

12-3-1915

## Albuquerque Morning Journal, 12-03-1915

Journal Publishing Company

Follow this and additional works at: [https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/abq\\_mj\\_news](https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/abq_mj_news)

---

### Recommended Citation

Journal Publishing Company. "Albuquerque Morning Journal, 12-03-1915." (1915). [https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/abq\\_mj\\_news/1498](https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/abq_mj_news/1498)

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the New Mexico Historical Newspapers at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Albuquerque Morning Journal 1908-1921 by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact [disc@unm.edu](mailto:disc@unm.edu).

On November 18, 1961, men and batteries opened fire in various sections but accomplished nothing. During the afternoon, one enemy mortar fired five rounds over the position on the left wing but was com-



## Children's Rockers



## Children's Rockers

WE ARE PREPARED TO MEET YOUR WISHES WITH THE BEST AND MOST ASSORTED STOCK OF

### CHILDREN'S ROCKERS

In Oak, Golden Glens or Painted and Enamel. Not a toy to last one day, but a substantial and well built piece of furniture, ranging

FROM \$1.50 TO \$6.50

Herwood-Wakefield make. Each one of them is a handsome Xmas gift, useful and equally ornamental in your cozy home.

## STRONG BROS.

THE QUALITY STORE

Strong Block

Corner Second and Copper

WE GIVE GREEN TRADING STAMPS



GALLUP LUMP  
GALLUP STOVE  
SUGARITE LUMP  
O'MERA LUMP

ALL KINDS WOOD

**AZTEC FUEL CO.**  
PHONE 251

Near Soddul-Nahr there has been a reciprocal artillery fire. Our artillery has silenced an enemy battery which attempted to bombard the Abatolian coast.

### FRENCH INFLECT LOSSES ON ENEMY FORCES

Paris, Dec. 2 (11 p. m.).—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"A lively cannonade has continued in Artois on both sides in the positions of Loos, the Bois-enfleur and Angres, a German detachment which attempted to approach our trenches was dispersed.

"The enemy has thrown about sixty shells on Artois.

"To the south of the Somme, before Fays, we successfully exploded a mine and a small German post was destroyed.

"Expeditionary corps of the Dardanelles, November 20 and December were marked by activity in part of south of the Dardanelles. Our guns caused important damage to the Turkish works."

### GERMAN FORCE ROUTED BY SLAV ARTILLERY

Petrograd, Dec. 2 (via London, 8:46 a. m.).—The following official communication was issued today:

"An enemy bivouac yesterday on the left bank of the Dvina, between Friedland and Jacobstadt, was subjected to a heavy fire by our artillery.

"The German completely surprised, fled, leaving behind a hundred killed or wounded."

### NEW ZEALAND IRISHMEN AVOID ARMY SERVICE

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—Several Irishmen arrived here today from New Zealand on the steamer Moana, reporting difficulties in getting away.

"Conscription virtually is in force there," said T. P. O'Sullivan, one of them. "Every man who can hold his own has to do so. He is driven to it. Employers lay off men or reduce wages."

"When we were abroad the Moana government officials came to question us. We all stuck to the story that we were going to England to enlist. That was just our little Irish joke. We are going to make our homes in California."

O'Sullivan said sixty-five Irishmen left New Zealand the preceding week on the steamer Niagara, which went to Vancouver by way of Honolulu.

Week of Prayer for Peace.  
New York, Dec. 2.—The federal council of the Churches of Christ in America, announced tonight that it had designated the week of January 2 to 9, inclusive, as a "week of prayer" when prayers for the restoration of peace in Europe will be offered throughout the United States.

Thirty church bodies from the council. The "week of prayer" also has the endorsement of the evangelical alliance of the United States.

### ABOUT 300,000 BABIES DIE BEFORE ONE YEAR

The Census Bureau estimates that 300,000 babies died in this country last year before the age of one year, and it is stated that one-half of these deaths were needless if all mothers were strong and infants were breast-fed.

Expectant mothers should strive to increase their strength with the strength-building fats in Scott's Emulsion which improves the blood, suppresses nervousness, aids the quality of milk, and leads the very life cells.

Physicians prescribe Scott's Emulsion; it is doubly important during nursing. No alcohol. Every drugstore has it. Insist on Scott's—the white food medicine. No advanced prices.

Built & Borne, Boston, U.S.A. 12-2

## CONSPIRACY TO RESTRAIN TRADE FULLY REVEALED

After Spending Millions Fighting Each Other Grand Trunk and New Haven Reach Agreement, Mellen Says.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Dec. 2.—Charles S. Mellen, former president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, admitted on the stand today at the trial of the eleven former directors of the road, that some \$129,000 in New Haven money had been spent in publicity and lawyers' efforts to block proposed extensions of the Grand Trunk railway of Canada into New England.

Mellen also testified that after bargaining over a period of four years the roads finally reached in November, 1914, a traffic agreement and that coincidentally the Grand Trunk gave up its proposed extension from Palmer, Mass., to Providence, R. I., and the New Haven abandoned on the same day a plan to parallel the Grand Trunk's line in Vermont.

This is the agreement upon which the United States government, scarcely a week after it was reached, caused the federal grand jury in New York to investigate with the result that Mellen, Edwin J. Chamberlain, president of the Grand Trunk, and Alfred W. Smithers, chairman, were indicted under the Sherman anti-trust law. The indictment was dropped but the charges contained therein form perhaps the most important of the allegations against the defendants in this case.

"What was the effect on the public of shutting down the Providence extension?" queried U. S. 1915, for the government.

"I told Chamberlain in the mildest manner possible," replied Mr. Mellen. "That it was going to raise hell."

"Well, I will ask you to state whether any of that commodity ever raised hell?"

Had spent \$2,000,000.

The court declined to let the witness answer the question. He had been told by Chamberlain, he said, that the Grand Trunk had spent \$2,000,000 on construction work at the time of the abandonment.

The traffic agreement which Mellen said was to put the two roads "on a friendly relationship for twenty-five years," was the culmination, according to his testimony, for several conferences between himself, Smithers and Chamberlain.

The trial was adjourned today before it was put into evidence, but according to a letter prepared by Mellen on October 29, 1915, to be sent to Chamberlain, it provided that the Grand Trunk should enter New England "on the most favored nation" basis, which included joint baggage and traffic arrangements which gave the Grand Trunk access to the New Haven's territory.

The actual agreement was prepared by Edward D. Robbins, general counsel for the New Haven, he said, and was a revision of his own proposition. It was dated November 15, 1914, and the government tried to bring out that it was between the two roads that the Grand Trunk abandoned its extension work and that the agreement was modified by Robbins in anticipation of the traffic that might be raised.

### YUCATAN MAY BUILD OWN SISAL FACTORIES

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Dec. 2.—Victor Herndon, representing the government of the state of Yucatan, Mexico, accompanied by his counsel, called on Counselor Polk at the state department today and again answered protests made by the International Harvester company and the Plymouth Cordage company against efforts being made to control the price of sisal through a legalized association of Yucatan growers.

Mr. Herndon declared that if the two companies attempted to increase the price of sisal because the fiber growers demanded fair prices for their product, it would result in the establishment of factories by the Yucatan government commission.

## PLANS FORMED FOR NATIONAL ORGANIZATION OF AGRICULTURE

Prominent Men Are Sponsors for Movement to Bring American Farmers Into Co-operation.

### EFFICIENCY AND SALES ARE CHIEF FEATURES

Lecturers and Instructors to Work With Colleges and Department of United States Government.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Resolutions creating a central committee to organize the farmers of America into co-operative societies, covering every farm product from poultry and garden truck to grain and livestock and operating in each of the forty-eight states, were unanimously adopted today at the closing session of the National Conference on Marketing and Farm Credits.

The adoption of these resolutions by a conference composed of delegates from forty-five states was declared by Chairman Frank L. McVey, president of the University of North Dakota, to be the largest cooperative movement ever launched in the history of the world.

The plan provides first for the forming of an agricultural organization in each state on a permanent financial basis which shall have charge of the general organization and educational work.

Sponsored by Big Men.

Among those who stand sponsor for the movement are Clifford Pinchot of Philadelphia, Sir Horace Plunkett, Ireland, Clarence Ouders, of the Agricultural college of Texas, Agricultural Commissioner Fred W. Davis, of Texas, and Lou D. Sweet, of Denver, Calif., and state market directors of twelve other states.

The purposes of the organization are defined as follows:

"To examine into the methods of production and distribution of farm products with a view of evolving a system of greater economy in handling and marketing the same.

"To encourage and promote the co-operative organization of farmers and of those engaged in allied industries for mutual help in the distribution, storing and marketing of produce.

Instructors and Lecturers.

"To furnish instructors and lecturers upon the subject of co-operation among farmers, auditing and accounting experts, and legal advice on matters relating to organization.

"To issue reports, pamphlets and instructions which will help in spreading knowledge of the best means of rural betterment and organization.

"To encourage and co-operate with government departments, educational institutions, societies, educational centers, etc., in all efforts to solve the questions of rural life, rural betterment and agricultural finance and the marketing and distribution of products and the special application of the facts and methods discovered in the conditions existing among the farmers of America and to the solution of the problem of the increasing cost of living.

"To investigate the land conditions and land tenure with a view to working out better, more suitable and fairer systems of dealing with the problem as vital to the social and the economic well-being of the country.

"To call from time to time such conferences or conventions as will help to carry out the above mentioned objects."

The resolutions also provide for the permanent organization of the national conference on marketing and farm credits and the making of the conference an annual event for the purpose of discussion of the problems of production, distribution and financing of the American farm and American farm products.

## SHIP PURCHASE BILL SUBJECT OF CONFERENCE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Dec. 2.—The new administration shipping bill, which would create a board to control deep water traffic and provide for construction of merchant vessels designed for use as naval auxiliaries, was the subject of a conference tonight attended by Secretaries McAdoo and Rodolph, Senator Fletcher and Representative Alexander, chairman of the congressional merchant marine committee, Solicitor Thurman, of the department of commerce, and Commandant Berthoud, of the coast guard.

Neither Senator Fletcher nor Representative Alexander has seen the draft prepared by the two cabinet officers, and the conference was called largely for the purpose of explaining to them the differences between the present bill and the one which was defeated in the senate last year.

Another conference will be held probably next week.

Secretary McAdoo will see President Wilson, tomorrow, and it is understood he will submit an outline of the new bill.

## WASHINGTON IS ASTOUNDED AT BRITISH ACTION

Claim Requisition of Seized Steamer Hocking, Without Verdict of Prize Court, Is Intolerable.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Dec. 2.—Official announcement that the American steamship Hocking had been requisitioned by the British government without the formality of prize court proceedings, was received by the state department late today in a dispatch from Consul General Young at Halifax, where the ship has been detained since she was seized by a British warship while on the way from New York to Norfolk.

Officials Are Amazed.

This procedure will be vigorously contested by the United States government as being illegal and in violation of recognized right under international law. Officials of the department, who had been more or less skeptical regarding unofficial reports of the intentions of Great Britain, expressed frank amazement when they learned that the Hocking actually had been requisitioned. The United States, it is said, will demand that the ship be retained in prize court on the charge that she is partly German-owned, and that the prize court will act promptly in the case.

Other High-handed Measures.

Confirmation of unofficial reports regarding the action in the Hocking case led officials here to believe that Britain intends to take over for its own use other vessels of the fleet owned by the American Trans-Atlantic company, if it has not done so already.

The company has informed the state department that its ship Genesee in the West Indies has been requisitioned and the Kanakake, Falkland Islands, in charge of a prize crew from the British cruiser Macedonia, will be requisitioned upon her arrival at port. Representations regarding the Hocking will include the cases of the Genesee and the Kanakake.

Vigorous Protest Lodged.

Attorneys acting for Great Britain in the cases have their motions for orders of requisition upon a British order in council issued April 29, which the United States is not prepared to accept as in accordance with international law.

The state department is now awaiting a report from Ambassador Page at London, who, after the department had received unofficial information of the intention of the British government, was instructed to inquire into the matter and to enter a vigorous protest if he found that requisition had been contemplated. Although no information had been received from Ambassador Page tonight, it was presumed by department officials that he had received confirmation in London.

The department desired to know just what action Mr. Page has taken before determining what form further representations are to take.

Would Pay Ship's Value.

General Young's dispatch said that when the order allowing requisition was granted by the prize court in Halifax this afternoon, it was stipulated that the crown should give an undertaking for the appraised value of the ship. The crown, under this arrangement, agrees to pay the amount of the appraisement into the court should final adjudication in the case be against the British government.

The report contained no details regarding the appraisement. Dispatches received by Counselor Polk, of the state department, from attorneys for the American Trans-Atlantic company, however, stated that in the case of the Genesee, the undertaking had been fixed at \$745,000.

Civil War Precedent.

Officials of the state department already are arranging the legal arguments which may be used in the case. They have found that during the civil war neutral ships were seized and requisitioned by the United States before prize court adjudication. Most of these ships, however, are said to have been blockade runners.

The department also was informed tonight that the American Trans-Atlantic company had nearly completed its collection of affidavits from the holders of stock in the corporation, which will, it is claimed, prove that the company is nearly wholly owned by American citizens. All but two of the affidavits, it was said, had been collected. Those now on hand, it was said, might be immediately submitted to the state department for its information. It is claimed they show that at least 90 per cent of the stock is owned by American citizens.

Two Candidates for Villa President

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—Lewis J. Smith, alleged accomplice of Charles C. Crowley, charged with conspiracy to destroy vessels bearing supplies to the allies, told federal officers here today, "all we wanted to know," according to Don Rathbun, special agent of the department of justice, Smith was brought here from Detroit under surveillance, but a warrant issued for his arrest has not been served. He went before the federal grand jury late today.

According to federal officers the evidence in the present case is material to the prosecution of Lieut. Robert Fay, held in New York in a similar case.

Smith was kept guarded in a hotel for two days last week while the government agents sought to obtain from him a statement of the alleged conspiracy. A stenographic report of his statement today was taken by Rathbun, who began checking up dates and details with other information obtained from Crowley and by the department of justice during several months its agents have been at work on the case.

The conspiracy charge against Crowley, last Friday, alleged Crowley sent money on certain dates to further plans to destroy by fire and dynamite vessels and docks. Crowley admitted employment by the German consul here, Franz Bopp, and counsel for Mr. Bopp later filed a protest with the German embassy at Washington charging that John W. Preston, United States district attorney here, had displayed antagonism toward the German consulate in the Crowley and other cases.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

## FORD PARTY HAS NO STATUS WITH U.S. GOVERNMENT

Passports Refused Members Except for Neutral Countries; Are Classed Merely as Tourists.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Dec. 2.—Several European nations, neutrals as well as belligerents, have inquired of the United States concerning the status of the party which is to sail in vessels chartered by Henry Ford. To each Secretary Lansing has replied that the American government not only has no connection with the expedition but assumes no responsibility for any activities or negotiations on the part of those engaged in the movement.

No Official Status.

The fact that Mr. Ford had conferred with President Wilson before launching his movement to end the European war gave some of the ambassadors and ministers here the impression that the Washington government might have some connection with it. It became known tonight that since publication of the plans of the party, the state department has been receiving inquiries, most of them of an informal nature, through the embassies and legations here of the European powers. Secretary Lansing has promptly explained that the party would carry no credentials from the state department and did not differ from any other body of Americans traveling in Europe.

The Passports Restricted.

Applications for passports have been granted only for travel in neutral countries. Seventy-five were issued late today. In several instances passports were refused on account of improperly prepared applications or because the applicants were not American citizens.

Following the rules of the department which prohibited the issuance of passports to persons who desire to visit belligerent countries unless they state business of an absolutely necessary and urgent character, Secretary Lansing recently ordered that the passport advocates be given no passports for nations in the war zone. Officials claim the members of the party as tourists.

At the British embassy today, it was indicated that without passports in proper form no one would be permitted to land in Great Britain from the Ford ship.

Wire Service to Mexico City Restored

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Douglas, Ariz., Dec. 2.—Telegraphic communication between Agua Prieta, Sonora, opposite here, and Mexico City was established late today when repairs were completed on the line from Agua Prieta to Hermosillo, following the exchange of congratulatory messages between members of the de facto government.

The telegraph line runs from Hermosillo to Mexico City via Guaymas and Guadalupe.

Repairs Completed.

Rodolfo Barrios, Carranza consul here, stated that he had received a message from Nogales, Sonora, saying that work of repairing the railway to Hermosillo was progressing rapidly and that it was expected that trains would be running through to Guaymas by the latter part of next week.

The Villa forces of General Rodolfo Barrios have retreated from Fronton, Sonora, and are marching toward Navaroi and El Tigre after burning railroad bridges and tearing up the tracks to delay the progress of Carranza troops pursuing them, it was announced at Agua Prieta, Sonora, today.

Lines Cut by Villa Men.

Carranza soldiers dispatched to Fronton by Gen. Alvaro Obregon reported that they had reached Esquema, about fifteen miles south of Fronton.

More Evidence Is Secured in Crowley Case

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—Lewis J. Smith, alleged accomplice of Charles C. Crowley, charged with conspiracy to destroy vessels bearing supplies to the allies, told federal officers here today, "all we wanted to know," according to Don Rathbun, special agent of the department of justice, Smith was brought here from Detroit under surveillance, but a warrant issued for his arrest has not been served. He went before the federal grand jury late today.

According to federal officers the evidence in the present case is material to the prosecution of Lieut. Robert Fay, held in New York in a similar case.

Smith was kept guarded in a hotel for two days last week while the government agents sought to obtain from him a statement of the alleged conspiracy. A stenographic report of his statement today was taken by Rathbun, who began checking up dates and details with other information obtained from Crowley and by the department of justice during several months its agents have been at work on the case.

The conspiracy charge against Crowley, last Friday, alleged Crowley sent money on certain dates to further plans to destroy by fire and dynamite vessels and docks. Crowley admitted employment by the German consul here, Franz Bopp, and counsel for Mr. Bopp later filed a protest with the German embassy at Washington charging that John W. Preston, United States district attorney here, had displayed antagonism toward the German consulate in the Crowley and other cases.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

## Individual Service

THIS INSTITUTION HANDLES THE ACCOUNTS OF ITS PATRONS NOT MERELY IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERAL CUSTOMS BUT IN THE MANNER THAT CONSERVES THE BEST INTERESTS OF EACH DEPOSITOR, WHETHER HIS ACCOUNT IS LARGE OR SMALL. DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK ALL INVITED AND 4 PER CENT INTEREST IS PAID ON TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

## First National Bank

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS HALF A MILLION DOLLARS

## 14 AMERICANS FROM EL TIGRE CROSS BORDER

General Rodriguez Retreats From Fronteras Toward Mining Centers; Burns All Bridges as He Goes.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Douglas, Ariz., Dec. 2.—Fourteen Americans who left El Tigre yesterday on horseback arrived here today. They rode their horses to within twenty-five miles of the international border, where they were met by friends who left here in automobiles to aid them. Four others, who remained behind to bring the horses, are expected to arrive tonight.

Four additional Americans and one British citizen, who were unable to leave El Tigre with the first party of refugees, probably will arrive here tonight or tomorrow.

Repairing Railroads.

Rodolfo Barrios, Carranza consul here, stated that he had received a message from Nogales, Sonora, saying that work of repairing the railway to Hermosillo was progressing rapidly and that it was expected that trains would be running through to Guaymas by the latter part of next week.

The Villa forces of General Rodolfo Barrios have retreated from Fronton, Sonora, and are marching toward Navaroi and El Tigre after burning railroad bridges and tearing up the tracks to delay the progress of Carranza troops pursuing them, it was announced at Agua Prieta, Sonora, today.

Lines Cut by Villa Men.

Carranza soldiers dispatched to Fronton by Gen. Alvaro Obregon reported that they had reached Esquema, about fifteen miles south of Fronton.

More Evidence Is Secured in Crowley Case

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—Lewis J. Smith, alleged accomplice of Charles C. Crowley, charged with conspiracy to destroy vessels bearing supplies to the allies, told federal officers here today, "all we wanted to know," according to Don Rathbun, special agent of the department of justice, Smith was brought here from Detroit under surveillance, but a warrant issued for his arrest has not been served. He went before the federal grand jury late today.

According to federal officers the evidence in the present case is material to the prosecution of Lieut. Robert Fay, held in New York in a similar case.

Smith was kept guarded in a hotel for two days last week while the government agents sought to obtain from him a statement of the alleged conspiracy. A stenographic report of his statement today was taken by Rathbun, who began checking up dates and details with other information obtained from Crowley and by the department of justice during several months its agents have been at work on the case.

The conspiracy charge against Crowley, last Friday, alleged Crowley sent money on certain dates to further plans to destroy by fire and dynamite vessels and docks. Crowley admitted employment by the German consul here, Franz Bopp, and counsel for Mr. Bopp later filed a protest with the German embassy at Washington charging that John W. Preston, United States district attorney here, had displayed antagonism toward the German consulate in the Crowley and other cases.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. First application gives relief. 50c.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

## OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How to Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.



# What's New in New Mexico

## SECRETARY OF STATE MUSEUM FILES REPORT

Institution Entirely Out of Debt and Great Work Has Been Accomplished During Year Just Past.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)  
Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Paul A. F. Walter, secretary of the Museum of New Mexico, for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1915, was among the first of the state institutions to be received by the governor. Among other things it says:

"Supplementary to my report to the board of regents of the Museum of New Mexico, of September 1, 1915, of which a copy was mailed you, I beg leave to report as follows:

"The museum closes the fiscal year with all of its debts paid, this being the first year in its history that this is the case.

"The museum has successfully closed the negotiations for the site of the new museum building, upon which construction is to begin early next year.

"The museum has added to the assets of the state during the past year, real estate buildings and other tangible property, conservatively estimated to be worth \$20,000, or three times the appropriation from the state, an achievement that is unique in the history of New Mexico state institutions.

"The museum has restored the mission church ruins at Pecos, thus saving to the state a great heritage of the past and adding an attraction whose value is difficult to estimate. This has been done at practically no cost to the state except for supervision.

"The museum has during the past year fitted up several more studios for artists and has placed a new roof on the rear tier of buildings of the Palace of the Governors. It has made other necessary repairs and paid off the \$2,000 which was still owing on the reconstruction of the portal, doing this with current funds. The rear of the palace was replastered and kalsomined and a foundation placed under the four walls which were crumbling. All of this work was done under the skillful supervision of Jesse Nashum, the superintendent of construction.

"The museum has during the past

year loaned Museum Assistant Wesley Bradford to the New Mexico expedition commission for lecture work, paying his salary out of museum funds.

"The patio of the Old Palace was planted to lawn and flowers and otherwise beautified.

"Mr. Frank Springer conducted a most successful research expedition to the Palace park during the summer at no cost to the museum, making important discoveries that have thrown much light upon the prehistoric cultures of New Mexico. Through co-operation with Phillips academy, the excavation of the Pecos Pueblo ruins was begun at no expense to the museum. Other scientific expeditions and excavations took place in New Mexico with the approbation and encouragement of the museum, at no cost to it, but doing work that the entire appropriation to the museum could not have paid for.

**Journal Published.**

"The museum journal, 'El Palacio,' was published during the year at no cost to the state. A large amount of publicity for the commonwealth, of a very desirable kind, was obtained through the museum at no expense to the state.

"During the year the number of visitors from the outside, it is estimated, was 30,000. Art exhibits of great merit took place weekly, lectures and classes were conducted throughout the year, all at no expense to the state.

"A geographical and statistical library, the most complete of its kind, has been installed, at no cost to the state and is proving of greater value each day as it is consulted by more and more people and the secretary answers more and more queries.

"The membership of the Archaeological Society of New Mexico has been increased to almost 600, through it reaching every part of the United States.

"The museum continues the civic center not only of the capital but of the whole state, a center of art, science and culture, with a message for every one of the people of the commonwealth.

**Donations Received.**

"In addition to the many gifts to the museum enumerated in my report of September 1, a large number of books, pamphlets, maps and pictures have been received, among the chief donors being Col. Ralph E. Twitchell; a bronze bust by Rogers of Lew Wallace given by his son, Henry Wallace, who also gave to the museum the favorite armchair and lap board of his father; a pedestal for the bust given by Col. Ralph E. Twitchell; clay tablets from Babylonian, by Herbert P. Brash-Mc; twenty-four records of Indian music by Prof. Thurston Lawrence; collection of California arrowheads by P. M. Hiram; as well as additions to the Lew Wallace collection by various donors.

"The museum has had free of charge the services of lecturers of national fame, of men like W. Templeton Johnston, and artists like Sheldon Parsons who have given time and talent to the state without compensation.

"Mr. Johnson accompanied Mr. Nashum on a trip of the churches and missions of New Mexico and was instrumental in saving to the state and posterity much valuable material and securing photographs of old Spanish and Indian handicraft, the record of which would otherwise have perished.

"Mr. Frank Springer again rendered invaluable service and gave liberally from his means to the museum and is at present engaged in raising \$30,000 toward the construction of the new museum building. Director Edgar L. Hewett has been engaged the greater part of the year with the Panama-California exposition to the great advantage of the state and its people, receiving no compensation, however, from the state. The exposition at San Diego, from the standpoint of art, archaeology, publicity, thanks to the work of the museum and those connected with it, has proved even a greater triumph for New Mexico and its interests than of California.

"A set of voucher-receipts of all expenditures of state funds is on file with the state auditor, while a duplicate set is in the office of the secretary. They will be enumerated in detail in the biennial report. The following is a synopsis of the financial report, December 1, 1914, to November 30, 1915:

Balance, Dec. 1, 1914, \$ 4.25  
Appropriation for fiscal year 10,000.00  
Total \$10,004.25

**Expenditures.**  
Building, including \$2,000 indebtedness on portal 2,048.47  
Excavations, collections, educational 881.47  
Heat, fuel, water, light, janitor 1,014.52  
Rent 22.50  
Insurance 1,002.96  
Library and librarian 1,002.96  
Office expense, postage 201.80  
Printing, photograph 151.46  
Salaries 2,430.00  
Museum assistant at San Diego expedition 520.00  
Balance due on appropriation 219.43  
Total \$10,004.25

**Tramp Faces Arson Charge.**  
East Las Vegas, N. M., Dec. 2.—Armando Ullbarri, a deputy sheriff, Wednesday arrested Henry Conway, on a charge of arson. Conway is alleged to have set fire to the house of Ullbarri at Ojita, a small place near Las Vegas. Conway, who apparently is a tramp, was seen near the Ullbarri house shortly before it burned to the ground. He obtained matches from neighbors. The man will have a hearing soon in a justice of the peace court.

**Governor Presented With Buck.**  
Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—William H. Bartlett, the millionaire wheat king, today sent Governor McDonald a five five-pound buck weighing 240 pounds from Vermejo park, Colfax county, where the animal was shot.

## BOLD BURGLARS GET WORST OF IT IN TEXTLINE JOB

Proprietor of Store Opens Fire on Yeggs; Shoots an Arm Off of One and Wounds Two More; One Captured.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)  
Clayton, N. M., Dec. 2.—Four unknown burglars attempted last night to break into the store of the Stone Dry Goods company at Clayton, when Mr. Stone, the proprietor, who had been awakened by their attempt to affect an entrance into the building, opened fire on the bandits.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

One of the yeggs was shot through the arm, the wound proving so serious that the arm will have to be amputated. The other three escaped, but it is known that two of them were wounded by shots fired by Mr. Stone. Posses were hastily formed and are in pursuit of the fugitives, and it is believed that the entire party will be in custody in a short time.

## MUCH INTEREST IN MATTOX CASE NOW ON TRIAL

Alleged Confederate Takes Stand in Gallup and Swears Building Was Burned by Him at Instance of Defendant.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)  
Gallup, N. M., Dec. 2.—Perhaps the most interesting case on trial in the present term of court in this county is that of the state against Richard M. Mattox and John N. Scott, charged with arson, the basis of the prosecution being the burning of a three-room frame house and two store rooms belonging to Mattox on March 4, 1914. The collection of the state being that the building was set on fire by Scott at the instigation of Mattox for the purpose of securing the insurance money.

The case is being vigorously prosecuted by District Attorney Michael T. Vail and Assistant District Attorney Harry A. Connel, while Judge John Venable of Albuquerque, U. S. E. Governor and A. T. Hannett are attorneys for Mattox. The case is being hotly contested and is likely to take the greater part of the week before it is concluded.

**Turned State's Evidence.**

The prosecution of Mattox rests largely upon the evidence of his alleged confederate, Scott, who was arrested some months ago and who made a full confession, declaring that he burned the building at the instigation of Mattox, who paid him \$100 for what he did. At the time of the fire, it is conceded, Mattox was in El Paso.

Scott was given a thorough examination, both direct and cross, when he took the stand against Mattox. He described in detail the arrangement of the rooms of the burned building and the furniture, and told of the alleged negotiations entered into with him by Mattox for the burning of the house. He declared that all the furniture had been removed from the house before the fire took place, and declared that Mrs. Mattox knew that the house was to be burned and gave directions for the moving of the furniture. It was part of the plan, he said, that Mattox should be in El Paso when the building should burn.

**Officers Get Secret.**

Scott stated that he had told his wife about the matter and that some of the neighbors must have overheard their conversation, for shortly afterwards he learned that the story had leaked out and that the Santa Fe railroad special officers were on the scene. It was when he found out that there was no escape for him, he said, he decided to tell the entire truth about the burning of the building. The witness was put through a searching cross-examination by counsel for Mattox, but at the end of his testimony was, in the main, unshaken.

Scott was followed upon the witness stand by his wife, Mrs. Ellen Scott, who corroborated his testimony. A hot local battle ensued as to the admissibility of Mrs. Scott's evidence, but as Scott waived the rule of law excluding the testimony of a wife for or against her husband, the court held that the evidence was admissible.

Other witnesses introduced for the state were Charles Kie and Charles Kie, Indians, who testified to having seen the furniture away from the building prior to the fire. Mrs. J. P. Jackson, L. Jackson, John Kuchel, Constance Huff and J. Christie. The testimony of all these witnesses was introduced for the purpose of corroborating that of the main witness for the state, Scott.

**PLAINTIFFS WIN SUIT INVOLVING BIG AMOUNT**

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)  
Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Eighty thousand dollars is involved in the litigation decided today in favor of the plaintiffs in the suit of Cartright, et al., vs. Fred Muller. The suit grew out of the sale of the Ramon Vill grant, west of Santa Fe, for \$30,000 to Detroit capitalists, through the agency of Fred Muller.

The distribution of the proceeds was the cause of the litigation, it being held that Muller and associates held the money in trust for creditors of the Ramon Land and Lumber company. In the trust a fee of \$5,000 for the law firm of Hannett & Wilson was included, and will have to be paid under its terms. The chief creditor is Cartright & Ives. It is likely that the case will be taken to the higher courts.

**November Above Normal.**

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—The temperature for November averaged 49 degrees, or almost 2 degrees a day above the normal, according to the weather report of the United States observer. The precipitation for the month was 61.4 of an inch. There were twenty-six days with more than 50 per cent sunshine and fifteen with more than 90 per cent. The wind totaled 6,762 miles, an average hourly velocity of 83 miles.

**Firemen Give Annual Ball.**

East Las Vegas, N. M., Dec. 2.—The East Las Vegas volunteer fire department gave its thirty-fifth annual masquerade ball here Thursday evening. The affair was attended by fully 1,000 people, over 100 of whom were masqueraders. The ball was held in the Duncan opera house.

**Want a high grade employee? Or the better grade of servant? Make use of the want columns of the Journal.**

## RIVER TRAFFIC IS RESUMED ON HISTORIC DANUBE

Much Economic Importance to Both Germany and Austria-Hungary Attached to Opening of Stream to Steamboats

(Associated Press Correspondence)  
Berlin, Nov. 26.—The resumption of steamboat travel on the Danube is an event of much economic importance for Germany and Austria-Hungary. This river is in peace time the great highway for freight traffic between Germany and Hungary on the one side and the central powers on the other, and to the greater part of the foreign trade of the east little Danubian. Steamboats have been with their big western harbors the river traffic has been entirely suspended since the war broke out—and this for two years. Not only did sailing ships stop into the river but the Danubian sank several old vessels in the narrow channel of the lower gate two below the Hainburg rapids. This winter the effort of steam from Hungary to Germany and the dead end arches, and also greatly restricted shipments from Hungary to west some shipments by rail were made from Hainburg, indeed, but only were the railroads (after independence) for the traffic offered but the Danubian movement passing a policy which appeared to be dictated by the wish to check shipments.

The government apparently intended that Germany and Austria-Hungary in a condition of dependence upon the Danube for grain supplies, hence it was decided to drive a hard bargain with them. Not only were export duties on grain introduced, but special duties for placing freight cars at the disposal of shippers were charged. In consequence of this policy the greater bulk of the grain available for export from the 1914 crop was left in the country and it will there. Only recently after the Serbian campaign was well advanced did the Hainburg government see that its system of exporting the trade for all that could be got out of it could no longer be maintained, and about a week before the Germans and Austrians effected a junction with the Italian troops the Hainburg authorities began to relax the interdicting burdens upon the exportation of grain and other agricultural products. In view of the fact, however, enforced by Hainburg, however, there is now a strong disposition in Germany and Austria to buy from Hainburg grain at all, and to buy from Hungary in all, but doubtless the trade will later come around to taking Hainburg grain without restrictions as soon as it is offered on equal terms with Hainburg.

**More Supplies Than Needed.**

The supplies to be obtained from these two countries are very large—much larger, in fact, than Germany and her allies are likely to need. Here in Germany, the fact has been established through official inquiry that the stock of grain in the country is ample for feeding the population, hence there is no need for buying abroad for bread-making purposes. On the other hand, a big addition to the grain supplies will come in very acceptably as it can be fed to livestock and thus increase the meat supply.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is chiefly barley. Nearly half of the crop has hitherto been exported. The amount now available for export, however, is believed to be at least 3,000,000 tons, after about two-thirds of last year's exportable surplus was left in the country through the government's restrictive measures. In Bulgaria, according to official estimates, there will be about 1,500,000 tons of grain for export from this country, of which about 200,000 tons represent corn and the rest chiefly wheat, and besides these amounts there are about 400,000 tons of corn and barley left in the country from the 1914 crop. There is thus a possible supply of some 6,500,000 tons for more than 250,000,000 people.

Rumania produces about 6,500,000 tons of grain, of which about 3,000,000 tons represent corn, 2,000,000 tons wheat, and the rest is



















## CRESCENT HARDWARE CO.

Stoves, Ranges, Home Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fittings, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

215 W. CENTRAL AVE.

TELEPHONE 215

## DEL MONTE

THE NEW PACK IS NOW IN

PRESERVES  
CANNED FRUIT  
ASPARAGUS  
CATSUP

## BOND-CONNELL SHEEP AND WOOL COMPANY

SHEEP AND WOOL, HIDES AND PELTS

Office and Warehouse, Tijeras Avenue and Railroad Tracks

## LYRIC THEATER

TODAY and TOMORROW

## BRED IN the BONE

MUTUAL MASTERPICTURE  
IN FOUR REELS, FEATURING DOROTHY GISH

A powerful story of hereditary impulse. Full of intense dramatic action. Very human, but interesting in the highest degree.

A VIVID EXPOSE OF THEATRICAL LIFE.

## THE BROKEN COIN

EPISODE NINE, "ROOM 22"

WITH GRACE CUNARD AND FRANCIS FORD

## 40,000 POUNDS MOSES' BEST FLOUR

To Be Transferred From Car to Our Warehouse Today. Sold at Wholesale and Retail.

## SATURDAY CANDY

On Sale Tomorrow, 29c per Pound Box of Fine Chocolate Candy. Orders Taken Today for Saturday Delivery.

## WARD'S STORE

THOMAS H. WARD Mgr.

215 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299.

## Strong Brothers Undertakers

PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE 75. STRONG BROS., COPPER AND BRASS.

## LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

David Rowlin has come back from his trip to make his home.

Mrs. Joseph Barnett has returned from her trip to the States, N. M., where she spent the last few weeks.

Edward Alburgh left yesterday afternoon for Santa Fe on business. He will be away several days.

The Woman's club will meet in regular session this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The subject will be "A Higher Education of the Christian Woman."

John A. Logan, chapter, Ladies of the G. A. R., will meet at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at the G. A. R. hall. Election of officers will be held.

Deputy sheriff A. C. Harrison returned yesterday from El Paso bringing with him a man who is charged with passing stolen checks in that town.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Butler and their daughter arrived here this week having spent time in Wisconsin in their automobile. They will make their home here.

A regular meeting of the chapter of No. 2, G. A. R., will be held at 2:30 o'clock tonight at the Masonic temple. The annual election of officers will be held.

George E. Taylor, attorney, will leave this morning for the States. He will make his home in the States.

## SPRINGER

THE RIGHT WAY  
RIGHT AWAYADVERTISING OF  
COMMERCE CLUB  
RESULT GETTER

Two Hundred Healthseekers Brought to Albuquerque This Fall; Indigent Not Bothering the Club.

More than 200 people have been brought into Albuquerque this fall by the Commercial club, practically all of them healthseekers. This is shown by the records of the public utility companies, by the new accounts at the banks and by the records kept at the club.

The Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light &amp; Power Co. estimates that 75 per cent of the new installations made during the months of September, October and November were for healthseekers. While there is no way of reaching the exact percentage, the company believes that this estimate is conservative.

A significant fact is that the relative increase of installations is in favor of the healthseekers, whereas the usual relative increase is in favor of the residents.

Many New Accounts Opened.

The healthseekers are the cause of the statement that it is almost unbelievable the number of new accounts that are being opened up by newly arriving healthseekers or members of their families. One rather large family.

We know, of course, most of the people living in and near the city, and a day never passes that one or more persons unfamiliar to us do not appear at our door. While we cannot always be sure that they are healthseekers, we can guess from the addresses given that such is the case.

It is also noticeable, resulting from a financial standpoint, that the class of new arrivals is getting higher. This is shown by the correspondence at the Commercial club and by the class of accommodations being sought.

Contrary to expectation, the number of inquiries received from prospective residents in answer to the national advertising, is no larger than last year. However, there is a decided decrease in the number who request that possible be found for them and in the number seeking charitable aid. There are also fewer inquiries received, the sending of which was prompted by curiosity alone. This means that the percentage of people from the advertising is much higher than during the last campaign.

FATHER OF FOUR IS RELEASED FROM JAIL WHEN WIFE IS ILL

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

The police released Frank Carter from the city jail last night when he learned that his wife, who was seriously ill, was in the hospital. Carter, who is a father of four children, was arrested on a charge of passing stolen checks. He was released on the condition that he would remain in the city and care for his family.

CLUB MEMBERS  
TO SHOW WHERE  
THEY STAND IN  
BIG CAMPAIGN

Everybody Must Come Out in the Open and Declare Either for or Against a More Progressive Organization.

SPASMODIC BRETHREN  
TO BE MADE REGULARS

Six Committees All Ready to Get Busy in Big Drive for Increased Membership in Chamber of Commerce.

Today the members of the Chamber of Commerce and Commercial club will be asked individually to declare themselves one way or another on the matter of an increased membership for the club and the success of the big membership campaign to be held on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

The club does not want fifty or a hundred members for next Wednesday, but it wants every member of the club to report for duty at 1:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to assist in the campaign. The old standards and wheelbarrows who are always on hand to assist any enterprise for the good of the city are badly needed, but in addition the club must also have the active work of those who only appear spasmodically in answer to the public call and those who seldom if ever interfere themselves in matters of public interest. The directors and officers of the club expect every man to be in hand and to declare his position except that of sudden death.

FIRE DEPARTMENT  
HEARING DEVOID  
OF SENSATIONS

Only One Fireman Testifies to Having Seen Any Liquor at Station and He Is an Abstemious.

The fire department came through the fire committee's hearing last night unscathed excepting the doubt cast by one of the highland witnesses as to the security of the "3d" at the South Fifth street station. He said he had seen whiskey at the house. All of the others said they had not seen any liquor at the station. Information testified that he does not drink.

The hearing was public and was held in the council room of the city hall. City Attorney Wilkerson and members of the fire committee were present. He was members of the Dorris family and their attorney, H. G. Coors, Jr. However, the killing of the Dorris child was not discussed.

Highland Men Witnesses.

The entire highland company and Chief Klein were called as witnesses. They were sworn in by City Clerk Tom Hughes and the city attorney led in the interrogation. Alderman Ivan Grunfeld and George D. Hammond and the mayor took a hand in the questioning.

Firemen were asked how long they had been in the department, what training they had, whether they had knowledge of violation of the rule against bringing liquor on the premises and other questions regarding the practices of the department.

Chief Thompson was the only fireman to say he had seen any whiskey at the house and he said he did not see any more. He himself did not have any. City Attorney Wilkerson did not think it was fair to ask him who the man was.

Fire Whistle Indispensable.

The question of doing away with the fire whistle came up when Assistant Chief Casper was on the stand. When asked by Mr. Hammond whether he knew of any system by which the blowing of the siren might be dispensed with, he said he knew of none unless to relieve the men of duty of necessity of going to fires.

Assistant Chief Casper gave some interesting insights into the workings of the department. The highland company is able to get away from the station in from twelve to sixteen seconds when the alarm comes over the box system. In the case of a telephone alarm it has taken as much as a minute and a half sometimes, he said.

Mr. Grunfeld asked him whether he believed a siren would do any good. He thought so. He said he and the chairman of the fire committee had been talking over a handball court for the department.

Gymnasium Is Needed.

The assistant chief said firemen do not get enough practice on runs as sometimes alarums responded to by his company are two weeks apart. The city attorney asked him whether the drivers practiced making quick stops. Mr. Hammond said this was hard on the machine.

"I know but little about cars, but I know more than I want to," said the attorney.

The assistant chief said drivers were paid \$30 and that they had every eighth day off. It was hard to keep men under these conditions, he said.

"I tell you, gentlemen, you can't get mechanics and drivers to put in twenty-four hours a day for \$30," he stated.

He said he would not permit a man under the influence of liquor to work. Chief Klein was the last witness. He told how siren calls were filled. He said he appointed the men with the approval of the chairman of the fire committee.

Henry hauls baggage and other things. Phone 939.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a Model 28 Buick Roadster, newly painted. Kerner's Garage.

Try the Sultatorium for the best in cleaning and pressing. Phone 581.

FOR RENT—Room, 25x50, facing alley in business section, suitable for plumbing or tin shop, or storage; heat and water included. Apply this office.

Many Interested in Opportunity to Secure Desirable Locations on Exceptional Terms; McCanna Agent.

Much interest was evidenced yesterday in the placing on sale of twenty-five lots in the Fourth ward, with P. F. McCanna as sole agent. Many inquiries were received and a number of prospective purchasers were shown the various locations.

The lots are in the most desirable section of the Fourth ward, close to the ward school building and St. Vincent academy, and convenient to the New York avenue car line. Sewer, electric light, gas, telephone and all other modern conveniences are available in all the sections where the lots are located.

The city is rapidly growing toward the north and the twenty-five lots, placed on sale by Mr. McCanna at from \$225 to \$250 a lot, are among the most desirable residence locations in the Fourth ward. The \$16-down, \$10-a-month plan on which the sale is being conducted affords an exceptional opportunity to secure desirable residence property—property that is certain to advance in value steadily and rapidly.

All New Today, Crystal.

Livery and saddle horses. Trimble's Red Barn.

PHONE 17.

25-CENT TAXI AND AUTO DAY AND NIGHT EMIL GREGG

WATER TAX DUE AND PAYABLE AT OFFICE OF WATER CO. 114 S. SECOND.

All New Today, Crystal.

Exquisite Tamales, Chili. Free delivery. Phone 400. Spanish Kitchen.

THEDA BARA IN  
CARMEN AT PASTIME  
SUNDAY AND MONDAY

A brilliant play of fiction. A story of universal appeal and enduring popularity. A stage success of unparalleled dramatic power. Everyone is familiar with "Carmen" in one or other of these forms. Now William Fox gives the world a new version of this fascinating drama, backed by the vast resources of his superb organization, and assisted by the best directorial and dramatic talent obtainable, he has made the screen production of "Carmen" a masterpiece in every sense of the word. To Miss Theda Bara, star of the Theater Argentine, Paris, falls the honor of creating for the moving picture public the role of the volatile Spanish heroine, and the noted producer, who has captured her previous screen successes. The story of the play is as well known as to require only the briefest outline. Carmen, the beautiful Spanish exotic, with of capricious, impetuous, lives but to conquer the hearts of men. Don Jose, a young officer of the Spanish army, falls a victim to her dangerous fascinations. At her behest he forsakes his duty, and at last, driven by insane jealousy, he commits a murder for her sake. He flees from justice and takes refuge with a band of outlaws in the mountains. Having accomplished his ruin, the heartless Carmen turns to fresh conquests. The handsome Lucas, foremost of the band of outlaws, takes her fancy, and she sets about his seduction. She has reckoned without Jose, however. Instead of taking his discomfit easily, the disgraced officer lies in wait for his false love and in a manner typically Spanish wreaks terrible vengeance.

At the Pastime Theater Sunday and Monday.

SCREEN STAR WINS  
NEW LAURELS