

11-16-1915

Albuquerque Morning Journal, 11-16-1915

Journal Publishing Company

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Our Bird's-eye Maple WINDOW

Will convince you that we are certainly in line with MODERN FURNITURE, not only but our goods are splendid values for the prices asked.

DRESSERS, CHIFFONNIERS, BEDS, DRESSING TABLES, CHAIRS AND - ROCKERS, LADY'S WRITING DESKS

SOME OF OUR PRICES:

Colonial Dresser, size mirror 34x27 . . . \$41.85
Colonial Princess Dresser, size mirror 40x29 . . . \$41.20
Colonial Chiffonier, size mirror 21x15 . . . \$32.85
Colonial Dressing Table, size mirror 25x21 . . . \$20.25
Dressing Table Chair, . . . \$4.50
Chair . . . \$5.40 Rocker . . . \$6.00

All Elegant, Substantial, Fresh and Directly from the Factory.

COSTUMERS: BRASS, WHITE ENAMEL, VERNIS MARTIN

STRONG BROS.

THE QUALITY STORE
Strong Block Corner Second and Copper
WE GIVE GREEN TRADING STAMPS



GALLUP LUMP
GALLUP STOVE
SUGARITE LUMP
O'MERA LUMP

ALL KINDS WOOD

AZTEC FUEL CO.
PHONE 251

envy of Berry-au-Bac, as well as in the Argonne, the artillery actions today became more sustained. Our batteries have executed a concentrated fire, the efficacy of which has been established, between the Argonne and the Meuse, on the German works to the northeast of Bethune and in the Weverre on a group of enemy mine throwers to the north of Regneville. "Army of the east: There was intermittent cannonading in the region of Rabbrovo and in the direction of Kivovak on November 13. A violent



Puts Another Face on It

Many a man jauntily takes his cup or two of coffee at a meal and declares that coffee doesn't hurt him.

But wait until the poisonous drug, caffeine, in the coffee begins to show its cumulative effects, and puts a different face on the proposition.

It's a fact anyone can verify, that caffeine hardens the arteries, brings on premature old age and sallow and wrinkles the skin. Some of the signs are headache, irritability, biliousness, heart flutter, sleeplessness, dizziness, "lag," and so on.

The way out is to quit coffee, and for a pleasant, healthful beverage use

Instant Postum

—THE PURE FOOD-DRINK.

This delightful beverage is made from finest wheat, roasted with a bit of wholesome molasses. Looks and tastes like high grade Java coffee, but contains no caffeine nor any other harmful substance.

Postum makes for health, happiness and vigor.

"There's a Reason"

on the entire front our army of the East. He was reported every where except in the region of Vahergrad, where we had to retreat to better positions. The Austrians maintained heavy losses.

"They have been artillery combats on the other fronts."

KITCHENER ARRIVES NEAR DARDANIELLES

NHilist, Nov. 16 (via London, 4:04 a. m.)—The Governor Della Seta reports that Earl Kitchener, the British war secretary, has arrived at Mudros, on the island of Lemnos, in the Aegean sea.

Lemnos, where Earl Kitchener has arrived, is a Greek island about 120 miles southeast of Saloniki and about forty miles from the Gallipoli peninsula. Recently British and French transports have been reported in the harbor of Mudros, where probably is being sent a base for the operations in with the Dardanelles and the Balkans.

GRIEVANCE OF AIRMEN AIRED AT COURT MARTIAL

Goodier Trial Brings Out Petty Quarrels of Officers at North Island School for Army Aviators.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—Disagreeable incidents among army aviators at the training station near San Diego which led to their dismissal or transfer were aired today at the court martial of Lieutenant Colonel Lewis C. Goodier, judge advocate of the western department of the army.

As the last witness to be called by the defense, Captain Arthur R. Cowan, commander of the North Island school, told of differences with Lieutenant R. H. Willis, Jr., one of the aviators, because of Willis' persistent opposition to the school, when reporting for duty, wearing civilian clothes and coat. With the completion of Captain Cowan's testimony the court martial was adjourned until Thursday morning, when argument by counsel will begin.

Particular About Clothes.

Captain Cowan said he admonished Willis and that subsequently the lieutenant remarked in the presence of other officers that he intended wearing whatever clothing he desired and if necessary he would get the lieutenant's authority which would permit him to do so.

Later, Captain Cowan said, Willis was relieved of duty as a military aviator and went back to the line. Captain Cowan also related details of a statement he had given Lieutenant Brown Jones because the aviator was heard swearing at a time he was tinkering with one of the aeroplanes. The witness said that Jones paid little heed to him and that Willis, in Cowan's view, was taking the lieutenant's authority lightly.

The court martial of Colonel Goodier, accused of conduct prejudicial to military discipline in that he advised younger officers to prefer charges against their superiors, Captain Cowan, with intent to incite discord, began October 18. There were several delays awaiting arrival of witnesses and records.

FRENCH INTERESTS IN HAITI PROTECTED

Washington, Nov. 15.—Ambassador Lussan of France conferred with Secretary Lansing today regarding the new treaty negotiated between the United States and Haiti, under which an American protectorate would be established over the island republic for ten years.

The ambassador was particularly solicitous as to the future of the French investments in Haiti and especially of the Banque Nationale, which represents the investment of a large amount of French capital. It is understood that assurance has been given by the state department that all proper concessions and invested interests of foreigners in Haiti will be recognized and protected.

TIMES DISASTER IS REHASHED AT HEARING

Los Angeles, Nov. 15.—Testimony relating to the location of walls, partitions and beams in the Los Angeles Times building, which was destroyed by an explosion October 1, 1914, was offered today by the prosecution at the trial of Matthew A. Schmidt, charged with the murder of one of the victims of the explosion.

This evidence was offered in preparation for the introduction of expert testimony as to the nature of the explosion which destroyed the building. John P. Krempel, an architect who designed part of the building, was on the witness stand during most of the afternoon session. He identified copies of drawings as being plans made by him and testified at length as to dimensions and other details. He was cross-examined closely by John Harrison, counsel for the defense as to the number, location and size of the gas mains entering the structure.

Mr. Harrison's questions supported the belief that the theory that the explosion was caused by gas would be advanced in the trial. J. M. McNamara confessed to causing the explosion with dynamite and now is serving a life term in San Quentin penitentiary as a result.

Alfred Adams, who was head of the identification bureau of the police department two years ago, identified seven enlarged photographs of the ruins he said were taken under his direction. These pictures will be used, it is expected, in connection with the testimony of experts, which will be taken tomorrow.

Favorite Cough Medicine.

There are good reasons why Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is preferred to any other by many mothers of young children. Read what one of them says about it: "Last winter my daughter had an attack of croup and I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It relieved her at once. My experience and that of my friends is that this medicine will do all that is claimed for it." writes Mrs. W. H. Wood, Lima, Ohio. Obtainable everywhere.

You miss many opportunities daily if you do not read Journal want ads.

CARUSO GATHERS FRESH LAURELS IN GRAND OPERA

'Samson et Dalila' Is Produced to Crowded House as Opening Season for New York Music Lovers.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE

New York, Nov. 15.—Some twenty years ago "Samson" portrayed by the Italian tenor Tommaso, tonight in song and figure, topped the music temple of Ocean upon the operatic Philistines at the Metropolitan opera house. Since this time the music of Camille Saint-Saens' opera Samson et Dalila has not been heard there.

Tonight the grand opera season was ushered in with the Saint-Saens story of the Hebrew hero and a Greek, resplendent assemblage witnessed the production. At the last office ten minutes before the curtain rose, \$150 was offered for a pair of orchestra chairs.

The opening brought together masters of music from Italy, Germany, Austria and France. With notable exceptions, the European war failed to affect the personnel of the cast.

Toscanini, famed as the greatest of modern conductors, was missing from his accustomed place. He had home ties in Italy.

Enrico Caruso, the Italian tenor, escaped service in the army of Italy because he was above the age limit. Giorgio Polacco, well known to Italian opera lovers, wedded Toscanini's baton.

Two new conductors and ten new singers, four of the latter American, appear in the company. The new conductors are Gaetano Cappuccini, who has won distinction in Italy, and Arthur Bodansky, a German. Of the American singers new to the Metropolitan last, three, Julia Menich, Edith Mason and Helen Warren, sopranos, and one, Henri Scott, since bass.

Caruso was the Samson tonight. It was the Italian tenor's first appearance in this role on any stage and scores of his admirers proclaimed his rendition another triumph of his vocal equipment.

Dalila was portrayed by Mme. Matzenauer, the mezzo-soprano, Pasquale Amato was the high priest and Carl Schleichel the Abimelech. Giorgio Polacco, the conductor, shared in the curtain calls.

GRAND OPERA REVIVAL ATTEMPTED IN BOSTON

Boston, Nov. 15.—The Boston Grand Opera company, in conjunction with the Boston Public Library, opened the opera season here tonight with a performance of "Love of Three Kings." There has been no grand opera in Boston since the former company disbanded here more than a year ago.

The management announced that the present season would continue for four weeks, during which time many novelties would be presented.

AMERICANS PROMINENT IN CHICAGO OPERA

Chicago, Nov. 15.—The Chicago Grand Opera company opened its fifth season at the Auditorium tonight, presenting "La Gioconda" with a cast which included Madame Emma Deshayes, soprano; Madame Eleonora de Camerino, contralto; Frances Ingram, Amadeo Bassi, Amorelli, and Arimondi.

The inaugural performance was a brilliant social event. The management is for ten weeks with a repertoire of operas in general direction. Among his new associates this season are Elmi Pollok, the Wagnerian director, and Rodolfo Ferrari, the Italian director.

The subscription advance sale this season has broken the record of any previous year to 10 per cent. There are fifty-nine principals in the company, nearly half of whom are of American birth or who have won reputation abroad.

Scarcely 10 per cent of the chorus are Americans and all the ballet with the exception of the two leaders, are natives of this country. A feature will be the presentation of "Parsifal."

SENTENCE PASSED ON THOSE CONVICTED AT SOCORRO COUNTY COURT

SOCORRO, N. M., Nov. 15.—Judge Colin Nebbett, sitting in place of Judge M. C. McWherter, today passed sentence on a number of those who had been convicted at the session of the district court held here which adjourned a short time ago.

Among the more important cases passed upon was that of Adolfo Barr, of Kelly, who was convicted of second degree murder. Barr was given a term in the penitentiary of from ten to twenty years. The case of L. R. Babcock, of Kelly, was one which also attracted widespread attention. Babcock was convicted of assault with a deadly weapon and had made a notable record in a new trial. The motion was argued today, and at the conclusion of the argument Judge Colin Nebbett overruled the motion and imposed a fine of \$500 on the defendant. Attorney for Babcock gave notice of an appeal to the supreme court.

Two Convicts Captured.

Parkeville, Mo., Nov. 15.—Charles Dammann and Ben Davis, convicts who escaped from the Kansas state penitentiary last week, were captured here this afternoon. The men were found in a cock quarry. William La Trasse, leader of the escaping prisoners, was serving a term for train robbery, has not been recaptured.

GIRLS IN BAD HEALTH

Hundreds of girls go to work day after day, afflicted with some ailment peculiar to their sex, dragging out long weary after the other, working always with one eye on the clock and wishing for closing time to come. Every such girl should rely on Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore her to a normal healthy condition. Her work will be a pleasure, for forty years this famous root and herb medicine has been preeminently successful in controlling the diseases of women. Why don't you try it?

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box, 25c.

GENERAL STAFF WANTS ARMY OF ABOUT 1,500,000

Experts Declare Administration's Program Would Not Provide Enough Trained Men for Defense.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE

Washington, Nov. 15.—Immediate publication of the report of the army general staff on the military needs of the country, differing materially from the administration's continental army scheme, will be urged upon President Wilson by Secretary Garrison. The secretary, who has described the plan to be recommended to congress as only a step in the right direction, said today he believed the public was entitled to all available information relating to the national defense.

The general staff has made an exhaustive study of the problem of defending the country and its insular possessions. Its report, it is understood, recommends increasing the regular army to 250,000 men, permanently with the colors, and with reserves of 200,000 fully trained men to fill gaps in this force. Behind this line it is proposed to have a force of a million men with at least a year's training, giving the country an army of about 1,500,000 fully equipped and ready mobilized. No synopsis of the report has been given out and details are not available.

Would Extend Heavy Expense.

The administration plan was prepared by Secretary Garrison and a special board of officers and officials after considerable scrutiny of the staff report. It was decided that the staff estimates, it is reported, that it takes at least a year to make a soldier fit to join the fighting line.

The continental army program contemplates only six months of hard training, distributed in two-month periods through three years.

Drop Bombs on Brescia.

Rome, Nov. 15 (via London, 1:02 p. m.)—It is officially announced that two Austrian aeroplanes bombarded Brescia at 8 o'clock this morning, killing seven persons and wounding ten.

Cudahy About to Retire.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—Patrick Cudahy, president of Cudahy Brothers of Milwaukee and a prominent meat packer, said today that he was about to resign his position as president of the company, and that he would be succeeded by his son, Michael.

Home Baking Reduces Cost of Living

THE U. S. Dept. of Agriculture in Experiment Station Bulletin No. 142 says that ten cents worth of wheat supplies almost three times as much protein and ten times as much energy as round steak, and with some other cuts of meat the difference is even greater.

If then, one really desires to reduce her weekly meat and grocery bills, she need only make more use of her oven.

Who ever heard man, woman or child complain that good home-made biscuits, muffins, cake and cookies appeared on the table too often? Instead tendency is "to make a meal of them" and the variety is so great that something you bake yourself could well be the chief feature of every meal.

Home Baking is Simplified by the Use of K C Baking Powder

With K C, you can make things moist and rich, yet have them light and feathery, wholesome and digestible. Biscuits may be mixed the night before and baked fresh for breakfast. Muffins need not be dry and heavy. You can make a cake so light that you can hardly get it out of the pan whole, yet it will not fall.

K C is not like the old fashioned baking powders. It is double acting and continues to give off leavening gas until the dough is cooked through. K C is sold at a fair price—a large can for 25 cents. This would be no object if strength and purity were sacrificed, but every can is fully guaranteed under State and National Pure Food laws and to please. We take all the chances. Your money back if you do not get better results with K C than any other baking powder you ever used.

Include a can in your next grocery order, try some of the new recipes that appear in this paper from time to time. Then you will have gone far toward solving this vexing "Cost of Living" problem.

Resinol Soap clears bad complexions

If you want a clear, fresh, glowing complexion, use Resinol Soap at least once a day. Work a warm, creamy lather of it well into the pores, then rinse the face with plenty of cold water.

It does not take many days of such regular care with Resinol Soap to show an improvement, because the Resinol medication soothes and refreshes the skin, while the pure soap, free of alkali, is cleansing it.

When the skin is in a very relaxed condition, with its pores, skin glands, ridges or roughness, spread on first a little Resinol Ointment for six or fifteen minutes before using Resinol Soap.

Resinol Soap is not artificially colored, its rich brown being entirely due to the Resinol medication it contains. Twenty-five cents at all druggists and colorists to toilet goods. For a trial size cake, write to Dept. 4-1, Easton, Baltimore, Md.

Individual Service

THIS INSTITUTION HANDLES THE ACCOUNTS OF ITS PATRONS NOT MERELY IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERAL CUSTOMS BUT IN THE MANNER THAT CONSERVES THE BEST INTERESTS OF EACH DEPOSITOR, WHETHER HIS ACCOUNT IS LARGE OR SMALL.

DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK ARE INVITED AND A PER CENT INTEREST IS PAID ON TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

First National Bank

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS HALF A MILLION DOLLARS

ALLEGED SPIES SENTENCED TO DEATH BY GERMANS

FULL RESPONSIBILITY ASSUMED BY MULLEN

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE

Amsterdam, Nov. 15 (via London, 1:02 p. m.)—Information was received here today from Brussels that at a recent court-martial at Maastricht, north France, Eugene D. Hall, a factory superintendent, and Achille Duerden, a former railroad employee, were sentenced to death on the charge of espionage. Five persons, including two women, were sentenced to long terms in prison and many others to short terms, on similar charges.

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GRIS! BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR AND STOP DANDRUFF

Hair Becomes Charming,
Wavy, Lustrous and Thick
in Few Minutes.

Every Bit of Dandruff Disap-
pears and Hair Stops
Coming Out.

Put 25 cents you can save your hair.
In less than ten minutes you can dou-
ble its beauty. Your hair becomes
light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and ap-
pears as soft, lustrous and charming
as a young girl's after applying some
Dandruff. Also try this—moisten a
cloth with a little Dandruff and care-
fully draw it through your hair, tak-
ing one small strand at a time. This
will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or
excessive oil, and in a few min-
utes you have doubled the beauty
of your hair. A delightful surprise
awaits those whose hair has been neg-
lected or is scraggy, faded, dry, brittle
or thin. Besides beautifying the hair,
Dandruff dissolves every particle of
dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invig-
orates the scalp, forever stopping itch-
ing and falling hair, but what will
please you most will be after a few
weeks use, when you see new hair—
fine and downy—at first—yes—but
really new hair growing all over the
scalp. If you care for pretty, soft
hair, and lots of it, surely get a 25-
cent bottle of Knowlton's Dandruff
from any drug store or toilet counter
and just try it.

VILJOEN WRITES STORY ABOUT PIEBALD HORSE

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL
Santa Fe, Nov. 15.—The story of a
Piebald Horse is another contribu-
tion to literature by Gen. Ben J. Vil-
joen, of La Mesa, Dona Ana county.
The story appears in yesterday's il-
lustrated Sunday Magazine.

Col. Ralph E. Twitchell has com-
pleted the first half of his forthcoming
book, "The Confederate Invasion
of New Mexico." It deals in graphic
manner with the events preceding and
including the battle of Valverde, the
capture of Albuquerque and Santa Fe,
the confederates and leads up to
the battle of Glorietta, which was one
of the decisive conflicts of the world,
for in a way it decided the conflict
between the north and the south. It
is shown that the confederate plan
was to overrun New Mexico and Cal-
ifornia, to mortgage the gold and silver
mines of those states as well as those
of California in England for funds to
carry on the war, to get supplies to
the south by the way of the Pacific
coast because the Atlantic and Gulf
ports were blockaded. The confeder-
ates also hoped to capture all the
designs, which also included the an-
nexation of Sonora and Chihuahua.
The first chapter will appear in the
January number of Old Santa Fe and
after appearing serially will appear in
book form, beautifully illustrated.
The records as printed in the footnotes
speak all disparagingly of the New
Mexico militia and the publication of
the book is therefore bound to arouse
much comment if not controversy.

GRANT COUNTY ROAD TO BE ONE OF FINEST IN ALL NEW MEXICO

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL
Lordsburg, N. M., Nov. 15.—One of
the finest roads in the state of New
Mexico is to be built between Lords-
burg-Tyrone and Silver City, accord-
ing to announcements from the office
of the state engineer. An expenditure
of \$14,000 is to be made in order to
give Lordsburg one of the grandest
highways in the southwest. The new
road will mean much in making a
closer relationship between Lordsburg
and the thriving mining camp of Ty-
rone, where the Elkhorn Dodge syn-
dicate is making preparations for sig-
nificant mining and milling operations
by the first of the year.
Through the efforts of Messrs.
Muller, Burdette, Owsen, Suller
and Edwards, comprising the county
road board and commissioners, the
appropriation has been designated to
be applied on the Lordsburg road.

GOOD-NIGHT CORNS, GOOD-BOY "GETS-IT"

New-Plan Corn Remedy That Never
Fails. The Simple, Common
Sense Way.

You poor corn-sufferers, with corns,
blisters and heart pains! Sit down
tonight and put a few drops of "Gets-
it" on the simple corn remedy in the
world, on your corns. You can ap-
ply it in just a few seconds, without



"Gets-It" Ends Corn Pains. It's Sure
and Safe, too!

corn or trouble. What's the use ap-
plying salves that make toes raw and
sore, that make corns swell, bandages
that make it misery to walk, and that
stake, greasy ointment, and other con-
trivances. Get rid of corns the easy
way, quick, simple, sure, new way.
That's common sense. Try "Gets-It"
also for warts and bunions. "Gets-It"
can't hurt. — the corn, blisters, and
comes right off—clean off.

"Gets-It" is sold at all druggists,
the bottle, or sent direct by E. Law-
rence & Co., Chicago.

Sold in Albuquerque and recom-
mended as the world's best corn re-
medy by Ottwell Drug Co. and High-
land Pharmacy.

VALENCIA COUNTY TEACHERS JOIN IN FULL FORCE

Superintendent Saturnini Baca
Makes Strong Talk to Edu-
cators and Big Attendance
at Convention is Assured.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL
Belen, N. M., Nov. 15.—In a talk
before the Valencia County Teachers'
association meeting, which was held
in Belen Saturday, Superintendent
Saturnini Baca of the county schools
urged that school directors in all dis-
tricts make arrangements to send
teachers to the educational conven-
tion in Albuquerque next week. While
it is not compulsory for directors to
do this, Superintendent Baca believes
that directors will realize importance
of the convention and act accordingly.

The teachers' meeting was one of
the most enthusiastic that has been
held in Valencia county, there being
present about fifty teachers and vic-
tors when President H. Baca of
the association called to order. W. M.
Fox of the Belen schools made the
address of welcome and was respon-
ded to by Frank Sanchez. Roll call
was answered by forty teachers, each
giving a short talk on "What I Am
Doing for My School." Adeline San-
chez, of the Adelino school, surprised
even his most intimate friends by a
very able paper on "Needs of the
Rural Schools." Mrs. Durand, a new
teacher who recently arrived from
California, spoke on domestic science.

In the afternoon session music was
rendered by the Belen teachers. Pres-
ident Fox spoke on the Valencia
county high school and urged that all
county children be prepared for the
county high school. The play ground
demonstration was in the shape of
a football game between two selected
teams. A volley ball game by the
seventh and eighth grade pupils of
Belen and a basketball game by the
county teachers and the Valencia
county high school.

The program was closed by a re-
ception to the visiting teachers by
the domestic science department of
the Belen schools.

The day as a whole was enjoyed
very much by every one present but
what really encouraged the most was
the speech by Superintendent Baca
on the progress of the Valencia coun-
ty schools during the last four years.
Four years ago Valencia county had
thirty teachers, now it has sixty, and
there won't be a single district in all
the county that will have less than
nine months of school.

SCHOOL EXHIBIT JUDGES ANNOUNCED BY WAGNER

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL
Santa Fe, Nov. 15.—Secretary J. H.
Wagner today announced the follow-
ing judges for the school exhibit at
Albuquerque during the educational
convention:

County High Schools—Prof. C. E.
Hodgin, University of New Mexico,
Albuquerque; Miss Ethel Pickett, East
Las Vegas; C. C. Ziegler, president of
the Spanish-American Normal school,
Albuquerque.

County Grade Schools—M. H. Epp-
rett, county superintendent of schools,
Clayton; J. E. Brownlee, Silver City;
Miss Edna Brown, Roswell.

City High Schools—G. Shumway,
Silver City; C. Williams, East Las
Vegas; R. K. Tipton, county superin-
tendent of schools, Alamogordo.

City Grade Schools—Superintendent
J. M. Bickley, Clayton; Superintendent
George Louder, Socorro; County Super-
intendent Isabel Kekkon, Silver City.
State Schools—University of New
Mexico, Albuquerque; Superintendent Byron Read, East Las
Vegas; County Superintendent Grace
Goebel, Deming; Superintendent J. H.
Dowden, Gallup.

United States Government Schools—
Principal A. C. Hoeman, Albuquerque;
Superintendent J. M. Morfitt, Alamo-
gordo; County Superintendent Miss W.
L. Gibb, Alamogordo.

Mission and Parochial Schools—
Superintendent United States Indian
School Frederick C. Snyder, Santa Fe;
Assistant Superintendent of Public In-
struction, Superintendent Baca, Santa Fe;
County Superintendent Benito
Montoya, Bernalillo.

Superintendent C. S. Cramer, of
Springer, writes that every one of his
seven teachers will attend the educa-
tional convention. The board of educa-
tion voted not only to give them full
pay for the week but also \$15
each toward their expenses.

Recruits for the Pen.

Santa Fe, Nov. 15.—Three prisoners
were brought to the pen today by
Sheriff Porfirio Chavez of Lincoln
county, who was assisted by his de-
puty, Loughey, while Deputies Lalone
and Smead lodged three persons
from Lincoln county in the pen.
The recruits for the pen today
were: Eduardo Venegas, twelve
to eighteen months for assault with a
deadly weapon; Daniel Sandoval, four
to five years and \$500 fine and costs
for larceny; Miguel Luna, twelve to
eighteen months for assault with in-
tent to kill. The following were com-
mitted to the insane asylum: Maricela
Martinez, Alcaraz Barnes and Francis-
co Hernandez.

SENATOR THOMAS SUED ON \$100,000 BOND

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)
Colorado Springs, Colo., Nov. 14.—
United States Senator Charles E.
Thomas and the Colorado Title &
Trust Co. of this city, are made de-
fendants in a suit filed today in the
district court involving \$100,000. The
plaintiff is Miss Minnie Barndollar,
Senator Thomas was made adminis-
trator of the estate of Harry Hall in
1909, and the trust company provid-
ed his bond of \$100,000. The plaintiff
alleges that Senator Thomas has fail-
ed to satisfy a judgment of \$48,000,
which Miss Barndollar secured in the
district court here last May. She
asks that the administrator's bond be
declared forfeited.

Santa Fe Personals.

Santa Fe, Nov. 15.—Judge John H.
Morris has returned from a business
trip to his former home at Las Cruces.
Mrs. Eva Castle Haynes, stenogra-
pher for the state corporation com-
mission, is home from a vacation
spent with her brother at Fresno,
Calif.

Archbishop J. B. Pitaval is home af-
ter a visit with Father M. Vander-
maesen at Las Cruces.

Notes of Interest From State Museum

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Nov. 14.—Luis Becha-
min, of Albuquerque, was one of the
New Mexico visitors to the New Mex-
ico building at San Diego who stated
that the building should be kept open
during 1916, and believes that every
county should be willing to contrib-
ute \$1,000 for that purpose. George
Baker of Pecos, H. M. Atkins of
Madera and Thomas N. Walsh of
Fort Bayard agreed with him.

Julius Rolshoven, a well known
artist of Castello del Diavolo, of Flo-
rence, Italy, as well as in Paris, was
especially interested in the architec-
ture of the New Mexico building. He
said that the earliest type of architec-
ture in Italy was extremely severe and
was very much like the New Mex-
ico building. In the fourteenth cen-
tury huge towers were available
in Italy for building purposes and
therefore straight lines predominated.
In place of the Greek column with
which the builders were familiar, the
trunks of large trees were employed.
This style of architecture was car-
ried from Italy into North Africa and
by the Moors into Spain and from
there to New Mexico, where it is ex-
plained in the mission churches.

But nowhere, said Mr. Rolshoven,
had he seen a building of that style
quite as attractive as the New Mexico
building at San Diego. Mr. Rol-
shoven promised to visit New Mexico
and Santa Fe, being especially pleas-
ed to hear that the new museum
building will be a replica of the
Acropolis in Athens.

Eugene L. Stender, of 42 Broad-
way, also declared that the building
is a gem and was much interested in
the archaeological display.

F. H. Carter, a college classmate
of Frank Springer, a recent of the
Museum of New Mexico and its prin-
cipal patron, was a delightful and de-
lightful visitor. Carter, a Mr. Rol-
shoven was much interested and
pleased. He has an interest in one
of the cattle companies in Colfax
county and was surprised to find
upon the walls a large photograph of
one of the company's herds.

On Thanksgiving day the great
highway between Los Angeles and
San Diego will be completed and in
celebration of the event 3,000 auto-
mobiles will start from Los Angeles
on Wednesday afternoon for the ex-
position which will remain until the
Monday following.

The New Mexicans who registered
were: Ruby Brown, Cloudcroft; E. S.
Mickock, Monterey; William Rob-
erts, Helen Roberts, Ferndale; Louis
Benjamin, Albuquerque; Mr. and Mrs.
George W. Baker, Pecos; R. M. At-
kins, Madera; Mr. Martinez, Hurley;
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas N. Walsh,
Fort Bayard; Robert Jackson, Silver
City; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Spencer,
Socorro; White Oak; A. R.
Hines, Roswell; Charles Fairfield,
Gallup; Mr. and Mrs. Bernhardt Ap-
pel, Las Vegas.

SMALL GRAINS TO BE BIG CROP IN PECOS VALLEY NEXT YEAR

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Artesia, N. M., Nov. 15.—Small
grains, such as barley, wheat, rye and
oats, will be one of the largest crops
raised in the Pecos valley next year.
One dealer, Mr. E. B. Bullock of Ar-
tesia, has so far sold over 40,000
pounds of seed oats and over 20,000
pounds of seed barley. He estimates
that this amount will plant 1,000
acres of oats and 500 acres of barley,
and this is the sales of one dealer in
one locality. In the Carlsbad district
1,000 acres of wheat have already
been put in, and a new elevator will
be erected at Lordsburg, south of Carls-
bad, before the crop comes on, to
handle the product. Several test
patches in the Carlsbad district last
year showed an average yield of over
sixty bushels of wheat to the acre,
which is an excellent showing, as the
average yield in the United States is
only thirteen bushels per acre. In
Roosevelt and Curry counties, without
the aid of irrigation, this year's crop
of wheat ran close to fifteen bushels
per acre, and on the dry land farm
of A. R. Brennan, nine miles south-
west of Artesia, a yield of seventeen
bushels per acre was had without ir-
rigation.

Two test patches of oats north of
Artesia in the cotton wood valleys
convinced the Pecos valley farmers
that the best of the best of growing
crops that can be raised in south-
eastern New Mexico. On the farm of
William Parks, five miles north of Ar-
tesia, a stand with but very little at-
tention made over eighty bushels per
acre. On the farm of Edsel Snyder a
stand of oats with two irrigations
made 162 bushels per acre, which
weighed three pounds per bushel over
the government test. As the oats
were sold by the pound Mr. Snyder
really received pay for a yield of
about 112 bushels per acre.

This will undoubtedly be the biggest
small grain year the Pecos valley has
ever seen. Hundreds of acres are al-
ready out, and in some cases, furnish-
ing winter pasture to stock. Many
more acres will be put in before
frost.

Escaped Prisoners Recaptured.

Santa Fe, Nov. 15.—Sheriff Felipe
Lacero of Las Cruces has recaptured
the four men who slugged Fidel
Sanchez, the jailer, and then escaped.

PAIN GONE! RUB SORE, RHEUMATIC ACHING JOINTS

Rub Pain Away With a Small
Trial Bottle of Old, Pen-
etrating "St. Jacob's Oil."

Stop "Dosing" Rheumatism.
It's pain only; not one case in fifty
requires internal treatment. Rub
nothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil"
right on the "tender spot," and by the
time you say Jack Robinson—out
comes the rheumatic pain and distress.
"St. Jacob's Oil" is a harmless rheu-
matic liniment which never dis-
appoints, penetrates, soothes and
achieves joints, muscles and bones;
stops sciatica, lumbago, backache and
neuritis.

Limber up. Get a small trial bot-
tle of old-time honest "St. Jacob's Oil"
from any drug store, and in a mo-
ment you'll be free from pains, aches
and stiffness. Don't suffer! Rub
rheumatism away.

NEW MEXICO HAS RECEIVED GREAT ADVERTISING AT SAN DIEGO SHOW

At End of October, 427,716
People Are Shown to Have
Visited Building on Exposi-
tion Grounds.

54,840 PIECES OF
LITERATURE DISTRIBUTED

Interest Is Still Great and
Vast Amount of Correspon-
dence of Advantage to
State Is Developing.

The New Mexico board of ex-
position managers, through Guy A. Reed,
manager at San Diego, has issued the
following statement:

"The closing months of the Pan-
ama-California exposition are now at
hand. This is the present exhibition
will officially end its career at mid-
night on December 31, only to open
again a few minutes later at the be-
ginning of a second year's exhibition,
which, as the men say, 'will be
bigger, better and grander than ever,'
as next year's exposition will be
represented by the best of the wonderful
foreign exhibits from the Panama-
Pacific exposition, now closing in San
Francisco.

"The European war is still raging
and consequently the bulk of Ameri-
can tourist travel will be deflected
west again and the San Diego ex-
position will be the one great attraction.
The present exhibition has been a
success financially and with the field
all to himself, coupled with the very
favorable impression made this year,
the continued exhibition should draw
an even greater attendance than
this year's exhibition. The statistics for
1915, Los Angeles and other sections
of southern California are, financially
satisfying. San Diego is continuing her
wonderful exhibition.

What New Mexico Has Done.

"New Mexico people, as a whole,
perhaps have a stronger sense of honor
than has been done by the board of
managers at San Diego. They know
that we have a building at this ex-
position and let it go at that. So we
submit to you the enclosed tabulated
statement which will show at a glance
just what has been accomplished so
far this year. These statistics have
been compiled from the office records
and the daily reports sent to Governor
McDonald, and members of the board.
The first and foremost accom-
plishment of New Mexico is the ac-
quiring of the grand prize, the highest
award possible for the general com-
petence, attractiveness, effectiveness
and methods employed in presenting
the state's varied resources. The New
Mexico display at San Diego repre-
sents an outlay of approximately \$140,000
and to have received the highest
award in competition with others who
had spent as much as half a million
on a single exhibit, was indeed a tri-
umph.

We wish to call attention to those
figures which may not be clearly un-
derstood by those not familiar with
the work being done here. We have
based our attendance figures and per-
centage on the paid attendance only.
The mass and free ticket gate av-
erage about fifteen hundred daily.
These people are employed on the
grounds by the various concession-
aires. They have, perhaps, visited
the building once or twice this year,
but not often enough to be taken into
consideration. The paid gate repre-
sents the tourists.

427,716 Visitors to Building.

"According to our reports approxi-
mately 427,716 people have visited
this building in the past ten months.
This statement is based on this as-
sumption: During the past year, one
of the attendants in the building
actually counted the visitors on two-
three and even four days each week.
In this way we secured the actual
daily attendance often enough to fig-
ure approximately just what per cent
of the paid gate visit the building.
Before many months had passed we
were able to areas within a hundred
of the actual visitors. Of these four
hundred and some odd thousand ac-
tual visitors, we dare say, they have
all been here at least once, and so
that we have possibly reached a
million and a half and no doubt more,
as the result of this campaign at San
Diego. Seventy-five per cent of our
present visitors state that they were
old to friends who were here this
summer, to be sure and visit the New
Mexico building.

"The average daily attendance for
ten months is 1,574. The highest
month is July, the lowest, January.
These figures show that approxi-
mately 23 per cent of the paid gate have
visited this building. This is a won-
derful showing and we doubt if it has
been equaled by any similar organi-
zation in present or previous ex-
positions. You will notice the high av-
erage for March and May. This is at-
tributed to advertising done
throughout the months of February
and March, the local, coast and eastern
papers carried column after column
of descriptive articles in the San
Diego exposition, and generally the
New Mexico building was the feature
of the article. It was this heavy
newspaper campaign that brought the
results from June to date. The high
May average is attributed to heavy
local and Los Angeles publicity given
the visit of Governor W. C. McDow-
ald and party at the time of the suc-
cessful dedication of this building.
These figures show that it does pay
to advertise.

Registry Shows 65,157 Names.
Our registers show 65,157 names.
About 50 per cent of these names will
be available for future use. This regis-
tration is higher than in any other
exhibit on the grounds. We have
found that about a fifth of the visitors
to the building take the time to regis-
ter. The low percentage in July is
due to the enormous crowds that
month. The greater the crowd the
lower the registration in proportion
has been the rule this summer.

A special New Mexico register con-
tains at present 4,421 names of home-
people. In other words, about one out
of every one hundred and twenty-five
residents of the "Sunshine" state came
to California this year and to do so
must have cost each one at least \$150.

of approximately a half a million dol-
lars was spent by New Mexicans for
travel and education this summer.

The Advertising Program.

"We have been presenting the
various resources of New Mexico by
means of illustrated lectures and
motion pictures. We have made
roads of good films and over 2,000
colored acetate slides. We have
thirty-six separate lectures on New
Mexico, covering every county, sec-
tion, city, town, industry, resource,
etc. We have averaged twelve lec-
tures per lecture per day. The high-
est month was June when we aver-
aged twenty-one per day. Through-
out the motion picture portion of the
program on October 1, and for the
same reason had to curtail the
lecture program in order to crowd the
average attendance per lecture or
picture for ten months has been re-
corded. The highest was in July, the
lowest in October. The motion pic-
ture is a greater drawing card than
the lecture, and our system has been
to use the films to attract an audi-
ence and follow the picture with an
illustrated lecture.

"Our records show that we have
delivered a total of 1,576 lectures.
The films have been run through the
months 1,576 times and we have de-
livered 492 lectures by special re-
quest to people who have been inter-
ested in some particular section of
New Mexico. These special request
lectures have been generally in agri-
culture, irrigation and climate.

Special Events in Building.

"We have held 147 special events
in the building. By special events
we mean an entertainment or show of
some distinguished character in 150
buildings. They have been arranged in
the general exhibition grounds and
the local papers. This has been a
great source of local publicity for us
and we have been able to keep the
New Mexico building in the public eye
in three or four times a week
throughout the year, and we have
been able to visit without any ex-
pense upon our part. Our space in
two hundred and thirty feet front most
New Mexicans are familiar with the
features on the house corners have been
very good to us and covered the ex-
position in an excellent manner. The
presented model exhibit of the exposition
and the establishment of the building.

"These statistics which we present
in our book are intended to give of
five records and reports sent daily
to the chairman. To date 156 have
been mailed. These reports are quite
complete and contain all the figures
given above, also interviews with all
men and women of importance who
pass as a result of the exposition
news relating to New Mexico. These
reports have been the basis of the
newspaper publicity in the home pa-
pers.

Many Inquiries Answered.

"We have answered 1,287 inquiries
by mail. These are letters to people
who have written about New Mex-
ico. You will notice the enormous
jump from April to May. This was
caused by a new system inaugurated
and traced directly to the heavy in-
crease in March, April and May. Prior
to May we were able to supply the
various sections of New Mexico with
the names of interested people quite
easily but with the beginning of the
rush our former system was discor-
dant. We purchased a multigraph
and had a multigraph machine in-
stalled each week of the reports and
list of names of interested parties.
This item is covered under the col-
umn 'Reports mailed to Commercial
clubs, etc.' This weekly report sys-
tem was in effect until October 1,
when we discontinued it because
it was too costly to continue this feature
for the time being.

"We have distributed over 54,000
pieces of literature in this building.
About one out of eight secures a
brochure of some sort. The state
of the grounds report to us that
this very seldom find any of our
literature thrown away. When any
one secures a copy of the official
souvenir book, 'New Mexico, the
Land of Opportunity,' we obtain
first names and addresses and when
possible the subject and section in
which they are interested. These
cards are filed and classified and the
names sent to all parts of New Mex-
ico. At the present time we have
over 2,000 cards on hand and they
accumulate at the rate of from ten
to fifteen per day. About 2,000 copies
of the state book are left and a great
number of pamphlets. Agriculture,
mining, tourist attractions, lands, ir-
rigation projects and climate are the
principal items marked by visitors.

"The San Diego building had been
open 28 days. The first three
quarters of the year we kept open on
Sundays. We did this for a purpose.
Sunday morning papers carried
feature articles on what was to be
seen at the exposition and we re-
ceived a lot of publicity. We put on at-
tractive Sunday programs, Indian mot-
ion pictures generally, and consequently
we had big crowds. They were San
Diego crowds, but it had this effect
that it was what we wanted. We
showed local people what he had and
then in the summer when the crowds
came the local people always told the
tourist not to miss the New Mexico
building. Since Easter all state build-
ings have been closed on Sunday.

"The San Diego building had been
accomplished in San Diego. We have
had a very hearty cooperation from
New Mexico and from our returns
we understand that the various parts
of the state are beginning to get re-
sults from the work done here. The
results from publicity work of this
character are generally very hard to
trace, or else overlooked, but one
thing is certain. New Mexico has
never been advertised in such a suc-
cessful way before. We have accom-
plished with a comparatively small
outlay of money what other states and
buildings have attempted with vast
sums at their disposal. We have suc-
ceeded because we have had com-
petence.

HORLICK'S

The Original
- Malted Milk
Unless you say "HORLICK'S"
you may not get a Substitute.



LISMORE
LISMORE 20c. HENON 25c.

ALBUQUERQUE COLIARS
For 25c. Coliars, Peabody & Co., Inc., Makers



The milk is already mixed in it

With other pancake flour, you have to buy the
milk and add it yourself, to get really good results.
When you use Aunt Jemima's Pancake Flour, you
save this extra expense.
Pure, sweet milk is already mixed in it. Much
more delicious, too.
Have your grocer send you a package, and see for
yourself.



"Made in a minute—the milk's mixed in it"

figures different and we presented it to
the public in a modern and business-
like manner. We improved people
and among the thousand and one
souls of an exposition this, we were
able to say, that the New Mexico
building and what New Mexico has
to offer to the world, will be remem-
bered long after everything else is
forgotten.

BIG TRACT NEAR LORDSBURG TO BE OPENED SOON

Land in Animas Valley, Com-
prising Vast Areas of Val-
uable Farm Land, Will Be
Placed on Market.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Lordsburg, N. M., Nov. 15.—On No-
vember 17 one of the largest tracts
of land in the southwest will be put
on the open market for sale.

The tract is in what is known as the Animas
valley and comprises large areas
of valuable farming land as well as
excellent grazing country.

Several years ago the survey of this
land was made but owing to arising
complications in having part of it de-
clined as 320-acre homestead land
the filing of the township plat has
been delayed.

Filing on the land will be accepted
by the Land Office and will be accepted
after November 17 but no application will
be recorded until the 27th of December
at 9 o'clock. The state of New Mex-
ico will have sixty days after that
date in which to make any selection
of land that may be pending in the
office of the commissioner of public
lands, Robert P. Green, at Santa Fe.

Some of the land included in the
big plat is as follows: Township
11, 25, 26 and 27 south, in range 20
west, this land being in the famous
Animas valley and containing such
well known places as Valley View,
Manfield, Hackberry, Walnut and
Pratt. Township 26 south, range 19
west, the township directly north of
Animas station on the P. & S. N.
railroad will be put on the market at
the same date. Other land contained
in the new plat filing are township
28 south, range 18 west, and township
29 south, range 18 west, to the upper
Animas valley near the N. M. and
Deming ranches. Several ranch-
ships and traditional ranches in the
extreme south end of Grant county
and adjoining the Mexico line are
among the new filings.

SUIT FILED TO GET COMMISSION REVEALS SALE

Orville Wright Is Shown to Have Disposed of All Interest in Aeroplane Company of Dayton

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—The suit filed today in the federal court at New York, charging that Orville Wright disposed of all his interest in the Wright Aeroplane Company of Dayton, Ohio, is a suit for the recovery of \$250,000 in cash and a bond and mortgage for \$250,000.

JOHNNY O'LEARY IS OUTPOINTED BY WELSH DECLARE RING CRITICS

WINNING, Mass., Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—Johnny O'Leary, the Irish champion of the world, outpointed Arthur Welsh, the Canadian champion, in a twelve-round fight here tonight. Welsh led in nine rounds in the opinion of ring critics.

Except for occasional bursts of speed, the fighting was rather slow, with Welsh leading in all but the first, fifth and tenth rounds, which went to the Irish lad.

O'Leary made his best showing in the initial round but during the next three rounds his opponent outpointed him, drawing blood in the second round. Welsh's left stopped the aggressive rushes of O'Leary without much trouble, except in the fifth and tenth rounds. Welsh's infighting also was a feature.

Hares at Ti Juana Christmas. San Diego, Calif., Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—A race meeting at Ti Juana, Lower California, on Christmas day, was made today by W. E. Tobias and Harry J. Moore, two directors of the company that holds a concession for racing rattle there.

Hennings Plan Burns. Washington, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—Fire tonight destroyed the grandstand and fourteen stalls at historic Hennings race track on the outskirts of Washington. One stableman in the building, four others were badly injured and two valuable horses were burned to death. A cigarette thrown on a board walk outside of the grounds is believed to have started the blaze. Although the track had not been open for several years, about 300 horses were gathered there for participation in nearby races.

Russell Defends Kaituma. New Orleans, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—Frank Russell, of New Orleans, easily outpointed Rocky Kaituma, of Buffalo, N. Y., and was awarded the decision at the end of a fast fifteen-round bout here tonight.

FEDERATION WANTS HILLSTROM REPRIVED

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—The American Federation of Labor convention today in the movement to obtain a new deal for Joseph Hillstrom, secretary to the United States in San Francisco.

Two speakers addressed the delegates. Thomas Moore, a moderate, and Delbert Chandler, a radical. Both declared that Hillstrom had not been given a fair trial. President Chandler referred the matter to the wage and means committee, which advised a plan for the removal of Hillstrom and the removal of Utah to prevent the election.

Hillstrom, a member of the United States of the World, was convicted of the murder of a San Francisco grocer and his son.

Ten Captains of College Football Teams



LEFT TO RIGHT—MAHAN-HARVARD-FULLBACK—WILSON-YALE-LEFT HALF BACK—BARRETT-CORNELL—QUARTER—GLICK-PRINCETON-QUARTER—ANDREWS—BROWN-LEFT HALF—HARRIS—U OF P—RIGHT TACKLE. ABELL—COLGATE—RIGHT TACKLE—MILES—NAVY—QUARTER—MAULIFFE-DARTMOUTH—TACKLE—WEYAND-ARMY—TACKLE.

A. H. S. FOOTBALL TEAM AGREES TO RENEW TRAINING

Game Is to Be Scheduled Saturday; Negotiations Are Under Way With Aztec for a Contest.

High school football players who struck last week yesterday agreed to resume practice and to finish their season. The decision was reached at a conference between Principal J. W. O'Brien and a committee representing the team.

An effort will be made to schedule a game for Saturday. Communication is now being made with the Aztec high school with the view of bringing that institution's team here. The game scheduled for Thanksgiving day at the Dipwell grounds between A. H. S. and the Aztec team will be played.

The proposed constitution for the high school athletic conference was submitted to the A. H. S. Athletic Association yesterday. The clause providing that schools from outside the city should not be admitted to the conference was rejected. The association will meet again on November 23 to consider the proposed constitution. The proposed constitution would have allowed schools from outside the city to be admitted to the conference.

Portland May Be Dropped. San Francisco, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—The Pacific Coast League today announced that it had decided to drop Portland from the league next year.

Hope Wins First Match. New York, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—The first match of the baseball season was played here tonight between the New York Yankees and the Boston Red Sox. The Yankees won by a score of 10 to 3.

CENSUS REPORT ON ALBUQUERQUE IS MADE PUBLIC

Progress of City in Manufactures During Year 1914 Is Described in Interesting Departmental Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—The report of the census of manufactures for the city of Albuquerque, N. M., has been issued by Director Sam L. Rogers, of the bureau of the census, department of commerce. It consists of a summary of the figures for 1914 and 1913, prepared under the direction of Mr. William M. Stewart, chief statistician for manufactures.

The figures are preliminary and subject to such change and correction as may be found necessary from a further examination of the original reports. The census of 1914, like that of 1913, with preference to manufactures, includes the hand trades, the building trades, and the manufacturing industries, and took account only of establishments conducted under the factory system. In the last census taken in 1909, statistics were collected for establishments having products for the market, valued at less than \$100,000, except that reports were taken for establishments adding a portion of the census year, or which began operation during that year, and whose products for such year were valued at less than \$100,000.

The census report may serve as a guide in the future, provided they are not of a nature to be used for a single individual, partnership, corporation, or other single or multiple enterprise, and are located in the same town or city.

The reports were taken for the calendar year ending December 31, 1914, whereas the system of bookkeeping prevailing during that period was to record when the fiscal year of an establishment differed from the calendar year a report was obtained for the operations of that establishment for its fiscal year falling most nearly within the calendar year 1914.

NO FAVORS ASKED BY U. S. FROM FOREIGNERS. Washington, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—The United States government today announced that it had decided to ask no favors from foreigners in the future.

from a percentage standpoint, the increase for the several items took as follows: Capital, 33 per cent; salaries, 15.5 per cent; operating, 52.4 per cent; value of product, 43.3 per cent; value added by manufacture, 14.7 per cent; wage earners, 14.3 per cent; wages, 22.7 per cent; and primary horsepower, 14.9 per cent.

The capital invested, as reported in 1914, was \$1,593,000, a gain of \$746,000, or 48 per cent, over \$847,000 in 1909. The average capital per establishment was approximately \$29,000 in 1914 and \$27,000 in 1909. In this connection it should be stated that the figures contained in the census schedule refer to the total amount of capital, both owned and borrowed, invested in the business, but exclude the value of rented property, plant, or equipment which was employed in the conduct of manufacturing enterprises.

The cost of materials used in 1914 was \$1,831,000, an increase of \$581,000, or 32 per cent, over \$1,250,000 in 1909. The average cost of materials per establishment in 1914 was approximately \$18,000, and in 1909 \$14,000. In addition to the component materials which enter into the products of the establishment for the census year there are included the cost of fuel, oil, supplies, and rent of power and heat. The cost of materials, however, does not include purchased materials and supplies bought either for speculation or for use during a subsequent period.

The census inquiry does not include amounts paid for miscellaneous expenses, such as rent of office, royalties, insurance, ordinary repairs, advertising, traveling expenses, or others also for depreciation.

The value of products in 1914 was \$1,514,000, and in 1909, \$1,235,000, the increase being \$279,000, or 22.6 per cent. The average per establishment in 1914 was approximately \$14,000 and in 1909 \$12,000.

The value of products represents plants as actually turned out by the factories during the census year and does not necessarily have any relation to the amount of sales for that year. The values under this head also include amounts received for work done on materials furnished by others.

The value added by manufacture represents the difference between the value of materials used and the value of the products manufactured from them. In 1914 the value added by manufacture was \$1,026,000, and in 1909 \$784,000, the increase being \$242,000, or 30.9 per cent. The value added per establishment in 1914 was approximately \$10,000 and in 1909 \$7,000.

The salaries and wages in 1914 amounted to \$1,514,000 and in 1909, to \$880,000, the increase being \$634,000, or 72.1 per cent. In 1914 the number of salaried employees was 193, as compared with 87 in 1909. The average number of wage earners in 1914 was 84, and in 1909, 57, the increase being 27, or 47.4 per cent.

Offered to Play Again. Chicago, Nov. 15.—(Special Cable News.)—The Chicago Cubs, who were defeated by the St. Louis Cardinals in the World Series, today announced that they had decided to play again next season.

WINCHESTER

RIFLE AND PISTOL CARTRIDGES

For accurate and uniform shooting, penetration and reliability, Winchester cartridges—the W brand—are unexcelled. They are made for all kinds of arms and are sold everywhere. When buying

See That The Box Bears The Big

W



SUNNY BROOK
The PURE FOOD Whiskey
As A Pleasant Beverage and A Pure Wholesome Tonic It Has No Equal.
THE MEYERS CO., INC.
General Distributors
Albuquerque, N. M.

Hudson for Signs
Wall Paper
HUDSON for Picture Frames
Fourth St. and Copper Ave.

LUMBER
Paints, Oils, Glass, Millwork Roofing and Building Paper.
J. C. BALDRIDGE LUMBER COMPANY



"Roll Your Own"—It's All The Fashion

"Bull" Durham tobacco, fresh, delicious, satisfying, is the favorite smoke of ultra-smart America. Any afternoon in the fashionable metropolis, prominent business men, professional men and club men roll up in their motors to the popular Thes-Dansants, Hotels and Restaurants for a bit of light refreshment, a view of the dancing, and—most enjoyable of all—a fragrant, fresh-rolled "Bull" Durham Cigarette, fashioned by their own skill, to meet their individual requirements.

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

"Bull" Durham is distinguished from all other tobaccos by a wonderful, delightful, unique, aroma that can instantly be recognized in the faintest trace of smoke. There is no other fragrance like it in all the world.

"Bull" Durham hand made cigarettes are a source of lasting satisfaction to millions of experienced smokers.

FREE An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, free, to any address in U. S. on postal request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.



How Drunkards are Being Saved



These 18 Pictures tell their own story. Even a child can understand them. CONQUER DRINK HABIT IN 72 HOURS. An article describing a method for conquering the drink habit in 72 hours. The article is written by Edward J. Woods, a man who has successfully conquered his own drink habit.

MINERS WITH ASTHMA

are getting weaker every day, because the particles of dust that float through the air gradually choke the breathing tubes and finally affect the lungs.

For this reason every man who works in the mines should take a spoonful of Scott's Emulsion after meals, because it peculiarly benefits the breathing tubes and soothes the irritated membranes, while its pure cod liver oil improves the blood, strengthens the throat and fortifies the lungs.

Scott's Emulsion is helping so many men suffering from Miners' Asthma that you should try it at once. It is Nature's strengthening food- tonic, free from alcohol or harmful drugs. Your druggist has it. Always insist on the genuine Scott's Emulsion.

Scott & Bower, Bloomfield, N. J.

BARON SHIBUSAWA

NOT HERE TO GET LOAN

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—Baron E. Shibusawa of Japan, left here today for Seattle, Wash., after issuing a formal statement concerning his mission in the United States. Chief among these, he said, was a desire to comply with "the earnest and repeated invitation of a group of many friends in the United States, both Japanese and American, representing important commercial interests who felt an immediate conference might serve to clear up certain mutual misunderstandings and promote friendly relations."

He said he was not here to negotiate either war or commercial loans.

FAILS TO CONVINCE

POLICE HE'S MURDERER

Chicago, Nov. 15.—John J. Burke, who had almost convinced the police that he was the murderer of Franklin D. Roosevelt, a war order broker, will be sent to a psychiatric hospital for two weeks' observation as a result of an examination today by M. J. Purcell, city physician. Burke puzzled the police by insisting he murdered Roosevelt, but Dr. Purcell finally decided Burke was of unsound mind and in need of institutional restraint. Police Captain O'Brien reached the same conclusion, but expressed it differently.

"He's a nut and ought to be locked up," said the policeman.

NEGRO LEADER TO BE

BURIED WEDNESDAY

Tulsa, Okla., Nov. 15.—Funeral services for Booker T. Washington, the noted negro educator, will be held Wednesday morning. It was announced tonight at Tuskegee institute, where he died, that the funeral will be in the grounds of the institute.



"As Light As a Feather"

"Talk about light, fluffy, tempting and wholesome Jelly Rolls, Cakes, Biscuits and other good things! My! but

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

certainly beats the band for sure results—for purity, economy and wholesome bakings. Tell your mother to try Calumet Baking Powder on the money-back guarantee.

Received Highest Awards
Two Gold Medals
One Silver Medal

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET

MAKING POWDER

CHICAGO

Chas and big can Baking Powders do not save you money. Calumet does—it's Pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.

RUSSIANS TELL PERSIANS NOT TO FEAR SLAVS

Invasion by Grand Duke's Army Is Solely for Purpose of Ending Intrigues of German Gold.

FOR MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE
Tehran, Persia, Nov. 15 (via London, 2:56 p. m.)—A proclamation issued by the Russian legation, addressed to the Persian people, states that in view of the false measures taken hitherto against "the corrupting gold of Germany," and against Turkish and German agents who are seeking to compromise the friendship of Russia for Persia, the Russian government has decided, in agreement with Persia, to put an end to these activities in the interest of the good relations of the two nations.

An appeal is made to all persons to believe—Russian arms will not be turned against them or their possessions, but will be used solely in defense of the peaceful population. It is stated that may will be given for any article the troops may take.

BRITISH DIPLOMATIC OFFICERS ARE ATTACKED

London, Nov. 15 (7:07 p. m.)—The foreign office today issued a statement in which it recounts a series of attacks made on British consuls and other officials in Persia, in one case, it is asserted, under the direction of a German consul. The statement begins with a report of the killing of Major Oliphant, Captain Banning and one Sipoy, who had gone out to reconnoiter when tribesmen were planning to attack the British general's residence, outside Shiraz, and tells how Thomas G. Graham, consul general at Isfahan, was wounded and his escort killed while they were out riding. The statement says also that the vice consul at Shiraz, Ghulam Ali Khan, and a servant were killed and a clerk wounded. The consul at Shiraz and the manager of the imperial bank there have been made prisoners. It is reported, under orders from Tehran, the attack in which the German consul is said to have been concerned occurred at Kermanshah. A German officer with a force of two hundred men and two Maxim guns occupied the hills surrounding Kermanshah and informed the governor that he would fire unless the Russian consuls left within three hours. The consuls, the reports say, were forced to withdraw to Hamadan. The statement explains that the object of the attack was to keep the consuls of the entente powers away from Kermanshah, which is the "main means of entrance for German agents into Persia."

BISSING PLEASED AT APPRECIATION OF THE BELGIANS

At Least, That's What a Correspondent of a Berlin Paper Writes; Says Country Is Being Put on Its Feet.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Berlin, Oct. 30.—The Brussels correspondent of Die Post sends a long interview with the governor general of Belgium, General von Bissing, in which he is entirely pleased with the manner in which the Belgian people have received his efforts to "put the country back on its feet again."

"The principal problem, that of feeding the people, has been fairly well met," said von Bissing, "but we have had less success in our attempts to revive manufactures and industries. Until the usual facilities for the export of manufactured goods are restored at the close of the war, the situation must be to some extent abnormal."

Mining Developed.
"But while it must be admitted that industry in general has been seriously handicapped, there is one branch of which we have succeeded in developing very well. I refer to the mining industry, especially the mines in the neighborhood of Liege, from which we are now producing almost as much coal as in times of peace, and even the mines in other districts are working well. The management and further advancement of this business I have entrusted to the committees of central coal depots which I have inaugurated. These committees are in a position to become acquainted with local needs, and they can consequently take what measures are necessary for supplying the requirements of their particular districts."

General von Bissing remarked that the measures adopted to induce workers to set about their tasks under German supervision were working satisfactorily, as were also the measures taken to check the boycott of Germans by the Belgians. Remarking that the public schools throughout Belgium are again open, the governor said:

"But the supervision is, to some extent, of a political nature, so that the schools themselves can not be used as a field for political agitation and it will not be possible for the rising generation to be brought up with a feeling of enmity towards the Germans planted in their breasts. I should, indeed, be pleased if only I could say that the universities too were once again at work and certainly I have left nothing undone to this end."

VILLA STURGES PREPARE ATTACK ON HERMOSILLO

General Dieguez, With 8,000 Men and 6,000 Reinforcements, Hurrying Forward; Waits Assault of Enemy.

FOR MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE
Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 15.—Hermosillo, capital of the state of Sonora, was the objective of both Villa and Carranza forces in Sonora today.

Behind entrenchments in the capital, General Dieguez was reported waiting for the attack of General Villa.

General Dieguez was reported to have 8,000 men and twenty-four cannons from the west coast of Mexico with 6,000 men on route from Guaymas to reinforce him.

Villa is said to have more than 11,000 men, either with him or drawing near in mobilization before the city. These include the Yaqui Indians, 1,500 men under General Triunfo.

General Calles, with approximately 7,000 men and twenty field pieces, is taking the shortest way to attack Villa from the rear at Hermosillo.

It is therefore indicated that Villa is menaced from front and rear.

Nogales reports state he has begun an assault on the capital. Should he capture the city, he will have captured the forces from Agua Prieta at his back and the reinforcements from Guaymas to face. Should he fail he would be attacked in front by Dieguez and in the rear by Calles.

Reports received here are that all the Villa troops in Sonora are hurrying to reinforce him.

Troops Move Southward.
Troops withdrawn entirely from Naco under Gen. Jose Rodriguez in Sonora and pursued by Colonel Carranza with 2,000 men, withdrew the Villa garrison from Chihuahua and continued westward, leaving Carranza troops to occupy Carranza troops today.

The withdrawal of Villa troops from Nogales south toward Hermosillo had been progress several days. The movement of the 7,000 Carranza troops from Agua Prieta to Naco began yesterday.

General Obregon led the force to Naco and gave final direction for the offensive against Villa.

General Calles departed for Naco today, announcing that he would personally direct the execution of Obregon's plans for the campaign.

It was reported here, early today, that Villa was planning a mobilization at Magdalena, preparatory to a return to Chihuahua. His reported attack upon Hermosillo came as a surprise here.

GREAT BRITAIN TO RECOGNIZE CARRANZA

Washington, Nov. 15.—Sir Cecil Spring Rice, the British ambassador, accompanied by Mr. Hohler, charge of the British legation at Mexico City, called at the state department today to discuss Mexican questions with Secretary Lansing. They were particularly interested in prospects for settlement of claims growing out of the American occupation of Vera Cruz.

It is understood the date of recognition of the de facto government in Mexico will depend upon the nature of the report to be made to Secretary Lansing this week by Elihu Aredondo, just back from a conference with General Carranza.

The state department announced tonight that permission had been granted the de facto government to send former Villa soldiers who have been granted amnesty over American territory from Agua Prieta to Piedras Negras. Several trainloads of these soldiers already are being moved under the permit.

A flying column of Villa forces has penetrated the state of Jalisco, according to today's state department advices, and there may be fighting between the Carranza forces and the forces of Guadalupe and Colima.

PARTS OF WOMAN'S BODY FOUND NEAR ATLANTA

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 15.—Parts of a human body, apparently that of a white woman, and fragments of a woman's clothing were found today on the dumping grounds on the outskirts of Atlanta. Police investigating the discovery were told by negro women living in the vicinity that early yesterday a cab was driven rapidly past their houses and that at the same time they heard a scream for help. Negro boys who made the discovery said they picked up valuables and that the fragments of flesh and clothing were not there Saturday.

Use Magnesia For Acid Stomachs

The almost universal use of magnesia by physicians and specialists in the treatment of stomach troubles is due to the fact that it neutralizes the excessive acid and thus stops food fermentation—the direct cause of nearly all stomach trouble. Of the many forms of magnesia, such as oxides, chlorides, carbonates, sulphates, etc., the one now supplied in either powdered or tablet form and especially recommended for acid stomachs is **Blair's Magnesia**, a teaspoonful of which is a little warm water immediately after eating will instantly neutralize the excessive acid, stop fermentation, and thus insure prompt relief. It is sure to get rid of indigestion rather than any other magnesia, as this form is prepared especially for the treatment of acid stomachs. The fine grain tablets are the most convenient for physicians and travelers to carry and two tablets are equivalent to a teaspoonful of the powder. Take two of the tablets (with or without water) or a teaspoonful of the powder in a quarter of a glass of water after each meal. Stomach troubles and constipation will follow this plan and avoid the use of pepper, charcoal, soda salts, drugs and medicines are unnecessary to find that the stomach returns to its normal tone, and can do its work alone without the doubtful aid of artificial stimulants.

SEEK REVERIES FOR MAIMED HEROES BACK FROM WAR

League to Promote Happiness of Men Wounded in Battle Formed in London With Good Chance for Success.

FOR MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE
London, Nov. 15.—The proposal to establish a "League for the Maimed of Wounded Heroes," which was advertised in the London Times, has advanced a stage further. The object of the movement is to save broken fighting men from the life of loneliness, and the Rev. Ernest Houghton, rector of St. Stephen's, Bristol, who is taking the lead in the matter, has received many letters of sympathy and promises of support. He has now sent out a circular which, after quoting the advertisement referred to, says:

"It was in the hope of launching a practical idea that the foregoing was inserted. The possibility that a man who has freely offered himself for his country has no alternative but to spend his broken life in loneliness, and the loneliness of the war, is a terrible thing. It is not to be tolerated. He is the very last who should be denied the shelter of a home and the joys of family life. But for him otherwise, if his days were ended on the field of battle, but there is hope. Maybe many noble-minded, patriotic women will gladly give their lives and strength to ameliorate the conditions of such men, and that in the highest and best way, a consecration of their lives to the service of the world. It is not necessary that a hard one as at first seems probable."

"Some of the best marriages have been those in which certain physical difficulties had seemed a barrier. Nor are there any limitations of kindness, which, however, not proved, is possible to happiness. They were based upon high selflessness and therefore lasting. One of the most delightful married couples known was that in which the husband was blind from childhood, and never saw his wife—a charming woman who radiated happiness. To them were born three sons—fine lads, all in the navy, the eldest of whom died a few weeks ago in a command in the Dardanelles. Nor are there any limitations of kindness, which, however, not proved, is possible to happiness. They were based upon high selflessness and therefore lasting. One of the most delightful married couples known was that in which the husband was blind from childhood, and never saw his wife—a charming woman who radiated happiness. 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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

The Albuquerque Morning Journal

Published by the
JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

W. A. MACPHERSON, President
W. T. McREIGHT, Business Manager
A. L. D. McALLISTER, News Editor
A. N. MORGAN, City Editor
M. L. FOX, Editor

Western Representative,
C. J. ANDERSON,
Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.

Eastern Representative,
RALPH H. MULLIGAN,
35 Park Row, New York.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice of Albuquerque, N. M., under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Large circulation than any other paper in New Mexico. The only paper in New Mexico printed every day in the year.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Daily, by carrier or mail, one month, \$1.00.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS:
Subscribers to the Journal, when writing to have their paper changed to a new address must be sure to give the old address.

The Morning Journal has a higher circulation than any other paper in New Mexico. The only paper in New Mexico printed every day in the year.

THE JOURNAL takes and prints a story every day and thirty minutes of exclusive Associated Press news service each week. No other newspaper published in New Mexico takes more than twenty-four hours of Associated Press service during the week.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1915.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.

In the death of Booker T. Washington the negro race lost its best leader, its best champion, and the world lost one of its great men. Born in slavery, this negro made his place in the world by sheer force of his own character. He was an example of the possibilities of the black race. Unlike Toussaint L'Ouverture and Fred Douglass, there was no mixture of white blood in his veins. He was wholly of African negro descent.

Booker T. Washington saw clearly the needs of his race; therefore, he wasted no time in attempting to secure political and social rights for them by the ordinary methods of politics. Instead of playing the demagogue and attempting to boost himself into office by arousing race hatred, his effort was to show the negro how to earn political and social equality through intelligent, educated industry. He knew if the negro was brought to equal the white man in education and character, he soon would equal the white man in wealth and influence in public and private life.

The only way to secure the rights of the race was through education. Not merely book learning would do. There must be vocational training, hence a great industrial school was established at Tuskegee, Alabama, and he assisted in the establishment of many other institutions of similar character throughout the southern states.

When Booker T. Washington began his struggle for the elevation of his race, he found the negro working always under the direction of the white man's brain and for the white man's wages. Today, there are vast areas of land in the south owned by negroes. They are successfully running more than a hundred banks, some of them with capitals paid in of more than \$100,000 and deposits amounting into the hundreds of thousands. Due to his work there are tens of thousands of negro skilled laborers in the United States, and more of them are being trained year by year in the colored industrial schools of the south.

The gospel of Booker T. Washington was that every man, white or black, must earn his way by intelligent, hard labor, by economy, by loyalty of his own good character. Everywhere he discouraged political agitation among his people, because he recognized that only a few of them were capable of discharging the duties of a public office, and he deplored the prejudice sure to follow the appearance of a negro in office.

Over and over again Booker T. Washington declared to great audiences of his own and of the white man that "men are equal only when they are equal" and that the negro could only hope for political and social equality with the white man by equalling the white man in education and efficient industry and in reliability.

Booker T. Washington saw the truth and had the courage to tell it and the ability to organize the work by which he hoped to solve the future of the negro for the negro's good and for the good of the white man as well. Under his influence race prejudice in the south has largely disappeared and the negro, under his inspiration, is trying to work out the salvation of the black race by the only means God has ever given to any race to attain success.

Villa is discovering that most of his friends were of the fair weather sort. While looking was good they stood by him. When business became slow they deserted him. It has been ever thus.

Bryan will insist that there are no chances to one that preparedness is unnecessary, and if the enemy should take that one chance, we could compromise.

Hot has just discovered that he blew in the end of a loaded gun when he staked his reputation on that New York constitution. And it was a perfectly good gun, too.

HEMINGWAY IN.

Through the press dispatches, the world is coming to know one of the reasons why the Grand Duke Nicholas was transferred from command of the Russian armies opposed to the Austrians and Germans and sent to the Caucasus. For six weeks he has been moving steadily into northern Persia, a country overrun by the Turks early in the war, and he is now approaching Teheran, the capital of Persia.

For many years it had been the purpose of the Turkish government to make Persia a dependency of the Ottoman empire. Against this, both the Russian and the British empires have been set determinedly; for not only does Persia form a wide boundary of northern Russia in Asia, but it also touches the border of British India and commands the head of the Persian gulf.

The British forces are moving into Turkey through the Euphrates and Tigris valleys and are approaching Baghdad. The Russians are moving down through northern Persia, and it seems probable that the two forces will have Turkey in Asia cut off completely from the rest of Asia and isolated, much as the central empires are hemmed in in Europe.

There is talk that Mr. Bryan will be a candidate for the presidency. He will not be able to get on the Nebraska delegation.

THE BRITISH "BLOCKADE"

The strongest objections in the United States to the British blockade are based upon the British policy of seizing American merchant ships, whenever found in European waters and not destined to some port of the allies, taking them into British ports where they are sure to be detained for many days, sometimes for many months, and assessing port charges against them, even when they are discharged from custody as having no contraband aboard, and upon the further policy of barring American cargoes from neutral ports when the same sort of cargoes in British vessels are allowed to land in those ports.

No British newspaper, let alone the British foreign office, has attempted to justify either of these outrages on the rights of the United States. Furthermore, it is certain that Great Britain will either discontinue such petty practices for fishing money and trade from American shippers and ship owners, or when concerned in a bill will be passed prohibiting the shipment of munitions of war to any belligerent.

What such act would mean to Great Britain, France and Russia is too well known to doubt that England will yield to the demands of the United States, and that at the earliest date consistent with "saving her face."

HOW IT WORKS IN GERMANY

The Journal is in receipt of a letter from a "German-American" of Windsor, Ark., in which we are informed that we know nothing about the freedom enjoyed by the people in Germany—"far more real freedom than is had by the people of this country"—otherwise we would not have so much to say of the Prussian people "existing for the state instead of the state existing for the people."

Let us see just how little we know about it. For example there is universal manhood suffrage in the German empire for members of the imperial parliament. This was equally apportioned, half a century ago with one representative to each hundred thousand population within the districts. But there has been no redistricting since 1871, and the industrial centers have grown while the agricultural centers have remained nearly stationary. Thus a city of thirty thousand has just as much voice in the Reichstag as many cities of three hundred thousand, and more, have today. In twelve of the states still cities just as many members are elected by two hundred thousand voters as are elected by two million voters in twelve of the industrial states. The country towns are conservative and the industrial towns are socialist. Hence, it has been against the interest of the emperor for suffrage, in proportion to population, to be accorded. In one extreme example, seven thousand Prussian voters elect as many members as half a million voters elect in another section of the same kingdom.

Again, the imperial parliament has no power of debate, but without important power of legislation. The administrative government can enact laws as well as execute them.

How these laws are enforced is a story told too often by American travelers to need rehearsing here. Suffice it to say that the German police has the best citizen under closer scrutiny than the American police has the worst criminal, and the police authority is exercised without local court authority or sanction.

By this time a year from now, if everything goes well, we shall have discovered who is to attempt to run the country for the next four years.

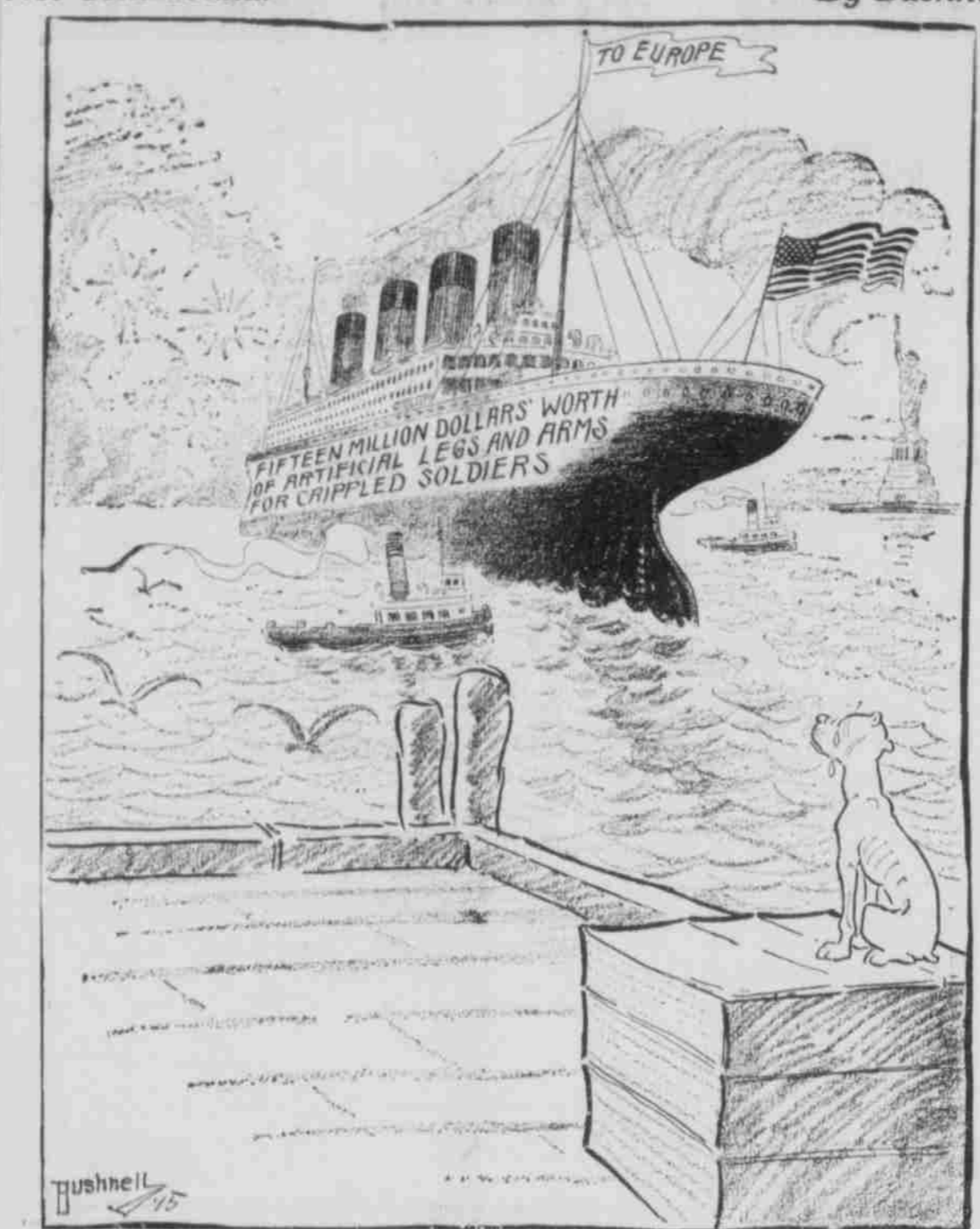
Evidently Greece does not mean to enter the fight by trying to pull off the top building by the hind leg.

Mr. Larrabee may object to being allowed off with "something just as good," at \$2,000 a year less salary.

Tuberculosis Expert Dies.

Dr. Howard Livingston Trudeau, who is well known through the country for his work and writings in connection with the treatment of tuberculosis, died here today. He was 61 years old and had conducted a sanatorium here since 1888.

Not Contraband!



With Scissors and Paste

DEATH OF DR. FINDLAY.

Dr. C. J. Findlay, who in 1881 announced the theory that yellow fever is transmitted from persons afflicted with the disease to others by the bite of the mosquito, died recently at Havana in his 82nd year. His theory was discounted and ridiculed by the medical profession until the Spanish-American war, when at the direction of Dr. G. M. Sternburg, surgeon general, United States army, his theory was investigated and it was found that the mosquito known as the stegomyia, and only that insect, serves as host for the yellow fever parasite, that the disease is transmitted by the bite of this insect.

TWO REMARKABLE METEORS.

A remarkably brilliant daytime meteor was recently seen passing from England over the channel to France. When first seen it was at a calculated height of fifty-seven miles above the earth, and it descended in a shattering course till it was about half that distance when it disappeared. Its visible path was about 200 miles and it traveled at a speed of twenty miles a second. In passing through the air, it is described as breaking up into "a series of glistering balls strong on a fiery cord." From South Africa comes the report of another wonderful meteor, which was also seen in broad daylight. The trail left by the meteor was visible for several hours in the sky, like the smoke from a locomotive, and it was successfully photographed.

PAPERING THE RUSSIANS.

It is stated that in preparation for the rigorous Russian winter the czar's armies are being supplied with paper shirts, following the custom set by the clever Japanese in the Manchurian campaign.

We might as well do worse than paper ourselves into warmth. Paper is a bad conductor of heat, and presents the loss of body warmth. It stops, too, the entrance of the cold, outside air, and if of good texture will repel any wind or drafts. Paper shirts may not be advisable for us, but it is quite simple to open the lining of coats or waistcoats—the latter for preference—and carefully insert and stitch in, back and front, a paper lining. The effect is really extraordinary.

In the coldest weather an overcoat is quite unnecessary. In fact, if you are a hunter. The soldiers' shirts are made of special paper—mulberry tree bark but brown paper of medium thickness and softness does quite well, or even ordinary newspaper. A person extremely susceptible to cold, who would, if he "papered" himself, and ate three times of sugar daily, which supplies energy and warmth, be practically immune from winter ailments.

A booklet made of paper and covered with any cheap material, such as cretonne, would give more warmth than the heaviest quilt or most expensive eiderdown. No "papering" is not only warm, but economical.

PROHIBITION IN RUSSIA.

Bechterew points out the economical, moral and physical advantages which the prohibition of the sale of any kind of alcoholic beverages is liable to bring. During the first eight months of the prohibition in force, the number of arrests and convictions considerably decreased, while during the seven months previous to the enactment of the law putting an end to the sale of vodka, the number of jail inmates had increased to 40 per cent, and of other crimes by 64 to 74 per cent. In Petrograd and other cities, prostitution is also considerably on the decrease. The favorable influence of the prohibition on future generations it is impossible to estimate at present.

OLD-FASHIONED BAKED BEANS.

(Woman's Home Companion.)
Pick over three cupsful of beans, cover with cold water, and soak for several hours. Drain, put in a stewpan, cover with fresh water, heat gradually to the boiling point, and let simmer until skins will burst, which is best determined by taking a few beans on the tip of a spoon and blowing on them, when skins will

GERMANS OVERRUN BY IMPETUOSITY OF THE FRENCH

Eye-witnesses of Battle of Champagne Tell of Dash of Joffre's Troops on Morning of September 25.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)

Paris, Oct. 31.—Eye witnesses of the battle of Champagne declare that the French assault beginning at 9:15 the morning of September 25, developed such impetus in the first twenty minutes that the Germans, though expecting it, were simply overrun. Men on guard in the trenches had scarcely time to fire. The artillery in the rear, whose role was to maintain a barrier of fire before the lines in case of attack, opened only after the three waves of assaults had already passed out of range. The troops advancing from behind reached the German camp behind the lines and in a single rush killed the guards and made many officers prisoners in their beds. North of Beaumont the first bound carried the line to the positions of German artillery; in a twinkling the gunners were bayoneted and the line went on.

White Flag Raised.

The two converging columns that were to meet at a fixed point behind the Raviot woods formed their junction before the Germans detected the move and the 2,000 men caught inside the wedge thus formed raised a handkerchief in guise of the white flag after holding out three days.

Two other columns encircled the height called Mammels, and on which were the formidable defense works named the Trappe and took more than a thousand prisoners.

Speed, in the opinion of some authorities, cannot be said to have won the battle of Champagne alone; there were first the artillery preparation that comes in for a large share of the credit and then there were many positions that were taken only after several days of struggle in which attacks and counter-attacks were alternately successful. Speed alone, however, it is thought, may explain the extent of the success judged by the German losses in proportion to the extent of the field: 25,000 prisoners, 142 cannon and 115,000 killed and wounded over a field covering less than fifty square miles.

Prussian Loss Heavy.

At the battle of Iena the French took only 15,000 prisoners and 200 cannon, while the Prussians lost 12,000 killed. At Austerlitz Napoleon took only 12,000 prisoners and 150 cannon. At Froeschwiller the French lost 9,000 prisoners, 5,000 killed and twenty-two cannon, while at Saint Privat they lost 12,000 men to the Germans 10,000.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"I had a severe cold on my lungs for weeks. I coughed and coughed and would be disturbed in my rest coughing nights. On the recommendation of a friend I began taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It relieved me at once," writes Mrs. George McClelland, Huntington, Ind. When you have a cough or cold give this remedy a trial. We are confident that you will be much pleased with it. Obtainable everywhere.

STORM-TOSSED SHIP REACHES PORT AT LAST

(Associated Press Correspondence.)

London, Nov. 3.—The Russian bark Baltzar has safely anchored in Queenstown harbor after a stormy experience which it is the fortune of a few ships to survive. Nearly two months ago, when approaching the Irish coast, with a cargo of timber for Cork, she was hit by a storm which carried off her masts and badly wrecked her hull. Her crew escaped in their boats and landed in the west of Ireland.

Afterwards the vessel encountered another storm and was driven far out into the Atlantic. She turned turtle and became a menace to navigation. A naval vessel was sent out to destroy the derelict, but the commander decided to try to tow it to port. After various misadventures he reached Berehaven, where a salvage contractor succeeded in righting the wreck. The hull was temporarily repaired and the cargo which was found to be intact, has now been delivered to the original consignees in Cork.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"I had a severe cold on my lungs for weeks. I coughed and coughed and would be disturbed in my rest coughing nights. On the recommendation of a friend I began taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It relieved me at once," writes Mrs. George McClelland, Huntington, Ind. When you have a cough or cold give this remedy a trial. We are confident that you will be much pleased with it. Obtainable everywhere.

White Flag Raised.

The two converging columns that were to meet at a fixed point behind the Raviot woods formed their junction before the Germans detected the move and the 2,000 men caught inside the wedge thus formed raised a handkerchief in guise of the white flag after holding out three days.

Two other columns encircled the height called Mammels, and on which were the formidable defense works named the Trappe and took more than a thousand prisoners.

Speed, in the opinion of some authorities, cannot be said to have won the battle of Champagne alone; there were first the artillery preparation that comes in for a large share of the credit and then there were many positions that were taken only after several days of struggle in which attacks and counter-attacks were alternately successful. Speed alone, however, it is thought, may explain the extent of the success judged by the German losses in proportion to the extent of the field: 25,000 prisoners, 142 cannon and 115,000 killed and wounded over a field covering less than fifty square miles.

Prussian Loss Heavy.

At the battle of Iena the French took only 15,000 prisoners and 200 cannon, while the Prussians lost 12,000 killed. At Austerlitz Napoleon took only 12,000 prisoners and 150 cannon. At Froeschwiller the French lost 9,000 prisoners, 5,000 killed and twenty-two cannon, while at Saint Privat they lost 12,000 men to the Germans 10,000.

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CATARH LEADS TO CONSUMPTION

Catarh is as much a blood disease as scrofula or rheumatism. It may be relieved, but it cannot be removed by simply local treatment. It causes headache and dizziness, causes the voice, shrill and hoarse, affects the taste, and deranges the digestion, and breaks down the general health, and weakens the delicate lung tissues and leads to consumption.

TRANSPORT SERVICE ROASTED BY JOURNAL

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
London, Nov. 2.—"From the point of view of the shipping man, the whole history of the war as far as the transport service is concerned is a wicked story of ignorance, ineptitude and colossal waste," declared the editor of the *Siren* and the leading journal of the shipping trade. He added: "Costly and useful ships were used for months as prison ships. Super-ships like the Aquitania were employed on scouting missions. Their magnificent passenger equipment gutted. Ships were allowed to load cargo or to book a full passenger list and then owners were informed that the admiralty required these boats."

An instance is given of a 1,000-ton boat, which was all ready to sail with 200 passengers when it was taken over and sent empty to the west coast of South America, although it might have been loaded with coal and resailed a small fortune. Another case is given of a 6,000-ton boat at Huelva about to load with a cargo of iron ore for England which was requisitioned suddenly and sent empty to the Pacific, although there should have been plenty of merchant ships available much nearer the desired destination.

"How long," asks the journal, "will these methods be tolerated? In the national interest, a committee of shipping men should have been selected to organize the admiralty chartering."

POLES STARVING; URGE REOPENING OF FACTORIES

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Warsaw, Poland, Oct. 29.—Pleading that three million persons dependent on the industries of Poland are starving, the Workmen's Union of Poland has sent to the governor general, Herr von Hecker, a memorial urging the reopening of the factories, the adoption of a protective tariff, and the return of machines, mechanical fittings and especially belts and gears, which were taken out of the factories and work shops during the early days of German occupation.

The memorial states that "the working population of Poland include 350,000 workmen in factories, 60,000 in the building trade, and 500,000 in smaller industries. Including the families of these workmen, this industrial population reaches a total of three million persons, with a normal income of about \$150,000,000 a year."

A certain proportion of this population, it is stated, has been sent to Germany, and another section are receiving aid from their former employers—where the latter are still able to help them. "But there is still a great mass of people who are actually starving," says the memorial, "and for the sake of these persons it is advisable to put at least some of the factories into operation, especially the sugar, vinegar and yeast factories, mills, breweries, sawmills, brick yards and foundries."

The memorial deals briefly with the question of articles commandeered by the German military authorities, stating that the complete confiscation of all raw material would paralyze industry, and that enough machinery should be left in the factories to enable them to continue in partial operation.

The customs tariff promulgated on June 22 by the German commander is criticized as unworkable, because it fails to protect Polish industry, and even in normal times would bring about its ruin. Therefore the establishment of the old tariff is asked. There is a further demand for a lowering of railway rates, which are alleged to be now on a bare-knuckle impossible scale.

BEYOND POWERS OF UNITED STATES LAW

(By Morning Journal Special Learned Writer.)
New York, Nov. 15.—Federal Judge Hough today dismissed suits in admiralty brought by James Carruthers & Co., Ltd., a Canadian corporation, against Bowring & Co. and the Greek steamship *Anthamios*, on the ground that it was advisable to decline jurisdiction for political reasons.

The suits were for damages, alleged breach of a charter of the steamship party cargo from this country to northern Italy. The breach of the charter, the complainants admitted, was due to the fact that the Greek government has requisitioned the steamer to carry wheat for the use of the Greek army.

"There is certainly no power in any court of the United States," Judge Hough said in dismissing the case, "to prevent or undo this act of the Greek king and his council. The restraint is actual and governmental."

The Strongest Man in the World

is only a baby when he lies on his back and takes orders from a rebellious stomach and a trained nurse. The best food to coax back the digestive organs to natural vigor is

Shredded Wheat

a food for invalids and athletes, for youngsters and grown-ups—contains all the body-building material in the whole wheat grain made digestible by steam-cooking, shredding and baking. The delicate, porous shreds of baked wheat are retained and digested when the stomach rejects all other foods.

Made in America

Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits, hot and crisp, are served in the oven to restore crispness, served with hot milk or cream make a complete, nourishing, satisfying meal at a total cost of five or six cents. Also delicious with fruit.

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CRESCENT HARDWARE CO.

Stoves, Ranges, Home Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

218 W. CENTRAL AVE.

TELEPHONE 218

DEL MONTE

THE NEW PACK IS NOW IN

PRESERVES
CANNED FRUIT
ASPARAGUS
CATSUP

BOND-CONNELL SHEEP AND WOOL COMPANY

SHEEP AND WOOL, HIDES AND PELTS

Office and Warehouse, Tijeras Avenue and Railroad Tracks

NO. 57 COFFEE

THE BEST SELLER WE
HAVE EVER HAD, 35c.

3 LBS., \$1.00.

WARD'S STORE

HOMER H. WARD Mgr.
315 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299.Strong Brothers
UndertakersPROMPT SERVICE. PHONE
75. STRONG BLDG. COFFIN
AND SECOND.LOCAL ITEMS
OF INTERESTHerbath, painting, signs, ph. 14953
Judge D. S. Hodes left yesterday for
Gallegos, where the district court is in
session.Judge John Barton there will hold
a session of probate court this morning
at the court house.All members of the Local Order of
Moose are requested to be at the lodge
room at 4 o'clock this afternoon.The county road board at a meeting
yesterday ordered the payment of bills.Donna Chavez, editor of the Helen
News, arrived here last night for a
short visit.Senator W. B. Walton, of Silver
City, was in Albuquerque between
trains last night returning from Santa
Fe.Alfred Grunfeld and family left
San Francisco last Saturday on the
way home. They are returning by
way of the Northwest and Denver.Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Watson, 1105
Forrester avenue, left last night for
California, where they will visit the
expositions.Mr. and Mrs. Everett O'Neil, of Al-
bany, New York, and Mrs. Kate Rami-
er of Savannah, N. Y., are the guests of
K. R. Hall and family at Old Albu-
querque.Alma Review No. 1, Women's Ben-
efit Association of Macanones, will
hold a meeting this afternoon at the
L. O. O. F. hall. It is called for 2:30
o'clock. Candidates will be initiated.Jake Spitz, a traveling salesman,
who has been "hooking" Albuquerque
for twenty-five or thirty years, died
last week at his home in San Fran-
cisco, according to word received here
today by Ivan Grunfeld. The funeral
will be held November 17.Licenses to marry yesterday were
issued to Joseph Cerrillo, Albuquerque,
and Rosalia Nicholas, Albuquerque;
Augustine Moya, Chihuahua, and Juana
Zamora, Chihuahua; Manuel Van de Valle,
Albuquerque, and Josephine Pafflin,
Albuquerque.A regular meeting of Albuquerque
Council No. 1, Knights of Columbus,
will be held tonight at the L. O. O. F.
hall. The meeting is to start
promptly at 8:15 o'clock. Important
matters relative to the new class of
candidates will be discussed.Assistant United States District At-
torney H. E. Coats, Jr., returned yester-
day from a trip to Kansas City and
Chicago. On the way back he
stopped at Lawrence, Kan., to see the
scene between the University of Kan-
sas and University of Nebraska for
the championship of the Missouri
valley conference. A sister of Mr.
Coats is a student there.BARGAINS IN AUTOMOBILES
1912 Studebaker, A-1 condition,
first hand, \$2200. \$2200 cash, balance
terms. 1913 Ford chassis \$250. 1914
Mitsubishi, 40-horsepower, electric
starter, electric lights, tires practically
new, one extra. This car is a
bargain at \$1500. See it at 1001 N. 1st
Albuquerque Motor Co. phone 21.

All new today—Crystal.

PHONE 17.

25-CENT TAXI AND AUTO
DAY AND NIGHT
EMIL GRIEGO

PHONE 23

25-CENT TAXI AND AUTO
DAY AND NIGHT
A. R. BLACALivery and saddle horses. Teinble's
Red Barn.

Springer Transfer Co.

BETTER SERVICE
for
LESS MONEY

BUY WHERE

THE ASSORTMENT
IS THE LARGESTIf there is any one depart-
ment of our big stock that
is right up-to-the-minute in
every detail, it is our
Fountain Pen Dep't.
Nationally advertised lines
and sold at advertised prices.FIRST IN IMPORTANCE
STRONG'S
SELF-FILLING PENS14 kt. gold, iridium points,
guaranteed.
\$1.50Waterman's 'Ideal' Pens
\$2.50 AND UPSchaeffer Self-filling Pens
\$2.50 AND UPConklin's Self-filling Pens
\$1.50 AND UPParker's 'Lucky Curve' Pens
\$2.50 AND UPA BIG LINE OF
FANCY GIFT PENS

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

MAD. ORDERS FILLED

STRONG'S BOOK STORE

"YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU
WANT IT."MOOSE LODGE TO
GIVE GREAT SHOW
AT AUDITORIUMExtraordinary Entertainment
Offered Tonight and Lots of
Fun Assured for All Those
Who Are Present.One of the greatest and most interest-
ing shows of the season will be
given tonight at the high school audi-
torium. The Moose lodge, of which
New York City, are engaged for
this event and present three un-
derstandably good comedies, tragedy
and farce. You will see an equal of
Nai Goodwin in comedy, of Edwin
Booth in tragedy, and Charlie Chap-
lin in fun.The Ellis-Fuhrman orchestra has
been engaged to furnish music during
the show and a brass band will play
before the opening.Vice President Marshall, a member
of the order, and one of the organ-
izers of Moose Heart, who is within
the city today, will, if time permit,
be at the show and tell of the bene-
fits of "Mooseheart," in which 650,
000 Moose in the United States are in-
cluded.The entire net proceeds of this en-
tertainment will be turned over to
charity and this, with the big city
show, should bring out a crowd to
back the auditorium. Admission is
25 and 50 cents. Doors open at 8. Show
at 8:30.BUSINESS CONDITIONS
ARE IMPROVINGIt would seem that business condi-
tions are improving from the number
of positions filled recently by the
Office Service Co., over Westworth's.
They report the following Albuquer-
que people who have taken positions:
C. H. Bryan, stenographer and
bookkeeper with the Saginaw and
Manitowish lumber company, Williams.
I. P. Deal, store manager, Kelly.
Bernardine company, Kelly, N. M.
Monsieur Valdez, assistant manager,
Carl Behn, Winslow.Miss Louise Watson, stenographer,
Barrington's Adding Machine company.
Miss Neva Hanks, stenographer, 2
C. P. Co. current.Miss Stella Schreiber, stenographer,
Isaac Barth.Mrs. K. Robertson, substituting for
Miss Forrest at Erickson & Sahlin's.

All new today—Crystal.

FOR RENT—Room, 25x50, facing
alley in business section, suitable for
plumbing or tin shop. Storage;
heat and water included. Apply this
office.

NOTICE.

To the Officers and Members of Al-
buquerque Lodge, No. 161, B. P.
O. E.A special meeting will be held on
Wednesday evening, November 17,
1915, for the purpose of initiation and
the reading of the Constitution and
By-laws of the New Mexico State
Elks association and deciding whether
or not this lodge would become a
member of said association.GEORGE B. CRAIG,
Grand Master.Tamales made to order. Free de-
livery. Phone 199. Spanish Kitchen.Come to the turkey shoot at the
shooting gallery in Old Albuquerque.
Shoot every day.B. M. WILLIAMS
Dentist
Rooms 1 and 2, Whitting Building,
Corner Second and Gold
Phone No. 884.COMPANY G BALL
TO HELP OUT ON
TEACHERS' MEETGuardsmen Are Determined to
Help Merchants Fix Up
Armory for Big Convention
of Educators Next Week.The boys of Company G don't know
when they're licked, and that's an-
other way of saying they are never
beaten.A couple of weeks ago they ap-
peared to give a military ball at the
armory, the proceeds of which were
to be devoted to preparing the build-
ing for the use of the teachers of the
convention of the New Mexico Edu-
cational association to be held here
next week.The affair was not what it
would be called a conspicuous suc-
cess, as the proceeds were not enough
to pay for the orchestra that furnish-
ed the music for the dancers.But the word "quit" isn't in the
dictionary of Company G. The mem-
bers are determined to do their best
towards getting the armory fixed up,
and they have arranged another ball,
to be held tomorrow night, with
every prospect that this time they
will hit the ball over the vesterfield
fence.Quite a number of tickets
have already been sold, and many of
the representative citizens of Albu-
querque have signified their intention
of helping make the affair a com-
plete success.

Work to Be Done.

Already much work has been done
by the guardsmen in getting the
armory in shape. Painters have been
busy brightening the interior of
the building, and many other im-
provements have been made. But
this is only a drop in the bucket to
what is needed. The state must be
enlarged, the hall must be draped,
chairs and seats must be put in, and
a thousand and one other things must
be done before the armory is ready for
occupancy by the teachers.Ordinarily, it has devolved upon
the merchants of the city to put up
with these improvements. Company
G, however, has come forward this year
and offered to help bear the load. The
offer is entirely voluntary on the part
of the militia boys, and all that they
ask is that Albuquerque citizens show
the appreciation by buying tickets
to the ball tomorrow night.Captain J. H. Toulouse stated yester-
day that plans are now under way
by which the armory will be placed
at the disposal of the public school
children of the city for Saturday
during the winter for gymnasium and
athletic purposes. There is room on
the floor of the armory for three ordi-
nary basketball ball courts, and it is
the idea of Captain Toulouse that this
room should be utilized for public
schools.Under the present system the armory
will be tendered to the school chil-
dren free of charge and everything
possible will be done to encourage the
people of the city to take advantage
of the opportunity that is offered.Under the present system the armory,
which is one of the most valuable
buildings in the city, is absolutely
idle more than four-fifths of the
time. The two national guard com-
panies use it for drill purposes
for an hour or two once a week, oc-
casionally it is rented for dancing
purposes, but these occasions are
rare. The building was erected with
public funds, and Captain Toulouse
hopes to see the public get something
approximating the value of their
money out of the building.LUSK SHORTHAND SYSTEM
DEMONSTRATES ITS SPEEDThe class which started in short-
hand the first of September, at the
Business Efficiency Night school, has
been taking dictation at 100 words a
minute for the past three weeks, and
class "C" began taking dictation last
week, which was its fourth week in
school. It is safe to assert that there
is not another shorthand system
where this speed is possible in this
length of time.The speed classes, as well as the be-
ginners, receive the benefit of Mrs.
Pierce's twelve years of practical ex-
perience as a shorthand reporter. These
classes are held three times a week.Mr. Pierce today is in charge of
the commercial law department. Mr.
Rodey is a graduate of Harvard
and law school, and has just for-
mally a partnership with his father,
Judge R. S. Rodey, for the practice of
law.The telegraphic department is under
the direction of Mr. John W. Reed,
a graduate of Spaulding's Com-
mercial Business college of Kansas
City, Mo. Both railroad and commer-
cial telegraphy are included, and all
equipment is complete.Mr. A. H. Gerdeman is a recent
acquisition to the bookkeeping depart-
ment. Mr. Gerdeman is a graduate
of the Gem City Business college of
Quincy, Ill., and adds to that training
practical experience in mercantile
and banking work.Conversational Spanish classes are
making rapid progress under the ef-
ficient instruction of Miss Irene
Durke. Special attention is given to
a business vocabulary. Students may
enter at any time; rates by the month.STATE NATIONAL AND
TRUST COMPANY WILL
ENLARGE QUARTERSThe State National bank and Amer-
ican Savings Bank & Trust Co. will
occupy all of the first-floor space in
the State National Bank building. It
was announced yesterday. Both in-
stitutions will be in one room. P. P.
McCanna, who has offices adjoining
the trust company quarters, will move
to the rooms now occupied by E. H.
Booth on South Second street. Ad-
ditional safety deposit vaults will be
installed.

Indigestion and Constipation.

"For some time prior to using
Chamberlain's Tablets I was troubled
with indigestion and constipation. I
looked ambitious, and felt tired and
worn out. Chamberlain's Tablets ef-
fected me quick relief, and eventually
restored me to good health," writes Mrs.
S. J. Ryther, Eden Center, N. Y. ob-
tainable everywhere.

All new today—Crystal.

VICE PRESIDENT
HERE TODAY AS
GUEST OF BARTHPublic Reception at Home of
State Senator This After-
noon; Invitation Extended
to All Citizens.Vice President and Mrs. Thomas R.
Marshall will arrive in Albuquerque
this afternoon on Santa Fe train No.
2, and will remain in the city for sev-
eral hours as the guests of Senator
and Mrs. Isaac Barth.A public reception will be given to Mr. and
Mrs. Marshall at the Barth home at the
corner of Sixth and Roma, from 5:30
to 8 o'clock, to which all citizens of
Albuquerque are invited.The vice president will be met at
the train by a special committee con-
sisting of Mayor D. H. Donahue,
Clark M. Carr, president of the Com-
mercial club, Sol Weiler, Dr. L. S.
Pepper, H. O. Sprague, Ben Frank-
lin, Ross, C. O. Cushman, P. Hanley,
Siegfried Kahn, Ross Merritt and H.
H. Ward. There will be a brief re-
ception at the station, after which
Mr. and Mrs. Marshall will be taken
to the Barth residence for a luncheon,
which will be private.The presence in Denning today of
the vice president, and the fact that Gov-
ernor McDonald long ago made a posi-
tive engagement to be present at that
city to assist in the welcome to the
historic relic will render it impos-
sible for the chief executive to partici-
pate in the welcome to the vice presi-
dent; but Mrs. McDonald will motor
down from Santa Fe today and will
be a guest at the luncheon to Mr. and
Mrs. Marshall.After the luncheon the guests of
honor will be taken for an automobi-
le ride over the city, returning to the
public reception. Senator Barth is
anxious to have it known that the re-
ception will be public in every sense
of the word, and that every one in
Albuquerque is invited to his home
this afternoon. Mr. Barth and Vice
President Marshall are old personal
and political friends, and it is the de-
sire of the senator that as many peo-
ple as can find their way out to his
home shall meet Mr. and Mrs. Mar-
shall.Eastern Corn, 100-lb. sacks, \$1.60
Conkey's Stock Tonic for the
horse or cow needing a high
class condition powder; 25c size, 15c
The 50c size, 30c
The better size, 40c
The bottles Horse Liniment, 25c
50c size Wilbur's Spavin Cure, 25c
50c Wilbur's Colic Cure, 25c
Wheat Hay, green color, every
pound is good feed; big bales, 45c
A 50-lb. sack Best Bran and Shorts,
white Bran and shorts, 50c
100-lb. sacks Best Oats, re-cleaned,
for \$1.85
Conkey's Heave Remedy, 50c
Conkey's Hoof Ointment, 15c
Rock Salt, 25 pounds or more
should be kept on hand; horse or
cow can help himself; very
cheap medicine, per pound, 1c
If you care to open a CHARGE
ACCOUNT with us do so with a guar-
antee of perfect satisfaction as to
quality, prices and service.F. W. FEE
212-214-216 West Lead Avenue,
Phone 16.CIVIC BETTERMENT
LEAGUE WILL HOLD
ITS MEETING TONIGHTThe annual meeting of the Civic
Betterment league will be held to-
night at the Commercial club. The
meeting is to be called to order at 8
o'clock.Every one who contributed one
dollar or more to the league, be a
member and should be present. Re-
ports will be read and directors
elected.THIRTY MIKADOS ARE
ORDERED BY SANTA FE
FROM BALDWIN WORKSThe annual meeting of the Civic
league, stated recently, ordered thirty
Mikado type superheater locomotives
from the Baldwin Locomotive works,
all of which will have twenty-five-hp.
or thirty-two-hp. cylinders, fifty-sev-
en-inch wheels, 200 lbs. on driving
wheels of 225,000 pounds, a tractive
effort of 59,000 pounds, and a total
weight in working order of 282,700
pounds. The locomotive will be all
burners. The tenders will have six-
ty-two tons, 14,000-gallon water
tanks and 3,300-gallon oil tanks.

All new today—Crystal.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Mrs. Pauline Helweg.
Mrs. Pauline Helweg, 75 years old,
died at 6:30 o'clock last night at her
home, 504 West Haselwood avenue.
She had been ill for only three days.
She was the widow of Fred J. Hel-
weg, who died here in 1895. Mrs. Hel-
weg had lived here since 1880, having
come from St. Louis in that year. She
was born in Berlin, Germany. Three
daughters and three sons survive.
They are Mrs. M. J. McAtter, El Paso;
Mrs. G. W. McAtter, Los Angeles; Miss
Mollie Helweg, Albuquerque; Ben
Helweg, Harton, Torrance county; R.
F. Helweg, El Paso, and Joe Helweg,
Los Angeles. Funeral arrangements
will be announced later.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR RENT—Three-room furnished
bungalow, with large sleeping
porch with south exposure, 1117 East
Central, Phone 511.
WANTED—Boy with bicycle. High-
land Pharmacy.DRUMMER ALLEYS
FOR EXERCISETry a Game of Ten Pins
295 West GoldDUKE CITY
Cleaners-Hatters

220 West Gold Phone 448

REFUSED TO PAY
SUBSCRIPTION TO
FAIR, IS ALLEGEDState Commission Brings Suit
in District Court; Moved
Carnival to Old Town, Says
Zanone.To collect a subscription to the state
fair, which is alleged not to have
been paid, the state fair commission
yesterday instituted suit in the dis-
trict court. Leo Zanone & Co., and
Leo Zanone and A. Domenici, as in-
dividuals, are named as defendants
to the action.The fair commission alleges in its
complaint that it holds the defen-
dants promissory note for \$100,
which is said to have been given as a
subscription to the fair, and that pay-
ment was refused. Mr. Zanone said he
did not feel obliged to subscribe in
the fair because the carnival was
moved to Old Albuquerque.The commission asked judgment for
\$100, interest at the rate of 6 per
cent from September 5 and costs of
the action. Laurence P. Lee is attor-
ney for the plaintiff.FREDERICK LEWIS
AND MISS ETHEL GRAY
TERRY IN "BOUGHT."World Film corporation presents
the five-part photoplay "Bought," in
which a story of a somewhat unusual
character is presented. Audiences will
probably appreciate the problem that
is laid before them. An impassioned
literary man is offered a proposition
that possibly few individuals in his
plight would turn down. He is in
debt to his family, and the magis-
trate reject his writings with a mani-
festly that is unpleasant. Suddenly
there appears to him a woman com-
missioned to find a husband for a
wealthy girl who has lived not wisely
but too well. The father of the im-
mortal child had gone down on the "Ti-
tanic" before he could carry out his
intention of marrying the lady.The lady's name must be saved.
Would the literary man marry her
for a consideration and a desk in the
lady's father's office? The literary
man would and did.So they were married; the child
died.There was no loss lost between wife
and husband, and the latter's wife
fathered him. The wife pre-
sents the society of other men.Yet out of this distressing inbreed-
ing the director of the picture has ex-
tracted a very happy ending, which,
however, is not reached before some
dramatic incidents are resorted to in
the development of the play.At the Pastime theater Thursday
and Friday of this week.

All new today—Crystal.

CASH
REGISTERA \$275.00 double drawer National
Cash Register in splendid
condition for \$75.00. Inquire
Harry T. Johnson,
102 West Central.

GRIMSHAW'S

CANDY—ALL KINDS
LUNCH AND DINNER
35c
Hot Drinks
Hot SodaB THEATER
TODAYBEST 5c SHOW IN
THE STATE
PICTURES CHANGE
EVERY DAY

THE DANCING DOLL

Three-reel Kalem Special With VIVIAN VESSELL, Noted Dancer

THE NARROW ROAD

MARY PICKFORD SUBJECT

TOMORROW—THE DIAMOND FROM THE SKY

Gallup Lamp
Cerrillos LampHahn Coal Co.
PHONE 91
ANTHRACITE, ALL SIZES; STEAM COAL
Coke, Mill Wood, Factory Wood, Cord Wood, Native Kindling, LumberPASTIME THEATER
TODAY

A Three-reel Drama with Helen Rosson and John Sheehan.

"THE IDOL"

A Three-reel Drama with Helen Rosson and John Sheehan.

MUTUAL WEEKLY

With Latest War News.

PLOT & COUNTER-PLOT

A Beauty Comedy.

TOMORROW

"Dirty Work in a Laundry." A Special Two-
reel Keystone Comedy with Ford Sterling

Thursday and Friday

Frederick Lewis and Ethel Gray
Terry in "Bought." A Five-act
Problem Play.

Sunday and Monday

Valeska Suratt in "The Soul of
Broadway." A Powerful Socie-
ty Play in Five Parts. Miss Suratt's Gowns Cost Over \$100,000.Hanan
ShoesThe standard of this estab-
lishment may be judged from
the fact that we sell Hanan
Shoes.There is no more em-
phatic way in which we can
state our business principle.Simon Stern
INCORPORATED

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"TELMO"CANNED GOODS AND YOU
HAVE THE BEST.

CRYSTAL TODAY

ALL NEW BILL

SUZANN CARTER

AND HER MUSICAL COMEDY
COMPANY OF
16—PEOPLE—16The Idol's
EyePretty Girls
Clever Dancing,
Beautiful Costumes,
Plenty of ComedyMATINEE AT 2:30
NIGHTS AT 7:30 and 9:30

Adults 15c; Children 10c