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# VILLA FORCES SLAUGHTERED BY MACHINE GUNS, SAYS DESERTER

Former Officer, Who Accompanied Disastrous Sonora Campaign, Tells First Detailed Story of Defeat.

## CHIHUAHUA CHIEFTAIN SACRIFICES HIS MEN

Two Thousand Are Killed in Attack on Agua Prieta; Three Battalions Wiped Out at Hermosillo.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 8.—(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)—A detailed account of the campaign in Sonora of Gen. Francisco Villa, the revolutionary leader, was given here today by an officer whose name is withheld, but who was known to have been with General Villa until recently when he crossed into the United States.

When he started from Juarez toward Sonora, the column was composed of 11,000 men with forty heavy guns and several machine guns. The general appearance of the troops was good and we had enough ammunition for rifles and cannon which would have lasted for several days.

**Inactivity Not Explained.**

"We reached Casas Grandes by railroad, using the Mexican Northwestern without difficulty. General Villa remained in Casas Grandes and there was no satisfactory explanation for this inactivity. After one week General Villa ordered the troops to Sonora. The soldiers were tired and the general appearance of the troops was poor and we had enough ammunition for rifles and cannon which would have lasted for several days.

**General Villa Announced His Intention of Attacking Agua Prieta.** He stated that he had the rear guard and another in front.

"We were aware that General Calles had 2,500 and some guns at Agua Prieta and knew he was expecting reinforcements, bringing his force to 5,000.

**Villa to Obstinacy.**

Gen. Alberto Carranza, an experienced military man, advised Villa to pass in front of Agua Prieta, detach a small cavalry force to draw the main force of the Carranza army into the open and then attack the Carranza army with the cavalry detachment. Herminio was defeated by only 3,000 men under General Diaz and Carranza, believed easily confident. Carranza, according to Carranza plans, the Villa force was to turn upon Carranza's force.

"Villa declared he was getting tired of being 'taught' by everybody, and ordered the attack on Agua Prieta. The first day of the attack the Villa army was repulsed with 2,000 killed and 7,000 wounded. Carranza's force was greatly damaged. Carranza's force was greatly damaged.

**At Night the Carranza Searchlights, Armed with Entanglements and Showers of Bullets Prevented Our Approach.** After three days Villa detached his force of 3,000 men to three divisions. Gen. Jose Rodriguez headed 3,000 men and thirty-six guns at Naco, Gen. Manuel Madinaveitia commanded 3,000, mostly mounted. Madinaveitia was sent to the Uron district of northern Sonora. Villa went to Nogales. Rodriguez was left at Naco.

"From Nogales, Villa went to Hermosillo and was joined by Urbalejo with 1,000 Yaquis.

Diaz, Carranza commander of Hermosillo, has entrenched on the heights surrounding the village of Santa Fe in the southern part of Hermosillo, across the Sonora river, and on the Diamantina mountain commanding the Hermosillo valley.

**Advised by Yaqui Chief.**

"Villa approached from the north, distributing his army near the float of the Diamantina mountain, an independent open place dominated from Campa mountain, an Urbalejo's advice, Urbalejo, with his Yaquis, went into the southern part of Hermosillo.

A battle began at dawn and the remainder of the day was spent in the slaughter of the Carranza army. By 1,000, by the artillery, without result. Villa ordered Gen. Jose Heron Gonzalez, chief of the Villa army, to charge Campa mountain and take it before sunset. Gonzalez said his men were tired and hungry and wanted to wait until dark. Villa repeated the order, angrily saying that he would arrive and would receive the victory.

**Charging Force Slaughtered.**

"Gonzalez charged, the reinforcements did not arrive, and Gonzalez's back with forty men. Three battalions lay dead on the mountain side, under Carranza machine gun fire.

"Gonzalez retreated to an orange grove, where he was killed by a Carranza bullet.

"Urbalejo and his Yaquis remained inactive and retreated upon Gonzalez's failure.

At Zamora, on the retreat from Hermosillo, where Urbalejo's cavalry was scattered by Diaz's forces, Urbalejo became disgusted with Villa, because he ordered the execution of some Yaquis at Magdalena for looting.

Villa, on his return to Nogales, said he was confident of fighting again and capturing Mexico City.

The narrator deserted Villa at Magdalena and came to the United States. He concluded by stating Rodriguez lost all of the thirty-six cannon, and that he and Madinaveitia had never reported to Villa's headquarters. Villa at the time of his departure had intended going to Simla.

**VILLA, WITH 2,000 MEN, IN CHIHUAHUA STATE.**

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 8.—Gen. Francisco Villa, with 2,000 men, was reported to have crossed the border into Chihuahua state.

## THE WEATHER

WEATHER FORECAST.  
Denver, Dec. 8.—New Mexico: Thursday and Friday generally fair, not much change in temperature.

Ported to state department officials here today as having reached Madera, Chihuahua, twenty miles from El Paso, where he was reported by other state department officials to have arrived yesterday.

It was expected here that with Villa's escape into Chihuahua, his last state, Gen. Jose Rodriguez, commanding a division of Villa's army, would cross from Sonora into Chihuahua at Ocotillo pass, through which Villa invaded Sonora on his late campaign.

This would bring Rodriguez to Casas Grandes, Chihuahua, on the railroad connecting with Madera and Chihuahua City, and permit a junction.

Madera is held by an independent force commanded by Gen. Julio Saez, who recently renounced Villa and declared the entire Madera district independent of either the Carranza or Villa government.

## EMERGENCY WAR TAX LAW TO BE CONTINUED

Washington, Dec. 8.—(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)—A conference with Secretary McAdoo today Chairman Kitchin, of the house ways and means committee, announced that the emergency war tax law passed through congress before the Christmas recess would be continued.

The emergency tax law which would expire its limitations December 31, is estimated to raise more than \$20,000,000 annually.

Mr. Kitchin said the repeal of the free sugar clause of the Underwood tariff law might be considered at the same time, although it has been understood that the administration's general revenue measures might not be taken up until after the holidays.

The emergency tax law probably will be extended for a year.

The legislation was suggested by Secretary McAdoo as one of the things congress would do to provide for present and expected financial burdens.

There is no necessity for immediate action to keep the state on cash basis, as under the Underwood law sugar does not go on the free list until next summer.

## SALAZAR FREED IS BELIEF HELD IN THE CAPITAL

Sealed Verdict Returned Early in Evening; Definite News Not Obtainable Until Opening of Court Today.

Santa Fe, Dec. 8.—A few minutes before 5 o'clock this evening the jury in the Salazar case announced that it had agreed upon a verdict. Under the instructions of the court the verdict was sealed, and will be opened when court convenes tomorrow morning.

The general impression by the jury about the federal court room is that the verdict is one of acquittal, and no denial of statements to that effect was made in any quarter. United States District Attorney Sumner Burchard said he had no intention of reintroducing Salazar tomorrow if the latter should be freed, nor did the United States marshal's office have a subpoena to call Salazar to the federal court.

A week of El Paso, Burchard, Vigil, Trinidad C. de Back and others on the charge of conspiracy to bring about the escape of Salazar.

Following instructions from the department of justice tomorrow may change the situation.

Tomorrow the two cases of the United States against A. T. & E. Railway company for violation of the 23-hour law, will be tried. There are some thirty counts in the two cases.

**(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)**

Santa Fe, Dec. 8.—It took Judge Pollock only twenty minutes to instruct the jury this afternoon in the Salazar perjury case. Each side was given forty-five minutes to argue the case, although the attorneys had asked for more time.

District Attorney Sumner Burchard addressed the jury for the government and E. W. Dolson for the defendant. Nothing new was brought out in the evidence in the morning, but General Salazar declared on the witness stand: "I never allowed any reporters to interview me, because they caused me a great deal of trouble."

After six hours of deliberation the jury was still out, which seems to indicate a likelihood of disagreement. Judge Pollock instructed the jury to bring in a sealed verdict tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock if an agreement is reached.

## GERMAN CHANCELLOR WILL SPEAK TODAY

Berlin, Dec. 8.—(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)—The Reichstag will meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. First on the order of the day is the speech of the imperial chancellor dealing with the political and military situation. The Reichstag will then discuss the socialist interpellation regarding the prospects for peace.

## ADMINISTRATION IS PLANNING TO CURB HYPHEN IN UNITED STATES

President and Entire Cabinet Hold Important Conference Regarding Best Method of Procedure.

## ATTORNEY GENERAL TO DRAFT MEASURE

Departments Are United Completely in Determination to Protect Neutrality of the Government.

Washington, Dec. 8.—Plans of the administration to prevent or punish violation of American neutrality were discussed today at a conference attended by Secretary of State Lansing, Attorney General Gregory, Postmaster General Burleson, Secretary Garrison, of the war department, and Secretary McAdoo, of the treasury department.

The conference was held in Secretary Lansing's office. The meeting was called at the suggestion of President Wilson, who declared in his message that measures should be taken at once to crush out attempts to violate the neutrality of the United States.

Departments in Harmony.

It was said tonight there had been no conflict between the various departments in investigation of neutrality violations, but rather a failure to co-ordinate and co-operate, which resulted in the advantage of the department having the most complete knowledge of the situation.

"On the other hand," Count Tisza continued, "we must take such a course as will enable us to occupy in time of peace the position which is actually due to us."

## AUSTRIAN VICTORIES REPORTED FROM VIENNA

Vienna, Dec. 8.—(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)—The following official communication was issued today:

"Romania war theater: Northeast of Chisnauk the Austrians threw back strong Russian divisions."

"Italian war theater: On the Isonzo front the enemy attacked the northern portion of the Dolomite mountain chain. Northeast of San Michele mountain they penetrated some trenches, but subsequently were driven out. In the San Martino sector the enemy's attack was repulsed."

"Serbian war theater: Attacks against the Montenegrin positions east of Buzice were successful. Greek (Montenegro) is free from enemy's attack."

"Balkan war theater: Attacks against the Montenegrin positions east of Buzice were successful. Greek (Montenegro) is free from enemy's attack."

## PROVIDES FOR HOME FOR NEW YORK CITY

New York, Dec. 8.—(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)—Andrew Froelich, who died in this city December 4, provided in his will that half his residuary estate, estimated at \$5,000,000, shall be used for the establishment of a home for the aged "who have been in poor circumstances but by reason of adverse fortune have become poor and dependent."

## Summary of War News of Yesterday

The United States government has asked Austria-Hungary to disavow the attack by an Austrian submarine on the Italian liner Ancona, which was sunk in the Mediterranean, November 9, with loss of American lives.

In addition, a request for reparation and assurances that such an attack will not be repeated is contained in the note that has been sent to Ambassador Penfield at Vienna for transmission to the Austro-Hungarian foreign office.

Considerable heavy fighting, but mostly with artillery, is in progress on all the battle fronts except in Russia, where calm prevails. The Teutonic allies continue to harass the Serbians and Montenegrins.

While the Bulgarians report that the French are retreating along both sides of the Vardar river in southern Serbia, the French official report says the Bulgarians have been forced to withdraw at Demirkapou on the Vardar.

## HARDER TERMS TO BE IMPOSED ON ALLIES BECAUSE OF RESISTANCE

Count Tisza, Hungarian Premier, Declares War Must End Favorable to Cause of Teutons.

## BLAMES RUMANIA FOR UNCERTAIN ATTITUDE

Greek Position Is Excused Because of Difficulties Which Beset Constantine's Kingdom.

Amsterdam, Dec. 8.—A dispatch received here from Budapest contains an outline of a speech made by Count Tisza, the Hungarian premier, in the diet on the subject of peace.

"The conclusion of peace," said Count Tisza, "depends exclusively on our enemies. The longer it takes to convince them that further prosecution of the war is nothing but useless and criminal carnage, the greater will be our victory. The greater the sacrifices which the war entails, the more severe will be the terms of peace for our enemies."

Count Tisza expressed regret that the policy of Rumania seemed to be fluctuating, although he said her national place was on the side of the central powers. He was unable to deal with the question of Greece, he said, because of the difficulties which his government could only aggravate.

"On the other hand," Count Tisza continued, "we must take such a course as will enable us to occupy in time of peace the position which is actually due to us."

"Romania war theater: Northeast of Chisnauk the Austrians threw back strong Russian divisions."

"Italian war theater: On the Isonzo front the enemy attacked the northern portion of the Dolomite mountain chain. Northeast of San Michele mountain they penetrated some trenches, but subsequently were driven out. In the San Martino sector the enemy's attack was repulsed."

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## DISAVOWAL OF ANCONA ATTACK IS DEMAND OF AUSTRIA-HUNGARY

Important Document, Couched in Firm, but Friendly Tones, Seeks Assurance Like Act Will Not Occur.

## REPARATION ASKED FOR ALL LIVES LOST

Protest Forwarded by Lansing Following Grave Consideration in State Department; President Indicates Approval.

Washington, Dec. 8.—The United States has sent to Austria-Hungary a note asking for disavowal of the Ancona attack upon the Italian liner Ancona, which was sunk on the decks of the vessel and in the life boats, killing and wounding many passengers.

The communication started by cable yesterday from the state department to Ambassador Penfield at Vienna, who was instructed to hand it to the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, Baron Tisza. Word of the delivery of the note had been received by the department tonight.

Friendly but firm tones, it is said, characterize the document, which is understood to make a particular point of prompt assurances for the maintenance of American lives. Austria-Hungary has never before been asked by the United States whether the commanders of its submarines had been given instructions similar to those which the German government gave to its commanders after the Lusitania tragedy. It is understood that the note referred particularly to the charge that shells from the submarine killed or wounded some passengers on the Ancona after she had halted, and asked for an explanation on that point.

**President Approves.**

In dispatching the note, Secretary Lansing acted with the approval of President Wilson. It is stated unofficially that the document, which is described as being comparatively brief and definitely vigorous in tone, was so drafted as to attempt a settlement at once without bringing on a series of communications, such as followed the sinking of the Lusitania.

The officials are said to be of the opinion that the situation is one which called for grave consideration, the state of affairs having become more complicated since the note was dispatched in reports of attacks on American oil-carrying vessels in the Mediterranean, presumably by Austrian submarines.

**Note Comes as Surprise.**

News that the note had been sent came as a complete surprise to official Washington. It was said that reports which emanated from the state department early in the week being that no positive and corroborated evidence as to what actually had occurred which the Anconians would down had been received. It was said that the reports received were fragmentary, conflicting or contradictory, and that until a reply to the inquiries submitted to Austria-Hungary was received, it was probable that no communication would be sent.

Tonight it was suggested in some quarters that information of a most conclusive nature had come to Secretary Lansing probably late Monday night and that it had been decided that the note should be sent forthward immediately. Whether Ambassador Penfield had transmitted the reply of the Vienna foreign office to the list of queries submitted by the United States could not be ascertained.

**Testimony of Survivor.**

The Ancona was sunk in the Mediterranean sea on November 2, while bound from Naples for New York. The only testimony of a native American survivor of the disaster, the department in a deposition by Dr. Cecil Greil of New York. In her deposition Dr. Greil asserts specifically that the liner was torpedoed while the men, women and children in the cabin and on the deck were scrambling to get into the small boats.

Much weight was given, however, to what Dr. Greil had to say. Her testimony was considered of so much importance that she was taken to Rome, where she told her story to Ambassador Penfield. A report of this conversation reached the state department recently.

After the inquiry of the United States had been before the Vienna foreign office several days, Ambassador Penfield reported that no time was desired in which to frame a reply. Late last week Secretary Lansing instructed the ambassador to urge a prompt reply.

**American Position.**

The American note, it is understood, said that the United States cannot believe that the commanders of Austrian submarines have committed an act of such magnitude as to deliberately sink a liner carrying passengers and crew.

The principles of humanity and justice which were championed by the United States are understood to be called strongly to the attention of the Austro-Hungarian government in this communication. Warning before submarine attacks is insisted upon. While every opportunity is said to be left for an amicable reply, the belief is prevalent in official circles that the note is more vigorous than any dispatched to Germany while the controversy with that country over the conduct of submarine warfare was in progress.

No intimation could be obtained tonight as to whether the United States had determined whether any "disavowal" appeared in the statement of the government which had been sent to the Austrian government. The Austrian confirmation was that a wireless had been sent that the ship tried to escape and that when she finally sank in a storm she was given to which the passengers might have taken to the boats. It was denied that any lives were lost, but it was said that some of the loss of life was caused by failure of the commander of the Ancona to act promptly.

The Italian statement in the note said that no wireless was given before the submarine started shooting the ship, which immediately sank in a storm and the shells were scattered on the decks of the vessel and in the life boats, killing and wounding many passengers.

Just how many Americans lives were lost in the disaster, which has been definitely established, is not known. Reports on this point, however, have been lost. Reports on this point, however, have been lost.

The text of the American note, it was said tonight, will be given out for publication in morning papers of Friday.

## ALLIED FORCES HARD PRESSED IN SERBIA BY THE BULGARIANS

French Are Failing Back Toward Greek Border, but Reinforcements Are Landing at Saloniki.

## GERMANS GAIN POINT ON WESTERN FRONT

Russian Campaigns at Standstill Because of Severity of Weather; Italy Is on the Defensive.

London, Dec. 8 (10:15 p. m.)—The situation in the Balkans is developing rapidly. The German and Bulgarian divisions reached Kothal, on the Greek border, ten miles north of a Saloniki. This threatens to cut off the Anglo-French forces, while Bulgarians, who also are supposed to be supported by Germans, have attacked the allies' extreme right wing near Stranitsa.

Under this pressure, the French have withdrawn from the Kivovsk station and at last accounts had taken up a position at Demirkapou in a deep gorge about twenty miles from the Greek frontier, through which the Saloniki railway runs. Here they were attacked by the Bulgarians, who, according to the French reports, were repulsed.

The plans of neither the allies nor the Germans are yet quite clear, but apparently the Germans are determined on crushing the little force which went to the assistance of the Serbians and which has been and is still being reinforced. The retirement of the army headquarters from Kivovsk to Demirkapou has led to the report that they intended to abandon the Balkan enterprise entirely but the continued landing of troops at Saloniki would seem to deny any such intention while there is a very strong military opinion here that Saloniki should be held as a base for future operations in the Near East.

There is little news from the other fronts. The Germans have scored a minor success in Champagne, where they captured about five miles of a French trench, part of which, however, has been regained. The British have received reinforcements at Kut-el-Amara, where they are making their stand after the retreat from Ctesiphon, and the Italians, who for the past two weeks have been on the offensive, are now engaged in meeting the Austrian counter-attack.

The expected offensive of the allies in Gallipoli apparently did not materialize, while throughout Russia the winter weather has put a stop to all but minor ventures.

**2,000 PRISONERS ARE CAPTURED BY AUSTRILIANS**

Berlin, Dec. 8 (via Wireless to Bayville).—The capture of more than 2,000 prisoners, among whom were 300 Montenegrins by the troops of General von Kovess is reported in today's official statement from Austria-Hungary. The prisoners were received here today from Vienna. Eighty cannon, 160 ammunition cars, forty automobiles and considerable other war materials also were taken.

The success of an Austrian attack against the Montenegrin position north of Beranov, in Montenegro, is reported. Albanians are participating in all sides in engagements against the Serbians, the official statement declares.

There were artillery engagements on the Isonzo front yesterday. Russian cavalry attacked the Italian infantry. These were repulsed.

**AUSTRIANS USE POISON GAS AGAINST ITALIANS**

Rome, Dec. 8 (via London, 10:35 p. m.)—The war office today made public the following official communication:

"Along the whole front there has been greater activity by the enemy's artillery, to which our batteries have replied. The enemy is also making an extensive use of asphyxiating gases."

Monday afternoon an intense preparation by artillery fire was followed by enemy positions north of Pila, in the valley of the Ledro and to the east of Pinazza in the Tergoglio valley. The attacks were completely repulsed.

"On the Corno front, despite adverse weather conditions, our infantry is maintaining its aggressive attitude. A brilliant action which developed yesterday in the northern zone of San Michele enabled us to capture a strong and extended enemy entrenchment to the east of Pila. We took 150 prisoners, including eight officers, and a quantity of rifles, ammunition and other war material."

**VIOLENT ARTILLERY FIGHTING IN FRANCE**

Paris, Dec. 8 (10:30 p. m.)—The following official communication was issued by the French war office tonight:

"The day was comparatively calm. Artillery actions took place in Artois, in the sectors of Lens and Givenchy, between the Somme and the Oise, in the region of Fortinoy."

"In the face of the activity of the enemy artillery, our guns opened action with greater violence. Observations made by aeroplanes enabled us to establish the efficacy of our fire."

"Fighting with grenades continues in east of the Butte de Soudry. Russian troops are attacking the Argonne and the Meuse, near Eathincourt, our batteries destroyed reserves containing suffocating gases."

"This morning one of our aeroplanes, giving chase at a height of 3,000 meters to a German air machine, was shot down by a German machine gun fire."

## START MOVEMENT TO STRENGTHEN RURAL CHURCHES

Council Hears That Less Than Forty per Cent of Country People Profess to Be Christians.

Columbus, O., Dec. 8.—A nationwide movement to make the country church the religious, social and agricultural center for the farmer through a federation of churches in rural communities was launched here today at the opening sessions of the conference of the commission on church and country life, which is being held under the auspices of the Federal Council of Church of Christ in America.

Speakers advocated the laying aside of sectarian differences in the formation of such a federation and agreed that rural churches are too numerous, too poor, too isolated and that their energies are divided among too many charges.

Governor Frank B. Willis, of Ohio, and Clifford Pinchot, chairman of the commission, presided at the opening session. Dr. William O. Gladden, of Washington, regarded by many as the father of the movement to bring about interdenominational co-operation, was among the speakers.

Governor Willis said in part: "It seems especially significant that less than 40 per cent of the rural population are church members. Such a situation is one that demands the concerted and united action of the leaders in church thought and action."

The day of two or three in four small churches in a community of two or three hundred people is just the times for the continuation of sectarian differences that have agitated and at times disrupted the churches of former days. This problem must be approached in a broad way. (Important statements of speakers must be wired away.)

The overlapping of territory and the maintenance of small and weak churches must be abandoned. Neighboring churches of all denominations must work together for the salvation of their people. It is not enough that the church do Sunday work; it must make itself felt in the everyday life of the community."

**PLEADS NOT GUILTY TO BRUTAL MURDER**

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 8.—Charles O. Etchison, a traveling salesman of Washington, D. C., pleaded not guilty to a charge today to an indictment charging him with the murder of Fredrick T. Price, with the murder of the latter's wife more than a year ago. No date was set for his trial.

Price again denounced as a falsehood today Etchison's sworn confession that for \$2,500 he had gone with Price to a point on the East River road, where Price pushed his wife, a member of a well-known family, over a steep embankment and caused her death in order to inherit a large sum of money.

**Shipping Copper to Switzerland.**

New York, Dec. 8.—It became known here today that shipments of copper and other materials are now being sent from America to Switzerland, after long being cut off by the entente powers. It is understood that Switzerland has organized an association which guarantees that given shipments consigned to it will remain in Switzerland.



GALLUP LUMP  
GALLUP STOVE  
SUGARITE LUMP  
O'HERA LUMP  
ALL KINDS WOOD  
AZTEC FUEL CO.  
PHONE 251

EVERYONE LIKES  
THIS COLD CURE

"Pape's Cold Compound" Ends  
a Cold or Grippe in  
a Few Hours.

Your cold will break and all grippe  
miser end after taking a dose of  
"Pape's Cold Compound" every two  
hours until three doses are taken.

It promptly opens clogged-up nasal  
passages and the passages in the head,  
stops sneezing, discharges of nose, run-  
ning, relieves sick headache, dizziness,  
feverishness, sore throat, swelling,  
soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed up! Quit blowing  
and sniffling! Ease your throbbing  
head—nothing else in the world gives  
such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold  
Compound," which costs only 25 cents  
at any drug store. It acts without  
assistance, tastes nice, and causes no  
inconvenience. Accept no substitute.

chines, was able to approach within a  
distance of twenty meters and attack it  
with machine guns. The enemy aircra-  
ft took fire immediately and exploded,  
the two passengers falling  
within our line near Tilsit.

The Belgian official communication  
reads:

"The artillery action has been  
quite intense along the whole Belgian  
front. We counter-attacked effectively  
the opposing batteries, shattered ene-  
my works near Roelbe and dispersed a  
convoy and a company on the road  
from Dixmude to Steenstraete."

BULGARIANS CONTINUE  
TO WIN VICTORIES

Berlin, Dec. 8. (via Wireless to Say-  
ville.)—Bulgarian army headquarters  
reports that the Bulgarian detachment  
advancing from Krusovo against  
Gehrida has reached a line running  
through Chernavoda, Brestovo, and  
Vetret, about ten miles north of Lake  
Gehrida, says the Overseas News  
agency.

"The whole population of Minaret,  
it is announced, enthusiastically  
greeted the victorious troops of occu-  
pation."

In Dibra, Austro-Hungarian pris-  
oners were found who had been ten  
days without bread. Eighty of them  
were in a serious state and had to be  
given medical attention."

WIDOW OF C. W. POST  
ACCEPTS \$6,000,000

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 8.—Mrs.  
C. W. Post, widow of the Battle  
Creek cereal food manufacturer, an-  
nounced here tonight she has agreed  
to accept \$6,000,000 cash for her  
share in the Post estate. In addi-  
tion she will retain ownership of val-  
uable real estate here and at Santa  
Barbara, Cal.

Mrs. Marjorie Post Close, daughter  
of C. W. Post, according to the an-  
nounced terms of the settlement, will  
receive the bulk of the estate, includ-  
ing the cereal company's plant here  
and the Post company's cotton manu-  
facturing plant at Post City, Tex. The  
daughter's share, it is understood,  
will be about \$2,500,000.

Suit to determine the ownership of  
the Post properties recently was  
started here. According to Mrs. Post,  
as the result of the settlement there  
will be no further litigation.

TO ASK GERMANY TO  
PAY BIG INDEMNITY

Washington, Dec. 8.—The heirs of  
Dr. E. F. Wood of Jacksonville, Fla.,  
one of the Americans lost in the Aegean  
disaster, will ask Germany to indem-  
nify them for at least \$50,000. An  
attorney for the estate conferred at  
length today with Secretary Lansing.

The state department and incident-  
ally, German officials, have been  
awaiting the filing of the first claim  
for an indication of what might be  
asked, not only for the victims of the  
Aeolian, but for Americans who lost  
their lives on the Lusitania.

Dr. Wood was returning from vol-  
unteer duty in the hospital of France  
and England when he lost his life.

Why Piles?

A Free Trial of Pyramid Pile Treat-  
ment Will Answer the Question  
Emphatically.

If you suffer from piles you are doing  
yourself a grave injustice every day you  
put off testing the famous Pyramid Pile  
Treatment.



Your case is no worse than were the  
cases of many who did try this revolu-  
tionary treatment and who have since  
written us letters testifying over and over  
that they were cured.

Test it at our expense by mailing the  
below coupon, or get a 50c box from  
your druggist's now.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON  
PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY  
444 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.  
Kindly send me a Free sample of  
Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.  
Name.....  
Address.....  
City..... State.....

## INTERVIEW OF GREEK KING IN BERLIN PAPERS

Only Excerpts of President  
Wilson's Address to Con-  
gress Are Printed in Ger-  
many; No Comment.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Berlin, Dec. 8. (via London, Dec. 8,  
1:35 a. m.)—The Associated Press in-  
terview with King Constantine of  
Greece is the feature of the day in  
the German newspapers. All the Ber-  
lin papers this morning headed their  
columns with the interview, and great  
significance is attached to King Con-  
stantine's declarations regarding the  
necessity for retreating allied troops in  
pass direct through Greece without  
stop and re-embark at Saloniki.

Similar news has been received  
from Bucharest in the form of a re-  
ported decision of the Greek cabinet  
and general staff, which it is said, is  
to be communicated as a note to the  
foreign governments.

According to the version of this note  
circulated by the Bucharest newspaper  
Miseria, the note declares that  
Serbian troops fleeing through Greek  
territory will be deemed and Anglo-  
French headquarters at Saloniki will  
be required to transport troops retir-  
ing before the enemy upon Greek ter-  
ritory immediately from Greece by  
way of Saloniki with their entire  
equipment and supplies. The Greek  
government requests the central powers  
not to cross the Greek frontier in  
pursuit of the retreating forces, Greece  
undertaking to guarantee that they  
depart from Greece.

The German newspapers received  
no direct reports on the opening of  
the United States congress and in-  
stead of Wilson's message. The possibil-  
ity of receiving an independent news  
service by wireless from the United  
States are being utilized to the great  
inconvenient extent by the German  
press. The newspapers were supplied  
with this afternoon with a resume of  
the message transmitted by way of Lon-  
don, but as yet there has been no  
comment on Mr. Wilson's declaration  
regarding neutrality.

The dispatches from London ar-  
rived so late that only a few of the  
newspapers were able to print the  
bare telegram. Comment on the mes-  
sage, however, presumably will be re-  
stricted to a minimum, as in the case  
of the conviction of the Hamburg  
American line officials in New York  
last week.

TROUBLES OF HILL SHIP  
ENTIRELY MECHANICAL

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
San Francisco, Dec. 8.—That the  
troubles of the Hill liner Minnesota  
were entirely mechanical, that there  
had been no mutiny and no trouble  
with the crew, was the substance of a  
wireless message received here today  
from Captain Garlick, master of the  
disabled liner. C. W. Wiley, marine  
superintendent of the company, said  
that all suggestions of bomb plots and  
mutiny were matters of surmise origi-  
nating ashore.

According to a wireless received to-  
night from the wrecking steamer  
Jaeger, the Minnesota was being towed  
toward San Francisco and would be  
in the vicinity of San Pedro tomorrow  
and expected to reach San Fran-  
cisco next Wednesday. All of the  
Minnesota's sixteen boilers are out of  
commission.

WOOD GIVES HIGHEST  
PRAISE TO AUSTRALIANS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
London, N. C., Dec. 8.—Major Gen.  
Leonard Wood, in an address before  
the students of New Hampshire col-  
lege today on "Preparedness," dis-  
cussed the Australian and Swiss sys-  
tems of military training and declared  
that the Australian system received the  
better fitted for American conditions.  
He said that "the amazing efficiency  
shown by the Australians in machine  
gunnery and handling in the face of  
perhaps the strongest opposition that  
troops had ever met under such cir-  
cumstances" amply illustrated that  
the United States must not be lulled  
into a false sense of security by the  
fact that the Atlantic ocean inter-  
ference between it and Europe.

GERMANY AGAIN  
SENDS AMERICAN  
SHIP TO BOTTOM

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
Rome, Dec. 8. (12:55 a. m.)—The  
German official communication  
today confirms the torpedoing of  
the American steamer Commodore and  
says that the submarine which  
sent her to the bottom was a German  
of a large type.

The first report of the torpedoing  
of the Commodore, which was given  
by a radio message from an Italian  
steamer which had picked up a wire-  
less call for help from the Commodore,  
was given by the Italian steamer  
at the same time adding on the wire-  
less message to an Italian steamer  
a Greek torpedo boat destroyer and a  
British warship.

DEATH-LIKE QUIET  
FOR AGED INDIGENTS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
New York, Dec. 8.—Official recog-  
nition of the "health and happiness"  
of New Yorkers who hitherto have  
been deprived of proper rest by in-  
cessant noise was given today by  
Police Commissioner Woods. A gen-  
eral order was issued placing upon  
the police responsibility for enforce-  
ing the letter of the ordinance de-  
signed to make the city more quiet.  
Among the orders placed under the  
ban are needless shouting and yell-  
ing by street peddlers, newsboys, tax-  
icab and furniture drivers and unne-  
cessary racket in cleaning out ash-cans.  
Play wheels on cars are also barred.

## DYNAMITER IS ALL DAY WITNESS IN SCHMIDT CASE

Ortie E. McManigal Calmly  
Tells Details of Alleged Con-  
spiracy Among Iron Work-  
ers; Enumerates Explosives.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Los Angeles, Dec. 8.—Undisturbed  
by the face of a court room filled with  
curious spectators Ortie E. McManigal,  
principal witness against Math-  
ias A. Schmidt, charged with mur-  
der today told the witness stand  
the details of seven dynamite explo-  
sions he produced in the east and  
middle west in an alleged conspiracy  
to terrorize "open shop" concerns en-  
gaged in the erection of iron work.  
These explosions, however, for the  
prosecution declared, will be shown  
to connect up with the destruction of  
the Los Angeles Times building Octo-  
ber 1, 1914, which resulted in the  
death of twenty persons and the in-  
jury of Schmidt.

Interrupted by an occasional ques-  
tion by Thomas Lee Woodhouse, dis-  
trict attorney, McManigal talked vir-  
tually all day, telling of one dynamite  
explosion after another and of con-  
versations with J. D. McNamara, who  
afterward confessed to planting the  
bomb under the Times building. J.  
J. McNamara of Indianapolis, Mich-  
ael J. Young, of Boston, Frank C.  
Wells, of New York City, Herbert S.  
Harkin, of Detroit, and other offi-  
cials of the International Association of  
Bridges and Structural Iron Work-  
ers.

In these alleged conversations the  
destruction of thousands of dollars in  
property, figured as part of the over-  
all plan of the alleged conspiracy,  
and often was the subject of jokes  
among them. McManigal testified to  
a conversation with J. D. McNamara  
and Harkin in which the former is  
said to have related the details of an  
explosion he produced in Lake City  
in the spring of 1914.

"He told me the explosion nearly  
knocked Brigham Young off his monu-  
ment," testified McManigal.

According to McManigal's testi-  
mony, he was paid \$125 and ex-  
penses for each explosion, but he  
afterward found, he said, that the ex-  
ecutive board of the international as-  
sociation had allowed \$200 and ex-  
penses and that Harkin had been  
cheating him out of the difference.

PROTECTORATE  
IN SAN DOMINGO  
TO BE EXTENDED

Little Republic Needs Loan  
Backed by United States;  
May Be Had if Properly  
Supervised.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Dec. 8.—American  
Minister Russell at Santo Domingo  
has been instructed to ascertain  
whether the Dominican people desire  
the aid of the United States in reha-  
bituating the republic's finances  
through a plan similar to that recently  
put into effect in Haiti. No definite  
reply is expected until the regular  
session of the Dominican congress be-  
gins in February.

The proposal contemplates super-  
vision by the United States of the finan-  
cial and administrative branches of the  
government and rehabilitation of the  
republic's finances through a five-  
year loan of \$5,000,000. A proposal to  
seek the backing of the United States  
in securing such a loan now is pend-  
ing before the American congress and  
Minister Russell is said to have in-  
formed officials at Santo Domingo  
that no such support need be expected  
unless the government had definite  
evidence of the stability of Dominican  
finances.

Officials here have pointed out that  
adoption of the proposal for super-  
vision depends entirely upon the desires  
of Santo Domingo. Such a plan has  
been put into effect in Haiti with the  
consent and co-operation of the Ha-  
itian government as a modus vivendi  
for dealing with conditions in the  
republic until ratification can be secured  
in the United States senate for the  
treaty making the arrangement  
permanent.

URGE HARMONY AMONG  
CHURCHES OF COUNTRY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
Columbus, O., Dec. 8.—Governor Pin-  
chot and Governor Frank B. Willis of  
Ohio, spoke from the same platform  
today to urge the cooperation and  
federation of country churches  
and elimination of emphasis on  
denominational differences.

They were on the program at the  
opening session of the national con-  
ference of the Christian church in  
country life, of which Mr. Pinchot  
is chairman.

Sessions will continue until Friday  
night when President Wilson is ex-  
pected to make an address.

To Confer With Ambassador.  
Ottawa, Ont. Dec. 8.—Lionel Lloyd-  
George, British minister of munitions,  
who has been in Canada for several  
weeks, oversteering the production of  
munitions left today for Washington  
to confer with the British ambassador,  
Lord Spring-Rice, before sailing for  
England.

Operators' Pay Increased.  
Cincinnati, O., Dec. 8.—One thou-  
sand telegraph operators of the Cincin-  
nati, Cincinnati, Chicago and St.  
Louis railroad will receive an in-  
crease in wages that will cost the road  
\$45,000 yearly, according to the agree-  
ment reached today. The telegraph-  
ers had demanded increases totaling  
\$25,000.

The Weather a Year Ago Today.  
Clear. Temperature, High 47°, Low  
16°—remember Laxative Remedy Quin-  
ine cures a cold in one day. There is  
only one "From Quinine." Look for  
signature E. W. GLOVE, 25°.

## REORGANIZATION OF RED CROSS TO MEET NEW NEEDS

Two Positions Are Created as  
Result of Extension of Work  
Due to War and Other  
Emergencies.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Dec. 8.—Reorganiza-  
tion of the American Red Cross as-  
sociation to meet the need of separate  
divisions in charge of military and  
civilian relief work was the chief  
business of the meeting today. The  
office of national director was abol-  
ished and in its place two offices  
were created—director general of  
military relief and director general  
of civilian relief. Kenneth P. Bicknell,  
former national director, was placed  
at the head of the civilian branch  
and Major General Arthur Murray,  
retired, elected vice chairman of the  
civilian committee, was named director  
general of military relief. All other  
officers of the society were re-  
appointed.

A resolution was adopted thanking  
the Rockefeller foundation for its  
cooperation with the Red Cross re-  
lief work in Serbia.

The President, President  
Wilson, occupied the  
chair while Dr. Strong told of the  
American Red Cross sanitary work  
in stamping out typhus in Serbia and  
during the address of Charles J.  
Finney, special representative of the  
Red Cross, who brought word of  
famine and misery as he saw them  
two months ago in Mexico City.

Dr. Strong, in concluding his ad-  
dress, turned toward the president as  
he said:  
"We have heard much in the United  
States of the preparedness of our  
country for general defense. One im-  
portant problem in this connection is  
the question of the preparedness of  
our physicians to deal with epidemics  
of contagious diseases in the field  
and their knowledge of the problems  
relating to the hygiene of camp life  
and of large bodies of troops."

Starvation in Mexico City.  
Mr. O'Connor, replied to those who  
have charged Red Cross workers  
with giving untrue reports of condi-  
tions in Mexico by saying that he had  
data showing that in the federal dis-  
trict alone the daily number of deaths due to  
starvation was about 220. He added  
that he considered it a conservative  
estimate to say that at least 2,000  
were dying every day in the whole of  
Mexico for lack of food or an ac-  
cumbent of disease attendant upon fam-  
ine conditions.

"In the streets," he declared, "I  
often saw gaunt women and children  
clinging in barren garbage heaps for  
scraps. I saw groups of pathetic  
wretches waiting hours before doors  
of private houses for a cupful of  
soup. I saw scores of pauper graves  
where the dead were buried so fast  
that the tin mine plates required by  
law were not set above the graves."

Brief accounts of European war re-  
lief work by American organizations  
were given at a session tonight.  
Mrs. Robert Bacon told of work done  
by the American ambulances hospital  
in France and Mrs. Ethelbert Nevin  
spoke of the aid rendered by the  
French emergency wounded fund.

Julius Goldstein, representative of  
the American-Austrian relief committee  
of Chicago, described relief efforts for  
the Teutonic allies directed from  
America.

Miss Isabel T. Boardman urged Red  
Cross preparedness.

Major Gen. George W. Davis, United  
States army, retired, who recently was  
succeeded by William H. Taft as  
chairman of the Red Cross central  
committee, was presented with a gold  
medal in recognition of his eight  
years Red Cross service.

RED CROSS WORK IN  
SERBIA IS FINISHED

New York, Dec. 8.—Dr. W. A. Jolly,  
of Boulder, Colo., a member of the  
Red Cross unit which has been work-  
ing in Serbia, arrived on the liner  
New Amsterdam, which docked to-  
day.

Dr. Jolly said the work of the Amer-  
ican Red Cross in Serbia is finished,  
for the present. He was in Belgrade  
when that city was taken by the Aus-  
tro-Hungarian forces and said all their  
medical supplies were used to care for  
persons wounded in the bombardment  
of the city. The remaining members of  
the Serbian unit, he said, are on their  
way home on other ships.

ST. PAUL ROAD  
ELECTRIFYING  
ENTIRE SYSTEM

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
Butte, Mont., Dec. 8.—Successful  
final tests were made on the Chicago,  
Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad today  
in connection with the electric trans-  
portation of trains over the heavy  
grades of the Rocky mountains.

Today's trial was a pulling contest  
on the Edmont grade, directly east  
of Butte, and was conducted in the  
presence of A. J. Karwin, president  
of the railroad company, and his di-  
rectors, several New York financiers  
and large delegations of business  
men.

In the presence of the railroad  
ministers a trailing load of 2,  
500 tons was pulled by three of the  
heaviest freight locomotives of the  
Mallett type in the service of the St.  
Paul system and then a trailing load  
of 2,000 tons was drawn over the  
same grade by two of the large elec-  
tric freight locomotives. The greater  
ease with which the electric locomo-  
tives pulled the heavier load, stop-  
ping on the grade and then gathering  
speed, caused much satisfaction to  
the officials.

The electrification of the first unit  
of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul  
system from Three Forks, Mont., to  
Butte, a distance of 112 miles, now  
is completed.

## SCOUT COUNCIL HANDS ROAST TO SETON-THOMPSON

Author of "Wild Animals I  
Have Met" Charged With  
Lack of Patriotism; Did Not  
Resign but Was Fired.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Dec. 8.—The national  
council of the Boy Scouts of America,  
through an authorized committee,  
today issued a statement in which it  
suggested a statement issued by Ernest  
Thompson Seton, in which he said  
that he had resigned as chief scout.  
After the meeting the council issued  
this statement:

Mr. Seton did not resign; he was  
deliberately dropped by the national  
council of the Boy Scouts of America  
on the question of Americanism. He  
is not an American citizen. He not  
only resented suggestions and proposi-  
tions made by many of his friends in the  
scout movement that he become an  
American citizen but went further and  
objected to the boy scout handbook in-  
cluding a chapter on patriotism.

Term Had Expired.  
"The term expired in February, 1915.  
The national council at its annual  
meeting did not re-elect him because  
of the belief that in a movement for  
making men as citizens of America  
there should be no doubt as to the citi-  
zenship and patriotism of the leaders  
of the movement. Any statement that  
the dropping of Mr. Seton or his al-  
luded resignation was due to anything  
of the kind is not true."

"In fairness to Mr. Seton the office  
was left vacant until he could be af-  
forded a reasonable opportunity to ex-  
plain his intention of becoming a citi-  
zen of the United States. This he re-  
fused to do."

"In response to Mr. Seton's attempt  
to resign, he was informed that inas-  
much as he held an office, there was  
no office from which he could resign,  
and the matter was finally closed last  
July. Mr. Seton promised explicitly  
by letter that he would quietly pro-  
ceed with his own work without rais-  
ing any issue. He has seen fit to vio-  
late his promise without any notice to  
the executive board or any of its of-  
ficers at a time and under conditions  
which make necessary this statement  
of fact."

RAPID PROGRESS IN  
OPENING PANAMA CANAL

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
Panama, Dec. 8.—Such excellent  
progress has been made with the  
dredging in the Gaillard cut of the  
Panama canal that now only fifty feet  
of earth separates the waters of the  
channel. This little neck of land, less  
than twenty feet high, can be removed  
by dredgers in a few days unless the  
building of the bottom proceeds too  
rapidly for the dredgers.

Since the huge dipper dredge Cus-  
cudas began operations in the canal,  
the monthly yardage has been in-  
creased to 1,250,000 cubic yards. The  
most that has ever been taken from  
the canal in wet excavation work.  
General Goethals, however, continues  
to decline prediction as to when the  
canal will be reopened. He says the  
slide has not yet stopped and it  
might be that it would be possible for  
them to close the canal again before  
a prediction was made good.

BRITISH DEFEAT IS  
STRENGTHENING TURKS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
Saville, Dec. 8.—According to Constan-  
tinople dispatches to the Frankfurter  
Zeitung, says the Overseas News  
agency, "The Turkish victories in Mes-  
opotamia had a specially influential  
effect upon the attitude of the entire  
Persian gulf district. Arabian troops  
that previously had invariably been  
loyal to Great Britain have now veer-  
ed about, it is declared, the neutral  
being particularly noticeable in  
southern Persia."

"Persian tribes successfully attack-  
ing British forces on November 2,"  
the dispatches add.

COME IN AND GET A BANK BOOK FREE AND JOIN  
OUR "CHRISTMAS BANKING CLUB" BY DEPOSITING  
EITHER 1 CENT, 2 CENTS, 5 CENTS OR 10 CENTS. YOU IN-  
CREASE YOUR DEPOSIT THE SAME AMOUNT EACH WEEK.  
NO CHARGE TO JOIN.

IN 50 WEEKS:  
1-CENT CLUB PAYS \$ 12.50  
2-CENT CLUB PAYS 25.50  
5-CENT CLUB PAYS 63.75  
10-CENT CLUB PAYS 127.50

WE ADD 4 PER CENT INTEREST.  
YOU CAN DEPOSIT 25 OR 50 CENTS, OR \$1.00 OR  
MORE EACH WEEK.

COME IN—WE WILL TELL YOU ALL ABOUT IT.

FIRST SAVINGS BANK  
AND TRUST COMPANY  
Albuquerque, N.M.

CARRANZA MEN  
ARE DEFEATED BY  
GEN. RODRIGUEZ

Villa Commander Is Again Be-  
tween Two Forces of Obre-  
gon's Men and Agua Prieta  
Is Threatened Once More.

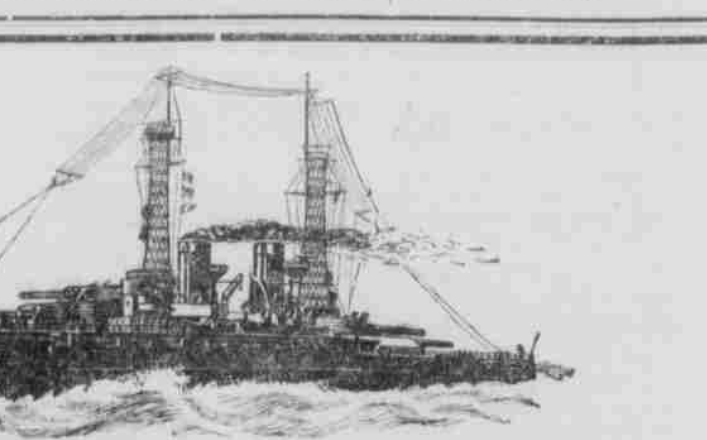
(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)  
Donkey, Ariz., Dec. 8.—After a  
sharp engagement, Gen. Jose Rodri-  
guez and his Villa army occupy  
Fronton, south of Agua Prieta. Ar-  
day, driving southward Carranza  
forces under Gen. P. Elias Calles  
Rodriguez burned several houses be-  
tween Fronton and Fronton, thus  
severing Calles' railroad communica-  
tion with Agua Prieta, opposite here.  
Rodriguez also cut telephone and  
telephone wires upon entering Fron-  
teras. Calles, however, managed his  
own retreat southward to send word  
to Agua Prieta for help. Seven hun-  
dred men, under Gen. Angel Porras,  
were dispatched this afternoon to his  
aid.

The capture of Fronton, phone  
Rodriguez again between two Carranza  
forces and gives him control of the  
railroad running between Agua Prieta  
and Nogales. The general at Agua  
Prieta once more was placed in dan-  
ger for attack.

Five Americans reached here today  
from Fronton, but J. W. Cummings

MARLEY 2 1/2 IN. DEVON 2 1/2 IN.  
ARROW  
COLLARS  
2 FOR 25 CENTS  
CLUETT PEARSON & CO. INC. N.Y.

John, of Tulsa, Okla., and H. G. South-  
ard, of Los Angeles, two men, previously  
threatened by Villa troops, were not  
among them, and fears were again  
felt for their safety.



Preparedness  
The Vital Factor—

not alone in affairs of the Nation, but with the health of every citizen.

One seldom knows when the common enemy, sickness, in one form or another, is about to  
strike; and the best form of preparedness is to keep body and brain healthy.

Active brains and vigorous bodies are the result of right living—food plays a big part.

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

made of whole wheat and malted barley, supplies all the bone- and brain-building, nerve- and  
muscle-making elements of the grains, including the vital salts, phosphate of potash, etc., often  
lacking in the diet of many, but imperative for bounding good health.

Grape-Nuts is easily digested—comes ready for table directly the germ-proof, moisture-  
and dust-proof packet is opened. With good milk or cream Grape-Nuts supplies complete  
nourishment.

A ration of Grape-Nuts each day is a safe play for health, and

There's a Reason  
—Sold by Grocers everywhere.











Wars of Recent Years Have  
Developed Many Command-  
ing Military Figures Among  
People of Historic Nation.

**General Is Modest.**  
Speaking of the honors which have from time to time been bestowed upon him, it is characteristic of General Downsman that he could only remember two—that he is commander of the Order of the Savior—a

Try this! Hair gets beautiful,  
wavy and thick in  
few moments.

If your hair falls out fast. Is it thin, faded, dry, acraggy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

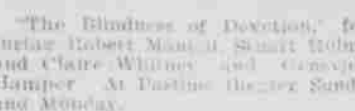
We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and free of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?

GERMANY PLANS GREAT  
INVASION OF INDIA

NEW SEAMEN'S LAW  
MAY BE LIBERALIZED

## BRITISH CRUISER ON WATCH OFF TAMPICO

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LAMPED WIRE).  
Tampa, Fla., Dec. 8.—A British  
cruiser of the type of the Australian  
cruiser Sydney arrived at the entrance  
of Tampa bay today and remained off  
dummit key tonight. Reports that  
the Austrian steamer Borneo, in port  
here since the beginning of the war,  
was preparing to make a dash for  
New Orleans to go into dry dock, gener-  
ally were connected with the cruiser's  
appearance.



London Morning Post War  
President if Germany Shou  
Win America Would  
Next Spoil.

## CHARGES MADE AGAINST HILLSTROM'S ATTORNEY

by a list men and an published in evidence in which Hilton was quite having attacked the manner which the Utah courts conduct Hilstrom's case. The bar association is a stenographic report of Hilton's address and other documentary evidence. Hilstrom was executed November 13 for the murder of

"Since the middle of November the German frontier authorities have declined to admit any Swiss silks, lace, embroideries or women's hats unless they were accompanied by a certificate that no material of British or French origin entered into their composition. As the German consul general refused to grant any such certificates this action is tantamount to a German boycott of the goods men-

CHICAGO, Dec. 8.—Resolutions concerning plans for a change in demurrage rules so as to relieve the congest-

The resolutions suggest that the best expeditious and effective method for relieving the seaboard congestion is the general car shortage are to reduce the time cars may be held free of sea ports, to adopt a progressive demurrage rate at which cars may be held and to eliminate the rule for an average agreement on demurrage charges, which experience has proved prolific of car detention.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.  
Chicago, Dec. 8.—Taking of testimony in the trial of Capt. John J. Jipin, former head of the detective team, accused of accepting money for the protection of chloroform swimmers, ended today and the arguments the attorneys will begin in the morning. It was expected by those engaged in the trial that the case would be submitted to the jury on Thursday.

Alleged Neutral Vessels Are  
Supplying Teuton Subma-  
rines With Fuel, Provisions  
and Torpedoes.

"Greek ships are probably the worst offenders," says the correspondent. "A short time ago one of our tanker transports carrying 6,000 troops ran close to a Greek ship which was in the act of supplying oil to an enemy submarine off Tunis, while on another occasion a magnificent oil tanker was close by when one of our transports was sunk and later was seen exchanging signals with the submarine."

New York, Dec. 8.—What is good advertising in Virginia is not always good advertising in Venezuela, declared Busca M. Kahler, of this city, in telling at the closing session today of some of the pitfalls in which American manufacturers fall in framing their advertising to be translated into a foreign tongue.

A proposal that a museum of modern farming implements be established in India by manufacturers of this country so that his countrymen could see the disadvantages of adhering to their ancient implements, was made by N. M. Marshall, a merchant of Bombay.

[BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEARNED WIRE]  
London, Dec. 8 (7.10 p. m.)—Emperor William has fixed the date for the marriage of his youngest son, Prince Joachim, to Princess Marie of

"The marriage was to have taken place before Christmas," says the dispatch. "The emperor and the empress hope that the war will be ended by February and they, therefore, postponed the marriage ceremony until that time. Should the war not have been concluded by the date set for the wedding the ceremony will be extremely simple."

gained confessions from several of the men implicating the others. Four prisoners were released, there being no evidence that they took part in any of the recent raids.

## Acute Articular Rheumatism

hundreds of other observers we find that a certain string has been used with the utmost satisfaction; others have found the same remedy to be a great disappointment. All physicians, however, agree that every method of treatment is a failure unless it relieves the pain and calms the nervous system and Dr. W. H. Schultz expresses the opinion of thousands of practitioners when he says that Anti-Kamnia Tablets should be given preference over all other remedies for the relief of the pain in all forms of rheumatic and neuralgic conditions. They are purchased in any quantity. They are also unexpensive in headache, neuritis and all pain. Ask for A-K Tablets.

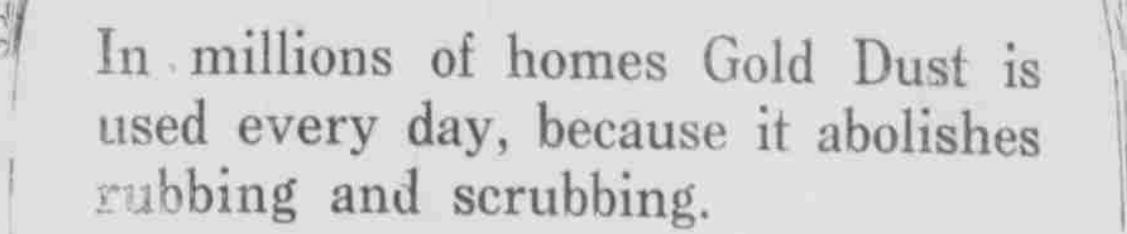
**McDrayer**  
**Whiskey**  
Bottled in Bond

An Old  
Fashioned  
Kentucky

*Delicious  
and  
Nutritious*

**THE WHISKEY FOR YOUR HOME**

**STERN-SCHLOSS & CO.,**  
General Distributors  
Albuquerque, N. M.



mar the finest polished surface.

Its activity begins the moment it is applied to any article that requires cleaning.

You will find simple directions printed on every package of Gold Dust.

It is inexpensive and indispensable.

Five-cent and larger packages sold everywhere

## GOLD DIGG



## The Active Cleaner


**Cleaners-Hatters**  
220 West Gold Phone 416

**Olive Tablets**

A pimply face will not embarrass you as long as you get a package of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The skin should be clear after you have taken the tablets a few nights.

Cleanse the blood, the bowels and the liver with Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are the successful substitute for calomel—there's never any sickness or pain after taking



**Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets** are that rich, calomel dose, and just as effective—but their action is gentle and safe instead of severe and irritating.

The one who takes Olive Tablets is ever faced with "a dark brown taste," a bad bath, a dull, listless, "no good" feeling, constipation, torpid liver, bad disposition, puffy face.

**Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets** are a purely



table compound mixed with olive oil, you will know them by their olive color. Dr. Edwards spent years among the natives afflicted with liver and bowel complaints, and Olive Tablets are the immense effective result.

Take one or two nightly for a week, and how much better you feel and look, and 25¢ per box. All druggists.

The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.



Grandma's Sage Tea and Sulphur Recipe and Nobody Will Know.

IS A GIFT THAT WILL BE ENJOYED by more members of the family, more times each, more days each year, for more years than any other of your purchases.

AND you will get this fame a lot  
which can be depended upon  
restore natural color and beauty to  
hair and is splendid for dandruff,  
feverish, itchy scalp and falling  
out.

SEE US

Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light  
and Power Company Phone 98

**ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER COMPANY** Cement-Plaster  
422 NORTH FIRST STREET



# AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

## The Albuquerque Morning Journal

Published by the  
JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

D. A. MACKRETH, President  
T. M. MCKINLEY, Business Manager  
L. D. MCKINLEY, News Editor  
A. L. MCKINLEY, City Editor  
L. L. FOX, Editor

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C. J. ANDERSON,  
Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.

Eastern Representative  
RALPH R. MULLIGAN,  
38 Park Row, New York.

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Larger circulation than any other paper  
in New Mexico. The only paper in New  
Mexico printed every day in the year.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Daily by carrier or mail, one month, \$1.00.  
Six months, \$5.00.  
One year, \$9.00.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS:  
Subscribers to the Journal who are writing  
to have their paper changed to a new ad-  
dress, must be sure to give the old address.

"The Morning Journal has a higher circula-  
tion than any other paper in New Mexico."  
—The American Newspaper Directory.

THE JOURNAL takes and prints  
sixty hours and thirty minutes  
of exclusive Associated Press  
news service each week.  
No other newspaper published in  
New Mexico takes more than  
twenty-four hours of Associated  
Press service during the week.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1915

"MOST DISAPPOINTING!"

The official excuse given in En-  
gland for the defeat of the British  
forces near Baghdad was that com-  
petent authority thought the number  
of men ample for the conquest of  
Mesopotamia. That it should have  
been met by four times its number  
of well armed enemies under command  
of the experienced German field mar-  
shal, Baron von Der Goltz, and over-  
whelmed, was most disappointing!

The most superficial students of  
the war situation knew that the cap-  
ture of Constantinople and the open-  
ing of the Dardanelles were matters  
of first importance to the allies. Yet,  
after the fleet had failed to reduce  
the Dardanelles fortifications, a land  
force, the maximum of which, at one  
time, never has been greater than  
225,000, attempted to capture the  
strongly fortified Gallipoli peninsula  
defended by more than twice that  
number of Turkish soldiers com-  
manded by German officers. The  
result was most disappointing!

Had Constantinople been taken, the  
recent rush of Germany and Austria  
through Serbia never would have  
been attempted and Bulgaria never  
would have entered the war on the  
side of the Teutons and the Turks.

When the Austro-Germans began  
to march on the Serbian frontier, the  
allies waited and dilly-dallied in fa-  
vor of negotiations with Bulgaria. After  
the Teutons had crossed the Danube,  
a French force, assisted by 13,000  
English, landed in Saloniki. Even at  
this time the Anglo-French army in  
Serbia is estimated at not more than  
100,000. The king of Greece says the  
allies cannot hope to win with less  
than 400,000 and that France cannot  
do all the fighting.

New it is understood that the al-  
lies will be compelled to retreat into  
Greek territory. Because they would  
not send enough men to open com-  
munications with the Serbians, the  
Serb army of 250,000 men has been  
practically destroyed, its guns and  
ammunition captured, and the same  
fate is overtaking the splendid little  
army of 50,000 of King Nicholas of  
Montenegro. Of course, it is most  
disappointing!

It is most disappointing! Such is  
the constant comment of the British  
press, such is the voice of the British  
statesmen who speak for the govern-  
ment. It recalls that series of reports  
of General Kutropkin from Man-  
churia, each beginning with, "I re-  
port to report!"

The trouble is that Great Britain  
is suffering from fatty degeneration  
of the heart. With that insistent as-  
sumption of individual superiority,  
so characteristic of the race, armies  
have been sent, over and over again,  
against four times their number of  
enemies. Of course, the result has  
been, each time, most disappointing!

Disaster will continue to press upon  
the British until the last fatty shroud  
of their comfortable traditions of  
insular ease and individual superior-  
ity has been squeezed out of them.  
They will have to get down "to  
business," like the French, and fight  
and suffer and sacrifice. They should  
smother their foolish pride and call  
upon France for competent officers,  
just as Germany has promised officers  
for the Austrians, the Turks and  
the Bulgarians. The British privates  
are good fighters, but their govern-  
ment has failed and their officers in  
the field are incompetent.

Baltimore expects to have natural  
gas soon. A pipe line from the na-  
tional capital, when completed is in  
session, should furnish an ample sup-  
ply.

FEW, BUT MALIGNANT.

The leading newspaper of Leipzig  
has just published a fervid appeal to  
the German-Americans to rally to the  
sacred cause of the "fatherland" and  
put an end to the Americanization of  
those of German birth, even if civil  
war itself results. Here is an ex-  
cerpt from its appeal:

"The German-American is, of  
course, well aware whether any active  
participation in his part will lead,  
indeed, to an ominous civil war in

America; but even that grim prospect  
has seemed to make him. Should it  
really come, that responsibility will  
rest solely with the blinded fools who  
have sold themselves, body and soul,  
to the English devil. Our govern-  
ment should no longer hesitate to  
take the most drastic steps consist-  
ing with the quasi state of peace be-  
tween the two countries to come to  
the assistance of our German kindred  
across the Atlantic, even though civil  
war be the outcome of the step.

As the president pointed out in his  
splendid address to congress, the  
time is at hand for the separation of  
the sheep from the goats. The result  
of the separation can't alarm any-  
body. We believe, as the president  
believes, that the great mass of our  
foreign-born citizens, who have prospered  
here in the ways of liberty and  
tolerance, meant what they said on  
the day they became citizens of this  
country, that they forego forever  
allegiance to any other country.

When it comes to a show-down, it  
will be seen that the mass of our citi-  
zens born overseas stand for their  
adopted country and its institutions,  
first, last and all the time. It will  
be found that those on the other side  
"are not many but they are infinitely  
malignant." They are vocal, but they  
are not very influential.

If there is anything above all others  
for which Americans stand, it is love  
of home and the protection that goes  
with it. That love naturally extends  
back to the place of birth. From  
childhood associations and loves and  
our sympathies cannot be broken by  
distance or by years. It is natural  
for the son to remember his mother  
with deep, affectionate love.

But the time comes when the son  
goes out from the old home to make  
a home of his own, and such fortune  
as he may expect, or may come his  
way. The hearth-light is blinding  
the new home, and that has the first  
call. We may remember the old, but  
we must live for the new.

It is a good thing, now and then  
to rededicate ourselves to something  
worth while. The president has pointed  
out the way. Today is as good as any  
other. As a matter of fact today is  
the best day to have ever known,  
and tomorrow will be better than to-  
day. Therefore, let each man, in his  
heart, rededicate himself today to  
the best and the freest country upon  
which the sun ever shone, and thank  
God for the liberty he enjoys—liberty,  
bought for him with a great price.

The New York woman who mar-  
ried a man who had known for only  
three hours now complains that her  
husband is a loner. He might like  
the same sort of counter charge.

A FOOLISH FEAR.

With more than two thousand British  
factories engaged in the produc-  
tion of war supplies, with every sur-  
plus man in Germany making shells  
and guns, with all industrial France  
in the same business, where can the  
flood of cheap goods, feared by this  
country, come from?

Commerce between the United  
States and all the countries of Eu-  
rope, except those of the Teutonic al-  
liance, is unrestricted. The exchange  
rates of France and Great Britain in  
the United States are mounting high-  
er and higher, for those countries.  
If they had any products for sale in  
the United States they would be  
shipped with feverish haste for the  
protection of credit.

Nothing more absurd ever has  
been suggested than legislation for  
the protection of America against a  
flood of cheap goods from Europe  
following the end of the war.

The fact is, there will be a flood  
of high priced goods demanded from  
the United States by the peoples of  
Europe, when peace comes, which  
will tax our every resource to pre-  
duce.

Congress is about to make prepara-  
tions for defense on a scale never  
dreamed of by Richmond Pearson  
Hobson. He was laughed at a lot in  
his day. Now he can laugh.

GOOD FOR MR. PAXTON.

The friends of James H. Paxton  
congratulate him on securing an un-  
derstandable position of high responsibility  
carrying with it a good salary, which  
he will fill with more than ordinary  
ability. There are opportunities in  
Latin America for men equipped to  
fill them.

It is reported that the men who  
betrayed Miss Cavell to the German  
authorities have committed suicide.  
Evidently there was a streak of de-  
cency in him, after all.

DO YOUR SHOPPING EARLY.

Those who would get the choice of  
bargains, those who are considerate  
of the time and the convenience of  
overworked clerks in dry goods  
houses, those who would consult their  
own convenience and avoid crowds  
and jams, should do their Christmas  
shopping early.

New York boasts of a population  
more of 5,000,000, but nothing is said  
of the 25,000,000 who prefer to live  
somewhere else.

Having decided to remain with the  
Panama canal until the slides stop,  
General Goethals may be said to have  
a life-time job.

Of the forty-eight governors, May-  
or, of North Dakota, alone was fool-  
ish enough to accept Ford's invita-  
tion.

The Almanac predicts that the  
moon will get full Christmas week.

The Serbian, like the Belgian, is now  
a man without a country.

## A Small Bird and a Cold Bottle.



## With Scissors and Paste

"THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMIN'."  
The Campbells are comin', O ho, O ho!  
The Campbells are comin', O ho, O ho!  
The Campbells are comin' to home,  
Loch Leven.

Upon the Lomonds I lay, I lay,  
Upon the Lomonds I lay, I lay,  
I looked down to see Loch Leven,  
And heard the bonnie pibroch play.

Great Argyll, he goes before,  
He makes his cannon hoody roo;  
If sound of trumpet, pipe and drum,  
The Campbells they are comin', O ho,  
O ho!

The Campbells, they are in arms,  
The Campbells, they are in arms,  
With banners rattling in the wind,  
The Campbells are comin', O ho,  
O ho!

GENERAL GORDON'S FORESIGHT.

Every Briton should think of the  
future of his country and cause each  
one to insist on the government pass-  
ing a measure for compulsory univer-  
sity military training!

So far as England is concerned she  
need not fear the next quarter of a  
century, by under any apprehension of  
serious difficulties arising with any of  
her European neighbors, but in 1974  
or thereabouts there will have arisen  
a naval power which may prove  
greater than any that should she  
"Germany" gain the supremacy long  
and will become extinct both as a sea  
and a land power, and all her depend-  
encies, including India, will fall into  
Germany's clutches.

You may live to see this. I shall  
not, but when that time comes, re-  
member my words.

THE DANGER IN NEUTRALITY.

(Baron D'Esterházy de Constant in  
the Atlantic)

It was agreed a year ago that ab-  
stention on the part of the United  
States was a very clever policy that  
would insure the selection of the  
United States as arbitrators. I have  
always thought the opposite a coun-  
try that plays no share in the present  
drama will have no share in the de-  
velopment. If the United States make  
the mistake of remaining outside, no  
one will listen to them when the time  
comes for them to intervene. This is  
inevitable. However, the day that  
the nations realize that they have been  
deceived and led out to slaughter, one  
another, there will be more solidarity  
between those who have fought than  
between them and the neutrals who  
merely looked on. There are already  
signs of this. French wounded are  
admitting that they were well cared  
for in Germany, and it is the same  
with the German wounded in France.  
A wounded Frenchman refused to be  
separated from a German who had  
saved his life. At Tientsin station, re-  
cently, one of my friends witnessed the  
arrival of German prisoners. The  
spectators, who were so hostile at the  
beginning of the war, now say very  
little on such occasions. A big stout  
man nevertheless uttered an insult. A  
French soldier, who was one of the  
soldiers interested and joined the man's  
mouth with these words: "Let them  
alone. Have you been in the trench-  
es? They have."

ROOFING THE PANAMA CANAL.

(Thomas F. Leelan in Leslie's)

General Goethals was told that the  
right way to stop the slides was to put  
a roof over the land alongside the canal  
in this section, keep the rain from  
pouring into the soil, bore wells and  
pump out the water already in the  
earth and give the soil a chance to  
dry out. It was suggested that he  
might first try to cut away a great share  
of the weight of the hills along the  
top and then to roof over the remain-  
ing mass with an asphalt surface that  
would prevent any more rain water  
being absorbed into the earth.

That advice was regarded at the  
time as rather ludicrous. Now it is  
beginning to be taken seriously, and  
there is inquiry as to why it could not  
be carried out earlier. The geologists  
who could not get a hearing in-  
sisted that, while the character and  
stratification of the formation of the  
leveled, favored slides, the real cause of  
the trouble was the surface absorption  
of rain, as reports have shown rainfall  
as much as four inches in an hour.

## MILLIONS OF YEARS.

The geologists pointed out that the dry  
rock and soil would not slide, but that  
when water in such huge quantities  
was mixed with it, slides were inevita-  
ble. They cited that in dry countries  
the walls of deep gorges through beds  
of soft consolidated sediments, stand  
for great lengths of time, as in the  
railroad and street cuts in the soil for-  
mations along the Missouri river.  
They will have in when they are con-  
tinuously wet in the dry regions they  
stand indefinitely.

Takes Suits Under Advisement.

London, Dec. 8.—With the conclusion  
of arguments Judge Hale in the Unit-  
ed States district court today took un-  
der advisement suits against the North  
German Lloyd Steamship company for  
breach of contract through failure  
of the steamship Kronprinzessin  
Cecilie to deliver \$12,000,000 in  
billion to consigner in England and  
France at the outbreak of the war.  
The National City bank and the Guar-  
anty Trust company of New York, and  
two passengers, were the plaintiffs.

Dunlap Worshipped Master.

Santa Fe, Dec. 8.—Melvin T. Dun-  
lap was elected worshipful master of  
Montezuma Lodge, A. F. & A. M.,  
last evening. The other officers  
chosen are: Robert L. Cooper, senior  
warden; Robert L. Grimes, junior  
warden; Edward B. Paul, treasurer;  
William E. Griffin, secretary.

Owes Her Good Health to Chamber-  
lain's Tablets.

"I owe my good health to Chamber-  
lain's Tablets," writes Mrs. B. G. Neff,  
Crockston, Minn. "Two years ago I  
was an invalid due to stomach trouble.  
I took three bottles of these Tablets  
and have since been in the best of  
health." Obtainable everywhere.

STATE MUSEUM NOTES

(SPECIAL REPORT TO MORNING JOURNAL)

Santa Fe, Dec. 8.—San Juan Cap-  
istrano is the title of a lively mural  
painting placed on exhibit today in  
the reception room by Gerald Cassidy  
of the museum, and which is one of  
two murals he is painting for the  
Hotel Gramatan, the grand new hotel-  
er in famous Lawrence Park, the at-  
tention in Knoxville, New York  
City.

The dramatic atmosphere of the  
southern California, the beauty of the  
arches of the old mission, are depicted  
with wonderful effect. A ray of sun-  
shine comes through the roof of the  
mission and illuminates the scene. A  
massive pillar, stands a mission Indian  
holding his bow which is bowing in  
the deserted path. Poetic as is the  
scene, the soft colors, the shimmering  
distances, enhance the value of the  
picture. As always, Cassidy is a  
successful draftsman and the symmetri-  
cal colorist.

The bureau of university travel has  
issued its prospectus for the season  
1916 and thanks to the efforts of Di-  
rector Edgar L. Hewitt of the mu-

Why Tolerate Catarrh?

You have noticed, no doubt, that any  
cold aggravates nasal catarrh, and the  
flow of mucous mucus you that such  
objectionable matter could find lodg-  
ing in your head. To ignore this  
catarrh when the cold subsides is  
wrong because it continues to slowly  
injure the delicate linings of the nasal  
passages and clog them up.

To correct catarrh, cleanse the nos-  
trils frequently with a solution of warm  
water and salt, insert vaseline on re-  
tiring, and take a spoonful of Scott's  
Emulsion after meals for one month.  
Scott's acts through the blood to feed  
the tissues, and contains soothing  
glycerine to check the inflammation  
and heal the sensitive membranes.  
Scott's is pleasant to take.

Scott & Bower, Bloomfield, N. J.

## By Bushnell PRESIDENT IS CONFIDENT OF PARTY SUCCESS

Tells Members of Democratic  
National Committee That  
Tariff Is Only Republican  
Campaign Issue.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Dec. 8.—President  
Wilson told members of the demo-  
cratic national committee at a lunch-  
eon in the state dining room of the  
White House today that the repub-  
licans had no issue for the next cam-  
paign except the tariff and that de-  
mocracy was certain to win.

"Our constructive work has start-  
ed an irresistible movement which  
cannot be stopped," he declared.  
"Any one who tells you otherwise is  
sitting through his hat."

Mr. Wilson said nothing to indi-  
cate whether he would again be a  
candidate for the presidency.

Talk Is Informal.

Throughout his entire talk, which  
lasted with many subjects ranging  
from democratic chances of victory  
to features of the "life of a chief  
executive," the president was inform-  
al. Taking his place at the head of  
the table he thrust his hands into his  
waist pockets, cast aside what he  
called his dress parade language  
and talked freely and confidentially.

Democrats of all factions greeted  
his remarks enthusiastically. They  
left the White House in buoyant  
spirits, declaring that his optimism  
had inspired them with new confi-  
dence. It was the first time, com-  
mitteemen said, that their body had  
been received as a whole in the  
White House.

At the outset the president said  
he wanted the members to feel that  
they were a part of a big family of  
which he was a member. He asked  
whether any one present could sug-  
gest any campaign argument other  
than the tariff which the democratic  
opposition could advance, to which  
all the committeemen shook their  
heads.

Discussing parties and policies gen-  
erally, the president insisted that the  
democratic view was that the na-  
tional should rule, while that of their  
opponents was that a "board of  
rulers" should act for the people.

Should Apply to Mexico.

Touching upon the Mexican prob-  
lem he said this same majority rule  
should apply in Mexico as well as  
in this country, without regard to the  
wishes of persons residing in other  
countries who hold Mexican property.

He expressed the belief that in the  
time peace would come in Mexico,  
when the people were thoroughly  
tired of ruling dictators.

The president listed a united com-  
mittee, leaders declared tonight, rap-  
ports of threatened breaks between  
friends of Fred B. Litch, the Minne-  
sota committeeman, and Chairman  
William F. McComb, having been  
promptly dispensed of.

Mr. McComb and most of the  
other committeemen left for their  
homes tonight.

SAYS PRESIDENT HAS LOST ALL PATIENCE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Paris, Dec. 8 (A. S. P. M.).—Presi-  
dent Wilson, who is an honest man,  
has finally lost patience. He said La Lib-  
erte, in commenting upon the presi-  
dent's message to congress, "This  
measure has been preceded by a series of  
measures of diplomatic nature, show-  
ing a determination on his part to  
honor to be accorded at by William II  
and his agents."

"Is a rupture between the United  
States and Germany to be considered?  
For the time being the relations be-  
tween the two governments are quite  
tense and explosive and can occur  
which will oblige the president to go  
to the limit."

The Journal les Debats says that if  
President Wilson's message is dull on  
the subject of neutrality, it is vehe-  
ment against the attitude of certain  
German-Americans.

The newspaper reproaches the presi-  
dent for not having protested when  
Belgian neutrality was violated and  
was declared on France. It says it is  
certain that now neither the president  
nor the people will have the same pres-  
tige at the conclusion of peace as if  
they had lifted their voices during the  
months of August, 1914, and on a num-  
ber of occasions later.

## RHEUMATISM GOES IF HOOD'S IS USED

The genuine old reliable Hood's  
Sarsaparilla corrects the acid condi-  
tion of the blood and builds up the  
whole system. It drives out rheuma-  
tism because it cleanses the blood.

It has been successfully used for  
forty years in many thousands of  
cases the world over.

There is no better remedy for skin  
and blood diseases, for loss of appe-  
tite, rheumatism, stomach and kid-  
ney troubles, general debility and all  
ills arising from impure, impover-  
ished, deacidified blood.

It is unnecessary to suffer. Start  
treatment at once. Get a bottle of  
Hood's Sarsaparilla from your next-  
nearest druggist. You will be pleased  
with the results.



## Resinol Soap clears away pimples

The soothing, healing Resinol  
balsam in Resinol Soap, combined  
with its freedom from harsh, irritat-  
ing alkali, give to red, rough and  
pimply complexions that whiteness  
and velvety softness for which  
women yearn. Askin washed only  
with Resinol Soap is usually a skin  
to be proud of.

Sold by all druggists. For sample free, write  
to Dept. 10-F, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

## Makes Stubborn Coughs Vanish in a Hurry

Surprisingly Good Cough Syrup  
Easily and Cheaply  
Made at Home

If some one in your family has an ob-  
stinate cough or a bad throat or chest  
cough that has been hanging on and refuses  
to yield to treatment, get from any drug-  
store 2½ ounces of Pinex and make it  
into a pint of cough syrup, and watch  
that cough vanish.

Pour the 2½ ounces of Pinex (20  
cents worth) into a pint bottle and add  
the bottle with plain granulated sugar  
syrup. The total cost is about 40 cents,  
and gives you a full pint—a family  
supply—of a most effective remedy, at a  
savings of \$2. A day's use will usually  
overcome a hard cough. Laidy prepared  
in a minutes—full directions with Pinex.  
Keeps perfectly and has a pleasant taste.  
Children like it.

It's really remarkable how promptly  
and easily it loosens the dry, hoarse or  
tight cough and soothes the inflamed mem-  
branes in a painful cough. It also stops  
the formation of phlegm in the throat  
and bronchial tubes, thus ending the per-  
sistent hoarse cough. A splendid remedy  
for bronchitis, winter coughs, bronchial  
asthma and whooping cough.

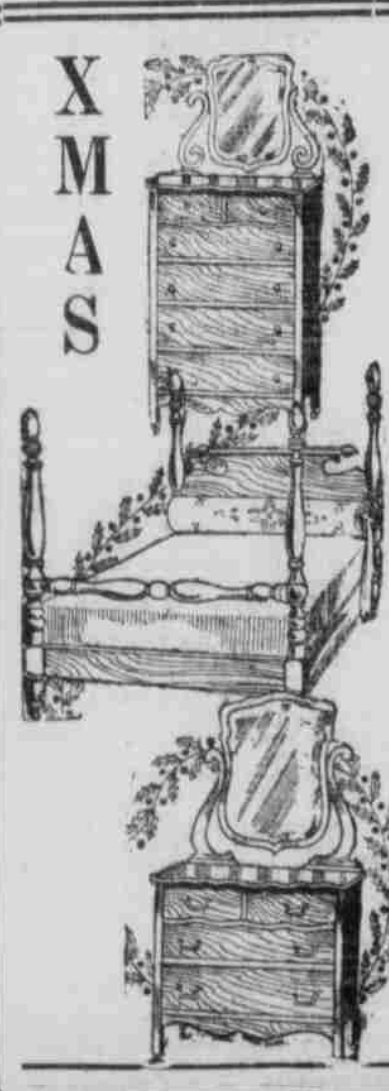
Pinex is a special and highly concen-  
trated compound of genuine Norway pine  
extract, rich in quinine, which is so  
healing to the membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your  
druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex," and  
do not accept anything else. A guarantee  
of absolute satisfaction goes with this  
preparation or money promptly refunded.  
The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

THE NEW HOME TREATMENT FOR UGLY, HARDY GROWTHS

(Boudoir Secrets.)

Here is a simple, yet very effective  
method for removing hair and freckles  
from the face, neck and arms. Cover  
the objectionable hairs with a paste  
made by mixing some water with a  
little powdered delatone. Leave this  
on for 2 or 3 minutes, then rub off,  
wash the skin and the hairs have van-  
ished. No pain or inconvenience at-  
tends this treatment, but results will  
be certain if you are sure to get real  
delatone.



## FURNITURE as a CHRISTMAS GIFT

Cannot displease. It will brighten  
up the home and always be of  
service. We have many sugges-  
tions to offer and can help you  
solve the problem.

Just what you want is to be found  
at our store.

The KAPPLE CO. FURNITURE

FIRST STORE ON EAST CENTRAL



## Bringing Up Father



## STOCK EXCHANGE SHOWS DECLINE OF ACTIVITIES

## President's Message and Increased Tension Between Washington and Berlin Cause Decided Reaction.

New York, Dec. 8.—The president's message, increased tension in the relations between Washington and Berlin, banking intimations of a possible domestic trade friction and a fall in the Anglo-French notes to 96, a fraction under the price paid by direct participants were among the factors which played their part in today's professional market.

Construction stocks were not lacking, as demonstrated by the placing of additional orders for equipment by railroads and industrial companies, increases in the dividends of the Western Union telegraph and several copper companies, prospective new railway financing and the strength of sterling exchange.

General Motors made an extreme rise of 25 points to the new record of 145, and Studebaker gained 10 1/2 to 154. Railways were under moderate but constant pressure, particularly Canadian Pacific, Great Northern, Atchafalaya, Reading and Erie.

United States Steel was heavy at the outset, falling to 86 1/2, but recovering to 87 1/2. Bethlehem Steel rose to 47 1/2, a gain of 6 1/2.

Demand sterling was at its best for the current movement, bills being quoted at 47 1/2. Francs were a trifle heavy but other continental rates held firm.

Bonds were irregular to heavy, with some contraction of dealings. Total sales, par value, aggregated \$2,552,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Alaska Gold	22 1/2
Alaska Copper	22 1/2
American Beet Sugar	77 1/2
American Can	61 1/2
American Locomotive	70 1/2
Amer. Smelt. & Refng.	110 1/2
Amer. Smelt. & Refng.	110 1/2
American Sugar Refining	117 1/2
American Tel. & Tel.	128 1/2
American Tobacco	21 1/2
Atchafalaya	106 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive	110 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	92 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	47 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	90
California Petroleum	27 1/2
Canadian Pacific	132 1/2
Central Leather	52 1/2
Cheapeake & Ohio	62 1/2
Chicago Great Western	15
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	94 1/2
Chicago & Northwestern	131 1/2
China, Rock Island & Pacific	19 1/2
China Copper	21 1/2
Colorado Fuel & Iron	51 1/2
Crawford Steel	73
Denver & Rio Grande, pfd.	29
Daniels Securities	47 1/2

## MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take Salts to flush kidneys if back hurts or bladder bothers.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, fatigue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush out the body's uric waste, get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.

Erie	47 1/2
General Electric	17 1/2
Great Northern, pfd.	126 1/2
Great Northern Ore. cfs.	49 1/2
Guggenheim Exploration	77 1/2
Illinois Central	108 1/2
Interborough, Canal, Corp.	32 1/2
Inspiration Copper	41
International Harvester, N. E.	111
Kansas City Southern	32 1/2
Lehigh Valley	81 1/2
Louisville & Nashville	127 1/2
Madison Petroleum	24 1/2
Miami Copper	34 1/2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas, pfd.	16 1/2
Missouri Pacific	16 1/2
National Biscuit	124
National Lead	64
Norfolk & Western	103 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford	77 1/2
Norfolk & Western	119 1/2
Northern Pacific	116 1/2
Pacific Mail	19
Pacific Tel. & Tel.	41
Pennsylvania	69 1/2
Ray Consolidated Copper	25 1/2
Reading	83 1/2
Republic Iron & Steel	55 1/2
Southern Railway	101 1/2
Southern Railway	23 1/2
Studebaker Company	150
Tennessee Copper	57 1/2
Texas Company	21 1/2
Union Pacific	138 1/2
United States Steel	86 1/2
United States Steel, pfd.	114 1/2
Utah Copper	80 1/2
Western Union	89
Westinghouse Electric	63 1/2

## CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Chicago, Dec. 8.—Larger country offerings in the northwest finally gave the advantage today to the bears in wheat after the market had passed through many more ups and downs than usual. Prices finished weak, 1/2 to 1 1/2 to 1 1/2 lower, with December at \$1.15 1/2, and May at \$1.16 1/2. Corn closed 3/4 to 5/8 down; oats, 1/4 to 1/2 down; and provisions varying from 1/2 to 1/4 decline to a rise of 3/4.

Wheat values underwent a setback at the start in consequence of lower quotations from Liverpool, and because of the crop, the amount from Australia and Argentina. Afterward the market fluctuated rapidly within a range of 1/2.

European demand for wheat assumed larger proportions than has recently been the case, the amount purchased today aggregating 700,000 bushels, but most of the total was said to be at 30 under the Chicago May price, the widest discount so far on the 1915 crop.

Provisions showed good support, but failed to overcome the bearish effect of the break in the wheat market. Price changes in oats appeared to be governed almost wholly by the action of other cereals.

Wheat—Dec., \$1.15 1/2; May, \$1.16 1/2. Corn—Dec., \$1.15 1/2; May, \$1.16 1/2. Oats—Dec., \$1.15 1/2; May, \$1.16 1/2. Pork—Jan., \$19.75; May, \$19.75. Lard—Jan., \$9.75; May, \$9.75. Ribs—Jan., \$9.75; May, \$9.75.

## KANSAS CITY BOARD OF TRADE.

Kansas City, Dec. 8.—Cash wheat, No. 2 hard, \$1.09 1/2; No. 2 red, \$1.10 1/2; No. 2 white, \$1.11 1/2. Corn, No. 2 white, 65 1/2; No. 2 yellow, 65 1/2; No. 2 mixed, 65 1/2. Oats—No. 2 white, 42 1/2; No. 2 mixed, 42 1/2.

## LONDON WOOL AUCTION.

London, Dec. 8.—There was a keen demand for the 8,500 bales offered at the wool auction sales today. Huddersfield wool, 2s. 9d. for Queensland, 2s. 8d. for New Zealand, 2s. 7d. for the rest of the world. The market was in favor of the buyers with the market strong. Some traders were the largest buyers. Americans were quiet.

## NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 8.—Spot cotton quiet. Middling uplands, \$12.70. Sales 800 bales.

## NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, Dec. 8.—Merchandise paper, 2 1/2 to 3 percent. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds heavy. Time loans firm. Sixty-day, 2 1/2 percent. Call money steady; ruling rate, 1 1/2 percent. Bar silver, 55 1/2 c. Mexican dollars, 42 1/2 c.

## NEW YORK METAL MARKET.

New York, Dec. 8.—Copper quiet; electrolytic, \$19.75 to \$20.00. Iron steady and unchanged. Metal exchange quotes tin firm, at \$17.25 to \$17.50.

## NEW YORK LEAD AND SPECTER.

New York, Dec. 8.—The metal exchange quotes lead offered at \$25.25. Specter, \$14.75 to \$15.25.

## LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Chicago Livestock. Chicago, Dec. 8.—Receipts, 19,000. Market weak. Native beef steers, \$5.50 to \$6.00; western steers, \$6.00 to \$6.50; calves, \$6.50 to \$7.00. Sheep—Receipts, 16,000. Market firm. Wethers, \$5.50 to \$6.00; lambs, \$7.00 to \$7.50. Hogs—Receipts, 42,000. Market

## If You Have a Want Tell It Through the

## JOURNAL CLASSIFIED COLUMNS

## FOR SALE

11,700—6-room, 2-story frame, modern; corner lot, North Eighth St. \$1,600—4-room frame; lot, 100x142, highlands, near shops. \$2,500—6-room, 2-story frame dwelling, modern, S. Arno St., close in. \$3,000—8-room frame dwelling, modern, fireplace, fine shade, good out-buildings, 2nd ward, close in. \$1,250—4-room frame, bath, electric lights, 50-foot lot, North Eighth St.; terms. \$1,800—4-room frame, modern, shade and fruit trees, good out-buildings; fine location, 4th ward. \$2,000—5-room frame, modern, close in; 4th ward. \$3,000—6-room stucco bungalow, modern, garage, highlands, close in. \$5,000—1-room brick dwelling, sleeping porch, steam heat, lavatories in bedrooms; fine location, 4th ward.

## A. FLEISCHER

Real Estate and Insurance.  
111 South Fourth Street.

## Something New and Nifty

A new 5-room modern bungalow, glazed in sleeping porch, two screened porches, fireplace, built-in buffet and kitchen cabinets; most complete and up-to-the-minute bungalow in the city. Must be seen to be appreciated. The location is gift-ed and price is right. Let us show it to you.

## Porterfield Co.

216 West Gold.  
Real Estate, Fire Insurance, Loans.

## LOST

LOST—On East Central avenue, about five miles long, with fresh tracks and power. Phone 1213.

## STOLEN

STOLEN—A typewriter, model No. 10, Serial No. 22-220, stolen from the office of the Journal.

## HELP WANTED

WANTED—Organist, Apple, Highland Pharmacy.

WANTED—Young man to sell table for West and West Central.

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WANTED—Mexican laborers, \$1.15 per day. Employment Agency, 110 South Third Street, Phone 254.

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## A SNAP

Five-room cottage, corner lot, east front, close to car; only \$1,500, easy terms.

## THEATON &amp; CO.

211 West Gold Avenue.

## FOR QUICK SALE

Five room house, close in, highlands, 11th and West Central.

Wanted—Mexican laborers, \$1.15 per day. Employment Agency, 110 South Third Street, Phone 254.

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