to be lived, are to be called upon to pay the dreadful price of war. They carry a new spirit into the carnage they carry away with them also the hope of a suffering nation, which must rely upon the new generation to build up when the destruction is ended.

The same sad chapter comes in the war story of every nation. Always the age limit descends rapidly. Always war comes down to the youth of the nations.

The number of northern men in our own civil war is given at 2,775,000, which is something deceiving, because the total included many re-enlistments.

Some men were counted more than once. But of this total 2,150,000 were 21 years old or younger, of that number 1,150,000 were 18 years old or younger, and of these 600,000 were 16 or younger. We have no figures for the southern army, but the ages ran even lower and the proportion of young men who gave up their lives was larger, so that after the war the south faced reconstruction far more helpless.

And modern machine-fought warfare consumes much faster than the warfare of former centuries. The fresh supply of boys in Europe will not last forever.

SALVATIONISM ON THE SCREEN AT PASTIME THEATER THURSDAY ONLY

Two bands to come and here it is at the best of World Film which shortly releases "Salvation Nell," in which Beatrice Michelena impersonates Edward Sheldon's heroine.

The Salvation Army is a world force. William Booth, forty odd years ago, started the movement in Whitechapel, London. Whitechapel is the nucleus of the Great East End of London—mean, and still in parts, the very toughest spot on the globe. Charles Dickens laid the scene of "Oliver Twist" there, and we all remember what a humane personage the brutal burglar, Mr. William Sikes was. The slummiest slums on earth once disowned Whitechapel.

William Booth set out to rescue the submerged tenth of poverty and crime and he chose the Great East End of London as the scene of his initial attempts. He and his army saved the bodies and souls of many Salvation Nells.

The army now has millions in its ranks. It gladdens the globe. It is omnipotent, in a socially uplifted sense. It is a force, a power, a benevolently aggressive factor in the progress of mankind. Once decided and concentrated it is now welcomed for what it has accomplished in amending and consistently endeavoring to amend and eliminate the inherent rottenness of human nature, fostered by drink, the parent of ninety per cent of human misery.

"Salvation Nell" is a powerfully acted film play on a powerful theme—the final triumph of the army in halting the perdition of some of its near victims.

This will be the attraction at the Pastime theater Thursday only.

COMMERCIAL GROWTH OF CLAYTON INCREASING

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
Clayton, N. M., Dec. 13.—The remarkable commercial growth of Clayton is not only unbroken, but it is increasing. There is no boom and never has been, and none is expected, or wanted.

The H. W. Isaacs Hardware company has shown an increase of sales over last year of over \$50,000. The Otto-Johnson Mercantile company has shown a similar increase, their sales being over \$500,000. Claude Barnard company, a comparatively new firm, shows grocery sales to the amount of over \$5,000 per month. The railroad freight business has increased over \$1,000 per month. The Texaco, Palmox, Welch, Harzfeld, Wade and other firms show a like or even greater increase.

The fact is that the country is growing at an unprecedented rate and prosperity is reflected to the town. The price of land has increased from \$5 an acre to \$10 and \$20 or more. The annual land sales here amounted to about \$1,000,000.

Bear This in Mind.
"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy by far the best medicine in the market for colds and croup," says Mrs. Albert Blosser, Lima, Ohio. Many others are of the same opinion. Obtainable everywhere.

CLOVIS MAN IS BADLY BURNED IN GASOLINE FIRE

F. N. Scott Rushes to Assistance of One of His Employees and Sustains Injuries of a Serious Nature.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
Clovis, N. M., Dec. 13.—F. N. Scott was seriously, but it is thought not fatally, burned here today. One of Scott's employees in his cleaning establishment, had substituted a pair of pants with gasoline and was rubbing them between his hands in the process of cleaning them when they took fire from friction.

Scott, seeing his employee's danger, rushed to his assistance and in doing so kicked over a tub partially filled with gasoline. The gasoline flew all over him and took fire and it was only by the united efforts of several bystanders that he was kept from burning to death. As it is the doctors say he will be laid up for six weeks as a result of his burns.

'ALL MIXED UP' IS TODAY'S BILL AT CRYSTAL THEATER

Today is change day at the Crystal, and the Lee company will offer for today and tomorrow a laugh-making farce comedy entitled, "All Mixed Up," in which Jimmy Lee will play the part of a country boy. The company gets all mixed up, and has a hard time getting things straightened out. All the players have been well cast in their parts in the bill and "All Mixed Up" will prove to be one of the best laughing bills yet produced by the company.

"All Mixed Up" is a roaring farce comedy and one must see the entire bill in order to enjoy it. However, the plot doesn't interfere with the beautiful musical numbers that will be introduced in connection with the play. There will be a complete change of costumes, scenic and electric effects.

During the remainder of the engagement of the Lee company here the bill will be changed four times a week instead of three times as heretofore. Hereafter there will be only one matinee each week, which will be on Sunday.

Relieves CATARRH of the BLADDER and all Discharges in 24 HOURS

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
24 HOURS
Relieves CATARRH of the BLADDER and all Discharges in 24 HOURS
No increase in Price

Try this easy way to clear your skin with Resinol Soap

Bathe your face for several minutes with Resinol Soap and warm water, working the creamy lather into the skin gently with the finger-tips. Then wash off with more Resinol Soap and warm water, finishing with a dash of clear cold water to close the pores.

Do this once or twice a day, and you will be astonished how quickly the healing, antiseptic Resinol medication soothes and cleanses the pores, removes pimples and blackheads, and leaves the complexion clear, fresh and velvety.

If the skin is in bad condition through neglect or an unwise use of cosmetics, apply a little Resinol Ointment* and let it remain on ten minutes before the final washing with Resinol Soap.

Resinol Soap is not artificially colored, its rich brown being entirely due to the Resinol lardine it contains. Sold by all druggists and dealers in toilet goods. For free sample cake and trial of Resinol Ointment, write Dept. S-1, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

*Physicians have prescribed Resinol Ointment for over twenty years in the treatment of skin and scalp affections.

Individual Service

THIS INSTITUTION HANDLES THE ACCOUNTS OF ITS PATRONS NOT MERELY IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERAL CUSTOMS BUT IN THE MANNER THAT CONSERVES THE BEST INTERESTS OF EACH DEPOSITOR, WHETHER HIS ACCOUNT IS LARGE OR SMALL. DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK ARE INVITED AND 4 PER CENT INTEREST IS PAID ON TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

First National Bank

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS HALF A MILLION DOLLARS

Bringing Up Father



AUSTRIAN NOTE
EXPLANATION OF
LISTLESS MARKET

Traders Concentrate Attack on United States Steel and Other Leaders in Effort to Depress Prices.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE.
New York, Dec. 13.—Washington's first attitude toward Vienna regarding the sinking of the Ancona furnished the most likely reason for today's listless and heavy market.

In its efforts to depress prices, the trading element again concentrated its attacks on United States Steel and such other leaders as the Pacific group of rails, also Reading and Baltimore & Ohio. Declines in these issues extended from one to almost two points.

The more prominent war shares were down five points and over. Bethlehem Steel on one side dropped sixteen points to 45 1/2 and the preferred lost five to 150. Later Bethlehem common rallied to 48 1/2.

General Motors common and preferred, Studebaker and Texas company, the latter selling ex-dividend, constituted the only strong features of the session which layed into complete stagnation and lowest prices to the final hour. Total sales amounted to 275,000 shares.

A development of broad financial interest was the decline in exchange on Germany to 17 1/2, the lowest rate quoted since the outbreak of the war and probably in the history of banking relations between this center and Berlin. All other forms of foreign remittances were lower.

Cables announcing the intention of the British chancellor of exchequer to purchase American securities, paying for them in five year 5 per cent treasury bonds, confirmed recent reports of a general "mobilization" of such securities now held in Great Britain.

Anglo-French bonds repeated last week's low price of 94 1/2 for future delivery, while cash trades were effected at 98 and "regular way" 99 1/2. The general bond list was under constant pressure. Total sales, par value, aggregated \$2,990,000.

United States registered four advanced 1/2 per cent on call.

Closing prices:
Alaska Gold 22 1/2
Allis-Chalmers 31
American Beet Sugar 69 1/2
American Can 59 1/2
American Locomotive 63 1/2
Amer. Smelt. & Refng. 97
Amer. Smelt. & Refng. pfd. 111
American Sugar Refining 115 1/2
American Tel. & Tel. 47 1/2
American Tobacco 202
Anaconda Copper 84 1/2
Atchafalpa 105 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive 112 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio 92
Brooklyn Rapid Transit 167
California Petroleum 25 1/2
Canadian Pacific 117 1/2
Central Leather 61 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio 53 1/2
Chicago, Great Western 14 1/2
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul 12 1/2
Chicago, R. I. & Pacific Ry. 17
Chino Copper 50 1/2
Colorado Fuel & Iron 49 1/2
Crescent Steel 71 1/2
Denver & Rio Grande pfd. 26
Distillers Securities 45 1/2
Erie 42 1/2
General Electric 174 1/2
Great Northern pfd. 125 1/2
Great Northern Ore cfs. 47 1/2
Guggenheim Exploration 75 1/2
Illinois Central 107
Interborough Consol. Corp. 21 1/2
Inspiration Copper 45 1/2
International Harvester, N. J. 19 1/2
Kansas City Southern 39 1/2
Lehigh Valley 80 1/2
Louisville & Nashville 127
Mexican Petroleum 90 1/2
Miami Copper 22 1/2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pfd. 10
Missouri Pacific 8 1/2
National Lead 62 1/2
National Lead 63 1/2
Nevada Copper 15 1/2
New York Central 104 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford 104 1/2
Norfolk & Western 120
Northern Pacific 115 1/2
Pacific Mail 11 1/2

Pacific Tel. & Tel. 42 1/2
Pennsylvania 58 1/2
Pullman Palace Car 164 1/2
Ray Consolidated Copper 24 1/2
Reading 80 1/2
Republic Iron & Steel 53 1/2
Southern Railway 21 1/2
Studebaker Co. 165 1/2
Tennessee Copper 34
Texas Company 21 1/2
Union Pacific 136 1/2
United States Steel 83 1/2
United States Steel pfd. 114
Utah Copper 78 1/2
Western Union 88 1/2
Westinghouse Electric 66 1/2
Total sales for the day, 275,000 shares.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Chicago, Dec. 13.—Unexpected falling off in the United States visible supply total have decided impetus today to an advance in the wheat market here. The close, although unsettled, was 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 cts. higher, with December at \$1.15 1/2 and May at \$1.17 1/2. Corn finished 1/4 to 1/2 cts. down, oats up 1/4 to 1/2 cts. and provisions varying from 1/2 cts. off to a rise of 1/2 cts.

Wheat traders ran into a genuine surprise in the visible supply figures. It had been predicted that the report would show a good enlargement of stocks, but instead the aggregate was more than 2,000,000 bushels under last week's total.

Favorable weather eased corn. Oats were strengthened by advice that a fair export business was under way at the seaboard.

Generous exports shown for last week made provision values today average higher. Shipments of dressed hogs to Canada were said to be bulky. Toward the end of the session, though, free offerings of live took most of the snap out of the market.

Closing prices:
Wheat—Dec., \$1.15 1/2; May, \$1.17 1/2.
Corn—Dec., 67 1/2; May, 71.
Oats—Dec., 41 1/2; May, 45.
Pork—Jan., \$18.17; May, \$18.17.
Lard—Jan., \$9.57; May, \$9.57.
Hibs—Jan., \$9.52; May, \$9.52.

KANSAS CITY BOARD OF TRADE.

Kansas City, Dec. 13.—Wheat—No. 2 hard, \$1.05 1/2; No. 2 red, \$1.12 1/2; No. 2 white, \$1.08 1/2; No. 2 mixed, \$1.05 1/2; No. 2 white, 64 1/2; No. 2 mixed, 64 1/2; No. 2 white, 64 1/2; No. 2 mixed, 64 1/2.

KANSAS CITY PRODUCE.

Kansas City, Dec. 13.—Butter—Creamery, 55c; firsts, 21c; seconds, 20c; packing stock, 19c.
Eggs—Firsts, 29c; seconds, 20c.
Poultry—Hens, 10c; 10c; turkeys, 17c; springs, 12c.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, Dec. 13.—Mercantile paper, 5 1/2% per cent.
Bar silver, 55 1/2 cts.
Mexican dollars, 42 1/2 cts.
Government bonds, firm; railroad bonds, heavy.
Time money, easier; 60 days, 2 1/2% per cent.
Call money, steady; ruling rate, 1 1/2% per cent.

NEW YORK METAL MARKET.

New York, Dec. 13.—Copper, steady; electrolytic, \$19.75; 20.00.
Iron firm; No. 1 northern, \$18.25; No. 2, \$18.00; No. 3, \$17.50; No. 4, \$17.00.
Steel, heavy, \$18.25; No. 2, \$18.00; No. 3, \$17.50; No. 4, \$17.00.
Metal exchange quotes tin quiet; spot, \$9.87 1/2; 37.87.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Chicago Livestock.
Chicago, Dec. 13.—Cattle—Receipts 29,000. Market steady. Native beef steers, \$5.50 to \$6.00; western steers, \$5.10 to \$5.50; cows and heifers, \$4.50 to \$5.00; calves, \$6.50 to \$7.00.
Hogs—Receipts 42,000. Market firm, unchanged, 5c above Saturday's average. Bulk of sales, \$6.00 to \$6.50; light, \$5.00 to \$5.50; mixed, \$5.50 to \$6.00; heavy, \$6.00 to \$6.50; rough, \$5.00 to \$5.50.
Sheep—Receipts 35,000. Market weak. Wethers, \$4.15 to \$4.50; lambs, \$5.15 to \$5.50.

If You Have a Want
Tell It Through the

JOURNAL CLASSIFIED COLUMNS

FOR SALE

\$2,400—6-room frame, bath, glassed-in sleeping porch, collar, lot 100x142, good outbuildings, shade and fruit trees. Fourth ward.
\$3,300—New 3-room bungalow, just finished, modern, fireplace, fine sleeping porch, good location, highlands, close in.
\$2,750—6-room brick, modern, large basement, N. Walter street; easy terms.
\$1,100—6-room, 2-story frame, modern; corner lot, North Eighth St.
\$2,500—6-room, 2-story frame dwelling, modern, S. Arno St., close in.
\$3,000—8-room frame dwelling, modern, fireplace, fine shade, good outbuildings, 3rd ward, close in.
\$2,000—6-room frame, modern, close in; 4th ward.
\$3,000—6-room stucco bungalow, modern, garage; highlands, close in.
\$5,000—7-room brick dwelling, sleeping porch, steam heat, lavatories in bedrooms; fine location, 4th ward.

A. FLEISCHER

Real Estate and Insurance,
111 South Fourth Street.

HELP WANTED.

Male.
WANTED—Mexican laborers, \$1.75 per day. Employment Agency, 110 South Third street. Phone 354.

Females.
WANTED—Girl for general housework, 702 South Arno street. Phone 1385.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 502 1/2 E. Central; steady, neat, capable, liberal compensation. For particulars write State Manager, 407 1/2 South High street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 502 1/2 E. Central; steady, neat, capable, liberal compensation. For particulars write State Manager, 407 1/2 South High street.

WANTED—Apprentice girl. We do according to best of ability. Crane dressmaking parlors, 212 South Seventh street. Phone 1241.

WANTED—Salesmen.

WANTED—High class salesman to sell a new article to merchants, steady, capable, liberal compensation. For particulars write State Manager, 407 1/2 South High street.

WANTED—Positions.

YOUNG man, energetic, reliable, desires clerical work. Inquirer, 1224 South 11th street. Phone 1241.

WANTED—Work anywhere as stationary engineer, electrician, plumber, steam heating, six years mechanical experience, references first class. Address: J. O. Box 54, Albuquerque.

TYPEWRITERS.

ALL kinds of typewriters, new and used, sold, rented and repaired. Albuquerque Typewriter Exchange, Phone 378, 118 South Second street.

WANTED—Dressmaking.

WANTED—Ladies fine dressmaking. 400 South Seventh.

FOR RENT—Store Rooms.

FOR RENT—Store room at 319 West Central. Inquire upstairs.

FOR RENT—Office Rooms.

FOR RENT—Office, 319 West Central. Inquire upstairs.

FOR RENT—Part of my office.

FOR RENT—Part of my office. W. F. Metcalf, 321 West Gold street.

Heavy, \$6.00 to \$6.50; light, \$5.10 to \$5.25; pigs, \$5.00 to \$5.75.

Sheep—Receipts 10,000. Market steady.

Lambs, \$8.25 to \$8.50, yearlings, \$9.75 to \$10.00; wethers, \$6.75 to \$7.00.

Denver Livestock.

Denver, Dec. 13.—Cattle—Receipts 3,500. Market strong. Beef steers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; cows and heifers, \$3.00 to \$3.25; stockers and feeders, \$6.00 to \$6.25; calves, \$7.00 to \$7.50.

Hogs—Receipts 2,700 head. Market weak. Top, \$6.50; bulk, \$6.15 to \$6.25.

Sheep—Receipts 200 head. Market steady.

Begin Shelling Gilex.

London, Dec. 13 (3:21 a. m.)—German and Bulgarian troops have begun the bombardment of Gilex, according to the Saloniki correspondent of the Mail.

Why You Should Use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Because it has an established reputation won by its good works.

Because it is most esteemed by those who have used it for many years, as occasion required, and are best acquainted with its good qualities.

Because it loosens and relieves a cold and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition.

Because it does not contain opium or any other narcotic.

Because it is within the reach of all. It only costs a quarter. Obtainable everywhere.

You need never opportunity daily if you do not read Journal want ads.

THE BEST BUY
IN TOWN

Six-room modern brick, glassed-in sleeping porch, close in on lowlands. This is a fine home and offered at a great sacrifice, as the owner has left town and is anxious to sell. Let us show it to you.

Porterfield Co.

216 West Gold.

Real Estate, Fire Insurance, Loans.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Do you need money? If so we have it for you. I can get you a loan on Albuquerque property of farm land near Albuquerque.

R. McCLUGHAN
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
210 West Gold Ave. Phone 459

FOR RENT—Dwellings.

North.
FOR RENT—Four-room furnished flat, 501 North Second street.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room modern brick house, 312 North Second.

FOR RENT—Three-room furnished flat, modern, 212 West Marguerite. Inquire 131 North Second or phone 1560.

South.
FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Three-room furnished apartment with sleeping porch, modern, 229 South Sixth street. Inquire at Roney hotel.

North.
FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room cottage, sleeping porch, heat and clean, 1613 South Water street.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room and sleeping porch, furnished, \$12.50 per month. Call at 122 South Water.

FOR RENT—Delicious cottages, three rooms, complete, modern, centrally located, sleeping porch, double plumbing, perfectly sanitary. 1224 East Central avenue. Phone 384.

South.
FOR RENT—Modern, two-room bungalow, or for sale, 410 cash, \$28 per month. Phone 1297.

FOR RENT—An January 1st, two-room modern house, well furnished, excellent location, 124 South Second street. Phone 351.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

FOR SALE—Furniture, etc., bought, sold, exchanged. The Exchange, 139 West Gold. Phone 111.

Make This Your Shopping
Week for Christmas Gifts

Big gifts for men and women. Every Department and Ready-to-Wear Store, every Men's Store, every Jewelry Store and every Book and Art Store is prepared for

Christmas Gifts

Read the ads in The Journal, especially those complete ads in Sunday's issue, and buy these gifts now.

CLOSE IN
RESIDENCE

Eight-room brick, modern home, close in on lowlands, all round, good neighborhood, lowlands. Must sell. Easy terms. Only \$1,200.

THAXTON & CO.

211 West Gold Avenue.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

North.
NICE suite of housekeeping rooms. Roney hotel, 211 West Central.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Furnished, two-room house, modern, 419 West Lead.

