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TEUTON SPIRIT AND CONFIDENCE NEVER BETTER, SAYS BENNETT

Germans Exult Over Failure
 of Anglo-French Offensive
 and Officers and Men Are
 in Best of Humor.

ENGLISHMEN ARE HELD IN LITTLE RESPECT

Psychological Aspect of War
 Is Shown in Change of Feel-
 ing That Soldiers Have Toward
 John Bull's Men.

(By James O'Donnell Bennett.)

(Copyright, 1915, By The Chicago Tribune.)
Great Headquarters of the German Army in France, Oct. 14.—Never during the last year have I seen the spirit of the German troops so good as it is in these days following the great Anglo-French offensive that was meant to shatter them. In yesterday's letter from Lille I told you what General von B. said about his "beautiful boys."

Well, his words are echoed by every commander all along the line. Never before, I believe, have the German leaders had such absolute confidence in their men as they have at this instant. The "officers" have been feared, but they have come through these bloody battles from Baden and the Rhine province and Westphalia, defeated after general is paying tribute to them, and in the not phases of the war, and address to his troops, but in terms of fatherly endearment.

This morning in covering the distance between Lille and Great Headquarters our automobile passed numerous detachments of troops. Some of the men had dropped into the roadside for a few moments' rest. They were half and talk with them and get them to tell of their recent experiences. An officer passes one finer and nods to one of the boys. That lad leaps to his feet and comes running.

Tell our friends from abroad what you have seen," says the officer.

At first I am a good deal more interested in watching the officer and the soldier than in listening to what the soldier is saying. For the officer has placed one hand on the soldier's shoulder and the other on his head. He even puts his hand on his head, as if the big, blushing fellow before him were a little boy. The truth is that the major is so proud of this man he cannot withhold a caressing hand. He beams on him with smiling eyes and looks at him with attention. The man is talking absolutely to the point, giving crisp, clear answers to occasional questions, and always using just one word when one word will serve.

At this time the whole company are looking on and are all aglow with pride in the comrade's narrative and his audience. The man suddenly becomes a shade self-conscious and falters a little in his story. He looks with a suggestion of embarrassment into the major's kind eyes as if to say, "Believe me, major, I would rather you gave me an order to fight than to talk." The major understands the unspoken plea and says, "Perhaps you'd find it easier if I go away." So he moves off a few paces and chats with other members of the company, and the narrator, whom he wished to put at his ease, takes a comfortable breath and goes on with his story.

I have been this kind of thing not once, but a dozen times in the last few days—the pride in the eyes of men of rank and the all but adoration in the eyes of the man from the ranks when they visit together. It is beautiful to see and it seems to me important because it is typical.

Impress Neutral Observer.
The alert answers, the brown, lean face, the sharp features, the quick movements, and the eyes that yet give a picture of these men combine to produce a profound impression on the neutral observer, and that impression was expressed in a very pictorial way by a military expert from a Latin-American republic who traveled with the party of which I was a member.

What he said was this:
"If I had a hundred thousand of these fellows I'd be king of South America."

The individuals who drew that tribute to the German soldiery had taken ten prisoners single-handed and the joy of battle was still on him. He wasn't lying. His narrative was too spontaneous to permit invention. Besides he did not tell what he had to tell until he had been given an order to speak. And when he was so often he spoke briefly and ardently.

Since the war began I have seen English troops, French troops, African troops, Belgian troops, Indian troops, German troops, and Austrian troops, and I have seen troops in England, France, Belgium, Germany, Poland and Galicia, but I have seen no troops so solid and matter of fact as these are the German troops now facing the offensive. They set their teeth hard and met a bitter business. The staggering blows they received did not unnerve them and they seem already to have recovered from those blows.

Went Through Terrible Ordeal.

No man can say that they did not find the experience terrible in the last degree. The adjectives—the crashing German artillery—they used in the fullest consciousness of what they were saying. "Famously" (heart rending) is one of the words they use in describing the effect of the drumming fire of artillery which opened many a first line trench. "Inhumanity" (terrible) is another adjective, and it is reinforced, for in speaking of the ruin of metal they

THE WEATHER

WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, Nov. 12.—Sunday, fair and in southeastern portion colder; Monday, fair.

say "gott muthwillch." More eloquent than words, as revealing the extent and violence of the attack, is a glance at the German maps which show the alignment and movement of English troops and batteries in the region of La Bassée. On many a map the ominous red arrows are so thick the names of scores of villages can be read only with the aid of a glass. Nor do the Germans underestimate the quality of the French troops who were launched against them. Time and again I have heard the words "Sie sind ganz brav," and a German officer, who was speaking at length on this subject, said to a group of neutrals:

"The bravery of the French troops cannot be denied, but gentlemen, the fact remains that they are not good enough."
Concerning the losses sustained by the French in the offensive—especially that part of it which was conducted in the Champagne—this officer used the word "kolossal," adding: "We are convinced that it will be impossible for them to attack again in these huge quantities. Greater things, certainly, they cannot do."

Less Respect for Briton.
I come now to one of the most important phases of the general effect of the offensive, and in writing that phase I will ask the reader to consider the fact that in what I am saying now I am not giving a personal opinion, but the opinion of many men with whom I have talked. These are not mere views in the sense that they are convictions, for I have not sufficient knowledge gained by personal experience on which to base convictions. What I am giving here is the views of men against whom the offensive was directed. They are, then, a psychological phase, and the gist of it is that, so far as the participation of the English is concerned, the German soldier's respect for the English soldier has been appreciably lessened. He did respect him, I think it would hardly be too much to say that a year ago he dreaded him. He no longer does. His opinion of the French soldier has, on the contrary, risen. General after general has told me that back of General von Hindenburg's attack here and there his first line was pierced, but not one of them has said that his second line was more than dented and that in very few places.

Officers Have Blundered.
And from English prisoners the Germans say they have often heard these statements, and I have myself occasionally heard them:

(1) "Our officers are brave men, but they lack experience. They will dare anything, but they do not know how to lead."

(2) "The new Kitchener army has been long enough trained as to the new, but mistakes were made by our officers. After the first attack they did not seem to know what to do next. After they had led us just the first line of attack, they were turned back and they were to turn."

And these statements are from Germans.

(3) "The new Kitchener army is not comparable to the first."
(4) "French attacks had much of the same success, but even to the dis-

(Continued on Page Six.)

CONN CONVICTED OF MANSLAUGHTER BY CHAVES JURY

All-day Deliberation Results in
Compromise Verdict for
Man Who Slew Molsburger
in Portales Last April.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Roswell, N. M., Nov. 12.—Sam Conn, charged with the murder of Adolphus Molsburger at Portales last April, was found guilty of voluntary manslaughter by a jury in the district court here tonight.

The case was on trial for three days and some of the ablest legal talent in the Pecos valley was engaged in the trial. The case went to the jury late Friday night, but the jurors were unable to reach an agreement until tonight, and for a time the opinion prevailed that there would be a deadlock.

The killing of Molsburger last spring attracted attention all over New Mexico, and the trial which has just ended was watched with great interest.

FOOD RIOT REPORTED FROM DUSSELDORF

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Nov. 12 (via London, 10 p. m.).—The Amsterdam correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company, sends the following:

"In Dusseldorf a recent food riot in which crowds of women looted the market and shops with potatoes and onions was stopped with some difficulty by the police, who were compelled to charge the crowd, arresting a number of the participants."

NOT RAISING THEIR BOYS TO BE SOLDIERS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Trenton, N. J., Nov. 12.—The New Jersey Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teachers' association in session here today took a decided stand against the enactment of laws that would make military training compulsory in the public schools. The convention by resolution declared that an attempt was being made to introduce militarism into the schools, which was the opening wedge toward a system that would lead to compulsory military service for American boys.



Basel, Switzerland, Nov. 13.—Colonel Heussler, a Swiss military statistician, calculates the total losses in killed in the war at 5,000,000.

DERNBURG SETS GERMANY RIGHT ON POLICIES OF THE PRESIDENT

Declares United States Was
Compelled to Deal With Teu-
ton Submarines Before Call-
ing Great Britain to Account

LOSSES TO COMMERCE
REPLACEABLE, HE SAYS

Wilson's One-track Mind and
History of American Diplo-
macy Insure Prosecution of
Controversy to Success.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Berlin, Nov. 12 (via London, Nov. 12, 4:30 a. m. Delayed in Transmittal).—The article written by Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, ex-secretary of the colonies, on the note to Great Britain, declaring in general America's intention to Germany and Great Britain, occupies the entire first page of the Tagesschau. It is written in the friendliest spirit toward President Wilson and the United States.

Dr. Dernburg gives full recognition to the motives inspiring the American policy in the submarine controversy and speaks of Germany's "wise silence" in the Arabic case.

Looks for Positive Pressure.
The former colonial minister is inclined to believe that Mr. Wilson would press for a settlement with Great Britain as rapidly as possible because this was in accord with American diplomatic traditions, because of the pertinacity of Mr. Wilson's character with his single-track mind, and because of the impudence of a meeting of congress and the presidential election.

President Wilson's policy towards Germany and Great Britain was inspired, says Dr. Dernburg, "by a determination to force the belligerents to respect the anti-bellum principles of maritime law as laid down in the Declaration of London and to regard alterations by belligerents without the consent of the United States and other neutrals as unbending American came into conflict both with Germany and Great Britain over these questions."

Why Germany First.
"The submarine question had first to be settled, because this act was not a question, as in Great Britain's commercial warfare with Germany, of replaceable wares or financial losses, but of the lives of American citizens. The differences with Great Britain therefore were postponed until a way had been cleared through Germany's wise giving-in in the Arabic case."

About from the fact that she shared America's considerations for humanity, Germany apparently gave in principally for the reason that a nation which wishes the freedom of the seas should not contribute to shatter the principles which hitherto had been maintained even in an incomplete form, and that she had no right to expect the United States would hold Great Britain to an observance of maritime law without sign following the same policy toward Germany. A submarine campaign defended on the ground of modernity of the weapon was, however, irreconcilable with the application of the London regulations.

With the note of November fifth

and the two notes on the transfer of the registry of a ship and the declaration of cotton and other warlike commodities, the whole fabric, which Great Britain had built up, not only to attack Germany, but to her in American trade, falls to pieces.

"The German press has raised the question whether the United States would endeavor to force compliance with her demands. According to the diplomatic history of the United States—and the London case is a part in this history—there is every reason to believe this will be done at all costs."

"It sometimes has been said that long the Atlantic coast port fifteen years ago, but it is not true. It is true that the United States has not yet decided whether to force compliance with her demands. According to the diplomatic history of the United States—and the London case is a part in this history—there is every reason to believe this will be done at all costs."

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LOSSES TO COMMERCE REPLACEABLE, HE SAYS

ATLANTA WOMAN LAYS CLAIM TO DREAM HUSBAND SHE NEVER SAW

Weird Story of Self-hypnotism
Is Reported; Unidentified
Body of Wreck Victim Tak-
en From Chicago Morgue.

SIGNED STATEMENT IS
GIVEN CORONER'S OFFICE

Detailed Narrative of Things
That Nezel Happened Is
Made in Such a Way That
No Suspicion Was Aroused.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Chicago, Nov. 12.—A graphic story of the dream husband of Miss Julia (Nezel) Nezel, of Atlanta, Ga., was revealed by the coroner's office tonight.

The details of how she obtained the unidentified body of a wreck victim held at the morgue here and took it to Atlanta to be buried as her husband, Dr. Allyn Nezel, were given in a statement by the coroner's office.

That Miss Nezel was the victim of self-hypnotism was the suggestion advanced in dispatches from Atlanta tonight. While she was in a Baltimore hospital, it was declared, she pictured a romance in which the doctor who saved her life asked her hand in marriage.

The following statement signed by the woman before she was permitted to remove the body she identified was made public by the coroner's office here tonight.

Told Story in Detail.
"My name is Julia Crumley Nezel," she began as a musician by occupation and the deceased is my husband. He was born in Kentucky, was 37 years old and his father's name was Edward Nezel. I do not know where his father was born and I do not know his mother's maiden name or where she was born. He was a physician and had lived in Chicago one month and I do not know exactly where. He had no insurance, but had one child, four years of age.

"We were married in January, 1914, in Tampa, Fla., and he left immediately after our marriage. I last saw him alive in July, 1914, in New York and next to him when I identified his body this morning. I cannot af-

firm to his mother, Mrs. Nezel, who said she was in Atlanta, Ga., at the time of his death.

According to the police no effort will be made to seek the identity of the body which the woman identified as her husband's.

MISS CRUMLEY SUFFERER FROM NERVOUS TROUBLES
Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 12.—Dr. Allyn Nezel, announced in formal words, the death of his wife, Julia Crumley Nezel, a native of this city, who died in her imagination. Not until Miss Crumley had gone to Chicago, identified the body of an unknown man killed in a railroad accident, and shipped it here as that of Dr. Nezel did her family and friends suspect anything unusual. She is being attended to by nurses at the home of her father, the late Howard Lee Crumley.

Contradictory statements made by Miss Crumley after she arrived with the body led close friends of the family to call a physician who had known her for years. It is said today that she stated in a letter that Dr. Nezel was a resident of her home and that the identity of the body now at an undertaking establishment here was unknown to her.

Two years ago Miss Crumley was at Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore, undergoing an operation. On her return she told her family and friends that Dr. Allyn Nezel had performed the operation and that they had fallen in love with each other. She received letters from him, from Dr. Nezel, whose home was in Quebec, Canada.

GREEK PROBLEM MAY BE SOLVED BY MISSION OF LORD KITCHENER

It Is Believed That Head of
British Will Try to Influence
Favorable Action by King
Constantine.

NO HOPE IS SEEN IN RUMANIA'S ATTITUDE

Von Hindenburg Is Effectively
Blocked and Russian Offen-
sive Is Gaining Against
Austro-Germans.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Nov. 12 (10 p. m.).—Although London refuses to share the consternation which the dissolution of the Greek chamber has caused in France, no attempt is made to minimize the seriousness of the situation, nor to ignore the fact that King Constantine's action has put a definite quietus on all hopes of Greek co-operation in the near future.

The Greek king's suppression of the majority in the chamber, of which Mr. Venizelos is the leader, is not regarded here as a definite step toward fulfilling a secret compact with the central powers. On the other hand, the present situation makes it obvious that whatever kindly intentions Greece entertains toward the central powers, must await the new elections, which are more than a month off, for fulfillment.

Kitchener's Probable Mission.
The report that Lord Kitchener, the secretary for war, has been sent on a mission to King Constantine to whom he will offer new proposals, has received no confirmation, but the coincidence of his departure with the king's resolution to dissolve the chamber makes the supposition plausible. The report also gains interest from the announcement from several sources that an Austro-German mission has already arrived at Athens to formulate a definite understanding between Greece and the central powers.

At the same time, the king is said to be receiving suggestions from high headquarters, but the position of Greece and Rumania, despite diplomatic pressure, is still unchanged.

No Definite Gains.
Beyond the German announcement of the capture of the passes and being of Jastrebarsky, carrying slightly further southward the Serbian drive of the Austro-Germans, there has been no recent achievement on either side in the Serbian campaign. French cavalry patrols are reported to have surrounded Velest, but the Bulgarians still hold the town.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg's campaign in the Riga-Dvinsk region appears to have definitely ended and the counter-movement of the Russian armies under General Duxovskiy is gaining momentum.

HEAVY ARTILLERY FIRE
IS FEATURE IN WEST

Paris, Nov. 12 (10:25 p. m.).—The following communication was issued tonight:

In Belgium, in the region of Hoesinghe, our artillery concentrated a heavy fire on the German position, especially on the German position, which was very effective, silenced the enemy batteries.

Other artillery engagements took place on the Aves Notre Adesty and Terebell St. Amand, to the north of the Aves Notre Ville au Bois, and in Champagne in the region of the Butte du Mesnil.

Our heavy batteries our artillery compelled a cessation of the fire of the enemy machine gunners.

A violent bombardment on both sides occurred in the sector of Flirey.

RUSSIANS PERSE THEIR
RETREATING ENEMIES

Petrograd, Nov. 12 (via London, Nov. 12, 1:12 a. m.).—The following official communication was issued today:

On the western (Russian) front our troops in the Shukh region, pursuing the enemy, inflicted severe losses on him and advanced west of Kemmer.

Almost everywhere on the rest of the front there were military exchanges of shots and encounters between outposts.

"There is no change in the Caucasus."

AUSTRIANS AT STANDSTILL
EXCEPT IN SERBIA

Vienna, Nov. 12 (via London, 12:28 p. m.).—The following official statement from general headquarters was issued today:

In the Russian theater: Northwest of Petrograd an enemy attack was repulsed; otherwise, only artillery engagements took place.

In the sector of Gorizia, which has lately developed into a battle, continued yesterday. On the battlefield, the desperate efforts of the enemy failed before the tenacious resistance of our heroic troops.

During the day the bridge head at Tolmino was subjected to a strong artillery attack.

An attack against our position at Orizze failed.

Southeastern theater: Our Visegrad troops, continuing their advance, repulsed an enemy attack.

Austro-Hungarian troops, advancing in the lower Lim district across the Isonzo, captured the heights of Silead and Crespano.

The troops, after surmounting all difficulties of cold and snow in the high mountain district between the Isonzo and Moravia valleys, stormed

PAY DAY SPECIALS

Elegant Mission Clock

Early English finish, eight day, half hour strike, cathedral gong.
Regular price \$21.00, special **\$14.50**

Handsome Music Cabinet

Solid quartered oak, Mission finish. Regular price \$17.00, special **\$9.50**

Telephone Stand

An ideal piece of furniture, ornamental as well as useful. Regular price \$11.00, special **\$6.50**

Pedestals in mahogany and golden oak finish, handsome and well constructed from **15 to 25 per Cent Discount**

Electric Portable Lamps, each at **\$3.25 to \$4.50**

Real Matchless Bargains

STRONG BROS.

THE QUALITY STORE

Strong Block Corner Second and Copper
WE GIVE GREEN TRADING STAMPS



GALLUP LUMP
GALLUP STOVE
SUGARITE LUMP
O'MERA LUMP

ALL KINDS WOOD

AZTEC FUEL CO.
PHONE 251

the important heights of smoke and
Kontinua and repulsed several counter-attacks.

"The army of General von Gallwitz has captured the pass and heights of Jantobac, taking 1,100 prisoners. The Bulgarian army continues to cross the Morava."

VILLA SOLDIERS STILL HOLD CHIHUAHUA CITY

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 13.—Arrivals from Chihuahua City on the first passenger train in two weeks stated tonight that about one thousand Villa soldiers were in that city.

The flat currency of the Villa government had been abandoned for silver and it was said food was scarce. The civilian population was expecting the arrival of Carranza troops. It was reported that the Villa troops would defend the city.

FORT WORTH WOMAN TELLS ABOUT HEALTH

Mrs. Reed, Long a Sufferer From Stomach Ills, Can Eat and Sleep Like a Baby.

Mrs. William Reed of 1417 Elderly place, Fort Worth, Texas, suffered from stomach derangements for years. She could not eat with satisfaction. Her sleep was broken and life was misery.

She took May's Wonderful Remedy. The wonderful results startled her and her friends. She wrote: "I have lots of people come to me to find out where to get your remedy, as I was in such a terrible condition, and it helped me so much. I can eat most anything my appetite craves and I sleep like a baby."

May's Wonderful Remedy gives permanent results for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. Eat as much and whatever you like. No more distress after eating, pressure of gas in the stomach and around the heart. Get one bottle of your remedy now and try it on an absolute guarantee. If not satisfactory money will be returned.

To all who are interested in Navajo Blankets

I do not operate a store, therefore I do not have to pay excessive rent, high-salaried employees, big light bills, heavy insurance rates, or for delivery service. The Navajo Blankets which I sell I buy on the Navajo Reservation, direct from the Squaws who weave them, thereby saving all middlemen profits. When you buy from a store you pay for all of these items. If you let me sell you one or more blankets the difference stays in your pocketbook.

I do not have auction sales, or "40 per cent discount on regular prices" sales. In my assortment of blankets you will not find seconds, or thirds, or "culls." All of my blankets are wool and nothing but wool. Each and every one is unconditionally guaranteed. Your money back if you want it. If you are looking for strictly first-class blankets and rugs look over my stock, which puts you under no obligation. My prices are the lowest in town or elsewhere, consistent with the high quality of all blankets sold by me. An inspection and comparison will convince you.

JOS. SCHMEDDING

Navajo Blanket Expert, Formerly Associated With the Hyde-Woodruff Co. and Fred Harvey, as Navajo Blanket Salesman.

519 NORTH THIRTEENTH STREET.

"Schmedding-Standard"—the Hallmark of Navajo Blanket Excellence

VAINLY WAVED AMERICAN FLAG TO SAVE ANCONA

Survivor Tells How Dancing and Joy on Board Liner Soon Gave Place to Terror and Death.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Rome, Nov. 13 (6:20 p. m.). Delayed in Transmission.—Governor Martin, of Perugia, Italy, a survivor of the Ancona, in describing the scenes at the sinking of the liner, said that the first note of warning to the passengers in the morning, who were dancing and joking to music at the time, was a shout that was taken to be a clap of thunder.

"The ship slowed down," said Martin, "but the music continued until a rattling sound was heard, followed by a momentary silence. Everybody then seemed to understand that was happening and panic-stricken was set upon."

"Passenger Lombardi, an American, mounted the deck railing. Standing upright he waved a large American flag in a desperate effort to save the ship by showing that there were Americans on board. I don't know what became of him. I think he was killed, as he disappeared suddenly."

ANOTHER ITALIAN SHIP SUNK BY SUBMARINE

Berlusconi, Italy, Nov. 13 (6:25 p. m.).—The Italian steamer Firenze, sunk by a submarine, was sent to the bottom by means of shell fire off the Sicilian coast.

The Firenze, which was the best and most modern steamer belonging to the Compagnia Marittima and cost \$1,500,000, left here on Tuesday for Alexandria. Forty miles off the Sicilian coast, according to the dispatches received here, she was torpedoed by an Austrian submarine and was obliged to halt when a shot struck her rudder. Five boats were lowered in which to save the passengers and crew, while the submarine, it is declared, continued to bombard the Firenze until she sank.

The passengers comprised nineteen Italians, eleven Egyptians, two Swiss and one French.

The Compagnia Marittima, mentioned in the foregoing, is apparently identical with the Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi, which shipping records list as the owners of the Firenze.

NO AMERICAN LIVES LOST ON THE ANCONA

Rome, Nov. 13 (6:20 p. m.).—Thomas Nelson Page, American ambassador to Italy, has received a report from the British vice consul at Tunis regarding the sinking of the Italian liner Ancona.

It is stated in the report that the only American-born person who sailed on the Ancona was Dr. Carlo L. Groll, who is at Tunis.

Dr. Groll, who is 42 years old, is a resident of New York. She came to Italy six weeks ago to do Red Cross work. Ambassador Page, in replying to the British vice consul, requested that he extend to Dr. Groll all possible assistance.

NO INFORMATION AS TO ANCONA TRAGEDY

Washington, Nov. 13.—All efforts of the United States government to learn the circumstances under which the Italian liner Ancona was sunk with a loss, it is believed, of several American lives, thus far have been without result.

Ambassador Page has sought information at the Italian embassy in Washington, and the American embassy has been instructed to either details, but on the important point—whether the attacking submarine was Austrian or German, and what opportunity was given for escape—nothing official has been received. In the absence of information, officials realize that are unable to take further steps.

Although it at first was believed that the Italian citizenship was responsible for the delays, officials now are coming to believe that the nationality of those who were rescued and the conflicting and incoherent statements made by them caused Italian authorities to make a thorough investigation before furnishing Ambassador Page with a report.

AUSTRIANS ALLOWED CREW TO TAKE TO BOATS

Paris, Nov. 13 (4:10 p. m.).—The Rome correspondent of the Havas agency sends the following regarding the sinking of the Italian steamer Firenze.

"Details of the destruction of the Firenze have been received by the Havas agency. The Firenze was steaming in the Adriatic under a clear sky and with a calm sea when a submarine torpedoed her near the ship's course and fired a gun. All the passengers and the crew, which was made up largely of East Indians, crowded to the deck."

"The submarine, showing the Austrian flag, came close to the steamer and destroyed the ship's steering gear by a shot. The commander of the submarine ordered that everyone take to the boats, as the vessel was about to sink. His boats were launched and in these every person found a place. Upon the first boat arriving in Syracuse, an Italian destroyer was sent in search of the others. All the boats have now been found except one with six passengers, one of whom is a woman and fourteen of the crew."

CLAIM MEXICAN CONSUL LEAGUED WITH BANDITS

Tucson, Ariz., Nov. 13.—According to a dispatch received here tonight from Nogales, prominent citizens of that city have lodged protests with the state department against the further retention of Gustavo Paredes as Carranza consul there. The protest charges Paredes with harboring outlaws at the consulate and of planning raids against American settlements in Sonora.

The charges were made, it is said, as a result of the killing of Manuel Yrigoyen, an alleged henchman of Paredes, by Sidney Simpson, in Nogales. Simpson was captured and strung up by the neck in Sonora recently.

General Calles, according to the Nogales advices, has denied in a telegram to Consul Simpson that Yrigoyen was an officer in the Mexican army.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

CORICAR IS SAID TO BE TRYING TO GET BLACKMAIL

Charge of Austro-Hungarian Embassy Declares Former Consular Official Demands Monthly Stipend.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Nov. 13.—Baron Erich Zedlitz, charge of the Austro-Hungarian embassy, called at the state department today and denied in person for his government the published charges of Dr. Goricar, formerly of the Austrian consular service, that Austrian consulates in the United States "were hotbeds of propaganda" for fomenting strikes in munition plants. The charge submitted data regarding the record of the Goricar and inquired what legal steps, if any, would be taken against the former consul. He was told that the department of justice already was investigating.

After the charge's conference with Acting Secretary Phillips at the state department, the Austro-Hungarian embassy gave out a statement declaring that Dr. Goricar offered to discontinue his utterances against Austria-Hungary should he be allowed a monthly sum of money. It charged that Dr. Goricar as "one of those hard-boiled very limited number of Austro-Hungarian officials, who, impressed with the overwhelming combinations of powers forming a threatening circle around the two central powers, thought if best at the outbreak of the war to leave in time what they thought a sinking ship and offer their services to the other side."

"That these services must not have been very valuable until now," the statement continued, "is shown by the almost destitute condition in which Goricar was reported to have been at different places in the United States. Lately in New York he offered to give up all activity against Austria-Hungary if he was to receive an allowance of \$24,000 monthly. This offer naturally was categorically refused."

DR. GORICAR DECLARES ALL CHARGES TRUE

Providence, R. I., Nov. 13.—Dr. Goricar tonight when shown the statement of Baron Zedlitz given to the state department at Washington, declared that the charge against him was entirely unfounded. He said in addition:

"The statement that I offered to discontinue my charges against Austria-Hungary should I be allowed a monthly sum of money, is answered by the fact that up to two days ago I had never made any charge against Austria-Hungary. Furthermore, I have never spoken to an Austro-Hungarian consul or vice consul since my return to the United States from Europe. I am not in want and if I were I would sooner be dead than accept a penny from any official representative of Austria-Hungary. The denial of this person that Austrian consulates in the United States are hotbeds of propaganda was answered to the satisfaction of the people of this country by the fact that they discovered what Dr. Goricar was doing. The facts that I have made public are simply corroborative of Dr. Goricar's own vicarious confession."

"These men are desperate. I challenge this representative of the Austro-Hungarian empire to make any proposal of vice consul to whom I have ever made any such infamous proposal as he suggests and to name the time or place where I ever approached any consular officer since my return to this country with the sole exception of a visit of courtesy to my former subordinate in San Francisco in the beginning of March of the present year."

ZEALANDIA IS IN MEXICAN WATERS. OWNERS DECLARE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New York, Nov. 13.—How the Zealandia, a small motor launch, was boarded and searched on November 5 by officers and sailors from a British cruiser, afterward said to be the Isis, while lying at anchor northeast of Progress, Mexico, is told by Paul Devanter, the steamer's captain. In a statement made public here today by the Fiske Trading company, the Zealandia's owners, Captain Devanter claims that his vessel was within the three-mile territorial waters of Mexico, but the officer in command of the cruiser signalled at the time that he was not of the same opinion, according to Captain Devanter.

"Since the date of this protest," made by the Zealandia's captain to the British consul—"we have received telegraphic advices," reads the Fiske company's statement, "to the effect that the Port authorities of Progress have officially ascertained that the Zealandia was anchored at the usual anchoring place, and was within three miles of the coast."

After the Zealandia had been boarded and searched, Captain Devanter protested to the British consul at Progress, leaving a copy of his protest with the American consul there. A copy of this protest, giving Captain Devanter's version of the incident, is embodied in the Fiske company's statement.

On its own behalf, the Fiske Trading company says:

"The attempt of the British authorities that the vessel did not have its papers aboard is evidently made for the sole purpose of deceiving the American public, since not only did the British naval officers know that, in accordance with shipping laws and customs, the ship's papers were deposited with the American consul, but the British consul at Progress even demanded an inspection of these papers from the American consul."

Skilled Pottery Maker Dies.
Santa Fe, Nov. 13.—Ramoncita, one of the most skilled of the pottery makers at San Ildefonso, died today, leaving a baby one day old. She was the daughter of Juan Gonzales and recently returned from San Diego. The father of the child, a Hopi Indian, is at San Ildefonso.

VILLA PREPARES TO MEET ENEMY FROM SOUTHWEST

Forces Are Concentrating in Central Sonora Across Path of General Dieguez Advancing From Hermosillo.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 13.—Carranza officials of Agua Prieta stated today that reports of scouts indicated that General Villa was concentrating his forces in central Sonora, his troops having been located at Magdalena and Imita, on the line of the Southern Pacific railway south of Nogales. General Calles, commanding Agua Prieta, believes the movement indicated that Villa was preparing to meet General Dieguez's forces advancing from Hermosillo.

Carranza officials report that 129 Villa soldiers from Naco were given amnesty at Agua Prieta today and sent under escort to Piedras Negras. It was asserted Villa soldiers are deserting at Naco at the rate of 100 a day.

Communications with Nacozari and El Tigre have been restored and both camps were reported quiet.

Reig, Gen. George Bell, Jr., commanding the Fifth Infantry brigade, established provisional brigade headquarters here upon his arrival today. Yaqui General Defeated.

General P. Elias Calles tonight announced the receipt of an official dispatch stating that General Francisco Urbalejo, commanding the Yaqui Indians, was defeated Thursday by General Dieguez at Cerro, thirty miles north of Hermosillo.

General Calles stated that the dispatch said the Yaquis were retreating northward in disorder and that an engine was sent by Villa from Nogales to bring the artillery section north.

According to Calles, Urbalejo has about 2,000 men while Dieguez, he said, had 5,000 men with 6,000 reinforcements en route from Guadalupe.

Withdrawal of practically all Villa forces southward from the border at Naco, Sonora, was reported to General Calles tonight. Colonel Lazaro Cardenas with 1,000 men was reported attacking the rear guard.

A skirmish yesterday between small forces of Carranza and Villa troops resulted in the withdrawal of the Villa forces to Moctezuma and the occupation of Cupira by the Carranza troops, according to Calles, who placed the Villa loss at six killed and one wounded, the Carranza loss being undetermined.

BANDITS ARE BEING KILLED OFF RAPIDLY

Laredo, Tex., Nov. 13.—Skirmishes between Carranza soldiers and roving bands of guerrillas occurred yesterday near Palo, Tamaulipas. De facto forces in northeast Mexico are concentrating their efforts on wiping out the organized bands of guerrillas.

Passengers arriving at the international boundary tonight said that while conditions in the interior of Mexico were improving, there was still a scarcity of food in Mexico City and other places.

From a military standpoint, however, conditions have improved greatly. Bandits have succeeded several times in cutting railway communication between Vera Cruz and Mexico City, but most of the guerrillas have been killed or driven to the mountains.

Passengers from the Torreon vicinity said that locality has the appearance of an armed camp while measures for the extermination of Villa and his followers from Chihuahua are being put in action. What little news comes through from Chihuahua state indicates deplorable conditions with

The Careful man knows that his papers and valuables are safe when he places them in our Safety Deposit Vaults. Are yours safe?



DON'T YOU READ ALMOST DAILY ABOUT BURGLARS BREAKING INTO SOME HOME, COMMITTING MURDER AND GETTING AWAY WITH A SACK FULL OF VALUABLES? THIS CANNOT HAPPEN TO YOU IF YOUR PAPERS AND VALUABLES ARE IN ONE OF OUR SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES. BURGLARS HAVE A WAY OF "SPOTTING" THE HOUSE WHERE VALUABLES ARE KEPT AND THAT IS THE HOUSE THEY ROB.

WE CHARGE \$2.50 AND UP FOR A SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX FOR ONE YEAR. BE A CAREFUL MAN AND RENT ONE.

FIRST SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

Albuquerque, N.M.

food shortages and sickness. First Chief Venustiano Carranza will spend Sunday at Saltillo.

OBREGON RETURNS TO DOUGLAS; VILLA MARCHES

Nogales, Ariz., Nov. 13.—General Alvaro Obregon, the Carranza military commander who arrived here yesterday, supposedly to influence the Yaquis in General Francisco Villa's army to switch to Carranza, left Nogales late today for Douglas with his entire staff.

General Villa and his entire force of about 2,000 left Nogales, Sonora, opposite here today for Magdalena where he will confer with General Urbalejo, commander of the Yaqui contingent of Villa's army. Before leaving, Villa made a short speech in the plaza to a large crowd and his secretary read a long address outlining the policy of the Villa cause and declaring that it was far from dead.

THANKSGIVING TEA, HOME-COOKING SALE AND PARCEL POST SOCIAL

St. John's Guild will hold a Thanksgiving tea, a home-cooking sale and a parcel post social, on Tuesday afternoon of Thanksgiving week, at the home of Mrs. James T. Newhall, 307 West Gold avenue. Everybody is welcome.

Pay Day Drug Specials

Monday, November 15, Only

ALL 25c ARTICLES 10c
ALL 50c ARTICLES 25c
ALL \$1.00 ARTICLES 50c
ALL \$1.50 ARTICLES \$1.19

The above includes PATENT MEDICINES, FACE POWDERS, FACE CREAMS, TOILET GOODS, BRUSHES, NAIL BRUSHES, HAIR BRUSHES, RUBBER GOODS, ABSORBENT COTTON, CANDIES AND OTHER GOODS—ALL THE HIGHEST STANDARD—AT FLETCHER'S CANTORIAL.

THE ABOVE PRICES FOR CASH ONLY.

The Owl Drug Co.

PHONE 54. CORNER GOLD AVE. AND 2ND ST.

The Rexall Stores

Announce Their Semi-Annual

1¢ One Cent Sale 1¢

November 22, 23 and 24

As a method of advertising, The United Drug Company has authorized us to run this NATIONAL ONE-CENT SALE. We are willing to lose money to get you acquainted with these high standard goods such as—

FACE POWDERS, FACE CREAMS, SOAPS, STATIONERY, PERFUMES, TOOTH BRUSHES, NAIL BRUSHES, HAIR BRUSHES, RUBBER GOODS, ABSORBENT COTTON, CANDIES AND OTHER GOODS—ALL THE HIGHEST STANDARD—AT

ONE HALF THEIR VALUE

STANDARD PRICE FOR ONE ARTICLE AND THE NEXT ONE FOR ONE CENT

Phone Us for PALM OLIVE GOODS—They Won't Last Long

The Rexall Stores

Are the World's Greatest Drug Stores. They are rearing a monument to the highest standard of Drugs for the least money. Register a purchaser and become a customer of growing and dependable drug stores.

BUTT'S DRUG STORES

Phone 65 119 West Central ALBUQUERQUE, N. M. Phone 25 Fourth and Central

What's New in New Mexico

GRAND JURY IS TO INVESTIGATE SERIOUS CHARGE

Atrocious Crime Alleged to Have Been Committed by San Miguel County Man Will Come Up for Review.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL
East Las Vegas, N. M., Nov. 13.—Criminal assault upon his own daughter, Alejandra, aged 14 years, is the charge upon which Juan Castillo, aged 45, will be investigated by the San Miguel county grand jury, which will be empaneled Monday at the opening of the November term of court. The offense is alleged to have been committed early in July, the man forcing his attentions on the girl on two successive nights, during the absence of her mother, The Castillo home, at East Las Vegas, was the scene of the alleged crime. Castillo, on preliminary examination was bound over to the grand jury.

Indications are that the fall term of court for San Miguel county will be rather long and exciting. Criminal cases set for trial are not numerous, and there is said to have been little crime committed during the past six months for investigation by the grand jury. The larceny of livestock seems to have been the offense most often committed in this county during the past year. A considerable number of men accused of such thefts have been bound over to the grand jury because of the activity of the officers, but the total number of alleged violations of the law, all classes of offenses included, has been much less than usual.

Fake Pretense. Charles W. Pfeiffer, son of a prominent St. Louis family, will undergo an investigation on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Pfeiffer was arrested last July on a charge of having borrowed \$50 of Joseph Tachert, Las Vegas merchant, on a diamond and belonging to J. W. McGovern. McGovern obtained the stud from Tachert on an action in replevin, but the gem has been replying in the courthouse since the middle of July, being "exhibit A" against Pfeiffer. Tachert is still bemoaning the loss of his \$50, and he cannot seem to see any way of getting it back.

Ramon Valerio and Procopio Valerio will be investigated by the grand jury as the most likely suspects of a plot in the holding up of Pilar Alvarez, a Las Vegas watchmaker, in the churchyard of Our Lady of Sorrows parish night on the night of September 24.

True Maria de la O was bound over to the grand jury several weeks ago on a charge of forgery. It is alleged that she forged the name of Rosalinda Delgado, a prominent resident of the Mineral Hill district, and a member of the county board of health, for \$10, which he induced County Clerk Lorenzo Delgado to cash. His case likely will come up during the coming term.

Other Cases to Come Up. A true bill may be returned against Jose Olguin, who is accused of larceny of \$10 in cash from his sister-in-law, Mrs. Aurelia L. de Olguin.

Following are some of the cases docketed:

State against Howard Payne, uttering worthless checks.

State against Cledys C. Carter and Rose Carter, larceny of cattle.

State against Tranquilino Baca and Jose Martinez, larceny of cattle.

State against Frank P. Chavez, larceny of cattle.

State against Lorenzo Anaya and Eduardo Rivera, assault with a deadly weapon.

State against Jose B. Ortega, forgery and uttering false checks.

State against Clement Lucero, larceny of cattle.

Grand Jury Jurors. Following is a list of the grand and petit jury venues, and the numbers of the precincts in which each man resides:

Grand jury—Pedro A. Talaya, 8; Felipe Baca y Garcia, 6; Silvio Lucero, 26; Felix Valencia, 12; Claudio Aranda, 37; H. S. Van Patten, 29; Jose M. Chavez, 4; Florencio Trujillo, 1; Canuto Leyba, 21; M. M. Sundt, 14.

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapiesin" makes sick, sour, gassy stomachs feel fine.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eruptions of undigested food, no distress, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapiesin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapiesin will save them from any stomach misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapiesin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

ANOTHER MYTH IS SHATTERED BY HISTORIAN READ

Story That "Bell of San Miguel" Is Oldest in Country Explodes Under Cold Analysis of Actual Facts.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL
Santa Fe, Nov. 13.—Just as the romance that Santa Fe is the oldest white settlement in the United States has been shattered by the cold, critical analysis of history, so the cherished Santa Fe delusion, a belief that it possessed the oldest bell in the country, a bell about 600 years old, in order to put a stop to the circulation of a historical inaccuracy, Mr. Read today destroyed another cherished Santa Fe delusion, a belief that it possessed the oldest bell in the country, a bell about 600 years old.

In order to put a stop to the circulation of a historical inaccuracy, Mr. Read today destroyed another cherished Santa Fe delusion, a belief that it possessed the oldest bell in the country, a bell about 600 years old. In the ancient city of Santa Fe, the capital of the state of New Mexico, there is an ancient chapel, built by Quade at the time he founded the city of Santa Fe, 1605-1606, known as San Miguel, which is now and has been since the year 1859 used as the private chapel of St. Michael's college in charge of the Christian Brothers. In this chapel, there is a large bell not in use now, the inscription of which has been misinterpreted and led to the erroneous impression that it is the oldest bell in the United States. As a matter of fact, the bell was cast in Santa Fe in 1856. The inscription on the bell is "San Jose Rueda per nos" (Saint Joseph Rueda for us), and also the figures "1856".

Impossible Dates. "Gradually the story circulated that the date on the bell in 1556, that the bell had been cast in Spain in that year; that it was brought from Spain in Mexico and from Mexico to Santa Fe. Poets and essayists aided in circulating the error and although it has been refuted again and again, it is a fresh start every once in a while. One historian calls the story a silly lie, and nevertheless, it is given currency in print night after night.

A similar story regarding a much older bell, that at the Mission San at Riverside, Calif., has been refuted after a thorough investigation by Father Eugene Surranes, O. M. F. The bell is known as the Maria Jacob Bell and was actually cast in Spain in 1547. The inscription on the bell is Maria Jacob, Jesus Christus, quinquagesima et salvator me facient. Anno Domini 1547.

Father Surranes states that the date of the casting of the bell can not

be 1547, and a casual glance at the inscription might suggest, because in the thirteenth century, the Gothic alphabet was exclusively used in Spain. The bell in San Miguel's chapel has its inscription in Roman figures and in modern Spanish.

Eyes-witnesses Interviewed. Mr. Read has interviewed eyes-witnesses who saw the bell hoisted into the tower of San Miguel's chapel in 1857 and has the written statement of a prominent official that he witnessed the casting of the two bells of which the San Miguel's bell is one, in 1857. At that time, there was in the tower of San Miguel's a small bell which was crushed and led to the casting of the new bell, which was much heavier.

Mr. Read continues: "It would be a preposterous assumption to say that Spain cast a bell for Santa Fe 132 years before the discovery of America and 270 years before the founding of Santa Fe. That there is not a particle of evidence, even informal, that any bell of the size of the San Miguel's bell, which weighs more than 200 pounds, was ever brought to New Mexico in the seventeenth or eighteenth century, or by the Franciscan Friars, the bells brought by the Friars to New Mexico, Arizona and California being rather small. There was no necessity of bringing bells from Spain because the Indians had bells when Cortes conquered them. Cortes, after rebuilding Mexico in 1521, established smaller bell foundries, which have been in the city ever since. In conclusion, Mr. Read says: "Let us then, paraphrasing Father Surranes, say to the world that we love the story and romance that lingers about our church of San Miguel and its historic bell, cast in the second oldest city in the United States, Santa Fe, but we still love truth and historical accuracy more."

BEAUTIFUL DODGE BROS. LIMOUSINE PURCHASED BY TONY

Tony Michelbach, who has gained a reputation all over the southwest as the man who took the "Tax and of the Tax" yesterday purchased from N. M. Cordoba, proprietor of the Albuquerque-Brook company, a Dodge Brothers' closed winter limousine, a five-passenger automobile, the cash price being a little over \$1,000. Tony's constantly increasing business practically forced him to add to his present equipment, and, taking into consideration the comfort and complete protection of his patrons for the winter months, thought it wise to purchase the best car on the market for the purpose, hence the Dodge Brothers' limousine. In the spring, the car can be changed back to the standard touring car or roadster. When seen last night, Tony was as happy as a lark over his purchase and will have the car out today to be admired by all who like to look upon something real nice in the automobile line.

Buffalo Dance Big Success. Santa Fe, Nov. 13.—The Buffalo dance at Pecos yesterday is reported to have been the best dance given at the public in many years. The crops have been extraordinarily bountiful and out of gratitude the Indians brought out their oldest trappings, some of them worn since the first centuries past. Some of them are priceless. The masks worn during the dance are relics of the days when buffalo were plenty on the plains. The Indians danced with a zest. Santa Clara, Narango, former governor of Santa Clara, explained and interpreted to the tourists the words of the ceremonial songs that were sung during the dance.

GET ACQUAINTED WITH A BANK ACCOUNT

A Bank Account with us is one of the best friends you can have. It costs you nothing to open it. We give you good service—courteous treatment—sympathetic attention to your banking needs. With the strength of a corporation we combine the humanity of an individual. Call and see us. Our list-making is always out for the new depositor, whether he be great or small.

THE CITIZENS BANK

Hours 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

We pay 4 per cent interest in our Savings Department on (Certificates of Deposit)

L. O. O. M. TO HAVE AN ENTERTAINMENT

The local chapter of the Local Order of Moose announced an entertainment of the high school symphony for Tuesday evening, November 16, a program will be presented by Mr. and Mrs. Henderson, consisting of three distinctly different musical plays. The first will be a serious play, also entitled, "The Jew and the Priest." The second will be a burlesque comedy entitled "The Tale and the Rule." The third will be a musical farce, entitled, "Miss Anna From Mobile." The Little-Pinkerton orchestra will render a high class musical program in addition to the play.

TRY THIS FOR A COLD—IT'S FINE!

"Pape's Cold Compound" Ends Severe Colds or Grippe in Few Hours.

You can end grippe and break up a severe cold either in head, chest, body or limbs, by taking a dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" every two hours until three doses are taken.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops many discharges or nose running, relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stuffiness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and sniffing! Ease your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes like, and causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.



The Golden Staff of Life

Bread is the staff of life and golden-brown electric toast is its most delicious and healthful form.

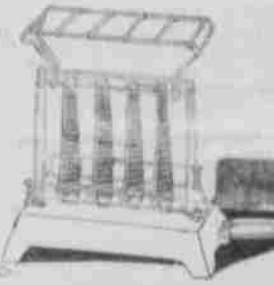
There's no use trying to demonstrate or even to imagine that ordinary toast is as good as electric toast. In making ordinary toast it is very difficult to avoid burning the bread, and burnt bread is something very different from the crisp and delicate toast made by the clean electric heat of the

G-E Radiant Toaster

The electric toaster enables you to have perfect toast at any time without the fuss and bother of building fires and smoking up the house. There is nothing more suitable for an Electrical Christmas Gift.

See Them at the Office of THE GAS CO.

PHONE 38.



Thanksgiving Linens



For Your Thanksgiving Needs

None too soon to be thinking about Napery for your Thanksgiving and Holiday needs. You know how much more appetizing everything seems if the table is prepared for the meal with pretty, snow-white linen. It adds zest to the feast, and if you expect to entertain friends you'll certainly want your table to look at its best.

We are showing an unusually large assortment of handsome linens, economically priced. If you have need of any of these things it will be to your interest to look at our line before purchasing.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

All Linen Table Damask at \$1.35

This is a very special value at this price, a large assortment of patterns from which to select. We have the Napkins to match, dozen, \$1.50

Extra Heavy Silver Bleach Linen at \$1.25 the Yard

Would be a good value at \$1.50; excellent wearing qualities, beautiful patterns.

Mercerized Damasks

Our Mercerized Damasks have every appearance of fine linen. 25c, 40c, 45c and 60c the yard; very pretty floral and stripe designs.

All Linen Damask, 72 in. Wide at \$1.20

We are showing a very strong line at this price, very pretty patterns, beautiful quality that cannot be duplicated to sell at less than \$1.50, while they last, the yard, \$1.20
Napkins to match, the dozen, \$3.50

Cream Linen Damasks

Splendid values, the yard, at \$1.10, 90c, 75c and 55c
Guest towel, 15 to 24 inches wide, the yard, from 25c to 75c
Table Linen Sets and separate cloths moderately priced.
All Linen table cloths, not hemmed, suitable for square or round table. Very handsome patterns, priced from \$2.90 to \$7.50
Napkins to match, if you wish, at from \$3.15 to \$8.00
22-inch Napkins, at dozen, \$3.15
These cannot be duplicated to sell for less than \$4.00 a dozen.
24-inch Napkins, all linen damask, very pretty designs, at \$3.60

THIS THANKSGIVING LINEN SALE ANTICIPATES YOUR EVERY NEED, AND THE LINENS OFFERED AT THESE PRICE INDUCEMENTS ARE "KISTLER-COLLISTER STANDARD" QUALITIES.

313-315 W. CENTRAL AVENUE
PHONE 283

Kistler Collister & Co.
ALBUQUERQUE DRY GOODS SHOP

313-315 W. CENTRAL AVENUE
PHONE 283

Charity Work Planned. Santa Fe, Nov. 12.—The committee of the Associated Charities met yesterday afternoon to plan systematic work during the winter. While no levy has been made for charity work by the county commissioners, one third to be devoted to each district in the county, will be available together with such other funds as are provided.

Albuquerqueans File Bankruptcy Petitions. Santa Fe, Nov. 13.—Two petitions in bankruptcy from Albuquerque were filed today in the federal court. John Murray White, attorney-at-law, and abstractor, gave his liabilities at \$15,375.21 and his assets at \$185, all exempt. Of the liabilities, \$3,500 are due Albuquerque creditors, principally the Albuquerque Abstract Company, \$1,000; the John M. Moore Realty company, \$1,000; and C. E. Vaughn, \$200. The heaviest creditors are in Pennsylvania, California and Colorado.

Mary Robinson of Albuquerque gave her liabilities as \$4,100 and her assets at \$3,640, of which \$1,146 is stock in trade and \$2,500 real estate.

Storage of Car Really Important. Motorists Who Want Their Car in Shape Next Spring Should Observe Precautions.

Winter is coming! What are you going to do with your car?

Every motorist should know that unless he pays particular attention to the way he stores his car or the manner in which he uses it during the winter months, he will incur a large repair expense bill.

The manufacturers of Diamond Tires wish to make a few recommendations to motorists, advising that if they know how to properly take care of the car and its equipment they will get better service and satisfaction from the Diamond products which they are using.

Those motorists who do not drive their cars during the winter months, should be very careful to store the car properly. The wheels should be jacked up and blocks set under the axle to prevent the car from slipping. When jacked up the tires should be removed and washed carefully and if the tread or side walls are cut they should be repaired before storing. The winter months offer an excellent opportunity to the motorist to get his car in good shape for the coming season.

If the tires are in first-class condition they should be wrapped in dark paper which will prevent light from getting to them and then stored where there is no danger of freezing. Heat, light and cold are all enemies of rubber and the motorist who does not take this precaution with his tire equipment will find that his tires have deteriorated during the winter months.

The car should be gone over carefully and cleaned, grease taken out of the gears, they should be oiled and special care taken to drain the radiator. If this is not done there will be danger of freezing. Leave the pet cocks under the radiator and engine open.

Another thing which you may not remember to do is to put up the top. If it remains down during the entire winter it will rot in places and if it is stretched tight it will keep in good shape.

With the aid of these few suggestions you will be able to keep your car in first-class shape through the winter months, so that it will be in good serviceable shape when warm spring days dry up the roads and you are ready to use your automobile again. A stitch in time now will save dollars next spring.

Charity Work Planned. Santa Fe, Nov. 12.—The committee of the Associated Charities met yesterday afternoon to plan systematic work during the winter. While no levy has been made for charity work by the county commissioners, one third to be devoted to each district in the county, will be available together with such other funds as are provided.

PROSPERITY IN GREAT BRITAIN BAFFLES EXPERTS

Economists Who Predicted Disaster a Year Ago Can't Understand Surface Indications of Good Times.

(Associated Press Correspondence.) London, Oct. 24.—How completely the war has baffled the forecast of economic experts is shown by the remarkable wave of surface prosperity which the masses of Great Britain are experiencing. Only a little more than a year ago political economists were discussing seriously the need of creating public works on a great scale for the tens of thousands who would be thrown out of employment. Now financiers like Sir George Paish, editor of the Economist, and Edwin Montagu, the financial secretary of the treasury, are sounding strong warnings against the extravagant living of the nation as a whole. "Money is being squandered on all sides," declared Sir George Paish in a recent speech, and the newspapers are taking up the same cry.

The conditions which the war has developed, have settled the problem of public works on lines which apparently were not foreseen. The enormous increase of the British army to three million men, and the demand for workers in the public and private munitions works, has absorbed all the available manhood of the country procurable on a basis of voluntary service, and given a great surplus of employment to the United States. Money is being discharged freely and even lavishly and extravagantly to contractors and to workmen, and for the support of the families of soldiers, according to the economists, and it is being spent by the people at large with equal lavishness and extravagance.

Wealth Redistributed. These conditions cause excited debate by all classes. In the enormous redistribution of wealth the general drift would appear to be from the

Drink Coffee in Safety

Take a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet After Meals and Eat and Drink Anything You Feel Like.

Send for FREE Trial Package. Just because coffee seems to aggravate your stomach troubles is no reason for giving it up without a struggle. Not until you have tried using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will you be justified in denying yourself the good things of life.



"Six on Cutting Out Coffee! I Drink All I Want and Just Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets After."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets when placed at work in the weak stomach and small intestines, supply what these organs need. They stimulate the gastric glands and gradually bring the digestive organs back to their normal condition.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are as safe and powerful a remedy. They will digest your food for you when your stomach alone can't. Get a life box from your druggist today or mail the below coupon now.

FREE TRIAL COUPON
F. A. Stuart Co., 209 Stuart Building, Marshall, Mich., send me a free trial package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.
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Special Values During Convention Week
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GETS THE BEST RESULTS IF YOU SPEND IT HERE FOR

Furniture, Stoves, Bedding

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YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

and we make terms to suit your convenience, also EXCHANGE NEW FURNITURE FOR OLD

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Sollie-Peters Furniture Company

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Greeks at the Palace Demanding War



Premier Eleutherios Venizelos, Who Recently Resigned. Prince Nicholas, Commander of Army.

This photograph shows a section of an enormous crowd of Greeks in front of the National palace in Athens, just before the order for the mobilization of the army. King Constantine, who was forced in Germany and was trained in the German army, signed the order only after a long argument with the premier, following the mobilization of the Bulgarian army. The

hands of the rich and the middle classes into the pockets of the workmen and the families of the soldiers. While the workers furnish a majority of the men under arms, the people with large estates and those with savings and middle class incomes believe that they furnish the bulk of the money which is carrying on the war, and which finds its way down through the government and contractors to the small merchants and workmen. This results in the enforcement of mutual economy upon the wealthy and the middle classes (except those concerned in war work, who are many), and encourages unusually free spending in the stratum usually most economical. While the Covent Garden opera has been suspended during the war time the theaters of the masses, and the picture shows are prospering. The hotels and restaurants supported by the wealthy pass their dividends; the popular resorts are doing good business. Tailors and fashionable dressmakers claim to be suffering great depression but the wives and daughters of workmen are dressed better than ever before in their lives. Wine merchants are putting up their shutters, but the public houses where beer and gin are consumed are crowded.

Mr. Montagu complained of great spending on luxuries, and cited the fact that the sale of piches was increased. He called upon every citizen to be prepared to put at least one-half his current income at the disposal of the state. The wealthy classes of England would not agree that the luxury and extravagance charge is practised by them. No observer could fail to credit them with accepting the enormous war taxes imposed upon incomes with a remarkable patriotism and resignation. Speaking for the other side of the case, Sir Alfred Mond, a wealthy manufacturer, told the house of commons that men from the agricultural districts who formerly earned \$4 a week are getting \$14 and \$29 from the government, and men are being paid \$2 a day for putting up huts for the soldiers. Annan Bryce, brother of the former ambassador to America, testified that boys who formerly worked for \$2 a week are being paid by the government more than

\$10 for carrying the bags of government carpenter. A writer in the Daily Mail says: "I met a man who, without any previous experience as a craftsman, was running from six to eight pounds a week (\$20 to \$40), making shell cases in a certain government munitions factory. I am told that workmen in Birmingham now drive up in their daily task in taxi cabs, and that in that fortunate city the shops are doing a trade in expensive luxuries such as has never been known before." Extravagant payments to contractors, and to buyers and experts who have been taken into government employment, is a complaint against the government levied by many business men. Corruption is not charged, but high and wasteful disbursements due to ignorance of business affairs on the part of officials and the necessity for making hurried contracts. The country would not suffer so much from these conditions if it was self contained like Germany and money merely flowed in a circle from the government into the hands of the people back to the government in taxes and loans. But Britain is importing enormous quantities of goods for the use of the people, besides war supplies, and the exports do not balance the imports by many millions. Advocates of economy in the popular press take advantage of the opportunity to call upon the government for retrenchment. The office of lord chamberlain alone, with almost nominal duties, is costing \$125,000 a year. Lord Buckmaster, recently the head of the press bureau, is drawing the salary of \$70,000, while his predecessor, Lord Haldane, and two other former incumbents of the office are receiving pensions of \$25,000 each. The two law officers of the crown, the attorney general and the solicitor general, are compensated chiefly by fees which amount to about \$100,000 for each official. Several cabinet ministers draw salaries of \$25,000. The payment of \$2,000 salaries to members of the house of commons is a comparatively new law. The writers for newspapers which circulate among the working classes call upon government officials to set the example in responding to Mr. Montagu's appeal to citizens to place half their incomes at the disposal of the government.

STRONG APPEAL MADE TO IRISH FOR ENLISTMENT

Recruiting Is Placed on New Basis and Wastage in Divisions Already Secured Will Soon Be Supplied.

(Associated Press Correspondence.) Dublin, Nov. 13.—Recruiting in Ireland has been placed upon a new basis. Hitherto the work has been entrusted to voluntary committees formed in each county, with a central recruiting council for Ireland. The first lieutenant of a county, usually a peer, has been at the head of the work in his county. Meetings have been held in every part of Ireland, and much zeal has been displayed by the speakers at these assemblies, which have included representatives of all parties and creeds. The result has been, as announced by Maj. Gen. Lovick Friend, the commander of the forces in Ireland, the enlistment of 81,000 men for the infantry. As the percentage of volunteers for military service has been as high as 50 per cent, the total number from Ireland who offered themselves for service in the army was about 160,000. Ireland at the outbreak of the war had more than her proportion of men in the army and in the reserve and this total has been described by the highest military authority in a public letter as "magnificent." There must be added to it also Ireland's recruitment for the navy, to which a substantial number of men have gone.

A fresh appeal has been made for more men to fill up the wastage in the Irish divisions at the front. To keep them up to full strength, a recruitment of about 1,000 men a week is officially stated to be necessary, and unless the Irish divisions are to be filled up from Scottish and English drafts, that number will have to be found in Ireland.

No difficulty, however, is expected to arise in the matter. The rate of recruitment asked for now is less than that reached in the months of April and May, last, and experience has taught the necessity for improved methods which are counted upon to make the task easier. The existing organizations are now at an end, and a new department for Irish recruiting has been established under the leadership of Lord Whitborne, lord lieutenant. He has appointed at chief director, Capt. R. C. Kelly, an Irish soldier of distinction, and what is more to the purpose, an extremely keen business man full of energy and tact. He came over here some months ago as the representative of David Lloyd George's munitions department and put the munitions business in Ireland well on its feet.

New Director Is Popular. The choice of Captain Kelly as director of Irish recruiting has been warmly welcomed by both the Unionist and Nationalist newspapers.

It is likely, therefore, that the new methods of recruiting in Ireland will have to be based, like the old ones, on general appeals. The most effective appeals addressed to Irishmen have been based upon the invasion of Belgium. The torpedoing of the Lusitania was a powerful stimulus to recruiting, which was still further added to by the sinking of the Arabic.

Ireland was chilled by action on the part of the military authorities such as that which refused to allow the Irish division to provide its own colors. Even yet, though the colonies and the Ulster division have distinctive badges, the other Irish divisions have not.

There is also a feeling that the exploits of the Irish regiments at the front have not had all the publicity they deserved. Except for individual exploits such as that which gave Sergeant O'Leary the Victoria cross, they are felt to have a poor show in the dispatches or descriptions of the official eye-witnesses.

Still, when all is said, the response of Ireland, notwithstanding all difficulties is regarded as excellent, and the avoidance of such errors as may have been made in the past, it is believed, will make easy what remains to be done.

Dies at Football Game. Sedalia, Mo., Nov. 13.—Elroy E. Coddington, a prominent republican politician in Missouri and former postmaster here, dropped dead at a football game here this afternoon. With the score 15 to 0 in favor of War, a son of Mr. Coddington, who was playing with the Sedalia team, made a play which started a rally by his team. Mr. Coddington became greatly excited and death resulted.

Boston Bike Race Ends. Boston, Nov. 13.—All Grands of Tasmania and Fred Hill of Waterbury won the six-day bicycle race, which closed tonight. They had a total of 99 points. McNamara and Speary of Australia were second with 97 points. Eight teams set up a new local record for the event with a mark of 1,405 miles, one lap.

Are your hens laying as many eggs as they should? If not, make them lay. How? Feed them a ration that contains all the elements—all the parts that make eggs. Very simple matter when you come to think about it. We have a customer at Magdalena, N. M., who has been buying our Royal Balanced Ration Mixed Chicken Feed—500 pounds at a time for a long time—so long I can't remember in what year he commenced. Why does he do this and pay the freight as well as for the feed? Just one reason. He gets results. If you have hens I guarantee to you they will lay an abundance of eggs, if you follow directions. If they don't lay, your feed costs you not a cent, because I'll give it to you. Is that fair enough? Order a sack of Royal Balanced Ration on this guarantee, and make your poultry pay a profit.

E. W. PEE, 212-214-216 West Lead Avenue. Phone 16.

THE ONLY ONE-PRICE PIANO HOUSE IN NEW MEXICO EXTENDS A MOST CORDIAL INVITATION TO NEW MEXICO TEACHERS WHO WILL BE AMONG US NEXT WEEK, AND HOPES TO SEE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS BEFORE LEAVING CITY

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Price Plainly Marked on Every Instrument.
We Want You to See and Hear Some of These
Famous Pianos and Player-Pianos.



519 West Central

ALBUQUERQUE

Phone 778

INDIAN SCHOOL IS BLANKED ONCE MORE BY VARSITY

New Mexicans, However, Are Unable to Pile Up Points They Did in First Game; Score Is 20 to 0.

The Albuquerque Indian school eleven took its second trouncing at the hands of the University of New Mexico yesterday afternoon at the Hopewell gridiron. While the Indians were able to prevent the university from running up as great a score as it did in the first game still yesterday's score was one-sided. It was 20 to 0.

The university made its scores on three touchdowns and two goals following touchdowns. Most university gains were made on straight line bucks and end runs. The ball was in Indian territory the greater part of the time. Several costly fumbles by the Indians contributed to the result.

The ball men brought in their first points on a touchdown early in the first quarter. The university kicked off. The Indians fumbled the ball on their first down, the punter going to the university, which sent it over the line for the first score. That was kicked.

The university put another touchdown over in the second period and kicked goal, running its total up to 14 points. The varsity made its final touchdown in the last period, but failed to kick goal.

VANDERBILT UPSETS TRADITION AND ENDS SUPREMACY OF AUBURN

(By Morning Journal Special League Wire.) Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 13.—Auburn's all but undisputed reign for the past two years over the southern gridiron, ended here today when Vanderbilt upset football traditions, and won from the Alabama platoon here, 17 to 9.

Not in two years had the Auburn line been exposed. The seven from Tennessee purchased their opponents in all respects and only once was the Vanderbilt goal in danger.

With Georgia and Georgia Tech playing a 0 to 0 game at Atlanta today, Vanderbilt's victory was looked upon as practically deciding football supremacy in the territory of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic association. This association does not include Virginia.

A. B. C. SQUADS START PRACTICE FOR BASKETBALL

Boys and Girls Turn Out Large Representations; Chances for Two Fast Teams Appear Promising.

The Albuquerque Business college basketball teams started practice last night at the high school gymnasium. Both the boys' and girls' squads are the best ever to start for the college although only a handful of last year's players will wear Business college uniforms for the institution this year.

Twenty boys and thirteen girls responded to the first call for basketball recruits. This does not represent all the basketball talent in the school, however, and both squads will grow. Of the score of boys, who worked last night, only one was on the regular team and three on the manual lab team. Two of the girls played with the team last year.

The practice developed two very promising players. They are Harry Wilson of the University of Washington, and Robert Chambers of the Colorado Agricultural college.

George Nehey, who has played with the Albuquerque high school and Business college and who was one of the star centers of New Mexico while playing with the latter outfit, has been elected to coach the boys. Miss Anna Myers and Miss Helen Wickham, both A. B. C. stars, will coach the girls.

The Business college's season will start New Year's night. Manager J. E. Goodell, of the college, has made a shift on the schedule. The New Mexico School of Mines has written him, asking for two games. This will be the first time the Business college and Mines have met on the court. A double-header will be played with the Las Vegas Normal university at Las Vegas, but the date has not yet been set.

The squads will be out for their second practice Wednesday night.

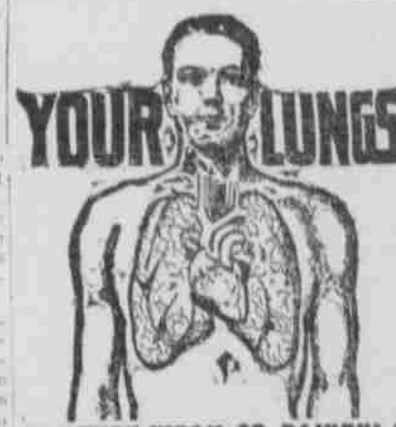
day, Vanderbilt's victory was looked upon as practically deciding football supremacy in the territory of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic association. This association does not include Virginia.

Hudson for Signs

Wall Paper

HUDSON for Picture Frames

Fourth St. and Copper Ave.



ARE THEY WEAK OR PAINFUL?

Do your lungs ever bleed?
Do you have night sweats?
Have you pain in chest and sides?
Do you get yellow and black mucus?
Are you continually hacking and coughing?
Do you have pain under your shoulder blades?
These are regarded symptoms of LUNG TROUBLE.

You should take immediate steps to check the progress of these symptoms. The longer you allow them to advance and develop, the more deep seated and serious your condition becomes. We Stand Ready to Prove to You Lung Trouble.

The German Treatment has cured completely and permanently cases after cases of Consumption (Tuberculosis), Chronic Bronchitis, Catarrh of the Lungs, Catarrh of the Bronchial Tubes and other lung troubles. Many sufferers who had lost all hope and who had been given up by physicians have been permanently cured by Lung Germin.

Your lungs are merely weak and therefore have not yet manifested itself, you can prevent its development, you can build up your lungs and system to their normal strength and capacity.

Lung Germin has cured advanced Consumption, and the patients remain strong and in splendid health today.

Let us send you the Proof—Proof that will convince any Judge or Jury on Earth.

We will gladly send you the proof of many remarkable cures, also a TRIAL package of Lung Germin, together with our new Lung Book (in colors) on the treatment and cure of consumption and lung trouble (if you will send your name and to cents (stamp or silver) to help cover expense.

Lung Germin Co., 789 Rae Bldg., Jackson, Mich.

You miss many opportunities daily if you do not read Journal want ads.

Moore's Air-Tight Heater--Saves Fuel

HEALTHFUL HEATING

Moore's Air-Tight Heater is a very handsome stove, and adds another touch of comfort and beauty to the home. It is built to heat on the same plan as a furnace which heats and circulates warm air in the house.

Leading experts in heating and sanitary engineering unitedly agree that circulating warm air is the proper and most healthful manner of heating, and many schoolhouses are required to be warmed that way.

Moore's Air-Tight Heater in the home means warm floors and happy, healthy children and a wonderful saving in fuel.

Moore's Air-Tight Heater Will Keep You Warm

Buy it and be comfortable.



HEATS THE UPSTAIRS

In nearly every home there is a hall or room upstairs you would like to heat.

Moore's Air-Tight Heater is built to do this without interfering with heating down stairs. On the top of every stove is a collar and a large heating pipe can be attached to it and run to a register plate in the ceiling and a large volume of heat carried to the upper part of the house, thereby greatly adding to the comfort of the family.

Makes An Even Temperature in All the Rooms

Open an Account With Us

"It's Easy to Pay the Kapple Way"

The KAPPLE CO.

FURNITURE

FIRST STORE ON EAST CENTRAL

Place Your Stove Order Before the Rush.

"It's Easy to Pay the Kapple Way"



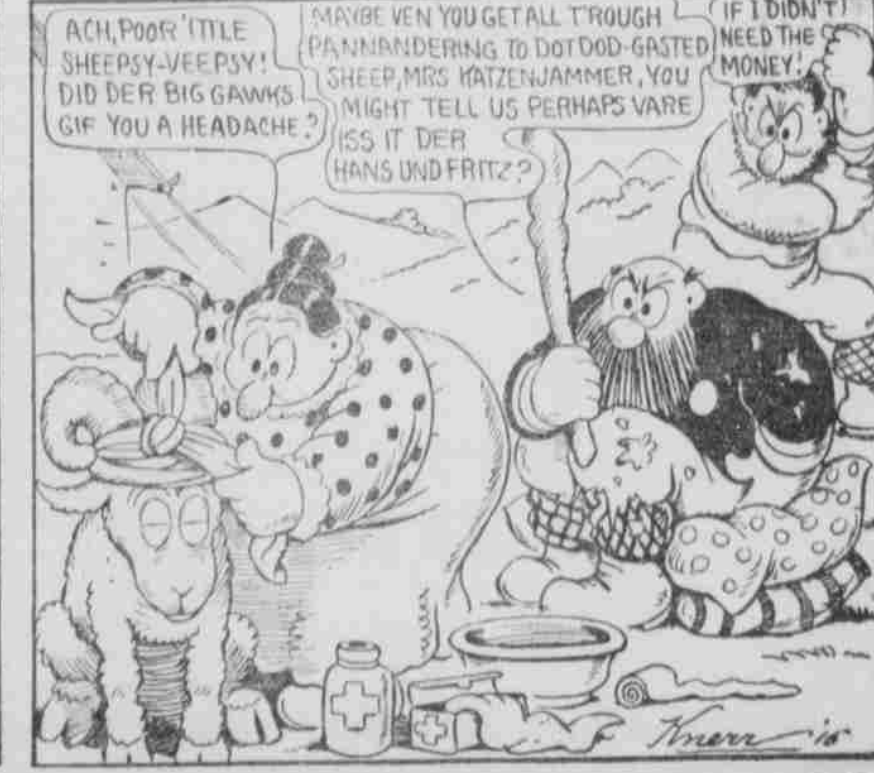
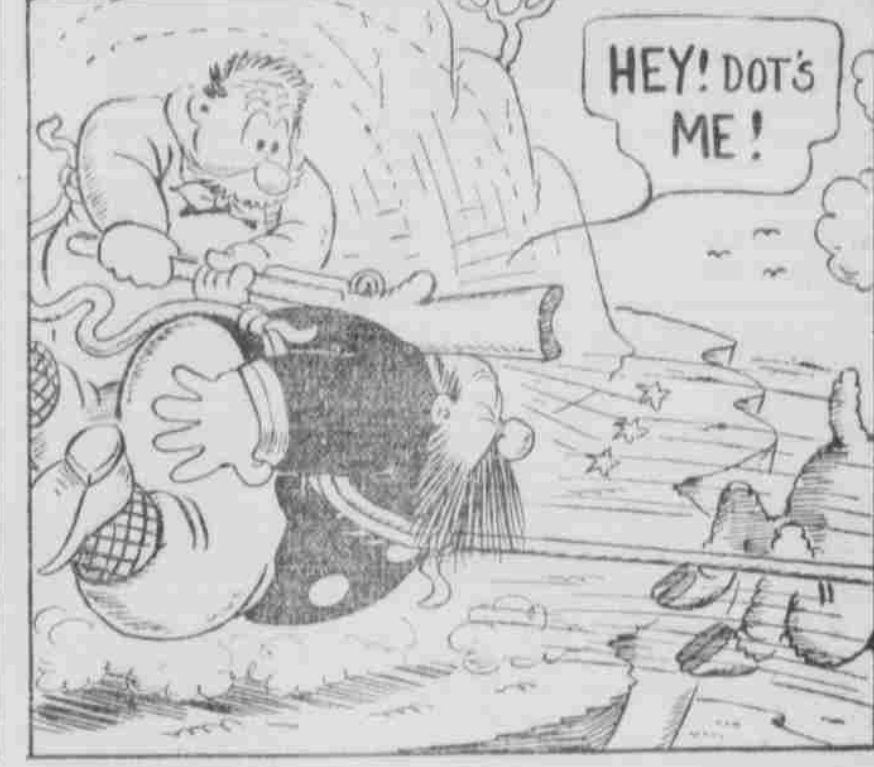
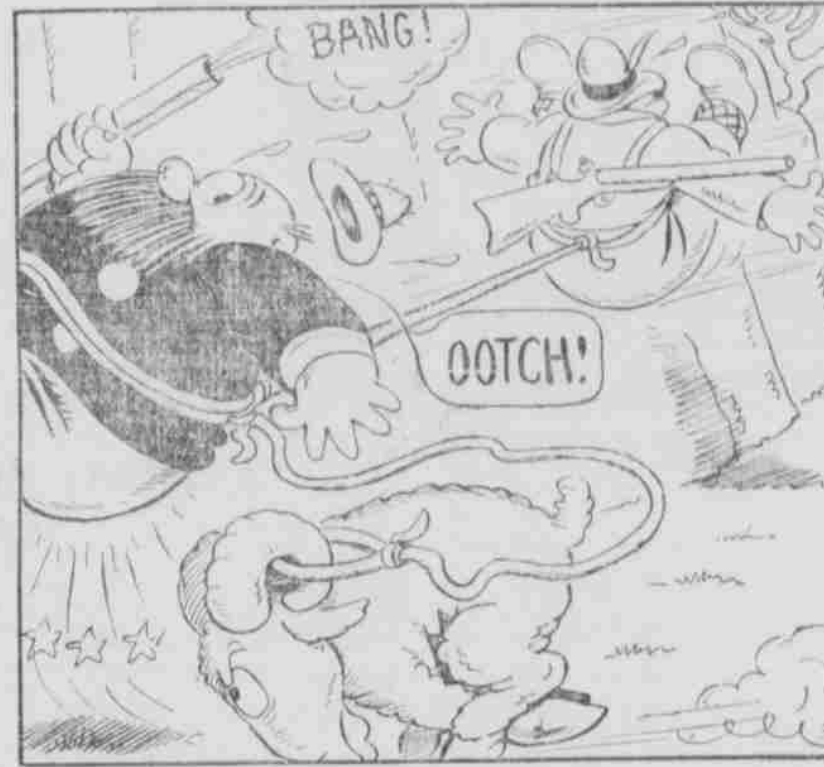
COMIC SECTION

November 14, 1915

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The Original Katzenjammer Kids

Registered U. S. Patent Office.



SKATING STYLES CLAIM ATTENTION OF DAME FASHION

Attractive Notions Being Displayed for Sports Under Glass-enclosed Roofs During the Coming Winter.



The Suzanne Carter Musical Comedy Company now playing at the Crystal.

and narrow waist, it is being used for both court and skirt. The colors are pleasing and of course the wearing qualities of corduroy are too well known and appreciated to require mentioning. Corduroy lends itself particularly well to the belted Norfolk model for golfing and other out-of-door sports, as well as skating.

Coats Are Unlined.
The belted Norfolk, the sweater coat, and the box model, now worn for sports are all of them unlined unless it be perhaps a shoulder yoke of satin or heavy silk as a sort of body foundation. This fact makes the fashioning of them at home a much simpler matter. Sport clothes, being more or less of a luxury, are of necessity expensive when purchased ready made; materials however may be purchased and the garment made at home very reasonably. A particularly effective suit seen recently, was developed in a soft sage green English coating; it was reversible, the underside being checked in soft blue,

green, red and brown. Collar wide and the material of the suit are all used effectively in these charming little coats. Some are made through-tail with just a round tail or the skirt on the top by way of trimming. Others have a longish piece of silk, and still others are woven with the very long, wavy lines of the Torsion skirt's cap. Some of these are in black, but the majority are in a bright shade, orange, emerald green, royal blue, scarlet or purple. The last's waist caps in these bright colors are particularly effective.



Pantalete Costume.

adding a smart bit of trimmings. Pockets are a great convenience for sports wear, and coats and suits this winter are well supplied. The various styles of collars too, so much a part of the new coats, are particularly adapted to real out-of-door wear. The wide chin collar, coming well up about the throat and ears is becoming and wonderfully warm and practical. The throw scarf of the same material as the coat, or of a fur fabric, often attached directly to the coat itself, is a practical and comfortable notion; what could be more ideal for skating than the wide buff cuff into which one may slip the hands and remove them instantly if necessary, doing away entirely with the danger of losing a valuable muff, and also the inconvenience of carrying one when the hands may be put to better use.

Pantaletes for Skating.
Few of us but will appreciate the practical side of the pantalete petticoat for skating and out-of-door wear. These pantaletes are generally made of heavy satin in the same tone as



Box-coat Suit.

the suit, or skirt, and for skating, dancing and the numerous other purposes for which they are equally well suited, are trimmed with fur, then again the pantaletes are of silk, satin, or marten, the lower part being faced with the same material as the suit. A dark blue corduroy skirt combined with a beautifully-colored silk sweater with tasseled ends, and fur-trimmed collar, worn over dark blue satin pantaletes edged with dull gold braid, was unusually chic. Just a glimpse is caught now and then of these fascinating accessories, as the wearer flashes by on her shining skates, or dips in the dance. Velvet, fur, fur-clothes, lamb's wool

DODGE BROTHERS ROADSTER

It has enjoyed an extraordinary demand because it embodies those qualities which make a roadster desirable.

You look for lightness—and the weight of this car is only 2150 pounds.

You look for strength—and a glance shows you how substantial it is.

You want seats so wide and deep that two passengers can lounge in perfect comfort—and you have them.

You expect grace and beauty—and you will search in vain for a line or a curve that is not beautiful.

You want plenty of storage space—and you find room under the rear deck for all the luggage two would wish to carry.

In ten months more than thirty million dollars worth of Dodge Brothers Motor Cars have been bought by the American people.

The motor is 30-35 horsepower

The price of the Touring Car or Roadster complete, is \$785 (f. o. b. Detroit)

The price of the Winter Touring Car or Roadster complete, including regular mohair top, is \$950 (f. o. b. Detroit)

DODGE BROTHERS, DETROIT

CUDABAC MOTOR CO.

323 W. Central

Phone 748

RUSSIAN ARMY FINDS JAP PORT VERY IMPORTANT

Tsugura Is Terminus for Muscovite Fleet and Has Suddenly Become Great Shipping Center for Munitions.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Tsugura, Japan, Oct. 12.—This little port has suddenly taken on great importance to the Russian army. It is the Japanese terminus for the Russian volunteer fleet, operating between Vladivostok and Japan, and has suddenly become a great shipping center for arms and ammunition. Two

hundred people regularly every week between Tsugura and Vladivostok and this service has been supplemented by a number of small sailing ships. The docks at Tsugura and platforms of the railway station are now stacked high with gun carriages and ammunition cases. Temporary shelters have been thrown up and canvas is used for covering supplies which cannot be placed under a roof. Many of the war supplies are handled by Japanese women dock laborers. Although the women are less than five feet high, their hard work has given them great muscular development. They wear short kimono, which expose their muscular legs from the knee down and their bare arms show great strength, as they lift cases of shells and drag along the wheels of cannons.

Only a Fishing Village.
Tsugura is a small city. It has less than 1,000 inhabitants and most of these are fishermen and seamen folk. The protected inner port is small and little rise abruptly from the shore line, limiting the space available for trackways and docks. Hitherto the demands upon warehouse and dock facilities have been small, consequently there was no preparation made for the deluge of Japanese materials the railroad is unloading here for shipment to Vladivostok. Tsugura is thoroughly connected by rail with the arms and ammunition depots of Japan and is leaving its share of the extra burden Yulohama and other better known ports are not able to accept.

Shimonoseki is also receiving much war material from Japanese factories. Shipments to Russia by steamer and then over the Korea railway to Harbin and the trans-Siberian railway line. The chief duty of the minor ports is to handle copper, lead, shells, cartridges and guns manufactured in Japan. At Yokohama, Kobe, and Nagasaki foreign war supplies, chiefly from America, are received from ships which do not call at Vladivostok, and forwarded by steamer calling at the Siberian seaport. Steamers arriving at Yokohama from American Pacific ports almost invariably land many shells for large guns. The handling of such freight on ships not provided with cranes, causes some apprehension among passengers familiar with the risk incurred by carrying such freight.

Beware of Cheap Substitutes.
In these days of keen competition it is important that the public should see that they get Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and not take substitutes sold for the sake of extra profit. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has stood the test and been approved for more than forty years. Obtainable everywhere.

"77" Humphreys' Seventy-seven For Grip, Influenza, COLDS

All Depends.
So much depends on the prompt use of a remedy, that it is never late of reminding our customers that—

To get the best results, take "Seventy-seven" at the very beginning of a cold.

If you wait until you have to cough and sneeze, it may take longer.

A small trial of pleasant taste, fits the best market.

The and place at all druggists or mail.

Humphreys' Home Medicine Co., 105 William Street, New York.

Californian Had Kidney Trouble

Jack, Martin, Copperopolis, Calif., writes: "I had such a severe case of kidney trouble I thought I would have to sell out my business. I took three bottles of Foley's Kidney Pills, which entirely relieved me and I have had no recurrence of kidney trouble since then."

Some days it seems as if you can no longer bear the pain and misery you suffer from kidney and bladder trouble. The pain across your back grows worse with every move and makes and every day you take. It just seems to rob you of all strength and energy. Your head aches, you are nervous and wear out, sleep poorly and have no appetite, stomach is upset and bowels irregular.

Foley's Kidney Pills loosen the pain, until it is finally gone entirely. They give strength and tone to the kidneys—make them strong, active, their action becomes regular and normal again, and your health grows better each day you take this great healing medicine.

Sold everywhere.

Want a high grade employee? Or the best grade of servants? Make use of the want columns of the Journal.

"ALL WE ASK IS FAIR PLAY"

It is yet fresh in the minds of the public that we had to move our business last year outside the city limits because we sold our goods too cheap.

We do not claim to be another Abraham Lincoln, who once was engaged in the liquor business; but we are at least human.

No women reside here. No gambling allowed. There are some fanatic people, on account of their selfish, personal or political reasons, who pretend that they do not believe the open saloon should exist.

Any person, as has been done in this case, with his pen, words or through his actions, trying in any way to justify such a dastardly and cowardly act as was tried against the several lives and our store, forget they might be only suggesting to some unscrupulous person to hire some villain to commit the same act against his family, his parents or friends. As it is a well known fact that dynamite has been used to blow up peoples' homes and various other industries, I have offered ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD for the arrest and conviction of the parties who tried to dynamite our store October 16, 1915.

We have each and every night a deputy sheriff on our premises, his salary paid by us, to protect our patrons and property from the unscrupulous criminals.

We have been in the liquor business in this county over two years. Please ask our present landlord, neighbors and hundreds of your friends and our customers, the county and Precinct No. 1 officials, in which our business is located, and they will tell you we have always run a legitimate business.



MR. SIMMS
Who Offers \$100.00 Reward.



All Kinds of Hot Drinks. Best Tom and Jerry in Town Only 15 Cents

The biggest glass of beer from ocean to ocean for 5c
Good barrel whiskey over the bar for 5c
Old Taylor, Sunny Brook, Yellowstone, and Clarke's Ryes, bottled in bond, over bar 10c
Garrett's best Port, Angelica, Sherry and Claret, over bar, for 5c
Silver Eagle whiskey, half pints, 10c and 15c; pints, 20c and 25c; full quarts 50c
A. P. S. Bottled in Bond, half pints, 25c; pints, 50c; full quarts 99c
American Pride, Bottled in Bond, half pints, 25c; pints, 50c; full quarts 99c
Old Taylor, Sunny Brook, Yellowstone, and Clarke's Ryes, S. quarts 99c
Imported Gordon, Coronet Sloc and Dry Gini quarts 99c
Sunny Brook, Jas. E. Pepper, Cucklenheimer and Clarke's Ryes, full quarts \$1.15
Old Taylor, Yellowstone, Green River, full quarts \$1.25
All the above brands from barrels, per gallon \$2.00 to \$3.75
Garrett & Co., best Port, Angelica, Sherry, Claret Wine, quarts 25c
Garrett & Co., best Angelica, Port, Sherry, Claret, per gallon 95c
Garrett & Co., Virginia Dare or Scuppernon Wine, quarts 75c
Pell's, Trinidad, pint bottles beer, 7c; or one dozen for 75c
Glorieta, pint bottles beer, each, 9c; or one dozen for 99c
Glorieta, quart bottles beer, each, 12c; or one dozen for \$1.50
Schlitz, Budweiser or Blue Ribbon, pints, 12c; or one dozen pints \$1.50
Schlitz, Budweiser or Blue Ribbon, quarts, 20c each; one dozen quarts \$2.25
We allow for empty pint beer or whiskey bottles, per dozen 10c
For empty quart beer or whiskey bottles, per dozen 15c

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For Free
and Quick
Delivery
to all Parts
of City

Phone 293 or mail
your orders to the.....

New Bridge Saloon

1600 S. 3rd St., Lock
Box 144, Albuquerque

Put Your Poultry House in Good Condition for Winter

Now is the time to give your poultry house the attention it needs for winter. You surely are as anxious as any other poultry owner to have your birds in a good winter condition, but it is impossible for them to do so if they are compelled to live in quarters that are full of drafts, have broken windows, a leaky roof or a dirty floor.

However, do not get the idea that a new house is necessary. It is a wrong notion that to be successful in raising poultry, one must have a new house and new fixtures. With a little work, such as you can do almost any ordinary house can be made so comfortable that the birds it shelters will be glad to pay for their board.

If you now have a poultry house, let us see then just what you must do to make it into a good winter home for your birds.

Perhaps one side of the house faces the south or southeast. If so, make this the front of the house and put more windows in that side. This will give the greatest amount of sun radiation during the day, and by placing the roosts along the opposite wall, the birds will be far enough away at night from the cold windows to be comfortable.

The windows are likely to be the cause of considerable winter sickness unless they are every one sound and close-fitting. It will therefore pay you to go over them carefully and tighten up any loose panes of glass and replace broken ones with new glass or stretch muslin across the frame.

There may be cracks or holes in the walls of the house and these will be just as big a menace to the health of your birds as broken windows. You should stuff every opening with old rags, or better still, cover them tightly with good heavy building paper. If the north and west sides of your poultry house are entirely exposed, they ought to have bundles of corn fodder, or something else that will serve as a wind-break, stacked up against them.

Poultry is no more able than human beings to keep well and healthy if they have to live where rain and melting snow drips on them. Therefore, don't fail to examine the roof of your poultry house very carefully and make sure that it is absolutely waterproof.

When you have gone this far, the outside of your poultry house will be in good shape for winter and you will find that it did not take a great deal of work to make it so. Now comes the interior and it will not take long to get that in good shape.

The walls are a great place for harbor disease germs, and for lice and mites to breed, so it will be a good idea to give them a couple of good coats of whitewash. If this is not done, they should be thoroughly sprayed with a good disinfectant, as should also the roosts and nests.

If the floor is an earthen one, you should remove the entire top to the depth of several inches and put in fresh sand or gravel. Earthen floors, when too low, often get slimy and shabby. If you have this trouble, shovel out all foul soil and fill in six or eight inches of river sand, which will then drain away the slime and water. If the floors are wood or concrete these should be thoroughly scraped, well sprayed with a disinfectant, and then thoroughly dried.

The old poultry house will now be in cozy shape and all ready for Mrs. Hen to move in and spend a long winter. She will do much better for you if she is not crowded. Each bird should have about four square feet of floor space, as figures out about how many your quarters will accommodate comfortably and cut your flock down to that number. It will be more profitable to cull out all backward or poor laying birds and market them.

Even though your poultry house is getting rather dilapidated, it will be well worth your while to fix it up as suggested. Your hens will then be comfortable and happy through the entire winter and the increased number of eggs you are sure to get will be a pleasant surprise.

BEEF SCRAPS HIGH IN PROTEIN VALUE

That it is a poor policy for poultry raisers not to feed some kind of food to their chickens which is high in protein value—such as beef scraps or meat milk—is the opinion of H. L. Kemper, associate professor of poultry husbandry at the University of Missouri.

Mr. Kemper has recently conducted an experiment which he believes proves conclusively that protein food produces greater results at lower costs.

In three separate pens the same number of chickens were kept. All were fed corn all the time, wheat part of the time, and in addition ground grain rations of brown middlings and corn meal. Besides this regular feed for the chickens in all three pens, those in one pen were fed beef scraps, and those in pen three were given all the sour milk they wanted. The hens were about the same age. The experiment covered the time between November 1 and June 1.

Those hens in pen two—given only the regular feed—produced only 399 eggs; those in pen one—given beef scraps—produced 1,118 eggs; and those in pen three—fed sour milk—produced 1,423 eggs. The hens in pen one ate 525 pounds of grain; those in pen two, 544 pounds; and those in pen three 526 pounds.

The amount of beef scraps fed to the chickens in pen one was sixty pounds, costing \$1.50. Those hens produced 1,118 more eggs than those chickens fed only the regular ration. In other words, these chickens produced 118 additional eggs on feed which cost but \$1.50 more than the regular ration. Those hens fed sour milk produced nearly as many eggs as those fed the beef scraps ration.

DANGER OF PLUNGING IN POULTRY BUSINESS

It has become pretty generally understood that poultry, to be a source of profit, requires special care, says Charles K. Collins, in a recent article in the Southwest Ranchman. Yet each season we find those who have had little or no practical experience in poultry keeping embark full sail in the business of poultry farming upon a large scale. A great many figure that if Jones can clear \$100 with forty or fifty hens, why can't I do it? They would have a profit of \$250 and 1,000 would yield him the snug sum of \$2,500. A little learning is a dangerous thing, and often do these figures placed before us in tempting array cause us to do some very foolish things.

It is true there are large poultry farms that are yielding their owners

large profits; but do not forget that when they took up poultry raising they did not commence the business in nearly as large a manner as they now conduct it. They probably had one or two small houses, and a few choice fowls. They cared for them the best they knew how and as they gained knowledge of the wants and requirements of poultry from their own experience, and the experience of others, they gradually enlarged their plant until it has become one of the points of interest of the surrounding country. Had they commenced upon a large scale, with 1,000 or more hens, they would soon, like many others, have found that "poultry" won't pay.

Many in the past have failed in the poultry business, and judging the future to be the past, we may expect others to do likewise.

There are fewer reasons for failure now than there were a few years ago. But as long as mankind is predisposed to chronic "big head" we will see those who can prove from their own experience that poultry doesn't pay.

Another cause of failure is keeping too many different breeds of poultry. Some seem to think they must have something to satisfy all intending purchasers. If a buyer would not look at a Rhode Island Red, or Plymouth Rock or a Leghorn, more than likely he might buy a Brahma, a Cochon or an Orpington. So he feels he must keep a yard of each kind. The deed is done, and the record will soon show up another failure to secure those who think of taking up poultry farming.

Keep a small flock of one variety, give it the best care you know how, and seek to learn all you can of the poultry business. In this and eventually you may become one of the "big poultry men."

HANDLE YOUR FOWLS BEFORE THEY BREAK DOWN

It is advisable that fowls should be handled occasionally to ascertain their condition, for after excessive egg production the hens of the heavier breeds are liable to lose flesh rapidly, and if not well attended to they may become physically broken down. It is more often than not the prolific layer that goes light, owing to the drain upon its system caused through excessive production. Such a bird is the one eligible for the purpose of the kind, for if properly mated it will transmit its good qualities in the offspring.

When hens cease laying they should be handled occasionally when at roost, and any that show signs of losing flesh should be placed in a pen by themselves and fed on soft, nourishing foods.

The birds that have produced a large number of eggs have naturally been compelled to eat large quantities of food, which has caused a weakening of the digestive organs. This condition is outwardly symptomatic, such as paleness of the face, weakness, a slight reddening of the comb, face and wattles when feeding, and a greedy appetite. There is also a particular liking on the part of the birds for hard grain and a dislike for soft food. In bad cases a deep line appears under the eye, the face shrinks and the voidings become tinged with green or yellow.

SCALY LEGS RESULT OF UNCLEAN HENNERIES

If there is one thing the poultry raiser is more careless about than anything else (unless it be the succession of feed) it is to keep the legs of their fowls clean from scales. These scales are produced by a minute insect that burrows in the leg, raising the scales. One bad case in a henery is soon spreading the disease to the rest of the flock. Scaly legs are caused by unclean quarters. The man who is careful not to have an afflicted bird in his flock and will then daily clean up the droppings in the house, never need fear being visited by this disease. The presence of such a bad pestilence for the poultry raiser's industry. If the work of cleaning the legs of these scales is put off, the case becomes harder to handle. At first the birds do not seem to be annoyed by the disease, but as these bunches begin to grow on the legs and feet the bird begins to move, loses flesh, the comb becomes a sickly white and the victim dies. Kill the trouble in the bud. When there is an appearance of a chalky whiteness to the legs, untangle with vasoline or vasoline and sulphur mixed, or kerosene and hard soaped. Repeat the treatment each night until cured.

MONEY IN TURKEYS

Mrs. Bader of Loma, Colo., has found a sure and pleasant way in which the woman on the ranch can add to the family income.

Last year Mrs. Bader's sixty-two turkeys, raised at a cost of \$12, and for \$125. There were two gobblers in the flock which sold for \$5 each; the others were dry picked and dressed and put on the market at Thanksgiving and Christmas time. From her thirteen years experience in raising turkeys, Mrs. Bader gives the following suggestions:

Select good gobblers. Nothing is better than pure bred Bronze. Set the turkey hens so that the young will be hatched in May. The best results have been obtained where there was not more than three days difference in the age of several flocks of young turkeys.

The first meal should be hard cooked egg, after that feed morning and night, the diet being composed of Standard Poultry Food, Dutch cheese and turkey grit, with black strap in the drinking water. Continue this diet for one month and after that allow the turkeys to find their own food until just before marketing, when they should be given grain every day.

OLD HENS ARE A MENACE

According to some authorities, the old hens which are unproductive are a menace to the flock. They are liable to contract disease, and they make no return for the food, space and labor required in caring for them. Such stock should be culled out frequently. If the hens are fattened, and add after they cease to lay profitably, they will be in much better market condition than later.

Set it so that it is not desirable to follow a hard and fast rule of selling all hens as fast as they cease to lay, or become broody, or because of their age, but that it is much better to see the birds on the basis of their utility and their probable producing ability.

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THINGS TO REMEMBER

The annual show of the Albuquerque Poultry Association will open Tuesday night, November 23, and close Friday night, November 26.

Entries will positively close Monday noon, November 22, and exhibitors should see that their entry blanks are completed and in the hands of the secretary by that date. This is necessary in order that all birds may be properly entered and tagged so that the judging may begin promptly Tuesday afternoon.

Birds should be delivered to the show room before noon Tuesday, November 23. All birds will be entered singly. This includes everything except pigeons, which are entered in pairs. Bantams will be entered the same as larger breeds, and will be judged in their respective breeds. In the same manner as all other standard fowl, ducks, turkeys and geese will also be entered singly, and the premiums on such exhibits will be \$1.00, 50c and 25c for first, second and third winners, on the same basis as other poultry. Entry fees for all single specimens will be 25c each.

Exhibition pens. Any one who enters a sufficient number of birds may, by the payment of additional entry of \$1 for each pen, enter such birds in exhibition pens. In cases where more than a sufficient number of birds to complete the pen are entered singly, the judge will, if desired, choose the four best females and the best male from such total entry, such selection to constitute the exhibitor's pen. All entry fees are due and must be paid at the time birds are entered. This is necessary in order to simplify the handling of accounts.

All costs for exhibiting will be furnished by the association, and all birds fed and cared for at the expense of the association.

The exhibitors of Bantams shall have the same right to cash prizes as those of any other breeds. If exhibited as singles, they shall compete in their respective varieties, according to sex and age, and if entered also in pens, they shall compete in their individual classes and breeds as exhibition pens, and the premiums of cash prizes shall be the same as offered on single and pen entries of all other classes of poultry.

The separate entries of individual exhibitors shall be held to be competition. For example, if one exhibitor enters four hens, he shall be qualified for first, second and third prize money by furnishing the competitive quota of four entries required, even though there may be no other entries in competition.

Pigeons may be entered either in pairs or display pens, or both, and shall compete for prizes in accordance with the manner in which they are entered.

The annual meeting of the New Mexico Poultry Breeders' association will be held Tuesday evening, November 23, in the building formerly occupied by the Hild-Spitz Mercantile company, Third street and Gold avenue, and will be both instructive and entertaining. No poultry breeder can afford to miss this banquet and business program. Prominent speakers, including a national representative from Washington, D. C., will address this gathering.

Additional Prizes.
Announcement of the following prizes, which were not contained in the printed premium lists, was made the other day:
For best male in American class, cash, \$2.50.
For best female in American class, cash, \$2.50.
For best male in English class, cash, \$2.50.
For best female in English class, cash, \$2.50.
For best male in Mediterranean class, cash, \$2.50.
For best female in Mediterranean class, cash, \$2.50.
For best male in a fourth class, to be composed of all other classes, cash, \$2.50.
For best female in a fourth class, to be composed of all other classes, cash, \$2.50.
For the best display of Bantams (points to count), \$5.00 will give a trophy, value \$5.00.
For the best pen of Partridge Wyandottes a leather pillow top will be given by L. E. Thomas.

HINTS FOR BREEDERS

Collect the eggs daily.
Keep your laying pullets busy.
Hens mostly lay in the morning.
Supply fresh water morning and evening.

Use up the waste scraps in the kitchen in the morning mash.
Don't waste cabbage or lettuce leaves; feed them to your fowls.

Many a poultry raiser's wife would find herself almost entirely bereft of pin money were it not for the income from poultry.

Selection for constitutional vigor should be a process of continuous culling. It is particularly important at the season of the year when the chickens are beginning to mature. The Belgian breeders have been very successful in exporting some of their native varieties. The Malines were received very favorably abroad, their Campines furnished the material out of which the moderate Campines was made. While of recent date their bearded Bantams have crossed their borders, and have found admirers in many foreign countries.

ARTIFICIAL LIGHT WILL MAKE HENS LAY

Experiments have shown that the egg output of hens can be tripled in winter by the simple process of providing artificial daylight. Everyone knows that hens don't lay as well in winter as in the longer summer days. The reason is that the hens don't forage around so much for food, their hours being governed by the amount of daylight.

The easiest way to make the hens lay more is to install electric lights in the coops. Then about 8 o'clock in the dark winter mornings the lights in the hen houses can be switched on from the house. The chickens immediately become active. The lights are switched off after dawn, to be switched on again just before dusk in the afternoon. Then about 8 o'clock the lights are switched off, with the exception of a few to simulate the dusk. The hens immediately go about preparations to roost. In about fifteen minutes, when they are all in place, the remaining lights are turned off and the coops are dark.

S. C. Rhode Island Reds and Barred Plymouth Rocks

Winners at State Fair—Best male bird in Rhode Island Reds, best female in American class, best pen of Rhode Island Reds, second best cock, second best hen, third best cockerel, and third best pen in Barred Plymouth Rocks.

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