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AMERICANS MUST ACT HONESTLY TO HAVE SUPPORT OF GOVERNMENT

President Wilson Appeals to
Cotton Shippers Not to Mix
Contraband Goods With
Cargoes to Europe.

ADMINISTRATION FIRM IN DEMANDS ON ENGLAND

Position Is Complimented by
Republican Floor Leader
Mann in Speech in Lower
House of Congress.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 29.—President Wilson today appealed to American shippers of non-contraband goods, such as cotton, not to allow their cargoes to be mixed with contraband articles. The United States government, he announced, could deal confidently with the difficulties which had arisen in the treatment of American commerce by Great Britain only if supported by absolutely honest conduct.

This statement followed a discussion by the president with his cabinet today of the general shipping situation and of the note dispatched yesterday to Great Britain, protesting against the British policy of prolonged detentions of cargoes and other interference with American trade.

Arouses Wide Interest.
Publication of a synopsis of the note, the contents of which was confirmed at the White House and state departments, aroused wide interest, not only in diplomatic circles, but in congress and official quarters generally. Many diplomats of European and South American countries made formal inquiry at the state department concerning the note and were promised memoranda on the subject.

There was a confident feeling in diplomatic quarters that steps would be taken by other leading nations of this hemisphere, as well as by some European neutrals, to point out to Great Britain their acquiescence in the American point of view.

Washington Government Firm.
By the way the president discussed the situation with cabinet, it was evident that the Washington government had spoken firmly of its desire for an improvement in the conditions of neutral commerce and was prepared to insist further on its rights.

The president declared that the theory expounded by the United States in its note was from the American point of view, hardly debatable, as England had adhered in previous years to the contention now advanced by the Washington government.

During the cabinet meeting it was suggested that in order to support the American government in its effort to protect cargoes of non-contraband goods, shippers and shipping companies should be warned against concealment of doubtful articles, on the same ships. The White House then issued its suggestion to American shippers to be careful about the manifests describing their cargoes.

The president said the great embarrassment to the government in dealing with the whole matter was that some shippers had concealed contraband in their cargoes of non-contraband articles.

Must Avoid Suspicion.
So long as there were instances of that kind, the president added, suspicion was cast on every shipment and all cargoes were liable to doubt and to search.

State department officials said later that there were two cases in which this had occurred, and that Great Britain had consequently used them as a basis for general search.

Solicitor Clegg Johnson declared it was absurd that any general search would be conducted in cotton shipments to Europe because of the mechanical difficulties involving in such an undertaking, but he pointed out that one of two isolated cases would embarrass all shippers.

ELI IS NAMED RECOVERER OF NEW MEXICO CENTRAL

Pittsburgh Man Removed by
Judge Abbott on Ground
That Property Has Been
Neglected by Him.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Santa Fe, Dec. 29.—Judge E. C. Abbott today named Ralph C. Eli as receiver for the New Mexico Central railway, succeeding Charles C. Murray, of Pittsburgh.

This action means that there will be no tearing up of the road, as has been rumored, and that the state take over the road and operate it as has been reported was a possible solution of the difficulty in which the road finds itself, through small receipts.

Mr. Eli, it is understood, will continue the operation of the road as it has been in the past, and there will be no further contemplation of discontinuing the service it has been extending to central New Mexico.

It was also learned authoritatively today that the Santa Fe system has no intention of purchasing the line. It was rumored some time ago that the Santa Fe stood ready to purchase the road provided it might tear up some portions of the southern end of it which gave connection with the Rock Island system.

Mr. Eli assumed charge of the road today.

Judge Abbott took the action on his own motion, on the ground that the property had been neglected and allowed to deteriorate, numerous complaints having been lodged with the state corporation commission, and that Mr. Eli had promised to devote all his time and attention to the position.

MAN'S INJUSTICE IS
THEME OF DR. SHAW

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Atlantic City, N. J., Dec. 29.—Men fail to consider us as human beings or units of the commonwealth; they are simply relations. They are logical enough when they discuss problems where men are concerned, but sentiment throws them off their base when the subject of woman is reached," declared Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the National American Woman's Suffrage association, in an address before the annual convention of the New Jersey State Teachers' association here today.

Dr. Shaw said that state's rights are adjustable and predicted that "the same southern vote that defeated the Hobson bill in congress last week, because it interfered with states' rights, will forget that such a thing existed when the matter of granting franchise to women comes before them."

LONDON EDITORS SHOW INTEREST IN WASHINGTON'S NOTE OF PROTEST

Times Declares Way Will Be
Found to Settle Difficulties
Without Estrangement of
Two Nations.

AWAIT FULL TEXT OF OFFICIAL DOCUMENT

England Is Asserted to Be
Blameless for Commence-
ment of Hostilities and
Must Protect Herself.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Dec. 30 (1:30 p. m.)—All the morning newspapers comment at length on the American government's note to Great Britain concerning the treatment that is being accorded American commerce by the British fleet and agree that the American protest should be met by the British government in the same spirit of friendly good will as is shown by the note. Generally, however, the newspapers are inclined to await the actual text of the note before indulging in detailed criticism.

Great Britain Blameless.
In the meantime, they point out how, inevitably, serious difficulties arise whenever questions of neutrality are involved. Moreover, they are inclined to dispute the theory that Great Britain alone is responsible for the declaration of the world's trade, arguing that even had she remained neutral, the fact that a number of other nations were involved in the hostilities must have had a detrimental effect on the world's commerce. In any case, they say, Great Britain was not responsible for the war.

Editorial in London Times.
The Times in an editorial says: "The note is dated December 24, and although the idea may seem fanciful, we cannot help imagining that it was by no accident that the eve of the great festival of peace and goodwill was chosen for the dispatch of this friendly communication from one of the great branches of the English-speaking communities to the other."

If anything in the telegraphic summary of the note as received here should seem preposterous, we feel assured that this appearance is entirely due to the necessities of compression and will vanish when the text of the document is before us. We fully realize the importance and the conduct of the war must recession to America and other neutrals. We also are confident that when the note is published we shall find that President Wilson and his colleagues are not insensate to the imperious requirements of our military situation.

Rights of Belligerents.
"We do not suppose this is a dispute of our right as belligerents to practice such interference with commerce between neutrals as is manifestly necessary for the protection of our national safety. What they do question, as we gather it, is whether the action of our ships does not in some cases exceed that manifest necessity."

Proceeding to state that there are many peculiar conditions arising out of the war which justify Great Britain's policy, the editorial continues: "Will Find a Way Out."

"The note deals throughout with unshakable faith in our sense of justice. That trust we shall assuredly do our best to preserve. It is quite inconceivable that two sensible peoples on the friendliest of terms with each other should not succeed in devising some way in accordance with the principles of law which will meet the peculiar facts and circumstances of this unprecedented war."

Morning Post's News.
The Morning Post in an editorial, says: "The note will receive from the British government the fullest consideration and will be answered in a spirit not only of justice and equity, but of good will."

The editorial adds that the examination of suspected cargoes always has been a sore point with neutrals during wars, and continues: "We shall not attempt to discuss the American complaints until the text of the note is available, but we will ask those Americans who think that England was right in taking part in the war to try to put themselves in England's position. Without securing the aid of the sea, England cannot help her allies and cannot secure herself against invasion. How, then, do our American friends suppose command of the sea should be used as a means of exerting pressure on the confederacy? The whole coast of the confederacy from the Potomac to the Mexican border was blockaded and every neutral ship trading with confederate ports was liable to capture."

Might Enforce General Blockade.
The allied governments might now declare a blockade of the North sea, of the Baltic and of the Mediterranean and could doubtless make it effective. That would injure neutral states, but it would make an end of sea trade with Germany."

In conclusion, the Morning Post argues that the whole difficulty lies in the presence of neutral states in close proximity to the belligerents and in the disputed doctrine of neutrality. It suggests that consideration of the problem of neutrality may throw some light upon the real nature of the relations between states and upon the truth about peace and war.

SCIENTISTS NO DOUBT ABOUT GREAT PROBLEMS OF HUMAN RACE

Whatever Has Worried Man-
kind in Past Is Settled by
Pronouncement of Phila-
delphia Meeting.

FATHERLESS CHILDREN EASILY PRODUCED

Nerve Centers of Plants Are
Same as in Animals, Ac-
cording to Sharp From the
Wilds of India.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—A wide range of subjects, including "the cradle of the supernatural," and "American economic and social problems arising out of the European war," were discussed at the numerous meetings of scientists held here today in connection with the convention of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

How sex is controlled by diet and fatherless offspring, produced in the test of the note before indulging in detailed criticism.

New Theories Advanced.
Dr. J. H. Cuddeback of the University of California, who came from India to attend the convention, demonstrated at a meeting of the Botanical Society of America, some of his experiments with the nerve centers of plants. He showed that plant nerve tissue correspond with that of animals and demonstrated that plants reacted upon the sensitive nerve movements in the same manner as upon animals.

Dr. Tom W. Williams of Washington, D. C., who discussed "The Craving for the Supernatural," at a joint meeting of the American Psychological Association and the Southern Societies of Philosophy and Psychology, declared that the condition which induces this craving may be a physical one, as an effect on the body juices or a microbial poisoning as in the case of De Maupassant, whose morbid feelings he interpreted into a second self of supernatural order. Dr. Williams declared that the craving may also be partly due to upbringing in spiritualistic beliefs.

Dr. S. Shipley, Washington university, St. Louis, was elected president of the council of the Archaeological Institute of America at a meeting of that body.

Troubles of Archaeologists.
At a joint meeting with the American Anthropological association, Alvin J. Hoxby, whose excavations at the site of the Egyptian temple of Karnak, have been interrupted by the war, declared that the excavations after the first year of the war had been given a practical monopoly of archaeological research in Persia.

Working in so-called "bad air" does not decrease efficiency, according to the results of experiments described by Prof. E. L. Thorndyke, Columbia university, at the meeting of the American Psychological association. Professor Thorndyke said that the uncomfortable feeling caused by stuffy rooms is probably the result of the accumulation of carbon dioxide in the air. He said that although efficiency is not decreased it does not follow that there is no bad effect on the health if a person should habitually work in an ill-ventilated room.

Problems of the War.
The experiments were made with adults. Whether the efficiency of children is affected has not yet been determined.

Discussing the "American economic and social problems arising out of the European war," before the social and economic science section, Charles H. Serrill, former United States minister to the Argentine republic, advocated the abrogation of all treaties with European nations that cramp and hamper attempts to build up a merchant marine. He declared for the repeal of the interstate commerce act forbidding the railroads to grant preferential rates on goods bound for the seaboard for shipment abroad and for that clause in the Sherman anti-trust law which forbids "combinations" to fight for our share of the world trade.

John Franklin Crowell of New York said that the best lesson that we can learn from wars is how to remove the conditions that cause war. "One of the causes of war is the assumed right of one nation to tell how the ships of another nation shall float on the high seas," he added.

ALIMONY NOT SUBJECT
TO THE INCOME TAX

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New York, Dec. 29.—Alimony is not income in the sense of the federal income tax law, according to a decision handed down today by Supreme Court Justice Hendrick, denying the application of Howard Gould to have vacated the judgment obtained against him recently by Mrs. Katharine C. Gould for the amount deducted by him from payments of alimony, in order to make up her share of the Gould income tax.

LATIN-AMERICAN FINANCERS TO CONFER SOON IN WASHINGTON CITY

Commerce and Business Par-
alyzed by Great European
War and Complete Cessa-
tion of Credit System.

UNITED STATES HAS CHANCE TO GET TRADE

Money Piling Up in Banks May
Supplant That of Great
Britain and Germany South
of Equator.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 29.—All Central and South American nations have been invited by the United States government to send their ministers of finance and leading bankers to Washington for a conference with treasury department officials and financiers of this country, on financial and commercial problems confronting the two Americas as a result of the European war.

Acceptances already have been called from several of the countries, and the conference probably will be held early in the spring.

Credit System Difficult.
Invitations for the gathering were sent formally through the embassies and legations here. It has long been recognized that the crux of the difficulties in the way of commerce between the United States and other American nations lies in the question of credits. South and Central American buyers have been accustomed to seek and easily obtain long term credits from kind for the confederacy.

At present bankers of the United States do practically no business direct with South America and foreign exchange with countries there is carried on through London. When the war broke out in Europe, South America suffered a severe shock to her system of international business from which she has not yet recovered.

America's Opportunity.
Just at present those familiar with financial conditions here, express the opinion that money is especially easy in this country and that there are millions of American dollars lying idle which might well be invested south of the equator. English capital, which has long filled this want is busy at home and it is pointed out that the opportunity is now presented for bankers and business men of the United States to take their part in the financing of projects of the growing nations of the south.

CAUTION CAUSES KING
TO CHANGE POLICY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Copenhagen, Dec. 29 (via London, 8:55 p. m.)—The usual custom of the king receiving each diplomatic mission to Denmark separately on New Year's day will not be followed this year, as it is feared that some representative of a belligerent might meet the representative of an enemy power on arriving or departing from the palace.

Instead of the former custom, the dean of the diplomatic corps, Dr. G. Hagerup, the Danish minister, will present to the king the greetings of the diplomats.

The usual dinner to all the members of the diplomatic corps has been cancelled and the king will entertain the envoys in groups.

RUSSIA.
Petrograd, Dec. 29.—The following statement received from the Russian general headquarters was issued this evening: "Today between the lower Vistula and the Pilica only fighting of small importance took place. The Germans left their positions on the right bank of the Bzura near the village of Mstrowice and fell back on the left bank of the Bzura."

"On the river Rawa our heavy artillery is fighting effectively a large number of German batteries of heavy guns."

"In the region of Bolimow our attacks have alternated with those of the Germans."

STOCK EXCHANGE SINS DISCUSSED AT PRINCETON

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Princeton, N. J., Dec. 29.—A spirited discussion between Samuel Untermyer and William C. Van Antwerp, of New York, on government control of the stock exchange featured today's sessions of the American Economic association which is meeting at Princeton university.

"Inquiries of various kinds are all too prevalent on the stock exchange," declared Mr. Untermyer. "These inquiries call for repression and they must be set right through government supervision." Mr. Van Antwerp, who is a member of the board of governors of the New York stock exchange, opposed Mr. Untermyer's suggestion and was supported by a number of the educators, including Prof. Henry C. Emery, of Yale.

"If the function of speculation is to help direct the course of investment," said Professor Emery, "it does not follow that it is the function of the government to direct the public by advice or reports."

Many delegates to the American Sociological association and the American Statistical association convention also in session here, listened to the discussion.

Summary of War
News of Yesterday
Details of the fighting in the east and west are even more lacking than ever in the official statements issued by the respective governments.

In Poland the progress of the battle has not been defined. The German official press bureau indicates that the Austrians in Galicia will have to make new dispositions owing to the strengthening of the Russian forces there. The bureau admits that the extreme left wing of the Russians is proving itself superior to its opponents. It announces that the French have assembled strong forces in the Vosges region.

The loss of the French submarine Curie is confirmed. The Curie was engaged in an attempt against the warship in the Austrian naval base of Pola and ventured there alone.

Emperor William has been in conference at his headquarters with Grand Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia and Admiral Von Tirpitz, minister of marine, on the subject of the British raid on Cuxhaven. Prince Henry journeyed from Kiel for the conference. The belief is said to prevail in Berlin that Prince Henry will be given supreme command of the German battleship fleet.

Incidental to the note of the United States to Great Britain, insisting on early improvement in the treatment accorded American commerce by the British fleet, President Wilson has appealed to American shippers of non-contraband goods not to permit contraband articles to be shipped on the same ships.

The president says the government could deal with the shipping situation only if shippers used honest manifests.

Referring to the note addressed to Great Britain, the president declared that large damages eventually will be paid by Great Britain for unlawful detention of American cargoes.

The state department announces that Germany is not inclined to press hurriedly its request for the cancellation of its consular offices in Belgium territory held by the German military. The United States in dealing with the request of Germany will, it is said, make no commitment which could be considered as a recognition of Germany's possession of Belgium.

The commander of the United States cruiser North Carolina, now at Beirut, has notified the navy department at Washington that it was the Russian cruiser Askold, and not an American vessel, that recently threatened to use its guns at Tripoli, Syria. The North Carolina was not at that port.

The United States invited the South and Central American governments to send representatives to Washington to confer with treasury department officials and American financiers on financial and commercial problems arising from the war with the idea of bringing the two continents into closer commercial relation.

BRITISH PUBLIC JARRED BY NEWS THAT UNCLE SAM HAS A GRIEVANCE

American Note Protesting
Against Treatment of Com-
merce by English Comes as
Complete Surprise.

FEAR THAT FRICTION MAY RESULT EXPRESSED

John Bull Sits Up and Takes
Notice; War News of Sec-
ondary Importance Com-
pared to Latest Development

HIDEOUS NIGHTMARE OF AWFUL SLAUGHTER

London, Dec. 30 (2:50 p. m.)—The main feature of the past two weeks' fighting in Poland, according to a Petrograd dispatch to the Post, has been the appalling losses suffered by Germany. "For a fortnight," says the dispatch, "there has been no rest, no intermission, but one hideous nightmare of wholesale slaughter, which has terribly strained the nerves of the most hardened troops. The German wave poured upon the rock of Russia defense in a ceaseless succession of attacks. The rock still stands, although an eighth of the total German force has perished."

"The condition of the Austrians is still more hopeless and their retirement from the passes, as is according to the dispatch, character of a hasty and disordered rout."

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Dec. 29 (10:15 p. m.)—The American note protesting against the British treatment of American commerce and insisting upon an early improvement, came as a complete surprise to the British public as there has been virtually no indication of any friction had arisen between the two governments.

The placards posted by the evening papers were given over exclusively to the American note and the papers gave it the largest headlines they have given any news during the last month. Consequently the British people regarded this as one of the most important occurrences of the whole war. Nothing of the kind since President Cleveland's Venezuela message had produced such a sensation.

May Cause Friction.
The first impression of the public is that the note may create friction and perhaps some unfriendly feeling, although the newspapers point out that it specifically states that the representations were made in a friendly spirit. The situation is comparable to that which arose at the time of the South African war when neutral ships began to send cargoes for the Transvaal republic to the neutral port of Delagoa bay.

The Washington note had not reached the foreign office this afternoon, but it could not have been dealt with had it arrived, as Sir Edward Grey, secretary for foreign affairs, who has been away on Christmas holidays, is not returning until tomorrow.

Secondary Place to War News.
Even the war news was allotted a secondary place to the note in the news columns of the papers, although that coming from the Russian front was highly gratifying to the allies. There has been a slackening of the fighting in northern Poland between the lower Vistula and Pilica rivers, where the Russians have captured some German prisoners and guns—an indication, it is believed here that the German frontal attack on the army guarding Warsaw, has been definitely checked.

In southern Poland the Russians also received some successes, while in Galicia they have apparently inflicted a defeat on the Austrians almost as serious as that which the Austrians suffered in Serbia.

50,000 Austrian Prisoners.
Since their latest offensive commenced, the Russians have taken 40,000 Austrian prisoners and captured many guns, according to the Russian official reports and, as was estimated, Austria had three or four army corps on its re-entry into Galicia. It must have lost more than a third of the number. In killed, wounded and prisoners. The state of the roads, which are feet deep in mud, has prevented the Russians from making the pursuit as effective as it might have been could the Cossacks have found a firm footing for their horses.

Reports in Conflict.
Of the fighting in the west, the French and German reports are in direct conflict. The French report have occupied the village of St. Georges, which is on the main road between Nieupoit and Bruges, and two miles from the former town. On the other hand the German report says:

"We have gained some ground near Nieupoit. Heavy fighting is also taking place in the Argonne and on the heights of the Meuse. The French report apparently refers to later events than those recorded in Berlin, for Paris tells of the recapture of a trench which the Germans communication mentions as having been captured by the Germans. The French are investing Stenbach in upper Alsace."

News from Germany is coming in very slowly, as cable communication between England and Holland is interrupted and wires between Holland and Germany have been wrecked in many places.

With the close of the holidays the recruiting boom has recommenced in

TWO

England. Large numbers enlisted to-day.

PRINCE HENRY MAY BE IN SUPREME COMMAND

London, Dec. 29 (11:40 a. m.)—A Berlin dispatch received by the Exchange Telegraph company by way of The Hague, says that the German emperor summoned Prince Henry of Prussia to his headquarters to confer with him and Admiral Von Tirpitz, minister of marine, on the British raid on Cuxhaven. The conference lasted several hours, the prince returning to Kiel by special train.

It is believed in Germany, the dispatch adds, that Prince Henry is to be given supreme command in the battleship fleet.

MONTENEGRINS REPEL ATTACKS OF AUSTRIANS

Paris, Dec. 29 (11:15 p. m.)—A Cettine dispatch to the Havas agency says that the Austrians on December 25, delivered a series of energetic attacks against the Montenegrin troops in the region of Gradowo, maintaining a violent artillery fire, principally toward Klobouk. After these fighting, which lasted all day, the Austrians were repulsed with heavy losses.

All the efforts of the Austrians, adds the dispatch, to storm the Montenegrin position completely failed. Two Austrian aeroplanes flew over Avrari, firing with machine guns, but caused no damage.

WARSAW NOT OBJECTIVE OF GERMAN MOVEMENT

London, Dec. 29 (11:18 a. m.)—The Times Petrograd correspondent analyzing the present strategic situation insists that the German movement toward Warsaw never has been the real center of operations. He says that though this movement at one time threatened to come right up to Warsaw, it was really only a diversion intended to relieve the pressure of the Russians toward Grodno.

It is temporarily attained this object, but the Russian defensive lines, now drawn in front of Warsaw, have stopped the German advance in this direction and the crucial issue of the campaign now rears itself.

LONDON EDITORS SHOW INTEREST IN NOTE OF PROTEST

(Continued From Page One.)

sible loss from the war, but war means inevitable loss for neutrals as well as for belligerents. Lancashire, starved during the American civil war and during the war with Spain, the Washington government took the same measures to prevent the enemy from receiving supplies as Great Britain and France are taking now.

"Americans are too fair and sportsmanlike to ask of us to tie our arms behind our back when we are meeting a powerful antagonist."

The Daily Graphic, in an editorial this morning, justified the American action, because, it says, there never has been a war in which the neutrals and belligerents agreed upon their respective rights and if the Americans made no protest their silence might be construed as acquiescence in an unfriendly act towards Germany.

"But," adds the Graphic, "the hardship to the American shipper is less great than he pretends. He can dispose of all his goods either to Great Britain or to the United States, and neutral countries at quite good prices. All he loses is the chance of making an exceptional profit out of Germany's military needs."

The Daily Mail considers that though the question is thereby complicated, it is not impossible of solution by two business-like nations which thoroughly appreciate each other.

FOR YOUNG AND OLD

Keep Your Digestion Perfect. Nothing is Quite So Safe and Pleasant as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

FREE TRIAL MAIL-ON-REQUEST

Thousands of men and women have found Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets the safest and most reliable preparation for any form of indigestion or stomach trouble. Thousands of people who are not sick, but are well and wish to keep well, take Stuart's Tablets after every meal to insure perfect digestion and avoid trouble. But it is not generally known that the Tablets are



Health and Happiness

Just as good and wholesome for little folks as for their elders. Little children who are pale, thin and have no appetite, or do not grow or thrive, should use the Tablets after eating and will derive great benefit from them.

For babies, no matter how young or delicate, the Tablets will accomplish wonders in increasing flesh, appetite and growth. The only safe, sweet tablets in every box. Full sized boxes are sold by all druggists for 50 cents, and no parent should neglect the use of this safe remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles if the child is ailing in any way regarding its food or assimilation.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been known for years as the best preparation for all stomach troubles, whether in adults or infants. Send coupon below for free trial.

Free Trial Coupon

F. A. Stuart Co., 292 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich. Send me at once by return mail, a free trial package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Name _____
Street _____
City _____ State _____

difficulties and have no desire to add to them.

"Americans," the Daily Mail continues, "must be aware that the greater the economic pressure the allies are able to bring to bear upon Germany, the sooner will the war be over and trade left free to follow its normal course. In the prosecution of this policy, which is both legal and essential, we regret the inconvenience necessarily caused to American trade and any solution which will mitigate this inconvenience without harm to our military interests will be eagerly sought and when found heartily welcomed."

Such Friction Inevitable.

The Daily News, in an editorial, considers disputes such as have arisen between Great Britain and the United States as one of the penalties which accompany command of the sea. "English history," the editorial says, "teems with instances of such friction and on one lamentable occasion was allowed a similar dispute to lead us into war with the United States. Happily there is no need to fear any such calamitous development today. The characters of President Wilson and Sir Edward Grey offer the surest guarantee that no effort will be spared to reduce the friction to a minimum and to consider every problem with the single-handed determination to find an equitable solution."

The newspaper says it considers that a consideration which should have weight with the United States is that the prize law which Great Britain is now enforcing is very similar to the American practice under dispute. It is not of great pecuniary value to America, while America would greatly benefit from a shortening of the war through the allies' blockade. On the other hand, it says the British government should consider carefully the relative values of certain of its regulations and of American good will.

System of Gigantic Siege.

The Daily Chronicle, premising that some amount of inconvenience is inseparable from the present state of world-wide war, and that it has been increased by novel methods of maritime warfare inaugurated by Germany, and assumes that the American government has no principled reason for objecting to the relative values of certain of its regulations and of American good will.

"The allies are quite legitimately subjecting Germany and Austria-Hungary to a system of gigantic siege and upon efficient maintenance of that siege their success in the war largely depends. If individual American traders wish to defy it in order to profit by the famine prices which now rule in the belligerent countries for copper, antimony, petrol and other necessities, they can do so at their own risk."

The Chronicle contends that it is virtually impossible to abandon the right of detention for ships owing to the great size of modern merchantmen as compared to old ships, and owing to the tactics of German submarines in attacking British warships from behind a screen of merchant vessels. It argues that unless detention in harbors of ships for search is conceded, the right to search must for all practical purposes disappear.

Should Expedite Search.

The newspaper argues, however, that the government should do everything possible to expedite such search.

The Chronicle goes on to contend that some of the American complaints have little substance. It gives as an instance the complaint concerning exports of foodstuffs being secretly handed and points out that American exports of foodstuffs in November, 1914, were four fold greater than those of November, 1913.

With regard to the complaint about copper, the newspaper points out that while Scandinavia can send her supply of copper to Germany through the Baltic and not by way of Italy, American exporters will almost certainly be compelled to send theirs through Italy.

Here, therefore, it says, no question of partiality is involved.

In conclusion the Chronicle "says it feels sure the British government concedes readily every point the American government which is not inconsistent with its legitimate and successful prosecution of the war."

Woman Suffrage in Hawaii.

Washington, Dec. 29.—A bill to authorize the legislature of Hawaii to extend the right of suffrage to women, was introduced in the house today by Delegate Kahanamoku. The measure would permit the legislature to submit the question to a popular referendum.

TOWA'S CAPITAL TO BECOME TRY ON FEBRUARY 15

Movement by Des Moines City Council Is Direct Result of Religious Revival Conducted by Billy Sunday.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 29.—All the saloons in Des Moines must close after February 15, 1915, according to a resolution limiting their licenses to expire on that date, adopted by the city council this afternoon. Eighty-five saloonkeepers are affected.

The order affecting the saloons is one of the far-reaching results of the religious revival campaign conducted by Rev. W. A. Sunday. The anti-saloon forces presented a petition bearing the signatures of practically half of the voters of the city, in opposition to the renewal of the saloon licenses which expire December 21.

In the council, which is composed of five commissioners, two of the members were in favor of closing the saloons January 1, but the other three voted to give them six weeks in which to close out their stocks. A suit testing the petition of consent under which the saloons have been operating, is pending in the state courts.

Arrested as White Slave.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Frank M. Casso was arrested today on a charge of violating the Mann act in transporting Mrs. Esther Deagen, of St. Paul, from Iowa City, Ia., to Chicago, in December. Another complainant against Casso was Miss Ruth Allen.

Presents Credentials to Vatican.

Rome, Dec. 29.—Sir Henry Howard today presented to Pope Benedict his credentials as British minister to the Vatican.

RUSSIA WANTS INQUIRY INTO PRISON CAMPS

Efforts of United States to Have Neutral Investigation Made Meets No Favorable Response in Petrograd.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 29.—A second request for neutral inspection of detention camps in Russia was forwarded to Petrograd today by the American state department at the request of the Austro-Hungarian foreign office through its embassy here.

A recent attempt to form a commission of investigation, made by American Ambassador Murray, met with no response in Petrograd official circles and the ambassador is said to have reported that there was little hope of accomplishing in Russia what already has been done along this line in other belligerent countries.

It is stated that the Austro-Hungarian government instructed the embassy to renew its representation on the subject as a result of recent reports concerning the condition of military and civilian aliens imprisoned or detained in Russia. Some of these reports are said to have reached Vienna by letter and others have been brought to diplomats in Peking by travelers who made their way from Russia to the Chinese frontier.

King Victor Charles President.

Washington, Dec. 29.—King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, today cabled President Wilson congratulating him on his fifty-eighth birthday anniversary. Messages from many of the nations at war have been delayed because of cable difficulties.

CARRANZA BEATS ZAPATA'S FORCE IN A HARD FIGHT

First Chief Has Reports of Other Successes by His Troops in Various Parts of Mexican Republic.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Very Crd., Dec. 29.—Four thousand followers of General Carranza today, according to official reports received here, defeated 2,000 men under Gen. Enrique Zapata, brother of Emiliano Zapata. The fighting took place at Tepic, northwest of Tehuacan in the state of Puebla, and lasted four hours.

Zapata's forces have lost some one hundred men killed, ninety prisoners, a quantity of arms and an automobile. Among the dead were two colonels. Fighting is also said to have begun at Amozoc, in the state of Puebla, a short distance northwest of Tepic. An announcement was also made at Carranza headquarters here that Chilpancingo, capital of the state of Guerrero, had been captured by Carranza's forces.

General Carranza today was the recipient of many felicitations on the occasion of his saint's day.

COMMERCE COMMISSION MODIFIES RULING

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 29.—The Interstate Commerce commission today issued an order modifying its recent ruling in the advance freight rate case because a strict compliance with the previous order would destroy a relationship of rates which has long existed between central freight associations, terminal and the southwest, and would result in breaking up the method of grouping points of origin which had existed for a long series of years.

The carriers were ordered to preserve the grouping in central freight association territory in the making of rates and to the southwest and permission was granted to the roads to advance slightly the class rates between the two territories. Central freight associations could not be permitted to establish increases in rates on commodities as to which increased rates have not been specifically authorized by the commission.

FORETHOUGHT OF CASHIER SAVED \$18,000 TO BANK

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Bingham, Utah, Dec. 29.—A man who gives the name of Bert Heasted, and a cashier, Earl Randall, two men who play at the Bingham State bank at 1 o'clock today, took \$18,000 in gold and currency and was arrested without resistance soon afterward. His quick capture was due to the fact that the cashier carried a screw driver in his pocket to be used, he says, in case he was held up and locked in the vault, as was done with himself recently, and as was done with another cashier, who was taken away from a miner and entered the bank without arousing suspicion. He made the three men and the boy in the bank lie on the floor, bound them, locked them in the vault and took the money. Randall used his screw driver to open the vault from within, and was able to escape and give the alarm in a few minutes. Heasted was arrested without trouble and found all the money in the man's clothing.

Heasted says he came to Bingham from Colorado about a month ago.

SONORA WAR TO BE FOUGHT OUT IN THE INTERIOR

Horses Taken From American Picket Line Are Returned to Ninth Cavalry by Carranza's Commander.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Douglas, Ariz., Dec. 29.—Seven horses taken Sunday night from the picket line of the Ninth United States cavalry here, were returned today by Colonel Gomez, commanding the Carranza garrison of Agua Prieta, who explained that the horses, as well as some of his own animals, had been seized by a party of Villa sympathizers who raided the American side.

As a result of the agreement said to have been negotiated by Gen. Hugh L. Scott, between Gen. Benjamin Hill and Governor Maytorena, Carranza officials at Agua Prieta expect the Sonora war to be fought out in the interior of the state. Ives Lodi, Carranza representative here, said today it would be necessary to leave only small garrisons at Agua Prieta and Naco and Governor Maytorena had agreed not to attack border points again.

General Hill, therefore, is expected to take the greater part of his forces into the interior and give battle to Maytorena.

GENERAL HILL'S FORCES OPEN FIRE ON YAQUI

Naco, Ariz., Dec. 29.—General Hill's Carranza forces in Naco, Sonora, began firing again tonight after sending out scouts who were reported to have been driven back by Yaqui Indians. These Yaquis are believed to be part of the guard Maytorena threw around the town last night to prevent Hill's troops leaving before Brig. Gen. Hugh L. Scott's peace plan was finally accepted. Shortly after the chief of staff of the United States army arrived here over a week ago, firing between the two Mexican factions ceased, and Sunday it was reported that Scott's scheme to keep the Sonora warfare out of dangerous proximity to Arizona border towns had been accepted by both sides.

Yesterday Governor Maytorena was expected to announce his agreement to all the details of the plan which provided Hill should evacuate Naco and consolidate his force at Agua Prieta, opposite Douglas, Ariz. Maytorena's agents last night reported that they would hold another conference with Carranza and this was taken to mean further delay.

WAR MEMENTOES OF GEN. CHAFFEE STOLEN

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Los Angeles, Dec. 29.—Virtually all of the Gen. Adam R. Chaffee war trophies, mementoes of his campaigns in China and other lands, were stolen today after his death. No one is known according to a report made by the police to the police today.

Mr. Chaffee fixed the monetary value of the articles taken at \$10,000. The theft was not discovered until the family returned the occupancy of their home today after a long absence. The lost includes rare Chinese ivory and jade ornaments and articles of jewelry, among which was a signet ring worn by the general at the time of his death.

AMERICAN VESSEL RESCUED BY TUG

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Honolulu, Dec. 29.—Disastrous by a hurricane, the American barkentine trimaran, from the FJI islands, for San Francisco, was found helpless by a tug sent here today. All on board were safe.

The liner Sierra, which left here yesterday for Sydney, spoke the trimaran and sent back word by wireless of her plight. At first the rescue tug could not find the trimaran and it was feared that she had foundered.

GERMANY HAS NO INTENTION OF RUSHING THINGS

Cancellation of Exequaturs of Neutral Consuls in Belgium Not to Be Hurried by Berlin Government.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 29.—There is no disposition on the part of Germany to hurry its request for the cancellation of the exequaturs held by neutral consuls in Belgium territory under German military rule, according to state department officials. The German note was sent by mail to the Washington government which will consider the subject at length before making a decision.

It is generally understood that the United States will avoid any action which might be considered a political recognition of the German position in Belgium. Officials did not comment on the contents of the German communication, they intimated that it contained no evidence of any desire to place the American government or neutral nations in an embarrassing situation.

It was pointed out today that a situation somewhat similar to that in Belgium might be raised by Great Britain with respect to neutral consuls who hitherto have been accredited to the Turkish government as well as to the Egyptian authorities, but unless Great Britain raises the question there would be no change in the status of American consuls.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF GERMAN IMPERIAL BANK

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Berlin, Dec. 29 (via London, 6:45 p. m.)—The following changes are shown in the weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany: Metal stock, treasury and loan bank certificates and notes of other banks increased 148,389,000 marks. Of this total, gold alone increased 23,482,000 marks.

Loans decreased 17,462,000 marks. Discount and loan bank bills increased 584,712,000 marks.

Securities, chiefly treasury bills, decreased 239,232,000 marks. Note circulation increased 156,263,000 marks.

Mutiny on French Ship.

Los Angeles, Dec. 29.—When longshoremen approached the French bark Admiral Courbet to cast off moorings so the vessel might proceed to the outer harbor at San Pedro, the ship's crew chased them away and then announced that Captain Hainault must be deposed and another skipper installed before they would sail. Signs of mutiny rapidly developed as a detail of police was hurried to the ship and a flourish of riot sticks quelled the outbreak.

Vietnam of Two Wars Dies.

Chicago, Dec. 29.—Brig. Gen. Robert Henry Hall, retired veteran of the civil and Spanish-American wars, died today. He was born in Detroit, served seven years ago. The funeral will be held at West Point Friday.

KAISER DELIVERS CHRISTMAS DAY SPEECH TO MEN

"Down With All Enemies of Germany," Is Motto Proposed by Emperor to Officers and Soldiers.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Berlin, Dec. 29 (via Amsterdam and London, 7:25 p. m.)—Emperor William's Christmas celebration at the German military headquarters is described today in the Koelnische Zeitung, which said a large number of officers and soldiers attached to the headquarters participated in the festivities. The celebration was held in a large room which was decorated elaborately with Christmas trees. The emperor on entering the room greeted the soldiers with "good evening comrades."

After a short sermon had been delivered, Emperor William made the following speech:

"Comrades, we are here assembled in arms to celebrate the holy festival which otherwise, in peace, we would celebrate at home. Our thoughts go back to those whom we have left at home, to whom we owe all the presents on the tables before us."

"It has been permitted by God that the enemy should force us to celebrate Christmas here. We have been attacked. We defend ourselves with God's help. We hope that for us and our country, rich victory may spring from the hard fight."

"We are on hostile ground. The point of sword is directed against the enemy, our hearts to God. We say as once the great emperor did, 'Amidst all our enemies of Germany, Amen!'"

TRANSPORTATION BY OCEAN LINES NOT ADEQUATE

Secretaries Redfield and McAdoo Submit Facts to Senate Expected to Facilitate Ship Purchase Bill.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 29.—Evidence of inadequate ocean transportation facilities and "unreasonable and exorbitant" increases in rates since the Euro war, communicated to the senate today in a report by Secretaries Redfield and McAdoo in support of the pending government ship purchase bill in urging upon the senate the necessity for favorable action on the measure.

Senator Fletcher, acting chairman of the commerce committee, in a report will seek to impress upon the senate the need of enlarged shipping facilities for adequately taking care of American commerce abroad and will urge that the \$10,000,000 government investment contemplated in the ship purchase measure would very soon be compensated for by economies in ocean transportation rates that could be effected.

Rates, Take Big Jump.

Investigation of price conditions, the report of the cabinet officers said, disclosed among many other increases since last July the following: Rates on cotton from New York to Liverpool jumped from 20 cents a hundred pounds in July to 40 cents in September and 75 cents in December. Rates on cotton to Bremen went from 20 cents a hundred in July to \$3 in December. Grain rates, rose from 4 and 5 cents a bushel to 18 and 17 cents on provisions to European ports, the increases were \$4.87 to \$7.30 a ton; flour from 12 and 13 cents a hundred to 26 and 35 cents; cottonseed oil from 97 cents to \$1.85 a barrel, and on other commodities correspondingly.

RESUMES HEARINGS ON PHILIPPINE BILL

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Dec. 29.—Upon resuming hearings tomorrow on the Jones bill to extend a greater measure of self-government to the Philippines, the senate committee on the Philippine islands proposed to hasten consideration of the measure with a view to reporting it favorably by the middle of January.

Recent disturbances in the islands will be looked into by the committee insofar as official reports will permit, but they are not regarded of sufficient importance by senate leaders to serve in any way as an obstacle to the proposed legislation to enlarge the self-government of the people and pave the way to ultimate independence.

THEORISTS GIVE MAN FANTASTIC LAWS ON LABOR

Some Think Employers Should Be Compelled to Continue to Pay Wages Whether There Is Work or Not.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—American women should help to provide steady employment for thousands of workers by being less capricious in demanding ever changing styles.

Employers should be made responsible for their employees, both in slack and busy seasons by legislation compelling them to pay a living wage throughout the year.

The labor market should be organized and directed by a national employment bureau with branches in every important city, and labor unions should discontinue the practice of drawing sharp lines between the trades.

These were some of the suggestions offered to insure steady employment to willing workers by speakers at today's session of the national conference on the unemployed.

Would Organize Labor Exchanges. John R. Andrews, New York, secretary of the association, outlined a plan by which the entire labor market of the country could be brought under a branch of the federal department of labor with headquarters at Washington. The first step toward a solution of the unemployment problem, he said, is the establishment of a network of organized labor exchanges. These exchanges he would have located in every state and every important city in the country. Philanthropic bureaus are impracticable, he added, "because of the taint of charity which clings to them."

Labor on Public Works. Speaking on the subject of "public works," Frank O'Hara, of the Catholic University of America, declared that it is the duty of those charged with the expenditure of public money for labor to study the conditions of the labor market.

He recently directed the investigation of the Oregon committee on the question of unemployment. Even where the cost of executing public work is slightly higher in industry's dull season, he said, "it will be found that in the end it is true economy to furnish the workers of the nation with a steady opportunity to earn a living than to furnish them with intermittent doles of charity."

Blames Woman's Caprices.

Miss Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Boston, said that caprice on the part of women who refuse to wear last year's dresses and hats makes it impossible for manufacturers to provide steady employment for their workers because they never know what kind to make until the last minute.

Location that would make employers responsible for the welfare of their employees at all seasons was advocated by Irene Osgood Andrews of New York.

COAL MINERS MAY BE EVICTED FROM HOMES

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Steubenville, Dec. 28.—Notices were made out here today calling on approximately 25,000 families of striking miners in Jefferson county, to pay to the coal companies, by January 15, the ten months' house rent they owe under penalty of eviction. These families reside in Warren, Mount Pleasant, Smithfield and Springfield counties, and constitute the bulk of the population directly affected by the coal strike which has continued without interruption since last April. Officers, it was stated, would serve the notices at once.

Earlier in the day it was said at Bellair in the adjoining county of Belmont, that officers of the United Mine Workers of America would go into court and seek to restrain the coal companies from enforcing the eviction, which, it was said, were being served on the 16,000 families of miners in that section.

GROWING TRADE BALANCE MEANS PROSPERITY

Trade Expansion in 1915 Will Mean Greater Opportunities to Trained Young Men and Women.

Month by month the government reports show the exports from America are increasing almost by leaps and bounds and that the ratio of exports to imports is now greater than ever in our history. Financial writers and experts declare that 1915 will surely bring us great activity along all industrial lines.

One of the first results of this increased prosperity will be the opening of a great number of positions to ambitious young men and women. Trained brains—will be at a premium. The residue of the brains needs be but the average, and if they are well trained success is within your grasp.

Therefore, it will be good business for you to prepare NOW. Even a day gained now may help wonderfully in the final struggle. Be on hand at the Albuquerque Business College, Monday morning, January 4, and get started on the road to a bigger salary.

THIS—AND FIVE CENTS!

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a free trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup; Foley's Kidney Pills, for pain in sides and back, rheumatism, backache, kidney and bladder ailments; and Foley's Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic, especially comforting to stout persons. For sale in your town by Bull's, Inc.

MUSTEROLE—QUICK RELIEF! NO BLISTER!

It Soothes and Relieves Like a Mustard Plaster Without the Burn or Sting.

MUSTEROLE is a clean, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. It does all the work of the old-fashioned mustard plaster—does it better and does not blister. You do not have to bother with a cloth. You simply rub it on—and usually the pain is gone!

Doctors and nurses use MUSTEROLE and recommend it to their patients. They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Croup, Stiff Neck, Asthma, Neuritis, Congestion, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains and Aches of the Back or Joints, Sprains, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Chills, Frosted Feet, Colds of the Chest (it often prevents Pneumonia).

At your druggist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.



CLEAN COAL

IS OUR SPECIALTY
AZTEC FUEL COMPANY
Phone 251

FULL COUNTERFEITING OUTFIT DISCOVERED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Jefferson City, Mo., Dec. 29.—For the second time in three years a complete counterfeiting plant was discovered in the Missouri state penitentiary today. William Brandon, serving a five-year term for forgery, occupied the cell in which were found four moulds and dies for making spurious half-dollars, all other accessories for half-dollars, and thirty pieces of finished product. The complaint of a convict who had received one of the counterfeit half-dollars at his grocery booth Christmas day led to the discovery.

Best For Kidneys—Says Doctor.

Dr. J. T. R. Neal, Greenville, S. C., says that in his 30 years of experience he has found no preparation for the kidneys equal to Foley's Kidney Pills. Pain in back and hips is an indication of kidney trouble, warning to build up the weakened kidneys, make them vigorous, rid your blood of acids and poisons. Foley's Kidney Pills will help any case of kidney and bladder trouble not beyond the reach of medicine. In 50c and \$1.00 sizes. Sold in your town by Bull's, Inc.

\$100.00 Free!

CAN YOU GUESS HOW MANY BEANS ARE IN THE JAR?

TODAY

December 30th, is the last day on which you can deposit your Guessing Coupons.

Have You Guessed?

Are You Going to Try?

Remember, we are giving away \$100 in cash January 1st, 1915, to the lucky guessers.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

FIGHTERS EACH HAVE AN EQUAL CHANCE IN BOUT AT THE CACTUS

Pierson Has Strong Showing Among Top-notchers Against Torres' Defeat at Hands of Bud Logan.

JACK HAS NEARLY ALL NATURAL ADVANTAGES

Reach, Youth and Cleverness in Albuquerque Welter's Favor; One Six Round Preliminary.

If you want to place your money safely on the Torres-Pierson bout, it is in your pocket. That might be said to be true of many fights but it is especially true of this one. What the outcome will be is difficult to say.

Here is about the way it stacks up: Pierson has popular draws with Wildcat Ferns and Harry Brewer, leading welterweights. Torres' first encounter with a topnotcher, Bud Logan, resulted in his finishing the fight on the floor with his toes pointed upward.

Torres has youth, cleverness and a sledge-hammer drive in either hand. Pierson has experience, ability to take copious doses of punishment and a terrific walkoff. Torres has a decided advantage in reach. Torres is a boxer; Pierson is a fighter.

Hard Battle Sure

They fought a draw in Denver. Both are in excellent physical condition.

The only certain verdict from this lineup is that Albuquerque fandom is going to see a fight that would put Horatius at the bridge on the kerosene circuit. The boys will enter the ring at the Cactus Athletic club promptly at 8:15 o'clock tonight. Director Fred Winsor said. There will be only one preliminary. It will go six rounds. There will be no delay in the program, Winsor stated. The doors will be open at 8:30 o'clock.

"If Torres will fight I'll beat him," was Pierson's final word. His confidence in his ability to whip Torres has imbued many fans who have witnessed his gymnasium work with the same idea, by the way. "I understand he says he will fight. That's what I want him to do. Then the people here will see a great battle."

Of course, Torres is not bound to do just what Pierson wants him to do. His style is his own business, provided he doesn't cover, and he hasn't offended in that way in his recent fights, so there is no reason to expect him to go back.

The prohibition against hitting in the clinches will be in full force and effect tonight, Winsor said. He will be third man inside the ropes and will make it his particular business to enforce the rule. This makes for more action, eliminating tiresome tugging and wrestling.

Kid George will be in Torres' corner as his chief second and adviser, while Eugene Cheney, of Los Angeles, manager of "Red" Watson, will perform the same office for Pierson. Charley Clay will be the official timekeeper.

Sales Look Good

Interest shown at the fight gossip centers indicates that the attendance will make a comeback. Winsor said the advance sale looked promising.

ANNOUNCEMENT THAT YANKIES ARE SOLD IS EXPECTED TODAY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) New York, Dec. 29.—The closing of the proposed deal for the transfer of the New York Yankees to Colonel Jacob Ruppert and Captain T. L. Huston, was believed tonight to have been effected and it was stated unofficially that a definite announcement of the sale would be made at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

It was said that James Price, a state boxing commissioner and former sporting editor of the New York Press, would be connected with the new ownership, possibly as business manager.

Some Risk

Joe Shugrue has insured his hands for \$20,000. The insurance agent does not know that Stanley Youkum is in the lightweight class. George E. Phair in the Denver Post.

To Test "Blue Sky" Law

Washington, Dec. 29.—The first case in the supreme court in which the validity of a "blue sky" law is at issue was docketed today on an appeal from the decision of the Iowa federal courts in that state holding the Iowa law of 1912 regulating the sale of stocks unconstitutional.

GLEASON RELEASED BY NEW WHITE SOX PILOT

Chicago, Dec. 29.—William (Kid) Gleason, for three years' adviser to James Callahan, today was unconditionally released by Clarence Rowland, who recently succeeded Callahan as manager of the Chicago baseball team of the American league.

Gleason played several years with the Philadelphia National league team and then went with the Detroit club of the American league.

Last winter Gleason, it is said, was sought by the Federal league as manager of the Baltimore team, but refused to sign a contract, pleading loyalty to President Comiskey of the Chicago Americans.

EXPENSIVE FUNERAL IS COLLECTED ON A WAGER

Little Rock, Ark., Dec. 29.—The body of Walter Campbell, a negro barber, was borne to the grave today encased in the most costly casket that the largest local undertaking establishment contained. The hearse was followed by a dozen carriages provided by the undertaker.

Just before the Jeffries-Johnson fight, Campbell made a bet with the white undertaker. If Jeffries won, Campbell was to have the undertaker free as long as he lived. If Johnson won, the undertaker was to provide an elaborate funeral for Campbell.

Today the undertaker conscientiously carried out the terms of the bet.

Among the Bowlers

HOW THEY STAND.	W.	L.	Pct.
Wizards	31	14	.689
A. & A.	30	15	.667
C. C.	28	17	.619
U. N. M.	24	21	.533
Hubbs	25	23	.521
Royals	21	25	.457
Grocers	21	24	.467
Colts	20	24	.457
Light Co.	17	28	.378
Santa Fe	15	30	.333

MATCH TONIGHT

Light Co. vs. Santa Fe.

TONY MORELLI WINS THREE FOR COLTS SINGLE-HANDED

Tony Morelli, captain of the Colts, was the only member of his team to show up at the Drummer alleys last night. He rolled for the team, the other names in the score being "bumps," and won three straight.

Hubbs	1	2	3	Tot.
Betz	153	144	157	454
Paladino	158	169	189	516
Batch	178	145	135	458
Mullens	158	191	174	523
Therion	134	116	178	428
Handicap	40	40	120	
Totals	841	895	875	2521

Lathrop	177	158	178	513
Brown	147	195	216	558
Fritsch	182	148	128	458
Thurston	174	224	179	577
Morelli	202	210	183	595
Totals	883	935	884	2702

BENNY CHAVEZ WILL MEET YOUNG DURAN IN EAST LAS VEGAS

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) East Las Vegas, N. M., Dec. 29.—Considerable interest is being shown in the coming fight between Benny Chavez and Young Duran by the Las Vegas followers of the squared circle.

To Be Held New Years. Chavez arrived in this city Saturday night and began training the first of the week. He has been on his father's ranch near Hagon Mound since his return from the east and is in excellent condition, though a trifle heavy. He will be able to make the required weight without losing any of his stamina and will be able to go the ten rounds at a good clip.

Benny is confident over the result of the scrap but is preparing for a hard go. Duran is anxious to defeat his better known opponent as he is desirous of getting some chances in Denver and the east. Chavez says that he cannot afford to lose to his little known contestant as it would spoil his chances for some time to come. So far the fans are agreed that it will be a fast bout, whoever wins.

NEWTON BASKETBALL TEAM WILL PLAY AT VEGAS NEW YEAR'S

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) East Las Vegas, N. M., Dec. 29.—The Santa Fe basketball team of Newton, Kan., will meet the local Y. M. C. A. five in this city New Year's day at the armory. A good game is promised the Las Vegas fans, as the Newton boys have a fast squad and are desirous of making up for their defeat last year. The Y. M. C. A. five is as good as the team of last year and hopes to keep the laurels in Vegas.

The Newton team has several other games scheduled in this state and is bringing a strong string of players in hopes of recovering the scalps lost in the last two years.

HAWAIIAN PLEASED WITH THE JOURNAL'S BIG ANNUAL EDITION

F. H. Kent, real estate agent and booster, sent out a number of copies of the "Forty-page Edition" of the Morning Journal, issued Sunday, November 15, and among several letters received, complimenting that issue, is the following from John A. McCandless, a wealthy merchant of Honolulu, Hawaii.

"Honolulu, Hawaii, Dec. 19. 'Mr. F. H. Kent, Albuquerque, N. M. 'Dear Mr. Kent: I received from you a few days ago the special annual edition of the Albuquerque Morning Journal. It certainly is a splendidly gotten up edition, and I have read it with much interest as it is full of information that I was entirely ignorant of in fact, it is one more illustration of the fact that our more illustrious of places that we may well be proud of. I congratulate the Journal on the enterprise shown. You surely have a good paper to keep you posted on the news, not only at home, but everywhere else."

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Funeral of Mrs. Good. Funeral services for Mrs. J. B. Good, who died Monday night, will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at St. Prence's chapel. The Rev. Archie Toothaker will officiate. The following pallbearers: George L. Zeigler, U. L. Hayes, W. H. Chamberlain, John W. Wilson, J. H. Collier and Ralph Dunbar. Burial will be in Fairview cemetery.

WHITE BESTED BY SHUGRUE IN 10-ROUND BOUT

Jersey City Lightweight Leads in Seven Rounds; In Mix-ups He Shows Better Than the Chicago Boy.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) New York, Dec. 29.—Joe Shugrue of Jersey City outfought Charlie White of Chicago in a ten-round bout at Madison Square Garden tonight. Shugrue had the better of seven rounds.

Both men weighed in under 132 pounds at 6 o'clock and their ringside weights were: Shugrue, 133 1-4; White, 132 1-4.

It was a clean, fast fight. Shugrue forced the pace nearly all the way, while White, during the early rounds, was cool and seemingly confident. He met Shugrue's rushes with snappy left hooks and right counters, but he depended mainly on his left hand.

Shugrue shot jab after jab to the face and White retaliated with left hooks and short right crosses, one of which caught Shugrue's nose in the opening round. At times they stood toe to toe in the mix-ups but invariably the Jersey lad had the better of the argument.

Although honors were even in the fourth, White stumbled off his balance and Shugrue caught him with a left swing in the stomach. In the fifth, sixth and seventh rounds, Shugrue's fighting and frequently blocked White's returns cleverly.

In the eighth the Chicago lad showed aggressiveness and sent in some hard blows to the body as well as hooking right and left to the head and face. At the end of the round he landed a hard left hook back on the jaw. This was White's best round.

Shugrue kept up his jabbing tactics in the ninth and blocked cleverly, having the advantage of this session. The final round was full of fast work by both men. White landed some swift left hooks to the face and also had the better of the infighting, at which he was not so successful in the previous rounds. He used both hands to advantage, taking the honors of the round in hurricane style.

White's Rest. In the eighth White's rest. In the eighth White's rest.

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REPUBLICAN LEADERS ATTACK PRESIDENT

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 29.—Republican leaders of Minnesota, seeking rehabilitation of the party in a national election, met here today and perfected an organization to be known as the Republican League of Minnesota, elected temporary officers, discussed various plans for strengthening the party, and decided to hold a state convention not later than July 1, 1915.

"You cannot attack the industrial, political and economic policy of the nation without depression," declared Frank R. Kellogg, in speaking of the Wilson administration. "We have found that out in the last two years."

"The idea is prevalent that President Wilson kept us out of the European war. I can see no excuse for this country taking part in any war unless it is in the weak, vacillating policy of the administration toward our southern neighbor—Mexico. This policy brought us to the verge of war and the contempt of the people of the world."

MORE ARRESTS MADE IN TERRE HAUTE CASE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 29.—The Terre Haute men arrested on a federal indictment charging them with conspiracy to corrupt the election in Terre Haute on November 3, 1914, will be arraigned before Federal Judge A. H. Anderson here on January 12.

The round-up of the men named in the indictment continues in Terre Haute, six more having been taken into custody, making the total number of arrests thus far 102. Sixteen of the twenty-one prisoners brought to the Marion county jail Saturday night when they were unable to give bond remain in custody. Mayor Don M. Roberts of Terre Haute was released last night and four others were released today.

Noted Lecturer in Santa Fe. Santa Fe, Dec. 29.—Miss Mary B. Willard of New York City, a lecturer on art and science on extension work associated with the Columbia university, arrived in the city today and is making a study of Indian art at the New Mexico Museum. Miss Willard has just completed a lecture tour reaching from New York to San Diego and while at the latter place visited the exposition buildings and considers the Indian art exhibit very fine. She expects to remain here some time.

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Exceptions are made in cases of advanced age or extreme youth. Those affected must leave within eight days to an area thirty miles from the coast approved by the military authorities.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY CALL. Republicans of Precinct No. 24, county of Bernalillo and state of New Mexico, will hold a primary on the 4th day of January, 1915, at the hour of 7:30 in the evening, at No. 267 West Gold avenue in the city of Albuquerque, N. M., to nominate one Justice of the peace and one constable to be voted for at the election to be held in said precinct on the 12th day of January, 1915. By order of the committee of Precinct No. 24.

JOHN W. WILSON, Chairman of Precinct No. 24.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING. Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Home Bond and Loan company will be held in the office of the company at No. 104 North Third street in Albuquerque, New Mexico, on Thursday, the 31st day of December, A. D. 1914, at the hour of 3:30 p. m.

W. C. OESTREICH, President.

Oregon on Trial Cruise. Seattle, Wash., Dec. 29.—The battleship Oregon, which has been overhauled in preparation for taking her place at the head of the naval parade through the Panama canal, steamed from the Puget Sound navy yard today for a two days' trial cruise to Cape Flattery. The Oregon will go into commission next Saturday.

ONCE HIGH OFFICER DIES IN POVERTY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) Porterville, Calif., Dec. 29.—John Lowe, once a high officer in the German army and a member of the Prussian family, was burned to death last night in a fire that destroyed his tiny cabin on the outskirts of Porterville.

Lowe was 55 years old and for many years he had eked out his livelihood as a tinker. It was said that Lowe, when a young man, fought and killed a superior officer in a duel and was forced to flee from the country, leaving a wife and daughter.

McEie Taking Testimony. Santa Fe, Dec. 29.—Judge John R. McEie, who was appointed referee in the case of Biggs Lumber & Tie Co. vs. Arlington Land company, Thomas D. Burns and others, intervenors, today was taking testimony in the case. All of the issues have been settled except the timber on 70,000 acres and the case covers the latter. J. H. Crist and Judge N. B. Laughlin are the attorneys for Mr. Burns and Renchler & Wright for the Biggs Lumber & Tie Co. A number of witnesses are expected in on the Denver & Rio Grande train tonight to testify tomorrow. It will probably take several days to take all of the testimony.

SECRETARY M'ADOO HERE ON WAY TO SAN DIEGO

Secretary William G. McAdoo, was here yesterday morning on the way to San Diego to act as President Wilson's representative at the opening of the Panama-California exposition, January 1. He was accompanied by Mrs. McAdoo.

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PROHIBITION ELECTION IN UNION COUNTY HELD TO BE VOID

Wet and Dry Vote Taken Less Than Two Months Before Regular Biennial Election Is Thrown Out.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Dec. 29.—An interesting decision in regard to the liquor laws were rendered by the supreme court today in the matter of the application of Joe Bunch for a writ of habeas corpus, the case coming up from Union county. The opinion is as follows:

"This is a petition for a writ of habeas corpus, the relator being held in custody by the sheriff of Union county for an alleged violation of Chapter 78, laws of 1913, in relation to prohibition elections.

"Under the provisions of Section 3, Chapter 57, session laws 1913, an election for the purpose of determining whether the sale of intoxicating liquor shall be prohibited within a given district, cannot be held within two months preceding any other election, and such an election held within two months preceding the regular biennial election for justice of the peace and constable is absolutely null and void.

"Opinion per curiam."

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER
The Albuquerque
Morning Journal
Published by the
JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

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R. L. D. McLEIGHT, News Editor
A. N. MORRIS, City Editor
M. L. FOX, Editor

Western Representative
C. J. ANDERSON,
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Eastern Representative,
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24 Park Row, New York.

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THIS MORNING JOURNAL IS THE
LEADING REPUBLICAN PAPER IN NEW
MEXICO, SUPPORTING THE PRINCIPLES
OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ALL
THE TIME AND THE METHOD OF THE
REPUBLICAN PARTY WHEN THEY ARE
RIGHT.

Larger circulation than any other paper
in New Mexico. The only paper in New
Mexico, except the one in the year.

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dress, must be sure to give the old address.

"The Morning Journal has a higher cir-
culation rating than is accorded to any other
paper in New Mexico."—The American
Newspaper Directory.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1914

CONDITION OF THE STREETS.

It differs not what sort of defense
is attempted of the manner in which
Albuquerque's streets have been
cared for, the outstanding fact re-
mains, that there have been com-
plaints from every quarter of the
city and investigation fails to show
where all the Herculean labors claim-
ed have been exerted.

More than two weeks ago the first
snowfall of consequence occurred,
followed by a thaw. Nothing was
done anywhere for the comfort of
pedestrians, although numerous mes-
sages went in to the mayor, the street
commissioner and the city engineer.
Then came the big snow, the day be-
fore Christmas, and the Journal called
attention to the intolerable condi-
tion. A wagon was sent out and a
few handfuls of sand were scattered
at two or three crossings. It was
placed near the middle of the streets,
to be reached only through mud
from each curb.

All the work at these crossings
could have been done in one hour by
one man with a wheelbarrow with
the cleanings from one furnace in the
vicinity.

On Central avenue people had to
wade in mud shoe-mouth deep to and
from the street cars. The Journal
called attention to this fact, and
again, in the forenoon of the day fol-
lowing, a little load of cinders was
taken to the crossings between Sixth
street and the city limits and a thin
string of it placed from the sidewalk
to the street car track. The mud has
begun to dry up, and the people are
now able to get on and off the cars
with some degree of comfort, pro-
vided the motorman is able to stop
the car with absolute accuracy. But
if he pass a foot beyond, then it is
the mud for the person getting on or
off the car.

But before the snows came, the
refuse in the streets had no atten-
tion, except on Central avenue, for
weeks at a time, and during warm
days the stench on Third street be-
tween Gold and Central, for example,
was stifling. The gutters on other
streets were allowed to become
clogged with the droppings from
horses, and the snow and the thaw
did for the city what the city admin-
istration failed to do, cleaned the
filth from the gutters in the business
sections.

What the Journal states is known
to everybody in Albuquerque. It has
been talked of for months and has
been a public scandal for weeks. The
fact is, two men and one team, with-
out the slightest over-exertion, could
have done in one week's time every-
thing that has been done toward
cleaning Albuquerque's streets dur-
ing the past two months.

The Journal did not take up the
scandal for the purpose of attacking
the Board of Public Works. Com-
plaints did no good, failed to provoke
the slightest activity in the moribund
city government, and when they be-
came too loud, we have given publicity
to them reluctantly. We would far
rather avoid telling outsiders of a
condition known only too well to the
people who live here.

It is not a question of street build-
ing, but of keeping the streets al-
ready built, passable and sanitary.

If the city administration would
really like to know how to have the
streets in better condition when the
next rain or snow comes, we believe
it might be done by doing a little
work on them during the good
weather. The main trouble is that
there are too many horses for one
man at work—when he does work.

A WAR OF MONARCHS.

Magazine writers just now are talk-
ing glibly of the race hatreds and
the consequent unavailability of the
war that just now is scourging
Europe. A careful perusal of the
French "Yellow Book," made public
in the United States a little more
than a week ago, discloses much di-
plomatic evidence on the origin of the
war.

Whatever one may believe of the
rights and wrongs of each war-
ring nation, a perusal of these tele-
grams and notes certainly tends to
dispel the beautiful theories to the
effect that race wars were necessary.
Races do no dispatch brief mes-

sages demanding categorical answers
upon which the peace of nations de-
pends. Races do not send telegrams
threatening mobilization. These are
the acts of individuals with tempers,
vacillating wills, hot heads and august
pride.

Who can read over the nine tele-
grams exchanged in four days be-
tween the Kaiser and the czar and be-
lieve that those imperial personages
had any notion of racial differences
between their respective countries?
On July 28, the Kaiser wired the fol-
lowing words to the czar:

"You will no doubt agree with me
that both of us, you as well as I, have,
like all other sovereigns, a common
interest in insuring that those who
are morally responsible for this ter-
rible murder shall receive the pun-
ishment they deserve."

The "terrible murder" referred to
was that of the archduke of Austria,
and the Kaiser insisted that Serbia
was morally responsible for the
crime and that monarchs had a com-
mon interest in "insuring that those
who are morally responsible for this
terrible murder shall receive the pun-
ishment they deserve." Do the
words of the Kaiser sound like the
opening of a racial war, or do they
make clear what Carlyle pointed out
so long ago in his "Hero Worship"
when he showed that kingship is a
business?

On July 31, Czar Nicholas tele-
graphed the Kaiser thus:
"With all my heart I thank you
for your intentions, which show the
glitter of a hope that everything
will still end well. Technically, it is
impossible to suspend our military
preparations, which were dictated by
the mobilization of Austria."
"Technically?" Do races go to war
and waste their lives on technicalities?
But no matter, the next day
war was declared, and all of a sud-
den the idea seemed magnificent to
make it appear that it was a war be-
tween the Slav and the Teuton, and
was necessary.

As a matter of fact, it was a war
precipitated by monarchs in which
the anger of monarchs played the
dominant part; and with the ending
of the war, the powers of monarchs
for evil will doubtless be curtailed by
the vanishing of nearly all of the
monarchs themselves.

The Washington government has
addressed a firm note to Great Brit-
ain demanding that there shall be less
interference with American shipping.
Great Britain's persistence in that
line of conduct resulted in unpleas-
antness in 1812, which was only ended
by Andrew Jackson at New Or-
leans, January 8, 1815, if we recall
the date exactly.

POLITICAL MELODRAMA.

A man who rises to the distinction
of being sent to congress is generally
supposed to set an example for his
community, and also to give the rest
of the country a fair conception of
the caliber of the men who have
elected him. When one reads, there-
fore, of an exchange of cheap brawls
on the floor of the house, one wonders
if the swaggering type of
statesman that stoops to such behav-
ior accurately represents the beau-
tiful ideal of his section.

The Congressional Record repro-
duces the following heated colloquy
between Representative Moon of
Tennessee and Representative Hefflin
of Alabama, during the course of the
debate on the prohibition bill. For
convenience, we publish the newspa-
per account of it, which is accurate:

"I denounce the statement of the
gentleman from Tennessee as untrue,"
said Mr. Hefflin.
"The gentleman will not say to me
outside that anything I say is untrue,"
replied Mr. Moon.
"I will say anything outside that
I will say inside," said Mr. Hefflin's
come-back.
"I say the gentleman's statement
is untrue," retorted Mr. Moon. "I say
it right now. I say it did—"

Of course, in the days of the duel
and top boots, such flaming gentle-
man would have been regarded as
great men, but what we would like
to learn is whether this sort of big
talk is still admired by their respec-
tive constituents in the south, or
anywhere else?

From time out of mind there
has been a tendency in the metropoli-
tan press to laugh at the ability and
pretensions of the average mem-
ber of congress. Naturally it is amus-
ing to watch a puffing statesman col-
lapse after he has reached white
heat; but the trouble is that the read-
ing public comes to judge the rest
of that important body by the com-
paratively few blatherers in it.

To be sure, congress is not made
up of very able men. Most of the
members are more or less "false
alarms," so far as statesmanship goes.
The head work is done by a few men
who are free from spectacular exhibi-
tions. They plan and direct. They
dig for facts, and get them. The
others manage to get through by
using the work of these workers as
their own. About nine out of every
ten members of the lower house of
congress are mediocre in ability, dem-
onstrating mostly, arm-floppers and
wind-jammers for the benefit of
those who do not understand the dif-
ference between gold and tin.

But it is unfortunate that the real
workers should be judged by the
mere posers in our national legisla-
ture. The poorest excuse for a states-
man is one who becomes an exponent
of political melodrama.

**Farmer-Orator's Poem Fails to
Make Hit in United States Senate**

(By James Gray, in Minneapolis Journal)
Washington.—It is not often that
"Farmer-Orator" James Edgar Mar-
tine, senior senator from New
Jersey, finds language in his vocabu-
lary of prose English to describe his
pictureque homely thoughts. He is
not called "Farmer-Orator" out of
mere courtesy or habit. He has had a
speech for every occasion and every
subject that has engaged the senate
in his time. His prose has been splen-
did, sonorous and as filling as the
church organ, but not content, the
senator has taken to reciting poetry
in the senate chamber. He has aban-
doned his own melodious and husky
renowned prose for the poetry of
some undisclosed songster.

Poem Voices His Feelings.
As always, the senator has an ex-
planation. He does not mind telling
reasons for going into rhyme. He is
intensely, and by the literary test
in the immigration bill. His con-
victions and emotions have set him
strongly against such a contrived
keeping out of immigrants. Prose,
he says, has failed to give adequate
expression to the feelings that heave
within him. The other day came a
poem, "The Men at the Gate,"
its lines fascinated him, so that he
was moved to adopt it as his very
own.

For the "Whole World."
Here it is. The senator wants it
published to the whole world, so that
his opposition to the literacy test may
be better understood, particularly by
the broadminded members of certain
"patriotic" orders:

We've dug your million ditches,
We've built your endless roads,
We've fetched your wood and water,
And bent beneath the loads,
We've done the lowly labor,
And now you won't admit us
Because we cannot read!

Oh, statesmen, high in congress,
From east, west, north and south,
You render valued service,
But mostly with the mouth.
The people like the fathers,
Hard work is not their creed;
They won't swing picks and shovels,
But then—they all can read!

We've given honest labor,
And you like our honest boys,
Our children learn the letters
Their fathers haven't got.
We've fled from persecution
And served you in your need.

With Scissors and Paste

EVERY LITTLE VALLEY LIES.
(Alfred Noyes.)
Every little valley lies
Every little cottage stands
Girt about with boundless lands;
Under many-colored skies
Every little glimmering pond,
Claims the mighty shores beyond,
Shores no seaman ever hailed,
Seas no ship has ever sailed.

We have come by curious ways
To the light that holds the day,
We have sought in haunts of fear
For that all-enfolding sphere,
And lo! it was not far, but near,
We have found, Oh foolish-fond,
The shore that has no shore beyond.

Deep in every heart it lies
With its untranscended skies;
For what heaven should bend above
Hearts that own the heavens of love?
Carol, carol, we have come,
Back to heaven, back to home.

THE THRILL OF WHITE PAPER.

(E. Phillips Oppenheim in Boston Post.)
"I don't know how to account for
the fact that at 44 years old I sit
down to commence a new story with
exactly the same thrill as at 20. The
love of games, of sport, of sea and
mountains, the call of strange cities,
wonderful pictures and unusual peo-
ple, however far they may still re-
main to one, lose something of their
first and vital freshness with the
passing of years. Not so the sight
of that blank sheet of paper. The
untrodden world of romance, the vir-
gin field into which one is about to
plunge, never loses its unspeakable
and indescribable fascination. Per-
sonally I can't account for it. I don't
try. Sometimes it seems to me that
it is because all one's life one hopes
for one particular idea which never
comes. There is always something
elusive about the genesis of an idea
of any sort. Perhaps it is the inex-
tinguishable hope that on one of
these occasions when one sits and
waits there will come the most won-
derful idea that has ever dawned upon
the brain of a writer of fiction,
something of which dim glimmerings
have passed through one's brain when
one is half awake and half dreaming.
Every writer of fiction knows what
those wild-dreams of the mind are.
With the morning their light
has gone, but they do their work.
They keep hope alive.

"The moderate amount of success
which my stories have attained en-
ables me to write them in a manner
I like best; I live in a cottage upon
the coast country, with a view of the
North sea from my windows, excel-
lent golf links within a few yards and
plenty of rough shooting within easy
distance. I have no system of work,
but, generally speaking, half my time
is devoted to actual writing and the
other half is divided between exercise
and sports, visits to London and
travel. My work itself is accom-
plished with the help of a secretary."

MISAPPREHENSION.
(Unknown.)
It was such a small thing, and he
might have known.
But he left her in anger alone—alone,
The tears of surprise
A-mist in her eyes,
The night in her heart, and her hair
sea-blown.

And when he returned it was late—
too late,
For such are the strange, sad ways of
Fate;
And now it was Pride,
That moved at her side,
While Love stole out of the broken
gate.

FROM A POET'S NOTEBOOK.
(S. T. Coleridge.)
Gratitude, worse than witchcraft,
conjures up the pale, meager ghosts
of dead, forgotten kindnesses, to
haunt and trouble.
Heavens, when I think how perish-
able things, how imperishable
thoughts seem to be! For what is
forgetfulness? Renew the state of
affection or bodily feeling, some or
similar, sometimes dimly similar, and
instantly the trains of forgotten
thoughts rise from their living cata-
combs.

No one can leap over his own shad-
ow, but poets leap over death.
The unspeakable comfort to a good
man's mind, nay, even to a criminal,
to be understood—to have someone

Bits of Humor

Few Survivors Left.
"I wonder why there are so many
more borrowers than lenders in this
world?"
"The explanation is most simple,
my dear fellow. Fully 90 per cent are
born borrowers and always remain
such, and the few who start in as
lenders are soon driven into the other
class."

An Expensive Set.
"Mamma," exclaimed Benny as he
rushed in from school, "our new
teacher has such fine teeth!"
"Has she, dear?"
"Yes, indeed! They are nearly all
gilt-edged."

Their Turn.
"How gaily the flakes are danc-
ing!"
"Yes, this is the snowball season,
you know."

A Stumbling Block.
"What is the objection of the poli-
ticians to the civil service reform sys-
tem?"
"The examination questions."

From the Chestnut Tree.
"What would you say to a tramp in
the park?"
"I'd merely ignore him."

A Scenic Spot.
"Dear me," exclaimed the artist,
"what have you done to the old ruined
bridge I came to paint?"
"So many people came to paint that
old bridge," explained the farmer,
"that I got ashamed of myself for
leaving it in such a dilapidated condi-
tion. So I got some lumber and fixed
it up a bit."—Louisville Courier-
Journal.

CHECKS CROUP INSTANTLY.
You know croup is dangerous. And
you should also know the sense of ac-
curacy that comes from always hav-
ing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound in
the house. It cuts the thick mucus
and clears away the phlegm, stops the
strangling cough and gives easy
breathing and quiet sleep. Take it for
coughs, colds, tickling throat, hoarse-
ness and for bronchial and is gripe
coughs. Contains no opiates. Every
user is a friend. For sale by Butts',
Inc.

Poem Shot Up by One Word.
"What we have just listened to,"
said John Sharp, rasping out the
words like a man filling the extra
feet of an ode, "is the merest 'enfan-
tillage.'"
"Enfantillage!" The senator from
New Jersey fell back in his seat—
shot in the face by a word that he
had never heard in his life, and by his
dearest comrade in the senate.
The veteran now Marline now shied
real tears as he saw those hisopic
exuded the day he parted from
Woodrow Wilson on the tolls ques-
tion.

There may be a senatorial investi-
gation of the world's enlightenment. Its
primary status will be scruti-
nized. The senate is not apt to let
such things go by default. Martine
has friends, even if he is a town lot
agriculturist.

that understands—and who does not
feel that on earth no one does? The
hope of this, always more or less dis-
appointed, gives the passion to friend-
ship.

One may best judge of men by their
pleasures. Who has not known men
who have passed the day in honorable
toil with honor and ability, and at
night sought the vilest pleasure in the
vilest society? This is the man's self.
The other is a trick learned by heart;
but a man's pleasures—children,
books, friends, nature, the muse—oh,
these deceive not.

How opposite to nature and the fact
to talk of the "one moment" of Hume,
of our whole being an aggregate of
successive single sensations. Is it not
everyone at the same moment con-
scious that there exist a thousand
others, a darker shade or less light,
even as when I fix my attention on a
white house or a gray, bare hill, or
rather long ridge that runs out of
sight each way (how often I want
the German "unübersehbar")—the
pretended single sensation, is it any-
thing more than the light point in
every picture, either of nature or a
good painter? And, again, subordi-
nately, in every component part of
the picture? And what is a moment?
Succession with interstice? Absur-
dity! It is evidently only the light-
point in the indivisible undivided du-
ration.

The Storytellers

In the Slums.
They sat out on the old pier, ac-
cording to the British youth Dan-
tich.
"My beau is so romantic," said
Shantay Manie, rapturously. "Why,
only last night he looked at me
dreamily, like poets do an' said:
'Drink to me only with thine eyes.'
Ain't that the dandy, though?"
Tenement Suede turned up her nose.
"What a cheap skate!" she
jeered. "Why, a feller that couldn't
say 'Drink to me only with soda wa-
ter, an' then treat you to two glasses
ain't worth standin' room at a truant
officers' picnic."

Napoleon's Retreat.
In the sixth grade the teacher was
questioning a boy about Napoleon's
disastrous invasion of Russia and the
subsequent retreat from Moscow.
"What did the French do then?"
she asked.

"They ran away," replied the boy.
"Yes, that is what they did," said
the teacher, "but the 'ran away' is
hardly the correct phrase to use.
What should you have said?"
The boy's face lightened up with
understanding.
"They beat it!" he exclaimed,
proudly.

Wasn't Impressed.

Angus McTavish was a Lowlander,
rich and thoroughly Scotch. He had
never seen the Highlands or the beau-
tiful lakes of Scotland except from a
long distance.
He paid a visit to America and in
New York was shown all the sights.
However, he was not impressed, and
still thought the Lowlands of Scotland
far superior. At a final attempt to
show Angus something that would im-
press him his friends took him to
Niagara Falls. Angus looked at them
critically, and when asked if he did
not think them the most marvelous
thing he had ever seen he remarked:
"Aye, mon; they are grand! But do
ye ken the aul peacock in Dumfries
that had the wooden leg?"—Cleveland
Leader.

A Custom Violated.

"Mister," said the wayfarer, "could
you spare me a quarter?"
"Yes, Here it is."
"Ain't you going to warn me not to
spend it for drink?"
"No."
"Ain't you goin' to hand out no
advice at all?"
"None, whatever."
"Here! Take your money. I got
too much self-respect to take your
lure if you're going to hold out on
de customary civility an' sociability."
—Washington Star.

Cause for Suspicion.

A mother who frequently went out
to spend the day with her friends had
been accompanied always by her 7-
year-old son. One evening, on re-
turning home, she was much bored with
the day's experience, he said to her:
"Mother, if you don't stop taking
me around with you so much, people
will think you have married a dwarf!"

50-lb. box Apples - 90c

Sweet Navel Oranges, doz., 10c to 35c
3 qts. Fancy Cranberries 25c
1 lb. Fancy Mixed Nuts 10c to 20c
Mixed Candies, lb. 10c
Large pkg. Pancake Flour 10c
Karo Syrup 10c, 25c and 50c
Best quality Kansas Eggs, doz., 30c
Home Ranch Eggs, doz., 25c
Highest quality Oleomargarine, lb., 25c
Large cans best Tomatoes 10c
3 cans Fancy Tomatoes 25c
3 cans Leader Peas 25c
3 cans Standard Corn 25c
Best California Lima Beans, lb., 10c
22 lbs. best quality Mexican
Beans \$1.00
Fresh Roasted Coffee, lb., 25c
36c fresh Roasted Coffee, lb., 25c
35c fresh Roasted Coffee, lb., 30c
Red Wolf Coffee, lb., 30c
3 pairs heavy Canvas Gloves 25c
3 cans Leader Peas 25c
22 lbs. best quality Mexican
Beans \$1.00



**RICH CAKES FOR
RARE OCCASIONS**

Weddings, birthday parties, din-
ner parties and any kind of party are
forthcoming on short notice at our
bakery. Of course we supply bread,
cakes and pastry for every day re-
quirements, but we take special pains
with cakes, etc., for special occasions.

Pioneer Bakery

207 South First Street.

DUKE CITY

Cleaners-Hatters

220 West Gold. Phone 116.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for
Chichester's Diamond Brand
Pills in Red and Gold wrapper.
Beware of cheap imitations.
Take no other. Buy of your
Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S
DIAMOND BRAND PILLS.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

CLOSING OUT SALE
of the Piano and Piano Player Stock of the
LEARNARD-LINDEMANN CO.

206 WEST GOLD AVENUE

**A SWEEPING
CLEARANCE SALE**

The entire stock of New Pianos, Player Pianos, including
world-famous makes, Sample Pianos, some beautiful
shop-worn Pianos, Pianos returned from expired rental
contracts, used Pianos accepted in exchange, Benches,
Music Cabinets, Music Rolls for player pianos.

BUY NOW---ACT QUICKLY

**NOTHING RESERVED
ALL TO BE SOLD WITHIN NEXT THIRTY DAYS**

Never Such an Opportunity Before
Never Such a Chance for a Holiday Piano

**What This Sale
Means to You:**



FIRST—Your choice of almost
any good make of piano or
player piano. Must sell ev-
erything.

SECOND—Your dollar spent in
this sale will do the work of
two—means prices cut in
half.

THIRD—You can make your
own terms.

FOURTH—Some great bargains
in upright pianos as low as
\$90.

FIFTH—Mr. Cash Buyer and
Mr. Multimillionaire, there is
a great bargain here for you.

SIXTH—Every piano and play-
er piano is fully guaranteed.

SEVENTH—Out-of-town cus-
tomers who prefer to get the
choice of a big stock, save
agent's commission and ob-
tain two dollars in value for
every dollar you'll spend,
come. We'll refund your car
fare both ways.

**BUY YOUR HOLIDAY PIANO
NOW.**

Magnificent **PLAYER PIANO**, guaranteed, like new,
worth \$750, price cut \$305. **Closing Out Sale
Price** **\$455.00**

SCHILLER UPRIGHT, full tone, worth \$400, **CLOS-
ING OUT SALE PRICE** **\$145.00**

Renowned make, sweet tone, handsome **UPRIGHT
PIANO**, worth \$550, reduced \$275. **CLOSING OUT
SALE PRICE** **\$275.00**

Beautiful toned **UPRIGHT PIANO**, large size, mahog-
any case, worth \$400, reduced \$195. **CLOSING OUT
SALE PRICE** **\$205.00**

Famous **TECHNOLA PLAYER PIANO**, slightly used,
worth \$550, **CLOSING OUT SALE PRICE** **\$275.00**

Bringing Up Father

STOCK EXCHANGE
AGAIN DEPRESSED
BY WAR REPORTS

Demand of Administration on Great Britain for Cessation of Interference With American Commerce a Factor.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE
New York, Dec. 29.—More than at any time since the renewal of business on the stock exchange, today's market was governed by conditions having their outgrowth in the foreign war. The representations made by the administration to England protesting against a further detention of American marine commerce, caused an abrupt halt in the advance in prices, which was in full swing at the previous day's close. Before muddle the subject from various angles and the general opinion seemed to be that a new and significant development had been projected into the international situation.

The market opened with accumulated irregularly, leading stocks evincing heaviness with a few gains among unimportant issues. From that level a rally ensued, the recovery in a few instances restoring stocks to the preceding day's level. Before muddle the subject from various angles and the general opinion seemed to be that a new and significant development had been projected into the international situation.

Another decline in exchange on London to the lowest price in almost sixteen months gave rise to some discussion of gold imports. Bankers were unanimous in declaring that market cannot support a gold flow from England, but a return of some of the gold in the early stages of the war is within range of probability. Time money was noticeably unchanged but it was reported that several thirty-day ninety-day loans were made at rates under the recent low quotations.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, \$1,085,000. There were minor advances in all issues of government bonds on call. Closing prices:

Alameda	26 1/2
Alameda Copper	53 1/2
American Beet Sugar	32 1/2
American Can	52 1/2
American Smelt & Refining	52 1/2
American Sugar Refining	102
American Tel. & Tel.	117 1/2
American Tobacco	217 1/2
Anacostia Mining	92 1/2
Atlantic Coast	68 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	84 1/2
California Petroleum	15 1/2
Canadian Pacific	154 1/2
Central Leather	40 1/2
Chesapeake & Potomac	40 1/2
Chicago Great Western	10 1/2
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	87 1/2
Chicago & Northwestern	122 1/2
Chino Copper	20 1/2
Colorado Fuel & Iron	21 1/2
Colorado & Southern	21 1/2
Denver & Rio Grande	8 1/2
Distillers' Securities	11 1/2
El Paso	13 1/2
General Electric	133 1/2
Great Northern	113 1/2
Great Northern Ore	25 1/2
Guggenheim Exploration	47 1/2
Illinois Central	50 1/2
Interborough-Met.	16 1/2
Incorporation Copper	16 1/2
International Harvester	89 1/2
Kansas City Southern	21 1/2
Lehigh Valley	122 1/2
Louisville & Nashville	62 1/2
Mexican Petroleum	16 1/2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	7 1/2
Missouri Pacific	9 1/2
National Biscuit	118 1/2
National Lead	11 1/2
Nevada Copper	82 1/2
New York Central	82 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford	55 1/2
Norfolk & Western	98 1/2
Northern Pacific	19 1/2
Pacific Mail	25 1/2
Pacific Tel. & Tel.	104 1/2
Pennsylvania	104 1/2
Pullman Car	150 1/2
Ray Consolidated Copper	15 1/2
Reading	143 1/2
Sales	59,000

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.
Chicago, Dec. 29.—Fresh export business on a liberal scale more than offset the influence of differences with Great Britain about American shipping. After rallying from a sharp decline, prices closed unsettled, but 1/2 to 3/4 above last night. Corn gained 1/4 to 3/4 to 1/2 above last night. In provisions the outcome was a drop of 1/2 to 1/4.

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND SPECTER.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 29.—Lead firm, 33.60; 35.25. Specter firm, 35.50 to 35.55.

NEW YORK METALS.

New York, Dec. 29.—Tin quiet. Five-ton lots, \$33.00 to \$34.00; twenty-five-ton lots, offered at \$34.00. Copper dull. Electrolytic, 112.75 to 113.37; castings, 112.75 to 113.12. Iron quiet, unchanged.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 29.—Merchandise paper, 4 1/2 to 5 percent; sixty-day bills, 4.82; for demand, 4.85 to 5.00. Mexican dollars, 37 1/2 c. Call money steady. High, 3 percent; low, 2 1/2 percent; ruling rate, 2 1/2 percent.

COTTON MARKET.

New York, Dec. 29.—Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands, 17.80. No sales.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Kansas City Livestock.
Kansas City, Dec. 29.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000. Market lower. Prime fed steers, \$9.25 to \$9.50; western steers, \$8.75 to \$9.00; calves, \$6.00 to \$6.50.

Chicago Livestock.
Chicago, Dec. 29.—Cattle—Receipts, 14,000. Market steady. Prime fed steers, \$9.25 to \$9.50; western steers, \$8.75 to \$9.00; calves, \$6.00 to \$6.50.

Denver Livestock.
Denver, Dec. 29.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000. Market steady. Prime fed steers, \$9.25 to \$9.50; western steers, \$8.75 to \$9.00; calves, \$6.00 to \$6.50.

Commissioners' Proceedings.
Adjourned Session, October 13, 1914. Present: Hon. Alfred Grunfeld, chairman; M. R. Springer and Policarpo Armijo, commissioners; A. E. Walker, clerk.

In the case of A. B. Stroup, for himself and in behalf of the people of the county of Bernalillo vs. the board of county commissioners of Bernalillo county, a peremptory writ of mandamus is filed requiring the board to apportion between the county school fund and the county road fund, in its discretion, all money in the treasury collected on account of delinquent taxes accruing for the years prior to 1911 and not distributed by the treasurer out of said county or otherwise paid out according to law. It is thereupon ordered by the board that, in compliance with said writ, that the sum of \$1,585.07 now in the 1916 and prior fund be apportioned to the general school fund of said county, and that the treasurer be notified to make such transfer.

It is ordered that the assessment roll for the year 1914, as equalized, be approved.

If You Have a Want
Tell It Through the

JOURNAL CLASSIFIED COLUMNS

FOR SALE

\$2,500—5-room modern bungalow—fireplace, sleeping porch; and 3-room bungalow on the rear of lot. A bargain. Fourth ward.
\$2,500—5-room modern frame, corner lot and 3-room cottage on same lot. Highlands, on car line.
\$2,500—7-room brick, modern, lot 75x142; good location, Highlands.
\$1,200 cash, balance 8 per cent.
\$2,000—New 4-room modern bungalow. Fourth ward.
\$2,200—6-room brick, modern; Fourth ward, on car line.
\$2,000—5-room, pebble dash bungalow, modern, fire place, new; terms if desired.
\$2,750—6-room brick, modern, large basement, corner lot, good location in Highlands; easy terms.

A. FLEISCHER

Loans Fire Insurance
111 South Fourth Street

mills; park fund, 39 mills; library fund, 38 mills; city hall fund, 1 mill; interest fund, 5.34 mills; board of education interest on bonds, 2.7 mills; sinking fund, 1.3 mills; maintenance and general purposes, 12.5 mills.
Special Levy: Flood fund, 8 mills; cattle indemnity, 3.5 mills; eradication of infectious diseases, etc., 3.5 mills; sheep sanitary, 8 mills.
School Districts Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 14, 16, 22, 23, 24, 47 and 48, 12 mills; Nos. 17, 24, 34, 39, 41 and 44, 15 mills; No. 6, 4 mills; No. 11, 10 mills; No. 15, 5 mills.
Adjourned to October 19 at 2 p. m. Approved, ALFRED GRUNSFELD, Chairman.
Attest: A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

Adjourned Session, October 19, 1914. Present: Hon. Alfred Grunfeld, chairman; M. R. Springer and Policarpo Armijo, commissioners; A. E. Walker, clerk.

The following bids for the construction of a fuel room at the court house are opened:

J. A. Harlan & Son, \$359.00; A. De Tullio, \$725.00; J. W. McQuade, \$675.00; Lyon & Axtell, \$547.50.

It is ordered that the contract be awarded to Lyon & Axtell, the lowest bidder.

County Surveyor P. Ross files a report in relation to diversion work above the Alameda bridge. It is ordered that the clerk advertise for bids for said work to be opened November 14, 1914.

Adjourned to October 24 at 2 p. m. Approved, ALFRED GRUNSFELD, Chairman.
Attest: A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

Called Session, October 23, 1914. Present: Hon. Alfred Grunfeld, chairman; M. R. Springer and Policarpo Armijo, commissioners; A. E. Walker, clerk.

The treasurer's report for the month of September is approved.

The election proclamation for the election to be held November 3, 1914, is issued, and it is ordered that same be published in the Morning Journal, Evening Herald and La Razonera.

Adjourned. Approved, ALFRED GRUNSFELD, Chairman.
Attest: A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

Adjourned Session, October 24, 1914. Present: Hon. Alfred Grunfeld, chairman; M. R. Springer and Policarpo Armijo, commissioners; A. E. Walker, clerk.

Upon reading a communication from Rev. John Mordy, it is ordered that Antonio Chavez y Padilla be notified to appear before the board on the 7th day of November to show cause why his retail liquor license should not be revoked.

Fine Home

\$10,000 residence, modern in every way; best location in the city. Snap for \$6,500. Only good till January 1st.

Porterfield Co.

REAL ESTATE—FIRE INSURANCE—LOANS

216 W. Gold

Precinct No. 22, Justiniano Otero, Pedro Lucero and Francisco Montez.

Precinct No. 26, District 1, C. G. Gibson, A. Harch and O. A. Burtner.

Precinct No. 28, Pedro Aranda, Mariano Saavedra and Adolfo Gonzalez.

Precinct No. 35, Francisco Gabaldon, Camilo Perez and H. Lockhart.

Adjourned to November 7, 1914. Approved, ALFRED GRUNSFELD, Chairman.
Attest: A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

Session November 14, 1914. Present: M. R. Springer, commissioner; A. E. Walker, clerk.

There being no quorum, it is ordered that the board adjourn to Monday, November 16, 1914, at 9 a. m. Approved, M. R. SPRINGER, Chairman.
Attest: A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

Adjourned Session, November 16, 1914. Present: Hon. Alfred Grunfeld, chairman; M. R. Springer and Policarpo Armijo, commissioners; A. E. Walker, clerk.

Bids for driving piles for the breakwater above the Alameda bridge are opened as follows:

J. R. Sanchez, \$1,750.00; C. M. Boren, \$1,150.00; C. M. Boren, bid No. 2, for furnishing and driving the fifty piles, \$300.00, the county to furnish the pile driver.

It is ordered that bid No. 2 of C. M. Boren be accepted and that he be awarded the contract, he to give bond in the sum of \$300.

It is ordered that the resignation of Epifanio Chavez as justice of the peace in Precinct No. 2 be accepted and that David Gabaldon be appointed to serve out the unexpired term.

Adjourned. Approved, ALFRED GRUNSFELD, Chairman.
Attest: A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

FOUND.

FOUND—Lamp's watch. Owner can have same by delivering property and paying for this ad. 216 West Gold.

TYPEWRITERS.

Typewriter Co. 121 S. Fourth St. 174.

ALL KINDS, both new and second-hand, bought, sold, rented and repaired. Albuquerque Typewriter Exchange, Phone 718, 115 Second street.

FOR RENT—Office Rooms.

FOR RENT—Offices. Apply D. A. Macdonald, No. 22, Avenue Lopez.

To exchange, 5-room modern house for a 5-room residence in Los Angeles, Calif.

F. F. TROTTER

Phone 430 Home Phone 1394W

15% INVESTMENT

New cement block bungalow, with 3 rooms and 8 E. corner sleeping porch, city water, all fenced and now rented to good tenants for \$20 per month. Price only \$1,250.00, which includes the furniture. A going proposition and only one-third cash.

MONEY TO LOAN

Thaxton & Co.

211 W. Gold.

HELP WANTED.

Male.

LEARN automobile repairing driving an up-to-date car; electrical, civil engineering, surveying, methods most practical; room and board while learning; many positions secured; satisfaction guaranteed; catalogue free, National School of Engineering, 210 West Seventh, Los Angeles.

Female.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 215 North Twelfth.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 411 North Eleventh.

WANTED—Experienced nurse for walking children and assist housework. 401 South Seventh street.

WANTED—Experienced sales ladies at the Economist.

WANTED—Positions.

FIRST-CLASS lady cook desires position. Mrs. A. David, 207 West Thirtieth.

YOUNG MAN would like position on range. Any kind of work. Box 15, Journal office.

WANTED—Position. Young married man, experienced driver, best of references. Anywhere in state. Box 15, Journal.

WANTED—Position by man of 25, which he can do in any line of work, and wages. Will accept any honest work. J. P. L. Box 163, Socorro, N. M.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—Modern rooms, steam heat, 1014 State fair, Albuquerque, state capital, 412 West Marquette.

FOR RENT—Nice furnished room, sleeping porch and bath, 412 West Marquette.

STEAM-HEATED, modern furnished rooms, 2024 W. Central; \$2.25 and \$2.50 week.

STEAM HEAT is present in these days. Get the Grand Central, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00 a week.

FOR RENT—Large front bedroom in private family; modern cottage, no sick 1224 West Marquette. Phone 1952.

FOR RENT—Sleeping room, 19, 415 West Central.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms and furnished cottages, sleeping porch, 412 West Central.

FOR RENT

Seven-room modern house only \$20.00.

J. H. FEAK

Phone 331. 811 W. Central.

For Rent—\$15.00

Five-room modern house with range, cellar, porch and barn.

Other bargains.

John M. Moore Realty Co.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Furniture, Phone 1427W.

FOR SALE—A new piano, cheap, 410 West Marquette avenue.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, practical 12 new, 412 West Marquette avenue.

FOR SALE—Underwood typewriter, good order, 138, 115 Second street. Phone 716.

FOR SALE—Pine Hallett & Davis piano, slightly used, \$125 cash. Address John E. O'Connell, Albuquerque.

FOR SALE—Twenty-five glassed ash, size 2x6 feet; good condition; very cheap, A. C. Heyman, Phone 16473.

FOR SALE—One 14-foot recovery or meat container, in good condition. New Mexico Beer & Liquor Co., 1100 South Third street.

SUDAN GRASS—Independent of drought. Get plants grown seed. Our seed is No. 1 and grown by ourselves. Order now, Amarillo Seed Co., Amarillo, Texas.

FOR SALE—Use bills for room accommodations at the Gates hotel, Los Angeles, Cal. The Gates hotel is fire-proof, one of the newest and best in Los Angeles, and located corner of Fifth and Figueroa streets. Address Morning Journal.

FOR SALE—Livestock and Poultry. FOR SALE OR TRADE—Three good, sound horses. Inquire of Guy Graham, Hubbs' laundry.

FOR SALE—Huge stock and chicken; several varieties. L. A. Brundage, 1261 South Eleventh street. Phone 13007.

FOR SALE—Six-year-old riding or driving mare; buggy and harness, 302 South High street or 15, Cromwell building, city.

FOR SALE—Stamm's Poland China ware and two best sets, also American and blue (registered). Subject stock, good type quality. Inquire reasonable. Lloyd Humphrey, Albuquerque.

HIGHLAND POULTRY YARDS—116-716 South Broadway. For sale: R. C. Brown Leghorn chickens, full brother to my blue chicken, White Leghorn, Ancon and Indian Runner stocks. Stock eggs and chicks for sale. L. E. Thomas, Poultry Yards, 717 East Haxallville, Albuquerque.

FOR SALE—Houses. HIS PROPERTY. Fruit guaranteed to pay taxes and interest. Barton Keller, phone 1282W.

FOR SALE—5-room brick cottage, modern, furnished or unfurnished, good barn and outbuildings; all new, 124 North High St.

STORAGE.

WANTED—Piano, household goods, etc. stored safely at reasonable rates. Phone 48. The Security Warehouse & Improvement Co., Springer Transfer Co., successors, 119 Gold avenue.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

JOHN W. WILSON—Practice Attorney-at-Law. Rooms 16-17-18, Cromwell Bldg. Res. Phone 1617W. Office Phone 3174.

DR. J. E. KRAFT—Dental Surgeon. Rooms 2-4, Barnett Bldg. Phone 740. Appointments Made by Mail.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

SOLOMON L. BURTON, M. D.—Physician and Surgeon. Barnett Bldg. Phone 411.

A. G. SHORTLE, M. D.—Practice Limited to Tuberculosis. Phone 1177.

214 W. Central Ave. Albuquerque Sanatorium. Phone 548.

DRS. TULL & BAKER—Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. National Bank Bldg.

DRS. SCHWENKER & BOWER—Osteopathic Physicians. Suite 5, N. T. Armijo Building. Office Phone 217. Residing Phone 1225 and 217.

THE MURPHY SANATORIUM—Tuberculosis of the Throat and Lungs. Office Office, 313 W. Central Avenue. Office Hours: 9 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.

W. T. MURPHY, M. D., Medical Director.

W. M. SHERIDAN, M. D.—Practice Limited. Genito Urinary Diseases and Diseases of the Skin.

The Wassermann and Noguchi Tests. Berman "608" Alameda.

Albuquerque. Phone 1200.

CHIROPRACTORS.

MR. AND MRS. M. U. BATTENDORF—Chiropractors. Phone 424.

420 West Gold.

DRESSMAKING.

WANTED—Dressmaking. Satisfaction guaranteed. New Hotel. Phone 88. Room 54.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—Good barn, corrugated iron roof, suitable for storage or can be used for horses. Apply 415 West Gold avenue.

FOR RENT—Apartments.

FOR RENT—Three-room flat, furnished or unfurnished, 100 North Eleventh street.

FOR RENT—Three-room furnished apartment. Levee Silver City 1200 p. m.

Levee Silver City 1200 p. m. 1100 South Sixth street. Inquire Ray's hotel.

WANTED—Money.

WANTED—A loan of \$2,500 or \$3,000 on good residence property. \$100,000 or \$200,000 per cent. W. H. McMillan, 231 West Gold.

TIME CARDS.

Roswell-Carrizozo Mail Line.

Daily passenger service leaving Roswell and Carrizozo at 8:00 a. m.

Through fare, one way, \$10.00; round trip, \$18.00.

Intermediate points, per mile, 10¢.

10 lbs. baggage free—Excesses carried.

HONOLULU AUTO CO., Owners and Operators. Phone 125.

Silver City-Mogollon

DAILY AUTOMOBILE STAGE. Six-hour passenger service.

Leave Silver City 1:00 p. m. Leave Mogollon 8:00 a. m.

Care meet all trains. Largest and best equipped auto livery in the southwest.

BENNETT AUTO CO. Silver City, N. M.

TO SUBSCRIBERS—If you fail to get your Morning Journal, call.

Crescent Hardware Co.

Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

519 W. CENTRAL AVE. TELEPHONE 315.

Use "DIAMOND M" Flour

A Fancy Patent Hard Wheat Flour

FRESH POTATO CHIPS
2 pkgs., 25c

ORANGES
are very reasonable
15c dozen up
according to size

Do not fail to try those
H. C. FRESH EGGS
They are fresh

WARD'S STORE

315 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299
ROMER H. WARD, Mgr.

"LITTLE WONDER"

2-Minute Disc
APHOPHONE RECORDS
Fit any Standard Machine.
15c EACH

F. W. Woolworth Co.
5c, 10c and 15c Store.

MISSOURI OPOSSUM DINNER

Given Under Auspices of Mt. Olive Baptist Church, at
267 WEST GOLD AVENUE

THURSDAY, DEC. 31st

Music Will Be Furnished for the Occasion. Come One, Come All.

DINNER 35 CENTS

Serving 11:30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m.

EXTRA SPECIAL DANCE

Second Annual Ball at Colombo Hall, New Year's Eve. Booster Orchestra. Souvenirs for the ladies; refreshments served. Five hours of dancing. Ladies free. Admission, \$1.00.

GRIMSHAW'S

"Sanitation Our Special Delight."

25-CENT TAXI

Phone 23 for Taxi and Auto day or night. Any part of the city.

A. B. BACA.

LET US SEND A MAN

To Replace that Broken Window Glass

ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER COMPANY

Phone 421. 423 N. First

WALLACE HESSELDEN

General Contractors. Figures and workmanship count. We guarantee more for your money than any other contracting firm in Albuquerque. Office at SUPERIOR PLUMBING MILL. Phone 377.

25-CENT TAXI FARE

Anywhere in City

Touring Cars for Outside Trips. Also, ALBUQUERQUE TAXI & AUTO LANE. Phone—Sturges' Stand, 195, 195

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ARE YOU?



Filing Cabinets—Shaw-Walker's
Safe Cabinets
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Letter Baskets
Inks
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Clips—All Kinds
Clippage Paper Fasteners
Pencil Sharpeners
Neostyle Duplicating Machines

EVERYTHING YOUR OFFICE NEEDS

Strong's Book Store
"YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU WANT IT."

TAKE SIGNPOSTS DOWN, COLFAX BOARD ORDERS

Friction Between County Officials and Auto Club May Leave Gap in Marked Highway.

Colfax county threatens to be the missing link in the signposted highway stretching across the country from Kansas City to Los Angeles.

D. E. Baldwin, chairman of the Colfax county road board, stopped the route through their respective counties, has urged the New Mexico Good Roads association to act.

The route has been marked from Los Angeles to Raton now, several of the signs standing on the streets here.

Douglas Mitchell, superintendent of construction of the automobile club, telegraphed McStay from Raton that the crew had been told to discontinue work there by Baldwin. Signs for the remainder of the route in Colfax county were moved in a garage there and the crew moved on with the big truck.

McStay, in his appeal to the state Good Roads association, says that the automobile association intended to do the work in Colfax county whether the board of that county paid for it or not. He says that leaving a gap in the length of Colfax county signed in the route would tend to discourage the state in its efforts to build a through route to the west.

Baldwin, in a notice addressed to the automobile club, says that he was given to understand that the signs were to be paid for on completion of the route. He says that he told McStay not to put up any signs without permission from the road board. McStay, according to information obtained here, declared no objection was made to erecting the signs.

Told to Take Posts Down. When he reached Colfax county last May after making arrangements with other counties between there and Los Angeles for the payment of the cost of the signs he was informed that the Colfax board could not see the wisdom in undertaking to stand the expense, according to McStay. Then the association decided to stand the expense rather than leave an unmarked gap in the route, according to Baldwin, says he notified Mitchell to take down all the posts he put up.

MUCH MATERIAL FOR 'WOLFVILLE' STORIES GATHERED IN NEW MEXICO

That much of the material for the famous "Wolfville" stories of the late Alfred Henry Lewis was gathered while the writer was roughing it in New Mexico in the early days before the railroad came is evident from the following sketch of Mr. Lewis taken from the current issue of the "Editor and Publisher."

"Mr. Lewis was born in Cuyahoga county, O. He was educated for the law and within a year after his admission to the bar became county prosecutor. His health caused him to go to Seneca Falls, N. Y., where he remained for nearly eight years. He returned to the southwest among miners, cattlemen and the railroad pioneers, who were building the Santa Fe railroad through the Raton pass.

"In Kansas City, at the end of this time, he was urged to write out the stories of the southwest he told so brilliantly. The result was the 'Wolfville' stories, which became popular at once and paid a large reward to the writer. He became Washington correspondent of the Kansas City Times and later for the Washington Times and the New York American. For several years he has been a special writer for the Hearst newspapers and magazines.

Mr. Lewis had a very wide acquaintance with national figures. A remarkable teller of tales, his greatest joy was to gather a group of congenial friends and entertain them with stories far into the morning. Many of the younger magazine writers of today owe much of their success to the voluntary encouragement and helpful criticism of Mr. Lewis."

Dance Tonight, Colombo Hall, Booster Orchestra.

C. H. CONNER, M. D., D. O., Osteopathic Specialist, treats all curable diseases, Office Stern Building, Phones 655 and 325.

SPRINGER

TRANSFER QUICK SERVICE

S. LEWINSON OF THE ECONOMIST DIES IN EAST

Senior Member of Firm of Weinman & Lewinson Succumbs After Prolonged Illness; Albuquerque Pioneer.

Samuel Lewinson, senior member of the firm of Weinman & Lewinson, proprietors of The Economist, died at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Atlantic City, Seymour Lewinson, his son, and Mrs. Dave Weinman, his daughter, were notified by telegram.

Mr. Lewinson had been in ill health for several months and had not been active in business for the last few years. He was 75 years old. Mrs. Lewinson, the widow, and a daughter, Mrs. Harry Weinman, of Philadelphia, were with him at Atlantic City. He had been in Atlantic City for several years.

A pioneer resident of Albuquerque, Mr. Lewinson's name was associated with practically every movement in the upbuilding of the city. While he never appeared in the glare of public life, he was active in furthering the city's interests and helped to make it the biggest city in New Mexico.

Always First at Store. He erected one of the first modern store buildings here, that now occupied by the San Jose market. Previous to that time most of the business houses were adobe. He was engaged in the dry goods business there. That ante-dated the firm of Weinman & Lewinson.

Mr. Lewinson built his home at the northeast corner of Seventh street and Copper avenue at a time when residences were few and far between in that section of town. He sold this property after his departure for Atlantic City.

Until the time of his retirement, Mr. Lewinson was an indefatigable worker. Even after the firm's business had grown to practically its present dimensions, he was always the first person at the store in the mornings.

Born in Germany on December 25, 1839, Mr. Weinman came to America when he was 14 years old. He first located in California, but went to New York in 1870. In 1887, seeing opportunity in the west, he disposed of his holdings there and came to Albuquerque. He was married in New York.

Economist Is Closed. Only three children, of five, survive. They are Mr. Lewinson and Mrs. Dave Weinman of this city and Mrs. Harry Weinman of Philadelphia. Mr. Lewinson was a member of the Masons.

The body will be taken to New York for burial, but the time of the funeral had not been decided upon by last night as neither Mr. Lewinson nor Mrs. Weinman received any word to that effect.

The Economist store will be closed until further notice.

ORTIZ CONTEST BEGUN; CONTINUED UNTIL TOMORROW

The hearing of Modesto C. Ortiz contest to unseat Representative Ragsdale was taken yesterday by the justice Sanches in the district courtroom.

Only five witnesses had been examined by evening and the hearing was continued until tomorrow morning. At the rate at which testimony was taken yesterday, the hearing promises to last several days, as Ortiz has a long list to call. Ortiz is his own attorney and District Attorney M. U. Vigil represents Ragsdale.

Garcia was elected over Ortiz by ten votes, the only democrat in the county so honored. Ortiz hopes to throw out enough votes to give him a plurality over Garcia. The charges that a number of men were employed in the vicinity of Alameda to work on roads with the understanding that they vote the democratic ticket.

The testimony will be submitted to the legislature for action on the contest.

NEW JAIL IS OPENED; OFFICIALS TO MOVE TOMORROW AT LATEST

The city jail was officially transferred yesterday from the corner building to the new hall. The transfer was marked by the removal of the steel cables from the old to the new lock-up and the placing of one of the heavy doors used at the old place on the door of the women's ward in the new building.

Chief McMillin bought blankets for the new prison yesterday. Those that have been in use will be sent to the laundry. Owing to the fact that there are several more cells in the new place than there were in the old, more bedding is needed.

Mayor Boatright, City Clerk Thomas Hughes, City Engineer Gladding and Chief McMillin will move their offices today or tomorrow. The hall will be opened to visitors New Year's day. There is to be no reception, but owing to the fact that many persons have expressed a desire to see the inside of the building, Mayor Boatright decreed the first day visitors' day.

All prisoners in the city jail available for labor, were set at work yesterday making the new offices ready for occupancy.

Woodman dance New Year's eve. Admission 50 cents. Refreshments.

Henry's Delivery and Messengers. Phone 939.

B. M. WILLIAMS, 1001 N. 1st St., Phone No. 374.

Dance Tonight, Colombo Hall, Booster Orchestra.

Albuquerque's First Municipal Christmas Tree--the Kind Santa Claus Loves Best of All



(Photo by Walton.) This remarkable photograph, taken by Walton last Thursday night after the crowd had dispersed, gives some idea of the beautiful scene presented by Albuquerque's first municipal Christmas tree, laden with snow and glistening with myriad electric lights.

Never has there been a prettier sight. It was fairland reproduced, and the photograph, excellent as it is, falls far short of conveying the full idea of what the tree was and how it looked in all its twinkling radiance with the soft, fleecy snow falling around it and nearly a thousand children dancing in glee at the sight of it.

Much was written about the tree both before and after it was illuminated, and many attempts to describe it have been made, but no words could do justice to the situation. It was a thing that had to be seen to be appreciated.

"The Best Money Albuquerque Ever Spent" Is That Which Keeps the Night School Going

"The best thousand dollars that Albuquerque ever spent." Beginning with a score of students, the attendance of the school increased with every succeeding night that its sessions were held. The eagerness with which those for whose benefit it was started availed themselves of the opportunity afforded them was almost pathetic. By the end of the session the volunteer teachers had all they could do to take care of the students enrolled.

And when the session of 1914-1915 opened last September it was just as Superintendent Milne had expected. The board of education realizing the splendid work that had been accomplished, found some money for the night school—not enough, it is true, to enable it to do the work that it should do, enough to give it a good boost on its way. A thousand dollars had been appropriated, "the best thousand dollars Albuquerque ever spent."

A visit just before the holidays to the central high school building, where the school sessions are held, was illuminating as to the progress that has been made. It was explained that the attendance was not quite up to the average that night—the holiday rush was on, the scores were being kept open until 9 o'clock, and quite a few of the students could not get off from work without jeopardizing their jobs. But those that were there were terribly in earnest, and not even the fatigue of their bodies could obscure the zeal that was apparent in the expressions of their faces.

Perhaps the most interesting of all the classes was that in elementary English and arithmetic, which is conducted by Rabbi Moshe Bergman. Most of the members of this class are foreigners, boys and young men who are trying with might and main to learn the language of the country and to equip themselves to become American citizens of the best type. A real Japanese schooling—a youth of some eighteen years of age and as bright as Wallace Irwin's Hashimura, "Togo" ever dared to be—struggled valiantly with the tasks set him and was a conspicuous figure in the class.

Dr. Bergman proved himself the ideal teacher for the class. He talked to them in a language they could understand. There was nothing of the stilted pedagogy about this schoolmaster. He was a boy among boys—a good fellow with the bunch, but

with it all he preserved a dignity that made them all look to him almost with veneration.

In the room adjoining that presided over by Mr. Bergman it was the other way around. In a class under the charge of Miss Katherine Chaves, a number of perfectly good American citizens were endeavoring to learn the Spanish language and meeting with admirable success. There are two Spanish classes, one for beginners and another for advanced students. Merchants, lawyers and doctors were availing themselves of it in order to better equip themselves for their work among the native people of the city.

So it was also, in the class in book-keeping, under Prof. P. E. Leavenworth. Young men and women were working overtime to make themselves more proficient in their work—to fit themselves to command better salaries—to reach a point where they will be more useful members of society. It was the same in the arithmetic class under Miss Rogers. Clerks, both women and men, were using their spare time to improve their condition in life.

For that matter, it is not necessary to single out classes in the school or individuals in the classes to illustrate the good that is being done. Nobody goes to night school for fun; for it isn't fun to get up after a hurried supper, when you have worked hard all day, and work from 7 o'clock until 9:30 over problems of this and that and the other sort. Whoever does it has an object in view. And that is the most striking thing about the night school—everybody there has an object in view and means business with a large capital B.

Something of the cosmopolitan character of the institution may be gathered from the entrance cards giving the occupations of the students. From the well-to-do attorney who is studying Spanish in order to better equip himself to meet New Mexico problems and New Mexico people to the bootblack recently arrived from sunny Italy, who is trying to get a firmer foothold in this land of opportunity by learning the language of the country, practically every class and condition of people is embraced in the membership of the night school.

There are now more than 150 students enrolled, and here are some of their vocations: Bell-boy, hotel-waiter, porter, vulcanizer, laundryman, barber, locomotive engineer, char-maker, farmer, seamstress, office-boy, saleswoman, postoffice clerk, janitor, milliner, candy-maker, chauffeur, janitor, soda-dispenser, retired teacher, attorney, stenographer, shop-worker, physician, government clerk, forest service employee, carpenter, printer, civil engineer, bank clerk, messenger and cook.

The Albuquerque night school is now well on its way. It hasn't half as much money as it ought to have to enable it to do its work properly, but this will come as soon as the people realize what it is doing. The best thousand dollars that Albuquerque ever spent will be followed by other thousands which will be spent even to better advantage.

The school which opened less than a year ago was started by John Milne, Rabbi Moshe Bergman, Rev. Herman P. Williams, Prof. J. W. Giltner, Mrs. Ella La Bar, A. B. Stroup and Prof. George E. Mitchell as voluntary teachers who did their work for the love of it, and whose only reward was the consolation that they were doing a great public good, has become a fixed institution whose importance is growing every day.

Rabbi Bergman and Professor Mitchell are the only members of the original faculty that remain. In addition to them there is Prof. P. E. Leavenworth, who has charge of the commercial department; Miss Maud Rogers, who is in charge of the arithmetic class; Miss Myrtle Plant, who has charge of the English class; Miss Katherine Chaves, who teaches Spanish, and Prof. J. B. Jones, the principal, who also teaches algebra.

If you doubt whether the thousand dollars a year that Albuquerque gives for a night school is being well spent, drop around to the Central high school building on any Monday, Wednesday or Friday night after the first of the year and see for yourself.

Woodman dance New Year's eve. Admission 50 cents. Refreshments.

Saddle Horses, Trimble's Red Barn.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

PURCHASE ROOMS, 215 N. Seventh

LOST—Blue California fox muff in Pastime Theater Monday night. Return to 711 South Arroyo, Room 10.

WE have record and side painting. The dressmaking, tailored dress suits. Prices low. Miss Crane, 215 North Seventh street, Phone 1241.

"TELMO"

BUY THIS BRAND OF CANNED GOODS AND YOU HAVE THE BEST

Gallup Lamp CERRILLOS LAMP

HAHN COAL CO. PHONE 91. CERRILLOS STOVE

ANTHRACITE, ALL SIZES, STEAM COAL

Coke, Mill Wood, Factory Wood, Cord Wood, Native Kindling, Lime.

AN OFFER TO ALL POORLY PAID MEN

To every man, and woman, too, who is struggling along against adversity, striving to make the best of long hours and poor wages, men of which are known and honored everywhere, make this offer: If you will indicate by a mark like this X on the coupon below, which occupation you prefer, the I. C. S. will show you how it is not only possible, but actually easy for you to enter that occupation and secure a good paying position. It puts you under no obligation to send in the coupon.

Have you enough curiosity to ask HOW?

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS

Box 888, Scranton, Pa.

Please explain, without further obligation on my part, how I can qualify for the position, trade, or profession before which I have marked X.

Automobile Running	Chemist	Mechanical Engineer
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Advertising Man	Spanish	Building Contractor
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Window Trimming	Italian	Concrete Constructor
Commercial Illustrat.	Electrical Wireman	Pumkin, Steam Fitts
Industrial Designing	Electrical Engineer	Mine Foreman
Architectural Drafts	Mechanical Drafts	Mine Superintendent

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"JOHN BARLEYCORN"

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One of the Greatest Lessons Ever Put Upon a Screen—

A Picture That Should Be Seen by All.

Matinees, 2:30 and 3:45; Twice at Night, 7:30 and 9

NO RAISE IN PRICES

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